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A LEXICON

ABRIDGED FROM

How to use
LIDDELL & SCOTT'S

GREEK-ENGLISH LEXICON.

THE FOURTEENTH EDITION.

BOSTON:
GINN BROTHERS.
1875.

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1875

Gift

Judge and Mrs. Isaac R. Hitt

July 3, 1933

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Abridgment of Liddell and Scott's Greek-English Lexicon is intended chiefly for use in Schools. It has been reduced to its present compass by the omission

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- I. Of passages cited as Authorities, except where examples seemed necessary to explain more clearly the usage of a word ;
 - II. Of discussions upon the Derivation of words ;
 - III. Of words used only by authors not read in Schools, or of the particular meanings of words not in general use, such as medical or scientific terms. But words used by Theocritus, the writers of the Anthology, Lucian, and Plutarch in his Lives, have been retained ; and especial care has been taken to explain all words contained in the New Testament.

Words are printed in Capitals, when they are radical forms, or when no form nearer the original Root is known to exist. The Derivation, when it is certain, is placed before the English explanation : when this is not the case, some notice will be found at the end of the word.

Many additional tenses and cases, mostly Homeric or Doric, have been inserted to give a clue to the simple word, when there seemed to be any difficulty or irregularity in the formation. All tenses and forms of words in the Gospels that presented any difficulty have been inserted in their place.

The quantity of doubtful syllables has been marked, except in such tenses of Verbs, cases of Nouns, and words, as are regularly derived. In such forms the quantity ought to be known to young students from grammatical rules.

For the sake of clearness, the parts of which compound words are made up have been marked by placing a hyphen between them, as, ἀπο-βάλλω, ἀφ-ήμι, ἄ-βατος, ἔφ-οδος. But when a word is compounded of two parts, one of which is already a compound, this latter compound is left undivided, and must be sought in its own place, as φιλο-κισσοφόρος. And a word immediately derived from a compound is left undivided, so that the elements of the derivation must be sought under the word from which it is derived, as the elements of φιλομουσέω under φιλό-μουσος. In Verbs compounded of a Preposition and a simple Verb, and whenever the component parts remain unaltered by the composition, mere division has been considered sufficient to mark the formation.

The present Edition has been completely revised and has also been considerably enlarged—chiefly by the addition of a number of irregular tenses of Verbs.

For convenience, the following Abbreviations have been used:—

= means *equal* or *equivalent* to
 absol. = absolute, absolutely
 acc. = accusative: acc. to = according to
 Act. = active voice
 act. = active signification
 Adj. = adjective
 Adv. = adverb
 Aeol. = Aeolic, in the Aeolic dialect
 aor. = aorist tense
 Att. = Attic, in Attic Greek
 c. = cum (with)
 c. acc. cognato = with cognate accusative, i. e. with a
 Subst. which has the same or a similar signification
 with the Verb
 c. gen. pers. = cum genitivo personae
 cf. = confer (compare)
 collat. = collateral
 Com. = Comic, in Comic Greek
 Compar. or Comp. = comparative
 Conjunct. = conjunction
 contr. = contracted, contraction
 cp. = compare
 dat. = dative
 Dep. = Deponent Verb, i. e. a Verb of Middle or
 Passive forms with Active sense
 deriv. = derived, derivation
 dissyll. = dissyllable
 Dor. = in Doric Greek
 e. g. = *exempli gratia*
 Ep. = in Epic Greek
 esp. = especially
 etc. = *et cetera*
 f. or fut. = future tense
 fem. = feminine
 fin. = *ad finem* or *fine*
 freq. = frequent, frequently
 gen. or genit. = genitive
 Hom. = Homer
 i. e. = *id est*
 imperat. or imper. = imperative mood
 imperf. or impf. = imperfect tense
 impers. = impersonal
 indic. = indicative mood
 inf. = infinitive mood
 intr. or intrans. = intransitive
 Ion. = Ionic, in the Ionic dialect
 irreg. = irregular

Lat. = Latin
 lengthd. = lengthened
 masc. = masculine
 Med. = medial or middle voice
 med. = medial or middle signification
 metaph. = metaphorically
 metri grat. = *metri gratia* (for the sake of the metre)
 n. pr. = *nomen proprium* (proper name)
 N. T. = New Testament
 negat. = *negativum* (negative)
 neut. = neuter
 nom. = nominative
 opp. to = opposed to
 opt. or optat. = optative mood
 orig. = originally
 part. = participle
 Pass. = passive voice
 pass. = passive signification
 pecul. = peculiar
 perf. or pf. = perfect tense
 pl. or plur. = plural
 plqpf. = *plusquamperfectum* (pluperfect)
 poet. = poetically
 Prep. = preposition
 pres. = present tense
 priv. or privat. = *privativum*
 q. v. = *quod vide*
 qq. v. = *quae vide*
 radic. = radical
 regul. = regular, regularly
 shortd. = shortened
 signf. = signification
 sing. = singular
 sq. = *sequens* (the following word)
 sub. = *subaudi*, *subaudito*
 subj. = subjunctive mood
 Subst. = Substantive
 syll. = syllable
 Trag. = Tragic, in Tragic Greek
 trans. = transitive
 trisyll. = trisyllable
 usu. = usually
 v. = *vide*
 verb. Adj. = verbal adjective
 voc. = *voce*, *vocem*
 vocat. = vocative

A

A—ἀβληχίης.

Α, α, ἄλφα, τὸ, indecl., first letter of the Gr. alphabet. As numeral, α' = εἰς, and πρῶτος, but α, = 1000.

In Ion. Greek \bar{a} becomes η , as σοφία, σοφίη. In Dor. Greek \bar{a} is used instead of η , as, ἀδύς for ἡδύς: but the verbal term. ἄτο is changed into ἦτο, as ἐκνυζᾶτο into ἐκνυζῆτο.

α, as prefix in compos.: I. a privativum, not, as σοφός wise, ἀ-σοφος unwise. II. a copulativum, together, as in ἀ-τάλαντος, ἀ-κόλουθος. III. a intensivum, very much, as in ἀ-τενής, ἀ-σπερχές, though this is very rare. IV. a euphonicum, affecting the sound only, not the sense, as ἀ-βληχρός for βληχρός, ἀ-σπαίρω for σπαίρω, ἀ-στεροπή for στεροπή.

ᾶ, ᾷ or ᾶᾶ, exclamations used to express strong emotion, like our *ab!*

ᾶ, ᾷ, to express laughter, like our *ha ha*.
ᾶ, Dor. for artic. ἦ. 2. ᾶ, Dor. for relat. pron. ἦ. 3. ᾶ, Dor. for ἦ, dat. of ὄς.

ᾶ-ἄπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄπτος) *not to be hurt, inviolable*, of the Styx, by which the gods swore:—but ἄεθλος ᾶ-ἄπτος a dangerous or difficult task.

ᾶ-ᾠγής, ἔς, (a privat., ᾠγνυμ) *unbroken, not to be broken, hard, strong*.

ᾶ-απτος, *ov*, (a privat., ᾶπτομαι) *not to be touched: invincible*.

ᾶσα, ἄσάμην, ἄάσθην, v. ἌΑ'Ω.
ᾶ-σχετος, *ov*, length. poet. for ᾶ-σχετος.
ᾶᾶτος, contr. ᾶτος, *ov*, (a privat., ᾶω, ᾶσαι to satiate) *insatiate*, ᾶτος πολέμοιο *insatiate of battle*.

ἌΑ'Ω, old Ep. Verb. used chiefly in aor. I act. ᾶσα contr. ᾶσα, med. ᾶσάμην, contr. ᾶσάμην, and pass. ᾶσθην: the pres. occurs only in 3 sing. of Med., ᾶται—all in Hom.:—to hurt, damage, esp. to hurt mentally, mislead, infatuate: so too in Med., Ἄτη ἢ πάντας ᾶται II. But the Med. and Pass. usu. have an intr. sense, to go astray, to be infatuated or bewildered, to go wrong, err, sin, do foolishly. [Hom. has ᾶσας, ᾶσεν, ᾶσαν: so too ᾶσάμην, but ᾶσᾶτο.]

ᾶώ, = ᾶω, to satisfy, whence 3 sing. ᾶται.

ᾶβα, Dor. for ἦβη.

ᾶβᾰκέω, (ᾶβακῆς) to be speechless.

ᾶβᾰκῆς, ἔς, (a privat., βᾰκῶ) *speechless*.
ᾶ-βᾰκχευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βακχεύω) *without Bacchic frenzy, uninspired, joyless*.

ᾶ-βᾰπτιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βαπτίζω) *not to be dipped, that will not sink*, Lat. *immersabilis*. II. *unbaptized*.

ᾶ-βᾰρής, ἔς, (a privat., βᾰρος) *not heavy: not burdensome*.

ᾶ-βᾰσάνιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βασανίζω) *not examined by torture, unquestioned*. Adv. -τως, *without question or trial*.

ᾶ-βᾰσίλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., βασιλεύω) *not ruled by a king*. [I]

ᾶ-βᾰσκαντος, *ov*, (a privat., βασκαίνω) *unenvied*. Adv. -τως, *without envy*.

ᾶ-βᾰτος, *ov*, also *η*, *ov*, (a privat., βαίνω) *untrodden, inaccessible: of a river, not fordable: of holy places, not to be trodden, inviolate: hence pure, chaste*.

ᾶ-βᾰβαιος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰβειος) *unsteady, wavering, fickle*.

ᾶ-βᾰβηλος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰβηλος) *not profane, inviolable*.

ᾶβᾰλᾰτερία, ἦ, *stupidity: from*
ᾶ-βᾰλᾰτερος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰλᾰτερος) *good-for-nothing, silly, stupid*.

ᾶ-βᾰιστος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίζομαι) *unforced*.
ᾶ-βᾰιος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίος) *not to be lived or survived, intolerable, insupportable; βᾰιος ᾶβᾰιος*. II. *without subsistence, poor*.

ᾶ-βᾰίοςτος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίοςτος) = ᾶβᾰιος.
ᾶ-βᾰίωτος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰίω) = ᾶβᾰιος.

ᾶβᾰλάβᾰεια, ἦ, *freedom from harm: security: from*
ᾶ-βᾰλᾰβᾰής, ἔς, (a privat., βᾰλᾰβᾰη) *without harm: I. pass. unbarmed, unhurt*. II. act. *harmless, innocent: preventing harm:—Adv. -βᾰώς, Ep. -βᾰέως, without harming, without infringement*.

ᾶ-βᾰλάβᾰια, ἦ, poet. for ᾶ-βᾰλάβᾰεια.

ᾶ-βᾰλᾰής, ἦτος, ὄ, ἦ, (a privat., βᾰλλᾰω) *not thrown or shot, of an arrow*.

ᾶ-βᾰλητος, *ov*, (a privat., βᾰλλᾰω) *not bit by a dart or arrow*.

ᾶ-βᾰληχῆς, ἔς, (a privat., βᾰλήχη) *without bleatings*.

ἀ-βληχρός, ἄ, ὄν, (a euphon., βληχρός) *weak, feeble, defenceless*:—of death, *easy, light*.

ἀβληχρώδης, ἐς, = ἀβληχρος.

ἀ-βοᾶτί, Dor. for ἀ-βοητί.

ἀ-βόατος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀ-βόητος.

ἀ-βοήθητος, ὄν, (a privat., βοηθεῖν) *helpless*.

ἀ-βοητί, Dor. -ᾶτί, Adv. (a privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled, without summons*.

ἀ-βόητος, Dor. -ᾶτος, ὄν, (a privat., βοᾶω) *uncalled*. II. *untourned*.

ἀβολέω, = ἀντιβολέω, *to meet*.

ἀ-βόσκητος, ὄν, (a privat., βύσκη) *ungrazed*.

ἀ-βουκόλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βουκολέω) *untended, unbedded*.

ἀ-βουλέω, ἦσω, = οὐ βούλομαι, *to be unwilling*.

ἀ-βούλητος, ὄν, (a privat., βούλομαι) *unwilling, involuntary*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-βουλα, ἦ, *ill counsel, thoughtlessness*: from

ἀ-βουλος, ὄν, (a privat., βουλή) *inconsiderate, ill-advised*:—Adv. -ως, superl. ἀβουλότατα.

ἀ-βούτης, ὄν, ὄ, (a privat., βοῦς) *without oxen*: hence *poor*.

ἀ-βρεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted*.

ἀ-βριθής, ἐς, (a privat., βριθω) *without weight*.

ἀβρο-βάτης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, βαίνω) *softly or delicately stepping*. [βᾶ]

ἀβρο-γόος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, γόος) *womanishly wailing*.

ἀβρο-δίαιτος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, διαίτα) *living delicately or effeminately*: τὸ ἀβροδίαιτον *effeminacy*.

ἀβρο-κόμης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, κόμη) *with delicate, luxuriant hair or leaves*.

ἀ-βρόμος, ὄν, (a privat., Βρόμος) *without Bacchus*.

ἀ-βρομος, ὄν, (a copul., βρόμος) *noisy, boisterous*.

ἀβρο-πέδιλος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πέδιλον) *soft-sandalled*.

ἀβρο-πλουτος, ὄν, (ἀβρός, πλοῦτος) *richly luxuriant*.

ἌΒΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, *delicate, pretty, dainty, soft, luxurious*. (Akin to ἦβη.)

ἀβροσύνη, ἦ, = ἀβρότης.

ἀβροτάω, f. ἄζω, *to miss*, c. gen.—Ep. word formed from ἀβροτεῖν, q. v.

ἀβρότης, ητος, ἦ, (ἀβρός) *delicacy, luxuriousness*.

ἀβροτος, ὄν, also η, ὄν, (a privat., βροτός) like ἀμβροτος, ἀμβρόσιος, *immortal, divine, holy*.

ἀβρο-φύης, ἐς, (ἀβρός, φύω) *tender of nature*.

ἀβρο-χαίτης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀβρός, χαιτή) = ἀβρο-κόμης.

ἀβρο-χιτών, ὄνος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀβρός, χιτών) *softly clad*: with soft coverings. [χ]

ἀ-βροχος, ὄν, (a privat., βρέχω) *unwetted, waterless*. Adv. -χως.

ἀβρόνω, f. ὄνω: aor. i. ἤβροννα: (ἀβρός):—*to make delicate, treat delicately*:—Pass. *to live delicately, wax wanton, give oneself airs*; ἀβρόνεσθαι *τινι* *to pride oneself on a thing*.

ἀ-βρώς, ὠτος, ὄ, ἦ, = ἀ-βρωτος.

ἀ-βρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., βιβρώσκω) *not having eaten*. II. *pass. not to be eaten, uneatable*.

ἀ-βυσσος, ὄν, (a privat., βύσσο) *bottomless, unfath-*

omed: generally, *unfathomable, enormous*. II.

as Subst. ἡ ἄβυσσος, *the abyss, bottomless pit*.

ἀγάσθαι, ἀγάσθε, v. sub ἄγαμαι.

ἀγαγεῖν, redupl. aor. 2 inf. of ἀγω: ἀγαγον, Ep. for ἦγαγον, aor. 2 ind.

ἀγάγωμι, Ep. for ἀγάγω, aor. 2 subj. of ἀγω.

ἀγάζομαι, poet. form of ἀγαμαι, *to admire*.

ἀγαθο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀγαθός, εἶδος) *seeming good*.

ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, *to do good*; and ἀγαθοεργία, contr. -ουργία, ἦ, *a good or noble deed*: *good service*. From

ἀγαθο-εργός, contr. -ουργός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ἔργον) *doing good*: οἱ Ἄγαθοεργοί, at Sparta, the five oldest knights, who went on missions for the state.

ἀγαθοποιέω, = ἀγαθο-εργέω; and

ἀγαθοποιία, ἦ, = ἀγαθο-εργία. From

ἀγαθο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγαθός, ποιέω) = ἀγαθο-εργός.

ἌΓΑ-ΘΟ΄Σ, ἦ, ὄν, *good in its kind*, opp. to κακός, *bad*: I. in Homer usu. of heroes, *brave, noble*: later in moral sense, *good, virtuous*. 2. of things, etc., *good in their kind*; neut. τὰ ἀγαθὰ *the goods of fortune, wealth, also good fare, dainties*; τὸ ἀγαθόν, Lat. *summum bonum*.—There are no regular forms of comparison. The Comp. in use are βελτίων, also ἀμείνων, κρείσσαν, λωίων (λάφων): Ep. βέλτερος, λωίτερος, also φέρτερος. Sup. βέλτιστος, ἀριστος, κράτιστος, λωίστος (λῶστος): Ep. βέλτατος, φέρτατος, φέρωστος. The Adv. in common use is εὖ, *well*.

ἀγαθοουργέω, contr. form of ἀγαθοεργέω.

ἀγαθύνω, (ἀγαθός) *to make good, exalt*. II. *to do good*:—Pass. *to be of good cheer*.

ἀγαθωσύνη, ἦ, (ἀγαθός) *goodness, kindness*.

ἀγαίομαι, (ἀγῆ) collat. form of ἀγαμαι, ἀγάομαι, only in bad sense, *to be angry at*: *to envy*.

ἀγα-κλεής, ἐς, (ἀγαν, κλέος) *very glorious, famous, renowned*: gen. ἀγακλήος; shortd. poet. forms, acc. sing. ἀγακλεῖᾶ, pl. ἀγακλεῖᾶς, dat. sing. ἀγακλεῖ.

ἀγα-κλειτός, ἦ, ὄν, = ἀγακλεής.

ἀγα-κλυτός, ὄν, (ἀγαν, κλυτός) like ἀγακλεής, Lat. *inclytus*.

ἀγα-κτιμένη, (ἀγαν, κτιζώ) a poet. fem. = εὐκτιμένη, *well-built or placed*.

ἀ-γάλακτος, ὄν, (a privat., γάλα) *without milk, giving none*. II. *getting none, weaned*, Lat. *lacte depulsus*.

ἀγαλλιᾶσις, εως, ἦ, *exceeding great joy*. From

ἀγαλλίαω, f. ἀγάλλω: aor. ἤγηλα, inf. ἀγγῆλαι: = ἀγαλαῖον ποιῶ, *to make glorious, glorify, honour, esp. a god*: also *to deck, adorn*:—mostly in Pass. ἀγάλλομαι, *to glory, delight, exult* in a thing, c. dat. Hence

ἀγαλμα, ατος, τό, *that wherein one delights, a glory, delight, ornament*: a *pleasing gift*, esp. for the gods: hence, 2. a *statue* in honour of a god; *the image*

ἌΓΑΛΛΙΨ, ἴδος, ἦ, a plant, *the iris or flag*.

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of a god as an object of worship. 3. *any statue or image.*

ἀγαματοποιός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγαλμα, ποιέω) *a maker of statues, a statuary, sculptor.*

*ΑΓΑΜΑΙ, 2 pl. ἄσασθε Ep. ἀγάσθε, inf. ἀγασθαι Ep. ἀγάσθαι: impf. ἡγάμην, Ep. 2 pl. ἡγάσθε: fut. ἀγάσομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἀγάσομαι: the aor. I mostly in Pass. form ἡγάσθην, but also Med. ἡγάσάμην (even in Att.), Ep. ἡγάσάμην, ἀγασσάμην: Dep.: I. *to wonder: more freq. to wonder at or admire a person or thing, τινά, but also τινί, Lat. admirari.*

II. in bad sense, *to envy, be angry at, τίνι, περὶ τινος.*—Homer uses in this sense only aor. I ἡγάσάμην, and as pres. ἀγάμοι or ἀγαίομαι.

ἀγάμια, ἡ, *celibacy.* From ἀ-γάμος, ον, (a privat., γάμος) *unmarried, unwedded, single, Lat. coelebs:*—Tragic phrase, γάμος ἀ-γάμοι *a marriage that is no marriage, a fatal marriage.*

*ΑΓΑΝ, Adv. *very, much, very much:* the word generally is only Dor. and Att., λίην being its equiv. in Ep. and Ion.

II. *too, too much, Lat. nimis,* as in the proverb μηδὲν ἄγαν, Lat. *ne quid nimis, not too much* of any thing. [ἄγαν, but later sometimes ἄγαν.]

ἀγανᾶκτέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀγαν) *to feel irritation:—to be vexed, displeased, or angry at a thing.* Hence

ἀγανᾶκτησις, εως, ἡ, *irritation, vexation.*

ἀγανᾶκτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγανᾶκτέω) *irritable.*

ἀγανᾶκτιος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγανᾶκτέω, *irritating, vexatious.*

ἀγανᾶκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *irritable, = ἀγανᾶκτικὸς.* Adv. -κάς.

ἀγανῶσι, poet. for ἀγανᾶσι, dat. plur. fem. of ἀγανός.

ἀγαν-νίφος, ον, (ἀγαν, νίφω) *much snowed upon, snow-capt, Ὀλυμπος.*

ἀγανόρειος, α, ον, Dor. for ἀγανόρειος.

ἀ-γανός, ἡ, ὄν, (a copul., γανός, γάνυμαι) *mild, gentle, kindly:* esp. of the arrows of Artemis, to which sudden death was ascribed. Only poet.

ἀγανόφροσύνη, ἡ, *gentleness, kindliness.* From ἀγανό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγανός, φρήν) *kindly disposed: benign.*

ἀγανώπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀγανός, ὤψ) *mild-eyed.*

ἀγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for ἀγ-ήνωρ.

ἀγαίομαι, Ep. form of ἀγαίμαι, only found in part. ἀγαίμενος, in act. sense *admiring.*

ἀγαπᾶζω, f. ἄσω, see ἀγαπάω.

ἀγαπᾶτός, ὄν, Dor. for ἀγαπᾶτός.

ἀγαπάω, f. ἴσω: aor. ἡγάπησα, Ep. ἀγάπησα: pf. ἡγάπηκα: (ἀγαίμαι, ἀγάζομαι):—of persons, *to welcome, entertain*, in which sense ἀγαπάζω and Dep. ἀγαπάζομαι are used by Homer:—also *to take leave of:*—generally, *to be fond of, to love dearly.* II. of things, *to be well pleased, to be contented at or with a thing:* c. inf. *to be wont to do, like φιλέω.* [ἄγᾶ] Hence

ἀγαπεῦντες, Ion. for ἀγαπῶντες, pres. part. pl. ἀγάπη, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) *brotherly love: charity.* [ἄγᾶ] ἀγάπημα, τό, (ἀγαπάω) *an object of love, Lat. deliciae.*

ἀγαπ-ήνωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀγαπάω, ἀνήρ) = ἡνωρέην ἀγαπῶν, *loving manliness, manly.*

ἀγάπησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγαπάω) *the feeling of love, affection.*

ἀγαπῆτέος, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *to be loved, acquiesced in.*

ἀγαπῆτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαπάω) *disposed to love, affectionate.* Adv. -κάς.

ἀγαπῆτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀγαπάω, *beloved, dearly beloved: worthy of love.* 2. *to be acquiesced in, as the least evil.* II. Adv. ἀγαπῆτῶς, *cheerfully, contentedly; ἀγαπῆτῶς ἔχειν to be contented, like ἀγαπᾶν.* 2. in Att. prose, so as only *just to content one, i. e. only just, scarcely = μόλις.*

ἀγάρ-ροος, ον, contr. ἀγάρ-ρους, ονν, (ἀγαν, ῥέω) *strong or swift-flowing.*

ἀγασθαι, pres. inf. of ἀγαίμαι.

ἀγασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀγαίμαι.

ἀγασμα, τό, (ἀγαίμαι) *that which is admired, a wonder, marvel.*

ἀγασομαι [ᾶ], poet. ἀγάσσομαι, fut. of ἀγαίμαι.

ἀγασσατο, poet. for ἡγάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγαίμαι.

ἀγά-στονος, ον, (ἀγαν, στένω) *much groaning, howling, of the waves, loud-wailing.*

ἀγαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαίμαι) *admirable.* Adv. -ῶς.

ἀγᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀγαστός, as θαυματός for θαυμαστός.

ἀγαυός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαίμαι) *illustrious, noble.*

ἀγαυρός, ὁ, ὄν, akin to ἀγανός, *stately, proud:* sup. Adv. ἀγαυρότατα.

ἀγά-φθεγκτος, ον, (ἀγαν, φθέγγομαι) *loud-sounding.*

ἀγᾶρεῦω, f. σω, (ἀγγᾶρος) *to despatch a courier or messenger: to press one to serve as a courier.*

ἀγγᾶρῆτος, ὁ, Ion. form = ἄγγᾶρος:—τὸ ἀγγᾶρῆτιον *the business of an ἄγγᾶρος.*

ἄγγᾶρος, ὁ, Persian word, *a mounted courier, such as were kept ready at regular stages throughout Persia for carrying the royal despatches.*

ἄγγειον, Ion. -ῆτιον, τό, (ἄγγος) *a vessel, fail: a reservoir.*

ἄγγελια, Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (ἄγγελος) *a message, tidings, news, ἀγγελίη ἐμή a message concerning me; ἀγγε-λῆς ἐλθεῖν to come on account of a message.* 2. *a proclamation as a command, order.*

ἄγγελια-φόρος, Ion. ἀγγελιη-φόρος, ὁ, (ἄγγελια, φέρω) *a messenger.*

ἄγγελιώτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄγγελια) *a messenger.*

ἄγγελλω: f. ἀγγελλῶ, Ep. ἀγγελεῖω: aor. I ἤγγελα: pf. ἤγγελα, pass. ἤγγελεμαι: aor. I pass. ἤγγελην: (ἄγω):—*to bear a message, bring tidings or news, to proclaim, report, tell:*—Med. *to announce oneself:*—Pass. *to be reported of.* Hence

ἄγγελμα, τό, *a message, tidings, news.*

ἄγγελος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγγέλλω) a messenger, envoy. II. a messenger from God, an angel.

ἄγγιζον, τό, Ion. for ἀγγεῖον.

*Αἴτος, εὐς, τό, a vessel of any kind, a jar, pan, pail: a chest, box.

ἄδην, Adv. (ἄγω) by carrying.

ἄγε, ἄγετε, properly Imperat. of ἄγω, used as Adv. like φέρε, come! come on! well! Lat. age!

ἄγείρω: aor. I ἤγειρα: pf. ἀνήγερκα: (ἄγω):—to bring together gather together, collect. II. Pass.

ἄγερομαι: aor. I ἤγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. ἤγερθεν: pf. ἀνήγερμαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀνήγέρταται: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. ἀνήγέρτατο:—to come together, assemble: in which sense we also have an Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀγέρεσθαι, ἀγέροντο, partic. syncop. ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, assembled, gathered together.

ἄ-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (α privat., γείτων) without neighbour: solitary, desolate.

ἄγελᾶδόν, Dor. for ἀγελήδον.

ἄγελάζομαι, Pass. (ἀγέλη) to live in herds, to be gregarious.

ἄγελαιος, α, ον, (ἀγέλη) belonging to a herd, feeding at large. II. in herds or shoals, gregarious. 2. of the herd or multitude, common.

ἄγελάρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγέλη, ἄρχω) the leader of a company.

ἄ-γελαστί, Adv. (α privat., γελᾶω) without laughing.

ἄ-γελαστος, ον, (α privat., γελᾶω) not laughing, grave, sullen. II. not to be laughed at, not trifling.

ἄγελεία, ἡ, (ἄγω, λεία) epith. of Athena, = ληΐτις, λείαν ἄγνοσα, she that drives off the spoil.

ἄγέλη, ἡ, (ἄγω) a herd of oxen or kine, Lat. armentum, grex:—later any herd or company.

ἄγελήδον, Adv. (ἀγέλη) in herds or companies. Also ἀγεληδά.

ἄγέληθεν, Adv. (ἀγέλη) from a herd.

ἄγέληφι, Ep. dat. of ἀγέλη.

ἄγεμονεα, ἀγεμονεῶν, ἀγεμών, Dor. for ἡγεμ-. ἄγεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. from ἀγνυμι: [ᾶ] 2. Ep. 3 sing. for ἡγεν, impf. from ἄγω to lead.

ἄ-γεναολόγητος, ον, (α privat., γεναολογέω) without pedigree, of unknown descent.

ἄγενεια, ἡ, (ἀγένης) low birth: meanness.

ἄ-γένεος, ον, (α privat., γένειον) beardless, boyish.

ἄ-γενής, ἐς, (α privat., γένος) unborn, uncreated: but usu. II. of no family, i. e. low-born, opp. to ἀγαθός.

ἄ-γένητος, ον, (α privat., γενέσθαι) unborn, uncreated. II. not having happened, Lat. infectus: hence false, groundless.

ἄ-γέννης, ἐς, = ἀγενής II. Adv. -νῶς.

ἄ-γέννητος, ον, (α privat., γεννώω) unbegotten, unborn: without origin. II. like ἀγενής II, low-born, mean.

ἄγέομαι, Dor. for ἡγέομαι.

ἄ-γίωστος, ον, (α privat., γέρας) without a gift of honour, unrecompensed, unrewarded.

ἄγέρεσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀγείρω.

ἄγερθεν, Ep. for ἡγέρθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἄγέροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω.

ἄγέροχος, ον, = ἀγέρωχος.

ἄγερσος, εὐς, ἡ, (ἀγείρω) a gathering, mustering.

ἄγέρωχος, ον, in good sense, brave, high-minded, lordly: in bad sense, overweening, haughty, fierce.

Adv. -χως. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄγεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἄγω.

ἄγέ-στρατός, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, στρατός) leading the host.

ἄγέτης, ὁ, Dor. for ἡγέτης.

ἄ-γευστος, ον, (α privat., γεύομαι) not tasting: without taste of, c. gen.

ἄγη [ᾶ] ἡ, (ἀγαμαι) in good sense, wonder, awe, reverence. 2. in bad sense, envy, hatred, spite: of the gods, jealousy.

ἄγη [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἀγνυμι) a fragment, piece, splinter.

ἄγη, Ep. for ἔαγη, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀγνυμι, to break.

ἄγηγέρταται, ἀγηγέρτατο, Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἄγηγερκα, -ερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἄγηλαί, aor. I inf. of ἀγάλλω.

ἄγη-ηλατέω, ἡσω, (ἄγος, ελαιῖνω) to drive away pollution or a polluted person, Lat. piaculum exigere: cf. ἀνδρ-ηλατέω.

ἄγημα, τό, (ἄγω) Lat. agmen, a body or division of an army, a corps, esp. of the Lacedaemonians.

ἄγη-ηρόρειος, Dor. ἀγῆρόρ-, α, ον, = ἀγῆρωρ.

ἄγη-ηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manhood, courage.

ἄγη-ήνωρ, Dor. ἄγη-ἄνωρ, οπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄγω, ἄνθρωπος) manly, heroic: also headstrong, haughty: and sometimes stately, splendid.

ἄγηοχα, pf. act. of ἄγω to lead.

ἄ-γήραντος, ον, = sq.

ἄ-γήραος, ον, (α privat., γήρας) free from old age, not growing old: generally, undying, undecaying.

Contr. ἀγήρως, ἄν: acc. sing. ἀγήρῳ or ἀγήρῳ: nom. dual. ἀγήρῳ, nom. and acc. plur. ἀγήρως.

ἄ-γήρατος, ον, = ἀγήραος.

ἄ-γήρως, ἄν, contr. for ἀγήραος.

ἄγησι-χορος, ον, (ἀγέομαι Dor. for ἡγέομαι, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἄγητηρ, ἡρος, Dor. for ἡγητήρ. [ᾶ]

ἄγητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγαμαι) admirable, wondrous. [ᾶ]

ἄγιαζώ, (ἄγιος) to hallow, consecrate.

ἄγιασθήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imper. of ἄγιαζώ.

ἄγιασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀγιαζώ) that which is hallowed, a holy place, sanctuary.

ἄγιασμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγιαζώ) consecration, sanctification.

ἄγιαστήριον, τό, = ἄγιασμα.

ἄγίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ, (ἄγιος) to hallow, make sacred, Lat. dedicare.

ἄγίνεω, f. ἡσω: Ep. pres. inf. ἀγνέμεναι: impf. ἡγίνεον, Ion. ἀγίνεσκον: lengthd. Ion. form of ἄγω.

to carry, bring:—Med. to have brought one. II. to bear fruit.

ἀγίο-γράφος, ον, (ἅγιος, γράφω) written by inspiration: τὰ ἀγίο-γράφα (sub. βιβλία), the Psalms and other books of the Old Testament as distinguished from the Law and the Prophets.

ἅγιος, α, ον, (ἅγιος) devoted to the gods, Lat. sacer, sacred, holy: of persons, pious, pure: as Subst., ἅγιον, τό, a sanctuary. II. sometimes like Lat. sacer, accursed.—In old Att. ἄγρός is used instead. [ἀγ]

ἀγιότης, ητος, ή, (ἅγιος) sanctity, holiness. ἀγικία, ή, mostly in pl. holy rites, the service of the temple or sanctuary. From

ἄγιστεῦω, f. εἶσω, (ἀγίζω) to perform sacred rites: hence to be pious, live piously.

ἄγλωσύνη, ή, (ἅγιος) = ἀγύτης.

ἄγκ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀνακ- in compds. of the prep. ἀνά with words beginning with κ, e. g. ἀγκείσθαι for ἀνα-κεῖσθαι.

ἀγκάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.: (ἀγκας, ἄγκη):—to take or lift up in the arms.

ἀγκᾶθεν, Adv. for ἀγκάς, on the arm, i. e. resting on it, Lat. cubito presso: also in the arms.

ἀγκᾶλεω, poet. for ἀνα-καλέω.

ἀγκάλη, ή, (ἀγκή) the bent arm, mostly in plur. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding, as the arms of the sea, etc. [κᾶ]

ἀγκαλιζομαι, f. Att. ἰῶμαι: aor. I ἡγκάλισαμι: pf. ἡγκάλισμαι: Dep.: (ἀγκάλη):=ἀγκάζομαι, to take in the arms.

ἀγκάλις, ἴδος, ή, in plur.=ἀγκάλαι, arms. II. a bundle, Lat. manipulus.

ἀγκάλισμα, τό, (ἀγκάλιζομαι) that which is embraced.

ἀγκάλος, ό, (ἀγκάλη) an armful: a bundle.

ἀγκάς, Adv. (ἀγκή) into or in the arms.

ἀγκ-κειμαι, poet. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

*ΑΓΚΗ, ή, = ἄγκος or ἀγκάλη, an arm.

ἀγκηρύσσω, poet. for ἀνα-κηρύσσω.

ἀγκιστρία, ή, (ἀγκιστρον) angling.

ἀγκιστρευτικός, ή, όν, (ἀγκιστρον) of or for angling: τὸ ἀγκιστρευτικόν, angling.

ἀγκιστριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκιστρον, a small hook.

ἀγκιστρό-δετος, ον, (ἀγκιστρον, δέω) with a hook bound to it, of a fishing-rod.

ἀγκιστρο-ειδής, ές, (ἀγκιστρον, εἶδος) hook-shaped.

ἀγκιστρον, τό, (akin to ἄγκος, ἀγκύλος) a fish-hook.

ἀγκ-κλινω and ἀγκ-κλιμα, τό, poet. for ἀνα-κλίνω, ἀνά-κλιμα.

ἀγκόνη, ή, (ἀγκών) poet. for ἀγκάλη, used only in plur. the bent arms. II. metaph. anything closely enfolding: cf. ἀγκάλη.

ἀγκομίζω, poet. for ἀνα-κομίζω.

ἀγκονίω, for ἀνα-κονίω, to hasten.

*ΑΓΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a bend or hollow, esp. of the arm: hence a mountain-glen, dell, valley.

ἀγκ-κρεμάσας, poet. for ἀνακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of ἀνακρεμάννυμι.

ἀγκ-κρίσις, poet. for ἀνά-κρίσις.

ἀγκ-κρούομαι, poet. for ἀνα-κρούομαι.

ἀγκύλη [ῥ], ή, like ἀγκάλη, the bend of the arm. II. a loop in a cord: esp. the thong of a javelin, by which it was hurled, Lat. amentum: also the javelin itself. 2. any thong or string, e. g. the leash of a hound, a bow-string.

ἀγκυλήτος, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of ἀγκυλόομαι, τβουρω from the bent arm:—as Subst., τὸ ἀγκυλητόν, a javelin.

ἀγκύλιον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκύλη, a small dart or javelin. II. τὰ ἀγκύλια used to translate the Lat. ancilia.

ἀγκυλο-γλώχιν, ἴνος, ό, (ἀγκυλος, γλωχίς) with hooked spurs, of a fighting cock.

ἀγκυλό-δδους, οντος, ό, ή, (ἀγκύλος, δδούς) crook-toothed, barbed, of weapons.

ἀγκυλο-μήτης, ον, ό, ή, (ἀγκύλος, μήτις) crooked of counsel, wily.

ἀγκυλό-πους, πουν, (ἀγκυλος, πούς) with curved feet, δίφρος ἀγκ. the Roman sella curulis.

ἀγκύλος, η, ον, (ἀγκος, Lat. uncus) crooked, curved, of a bow: of the eagle's beak, hooked. [ῥ]

ἀγκυλό-τοξος, ον, (ἀγκύλος, τόξον) with curved bow.

ἀγκυλο-χείλης, ον, ό, (ἀγκύλος, χείλος) with hooked beak.

ἀγκυλο-χήλης, ον, ό, (ἀγκύλος, χήλη) with crooked claws.

ἀγκυλώω, f. ὦσω: pass. pf. ἡγκύλωμαι: (ἀγκύλος): to make crooked or hooked. Hence

ἀγκυλώτως, ή, όν, of javelins, furnished with a thong, thonged.

ἐγκυρᾶ, (ἀγκος, ἀγκών) ή, Lat. ancōra, an anchor, so called from its shape, first in Pind.; for in Homer we read only of εἰνάι, i. e. stones used as anchors.

ἐγκυρίζω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγκυρίσα: (ἀγκυρα):—to hook, catch as with a fish-hook.

ἐγκύριον, τό, Dim. of ἀγκυρα, a small anchor.

ἐγκυρ-ουχία, ή, (ἀγκυρα, ἔχω) a holding by the anchor: ἐν ἀγκυρουχίαις when safe at anchor.

*ΑΓΚΩΝ, ὠνος, ό, like ἀγκάλη, the bend or hollow of the arm, the bent arm, the elbow: hence

any bend, as the angle of a wall, the bend of a river, a bay or creek of the sea; also the curved horns of the lyre. Hence

ἀγκωνίσκος, ό, Dim. of ἀγκών.

ἀγλαΐ-θερος, ον, (ἀγλαός, ἔθειρα) bright-haired.

ἀγλαΐσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ἀγλαΐω, with pass. sense.

ἀγλαΐα, ή, (ἀγλαός) splendour, beauty, brightness: hence as opp. to what is useful, pomp, show, vanity, and in plur. vanities: also festive joy, triumph, and in plur. festivities.

ἀγλαΐω, f. Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἡγλαΐσα: (ἀγλαός):—to make splendid, adorn: also to give as an ornament:

—Pass. to be adorned with a thing, be proud of it, delight in it. Hence

ἀγλαΐσμα, τό, an ornament; cf. ἀγαλμα.

ἀγλαό-γυιός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, γυίον) *with beautiful limbs.*
 ἀγλαό-δενδρός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δένδρον) *with beautiful trees.*

ἀγλαό-δωρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, δῶρον) *bestowing splendid gifts.*

ἀγλαό-θρονός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, θρόνος) *with splendid throne.*

ἀγλαό-καρπός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, καρπός) *bearing or bestowing goodly fruit.*

ἀγλαό-κούρος, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κούρος) *rich in fair youths.*

ἀγλαό-κωμός, *ov*, (ἀγλαός, κῶμος) *gracing the feast.*

ἌΓΛΑΪΟΣ, ἡ, *όν*, also *ός, ὄν*, *splendid, stately, beautiful, brilliant, bright*: of men, *famous, noble*: *c. dat. famous for a thing.* Adv. *-ῶς*. (Akin to αἰ-γλη, ἀγάλλομαι.)

ἀγλαο-τρίαινός, *ov*, *δ*, *acc. -ᾶν*, (ἀγλαός, τρίαινα) *the god of the bright trident.*

ἀγλαό-ῶψ, ὠπος, *δ*, ἡ, (ἀγλαός, ὦψ) *bright-eyed*: generally, *flashing*.

ἀ-γλυεκής, *ές*, (α *privat.*, γλυεκος) *not sweet*: *sour, harsh.*

ἌΓΛΙΣ, ἀγλιθός, only used in plur. ἀγλιθες, *a head of garlic*, which is made up of several cloves.

ἀ-γλυκίης, *ές*, = ἀ-γλυεκής.

ἀγλωσσία, Att. ἀγλωττία, ἡ, *dumbness*. From ἀ-γλωστος, Att. ἀ-γλωττος, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γλωσσα) *without tongue*: *silent, dumb, Lat. elinguis*. II.

speaking a strange tongue, = βάρβαρος.

ἄγμα, τό, (ἀγνυμι) *a fragment.*

ἄγμός, *ὄ*, (ἀγνυμι) *a breakage, fracture of a bone*. II. *a broken cliff, precipice.*

ἀ-γναμπος, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γνάμπτω) *unbending.*

ἀ-γναπτος, *ov*, = *sq.* II. also *not cleansed.*

ἀ-γνάφος, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γνάπτω) *of cloth, not carded, i. e. new.*

ἀγνεία, ἡ, (ἀγνεύω) *purity, chastity.*

ἀγνευμα, τό, (ἀγνεύω) *chastity.*

ἀγνεύω, *f. εύσω*, (ἀγρός) *to observe scrupulously, make a point of conscience of, c. inf.*:—also *simply, to be pure or chaste*: *c. gen. to keep oneself pure from*.

ἀγνίζω, *f. Att. ἰδῶ*: *aor. I ἤγνισα*: (ἀγρός):—*to make pure, purify, cleanse, Lat. lustrare*. II.

to offer, burn as a sacrifice.

ἄγνιος, *α, ov*, (ἀγνος) *made of withy or agnus castus.*

ἄγνισμα, τό, (ἀγνίζω) *a means of purification, atonement.*

ἀγνισμός, *ὄ*, (ἀγνίζω) *purification, expiation.*

ἀγνίτης, *ov*, *δ*, (ἀγνίζω) *a purifier*. [ἴ]

ἀγνόεω, Ep. ἀγνοίεω: *f. ἦσω*: *aor. I ἠγνόησα*, Ep. ἀγνοήσα, *Ion.* and Ep. *3 sing. ἀγνώσασκε*: *pf. ἠγνόηκα*:—*Pass., aor. I ἠγνόηθην*: *pf. ἠγνόημαι*: (as if from *ἀ-γνοός = ἀ-γνοός):—*not to perceive or know, to be ignorant, Lat. ignorare*: in Homer mostly, *οὐκ ἀγνοίσειεν* *be perceived or knew well*:—*Pass. not to be known*. II. *absol. to mistake, be wrong*: hence in part. ἀγνώων, *by mistake*. Hence

ἀγνόημα, τό, *a fault of ignorance, oversight*; and

ἀγνοητικός, ἡ, *όν*, *apt to err from ignorance.*

ἀγνοιά, ἡ, (ἀγνοέω) *want of perception, ignorance*. II. = ἀγνόημα, *a fault of ignorance*.

[poët. sometimes ἀγνοιά: cf. ἀνοία.]

ἀγνοίεω, *poët., esp. Ep., form for ἀγροέω.*

ἀγνοίησι, Od. 24. 218, *3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀγροέω*: but if written ἀγνοίησι, it is *3 sing. pres. subj.*

ἀγροούτων, Adv., *pres. act. part. of ἀγροέω, ignorantly*.

ἀγνό-ρῦτος, *ov*, (ἀγρός, ῥέω) *pure-flowing.*

ἀγρός, ἡ, *όν*, *pure, chaste, unsullied*: *holy, sacred*. II. *c. gen. pure from a thing*. Adv. *-ῶς*. (Akin to ἄζω, ἄγιος, ἄγιος.)

ἌΓΝΟΣ, ἡ, Att. *ὄ*, = *λύγος*, *a tall tree like the willow, the agnus castus.*

ἀγνότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (ἀγρός) *purity, chastity.*

ἌΓΝΥΜΙ, *3 dual ἀγνύτον*: *fut. ἄξω*: *aor. I ἔαξα*, Ep. ἔξα, *imperat. ἄξον*, *inf. ἄξαι*, *part. ἄξας*: *aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην* [ᾶ, *v. sub. fin.*]: *pf. ἔαγα*, *Ion. ἔγηγα*:—*to break, snap, crush, shiver, Lat. frango*:—*Pass. with pf. act. ἔαγα, to be broken, to snap, shiver in pieces*: of sound, *to spread around*: of a river, *to flow in a broken, i. e. winding course*. [ᾶ in *pf. ἔαγα*, *Ion. ἔγηγα*: but in *aor. 2 pass. ἔαγην*, ᾶ in *Hom.*, ᾶ long in *Att.*; *v. κατάρνυμι.*]

ἀγνομονέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀγνώμων) *to act without judgment, act ignorantly or unfairly.*

ἀγνώμωνος, Adv. of ἀγνώμων, *senselessly.*

ἀγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *want of sense or judgment*. I. *senselessness, ignorance*. II. *senseless pride, arrogance*. III. *unfairness, unkindness, Lat. iniquitas*: in plur. *misunderstandings*. From

ἀ-γνώμων, *ov*, *ovos*, (α *privat.*, γνώμη) *wanting sense or judgment*: *senseless, thoughtless, beadstrong*. II.

unfeeling, unkind: *unjust*.

ἀ-γνώως, ὠτος, *δ*, ἡ, (α *privat.*, γνώμαι) *pass. unknown*: *obscure*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*. II. *act. not knowing, ignorant of a thing*.

ἀγνώως, Adv. of ἀγρός.

ἀγνώσια, ἡ, (ἀγρός) *a not knowing, ignorance*. II. *a being unknown, obscurity*.

ἀγνώσασκε or ἀγνώσασκε, *Ion. and Ep. for ἠγνόησε*, *3 sing. aor. I of ἀγροέω*.

ἀγνώσσω, *pres. formed from foreg. = ἀγροέω*.

ἀ-γνώστος or ἀ-γνώτος, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γινώσκω) *unknown, ἀγνώστος γλώσσα an unknown tongue*: *unheard of, forgotten*. 2. *not to be known*. II.

act. not knowing, ignorant of, τινός.

ἀγξήρᾱναι, *aor. I inf. of ἀναξήρᾱναι*.

ἀγνοία, ἡ, *unfruitfulness*. From

ἀ-γνοός, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γονή) *pass. unborn*. II.

act. not producing, unfruitful, barren: *c. gen. not productive of, destitute of*: τόκος ἀγνοός, *fruitless travail, when the mother dies before the child is born*. 2. *left childless*.

ἀ-γυός, *ov*, (α *privat.*, γόνος) *unmourned*.

ἀγορά, ἄς, Ep. and *Ion. ἀγορή, ἡς, ἡ*, (ἀγείρω) *any*

assembly, esp. an Assembly of the People, opp. to the Council (Βουλή).

II. the place of Assembly, used not only for public debating, elections, and trials, but also for buying and selling, and all kinds of business, Lat. *forum*:—especially, the market-place.

III. a speech made in the forum, speaking, gift of speaking, Lat. *concio*. IV. things sold in the forum, esp. provisions, Lat. *annona*; ἀγορὰν παρέχειν, to hold a market.

V. as a mark of time, ἀγορὰ πλήθουσα, or ἀγορῆς πλήθωρη, the forenoon, when the market-place was full: opp. to ἀγορῆς διάλυσις, the time just after noon: when they went home from market.

ἀγοράσθε, Ep. for ἀγορᾶσθε, 2 pl. pres. ind. of ἀγοράομαι. [ἀγορᾶσθε]

ἀγοράζω, f. ἄσω: aor. ἠγόρασα: pf. ἠγόρακα:—Pass., aor. ἠγορήσθην: pf. ἠγορήσασμαι: (ἀγορά) —to be in the market-place, to attend it: hence 2. —to do business there, buy or sell: Med. to buy for oneself. 3. of idle people, to haunt the market-place, lounge there, cf. sq.

ἀγοραῖος, ov, in, of, or belonging to the market-place, an epith. of several gods.

II. frequenting the market-place:—οἱ ἀγοραῖοι (with or without ἄθροιστοι): 1. hucksters, petty traffickers, retail-dealers. 2. idlers or loungers, like Lat. *subrostrani*, and so generally the common sort:—hence the word is used of things, low, mean, vulgar.

III. generally, proper to the assembly, suited to forensic speaking, business-like: ἀγοραῖος (sc. ἡμέρα), ἡ, a court-day.

ἀγορᾶνομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the ἀγορανόμος or his office, Lat. *Aedilicius*.

ἀγορᾶνόμιον, τό, the court of the ἀγορανόμος.

ἀγορᾶ-νόμος, ὁ, (ἀγορά, νέμω) a clerk of the market, who regulated the buying and selling there, like the Rom. *Aedilis*.

ἀγοράομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀγορήσασθην: Dep.: (ἀγορά): —to meet in the Assembly, sit in debate: also to speak in the Assembly, Lat. *conciari*.

ἀγοράσθω, Dor. for ἀγοράζω.

ἀγοράσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀγοράζω) buying, purchase.

ἀγόρασμα, τό, (ἀγοράζω) that which is bought or sold: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἀγοραστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράζω) the slave who had to buy provisions, the purveyor, Lat. *obsonator*.

ἀγοραστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγοράζω) of or for trafficking or trade: ἡ ἀγοραστική (sub. τέχνη) commerce, trade.

ἀγορεύω, impf. ἠγόρευον, Ep. ἀγόρευον: fut. —έσω: aor. ἠγόρευσα, Ep. ἄγ-: pf. ἠγόρευκα: Med., aor. ἠγορευσάμην: Pass., aor. ἠγορευθῆν: pf. ἠγόρευμαι: (but in Att. the fut. in use is ἐρῶ, pf. ἐίρηκα, aor. εἶπον): (ἀγορά): —to speak in the Assembly, to counsel:—generally to speak; κακὸν or κακῶς ἀγορεύειν τινά to speak ill of one. 2. to proclaim, declare: Med. to get a thing proclaimed.

ἀγορή, Ep. and Ion. for ἀγορά. Hence ἀγορήθεν, Adv. from the Assembly or market; and

ἀγορήθεν, Adv. to the Assembly or market.

ἀγορήσατο, Ep. for ἠγορήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἀγορητής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀγοράομαι) a speaker, orator.

ἀγορητύς, ὄν, ἡ, (ἀγοράομαι) the gift or power of speaking, eloquence.

ἀγορός, ὁ, poet. for ἀγορά.

ἄγος or ἄγος, εος, τό, (ἄζομαι) any matter of religious awe: hence 1. pollution, guilt, Lat. *piaculum*: also the curse which follows it. 2. the person or thing accursed, an abomination. 3. an expiatory sacrifice.

ἄγός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἄγω) a leader, chief.

ἀγοστός, ὁ, the flat of the band. II. the bent arm, like ἄγκυον, ἀγκοῖνη. (Akin to ἄγκυον, ἀγνυμι.) [ἄ]

*ΑΓΡΑ, Ion. ἄγρη, ἡ, a catching, hunting; ἄγρην ἐφέπειν to follow the chase:—also, a way of catching. II. that which is taken in hunting, the booty, prey:—of birds or beasts, game; of fish, a draught or haul.

ἀγραματία, ἡ, want of learning: from

ἀγραμμάτος, ov, (a privat., γράμμα) without learning (γράμματα), unlettered, Lat. *illiteratus*, esp. unable to read or write. II. = ἀγραφος, unwritten.

ἀγραπτος, ov, (a privat., γράφω) unwritten; ἄγρ. νόμιμα the unwritten moral law: cf. ἀγραφος.

ἀγραυλιέω, f. ἦσω, to be an ἀγρῶλος, to dwell in the fields, of shepherds.

ἀγρ-αυλος, ov, (ἀγρός, αὐλή) dwelling in the fields, of shepherds:—of things, rural, rustic.

ἀγρᾶφος, ov, = ἀγραπτος, unwritten; ἀγρᾶφοι νόμοι, unwritten laws, which are I. the laws of nature, moral law. 2. laws of custom. II. not registered in a written list.

ἀγρει, ἀγρεῖτε, 2 sing. and plur. imperat. of ἀγρέω: in Homer as Adv. just like ἄγε, ἄγετε, come! come on! quick!

ἀγρείος, a, ov, (ἀγρός) of the country, rural, rustic: also, clownish, boorish, like ἀγρικός. Hence ἀγρειοσύνη, ἡ, clownishness: the life of a clown or boor.

*ΑΓΡΕΪΦΝΑ, ης, ἡ, a barrow, rake.

ἀγρέσιος, ov, (ἄγρα) taken in hunting.

ἀγρεία, ἡ, = ἄγρα, spoil taken in the chase.

ἀγρευμα, τό, (ἀγρέω) that which is taken in the chase, booty, spoil. II. a net, toil.

ἀγρεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγρέω) a hunter.

ἀγρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρευτής.

ἀγρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, a hunter, like ἀγρεύς. II. as Adj. used in hunting or fishing; ἀγρ. κύβες, bounds; ἀγρ. κάλαμος a fishing-rod.

ἀγρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for, skilled in hunting. From ἀγρεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἄγρα) to hunt, take by hunting, catch: metaph. to hunt after, pursue eagerly.

ἀγρέω, Aeol. form of ἀγρεύω, to hunt after, pursue eagerly:—see ἀγρει, ἀγρεῖτε.

ἀγρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄγρα.

ἀγριάλω, f. ἀνώ: aor. ἠγριάνα: (ἀγριος):—I. intrans.

to be savage, provoked, angry. 2. causal, to make angry, provoke.

ἀγρι-έλαιος, ον, (ἀγριος, ἐλαία) of a wild olive: as Subst. ἀγριέλαιος, ἡ, a wild olive, oleaster.

ἀγριο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγριος, δαίνυμαι) eating wild fruits, like βαλανηφάγος.

ἄγριο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ποιέω) making wild: of a poet, writing wildly.

ἀγριος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ἀγρός) living in the fields, living wild: hence I. of animals, opp. to τιθασός, wild, savage, Lat. *ferus*; σῖς ἀγριος a wild boar. 2. of trees, opp. to ἤμερος, wild. 3. of countries, wild, uncultivated, unreclaimed.

II. of men and animals, 1. in moral sense, wild, savage, fierce, Lat. *ferus, ferrox*. 2. in Att. also opp. to ἀστέιος, (as Lat. *rusticus* to *urbanus*) boorish, rude. 3. also of any violent passion, wild, vehement, furious. III. Adv. *-ίως*, also neut. pl. *ἀγρια*, wildly, fiercely. Hence

ἀγριότης, ητος, ἡ, wildness, fierceness, Lat. *feritas*. ἀγριο-φωνος, ον, (ἀγριος, φωνή) with a rough voice, like βαρβαρό-φωνος.

ἀγριῶν, f. ὦσω: aor. ἡγρίωσα:—Pass., aor. ἡγρίωθη: pf. ἡγρίωμαι: (ἀγριος):—to make wild or savage.

II. mostly in Pass. to grow wild, and in pf. ἡγρίωμαι, to be wild, of plants, etc.:—of men, to be savage or fierce, Lat. *efferrari*.

ἀγριόφῃ, ἡ, = ἀγρέφνα. [ῥ]
ἀγρι-ώδης, es, (ἀγριος, εἶδος) of a wild nature.
ἀγρι-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀγριος, ὤψ) wild-looking.

ἀγρο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρος, βόσκω) feeding in the field, dwelling in the country.

ἀγρο-γείτων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, γείτων) a country neighbour, opp. to ἀστυγείτων.

ἀγρο-δότης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγροα, δίδωμι) a giver of booty.

ἀγρόθεν, Adv. of ἀγρός, from the country.

ἀγροικία, ἡ, (ἀγροικος) boorishness, coarseness. II. country life, the country: pl. country houses.

ἀγροικίζομαι, f. Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to be boorish. From ἀγρ-οικος, ον, (ἀγρός, οἰκέω) living in the country, rustic: hence 2. of men, boorish, rude: opp. to ἀστέιος.

3. of fruits, grown in the country, common, opp. to γενναίος: but also 4. of land, rough, uncultivated, like ἀγριος. Hence

ἀγροικως, Adv. like a clown, rudely.

ἀγριώτης, ον, ὁ, poet. for ἀγρότης, a countryman, clown. II. as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρό-κομος, ὁ, (ἀγρος, κομέω) a land-steward.

ἀγρόμενος, η, ον, part. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἀγείρω, assembled.

ἀγρόνδε, Adv. of ἀγρός, to the country.

ἀγρό-νομος, ον, and in Anth. η, ον, (ἀγρός, νέμομαι) hunting the country, rural: also = ἀγριος, wild.

*ΑΓΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, Lat. *AGER*, a field, land: also the country, as opp. to the town.

ἀγρότερος, α, ον, (ἀγρός) poet. for ἀγριος, wild, of plants: of men, rustic. II. (ἀγροα) fond of the chase: hence ἡ ἀγοτέρα, the huntress.

ἀγροτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman: fem. ἀγρότερα, as Adj. rustic.

ἀγρότης, ον, ὁ, fem. ἀγρότις, ἰδος, (ἀγρός) a countryman, countrywoman. 2. as Adj. living in the country, rural, rustic.

ἀγρο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἀγρός, φύλαξ) a watcher of the country.

ἀγρυνεῶν, f. ἦσω, (ἀγρυνος) to be wakeful, lie awake: ἀγρυνεῖν τι or εἰς τι, to be watchful for or intent upon a thing, Lat. *invigilare rei*. Hence

ἀγρυντία, ἡ, sleeplessness, waking, watching.

ἀγρ-υπνος, ον, (ἀγρέω, ὑπνος) = ἄυπνος, sleepless, wakeful.

ἀγρῶσω, = ἀγρέω, to catch.

ἀγρῶστης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγρός) = ἀγρότης, a countryman. II. (ἀγροα) a hunter: fem. ἀγρῶστις, ἰδος, ἡ, a huntress.

ἀγρωστις, ἰος and εως, ἡ, a grass that mules feed on.

ἀγρώτης, ον, ὁ, = ἀγρότης, a countryman:—as Adj. of the field, wild.

ἀγυιά, ἡ, (ἀγω) a way or road: in towns, a street, a public place; in plur. a city, town. [ἀγυιά] Hence

ἀγυιάτης, ον, ὁ, = Ἀγυιεύς: voc. Ἀγυιάτα. [ἀγυιά] ἀγυιάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of foreg. a neighbour. II. as Adj. Ἀγυιάτιδες θεραπείαι, the worship of Apollo Agyieus.

Ἀγυεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγυιά) name of Apollo as guardian of the streets and public places.

ἀγυμνάσια, ἡ, want of exercise or training. From ἀ-γυμναστος, ον, (a privat., γυμνάζω) without exercise, untrained; ἀγυμναστός τινος unpractised in a thing, also εἰς or πρὸς τι. 2. unharassed, undisturbed.

II. Adv., ἀγυμναστως ἔχειν to be unpractised.

ἀγῦρις, ἰος, ἡ, Aeol. form of ἀγορά, a gathering, crowd, assembly. [ᾶ]

ἀγυρμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) a collection.

ἀγυρτάζω, (ἀγύρτης) to collect by begging. [ᾶ]

ἀγύρτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀγείρω) properly a gatherer, collector: hence a beggar, vagabond, mountebank, cheat.

Hence ἀγυρτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like a mountebank.

ἀγύρτρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀγυρτήρ.

ἀγχι-μαχος, ον, (ἀγχι, μάχομαι) fighting band to band; ἀγχι. σπλασμα for close fight.

*ΑΓΧΙ, Adv. of place, = ἐγγύς, near,ighb at hand, close by, c. gen.:—Comp. ἀγγιον and ἀσσον: Sup. ἀγγιστα, ἀγχοτάτω. Cf. ἀγχοῦ, ἀγγιστος. [ῥ]

ἀγχι-ἄλος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀγχι, ἄλς) near the sea, of cities: but of islands, near the sea on all sides, seagirt, like ἀμφι-αλος.

ἀγχι-βάθης, ἐς, (ἀγχι, βαθύς) deep close to shore.

ἀγχι-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, γείτων) near, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-γυος, ον, (ἀγχι, γυά) of a neighbouring land.

ἀγχι-θεος, ον, (ἀγχι, θεός) near the gods, i. e. like gods or dwelling with the gods.

ἀγχι-θύρος, ον, (ἀγχι, θύρα) near the door, neighbouring. [R]

ἀγχι-μάχητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀγγέμαχος.

ἀγχι-μόλος, ον, (ἀγχι, μολεῖν) coming near: always in neut. as Adv. ἀγγίμονον εἰθεῖν or στήναι to come or stand near; ἐξ ἀγγιμόλοιο from *nigb* at hand.

ἀγχι-νεφῆς, ἐς, (ἀγχι, νέφος) near the clouds.

ἀγχι-νοία, ἡ, (ἀγχι, νοεῶ) a ready wit, sbrewdness, Lat. *sagacitas*.

ἀγχι-νοος, ον, contr. ἀγχι-νοῦς, οῦν, (ἀγχι, νοῦς) ready of mind, sbrewd, Lat. *sagax*.

ἀγγιον, Comp. Adv. of ἀγχι, nearer.

ἀγχι-πλοος, ον, contr. ἀγχι-πλοῦς, οῦν, (ἀγχι, πλοῦς) near by sea; ἀγγ. πῶρος a short voyage.

ἀγχι-πόλις, ποῖτ. ἀγχι-πόλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀγχι, πόλις) near the city, dwelling in the land.

ἀγχι-πόρος, ον, (ἀγχι, πορεύομαι) passing near; κίλακες ἀγγίποροι flatterers at one's elbow.

ἀγχι-πόλις, ποῖτ. for ἀγχι-πόλις.

ἀγγιστα, v. ἀγγιστός.

ἀγγιστεία, ἡ, (ἀγγιστεύω) nearness of kin. II. rights of kin, right of inheritance.

ἀγγιστεία, τά, = ἀγγιστεία.

ἀγγιστεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγγιστα) the next of kin: the heir at law.

ἀγγιστεύω, f. εἰσώ, (ἀγγιστός) to be near to one, c. dat.: esp. to be next of kin, to be heir at law.

ἀγγιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀγγιστεύς, ἀγγιστήρ τοῦ πάθους immediate author of the suffering.

ἀγγιστίνας, η, ον, ποῖτ. lengthd. form of ἀγγιστός, close-packed, in a heap.

ἀγγιστός, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) next or nearest: ἀγγιστός γένει nearest of kin: neut. ἀγγιστόν, or ἀγγιστα, as Sup. Adv. most nearly, ἀγγιστα εἰσκας most nearly like; οἱ ἀγγιστα the next of kin: freq. c. gen. as ἀγγιστά τινος, nearest to him. II. of time, last, Lat. *proximus*.

ἀγχι-στροφος, ον, (ἀγχι, στρέφω) turning near, quick-ueebling, of a bird. 2. quick-changing, changeable, sudden: neut. pl. ἀγγιστροφα as Adv. suddenly.

ἀγχι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀγχι, τέρμα) near the borders, neighbouring.

ἀγχι-τόκος, ον, (ἀγχι, τόκος) near the birth.

ἀγχόθεν, Adv. (ἀγχοῦ) from *nigb* at hand.

ἀγχόθι, Adv. = ἀγχοῦ, *nigb* at hand, c. gen.

ἀγχόνη, ἡ, (ἀγχω) throttling, strangling, banging: κρείσσον ἀγχόνης worse than banging; ἀγχόνης πέλας as bad as banging; ἀγχόνη καὶ λύπη anguish and grief. 2. a rope for banging, balter.

ἀγχόνιος, α, ον, (ἀγχόνη) fit for strangling or banging.

ἀγχορεύω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ἀγγότατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγγοτάτω, like ἀγγιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγγοτάτω προσήκοντες the nearest of kin.

ἀγγότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearer.

ἀγχορεύω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-χορεύω.

ἀγγότατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearest, next: mostly as Adv. ἀγγοτάτω, like ἀγγιστα, c. gen.; οἱ ἀγγοτάτω προσήκοντες the nearest of kin.

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ἀγγότερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. (ἀγχι) nearer.

ἄΓΧΩ = ἀγχι, near, *nigb* at hand: absol., or c. gen., also c. dat., cf. ἀγχι.

ἄΓΧΩ, impf. ἤγchon: f. ἀγξω: aor. ἤγξα:—Lat. *ANGO*, to press tight, esp. the throat: to strangle, *tbrottle*, bang.

ἀγγ-ώμαλος, ον, (ἀγχι, ὀμαλός) nearly equal; ἀγγ-ώματος μάχη a doubtful battle. Adv. ἀγγωμάλως, also ἀγγώμαλα, *doubtfully*, Lat. *aequo Marte*.

ἄΓΩ, Lat. *AGO*: impf. ἤγον, Ep. ἄγον, Ion. ἄγσκοον: fut. ἀξω: aor. 2 ἤγαγον, inf. ἀγαγεῖν; less freq. aor. 1 ἤξα, inf. ἀξαι Ep. ἀξέμεν or ἀξέμεναι: pf. ἤξα, redupl. ἀγήσοχα.—Med., fut. ἀξομαι: aor. 1 ἤξάμην, aor. 2 ἤγαγόμην.—Pass., fut. ἀχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. ἀξομαι, with pass. signif.: aor. 1 pass. ἤχθην: pf. ἤγμαi: verb. Adj. ἀπτόεν:—Lat. *AGO*: I. Act. to lead, lead away, of persons, φέρειν being used of things; ἄγειν καὶ φέρειν to carry off the spoil of a land, both cattle and movables, like Lat. *agere et ferre*: ἄγειν εἰς δικήν or δικαστήριον, or ἄγειν ἐπὶ τοὺς δικαστάς, to carry before a court of justice, Lat. *rapere in jus*.

2. to lead on, lead towards; ἄγειν θανάτιο τέλοςδε led on to death; c. inf., ἄγει θανέει it leads to death: hence to lead, as a general; to guide, as the gods, etc.

3. to bring up, train, educate, καλῶς or κακῶς ἤχθῆναι. 4. to draw out in length; τείχους ἄγειν, Lat. *murum ducere*, to build a wall.

5. like Lat. *agere*, to bold, celebrate, εορτήν, etc.: also to bold, keep, observe, εἰρήνην, σπονδάς, etc.: ἄγειν βίον, Lat. *agere vitam*, to lead a life, live. 6. like Lat. *ducere*, to bold, consider; ἐν τιμῇ ἄγειν or ἀγεσθαι, to bold in honour, etc.

7. like ἔλκειν, to weigh so much, e. g. ἄγειν μῶν, τριακοσίους δαρῆκους, etc., to weigh a mina, 300 darics, etc.

II. Med. ἄγομαι, to lead away for oneself, carry off, as χρυσόν τε καὶ ἄργυρον οὐκὰν ἀγεσθαι. 2. ἀγεσθαι γυναῖκα, Lat. *uxorem ducere*, to take to oneself a wife; absol. ἀγεσθαι, to marry; but also of the father, to choose a wife for his son.

3. διὰ στόμα ἀγεσθαι μῦθον to let pass through the mouth, i. e. to utter. 4. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας, to take a thing into one's hands.

ἀγωγαῖος, ον, (ἀγωγῆ) fit for leading by, of a dog's collar or leash.

ἀγωγεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀγω to lead) a leader, one that draws or drags. II. *that by which one leads*, a rein, leash.

ἀγωγῆ, ἡ, (ἀγω) a leading away, a carrying away or off: also in intrans. sense, a going away. 2. a bringing to or in, bringing before an assembly. 3. a leading towards a point, guiding: the leading of an army, guiding a state. 4. a training, educating: and intrans. conduct, mode of life.

ἀγώγιμος, ον, (ἀγω) easy to be carried: τὰ ἀγώγιμα, things portable, a cargo of wares. II. *that may be carried away*: of persons, outlawed, or delivered into bondage.

III. *easily led*, compliant.

ἀγώνιον, τό, (ἄγω) *the load of a wagon.*
 ἀγωγός, ὄν, (ἄγω) *leading, guiding*: as Subst.,
 ἀγωγός, ὄ, a *guide*; ἀγωγοί an *escort*. II.

leading towards. III. *drawing to oneself, eliciting*, c. gen.: *attractive, τὸ ἀγώνιον, attractiveness.*

ἌΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ὄ, an *assembly*, like ἀγορά: esp. *an assembly met to see games.* 2. a *place of assembly*: a *place of contest, the arena or stadium.*

II. *the assembly of the Greeks at their great national games*, as, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπιάς, ἀγὼν Ὀλυμπικός, etc.: hence *the contest for a prize at their games.* 2. generally, *any struggle or contest*, ἀγὼν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς. 3. a *battle.* 4. an *action at law, trial.* 5. metaph., ἐστὶν ἀγὼν λόγων, μάχης, etc., now is *the time for speaking, fighting, etc.*

ἀγὼν-ἄρχης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀγών, ἄρχω) a *president or judge of a contest.*

ἀγωνία, ἡ, a *struggle for victory.* 2. *gymnastic exercise, wrestling.* 3. of the *mind, agony, anguish.*

ἀγωνιάω: impf. ἠγωνίω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἠγωνιάσω: pf. ἠγωνιάσκα:—*to be engaged in a contest, to compete*, like ἀγωνίζομαι. III. *to strive eagerly, to be anxious about a thing.*

ἀγωνίδαται, v. ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰῶμαι, aor. I ἠγωνίσασθην:—for the pass. forms see signf. II. 2: (ἀγών):—*to contend for a prize*, esp. in the public games; ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον *to contend in the foot-race*; ἀγ. περὶ τῆς τοῦ to contend for a prize; ἀγ. τινη or πρὸς τῆς to contend with one. 2. *to fight.* 3. *to contend for the prize on the stage, act.* II. *to contend against in a law-suit*; ἀγ. δίκην, γραφήν, *to fight a cause to the last*; ἀγ. φόνον *to fight against a charge of murder.* 2. in Pass. *to be won by a hard contest*, but rarely save in pf., e. g. πολλοὶ ἀγῶνες ἀγωνισάσθαι (Ion. for ἠγωνισμένοι εἰσὶ), many battles have been fought; so also in aor. I ἠγωνίσθην.

ἀγώνιος, ὄν, (ἀγών) *presiding over the contest or the games*, as an epithet of the gods:—σχολῆ ἀγώνιος *cessation from combat.* [ᾶ]

ἀγώνιστος, ἡ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contending for a prize.*

ἀγώνισμα, τό, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a contest for a prize*, generally, *a contest*: in plur. *achievements, exploits.* II. *an object to strive for; the prize of contest, distinction.* III. *that with which one contends, an essay, declamation.*

ἀγωνισμός, ὄ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *rivalry.*

ἀγωνιστήριον, verb. Adj. of ἀγωνίζομαι, *one must contend.*

ἀγωνιστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *a combatant, rival*, esp. at the games: *an advocate*: also *an actor*; hence πρωτ-αγωνιστής, δευτερ-αγωνιστής, etc. 2. a *champion.*

ἀγωνιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀγωνίζομαι) *fit for contesting or striving*: also *fitted for winning*:—ἡ ἀγωνιστική (sub. τέχνη) *the art of winning or prevailing.*

Adv. -ᾠς, ἀγωνιστικῶς ἔχειν *to be disposed for combat.*

ἀγωνοθετέω, f. ἦσω, *to be a judge or director of the games*: generally, *to direct, promote, judge, decide.* From

ἀγωνα-θέτης, ὄν, ὄ, (ἀγών, τίθημι) *a president in the games*: a *judge.*

ἄδαγμός, ὄ, Ion. for ὄδαγμός, an *itching, sting.*

ἄδαημονία or ἄδαημοσύνη, ἡ, *ignorance, unskillfulness in doing.* From

ἄ-δάημων, ὄν, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing, ignorant of*, c. gen. μάχης ἀδαίμων: but, ἀδ. καθὼν *beyond the knowledge*, i. e. *reach of ill.*

ἄδαής, ἔς, (a privat., δαῖναι) = *foreg. unknowing, ignorant of*, c. gen. also c. inf. *unknowing how to.*

ἄ-δάητος, ὄν, (a privat., δαῖναι) *unknowing.*

ἄ-δαίσιος, ὄν, (a privat., δαίσιος) Dor. for ἀδαίσιος.

ἄ-δαίσιος, ὄν, (a privat., δαίνναι) *not to be eaten, unlawful to eat.*

ἄ-δακρῦς, υ, ὄν, ὄ, ὄν, (a privat., δάκρυ) = ἄδακρυτος I. II. = ἀδάκρυτος II.

ἄ-δακρυτί, Adv. *without tears.* From

ἄ-δακρῦτος, ὄν, (a privat., δακρῦω) *without tears*: hence I. act. *not weeping, tearless.* II.

pass. *unwept.*

ἄ-δαλῆς, ἔς, Dor. for ἀ-δήλητος.

ἄδαμάντινος, ὄν, (ἀδάμας) *adamantine, of steel*: hence, *hard as adamant, stubborn.* Adv. -ως.

ἄδᾶμαντό-δετος, ὄν, (ἀδάμας, δέω) *iron-bound.*

ἄ-δάμας, αντος, ὄ, (a privat., δαμάω) *unconquerable*: hence I. as Subst. *adamant, i. e. the hardest metal, prob. steel*: also *the diamond.* II.

as Adj. *inexorable.*

ἄ-δάμαστος, ὄν, (a privat., δαμάω) *properly of horses, unbroke, unamable*:—metaph. *inexorable.*

ἄ-δάματος, ὄν, Trag. form of foreg.: also of females, *unwedded.* [ᾶδᾶ: but also ᾶδ- as in ᾶ-θᾶνατος.]

ἄ-δάπανος, ὄν, (a privat., δάπανη) *without expense, costing nothing.* Adv. -ως.

ἄ-δασιμος, ὄν, *tribute-free.*

ἄ-δαστος, ὄν, (a privat., δάσασθαι aor. I of δατέομαι) *undivided.*

ἄδδεές, Ep. vocat. of ἀδέης.

ἄδδηκότες, poet. for ἀδηκότες, pf. part. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδην, poet. for ἀδην.

ἄδδῆσθε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἄδδη-φαγέω, etc., v. sub ἀδδφ-.

ἄδε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω. [ᾶ]

ἄδεια, Dor. poet. for ἠδέια, fem. of ἠδύς: also as Dor. acc. masc. and fem.

ἄ-δεής, Ep. ἄ-δεής, ἔς, Ep. voc. ἀδδεές, (a privat., δέος) *fearless, shameless.* 2. *fearless, secure*: τὸ ἀδέες, *security*:—Adv. ἀδεῶς, *without fear or scruple, confidently, abundantly.* II. *causing no fear, not formidable.*

ἄδεια, ἡ, (ἀδέης) *freedom from fear, safety, security*; ἀδεῖαν διδόναι, παρέχειν, etc., *to grant an am-*

nesty; ἐν ἀδείῃ εἶναι to feel secure; μετ' ἀδείας with a promise of security.

ἀ-δείης, ἐς, Ep. for ἀ-δεής.

ἀ-δείμαντος, ον, (a privat., δειμαίνω) *undaunted*: c. gen. *without fear* for a person. Adv. -τως.

ἀδείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δειπνος, ον, (a privat., δειπνῶ) *without food*, *unfed*.

ἀ-δεικάστος, ον, (a privat., δεκάζω) *unbribed*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δεικάτευτος, ον, (a privat., δεικάτεια) *not titbed*.

ἀ-δεκτος, ον, (a privat., δέχομαι) *not received or believed*. II. act. *not receiving, not capable of*, τινός.

ἀδελφεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφεή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀδελφή.

ἀδελφείος, ὁ, Ep. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, Ion. for ἀδελφο-κτόνος.

ἀδελφός, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀδελφός.

ἀδελφή, ἡ, fem. of ἀδελφός, a sister.

ἀδελφιδέος, ον, contr. ἀδελφιδούς, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's son, a nephew.

ἀδελφιδῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. for ἀδελφιδῆ, (ἀδελφός) a brother's or sister's daughter, a niece.

ἀδελφίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀδελφός, a little brother.

ἀδελφίζω, fut. Att. ἰώ, (ἀδελφός) to adopt as brother.

ἀδελφικός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly. Adv. -κῶς.

ἀδελφο-κτόνος, Ion. ἀδελφειο-κτόνος, ον, (ἀδελφός, κτείνω) *murdering a brother or sister*.

ἀδελφός, (a copul., δελφός): I. as Subst.

ἀδελφός, Ion. -φείος, Ep. -φείος, ὁ, a brother; in pl. ἀδελφοί brothers and sisters. II. as Adj. ἀδελφός, ἡ, ὄν, brotherly or sisterly: hence like Lat. geminus, in pairs, twin, also twin to a thing, just like it. Hence

ἀδελφότης, ητος, ἡ, brotherhood, brotherly kindness. 2. a family of brothers, a brotherhood.

ἀ-δενδρος, ον, (a privat., δένδρον) *without trees*.

ἀ-δέξιος, ον, (a privat., δεξιός) *awkward*.

ἀ-δερκίς, ἐς, (a privat., δερκομαι) *unseen, invisible*.

ἀ-δερκτος, ον, (a privat., δερκομαι) *not seeing, sightless*, ὄμματα. Adv. -τως, *without looking*.

ἀ-δεσμος, ον, (a privat., δεσμός) *unfettered, unbound*; ἀδεσμος φυλακή, Lat. libera custodia, of prisoners suffered to be at large on parole.

ἀ-δεσποτος, ον, (a privat., δεσποτής) *without a master*:—of writings, anonymous.

ἀ-δετος, ον, (a privat., δέω) *unbound*: free.

ἀ-δευκής, ἐς, (a privat., δεῦκος) *not sweet, sour, bitter*, Lat. acerbus.

ἀ-δέψητος, ον, (a privat., δεψέω) *untanned*.

*ΑΔΕΩ, to please, obsol. pres., whence ἀνδάνω has its fut., aor. 2, and pf.: v. ἀνδάνω.

*ΑΔΕΩ, to be sated, obsol. pres., whence come aor. I opt. ἀδῆσειε or ἀθήσειε, may be sated; and pf. part. ἀδῆκότες or ἀθηκότες, sated. Cf. ἄω, satio.

ἀ-δῆτος, contr. ἀ-δῆος, Dor. ἀ-δάτος, ον, (a privat., ἔητος) *unassailed*.

ἀ-δηκτος, ον, (a privat., δάκνω) *not gnawed or worm-eaten*: (not carped at).

ἀδῆλέω, (ἀδηλος) to be at a loss about a thing.

ἀ-δῆλητος, ον, (a privat., δηλέομαι) *unburt*.

ἀδηλία, (ἀδηλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀ-δηλος, ον, *unknowing, ignoble*. II. *unknowing, unseen, secret*; ἀδηλόν ἐστιν εἰ. . ., or ὅτι. . ., it is uncertain whether. . . Adv. -τως, *secretly*: Sup. ἀδηλότατα.

ἀδηλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀδηλος) *uncertainty*.

ἀδημονέω, f. ἦσω, to be in great distress or anguish at a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀδημονία, ἡ, *great distress or anguish*.

ἄδην, Ep. ἄδδην, Att. ἔδην, Adv. (*ἀδέω) Lat. SATIS, enough, abundantly; ἔδμεναι ἄδδην to eat their fill, of horses; ἄδην πολέμοιο enough of war; ἄδην ἔχειν τινός to have enough of a thing.

ἀ-δῆρος, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., δῆρις) *without strife*.

ἀ-δῆρτος, ον, (a privat., δηρίομαι) *without strife or battle, uncontested*. II. *unconquerable*.

ἀδῆσειε, aor. I opt. of ἀδέω.

ἔδησω, fut. of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδης or Ἄιδης, ον, ὁ, Att., but also Ἄϊδης [ο ο -], ao and eo:—Hades, the god of the lower world, Lat. Pluto: εἰν and εἰς Ἄϊδαο, Attic ἐν and ἐς Ἄϊδου (with or without ὄμος), in or into the house of Hades. II. later, the grave, death.

ἀδη-φάγος, ον, (ἀδην, φάγειν) *eating to excess, devouring, gluttonous*.

ἀ-δῆτος, ον, (a privat., δηῶ) *not wasted*.

ἀ-διάβαστος, ον, (a privat., διαβαίνω) *not to be crossed, impassable*.

ἀ-διάκритος, ον, (a privat., διακρίνω) *undistinguishable: unintelligible*. 2. *undecided*.

ἀ-διάλειπτος, ον, (a privat., διαλείπω) *uninterrupting, unceasing*. Adv. -ως.

ἀ-διάλλακτος, ον, (a privat., διαλλάσσω) *irreconcilable, allowing no reconciliation*. Adv., ἀδιαλλάκτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διάλυτος, ον, (a privat., διαλύω) *undissolved: indissoluble*. 2. *irreconcilable*. Adv., ἀδιαλύτως ἔχειν to be irreconcilable.

ἀ-διανόητος, ον, (a privat., διανοέομαι) *incomprehensible*. II. act. *not understanding, silly*.

ἀ-διαντος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., διαίνω) *unwettered*:—ἀδιαντον, τό, a plant, maiden's hair.

ἀ-διάπυστος, ον, (a privat., διαπύω) *not to be stilled, incessant, violent*.

ἀ-διάπτωτος, ον, (a privat., διαπίπτω) *not liable to error, infallible*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διδόσπαστος, ον, (a privat., διασπάω) *not torn asunder, unbroken*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-διάτρεπτος, ον, (a privat., διατρέπω) *immovable, headstrong*. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀδιατρημία, ἡ, *immovableness, obstinacy*.

ἀ-διάφθατος, ον, (a privat., διαφείρω) *incorruptible*.

ἀδιαφθορία, ἡ, *freedom from corruption*. From ἀ-διάφθορος, ον, (a privat., διαφθεῖρω) *incorrupt, incorruptible*. II. *imperishable*.

ἀ-διάφορος, ον, (a privat., διαφέρω) *not different: indifferent*.

ἀ-διδάκτος, ον, (a privat., διδάσκω) of persons, *untaught, unlearned, rude*. II. of things, *not learnt*: also, *learnt without teaching*.

ἀ-διεξέργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεξεργάζομαι) *not to be wrought out or finished*.

ἀ-διέξοδος, ον, (a privat., διέξοδος) *without outlet*. II. act. *unable to get out*.

ἀ-διεργαστος, ον, (a privat., διεργάζομαι) *not worked out, unfinished*.

ἀ-διερεύνητος, ον, (a priv., διερευνάω) *unexamined*.

ἀ-διήγητος, ον, (a privat., διηγέομαι) *indescribable*.

ἀ-δικαστος, ον, (a privat., δικάζω) *without judgment given, undecided*.

ἀδικειμένος, Boeot. for ἡδικημένος, part. perf. pass. of ἀδικέω.

ἀδικέω: impf. ἡδίκεον, Ion. εἶν: f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡδίκησα: pf. ἡδίκηκα: Pass., with fut. med. ἀδικήσομαι: pf. ἡδίκημαι: (ἀδικος)—to do wrong. II. trans. c. acc. pers. to do one wrong, to wrong, in-jure: c. dupl. acc., ἀδ. τινά τι to wrong one in a thing:—Pass. to be wronged or injured.

ἀδικημα, τό, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong done, a wrong, injury*, Lat. *injuria*: c. gen., ἀδ. τινος *a wrong done to one*.

ἀδικητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀδικέω, *one ought to do wrong*.

ἀδικία, ἡ, (ἀδικέω) *a wrong, offence, = ἀδικημα*. II. *injustice*.

ἀδικιον, τό, = ἀδικημα, *an act of wrong*.

ἀ-δίκος, ον, (a privat., δίκη) of persons and things, *doing wrong, unrighteous, unjust*: ἀδικος εἰς τι *unjust in a thing, περί τινα in respect to a person*: ἀδικος λόγος *a plea of injustice*: ἀδικῶν χειρῶν ἄρξαι to begin lawless acts of violence: ἀδικος πλοῦτος *unrighteous gain*. II. *wrong, improper, ill-matched*, as horses.

III. ἀδικος ἡμέρα, i. e. *ἀνευ δικῶν*, *a day on which the courts were shut*, Lat. *dies nefastus*. Hence

ἀδικως, Adv. *without right or reason*.

ἀδινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄδην) *close, thick*: hence I. *crowded or thronged, close-packed*. 2. *vehemently, loud*, esp. of sounds:—more freq. as Adv. ἀδινῶς, also neut. ἀδινῶν and ἀδινά, *vehemently, loudly*: Comp. ἀδινώτερον. [ᾶ]

ἀ-διοκίτος, ον, (a privat., διοικέω) *unarranged*.

ἀ-διόρθωτος, ον, (a privat., διορθῶ) *not corrected: incorrigible*.

ἀ-δίστακτος, ον, (a privat., διαστάζω) *without doubting*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-δίψος, ον, (a privat., δίψα) *without thirst, not thirsty*.

ἀ-δημής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἦ, = ἄδημτος.

ἀδμήτης, ἶδος, acc. ἀδμήτιν, fem. of ἀδμήτης.

ἄ-δημτος, ἦ, ον, (a privat., δαμάω) *poët. for ἀδάματος, untamed: of cattle, unbroken, wild; of maidens, unmarried*.

ἄδο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἄδης, βαίνω) *one who has gone to Hades*. [βᾶ]

ἄδου, Dor. for ἦδου, neut. Comp. of ἦδύς.

ἄδου, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀνδάνω.

ἀ-δόκητος, ον, (a privat., δοκέω) *unexpected*. II. *inglorious*. Adv. -τως, also neut. ἀδόκητα as Adv. *unexpectedly*; so also, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀδοκίτου.

ἀ-δοκιμαστος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμάζω) *untried, unproved*. [ῆ]

ἀ-δόκιμος, ον, (a privat., δοκιμος) *unproved, spurious, base, mean*. II. *rejected as spurious, reprobate*.

ἀδολεσχέω, fut. ἦσω, to talk idly, to prate. [ᾶ]

From ἀδο-λέσχης, ον, ὁ, also ἀδό-λεσχος, ον, (ἄδος, λέσχη) *a prating fellow*. II. in good sense, *a keen, subtle reasoner*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολεσχία, ἡ, *prating, frivolity*. II. *keenness, subtlety*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀδολεσχικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to prate, frivolous*. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δολος, ον, *guileless, artless*: in Att. esp. of treaties, *without dishonest intent*. II. of liquids, *unmixed, pure*. Adv. -λως, *without fraud*.

ἄδον, Ep. for ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

ἄδον, impf. of ἄδω.

ἀ-δόνητος, ον, (a privat., δονέω) *not shaken*.

ἄδονίς, ἶδος, ἡ, *poët. for ἀηδονίς*. [ᾶ]

ἀ-δόξαστος, ον, (a privat., δοξάζω) *unexpected*. II. *not matter of opinion, i. e. certain*.

ἀδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀδοξος) to be of no reputation, stand in *high repute*. II. trans. to bold in no esteem. Hence

ἀδοξία, ἡ, *ill repute, disbonour*.

ἀ-δοξος, ον, (a privat., δόξα) *disreputable, disgraceful*. 2. *obscure, ignoble*.

ἌΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *satiety, loathing*.

ἄδος, εος, τό, Dor. for ἦδος, *joy*.

ἀ-δοτος, ον, (a privat., δίδωμι) *without gifts*.

ἀ-δουλος, ον, (a privat., δούλος) *without slaves, unattended, deserted*.

ἀ-δουλότος, ον, (a privat., δουλόω) *unenslaved*.

ἀ-δούπητος, ον, (a privat., δουπέω) *noiseless*.

ἄδρανεα, Ep. ἀδρανή, ἡ, *inactivity*. From ἀ-δρανής or ἀ-δρανής, ἐς, (a privat., δραίνω) *inactive, listless, feeble*.

Ἄδραστεια, Ion. Ἄδρηστεια, ἡ, a name of Nemesis, from an altar erected to her by Adrastus: later as Adj., epith. of Νέμεσις, *not to be escaped*, as if from διδράσκειν, cf. sq.

ἀ-δραστος, Ion. ἀ-δρηστος, ον, (a privat., διδράσκειν) *not running away, not inclined to run away*.

ἀ-δρεπτος, ον, (a privat., δρέπω) *unplucked*.

ἀ-δρηστος, ον, Ion. for ἀ-δραστος.

Ἄδρίας, ον, Ion. Ἄδρηίς, εω, ὁ, *the Adriatic Sea*. Hence

Ἄδριατικός and Ἀδρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of the Adriatic.
 ἄ-δριμυς, υ, (a privat., δριμύς) not tart or pungent.
 ἌΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, properly stout, thick:—hence full-
 grown, ripe: well-grown: stout, large, fat: generally
 strong, great in any way. Hence

ἄδρυσίνη, ἡ, = sq.
 ἄδρως, ἡρος, ἡ, (ἀδρός) stoutness: ripeness, ful-
 ness, esp. of the body. II. abundance.

ἄδρόομαι, Pass. (ἀδρός) to grow ripe: to come to
 one's strength.

ἀδρύνω, (ἀδρός) to make ripe:—Pass. to grow ripe.
 ἀδύ-γλωσσος, -επής, -μελής, Dor. for ἡδύ-.

ἄ-δυνάμια, ἡ, (a privat., δύναμις) want of strength,
 weakness: poverty.

ἄ-δυνάστια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.
 ἀδύναιεω, ἰ, ἡσω, (ἀδύνατος) to want strength,
 power, or ability. Hence

ἀδύναια, ἡ, = ἀδυναμία.
 ἄ-δύνατος, ὄν, unable to do a thing, c. inf. 2.

absol. without strength, powerless, weakly: of things,
 disabled:—τὸ ἀδύνατον want of strength. II.

Pass. unable to be done, impossible: τὸ ἀδ. impossi-
 bility. III. Adv. -τως, without power, feebly. [ῥ]

ἄδυσ, ἑα, ὕ, Dor. for ἡδύς.
 ἄ-δύτος, ὄν, (a privat., δύω) not to be entered:—

hence as Subst. ἄδυτον, τό, the innermost sanctuary
 or shrine, Lat. adytum: also ἄδυτος, ὄ.

ἄδω, Att. contr. for αἰέδω, q. v.
 ἄδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀνδών, the nightingale. [ᾱ]

Ἄδωνια, τά, the mourning for Adonis.
 Ἄδωνιάζω, to keep the Adonia. Hence

Ἄδωνιασμός, οὐ, ὄ, the mourning for Adonis.
 Ἄδωνις, ἰδος, ὄ, Adonis. 2. Ἄδωνιδος κήποι,

pots for sowing quick-growing herbs in. [ᾱ]

ἄ-δωρήτος, ὄν, (a privat., δωρέομαι) = ἄ-δωρος.
 ἄ-δωροδόκητος, ὄν, (a privat., δωροδοκέω) = sq.

Adv. -τως.
 ἄ-δωροδόκος, ὄν, unbrided, incorruptible.

ἄ-δωρος, ὄν, (a privat., δῶρον) without gifts, taking
 no gifts, unbrided:—ἄδωρα δῶρα gifts that are no
 gifts. II. giving no gifts, fruitless.

ἄ-δώτης, ὄν, ὄ, (a privat., δίδωμι) one who gives
 nothing.

ἄέ, Dor. for αἰέ. [ᾱ]

ἄ-εβος, ὄν, (a privat., ἔβω) undowered.
 ἄεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀεθλεύω.

ἄεθλεύω, Ep. and Ion. for ἀεθλέω: Ion. impf. ἀέθλεον.
 ἄεθλητής, Ep. and Ion. for ἀθλητής.

ἄέθλιον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλον: properly neut.
 from

ἄέθλιος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (ἄέθλον) running for the
 prize: ἀέθλιος ἵππος a race-horse: ἀέθλιον μῆλον the
 apple of discord.

ἄέθλον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλον.
 ἄέθλος, ὄ, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλος.

ἄεθλο-φόρος, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for ἄθλο-φόρος.
 αἰέ, Adv. ever, always, for ever: δεῦρ' αἰέ ever up
 to this time: also εἰς αἰέ or εἰσαἰέ. With the Artic.

ὁ αἰ κρατῶν the ruler for the time being, whoever is
 ruler: ὁ αἰ βασιλεύς the reigning king. Besides αἰέ
 the Ion. and poet. forms αἰέ and αἰέν are very com-
 mon in Dor. also αἰές, αἰός, and αἰέ.

αἰέ-βολος, ὄν, (αἰέ, βάλλω) continually thrown.
 αἰε-γενέτης, poet. αἰε-γενέτης, ὄν, ὄ, (αἰέ, γενέσθαι)

epith. of the gods in Homer, like αἰέν ἐόντες, ever
 existing, immortal.

αἰε-γενής, ἑς, Att. for αἰε-γενέτης.
 αἰεδε, Ep. 3 imperf. or 2 imperat. of αἰέω.

ἄ-εἰδής, ὄν, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, dark.
 ἄ-εἰδής, ἑς, (a privat., *εἶδω) unseen, without bodily
 form. II. (a privat., εἰδέναι) unknown, obscure.

αἰε-δίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, δινέω) ever revolving. [ῖ]

ἌΕΙΔΩ, Att. contr. ἄδω: impf. ἡείδον, Ep. αἰείδον,
 Att. ῥδον > fut. αἰέσομαι, Att. ἄσομαι, Dor. ἀσεύμαι;
 rarely αἰέω, Att. ἄω, Dor. ἄσῶ: aor. 1 ἡείσα, Ep.
 αἰείσα, Att. ἡσα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἡσθην: pf. ἡσημαι:—
 to sing: hence of all kinds of voices, to crow, twitter,
 croak, etc.—also of other sounds, of the bow-string
 to twang, of the wind to whistle, of a stone to
 ring. II. trans.:—I. c. acc. rei, to sing, chaunt,
 descant on. 2. c. acc. pers. to sing, praise. 3.

to resound with song.

αἰέ-ζωος, ὄν, Att. contr. αἰέ-ζως, ὄν, (αἰέ, ζῆω)
 everliving, everlasting.

αἰε-θαλής, ἑς, (αἰέ, θάλλω) ever-green.
 ἄ-εκελή or -λή [ῖ], Att. contr. αἰκία [ῖ], ἡ, un-
 seemly treatment, an outrage, insult, affront.

ἄ-εκέλιος, α, ὄν, also ὄν, poet. form for sq.:
 contr. αἰκέλιος. Adv. -ίως.

ἄ-εκής, ἑς, Att. contr. αἰκής, ἑς, (a privat., εἶκος)
 unseemly, pitiful, mean, shameful. Neut. αἰκέες as
 Adv. in unseemly manner.

ἄ-εκίη, ἡ, = αἰεκίη.
 αἰεκίζω, Att. contr. αἰκίζω, fut. Att. -ῶ: aor. 1
 ἡέικισα, Ep. αἰέκισσα:—Ep. aor. pass. inf. ἀεκι-

σθῆναι: (ἀεκής):—to treat unseemly, insult, abuse.

αἰε-κίνητος, ὄν, (αἰέ, κινέω) ever moving, in perpe-
 tual motion. [ῖ]

ἀεκιςσθήμεναι, ὄν, I pass. inf. of αἰεκίζω.
 ἀεκιςσα, ἀεκιςσάμην, Ep. aor. I act. and med. of
 αἰεκίζω.

ἀεκιώ, Att. fut. of αἰεκίζω.
 ἀεκιῶς, Ion. αἰεκέως, Adv. of αἰεκής, shamefully.

αἰέ-λαλος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λαλέω) ever-babbling.
 αἰελογία, ἡ, as Att. law-term, τὴν αἰελογίαν παρ-

έχειν, προτείνεσθαι to court continual inquiry. From
 αἰε-λόγος, ὄν, (αἰέ, λέγω) always talking.

ἄε-μνηστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (αἰέ, μνησκομαι) had
 in everlasting remembrance: ever-memorable, ever-

lasting. Adv. -τως.

αἰε-νωος, ὄν, contr. αἰέ-νωος, ὄν, (αἰέ, νάω) = ἀεναος,
 ever-flowing.

αἰε-νηστis, ἰος, ὄ, ἡ, ever-fasting.
 αἰέ-πλανός, ὄν, (αἰέ, πλανάομαι) ever-wandering.

αἰερα, Ep. for ἡερα, aor. I of αἰέρω.
 αἰεραί, aor. I inf. of αἰέρω.

ἀεί-ροος, *ov*, contr. ἀεί-ρους, *ov*, = sq.
 ἀεί-ρῶτος, *ov*, (ἀεί, ῥέω) *ever-flowing*.
 ἈΕΪΡῶ, Att. αἶρω: fut. ἀρῶ [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερῶ: aor. I act. ἤερα, Ep. ἄερα.—Med., fut. ἀρούμαι [ᾶ], contr. from ἀερούμαι: aor. I ἤεραμην.—Pass., aor. I ἤερθην, Ep. ἄερθην: pf. ἤεραμι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. ἄωρο: for the Att. forms, v. αἶρω:—to lift, *beave*, raise up, hence to bear, carry: to carry off as plunder: but also, to hand, offer:—Med. to lift up for oneself, i. e. bear off, win, take for oneself:—Pass. to be hung up, to hang: μάχαυρα παρὰ εἴξιος κουλέεν ἄωρο to the dagger hung beside the sword sheath. 2. to raise or stir up: ἀέρασθαι τὰ ἰστία to hoist sail: Pass. to raise up, arise.

ἀείσα, Ep. aor. I of ἀείδω.
 ἀείσαι, part. nom. pl. fem. of ἀημι.
 ἀείσμα, τό, poet. and Ion. for ἄσμα, as ἀείδω for ᾄδω.
 ἀείσι, 3 pl. of ἀημι.
 ἀείσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.
 ἀει-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀεί, φανῆναι) *ever-shining* or *apparing*.

ἀει-φρουρος, *ov*, (ἀεί, φρουρά) *ever-watched* or *ever-watching*, *ever-wakeful*.

ἀει-φύγια, ἡ, (ἀεί, φυγή) *exile for life*.
 ἀει-χρόνιος, *ov*, (ἀεί, χρόνος) *everlasting*.
 ἀεκαζόμενος, *η, ov*, (ἀέκων) *unwilling, resisting*: πῖλλ' ἀεκαζόμενος, Virg.'s *multa reluctans*.

ἀε-κήλιος, *ov*, for ἀεικέλιος.
 ἀέκητι or ἀεκητί, (ἀέκων) Ep. Adv. *against the will*, often in Homer c. gen.; σεῦ ἀέκητι, Lat. *te invito*; θεῶν ἀέκητι, Lat. *Diis non propositis*.
 ἀε-κούσιος, *ov*, also a, *ov*, Att. contr. ἀκούσιος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐκούσιος) *against the will, forced, involuntary*.

ἀε-κων, Att. contr. ἄκων [ᾶ], *ovsa, ov*, (a privat., ἐκῶν) *against the will, unwilling: without design or purpose*.

ἀέλιος, Dor. for ἥλιος, ἥλιος.
 ἄελλα, Ep. ἄλλη, *ηs, ἡ*, (ἄω, ἄημι) *a stormy wind, a whirling wind*. 2. metaph. of any whirling motion. [ᾶ]

ἄελλαῖος, a, *ov*, (ἄελλα) *stormy, swift as the storm*.
 ἄελλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = ἄελλαῖος.
 ἄελλής, ἐς, (ἄελλα) *eddying*.
 ἄελλο-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄελλα, μάχομαι) *struggling with the storm*. [ᾶ]

ἄελλό-πος, Homeric form of sq.
 ἄελλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδος, (ἄελλα, πούς) *storm-footed, swift as the storm*, only found in Ep. form ἄελλό-πος, like ἀρτί-πος, πούλυ-πος, etc.: dat. pl. ἄελλοπόδεσσαν.

ἄελπτέω, (ἄελπος) *to be without hope, to despair*.
 ἀ-ελπίτης, ἐς, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unhoped for, unexpected*.

ἄελπτία, ἡ, *an unlooked for event: ἐξ ἀελπτίας, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly*. 2. *despair*.
 From

ἄ-ελπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unlooked for, un-*

expected: to be despaired of: ἀέλπτα, neut. pl. as Adv. unexpectedly. II. act. *hopeless, desperate*.

ἄελπτῶς, Adv. of ἀελπτής, *unexpectedly*.
 ἀέ-ναός, *ov*, also Ep. ἀεί-ναός, contr. ἀεί-νωs, *ov*, (ἀεί, νᾶω) *ever-flowing: generally, everlasting, never-failing*. Adv. -άως.

ἀέ-νάων, *ovsa, ov*, = ἀεναός.
 ἀέντες, part. pl. of ἀημι.
 ἀεί-γυιος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, γυῖον) *strengthening the limbs*.
 ἀεί-νους, *ov*, contr. ἀεί-νους, *ov*, (ἀέξω, νύος) *strengthening the mind*.

ἀεί-φύλλος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φύλλον) *making leaves grow, leafy*.

ἀεί-φύτος, *ov*, (ἀέξω, φυτόν) *making plants grow*.
 ἈΕΪΞΩ, Ion. and poet. for ΑΥΪΞΩ, *αὐξάνω, Lat. AUGEO*: used by the old poets only in pres. and impf.: later poets have a fut. ἀέξῃω, aor. I ἤέξησα; fut. med. ἀεξήσομαι, pf. pass. ἤέξημαι:—to heighten, multiply:—Pass. and Med. to increase, wax great: prosper.

ἀεργείη or -ίη [ῖ], Ion. for ἀεργία.
 ἀ-εργής, ἐς, = ἀ-εργύς.
 ἀεργία, Ion. -ίη [ῖ], ἡ, *a not working, idleness*.

[ῖ] 2. of a field, *a lying fallow or waste*. From ἀ-εργός, contr. ἀργός, *ov*, (a privat., *ἐργω) *not working, idle*. Adv. -γάως.

ἀέρθην, contr. ἀρῶν, Adv. (ἀείρω) *lifting up*.
 ἀερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀείρω.
 ἀερθεν, Dor. and Ep. for ἤερθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀείρω: ἀέρθη, 3 sing. of same tense.

ἀέριος, *ov*, also a, *ov*, Ion. ἡέριος, *η, ov*, (ἀήρ, ἦρ, ἦρι) *in mist, or thick air: cloudy*. II. *in the air, high in air*.

ἀ-εριστός, *ov*, (a privat., ἐργω) *unfenced, open*.
 ἀεροβατέω, f. ἦσω, *to tread in air, walk the air*.
 From

ἀερο-βάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (ἀήρ, βαίνω) *one who treads in air*.
 ἀερο-δινής, Ion. ἠερο-δινής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *wheeling in air*.

ἀερο-δότητος, *ov*, (ἀήρ, δονέω) *tossed in mid air, soaring*.

ἀεροδρομέω, f. ἦσω, *to traverse air*. From ἀερο-δρόμος, *ov*, *traversing air*.
 ἀερο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *like the sky or air, misty*: see ἠεροειδής.

ἀερο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *an air-raven*.
 ἀερο-κώναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *an air-gnat*.
 ἀερο-μάχη, ἡ, (ἀήρ, μάχη) *a battle in the air*.
 ἀερο-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀήρ, μετρέω) *to measure the air: to lose oneself in vague speculation*.

ἀερο-νηχής, ἐς, (ἀήρ, νήχομαι) *floating in air, of the clouds*.

ἀέρρω, Aeol. for ἀείρω.
 ἀερσι-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ἀείρω, κάρηνος) *carrying the head high*. [κᾶ]

ἀερσι-πότης, *ov, ὁ*, and ἀερσι-πότητος, *ov*, (ἀείρω, ποτάομαι) *hovering on high*.

ἀερσί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀέρα, πούς) *lifting up the feet, brisk-trotting.*

ἀεράτω, poet. form of ἀέρα, to lift up: impf. ἤερατον.

ἀεράτω, = ἀεράζω:—aor. I ἤερτησα: pf. pass. ἤερτημα.

ἀές, Dor. for ἀεί. [ᾶ]

ἄεσα, I pl. ἄεσαμεν and ἄσαμεν, 3 pl. ἄεσαν, inf. ἄεσαι, aor. I prob. from an obsol. root ἀέω, = εὔδω, to sleep: no other tenses in use. Akin to ἄημι, λαύω, ἀωτέω.

ἀεσιφροσύνη, ἡ, silliness, folly, in plur. ἀεσιφροσύνα. From

ἀεσι-φρων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἀάω, φρήν) injured in mind: witless, silly, infatuated. [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΤΟΣ or αιετός, also poet. αιητός, ου, ὁ, an eagle, Lat. aquila. II. an eagle as a standard. [ᾶ]

ἀετ-ώδης, es, (ἀετός, εἶδος) eagle-like. [ᾶ]

*ΑΕΨΩ, to sleep, ᾤ. ἀεσα.

*ΑΖΑ, ἡ, properly dryness, beat: also mould, (v. sub ἀζω.)

ἄζαλέος, α, ov, (ἄζω) pass. dry, parched: hence harsh, cruel. II. act. parching, scorching.

ἄζάνω, (ἄζω) to dry or parch up.

ἄζηλία, ἡ, freedom from jealousy: simplicity. From ἀ-ζήλος, ov, like ἀζήλωτος, unenviable, miserable: inconsiderable, mean.

ἀ-ζήλωτος, ov, (a privat., ζήλω) not to be envied. ἀ-ζήμιος, ov, (a privat., ζημία) without loss, scot-free: not deserving punishment:—Adv. -ίως, with impunity. 2. not amounting to punishment, harmless.

ἄζηται, 3 sing. pass. subj. of ἀζω.

ἀ-ζήτητος, ov, (a privat., ζητέω) unexamined.

ἀ-ζήχης, es, unceasing, excessive: more freq. as Adv. ἀζήχῆς, unceasingly, beyond measure. II. hard, rough. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-ζήγος, ov, = ἀ-ζυξ, ill-matched: unmarried.

ἀ-ζύμιος, ov, (a privat., ζύμη) unleavened: τὰ ἀζύμια, the feast of unleavened bread.

ἀ-ζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ζυγῆνα) unyoked, unpaired: unmarried, unwedded.

*ΑΖΩ, to dry, dry up, parch:—Pass. to be parched up, pine away through grief.

ἄΖΩ, mostly used as Dep. ἄζομαι, and only in pres. and impf.: to stand in awe of, dread the gods or one's parents: also followed by inf. to be afraid of doing; or μὴ . . ., to fear lest:—absol. to be awe-struck.—Cf. σέβω.

ἀ-ζωστος, ov, (a privat., ζώννυμι) ungirt from hurry: generally, not girded.

ἄη, 3 sing. impf. of ἄημι.

ἀ-ηδής, es, (a privat., ἡδός) unpleasant, annoying: of persons, unfriendly, morose. Hence

ἀηδία, ἡ, (ἀηδής) a being displeased, disgust, dislike. II. unpleasantness, odiousness.

ἄηδονιδεύς, έως, Ep. gen. ἡος, ἡ, a young nightingale.

ἄηδόνιος, ov, (ἀηδών) of or belonging to a nightingale.

ἀηδονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀηδών, a nightingale.

ἄηδῶ, οὖς, ἡ, = ἀηδών, a nightingale.

ἄηδῶ, ἡ, Att. ὁ, gen. ἀηδῶνος or ἀηδοῦς, (ἀεῖδω) a nightingale; properly the songstress.

ἀηδῶς, Adv. of ἀηδής, ἀηδῶς εἶχειν to be unfriendly.

ἀήθεια, Ion. ἀηθίη [Ὶ], ἡ, (ἀήθης) unaccustomedness, novelty, the being unaccustomed to a thing: ἀήθ. τινός inexperience of a thing.

ἀηθέσσω, poet. for ἀηθεῖω, to be unaccustomed to a thing, c. gen.: impf. ἀηθεσσων.

ἀ-ήθης, es, (a privat., ἡθος) unwonted, unusual, strange:—Adv. -ῶως. 2. unused to a thing, c. gen.

II. without ἡθος or character.

ἀηθία, ἡ, = ἀήθεια, q. v.

ἀηθίζομαι, Dep. (ἀήθης) to be unaccustomed.

ἀήθως, Adv. of ἀήθης, unexpectedly.

ἄημα, τό, (ἄημι) a blast, wind.

ἄημενα, Ep. for ἄηνα, inf. of ἄημι.

*ΑΗΜΙ, 3 sing. ἄησι, 3 dual ἄητων (not ἄερον), 3 pl.

ἄεσι; imper. 3 sing. ἄητω; inf. ἄηναι, Ep. ἄημεναι; part. ἄείς: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄη, 3 pl. ἄεσαν:—Pass.

ἄημα, part. ἄήμενος: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἄητο:—to breathe hard, blow, of the wind: the pass. forms sometimes mean to be beaten by the wind, but more often to toss or wave about as if in the wind; hence to be spread abroad.

ἄηναι, inf. of ἄημι.

ἄήρ, ἀέρος, ἡ, Att. ὁ, Ion. and Ep. ἄήρ or ἡήρ, ἡέρος, ἡ:—in Hom. and Hes. the lower air, the atmosphere or thick air that surrounds the earth, opp.

to αἰθήρ the pure upper air, v. esp. II. 14. 288: hence misty darkness, mist, gloom: but later generally air.

(From *ἄω, ἄημι.) [ᾶ]

ἄησις, εως, ἡ, (ἄημι) = ἄημα, a blowing. [ᾶ]

ἀ-ἡσσητος, Att. ἀ-ἡτητος, ov, (a privat., ἡσσάομαι) unconquered, not beaten: unconquerable.

ἀήσυλος, for αἰσυλος, wicked.

ἄήσυρος, ov, (*ἄω, ἄημι) light as air: little.

ἄήτη, ἡ, = ἄητης.

ἄήτης, ov, ὁ, (ἄω, ἄημι) a blast, gale, wind.

ἄητο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἄημι.

ἄητον, 3 dual pres. of ἄημι.

ἄητος, ov, an old word, only in II. 21. 395, prob. from ἄημι, hence orig. stormy, and so violent, terrible; cp. αἰήτος.

ἄήτω, 3 sing. imperat. of ἄημι.

ἀ-θάλασσος, Att. -πτως, ov, (a privat., θάλασσα) without sea, inland.

ἀ-θαλάσσωτος, Att. -πτωτος, ov, (a privat., θαλάσσω) never having been at sea.

ἀ-θαλής, es, (a privat., θάλος) not verdant.

ἀ-θαλπής, es, (a privat., θάλπος) without warmth.

ἀ-θαμβής, es, (a privat., θάμβος) fearless.

ἀθάνασία, ἡ, (ἀθάνατος) immortality.

ἀθάνατίζω, (ἀθάνατος) to make immortal:—Pass. to become or be immortal. II. to hold oneself

immortal.

ἀ-θάνατος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, *not subject to death, undying, immortal*, opp. to *θνητός* and *βροτός*:—hence ἀθάνατοι, οἱ, *the Immortals*, of the Gods, also of a body of troops *that is kept at a certain number*: of things, *everlasting*.

ἀ-θαπτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θάπτω*) *unburied*. II. unworship of burial.

ἀθάρη, also ἀθήρη, *ή, groats or meal, porridge made of it*. [ἀθά-]

ἀ-θαρσής, *ές, (a privat., θάρσος) discouraged*.

ἀ-θαύμαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θαυμάζω*) *not wondering at anything*. Adv. -τως. II. *not admired*.

ἀ-θεῖατος, *ov*, (a privat., *θεόμαι*) *unseen, invisible*: *secret*. II. *act. not seeing, blind to*.

ἀθεεῖ, Adv. (*ἀθεος*) *without the aid of God*.

ἀ-θειαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *θειάζω*) *uninspired*.

ἀ-θελκτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέλω*) *implacable*.

ἀ-θεμις, *ιτος, ό, ή, lawless*.

ἀ-θεμιστος, ἀ-θεμίτος, and ἀ-θέμιτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θέμις*) *lawless, without law or government, godless*, Lat. *nefarius*. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-θεος, *ov*, *without God, denying the gods*: generally, *godless, ungodly*. II. *abandoned by the gods*. Hence.

ἀ-θεότης, *ητος, ή, godlessness, ungodliness*.

ἀθεράπεια, *ή, want of attendance or care*: c. gen. *neglect of a thing*. From

ἀ-θεράπευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θεράπευω*) *not attended to, neglected*. II. *unhealed, incurable*.

ἀ-θερίζω: Ep. aor. I ἀθέριξα or -ισσα: (a privat., *θέρω = θεραπεύω*):—*to slight, make light of*, Lat. *nihil curare*, c. acc.

ἀ-θερμαντος, *ov*, (a privat., *θερμαίνω*) *unbeated*; *not excited by passion*.

ἀ-θερμος, *ov*, *without warm'th*.

ἀθεσία, *ή, (ἀθετος) unsteadiness, fickleness*.

ἀ-θεσμος, *ov*, *lawless*.

ἀ-θέσφατος, *ov*, *impossible even for gods to tell, inexpressible*: hence *marvellously great, enormous*.

ἀ-θετέω, f. *ήσω, (ἀθετος) to set aside, disregard*.

ἀθέτησις, *εως, ή, (ἀθετεω) abolition, rejection*.

ἀ-θετος, *ov*, (a privat., *τίθημι*) *not placed, set aside, useless*:—Adv. *ἀθετῶς = ἀθεσίμως, lawlessly*.

ἀθέως, Adv. of *ἀθεος*, *in a godless manner*.

ἀ-θηλος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηλή*) *unsuckled, weaned*.

ἀ-θρήλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θρήλυω*) *not made womanish*: *masculine*.

Ἀθηνᾶ, *ās, ή, contr. from Ἀθηνάα or Ἀθηναία, Ion. Ἀθήνη, Ἀθηναίη, Dor. Ἀθᾶνα, Ἀθαναία, Aeol. Ἀ-θηνάα, Athena, Lat. Minerva, the tutelary goddess of Athens*.

Ἀθήναζε, Adv. *to or towards Athens*. From

Ἀθήνη, *ων, αἱ, the city of Athens*, used in pl. like Θῆβαι, Μυκῆναι, because it consisted of several parts.

Ἀθηναῖον, *τό, (Ἀθηνᾶ) the temple of Athena*.

Ἀθηναῖος, *α, ov, (Ἀθηνᾶ) Athenian, of or from Athens*.

Ἀθήνηθεν or -θε, Adv. *from Athens*.

Ἀθήνησι, Adv. *at Athens*.

ἀθηνᾶτα, *to long to be at Athens*.

Ἀθήνηθεν, Adv. *from Athens*.

ἈΘΗΨ, *έπος, ό, the beard or spike of an ear of corn, an ear of corn itself, Lat. spica*. II. *the point or barb of a weapon*. [ἄ]

ἀ-θήρατος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηράω*) *not to be caught*.

ἀ-θήρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θηρεύω*) *not hunted*.

ἀθηρη-λογός, *ό, (ἀθηρ, λογός) consumer of ears of corn, of a winnowing fan*: cf. *ἀθηρῶ-βρωτος*.

ἀθηρῶ-βρωτος, *ov*, (*ἀθηρ, βιβρώσκω*) *devouring ears of corn*: *ἀθηρῶβρωτον ὄργανον a winnowing fan*.

ἀ-θηρος, *ov*, (a privat., *θήρ*) *without wild beasts or game*.

ἀ-θησαύριτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θησαυρίζω*) *not fit for boarding up*.

ἀ-θιγής, *ές, (a privat., θιγεῖν) = ἀθικτος*.

ἀ-θικτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θιγγάνω*) *untouched*: c. gen. *untouched by a thing*; *κερδῶν ἀθικτος* *untainted by money*; also c. dat. *νόμοις ἀθικτος*. 2. *not to be touched, holy, sacred*. II. *act. not touching*.

ἀθλεύω, *contr. from Ep. ἀεθλεύω*: fut. *εύσω*: (*ἀθλος*):—*to contend for a prize, combat, wrestle*. 2. *to struggle, endure, suffer*.

ἀθλεύω, f. *ήσω*: aor. I *ήθλησα*: pf. *ήθληκα*: (*ἀθλος*):—*to contend for a prize*. 2. *to endure, suffer*. II. *to be an athlete*.

ἀθλημα, *τό, (ἀθλω) a contest, struggle*. II. *an implement of labour*.

ἀθλησις, *εως, ή, (ἀθλέω) a contesting: a struggle, hard trial*.

ἀθλητήρ, *ήρος, ό, older form of ἀθλητής*.

ἀθλητής, *contr. from ἀεθλητής, ού, ό, (ἀθλέω) a combatant, champion: a prize-fighter, Lat. athlete*.

II. generally *one practised or skilled in a thing, master of a thing*, c. gen.

ἄθλιος, *α, ov*, also *ος, ov*, *contr. from ἀέθλιος, (ἀέθλον, ἀθλον) subject to the toils of conflict*: hence generally, *wretched, Lat. miser*. Hence

ἀθλιότης, *ητος, ή, suffering wretchedness*.

ἀθλο-θετήρ, *ήρος, ό, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) = ἀθλοθετής*.

ἀθλο-θέτης, *ov, ό, (ἀθλον, τίθημι) one who awards the prize, the judge in the games, also βραβεύς*.

ἈΘΛΟΝ, *τό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλον, the prize of contest, generally a gift, present: a reward, recompence*. II. in plur. also = *ἀθλος, a contest, combat*.

ἈΘΛΟΣ, *ό, contr. from Ep. ἀέθλος, a contest either in war or sport, esp. contest for a prize: a conflict, trouble*.

ἀθλοσύνη, *ή, = ἀθλος*.

ἀθλο-φόρος, *ov*, (*ἀθλον, φέρω*) *bearing away the prize, victorious, of horses*.

ἀ-θολος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολός*) *not muddy, clear*.

ἀ-θόλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., *θολώω*) *not muddied, undisturbed*.

ἀ-θορυβητος, *ov*, (a privat., *θορυβέω*) *undisturbed*.

ἀ-θόρυβος, *ov*, (a privat., *θύρυβος*) *without uproar, undisturbed, tranquil*. Adv. -βως.

ἀθραυστος, *ov*, (a privat., θραύω) *unbroken*.
 ἌΘΡΕΨ, Att. ἀθρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. 2 ἤθησα:—
to look closely at, gaze at, observe. 2. later, of the
 mind, to consider, think on, ponder!—*esp.* in pres.
 and aor. 1 imperat. ἀθρει, ἀθησον, see, look, consider.
 ἀθηρήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀθρέω, *one must consider*.
 ἀθροίζω or ἀθροίξω: f. σω: aor. 1 ἤθροισα:—Pass.,
 aor. 1 ἤθροισήην: pf. ἤθροισμαι: (ἀθρός):—*to gather*
together, collect, esp. to levy forces; πνεῦμα ἀθροί-
ζειν to collect one's breath:—Pass. to be gathered or
crowded together: of armies, to muster: φόβος ἤθροισ-
ται fear has gathered, i. e. has arisen.
 ἀθροισις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀθροίξω) *a gathering, levying*.
 ἀθροισμα, τό, (ἀθροίξω) *that which is gathered, a*
gathering, collection.
 ἀθροιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθροίξω, *one must collect*.
 ἀθρόος, *a, ov*, old Att. ἄθροος, *ov*: Comp. ἀθρο-
 ώτερος, later ἀθρόωτερος: (ἄμα, θρόος) *assembled in*
crowds, collected together: ἀθροοι in crowds. II.
all at once, once for all; τὸ ἀθρόον the whole body, the
mass: collective; ἀθρόα πάντ' ἀπέτισεν he paid the
penalty of all at once:—Adv. ἀθρόον and ἀθρόως, at
once, suddenly. III. *immense, vast: also con-*
tinuous, incessant.
 ἀθρυπτος, *ov*, (a privat., θρύπτω) *unbroken, im-*
perishable. II. *not enervated*.
 ἀθύμειω, f. ἦσω, (ἄθυμος) *to be disheartened, to des-*
pond on or for a thing.
 ἀθύμητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀθυμείω, *one must lose*
heart.
 ἀθυμία, ἡ, (ἄθυμος) *want of heart, faintheartedness,*
despondency.
 ἀ-θυμος, *ov*, *without heart or spirit, spiritless, faint-*
hearted. Adv., ἀθυμῶς ἔχειν *to be despondent*.
 ἀθυρμα, τό, (ἀθύρω) *a plaything or toy: a delight*.
 ἀθυρμάτιον, τό, Dim. of foreg., *a little toy, a pet*.
 ἀθυρό-γλωπτος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, γλώπτα) *unable to*
keep one's tongue within doors: a babbler, chatterer.
 ἀ-θύρος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρα) *without a door*.
 ἀθύρό-στομος, *ov*, (ἄθυρος, στόμα) = ἀθυρόγλωπτος,
babbling, of Echo.
 ἄθυρσος, *ov*, (a privat., ἄθυρος) *without thyrsus*.
 ἌΘΥΨ, Att. ἀθύψω, *to play, amuse oneself*. II. c. acc. *to*
play at a thing, do it in play. [ἀθύ]
 ἀ-θύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύρω) *not closed by a*
door.
 ἀ-θύτος, *ov*, (a privat., θύω) *not offered, not to be*
offered, not accepted in sacrifice: generally, unbal-
lowed. II. act. *without sacrificing*.
 ἀ-θύος, *ov*, (a privat., θεγή) *unpunished, scot-*
free. 2. c. gen. *free from the penalty of, ἄθως*
πληγῶν. II. act. *harmless*.
 ἀ-θύπεντος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀθπένω) *without flat-*
tery: hence, rough, rude.
 ἀ-θωράκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., θωράκιζω) *without*
breastplate.
 Ἄθως, *ω*, Ep. Ἄθῶως, *ωω, ὁ*, Mount Athos.
 αἰ, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for εἰ, *if*.

αἰ, Exclam. of strong desire, *O that! would that!*
 Lat. *utinam*, in Hom. always αἰ γάρ. See αἰθε.
 Αἶψα, ἡ, gen. αἴψης, poet. for γαῖα, γῆ, *earth, land*.
 αἰγάμη, τό, *a wailing cry, lament*. From
 αἰάζω, f. ξω, *to cry aia! or ab! to wail, and c. acc.*
to bewail.
 αἰά!, Exclam. *alas! Lat. vae*.
 αἰακρός, ἡ, *ov*, verb. Adj. of αἰάζω, *lamentable*.
 αἰάνης, Ion. αἰηνης, *és*, prob. from αἰεί, and so
 properly, *everlasting, never-ending: hence wearisome,*
irksome: then generally, dismal, borrible.
 Αἰαντίδης, *ov, ὁ*, (Αἴας, gen. -αντος) *son of*
Ajax. II. at Athens, *a citizen of the tribe*
Αἰαντίς, named after the Hero.
 αἰώνως, Adv. (αἰωνός) *for ever*.
 Αἴας, *αντος, ὁ*, Ep. voc. Αἴαν, *Ajax*.
 αἰβοί, *faugh!* exclam. of disgust or astonishment.
 αἰγ-αγρος, ὁ, (αἰξ, ἄγρος) *a wild goat*.
 Αἰγαῖος, *ov*, *Aegean: Αἰγαῖον πέλαγος the Aegean*
sea, also called Αἰγαῖων, ἠωος, ὁ.
 αἰγανήν, ἡ, (αἰξ) *a hunting-spear, javelin*.
 αἰγαιο, a Ion. *η, ov*, (αἰξ) lengthd. for αἰγεος, *of a*
goat or goats, Lat. caprinus: as Subst. αἰγείη (sub-
δορά), ἡ, a goat's skin.
 Αἰγτεῖπος, ἡ, *the black poplar, Lat. rōpulus:*
cf. λεύκη.
 αἰγ-ελάτης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἰξ, ἐλαύνω) *a goatberd. [ἄ]*
αἰγος, a, ov, = αἰγίος.
 αἰγᾶλίτης, *ov, ὁ*, fem. ἴτις, ἴδος, *on the shore*. From
 αἰγᾶλός, ὁ, (αἰσσω, ἄλς) *the sea-shore, beach, strand*.
 αἰγί-βουσις, *ews, ἡ*, (αἰξ, βύσιος) *a goat-pasture*.
 αἰγί-βότης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἰξ, βοτής) *feeding goats*.
 αἰγί-βοτος, *ov*, (αἰξ, βύσιος) *browsed by goats*.
 αἰγί-φαλλος, ἡ, *a bird, the tit, Lat. parus*.
 αἰγί-κνημος, *ov*, (αἰξ, κνήμη) *goat-banked*.
 αἰγί-κορείς, *eww, οἱ*, (αἰξ, κορέννυμι) *feeders of goats,*
goatberds.
 αἰγί-λιψ, ἵπος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰξ, λιπεῖν) *properly, deserted*
even by goats: hence steep, sheer. [γῆ]
 αἰγίλος, ἡ, (αἰξ) *an herb of which goats are fond*.
 αἰγί-νόμος, *ov*, (αἰξ, νέμω) *browsed by goats*. 2.
 as Subst., αἰγινόμος, ὁ, *a goatberd*.
 αἰγί-οχος, *ov*, (αἰγίς, ἔχω) *aegis-bearing*.
 αἰγί-πόδης, *ov, ὁ*, (αἰξ, πούς) *goat-footed*.
 αἰγί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν, τό*, gen. ποδος, = αἰγίπόδης.
 αἰγί-πύρος, ὁ, (αἰξ) *a plant with a red flower, of*
which goats were fond.
 αἰγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, *the aegis, or shield of Jupiter, described*
in Il. 5. 738: (from αἰσσω, to rush or move violently):
hence 2. later *a rushing storm, hurricane, terri-*
ble as the shaken aegis. II. from αἰξ, *a goat-*
skin coat.
 αἰγίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of αἰξ, *a little goat*.
 αἰγλάεις, Dor. for αἰγλήεις.
 αἰγλάς, *αντος*, contr. for αἰγλάεις.
 Αἰγλαῆ, ἡ, *the light of the sun, daylight: any*
bright light, glitter, lustre, gleam, of metal. 2.
 metaph. *splendour, glory*. Hence

αἰγλήεις, εσσα, εν, *beaming, radiant*.
 αἰγλο-φάνης, ἐς, (αἶγλη, φανῆται) *beaming: brilliant, lustrous*.

αἰγο-βοσκός, ὄν, (αἶξ, βόσκω) *tending goats: as Subst. a goatberd.*

αἰγό-κερως, ἄν, γεν. ω, also αἰγοκέρας, ὠτος, ὄ, (αἶξ, κέρας) *goat-borned*. II. as Subst., αἰγό-κερως, ὄ, *Capricorn in the Zodiac.*

αἰγο-νόμος, ὄ, = αἰγινόμος, *a goatberd.*

αἰγο-όνυξ, ὄχος, ὄ, ἦ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) = αἰγώνυξ.

αἰγο-πόδης, ὄ, = αἰγυπόδης.

αἰγο-πρόσωπος, ὄν, (αἶξ, πρόσωπον) *goat-faced.*

αἰγο-τρίχω, ἰ, ἦσω, (αἶξ, τρίξ) *to have goat's hair.*

αἰγυπός, ὄ, (γυψ) *a vulture, Lat. vultur.*

Αἰγυπιάζω, ἰ, ἴσσω, *to speak Egyptian.*

Αἰγυπτιστί, Adv. in the Egyptian tongue. II. *like an Egyptian, craftily.*

Αἰγυπτο-γενής, ἐς, (Αἴγυπτος, γένος) *of Egyptian race.*

Αἴγυπτος, ὄ, *the river Nile*. II. Αἴγυπτος, ἦ, *Egypt: as Adv., Αἰγυπτύονδε, to Egypt.*

αἰγυ-ῶνυξ, ὄχος, ὄ, ἦ, (αἶξ, ὄνυξ) *goat-boofed.*

*Αἶδας, Dor. for *Αἶδης, *Αἴδης.

αἰδέο, Ep. for αἰδέο, αἰδου, pres. imperat. of αἰδέομαι.

ΑἶΔΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, fut. αἰδέσομαι, Ep. -έσομαι: aor. ἤδεσάμην, Ep. imperat. αἰδεσσαι; also in pass. form ἤδεσθην, Ep. 3 pl. αἰδεσθεν: Dep.:—*to feel shame, be ashamed or fear: also to respect, reverence a person:—c. inf. to be ashamed or afraid to do a thing.* 2. as Att. law-term, *to feel pity for*, hence *to pardon*, esp. in aor. I αἰδέσασθαι.

αἰδεσθεν, for αἰδέσθουσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσθητι, aor. I imper. of αἰδέομαι.

αἰδέσιμος, ὄν, (αἰδέομαι) *venerable.*

αἰδέσις, εως, ἦ, (αἰδέομαι) *reverence, compassion.*

αἰδέσσομαι, Ep. fut. of αἰδέομαι.

ἄ-ἴδηλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) *making unseen: hence annihilating, destroying*. II. pass. *unseen, unknown, obscure.*

αἰδήμων, ὄν, γεν. ονος, (αἰδέομαι) *bashful, modest: Sup. αἰδημονίστερος. Adv. -μόνως.*

ἄ-ἴδης, ἐς, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen: destroyed.*

*Αἴδης, εω, ὄ, Att. *Αἴδης or ἄδης, ὄν, (αἰδῆς) *Hades, the god of the world below, Lat. Pluto.*

αἰδῖος, ὄν, (ἀεί) *everlasting, for αἰείδιος.*

ἄ-ἴδνος, ἦ, ὄν, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) *poët. for ἄ-ἴδης, unseen, hidden, dark.*

αἰδοῖέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of αἰδοῖος.

αἰδοῖον, τό, mostly in plur. τὰ αἰδοῖα, *the genitals, pudenda: properly neut.*

αἰδοῖος, α, ὄν: Comp. αἰδοῖότερος and -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος: (αἰδέομαι) *regarded with awe or reverence, august, venerable: of women, deserving respect, tender: of things, valuable, excellent*. II. act. *bashful, modest*. 2. *reverent*.

αἰδοῖως, Adv. of αἰδοῖος, *reverently*.

Αἶ'ΔΟΜΑΙ, impf. αἰδόμεν, Ep. for αἰδέομαι, ἤδε-όμην.

*Αἶδος, *Αἶδι, Ep. gen. and dat. of *Αἴδης, from an obsol. nom. *Αἶς: *Αἰδῶσδε, and εἰς *Αἰδῶσδε, *to the dwelling of Hades: εἰν' Αἶδος* (sc. οἴκω), Att. ἐν ἄδου, in Hades. [αἶδ-, but ἄ sometimes.]

αἰδο-φρων, ὄν, γεν. ονος, (αἰδῶς, φρήν) *feeling respect in mind, compassionate.*

ἄ-ἰδρείη ὄν -ἰη [ῖ], ἦ, Ep. and Ion. word (αἰδῶρις) *want of knowledge, ignorance: Ep. dat. pl. αἰδρείησι.*

ἄ-ἴδρις, ἰ, γεν. ιος and εος, (a privat., ἰδῶρις) *unknowing, ignorant.*

αἰδρο-δίκης, ὄν, Dor. -δίκας, α, ὄ, (αἰδῶρις, δίκη) *unknowing of right or law, lawless, savage*. [δῖ]

ἄ-ἴδρυτος, ὄν, = ἄν-ἴδρυτος, *unsettled, unsteady.*

*Αἰδωνεύς, ὄ, lengthd. Ep. form of *Αἴδης.

Αἶ'Δῶ'Σ, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἦ, *sense of shame, bashfulness, modesty: a sense of shame or honour, αἰδῶ θέσθ' ἐνὶ θυμῷ: regard for others, respect, reverence*. II. *that which causes shame or respect*, and so I. *a shame, scandal; αἰδῶς, Ἀργεῖοι shame, ye Argives!* 2. = τὰ αἰδοῖα. 3. *dignity, majesty*.

αἰέ, Ion. and poët. for ἀεί.

αἰει-γενέτης, ὄ, poët. for αἰει-γενέτης, *ever existing*. (For comps. of αἰέ here omitted, v. sub ἀεί-.)

αἰέλ-ουρος, ὄ, ἦ, Ion. for αἰλουρος.

αἰέν, = αἰεί.

αἰέν-υπνος, ὄν, (αἰέν, ὕπνος) *lulling in eternal sleep.*

αἰές, Dor. for ἀεί, αἰέ.

αἰετός, ὄ, lengthd. form of ἀετός, *an eagle*.

αἰζήτος, lengthd. form of αἰζήτος.

αἰζήρος, ὄ, *an active, vigorous, lusty person: a man*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἰήτος, like ἄητος, *terrible, mighty*.

αἰητός, ὄ, Dor. of ἀετός, αἰετός, *an eagle*.

αἰθάλη, ἦ, (αἰθω) = αἰθαλος, *soot*. [θᾶ]

αἰθαλίων, ὄνος, (αἰθαλος) *swarthy, dusky*.

αἰθαλοῖς, ἴεσσα, οεν, contr. αἰθαλοῦς, ούσσα, οῖν, (αἰθαλος) *smoky, sooty, black*. II. *burning, blazing*.

Αἶ'ΘΑΛΟΣ, ὄ, like λιγνός, *a smoky flame, the thick smoke of fire, soot*. [θᾶ] Hence

αἰθαλώω, ἰ, ὤσω, *to burn to soot or ashes:—Pass. to lie in ashes*.

αἰθε, Dor. and Ep. for εἶθε, *O that! would that!* Lat. *utinam, αἰθ' ὄφελος O that thou hadst . . .*, c. inf.

αἰθερ-εμβάτω, (αἰθήρ, εμβατέω) *to walk in ether*.

αἰθήρος, α, ὄν ὄν, (αἰθήρ) *of or belonging to the ether or upper air, as opp. to ἡέριος, and so* I. *high in air, on high*. 2. *ethereal, heavenly*.

αἰθερο-βάτέω, (αἰθήρ, βατέω) = αἰθερεμβατέω, *to walk in ether*.

αἰθεροδρομέω, *to skim the ether*. From

αἰθερο-δρόμος, ὄν, (αἰθήρ, δραμεῖν) *skimming the ether*.

αἰθήρ, ἔπος, in Homer always ἦ, in Att. prose always ὄ, in Pindar and Att. Poets common: (αἰθω):

—*ether, the upper, purer air*, opp. to ἀήρ (*the lower air or atmosphere*):—hence *the clear sky or heaven*, as the abode of the gods. Cp. ἀήρ.

Αἰθιοπίας, irregular pl. acc. of Αἰθιοπία.

Αἰθι-οψ, οπος, ὄ, fem. Αἰθιοπίς, ἶδος, (αἶθω, ὄψ) an *Ethiopian, negro*, properly *Burnt-face*.

αἶθος, τό, and ὄ, (αἶθω) *burning heat, fire*.

αἰθός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἶθω) *burnt*:—*fire-coloured, fiery*.

αἰθούσα (sc. στοά), ἡ, (αἶθω) *the corridor or vestibule of a house*; mostly looking East or South, to catch the sun,—whence the name.

αἰθ-οψ, οπος, (αἰθός, ὄψ) *fiery-looking, of metal, flashing*; of wine, *sparkling*. II. metaph. *fiery, hot, keen*.

αἶθρη, later αἶθρα, ἡ, (αἰθήρ) *clear sky, fair weather, Lat. sudum*.

αἰθρη-γενέτης, ου, ὄ, = αἰθρηγενής.

αἰθρη-γενής, ἐς, (αἰθρη, γενέσθαι) *born from ether*.

αἰθρία, ἡ, = αἶθρη: used absol. in gen. αἰθρίας (sub. ούσης), *in fine weather, Lat. per purum*. II. *the open sky*.

αἰθριάζω, or —ιάω, to be clear, of the sky.

αἰθρο-κοιτέω, f. ἴσω, (αἰθρία, κοίτη) to sleep in the open air.

αἶθριος, ου, (αἶθρη) *clear, bright, fair*. II. in the open air: hence cold, *chill*.

αἶθρος, ὄ, = αἶθρη: esp. *the clear chill air of morn.*

Αἰγύθια, ἡ, a *sea-gull or diver, Lat. mergus*.

αἰθουκτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (αἰθούσσω) *one that darts rapidly*. αἰθούσσω, f. ὕξω, (αἶθω) to put in rapid motion; to kindle:—Pass. to move rapidly, quiver.

Αἰγῶν, only found in pres. and impf. ἦθον, to light up, kindle:—Pass. to burn. 2. rarely intr. to burn or blaze.

αἶθων, ανος, ὄ, (αἶθω) properly *fiery, burning*. II. of metal, *flashing, glittering*. III. of animals, *fiery, fierce*; or perh. of their colour, *yellow, tawny*, like Lat. *fulvus, rufus*.

αἶκα, conj., Dor. for εἴ κε, ἐάν, with subj. *if barely*.

Αἰκάλλω, f. αἰκᾶλῶ, properly of a dog, to wag the tail fawningly: to wheedle, fondle.

αἶκε, αἶκεν, Conj., Ep. and Dor. for ἐάν.

αἶκεια, ἡ, = αἶκία, q. v.

αἶκέλιος, ου, = αἶκελίος.

αἶκή, ἡ, (αἰώσω) *rapid motion, a rush, Lat. impetus*. [Γ]

αἶκής, ἐς, poet. for αἰεκής, contr. αἰεκής, unseemly. Adv. αἰκῶς, in unseemly fashion.

αἶκια [Γ], ἡ, Att. for the Ion. αἰκελή, *injurious treatment, an outrage, insult, affront*: oft. also in plur. *blows, stripes*.

αἶκίζω, (αἶκής) to treat injuriously, to affront, outrage by blows, to plague, torment: mostly as Med. αἰκίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι: aor. I ἦκισάμην: in same sense as Act. —Pass., aor. I ἦκίστην; pf. ἦκισμαι: to be tormented.

αἰκισμα, ατος, τό, (αἶκίζω) *an outrage, torture*.

ἀ-ἔκτος, ου, (a privat., ἰκνέομαι) *unapproachable*.

αἶ-λίθος, ὄ, a *mournful dirge*, (from αἶ, λίθος, ab me for Linus!) 2. also Adj. os, ου, *plaintive, mournful*.

αἶλ-ουρος or αἶελ-ουρος, ου, ὄ, ἡ, (αἰῶλος, οὐρά) a *cat*, so called from the wavy motion of the tail.

Αἶμα, ατος, τό, blood: in plur. *streams of blood*:—also *bloodshed*; εἶρασται μητρῶον αἶμα a mother's blood has been shed; αἶμα πρᾶττειν to shed blood; ἐφ' αἶματι φεύγειν to be banished for homicide. II. like Lat. *anguis, blood-relationship, kin*.

αἶμα-κορίαί or αἶμα-κουρίαί, ὦν, αἶ, (αἶμα, κορέν-νυμι) *offerings of blood, made upon the grave to appease the manes*.

αἶμακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰμάσσω, *stained with blood, bloody*.

αἶμαῖος, α, ου, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-red*.

αἶμας, ἄδος, ἡ, (αἶμα) a *gush or stream of blood*.

αἶμασία, ἡ, a *wall of dry stones, Lat. maceria: a fence*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἶμασι-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμασία, εἶδος) *like a fence or hedge*.

αἰμάσσω, Att. αἰμάττω: f. ἄξω: aor. I ἦμαφα: (αἶμα):—to make bloody, stain with blood: hence to wound, draw blood, slay:—Pass. to welter in blood, be slain.

αἶματ-εκχύσια, ἡ, (αἶμα, ἐκχέω) *shedding of blood*.

αἶματρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἶμα) *bloody, blood-stained, murderous*. II. *consisting of blood*.

αἶματ-φόρος, ου, (αἶμα, φέρω) *bringing blood: murderous*.

αἶματῖος, εσσα, ἐν, (αἶμα) *bloody, covered with blood*. 2. *blood-red, or consisting of blood*. 3. *bloody, murderous*.

αἶματ-λοιχός, ὄν, (αἶμα, λείχω) *licking blood; ἐρωσ αἶμ. thirst for blood*.

αἶματ-πότης, ου, ὄ, (αἶμα, πίνω) a *blood-drinker, blood-sucker*.

αἶματ-ρόφος, ου, (αἶμα, ῥοφέω) *blood-drinking*.

αἶματ-ρύτος, ου, (αἶμα, ῥέω) *blood-streaming*.

αἶματ-σταγής, ἐς, (αἶμα, στάω) *blood-dripping*.

αἶματ-φурτος, ου, (αἶμα, φύω) *blood-stained*.

αἶματ-χάρμης, ου, ὄ, (αἶμα, χαίρω) *delighting in blood*.

αἶματῶ, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἦμάτωσα:—Pass., pf. ἦμάτωμαι: (αἶμα) to make bloody.

αἶματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἶμα, εἶδος) *looking like blood, blood-red*.

αἶματ-ώπος, ὄν, and αἶματ-ώψ, ὦπος, ὄ, ἡ, (αἶμα, ὄψ) *bloody to behold*.

αἶμνον, τό, (αἶμα) a *basin for blood*.

αἶμο-βάφης, ἐς, (αἶμα, βάπτω) *bathe in blood*.

αἶμο-βόρος, ου, (αἶμα, βορά) *greedy for blood*.

αἶμο-διψος, ου, (αἶμα, δίψω) *bloodthirsty*.

αἶμορ-ραγής, ἐς, (αἶμα, ραγίω) *bleeding violently*.

αἶμορ-ραντος, ου, (αἶμα, ράνω) *blood-sprinkled*.

αἶμορροέω, f. ἴσω, (αἶμορρος) to lose blood: to have a discharge of blood. Hence

αἰμόρροια, ἡ, a discharge of blood.
αἰμόρ-ροος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) streaming with blood.
αἰμόρ-ρῦτος, ποῖτ. αἰμό-ρῦτος, ον, (αἷμα, βέω) blood-streaming.

Αἴμωσις, ὁ, a thorn.

αἰμο-σταγής, ἐς, = αἵματο-σταγής.

αἰμο-φόρυκτος, ον, (αἷμα, φορύσσω) defiled with blood.

αἰμώω, = αἵματω.

αἰμύλιος, ον, (αἰμύλος) flattering, winning, wily. [ῥ]
αἰμύλο-μήτης, ον, ὁ, (αἰμύλος, μήτις) of winning wiles.

Αἰμύλαος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, flattering, winning, wheedling, wily. [ῥ]

αἰμων, ονος, ὁ, = δαίμων, δαήμων, knowing, skilful. II. (αἷμα) bloody.

αἰμ-ωπός, ὄν, = αἵματωπός, bloody to behold.

αἰν-ἀρετής, ον, ὁ, (αἰνός, ἀρετή) terribly brave.

Αἰνεάσ, ον, ὁ, Aeneas, Ep. gen. Αἰνεάειο or Αἰνεάω.

αἰνεός, εως, ἡ, (αἰνέω) a praising, praise.

αἰνετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. praised, praiseworthy. From αἰνέω: impf. ἤνεον, contr. ἤνον, Ion. αἰνεον: fut. -ήσω, Att. -έσω: aor. ἤνησα, Att. ἤνεσα, Ion. αἰνεσα: pf. Att. ἤνεκα:—Mid., aor. ἤνεσάμην:—Pass., aor. ἤνέθην: pf. ἤνημαι:—properly to tell or speak of (cf. αἶνος); but usu. to speak in praise of, praise, approve, c. acc., Lat. laudare. 2. to allow, recommend.

3. like ἀγαπάω, to be content with, acquiesce in. 4. to decline courteously, like Lat. laudare.

II. to promise or vow.

Αἴνη, ἡ, = αἶνος, praise, fame.

αἴνημα, Aeol. for αἶναις.

αἴησι, Ion. for αἶναις, dat. pl. of αἶνός.

αἴητός, ἡ, ὄν, ποῖτ. for αἰνετός.

αἴνιγμα, ατος, τό, (αἰνίσσεται) a dark saying, riddle: oft. in plur. διὰ ὀξείων αἰνιγμάτων in riddles, darkly; also ἐν αἰνιγμασιν.

αἴνιγματ-ώδης, ἐς, (αἴνιγμα, εἶδος) riddling, dark.

αἴνιγμός, ὁ, (αἰνίσσεται) a speaking in riddles: mostly in plur. like αἴνιγμα.

αἰνίζομαι, Dep. = αἰνέω.

αἰνικήριος, ον, (αἰνίσσεται) riddling. Adv. -ίως, riddlingly.

αἰνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, expressed in riddles, riddling: from αἰνίσσεται, Att. αἰνιτρομαι, f. ἴζομαι: aor. ἤνιξάμην: Dep.: (αἶνος):—to speak darkly or in riddles, to hint a thing, give to understand. II. in pass. sense, aor. ἤνιξθη, pf. ἤνιξιμα, to be spoken riddlingly.

αἰνο-βίαι, Ion. αἰνο-βίης, ον, ὁ, (αἰνός, βία) fearfully strong.

αἰνό-γαμος, ον, (αἰνός, γαμέω) fatally wedded.

αἰνόθεν, Adv. of αἰνός, = ἐξ αἰνοῦ, in the phrase αἰνόθεν αἰνώσ, from horror to horror, very horribly.

αἰνό-θρυπτος, ον, (αἰνός, θρύπτομαι) dreadfully enervated.

αἰνο-λαμπής, ἐς, (αἰνός, λάμπω) horrid-gleaming.

αἰνό-λεκτρος, ον, (αἰνός, λεκτρον) fatally wedded.

αἰνο-λέων, οντος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λέων) a dreadful lion.

αἰνό-λίβος, ον, (αἰνός, λίβος) of fearful destiny, in allusion to the thread of life.

αἰνό-λύκος, ὁ, (αἰνός, λύκος) a horrible wolf.

αἰνό-μορος, ον, (αἰνός, μόρος) doomed to a sad end.

αἰνό-πάθης, ἐς, (αἰνός, παθεῖν) suffering dire ills.

Αἰνό-παρις, ὁ, (αἰνός, Πάρις) terrible Paris: cp. Δύσπαρις.

αἰνο-πάτηρ, ἐρος, ὁ, (αἰνός, πατήρ) unhappy father.

Αἴνος, ὁ, a tale, story, elsewh. μῦθος; αἰνεῖν

αἶνον to tell a tale: a fable, like Aesop's: generally, a saying, proverb. II. later, that which is said to one's praise, praise.

Αἴνοσ', ἡ, ὄν, Ep. word = δεινός, dread, dire: of persons, dread, terrible, esp. of Zeus:—neut. pl. αἶνά as Adv. terribly; Sup. αἰνοστον, most terribly.

αἰνο-τόκεα, ἡ, as fem. Adj. (αἰνός, τόκος) unhappy in giving birth, unhappy in being a mother.

αἰνο-τύραννος, ὁ, (αἰνός, τύραννος) dreadful tyrant.

Αἰνύτμα, defect. Dep. used only in pres., and impf. without augm., like αἶρω, ἀρνυμαι, to take, lay bold of, c. gen.: also to enjoy, feed on.

αἰνώσ, Adv. of αἰνός, terribly, i. e. very much, exceedingly; αἰνώσ πικρός terribly bitter.

αἶξ, αἰγός, ὁ, ἡ, dat. pl. αἶγαι, (αἶσσω) a goat; αἶξ ἀγρία or ἀγριος, the chamois; αἶξ ἴβαλος ἀγρία, the ibex.

αἶξασκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. of αἶσσω.

αἶξω, fut. of αἶσσω.

Αἶψ' ἄλλω, to shift rapidly to and fro:—Pass. to change in colour or hue; ὄψακες αἰόλλονται the grapes begin to turn, Lat. variegantur.

αἰολο-βρόντης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, βροντή) wielder of forked lightning.

αἰολο-θώρηξ, ἡκος, ὁ, (αἰόλος, θώρηξ) with gleaming breastplate.

αἰολό-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

αἰολο-μήτρης, ον, ὁ, (αἰόλος, μήτρα) with gleaming belt (for it was plated with metal); cf. αἰολοθώρηξ. II. with variegated turban.

αἰολό-πῳλος, ον, (αἰόλος, πῳλος) with quick-moving steeds.

Αἰόλαος, ἡ, ον, quick-moving, rapid: of worms, wriggling: as epith. of armour, easily-wielded, manageable.

II. changeful of hue, gleaming, glancing; αἰόλη νύξ spangled night; αἰόλη σὰρξ flesh discoloured from disease. III. metaph. I. changeful, shifting, varied. 2. wily, slippery.

As prop. n., proparox. Αἰόλος, ον, ὁ, Aeolus, the god of the winds, properly the Changeable.

αἰολό-στομος, ον, (αἰόλος, στόμα) of various meaning, riddling.

αἰολό-χρως, χρωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (αἰόλος, χρώς) with spangled skin.

αἰόσι, Dor. dat. pl. of αἰών.

αἰπεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰψός) high, lofty, of cities on heights: metaph. lofty, big-b-flown. 2. steep, hard to climb.

αἰπήεις, εσσα, εν, ποῖτ. for αἰπεινός.
αἰπόλω, f. ἡώα, (αἰπόλος) to be a goatberd :—Pass.
to feed, browse.

αἰπολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰπόλος) of or for goatberds.
αἰπόλιον, τό, (αἰπόλος) a berd of goats. II. a
goat-pasture.

αἰ-πόλος, for αἰγο-πόλος, ὁ, (αἶξ, πόλεω) a goatberd.
ΑἰΨΟΣ, εος, τό, a height, a steep; πρὸς αἶψος
up-hill.

ΑἰΠΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for αἰψός, high, lofty, of cities :
αἰπὰ βέεθρα rapid torrents.

αἰψό-μητις, ου, ὁ, (αἰψός, μητις) with high thoughts.
αἰψό-νωτος, ον, (αἰψός, νώτος) high-backed, on a
high ridge. [ῥ]

ΑἰΠΤΨ, εἶα, ὄν, high and steep, of cities on steep
rocks; βρόχος αἰψός a noose banging straight
down. 2. beadlong; αἰψός ἄλεθρος sheer, utter
destruction; αἰψός χόλος towering wrath. 3. me-
taph. hard, difficult; αἰψό οἱ ἐσσεῖται it will be hard
work for him.

αἰρέσιμος, ον, (αἰρέω) that can be taken.
αἶρεσις, εως, (αἰρέω) a taking, conquering, esp. of
a town. II. (αἰρέομαι) a taking for oneself,
choosing, choice; αἶρεσιν δίδουσι to give choice; αἶρε-
σιν λαμβάνειν to have choice given one. 2. choice
or election of magistrates. III. a choice, plan,
purpose. 2. a sect or school of philosophy. 3.
a heresy.

αἰρέτεον, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, one must take or
choose. II. αἰρέτεος, α, ον, desirable.

αἰρετίω, f. ἴσα, (αἰρέω) to choose. II. to belong
to a sect.

αἰρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰρέω) able to choose. 2. here-
tical.

αἰρετός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰρέω, that may be
taken or conquered. II. (αἰρέομαι) to be chosen,
preferable, desirable. 2. chosen, elected.

ΑἶΡΕΩ: impf. ἤρεον, Ion. αἶρεον: fut. αἰρήσω:
pf. ἤρκα, Ion. ἀραῖρκα: Ion. plrpf. ἀραῖρκα.—
Med., fut. αἰρήσομαι: aor. I ἤρσαμην.—Pass., fut.
αἰρεθήσομαι, also ἤρῃσομαι: aor. I ἤρῃην: pf. ἤρη-
μαι: plrpf. ἤρημην.—Also from the root *ΕΛΩ, aor.
2 ἔλων, Ion. 3 sing. ἔλεσκε, inf. ἔλεῖν: fut. med.
ἐλοῦμαι: aor. 2 εἰλόμην; Ep. 3 sing. γένητο, for
ἔλετο: rarely aor. I εἰλάμην.

Act. to take with the hand, grasp, seize. 2. to
take away. II. to get into one's power, conquer,
overpower, seize: to kill. 2. to catch, take: to
win, seduce. 3. generally, to win, gain. 4. as
Att. law-term, to convict a person of a thing. 5. ὁ
λόγος αἰρεῖ, Lat. ratio evincit, reason proves. III.
to grasp with the mind, take in, understand.

Med. αἰρέομαι, to take for oneself. II. to take
to oneself, choose: hence to take in preference, prefer
one thing to another: also μάλλον αἰρεῖσθαι to choose
in preference, Lat. potius malle. 2. to choose by
vote, elect to an office.

*Αἶπος, ὁ, Ἴπος Ἀἶπος, Irus unhappy Irus.

ΑἶΡΩ, Att. for ἀείρω: f. ἀῶ [ᾶ]: aor. ἤρα,
imperat. ἄρον, inf. ἄραι: pf. ἤρακα.—Med., impf. ἤρο-
μην: fut. ἄρομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἤράμην: aor. ἤρομην,
Ep. ἄρομην: Pass., fut. ἀρήσσομαι: aor. I ἤρθην:
pf. ἤρημαι.

Act. to raise, raise or lift up, to carry; αἶρειν
πόδα to walk; αἶρ. σημείον to hoist a signal; αἶρειν
ναῦς to get ships under way: to boist. 2. intrans.
to get under way, start, set out; αἶρειν ταῖς ναυσίν
to set sail; αἶρειν τῷ στρατῷ to march:—Pass. to
mount up, ascend. II. to raise, exalt; αἶρειν
θυμόν to raise one's courage, etc. 2. to raise by
words, extol, exaggerate, Lat. tollere:—Pass. to rise
to a height, increase. III. to lift and take away,
to take away, put an end to: later to kill.

Med. to lift, raise for oneself: hence to carry
off, win, gain. II. to take upon oneself, undergo,
bear. 2. to undertake, begin. III. of sound,
αἶρεσθαι φωνήν to lift up one's voice.

ΑἶΡΨΑ, ἡ, as pr. n., like Μοῖρα, the goddess of fate,
Lat. Parca. II. as appellat. the fatal decree of
a god; Διὸς αἶσα the fate decreed by Jove. 2.

one's appointed lot, fate, destiny, κακῆ αἶση by ill
luck:—one's share or lot in a thing; ληΐδος αἶσα one's
share of booty. 3. one's due or right; κατ' αἶσαν,
like κατὰ μοῖραν, fittingly, rightly.

αἰσθάνομαι, impf. ἤσθάνομην: fut. αἰσθήσομαι:
aor. 2 ἤσθωμην, later aor. I ἤσθησάμην: Dep.: (αἶσθαι,
αἶσθω):—to perceive or apprehend by the senses, and
therefore sometimes to feel, sometimes to see, some-
times to hear or learn. Often followed by acc.; but
also c. gen. to be sensible of, to take notice of a thing.
Hence

αἰσθημα, ατος, τό, the thing perceived: perception
or sense of a thing.

αἰσθησις, εως, ἡ, (αἰσθάνομαι) perception by the
senses, esp. by feeling, but also by seeing, hearing,
etc., a sensation, sense of a thing; αἰσθησιν ἔχειν to
have perception of a thing; αἰσθησιν παρέχειν to
give the means of perception. II. in plur. the
senses.

III. like αἰσθημα, a perception: in
hunting, the scent.

αἰσθητήριον, τό, (αἰσθάνομαι) an organ of sense.

αἰσθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (αἰσθάνομαι) one who perceives.

αἰσθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰσθάνομαι) of or capable of
perception, perceptive. 2. pass. perceptible.

αἰσθητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰσθάνομαι, perceived
by the senses, sensible.

αἶσθω, (*αἶσθ, ἄσθμ) to breathe forth, Lat. exspiro;
θυμόν αἶσθε he was giving up the ghost, was expiring.

αἰσμία, happiness. From

αἰσμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (αἶσα) Lat. fatalis, ap-
pointed by fate, fated, destined; αἰσμον ἡμαρ the
fated day, i. e. the day of death. II. agreeable

to fate, meet, right; αἰσμα εἰδώς knowing what is
right and proper.

αἴσιος, ον, also α, ον, (αἶσα) boding well, lucky,
happy: opportune.

ἄ-ἴσος, *ov*, (a privat., ἴσος) = ἄν-σος, *unlike, unequal*.

Αἴ-ΣΣΩ, Att. ἄσσω or ἄττω : impf. ἤισσον, Att. ἤισσον, Ion. ἄισσέσκον : fut. ἀίξω, Att. ἄξω : aor. ἤϊξα, Att. ἤϊξα, Ion. ἀίξασκον.—Med., aor. ἠϊξάμην.—Pass., aor. ἤιχθη, Ion. ἀίχθη :—to move with a quick shooting motion, to shoot, dart, glance, Lat. ruere, impetu ferri :—so also in aor. I med. ἀίξασθαι, and in aor. I pass. ἀίχθηται. 2. later, to be eager after.

II. trans. to move a thing quickly. [ā in Homer : in Trag. ā when trisyll.]

ἄ-ἴστος, Att. αἴστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἰδεῖν) *unseen, unknown, not to be seen and heard*: hence *vanished, destroyed*: see ἀδηλος. II. act. not seeing or knowing, ignorant of, c. gen.

αἴστω, Att. αἴστώ : f. ἴσω : aor. ἠίστωσα, Att. ἤιστωσα.—Pass., aor. ἠίστώθη, Ion. αἴστώθη : (αἴστω) :—to make unseen, to destroy : to slay, kill. αἴστωρ, *opos*, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄ-ἴσος) *unknowing, inexperienced*.

αἴστώσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of αἴστω.

αἴσῤλος, *ov*, opp. to αἴσιμος, *unseemly, evil, impious*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αἴσμνάω, f. ἴσω, (αἴσα) to give each his due or portion of a thing, hence to be ruler over, c. gen. Hence

αἴσμηνης, *ov*, ὁ, ἡ, a regulator of games, chosen by the people, a judge or umpire. II. a ruler, king, esp. one chosen by the people: a president, manager.

αἴσιχον, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, and αἴσιχιστος, *η*, *ov*, Comp. and Sup. of αἴσιχρός, formed from αἴσχος.

Αἴ-ΣΧΟΣ, *eos*, τό, *shame, disgrace*. II. *ugliness or deformity*.

αἴσιχρῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αἴσχος) *shameful*.

αἴσιχροκέρδεια, ἡ, *sordid love of gain*. From αἴσιχρο-κέρδης, *és*, (αἴσιχρός, κέρδος) *sordidly greedy of gain, covetous*. Adv. -δῆς.

αἴσιχρολογία, ἡ, *foul language, abuse*. From αἴσιχρο-λόγος, *ov*, (αἴσιχρός, λέγω) *foul-mouthed, abusive*.

αἴσιχρό-μητις, *ios*, ὁ, ἡ, (αἴσιχρός, μητις) *forming base designs*.

αἴσιχρο-ποιός, *όν*, (αἴσιχρός, ποίω) *acting shamefully*.

αἴσιχρός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (αἴσχος) in Homer *causing shame, disgracing*; αἴσιχρά ἔπεια *abusive words*.

II. opp. to καλός : I. *ugly, ill-favoured*. 2. in moral sense, *shameful, disgraceful, base, infamous*; τὸ καλὸν καὶ τὸ αἴσιχρόν, Lat. *bonestum et turpe*, virtue and vice.—Instead of the regul. Comp. and Sup. αἴσιχρότερος, αἴσιχρότατος, the forms αἴσιχιων, αἴσιχιστος are used. Hence

αἴσιχρότης, *ητος*, ἡ, *ugliness*. 2. *shame, infamy*. αἴσιχρουργία, ἡ, contr. for αἴσιχροεργία, (αἴσιχρός, ἔργον) *lewd conduct*.

αἴσιχρῶς, Adv. of αἴσιχρός, *shamefully*.

αἴσιχυνθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἴσιχύνω.

αἴσιχύνῃ, ἡ, (αἴσχος) *shame done one, disgrace, dishonour*. II. *shame for an ill deed*, Lat. *pudor* : generally, *shame, the sense of shame*. [v]

αἴσιχυντέον, verb. Adj. of αἴσιχνομαι, *one must be ashamed*.

αἴσιχυντηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἴσιχνομαι) *bashful, modest*. αἴσιχυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (αἴσιχύνω) *a dishonourer, a seducer*.

αἴσιχυντηρός, ἄ, ὄν, = αἴσιχυντηλός, *bashful*.

αἴσιχύνω : f. ἴνω, Ion. ἴνεω : aor. ἠσχύνω : pf. ἤσχυνω.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, αἴσιχυνόμεαι; also αἴσιχυνθήσομαι : aor. ἠσχύνθη : pf. ἠσχυνόμεαι : (αἴσχος) :—to make ugly, disfigure, mar. 2. to disgrace, dishonour, tarnish, γένος αἴσιχυνέμεν.

II. Pass. to be ashamed, feel shame : but more freq. to be ashamed at a thing, c. acc. rei : also c. acc. pers. to feel shame before one : c. part. to be ashamed at doing a thing : but c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

ΑἴΤΕΩ : impf. ἤτεον, Ion. αἴτεον : fut. αἰτήσω : aor. ἠήτησα ; pf. ἤτηκα :—to ask, beg, usu. c. acc. rei, to ask, crave, demand something ; ὄδον αἰτεῖν to beg leave to depart : c. acc. pers. to ask a person ; αἰτ. τινά τι to ask a person for a thing ; c. inf. to ask one to do :—Med. to ask for oneself, for one's own use or purpose, to claim, Lat. vindicare sibi :—Pass. to have a thing begged of one.

αἴτημα, *atos*, τό, (αἰτέω) *that which is asked, a request, demand*.

αἴτημι, Aeol. for αἰτέω.

αἴτης, *ov*, Dor. αἴτας, a or εω, ὁ, ἡ, a favourite.

αἴτησις, *eos*, ἡ, (αἰτέω) *a request, demand*.

αἰτητός, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *one must ask*.

αἰτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of αἰτέω, *asked for, begged*.

ΑἴΤΙΑ, ἡ, *a cause, origin, ground, occasion* ; αἰτίαν παρέχειν to give occasion. II. *the occasion of something bad, a charge, accusation, blame, a fault*, Lat. *crimen* : remonstrance, expostulation with a friend ; αἰτίαν ἔχειν, Lat. *crimen habere*, to be accused ; αἰτίαν ὑπέχειν to lie under a charge ; ἐν αἰτίᾳ ἔχειν to hold guilty ; τὴν αἰτίαν ἐπιφέρειν τινί to impute the fault to one ; ἀποδύειν τινά τῆς αἰτίας to acquit of guilt.

αἰτιάσασθαι, Ep. pres. inf. of αἰτιάομαι. αἰτιάομαι, Pass. (αἰτία) to be charged or accused. αἰτιάμα, *atos*, τό, *a charge, guilt imputed*. From αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā] : aor. ἠτιάσάμην, Ion. αἰτησάμην : (αἰτία) : I. as Dep. to give as the cause or occasion : esp. of a fault : to charge, accuse, blame ; αἰτιάσθαι τινά τινος to accuse of a thing. II. as Pass. in fut. αἰτιάθησομαι, aor. ἠτιάθη, perf. ἠτιάμαι :—to be accused. Hence

αἰτιάσις, *eos*, ἡ, *a complaint, accusation*.

αἰτιάσιον, verb. Adj. of αἰτιάομαι, *one must accuse*.

αἰτίω, (αἰτέω) to ask or beg for a thing, c. acc. rei : c. acc. pers. to beg, solicit.

αἴτιον, τό, neut. of αἴτιος, = αἰτία, *a cause*.

αἴτιος, α, ον, more rarely ος, ον, *causing, occasioning*; hence *chargeable with* a thing: but mostly in bad sense, *causing ill, blamable, guilty*:—ὁ αἴτιος, *the party to be blamed, the culprit*, Lat. *reus*:—τὸ αἴτιον *the cause* of a thing.

αἰτιώνωνται, Ep. 3 pl. pres. indic. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτιόφορ, αἰτιόφοτος, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. pres. opt. of αἰτιάομαι.

αἰτίσσα, Ep. aor. I of αἰτίω.

Αἰτναίος, α, ον, of or belonging to *Etna*: of a horse, *Etnean, Sicilian*; or big as *Etna, enormous*.

Αἰτ' Φνηξ, Adv. = ἀφνω, ἀφνωσ, on a sudden. Hence

αἰφνίδιος, ον, *unforeseen, sudden, quick*. Adv. -δίας, also -διον, *suddenly*.

αἰχθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of αἰσσω.

αἰχθῆτην, 3 dual aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

αἰχμάζω, f. ἀσω: aor. I ἤχμασα: (αἰχμή):—to *throw the spear, to fight with the spear*. II. to *arm with the spear*.

αἰχμάλωσία, ἡ, (αἰχμάλωτος) *captivity*. II. a *body of captives*.

αἰχμάλωτεύω, f. εἰσω, (αἰχμάλωτος) *to make prisoner of war*.

αἰχμάλωτιζω, f. ἰσω, = αἰχμάλωτεύω:—also Dep. αἰχμάλωτιζομαι in same sense: fut. ἰσομαι: aor. I ἤχμαλωτισάμην: pf. ἤχμαλώτισμαι.

αἰχμάλωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (αἰχμάλωτος) *befitting a prisoner*.

αἰχμάλωτις, ἰδος, ἡ, a *captive woman*. From αἰχμή-άλωτος, ον, (αἰχμή, ἀλωτός) *taken by the spear or in war*; οἱ αἰχμάλωτοι *prisoners of war*; τὰ αἰχμάλωτα *booty*.

αἰχμή, ἡ, (αἰσσω) *the point of a spear*, Lat. *cuspis*. II. a *spear*: also a *staff or a sceptre*. 2. as collective noun a *body of spearmen*, as ἀσπίς a *body of shielded men*. 3. *war, battle*. 4. also, *warlike spirit, mettle*.

αἰχμῆεις, εσσα, εν, (αἰχμή) *armed with the spear*.

αἰχμητής, ὁ, Ep. for αἰχμητής.

αἰχμητής, οὐ, ὁ, (αἰχμή) *a spearman, warrior*. II. as Adj. *warlike, brave*. Fem. αἰχμητῆς, ἰδος.

αἰχμο-φόρος, ον, (αἰχμή, φέρω) *bearing a spear*.

Αἰψα, Adv. *quickly, with speed, on a sudden*. αἰψηρο-κέλευθος, ον, (αἰψηρός, κέλευθος) *swift-speeding*.

αἰψηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αἰψα) *quick, speedy, sudden*.

Ἄϊ' Ω, used only in pres. and impf. αἰών, *to perceive, become aware of, esp. to bear*: but also *to see, observe, know*, c. gen. and also c. acc. [a long or short, acc. to the metre.]

Ἄϊ' Ω [ᾶ], used only in impf. αἰών [ᾶ], = ἄημι, *to breathe*. 2. = αἰσσω, *to breathe out, expire*; φῖλον αἰών ἦτορ *I breathed out my life*.

αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, Dor. for ἰεῖών. [αἰ']

Αἰώνων, ὄνος, ὁ, also ἡ, sometimes with shortened acc. αἰῶ:—the Lat. *AEVUM, a space or period of time, a lifetime, life*. 2. of longer periods, an

age, generation, period. space of time, eternity. of life.

3. an infinitely long space of time, eternity. II. one's age or time

αἰώνιος, ον, also α, ον, *lasting, eternal*.

αἰώρα, ἡ, (αἰέρω) *a machine for suspending bodies: a chariot on springs*. II. *a hovering in air, oscillation*.

αἰώρω, f. ἦσω, (αἰέρω) *to lift and bang up, let bang: and so to wave, or set waving*. II. more freq. in Pass. αἰωρόμαι, aor. I ἠωρήθην, *to bang, to vibrate, to wave or float in air, hover or flit about*. 2. metaph. *to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse*: but αἰωρεῖσθαι ἔν τινι *to depend upon a person*, Lat. *pendere ab aliquo*; αἰωρεῖσθαι ὑπὲρ μεγάλων *to play for a high stake*. Hence

αἰώρημα, ατος, τό, *that which is bung up: a hanging cord or halter*. II. *a being bung up, hovering*: a *hanging*.

αἰώρητος, ον, verb. Adj. of αἰώρω, *hovering*.

ἀκά, (ἀκή 2), Adv. = ἀκήν, *softly, gently*.

Ἀκαδημεία, ἡ, also written Ἀκαδημία [Ὶ], a *gymnasium in the suburbs of Athens, where Plato taught*: hence the *Platonic school* were called *Academics*.

ἀκαθαρσία, ἡ, (ἀκαθαρτος) *uncleanness*.

ἀκαθάρτης, ητος, ἡ, = foreg.

ἀ-κάθαρτος, ον, (a privat., καθαίρω) *uncleaned, impure: unclean: unpurified*. Adv. -τως.

ἀκαιρέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, (ἀκαιρος) *to be without opportunity, or occasion*.

ἀκαιρία, ἡ, (ἀκαιρος) *an unseasonable time: want of opportunity, unseasonableness*. II. *importunity*.

ἀκαιρός, ον, *not in season, unseasonable, ill-timed*; ἐς ἀκαιρα πονεῖν, Lat. *operam perdere*:—Adv. -πως.

II. of persons, *importunate, Lat. molestus*: *ill-suited to do a thing*, c. inf.

ἀ-κάκης, ον, ὁ, ποῖτ. for ἀκακος, *guileless*.

ἀκάκητα, Ep. for ἀκακήτης, = ἀκακος, *benignant, gracious*.

ἀκάκια, ἡ, *guilelessness*. From

ἀ-κάκος, ον, *without evil, unknouwing of ill, guileless*: esp. *without malice*. Adv. -κως.

ἀκάλανθις, ἰδος, ἡ, *the goldfinch*.

ἀκάλαρ-ρέιτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκαλός, ῥέω) *soft-flowing*.

ἈκαλῆΦη, ἡ, a *nettle*, Lat. *urtica*: *the sting as of a nettle*. [ἀκᾶ]

ἀ-καλλίης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (a privat., κάλλος) *without charms*.

ἀ-καλλιέρητος, ον, (a privat., καλλιερῶ) *not accepted in sacrifice, ill-omened*.

ἀ-καλλώπιστος, ον, (a privat., καλλώπιζω) *undorned*.

ἀ-καλύπτος, ον, (a privat., καλύπτω) *uncovered*.

ἀ-καλύφης, ἐς, = ἀκαλύπτος.

ἀκαμαντο-λόγχη, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, λόγχη) *unwearied with the spear*.

ἀκαμαντομάχης, ον, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, μάχη) *unwearied in fight*.

ἀκάμαντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀκάμας, πούς) untiring of foot.

ἀκάμαντο-χάρμιας, ὁ, (ἀκάμας, χάρις) unwearied in fight.

ἀ-κάμας, αντος, ὁ, (α privat., καμῆν) untiring, unresting. [κᾶ]

ἀ-κάματος, ov, also η, ov, (α privat., κάματος) without sense of toil, hence untiring, unresting:—neut. ἀκάματα as Adv. untiringly.

ἀ-καμπτος, ov, (α privat., κάμπτω) unbent, stiff:—from which none can return. II. unbending, inexorable.

ἀκανθα, ης, ἡ, (ἀκή) a thorn, prickle: hence I. a prickly plant, thistle: also a thorny tree. 2. the back-bone or spine of animals. 3. metaph. a thorny or difficult question.

ἀκάνθινος, η, ov, (ἀκανθα) thorny: of thorns. II. of the thorn-tree (ἀκανθα).

ἀκάνθις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα) a small bird, the goldfinch or linnet, Lat. *fringilla spinus*. II. as fem. Adj. prickly.

ἀκάνθο-βάτης, ov, ὁ, fem. -βάτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ἀκανθα, βαίνω) going on thorns.

ἀκάνθο-λόγος, ov, (ἀκανθα 3, λέγω) picking out thorny questions, wrangling.

*ΑΚΑΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *acanthus*, bear's breech, a plant, used in Corinthian capitals.

ἀκάνθω-δης, es, gen. eos, (ἀκανθα, εἶδος) full of thorns, thorny.

ἀ-κάντιστος, ov, (α privat., καννίζω) unsmoked.

ἀ-κανπός, ov, (α privat., κανπός) without smoke, not smoking, making no smoke.

ἀ-κάρδιος, ov, (α privat., καρδία) wanting the heart: metaph. heartless, Lat. *excors*.

ἀ-κάρηνος, ov, (α privat., κάρηνον) headless.

ἀ-κάρης, es, (α privat., κάρηναι) properly of hair, too short to be cut: generally, short, small, tiny: mostly of time. ἀκαρές a moment, ἐν ἀκαρεῖ χρόνῳ in a moment of time; ἀκαρῆ διαλιπὼν (sc. χρόνον) having waited a moment; οὐδ' ἀκαρῆ not a bit:—but also of things, ἀκαρές a morsel.

ἀ-καριαῖος, α, ov, (ἀκαρίς) momentary, brief.

ἀκαρπία, ἡ, (ἀκαρπος) unfruitfulness.

ἀ-καρπιστος, ov, (α privat., καρπίζω) = ἀκαρπωτος, where nothing is to be reaped, unfruitful, of the sea.

ἀ-καρπος, ov, without fruit, barren. II. act. making barren, blasting. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-καρπῶτος, ov, (α privat., καρπῶ) not made fruitful, without fruit, fruitless: of an oracle, unfulfilled.

ἄκασκᾶ, (ἀκή 2) Adv. gently. Hence

ἀκασκαῖος, α, ov, gentle, delicate.

ἀ-κατάβλητος, ov, (α privat., καταβάλλω) not to be overthrown, irrefragable.

ἀ-κατάγνωστος, ov, (α privat., καταγιγνώσκω) not to be condemned, blameless.

ἀ-κατακάλυπτος, ov, (α privat., κατακαλύπτω) uncovered.

ἀ-κατάκριτος, ov, (α privat., κατακρίνω) uncondemned.

ἀ-κατάληκτος, ov, (α privat., καταλήγω) without end: of verses, acatalectic.

ἀ-κατάληπτος, ov, (α privat., καταλαμβάνω) not to be conquered. II. incomprehensible.

ἀ-κατάλλακτος, ov, (α privat., καταλλάσσω) irreconcilable. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-κατάλυτος, ov, (α privat., καταλύω) indissoluble.

ἀ-καταμάχητος, ov, (α privat., καταμάχομαι) not to be subdued, unconquerable.

ἀ-κατανόητος, ov, (α privat., κατανοέω) inconceivable.

ἀ-κατάπαυστος, ov, (α privat., καταπαύω) not to be set at rest, incessant: unable to cease from a thing.

ἀκαταστάσια, ἡ, a state of disorder, anarchy, confusion. From

ἀ-κατάστατος, ov, (α privat., καθίστημι) unstable, unsettled: unsteady, fickle:—Adv., ἀκαταστάτως ἔχειν to be unstable.

ἀ-κατόχετος, ov, (α privat., κατέχω) not to be checked, unruly. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-καταφρόνητος, ov, (α privat., καταφρονέω) not to be despised, important, Lat. *haud sperendus*.

ἀκάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκατος, a light boat, esp. of pirates, Lat. *actuaria*. II. a small sail.

*ΑΚΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a light vessel, Lat. *actuaria*: esp. a transport-vessel: generally, a ship. [ἀκᾶ]

ἀ-καυστος, ov, (α privat., καίω) unburnt.

ἀκαγιατό or -ῆατο, Ep. for ἡκάχητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχήσω, redupl. fut. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχησα, Ep. for ἡκάχησα, redupl. aor. I of ἀχέω.

ἀκαχίσθαι, ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. for ἡκαχίσθαι, ἡκαχήμενος, inf. and part. of ἡκάχημαι, redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω,

ἀκάχηται, redupl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀχέω,

ἀκάχητο, redupl. from ἀχέω, to trouble:—Pass. to be troubled.

ἀκαχμένος, η, ov, (ἀκή) pointed, sharpened, a part. pf. pass., as if from *ἀκω to sharpen, but with no verb in use.

ἀκάχητο, redupl. aor. 2 med.-opt. of ἀχέω.

ἀκάχηοντο, Ep. for ἡκάχηοντο, redupl. aor. 2 med. of ἀχέω.

ἀκειόμενος, Ep. part. pres. pass. of ἀκέομαι.

ἀκερε-κόμος, ov, ὁ, = ἀκερσεκόμος.

ἀ-κέλευστος, ov, (α privat., κελεύω) unbidden.

ἀ-κέντητος, ov, (α privat., κεντέω) ungoaded, needing no spur.

ἀ-κέντρος, ov, (α privat., κέντρον) stingless.

ἀκέομαι: Ep. impf. ἀκέομην: f. ἀκέομαι. Ep. ἀκέοσομαι, Att. ἀκούμαι: aor. I ἡκέσαμην, Ep. imper. ἀκεσαι: Dep.: (ἀκος) —to heal, cure. 2. to stanch, quench, διψαν. 3. generally, to amend, repair, make good: to mend or darn clothes.

ἀ-κέραιος, ov, (α privat., κεράννυμι) unmixed, pure: pure in blood: guileless, Lat. *integer*. II. un-

barred, untravaged, of countries: generally, *unimpaired, untouched, inviolate: fresh, active.*

ἀ-κέρastos, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure from a thing.*

ἀ-κέρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κέρας) *without horns.*

ἀ-κέρανωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κεραυνός) *not struck by lightning.*

ἀκέρδεια, ἡ, (ἀκερδής) *want of gain, loss.* From ἀ-κερδής, ἐς, (a privat., κέρδος) *without gain, bringing loss.* Adv. -δῶς, *gratis.*

ἀκέρικτος, *ov*, (a privat., κερικίζω) *unwoven.*

ἀ-κερσε-κόμη, *ov*, ὁ, (a privat., κείρα, κόμη) *with unshorn hair*, epith. of Apollo: also *ever-young*, for the Greek youths wore their hair long, till they reached manhood.

ἀ-κερως, *ov*, gen. *ov*, and ἀ-κέρωτος, *ov*, = ἀκέρatos.

ἀκείσασθε, aor. I imperat. of ἀκείομαι.

ἀκείσι-νοσος, Ep. ἀκείσι-, *ov*, (ἀκείωμα, νόσος) *healing disease.*

ἀκείσις, *ews*, ἡ, (ἀκείομαι) *a healing, cure, remedy.*

ἀκείσμα, τό, (ἀκείομαι) *a remedy, cure.*

ἀκείσομαι, fut. of ἀκείομαι.

ἀκείσο-, for words so beginning, *v. sub ἀκείσο-*.

ἀκείστηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀκείομαι) *a healer, restorer, physician; ἀκείστηρ χαλινός* the rein *that tames the steed.*

ἀκείστής, οὐ, ὁ, = ἀκείστηρ: *a mender of torn clothes.*

ἀκείστορία, ἡ, (ἀκείστωρ) *the healing art.*

ἀκείστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκείομαι) *curable: easy to be cheered or revived.*

ἀκείστρα, ἡ, (ἀκείομαι) *a darning-needle.*

ἀκείστρια, ἡ, fem. of ἀκείστης, *a sempstress.*

ἀκείστρον, τό, (ἀκείομαι) *a remedy.*

ἀκείστωρ, ὄνος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκείσις.

ἀκείστωρ, ὄρος, ὁ, (ἀκείομαι) *a healer, saviour.*

ἀκείσο-φόρος, *ov*, (ἀκείσο, φέρω) *bringing a cure, healing.*

ἀκείσο-ῶδυνος, *ov*, (ἀκείομαι, ὀδύνη) *allaying pain.*

ἀ-κέφαλος, *ov*, (a privat., κεφαλή) *without a head: without beginning.*

ἀκείων, ἀκείουσα, (ἀκείω) in form a participle, used by Hom. as an Adv. *stilly, softly, silently*: mostly in sing. nom. even with a plur. verb, as ἀκείων δαινυσθε *feast ye in silence*:—the dual ἀκείοντε occurs once, the plur. form never. Although fem. ἀκείουσα is found, yet ἀκείων stands also with the fem., as Ἀθηναίων ἀκείων ἦρ.

'AKH', ἡ, a Subst. said to have 3 senses: I. *a point, edge*, (whence ἀκίς, ἀκοχή, ἀκμή, αἰχμή, ἀκόνη, ἀκρος, and Lat. *acies, acuo*).

2. *silence*, (whence ἀκίω, ἀκείων, ἀκά, ἀκασκα).

3. *healing*, (whence ἀκείομαι).

ἀ-κήδετος, *ov*, (a privat., κηδέω) *uncared for, unheeded: without funeral rites, unburied.* Hence

ἀκηδέστω, Adv. of ἀκήδετος, but in act. sense, *without heed for any one, remorselessly.*

ἀκηδέω, *f. ἡσω*: aor. I ἠκήδησα, Ep. ἀκήδεσα:—to neglect, slight, *c. gen.* From

ἀ-κηδής, ἐς, (a privat., κηδος) *pass. uncared for:*

unburied. II. act. *without care or sorrow*, Lat. *securus.* 2. *heedless, careless.*

ἀκήκοα, pf. med. of ἀκούω.

ἀ-κλήητος, *ov*, (a privat., κηλέω) *to be won by no charms, not to be charmed or won over, inexorable, unassuageable.*

ἀκῆμα, τό, = ἀκείσμα, *a cure, remedy.*

ἀκῆν, properly act. of ἀκῆ 2, but used only as Adv. *stilly, softly, silently.*

ἀ-κηράσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure: hence untouched, Lat. integer: generally, pure, fresh.*

ἀ-κῆρατος, *ov*, (a privat., κεράννυμι) *unmixed, pure, clear: of persons, incorrupt, undefiled, upright:—c. gen. pure from, free from taint of. . .*

II. *unimpaired, in full vigour, fresh, unbroken.*

ἀ-κῆριος, *ov*, (a privat., κῆρ) *unbarmed by the fates, uninjured.* II. act. *unbarming, harmless.*

ἀ-κῆριος, *ov*, (a privat., κῆρ) *without heart or soul, lifeless.* II. *without heart or courage, heartless, spiritless, Lat. vecors.*

ἀκηρότατος, Ep. for ἀκηρατώτατος, Sup. of ἀκήρατος.

ἀκηρυκτεῖ and ἀκηρυκτί, Adv. *without proclamation: esp. without a flag of truce.* From

ἀ-κῆρυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρύσσω) *unannounced: unproclaimed; ἀκῆρυκτος πόλεμος* a war *without announcement, sudden, or one in which no herald was admitted, implacable.* 2. *inglorious, unknown.* 3. *unheard of, sending no tidings.* Hence

ἀκηρυκτως, Adv. = ἀκηρυκτί.

ἀ-κῆρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κηρώ) *not covered with wax, unwaxed.*

ἀκῆχῆδεται or ἀκῆχῆαται, Ep. for ἠήχηγῆνται, 3 pl. redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀκῆχῆμενος, Ep. for ἀκαχημένος, part. of redupl. pf. pass. of ἀχέω.

ἀ-κίβδηλος, *ov*, (a privat., κίβδηλος) *unadulterate, unalloyed, pure: also guileless, honest.*

ἀκιδνός, *η, ov*, *weak, feeble, faint*, in Homer only in Comp. *δαιμόντορος.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-κίθαρις, *ι, gen. ios*, (a privat., κθάρα) *without the barb.*

ἀκίκως, *ov*, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., κίκυς) *powerless, feeble.*

ἀκίνακίς, *ov*, or *eos*, ὁ, Lat. *acinaces*, a Persian word, *a short sword.*

ἀ-κινδύωνος, *ov*, *without danger: hence shunning danger, cowardly.* Adv. -*νοσ.*

ἀ-κίνητος, *ov*, rarely *η, ov*, (a privat., κινέω) *unmoved, motionless: hence idle, sluggish.* 2. *unaltered, settled, steady.* II. *immovable, hard to move.* 2. *not to be stirred or touched, inviolable, like Lat. non movendus: not to be divulged.* [Ὶ]

ἀ-κίσιος, *ov*, (a privat., κίσις) *without worms, not worm-eaten, sound: Sup. ακίωτατος.*

ἀκίπρος, ὄν, = ἀκιδνός.

ἀκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀκῆ, Lat. *acies*) *a point, barb, a pointed instrument: metaph. a sting; πόθων ἀκίδες* the stings of desires. [Ὶ]

ἀκίχτος, *ov*, (a privat., κίχάνω) *not to be reached, unattainable*: of persons, *not to be reached by prayer, inexorable*.

ἀκίχομαι, Dep. (ἀκῶ) *to pretend indifference to a thing, to affect coyness*: generally, *to dissemble*.

ἀκῶ, ἡ, a *bugbear*: acc. to others *a vain woman*.

ἀκλάρωτος, Dor. for ἀκλήρωτος.

ἀκλαστος, *ov*, (a privat., κλάω) *unbroken*.

ἀκλαυτος or ἀκλαυτος, *ov*, (a privat., κλαίω) *pass. unwept*: *without lamentation*. II. act. *unweeping, tearless*.

ἀκλεής, *és*, gen. *éos*: acc. ἀκλεᾶ, Ion. ἀκλεῆ, *poët.* ἀκλεᾶ: (a privat., κλέος):—*without fame, inglorious, ignoble*: neut. ἀκλεές as Adv. *ingloriously*.

ἀκλεία, ἡ, (ἀκλεής) *ingloriousness*.

ἀκλειῆς, *és*, Ep. for ἀκλεής: Ep. Adv. ἀκλειῶς.

ἀκλειστος, *ov*, Ion. ἀκλήιστος, Att. contr. ἀκλήιστος, (a privat., κλείω): *not sbut, not bolted or fastened*.

ἀκλεῶς, Adv. of ἀκλεής, *ingloriously*.

ἀκλήης, *és*, *poët.* for ἀκλεής.

ἀκλήιστος, Ion. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀκλήρος, *ov*, *without lot or portion, poor, needy*. 2. *without lot or share in a thing, c. gen.* II. *unlotted, without an owner*.

ἀκλήρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., κληρώ) *without lot or portion in a thing, c. gen.*

ἀκλήρωτος, *ov*, Att. for ἀκλειστος.

ἀκλήτος, *ov*, (a privat., καλέω) *uncalled, unbidden*.

ἀκλινής, *és*, (a privat., κλινῆναι) *bending to neither side*: *unswerving, steadfast*.

ἀκλυτος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (a privat., κλύω) *unwashed by waves*.

ἀκμάζω, *f. áσω*, (ἀκμή) *to be in full bloom, be at the prime or perfection*: hence *to flourish, abound in a thing, ἀκμάζειν πλούτῳ*, etc.: *c. inf. to be strong enough to do*; but *impers. ἀκμάζει, c. inf., it is high time to do*.

ἀκμαῖος, *a, ov*, (ἀκμή) *in full bloom, at the prime, blooming, vigorous*; ἀκμαῖος φύσιν *in the prime of strength*. II. *in time, in season*, Lat. *opportunus*.

ἀκμή, ἡ, (ἀκή, Lat. *acies*) *a point, edge*; proverb. ἐπὶ ξυρπὸν ἀκμῆς *on the razor's edge*, i. e. *at the critical moment*; ἀμφιδέξει ἀκμαί *the fingers of both hands, like ποδῶν ἀκμαί*. 2. *the highest point of anything, the bloom, flower, prime*, esp. of man's age, ἀκμή ἡβης, Lat. *flor aetatis*; ἀκμή θέρου *mid-summer*:—generally, *strength, vigour*. 3. *like καρπός, the time, i. e. the best, most fitting time*; ἀκμή [ἔστι], *c. inf., 'tis high time to do*; ἐπ' ἀκμῆς εἶναι, *c. inf., to be on the point of doing*.

ἀκμήν, properly acc. of ἀκμή, but used as Adv. *in a moment, directly*: *even now, still, like ἔτι*.

ἀκνήσος, ἡ, *ón*, (ἀκμή) *full-grown, in full vigour*.

ἀκμηνος, *ov*, *fasting from food*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκμητός, ἡτος, *ó, ἡ*, (a privat., κάμνω) = ἀκάμας, *untiring, fresh*.

ἀκμητος, *ov*, (a privat., κάμνω) *unwearied, untiring*.

ἀκρόθετον, τό, (ἀκρον, τίθημι) *the anvil-block*.

*ΑΚΜΩΝ, *ovos, ó*, an *anvil*, Lat. *incus*.

ἀκνισσος or rather ἀκνίσος, *ov*, (a privat., κνίσο) *without fat, esp. without the fat of sacrifice*.

ἀκοή, Ep. ἀκουή, ἡ, (ἀκούω) *bearing*: I. *the sense of bearing*: *the ear*; esp. in plur., ἀκοαῖς δέχεσθαι *to hear, etc.* II. *a bearing, listening to*; ἀκοῆς ἄξιος *worth bearing*. III. *the thing*

heard, a report, saying, fame; ἀκοῆ εἶδέναι *τι to know a thing by hearsay*.

ἀκοίμητος, *ov*, (a privat., κοιμάομαι) *sleepless*.

ἀκοινώνητος, *ov*, (a privat., κοινώνω) *not shared in common*. II. act. *not sharing in, not partaking of*: hence *unsocial*.

ἀκοίτης, *ov, ó*, (α=ἄμα, κοίτη) *a bedfellow, spouse, husband*: fem. ἀκοίτις, *ios, ἡ*, *a wife*.

ἀκολάκευτος, *ov*, (a privat., κολακεύω) *not flattered, not won by flattery*.

ἀκολᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀκόλαστος) *licentiousness, intemperance*: *excess, extravagance*: opp. *to σωφροσύνη*.

ἀκολασταῖνος, (ἀκόλαστος) *to be licentious, debauched, intemperate*: *to live a riotous life*.

ἀκόλαστος, *ov*, (a privat., κολάζω) Lat. *non castigatus, unchastened, undisciplined, unbridled*: also *uneducated*. 2. *intemperate, opp. to σώφρων*.

Hence

ἀκόλαστος, Adv. *intemperately*: Comp., ἀκόλαστώτερος ἔχειν πρὸς τι *to be too intemperate in a thing*.

ἀκόλος, *ov, ó*, (a privat., κόλον) *a bit, morsel*.

ἀκολουθέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀκολουθος) *to follow, go after or with*. II. metaph. *to follow or obey one in a thing*. Hence

ἀκολουθήσις, *εως, ἡ*, *a following, sequence*.

ἀκολουθητέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκολουθέω, *one must follow*.

ἀκολουθία, ἡ, (ἀκολουθέω) *a following, attendance, train*. II. *agreement or conformity with*.

ἀκόλουθος, *ov*, (a copul., κέλευθος) *following, attending on*:—as Subst. ἀκόλουθος, *ó*, *a follower, attendant*; or ἀκόλουθος *the camp followers*. II. *following after*; agreeing with, suitable to, like, *c. gen.*; but also *c. dat.* Adv. —ὡς, *in accordance with, c. dat.*

ἀκόλυμβος, *ov*, *unable to swim*.

ἀκομωσία, Ep. —τη [ῆ], ἡ, *want of tending*. From

ἀκόμιστος, *ov*, (a privat., κομίζω) *untended*.

ἀκομος, *ov*, (a privat., κόμη) *without hair, bald*: of trees, *leafless*.

ἀκόμπαστος, *ov*, (a privat., κομπάζω) *unboastful*.

ἀκομπος, *ov*, *without boast, unboasting*.

ἀκομψος, *ov*, *unadorned, simple, plain*, Lat. *simplex*. II. *rude in speech*.

ἀκονάω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀκονή) *to sharpen, whet*.

ἀκονδύλος, *ov*, (a privat., κονδύλη) *without blows*.

ἀκονή, ἡ, (ἀκή) *a whetstone, bone*, Lat. *cos*.

ἀκονίτι, Adv. of ἀκόνιτος, (a privat., κονίω) *without the dust of the arena, hence without combat, toil, or effort*, Lat. *sine pulvere*.

ἀκόντιον, τό, a poisonous plant, *aconite*, *monksblood*.
ἀκόντι, later form for ἀέκοντι.

ἀκοντίω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἠκόντισα, Ep.
ἀκόντισα: (ἀκον) :—to hurl a javelin: also to throw,
fling, dart: to dart at, c. gen. pers.: later c. acc.
pers. to hit or strike with a javelin, to wound; and
Pass. to be so hit or wounded. 2. to shoot forth
rays, of the moon. II. intrans. to dart or
pierce.

ἀκόντιον, τό, Dim. of ἀκων, a dart, javelin.
ἀκόντις, ἡ, (ἀκοντίω) the throwing a javelin.
ἀκόντισμα, τό, (ἀκοντίω) that which is darted, a
javelin; ἐνθός ἀκοντίσματος within a dart's throw.
ἀκοντιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅς, and ἀκοντιστής, οὐ, ὅς, (ἀκον-
τίω) a darter, hurler of javelins.

ἀκοντιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκοντίω) skilled in throwing
the dart.

ἀκοντιστός, ὄσος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκόντις, the game of
the dart, a contest at throwing the dart.

ἀκοντο-δόκος, ον, (ἀκων, δέχομαι) watching the
dart, i. e. *shunning it*.

ἀ-κόπος, ον, without weariness: I. pass. *not*
wearyed, *untiring*. II. act. *not* wearying,
easy. 2. removing weariness, refreshing.

ἀκόρεστος, most shameless, a Sup. either from
ἀ-κορής = ἀκόρεστος; or shortened for ἀκορεστότα-
τος, Sup. of ἀκόρεστος, like μέσσαστος, νέαστος.

ἀ-κόρεστος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate, un-
ceasing: c. gen. insatiate of, unsated with. II.
act. *not* satiating: *not* disgusting.

ἀ-κόρετος, ον, = ἀκόρεστος.
ἀ-κόρητος, ον, (a privat., κορέννυμι) insatiate: c.
gen. unsated with, ἀκ. πολέμου, ἀπειλῶν. 2. (a
privat., κορέω) unswept, untrimmed.

ἀ-κόρος, ον, = ἀκόρητος, insatiate: metaph. cease-
less, Lat. *improbus*.

ἌΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a cure, relief, remedy, help, re-
source for or against a thing, c. gen.: ἄκος τέμνειν to
prepare a remedy.

ἀκόσμεω, f. ἡσω, (ἄκοσμος) to be disorderly, un-
ruly: to be out of order, to offend.

ἀ-κόσμητος, ον, (a privat., κοσμέω) unarranged,
disorderly. 2. unadorned, unfurnished.

ἀκόσμία, ἡ, disorder: extravagance: unruliness,
offence. From

ἀ-κόσμος, ον, without order, disorderly: in moral
sense, unruly, rebellious:—Adv. -μεις, without or-
der. II. κόσμος ἀκόσμος a world that is no
world, like γάμος ἀγάμος, etc.

ἀκοστάω or ἀκοστέω, only used in aor. I part.
ἀκοστήσας, well-fed, over-fed. From

ἌΚΟΣΤΗ, ἡ, barley.

ἀκούζομαι, Dep., like ἀκούω, to hearken to, c.
gen. II. to be called, bidden: δαυτὸς ἀκούάζε-
σθαι you are bidden to the feast, like καλεῖσθαι, Lat.
vocari.

ἀκουή, ἡ, Ep. for ἀκοή, bearing; πατρὸς ἀκουή
tidings of his father:—a sound.

ἀ-κούρος, ον, (a privat., κούρος) childless, without
male heir. II. (a privat., κούρῃ) unborn.

ἀκούσειαν, Aeol. form of ἀκούσαιεν, 3 pl. aor. I
opt. of ἀκούω.

ἀκούσειαν, Desiderat. of ἀκούω, to wish to bear.
ἀκουσί-θεος, ον, (ἀκούω, θεός) beard of God.

ἀκούσιμος, ἡ, ον, (ἀκούω) audible.
ἀκούσιος, ον, Att. contr. for ἀεκουσίος, unwilling,
under constraint:—Adv. -ίως, unwillingly, or in an
unwelcome manner; Sup. ἀκουσιώτατα, most un-
willingly.

ἀκουσμα, τό, (ἀκούω) a thing heard, a sound,
strain. 2. a rumour, report, tale. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀκουσμάτιον, τό, a little tale.
ἀκουστέον, also ἀκουστέα, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, one
must bear or hearken to, c. gen.

ἀκουστής, οὐ, ὅς, (ἀκούω) a bearer, listener.
ἀκουστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀκούω, heard, audible:
that should be heard.

ἌΚΟΥΤΩ, f. ἀκούσσομαι: aor. I ἤκουσα: pf. Att.
ἄκηκα, Dor. ἀκούκα: plqpf. ἀκηκέων, Att. ἀκηκόη:
—Pass., fut. ἀκουσθήσομαι: aor. I ἤκούσθη: pf.
ἤκουσμαι:—to bear, give both with gen. and
acc. 2. absol. to bear, give ear; ἀκούετε λεῶ bear,
O people. II. to listen or give ear to, mostly c.
gen.; more rarely c. dat., hence to obey. III. to
bear oneself called, be called, pass for; with an Adj.
or Subst., ἀκούειν κακός, Lat. *malus audire*; or with
an Adv. εἰ, κακῶς ἀκούειν, Lat. *bene, male audire*.

ἄκρα, Ion. ἀκρη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀκρος) the end,
point, esp. the highest point, the top of the bill, peak,
headland: a citadel, Lat. *arx*:—κατ' ἀκρης πέρθειν,
Att. κατ' ἀκρας, to destroy from top to bottom, i. e.
utterly, Lat. *funditus evertere*.

ἀκράαντος, ον, = ἀκράντος, without result, unful-
filled, fruitless, Lat. *irritus*.

ἀ-κράγής, ἐς, (a privat., κραγεῖν) not barking.
ἀκρατῆ, contr. form of ἀκρατέα, acc. masc. of ἀκρατής.
ἀκρ-ᾄης, ἐς, (ἀκρος, ἄημι) of certain winds, blowing
strongly, fresh-blowing.

ἀκραφνής, ἐς, contr. from ἀκραφο-φανής, (ἀκεί-
ρατος, φανήναι) unmixed, pure, sheer: hence II.
unharmful, Lat. *integer*: c. gen. untouched by a thing.

ἀ-κράντος, ον, (a privat., κραῖνω) unaccomplished,
unfulfilled, fruitless, idle. II. endless.

ἀκράστια, ἡ, (ἀκρατής) the character of an ἀκρατής,
incontinence, Lat. *impotentia*, opp. to ἐγκράτεια.

ἀ-κράτεια, ἡ, earlier form of foregoing. [ᾶ]
ἀκράτῆστερος, irreg. Comp. of ἀκράτος.
ἀ-κράτης, ἐς, (a privat., κράτος) powerless: not
having power or command over a thing; ἀκρατής
ἔργης, Lat. *impotens irae*: esp. in a moral sense,
without power or command over oneself, incontinent,
Lat. *impotens sui*.

ἀ-κράτίζομαι, fut. Att. ἴουμαι, Dep. to drink pure
wine (ἀκράτος, merum). II. to breakfast, because
this meal consisted of bread dipped in wine. Hence

ἀκράτιστος, ον, having breakfasted. [κρᾶ]

ἀκράτοποσία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a drinking of unmixed wine. From

ἀκράτο-πότης, ον, Ion. ἀκρητο-πότης, εω, ὁ, (ἀκράτος, πίνω) a drinker of unmixed wine.

ἀκράτος, Ion. ἀκρητος, ον: Comp. and Sup. ἀκράτεστερος, -έστατος: (a privat., κεράννυμι):—unmixed, pure, sheer, unadulterate: esp. of wine, ἀκράτος (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, wine without water, sheer wine, Lat. *merum*; metaph., ἀκράτος νοῦς pure intellect. 2. untempered, unrestrained, excessive: intemperate, violent.

ἀκράτωρ, οπος, ὁ, = ἀκρατής, without control. [κρᾶ] ἀκράτῶς, Adv. of ἀκρατής, without control; ἀκρατῶς ἔχειν to be incontinent.

ἀκράχολῶ, f. ἥσω, to be passionate. From ἀκρά-χολος, Ion. ἀκρή-χολος, ον, (ἀκρος, χόλος) quick or sudden to anger, passionate; κύν ἀκράχολος an ill-tempered dog. [κρᾶ]

ἀκρέμω, ονος, ὁ, (ἀκρος) the end of a branch or bough, a small branch, spray, twig.

ἀκρ-έσπερος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἑσπέρα) at the beginning of evening, at eventide.

ἀκρ-ήβης, ες, and ἀκρ-ηβος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἥβη) in earliest youth, very young.

ἀκρητος, ον, Ion. for ἀκρατος, unmixed, pure.

ἀκρη-χολία, ἀκρή-χολος, Ion. for ἀκραχολία, etc. ἀκριας, acc. pl. of ἀκριας.

ἀκριβεία, ἡ, exactness, accuracy, precision: perfection. II. strictness, severity: parsimony, frugality. From

ἀκριβής, ἐς, exact, accurate, precise, perfect in its kind; of thoughts, clear, definite, precise. II.

of persons, exact, strict, scrupulous:—also frugal, stingy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀκριβολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀκριβολόγος) to be exact, accurate, or precise in language: c. acc. rei, to weigh accurately. Hence

ἀκριβολογία, ἡ, precision of language.

ἀκριβο-λόγος, ον, (ἀκριβής, λόγος) exact in language.

ἀκριβῶς, f. ὦσω, (ἀκριβής) to make exact or accurate: to arrange precisely: but commonly, to examine or understand thoroughly: to express accurately:—Pass. to be made exact or perfect.

ἀκριβῶς, Adv. of ἀκριβής, exactly, accurately, precisely. II. sparingly; ἀκριβῶς καὶ μόλις, Lat. *vix et ne vix quidem*.

ἀκριδο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀκρις, τίθημι) a locust-cage.

ἀκρις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκρα, a bill-top, peak; mostly in pl. ἀκριες ἠνεμόεσσα the windy mountain-tops.

ἌΚΡΙΞ, ἴδος, ἡ, a locust, Lat. *gryllus*.

ἀκρισία, ἡ, (ἀκριτος) want of distinctness and order, confusion. II. want of judgment.

ἀκριτό-δακρυς, v, gen. vos, (ἀκριτος, δάκρυ) shedding floods of tears.

ἀκριτό-μῦθος, ον, (ἀκριτος, μῦθος) talking recklessly. II. hard to interpret.

ἀκρίτος, ον, (a privat., κρίνω) unarranged, con-

fused, disorderly: countless. 2. lasting, unceasing: of mountains, continuous. II. undecided, doubtful.

2. unjudged, untried, of persons and things; ἀκριτὸν τινα κτείνειν, to put to death without trial, Lat. *indicta causa*:—also not subject to trial. III. act. not giving judgment. 2. not exercising judgment, undistinguishing.

ἀκριτό-φυλλος, ον, (ἀκριτος, φύλλον) of blended foliage.

ἀκριτό-φυρτος, ον, (ἀκριτος, φύρω) undistinguishably mixed.

ἀκροάζομαι, Dep. = ἀκροάομαι.

ἀκροάμα, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) Lat. *acroëma*, anything beard with pleasure, anything read, recited, played or sung: a play or musical piece.

ἌΚΡΟΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἠκροώμην: fut. ἀσσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 1 ἠκροσάμην: pf. ἠκροάμαι: Dep.:—to bearken or listen to, esp. to bear or attend lectures; ὁ ἀκροώμενος a bearer, student. II. to obey.

ἀκροάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearkening or listening to. 2. obedience.

ἀκροατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀκροάομαι, one must listen to.

ἀκροατήριον, τό, (ἀκροάομαι) a place of audience: lecture-room.— II. an audience.

ἀκροατής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀκροάομαι) a bearer: a pupil.

ἀκροατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀκροάομαι) proper for bearing or attending lectures; μισθὸς ἀκροατικός, Lat. *bonorarium*, a pupil's fee.

ἀκρο-βιπέω, (ἀκρος, βαίνω) to walk on tiptoe or erect. ἀκρο-βᾶφής, (ἀκρος, βᾶφῆναι) wetted at the end. II. tinged at the point, or slightly.

ἀκρο-βελής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, βέλος) with a point at the end.

ἀκροβολέω, (ἀκροβόλος) to be a slinger, to skirmish.

ἀκροβολίζομαι, (ἀκροβολέω) Dep. to throw or strike from afar: to skirmish. Hence

ἀκροβόλις, εως, ἡ, a skirmishing.

ἀκροβολισμός, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλις.

ἀκροβολιστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀκροβόλος.

ἀκρο-βόλος, ὁ, (ἀκρος, βαλεῖν) as Subst. one that throws from afar, a slinger, skirmisher: but II. as Adj. *proparox.* ἀκρο-βολος, ον, struck from afar.

ἀκροβυστία, ἡ, (ἀκρόβυστος) uncircumcision.

ἀκρό-βυστος, ον, (ἀκρος, βύω) uncircumcised.

ἀκρο-γωνιαῖος, ον, (ἀκρος, γωνία) at the extreme angle; ἀκρ. λίθος the corner foundation-stone.

ἀκρό-δετος, ον, (ἀκρος, δέω) bound at the end or top. ἀκρόδρυα, τά, (ἀκρος, δρῦς) fruit-trees. II.

fruits, esp. hard-shelled fruits.

ἀκρο-έλικτος, ον, (ἀκρος, ἐλίσσω) twisted at the end.

ἀκρο-θιγής, ἐς, (ἀκρος, θιγεῖν) touching on the surface or lightly.

ἀκρό-θινα, τά, v. ἀκρο-θίνιον.

ἀκροθινιάζομαι, Dep. (ἀκροθίνιον) to take of the best, pick out for oneself.

ἀκρο-θίνιον, τό, (ἀκρος, θίς) mostly in plur. ἀκροθίνα, also ἀκρόθινα, properly, the top of the bear, the

best or choicest parts: hence the first-fruits of the field, of booty, etc., like ἀπαρχαί:—properly a neut. Adj. from ἀροθίνιος, whence θύη ἀροθίνια offerings of first-fruits. [θῆ]

ἀρο-κελαινώ, (ἀρος, κελαινός) only used in Ep. part. ἀροκελαινώων, growing black on the surface.

ἀρο-κνήφατος, ον, and ἀρο-κνήφης, ἐς, (ἀρος, κνήφας) at the beginning or end of night, in twilight. ἀρο-κομος, ον, (ἀρος, κόμη) with hair on the crown. II. with leaves at the top.

ἀρο-κόρινθος, ὁ, the citadel of Corinth.

ἀρο-κύματώ, f. ὡσω, (ἀρος, κύμα) to float on the topmost waves.

ἀρο-λίθος, ον, (ἀρος, λίθος) with the extremities of stone, epith. of statues of wood with marble head, hands, and feet.

ἀρο-λίσιον, τό, (ἀρος, λίνον) the edge of a net.

ἀρο-λογέω, (ἀρος, λέγω) to gather at top.

ἀρολοφίτης [τ], ον, ὁ, (ἀρος, λόφος) a mountain-tineer.

ἀρο-λοφος, ὁ, (ἀρος, λόφος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀρο-λυτέω, (ἀρος, λύω) to untie only at the end.

ἀρο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἀρος, μάνηαι) at the height of madness, raving mad.

ἀρο-μόλιβδος, ον, (ἀρος, μόλιβδος) leaded at the edge, epith. of a net.

ἀρον, ον, τό, neut. of ἀρος, the highest or topmost point: I. a mountain-top, peak. II. metaph.

the highest pitch, the height of a thing. III. pl. ἀρα, of persons, the chiefs.

ἀρο-ονυχί, Adv. (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) with the edge of the nail.

ἀρο-όνυχος, ον, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) = ἀρώνυχος.

ἀρο-ὄνυχος, ον, (ἀρος, νύξ) at nightfall, at even.

ἀρο-πενθής, ἐς, (ἀρος, πένθος) exceeding sad.

ἀρο-ποδητή, Adv. (ἀρος, ποῦς) on tiptoe, stealthily.

ἀρο-πόλις, ἑως, ἡ, (ἀρος, πόλις) the upper or higher city, hence the citadel, castle: in Att. esp. the Acropolis of Athens, which served as the treasury. II. metaph. a tower of defence. 2. the highest point.

ἀρο-πόλος, ον, (ἀρος, πολέω) high-ranging: generally, high.

ἀρο-πόρος, ον, (ἀρος, πείρω) boring through, piercing with the point.

ἀρο-πτερον, τό, (ἀρος, πτερον) the tip of the wing.

ἀρο-πόλις, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ἀρόπολις.

ἀρος, α, ον, (ἀκί) at the end, i. e. either outermost, Lat. extremus, or at the top, Lat. summus; ἀρα χεῖρ, ἀροι ποδες, etc., the end of the hand or feet, etc.;

πόλις ἀρη = ἀρόπολις, the citadel; ὕδρα ἀρον the surface of the water; so also, ἐπ' ἀρος (sc. διατύλοισ) on tiptoe; οὐκ ἀπ' ἀρας φρενός not from the surface of the heart, i. e. from the inmost heart;

ἀροισι λαίφους κρασπέδους with the outermost edges of the sail, with a close-reefed sail. II. of Time, ἀρα ἑσπέρα the end of evening, night-fall. III.

of Degree, the highest in its kind, first, exceeding

good, excellent; ἀροι Δαναῶν, ποιητῶν the first among the Greeks, the poets; ψυχὴν οὐκ ἀρος not strong of mind. IV. neut. ἀρον and ἀρα, as Adv. very, exceedingly, highly: v. ἀρος.

ἀρο-σίδηρος, ον, (ἀρος, σίδηρος) pointed or sbod with iron.

ἀρο-σοφος, ον, (ἀρος, σοφός) high in wisdom.

ἀρο-στόλιον, τό, (ἀρος, στολή) the gunwale of a ship.

ἀρο-σφάλης, ἐς, (ἀρος, σφάληαι) apt to stumble.

ἀροτάτι, fem. Sup. of ἀρος.

ἀρο-τελεύτιον, τό, (ἀρος, τελευτή) the fag-end of anything, esp. of a verse.

ἀροτήρις, ητος, ἡ, (ἀρος) a summit, height.

ἀροτομέω, to lop off or shave the surface. From ἀρο-τομος, ον, (ἀρος, τεμείν) cut off at the edge.

ἀρο-ουχέω, (ἀρον, ἔχω) to inhabit the heights.

ἀρο-φύσιον, τό, (ἀρος, φύσα) the snout or pipe of a pair of bellows.

ἀρο-χενής, ἐς, (ἀρος, χανέιν) wide-gawning.

ἀρο-χερίσμα, Dep. (ἀρος, χεῖρ) to struggle at arm's length, of a kind of wrestling, in which they grasped one another's hands, without clasping the body.

ἀ-κρυπτος, ον, (a privat., κρύπτω) unbidden.

ἀ-κρύσταλλος, ον, without ice, unfrrozen.

ἀρο-ωλένιον, τό, (ἀρος, ὠλένη) the point of the elbow.

ἀρο-ωνυχία, ἡ, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) the tip of the nail: hence any extremity, the ridge of a mountain.

ἀρο-όνυχος, ον, (ἀρος, ὄνυξ) with nails, claws, boofs.

ἀρο-ώρεια, ἡ, (ἀρος, ὄρος) a mountain-ridge.

ἀρος, regul. Adv. of ἀρος, very, exceedingly.

ἀροωτηρίαζω, f. σω: aor. I ἡροωτηρίασα: pf. pass. ἡροωτηρίασμαι:—to cut off the extremities, esp. the bands and feet, to mutilate. From

ἀροωτήριον, τό, (ἀρος) any topmost or prominent part; ἀρο οὔρεος a mountain-peak; ἀρο νηός a ship's beak, Lat. rostra. 1. in plur. the extremities of the body, hands and feet. 2. in sing. a promontory.

ἀκταινῶ, = ἀκταινω.

ἀκταινω, seems to be a strengthd. form of ἀγω, to put in motion, or, if intr., to move rapidly.

ἀκταῖος, α, ον, (ἀκτῆ) on the shore or coast. II. Ἀκταία (sc. γῆ) ἡ, Coast-land, an old name of Attica, also Ἀκτῆ.

ἈΚΤΕ΄Α, ἡ, the elder-tree, Lat. sambucus.

ἀ-κτεῖανος, ον, (a privat., κτεῖανον) without property.

ἀ-κτείνιστος, ον, (a privat., κτενίζω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀγω, one must lead: εἰρήνην ἀκτέον one must keep peace. II. intr. one must go or march.

ἀ-κτερίστος or ἀ-κτερίστος, ον, (a privat., κτερεῖω or κτερίζω) without funeral-rites.

ἀκτῆ, ἡ, (ἀρνημι) the place where the waves break, i. e. the beach, sea-shore, strand; in plur., ἀκταὶ προβλήτες jutting cliffs. 2. a tract by the sea. II.

generally, *any raised place or edge*, like the sea-coast, Lat. *ora*.

ἀκτή, ἡ, (ἀγγυμι) properly fem. of ἀκτός (*broken, bruised*), *bruised corn*, Lat. *mola*: *groats, meal, bread made of it*.

ἀ-κτῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κτῆμα) *without property*, c. gen., ἀκτῆμων χρυσοῦ *poor in gold*.

ἀ-κτῆτος, *ov*, (a privat., κτᾶομαι) *not worth getting*, ἀκτῆσιον, Ep. (for ἀκτίσιον, dat. pl. of ἀκτίς).

ἀκτινήδον, (ἀκτίς) Adv. *like a ray*.

ἀκτιος, *ov*, (ἀκτί) *of or inhabiting the sea-shore*.

ἀκτίς, ἴσος, ἡ, a ray, beam, esp. of the sun; μέσσα ἀκτίς *midday*: also *the flash of fire and lightning*: metaph. *brightness, splendour*. II. like Lat. *radius*, *the spoke of a wheel*.

ἀκτίτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀκτί) *a dweller on the coast*. [7]

ἀ-κτίτος, *ov*, (a privat., κτίω) *uncultivated*.

ἀκτωρ, *opos*, ὁ, (ἀγω) *a leader, chief*.

ἀ-κυβέρνητος, *ov*, (a privat., κυβερνάω) *without pilot, not steered*.

*ΑΚΥΛΩΟΣ, ἡ, *an esculent acorn, fruit of the ilex*.

ἀ-κυμάντος, *ov*, (a privat., κύμαινω) *not washed by the waves, waveless, calm*.

ἀ-κύμος, *ov*, = ἀκύμαντος: metaph. *calm, serene*.

ἀ-κύμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κύμα) = ἀκύμαντος. [v]

ἀ-κυμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., κυέω) *without fruit or offspring, barren*. [v]

ἀ-κύρος, *ov*, (a privat., κύρος) *without authority*.

I. of laws, sentences, etc., *no longer in force, cancelled, annulled, set aside*; ἀκύρος γίνεσθαι, εἶναι *to have no force, be set aside*.

II. of persons, *having no right or power*, c. gen. Hence ἀκύρωος, f. ὤσω, *to cancel, set aside*.

ἀ-κύρωτος, *ov*, verb. Adj. *unratified*.

ἀ-κωδώνιστος, *ov*, (a privat., κωδωνίζω) *untried, unexamined*.

ἀκωκή, ἡ, (ἀκή) *a point, edge*, Lat. *acies*.

ἀ-κώλυτος, *ov*, (a privat., κωλύω) *unhindered*. Adv. -τως, *without hindrance*.

ἀ-κωμώδητος, *ov*, (a privat., κωμῶδέω) *not made the subject of comedy*: generally, *not ridiculed*.

ἄκων, *ovtos*, ὁ, (ἀκή) *a javelin, dart*, smaller and lighter than ἔγχος.

ἄκων, ἄκουσα, ἄκων, gen. -ovtos, Att. contr. for ἄέκων, *against one's will, perforce*. II. = ἀκούσιος, *involuntary*. [ā]

ἀ-κωπος, *ov*, (a privat., κῶπη) *without oars*.

ἀλαβαστο-θήκη, ἡ, (ἀλάβαστος, θήκη) *a case for alabaster ornaments*.

ἀλάβαστος, ὁ, ἀλαβαστίτης, ὁ, ἀλαβάστιον, τό, Att. for ἀλάβαστρος.

ἀλάβαστρον, τό, and ἀλάβαστρος, ὁ, also ἡ, a calcareous spar, *alabaster*. II. *that which is wrought or made of it, a casket or case of alabaster*.

ἄλαδε, Adv. (ἄλας) *to or into the sea*: in Homer also εἰς ἄλαδε.

ἀλά-δρομος, *ov*, ὁ, by some derived from ἄλλομαι,

δρομος, *the bounding race*; by others from ἄλας, δρόμος, *a race over the sea*.

ἀλαξονεία, ἡ, (ἀλαξών) *the character of a braggart, vain-boasting, imposture*.

ἀλαξόνευμα, τό, *an imposture*. From ἀλαξονεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, Dep. *to swagger, use false pretensions*. From

ἀλαξών, ἴσος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄλη) *a wanderer about the country, vagabond*:—hence, *a false pretender, an impostor*.

II. as Adj. *making false pretences, swaggering, braggart*, Lat. *gloriosus*:—Sup. ἀλαξονέστατος or -ίστατος.

ἀλάθεια, ἀλαθής, Dor. for ἀλήθεια, ἀληθής.

ἀλαθεῖς, Dor. aor. I pass. part. of ἀλάομαι.

ἀλανάω, = ἀλάομαι, *to wander about*.

ἀλακτά, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλακίατη.

ἀλαλά, Dor. for ἀλαλή.

ἀλαλάγη, ἡ, (ἀλαλάω) *a shouting*.

ἀλάλαγος, ὁ, = ἀλαλήγη.

ἀλαλάξω: f. ἄλομαι: aor. I ἡλάλαξα, poet. ἀλάλαξα: (ἀλαλή):—*to raise the war-cry*: generally, *to shout aloud in sign of joy; νίκην ἀλαλάζειν to shout the shout of victory*.

ἀλαλή, Dor. ἀλαλά, ἡ, *alala!* *a loud cry: the battle-shout, war-cry*.

ἀλάλημαι, a pf. form of ἀλάομαι, but only used in pres. sense, *to wander or roam about*, like a beggar.

ἀ-λάλητος, *ov*, (a privat., λαλέω) *unspeakable*.

ἀλάλητος, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀλαλή) *the war-cry, shout of victory*: also *a cry of woe, wailing*.

ἀλακκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

II. ἀλακκεῖν, -έμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἀλέξω.

Ἄλαλκο-μενίης, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλακκεῖν, μένος) *the guardian goddess, name of Minerva*.

ἀ-λάλος, *ov*, (a privat., λάλος) *speechless, dumb*.

ἀ-λάλυκτεμαι, a pf. form as if from ἀλυκτέω (ἀλύω), but like ἀλάλημαι only used in pres. sense, *to wander about in anguish: to wander in mind from grief*.

ἀ-λάμπητος, *ov*, (a privat., λάμπω) *without light, darksome*.

ἀ-λαμπής, ἑς, = ἀλάμπητος; ἀλαμπής ἡλίου *without the light of the sun*.

ἀλάομαι, impf. ἡλώμην: aor. I ἡλήθην, Ep. ἀλήθην: pf. ἀλάλημαι: Dep.: (ἄλη):—*to wander, stray, or roam about*: sometimes c. acc., ἀλαῶσαι γῆν *to wander through or over the land*: also *to wander from home, be banished*. II.*metaph. *to wander in mind, be distraught*.

ἀλαός, ὄν, *not seeing, blind*; ἀλαοί, as opp. to δεδωρόκτες, *the dead*; ἀλαδὸν ἔλκος ὀμμάτων *a wound that brings blindness*. II. *dark, obscure*.

ἀλαο-σκοπιή, ἡ, (ἀλαός, σκοπέω) *a blind, i. e. useless, careless watch*.

ἀλαῶω, f. ὤσω: aor. I inf. ἀλαῶσαι: (ἀλαός):—*to make blind*.

ἀλαπαδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλαπάω) *easily mastered, weakened: powerless, feeble*.

ἀ-λαπάξω, Ep. impf. ἀλάπαζον: f. ἀλαπάξω: Ep.

aor. ἀλάπαφα: (α euphon., λαπάω) :—to empty, drain, make poor: esp. to drain of power and strength, overcome, slay.

ἄλας, ἄτος, τό, = ἄλς, salt.

ἀλαστέω, (ἄλαστος) to be wrathful, bear bate.

ἀλάστορος, ον, (ἀλάστωρ) under the influence of an avenger.

ἄ-λαστος, ον, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) not to be forgotten, insufferable, unceasing: abominable, accursed. Hence

ἄ-λάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (α privat., λαυθάνομαι) he who forgets not, the Avenging Deity, Lat. Deus Vindex, with or without δαίμων: then, generally, an avenger, persecutor, tormentor: Βουκόλων ἀλάστωρ the herdsmen's plague. II. pass. one who suffers from divine vengeance: a sinner, evil-doer, accursed and polluted man.

ἀλάτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀλήτης.

ἀλατεία, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλητεία.

ἀλάτο, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλάμοι.

ἀλαωτός, ὅς, ἡ, (ἀλαός) a making blind, blinding.

ἀλγεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλγος) giving pain, painful, grievous:—Adv. —vός. II. act. feeling pain, suffering.

For Comp. and Sup., v. ἀλγίον.

ἀλγεῖ-δωρος, ον, (ἄλγος, δῶρον) bringing pain.

ἀλγέω, f. ἦσσι: aor. I ἤλγησα: (ἄλγος):—to feel bodily pain, suffer pain: to be sick. II. metaph.

to feel pain of mind, to grieve, be troubled or distressed: to suffer pain at or about a thing.

ἄλγηδόν, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) a sense of pain, pain, grief, of body or mind.

ἄλγημα, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλγέω) pain felt or caused.

ἄλγησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλγέω) sense of pain.

ἀλγινός, εσσα, εν, (ἄλγος) painful, grievous.

ἄλγιον, ον, gen. ονος, and ἄλγιστος, ἡ, ον, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἀλγεῖνός, formed from Subst.

ἄλγος (as καλλίων, κάλλιστος from κάλλος). [Υ Ep., but Υ Att.]

*ΑΛΓΟΣ, εος, τό, pain, Lat. dolor, whether of body or mind; pain, sorrow, grief, distress. II. later,

anything that causes pain. Hence

ἀλγύνω, f. ὤνω: aor. I ἤλγυνά.—Pass. with f. med.

ἀλγυνούμαι: aor. I ἤλγυνόην:—to pain, grieve, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, be grieved or distressed at a thing.

ἀλδαίνω: aor. 2 ἤλδανον:—to make to grow, nourish, strengthen; ἤλδανε μέλα she filled out his limbs: to increase, multiply. Only poet. (From *άλω, Lat. alo.)

ἀλδήσκω, to grow, wax, thrive. II. trans. =

ἀλδαίνα. (From Root *ΑΔ-, as in Lat. aëre.)

ἀλέα, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, (ἀλη, ἀλέω) an avoiding, escaping: c. gen. flight from a thing, shelter from it.

ἄλλε'Α, Ion. ἀλέη, ἡ, = εἶλη, beat or warmth, of the sun, or of fire. Hence

ἀλεαίνω, to warm, make warm, sun: intr. to grow warm, be warm.

ἀλεαῖσθαι, ἀλεασθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of ἀλέομαι.

ἀλεαῖσθαι, ἀλεασθε, Ep. aor. I inf. and imper. pl. of ἀλέομαι.

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ἀλγεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλγέω) cf. ἀλγεῖνός) painful, grievous, troublesome: c. inf., ἵπποι ἀλγεῖνοι δαμήμενα horses hard to break.

ἀλγεῖνός, only used in pres. and Ep. impf. ἀλγεῖνός: (ἀλγέω):—to trouble oneself about a thing, to care for, mind, heed, c. gen. rei.

ἀλγεῖνός, chiefly used in pres. and impf.: (ἀλγέω):—in Odyssey with δαῖτα and δαῖτας, to care for a meal: generally afterwards to prepare a meal for guests.

ἀ-λέγω, (α copul., λέγω) only used in pres. to trouble oneself, have a care, mind, heed; mostly with the negat., οὐκ ἀλέγειν to have no care, heed not; rarely without negat., Διταὶ ἀλέγουσι κιοῦσαι they are heedful in their course; also c. acc. vel gen. to care for a person or thing.—Pass. ἀλέγεσθαι ἐν τιαι, to be regarded or thought among.

ἀλεεῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλέα, ἄλω) hot, warm.

ἀλεεῖνός, only used in pres. and impf. = ἀλέομαι, ἀλεόομαι, (ἀλέα, ἄλη) to shun, avoid.

ἀλέη, ἡ, Ion. for ἀλέα.

ἀλειαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλέω) wheaten flour.

ἀλειμμα, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) anything used to anoint with, an unguent, fat, oil.

ἀλείπτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλείφω) an anointer: a trainer, master, properly in the wrestling-school.

ἀλείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of εἶλω.

ἄ-λεισον, τό, (α privat., λείος) an embossed cup, generally = δέπας.

ἀλείτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλή) one who leads or goes astray, a sinner.

ἀλειφα, τό, = ἀλειφαρ.

ἀλειφαρ, ἄτος, τό, (ἀλείφω) unguent, oil, used in funeral sacrifices. II. generally, anything for smearing with, pitch, resin.

*ΑΛΕΙΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἤλειψα, Ep. ἄλ-: pf. ἀλήλιφα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλειψον, also aor. 2 ἤλιψον [ι]: pf. ἀλήλιμμαι:—to anoint with oil, oil the skin: Homer joins ἀλείψαι or ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ελαίω to anoint with oil (see λίπα); esp. of anointing for gymnastic exercises; οἱ ἀλειψόμενοι the athletes. II. like ἐπ-αλείφω, to anoint, besmear; οὔσατα ἀλείψαι to stop up the ears. Hence

ἀλειψίς, εως, ἡ, an anointing, dyeing.

ἀλεκτορικός, ὁ, Dim. of ἀλέκτωρ, a cockerel.

ἀλεκτορίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a hen.

ἀλεκτοριδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cocken.

ἀλεκτορο-φωνία, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ, φωνή) the crowing of a cock: cock-crow.

ἄ-λεκτρος, ον, (α privat., λέκτρον) unwedded; ἄ-λεκτρα γάμων ἀμύλλημα an unlawful contest of marriage: ἀλέκτρα is also used Adv. without marriage.

ἀλεκτρύαινα, ἡ, a hen, comic fem. of ἀλεκτρίων, by analogy of λέαινα to λέων.

ἀλεκτρίων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλέκτωρ) a cock or hen.

*ΑΛΕΚΤΩΡ, ορος, ὁ, a cock, Lat. gallus.

*ΑΛΕ'ΚΩ, less common form for ἀλέξω, to ward off, avert, τινί τι.

ἀλέματος, Dor. for ἤλεματος.

ἄλευ, Dor. and Ep. for ἔαλυσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω:—but ἄλευ, aor. 2 part. neut., v. ἀλείς.

ἄλεξ-ανδρος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, ἀνήρ) *defending men*. II. *the usual name of Paris in the Iliad*.

ἄλεξ-άνεμος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, άνεμος) *keeping off the wind*.

ἄλεξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξέμεναι, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξήσσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξημα, τό, (ἀλέξω) *a defence, guard, help*.

ἄλεξησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλέξω) *a keeping off, resistance*.

ἄλεξησώ, fut. of ἀλέξω.

ἄλεξητέρα, ἡ, fem. of ἀλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀλέξω) *one who keeps off, a helper, guardian*; ἄλεξητήρ μάχης *one who keeps the fight off the rest, a champion*. Hence

ἄλεξητήριος, α, *ον*, *able to keep off, defend or help*, esp. as epith. of the gods, like Lat. *Averrunci*. II.

ἄλεξητήριον (sub. φάρμακον), τό, *a remedy, protection*.

ἄλεξιπτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀλεξητήρ.

ἄλεξι-ἄρη, ἡ, (ἀλέξω, ἀρά) *she that keeps off a curse*; or (from ἀλέξω, Ἄρης) *she that guards from death and ruin*. [ἄρ]

ἄλεξι-βέλεμνος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, βέλεμνον) *keeping off arrows or darts*.

ἄλεξι-κάκος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, κακόν) *keeping off evil*.

ἄλεξι-βροτος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, βροτός) *protecting mortals*.

ἄλεξι-μωρος, *ον*, (ἀλέξω, μώρος) *warding off death*.

ἄλεξι-φάρμακον, τό, *a means of keeping off poison, an antidote*.

ἌΛΕΞΩ:—the tenses are formed partly from ἀλέξω, partly from ἀλέκω:—fut. ἀλεξήσω; 3 sing. aor. I act. opt. ἀλεξήσσει; fut. med. ἀλεξήσομαι:—but also fut. ἀλέξω; aor. I ἤλεξα; fut. med. ἀλέξομαι; aor. I ἤλεξάμην:—also an Ep. aor. 2 without augm. (as if from *ἄλκω) ἀλαλκον, inf. ἀλαλκεῖν, -έμεναι, -έμεν, part. ἀλαλκῶν; whence again is formed a fut. ἀλαλκῆσω:—to ward or keep off, turn away or aside, hence to defend, assist, aid:—Construct., c. dat. pers. et acc. rei separately, as, ἀλέξειν τινί to help one; Ζεὺς τὸν ἀλεξήσει may Jove avert this; but most freq. together, as, ἀλέξειν Δαναοῖς κακὸν ἡμῶν to avert the day of evil from the Danaï: cf. ἀλαλκε:—Med., ἀλέξεσθαι τινα to keep another off from oneself, defend oneself against him, Lat. defendere: also absol. to defend oneself. II. in Med. also, to requite, repay, recompense.

ἄλειομαι, contr. ἀλεύμαι, also ἀλεύομαι: 3 sing. opt. ἀλείουτο: part. ἀλείμενος: but chiefly used by Homer in 3 sing. aor. I ἤλευατο or ἀλεύατο; imper. ἀλεύαι, ἀλέασθε; subj. ἀλήται or ἀλεύεται; opt. ἀλείουτο; inf. ἀλέασθαι, ἀλεύασθαι; part. ἀλεύαμενος: Dep.: (ἀλεύω):—to avoid, sbun, usu. c. acc. rei, ἄλ. βέλος, θάνατον, rarely c. acc. pers.: also c. inf. to avoid doing, omit to do: absol. to escape, flee, avoid: to neglect: cf. ἀλεύ.

ἄλεισσαν, Ep. for ἤλεσαν, 3 plur. aor. I of ἀλέω.

ἄλειτα, Ep. for ἄληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἄλλομαι, to leap.

ἄλέτης, *ον*, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinder*; ἄλέτης ὄνος *a mill-stone*.

ἄλετός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) *a grinding*.

ἄλεπρεύω, f. εὔσω, longer form of ἀλέω, to grind. [ἄ]

ἄλε-τρίβανος, ὁ, (ἀλέω, τρίβω) *that which grinds or pounds, a pestle*.

ἄλεπρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλέω) *a female slave who grinds corn*, Lat. *molitrix*. [ἄ]

ἄλεύο or ἄλευ, prob. shortened for ἀλέου, imper. of ἀλέομαι, avoid! cease!

ἄλευάμην, aor. I of ἀ.έομαι.

ἄλευρον, τό, (ἀλέω) *wheaten flour, fine meal*, mostly in plur. ἄλευρα, distinguished from ἄλφικτα (*barley-meal*).

ἄλεύω, f. ἀλέσω, aor. I ἤλεσα, used as Act. to ἀλέομαι or ἀλεύομαι (v. ἀλέομαι):—to remove, keep far away.

ἌΛΕΩ: imper. ἤλουν: fut. ἀλέσω: aor. I ἤλεσα, Ep. ἄλεσσα: pf. ἀλήλεκα, pass. ἀλήλεσμαι or ἀλήλεμαι:—to grind, bruise, pound, Lat. *molere*.

ἄλεωρή, Att. ἀλεωρά, ἡ, (ἀλέομαι) *an avoiding, sbunning, escaping*. 2. *a means of escape from, a defence against a person or thing, δῆλον ἀνδρῶν ἀλεωρή:—absol. help, succour*.

*ἌΛΗ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) *ceaseless wandering or roaming*. 2. metaph. *a wandering of mind, distraction, madness*, Lat. *error mentis*.

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ἀλήθειᾶ, poet. ἀληθείᾶ, ἡ, (ἀληθής) *truth*. II. *the character of one who speaks truth, frankness, sincerity*.

ἀληθέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἀληθῶς.

ἀληθῶς, f. εὔσω, (ἀληθής) of persons, to speak truth, to be truthful: of things, to be true: of divinations, in Pass. to come true, be fulfilled:—ἀληθέουσιν πάντα speak truth in all things.

ἀληθής, ἐς, (a privat., λήθω) *without reserve:—of persons, true, sincere; truthful, frank, honest: of things, real, actual*. 2. neut. as Adv. with ironical signf.: proparox. ἀληθες; itane? indeed? in sooth? but τὸ ἀληθές, in very truth, really and truly, Lat. *revera*.

ἀληθίζομαι, Dep. = ἀληθείω.

ἀληθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀληθής) *agreeable to truth:—of persons, truthful, honest: of things, real, actual, genuine*. Adv. -νάς.

ἀληθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀληθής, μάντις) *prophet of truth*.

ἀληθοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for ἀλήθεια.

ἀλήθω, fut. ἡσώ, = ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀληθῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀληθής, really, truly; also ὡς ἀληθῶς:—Comp. ἀληθέστερον, more truly; Sup. ἀληθέστατα, most truly.

Ἄλητον πεδῖον, τό, (ἀλη) *land of wandering, in Lycia or Cilicia*.

ἄ-λήϊος, *ον*, (a privat., λήϊον) *without corn-land, poor*.

ἄ-ληκτος, Ep. ἀλληκτος, *ον*, (a privat., λήγω) *unceasing, incessant; ἀλληκτος θυμὸς implacable anger*; ἄλληκτος χόλον *abating not from wrath*.

ἀλήλεκα, ἀλήλεσμαι or -εμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω, to grind.

ἀλήλιφα, ἀλήλιμμαι, Att. pf. act. and pass. of ἀλέω.

ἄλημα, τό, (ἀλέω) properly *that which is ground, fine flour*: metaph. a *wily knave*.

ἀλῆμεναι, Ep. for ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἀλῆμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀλάομαι) a wanderer, rover.

ἀλῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of εἶλω.

ἄ-ληπτος, ον, (a privat., λαμβάω) not to be laid hold of, hard to catch: Comp. ἀληπτότερος, less amenable. 2. incomprehensible.

ἄΑΗΨ or ἀλής, ἐς, Ep. and Ion. Adj. = Att. ἀθρόος, *bronged, in a mass*, Lat. *confertus*. [ᾗ]

ἄληται, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἄλλομαι.

ἀλητεία, Dor. ἀλᾶτεία, ἡ, a wandering, roaming.

From
ἀλητεύω, f. εἶσω, (ἀλήτης) to be a wanderer, live a vagrant life.

ἀλητός, ὁ, (ἀλέω) a grinding in the mill.

ἀλήτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλάομαι) a wanderer, stroller, rover, vagabond. 2. as Adj. *vagrant, roving*.

ἄΛΘΟΜΑΙ, Ep. impf. ἀλθόμεν: fut. ἀλθήσομαι: —to become whole or sound; ἀλθετο χεῖρ.

ἄλια, Ion. ἀλίη, ἡ, (ἀλής) an assembly, gathering of the people, Dor. and Ion. word for the Attic ἐκκλησία.

ἄλιά, ἡ, (ἄλς) a salt-cellar.

ἄλιάδαι, ὦν, οἱ, (ἄλς) seamen.

ἄλι-ἄετος, ποῦτ. ἀλιαίετος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄετός) the sea-eagle, osprey.

ἄλι-ᾄής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ᾄημι) blowing on the sea, blowing sea-wind.

ἄλι-ανθής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἄνθος) sea-blooming, i. e. purple.

ἄ-λιαστος, ον, (a privat., λιάζομαι) unyielding, unabating: neut. ἀλιαστος as Adv., incessantly.

ἄλι-βάτος, ον, Dor. for ἡλίβατος.

ἄλι-βρεκτος, ον, (ἄλς, βρέχω) washed by the sea.

ἄλιγκιος, α, ον, resembling, like. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾗ]

ἄλι-δονος, ον, (ἄλς, δονέω) sea-tossed.

ἄλι-ερκής, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἔρκος) sea-girt, surrounded by the sea.

ἄλιεὺς, gen. ἐως, Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἄλς, ἄλιος) one who has to do with the sea, and so I. a fisher. II. a seaman, sailor: with another Subst. ἐρέτας ἀλίητας rowers on the sea.

ἄλιεντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀλιεύω) of or for fishing.

ἄλιεῦω, f. σω, (ἀλιεύς) to be a fisher, to fish.

ἄλιζω, f. ἴσω, aor. ἡλίσα:—Pass., aor. I ἡλίσθη: pf. ἡλίσμαι, Ion. ἄλισμαι: (ἀλής):—to gather together, assemble:—Pass. to assemble, meet together. [ᾗ]

ἄλιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἄλς) to salt. [ᾗ]

ἄλι-ζωνος, ον, (ἄλς, ζώνη) sea-girt.

ἄλιη, ἡ, Ion. for ἄλια.

ἄλι-ἦρης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ἐρέσσω) sweeping the sea.

ἄλιήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ποῦτ. for ἀλιεύς.

ἄλιήσι, Ep. dat. plur. of ἀλίη.

ἄλιθος, Dor. for ἡλίθος.

ἄ-λίθος, ον, without stones, not stony.

ἄλικια, ἡ, Dor. for ἡλικία.

ἄλι-κλυτος, ον, (ἄλς, κλύω) sea-beaten.

ἄλι-κμητος, ον, (ἄλς, κίμων) wearied by the sea.

ἄλικος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡλίκος.

ἄλι-κτύπος, ον, (ἄλς, κτυπέω) sounding in the sea, sea-beaten, of ships. II. act. roaring over the sea, of waves.

ἄλι-κύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, κύμα) surrounded by waves. [ῥ]

ἄλι-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, (ἄλς, μέδω) lord of the sea.

ἄ-λίμενος, ον, (a privat., λιμήν) without harbour, Lat. *importuosus*: generally, giving no shelter, inhospitable. Hence

ἄ-λίμενότης, ἡ, the being without harbours.

ἄλι-μύρῃς, εἶσα, ἐν, (ἄλς, μύρα) flowing into the sea, of rivers.

ἄλινδω, aor. I ἡλίσα, inf. ἄλισαι: pf. ἡλίκα:—to make a horse roll:—Pass. ἄλινδόμεαι or ἄλινδομαι, to roll like a horse; also to wander up and down, roam about. Hence

ἄλινδήθρα, ἡ, a place for horses to roll in, Lat. *volutabrum*.

ἄλι-νήκτερα, ἡ, fem. noun, as if from ἀλι-νηκτήρ (ἄλς, νήχω) swimming in the sea.

ἄλι-νηχῆς, ἐς, (ἄλς, νήχομαι) swimming in the sea.

ἄλινος, η, ον, (ἄλς) made of or from salt.

ἄ-λίνοσ, ον, (a privat., λίνον) without a net, without bunting toils.

ἄλιξ, Dor. for ἡλιξ.

ἄλι-ξαντος, ον, (ἄλς, ξαίνω) worn by the sea.

ἄλιος, ὁ, Dor. for ἡλιος, the sun. [ᾗ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἄλς) of, from, or belonging to the sea, Lat. *marinus*. [ᾗ]

ἄλιος, α, ον, = μάταιος, fruitless, unprofitable, idle, erring: also in neut. as Adv. in vain. [ᾗ] (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄλιο-τρέφης, ἐς, (ἄλιος, τρέφω) sea-nurtured.

ἄλιώω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἡλίωσα, Ep. ἀλίωσα: (ἄλιος II):—to make fruitless, disappoint.

ἄ-λιπᾶρης, ἐς, not fit for a suppliant.

ἄλιπεδον, τό, (ἄλς, πεδίον) a plain by the sea, a sand tract, esp. one near the Piraeus.

ἄλι-πλαγκτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλάζω) roaming in or by the sea.

ἄλιπλακτος, Dor. for ἀλίπλακτος.

ἄλι-πλάνης, ἐς, (ἄλς, πλάνη) sea-wandering, wandering over the sea. Hence

ἄλιπλάνια, ἡ, a wandering over the sea, wandering voyage.

ἄλι-πληκτος, Dor. -πλακτος, ον, (ἄλς, πλήσσω) sea-beaten, lashed by the sea.

ἄλι-πλοος, ον, contr. ἄλι-πλους, ον, (ἄλς, πλέω) merged in the sea, covered with water.

ἄλι-πόρος, ον, (ἄλς, πέρω) plunging the sea.

ἄλι-πόρφυρος, ον, (ἄλς, πορφυρά) of sea-purple, of deep purple dye.

ἀλιρ-ραγίης, ἐς, (ἄλς, ῥαγίηαι) *breaking the waves, against which the tide breaks.*

ἀλιρ-ραντος, ον, (ἄλς, ραίνω) *sea-surg'ing.*

ἀλιρ-ρηκτος, ον, = ἀλιρραγίης.

ἀλιρ-ρόθιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, ῥόθος) *roaring with waves, sea-beaten.*

ἀλιρ-ροθος, ον, = ἀλιρρόθιος.

ἀλιρ-ρύτος, ον, (ἄλς, ῥέω) *washed by the sea.*

ἌΛΙΣ, Adv. (ἀλής) *in heaps, crowds, swarms, in abundance, enough*, Lat. *satis*: also c. gen., ἄλις ἀργύρου *silver enough*, Lat. *sat argenti*; ἄλις ἔχω τινός I have enough of a thing: rarely *satis* enough, = μετρίως.

ἄλισαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλίνδω.

ἌΛΙΣΤΕΨΩ, f. ἴσω, *to pollute.* Hence

ἄλισημα, ατος, τό, *a pollution.*

ἄλισκομαι, a defect. Pass., the Act. of which is supplied by αἰρέω: impf. ἠλίσκομην: fut. ἐλώσομαι: aor. 2 syncop. ἦλων, Att. also ἐάλων []; subj. ἄλω, Ep. ἄλώω; opt. ἄλοιην, Ep. ἄλῃην; inf. ἄλῶναι [ᾶ]; part. ἄλοιός: pf. ἦλωκα, Att. also ἐάλωκα [ᾶ]; plqpf. ἠλώκειν:—to be taken, conquered, fall into the enemy's band.

2. to be caught, seized.

3. to be taken or caught in hunting: also absol. to be overpowered.

4. rarely in good sense, to be won, achieved.

II. to be caught or detected in a thing: as Att. law-term, to be convicted, and so condemned, c. gen. criminis; ἄλῶναι κλοπῆς to be convicted of theft.

ἀλι-στέφανος, ον, = sq.

ἀλι-στεφής, ἐς, (ἄλς, στέφω) *sea-girt.*

ἀλι-στονος, ον, (ἄλς, στένω) *sea-resounding.*

ἀλιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀλίω) *salted, pickled.*

ἀλι-στρεπτος, ον, (ἄλς, στρέφω) *whirled or rolled to and fro in the sea, sea-tossed.*

ἀλιταίνα, f. ἀλιτήσω: aor. 2 ἦλιτον, inf. ἀλιτεῖν: later also aor. I ἦλιτήσα.—Med., aor. 2 ἦλιτόμην, 3 pl. Ep. ἀλιτοντο, inf. ἀλιτέσθαι: see ἀλιτήμενος: (ἀλη):—to sin or offend against, to transgress, err.

ἀ-λιτάνευτος, ον, (α privat., λιτανεύω) *not to be moved by prayer.*

ἀλιτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλιταίνα.

ἀλι-τενής, ἐς, (ἄλς, τείνω) *stretching along the sea, and so level, flat.*

ἀλι-τέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἄλς, τέρμα) *bounded by the sea, bordering on it.*

ἀλιτήμα, ατος, τό, (ἀλιτεῖν) *a sin, offence.*

ἀλιτήμενος, a part. med. of ἀλιταίνα, with accent and signif. of pres., sinning, as if formed from ἀλιτήμα. Compare τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος.

ἀλιτ-ήμερος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ἡμέρα) *missing the right day or right time: hence untimely born.*

ἀλιτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, wicked.*

ἀλιτήριος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, laden with guilt: ἀλιτήριός τις sinning against him.*

ἀλιτοντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἀλιταίνα.

ἀλιτό-ξενος, ον, (ἀλιτεῖν, ξένος) *sinning against a guest.*

ἀλιτο-φροσύνη, ἦ, (ἀλιτεῖν, φρήν) *a wicked mind.*

ἀλιτραῖνο, = ἀλιταίνο.

ἀλιτρία, ἦ, (ἀλιτρός) *sinfulness, wickedness, mischief.*

ἀλιτρό-νοος, ον, (ἀλιτρός, νόος) *wicked-minded.*

ἀλιτρός, ὄν, syncop. for ἀλιτηρός, (ἀλιτεῖν) *sinful, sinning: as Subst., ἀλιτρός, ὄ, a sinner, a knave.*

ἀλι-τρύτος, ον, also η, ον, (ἄλς, τρύω) *sea-beaten, sea-worn.*

ἀλι-τύπος, ον, (ἄλς, τύπτω) *sea-beaten, sea-tossed: as Subst., ἀλιτύπος, ὄ, a seaman.*

ἀλι-τύρος, ὄ, (ἄλς, τυρός) *a salt cheese.*

ἄλιως, Adv. of ἄλιος, *in vain.*

ἀλιφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ἀλείφω.

ἀλιφθορία, ἦ, *shipwreck.* From

ἀλι-φθόρος, ον, (ἄλς, φθείρω) *destroying on the sea: as Subst. ἀλιφθόρος, ὄ, a pirate.*

ἄλκαϊος, α, ὄν, (ἀλκή) *strong, mighty.*

ἄλκαρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἀλκή) *a safeguard, bulwark, defence.*

ἄλκαῖς, ἄντος, ὄ, ἦ, Dor. contr. from ἀλκαίης, = ἀλκήης.

ἀλκή, ἦ, (ἀλακεῖν) *bodily strength, force, prowess, power, might: in plur. ἀλκαί, feats of strength.* II. *spirit, courage.* III. *a safeguard, defence; and so help, succour.* IV. *battle, fight.*

ἀλκήεις, εσσαο: Dor. ἀλκαίεις contr. ἀλκαῖς, gen.

ἀλκάντος: (ἀλκή) *valiant, mighty.*

ἄλκι, heterocl. Ep. dat. of ἀλκή, formed as if from ἄλξ.

ἀλκι-μαχος, ὄν, (ἀλκή, μάχομαι) *bravely-fighting.*

ἄλκιμος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀλκή) *strong, stout, brave.*

ἀλκι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀλκή, φρήν) *stout-hearted.*

ἀλκήτης, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἀλακίω) *one who wards off, a protector.*

ἄλκυονίδες, αἰ, with or without ἡμέραι, (ἀλκυών) *balcyon days, the 14 winter days during which the balcyon builds its nest, supposed to be quite calm.*

ἌΔΚΤ' Ὠ'Ν, ὄνος, ἦ, *the kingfisher, balcyon.*

ἌΔΔΑ', Conjunction, neut. pl. of ἄλλος, but with a change of accent:—in another way, otherwise: I. to oppose single clauses, *but, Lat. autem.* II. to oppose whole sentences, *but, yet, Lat. at*:—it may even be used with imperat., to encourage, persuade, etc., like Lat. *tandem*; ἄλλ' ἴθι, ἄλλ' ἄγε, *well come, come now.* III. joined with other Particles: I.

ἄλλ' οὐν, *but then, however.* 2. ἀλλά γάρ, Lat. *enimvero, but really, certainly.*

ἀλλάγῃ, ἦ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a change: exchange, barter.*

ἀλλάγμα, ατος, τό, *that which is given or taken in exchange, the price of a thing.*

ἀλλαντοπωλιώ, to sell sausages. From

ἀλλαντο-πώλης, ου, ὄ, (ἀλλᾶς, πωλέω) *a sausage-seller.*

ἀλλάξαι, ἀλλάξασθαι, aor. I act. and med. inf. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἀλλάξις, εως, ἦ, (ἀλλάσσω) *a changing, interchange.*

ἌΔΔΑ'Σ, ἄντος, ὄ, *a sausage.*

ἀλλάσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἄξω: aor. I ἤλλαξα: pf. ἤλλαχα:—Pass., fut. I ἀλλαχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀλλαγή-

σομαι : aor. I ἠλλάχθην, aor. 2 ἠλλάγην : pf. ἠλλαγμαί : (ἄλλος) :—to make other than it is, to change, alter.

II. to give in exchange, to requite, repay. 2. to change, and so leave, quit. III. to take in exchange, exchange, τίς τινοσ or ἀντί τινοσ one thing for another. 2. to go to, c. acc. loci, like Lat. *mutare*.

IV. Med. to change or alter one's own, but oftener to exchange for oneself, exchange, interchange : hence to barter, traffic :—and so, either 1. to buy, or 2. to sell.

ἄλλᾶχθῆν, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi* ; ἄλλοτε ἄλλαχῆ at one time in one place, at another in another.

ἄλλαχόθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place : by another way.

ἄλλᾶχότι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, somewhere else.

ἄλλαχόσε, Adv. elsewhere, to another place.

ἄλλᾶχου, Adv. elsewhere, somewhere else, Lat. *alibi*.

ἄλλεγον, ἄλλέξαι, Ep. for ἀνέλεγον, ἀναλέξαι, v. ἀναλέγω.

ἄλλῃ, Adv. properly dat. fem. of ἄλλος, I. Adv. of Place : 1. in another place, elsewhere, Lat. *alibi*. 2. to another place, elsewhere, Lat. *aliorum*.

II. Adv. of Manner, in another way, somehow else, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλ' ἢ, i. e. ἄλλο ἢ, except.

ἄλλ-ηγορέω, (ἄλλος, ἀγορεύω) to speak as as to imply other than what is said, to express or to interpret allegorically.

ἄλλ-ηκτος, on, poet. for ἄ-ληκτος.

ἄλληλοφάγία, ἦ, an eating one another. From ἄλληλο-φάγος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φάγειν) eating one another.

ἄλληλοφθορία, ἦ, mutual destruction. From ἄλληλο-φθόρος, on, (ἄλλήλων, φθείρω) destroying one another.

ἄλληλοφονία, ἦ, mutual slaughter. From ἄλληλο-φόνος, on, (ἄλλήλων, *φένω) murdering one another.

ἄλλήλων, a gen. plur. which has no nom. : dat. ἄλλήλοισι, ais, ois : acc. ἄλλήλοισι, as, a : (ἄλλος) :—of one another, to one another, one another. Hence ἄλλήλως, Adv. reciprocally, mutually.

ἄλ-λιστος, on, poet. for ἄ-λιστος, (α privat., λίσσομαι) inexorable.

ἄλ-λιτάνευτος, on, poet. for ἄ-λιτάνευτος, (α privat., λιτανεύω) inexorable.

ἄλο-γενής, ἐσ, (ἄλλος, γένος) of another race : a foreigner.

ἄλλο-γλωσσοσ, on, (ἄλλος, γλῶσσα) of a strange tongue, foreign.

ἄλλο-γνώω, Ion. aor. I part. ἀλλογνώσας, (ἄλλος, γνώω) to take one person or thing for another, to mistake.

ἄλλό-γνωτος, on, (ἄλλος, γινώσκω) mistaken for another person or thing, unknown.

ἄλλο-δαπέος, ἦ, ὄν, strange, foreign, belonging to another people or land : ἄλλοδαπῆ (sc. γῆ) in a strange land. (Deriv. of -δαπος uncertain.)

ἄλλοδοξέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄλλοδοξος) to mistake one thing for another. Hence

ἄλλοδοξία, ἦ, a mistaking one thing for another.

ἄλλό-δοξος, on, (ἄλλος, δόξα) holding another opinion.

ἄλλο-εἰδήσις, ἐσ, (ἄλλος, εἶδος) of different form, looking differently.

ἄλλοθ', Ep. elision for ἄλλοθι.

ἄλλοθεν, Adv. (ἄλλος) from another place, Lat. *aliunde*.

ἄλλοθι, Adv. (ἄλλος) elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*. II. in another way, in another case, otherwise, Lat. *alias*.

ἄλλό-θροος, on, contr. -θρους, on, (ἄλλος, θρόος) speaking another tongue, strange, foreign.

ἄλλοιός, α, on, (ἄλλος) of another sort or kind, different, other :—Comp. ἀλλοιότερος, different.

ἄλλοιούω, f. ὤσω : aor. I ἠλλοίωσα :—Pass., pf. ἠλλοιόμην : (ἄλλοιός) :—to make different, to change, alter :—Pass. to become different, be changed : esp. to be changed for the worse.

ἄλλοιως, Adv. of ἀλλοιός, otherwise.

ἄλλοκα, Acol. for ἄλλοτε.

ἄλλόκοτος, on, (ἄλλος) of unusual kind, strange, monstrous : also utterly changed. Adv. -τως.

*ἈΛΛΟΜΑΙ, Lat. *SAL-IO* : fut. ἀλοῦμαι : aor. I ἠλάμην, inf. ἄλασθαι : aor. 2 ἠλόμην ; Ep. syncop. 2 and 3 sing. (without aspirate) ἄλοσο, ἄλτο ; 3 subj. ἄλτησσι, Ep. ἄλειται ; inf. ἀλέσθαι ; part. ἀλόμενος, Ep. ἄλμενος : Dep. :—to spring, leap, bound.

ἄλλο-πρῶσ-αλλος, ὅ, i. e. ἄλλοτε πρῶσ ἄλλον, one who inclines first to one side then to the other, uncertain.

*ἈΛΛΟΣΞ, ῖ, ο, Lat. *ALIUS*, another, other : 1.

ἄλλος τις, or τις ἄλλος, any other, some other : εἰ τις ἄλλος, Lat. *si quis alius*, whoever else. 2. ἄλλος

is often joined with other of its own cases or adverbs derived from it, as ἄλλος ἄλλο λέγει one man says one thing, one another. 3. joined with the Art., ὁ ἄλλος, the other, the rest ; in plur. οἱ ἄλλοι, all the others, the rest, all besides, Lat. *ceteri* ; τὰ ἄλλα, Lat. *cetera, reliquia*, in Att. often used as Adv. for the rest, besides : οἱ τε ἄλλοι καί. . . all others and especially. . . : so also ἄλλως τε καί. . . both otherwise and. . . , i. e. especially.

4. ἄλλος is used with numerals, when it means yet, still, further, etc. ; πέμπτος ποταμὸς ἄλλος, yet a fifth river.

II. more rarely like ἀλλοιός, of other sort, different : hence 1. other than what is common, strange, foreign. 2. other than what is, untrue, unreal.

ἄλλοσε, Adv. (ἄλλος) to another place, elsewhere, to foreign lands, Lat. *aliorum*.

ἄλλοτε, Adv. (ἄλλος, ὅτε) at another time, at other times ; ἄλλοτε. . . ἄλλοτε. . . at one time, at another.

ἄλλο τι ; Adv. (ἄλλος, τίς) anything else ? Lat. *numquid aliud* ? when followed by ἦ, the sentence is elliptic, e. g. ἄλλο τι ἦ πεινήσονται ; i. e. ἄλλο τι πείσονται, ἦ πεινήσονται ; will they feel aught else but hunger, i. e. how shall they escape hunger ? but ἦ is sometimes omitted.

ἀλλοτριάζω, (ἀλλότριος) to be estranged.
 ἀλλοτριο-επίσκοπος, *ov*, (ἀλλότριος, ἐπίσκοπος) a busy-body in other men's matters.
 ἀλλοτριο-πράγω, (ἀλλότριος, πράσσω) to meddle with other people's business. Hence
 ἀλλοτριοπράγία, ἡ, meddlesomeness.
 ἀλλότριος, *a, ov*, (ἄλλος) of or belonging to another, Lat. *alienus*, opp. to ἴδιος; ἀλλοτρίων χαρίσασθαι to be bountiful of what is another's; ἀλλοτρίους γυαθμοῖς γεῖλαιν to laugh with a face unlike one's own, Horace's *ridere malis alienis*. II. foreign, Lat. *peregrinus*: hence strange, alien: also estranged, hostile.
 ἀλλοτριότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀλλότριος) estrangement.
 ἀλλοτριό-χρως, χρωτος, *o, ἡ*, (ἀλλότριος, χρῶς) of divers colours.
 ἀλλοτριῶω, *f, ὦσω*, to make strange, estrange, make hostile or ill-disposed:—Pass. to become estranged, be made an enemy. II. to bring into another's hands:—Pass. to fall into strangers' hands. Hence
 ἀλλοτρίως, Adv. of ἀλλότριος, strangely; ἀλλοτρίως ἔχειν to be estranged.
 ἀλλοτριῶσις, *ews, ἡ*, estrangement.
 ἄλλου, Adv. elsewhere, in another place, Lat. *alibi*.
 ἄλλο-λοφος, *ov*, Ep. for ἄ-λοφος.
 ἄλλο-φρονέω, *f, ἦσω*, (ἄλλος, φρονέω) to be of other mind: to give no heed to a thing. II. to think otherwise than as one should, to think wrongly. 2. to be absent or unheeding: also to be senseless, lose one's wits.
 ἄλλο-φυλος, *ov*, (ἄλλος, φυλή) of another tribe, foreign, strange.
 ἄλλο-χρως, *ov*, contr. —χρως, *ov*, (ἄλλος, χρῶα) of another colour, changeful of hue.
 ἄλλο-χρως, *ωτος, o, ἡ*, = ἄλλοχρως, foreign.
 ἄλλυδης, Adv. (ἄλλος) = ἄλλοσε, elsewhere: Hom. has it only with ἄλλος, e.g. ἄλλυδης ἄλλος one hither another thither.
 ἀλλύεσκε, ἀλλύουσα [*v*], Ep. for ἀνέλυε, ἀναλύουσα: see ἀναλύω.
 ἄλλως, Adv. of ἄλλος, in another way or manner, otherwise; ἄλλως πᾶσι in some other way; ἄλλως τε καὶ . . . both otherwise and . . ., i. e. especially, above all. II. otherwise than . . ., differently: hence in good sense, better. 2. otherwise than as should be: heedlessly, without purpose: without reason: also in vain: for nothing, like προίκα, Lat. *gratis*: hence = μόνον, only, merely.
 ἄμμα, τό, (ἄλλομαι) a spring, leap, bound.
 ἄμμη, ἡ, (ἄλς) sea-water that has dried: also the sea. 2. salt-water, brine. II. saltness.
 ἀμῆεις, *εσσα, ev*, (ἄμμη) salt, briny.
 ἀμῦρος, *o, ov*, (ἄμμη) salt, briny. 2. metaph. bitter, distasteful, like Lat. *amarus*.
 ἌΛΟΑΪ, poet. ἄλοια: 3 sing. Ep. impf. ἄλοια: fut. ἀλόσησθαι: aor. I ἠλόησα, Ep. ἠλόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἠλόηθην: pf. ἠλόημαι:—to thresh, thresh out: to cudgel.
 ἄ-λοβος, *ov*, with a lobe wanting, of the livers of victims.

ἀλογέω, *f, ἦσω*, (ἀλογος) to pay no regard to a thing, take no heed of it, Lat. *rationem rei non habere*. 2. to be out of one's senses. Hence
 ἀλογία, ἡ, want of regard or esteem, contempt. II. want of reason, senselessness, folly.
 ἀ-λόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., λογίζομαι) unreasoning, thoughtless, silly. II. not to be reckoned. 2. not to be heeded, vile.
 ἀ-λογος, *ov*, I. without speech, speechless. 2. unspoken, i. e. unutterable, Lat. *infandus*. II. without reason, irrational. 2. not according to reason: contrary to reason, absurd. 3. not reckoned upon, unexpected.
 ἌΛΟΨΗ, ἡ, the aloë, a plant.
 ἀλοπτός, *o, (ἀλοάω)* threshing or threshing-time.
 ἀλόθεν, Adv. (ἄλς) from or out of the sea.
 ἄλοια, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of ἀλοιάω.
 ἀλοιαῖα, poet. for ἀλοάω.
 ἀλοίη, aor. 2 opt. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἀ-λοιδορήτος, *ov*, (a privat., λοιδορέω) unreviled: not to be reviled.
 ἀ-λοιδορος, *ov*, not reviling.
 ἀλοιφή, ἡ, (ἀλείφω) anything for smearing: bog's lard, grease: also anointing-oil, unguent: generally, ointment, varnish, paint.
 ἀλοκίζω, *f, σω*, (ἀλοξ) to trace furrows, to write, draw.
 ἀλόντες [*α*], dual aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἌΛΟΞ, *okos, ἡ*, a poet. form of αἰλαξ, never used in nom. sing., a furrow ploughed in a field: ploughed land, corn-land. 2. in the skin, a gash, wound.
 Ἄλος-ἰδνη, ἡ, (ἄλς, ἰδνής) the sea-born: child of the sea, a name of Amphitrité and of Thetis.
 ἀλό-τριψ, ἴβος, *o, (ἄλς, τρίβω)* a pestle for pound-ing salt.
 ἀλ-ουργής, see ἀλουργός.
 ἀλ-ουργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλουργός) a purple robe.
 ἀλ-ουργός, *ov*, and ἀλ-ουργής, *es, (ἄλς, *ἔργω)* purple-roughed, i. e. dyed with sea-purple, of a genuine purple: in pl., τὰ ἀλουργή purple robes.
 ἄλουψ, ἄλουσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀλίσκομαι. [*α*]
 ἄλουστία, ἡ, want of the bath. From
 ἄ-λουτος, (a privat., λούω) unwashed.
 ἄ-λοφος, Ep. ἄλ-λοφος, *ov*, without a crest.
 ἄ-λοχος, *ov, ἡ*, (a copul., λέχος) the partner of one's bed, a wife.
 ἄλωω, Ep. for ἀλάω, pres. imperat. of ἀλάομαι.
 ἄλπινωτος, *η, ov*, Sup. of obsol. ἄλπινος, sweetest, loveliest.
 ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, *o*, Lat. *SAL*, Engl. *SALT*: in sing. a grain or lump of salt; in pl. salt as prepared for use.
 ἌΛΣ, ἄλός, ἡ, the sea.
 ἄλσο, ἄλτο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἄλλομαι.
 ἌΛΣΟΣ, *eos, τό*, a place grown with trees and grass, a grove, esp. a sacred grove: also a glade.
 ἄλσ-ώδης, *es, (ἄλσος, εἶδος)* like a grove, woodland.
 ἀλτικός, ἡ, *ov*, (ἄλλομαι) good at leaping, nimble.
 ἀλτικός, ἡ, *ov*, (ἄλς) salt.
 ἀλυκτάζω, *f, ἄσω*, (ἀλνώ) to be in trouble or dis-

truss: also pf. pass. ἀλαλύκτημαι, as if from a pres.

ἀλυκτέω,

ἀλυκτοπέδη, ἡ, (ἀλυκτος π, πέδη) an indissoluble bond or fetter.

ἀλυκτος, ον, (ἀλύω) troubled.

λύω = ἄλυτος, indissoluble.

ἀλύξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀλύσκα.

ἀλυξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀλύσκα) an escaping, avoiding.

ἀ-λύπητος, ον, (a privat., λυπέω) not pained or grieved.

ἀ-λύπος, ον, (a privat., λύπη) without pain or grief, unprained.

II. act. not raining, causing no pain or grief, harmless.

ἀ-λύρος, ον, (a privat., λύρα) without the lyre, unaccompanied by it: hence mournful.

ἀλυσίς, εως, ἡ, a chain, bond. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-λύστοιελός, ἔς, useless, unprofitable: hence hurtful. Adv. -λώς.

ἀλυσκάω, strengthd. for ἀλύσκα, used only in pres. and impf.

ἀλυσκάνω, lengthd. form of ἀλύσκα.

ἀλύσκω: fut. ἀλύξω and ἀλύσομαι: aor. I ἤλυξα, Ep. ἄλυξα: (ἀλέω):—to flee from, shun, avoid, forsake.

ἀλύσσω, f. ὄξω, (ἀλύω) to be uneasy, have no rest.

ἀ-λύτος, ον, (a privat., λύω) not to be loosed or broken, indissoluble: continuous, ceaseless.

ἀ-λυχνος, ον, without lamp or light.

ἌΛΥΩ, Att. ἀλύω, used only in pres. and impf.: (ἀλῶ, ἀλόμαι):—to wander, of the mind, to be ill at ease, be troubled, distraught: to be at a loss, like ἀπορεύω: more rarely to be beside oneself for joy. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

ἌΛΦΑΝΩ; aor. 2 ἤλφον, 3 sing. opt. ἄλφοι:—to bring in, yield: to get, acquire: metaph. φθόνον ἀλφάνειν to incur envy.

ἀλφείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλφάνω.

ἀλφεισί-βοιοι, α, ον, (ἀλφείν, βοῦς) bringing in oxen: hence of maidens whose parents receive many oxen as presents from their suitors, much-courted.

ἀλφιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀλφεῖν) always in phrase ἀνδρες ἀλφισταί, gain-seeking, enterprising, industrious men: esp. applied to trading, sea-faring people.

ἀλφίτ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀλφίτων, ἀμίβω) a dealer in barley-meal.

ἌΛΦΙΤΟΝ [ῥ], τό, peeled or pearl-barley, Lat. *polenta*: sing. only in phrase ἀλφίτων ἀκτῆ, barley-meal: elsewhere in plur. ἄλφιστα, barley-groats, and the cakes or porridge made of it.

2. metaph. one's daily bread, one's substance: πατρῶς ἀλφίτα one's patrimony.

ἀλφίτοποιία, ἡ, a preparing of barley-meal. From ἀλφίτο-ποιός, ὁ, (ποιέω) a preparer of barley-meal.

ἀλφίτο-σιτέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλφίτων, σιτέω) to eat, live on barley-meal, or bread made of it.

ἄλφοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀλφάνω.

ἄλω, acc. of ἄλωι.

ἄλῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἀλωιανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄλωι) used on a threshing-floor.

ἀλωεύς, εως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (ἀλώη) a thresher, wine-dresser.

ἄλωη, Dor. ἄλῶα, poet. for Att. ἄλωις: I. a threshing-floor.

II. any levelled plot of ground, a garden, orchard, vineyard, etc.

ἄλῳη, Ep. for ἀλῶ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

II. ἄλῳη, Ep. for ἀλῳη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of same verb.

ἄλωίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἀλώη) a husbandman, gardener. [ᾱ]

ἄλωμαι, Ep. for ἀλῶμαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλῳεν, υνος, ἡ, = ἄλωις.

ἄλῳναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀλίσκομαι. [ᾱ]

ἄλωπεκῆ, ἡ, Att. contr. from Ion. ἀλωπεκεῆ (sub. δορά): (ἀλῳπῆ) a foxskin.

ἄλωπεκίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀλῳπῆ) branded with a fox.

ἄλωπεκιδεύς, εως, ὁ, (ἀλῳπῆ) a fox's cub.

ἄλωπεκίω, f. ἴσω, (ἀλῳπῆ) to play the fox, Lat. *vulpinari*.

ἄλωπεκίον, τό, Dim. of ἀλῳπῆ, a little fox.

ἄλωπεκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀλῳπῆ) a mongrel between fox and dog.

II. a fox-skin cap.

ἌΛΩΠΗΞ, εκος, ἡ, a fox, Lat. *vulpes*: metaph. of men.

ἌΛΩΣ, ω, ἡ: gen. ἄλωι or ἄλωις: acc. ἄλωι, ἄλωι or ἄλωιαι: pl. n. ἄλωι:—a threshing-floor.

II. the disk of the sun or moon.

ἄλῳσιμος, ον, (ἀλῳναι) easy to take, catch, win, or conquer.

2. of the mind, easy to apprehend.

II. (ἄλωσις) of or belonging to capture or conquest.

ἄλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀλῳναι) a taking, capture, conquest.

II. as law-term, detection, conviction.

ἄλῳσομαι, fut. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀλῳναι, to be taken, caught or conquered: to be acquired.

ἄλῳω, Ep. for ἀλῳ, aor. 2 subj. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἄμ, for ἀνά:—but ἄμ, for ἄμα.

ἌΜΑ, I. Adv. at once, Lat. *simul*.

II. Prep. c. dat. at the same time with, together with.

ἄμα, Dor. for ἄμα.

Ἄμαζών, ὄνος, ἡ, mostly in plur. the Amazons: also Ἄμαζονίδες.

ἄμαθῆναι, (ἀμαθής) to be ignorant, stupid.

ἄ-μαθής, ἔς, (a privat., μαθῆν) untaught, unlearned, stupid, dull: also coarse, rude: also without knowledge of a thing.

II. pass. not learnt, unknown.

Hence

ἄμαθῆα, ἡ, want of knowledge, ignorance.

ἄμαθῆεις, οἶσσα, οει, contr. ἀμαθοῦς, οὔσσα, οῦν, (ἄμαθος) = Ep. ἡμαθῆεις, sandy.

ἌΜΑΘΟΣ, ἡ, (ἄμμος) sand, a sandy soil: see ψάμμος. [ᾱμᾶ-]

ἄμαθῆναι, (ἄμαθος) to level with the sand, utterly destroy.

ἄμαθῶς, Adv. of ἀμαθής, ignorantly; ἀμαθῶς εἶχεν to be ignorant.

ἄ-μαυμάκερος, ἡ, ον, lengthd. form of ἄμαχος, irresistible, huge, enormous.

ἄμαλδύνω, poet. for ἀμαλύνω, (ἀμαλός) properly to

soften: hence to *crush, destroy, ruin*. 2. metaph. to *bide, disguise*.

ἀ-μάλθακος, *ov*, (a privat., μαλθάσσω) *unsoftened*.
 ἄμαλλα, ἦ, (ἀμάω) a bundle of ears of corn, sheaf.
 ἄμαλλο-δετήρ, ἦρος, and ἄμαλλο-δετής, οὐ, ὀ, (ἄμαλλα, δέω) a binder of sheaves.

ἄμαλός, Att. ἄμαλός, ἦ, ὀν, = ἀπαλός, *soft, light, Lat. tener*. 2. *weak, feeble*.

ἄμαξα, Att. ἄμαξα, ἦ, (ἀγω) a carriage, a wagon or wain.

2. the carriage of the plough, Lat. *currus*. 3. Charles' wain in the heavens, the great bear.

4. a carriage-road. Hence ἀμαξεύομαι, Pass. to be traversed by wagons, to have wagon-roads through it.

ἀμαξεύς, ἑώς, ὀ, (ἄμαξα) a wagoner.

ἀμαξ-ἠλάτος, *ov*, (ἄμαξα, ἐλαίνα) traversed by wagons.

ἀμαξ-ἠρης, *es*, (ἄμαξα, *ἄρω, Root of ἀραρίσκω) attached or belonging to a wagon or carriage.

ἀμαξιαίος, *a, ov*, (ἄμαξα) fit for a wagon: large enough to load a wagon, of stones.

ἀμαξίς, ἴδος, ἦ, Dim. of ἄμαξα, a little wagon, Lat. *plostellum*: a go-cart.

ἀμαξίτης, *ov, ὀ*, (ἄμαξα) of or belonging to a wagon. [ἦ]

ἀμαξ-ἰτός, ὄν, (ἄμαξα, εἶμι) traversed by wagons: as Subst. ἀμαξίτιός (sub. ὁδός), ἦ, a big-road for wagons.

ἀμαξο-πληθής, ἑς, (ἄμαξα, πλήθος) large enough to fill a wagon.

ἀμαξ-ουργός, ὄν, (ἄμαξα, *ἔργω) making wagons or carriages.

ἄμαρ, *ap, os, τό*, Dor. for ἦμαρ.

ἄΜΑΨΑ, ἦ, *atrench, conduit, water-course*. [ἄμαρῆ]

ἀμαράντινος, ἦ, *ov*, = ἀμάρωντος.

ἀ-μάραντος, *ov*, (a privat., μαραίνω) *unfading*.

ἄΜΑΡΤΑΝΩ; fut. ἀμαρτήσομαι, later -ήσω: aor. I ἦμάρτησα: aor. 2 ἦμαρτον, inf. ἀμαρτεῖν, Ep. by metath. (with β inserted) ἦμβροτον: pf. ἦμαρτηκα: Pass., aor. I ἦμαρτήθη: pf. ἦμαρτημα:—to miss, miss the mark, c. gen.: hence 2. generally, to fail of doing, fail of one's purpose, go wrong: to be deprived of a thing, lose it. II. to fail, do wrong, err, sin.

ἄμαρτον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτή, or ἀμαρτή, Adv. (ἄμα) together, at the same time, at once. [ἄμ-]

ἀμαρτήσομαι, fut. of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἀμαρτημα, τό, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.

ἀμαρτητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀμαρτεῖν) prone to fail, or err.

ἀμαρτία, ἦ, (ἀμαρτεῖν) a failure, error, sin.

ἀμαρτί-voos, *ov*, (ἀμαρτεῖν, νόος) erring in mind, distraught.

ἀμαρτίον, τό, = ἀμαρτημα.

ἀμαρτο-επίς, ἑς, (ἀμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) failing in words, speaking at random or idly.

ἀμαρτύρητος, *ov*, (a privat., μαρτύρῶ) without witness.

ἀ-μάρτύρος, *ov*, (a privat., μάρτυς) without witness, unattested.

ἀμαρτωλή, ἦ, = ἀμαρτία.

ἀμαρτωλός, ὄν, (ἀμαρτάνω) sinful, hardened in sin.

ἀμάρυγη, ἦ, = μαρμαρυγή, a sparkling, twinkling, glancing, of objects in motion. [ῥ, but in Ep. ῥ]

ἀμάρυγμα, τό, a sparkle, twinkle, quick motion. From ἄΜΑΡΤΥΣΣΩ, only used in pres. and impf. to sparkle, twinkle, glance.

ἄμας, Dor. for ἦμας.

ἄμα-τροχάω, only used in Ep. part. ἀματροχάων, (ἄμα, τρέχω) to run together, run along with. Hence ἀματροχιά, ἦ, a running together or clashing of wheels.

ἄμαυρός, ἄ, ὄν, dark, dim, faint, obscure. 2. having no light: hence blind, sightless, dusky, gloomy. II. metaph. dim, uncertain. 2. obscure, unknown. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ἄ-αυρός, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἦμαύρωσα: pf. ἦμαύρωκα:—to make dark or dim:—mostly in Pass. to become dark or dim; also to come to nothing. II. metaph. to eclipse: to weaken, impair.

ἀμαχεί, Adv. of ἀμαχος, without resistance.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, poet. for ἀμάχητος.

ἀμάχητι, Adv. of ἀμάχητος, without fighting.

ἀ-μάχητος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχομαι) not to be fought with, unconquerable. II. never having fought.

ἀμαχί, Adv. of ἀμαχος, = ἀμαχεί.

ἄ-μᾶχος, *ov*, (a privat., μάχη) without battle, and so I. with whom no one fights, unconquered: unconquerable, of persons: of places, impregnable. II. act. not having fought. 2. disinclined to fight.

ἄΜΑΨΑ: contr. impf. ἦμων: f. ἀμήσω: aor. I ἦμσα:—Pass., aor. I ἦμήθη: pf. ἦμμαι:—to reap, to mow: also to gather in, as a reaper does corn, to collect. [generally, ᾗ Ep.: ᾗ Att.]

ἀμβ-, for ἀναβ-, at the beginning of words.

ἀμβαίη, Ep. for ἀναβαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀμβαλλώμεθα, Ion. and Ep. for ἀναβαλλ-.

ἀμβάσις, ἦ, poet. for ἀνάβασις.

ἀμβλίσκω and ἀμβλώω: f. ἀμβλώσω: aor. I ἦμβλωσα: pf. ἦμβλωκα: (ἀμβλός):—to have an abortion, miscarry.

ἀμβλύνω [ῥ], ἕνω: aor. I ἦμβλύνα:—Pass., fut. ἀμβλυνθήσομαι: aor. I ἦμβλύνηθη: pf. ἦμβλυμμαι: (ἀμβλός):—to blunt, dull, take the edge off, Lat. *bebetare*:—Pass. to become blunt or dull, lose the edge.

ἄΜΒΑΤΨ, εἶα, ῥ, blunt, dulled, with the edge or point taken off, Lat. *bebes*: metaph. dull, faint, feeble: of persons, spiritless, sluggish. Hence

ἀμβλύτης [ῥ], ἦτος, ἦ, dullness: sluggishness.

ἀμβλύ-ωστος, *ov*, = ἀμβλωστος.

ἀμβλύ-ωστος, Att. -τω, (ἀμβλός) to be dim-sighted or blind.

ἀμβλ-ωπός, ὄν, and ἀμβλ-ώψ, ὦπος, ὀ, ἦ, (ἀμβλός, ὦψ) dim-looking, dark, obscure.

ἀμ-βολάδην, Adv., poet. for ἀνα-βολάδην, (ἀνα-βάλλω) bubbling up. II. (ἀναβολή) like a prelude.

ἀμβολάς, for ἀνα-βολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) γῆ ἀμβολάς earth *ibrown* ὑρ.

ἀμβολι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀναβάλλω, ἔργον) poet. for ἀνα-βολί, *putting off work*, lazy.

ἀμβροσία, Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (properly fem. of ἀμβρόσιος) ambrosia, the food of the gods.

ἀμ-βρόσιος, α, ὄν, lengthd. form of ἀμ-βροτος, immortal, divine, of divine nature.

II. of things belonging to the gods, ambrosial, divinely fair.

ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. for ἀμάρτεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμάρτανω.

ἀμ-βροτος, ὄν, (α privat., βροτός) immortal, divine.

ἀμβώσας, Ion. for ἀναβοήσας, aor. I part. of ἀνα-βόδω.

ἀμέ or ἀμέ, Dor. for ἡμάς.

ἀ-μέγαρος, ὄν, (α privat., μεγαίρω) unenvied, un-
enviable, unhappy: as a reproach, wretched, miserable: also horrible.

ἀμεθύστινος, η, ὄν, of amethyst. From

ἀ-μέθυστος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθύω) not drunken.

II. as Subst. ἀμέθυστος, ἡ, or ἀμέθυστον, τό, a remedy against drunkenness: 1. a kind of herb. 2.

the precious stone, amethyst.

*ΑΜΕΪΒΩ, Ep. impf. ἀμείβω: fut. ἀμείψω: aor. I ἡμείψα: I. Act. to change, exchange: χάλκεα χρυσεῖων τεύχεα ἀμείβειν to exchange golden arms for brasen: esp. of place, to change it, and so to pass, cross: like Lat. *muto*, either to quit a place, or to go to it.

II. intrans. in part. ἐν ἀμείβοντι = ἀμοιβαδῖς, in exchange: ἀμείβοντες οἱ, rafters that cross each other.

III. Med. to change one with another, do in turn or alternately. 2. to answer, reply to. 3. to repay, requite, avenge. 4. like Act.

to change, esp. of place, to pass either out or in: metaph. to surpass.

ἀ-μείδηςτος, ὄν, (α privat., μειδῶ) not smiling, gloomy.

ἀ-μείλικτος, ὄν, (α privat., μειλίσσω) unsoftened: barsb, cruel.

ἀ-μείλιχος, ὄν, = foreg. barsb, severe: relentless, un-assuaged.

ἀμείνων, ὄν, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, better: of persons, abler, stronger, braver.

*ΑΜΕΪΡΩ, = ἀμείρω.

ἀμειψάμενος, ἀμειψασθαι, aor. I med. of ἀμείβω.

ἀμειψίς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) exchange: succession.

*ΑΜΕΛΓΩ, f. ξω, to MILK, Lat. MULGERE. II.

to press or squeeze out: metaph. to drain, exhaust. III.

to sip, drink.

ἀμέλει, imperat. of ἀμέλει, never mind. Hence as Adv. by all means, of course.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, (ἀμελής) heedlessness, indifference.

ἀμελετήσια, ἡ, want of practice or attention. From ἀ-μελέτητος, ὄν, (α privat., μελετάω) unpractised, unprepared.

ἀμελέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἡμέλησα, Ep. ἀμ-: pf. ἡμέληκα: (ἀμελής):—to be careless, heedless, negligent. 2. to neglect, have no care for, slight. 3.

to overlook, and so to let, suffer. 4. to neglect to do:—Pass. to be neglected, slighted, overlooked.

ἀ-μελής, ἐς, (α privat., μέλει) careless, heedless, negligent. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded.

ἀμελήτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀμελέω, one must neglect.

ἀμελήτος, ὄν, (ἀμελέω) like ἀμελής, not cared for: unworthy of care.

ἀμέλεια, ἡ, poet. for ἀμέλεια, heedlessness.

ἀ-μέλλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μέλλω) not delayed: not to be delayed.

ἀμελῆς, εως, ἡ, (ἀμελγω) a milking.

ἀμελῶς, Adv. of ἀμελής, carelessly: ἀμελῶς ἔχειν to be careless.

ἀ-μειπτος, ὄν, (α privat., μέμφομαι) not to be blamed, blameless: of things, perfect:—Adv. -τως, so as to merit no blame. II. act. not blaming, finding no fault, well content.

ἀ-μειφής, ἐς, = ἀμειπτος II.

ἀμειφία, ἡ, (ἀμειφής) blamelessness, freedom from blame.

ἀμεναι, for ἀμέναι, Ep. inf. of ἀω, to satisfy.

ἀ-μενήσος, ὄν, (α privat., μένος) faint, feeble: weakly or sickly. Hence

ἀ-μενήσω, Ep. aor. I ἀμενήσωσα, to make weak, deaden the force of.

ἀμέρα, Dor. for ἡμέρα.

*ΑΜΕΪΓΩ, f. ξω, to pluck or pull, Lat. decerpere.

ἀμέρδω, f. σω: aor. I ἡμερσα, Ep. ἀμ-: aor. I pass. ἡμέρθη: (prob. from α privat., μέρος):—to deprive of one's share, bereave one of:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing, lose it.

ἀ-μέριμος, ὄν, (α privat., μέριμνα) free from care, unconcerned. II. pass. uncared for, unheeded. III. driving away care.

ἀμέριος, Dor. for ἡμέριος.

ἀ-μέριστος, ὄν, (α privat., μερίζω) undivided.

ἀμερό-κοιτος, Dor. for ἡμερό-κοιτος.

ἀμερος, Dor. for ἡμερος.

ἀμερσε, ἀμέρσαι, 3 sing. and inf. aor. I of ἀμέρδω.

ἀμές or ἀμές, Dor. for ἡμείς.

ἀ-μετάθετος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατίθημι) unchangeable: τὸ ἀμετάθετον, unchangeableness.

ἀ-μετακίνητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακινέω) immovable.

ἀ-μετάκλαστος, ὄν, (α privat., μετακλάω) not to be broken: unalterable.

ἀ-μεταμέλητος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταμέλει) unrepented of. II. act. not repenting, unchanging.

ἀ-μετανόητος, ὄν, (α privat., μετανοέω) = unrepented of. II. act. unrepentant.

ἀ-μεταπίστετος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπίθω) unper-suadable.

ἀ-μετάπτωτος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταπίπτω) unchangeable.

ἀ-μετάστατος, ὄν, (α privat., μεθίστημι) unalterable.

ἀ-μεταστρεπεί, Adv. (α privat., μεταστρέφω) without turning about.

ἀ-μετάστροφος, ὄν, (α privat., μεταστρέφω) unalterable.

ἀ-μετάτρεπτος, ὄν, (α privat., μετατρέπω) unalterable.

ἀμέτερος, Dor. for ἡμέτερος.

ἀ-μέτρητος, ον, (a privat., μετρέω) *immeasurable, immense*, Lat. *immensus: unnumbered, exhaustless*.

ἀμετρό-βιος, ον, (ἀμετρος, βίος) *of an immeasurable life*.

ἀμετρο-επής, ἐς, (ἀμετρος, ἔπος) *immoderate in words, unbridled of tongue*.

ἀμετρο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (ἀμετρος, πότης) *drinking to excess*.

ἀ-μετρος, ον, (a privat., μέτρον) *without measure, immense, boundless, incessant*. 2. *immoderate*.

ἀ-μέτρωσ, Adv. of ἀμετρος, *infinitely*.

ἀμεισί-πορος, ον, (ἀμείω, πόρος) = τρίοδος, Lat. *trivium, where three paths cross*.

ἀμείω, Aeol. for ἀμείβω: aor. I med. inf. ἀμεί-σασθαι:—*to surpass, excel, conquer*.

*ΑΜΗ, ἡ, a *shovel or mattock*. 2. a *water-bucket, pail*, Lat. *bama*. 3. a *barrow, rake*.

ἀμῆ, Att. ἀμῆ, Adv., properly for ἀμῆ, dat. fem. of ἀμός = τίς, *in a certain way: ἀμῆγῆ, in some way, somehow or other*. [ᾶ]

ἀμῆν, Hebr. Adv. *verily, of a truth: so be it: also as a Subst. τὸ ἀμῆν, certainty*.

ἀ-μηνίτος, ον, (a privat., μηνίω) *not wrathful*.

*ΑΜΗΣ, ἦτος, ὄ, a *kind of milk cake*.

ἀμησάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀμάω.

ἀμητήρ, ἦτος, ὄ, (ἀμάω) *a reaper: metaph. one who cuts down, a destroyer*. [ᾶ]

ἀμητος, ὄ, (ἀμάω) *a reaping, harvesting: also harvest, harvest-time*. II. *a harvest or crop*.

ἀ-μήτηρ, ορος, ὄ, ἡ, (a privat., μήτηρ) *without mother, motherless*. II. *unlike a mother*.

ἀμηχανῶς: impf. ἠμηχάνωσιν: fut. ἦσω: (ἀμήχ-ανος):—*to be at a loss or in want*. Hence

ἀμηχανία, Ion. -ία, ἡ, *want of means, helplessness, distress*. II. *hardship, trouble*.

ἀ-μήχανος, ον, (a privat., μηχανή) *without means or resource, helpless*. II. *more freq. in pass. sense, impracticable, irresistible: also inexplicable*.

ἀμηχανόσσι, ἀμηχανόων, Ep. 3 pl. and part. pres., as if from ἀμηχανάω.

ἀ-μιάντος, ον, (a privat., μιάνω) *undefiled, pure*.

ἀμί-θεος, Dor. for ἡμί-θεος.

ἀ-μίχτος, ον, (a privat., μίχνημι) *unmixed, pure*. II. *not mingling with others, unsociable, savage*. III. *not to be mingled, irreconcilable:—Adv. ἀμίχτως, Sup. ἀμικτότατα*.

*ΑΜΙΛΛΑ, ἦς, ἡ, a *contest for superiority, rivalry; generally, a struggle, conflict*. [ᾶ] Hence

ἀμιλλάομαι, fut. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. ἠμιλλήσομην and pass. ἠμιλλήθην: pf. ἠμιλλήσασθαι: Dep.:—*to compete, vie, or contend with one, Lat. aemulari*. II.

generally, to strive, struggle, exert oneself. Hence

ἀμιλλήτεον, verb. Adj. *one must compete*.

ἐμίλλημα, τό, (ἀμιλλάομαι) *a contest, conflict*.

ἀμιλλήτηρ, ἦτος, (ἀμιλλάομαι) *a competitor, rival*.

ἀμνητό-βιος, ον, (ἀμνήτος, βίος) *inimitable in one's life*.

ἀ-μνήτος, ον, (a privat., μμείομαι) *inimitable*.

ἀμξία, Ion. -ία, ἡ, (ἀμικτος) *a being unmixed, purity*. 2. *want of intercourse, unsociableness*.

ἀμ-ιππος, ον, (ἀμα, ἵππος) *along with horses, i. e. fleet as a horse*. 2. ἀμῖπποι, οἱ, *infantry mixed with cavalry*.

*ΑΜΙΨ, ἴδος, a *chamber-pot*.

ἀμίσῆς, ἐς, (a privat., μίσος) *without hatred, not hateful: Comp. ἀμισέστερος*.

ἀμισθί, Adv. of ἀμισθος, *without reward*.

ἀ-μισθος, ον, (a privat., μισθός) *without pay or reward*.

ἀ-μισθωτος, ον, (a privat., μισθώ) *not let out on hire, not leased*.

ἀ-μῖτρο-χίτωνες, οἱ, (a privat., μίτρα, χιτών) *wearing no girdle with their coat of mail*.

ἀ-μυχθάλωεις, εσσα, εν, lengthd. form of ἀμικτος, *inaccessible, inhospitable*.

ἀμμ-, ποῖτ. for ἀναμ-. For words omitted under ἀμμ-, see under ἀναμ-.

ἀμμα, ατος, τό, (ἄπῳ) *anything tied or made to tie: I. a knot*. 2. *a nose, halter*. 3. *a cord, band*.

ἀμμα, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμάς.

ἀμ-μένω, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-μένω.

ἀμμα, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμείς.

ἀμ-μέσον, ποῖτ. for ἀνά μέσον.

ἀμμέων, Aeol. for ἡμῶν.

ἀμμα, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμῖν.

ἀμ-μίγα, Adv. ποῖτ. for ἀνά-μίγα.

ἀμμέξας, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναμίγνυμι.

ἀμνάνσει, ἀμννάσειεν, Dor. for ἀναμῆσαι, ἀναμῆσειεν, fut. and aor. I of ἀναμνησκόω.

ἀμμο-δύτης, ον, ὄ, (ἀμμος, δύω) *sand-burrower, a kind of snake*.

ἀμμορία, Ion. -ία, ἡ, (ἄμμοπος) *ill fortune*.

ἀμμορος, ον, ποῖτ. for ἀ-μορος, *without lot or share in a thing: absol. unfortunate, unhappy*.

*ΑΜΜΟΣ or ἄμμος, ἡ, *sand: also a sandy place, race-course*. See ἄμμος.

ἀμμο-τροφος, ον, (ἄμμος, τρέφω) *growing in sand*.

ἀμμ-ώδης, ἐς, (ἄμμος, εἶδος) *sandy*.

*Ἀμμωνιάς, ἄδος, or *Ἀμμωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (*Ἀμμων) *of or belonging to Jupiter Ammon, i. e. African*.

ἀμμόων [ᾶ], Dor. for ἀμνήμων.

ἀμναστέω, ἀμναστος, Dor. for ἀμνηστ-.

ἀμνεῖος, α, ον, (ἀμνός) *of a lamb*.

ἀμνή, ἡ, fem. of ἀμνός, a *ewe-lamb*.

ἀ-μνημόνευτος, ον, (a privat., μνημονεύω) *unmentioned, unheeded*.

ἀμνημονέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠμνημόνησα:—*to be unmentioning, to make no mention of, pass over*.

ἀμνημοσύνη, ἡ, *forgetfulness*. From

ἀ-μνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μνήμη) *unmindful, forgetful*. 2. *pass. forgotten, not mentioned*.

ἀ-μνήστευτος, ἡ, (a privat., μνηστεύω) *unwooed, not sought in marriage*.

ἀμνηστῆ, (ἀμνηστος) to be unmindful, to forget:—

Pass. to be forgotten.

ἀμνήσω, poet. fut. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀμνηστία, ἡ, forgetfulness: an amnesty. From ἀμνηστος, ον, (a privat., μνάομαι) forgotten, no longer remembered.

ἀμνίον, τό, a bowl in which the blood of victims was caught. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀμνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀμνή.

ἀμνο-κῶν, οἴωντος, ὁ, (ἀμνός, κοῦω) sheep-minded, i. e. simple.

ἌΜΝΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a lamb: declined ἀρνός, ἀρνί, ἄρνα, ἄρνες, etc., as if from a nom. *ἀρς.

ἀμνο-φόρος, should be μανο-φόρος.

ἀμογητή, Adv. without toil or effort. From

ἀ-μόγητος, ον, (a privat., μογέω) without toil, untiring, untiring.

ἀμόθεν, Att. ἀμόθεν, Adv. (ἀμός) from some place or other.

ἀμότι or ἀμοθεί, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhere.

ἀμοῖ, Adv. (ἀμός) somewhither.

ἀμοιβάδιος, α, ον, = ἀμοιβαίος.

ἀμοιβάδις, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) by turns, Dat. alternatim.

ἀμοιβαίος, ον, also η, or α, ον, (ἀμοιβή) interchanging, alternate: of verses, amoebaeon, answering one another. II. giving like for like, retributive:—

Adv. -ως, in requital.

ἀμοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of ἀμοιβαίος; χλαῖνα ἀμοιβάς a cloak for a change.

ἀμοιβή, ἡ, (ἀμείβω) a recompence, return: hence

reparation, atonement: revenge. 2. an answer.

II. change, exchange, barter.

ἀμοιβηδής, Adv. (ἀμοιβή) alternately.

ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀμείβω) a successor, follower. II.

as Adj. in requital or in exchange for.

ἀμοίρειος, to have no share in a thing. From

ἀ-μοιρος, (a privat., μοῖρα) without share in a thing, bereft of it. II. absol. unfortunate.

ἀμολγαῖος, α, ον, (ἀμέλγω) of milk, made with milk.

ἀμολγεύς, εἰς, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) a milk-pail, Lat. mulctra.

ἀμολγός, ὁ, (ἀμέλγω) the milking time, i. e. morning

and evening twilight; the four hours either before day-

break or after sunset, and so generally night-time.

ἀ-μοιφος, ον, (a privat., μομφή) blameless.

ἀμορβός, οὐ, ὁ, a follower, attendant.

ἀμοργίνος, ον, made of fine flax. From

ἀμοργίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fine flax from the isle of Amorgos.

ἀ-μορος, ον, (a privat., μόρος) without share of, destitute of. II. absol. unlucky, wretched.

ἀμορφία, ἡ, ill shape, deformity. From

ἀ-μορφος, ον, (a privat., μορφή) shapeless, missbapen, unsbapely, unseemly: Comp. ἀμορφέστερος.

ἄμος or ἀμός, ὁ, ὄν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἡμός, ἡμέτερος.

ἄμός, in Att. Poets for ἔμος.

ἄμός, Att. ἄμός, an old form for εἰς, and so = τῖς,

but only used in the Adv. forms ἀμή, ἀμόθεν, ἀμοῦ,

ἀμῶς.

ἄμος, Dor. for ἦμος, as, when.

ἄμοτος, ον, insatiate, ravening, savage: neut. ἄμοτον, as Adv. insatiably, incessantly. (Deriv. uncertain).

ἀμοῦ, Att. ἀμοῦ, Adv. of ἀμός, somewhere.

ἀμουσία, ἡ, want of harmony: rudeness, grossness, boorishness. From

ἀ-μουσος, ον, (a privat., Μοῦσα) without the Muses, without taste for the arts, unpolished, rude, boorish: of things, coarse, vulgar, gross.

ἀμοχθεί, Adv. of ἀμοχθος, without toil or trouble.

ἀ-μόχθητος, ον, (a privat., μοχθέω) = sq. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-μοχθος, ον, (a privat., μόχθος) without toil or trouble. II. not weary.

ἀμ-, poet. abbrev. for ἀναμ-, under which will be found many words beginning with ἀμ-

ἀμ-πεδίον, ἀμ-πεδιήρεις, ἀμ-πέλαγος, should be written ἀμ πεδίων, i. e. ἀνά πεδίον, etc.

ἀμπεράντες, Ep. aor. I part. of ἀναπέρω.

ἀμ-πέλαγος, for ἀνά πέλαγος.

ἀμπελεῖον, ἄνωος, ὁ, poet. for ἀμπελῶν, a vineyard.

ἀμπελίτιος, ον, also η, ον, (ἀμπελος) of the vine.

ἀμπελίον, τό, Dim. of ἀμπελος.

ἀμπελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = foreg., a vine-plant. II. a kind of bird.

ἀμπελοεῖς, εἶσα, εν, (ἀμπελος) rich in vines, vine-clad.

ἀμπελο-εργός, ὄν, = contr. ἀμπελοεργός, q. v.

ἀμπελο-μῆξις, ἡ, (ἀμπελος, μῆξις) an intermixture of vines.

ἌΜΠΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a vine, Lat. vitis.

ἀμπελουργέω, to dress or prune vines. From

ἀμπελο-ουργός, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, ἔργον) a vinedresser.

ἀμπελο-φύτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος, φύω) producer of

the vine, a name of Bacchus.

ἀμπελῶν, ἄνωος, ὁ, (ἀμπελος) a vineyard.

ἀμ-πεπαλῶν, Ep. for ἀναπεπαλῶν, redupl. aor. 2

part. of ἀναπάλλω.

ἀμπερές, Adv. only found in compd. δι-αμπερές, resolved, as, διὰ δ' ἀμπερές, for διαμπερές δέ.

ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας, poet. aor. I imper. and part.

of ἀναπετάσσω.

ἀμπεχόνη, ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a fine upper garment.

ἀμ-έχω and ἀμ-ίσχω: Ep. impf. ἀμπεχον: fut.

ἀμφέξω: aor. 2 ἡμπεχον, inf. ἡμπεσχεῖν, part. ἡμπε-

ισχῶν:—Med. ἀμπεχομαι and ἀμπίσχομαι: impf.

ἡμπεχόμεν: fut. ἀμφέξομαι: aor. 2 ἡμπεσχόμεν,

part. ἀμπίσχομαι: (ἀμφί, ἔχω)—to surround, cover, Lat. cingere. II. to put round or over,

Lat. circumdare. See ἀμπίσχεομαι.

ἀμπήδησε, for ἀνεπήδησε.

ἀμ-πίπλημι, for ἀνα-πίμπλημι.

ἀμπίσχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμ-έχω.

ἀμπίσχεομαι, = ἀμπεχομαι, to put on, Lat. circum-

induro.

ἀμπίσχω, v. sub ἀμπέχω.

ἀμπλακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἀμπλάκημα, ατος, τό, (ἀμπλακεῖν) an error, offence.

ἀμπλάκτητος, ον, (ἀμπλακεῖν) sinful, loaded with

guilt.

ἀμπλακία, ἡ, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλάκιον, τό, = ἀμπλάκημα.
 ἀμπλακίσκω, fut. ἀμπλακίσσω : pf. ἤμπλάκηκα :
 aor. 2 ἤμπλάκον :—Pass., pf. ἤμπλάκημαι :—like
 ἀμαρτάνω, to miss, fail, fall short of, c. gen.
 ἀμ-πνευμα, ἀμπνευσαι, etc., poet. for ἀναπν-
 ἀμπνύς, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imper. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύσθη, Ep. aor. 1 pass. of ἀναπνέω.
 ἀμπνύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμπνέω.
 ἀμ-πόνον, for ἀνά πόνον.
 ἀμπτάμενος, ἀμπτάτη, v. ἀναπέτομαι.
 ἀμπτάζω : aor. 1 pass. ἤμπτικιάσθη : (ἀμπτυξ) :—to
 bind the hair with a band : generally, to bind, wreath.
 ἀμπυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, = (ἀμπτυξ) a band, fillet : also a
 horse's bridle. Hence
 ἀμπυκτήριος, α, ον, of a horse's bridle or frontlet.
 ἀμπτυξ, ὕκος, ὄ or ἡ, (ἀμπέχω) a band or fillet for
 binding the hair, a bead-band, snood. II. the
 bead-band of horses : also a bridle. III. any-
 thing rounded, a wheel
 ἀμπωτις, ἡ, gen. εως Ion. ιος, shortened from ἀνά-
 πωτις (ἀναπινω), a being drunk up : of the sea, the
 ebb-tide.
 ἀμυγδαλέα, contr. -αλή, ἡ, the almond-tree.
 ἌΜΥΓΔΑΛΗ, ἡ, an almond. [δᾶ] Hence
 ἀμυγδάλινος, η, ον, of almonds.
 ἄμυγμα, atos, τό, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, rending : a
 scar.
 ἀμυγμός, ὁ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, mangling.
 ἄμυδς, Adv. = ἄμα, of Time, together, at the same
 time : oftener of Place, together.
 ἌΜΥΓΡΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, akin to ἀμαυρός, dark, dim,
 faint, indistinct. Adv. -δρῶς : also neut. ἀμυδρῶν as Adv.
 ἀ-μύητος, ον, (a privat., μνέω) uninitiated, profane.
 ἀ-μύθητος, ον, (a privat., μῦθέομαι) not to be told,
 inexpressible.
 ἀ-μύκητος, ον, (a privat., μῦκάομαι) without lowing
 or bellowing : of places, where no herds low.
 Ἄμυκλαίζω, to speak in the dialect of Amyclae (a
 Laconian city).
 ἀ-μύλος, ὁ, (a privat., μύλη) a cake of fine meal, so
 called from the meal not being ground at a common
 mill.
 ἀ-μύμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., μῶδομαι) blameless,
 excellent. [ἄμῳ]
 ἀμύναθε, ἀμυνᾶθεις, 3 sing. and inf. poet. aor. 2 of
 ἀμύνω.
 ἀμυνᾶθού, 2 sing. poet. aor. 2 med. of ἀμύνω.
 ἀμύναι, ἀμυνασθαι, aor. 1 act. and med. inf. of ἀμύνω.
 Ἄμυνίας, ον, ὁ, masc. pr. n. used as Adj. (ἀμύνω)
 on its guard.
 ἀμυνον, aor. 1 imper. of ἀμύνω.
 ἀμυντέον, verb. Adj. of ἀμύνω, one must assist ; so
 too ἀμυντέα. II. one must repel.
 ἀμυντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀμύνω) a defender.
 ἀμυντήριος, ον, (ἀμύνω) fit for defending, defensive ;
 ἀμυντήρια ὄπλα defensive armour. II. ἀμυντή-
 ριον, τό, as Subst. a means of defence.

ἀμυντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀμύνω) able to defend or avenge.
 ἀμυντωρ, ορος, ὁ, = ἀμυντήρ, a helper : an avenger.
 ἌΜΥΝΩ [ῶ], Ep. impf. ἀμυνον : fut. ἀμύνω, Ion.
 ἀμύνεω : aor. 1 ἤμυνα, Ep. ἀμύνα : poet. aor. 2 ἤμύ-
 νᾶθον :—to keep off, ward off, Lat. defendo : to de-
 fend, fight for, aid : rarely to requite, repay. II.
 Med. to keep or ward off from oneself, to defend one-
 self. 2. to avenge oneself on another, requite, re-
 pay, punish.
 ἀμύξεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμύσσω) a tearing, scratching.
 ἌΜΥΞΩΣ, Att. -τω : Ep. impf. ἀμυsson : fut.
 ἀμύξω : aor. 1 ἤμυξα :—to tear, scratch, wound : to
 tear in pieces. II. metaph., θυμόν ἀμύξεις χω-
 μενος thou wilt lacerate thy heart with rage. [ᾶ]
 ἀ-μυστί, Adv. (a privat., μύω) properly without
 closing the mouth, i. e. at one draught. Hence
 ἀμυστίξω, f. ois : pf. ἤμυστικα : to drink deep,
 tipple. From
 ἀ-μυστις, ιος and ιδος, ἡ, a long draught of
 drink. II. a large cup, used by the Thracians.
 ἀμυχή, ἡ, = ἀμύξεις.
 ἀμφ-, old and poet. abbrev. for ἀναφ- ; cf. ἀμπ-.
 ἀμφ-ᾠγάπᾶζω, only used in pres. and impf. (ἀμφί,
 ἀγαπάω) to embrace with love, treat kindly, greet
 warmly.
 ἀμφ-ᾠγάπᾶω, = ἀμφαγαπάζω.
 ἀμφ-ᾠγείρω, Ep. aor. 2 med. ἀμφαγερόμην : (ἀμφί,
 ἀγείρω) :—to collect around :—Med. to gather around.
 ἀμφ-ᾠγέρεσθαι and -ᾠγέρομαι, poet. for -ᾠγείρομαι.
 ἀμφάδην, Adv. = ἀμφαδόν.
 ἀμφάδιος, α, ον, (ἀμφάδος) public, known : ἀμφάδην
 as Adv. publicly, openly, Lat. palam.
 ἀμφαδόν, Adv. publicly, openly, without disguise.
 From
 ἀμ-φᾶδος, η, ον, (ἀνα-φαίνω) public, notorious.
 ἀμ-φαίνω, poet. for ἀνα-φαίνω.
 ἀμφ-ᾠσσομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, ᾠσσω) to rush on from
 all sides, flutter or float around.
 ἀμφακῆς, Dor. for ἀμφηκῆς.
 ἀμ-φανδόν, Adv. poet. for ἀνα-φανδόν.
 ἀμφᾶνευ, poet. for ἀναφανεύ, fut. inf. of ἀναφαίνω.
 ἀμφ-ᾠραβέω, f. ἡσω, (ἀμφί, ἀραβέω) to rattle or ring
 about.
 ἀμφ-αραβίζω, only used in pres. and impf., = ἀμφ-
 αραβέω.
 ἀμ-φᾶσι, ἡ, poet. for ἀ-φασία (with μ inserted),
 speechlessness from fear, amazement, or rage.
 ἀμφᾶφᾶσθαι, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶσθαι, pres. med. inf.
 of ἀμφαφᾶω.
 ἀμφ-ᾠφᾶω, and Med. ἀμφ-ᾠφάομαι, (ἀμφί, ᾠφᾶω)
 to touch all round, feel on all sides : to fondle : to handle.
 ἀμφᾶδών, -ᾠωσα, Ep. for ἀμφαφᾶδών, ᾠωσα, pres. part.
 of ἀμφαφᾶω.
 ἀμφαδῶτον, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of ἀμφαφᾶω.
 ἀμφέθετο, aor. 2 med. of ἀμφιτίθημι.
 ἀμφ-ᾠλεκτός, ὄν, poet. for ἀμφιελ-, coiled round.
 ἀμφ-ᾠλίσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἴξω, poet. for ἀμφιελίσσω,
 to wrap, fold, or twine round.

ἀμφ-έπω, poet. for ἀμφι-έπω.
 ἀμφ-ερέφω, f. ψω, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) to cover around.
 ἀμφ-έρχομαι, aor. 2 ἀμφήλθον or ἀμφήλθον: Dep.:
 (ἀμφί, ἐρχομαι):—to come round one, surround.
 ἀμ-φέρω, poet. for ἀναφέρω.
 ἀμφοστάσι for ἀμφοστήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἀμφ-
 ιστήμι.
 ἀμ-φεύγω, poet. for ἀναφεύγω.
 ἀμφοστάν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀμφίστημι.
 ἀμφοξάνον, aor. 2 of ἀμφιχαίνω.
 ἀμφοχύθην [ῥ], aor. I pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφοξύθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀμφιχέω.
 ἀμφο-ήκης, es, (ἀμφί, ἀκή) two-edged, double-biting:
 of lightning, forked. II. metaph. that will cut
 both ways, false or ambiguous.
 ἀμφοήλυθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀμφοέρχομαι.
 ἀμφο-πρεφής, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέφω) covered all round,
 close-covered.
 ἀμφο-ήρης, es, (ἀμφί, ἐρέσσω) having oars on both
 sides. 2. (*ἄρω) fitted or joined on all sides, well-
 fitted. Hence
 ἀμφο-ηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, worked by sculls, of a boat.
 ἀμφο-ηριστος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἐρίζω) contested on both
 sides, disputed. 2. equal in the contest.
 ἌΜΦΙ, Praep. c. gen., dat., et acc.:—Radic. signf.
 on both sides, around. I. C. GEN. about, for, for
 the sake of a thing:—about, concerning a thing, of
 it. 2. rarely of Place, about, around. II.
 C. DAT. I. of Place, about, around, round about:
 —at, by, near, with. 2. not of Place, about, for,
 on account of, for the sake of: regarding, concern-
 ing. 3. by means of. III. C. ACC., of Place,
 about, around, on, at: near about:—mostly with
 motion implied. IV. WITHOUT CASE, as Adv.
 about, around, round about, on all sides. V. IN
 COMPOS. about, on all sides, on both sides.
 ἀμφι-ἄλος, ον, (ἀμφί, ἄλς) sea-girt, esp. having the
 sea on both sides, between two seas, Lat. bimaris.
 ἀμφι-ιάχω, (ἀμφί, ἰάχω) to sound on all sides: to
 fly about shrieking, in irreg. pf. part. ἀμφιάχως, υἷα.
 ἀμφι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go about
 or around. 2. to bestride: hence to guard, pro-
 tect. II. to surround, encompass, wrap round.
 ἀμφι-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: pf. -βέβηκα: Med., Ion.
 fut. -βαλεῖμαι: aor. 2 inf. -βαλέσθαι:—to throw or
 put round, esp. of clothes, etc., to put them on a per-
 son, Lat. circumdare:—Med. to put on oneself, put
 on, Lat. accingi. 2. esp. to throw one's arms
 round, embrace: also to grasp. 3. to surround,
 encompass: but also to strike on all sides. II.
 intr. to go to another place: so also in Med.
 ἀμφιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφι-βαίνω.
 ἀμφιβαῖα, ἡ, v. ἀμφισβασία.
 ἀμφιβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀμφιβαίνω) a going round, en-
 compassing.
 ἀμφιβληματα, οτος, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) something thrown
 round, an enclosure. II. a garment.
 ἀμφιβληστρον, τό, (ἀμφιβάλλω) anything thrown

round: I. a large fishing-net. 2. a gar-
 ment. 3. a fetter, bond.
 ἀμφιβλητος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) put or thrown round.
 ἀμφι-βότης, ον, (ἀμφί, βοάω) noised abroad, far-
 famed.
 ἀμφιβόλια, ἡ, the state of being attacked on both
 sides. II. uncertainty, doubt. From
 ἀμφιβόλος, ον, (ἀμφιβάλλω) thrown round: hence,
 τὸ ἀμφιβόλον a garment. II. struck, attacked on
 both or all sides. 2. act. striking with both ends,
 double-pointed. III. ambiguous, doubtful.
 ἀμφι-βουλος, ον, (ἀμφί, βουλή) double-minded,
 doubting.
 ἀμφι-βροτος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἀμφί, βροτός)
 covering the whole man, of a large shield.
 ἀμφι-βροχος, ον, (ἀμφί, βρέχω) thoroughly soaked.
 ἀμφι-βώμιος, ον, (ἀμφί, βωμός) round the altar.
 ἀμφι-γηθῶ, to rejoice around or exceedingly.
 ἀμφι-γνώω, impf. ἡμμεγνῶν: f. ἀμφιγνώσω:
 aor. I ἡμμεγνῶσα:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀμφιγνώσῃς:
 (ἀμφί, γνῶω Aeol. for νοέω):—to be doubtful about
 a thing, not to know or understand it:—Pass. to be
 unknown.
 ἀμφι-γότης, ον, (ἀμφί, γοάω) bewailed all round.
 Ἄμφι-γυῖεις, δ, (ἀμφί, γυῖς) he that balts in both
 feet, the lame one, name of Vulcan.
 ἀμφι-γύος, ον, (ἀμφί, γυῖον) properly having limbs
 on both sides:—in Homer of a spear, double-pointed:
 in Sophocles of men, well-practised.
 ἀμφι-δαῖω, to light up around:—intrans. in pf.
 ἀμφι-δέθηα, plqpf. -δεθῆεν, to burn around.
 ἀμφι-δάκνω, f. δῆσομαι, to bite all round.
 ἀμφι-δάκρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί, δακρύω) causing tears on
 all sides: all mournful.
 ἀμφι-δᾶσος, εια, v, (ἀμφί, δασύς) fringed all round.
 ἀμφι-δέαι, αἰ, (ἀμφί, δέω) anything that is bound
 around, bracelets, anklets.
 ἀμφιδέδηα, -δεθῆεν, pf. and plqpf. of ἀμφιδαῖω.
 ἀμφι-δέξιος, ον, with two right hands, very dextrous,
 Lat. ambidexter. 2. ambiguous, Lat. anceps: two-
 edged. 3. sometimes simply like ἀμφότερος,
 ἀμφιδέξιοι ἀμὰι both hands.
 ἀμφι-δέρομαι, pf. -δέδορκα, Dep. to look round
 about one.
 ἀμφι-δετος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέω) bound all round.
 ἀμφι-δήρτιος, ον, (ἀμφί, δηρίομαι) disputed, doubtful.
 ἀμφι-διαίνω, to water around.
 ἀμφι-δινέω, f. ἦσω, to wind or roll a thing all round:
 hence in pf. pass. ἀμφιδεινῆμαι, to be fitted close.
 ἀμφι-δοκῶ, f. εὔσω, to lie in wait for.
 ἀμφι-δονέω, f. ἦσω, to whirl round, agitate violently.
 ἀμφιδοξέω, to be doubtful:—Pass. to be disputed.
 From
 ἀμφι-δοξος, ον, (ἀμφί, δόξα) of double sense, doubtful.
 ἀμφι-δορος, ον, (ἀμφί, δέρω) skinned all round,
 quite flayed.
 ἀμφι-δοχη, ον, (ἀμφί, δοχή) as large as can be
 grasped.

ἀμφί-δρομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δραμεῖν) *running round: encompassing.*

ἀμφί-δρυπτος, *ον*, = ἀμφίδρυπος.

ἀμφί-δρυφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *tearing both cheeks.*

ἀμφί-δρυφός, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δρυφῆναι) *torn on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύμος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, δύμοι) *approachable on both sides.*

ἀμφί-δύω, *φ. δύω* [ῦ], *to put round or on:—Med. to put on oneself.*

ἀμφιελκτός, *όν*, (ἀμφιελίσσω) *turned round and round, circling, revolving.*

ἀμφιέλισσα, *φem. Adj.* *rowed on both sides: or swaying to and fro, rocking. From*

ἀμφι-ελίσσω, *φ. ἴξω*, *to wind round.*

ἀμφι-έννυμι and ἀμφι-εννύω: *fut. ἀμφιέσω*, *Att. ἀμφύς*: *aor. I ἡμφίεσα*, *Ep. ἀμφίεσα*—*Pass., aor. I ἡμφιέσθην*: *pf. ἡμφιέσμαι*, *poët. ἀμφιέμαι*:—*to put round, to put garments on a person, Lat. induere:—Pass. to be clothed in, to wear, esp. in pf.*

II. *Med. ἀμφιέννυμαι*: *aor. I ἡμφιέσαμην*, *3 pl. ἀμφιέσαντο*, *imperat. ἀμφιέσασθε*:—*to put on oneself, dress oneself in.*

ἀμφι-έπω, *poët. also ἀμφ-έπω*: *aor. 2 ἀμφιέπων* and *ἀμφειπον*: (ἀμφί, έπω):—*to go about, encompass. II. to be busy about, take care of: to do honour to: esp. to tend, protect.*

III. *Med. to follow and crowd round.*

ἀμφιέσαν, ἀμφιέσαντο, *Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of ἀμφιέννυμι.*

ἀμφ-ίζάνω, (ἀμφί, ἰζάνω) *to sit around or on a thing, settle upon it, as dust does.* [ᾶ]

ἀμφί-ζευκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, ζεύγνυμι) *joined from both sides.*

ἀμφι-θάλασσος, *Att. -ττος*, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θάλασσα) *sea-girt: near the sea.*

ἀμφιθαλής, *ές*, *blooming on both sides: hence flourishing, rich. From*

ἀμφι-θάλλω, *pf. ἀμφιπέθλα*, *to bloom all round, to be in full bloom.*

ἀμφι-θάλπω, *φ. ψω*, *to warm on all sides, warm thoroughly.*

ἀμφι-θεάτρον, *τό*, (ἀμφί, θεάτρον) *a double theatre, amphitheatre.*

ἀμφιθετος, *ον*, (ἀμφιτίθημι) *of a cup, that will stand on both ends, or with handles on both sides.*

ἀμφι-θέω, *φ. θεύσομαι*, *to run round about.*

ἀμφι-θηγής, *ές*, = *sq.*

ἀμφι-θηκτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θήγω) *sharpened on both sides, two-edged.*

ἀμφι-θρεπτος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, τρέφω) *clotted around, congealed, of blood.*

ἀμφι-θύρος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, θύρα) *with a door or opening on both sides: as Subst. ἀμφίθυρον, τό, a ball.*

ἀμφι-κάλυπτος, *φ. ψω*, *to cover all round, enfold, sbroud. II. to put a thing round as a veil or shelter, to envelope in.*

ἀμφι-κέάω: *Ep. aor. I part. ἀμφικέασσας*:—*to cleave asunder.*

ἀμφί-κειμαι, used as *Pass. of ἀμφιτίθημι, to lie close upon: to lean on.*

ἀμφι-κείρω, *φ. κερῶ*, *to shear or clip all round.*

ἀμφικέφαλος, *Ep. -κέφαλλος*, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κεφαλή) *double-beaded.*

ἀμφι-κίω, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (ἀμφί, κίω) *with pillars all round.* [κί]

ἀμφι-κλαστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλάω) *broken all round.*

ἀμφι-κλυστος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κλύω) *flooded around.*

ἀμφι-κομέω, *φ. ήσω*, *to tend on all sides or carefully.*

ἀμφι-κομος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κόμη) *with hair all round, thick-haired: of trees, thick-leaved.*

ἀμφικράνος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κέρα) = ἀμφικέφαλος.

ἀμφι-κρέμαμαι, *Pass. declined like δύναιμι*: (ἀμφί, κρεμάννυμι):—*to bover or flutter round. Hence*

ἀμφι-κρηγής, *ές*, *angling round one: banging round the shoulder.*

ἀμφικρημος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κρημνός) *with cliffs all round.*

ἀμφικρηνος, *ον*, *Ion. for ἀμφικράνος, surrounding the head.*

ἀμφι-κτίονες, *ον*, *οί*, (ἀμφί, κτίω) *they that dwell round or near. Hence*

'Αμφι-κτίονες, *ον*, *οί*, *the Amphictyons*, a Council composed of deputies chosen by all the states of Greece. II. *the presidents of the Pythian games. Hence*

'Αμφικτυονία, *ή*, *the Amphictyonic League or Council.*

'Αμφικτυονικός, *ή*, *όν*, *of or for the Amphictyons or their League.*

'Αμφικτυονίς, *ιδος*, *ή*, *φem. of 'Αμφικτυονικός*: I. (*sub. πόλις*), a city or state in the Amphictyonic League. II. a name of Artemis at Antbēla, the meeting-place of the Amphictyonic Council.

ἀμφι-κύλινδω, *φ. -κυλίω* [ί], *to roll about or upon.*

ἀμφι-κύπελλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, κύπελλον) *in Homer always with δέπας, a double cup: cf. ἀμφίθετος. [ῦ]*

ἀμφι-λάλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λάλος) *chattering everywhere.*

ἀμφι-λαφής, *ές*, (ἀμφί, λαβείν) *far-spreading: hence generally wide, large, vast: also excessive, violent.*

ἀμφι-λαχαίνω, *to dig or hoe round.*

ἀμφι-λέγω, *φ. έω*, *to speak on both sides, dispute. Hence*

ἀμφιλεκτος, *ον*, *discussed on all bands, doubtful. II. act. disputing, captious.*

ἀμφιλογία, *ή*, *dispute, doubt. From*

ἀμφι-λογος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λέγω) *disputed, questionable, doubtful. II. act. disputatious, contentious.*

ἀμφι-λοφος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, λόφος) *encompassing the neck.*

ἀμφι-λύκη νύξ, *ή*, (ἀμφί, λύκη, *Lat. lux*) *the morning-twilight, gray of morning.* [ῦ]

*ἀμφι-μάομαι, (ἀμφί, μάω) *pres. of Ep. aor. I ἀμφιμασάμην, to wipe or rub all round.*

ἀμφι-μάσχαλος, *ον*, (ἀμφί, μασχάλη) *covering both shoulders, two-sleeved.*

ἀμφι-μάτορες, *Dor. for ἀμφι-μήτορες.*

ἀμφιμάχης, *ον*, *contended for, contested on both bands.* [ᾶ] *From*

ἀμφι-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι : Dep. :—to fight
 1. to attack. 2. to fight for. [ᾗ]

ἀμφι-μέλῆς, αἶνα, ἄν, black all round, wrapt in
 darkness.

ἀμφιμέμῳκε, 3 sing. pf. act. of ἀμφι-μυκᾶσθαι.

ἀμφι-μερίζομαι, Pass. to be completely parted.

ἀμφι-μήτορες, οἱ, αἱ, (ἀμφί, μήτηρ) brothers or sisters
 by different mothers.

ἀμφι-μυκᾶσθαι, pf. act. μέμῳκα : Dep. :—to low or
 bellow around, properly of cattle; δάπεδον ἀμφιμέ-
 μῳκε the floor echoed all around.

ἀμφι-νεικῆς, ἔς, (ἀμφί, νεῖκος) made an object of
 contest, eagerly wooed.

ἀμφι-νεικητος, ον, (ἀμφί, νεικέω) = ἀμφινεικος.

ἀμφι-νέμομαι, Med. to dwell round about, in-
 habit.

ἀμφι-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think both ways, doubt.

ἀμφι-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to smooth or polish all round.

ἀμφιξέος, ον, contr. ἀμφιξέους, ουν, (ἀμφιξέω)
 polishing all round.

ἀμφι-παλτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πάλλω) reechoing.

ἀμφι-πάτασθαι, f. ξω, to strike on or from all sides.

ἀμφι-πέδος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέδον) surrounded by a plain.

ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be all round, bover around.

ἀμφι-πέλομαι, Dep. to be busied about, take care of,
 pay heed to.

ἀμφι-περικτινοες, ον, the dwellers round about.

ἀμφι-περιπλέδην, Adv. (ἀμφί, περιπλέκω) twined
 round about.

ἀμφι-περιστέφω, to put round as a crown.

ἀμφι-περιστροφάω, to keep turning round about
 or in every direction.

ἀμφι-περιτρούζω, to chirp or twitter all round.

ἀμφι-περι-φθινύθω, (ἀμφί, περί, φθίνω) to decay or
 die all around. [ῥ]

ἀμφιπεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ἀμφιπίπτω.

ἀμφι-πάζω, f. ἄξω, to press all round.

ἀμφι-πίπτω, f. πεσοῦμαι, to fall around, embrace
 eagerly.

ἀμφι-πίτνω, = ἀμφι-πίπτω.

ἀμφι-πλεκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλέκω) twisted on both
 sides, intertwining.

ἀμφι-πληκτος, ον, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) beating or dash-
 ing on all sides.

ἀμφι-πλήξω, ἦγος, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀμφί, πλήσσω) striking with
 both sides, double-biting.

ἀμφιπολεύω, (ἀμφίπολος) to be an attendant : be
 busied about, take charge of : of slaves, to serve, to
 minister to.

ἀμφιπολεύω, = ἀμφιπολεύω.

ἀμφι-πολις, ποιεῖ. ἀμφι-πολις, ὄ, ἦ, (ἀμφί, πόλις)
 around a city, pressing a city on all sides. 2. as
 fem. Subst. a city between two seas or rivers.

ἀμφι-πολος, ον, (ἀμφί, πέλω) properly being about,
 busied about : generally as fem. Subst. a handmaid,
 waiting-woman : as masc. an attendant, fol-
 lower.

II. as Adj. much frequented.

ἀμφι-πονέομαι, Dep. with aor. I pass. ἀμφεπονήθην :

(ἀμφί, ποίω) :—to bestow labour about, attend to,
 provide for.

ἀμφι-ποτάομαι, Dep. to fly or flutter around.

ἀμφι-πρόσωπος, ον, (ἀμφί, πρόσωπον) double-faced,
 Lat. bifrons.

ἀμφι-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to clasp around. Hence

ἀμφιπτύχη, ἦ, a clasping round, embrace.

ἀμφι-πύλος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύλη) with two entrances.

ἀμφι-πύρος, ον, (ἀμφί, πύρ) surrounded by fire, with
 fire all round.

ἀμφι-ρύτος, η, ον, ποιεῖ. for ἀμφίρ-ρυτος, ον, (ἀμφί,
 βέω) flowed around, sea-girt.

ἌΜΦΙΣ, as Adv. I. on or at both sides :
 hence 2. apart, asunder; γαίαν καὶ οὐρανὸν ἀμφί
 ἔχειν to keep heaven and earth asunder. 3. gene-
 rally, around, round about.

II. more rarely as
 Prep. c. gen. around : apart from, far from. 2.
 rarely c. dat. like ἀμφί, round about. 3. c. acc.
 about, around, when it always follows its case.

ἀμφι-σαλεύομαι, Pass. to toss about, like a ship
 at sea.

ἀμφις-βαίνα, ης, ἦ, (ἀμφίς, βαίνω) a kind of ser-
 pent, that can go both ways, forward or backward.

ἀμφισ-βασίη, ἦ, Ion. for ἀμφισ-βήτησις.

ἀμφισ-βητέω : impf. ἡμφισβήτην, or with double
 augm. ἡμφεσβήτην : so, aor. I ἡμφισβήτησα or ἡμ-
 φεσβήτησα.—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense ἀμφισβη-
 τήσομαι :—aor. I ἡμφισβήτησθην or ἡμφεσβη-
 σθην aor. 2 of βαίνω) :—to stand apart, and so to
 dispute, differ, argue :—Pass. to be the subject of dis-
 pute. Hence

ἀμφισβήτημα, ατος, τό, a point in dispute. And
 ἀμφισβήτησις, ον, debatable, doubtful.

ἀμφισβήτησις, εος, ἦ, (ἀμφισβητέω) a dispute, con-
 troversy, ground or occasion of dispute or debate.

ἀμφισβήτητος, ον, disputed, debatable.

ἀμφι-ιστάμαι, v. ἀμψιστημι.

ἀμφι-στέλλω, to fold about another :—Med. to fold
 round oneself, deck oneself in.

ἀμφι-στεφάνομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, στέφανος) to stand
 round like a crown.

ἀμφι-στεφής, ἔς, (ἀμφί, στέφω) placed round like
 a crown.

ἀμφι-στημι, to place round :—Pass. ἀμφίσταμαι,
 with the intr. act. tenses, aor. 2 ἀμφέστην, pf. ἀμφ-
 ἔστηκα :—to stand around.

ἀμφι-στομος, ον, (ἀμφί, στόμα) with double mouth
 or opening : double.

ἀμφι-στράτωμαι, 3 pl. Ep. impf. ἀμφεστράτωντο :
 Dep. (ἀμφί, στρατός) :—to beleaguer, besiege.

ἀμφι-στρεφής, ἔς, (ἀμφί, στρέφω) twisting round,
 turning all ways.

ἀμφιτάθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.

ἀμφι-τάμνω, Ion. for ἀμφι-τέμνω.

ἀμφι-τάνυω, = ἀμφι-τείνω.

ἀμφι-τάρασσω, to trouble all round.

ἀμφιτεθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφιτείνω.

ἀμφι-τείνω, to stretch out and throw round.

ἀμφι-τειχῆς, ἐς, (ἀμφί, τεῖχος) *encompassing the walls.*

ἀμφι-τέμνω, Ion. -τάμνω, *to cut off all round, to intercept.*

ἀμφι-τίθημι, imperat. -τίθει: f. θήσω: aor. I ἔθηκα: aor. 2 ἀπέθηκον: aor. I pass. ἀμπετέθηκον:—*to put round, to put on: Med. to put on oneself.*

ἀμφι-τινάσσω, f. ἄξω, *to shake around.*

ἀμφι-τιττυβίζω, *to twitter around.*

ἀμφι-τόμος, ον, (ἀμφί, ταμεῖν) *cutting on both sides, two-edged.*

ἀμφι-τορνος, ον, (ἀμφί, τορνῶ) *well-rounded.*

ἀμφι-τρέμω, *to tremble all over.*

ἀμφι-τρέχω, *to run round, surround.*

ἀμφι-τρήσις, ἦτος, ὅ, ἦ, = ἀμφίτρητος.

ἀμφι-τρητος, ον, (ἀμφί, *τράω Root of τετραῖνω) *bored through, with double entrance.*

ἀμφι-τρομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀμφί, τρέμω) *to tremble for.*

ἀμφι-φάεινω, (ἀμφί, φάω) *to shine around.*

ἀμφι-φάλος, ον, *with φάλοι all round; see φάλος.*

ἀμφι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, φάνηται) *visible all round.*

ἀμφι-φοβέομαι, Pass. (ἀμφί, φοβέω) *to fear or tremble all round.*

ἀμφι-φορεύς, gen. ἐως Ep. ἦος, ὅ, (ἀμφί, φέρω) *a large jar or picher with two handles.*

ἀμφι-φράζομαι, Med. *to consider on all sides.*

ἀμφι-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀμφ-έχων:—*to yawn round, threaten to swallow: to yawn wide.*

ἀμφι-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀμφέχεα:—Pass. aor. I ἀμφεχούην [ῶ]: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ἀμφέχυτο: pf. -κέχυμαι:—*to pour or shed around:—Pass. to be poured around: to embrace.*

ἀμφι-χορεύω, f. σω, *to dance around.*

ἀμφι-χρῦσος, ον, (ἀμφί, χρῦσός) *gilded all over.*

ἀμφιχυθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀμφι-χέω.

ἀμφιχῦτος, ον, (ἀμφιχέω) *poured around, heaped up around.*

ἀμφι-χωλος, ον, *lame in both feet.*

ἀμφ-οδον, τό, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) *part of a town with streets round it, a quarter of a town, Lat. vicus.*

ἀμφ-οδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, ὁδός) *a road round, a street.*

ἀμ-φορεύς, ἐως, ὅ, shortened form of ἀμφι-φορεύς, *a jar, also a cinerary urn: as liquid measure, = 1½ Roman amphorae, or nearly 9 gallons.*

ἀμφοτέρη, as Adv. (ἀμφοτέρος) *in both ways, Lat. utrinque.*

ἀμφοτέρος, α, ον, (ἀμφω) *Lat. uterque, both: κατ' ἀμφοτέρα on both sides, Lat. utrinque; ἐπ' ἀμφοτέρα towards both sides. Hence*

ἀμφοτέρωθεν, Adv. *from or on both sides, Lat. ex utraque parte: from both ends.*

ἀμφοτέρωθι, Adv. *on both sides.*

ἀμφοτέρως, Adv. *in both ways. And*

ἀμφοτέρωσε, Adv. *to or on both sides.*

ἀμφ-ουδῖς, Adv. (ἀμφίς, οὐδᾶς) *from the ground.*

ἀμφιράσσαιτο, poet. for ἀναφράσσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναφράζομαι.

ἀμ-φύω, poet. ἀναφύω.

*ΑΜΦΩ, τῶ, τά, τῷ, also οἱ, αἱ, τά, Gen. and Dat.

ἀμφοῖν, *both of two, Lat. AMBO: (same Root as ἀμφί.)*

ἀμφώβολος, ὅ, (ἀμφί, ὀβολός) *a double spit.*

ἀμφ-ώης, ἐς, (ἀμφί, οὖς) *two-eared, two-handled.*

ἀμφ-ωτις, ἰδος, ἦ, (ἀμφί, οὖς) *a two-handled pail.*

ἀμφ-ωτος, ον, = foregoing, *two-eared, two-handled.*

ἀμφεν, for ἀμάσιν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of ἀμάω.

ἀ-μώμητος, ον, (a privat., μῶμομαι) *unblamed, blameless. Adv. -τως, blamelessly.*

ἀωμον, τό, *atomum, an Indian spice.*

ἀ-μωμος, ον, (a privat., μῶμος) *without blame, blameless.*

ἀμῶς, Att. ἀμῶδ, Adv. from the absol. ἀμῶς = τίς, esp. in compd. ἀμῶς-γέ-πως, *in a certain manner.*

*AN, a conditional particle, used like the Ep. and Lyg. particle κε, κεν.

A. WITH INDICAT. ἄν makes an assertion, instead of being positive, dependent on circumstances: hence ἄν cannot be joined with pres. or perf., because that which is, or has been, cannot be made so dependent. I.

WITH INDIC. :—with fut. (only in Ep. poets) ἄν expresses that which certainly will happen, if something else happens first:—with imperf. ἄν expresses the frequent repetition of an act under certain circumstances, *what would always happen; ἐλεγεῖν ἄν he would say (whenever he had an opportunity); κλαῖ-εσκειν ἄν he would keep on weeping:—with aorists ἄν expresses what would have happened on a particular occasion; εἶπεν ἄν he would have said. II.*

WITH OPTAT. it turns the wish, which the mood expresses when alone, into a conditional assertion. III.

WITH SUBJUNCT. ἄν belongs rather to the particle on which the verb depends, than to the verb itself. IV. WITH INFINIT. ἄν is used in cases where the indic. or optat. would be joined with it.—

ἄν never begins a sentence, and regularly follows the word whose signf. it limits, as εἶχον ἄν: but when words dependent on the verb precede it in the sentence, ἄν may follow any of them, because, in sense, they follow the verb, as πρόφασιν ἄν εἶχον = εἶχον ἄν πρόφασιν.

ἄν, Conj. = ἐάν, with subjunctive. [ᾶ]

ἄν or ἄν, shortd. Ep. form of ἀνά. [ᾶ]

ἄν, shortened from ἀνα, for ἀνέστη (like ἐνι for ἐνεστι), *he stood up, arose.*

ἄν-, sometimes for a privat. before a vowel.

'ANA', Prep. c. gen., dat. et acc., used also in forms ἄν-, ἄγ-, ἄμ-: in general signf. opp. to κατά. I.

C. GEN. *on board; ἀνά νηός on board ship. II.*

C. DAT. *on, upon. III.* C. ACC. the common usage, implying *motion upwards*, I. of Place, *up:—throughout. 2. of Time, throughout. 3. in numbers, up to. 4. taken distributively, e.g. ἀνά πᾶσαν ἡμέραν day by day: for ἀνά κράτος, v. sub κράτος. IV.*

as Adv. *thereon, thereupon: throughout, all over. V.* IN COMPOS. *up to, towards, up, opp. to κατά: hence with a sense of strengthening.*

Also *back, backwards* = Lat. re-, retro-. [ᾶν]

ἀνα, for ἀνάστηθι, *up!* arise!

ἀνα, vocat. of ἀναξ, *king*, only addressed to gods.

ἀνάβᾱ, Att. for ἀνάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀναβαίνω.

ἀναβάδην, Adv. (ἀναβαίω) *going up, mounting; being up on high, aloft*; opp. to καταβάδην. [βᾱ]

ἀναβαθμός, ὁ, (ἀναβαίω) *a means of going up, a flight of steps, stair.*

ἀνα-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἀνά, βάθρον) *a ladder.*

ἀνα-βαίω, f. -ήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέβην; also aor. I med. ἀνεβήσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. ἀνεβήσετο: pf. ἀναβέβηκα: I. intrans. to go up, mount, to go on ship-board, put to sea. II. in aor. I ἀνέβησα, Causal, to make to go up, make to go on board ship, make to mount:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀναβαθείς, mounted: so also pf. part. ἀναβεβαμένος.

ἀνα-βακχεύω, f. σω, (ἀνά, Βάχκος) to rouse to Bacchic frenzy. 2. intr. to break into Bacchic frenzy.

ἀνα-βακχιώ, = ἀναβακχεύω.

ἀνα-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: pf. -βέβηκα:—to throw up or toss up. II. to put back, put off:—Med. to lift up one's voice, to make a prelude, begin to sing. III. to put off, delay; in Act. and Med. IV. in Med. to throw one's cloak around one.

ἀνα-βαπτίζω, f. σω, to dip repeatedly.

ἀναβάς, ἄσα, ἀν, aor. 2 part. of ἀναβαίω.

ἀνάβᾱσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβαίω) *a going up, mounting. 2. an expedition up from the coast, esp. into central Asia, like that of the younger Cyrus. 3. the rising of a river. II. a way up, the ascent of a mountain, etc.*

ἀναβάτης, poet. ἀμβάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἀναβαίω) *one who is mounted, a horseman.* [ᾱ]

ἀναβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναβαίω) *skilled in mounting.*

ἀναβατός, poet. ἀμβατός, ὄν, (ἀνα-βαίω) *that may be mounted or scaled, easy to be scaled.*

ἀναβέβηκα, pf. of ἀναβαίω.

ἀναβεβρύχη, pf. of an obsol. ἀναβρύχω, to boil or bubble up.

ἀνάβηθι, ἀναβήναι, aor. 2 imper. and inf. of ἀναβαίω.

ἀνα-βιβάζω: fut. med. βιβέσομαι, Att. βιβῶμαι: aor. I ἀνεβίβασα, med. -ασάμην:—Causal of ἀναβαίω, to make go up: I. to mount one on horseback. 2. to draw a ship up. 3. in Med. to put on board ship. 4. to bring up to the bar of a court of justice. Hence

ἀναβιβαστέον, verb. Adj. *one must set on.*

ἀνα-βίωός: f. ἀναβιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεβίων, inf. ἀναβίωαι, rarely aor. I ἀνεβίωσα: (ἀνά, βίος):—to come to life again, return to life.

ἀναβιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβίω) *recovery of life.*

ἀναβιώσκομαι, aor. I ἐνεβιώσαμην, Dep. to bring back to life.

ἀνα-βλαστάνω, f. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀνέβλαστον:—to shoot or grow up again.

ἀνάβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a look cast upwards. From ἀνα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look up. 2. to look back upon, Lat. respicere. II. to see again, recover one's sight. Hence

ἀνάβλεψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβλέπω) *a seeing again, recovery of sight.*

ἀναβλήδην, poet. shortd. ἀμβλήδην, Adv. (ἀναβάλλομαι) *boiling up:—with sudden bursts.*

ἀνάβλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *a putting off, delay.*

ἀνα-βλύξω, f. ὕσω: aor. I ἀνέβλυσα:—to gush forth; ἀναβλύζειν ἔλαιον to gush out with oil.

ἀνα-βόωσκω, aor. 2 ἀνέμωλον, to go up or back.

ἀνα-βοῶω, fut. ἤσομαι: aor. I ἀνεβόησα, Ion. inf. ἀμβῶσαι (for ἀναβοῆσαι):—to cry or shout aloud, utter a loud cry: to cry out something. II. to call on.

ἀναβολαῖδην, poet. ἀμβ-, Adv. (ἀναβολή) *bubbling up. II. as a prelude or beginning of song.*

ἀναβολάς, shortd. ἀμβολάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *thrown up, of earth.*

ἀνα-βολή, poet. ἀμβολή, ἡ, (ἀναβάλλω) *that which is thrown up, a mound of earth. 2. that which is thrown around one, a cloak. II. a lifting up of the voice, a prelude. 2. a putting off, delaying.*

ἀναβολία, poet. ἀμβ-, ἡ, (ἀναβολή) *delay.*

ἀνα-βράσσω, Att. -πτω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεβράσθην:—to make foam or boil up, to boil. Hence

ἀνα-βραστος, ον, boiled.

*ἀνα-βράχω, only found in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἀνεβράχην, q. v.

*ἀνα-βρόχω, aor. I ἀνεβροξα, opt. ἀναβρόξεια, pf. ἀναβέβροχα, to swallow again, gulp down: also aor. 2 pass. part. ἀναβροχέις, εἶσα, ἐν, swallowed back, swallowed down again. Cf. καταβρόχω.

ἀνα-βρούξω, aor. I -εβρίαξα, to shout aloud for joy.

ἀνα-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to roar aloud.

ἀναβῶσαι, Ion. for ἀναβοῆσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναβοῶω.

ἀνά-γαιον, τό, = ἀνώ-γαιον.

ἀνα-αγγέλλω, for the tenses see ἀγγέλλω:—to carry back tidings of a thing, report, Lat. renunciare.

ἀνα-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I -εγέλασα: to laugh aloud.

ἀνα-γεννάω, f. ἦσω, to beget anew, regenerate.

ἀν-ἀγέομαι, Dor. for ἀν-ηγέομαι.

ἀνα-γεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἀνέγευσα: to give to taste.

ἀνα-γινώσκω, later ἀναγινώσκω: f. ἀναγνώσομαι, aor. 2 ἀνέγνων: ἀνέγνωκα:—to know accurately. 2. to know again, recognise, own, Lat. agnoscere. 3. to distinguish, discern: to have to read. II. in Ion. Greek the aor. I ἀνέγνωσα is used in causal sense to persuade; and aor. I pass. ἀνεγνώσθην, pf. ἀνεγνώσομαι, to be persuaded.

ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. ἤναγκάκα: (ἀνάγκη):—to force, compel: to constrain, esp. by argument: also to force by torture, and so to harass, annoy. 2. to prove of necessity, to demonstrate. 3. with double acc. to force a person to do a thing.

ἀναγκαίη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ἀνάγκη.

ἀναγκαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀνάγκη) of or with force: I. Act. constraining, forcing, pressing: ἡμαρ ἀναγκαῖον the day of constraint, i. e. slavery. 2.

forcible, convincing. 3. of things, requiring to be done.

II. pass. forced: hence painful. 2. necessary: τὰ ἀναγκαῖα, necessaries: also absolutely necessary, barely sufficient. 3. connected by necessary or natural ties: as Subst., ἀναγκαῖοι, οἱ, Lat. necessarii, relations.

ἀναγκαῖως, Adv. of ἀναγκαῖος, of necessity, perforce; ἀναγκαῖως ἔχει it is necessary: Sup. ἀναγκαϊότητα.

ἀνακαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, one must compel.

ἀνακαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναγκάζω) compulsory.

ἀνακαστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀναγκάζω, forced, constrained.

ἌΝΑΤΚΗ, Ion. and Ep. ἀνακαίη, ἡ, Lat. necessitas, force, constraint, necessity: often in dat. ἀνάγκη as Adv. perforce, of necessity, also forcibly, by force. 2. necessity, natural want or desire, such as hunger. 3. actual force, violence: hence bodily pain, suffering. II. like Lat. necessitudo, the tie of kin, relationship.

ἀνα-γνάμπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἀνεγνάμφθην:—to bend back or round. 2. to undo, loose.

ἀναγνώγη, ἀναγώναι, aor. 2 opt. and inf. of ἀναγνώσκω.

ἀν-άγνος, ον, (a privat., ἀγνός) impure, uncaste, generally unholly, guilty.

ἀνα-γνώριζω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἴω: to know again, recognise. Hence

ἀναγνώρισις, εως, ἡ, recognition.

ἀνάγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναγνῶναι) a knowing again, recognition, owning. II. reading.

ἀνάγνωσμα, ματος, τό, (ἀναγνῶναι) aor. 2 of ἀναγνώσκω) a passage read aloud.

ἀναγόρευσις, εως, ἡ, a crying aloud, proclamation. From

ἀν-ἀγορεύω: the Att. fut. is ἀνερω̄, aor. 2 ἀνεῖπον:—to cry aloud, proclaim publicly:—Pass. to be proclaimed: to be generally called or surnamed.

ἀνάγραφτος, ον, (ἀναγράφω) written up or out, registered.

ἀναγραφεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἀναγράφω) a notary, secretary. ἀναγραφή, ἡ, a writing out: that which is written out, a public record. From

ἀνα-γράφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνέγραψα:—to write up, generally to enter in a public register or record. II. to describe. [γρᾶ]

ἀνα-γρύζω, strengthd. for γρύζω, to mutter.

ἀν-άγω, f. ἀνάγω: aor. 2 ἀνήγαγον: (ἀνά, άγω): I. to lead up from a lower place to a higher, but in Homer = άγω, to conduct, carry. 2. ἀνάγειν ναῦν to put a ship out to sea; and then ἀνάγειν or ἀνάγεσθαι, absol. in same sense. 3. to lead up into the interior of a country. 4. to lead up, raise up, conduct, hence to celebrate. 5. to bring up, educate.

II. to bring back: to refer. III. intrans. (sub. έαυτόν) to withdraw, retreat.

ἀναγωγεύς, έως, ὁ, (ἀνάγω) properly one that leads

up: hence anything by which one leads, a rein, tlong, etc.

ἀναγωγή, ἡ, (ἀνάγω) a leading up: a putting to sea. 2. a leading back, referring.

ἀν-άγωγος, ον, (a privat., άγωγή) without guidance or education, ill-bred: of horses and dogs, unbroken.

ἀν-ἀγώνιστος, ον, (a privat., άγωνί(σ)ομαι) without contest, never having contended for a prize.

ἀνα-δαίω, to divide anew: generally to divide or apportion a conquered land.

ἀνα-δαίω, poet. ἀν-δαίω = άκακίω, to light up.

ἀνα-δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀναδατοέμαι.

ἀναδασμός, ὁ, (ἀναδάσασθαι) a re-distribution: generally a distribution, division.

ἀνάδαστος, ον, (ἀναδάσασθαι) divided anew, redistributed: generally, distributed.

ἀνα-δατοέμαι, f. -δάσομαι: aor. I ἀνεδασάμην:—to divide again, re-distribute.

ἀναδέδρομα, pf. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνάδειγμα, ματος, τό, a means of shewing forth: a mouth-piece used by criers.

ἀνα-δείκνυμι and ἀνα-δεικνύω: fut. -δέξω, Ion. -δέξω:—to lift up and shew, shew forth. II. to make public, declare. Hence

ἀνάδειξις, εως, ἡ, a shewing forth, display: a proclaiming, election.

ἀνα-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀνα-δέχομαι.

ἀν-άδελφος, ον, (a privat., άδελφός) without brother or sister.

ἀνάδεμα, poet. ἄνδεμα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-δέξαι, Ion. for ἀναδειξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀνα-δέркоμαι, aor. 2 ἀν-έδρακον:—to look up, to open the eyes again.

ἀνα-δέρω, f. δερῶ: to draw off the skin, esp. to strip off the scar of a wound, Lat. refricare ulcus: hence to rip up old sores.

ἀνάδεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναδέω) a binding on.

ἀναδέσμη, ἡ, and ἀνάδεσμος, ὁ, (ἀναδέω) a band or fillet for women's hair, a headband.

ἀνάδετος, ον, (ἀναδέω) binding up.

ἀνα-δέω, to dye, imbue.

ἀνα-δέχομαι, fut. med. -δέξομαι: aor. ἀνεδεξάμην:—but Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀνεδέγμην: pf. ἀναέδεγμα: Dep.:—to take up, receive: also to take back. II. to take upon oneself, submit to. 2. to undertake, promise to do; also to be surety to one.

ἀνα-δέω, poet. ἀν-δέω: f. -δήσω: aor. I -έδησα: pf. pass. δέδεμαι:—to bind up, bind round; ἀναδειν τινα εὐαγγέλια to crown one for one's good news. II. ἀναῆσαι έαυτούς ές τινα to trace up one's family to a founder.

III. Med. to fasten with a rope to oneself; ἀναδούμενος έλκειν (sc. ναῦς), to take a ship in tow.

ἀνάδημα, poet. ἄνδημα, ατος, τό, (ἀναδέω) a head-band.

ἀνα-διδάσκω, f. άξω, to teach over again: to teach

otherwise or better, Lat. *dedocere*: also simply = διδάσκω, *to teach*:—Pass. *to learn better*. II. *to expound, interpret*.

ἀνα-δίδωμι, poet. ἀνδίδωμι: f. -δῶσω:—*to give up*: *to give forth*, esp. of the earth, *to yield*. 2. intr. of springs, fire, etc., *to burst forth*.

II. *to give round, distribute*: also *to give back, restore*.

ἀνά-δικος, *ov*, (ἀνά, δίκη) *tried over again*.
ἀνά-διπλόω, f. ὄσω, (ἀνά, διπλοῖς) *to make double*.
ἀνάδοτος, *ov*, (ἀναδίδωμι) *given up or to be given up*.
ἀνάδου, for ἀνάδοσο, aor. 2 imper. of ἀναδίδωμι.
ἀναδοῦναι, ἀναδοῦς, οὔσα, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀναδοῦνται, ἀναδοῦμενος, 3 pl. and part. pres. med. of ἀναδέω.

ἀναδοχή, ἡ, (ἀναδέχομαι) *a taking up, acceptance*: ἀναδοχὴ πόνων *the undertaking of labours*.

ἀναδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνατρέχω.
ἀναδράμομαι, poet. for -οῦμαι, fut. of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀναδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναδύομαι.
ἀνά-δύνα, *to come to the top of the water*.

ἀνά-δύομαι, f. δύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέδυν, pf. ἀναδέδυκα: (ἀνά, δύω):—*to come up, rise*, esp. from the sea: but absol. of the sun, *to rise*, of springs, *to gush forth*. 2. *to draw back, retire*:—c. acc. *to shun*: c. inf. *to delay to do, avoid doing*.

ἀναδῶν, Att. pres. part. of ἀναδέω.
ἀν-ἀενος, ἡ, (a privat., εἶνον) *without presents from the bridegroom, without bridal gifts*.

ἀναείραι, aor. I inf. of ἀναείρω.
ἀν-αίρω, (ἀνά, αἶρω) *to lift or raise up*.
ἀν-ἀελπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔλπομαι) *unhoped, unlooked for*.

ἀν-αεράτω, lengthd. for ἀν-αίρω.
ἀνά-ζάω, inf. ἀναζῆν: f. ζήσω: *to return to life*.
ἀνά-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. ζεύξω, *to yoke or harness again*: hence *to prepare to go away again*, esp. with an army, *to break up, move off*: and so of ships, *vh̄as ἀν. to set sail again*. 2. intr. (sub. στρατόν, etc.) *to march off*. Hence

ἀνάζευσις, *ews*, ἡ, *a marching away*.
ἀνά-ζέω, f. ζέσω, *to boil or bubble up*.

ἀνά-ζητέω, *to search into, examine, Lat. anquirere*: *to search out, discover*. Hence

ἀναζήτησις, *ews*, ἡ, *investigation*.
ἀνά-ζωγράφω, *to recal to life*.

ἀνά-ζώννυμι, f. ζώσω, *to gird up*.
ἀνά-ζωπυρέω, *to light up again*:—Pass. *to gain fresh life*.

ἀνά-θάλλω, *to warm again*.
ἀνά-θαρσέω, Att. -θαρρέω, *to regain one's courage*.
ἀνά-θαρσύνω, Att. -θαρρύνω, *to fill with fresh courage*.

II. intr. = ἀναθαρσέω.
ἀνά-θεῖναι, ἀνά-θεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνατίθημι.
ἀνάθεμα, *atos*, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) *anything devoted or accursed*. Hence

ἀνά-θεματίζω, *to make accursed, to bind by a curse*.
ἀνά-θερμαίνω, *to warm or beat again*.

ἀναθετέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνατίθημι, *one must refer*: *one must defer*.

ἀνά-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι and -θευσοῦμαι, *to run up or back, return*.

ἀνά-θεωρέω, *to look at or observe carefully*: *to view or observe again*.

ἀνά-θιλλέω, like ἀνά-θάλλω, (ἀνά, θήλυς) *to grow green, bloom, or sprout afresh*.

ἀνάθημα, *atos*, τό, (ἀνατίθημι) *that which is set up*, esp. as a votive offering: in Homer only used of a *delight or ornament*. Cf. ἄγαλμα.

ἀνά-θλιβω, f. ψω, *to press hard*.
ἀναθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναθρόσσω.

ἀνά-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, *to shout in applause*.
ἀνάθρεμμα, *atos*, τό, (ἀνατρέφω) *a nursing*.

ἀν-αθρέω, (ἀνά, ἀθρέω) *to look up at*: *observe closely*.
ἀνά-θρόσσω, poet. and Ion. ἀνθρόστω: fut. ἀναθοροῦμαι: aor. ἀνέθορον, inf. ἀναθορεῖν:—*to spring up, bound up, rebound*: *to spring upon*.

ἀναιδεῖα, Ep. and Ion. ἀναιδεῖη, ἡ, (ἀναιδής) *shamelessness, assurance, effrontery*.

ἀναιδεύομαι, Dep. (ἀναιδής) *to behave impudently*.
ἀν-αιδής, *és*, (a privat., αἰδέομαι) *shameless, un-*

abashed, reckless: the stone of Sisyphus is called *λίπας ἀναιδής, reckless, ruthless*.

ἀν-αιθύσσω, *to fan the flame*.
ἀν-αίθω, (ἀνά, αἶθω) *to set on fire, to inflame*.

ἀν-αιμακτί, Adv. of sq., *without bloodshed*.
ἀν-αίμακτος, *ov*, (a privat., αἰμάσσω) *bloodless, unstained with blood, Lat. incontinent*.

ἀν-αιμάτος, *ov*, = ἀναιμος.
ἀν-αιμος, *ov*, and ἀν-αίμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., αἶμα) *without blood, bloodless*.

ἀν-αιμασί, Adv. like ἀν-αιμακτί. [τῆ]
ἀναινομαι: impf. ἤναινόμην, Ep. ἀναινόμην: fut. ἀναινοῦμαι (not in use): aor. I ἤναινόμην, inf. ἀναινόσθαι, subj. ἀναινήται: Dep.:—*to refuse, reject, spurn*: c. inf. *refuse to do*: hence *to excuse oneself from a thing, renounce, disown*: *to repent, be ashamed of doing a thing*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνάϊξας, aor. I part. of ἀναίσσω.
ἀναίρειθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀναίρειω.

ἀναίρεισις, *ews*, ἡ, *a taking up of dead bodies*: *burial*. 2. *a taking upon oneself, an undertaking*.

II. *a destroying, destruction*. From ἀν-αιρέω: f. ἦσω: pf. ἀνήρηκα, pass. ἀνήρημαι: (v. αἶρέω):—*to take up, Lat. tollere*, and so I. *to bear away, carry off*, esp. of prizes: simply, *to take up, lift*. II. *to take away, destroy*: of laws and customs, *to abolish*. III. *to appoint, ordain*, esp. of an oracle's answer: but absol. *to answer, give a response*.

Med. *to take up for oneself*: hence *to gain, win, receive*: exact. 2. *to take up dead bodies for burial*. 3. *to take up newborn children, Lat. tollere, suscipere liberos*. 4. *to conceive*. 5. *to take up money at interest*. II. *to take upon oneself, undertake*. III. *to take back to oneself, cancel*.

ἀν-αίρω, f. ἀῤῥῶ, to raise up.

ἀναίσθησία, ἡ, want of perception, insensibility. From ἀν-αίσθητος, ον, (a privat., αἰσθέσθαι aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι) *unfeeling, without feeling.* 2. *without common sense, senseless.* II. pass. *unfelt.*

ἀν-αἰσιμῶς, impf. ἀναἰσιμονν : aor. I ἀναἰσιμῶσα : —Pass., aor. I ἀναἰσιμῶσθην : pf. ἀναἰσιμῶμαι : (a privat., αἰσιμος, —the simple αἰσιμῶν being never used) : —an Ion. Verb. = Att. ἀναλίσκω, to use up, use ; of time, to spend ; of food, to consume. Hence

ἀναἰσιμῶμα, ατος, τό, that which is used up, = Att. δαπάνη, expenditure, outlay.

ἀν-αἰσσω, Att. ἀν-αἰσσω, ἀν-αἰσσω (ἀνά, αἰσσω) : —to start up, rise up quickly, spring or burst forth : c. acc. to leap upon. [ανᾶ—]

ἀναἰσχυντέω, (ἀναἰσχυντος) to be shameless, behave impudently.

ἀναἰσχυντία, ἡ, shamelessness. From ἀν-αἰσχυντος, ον, (a privat., αἰσχύνη) *shameless, impudent* : of things, *abominable, detestable.*

ἀν-αἰτήτος, η, ον, (a privat., αἰτέω) *unasked.*

ἀν-αἰτίος, ον, (a privat., αἰτία) *without cause, groundless.* II. of persons, *guiltless, not chargeable, not to blame.*

ἀνα-καθαίρω, to clear thoroughly : —Pass. to become quite clear.

ἀνα-καθίζω, to set up or upright : —Med. to sit up. II. intr. to sit down again.

ἀνα-καινίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to renew.

ἀνα-καινοουργέω, to restore anew.

ἀνα-καινός, (ἀνά, καινός) to renew, restore. Hence ἀνακαινώσις, εως, ἡ, *renewal, restoration.*

ἀνακαιόν, τό, a prison.

ἀνα-καίω, aor. I ἀνέκαισα, to kindle, light up : —Med. to light oneself a fire : metaph. to fire, rouse, encourage : in Pass. to burn with anger.

ἀνα-καλέω, ποῖτ. ἀγ-καλέω : fut. ἐώω : —to call up, esp. the dead. II. to call upon or call again and again, and so to invoke the gods. 2. to summon.

3. to call by a name. III. to call back, recal, esp. from exile.

ἀνα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, unveil. II. intr. to unveil.

ἀνα-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend upwards or back. 2. intrans. (sub. εἰαυτόν) to bend back, return.

ἀν-άκανθος, ον, (a privat., ἀκανθα) *without thorns or bones : without a spine.*

ἀνα-κάπτω, f. ψω, to snap up, swallow, gulp down.

ἀνακέσται, Ion. for ἀνάκεινται, 3 pl. of ἀνα-κειμαι, ποῖτ. ἀγ-κειμαι : f. -κέισομαι : —used as

Pass. of ἀνατίθημι, to be laid up, as a votive offering ; and so, to be dedicated ; also, to be set up, as a statue. II. to be referred to, depend upon.

Ἄνακειον, τό, the temple of Castor and Pollux. From Ἄνακες, οἱ, old form of ἀνακτες, the Kings, i. e. Castor and Pollux.

ἀνα-κέκλωμαι, ποῖτ. for ἀνα-καλέω, to call out.

ἀνα-κέλαδος, ὄ, (ἀνά, κέλωμαι) a loud shout.

ἀνα-κέρωμαι, Ion. for ἀνά-κειμαι.

ἀνα-κεράννυμι and -ύω : f. κερᾶσω [ᾶ] : —to mix again : generally, to mix up, mix well.

ἀνα-κεφαλαιῶω, f. ὦσω, (ἀνά, κεφαλή) to comprehend in a summary, sum up.

ἀνα-κρίκω, to spout up, gush forth : also, to throw violently. [† Ep.]

ἀνα-κρῦσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ἔξω, to publish, to proclaim, esp. to proclaim as conqueror : to offer by voice of herald : and so to put up to auction, which was done by proclamation of the κήρυξ.

ἀνα-κινδυνεύω, f. ὦω, to rush into danger again, to run a fresh risk.

ἀνα-κινέω, to move upwards, to sway to and fro. 2. to rouse, awaken, Lat. suscitare. Hence

ἀνακίνησις, εως, ἡ, a swinging to and fro. 2. excitement, emotion. [κῆ]

ἀνα-κίρνωμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-κεράννυμι.

ἀνα-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω : aor. 2 ἀνέκλαγον : —to cry aloud, scream out : of a dog, to bark, bay.

ἀνα-κλαίω, f. -κλαίσομαι, to weep aloud, burst into tears, also to weep for, to bewail.

ἀνα-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ] : aor. I ἀνέκλασα : —to break upwards or back, to break in pieces.

ἀνάκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακαλέω) a calling on, invocation : a summoning. II. a recalling, esp. from banishment.

ἀνακλιθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνακλινθείς, later ἀνακλιθείς, ποῖτ. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-κλίνω, ποῖτ. ἀγ-κλίνω [ῆ] : fut. -κλιθῶ : aor. I ἀνέκλινα : —to make to lie back, to lean one thing against another : Pass. to lie, sink or lean back. II. to push or put back a trap-door, and so to open it.

ἀνάκλιτος, η, ον, (ἀνακλίνω) leaning back.

ἀνα-κογχυλίδια, f. ὦω, (ἀνά, κόγχη) to open and counterfeit a seal.

ἀνα-κοινῶ, f. ὦσω, to communicate or impart something to another : to communicate with another, consult him. —Med. with pf. pass. -κεκοῖνωμαι, to communicate what is one's own to another : to impart.

ἀνα-κοιρᾶνέω, to rule in or over.

ἀνα-κολπίζω, f. ὦω, (ἀνά, κόλπος) to gird up into a fold (Lat. sinus) : absol. to gird oneself up.

ἀνακομιδῆ, ἡ, recovery of a thing or from an illness. From

ἀνα-κομίζω, ποῖτ. ἀγ-κομίζω : f. -ίω Att. -ιῶ : aor. I ἀνεκόμισα : —to carry up : esp. to carry up or against stream : Pass. to go up. II. to bring back, recover : —Med. with pf. pass. to bring back with one : to recover one's own : to bring to pass again : —Pass. to go back.

ἀν-ακοντίζω, f. ἴσω, to dart or fling up. II. intr. to shoot up, as blood from a wound.

ἀνακοπή, ἡ, a beating back : a recoil. From

ἀνα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat, force or drive back : —Pass. to stop short.

ἀνα-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to lift or raise up : —Pass. to be lifted up, lightened in spirits. Hence

ἀνακούφισις, εως, ἡ, a *lifting up, lightening*: relief from a thing.

ἀνα-κράζω, f. ἄξομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέκραγον:—to cry out, lift up the voice.

ἀνα-κρᾶθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνακράννυμι.

ἀνάκρῃσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακράννυμι) a *mixing up*.

ἀνα-κρέκομαι, Dep. to begin to play: of a bird, to tune its voice.

ἀνα-κρεμάννυμι, poet. ἀγ-κρεμ-: f. -κρεμάσω: aor. I ἀνεκρέμασα:—to hang up upon a thing:—Pass. to be hanging up: metaph. to be in suspense, Lat. suspensus esse.

ἀνα-κρίνω [ῖ]: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω): to examine well, search out. II. to examine beforehand:—Med., ἀνακρίνεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυτοῦς, to question one with another. Hence

ἀνάκρισις, poet. ἀγκρισις, εως, ἡ, an examination, inquiry.

ἀνα-κροτέω, f. ἴσω, to lift up and strike together: absol. to clap with uplifted hands, applaud vehemently.

ἀνάκρουσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνακρούω) a *pushing back, checking*, esp. pushing a ship back, backing water.

ἀνακρουστήν, verb. Adj. of ἀνακρούω, one must check.

ἀνα-κρούω, f. σω, to thrust back, check:—in Med. of a ship, ἀνακρούεσθαι ἐπὶ πρύμνῃν to put her back sternwards, by backing water. 2. Med. also in music, to strike the strings, make a prelude, like ἀναβάλλεσθαι.

ἀνα-κτάομαι, f. -κτήσομαι: pf. ἀνέκτημαι: Dep.:—to regain for oneself, recover, retrieve. II. to win a person over, gain his favour.

ἀνάκτεσι, Ep. for ἀναξί, dat. pl. of ἀναξ.

ἀνάκτοριος, α, ον, (ἀνάκτωρ) belonging to a lord or king, royal: ἀνάκτορον, τό, = sq. a temple.

ἀνάκτορον, τό, (ἀνάκτωρ) a king's dwelling, palace: also a temple.

ἀνάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (ἀνάσσω) a lord, king.

ἀνα-κυκάω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and mix: to confuse.

ἀνα-κυκλέω, to turn round again:—Pass. to revolve, come round again. Hence

ἀνακύκλησις, εως, ἡ, a coming round again, a circuit, revolution.

ἀνα-κύμβαλλιάζω, (ἀνά, κύμβαλον) to rattle like κύμβαλα: δίφροι ἀνεκμυβαλίζον the chariots were overturned with a rattling noise, like that of cymbals.

ἀνα-κύπτω, fut. -κίψωι and -κίψομαι: aor. I ἀνέκυψα: pf. ἀνακέκυφα:—to lift up the head: esp. to come up out of the water: hence to rise out of difficulties, to recover, emerge.

ἀνα-κωκῶ, f. ὕσω, to wail aloud. [ῶ]

ἀνακῶς, Adv. = ἐπιμελῶς, carefully, ἀνακῶς ἔχειν τινὸς to look well to a thing. (From ἀνακος, Adj. of ἀναξ, a manager.)

ἀνακωχεύω, f. σω, to hold back, stay, esp. of ships, to keep them riding at anchor: but ἀν. τὸν τόνον τῶν ὄπλων to keep up the tension of the ropes, keep taught. 2. intr. (sub. ἑαυτὸν) to keep still. From

ἀνακωχή, ἡ, incorrect form of ἀνοκωχή.

ἀναλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνα-λάζομαι, Dep. to take again.

ἀν-ἄλαλάζω, aor. I ἀνηλάλαξα: to raise a war-cry: to cry aloud.

ἀνα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἀνέλαβον: pf. ἀνέληφα:—to take up, take into one's hands: generally, to take with one. 2. to take into one's service, to adopt. 3. like Lat. recipere, to take upon one: esp. in Med. to undertake, ἀναλαβεῖσθαι πόλεμον. 4. to take up again, resume, ἀναλαβεῖν λόγον.

II. to take back, regain, retrieve, repair.

III. to pull short up, of a horse. IV. to gain quite over, attach to oneself.

ἀνα-λάμπω, f. λάμψω, to flame up, take fire.

ἀναληγσία, ἡ, insensibility, want of feeling. From ἀν-ἀληγτος, ον, (a privat., ἀλγέω) without pain: I. of persons, unfeeling, hard-hearted, ruthless:—Adv. -τως, unfeelingly. II. of things, I. not painful. 2. very painful, cruel.

ἀν-αλδής, ἐς, (a privat., ἀλδεῖν) not thriving, feeble.

ἀνα-λέγω, Ep. impf. ἄλλεγοι: fut. ἀναλέξω: aor. I ἀνέλεξα, Ep. inf. ἀλλέξαι:—to pick up, gather up:—Med. to pick up for oneself. 2. to recount. II. to read aloud.

ἀνα-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick up.

ἀνάληψις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλαμβάνω) a taking up: a taking again, a means of regaining: a repairing, making amends. II. a being taken up: the Ascension.

ἀν-αλθής, ἐς, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not healing.

ἀνάλιπτος, ον, Dor. for ἀνήλιπτος, barefoot.

ἀν-ἐλίσσω: f. ἀνᾶλῶσα: aor. I ἀνήλωσα or ἀνάλωσα: pf. ἀνήλωκα or ἀνάλωκα:—Pass., fut. ἀνᾶλωθήσομαι: aor. I ἀνηλώθη or ἀνᾶλώθη: pf. ἀνήλωμαι or ἀνάλωμαι: the pres. ἀν-ἔλω, impf. ἀνάλωι are rare:—to use up, spend, esp. in a bad sense, to squander:—metaph., ἀν. ὕπνον to use to the full, i. e. enjoy, sleep. II. of persons, to kill, destroy.

ἀνάλκεια, ἡ, want of strength. From

ἀν-αλκίς, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, acc. -ίδα or -ιν, (a privat., ἀλκή) without strength, impotent, unwarlike.

ἀν-ἄλλομαι, Dep. to leap up.

ἀν-αλμος, ον, (a privat., ἄλμη) not salted.

ἀνα-λογία, ἡ, (ἀνά, λόγος) proportion, analogy.

ἀνα-λογίζομαι, Dep. to count up: sum up: to think over, calculate, consider. Hence

ἀναλογισμός, ὁ, a counting up, calculation, reasoning with oneself: also a course of reasoning.

ἀν-αλος, ον, (a privat., ἄλς) not salt, without salt.

ἀν-ἄλω, a rare form of ἀν-αλίσσω.

ἀν-αλτος, ον, (a privat., ἄλθομαι) not to be filled, insatiate, Lat. inexplebilis.

ἀνάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναλύω) a loosing, releasing: dissolution, death.

ἀνα-λύω, Ion. and Ep. ἀλ-λύω: f. -λύσω [ῶ]: pf. -λέλυκα, pass. -λέλυμαι:—to unloose, undo again: also to set free. II. to do away, get rid of: to stop, put an end to. III. intr. (sub. ἵππον, ναῦν, etc.) to loose for departure, and so to depart, return.

ἀνάλωκα, -ωμα, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνάλισκα.
 ἀνάλωμα, atos, τό, (ἀνάλω) *that which is used or spent*: *expense, cost, outlay*: in plur. *expenses*.
 ἀνάλωσα, ἀνάλωσαι, aor. I of ἀνάλισκα.
 ἀνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνάλω) *expenditure*. [ἀνά]
 ἀ-άλωτος, ov, (ἡ, (privat., ἀλῶναι) *not taken, not to be taken, impregnable*.
 ἀνα-μαϊμάω, *to rage through or throughout*.
 ἀνα-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι, *to learn again or anew, learn differently*: *to inquire closely*.
 ἀν-ἀμείζυτος, ov, (a privat., ἀμαξέω) *impassable for wagons*.
 ἀν-ἀμαρτητος, ov, (a privat., ἀμαρτεῖν) *without missing or failing, un failing*: in a moral sense, *faultless*. Adv. -τως, *without fail*.
 ἀνα-μασάομαι, Dep. *to chew over again*, Lat. *ruminari*.
 ἀνα-μάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -μάξω: aor. I ἀνέμαξα:—*to wipe up, wipe off*: ἔργον, ὃ σὴ κεφαλῇ ἀναμάξεις *a deed which thou wilt wipe off on thine own head*, (as if it were a stain). II. Med. *to knead one's bread*.
 ἀνα-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, sometimes -μαχέσομαι or -ήσομαι: Dep. :—*to renew the fight, to retrieve a defeat*.
 ἀν-ἀμβάτος, ov, poet. for ἀν-ἀβάτος, (a privat., ἀναβαίνω) of a horse, *not to be mounted, unmanageable*.
 ἀνα-μέλω, f. ψω, *to begin to sing*.
 ἀνα-μένω, poet. ἀμμένω: f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἀνέμεινα:—*to wait for, await*: absol. *to wait, stay*. 2. *to await, endure*. 3. *to put off, delay*.
 ἀνά-μεσος, ov, *in the middle*.
 ἀνά-μεστος, ov, *filled full*. Hence
 ἀναμεστόω, f. ὦσω, *to fill up, fill full*.
 ἀνα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, *to measure back or over again, to remeasure the same road one came by*: generally, *to do or say over again, repeat*. II. *to measure out*. Hence
 ἀναμέτρησης, εως, ἡ, *a measuring out, admeasurement*.
 ἀνά-μιγα, poet. ἀμμίγα, also ἀνά-μιγδα, Adv. *promiscuously*.
 ἀνα-μίνγμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I ἀνέμιξα, *to mix up together, to mingle*. II. Med. *to have social intercourse, join company*.
 ἀνα-μνήνησκω: f. ἀναμνήσω, poet. ἀμνήνησω: aor. I ἀνέμνησα:—*to remind one of a thing*: c. inf. *to remind one to do*: also *to recal to memory, make mention of*:—Pass. *to remember*.
 ἀνα-μίνω, poet. for ἀνα-μένω.
 ἀνα-μίξω, (ἀναμίνγμι) Adv. *mixed up, pell-mell*.
 ἀνάμιξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμίνγμι) *social intercourse*.
 ἀνα-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἀναμίνγμι.
 ἀναμνησθεῖς, part. aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήνησκω.
 ἀνά-μνησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναμνήνησκω) *a calling to mind, recollection*.
 ἀνα-μολεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀναβλώσκα.
 ἀνα-μορμύρω, *to roar loudly, foam up*, of the sea. [ῥ]
 ἀνα-μοχλεύω, (ἀνά, μοχλός) *to lift with a lever*: *to force open*.

ἀν-ἀμπλάκτητος, ov, (a privat., ἀμπλάκτητος) *unerring, without wandering*.
 ἀνα-μυχιζομαι, Dep. *to groan deeply*.
 ἀν-ἀμφίλογος, ov, (a privat., ἀμφίλογος) *undisputed, undoubted*.
 ἀν-ἀμφισβήτητος, ov, (a privat., ἀμφισβήτητος) *undisputed, indisputable, about which there is no dispute*. II. act. *without dispute or controversy*.
 ἀνανδρία, ἡ, *unmanliness, cowardice*. From
 ἀν-ἀνδρος, ov, (a privat., ἀνήρ), I. = ἀνευ ἀνδρός, *without a husband*: *without men, desolate*. II. *unmanly, cowardly, unworthy of a man*.
 ἀν-ἀνδρώω, f. ὦσω, *to deprive of a husband*. Hence
 ἀνάνδρωτος, ov, *widowed*.
 ἀνα-νεάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀνά, νέος) *to make young again*.
 ἀνα-νέω, poet. ἀννέω, *to divide or distribute anew*. II. Med. *to count up, recount*: *to rehearse*.
 ἀνα-νέομαι, poet. ἀννέομαι, Dep. *to mount up, rise*.
 ἀνα-νέομαι, f. ὦσομαι: aor. I ἀνενεώσω, poet. inf. ἀννεώσασθαι: Dep. :—*to renew, revive*.
 ἀνα-νεύω, f. σω, properly *to throw the head back* in token of denial: hence *to deny, refuse*.
 ἀνανέωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνανέομαι) *a renewal, revival*.
 ἀνα-νήφω, f. ψω, *to become sober again, come to one's senses*. 2. *trans. to make sober again*.
 ἀν-αντα, Adv. of ἀν-άντης, *uphill*, opp. *to κάτωτα*.
 ἀν-ανταγώνιστος, ov, (a privat., ανταγωνίζομαι) *without a rival, without a struggle*: *undisputed*.
 ἀν-άντης, es, (ἀνά, ἀντάω) *up-hill, steep*, opp. *to κατάντης*: hence like Lat. *arduus, difficult*.
 ἀν-αντήρητος, ov, (a privat., ἀντερῶ) *not to be gainsaid*. Adv. -ως, *without contradiction*.
 ἌΝΑΞ, ἀνακτος, ὁ: Ep. dat. pl. ἀνάκτεσι: *a lord, king*, applied to all the gods, esp. to Apollo. II. *any earthly lord, prince, chief, king*: also of the sons or kinsmen of kings, and generally, *the chief persons of a state*. 2. *so too the master of the house*, Lat. *herus*. 3. *generally, one who is lord or master over anything*, as *κώπης ἀνακτες*: cf. *χειρ-ἀνάξ*.
 ἀνα-ξάω, *to rub or irritate afresh*.
 ἀνάξασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀνα-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I -εξήρανα, poet. inf. ἀγξήραται:—*to dry up*.
 ἀνα-ἄξιος, ov, also a, ov, (a privat., ἄξιος) *unworthy, not deemed worthy*, c. gen.: absol. *worthless*. 2. *undeserving of evil*.
 ἀναξί-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνάσσω, φόρμιγξ) *lord of the lyre*.
 ἀναξίως, Adv. of ἀνάξιος, *unworthily*.
 ἀνα-ξυνώω, (ἀνά, ξυνός) = ἀνα-κοινώω.
 ἀναξυρίδες, ἴδων, αἱ, *the trousers worn by eastern nations*. (Persian word.)
 ἀνα-ξύω, f. ὦσω [ῥ]: aor. pass. ἀνεξύσθην:—*to scrape off*.
 ἀνάξω, fut. of ἀνάσσω.
 ἀν-αίγω, f. ξω, poet. for ἀν-οίγω.
 ἀνα-παιδεύω, *to educate afresh*.
 ἀνάπαιστος, ov, (ἀναπαῖω) *struck back, rebounding*:

as Subst. ἀνάπαιστος (sub. πούς), ὁ, an anaerast, i. e. a dactyl reversed.

ἀνα-παύω, f. σω, to strike again or back.

ἀνά-πάλιν, Adv. back again. II. over again. III. reversely.

ἀνα-πάλλω, poet. ἀμπάλλω: fut. ἀναπάλλω: aor. I ἀνέπηλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἀμπεπαλῶν:—to swing to and fro, to put in motion:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνέπαλτο, to dart or spring up.

ἀνα-πάσσω, f. ἄσω, to scatter upon.

ἀνάπαυλα, ης, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease from a thing: of watches, κατ' ἀναπαύλας διηρησθαι to be divided into reliefs. II. a resting-place.

ἀνάπαυσις, poet. ἀμπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπαύω) rest, repose, ease: rest from a thing, cessation.

ἀναπαυστήριος, Ion. ἀμπ-, Ion. (ἀναπαύω) belonging to resting or rest:—as Subst. ἀναπαυστήριον or ἀναπαυτήριον, τό, a resting-place: the time or hour of rest: also (sub. σημείων), the sound of trumpet for all to go to rest.

ἀνα-παύω, Ion. ἀμπαύω, (for the tenses, v. παύω):—to make cease, stop from a thing: later to give rest or relieve from a thing. II. Med. to cease, leave off, desist from a thing: absol. to take one's rest, sleep: also to die. 2. to stop, halt, rest. 3. to regain strength.

ἀνα-πειθῶ, f. πείσω: aor. I ἀνέπεισα:—to bring over to another opinion, to persuade against one's will: also in bad sense, to seduce, mislead.

ἀνα-πειράομαι, f. ἴσσομαι, Dep. to try or attempt again, to make trial of. II. as a military and naval term, to exercise, practise.

ἀνα-πέρω, f. -περῶ: aor. I ἀνέπειρα, Ep. part. ἀμπείρας: Pass., aor. 2 ἀνεπάρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἀναπέπαρμαι, poet. ἀμπεπαρμαι:—to pierce through, spit.

ἀναπειστήριος, α, ον, (ἀναπέιθω) persuasive.

ἀνα-πεμπάζω and -ἄζομαι, to count over again.

ἀναπέμπω, poet. ἀμπέμπω, f. ψω, (for the tenses, v. πέμπω):—to send up or forth:—Med. to send up from oneself. II. to send back.

ἀναπεπτάμενος, pf. pass. part. of ἀναπετάννυμι.

ἀναπεσεῖν, ἀναπεσῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀναπίπτω.

ἀνα-πετάννυμι and ἀνα-πεταννύω, also ἀνα-πετάω: fut. -πετάω, Att. -πετώ: aor. I ἀνεπέτασα, poet. imper. and part. ἀμπετάσον, ἀμπετάσας:—to spread out or open, expand, unfold, unfurl:—pf. pass. part. ἀναπεπτάμενος, η, ον, outspread, open.

ἀνα-πέτομαι, f. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπτόμην or ἀνεπτάρην, poet. part. ἀμπτάμενος; and in act. form ἀνέπτην, poet. opt. ἀμπτάην: (v. πέτομαι):—to fly up, fly up and away.

ἀναπέφθηνα, pf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-πήγνυμι or -ύω, to transfix, spit.

ἀνα-πηδάω, poet. ἀμπηδάω: f. ἴσομαι: (v. ηδῶω):—to leap, spring up or forth, start up; ἀν. ἐπ' ἔργον to jump up to work: of springs, to gush forth. II. to spring back.

ἀνά-πηρος, ον, (ἀνά, πηρός) maimed, crippled, halt.

ἀνα-πίδύω, f. ύσω, to make to spring up.

ἀνα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἀνέπλησα:—to fill up, Lat. explore:—to fulfil, accomplish. II. to fill up, appease. III. to fill full of a thing, esp. with the notion of defiling: whence in Pass. to be infected.

ἀνα-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέπεσον: pf. ἀναπέπτωκα:—to fall back. 2. to fall back, give ground: hence to slacken, lose heart, Lat. concidere animo.

ἀνα-πίτνημι, poet. for ἀνα-πετάννυμι.

ἀνα-πλάσσω, Att. -πλάττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέπλασα:—to form anew, remodel, recast, generally, to mould, shape.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. ξω, to braid up, entwine, wreath.

ἀνα-πλέω, f. -πλευσομαι or -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀνέπλευσα: Ion. pres. ἀνα-πλώω:—to sail upwards, to sail up stream: also to put out to sea. II. to sail the same way back again, sail back: of fish, to swim back.

ἀνά-πλεως, ον, gen. ω: also fem. ἀναπλέα:—Ion. and Att. for ἀνάπλεος: (ἀνά, πλέωσ = πλέωσ):—filled up, quite full of a thing. II. defiled or infected with a thing.

ἀνα-πληρῶω, f. ὦσω, to fill up, fill full. II. to fill up again:—Pass. to return to one's full size, of the sun after an eclipse.

ἀναπλήσαι, ἀναπλήσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἀναπίμπλημι.

ἀνάπλους, contr. ἀνάπλους, ὁ, (ἀναπλέω) a sailing upwards, esp. up stream: also a putting out to sea.

ἀν-απλόω, f. ὦσω, to unfold, open.

ἀνα-πλώω, Ion. for ἀναπλέω.

ἀνα-πνεύω, Ion. ἀμπνεύω, Ep. for ἀναπνέω.

ἀναπνεύσεις, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνάπνευσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) a breathing again: respite, rest from a thing. II. a drawing breath.

ἀνάπνευστος, ον, poet. for ἀπνευστος, without drawing breath, breathless.

ἀνα-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀνέπνευσα:—to breathe again, have a respite, rest oneself from a thing: (for the forms ἀμννε, ἀμννίτο, ἀμννύθη v. sub vocc.) II. to draw breath, breathe, Lat. respiro.

III. to breathe forth, send forth.

ἀναπνοή, poet. ἀμπνοή, ἡ, (ἀναπνέω) recovery of breath, rest. II. a drawing breath, Lat. respiratio.

ἀνάπνευσις, poet. pres. imperat. of ἀναπνέω.

ἀν-απόδεικτος, ον, undemonstrated, indemonstrable.

ἀνα-ποδίξω: f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἀνεπέδισα: (ἀνά, πούς):—to make to step back, call back and question; ἀναποδίξεν ἑαυτόν to correct oneself. II. intrans. to step back.

ἀν-άποινος, ον, (α privat., ἄποινα) without ransom or reward: neut. ἀπόμοιον, Adv. without recompense.

ἀνα-πολέω, poet. ἀμπολέω, properly to turn up the ground again, plough up: hence to go over again, to repeat, reconsider.

ἀνα-απολόγητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀπολογέομαι) *indefensible, inexcusable.* 2. act. *unable to defend oneself, without excuse.*

ἀναπομπή, ἡ, (ἀναπέμπω) *a sending up; θησαυρῶν ἀν. a digging up of treasures.*

ἀναπομπός, ὁ, (ἀναπέμπω) *one that sends up or back.*

ἀνα-απόνιπτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀπονίζω) *utwasben.*

ἀνα-ποτάομαι, Dep. = ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πράσσω, Att. -πτω, fut. -πράξω, *to exact, levy; ἀν. ὑπόσχεσθαι to exact the fulfilment of a promise.*

ἀνα-πρήξω, f. σω, properly *to set on fire, light up; δάκρυ' ἀναπρήσας letting tears burst forth.*

ἀνα-πτερόω, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἀν-επτέρωσα: pf. -επτέρωκα:—*to furnish with wings or to raise the wings for flight: generally, to raise, set up.* 2. of the mind, *to set on the wing, excite vehemently:—Pass. to be on the wing, be in a state of excitement.* II. *to furnish with new wings:—Pass. to get new wings.*

ἀναπτῆναι, ἀναπτάσθαι, ἀναπτέσθαι, inf. of ἀν-έπτειν, ἀνεπτάνην, ἀνεπτύμην, aor. 2 of ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀνα-πτύσσω, fut. ὕξω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεπτύχθην, aor. 2 ἀνεπτύχην [ῥ]: (v. πτύσσω):—*to unfold, undo, esp. of rolls of books; and so, like Lat. evolvere, to unroll for reading: hence to unfold, bring to light, Lat. explicare.* II. as military term, τὴν φάλαγγα ἀναπτύσσειν *to fold back the phalanx, i. e. deepen it by wheeling men from either flank into rear; but, τὸ κέρας ἀναπτύσσειν to open out the wing, i. e. extend the front, Lat. explicare.* Hence

ἀνα-πτύχῃ, ἡ, *an opening, unfolding: an expanse.*

ἀνα-πτύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], *to spit up or out: absol. to sputter.*

ἀν-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀνήψα:—*to bang up to, fasten on or to a thing; ἀνάγματα ἀνάπτειν, = ἀνατιθέναι, to bang up votive gifts; μῶμον ἀνάπτειν to fasten disgrace upon one:—Med. to fasten for oneself; ἀνάπτεσθαι ναῦν to fasten a ship to oneself and tow it away:—Pass. to be fastened or fasten oneself on, cling to.* II. *to light up, light, kindle: metaph.*

ἀνα-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πέυσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνεπύθουην: Dep.:—*to search out, inquire into: also to learn by inquiry.* Hence

ἀνάπυστος, *ον*, *searched out, ascertained, notorious.*

ἀνάπτωις, shortened ἀμπτωις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (ἀναπίνω) *a being drunk up: of the sea, the ebb-tide, returning of the waters.*

ἀναρ-, in compds. of ἀνά with words beginning with ρ the ρ is usually doubled, as in ἀναρ-ραϊζέω, etc., though in poets and Ion. Greek it is sometimes single.

ἀναραιρεκῶς, Ion. for ἀνηρηκῶς, pf. part. of ἀναρέω.

ἀν-ἀργύριος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀργυρος) *without silver: without money.*

ἀν-αρθρος, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρθρον) *without joints: disjointed, nerveless.* 2. of sounds, *articulate.*

ἀν-ἀριθμέω, f. ἡσμαι, *to count up, enumerate.*

ἀν-ἀριθμητος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀριθμητος) = sq.

ἀν-ἀριθμος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀριθμός) *without number,*

countless: without bounds in a thing: c. gen. taking, no account of a thing.

ἀν-αρκτος, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρχω) *not governed or subject: not submitting to be governed.*

ἀναρμοστία, ἡ, *unsuitableness: discord.* From

ἀν-ἀρμοστος, *ον*, (α privat., ἀρμόζω) *unfit, incongruous: of sound, inharmonious: of persons, absurd.* 2. *unfitted, unprepared.*

ἀναρπᾶγή, ἡ, *recapture.* From

ἀν-αρπάζω: fut. ἀξέω, Att. ἄσω or ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνήρπασα:—*to tear up, snatch up.* II. *to hurry along, to carry off, to drag by force, esp. before a magistrate, Lat. rapere in jus.* III. *to take by storm, and so to plunder, generally, to treat with violence.* Hence

ἀναρπαστός, *όν*, also ἡ, *όν*, *torn away, carried off, esp. into Persia, treated with violence.*

ἀναρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, (ἀνά, βέω) *to flow back or to the source.*

ἀναρρήνυμι or -ύω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I ἀνέρρηξα:—*to break up, break through or open.* II. *to make break forth; ἀναρρήξαι ἔπη, like Lat. rumpere voces:—Pass. to burst forth.* III. intr., like Pass. *to burst forth.*

ἀναρρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. of aor. 2 act. ἀνειπεῖν.

ἀναρρηξας, aor. I part. of ἀναρρήνυμι.

ἀναρ-ρίπτω or -έω: f. -ρίψω: aor. I ἀνέρριψα:—*to throw up; ἀναρριπτέιν ἄλα πηδῶ to throw up the sea with the oar.* II. *ἀναρριπτέιν κίνδυνον to run the hazard of a thing, run a risk: also without κίνδυνον, εἰς ἅπαν τὸ ὑπάρχον ἀναρριπτέω to throw for one's all, stake one's all.*

ἀν-αρρήχσομαι, impf. ἀνερχόμενος: fut. ἀναρρήχσομαι: aor. I ἀνερχήσομαι: Dep.:—*to clamber up with the hands and feet, to scramble up.*

ἀνάρροια, ἡ, (ἀναρέω) *a flowing back, reflux, ebb.*

ἀναρ-ροιβδέω, *ον*, *to swallow back, gulp down again.*

ἀνάρ-ρῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, βύω=ἐρύω) *a snatching away, rescuing.* 2. *the second day of the festival*

Ἀπατούρια.

ἀναρ-ρόνυμι and -ύω, fut. -ρώσω: aor. I ἀνέρωσα:—*to strengthen again:—Pass. to regain strength or spirit.*

ἀν-ἀρσιος, *ον*, also α, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρσιος) *not fitting together: hence hostile, unpropitious, implacable: of things, untoward, strange, monstrous.*

ἀν-αρτάω, f. ἡσω: aor. ἀνήρτησα:—*to hang up or upon, to attach to, make dependent upon.—Med. with pf. pass. ἀνήρτημαι, to attach to oneself: also to subdue:—Pass. also with pf. ἀνήρτημαι, to be dependent upon; ὅτω πάντα εἰς ἑαυτὸν ἀνήρτηται who has everything dependent on himself; but ἀνήρτηται, c. inf. to be prepared to do.*

ἀν-ἀρτιος, *ον*, (α privat., ἄρτιος) *uneven, odd; cf. ἄρτιος.*

ἀν-αρχαίω, f. σω, *to make old again.*

ἀναρχία, ἡ, *the state of a people without government, anarchy.* From

ἄναρχος, ον, (α privat., ἀρχή) without head or chief. 2. without beginning.

ἀνα-σειράζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, σειρά) to pull back with a rein, draw aside.

ἀνα-σειά, poet. ἀνασειείω, f. σείσω, to shake up or back: to swing to and fro, move up and down.

ἀνασεσυρμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἀνασύρω.

ἀνα-σεύω, to move upwards:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἀνεσέμην, 3 sing. ἀνέσσυτο, to spring up or forth.

ἀνα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig up.

ἀνα-σκέπτομαι, see ἀνα-σκοπέω.

ἀνα-σκευάζω, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀνεσκευάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσκευάσθην: pf. ἀνεσκευάσμαι:—opp. to κατασκευάζω, to pack up the baggage (τὰ σκευή), Lat. *vasa colligere*: hence of an army, in Med., to break up their quarters, march away. 2. to disfigure, dismantle a place: Med. to dismantle one's house. 3. to waste, ravage. 4. in Pass. to be bankrupt; ἀνεσκευάσμεθα we are undone.

ἀν-άσκητος, ον, (α privat., ἀσκέω) unpractised, unexercised.

ἀνα-σκοπιζέω, f. ἴσω, to fix on a pole or stake, impale:—fut. med. inf. ἀνασκοπιεῖσθαι occurs in pass. sense.

ἀνα-σκοπέω, fut. -σκέβομαι: aor. ἀνεσκεψάμην:—to look at, view attentively, inquire into.

ἀνα-σπαράσσω, f. ξω, to tear up.

ἀνάσπαστος, ος, dragged up, esp. from one's country up into central Asia. 2. of a door, drawn back, i. e. opened. From

ἀνα-σπάζω, poet. ἀνσπάζω, f. -σπάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἀνέσπασα:—to draw or pull up: to draw a ship up. 2. to draw or suck up: to draw back. II. τὰ ὄφρυς ἀνασπᾶν to draw up the eyebrows, and so put on an important air; λόγους ἀνασπᾶν to utter boastful words.

ἀνασσα, ἡ, fem. of ἀναξ, a queen, lady, mistress.

ἀν-άσπατος, Dor. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀνασσειασκε or -εσκε, Ion. for ἀνέσειε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνασειώ.

ἀνάσω, f. ἴσω, ἡνασον, Ep. ἀνασον: fut. ἀνάξω: aor. I ἡναξα, Ep. ἀναξα: (ἀναξ):—to be lord or master, to rule, reign over:—Med., τρις ἀνάσασθαι γένεα ἀνδρῶν to have reigned for three generations:—Pass. to be ruled.

ἀν-άσσω, Att. for ἀναίσσω.

ἀνάστα, for ἀνάστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστᾶδόν, Adv. (ἀνίστημι) upright.

ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀνάστᾶσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ: I. causal

(ἀνίστημι) a making to stand up, awakening. 2. a making to rise and leave their place, removal: usu. in bad sense, laying waste, destruction. 3. a rebuilding. II. pass. (ἀνίσταμαι) a standing or rising up, esp. in token of respect: ἀνάστασις ἐξ ὕπνου an awakening: the Resurrection.

ἀναστᾶτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ἀνίστημι) a destroyer.

ἀναστάτης, ου, ὁ, = ἀναστατήρ.

ἀνάσπαιτος, ον, (ἀνίσταμαι) made to rise up and depart, driven from one's house and home: hence laid waste, ravaged. Hence

ἀνασπᾶτός, f. ἴσω, to ruin, put in confusion.

ἀνα-σταυρόω, f. ἴσω, to impale or crucify, like ἀνασκοπιζέω. II. to crucify afresh.

ἀνα-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ (for the tenses, v. στέλλω):—to send up, raise:—Med. to gird up one's clothes. 2. to keep back, check:—Pass. to go back, retire. 3. seemingly intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to withdraw.

ἀνα-στενάζω, f. ἄξω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενᾶχίζω, = ἀναστένω.

ἀνα-στενᾶχω, to groan aloud over, bewail aloud. [ἄχ]

ἀνα-στένω, to groan aloud. 2. to bewail aloud.

ἀνα-στέφω, f. ψω, to crown, wreath:—Pass., pf. ἀνέσπεμαι κῆρα I have my head wreathed.

ἀνα-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix on a firm base.

ἀνασθησιώ, Desiderative from ἀναστήσω (fut. of ἀνίστημι), I desire to set up.

ἀνασθησομαι, -στήσω, fut. med. and act. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀναστολή, ἡ, (ἀναστέλλω) a putting back.

ἀνα-στομῶ, f. ἴσω, to furnish with a mouth; ἀναστομοῦν τάφρον to open, clear out a trench.

ἀνα-στρέφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀνέστραμμαι:—to turn upside down, to turn up by digging. II. to turn back, around or about; ἀναστρέφειν πάλιν to repeat: to rally. 2. intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to turn back, return. III. Pass. with fut. med. -στρέβομαι, to turn oneself about in a place, tarry there, like Lat. *versari*; γαῖαν ἀναστρέφομαι to go and dwell in a land. 2. to be busied in a thing. 3. to revolve. 4. of soldiers, to rally. Hence:

ἀναστροφή, ἡ, a turning back or about, a return: a turning about in battle, whether to flee or rally. 2. a turning about in a place, dwelling in a place: hence the place where one tarries, an abode.

ἀνα-στροφῶ, poet. for ἀνα-στρέφω, to turn every way.

ἀνα-σύρω [ῦ], f. -σύρῶ: aor. I ἀνέσυρα:—to draw or pull up: in Med. to pull up one's clothes.

ἀνα-σφάλλω, f. -σφᾶλῶ: aor. I ἀνέσφηλα:—to recover from a fall, recover.

ἀνασχεθεῖν, contr. ἀνασχεθεῖν, inf. of ἀνέσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνασχετός, poet. ἀνσχετός, ὄν, (ἀνέχομαι) to be undergone or suffered, tolerable.

ἀνασχεῖν, ἀνασχῶν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἀνέχω.

ἀνα-σχιζέω, f. ἴσω, to split up, rip up.

ἀνα-σώζω, f. -σώσω: aor. I ἀνέσωσα:—to recover what is lost:—Med. to regain for oneself. 2. to bring back, restore:—Pass. to return safe. 3. to keep in mind.

ἀνα-τάρασσω, Att. -τρω: fut. -ταράξω: to stir up and trouble: hence to excite, rouse to phrensy: pf. pass. part. ἀνατεταραγμένος, in confusion.

ἀνα-τάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. -τάξω: to set in order again:—Med. to go regularly through again.

ἀναπέθραμμαί, pf. pass. of ἀνατρέφω.

ἀνάπει or ἀνατί, Adv. of ἀνατος, with impunity.

ἀνα-τείνω, poet. ἀντείνω: f. -τείνῳ: aor. I ἀνέτεινα:—to stretch up or forth; χεῖρα ἀνατείνειν to lift up the hand in adjurations; μάχαιραν ἀνατεταμένως having his sword stretched forth. II. intrans. to reach up. III. to stretch or spread out, as a line of battle.

ἀνα-τεχνίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ: to rebuild or repair new walls. Hence

ἀνατεχνισμός, ὁ, building of new walls.

ἀνα-τέλλω, poet. ἀν-τέλλω: f. -τελῶ: aor. I ἀνέτειλα:—to make or let rise up, Lat. submitto: hence to bring forth, bring to light. II. intr. (sub. ἐάντων), to rise up, come to light, rise, esp. of the sun and moon: of the rising or source of a river: φλόξ ἀνατελλομένη a flame blazing forth: to grow.

ἀνα-τέμνω, f. τεμῶ: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut up, cut open: to cut off.

ἀνάτι, Adv. = ἀνατεί.

ἀνα-τίθημι, f. ἀνάθισω: (for the tenses, v. τίθημι):—to lay on as a burden; but also to attribute or ascribe in token of honour: to entrust. II. to set up as a votive gift, dedicate: hence the votive gift was ἀνάθημα.

III. to put back, remove: c. gen. to remove from; προσθεῖσα κἀναθεῖσα τοῦ γε κατθανεῖν adding to or taking away from the necessity of death. IV. Med. to take upon oneself, undergo. 2. to place differently, rearrange: in Att. to retract one's opinion.

ἀνα-τιμάω, f. ἦσω, to raise in price.

ἀνα-τινάσσω, f. ξω, to sway to and fro, brandish.

ἀνατλάς, part. of sq.

ἀνα-τλήνω, inf. of aor. 2 ἀν-έτλην, with no pres. ἀνά-τλημι in use (ἀνατολμάω being used instead): fut. -τλήσομαι:—to bear, suffer, sustain.

ἀνατολή, poet. ἀντολή, ἡ, (ἀνατέλλω) a rising, esp. of the sun and moon: the East.

ἀνα-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to regain courage.

ἀν-ἄτος, ov, (a privat., ἀτή) without harm, unpunished. II. act. not harming, harmless.

ἀνα-τρέπω, poet. ἀντρέπω: f. -τρέψω: aor. I ἀνέτρεψα:—to turn up or over, upset. 2. to overthrow, Lat. evertere. 3. Pass. with fut. med. -τρέψομαι, to be cast down, disheartened.

ἀνα-τρέφω, fut. -θρέψω: aor. I ἀνέθρεψα:—to bring up, nourish, educate.

ἀνα-τρέχω, fut. ἀναθρέξομαι and ἀναδραμούμαι: aor. 2 ἀνέδραμον:—to run back. 2. to start up.

3. to go straight up; ἀναδεδρομε πέτρα (pf. with pres. sense) the rock runs sheer up. 4. to run up, shoot up, of plants: thence of cities.

ἀνά-τρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνά, τετραῖνα) a boring through.

ἀνα-τριβω, f. ψω, to rub well, rub clean. II. to rub in pieces: Pass. to be worn away. [Ὶ]

ἀνατροπή, ἡ, (ἀνατρέπω) an overturning, upset.

ἀνα-τυρβάω, f. ἴσω, to stir up and confound.

ἀν-αύγητος, ov, (a privat., αὐγή) rayless.

ἀν-αῤῥητος, Dor. -ἄτος, ov, (a privat., αῤῥάω) unutterable, Lat. infandus. 2. speechless.

ἀν-αυδος, ov, (a privat., αῤῥή) speechless, voiceless: preventing speech. II. unutterable.

ἀν-αυλος, ov, (a privat., αὐλός) without the music of the flute: hence joyless, sad.

*ἀ-ναυς, gen. ἀναῖος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ναῦς) without ships; ναῖς ἀναῖες ships that are ships no more, Lat. naues nenaves.

ἀνα-φαίνω, poet. ἐμφαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἀνέφηνα, or -ἐφᾶνα:—to make shine: to bring to light, shew forth: to proclaim. II. Pass. with fut. med.

ἀναφανήσομαι, pf. act. ἀναπέφηνα, to be shewn forth, appear plainly: also to reappear: to be seen or shewn to be, hence to be accounted.

ἀναφάνης, aor. I part. of ἀναφαίνω, having made to appear, having come in sight of. [φᾶ]

ἀναφανδᾶ, Adv. (ἀναφανδῶ) visibly, openly.

ἀναφανδόν, Adv. = foreg.

ἀναφᾶνεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀνα-φέρω, poet. ἐμφέρω: f. ἀνοίω: aor. I ἀνήνεκα, Ion. ἀνήνεκα, also ἀνωσα:—to bring or carry up, esp. into central Asia:—Pass. to rise up:—Med.

to carry up for oneself or what is one's own: ἀναείκασθαι, absol. to beave a deep sigh. 2. to lift up, praise. 3. to uphold, take upon one. II. intr.

to rise, as the stars. III. to bring or carry back: 1. to bring back tidings. 2. to bring back from exile. 3. to throw back upon another, refer something to him: absol. to refer to a person, consult him. 4. to bring back to oneself, restore:

intrans. and in Pass. to refresh oneself, recover.

ἀνα-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee back, escape.

ἀναφήνω, aor. I inf. of ἀναφαίνω.

ἀν-ἄφής, ἐς, (a privat., ἀφή) untouched, not to be touched.

ἀνα-φθέγγομαι, Dep. to call out aloud.

ἀνα-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be undone, perish utterly.

ἀνα-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up, rekindle: hence to inflame.

ἀνα-φλογίζω, f. σω, = ἀναφλέγω.

ἀνα-φλύω, to bubble up like boiling water.

ἀνα-φοβέω, f. ἦσω, to frighten away.

ἀναφορά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἀναφέρω) a carrying up, raising. 2. intr. a rising. II. a carrying back: 1. a referring, a reference. 2. a giving way, respite, remission. 3. intr. a going back: a means of recovery.

ἀνα-φορέω, = ἀναφέρω.

ἀνάφορον, τό, (ἀναφέρω) anything to carry with; a yoke or beam for carrying.

ἀνα-φράξομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to observe again, recognise.

ἀν-αφρόδιτος, ov, (a privat., Ἄφροδιτή) without the favour of Venus: without beauty.

ἀνα-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to come back to one's senses, come to oneself.

ἀναφυγή, ἡ, (ἀναφεύγω) a fleeing back, escape, release from. II. a retreat.

ἀνα-φύρω [ῥ], pf. pass. —πέφυρμαι, to mix up, confound, defile.

ἀνα-φυσάω, f. ἦσω, to breathe up or forth:—Pass. to be puffed up or arrogant.

ἀνα-φυσάω, to blow or spout up, like a dolphin.

ἀνα-φύω, f. ὕσω, to make to grow up, to produce. Med. with aor. 2 act. ἀνέφυν, pf. ἀναπέφυκα, to grow up: to grow again.

ἀνα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to call aloud, proclaim. Hence ἀναφώνημα, ατος, τό, a proclamation.

ἀνα-χάζω, f. ὄσω, to make give way, drive back:—mostly used as Dep. ἀνα-χάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Ep. aor. I ἀνεχασάμην, to draw back, retire.

ἀνα-χαίνω, aor. 2 ἀνέξανον, pf. ἀναέχληνα:—to open the mouth wide, gape wide.

ἀνα-χαίτω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, χαίτη) of a horse, to throw the mane back, rear up:—c. acc. to rear up and throw the rider; hence to overbrow, upset.

ἀνα-χάσκω, = ἀναχαίνω.

ἀνα-χέω, f. χέω, to pour over.

ἀνα-χνοαίνομαι, (ἀνά, χνός) Pass. to get the first down on the chin.

ἀνα-χορεύω, f. ὄσω, to begin a choral dance:—intr. to dance on high.

ἀναχύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναχέω) a pouring over, spending: excess.

ἀνα-χώνυμι, f. χῶσω, to hear up.

ἀνα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go back, retire, retreat, withdraw. II. to come back, revert to the right owner.

Hence ἀναχώρησις, εως, Ion. ιος, ἡ, a going back, retiring, retreating. 2. a means or place of retreat, Lat. recessus.

ἀνα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ, to make to go back or retire.

ἀνα-ψηφίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: (ἀνά, ψήφος) to put to the vote again. Hence

ἀναψηφίσις, εως, ἡ, a putting to the vote again.

ἀναψύξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀναψύχω) a cooling, refreshing.

ἀναψύχη, ἡ, a cooling, refreshing. II. recovery from a thing: rest. From

ἀνα-ψύχω, fut. ψύσω:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεψύχην: aor. 2 ἀνεψύχην [ῥ]: (ἀνά, ψύχος):—to revive by fresh air, to cool, refresh: generally, to cheer: ναῦς ἀναψύχειν to overhaul the ships, make them sound again:—Med. to breathe fresh air again, revive. [ῥ]

ἀν-δαίω, poet. for ἀνα-δαίω.

ἀνδάνω: impf. ἦνδανον, Ep. ἐήνδανον, Ion. ἐάνδανον: fut. ἀδήσω: aor. 2 ἔαδον, Ep. εὔαδον and ἄδον [ᾶ]: pf. ἄδηκα, also ἔαδα, Dor. ἔαδα: (the Root is *AD-, which appears in aor. 2 and fut.):—to please, delight, like ἦδομαι: in Homer and Herodotus always c. dat. pers. ἀνδάνει μοι: impers., ἀνδάνει μοι ποιεῖν, like Lat. placet.

ἀν-δεμα, poet. for ἀνά-δεμα. ἀνδρον, τό, mostly in plur. ἀνδρα, quasi ἄνθηρα, τά, a raised border, flower-bed: any earth dug or thrown up.

ἀνδρησάμενος, poet. part. aor. I of ἀναδέω.

ἀν-δίχα, Adv. (ἀνά, δίχα) asunder, in twain.

ἀνδρ-αγαθέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνήρ, ἀγαθός) to be or behave like a brave man. Hence

ἀνδρᾶγάθια, ἡ, the character of a brave good man, bravery, manly virtue. Hence

ἀνδρᾶγάθίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰομαι: Dep.:—to act bravely, honestly, play the honest man.

ἀνδρ-άγρια, ων, τά, (ἀνήρ, ἄγρια) the spoils of a slain enemy.

ἀνδρᾶκάς, Adv. (ἀνήρ) man by man, like καρ' ἀνδρας, Lat. viritim: generally, separately, apart.

ἀνδραπόδεσις, heterocl. dat. of ἀνδράποδος, for ἀνδραπόδος, as if from ἀνδράπατος.

ἀνδραποδίζομαι, Dep. = ἀνδραποδίζω.

ἀνδραποδίζω: fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἦνδραπόδισα:—Pass., fut. ἀνδραποδισθήσομαι, but also med.

ἀνδραποδισοῦμαι: aor. I ἦνδραποδίσθην: pf. ἦνδραπόδισμα: (ἀνδράποδος):—to reduce to slavery, esp. to sell freemen into slavery, (and so worse than δουλέω,) Lat. vendere sub corona:—Pass. to be sold into slavery.

ἀνδρᾶποδίστις, εως, ἡ, and ἀνδρᾶποδισμός, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a selling a freeman into slavery, enslaving: kidnapping.

ἀνδρᾶποδιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀνδραποδίζομαι) a slave-dealer, one who kidnaps men to sell them.

ἀνδράποδος, a slave, esp. one made in war and sold: Homer uses it in dat. ἀνδραπόδεσσι as if from ἀνδράπους. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀνδρᾶποδ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνδράποδος, εἶδος) slavish, servile, Lat. servilis, opp. to ελεύθερος.

ἀνδράριον, τό, Dim. of ἀνήρ, a manikin. [ᾶρ]

ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ἀνδρ-αχθής, ἐς, (ἀνήρ, ἄχθος) loading a man, as much as a man can carry.

ἀνδρεία, Ion. —νήη, ἡ, (ἀνήρ) manliness, manly spirit, courage, Lat. virtus, fortitudo.

ἀνδρ-εἰκελον, τό, (ἀνήρ, εἰκελος) an image of a man, a statue. II. a flesh-coloured paint.

ἀνδρείος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνδρήϊος, η, ον, (ἀνήρ) of or belonging to a man, manly, masculine: neut. τὸ ἀνδρείον, manliness. II. τὰ ἀνδρεία, the public meals of the Cretans, also the older name for the Spartan φειδιτία. Hence

ἀνδρείότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρ-ει-φόντης, ου, ὁ, (ἀνήρ, *φένω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρειών, ἄνος, ὁ, poet. for ἀνδρέων: see ἀνδρών.

ἀνδρ-εσσι, Ep. for ἀνδράσι, dat. plur. of ἀνήρ.

ἀνδρ-εμενος, Ion. for ἀνδρούμενος, pres. pass. part. of ἀνδρέω.

ἀνδρ-εσομαι, Dep. = ἀνδρίζομαι.

ἀνδρ-εών, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀνδρών.

ἀνδρητή, Ion. for ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδρηϊός, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνδρείος.

ἀνδρηλατέω, f. ἴσω, to banish from home. From ἀνδρο-ηλατής, ου, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, ἐλαύνω) he that drives one from his home, the avenger of blood in cases of murder. [α̅]

ἀνδρία, late form of ἀνδρεία.

ἀνδριαντοποιέω, (ἀνδριαντοποιός) to be a statuary.

Hence

ἀνδριαντοποιία, ἡ, statuary, sculpture.

ἀνδριαντο-ποιός, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀνδρίας, ποιέω) a statue-maker, statuary, sculptor.

ἀνδρίας, ἀντος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) the image of a man, a statue.

ἀνδρίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνῆρ) to make a man of:—Pass. to become a man, to think and act like a man.

ἀνδρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνῆρ) of or for a man, masculine, manly: also of things, strong, stout:—Adv. ἀνδρικῶς, like a man; Sup. ἀνδρικώτατα. II. composed of men.

ἀνδρίον, τό, Dim. of ἀνῆρ, a manikin.

ἀνδριστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀνδρίζω, one must play the man.

ἀνδριστί, Adv. after the manner of men.

ἀνδρο-βρώς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, βιβρώσκω) man-eating, cannibal.

ἀνδρο-γόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, γενέσθαι) begetting men.

ἀνδρό-γίνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, γυνή) a man-woman, hermaphrodite:—a weak effeminate person. II. as Adj., of baths, used both by men and women.

ἀνδρο-δαίκτης, ου, (ἀνῆρ, δαίζω) man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρο-δάμας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, δαμάω) man-taming: man-slaying. [α̅]

ἀνδρο-δόκος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, δέχομαι) receiving men.

ἀνδρο-θεά, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, θεά) the man-goddess, i. e. Minerva.

ἀνδρόθεν, Adv. (ἀνῆρ) from a man, from men.

ἀνδρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) man-wearying:—man-slaying, murderous.

ἀνδρό-κμητος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, κάμνω) wrought by men's hands.

ἀνδρο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) slaughter of men.

ἀνδροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνδροκτόνος) to slay men.

Hence

ἀνδροκτονία, ἡ, = ἀνδροκτασία.

ἀνδρο-κτόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, κτείνω) man-slaying.

ἀνδρο-ολέτειρα, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, ὄλλυμι) a murderer.

ἀνδρο-μάχος, η, ου, (ἀνῆρ, μάχομαι) fighting with men: hence the prop. n. *Andromaché*. [α̅]

ἀνδρόμομος, α, ου, (ἀνῆρ) of man or men, human.

ἀνδρο-μήκης, ες, (ἀνῆρ, μήκος) of a man's height.

ἀνδρό-παις, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, παῖς) a youth near manhood.

ἀνδρο-πλήθεια, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, πλήθος) a multitude of men.

ἀνδρό-σίνυς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀνῆρ, σίνομαι) hurtful to men.

ἀνδρό-σφιγξ, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ, σφίγγε) a man-sphinx.

ἀνδρότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνδρεία, manhood.

ἀνδρο-τύχης, ἐς, (ἀνῆρ, τύχην) getting a man or husband, ἀνδρ. Πτορος wedded life.

ἀνδροφαγέω, f. ἴσω, to eat men. From

ἀνδρο-φάγος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, φάγειν) eating men: οἱ Ἀνδροφάγοι, Cannibals, mentioned in Herodotus.

ἀνδρο-φθόρος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, φθείρω) man-destroying. II. pass. ἀνδρόφθορος, ου: hence αἷμα ἀνδρόφθορον the blood of slain men.

ἀνδρο-φόνος, ου, (ἀνῆρ, *φένω) man-slaying: fem. ἡ ἀνδροφόνος, murderess of her husband.

ἀνδρο-φόντης, ου, ὁ, = ἀνδρει-φόντης, a man-slayer, homicide.

ἀνδρώ, f. ὦσα, (ἀνῆρ) to rear up to manhood:—Pass. to become a man, reach manhood.

ἀνδρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀνῆρ, εἶδος) like a man, manly.

Adv. -δως: Sup. ἀνδρωδέστατα.

ἀνδρωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνδρώ.

ἀνδρών, Ion. ἀνδρέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (ἀνῆρ) a man's apartment.

ἀνδρωνίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀνδρῶν.

ἀν-δύεται, poet. for ἀναδύεται.

ἀνωκε, poet. for ἀνέδωκε, aor. I of ἀναδίδωμι.

ἀν-έβην, aor. 2 of ἀναβαίναμι.

ἀν-εβήστρο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀναβαίναμι.

ἀνεβωσάμην, aor. I of ἀναβώσκομαι.

ἀν-έβραχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use, of armour, to clash, ring loudly; of doors, to creak or grate loudly.

ἀνέβασε, Ion. for ἀνέβησθε, aor. I of ἀναβόω.

ἀν-έγγυος, ου, (a privat., ἐγγύη) not vouched for: unwedded.

ἀν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ: aor. I ἀνέγειρα;—to wake up, rouse, esp. from sleep; metaph. to rouse, encourage:—Pass. to be awaked, wake up. Hence

ἀνεγέρμων, ου, gen. ονος, waked up, wakeful.

ἀν-έγκλητος, ου, (a privat., ἐγκαλέω) not accused: without reproach.

ἀνεγναμψα, ἀνεγνάμφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀναγνάμπτω.

ἀνεγνακα, ἀνεγνων, pf. and aor. 2 of ἀναγιγνώσκω.

ἀνεδέγμεθα, I pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀναδέχομαι.

ἀνέδειξα, aor. I of ἀναδείκνυμι.

ἀν-έδην, Adv. (ἀνίμη) left loose, without restraint: carelessly. II. without more ado, simply.

ἀνέδρακεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναδέρομαι.

ἀνέδραμον, irreg. aor. 2 of ἀνατρέχω.

ἀνεδύστρο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ἀναδύομαι.

ἀνεέργω, impf. ἀνέεργον, old Ep. form of ἀνέργω, ἀνείργω.

ἀνείγησα, aor. I of ἀναζάω.

ἀν-εθέλητος, ου, (a privat., θέλω) unwisbed for: melancholy.

ἀν-έθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνίημι. 2. aor. 2 act. of ἀνατίθημι.

ἀνέην, opt. aor. 2 act. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ειλεῖθια, ἡ, (a privat., εἰλεῖθια) without the aid of Eileithyia.

ἀν-εἰλέω, f. ἴσω, (v. εἰλω) to wind up or roll together:—Pass. to crowd or throng together.

ἀνείληφα, ἀνείλημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνεῖλον, —όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀναίρεω.

ἀνεμείνω, Adv. of ἀνεμείνω, pf. pass. part. of ἀνίημι, *let loose, carelessly: without restraint.*

ἀνεμῖ, (ἀνά, εἰμι ἰβο) to go up: to sail out to sea: but also to go up inland. II. to approach, as a suppliant.

ἀνεμίαν, on, gen. ονος, (a privat., εἶμα) *without clothing, unclad.*

ἀνεπιπείν, (ἀνά, εἰπείν) aor. 2 with no pres. in use: aor. I pass. ἀνεπρήθη (as if from ἀναπρέω): pf. ἀνεπρήμα (from ἀν-ερέω):—to say aloud, proclaim, give notice.

ἀνεπίρρω, f. ξω, to keep back, ward off, in poet. impf. ἀνεπίρρων.

ἀνεπρήμαι, pf. pass., v. ἀνεπιπείν.

ἀνεύρωμαι, Ep. and Ion. ἀνέρομαι, (ἀνά, εἶρωμαι, εἶρωμαι):—to inquire of, inquire about.

ἀνερούω, f. ὄω [ῶ], poet. and Ion. for ἀν-ερώω, to draw back.

ἀνείρω, (for the tenses, v. εἶρω) to fasten on or to: to wreath together.

ἀνέτις, part. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεκάθεν, (ἀνω, ἐκάς) Adv. of Place, from above: cf. ἄγκασθεν. II. of Time, from the first.

ἀνεκάς, Adv. (ἀνω, ἐκάς) upwards, on high, Lat. sursum.

ἀνεκβάτος, on, (a privat., ἐκβαίνω) *without outlet.*

ἀνεκδιήγητος, on, (a privat., ἐκδιηγέομαι) *indescribable, extraordinary.*

ἀνεκδρομος, on, (a privat., ἐκδραμείν) *without escape, inevitable.*

ἀνεκκλήτος, on, (a privat., ἐκκαλέω) *unspeakable.*

ἀνεκλειπτος, on, (a privat., ἐκλείπω) *unsailing.*

ἀνεκλίθην [ῆ], aor. I pass. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνεκλίνα, aor. I act. of ἀνακλίνω.

ἀνεκπλήθημι, fut. —εκπλήσω, to fill up or again.

ἀνεπλήκτος, on, (a privat., ἐκπλήσσω) *undaunted:*

τὸ ἀνεπλήκτων dauntlessness.

ἀνεκπῶγον, aor. 2 of ἀνακράζω.

ἀνεκτός, on, verb. Adj. of ἀνέχομαι, to be borne.

ἀνεκτός, ὄν, later ἦ, ὄν, (ἀνέχομαι) *bearable, tolerable:*—Adv. ἀνεκτῶς, so as to be borne.

ἀνεκφραστός, on, (a privat., ἐκφράζω) *unutterable, indescribable.*

ἀνελεγκτός, on, (a privat., ἐλέγχω) *safe from being questioned: not to be refuted, unrefuted.*

ἀνελεήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ἐλεῆμων) *unmerciful.*

ἀνελεῖν, ἀνελεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀναίρεω.

ἀνελεός, on, (a privat., ἐλεός) *unmerciful.*

ἀνελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀνελευθερός) *illiberality.*

ἀνελευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, = ἀνελευθερία. From

ἀνελευθερός, on, *illiberal, slavish*, Lat. *illiberalis*:

in money matters, *niggardly.*

ἀνελήθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναλαμβάνω.

ἀνελιστός, Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to unroll, like Lat. *evolvere*, of books in rolls, and so read and explain. 2. metaph. ἀνελίσσειν βίον to pass one's life.

ἀν-έλω, f. ἀνέλξω, but in Att. ἀνελκύω [ῶ], with aor. I ἀνελκύσα, pf. pass. ἀνελκύσμαι (as if from ἀν-ελκύω):—to draw up, to hold up: esp. to draw up a bow to its full stretch: ἀνελκύσαι ναῖς to haul up ships high and dry: to drag to light, to drag into open court:—Med. to draw to oneself; ἀνελκισθαι τρίχας to tear one's own hair. II. to draw back.

ἀν-έλπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ἐλπίς) *without hope.*

ἀν-έλπιστος, on, (a privat., ἐλπίζω) *unhoped for, unlooked for.* II. act. of persons, *having no hope, hopeless.*

2. of things, *leaving no hope, hopeless.*

III. Adv. —τως, *hopelessly; ἀνελπίστως* ἔχειν to be in despair.

ἀν-έμβατος, on, (a privat., ἐμβαίνω) *inaccessible.* II. act. *not going to or into.*

ἀνεμέσητος, on, (a privat., νεμεσάω) *free from blame, without offence.*

ἀ-νέμητος, on, (a privat., νέμω) *not distributed.* II. *having no share.*

ἀνεμαῖος, α, on, (ἀνεμος) *full of wind, windy.*

ἀνεμίζομαι, (ἀνεμος) Pass. to be driven with the wind.

ἀνεμο-δρόμος, on, (ἀνεμος, δραμείν) *swift as the wind.*

ἀνεμνήσθη, aor. I pass. of ἀναμνήσκω.

ἀνεμοίς, εσσα, εν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, exposed to the wind: like wind, swift as wind, airy.* [ἀ]

*ANEMOS, ὁ, a wind, Lat. *ventus*; θύελλα ἀνέμοιο a whirlwind; ἀνεμος κατὰ βορέαν εστηκώς the wind being in the north. Homer and Hesiod mention four winds, Boreas, Eurus, Notus (in Hes. Argestes), and Zephyrus: Aristotle gives twelve, which served as points of the compass. [ἀ]

ἀνεμο-σκεπής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, σκέπη) *sheltering from the wind.*

ἀνεμο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, τρέφω) *fed by the wind, of a wave; ἔγχος ἀνεμοτρεφές a spear from a tree made tough by the wind.*

ἀνεμόω, f. ὄσω: pf. pass. ἠνέμομαι: (ἀνεμος):—to expose to the wind:—Pass. of a wave, to be raised by the wind.

ἀνεμ-ποδίστος, on, (a privat., ἐμποδίζω) *unbindered.*

ἀνεμ-ώκης, ἐς, (ἀνεμος, ὀκύν) *swift as the wind.*

ἀνεμώλιος, on, (ἀνεμος) *windy, i. e. vain, fruitless.*

ἀνεμώνη, ἡ, (ἀνεμος) *the wind-flower, anemone.*

ἀνεμόνης, ἐς, not in want.

ἀνε-ένδεκτος, on, (a privat., ἐνδέχομαι) *inadmissible.*

ἀνενεκα, poet. for ἀνήνεκα, aor. I act. of ἀναφέρω:

ἀνενεκατο, aor. I med., ἀνενεχθεῖς aor. I pass. part.

ἀνενηνοθε, see ἐνήνοθε.

ἀνέντες, aor. 2 part. pl. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνε-ξάλεπτος, on, (a privat., ἐξαλείφω) *indelible.*

ἀνε-ξέλεγκτος, on, (a privat., ἐξελέγχω) *not put to the proof, not convicted or refuted: impossible to be refuted: irrefragable.*

ἀνε-ξερευνητός, on, (a privat., ξερευνάω) *not to be searched out, unsearchable.*

ἀνε-ξετάστος, on, (a privat., ξετάζω) *not searched out, not inquired into.* II. βίος ἀνεξέταστος a life without inquiry.

ἀν-εξεύρετος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξευρίσκω) *not to be found out*.

ἀνέξι-κακος, *ov*, (ἀνέχω, κακόν) *enduring evil: forbearing*.

ἀν-εξιχνίαστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξιχνιάζω) *not to be traced out*.

ἀν-εξόδος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐξόδός) *with no outlet, without return*, Lat. *irremediabilis*.

ἀνεοι or ἀνεοί, *v. sub* ἀνεως.

ἀνέονται, see ἀνέωνται.

ἀν-εορτος, *ov*, (a privat., εορτή) *without festival; ἀνεορτος ἱερῶν without share in festal rites*.

ἀν-επαίσχυντος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπαίσχυνομαι) *having no cause for shame*.

ἀν-επαλτο, *Ep. for* ἀν-επαλτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ἀναπάλλω with pass. sense, *he was thrown up, rushed up*.

ἀνέπαυσα, aor. I of ἀναπαύω.

ἀν-επαχθής, *és*, (a privat., ἐπαχθής) *not burdensome, without offence*. Adv., ἀνεπαχθῶς φέρειν *not to take ill*.

ἀνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἀνα-πίπτω.

ἀν-επιβούλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιβουλεύω) *without plots: act. not plotting*.

ἀν-επίδικος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπίδικος) *undisputed: of an heir, about whose marriage there is no dispute*.

ἀν-επιδόκητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιδοκέω) *unexpected, unforeseen*.

ἀνεπιείκεια, *ἡ*, *unfairness*. From

ἀν-επιεικής, *és*, (a privat., ἐπιεικής) *unreasonable, unfair: Adv. -κῶς*.

ἀν-επικλητος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπικαλέω) *unblamed*. Adv. -τως, *without censure*.

ἀν-επίληπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιλαμβάνομαι) *not to be laid hold of or attacked: blameless*. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιξεστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιξέω) *not polished over, not finished off*.

ἀν-επίπληκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιπλήσσω) *not to be reproved: faultless: but in bad sense, incorrigible*.

ἀν-επίρρεκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιρρέζω) *not used for sacrifices*.

ἀν-επισκεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπισκέπτομαι) *not examining, inattentive*. II. pass. *not considered*.

ἀνεπιστημοσύνη, *ἡ*, *ignorance, inexperience: want of skill or science*. From

ἀν-επιστήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., ἐπιστήμων) *unknowing, unskilful: unsctific: c. inf. not knowing how to do a thing*. Adv. -μόνος.

ἀν-επίτακτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιτάσσω) *not commanded, subject to no one*. Adv. -τως.

ἀν-επιτήδειος, *ov*, Ion. ἀν-επιτήδεος, *η, ov*, (a privat., ἐπιτήδειος) *unfit, inconvenient, not suitable: prejudicial, hurtful*. 2. of persons, *ill-disposed, unfriendly*.

ἀν-επιτιμάτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιτιμάω) *not to be censured*.

ἀν-επιφθονος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐπιφθονος) *without envy or reproach: not invidious*. Adv. -νως.

ἀνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀναπνέω.

ἀνεπτάμηνη, ἀνεπτήνη, aor. 2 med. and act. of ἀνιπτάμαι; cf. ἀναπέτομαι.

ἀν-εράομαι, aor. I ἀνηράσθη, Dep. (ἀνά, ἐράω) *to love again*.

ἀν-εράστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐράω) *not worthy of love*. II. act. *not loving*.

ἀν-εργος, *ov*, (a privat., ἔργον) *not done; ἔργα ἀνεργα, Lat. facta infecta*.

ἀν-έργω, old form of ἀν-είργω.

ἀν-ερεθίζω, *f. ίσω*, *to provoke again*.

*ἀν-ερείπομαι, (ἀνά, ἐρείπω) Dep., only used by Homer in 3 pl. aor. I ἀνηρείψαντο: *to snatch up and carry off*.

ἀν-ερευνάω, *f. ἦσω*, *to search out*.

ἀν-ερευνητος, *ov*, (a privat., ερευνάω) *not searched out: not to be searched out*.

ἀν-ερώμαι, *Ep. ἀνείρωμαι: aor. ἀνηρώμην: Dep.: (ἀνά, ἐρώμαι): to question, ask*.

ἀν-έρπω, aor. I ἀνείρπυσα (as if from ἀνερπύζω): *to creep up*.

ἀν-έρρω: aor. I ἀνήρρησα: *to come or go away, with notion of bad luck: ἀνερρε, away with you, Lat. abi in malam rem*.

ἀν-ερυθρίαω, *f. άσω [ā]*: *to begin to blush*.

ἀν-ερύω, Ion. ἀν-ερύω: *f. ύσω [ύ]*: *to draw up*.

ἀν-έρχομαι, fut. ἀνελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἀνήλυθον or ἀνήλθον: pf. ἀνελήλυθα:—*to go up, of trees, to grow up: of the sun, to rise: of fire, to blaze up*. II.

to go or come back, return: recur to a thing. 2.

εἰς τινα ἀνέρχασθαι to be referred to or made dependent upon one.

ἀν-ερωτάω, *f. ἦσω*, *to ask again or repeatedly*.

ἀν-ερωταίμαι, *Ep. aor. I opt. of ἀνίημι*.

ἀνεσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίσαντες, part. of ἀνείσα, aor. I of ἀνίξω.

ἀνίσει, *Ep. for* ἀνήσει, 3 sing. fut. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνεσις, *εως*, Ion. *ιος*, ἡ, (ἀνίημι) *a relaxing, as of the strings of a lyre, relaxation: listlessness: ἀνεσις κακῶν an abating of evils*. 2. *a letting loose, esp. of the passions, licence*.

ἀνίσσῃτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ἀνασεύω.

ἀνίστην, aor. 2 of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-έστιος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐστία) *without hearth or home*.

ἀνέσχεθε, ἀνεσχέομεν, poet. length. for ἀνέσχε, ἀνέσχομεν, aor. 2 of ἀνέχω.

ἀν-ετάζω, *f. σω*, *to search thoroughly*.

ἀνέτειλε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀνέτηλην, aor. 2 of *ἀνάτηλημι.

ἀν-ετος, *ov*, (ἀνίημι) *relaxed, slack: properly of a bow*. 2. *set free from labour, ranging freely*.

ἀνεράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀναρέφω.

ἄνευ, Prep. with gen. *without; ἄνευ θεῶν, Lat. sine Diis, without divine aid; ἄνευ τοῦ κραινοντος, Lat. injussu regis*. 2. *away from, far from*. 3. in prose, *except, besides*.

ἀν-ευάζω, *to honour with cries of evae!*

ἀνευθε, before a vowel ἀνευθεν, (ἀνευ): I. Prep. with gen. *without*. 2. *apart from, far from*. II.

Adv. *far away, distant: out of the way*.

ἀνεύθετος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐθετος) *not well placed, inconvenient*.

ἀνευθύνος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐθύνη) *not having to render an account, irresponsible: hence guiltless*.

ἀνευκτος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐχομαι) *not wished for*. II. act. *not wishing or praying for*.

ἀνευρεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνευρίσκω.

ἀνευρεσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀνευρίσκω) *a finding out*.

ἀνευρετος, *ov*, (a privat., εὐρίσκω) *not found out, not to be found out*.

ἀνευρίσκω, f. ἀνευρήσω: aor. 2 ἀνεύρον: un-Att. aor. I med. ἀνευράμην: aor. I pass. ἀνευρέθην:—*to find out, discover*:—Pass. *to be found out or discovered to be*.

ἀνευφήμω, f. ἤσω, *to cry out, εὐφήμει, εὐφημείτε: to shout aloud with joy*.

ἀνεύχομαι, Dep. *to recall a prayer*.

ἀνεφέλος, Ep. ἀνέφελος, *ov*, (a privat., νεφέλη) *cloudless: unweiled*.

ἀνεχεγγύσος, *ov*, (a privat., ἐχεγγυος) *unwarranted*.

ἀνεχρησι, v. sub sq.

ἀνεχῶ, impf. ἀνέχων: also ἀν-ίσχω, ἀνίσχων: f. ἀνέξω, also ἀνασχῆσω: aor. 2 ἀνέσχων, poet. ἀνέσχεθον: pf. ἀνέσχηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἀνεσχέθην: pf. ἀνέσχημαι:—a 3 sing. pres. ind. ἀνέχρησι also occurs, as if from ἀνέχρημι: (ἀνά, ἔχω):—*to hold up, lift up one's hands in prayer or in battle: to hold up and show to one; ἀνέχην φάος, to hold up a light; esp. in phrase ἀνεχε, παρέχε φῶς, or simply ἀνεχε, παρέχε, hold up and show the light to lead the nuptial procession, make ready, go on*. 2. *to exalt, extol*. 3.

of land, ἀνέχην τὴν ἄκρην *to put forth a headland*. 4. *to uphold, support: to continue to do*;

c. part., στέρας ἀνέχει *continues to love: of the nightingale, ἀνέχην κισσόν to keep constant to the ivy*.

II. *to hold in, keep in; Zeus ἀνέχων, opp. to ὕων, holding up, stopping the rain*. III. in-

trans. *to rise up, rise, esp. in form ἀνίσχω, of the sun: of events, to happen*: c. gen. *to rise from, recover from*. 2. *to come forth, project: esp. of a headland, to jut out into the sea*. 3. *to hold on, keep doing*.

B. Med. ἀνεύχομαι: f. ἀνέχομαι or ἀνασχῆσομαι: Att. impf. and aor. 2 c. dupl. augm. ἡνειχόμεν, ἡνεσχόμεν:—*properly to hold oneself up, and so to hold up against a thing, endure, allow, hold out, last: so in part., ἀνεχόμενοι φέρουσι they bear with patience*. 2. ἀνέχεσθαι ξείνους *to allow the presence of guests, and so to receive them*. II. *to hold up what is one's own; ἀνέχεσθαι χεῖρας to hold up one's hands to fight*. III. rarely, *to hold on by one another*.

ἀνεψία, ἡ, fem. of ἀνεψιος, *a female cousin*.

ἀνεψιάδου, *ov, ὁ*, *a first-cousin's son*. From

ἄΝΕΨΙΟΣ, ὁ, *a first cousin, a cousin*. Hence

ἀνεψιότης, *ητος, ἡ*, *cousinship*.

ἀνεψυχθῆναι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀνα-ψύχω.

ἀνεφ or ἀνεφ, see ἀνεως.

ἀνεφωγα, Att. pf. of ἀνοίγω, part. ἀνεφωγῶς, always intr.

ἀνεφωγον, impf. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνεφῆξα, aor. I of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνεώνται (not ἀνεονται), for ἀνεῖνται, 3 pl. perf. pass. of ἀνίμη (as if from ἀν-είω), *they have been given up or devoted*.

ἀνεως, gen. ω, ὁ, ἡ, Att. form. of an obsol. Adj. ἀνανος, ἀνάος (a privat., αἰω *to cry*), *without a voice, mute: ἀνεω nom. plur.*

ἀνεψχθῆναι, aor. I pass. of ἀνοίγω.

ἀνη, ἡ, (ἀνω) *fulfilment*.

ἀν-ηβῶω, f. ἤσω, *to grow young again, Lat. rejuvenescere*. Hence

ἀνηρητήριος, *a, ov*, *making young again*.

ἀν-ηβος, *ov*, (a privat., ἦβη) *not arrived at man's estate*.

ἀνήγαγον, aor. 2 of ἀνάγω.

ἀν-ηγεμόνευτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡγεμονεύω) *without a leader*.

ἀν-ηγεόμαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. *to tell as in a narrative, relate*.

ἀν-ἡδυντος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡδύω) *not sweetened or seasoned*.

ἀνήη, Ep. for ἀνῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀνίμη.

ἀνήθινος, *η, ov*, (ἀνηθον) *made of dill*.

ἄΝΗΘΟΝ, τό, *dill, anise, Lat. anethum: also ἀννηθον; Ion. ἀνηθον or ἀνησον: poet. ἀννηθον or ἀνηθον*.

ἀνήτῆα, aor. I of ἀνάισσω.

ἀνήτιον, Ep. for ἀνῆιεν, impf. of ἀνειμι.

ἀνήκα, aor. I of ἀν-ίημι.

ἀν-ἡκιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκούω) *not to be healed, incurable: ἀνῆκεστα ποιεῖν τινα to do one irremediable hurt: ἀνῆκεστα πάσχειν to suffer the same*. II.

act. *damaging beyond remedy, deadly:—Adv., ἀνηκέστως διατρεῖναι to treat with shocking cruelty*.

ἀν-ἡκοος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκοή) *without hearing: never having heard a thing, ignorant of it*. 2. *not willing to bear, disobedient*.

ἀνηκουστέω, f. ἤσω, *to be unwilling to bear, to be disobedient*. From

ἀν-ἡκουστος, *ov*, (a privat., ἀκούω) *unheard of*. II. act. *unwilling to bear, disobedient*.

ἀν-ἡκω, f. ἔω, (ἀνά, ἡκω) *to reach up to*. 2. *to have come up to a point, ἐς τὰ μέγιστα ἀνῆκειν: to refer or pertain to a person or thing*.

ἀνῆλάζω, ἀνῆλάξα, impf. and aor. I of ἀναλαλάω.

ἀνῆλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀνάλλομαι.

ἀν-ἡλικος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡλιξ) *not yet arrived at man's estate*.

ἀν-ἡλιος, *ov*, (a privat., ἥλιος) *sunless, gloomy*.

ἀνῆλιτος, Dor. ἀνάλιτος, *ov*, (a privat., ἡλιψ *a kind of shoe*) *unshod, barefoot*.

ἀνῆλυσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀνέρχομαι) *a going up*. 2. *a coming back*.

ἀνήλωσα, aor. I of ἀναλίσκω.

ἀν-ήμελκτος, ον, (α privat., ἀμέλγω) *unmilked*.

ἀν-ήμερος, ον, (α privat., ἡμερος) *not tame, wild, savage*: of plants, *wild*.

ἀνήνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ἀναίνομαι, of which tense ἀνήνατο is 3 sing. ind., ἀνήνηται 3 sing. subj.

ἀνήνεμια, ἡ, a *calm*. From

ἀν-ήμενος, ον, (α privat., ἀνεμος) *without wind, calm*; ἀνήνεμος χειμώνων for ἀνευ ἀνέμου χειμώνων, *without the blast of storms*.

ἀνήνοθε, εἰ. pf. 2 intr., with pres, signf.: Homer has it twice, αἶμα ἀνήνοθεν ἐξ ἀτειλῆς *blood gushed from forth the wound*; κνίσθη ἀνήνοθεν *steam mounted up*. (Formed as if from a Verb *ἀνέθω.)

ἀν-ήνυστος and ἀν-ήνυτος, ον, (α privat., ἀνύω) *not to be accomplished, endless, aimless*.

ἀν-ήνωρ, οπος, ὁ, (α privat., ἀνήρ) *unmanly, dastardly*, like ἀνανδρος.

ἀνήηπατι, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀν-ήπυω, f. σω, to *cry aloud*.

'ΑΝΗΡ', ὁ, gen. ἀνδρός, dat. ἀνδρί, acc. ἀνδρα, voc. ἄνερ: plur. ἀνδρες, -δρῶν, -δράσι, -δρας. Ep. also gen. ἀνέρος, etc., dat. pl. ἀνδρῆσσι:—*a man*, as opp. to *woman*, Lat. vir (not homo). II. *a man*, as opp. to God, πατήρ ἀνδρῶν τε θεῶν τε. III. *a man*, as opp. to a youth.

IV. *a man*, emphatically, *a man indeed*, opp. to ἀνθρωπος; πολλοὶ μὲν ἀνθρωποι, ὀλίγοι δὲ ἀνδρες. V. *a husband*; αἰγῶν ἀνήρ, Virgil's *vir gregis*.

ἀνήρ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἀνήρ.

ἀνήρηθην, aor. I pass. of ἀναιρέω.

ἀν-ήριθμος, ον, poet. for ἀν-ἀριθμος.

ἀνήρῳμην, aor. 2 of ἀνέρομαι.

ἀν-ήροτος, ον, (α privat., ἄρω) *unploughed*.

ἀνήρητσα, ἀνήρητμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀν-αρτάω.

ἀνησον or ἀνηγον, τό, Ion. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ήσσητος, Att. ἀ-ήττητος, ον, (α privat., ἥσσω) *unconquered, unconquerable*.

ἀνήπινος, η, ον, Dor. for ἀνήθινος.

ἀνητον or ἀνηγον, τό, Dor. and Aeol. for ἀνηθον.

ἀν-ήπτητος, ον, Att. for ἀν-ήσσητος.

ἀν-ήφαιστος, ον, (α privat., ἠφαιστος) *without real fire*; πῦρ ἀν-ήφαιστων, i. e. the fire of discord.

ἀνήφθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνήφθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνήχθην, aor. I pass. of ἀνάγω.

ἀνήψα, aor. I of ἀνάπτω.

ἀνθ-αιρέομαι, f. ἥσσω: Dep.: (ἀντί, αἰρέω):—*to choose one thing instead of another: to prefer, choose instead*.

II. *to dispute, lay claim to*.

ἀνθ-αλίσκομαι, f. -αλώσομαι, Pass. *to be caught or killed in turn*.

ἀνθ-αμύλλομαι, f. ἥσσω: Dep. *to vie with another, be rivals: to race one another*. From

ἀνθ-άμυλλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἀμύλλα) *rivalling*.

ἀνθ-άπτομαι, Ion. ἀντ-άπτομαι, f. ψομαι: Dep.:—*to lay hold of, meddle with, engage in*. 2. *to lay*

hold of, seize, attack.

II. *to lay hold of in return*.

ἀνθειον, τό, (ἀνθος) *a blossom*.

ἀνθ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀντέχω, *one must hold to, cleave to*: so also plur. ἀνθεκτέα.

ἀνθ-έλω, f. ξω, to *draw or pull against*.

ἀνθεμα, ατος, τό, poet. for ἀνάθεμα or ἀνάθημα.

ἀνθέμιον, τό, = ἀνθος: ἀνθέμιον ἐστιγμένον *tattooed with flowers*.

ἀνθεμίς, ἰδος, ἡ, = ἀνθος.

ἀνθεμοίεις, εσσα, εν, also εις in fem., *flowered, strewed*: of works in metal, *embossed with flowers*. From

ἀνθεμιον, τό, (ἀνθέω) = ἀνθος, *a flower*.

ἀνθεμόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (ἀνθεμιον, ῥέω) *flowing from flowers*.

ἀνθεμο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἀνθεμιον, *ἔργω) *working in flowers*.

ἀνθεμο-ώδης, es, contr. for ἀνθεμο-εἰδής, (ἀνθεμιον, εἶδος) *flowerly, blooming*.

ἀνθέξομαι, fut. med. of ἀντέχω.

ἀνθεο, Ep. for ἀνάθος, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἀνατίθωμ.

ἀνθερών, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἀνθέω) *the chin*, Lat. mentum.

ἀνθερίκη, ἡ, and ἀνθερίκος, ὁ, = ἀνθερίξ, *a stalk*.

ἀνθερίς, ικος, ὁ, (ἀθήρ) *the beard of an ear of corn, the ear*. 2. *a stalk*.

ἀνθεσαν, Ep. for ἀνέθεσαν, 3 plur. aor. 2 of ἀνατίθωμ.

ἀνθ-εστιάω, to *feast in return*.

'Ανθεστηρία, ων, τά, *the Feast of Flowers*, the three days' festival of Bacchus at Athens, in the month Anthesterion.

'Ανθεστηριών, ὄνος, ὁ, the month *Anthesterion*, eighth of the Attic year, answering to the end of February and beginning of March.

'Ανθεσφόρια, ων, τά, *the Anthesphoria*, a festival in honour of Proserpine, who was carried off while *gathering flowers*. From

ἀνθεο-φόρος, ον, (ἀνθος, φέρω) *bearing flowers*.

ἀνθετο, Ep. for ἀνέθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀνατίθωμ.

ἀνθέω, f. ἥσω, to *bloom, blossom*: metaph. of the sea, ἀνθεῖν νεκροῖς *to be overspread with corpses*: of colours, to *be bright*: metaph. to *bloom, flourish*, ἀνθεῖν ἀνδράσι *to abound in men: to be at the height, as a disease*.

ἀνθη, ἡ, = ἀνθος, *a blossom*.

ἀνθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἀνθέω) *flowering, blooming*: hence *fresh, young*:—metaph. *in full force, in perfection*. 2. *bright-coloured*. 3. of style, *florid*.

ἀνθ-ησάσομαι, pf. ἀνθήσσημαι: Pass.:—*to be beaten in turn, give way in turn*.

ἀνθη-φόρος, ον, = ἀνθεσφόρος, *flower-bringing*.

ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνθος) *to strew with flowers: to deck with flowers*; and so, to *dye with colours*:—Pass. *to bloom: to be dyed*; part. pf. ἡνθισμένος, metaph. of one whose hair is *sprinkled with white*.

ἀνθινος, η, ον, (ἀνθος) *of flowers, blooming, fresh*.

ἀνθ-ιππάσομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep. *to ride against*. Hence ἀνθ-ιππάσια, ἡ, *a sham-fight of horse*.

ἀνθ-ιπτεύω, = ἀνθιππάσομαι.

ἀνθ-ίστυμη, (ἀντί, ἴστυμη).

I. causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to set against, esp. in battle: to set over against: to compare, Lat. *componere*. II. intrans. in Med. or Pass. ἀνθίσταμαι, also in pf. act. ἀνθέστηκα, aor. 2 ἀντέστην, to stand against, withstand, oppose.

ἀνθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to bestrew with flowers:—Pass. to have flowers showered upon one. From ἀνθό-βολος, ον, (ἄνθος, βάλλω) garlanded with flowers.

ἀνθο-δίαιτος, ον, (ἄνθος, διαίτα) living on flowers.

ἀνθο-δόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, δέχομαι) receiving flowers.

ἀνθοκομέω, f. ἦσω, to produce flowers. From ἀνθο-κόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, κομέω) bearing flowers.

ἀνθο-κρόκος, ον, (ἄνθος, κρέκω) woven or worked with flowers, partly-coloured.

ἀνθολογέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθολόγος) to gather flowers.

Hence ἀνθολογία, ἡ, a flower-gathering: Ἀνθολογίαι were collections of small Greek poems, which one editor made up (as it were) into a nosegay.

ἀνθο-λόγος, ον, (ἄνθος, λέγω) gathering flowers.

ἀνθ-ομολογέομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, ὁμολογέομαι):—to make a mutual agreement or contract. 2. to confess or give thanks in turn.

ἀνθονομέω, to feed on flowers. From ἀνθο-νόμος, ον, (ἄνθος, νέμομαι) feeding on flowers.

ἀνθ-οπλίζω, f. ἴσω, to arm against:—Pass. and Med. to be armed, arm oneself against.

ἄνθορε, poet. for ἀνέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀναθρήσκω.

ἀνθ-ορμέω, f. ἦσω, to lie at anchor, be moored opposite one another.

*ΑΝΘΟΣ, eos, τό, that which buds, a young bud or sprout: a flower; the bloom of a flower: also of things, the froth or scum on water: ἄνθος οἴνου, Lat. *fos vini*, the crust on old wines. II. metaph. the bloom or flower of a thing, ἡβηθς ἄνθος the bloom of youth: generally, grace, pride, honour: also the height of anything, bad as well as good. 2. brightness of colour, brilliancy, as of gold.

ἀνθ-οσμίας, ον, ὁ, (ἀντί, ὀσμῆ) redolent of flowers: generally, sweet-scented, as epithet of wine.

ἀνθουσῆνη, ἡ, (ἄνθος) a flowering, bloom.

ἀνθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνθοφόρος) to bear flowers.

ἀνθοφορία, τά, = Ἀνθεσφόρια. From ἀνθο-φόρος, ον, (ἄνθος, φέρω) bearing flowers, flowering.

ἀνθο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθος, φύη) of the nature of flowers, bright-coloured.

ἀνθράκευς, ἐως, ἡ, (ἄνθραξ) a charcoal-burner. Hence ἀνθράκευς, f. σω, to be a charcoal-burner: to burn to a cinder.

ἀνθράκιον, ἄς, Ep. ἀνθρακίη, ἡς, ἡ, (ἄνθραξ) a heap of coal or charcoal, hot coals. 2. blackness as of coals.

ἀνθράκκομαι, pf. ἠνθράκωμαι: Pass.: (ἄνθραξ):—to be burnt to cinders.

*ΑΝΘΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, coal or charcoal, mostly in plur. ἀνθρηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, a wasp or hornet.

*ΑΝΘΡΗ, ἡ, a wild bee: a bee or wasp. Hence ἀνθρήνιον, τό, the honeycomb of a wild bee: a wasp's nest.

ἀνθρωπ-ἀρεσκος, ον, ὁ, (ἄνθρωπος, ἀρέσκω) a man-pleaser.

ἀνθρωπάριον, τό, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a manikin.

ἀνθρωπέη, contr. ἀνθρωπή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a man's skin.

ἀνθρώπειος, α, ον, Ion. ἀνθρωπίτιος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) of or belonging to man, befitting man's nature, human: Adv. -ως, by human means, in all human probability.

ἀνθρωπίτιος, η, ον, Ion. for ἀνθρώπειος.

ἀνθρωπίτιω, f. ἴσω, (ἄνθρωπος) to behave like a man: Pass. to become man.

ἀνθρωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a man, human.

ἀνθρώπιτιος, η, ον, (ἄνθρωπος) cf. from or belonging to man, human; πάν τὸ ἀνθρώπιτιον all mankind; τὰ ἀνθρώπινα the fortunes of man.—Adv., ἀνθρωπίτιως ἀμαρτάνειν to commit human, i. e. venial, errors.

ἀνθρώπιτιον, τό, Dim. of ἀνθρώπιτιος.

ἀνθρωπίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ἄνθρωπος, a little man, manikin, Lat. *hominicula*.

ἀνθρωπο-δαίμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἄνθρωπος, δαίμων) a man-god, i. e. a deified man, hero.

ἀνθρωπο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, εἶδος) in the shape of a man.

ἀνθρωπο-κτόνος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, κτείνω) murdering men, homicidal. II. προπαροχ. ἀνθρωπο-κτονος, murdered by men; βορά ἀνθρ. a feeding on slaughtered men.

ἀνθρωποποιία, ἡ, a making of man. From ἀνθρωπο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἄνθρωπος, ποιέω) making man.

*ΑΝΘΡΩΠΟΣ, ὁ, man, Lat. *homo* (not *vir*): plur. οἱ ἄνθρωποι, men in general, mankind; so, μάλιστα or ἤκιστα ἀνθρώπων most or least of all men. Like ἀνήρ, it is joined to another Subst., as ἄνθρωπος δότις ης a wayfaring man. As opp. to ἀνήρ, it expresses contempt, as Lat. *homo opp. to vir*: used in addressing slaves, ὦ ἄνθρωπε. The fem. ἀνθρωπος, ἡ, (like *homo* fem. in Lat.) a woman.

ἄνθρωπος, Att. crasis for ὁ ἄνθρωπος.

ἀνθρωπο-σφάγεω, f. ἦσω, (ἄνθρωπος, σφάττω) to slay or sacrifice men.

ἀνθρωποφάγεω, f. ἦσω, (ἄνθρωποφάγος) to eat men or man's flesh. Hence ἀνθρωποφαγία, ἡ, an eating of men.

ἀνθρωπο-φάγος, ον, (ἄνθρωπος, φάγεῖν) eating men, cannibal.

ἀνθρωπο-φύης, ἐς, (ἄνθρωπος, φύη) of man's nature.

ἀν-θρώσκω, poet. and Ion. for ἀνα-θρήσκω.

ἀνθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to abuse one another, abuse in turn.

ἀνθ-υπάγω, to bring to trial or indict in turn.

ἀνθύπατεω, f. ὄν, to be proconsul. And ἀνθυπατικός, ὁ, ὄν, proconsular. From ἀνθ-υπάτος, ὁ, a proconsul, for ἀντὶ ὑπάτου, Lat. *pro consule*.

ἀνθ-ὑπεῖκω, f. ξω, (ἀντί, ὑπεῖκω) to yield in turn. Hence

ἀνθυπέξεις, εως, ἡ, a mutual yielding.

ἀνθ-υποκρίνομαι, fut. -κρῖνούμαι : Dep. : (ἀντί, υποκρίνομαι) :—to dissemble or make pretences instead, or in answer. [ἴν]

ἀνθ-υπόμνυμι, f. -ομόσω, (ἀντί, ὑπόμνυμι) to make a counter-affidavit.

ἀνθ-υποπτεύω, (ἀντί, υποπτεύω) to suspect mutually.

ἀνθ-υπουργέω, (ἀντί, ὑπουργέω) to return a kindness. Hence

ἀνθυπουργημα, ατος, τό, a kindness done in return.

ἀνθ-υφαιρέω, (ἀντί, υφαιρέω) to take away in return.

ἀνθ-υφίσταμαι, fut. -υποστήσομαι : aor. 2 -υπέστην : (ἀντί, υφίσταμαι) :—to place oneself under a thing in another's stead, to take on oneself, undertake for another.

ἀνώπιον, pf. pass. of ἀνοπιλίζω.

ἌΝΙΑ, Ion. ἀνίη, ἡ, grief, sorrow, distress, trouble : Homer uses it act. of a person, δαιτὸς ἀνίη the annoyance of our feast. [ἀνίη in Hom., later ἀνία or sometimes ἀνία.] Hence

ἀνιάω, aor. I ἠνιάσα, to grieve, distress. II. intr. to be grieved or distressed, feel grief, sorrow. [ἴν]

ἀν-ἰάομαι, fut. ἰάσομαι [ἄ], Dep. to cure again, restore.

ἀνιάρως, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. and Ep. ἀνιρόος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνιάω) grievous, distressing : irreg. Comp. ἀνιρῆστροπος. II. grieved, distressed. Adv. -ῶς. [In Homer ἀνιρόος, later also ἀνί-.]

ἀν-ἰάτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰάομαι) incurable : of men, incurrible.

ἀνιάω, fut. ἰάω [ἄ], Ion. ἡσω : aor. I ἠνιάσα, Dor. ἀνιάσα : pf. ἠνιάκα :—Pass. with fut. med. ἀνιάσομαι : aor. I ἠνιάσθην : pf. ἠνιάκα : (ἀνία) :—to grieve, distress :—Pass. to be grieved, etc. ; ἀνιάσθαι τούτο to be vexed at this :—Homer has Ion. aor. I pass. part. ἀνιηθείς, as Adj. a joyless, melancholy man. [ἴν in Homer always, later also ἴ.]

ἀνιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of a pres. *ἀν-είδω, to look up.

ἀν-ιδρύτος, ὄν, (a privat., ιδρύω) unsettled, restless : esp. having no fixed home, vagabond.

ἀν-ιδρωτι, Adv. of ἀνιδρώτος, without sweat : hence lazily, slowly.

ἀν-ιδρωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ιδρώω) not thrown into a sweat, not exerting oneself.

ἀνίεις, ἀνία, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεις, 2 sing. pres. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, Pass. and Med. of ἀνίημι.

ἀνίεμαι, pres. inf. of ἀνίημι, to send up. 2. pres. inf. of ἀν-εἰμι (εἰμι ἰδο) to go up.

ἀν-ιερως, ὄν, (a privat., ἱερῶς) unholly, impious. [ἴν]

ἀνίεσκε, Ion. impf. of ἀνίημι.

ἀν-ιζέω, aor. I ἀνέισα, (ἀνά, ἴζω) to set up.

ἀνιηθῆς, Ion. for ἀνιῶθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀνιάω.

ἀν-ιημι, impf. ἀνίην ; also 2 sing. pres. ἀνίεις, 2 and 3 sing. impf. ἀνίεις, ει ; Ion. 3 sing. ἀνίεσκε (as if from ἀνίεω) : fut. ἀνήσω, also ἀνέσω : aor. I ἀνήκα, Ion. ἀνέκα, Ep. also ἀνεσα : aor. 2 not used in sing. ind.,

but in Ep. subj. ἀνήη for ἀνή, opt. ἀνείη, inf. ἀνείναι, part. ἀνέιντες :—Pass. ἀνίεμαι : aor. I ἀνέθην : pf. ἀνείμαι : (ἀνά, ἴημι) :—to send up or forth, make spring up, produce, as the earth : esp. to send up from the nether world. II. to send back. III. to let go.

2. ἀνίεμαι τυτὶ to let loose against one, set upon him, like Lat. *inmittere alicui* : hence generally, to set on. 3. to let alone, let :—Med. ἀνίεμαι, to loosen, undo :—Pass. to be let go, go free ; part. pf. pass. ἀνιέμενος going free, left to one's will and pleasure ; ἀνιέμενος εἰς τι wholly engaged in a thing : hence

IV. like Lat. *remittere*, to relax, properly of a bow, to unstring : hence to neglect, give over, remit :—Pass. to be slack or unstrung. V. intrans. in Act. to relax, be remiss, Lat. *remisse agere*. ἀνιρόος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἀνιάρως.

ἀνίκα, Dor. for ἠνίκα. [ἴ]

ἀν-ικάνως, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκανος) insufficient.

ἀν-ικέτευτος, ὄν, (a privat., ἱκετεύω) not entreated : act. not entreating.

ἀ-νίκητος, ὄν, (a privat., νικάω) unconquered, unconquerable.

ἀν-ίλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for ἀν-ίλαος, (a privat., ἴλεως) unmerciful. [ἴ]

ἀν-ιμάω, f. ἡσομαι : (ἀνά, ἰμάς) :—to draw up water by leather straps : generally to draw or haul up :—Pass. to get up, mount up ; so also intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), to mount up.

ἀνίως, ὄν, (ἀνία) = ἀνιάρως.

ἀν-ιούλος, ὄν, (a privat., ἰούλος) beardless.

ἀν-ιππέω, f. σω, to ride on high.

ἀν-ιππος, ὄν, (a privat., ἵππος) without a horse, not serving on horseback : of countries, unsuited for horses.

ἀν-ιπτάμαι, Dep. = ἀνα-πέτομαι.

ἀνιπτό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀνιπτος, πούς) with unwashed feet.

ἀ-νιπτος, ὄν, (a privat., νίζω) unwashed. 2. not to be washed out.

ἄνως, Boeot. for ἀνευ, also Megarean.

ἀν-ἴσος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ἴσος) unequal, uneven : metaph. unfair. [ἴ Ep., ἴ Att.] Hence

ἀνισώω, f. ὤσω, to make equal, equalise :—Med. and Pass. to be equal in a thing.

ἀνίστα and ἀνίστη, for ἀνίστηθι, imperat. of ἀνίστημι.

ἀν-ιστάνω, later form for sq.

ἀν-ίστημι, (ἀνά, ἴσσημι) : I. Causal in pres. and impf., in fut. ἀναστήσω and aor. I ἀνέστησα, to make to stand up, raise up, set up : to raise from sleep, Lat. *excito*, and from the dead : later, to set up, build : also to build up again. 2. to rouse to action : to stir up to rebellion. 3. to make people rise to leave their homes : transplant them ; though in Pass., and intr. tenses, it usu. means to be unpeopled, laid waste ; χώρα ἀνεστηκνία a wasted land : also to make supplicants rise and leave sanctuary. 4. to raise men for war.

II. in aor. I med. also trans., ἀναστήσασθαι πόλιν to raise a city for oneself. III.

intrans. in Pass. ἀνίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. ἀνέστην, pf. ἀνέστηκα and plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand up, rise: to start up for action, ἀν. τινί to rise up against one: to rise from one's seat as a mark of respect: to rise from sleep: to rise from the dead: to rise from an illness: to rise to go, set out.

ἀν-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to make inquiry, ask.
 ἀν-ίστω, for ἀνίστασο, imperat. of ἀν-ίσταμαι.
 ἀν-ίσχω = ἀν-έχω, to raise, lift up. 2. intr., ἀνίσχει ἥλιος the sun rises.

ἀνίσως, Adv. of ἀνίσω, unequally.
 ἀνίσωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνίσω) an equalising.
 ἀν-ιχνεύω, f. σω, to trace back, of a hound.
 ἀνιψάτο, Ion. for ἀνιψάοντο, 3 pl. opt. of ἀνιάσμαι.
 ἀν-νείμη, poet. aor. I subj. of ἀνανέμω.
 ἀννεΐται, poet. for ἀνανεΐται, 3 sing. of ἀνανέομαι.
 ἀννέφελος, Ep. for ἀννέφελος.
 ἀννεώσασθαι, poet. inf. aor. I of ἀνανέομαι.
 ἀν-ξηραίνω, poet. for ἀνα-ξηραίνω.
 ἀν-οδηγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὀδηγέω) to guide back.
 ἀν-οδος, ov, (a privat., δδός) having no road, impassable.

ἀν-οδος, ἡ, (ἀνά, δδός) a way up: esp. into central Asia. II. a way back.

ἀν-οδύρομαι, Dep. to set up a wailing. [ῥ]
 ἀ-νόημον, ov, gen. ονος, (a privat., νοέω) senseless.
 ἀ-νόητος, ov, (a privat., νοέω) not thought on, not to be thought on. II. act. not understanding, foolish: unreasonable, Lat. amens
 ἀνοια, Ep. ἀνοίη, ἡ, (ἀνοος) want of understanding, folly.

ἀν-οιγνύμι and ἀν-οίγω, Ep. ἀνα-οίγω: f. ἀνοίξω: with double augm., impf. ἀνέωγον, Ion. ἀναοίγεσκον: aor. I ἀνέφεξα, Att. ἤνοιξα, Ion. ἀνοίξα or ἀνωφεξα; pf. I ἀνέφωχα, pf. 2 ἀνέφωγα:—Pass. ἀνοίγνύμαι: fut. ἀνοιχθήσομαι, fut. 2 ἀνεγίξομαι, fut. 3 ἀνεφίξομαι: aor. I ἀνεφίχθην, inf. ἀνοιχθῆναι: (ἀνά, οίγω): 1. to open, undo. 2. metaph. to lay open, disclose. 3. as nautical term, absol., to get into the open sea:—Pass. to be open.

ἀν-οίγω, f. ξω, v. foreg.
 ἀν-οιδάω, (ἀνά, οιδάω): fut. ἀνοιδήσω: pf. ἀνφίδηκα:—to swell up: to swell with passion.

ἀν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, to rebuild. II. to make a person change his dwelling, to remove him from his abode:—Pass. and Med. to migrate. 2. ἀνοικίζω πῶλιν to dispeuple a city. III. in Pass. to be built up the country, away from the coast.

ἀν-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οικοδομέω) to build up. II. to rebuild. III. to wall up.

ἀν-οικος, ov, (a privat., οίκος) homeless, homeless.
 ἀν-οικτός, verb. Adj. of ἀν-οίγω, one must open.
 ἀν-οικτίρμων, ονος, (a privat., οικτίρμων) unpitying, merciless.

ἀν-οικτίστος, ov, (a privat., οικτίξω) unpitied.
 ἀνοικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνοίγνυμι) opened.
 ἀν-οικτος, ov, (a privat., οίκτος) pitiless, ruthless.
 ἀν-οιμώξω, fut. ᾤξομαι, to wail aloud.

ἀν-οιμωκτί, Adv. of ἀνοιμωκτός, without wailing: also without need to wail, i. e. with impunity. [ῥ]

ἀν-οιμωκτος, ov, (a privat., οιμώξω) unmourned.
 ἀνοίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
 ἀνοίξις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνοίγνυμι) an opening.
 ἀνοιστέον, verb. Adj. of ἀναφέρω, one must report.
 ἀνοιστός, Ion. ἀνώιστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀναφέρω) reported, referred for decision.

ἀν-οιστρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, οιστρος) to goad to madness.
 ἀνοίσω, fut. of ἀναφέρω.

ἀνοίτω, 3 sing. pres. pres. opt. of ἀνώ.
 ἀνοιχθῶσιν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. subj. of ἀνοίγνυμι.
 ἀνοκωχή, ἡ, (ἀν-όκωχα pf. of ἀν-έχω) a cessation of arms, armistice. II. a hindrance.

ἀνολβία, ἡ, the state of an ἀνολβος, misery.
 ἀν-όλβος, ov, = ἀνολβος.
 ἀν-όλβος, ov, (a privat., ὄλβος) unblest, wretched.

ἀν-όλεθρος, ov, (a privat., ὄλεθρος) not ruined.
 ἀνολκή, ἡ, (ἀνέλω) a drawing up.
 ἀν-ολολύω, ἡ, ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὀλολύω) to cry aloud, to shout with joy. 2. to wail or bewail loudly. II.

Causal, to make one shout.
 ἀν-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. (ἀνά, ὀλοφύρομαι) to break into loud wailing. [ῥ]

ἀν-ομβρος, ov, (a privat., ὄμβρος) without rain.
 ἀνομέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνομος) to act lawlessly.

ἀνομία, Ion. ἀνομίη, ἡ, (ἀνομος) lawlessness.
 ἀν-ομιλίτητος, ov, (a privat., ὀμιλέω) having no intercourse with others, unsociable.

ἀν-όμματος, ov, (a privat., ὄμμα) without eyes.
 ἀν-όμοιος, ov, also α, ov, (a privat., ὄμοιος) unlike.
 ἀνομοιότης, τητος, ἡ, (ἀνόμοιος) unlikeness.

ἀνομοιούω, (ἀνόμοιος) to make unlike: Pass. to be so.
 ἀνομοιώσις, εως, ἡ, a making unlike: unlikeness.
 ἀν-ομολογέομαι, f. ἦσομαι: pf. ἀνωμολόγημαι:

Dep.: (ἀνά, ὀμολογέω):—to agree upon a thing.
 ἀνομολογούμενος, η, ov, (a privat., ὀμολογέω) not agreeing, inconsistent: not admitted, not granted.

ἀ-νομος, ov, (a privat., νόμος) without law, lawless, impious. Adv. -μως, without law. II. (νόμος) unmusical.

ἀν-όνητος, Dor. ἀν-όνατος, ov, (a privat., ὀνήμη) unprofitable, useless: neut. pl. ἀνόνητα, as Adv., unprofitably, in vain.

ἀ-νοος, ov, contr. ἀνοους, ov, (a privat., νόος) without understanding, foolish.
 ἀνοπαΐα, Adv., either (from a privat., ὑψομαι, fut. of ὄραω), unnoticed; or (from ἀνω) upwards, up in the air.

ἀν-οπλος, ov, (a privat., ὕπλον) without the large shield which distinguished the hoplite, not heavily-armed: generally, unarmed.

ἀν-οπτος, ov, (a privat., ὄψομαι) unseen.
 ἀν-όρατος, ov, also ἀ-όρατος, (a privat., ὄραω) = foreg.

ἀν-όργατος, ov, (a privat., ὀργάζω) without instruments.
 ἀνοργίαστος, ov, (a privat., ὀργιάζω) attended by no orgies. II. in whose honour no orgies are held.

ἀνорέα, Ion. ἡγορέη, ἤ, (ἀνήρ) manhood, courage. [ἀ]
 ἀνорέος, α, ον, (ἀνήρ) manly, courageous, like ἀν-
 дрéios. [ἀ]
 ἀν-орθώ, f. ὥσω : with double augm., impf., ἡνώρ-
 θου, aor. I ἡνώρθωσα :—to set upright again, restore :
 to set straight again, set right.
 ἀν-орμος, ον, (a privat., ὄρμος) without harbour, in-
 hospitable.
 ἀν-орούω, f. ούσω : aor. I ἀνорουσα :—to start up,
 leap up : to mount swiftly.
 ἀν-орοφος, ον, (a privat., ὄροφος) roofless.
 ἀν-орταλίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀνά, ὄρταλίξω) to flap the wings
 and crow, to strut.
 ἀν-орύσσω, Att. —τω : fut. ξω : (ἀνά, ὄρύσσω) :—
 to dig up what has been buried ; ἀν. τάφον to break
 open a grave.
 ἀν-орχέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to jump up and dance
 about.
 ἀν-όσιος, ον, or α, ον, (a privat., ὄσιος) unboly,
 wicked, Lat. profanus : ἀνόσιος νέκυς a corpse with
 all the rites unpaid. Hence
 ἀνοσίττης, ητος, ἤ, unholiness.
 ἀ-νорος, Ion. ἀ-νорος, ον, (a privat., νόσος) with-
 out sickness, healthy, sound : of things, free from all
 defect, healthy ; ἀνорος κακῶν untouched by ill.
 ἀν-όστεις, ον, (a privat., ὄστειον) without bones.
 ἀ-νорίτιμος, ον, (a privat., νόστιμος) not return-
 ing. II. not to be retraced.
 ἀ-νорτος, ον, (a privat., νόστος) without return.
 ἀν-орτούω, (ἀνά, ὄτοτο) to break out into wailing.
 ἀν-ουάτος, ον, (a privat., οὖς) without ear : without
 handle.
 ἀ-νорος, contr. for ἀ-νорος.
 ἀ-νорούτος, ον, (a privat., οὐτάω) unwounded.
 ἀν-ουτητή, Adv. of foreg., without wound. [ἴ]
 ἀνοχή, ἤ, (ἀνέχω) a holding back, stopping, esp. of
 hostilities, an armistice. II. (ἀνέχομαι) long-
 suffering, forbearance.
 ἀν-οχμάζω, f. ὦσω, to hold up, lift up.
 ἀν-αστα, Ep. shortd. imperat. for ἀνάστα, ἀνάσθηθι.
 ἀν-αστάς, ἀν-αστήμεναι, Ep. for ἀναστάς, ἀναστήναι :
 aor. 2 part. and inf. of ἀνίστημι.
 ἀν-αστήθη, Ep. for ἀναστήσω, fut. of ἀνίστημι.
 ἀν-αστήτην, Ep. for ἀνεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of ἀν-
 ιστήμι.
 ἀν-αστρέψαι, for ἀναστρέψαι.
 ἀν-ασχεθῆναι, ἀν-σχο, Ep. for ἀνασχεθῆναι, ἀνάσχοι,
 aor. 2 inf. act. and imper. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἀν-ασχετός, Ep. for ἀνα-σχετός.
 ἀντα, (ἀντί, ἀντην) Adv. over against, face to face,
 Lat. coram. II. as Prep. c. gen., over against ;
 ἀντα παρειῶν before the cheeks, of a veil : confronted
 with : most freq. in hostile sense, against, ἀντα Διδος
 πολεμίξειν.
 ἀντ-αγοράζω, f. ὦσω, to buy in return.
 ἀντ-αγορεύω, f. ὦσω, to speak against, reply : to con-
 tradict.

ἀντ-αγωνίζομαι : f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰδομαι : Dep. :—to
 struggle against, vie with, esp. in war : to dispute
 with : as Pass. to be set against. Hence
 ἀντ-αγωνιστής, οὔ, ὄ, an adversary, rival.
 ἀντ-αδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong or injure in return.
 ἀντ-αείρω, = ἀντ-αίρω :—Med., ἀνταείρεσθαι χεῖράς
 τινι to raise one's hands against one.
 ἀντ-αθλος, ον, (ἀντί, ἄθλος) struggling against,
 rivalling.
 ἀντ-αἰδέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to respect one another.
 ἀνταῖος, α, ον, (ἀντα) set over against, right oppo-
 site : ἀνταῖα (sub. πληγῆ), a wound in front. 2.
 hostile. II. besought with prayers ; τὰ ἀνταῖα
 θεῶν prayers to the gods.
 ἀντ-αίρω, f. ἀντῶω : aor. I ἀντήρα :—to raise
 against. II. seemingly intr. (sub. χεῖρας), to re-
 sist, withstand.
 ἀντ-αἰτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.
 'ANTAKAIΓ' OΣ, ὄ, a sort of sturgeon.
 ἀντ-ακούω, f. οὔσομαι, to hear in turn : to listen in
 return.
 ἀντ-ακρόομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. = ἀντακούω.
 ἀντ-ακλάζω, f. ἴσω, to return a shout.
 ἀντάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is given or taken
 in exchange, an exchange. From
 ἀντ-αλλάσσω, Att. —τω, fut. ξω : aor. I —ήλλαξα :
 —to give or take in exchange :—Med. to take one
 thing in exchange for another.
 ἀντ-αμείβομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to give or take in
 exchange, to exchange. 2. to give punishment in
 exchange for ill-conduct, to requite, punish. 3.
 to give words in exchange, answer. Hence
 ἀντάμειψις, εως, ἤ, an exchanging.
 ἀντ-αμύνομαι, Med. to defend oneself against an-
 other, resist. 2. to requite.
 ἀντ-αναβιβάζω, to make go up in turn.
 ἀντ-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up against, esp. to put out
 to sea against : generally to attack. 2. to bring
 up instead.
 ἀντ-αναλίσσω, f. -ανῶλωσω, to destroy in return.
 ἀντ-αναμῆνω, to wait instead.
 ἀντ-αναπίμπλημι, to fill in turn or in opposition.
 ἀντ-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to plait in rivalry with.
 ἀντ-αναπλήρωω, f. ὦσω, to put in as a complement.
 ἀντ-ἀνεμι, (ἀντί, ἀνά, εἰμι ἰβο) to go up against.
 ἀντ-ανίστημι, I. Causal. in pres. and impf.,
 fut. and aor. I, to set up against or instead of. II.
 intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to rise up
 against.
 ἀντ-ἀξιος, α, ον, worth just as much as, equivalent
 to. Hence
 ἀνταξιώω, f. ὦσω, to demand as an equivalent or
 in turn.
 ἀντ-απαίτέω, f. ἴσω, to demand in return.
 ἀντ-απαμείβομαι, Med. to obey in turn.
 ἀντ-απερύκω, to keep off in turn.
 ἀντ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove in return or
 answer.

ἀντ-αποδίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀνταπέδωκα:—to give back, repay. II. to render, i. e. make, so and so. III. intr. to answer, correspond with. IV. to deliver in turn: to explain in turn. Hence ἀνταπόδομα, atos, τό, requital, recompense. And ἀνταπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, a giving back in turn, repayment: reward.

ἀνταποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνταποδίδωμι.

ἀντ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer again.

ἀντ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill in return.

ἀντ-απολαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to receive in return.

ἀντ-απολλύμι, to destroy in return:—Pass. and Med., with perf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish in turn.

ἀντ-αποτινῶ, f. -τίσω, to requite.

ἀντ-αποφάνω, f. -φανῶ, to shew on the other hand.

ἀντ-άπτομαι, Ion. for ἀνθ-άπτομαι.

ἀντ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to hold out against: to bold out.

ἀντ-ασπάζομαι, f. άσσομαι: Dep.:—to greet in turn: to receive kindly.

ἀνταυγέω, f. ἡσω, to reflect light, to reflect. From ἀντ-αυγής, ές, (ἀντί, αὐγή) reflecting light.

ἀντ-αυδάω, f. ἡσω, to speak against, answer.

ἀντάω, Ion. ἀντέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I -ἦντησα: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—of persons, to come opposite to, meet face to face: also ἀντήσοι μάχης, δαιτός, etc., to meet with, take part in, partake of.

ἀντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.

ἀντ-εγκαλέω, f. έσω, to accuse in turn.

ἀντ-εικάζω, f. άσσομαι: aor. I -ἦκασα:—to compare in return.

ἀντ-εῖνω, poet. for ἀνα-τείνω.

ἀντ-εῖπον, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to speak against or in answer, gainsay. Cf. ἀντ-ερώ.

ἀντ-εῖρομαι, Ion. for ἀντ-έρομαι.

ἀντ-εἰσάγω, f. έω, to introduce instead, substitute.

ἀντ-εισφέρω, f. -εισοίσω, to pay or contribute for another: cf. εἰσφορά. II. to substitute one thing for another.

ἀντ-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away in return.

ἀντ-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to knock out in return.

ἀντ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out in return.

ἀντ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out against.

ἀντ-εκτείνω, f. -εκτενῶ, to stretch out against: hence to compare one with another.

ἀντ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμόυμαι, to sally out against.

ἀντελαβόμεν, aor. 2 med. of ἀντιλαμβάνω.

ἀντέλλοισα, Dor. for ἀντέλλουσα, part. fem. of ἀντέλλω.

ἀντέλλω, poet. for ἀνα-τέλλω.

ἀντ-ελπίζω, fut. ίσω, Att. ιῶ, to hope instead.

ἀντ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad in turn.

ἀντ-εμβιβάζω, f. άσω, to put on board instead.

ἀντεμπάγῃ, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of sq.

ἀντ-εμπήγνυμι, f. -εμπήξω, to stick right in.

ἀντ-εμπύρηνμι, f. -εμπύρῃσω, to set on fire in return.

ἀντ-ενδίδωμι, f. -ενδώσω, to give way in turn.

ἀντ-εξάγω, f. άξω, to export instead.

ἀντ-εξαίτέω, f. ἡσω, to demand in return.

ἀντ-έξιμι, (έξιμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-έξερχομαι, Dep. = ἀντέξιμι.

ἀντ-εξετάω, f. σω, to try one by the standard of another:—Med. to measure oneself against another.

ἀντ-εξεπέω, f. σω, to ride out against.

ἀντεξόρμησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντί, έξορμάω) a sailing out against.

ἀντ-επάγω, f. έω, to lead or (intr.) to advance against.

ἀντ-επαινέω, f. έσω, to praise in return.

ἀντ-επανάγομαι, Med. to put to sea against.

ἀντ-επειμι, to rush upon, attack.

ἀντ-επεξάγω, f. έω, to lead or march out against.

ἀντ-επεξέξιμι, (έξιμι ibo) to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξελεύω, f. Att. -εξελεῶ, to march out against.

ἀντ-επεξέρχομαι, Dep. = ἀντεπέξιμι.

ἀντ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to form counter-designs.

ἀντ-επιθύωμι, f. δείξω, to shew forth in turn.

ἀντ-επιθύμεω, f. ἡσω, to desire in turn:—Pass., ἀντ-επιθυμείσθαι τινος to have a thing desired from one.

ἀντ-επικουρέω, f. ἡσω, to help in return.

ἀντ-επιμελέομαι, fut. med. ἡσομαι: aor. I pass. -επεμελήθην: Dep.:—to give heed in turn.

ἀντ-επιστρατεύω, f. σω, to take the field against.

ἀντ-επιτάσσω, f. έω, to enjoin in turn.

ἀντ-επιτειχίζομαι, f. med. ίσομαι, Att. ιούμαι: pf. pass. -τετειχίσαι: Dep.:—to build forts against in retaliation.

ἀντ-επιτίθημι, fut. θήσω, to entrust in answer.

ἀντ-εράνιζω, f. ίσω, (ἀντί, έρανος) to contribute one's share in turn:—Pass. to be repaid.

ἀντεραστής, οὔ, ὁ, a rival in love. From ἀντ-εράω, to love in return: to rival in love.

ἀντ-ερίδω, f. σω, to set firmly against, to plant firm. II. intr. to set oneself steadfastly against.

Hence

ἀντέρεσις, εως, ἡ, obstinate resistance.

ἀντ-έρομαι, Ion. -είρομαι: aor. 2 -ἠρόμην: Dep.: to ask in turn.

ἀντ-ερόμαι, Dep. to make equal in weight with: hence, to value equally with. [V]

ἀντ-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in use: pf. ἀντείρηκα: (cf. ἀντέειπον):—to speak against, gainsay:—fut. pass., οὐδέν ἀντεπρήσεται no denial shall be given.

ἀντ-έρωσ, atos, ὁ, return-love, love-for-love.

ἀντ-ερωτάω, f. ἡσω, to ask in turn.

ἀντ-έστην, aor. 2 ind. of ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντ-ευεργετέω, f. ἡσω, to return a kindness.

ἀντ-ευνοέω, f. ἡσω, to wish well in return.

ἀντ-έχω or ἀντ-ίσχω, f. ἀνθέξω: (ἀντί, έχω or ίσχω):—to hold against; χεῖρα κρατὸς ἀντέχειν to hold one's hand so as to shade one's eyes. II. intrans. to hold out against, withstand: absol. to hold out: hence to suffice, be enough. III. Med. to hold out against something: later, with gen. only, to hold on by, bold to, cleave to.

ἀντ-ήλιος, ov, (ἀντί, ἥλιος) opposite the sun: i. e.

looking east, eastern; δαίμονες ἀντήλιοι, statues of gods facing the sun. II. like the sun.

ἀντέω, Ion. for ἀντάω.

ἀντήν, Adv. (ἀντί) against, face to face. 2. face to face, openly, before all. 3. ἀντήν ἔρχεσθαι to go straight forward; ἀντήν βάλλεσθαι to be struck in front.

ἀντήνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) instead of a man. ἀντήνρετης, ου, ὁ, (ἀντί, ἐρέτης) one who rous against another: generally, a rival.

ἀντήρης, es, (ἀντί) set over against, opposite; πηγῶν σπέρτων ἀντήρεις blows aimed straight at the breast.

ἀντήρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀντειρίδω) a prop: a beam to support the outer timbers of a ship's bow, in case of a shock.

ἀντήρσιε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀντάω.

ἀντήγεις, Dor. ἀχέω, f. ἡσω, to re-echo.

ἌΝΤΙ, Prep. with gen.: orig. sense over against: I. of Place, opposite, before. II. to denote worth, value, put for, for, Lat. pro, instar; ἀντί πολλῶν λαῶν ἔστι, he is worth many people: hence

1. in return for. 2. for the sake of. 3. instead of, for. 3. to mark comparison; ἐν ἀνθ' ἐνός one set against the other, compared with it. 5. with verbs of entreaty, like πρὸς with gen., by, Lat. per.

In Compos. it signifies I. over against, as in ἀντίπορος. 2. in opposition to, as in ἀντιπολεμέω. 3. one against another, mutually, as in ἀντιδεδίωμαι.

4. in return, as in ἀντιβοηθέω. 5. instead, as in ἀντήνωρ. 6. equal to, like, as in ἀντίθεος.

7. corresponding, as in ἀντιμορφος. ἀντία, Adv. = ἀντήν, properly neut. pl. of ἀντίος.

ἀντιάω, Ep. pres. inf. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάσθε, -θαι, Ep. 2 pl. ind. and inf. Med. of ἀντιάω.

ἀντιάξω, f. ἄσω, Dor. ἄξω: aor. I ἡντίασα: (ἀντί): —to come or go towards, meet, as friend or foe. 2. of things, to meet with, obtain. II. to approach with prayer, entreat.

ἀντι-ἀνειρά, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀντί, ἀνήρ) a match for men, as good as man, of the Amazons.

ἀντιάω, f. ἄσω: Ep. pres. ἀντιάω, 3 pl. imperat. ἀντιώωνται, part. ἀντιόων, ὄσασ, ὄοντες, inf. ἀντιάων, med. ἀντιάσθαι: (ἀντί, ἀντίος): —to meet, as friend or foe: to match, measure oneself with: rarely in sense of coming to aid. 2. of things, to go to meet, go in quest of, c. gen. rei: of an arrow, to hit: of the gods, to come to meet an offering, i. e. accept graciously of it: so, generally, to partake of a thing. II.

c. dat. to meet with, light upon. II. c. acc. to arrange, prepare, λέχος ἀντιώωσα.

ἀντιβαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀντέβην: —to withstand, resist: to stand in the gap; ἀντιβὰς ἐλάω to pull stoutly against the oar, going well back.

ἀντιβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to throw against or in turn. ἀντιβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀντιβαίω) resistance.

ἀντιβιάζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to retort violence.

ἀντιβίην, Adv. against, with force to force. Properly acc. fem. from

ἀντί-βιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (ἀντί, βία) opposing force to force; ἀντιβίους ἐπέσει with wrangling words: neut. ἀντιβιον, as Adv. = ἀντιβίην.

ἀντι-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look straight at, look in the face.

ἀντιβλεψίς, εως, ἡ, a looking in the face.

ἀντι-βοηθέω, f. ἡσω, to help in turn or mutually.

ἀντιβόλω, f. ἡσω: aor. with double augm. ἤντεβύλησα, Ep. ἀντεβ-: (ἀντιβάλλω): —to meet by chance, hit upon, esp. in battle. II. to meet with, partake of, c. gen. rei. III. to meet as a suppliant, entreat, c. acc. pers. Hence

ἀντιβόλησις, εως, ἡ, and ἀντιβολία, ἡ, an entreaty, prayer.

ἀντι-γέγωνα, perf. with pres. sense, to return a cry.

ἀντι-γενεαλογέω, f. ἡσω, to rival in pedigree.

ἀντιγνωμόνέω, to be of a different opinion. From ἀντι-γνώμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἀντί, γνώμη) of a different opinion.

ἀντιγραφέυς, εως, ὁ, (ἀντιγράφω) one who keeps a counter-reckoning, a check-clerk.

ἀντιγραφή, ἡ, (ἀντιγράφω) a reply in writing. II. as law-term, properly the answer put in by the defendant; but also of the plaintiff, an indictment.

ἀντιγράφος, ov, copied: hence as Subst. ἀντιγραφα, τά, copies. From

ἀντι-γράφω, f. ψω, to write against or in answer, write back: —Med., with pf. pass. ἀντιγέγραμμαι, to put in as a plea, to plead against: cf. ἀντιγραφή.

ἀντι-δάκνω, f. -δήσομαι: pf. pass. -δέδηγμαi: —to bite at or in turn.

ἀντι-δεξιόμοι, Med. to give one another the right hand, to greet in return.

ἀντι-δέρομαι, Dep. = ἀντιβλέπω.

ἀντι-δέχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to receive in return.

ἀντι-δημαγωγέω, f. ἡσω, to rival as a demagogue.

ἀντι-δημαβαίω, f. βήσομαι, to cross in turn.

ἀντι-διατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to dispose or arrange in turn: —Med. to set oneself against others, offer resistance.

ἀντι-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, mostly in plur. of poets who bring rival plays on the stage: cf. sq.

ἀντι-διδάσκω, f. -διδάξω, to teach in turn or against: of dramatic poets, to bring rival plays on the stage.

ἀντι-δίδομι, f. -δώσω, to give in return, repay. II. as law-term, to offer to change fortunes with one: cf. ἀντίδοσις.

ἀντι-διέξιμι, (εἶμι ἴβο) to go through again.

ἀντιδικέω, f. ἡσω: the augm. is prefixed to the prep., impf. ἡντιδικον, aor. I ἡντιδικησα, or with double augm., ἡντεδικον, ἡντεδικησα: —to be a defendant, or generally, party in a suit. From

ἀντι-δικος, ov, (ἀντί, δικη) an opponent in a suit, properly the defendant, but also the plaintiff: οἱ ἀντιδικοὶ the two parties in a suit.

ἀντι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῆσω or -δόξω, to be of a contrary opinion.

ἀντί-δορος, *ov*, (ἀντί, δора) *clothed with something instead of a skin.*

ἀντίδοσις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιδιδωμι) *a giving in return, an exchange: repayment.* 2. at Athens, *a form, by which a citizen charged with a public charge might call upon any other citizen, whom he thought richer than himself, either to exchange properties, or submit to the charge himself.*

ἀντίδοτος, *ov*, (ἀντιδιδωμι) *given as a remedy against poison: as Subst. ἀντιδοτον, τό, an antidote.*

ἀντι-δουλεύω, *f. σω*, *to be as a slave to another, to be no better than a slave.*

ἀντι-δουλος, *ov*, *instead of a slave, no better than a slave.*

ἀντί-δουπος, *ov*, *resounding.*

ἀντι-δράω, *f. άσω*, *to do in return, retaliate, requite.*

ἀντι-δωρέμαι, *f. ήσομαι*, *Dep. to present in return with a thing.*

ἀντι-ζητέω, *f. ήσω*, *to seek in return.*

ἀντι-ζωγρέω, *f. ήσω*, *to save alive in turn.*

ἀντι-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, *to bury opposite.*

ἀντι-θεος, *η, ov*, *godlike, equal to the gods.*

ἀντι-θεραπέωω, *f. σω*, *to take care of in return.*

ἀντίθεσις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιτιθημι) *opposition, antithesis.*

ἀντι-θώ, *f. θεύσομαι*, *to run against: to run a race with.*

ἀντι-θύρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, θύρα) *opposite the door: as Subst. ἀντιθυρον, τό, the inner part of the house opposite the door.*

ἀντι-καθέζομαι, *fut. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμενν: Med.:*—*to sit over against.*

ἀντι-καθεύδω, *f. ευδήσω*, *to sleep opposite to.*

ἀντι-κάθημαι, *Ion. -κάτημαι*, *Dep. = ἀντικαθέζομαι.*

ἀντι-καθίζω, *to set opposite:—Med. = ἀντικαθέζομαι, to sit opposite.*

ἀντι-καθίστημι, *Ion. ἀντι-κατίστημι: f. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to lay down or establish instead: to set against, oppose: to set up again. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀντέστην and pf. ἀνέστηκα, to be put in another's place, to succeed, supersede. 2. to resist.*

ἀντι-κακουργέω, *to injure in turn.*

ἀντι-καλέω, *f. έσω*, *to call or invite in turn.*

ἀντι-κατανήσχω, *aor. 2 -έθανον*, *to die in turn.*

ἀντι-καταλλάσσω, *Att. -πτω, f. ξω*, *to exchange one thing for another.*

ἀντι-κάτھμαι, ἀντι-κατίζομαι, ἀντι-κατίστημι, *Ion. for ἀντι-κάθ-.*

ἀντι-κειμαι, *f. -κείσομαι*, *used as Pass. of ἀντιτιθημι, to lie opposite to.*

ἀντι-κελεύω, *f. σω*, *to command in turn.*

ἀντι-κέντρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κέντρον) *sharp as a goad.*

ἀντι-κηδέω, *f. σω*, *to take care of instead.*

ἀντι-κηρύσσω, *f. ύξω*, *to proclaim in answer to.*

ἀντι-κλάζω, *f. -κλάξω*, *to sound in answer:—to sound by striking against, τινί.*

ἀντι-κνήμιον, *τό, (ἀντί, κνήμη) the shin, leg.*

ἀντι-κολακέω, *f. σω*, *to flatter in turn.*

ἀντι-κομιζω, *f. ίσω Att. ώ*, *to bring back in reply.*

ἀντι-κόπτω, *f. ψω*, *intr. to resist, oppose.*

ἀντι-κορύσσομαι, *Dep. to take arms against.*

ἀντι-κρατέω, *f. ήσω*, *to hold instead.*

ἀντίκρουσις, *εως, η*, *a striking against: hence, a hindrance, sudden check. From*

ἀντι-κρούω, *f. σω*, *to strike or push back, stop, hinder. 2. intr. to be a hindrance, stand in the way.*

ἀντίκρυν and ἀντίκρυν, *Adverbs, (ἀντί, ἄντην) have generally distinct meanings: I. ἀντίκρυν, over against, right opposite. 2. in Hom. also = ἀντίκρυν, straight on, outright, entirely. II. ἀντίκρυν (never in Homer), straight, right. 2. outright, thoroughly, without disguise or reserve. 3. of Time, straightaway.*

ἀντι-κτώνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, κτείνω) *killing in return.*

ἀντι-κτυπέω, *f. ήσω*, *to clash against, re-echo.*

ἀντι-κύρω [ῦ], *f. κύρω*, *to hit upon something, meet.*

ἀντι-κυμωδέω, *f. ήσω*, *to ridicule in turn.*

ἀντιλαβή, *ή*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) *a handle, Lat. ansa.*

ἀντι-λαγχάνω, *fut. -λήσομαι: pf. ἀντέληχα:—to draw lots for, obtain in turn.*

ἀντι-λάζομαι and -λάζυμαι, *Dep. to receive in turn. 2. to hold fast by: to take a share of.*

ἀντι-λακτίζω, *ισω*, *to kick against.*

ἀντι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι: pf. ἀντέληφα: aor. 2 ἀντέλαβον:—to receive instead of or in turn. II. Med. c. gen., to lay hold of: hence, 1. to take part with, assist. 2. to lay claim to. 3. to take part in a thing. 4. to take hold of for the purpose of finding fault. 5. to captivate, charm. 6. to grasp with the mind, apprehend.*

ἀντι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, *to light up in turn. II. intr. to reflect light.*

ἀντι-λέγω, *f. λέξω*, *to speak against, gainsay. Hence ἀντιλεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must gainsay; and ἀντιλεκτος, ov, questionable; to be disputed.*

ἀντι-λέων, *ovτος, ό*, (ἀντί, λέων) *lion-like.*

ἀντι-ληπτέον, *verb. Adj. of ἀντιλαμβάνομαι, one must assist or take part in. II. one must check.*

ἀντίληψις, *εως, η*, (ἀντιλαμβάνω) *a receiving in turn. II. (from Med.) a laying hold of, seizure: hence a claim to a thing. 2. a bold, support: help, succor. 3. an attacking, attack, objection.*

ἀντιλογία, *ή*, (ἀντιλέγω) *controversy, discussion, Lat. disceptatio: generally, opposition, resistance.*

ἀντι-λογίζομαι, *Dep. to calculate on the other hand.*

ἀντιλογικός, *ή, όν*, (ἀντιλέγω) *given to contradiction, disputatious.*

ἀντιλογος, *ov*, (ἀντιλέγω) *contradictory.*

ἀντι-λοιδορέω, *f. ήσω*, *to rail at or abuse in turn.*

ἀντιλύτρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, λύρα) *in harmony with the lyre.*

ἀντίλυτρον, *ov, τό, (ἀντί, λύτρον) a ransom.*

ἀντι-μαίνομαι, *f. -μάνήσομαι*, *Pass. to rave against.*

ἀντι-μανθάνω, *f. -μᾶθήσομαι*, *to learn instead.*

ἀντι-μάχομαι, *f. -μάχῃσομαι*, *Dep. to fight against.*

ἀντι-μεθέλω, to drag to the opposite side.

ἀντι-μετίστημι, fut. -στήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to remove from one side to the other: to revolutionise. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. -μετέστην, pf. -μεθέστηκα, to pass over to the other side, give way.

ἀντι-μελίζω, to rival in music.

ἀντι-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to wait and watch against.

ἀντι-μέμφομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to blame in turn, retort upon.

ἀντι-μερίζομαι, Dep. to impart in turn.

ἀντι-μετρέω, f. ήσω, to measure out in turn.

ἀντι-μέτωπος, ον, (ἀντί, μέτωπον) front to front, face to face.

ἀντι-μηχανάομαι, Dep. to contrive or scheme against: to counteract.

ἀντι-μίμησις, εως, ή, close imitation, aping. [μί] ἀντι-μίμος, ον, (ἀντί, μιμέομαι) closely imitating, aping: modelled after.

ἀντι-μισέω, f. ήσω, to bate in return.

ἀντιμισθία, ή, a reward, requital. From

ἀντι-μισθος, ον, for or instead of a reward.

ἀντι-μοιρία, ας, ή, (ἀντί, μοίρα) a compensation.

ἀντι-μολπος, ον, (ἀντί, μολπή) sounding against, differing in sound from: ἀντιμολπον άκος ύπνου song, sleep's substitute.

ἀντι-ναυπηγέω, f. ήσω, to build ships against, fit out a navy against.

ἀντι-νικάω, f. ήσω, to conquer in turn.

ἀντι-ξοέω, f. ήσω, to set oneself against. From

ἀντι-ξοος, ον, Ion. ἀντι-ξους, ονν, (ἀντί, ξέω) properly scraped against; hence opposed to, hostile: τὸ ἀντίξοον opposition.

ἀντίον, Adv. of ἀντίος; see ἀντίος.

ἀντίον, τό, (ἀντί) a part of the loom.

ἀντιόμοια, fut. med. ώσομαι: aor. I pass. ήντιώθην: Dep. —: to meet in battle, to resist, oppose.

ἀντίος, α, ον, (ἀντί) set against, and so, I. over against, opposite: c. gen. meeting, confronting. II.

opposite, contrary. III. as Adv., ἀντία and ἀντίον, like ἀντην and ἀντα, opposite: against, straight at. 2. against one's will.

ἀντι-οχεύομαι, Pass. to drive against.

ἀντιο-σπατέω, poet. for ἀνθίσταμαι, to oppose.

ἀντιώω, ἀντιώω, -ώωσα, ἀντιώωντων, see ἀντιάω.

ἀντι-πᾶθής, ές, (ἀντί, πᾶθεῖν) in return for suffering.

II. of opposite feelings or passions.

ἀντι-παίζω, to play one with another.

ἀντι-παις, παιδος, ό, ή, like a child, no better than a child.

ἀντι-πᾶλος, ον, (ἀντί, πάλη) properly wrestling against: hence antagonist, rival: matched against each other, nearly balanced: corresponding to. II.

fighting against the enemy. III. as Subst., ἀντι-παλος, ό, a rival, adversary. 2. a champion.

ἀντι-παραβάλλω, f. βαλώ, to bold side by side, compare closely.

ἀντι-παραγγέλλω, f. ελώ, to countermand, to order in turn. II. to compete for a public office.

ἀντι-παράγω, f. ξω, to lead on against. II. intr. to advance against or parallel with.

ἀντι-παραθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run past against: to outflank.

ἀντι-παρακάλέω, f. έσω, to summon in turn or contrariwise.

ἀντι-παρακελεύομαι, Dep. to exhort in turn or to the contrary.

ἀντι-παραλύπew, f. ήσω, to annoy in turn.

ἀντι-παραπλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail along on the other side.

ἀντι-παρασκευάζομαι, f. άσομαι: Dep. to prepare oneself in turn: to arm on both sides. Hence

ἀντι-παρασκευή, ή, hostile preparation.

ἀντι-παρατάσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω:—to draw out against, in order of battle:—Pass. to stand in array against.

ἀντι-παρατίθωμι, to set side by side against, compare closely.

ἀντι-πάρειμι, (εἴμι ἰδο) to march parallel to.

ἀντι-παρέρχομαι, = ἀντιπάρειμι.

ἀντι-παρέχω, to supply in turn.

ἀντι-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι: pf. -πέπονθα:—to suffer or endure in turn: τὸ ἀντιπεπονθός, neut. part. pf., retaliation.

ἀντι-παταγέω, f. ήσω, to clatter against.

ἀντι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send back an answer: to send in return. II. to send against. III. to send instead.

ἀντι-πέραιος, α, ον, lying over against, esp. beyond sea. From

ἀντι-περανῶ, f. περανῶ, to pierce through in turn.

ἀντι-πέραν, Ion. -πέρην, Adv. = ἀντιπέρας: also as Adj. in phrase Ἀσίαδ' ἀντιπέρην τε, Asia and the opposite coast.

ἀντι-πέρας or -πέρα, Adv. over against, on the other side of, opposite. Hence

ἀντι-πέρηθεν, Adv. from the opposite side.

ἀντι-πέρην, Ion. for ἀντιπέραν.

ἀντι-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήφομαι, to embrace in turn.

ἀντι-περιχωρέω, to go round in turn or against.

ἀντι-πετρος, ον, (ἀντί, πέτρα) hard as stone, rocky.

ἀντι-πηξέω, ηγος, ή, (ἀντί, πήγνυμι) a chest, ark.

ἀντι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall against. 2. to strive against, resist.

ἀντι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail against.

ἀντι-πλήξω, ηγος, ό, ή, (ἀντί, πλήσσω) beaten by the storm.

ἀντι-πληρόω, f. ώσω, to man ships against. 2. to fill up by new members.

ἀντι-πνέω, f. πνεύσομαι, to blow against. Hence

ἀντιπνοος, ον, contr. ἀντίπνοος, ονν, blowing against, caused by adverse winds.

ἀντι-ποθέω, f. ήσω, to long for in turn.

ἀντι-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to do in return, opp. to ἀντι-

πάσχω. II. Med. to lay claim to: to contend with one for a thing.

ἀντί-ποινος, *ov*, (ἀντί, ποινή) in requital: as Subst. ἀντίποινα, τά, = ἀποινα, requital, retribution.

ἀντι-πολέμω, *f. ήσω*, to wage war against one.

ἀντι-πολέμιος, *ov*, = ἀντιπόλεμος.

ἀντι-πόλεμος, *ov*, warring against: οἱ ἀντιπόλεμοι enemies.

ἀντι-πολιορκέω, *f. ήσω*, to besiege in turn.

ἀντι-πορεύομαι, *Pass.*, with *f. med.* -εύσομαι: *aor. I* pass. ἀντεπορεύην:—to advance against: march to meet another.

ἀντι-πορθέω, *f. ήσω*, to lay waste in return.

ἀντι-πορθός, *ov*, on the opposite side of the straits.

ἀντι-πορός, *ov*, on the opposite coast, over against.

ἀντι-πράσσω, *Att. -ττω*, *Ion. -πρήσσω*: *fut. ξω*: to act against, oppose.

ἀντι-πρεσβεύομαι, *Med.* to send counter-ambassadors.

ἀντι-πρήσσω, *Ion.* for ἀντι-πράσσω.

ἀντι-πρόεμι, (εἰμι *ibo*) to come forward against.

ἀντι-προικα, *Adv.* for next to nothing, cheap.

ἀντι-προκαλέομαι, *Med.* to challenge in return.

ἀντι-προσῆμύομαι, *Med.* to hear in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσειμι, (εἰμι *ibo*) to go against.

ἀντι-προσείπον, *aor. 2* without pres. in use, to address in turn: *aor. pass.* ἀντιπροσερήθη.

ἀντι-προσκαλέομαι, *Med.* to summon in turn.

ἀντι-προσφέρω, *f. προσίσω*, to bring in turn.

ἀντι-πρόσωπος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόσωπον) with the face towards, face to face.

ἀντι-προτείνω, *f. -τενώ*, to hold out in turn.

ἀντι-πρῶρος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πρόρα) with the brow towards, brow to brow: hence *fronting*, face to face.

ἀντι-πύλος, *ov*, (ἀντί, πύλη) opposite the gate.

ἀντι-πυργός, *ov*, like a tower.

ἀντι-πυργός, *f. ώσω*, to build a tower over against: *avt. πόλιν* to build up a city as a rival.

ἀντι-πρέπω, *f. ψω*, to counterpoise. Hence

ἀντιρροπος, *ov*, counterpoising.

ἀντι-σηκός, *f. ώσω*, to weigh against, to compensate.

2. *intr.* to be equal in weight, to counterpoise: δις ἀντισηκώσαι βροπή to weigh twice as heavy. Hence

ἀντισηκώσις, *ews* *Ion. ios, ή*, a restoring the balance: hence, compensation, retribution.

ἀντι-σιωπός, *f. ήσομαι*, to be silent in turn.

ἀντι-σκευάζομαι, *f. άσομαι*, *Dep.* (ἀντί, σκενάω) to arrange in turn.

ἀντι-ισόομαι, *Pass.* (ἀντί, ισώω) to stand against one on equal terms.

ἀντι-σπασμός, *δ*, (ἀντισπάω) a convulsion.

ἀντι-σπαστος, *ov*, drawn in the contrary direction: hence *spasmodic*, convulsive. II. as Subst. ἀντι-σπαστος, *δ*, an *antispastus*, a foot made up of an iambus and trochee, as Ἀλέξανδρος. From

ἀντι-σπάω, *f. άσω* [ᾶ], to draw the contrary way, drag back.

ἀντι-σταθμός, *ov*, (ἀντί, στάθμη) balancing: equivalent to.

ἀντι-σπασιάζω, *f. άσω*, to form a party against.

ἀντιστάσις, *ews, ή*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an opposite faction.

ἀντι-σπασιώτης, *ov, δ*, one of the opposite faction.

ἀντιστάτέω, *f. ήσω*, to stand against, resist: esp. to be a political opponent. From

ἀντι-στάτης, *ov, δ*, (ἀνθίσταμαι) an adversary. [ᾶ]

ἀντι-ίστημι, *Ion.* for ἀνθίστημι.

ἀντιστοιχέω, *f. ήσω*, to stand opposite in rows: to be ranged opposite. From

ἀντι-στοιχος, *ov*, ranged opposite in rows: standing over against.

ἀντι-στράτεύομαι, *Dep.* (ἀντί, στρατεύω) to take the field, make war against.

ἀντι-στράτηγος, *δ*, a rival general, the enemy's general:—also the Rom. *Propraetor* or *Proconsul*.

ἀντι-στράτοπεδεύω, and *Med.* -στρατοπεδεύομαι, (ἀντί, στρατόπεδον) to encamp over against.

ἀντι-στρέφω, *f. ψω*: *pf.* ἀντέστροφα:—to turn to the other side: to return. II. *intr.* (sub. *ἑαυτόν*, etc.), to turn about, face about.

ἀντιστροφή, *ή*, (ἀντιστρέφω) a turning back or about.

II. in the dance of the chorus, the *antistrophé* or *returning* of the Chorus, answering to a previous *στροφή*, except that they now danced from left to right instead of from right to left.

ἀντίστροφος, *ov*, (ἀντιστρέφω) set over against: τὸ ἀντίστροφον the opposite of a thing, or its counterpart. *Adv.* -φως, *contrariwise* to.

ἀντι-συναπτόω, *f. ήσω*, to meet face to face.

ἀντι-σφαιρίζω, *f. ισώ* *Att. ιώ*: (ἀντί, σφαῖρα):—to play at ball against.

ἀντισχη, *aor. 2* *inf.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντίσχεσθε, *2 pl. aor. 2 med. imperat.* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ισχυρίζω, *fut. ισώ* *Att. ιώ*, to strengthen against: *Med.* to maintain stoutly a contrary opinion.

ἀντι-ίσχω, *collat. form* of ἀντέχω.

ἀντι-ταλαντεύω, *f. εύσω*, = ἀντισηκός.

ἀντι-τάμιος, *aor. 2* *inf.* of ἀντιτέμνω.

ἀντίταξις, *ews, ή*, a setting in array against another, an opposite line of battle. II. *opposition*. From

ἀντι-τάσσω, *Att. -τάττω*, *fut. τάξω*, to range in battle against another:—*Pass.* to be ranged against.

ἀντι-τένω, *f. -τενώ*, to offer in return, repay. II. *intr.* and *Med.* to strive against, counteract, resist.

ἀντι-τεχνίζω, to build a fort against. Hence

ἀντιτείχισμα, *ατος, τό*, a counter-fortification.

ἀντι-τέμνω, *f. -τεμώ*: *aor. 2* ἀντέταμον:—to cut against, i. e. provide a remedy or antidote.

ἀντι-τεχνάομαι, *Dep.* to form a counter-plan.

ἀντιτέχνισις, *ews, ή*, counter-maneuvring.

ἀντι-τέχνος, *ov*, (ἀντί, τέχνη) rivalling in an art or craft.

ἀντι-τίθημι, *f. -θήσω*, to set one against the other, compare, oppose:—*Pass.* to be compared or matched one against another. II. to place in return: give one thing for another.

ἀντι-τίμαω, f. ἦσω, to do honour to in return:—
Med. as law-term, to fix a counter-estimate of damages. Hence

ἀντιτίμησις, εως, ἦ, as Att. law-term, a counter-estimate of the penalty made by the defendant in answer to the τίμησις of the plaintiff.

ἀντι-τίμαρέω, f. ἦσω, to punish in return:—Med. to revenge oneself on in turn.

ἀντι-τίνω, f. τίσω, to pay or suffer punishment for a thing. II. Med. to exact or inflict it in turn.

ἀντι-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to dare to stand against another.

ἀντι-τολμος, ον, (ἀντί, τόλμα) daring against, over-bold.

ἀντίτομος, ον, (ἀντιτάμειν) cut as a remedy for: as Subst. ἀντίτομον, τό, a remedy, antidote.

ἀντίτονος, ον, (ἀντιτείνω) stretched contrariwise, well-strung.

ἀντι-τοξέω, f. σω, to shoot arrows in turn.

ἀντι-τορέω, f. ἦσω, to bore right through.

ἀντίτος, ον, for ἀνά-τιτος, (ἀνατίτω) requited, revenged; ἀντίτα ἔργα works of revenge.

ἀντι-τρέφω, to maintain in turn.

ἀντι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτυχον:—to meet with in return.

ἀντι-τύπος, ον, (ἀντί, τύπηαι) struck back, echoed; τύπος ἀντίτυπος blow against blow:—answering to, correspondent:—as Subst. ἀντίτυπον, τό, an antitype, exact representation. II. act. striking back: hence resisting: stubborn, obstinate: adverse; ἀντίτυπος Διός the adversary of Jupiter.

ἀντι-τύπτω, f. ψω, to beat in turn.

ἀντιφερίζω, (ἀντιφέρω) to set oneself against, match oneself with: to fight for a prize with.

ἀντι-φεννος, ον, (ἀντί, φερνή) instead of a dower.

ἀντι-φέρω, f. ἀνίσσω, to set against:—Med. and Pass. ἀντιφέρομαι, to set oneself against.

ἀντι-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee in turn.

ἀντι-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγξομαι, to return a sound, re-echo. II. to contradict. Hence

ἀντιφθογος, ον, echoing, imitating.

ἀντι-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, to love or kiss in turn.

ἀντι-φιλονεύω, to strive zealously against.

ἀντι-φιλοτύξομαι, Pass. to be moved by jealousy against.

ἀντι-φιλοφρονέομαι, Dep. to receive kindly in turn.

ἀντι-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up so as to meet.

ἀντι-φονος, ον, in return for slaughter. II.

θάνατοι ἀντιφονοί deaths by mutual slaughter.

ἀντι-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ἀντί, φόρτος) to import in exchange for exports.

ἀντι-φράσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to block up.

ἀντι-φύλακή, ἡ, a watching against one.

ἀντι-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, a watch posted to observe another. [ῶ]

ἀντι-φύλασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to watch in turn:—Med. to be on one's guard against.

ἀντιφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound in answer, reply. From

ἀντι-φωνος, ον, (ἀντί, φωνή) returning a sound, responsive to. 2. disagreeing with.

ἀντι-χαίρω, to rejoice in turn.

ἀντι-χαίρομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἴομαι, Dep. to shew kindness to in turn.

ἀντι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote against.

ἀντιχειρονηγός, ὁ, to be a rival choregus. From

ἀντι-χόρηγος, ὁ, a rival choregus.

ἀντι-χρῶω, aor. I ἀντέχρησα, to be sufficient.

ἀντι-χριστος, ὁ, anticrist.

ἀντι-ψάλλω, f. -ψάλλω, to play a stringed instrument in accompaniment. Hence

ἀντιψάλμος, ον, responsive.

ἀντι-ψηφος, ον, voting against.

ἀντι-ψυχος, ον, (ἀντί, ψυχή) instead of life, given for life.

ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντλος) properly, to bale out bilgewater, bale the ship: generally, to draw water. II. metaph. to drain, use to the last, exhaust, of resources: of toil, etc., to drain, i. e. bear to the last, like Lat. exantillare, exaurire: but also to squander.

ἀντλημα, atos, τό, (ἀντλέω) a vessel to draw water with.

ἀντλία, ἡ, (ἀντλος) the hold of a ship. II. bilgewater, filth.

ἀντλίον, τό, (ἀντλος) a bucket.

*ΑΝΤΛΟΣ, ὁ, the hold of a ship where the bilgewater settles, Lat. sentina. II. the bilgewater itself; ἀντλον δέχεσθαι to let in water, leak; ἀντλον εἶργειν Lat. sentinam exaurire, to pump it out:—poët. the sea, sea-water.

ἀντ-οικτείρω, to pity in return.

ἀντ-οικτιζώ, f. σω, = ἀντοικτεῖρω.

ἀντολή, ἡ, poët. contr. for ἀνατολή.

ἀντομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἀντα, ἀντί):—to meet or light upon. II. = ἀντιάω, to approach with prayers, entreat.

ἀντ-όμνυμι, fut. -ομόσω and -ομοῦμαι: aor. I ἀντ-όμωσα:—to swear in turn. II. as Att. law-term, to swear in answer, take an ἀντωμοσία.

ἀντ-ονομάζω, f. άσω, to call by a new name. II.

to speak in tropes.

ἀντ-ορύσσω, f. ἔξω, to dig against, dig a countermine.

ἀντ-οφείλω, f. -οφειλήσω, to owe one a good turn.

ἀντ-οφθαλμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀντί, ὀφθαλμός) to look in the face, withstand, bear up against.

ἀν-τρέπω, poët. for ἀνα-τρέπω.

ἀντριάς, άδος, ἡ, (ἀντρον) of or belonging to a cave; Νύμφαι ἀντριάδες grot-Nymphs.

ἀντροθε, Adv. from a cave. From

*ΑΝΤΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. antrum, a cave, grot, cavern.

*ΑΝΤΥΞ, ὕγος, ἡ, properly any rounded body, and so in Homer, I. the rim of the round shield. 2.

the rail round the front of the chariot, sometimes made double: it rose in front to a point, on which the reins might be hung:—after Hom., in plur., the chariot itself. 3. the frame of the lyre. 4. the orbit of the planets.

ἀντ-υποκρίνομαι, ἀντ-υπουργέω, Ion. for ἀνθ-υπ-
ἀντ-ωδός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ἀοιδός) singing in answer to
responsive.

ἀντ-ωμοσία, ἡ, (ἀντ-ὀμνυμι) an oath taken by one
against another: and so as Att. law-term, the oath
taken on the one side by the plaintiff, on the other by
the defendant.

ἀντ-ωνόματι, Dep. to buy instead: to bid against.
ἀντ-ωπός, ὄν, (ἀντί, ὄψ) looking straight at, facing,
fronting, straight opposite.

ἀντ-ωφέλειω, f. ἦσω, to benefit in turn:—Pass. to
derive benefit in turn.

ἀν-ύβριστος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑβρίζω) not insulted. II.
not insolent, decorous.

ἀνυδρία, ἡ, want of water, drought. From
ἀν-ύδρος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑδωρ) wanting water: ἡ
ἀνυδρος (sub. γῆ), or τὸ ἀνυδρον (sub. χωρίον), the
region without water.

ἀν-ὑμέναιος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑμεναῖος) without the
nuptial song, unwedded.

ἀνῦμος, Dor. for ἡνυμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀνυμι.
ἀνῦμι, = ἀνώω:—Pass. ἀνῦμαι, impf. ἡνῦτο ἔργον the
work was finished.

ἀν-ὑμνέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀνά, ὑμνέω) to praise in song.
ἀ-νύμφευτος, ὄν, (a privat., νυμφεύω) unwedded;
ἀνύμφευτον γοῆν ἔχειν to be born of an ill mar-
riage.

ἀ-νύμφος, ὄν, (a privat., νύμφη) not bridal, un-
wedded; ἀνυμφα γάμων ἀμυλλήματα unballowed em-
braces. II. without bride or mistress.

ἀν-υπερβλήτος, ὄν, (a privat., υπερβάλλω) not to
be surpassed or outdone.

ἀν-υπεύθυνος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπεύθυνος) not liable
to account, irresponsible, absolute.

ἀν-υποδεδία, ἡ, ἀνυποδετέω, ἀνυπόδετος, ὄν, are
later forms of ἀνυποδησία, -δητέω, -δητος.

ἀνυποδησία, ἡ, a going barefoot. From
ἀνυποδητέω, f. ἦσω, to go barefoot. From
ἀν-υπόδητος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόδω) unsbod, bare-
foot: also with old shoes, ill-sbod.

ἀν-υπόδικος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόδικος) not liable to
action.

ἀν-υπόκρίτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποκρίνομαι) undis-
guised, without dissimulation.

ἀν-υπονόητος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπονοέω) unsuspected:
unexpectated. II. act. unsuspecting.

ἀν-υπόπητος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑπόπητος) without suspi-
cion, i. e. I. pass. unsuspected. 2. act. un-
suspecting.

ἀν-υπόστατος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑφίστημι) not to be
withstood, irresistible. II. without foundation.

ἀν-υπότακτος, ὄν, (a privat., ὑποτάσσω) not made
subject, unruly.

ἀνύσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀνώω.

ἀνύσι-εργός, ὄν, (ἀνώω, ἔργον) industrious.

ἀνύσιμος, ὄν, (ἀνώω) efficacious, effectual.

ἀνύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀνώω) accomplishment, end.
ἀνύσσα, Ep. for ἡνύσσα, aor. I of ἀνώω.

ἀνυστός, ὄν, (ἀνώω) to be accomplished, possible;
σιγῇ ὡς ἀνυστόν as silently as possible.

ἀνυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀνύσιμος,

ἀνῦτο, Dor. for ἡνῦτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνυμι.

ἀνῦτω or ἀνῦτω [ῦ], Att. form of ἀνώω, only used
in pres. and impf.

ἀν-ὑφαίνω, (ἀνά, ὑφαίνω) to weave anew.

ἀν-ὑψός, f. ὄσω, to raise up on high.

ἀνώω, Att. ἀνῦτω or better ἀνῦτω [ῦ], poet. ἀνῦμι:
f. ἀνώω [ῦ]: aor. I ἡνώσα, Ep. ἀνύσσα: pf. ἡνώκα:
—Pass., aor. I ἡνώσθη: pf. ἡνώσσα: (ἀνώω):—
to accomplish, complete, Lat. conficere; οὐδὲν ἦνευ
ἡε did no good:—Med. to accomplish for one's own
advantage:—Pass. to be finished, and of persons, to
grow up. 2. to make an end of, destroy. 3.

to come to the end of a journey, absol.; ἀνῦται εἰς. . .
for ἀνῦται ὁδὸν εἰς. . ., to make one's way to a place;
also, ἀνῦται θάλαμον for ἀνῦται εἰς θάλαμον, to
arrive at the chamber. 4. to attain to, get, pro-
cure.

II. with a Partic., οὐκ ἀνώω φρονέουσα I
gain nothing by grudging: in Att. like φθάω, in the
sense of doing a thing speedily; ἀνε πράττων make
baste about it; but more freq. ἀνύσας, with imperat.,
make baste and. . ., as ἀνύσας ἀνοίγε make baste
and open, etc.: also ἀνε alone, make baste! dis-
patch!

III. less freq. with inf., στρατός ἡνύσε
περὰν the army succeeded in crossing.

*ΑΝΩ, impf. ἦνον, to accomplish, finish:—Pass. to
come to an end, be finished; esp. of a period of time,
νῆξ ἀνεταί the night draws to its end; ἔτος ἀνόμενον
the waning year. [ᾶ]

ἀνώ, Adv. (ἀνά) up, upwards, Lat. sursum, c. gen.,
αἰθέρος ἀνω up to ether: absol. above, on high, Lat.
supra. 2. of the quarters of the heaven, north-
wards, opp. to κάτω, southwards. 3. of countries,
inland, up from the coast. 4. of time, formerly;
εἰς τὸ ἀνω reckoning upwards; οἱ ἀνω θεοὶ the gods
above, Lat. superi; οἱ ἀνω the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω
the dead; ἀνω καὶ κάτω up and down, topsy-turvy,
also up and down, to and fro, always in the same
place.

II. as Prep. with gen. above. III.
Comp. ἀνωτέρω higher up: as Prep., ἀνωτέρω Σαμοῦ
beyond Samos: Sup. ἀνωτάτω, highest up.

ἀνώ, 2 subj. of ἀνίημι. [ᾶ]
ἀνώγα, old Ep. pf. with pres. sense, to command,
bid, order, Lat. jubeo: also to advise, urge one to
do. From ἀνώγα we have I plur. ind. ἀνώμεν;
imperat. ἀνώγε and ἀνώγητι, 3 sing. ἀνώγεται and
ἀνώγητω, 2 pl. ἀνώγετε and ἀνώγητε; inf. ἀνώγεμεν;
plqpf. ἡνώγεμεν, without augm. ἀνώγεμεν, Ion. ἡνώγεα.
There is also a 3 sing. pres. ἀνώγει (as if from ἀνώγω);
whence we have an impf. ἀνώγων, fut. ἀνώξω, aor. I
ἡνώξα.

ἀνώ-γαίον, τό, (ἀνω, γαῖα) properly anything above
ground: a raised building, the upper floor of a house:
used as a dining-room, like Lat. coenaculum.

ἀνώγεν, Ep. for ἀνέρωγεν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀν-
όλγνυμι: but ἀνώγεν 3 sing. of ἀνώγα.

ἀνώγειον, ω, τό, and ἀνώγειος, ω, δ, ἥ, = ἀνώγειον.
ἀνώγειον, Ep. I plur. ind. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, see ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., δδύνη) free from pain. II.
act. *allaying pain*.

ἀνώγειον, Dor. ἀνώγειον, Adv. (ἀνώ) of place, from
above, from heaven. 2. above, on high, and so οἱ
ἀνώγειον, the living, opp. to οἱ κάτω: c. gen. ἀνώγειον
γῆς above ground. II. of time, from the beginning.

ἀνώγειον, fut. -ώγειον and -ώγειον: τό push up or
forth, of a ship, to shove off; ἀνώγειον πλέον (sc.
τήν ναύιν) they pushed off and sailed: —Med. to put
away from oneself.

ἀνώγειον, Adv. of sq., unlooked for. [τῖ]
ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., οἶμαι) unlooked for, un-
foreseen. II. Ion. for ἀνώγειον, (ἀναφέρω) re-
ferred, submitted to a person.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ἄλεθρος) indestructible.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄμαλος) uneven, unequal,
irregular: τὸ ἀνώγειον unevenness of ground.

ἀνώγειον, Adv. of ἀνώγειον, without oath.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄμνημι) unsworn, not
bound by oath. II. not sworn to.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄνομάζω) not to be
named, indescribable.

ἀνώγειον, ω, and ἀνώγειον, Adv. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα)
without name, anonymous. II. nameless, inglorious.

ἀνώγειον, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγειον: see ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, fut. of ἀνώγειον: see ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, ἡ, untimeliness; ἀνώγειον τοῦ ἔτους the bad
season of the year, i. e. winter. From

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄρα) like ἀνώγειον, untimely,
unripe, Lat. immaturus.

ἀνώγειον, Dep. (ἀνά, ὄρνομαι) to bowl aloud.

ἀνώγειον, Ion. for ἀνώγειον = Att. ἀνώγειον, aor. I act.
inf. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, η, ω, Sup. formed from ἀνώγειον, topmost.

ἀνώγειον, Sup. Adv. of ἀνώγειον, highest up, at top.

ἀνώγειον, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀνώγειον) upper or higher.

ἀνώγειον, Comp. Adv. (ἀνώγειον) higher up: above.

ἀνώγειον, Comp. Adv. of ἀνώγειον, higher up, above.

ἀνώγειον, ἑς, (a privat., ὄφελέω) useless: also
hurtful, like Lat. inutilis.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ὄφελέω) fruitless, un-
profitable. 2. worthless.

ἀνώγειον, ἀνώγειον, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. pf. imperat. of
ἀνώγειον: ἀνώγειον, 2 plur. of same.

ἀνώγειον, aor. I inf. of ἀνώγειον, to break; ἀνώγειον, 3 pl.
med.

ἀνώγειον, aor. I imperat. med. of ἀνώγειον, to lead.

*Ανώγειον, ω, Ion. for ἀνώγειον, II. *Ανώγειον (sc.
πόντος), ὄ, The Axine or Inhabitable, a name altered
(for the omen's sake) to Εὐξείνιος, the Euxine.

ἀνώγειον, ἀνώγειον, Ep. for ἀνώγειον, fut. inf. act. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, Ion. ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ξένος) inhos-
pitable: uninhabitable.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (a privat., ξένω) unbecom, unwrought.
ἀνώγειον, aor. I subj. of ἀνώγειον.

ἀνώγειον, ἡ, properly fem. of ἀνώγειον, the worth or value of
a thing: of persons, worth, rank: generally, a man's
due or deserts; κατ' ἀνώγειον according to his desert, ὑπέρ
οἱ παρ' ἀνώγειον contrary to his desert.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἀγάμαι) worth admiring,
admirable. [ἀγ]

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἀκούω) worth bearing.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἀκούομαι) worth listen-
ing to.

ἀνώγειον, Ion. ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἀφηγγέ-
ομαι) worth telling.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἐπαινέω) praiseworthy.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ἐραμαι) worthy of love.

ἀνώγειον, ἡ, (ἀνώγειον) an axe, esp. for hewing wood:
a battle-axe. [ῖ]

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, βιόω) worth living for.

ἀνώγειον, ὄν, (ἀνώγειον, ἔργον) capable of work.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, θαυμάζω) worthy of
wonder, marvellous.

ἀνώγειον, Ion. ἄνωγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, θεάομαι) worth
seeing.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, θρήνην) worthy of lamentation.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, κτάομαι) worth getting.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, λόγος) worthy of mention,
remarkable. Adv. -γως.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, μακαρίζω) worthy to be
deemed happy.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, μάχην) a match for in
battle: fit to give battle.

ἀνώγειον, ἑς, (ἀνώγειον, μῖσος) worthy of hatred,
bateful.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, μνημονεύω) worthy of
mention.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, νίκη) worthy of victory.

ἀνώγειον, ἑς, (ἀνώγειον, πένθος) worthy of lamentation,
lamentable.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, πιστός) trustworthy.

ἀνώγειον, ἑς, (ἀνώγειον, πρόπω) becoming, goodly.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, ὄραω) worth seeing.

ἀνώγειον, α, ω, (ἀνώγειον IV, to weigh) of like value, worth
as much as, c. gen.; βωδὸς ἀνώγειον worth an ox; πολλοὺ
ἀνώγειον worth much: also c. inf., ἀνώγειον θανένω worthy of
death, 2. absol. worthy, goodly: in Homer the
word gives the notion of high price: in Att. it has also
an exactly opp. sense, not overpriced, cheap. II.

worthy, estimable: hence befitting, deserving; ἀνώγειον
εἰμι I deserve to be, as ἀνώγειον εἰμι οὐκ εἰρεῖσθαι I de-
serve to be pitted.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, σκέπτομαι) without con-
sidering.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, σπουδάω) worthy of
zealous endeavours.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, στρατηγός) worthy of
being general, worthy of a great general.

ἀνώγειον, ω, (ἀνώγειον, τεκμαίρω) worthy of
being brought in evidence, credible.

ἄξιο-φίλιτος, *ov*, (ἄξιος, φίλῳ) *worth loving*.
 ἄξιο-χρεος, *ov*, *Ion.* for *sq.*
 ἄξιο-χρεως, *ewv*, *gen. w.*: *Ion.* ἄξιο-χρεος, *ov*, *neut.*
pl. ἀξιοχρεα: (ἄξιος, χρεός) *worthy of a thing, and so*
worth considering, considerable, remarkable. 2.
serviceable, sufficient. II. with *inf. able, sufficient*
to do. III. like ἄξιος, with *gen., worthy of*
a thing.

ἄξιοϛ, *f. ὥσω*: *pf.* ἤξιακα:—*Pass.*, *fut.* ἄξιωθήσομαι,
 but also in *med. form* ἄξιώσομαι: *pf.* ἤξιωμαι:
 (ἄξιος):—*to think or deem worthy of a thing: of*
things, to value at a certain rate: also absol. to
esteem, honour. II. but mostly with *inf. to think*
one worthy to do or be: hence I. of others, *to*
think fit, expect, require, Lat. postulare; ἄξιώ κομί-
ζεσθαι I think I have a right to receive: absol. to make
a claim. 2. of oneself, *to think fit to do or be;*
ἄξιώ θανεῖν I consent to die; ἄξιώ πράσσειν I dare,
determine to do: esp. to design, condescend to do: so
in Med., ἄξιοῦσθαι μέλειν to deign to care for. 3.

to think, suppose; to lay down, maintain. Hence
 ἄξιώμα, *atos*, τό, *that of which one is thought worthy,*
 and so, *esteem, reputation, rank, Lat. dignitas.* II.
that which is thought fit, a decision, a purpose. 2.
 in philosophy, *a self-evident proposition, an axiom.*
 ἄξιος, *Adv.* of ἄξιος, *worthily, as becomes.*

ἄξιώσις, *ews*, *Ion.* *ios*, ἡ, (ἄξιος) *a being thought*
worthy: estimation, reputation, character. II.
 (from *Med.*) *a thinking oneself worthy, a demand,*
claim. III. *a thinking fit, an opinion, maxim.*

ἄξιομαι, *fut. med.* (with *pass sense*) of ἄγω.
 ἄξόνιος, *a, ov*, (ἄξων) *belonging to the axle.*
 ἄξος, *o*, *Cretan word* for ἄγμός.
 ἄ-ξυγκρότητος, *ov*, for ἄστυκ., (a *privat.*, *συγκρο-*
τέω) *not welded together by the hammer: of rowers,*
not rowing in time.

ἄξυλλα, ἡ, (ἄξυλος) *want of wood.*
 ἄ-ξυλος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, ξύλον) *unfelled, unbin-*
ned, hence thickly wooded. II. *without wood, ill-wooded.*
 ἄ-ξυμ-, ἄ-ξυν-, *v.* ἄστυμ-, ἄστυν-.

ἄ-ξυστάτος, *ov*, *v.* ἄσυστ-.
 ἄξων, *onos*, *o*, (ἄγων) *an axle, Lat. axis: also the*
whole wheel: also, the supposed axis of the heavens,
the pole. II. of ἄξωνες, *the wooden tablets of the*
laws in Athens, made to turn upon an axis.

ἄξωος, *o*, *an attendant, minister, esp. belonging to a*
temple. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἀοιδή, *contr.* φῶδή, ἡ, (ἀείδω) *song, a singing: also*
the subject of song: hence a legend, tale.

ἀοιδία, *poët.* for ἀείδω.
 ἀοιδίμος, *ov*, (ἀείδω) *sung of, famous in song: in*
bad sense, notorious.

ἀοιδο-θέτης, *ov*, *o*, (ἀοιδή, τίθημι) *a lyric poet.*
 ἀοιδο-πόλος, *o*, (ἀοιδή, πολέω) *one busied with song,*
a poet.

ἀοιδός, *o*, (ἀείδω) *a singer, minstrel, bard, Lat.*
vates: fem. a songstress, of the Sphinx. II. as
Adj. ἀοιδός, *ov*, *tuneful, musical.*

ἀοιδο-τόκος, *ov*, *inspiring song.*
 ἀ-οίκητος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, οἰκέω) *uninhabited: house-*
less, without a home.

ἀ-οικος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, οἶκος) *houseless, without home*
or country.

ἀ-οινος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, οἶνος) *without wine: not*
worshipped with oblations of wine: of men, drinking
no wine, sober: of a place, having none.

ἀοίος, *a, ov*, *Aeol. and Dor.* for ἠοῖος.
 ἀ-οικνος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, οἶκνος) *without fear or hesi-*
tation, untiring, restless. *Adv.* -*vovs.*

ἀολλέα, ἀολλέας, *acc. sing. and plur.* of ἀολλής.
 ἀολλήδη, *Adv.* of ἀολλής, *in a body, together.*
 ἀολλής, *és*, (a *copul.*, εἶλλω) *all together, in throngs,*
sboals or crowds. Hence

ἀολλίξω, *f. ἴσω*, *to gather together:—Pass.* *to come*
together, assemble.
 ἀ-οπλος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, ὄπλον) *without armour, un-*
armed.

ἄορ and ἄορ, ἄορος, τό, (ἀείρω) *a sword, properly a*
banger: later, any weapon.
 ἄορᾶς, *acc. pl.* for ἄορα, from ἄορ, τό, *a sword.*

ἀ-όρατος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, ὄραω) *unseen, invisible.*
 ἀ-όριστος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, ὄριζω) *without boundaries:*
indefinite, indeterminate. II. ὁ ἀόριστος (sub.
 χρόνος), *the aorist tense.*

ἀ-ορνος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, ὄρνις) *without birds.*
 ἀορτή, ἡ, (ἀείρω) *a knapsack.* II. *the aorta or*
great artery.

ἀορτήρ, ἦρος, *o*, (ἀείρω) *a strap over the shoulder to*
hang anything to, a belt, a sword-belt; but also a
knapsack-strap.
 ἄορτο, *Ion.* for ἦορτο, 3 *sing. plqpf. pass.* of ἀείρω;
cf. ἄωρτο.

ἄοσσεω, *f. ἴσω*, (ἄοσος) *to help, aid.* Hence
 ἄοσσητήρ, ἦρος, *o*, *a helper, aider.*
 ἄ-ουτος, *ov*, (a *privat.*, οὐτάω) *not wounded, unburt.*

ἀπαγγεῖλαι, ἀπαγγείλας, *aor. I inf.* and *part.* of
 ἀπαγγέλλω.
 ἀπαγγελία, ἡ, *a report given in: a narrative, re-*
cial. From

ἀπ-αγγέλλω, *f. -ελῶ*, *Ion. -ελέω:* *aor. I -ἠγγεῖλαι:*
 —*Pass.*, *aor. I -ἠγγέλην*, *aor. 2 -ἠγγέλην:* *pf.*
 -ἠγγέλωμαι:—*to bring tidings, report, announce: to*
relate, tell:—Med., πάλω ἀπαγγέλλεσθαι to bring
back tidings. Hence

ἀπαγγελητήρ, ἦρος, *o*, *a messenger.*
 ἀπ-αγε, *Adv.* away! *be gone!* *Lat. apage!* properly
imperat. of ἀπάγω (sub. σεαυτόν).
 ἀ-παγής, *és*, (a *privat.*, παγήναι) *not firmly fixed:*
of loose texture.

ἀπ-ἀγνέω, *Ion.* for ἀπ-άγω, *esp. of paying tribute.*
 ἀπ-απαλαῖξω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ*, *to deprive of orna-*
ment.

ἀπ-ἀγορεύω, *f. ἴσω*, (the *Att. fut.* is ἀπειρώ, *pf.* ἀπειρηκα,
aor. ἀπειρον):—*to forbid: absol. to dissuade.* II.
intr. to bid farewell to, to renounce, c. dat.: *c. part.*
to give up doing: also to grow weary of. 2. to

fail, sink, give way; also of things, τὰ ἀπαγορεύοντα *things worn out*.

ἀπαγριόομαι, Pass. (ἀπό, ἄγριος) *to become wild or savage*.

ἀπαγχορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἀπάγχω.

ἀπάγχω, f. -άγω, *to strangle, throttle*:—Med. *to hang oneself*; *to be ready to choke*.

ἀπάγω, f. ἄξω: (for the tenses, v. ἄγω):—*to lead away, carry off*:—Med. *to take away for oneself*. II. *to take home*. III. *to return what one owes, pay*.

IV. as Att. law-term, *to bring before a magistrate and accuse*. 2. *to lead away to death*. V. *to lead away, perplex*: *to divert from a thing*.

VI. as if intr. (sub. ἐαυτόν), *to make off, go away, esp. in imperat. ἀπαγε, q. v. Hence*

ἀπᾶγωγή, ἡ, *a leading or dragging away*. II. *a taking home*. III. *payment of tribute*. IV. as Att. law-term, *a bringing before the magistrate*.

ἀπαθεῖν, -έειν, Ion. for ἀφαθε-, aor. 2 inf. of ἀφανδάνω.

ἀπαθεῖω, f. -φσομαι, *to sing out of tune*: metaph. *to dissent from*: *to wander away from*.

ἀπαείρομαι, Pass. *to depart from*.

ἀπαθανατίζω, *to aim at immortality*.

ἀπάθεια, ἡ, *insensibility to suffering, apathy*. From ἀ-πάθης, ἐς, (a privat., πάθος) *without suffering, not suffering*: *insensible, apathetic*. 2. *unwilling to suffer, impatient of*. 3. *not having suffered, unharmed*.

ἀπαθῶς, Adv. of ἀπάθης, *without passion*.

ἀπαί, poet. for ἀπό.

ἀπαιδευσία, ἡ, *want of education, ignorance*: *coarseness*. II. *want of control over a thing*. From ἀ-παιδευτος, ον, (a privat., παιδεύω) *uneducated, ignorant, boorish*. Adv. ἀπαιδευτῶς *ἐχειν to be boorish*.

ἀπαιδία, ἡ, (ἄπαις) *childlessness*.

ἀπαιθριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, αἰθρία) *to drive away [clouds], and make fair weather*.

ἀπαινύμαι, Ep. ἀπο-αίνυμαι, Dep. (ἀπό, αἴνυμαι):—*to take away, withdraw*: *pluck off*.

ἀπαίνυτο, 3 sing. impf. of foreg.

ἀπαϊολῶ, *to cheat*: *to perplex, confound*. From ἀπ-αιόλη, ἡ, (ἀπό, αἰόλος) *cheating, duping, any means of cheating*.

ἀπαϊόλημα, ατος, τό, *a knavisb trick*.

ἀπαρεθέω, Ion. for ἀφαρεθῶ, aor. I subj. pass. of ἀφαίρω.

ἀπαίρῶ, Ion. for ἀφ-αίρῶ.

ἀπαίρω, Ep. lengthd. ἀπα-αίρω: Ion. impf. ἀπαίρεσκον: fut. ἀπαρῶ: aor. I ἀπήρα: pf. ἀπήρκα:—*to lift off*: hence *to carry, take away*. II. *to lead away an army or fleet*; hence, as if intr. *to sail away, march away*: generally, *to set out, depart*: also c. gen., ἀπαίρειν χθονός *to depart from the land*.

ἄ-παῖς, ἀπαῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., παῖς) *childless*: c. gen., ἀπαῖς ἔρσενος γόνου *without male heirs*.

ἀπαῖσσω, Att. -ῥῖσσω, f. ξω: Att. aor. I ἀπῆξα:—*to rush down*: generally, *to dart away*.

ἀπα-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω, *to demand back, or simply to demand* of one:—Pass. *to have a thing demanded of one*. Hence

ἀπαίτησις, εως, ἡ, *a demanding back, demand*.

ἀπα-αἰτίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαἰτέω, *to demand back*.

ἀπα-αιρέω, f. ἦσω, *to make to hang down, suspend*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, *to hang down from, bover about*.

ἀπα-ακριβόομαι, pf. ἀπηκριβώομαι: Pass. (ἀπό, ἀκριβής):—*to be finished off, carefully finished*: pf. pass. part. ἀπηκριβωμένος, *highly wrought off finished*.

ἀ-πάλαστος, ον, (a privat., πάλαιω) *not thrown in wrestling*: generally, *unconquerable*.

ἀ-πάλαστρος, ον, (a privat., πάλαιστρα) *not trained in the palaestra, awkward*. II. *not customary on the palaestra*.

ἀπάλαλκε, ἀπάλαλκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 ind. and opt. of ἀπαλέξω, but formed by redupl. from *ἀπάλλκω:—Ep. inf. ἀπαλακόμεν.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, = ἀπάλαμος, *helpless, silly*. II. *unmanageable, lawless*.

ἀ-πάλαμος, ον, (a privat., πάλαιω) *without hands or without the use of them*: *helpless, lazy*. II. *which cannot be helped, unmanageable*.

ἀπαλάμομαι, Pass. *to go astray, wander*.

ἀπα-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀπό, ἀλγέω) *to be without sense of pain, to be past feeling*.

ἀπα-αλείφω, f. ψω: pf. ἀπα-αλήλιφα:—*to wipe off, expunge, esp. from a register*.

ἀπα-αλέξω, fut. -αλεξήσω: aor. I opt. ἀπαλεξήσαιμι: Ep. aor. 2 ἀπάλαλκον, see ἀπάλαλκε: (ἀπό, ἀλέξω):

to ward off from another, c. acc. rei et gen. pers.; ἀπαλέξειν βέλος τινός *to ward off a dart from a man*: also c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, *to keep a man from evil*:—Med. *to defend oneself against*.

ἀπα-αληθεύω, f. σω, *to speak the whole truth*.

ἀπα-αλθέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: Dep. (ἀπό, ἀλθέω) *to heal thoroughly*.

ἀπαλθήσεσθον, 3 dual. fut. ind. of ἀπαλθέομαι.

ἀπαλλάγη, ἡ, (ἀπαλλάσσω) *deliverance, release, riddance from a thing*. II. *a removal, a departure*. III. (from Pass.) *a going away, escape*.

ἀπαλλάξῃω, Desiderat. of ἀπαλλάσσομαι, *to wish to be rid of*.

ἀπαλλάξῃς, εως, ἡ, = ἀπαλλάγη.

ἀπαλλάσσω, Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I -ήλλαξα: pf. -ήλλαχα:—*to set free, release, rid of a thing*. 2. *to put away from, remove from*: also *to get rid of*. II. intrans. *to get off free, escape, esp. with an Adv., e. g. εὖ, κακῶς ἀπαλλάσσειν*: *to go away, depart*.

Pass., with fut. and aor. I med., ἀπαλλάξομαι, ἀπηλλαξάμην: but also fut. pass. ἀπαλλαχθήσομαι, aor. I ἀπαλλάχθην or aor. 2 ἀπαλλάχην: pf. ἀπήλ-

λαγαμί:—to be set free, released from a thing, get rid of it. 2. to get off, usu. with some Adj. or Adv., e. g. καθῶς, ἀζήμιος ἀπαλαχθῆναι to get off well, without injury, etc., like the intrans. Act.: hence alone, to be let off, acquitted.

II. to remove, depart from, go away, hence to depart from life, to be deceased; εἰκ παίδων ἀπαλαχθῆναι like Lat. *e pueris excedere*, to come forth from a boyish state, to become a man: to be far removed from. 2. to leave off from, give over, cease.

ἀπαλλοτριώω, f. ὤσω: pf. -ηλλοτριώκα: (ἀπό, ἀλλοτριός):—to estrange.

ἀπα-ἄλωω, poet. -αλωιάω, f. ἴσω, properly to *thresh out*: hence to *bruise, crush*.

ἀπαλό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀπαλός, θρίξ) with soft hair. ἘΠΙΛΑΪΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, soft, tender: metaph. soft, gentle: delicate. Hence

ἀπαλότης, ητος, ἡ, softness, tenderness.

ἀπαλό-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἀπαλός, τρέφω) well fed, plump. ἀπαλό-φρων, ὄν, (ἀπαλός, φρήν) soft-beated.

ἀπαλά-χρος, ὄν, contr. -χρους, χροῦν, (ἀπαλός, χρός) soft-skinned: also with heterocl. gen., ἀπαλό-χρους, dat. -χροῖ, etc.

ἀπαλύνω, f. ὑνώ, (ἀπαλός) to soften.

ἀπαμαλδύνω, to destroy utterly.

ἀπαμάω, f. ἴσω, to cut off.

ἀπαμβλύνω, f. ὑνώ:—Pass., pf. ἀπήμβλυμμαι. To blunt, dull the edge of a thing: Pass. to be blunted, lose its edge.

ἀπαμβροτεῖν, inf. aor. 2 of ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπα-ἄμειβομαι, f. -αμείβομαι: aor. 1 -ἡμείβην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἀμείβω):—to reply to, answer.

ἀπαμείρω, to deprive of share in a thing: Pass. to be bereft.

ἀπαμελέω, f. ἴσω, to neglect utterly.

ἀπαμμένος, η, ὄν, Ion. for ἀφήμμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀφάπτω.

ἀπαμπλακίσκω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 ἀπήμπλακον, inf. ἀπαμπλακεῖν:—ἀφαμαρτάνω.

ἀπαμύνω, fut. ὑνώ, to keep off, ward off, to repulse:—Med. to keep off from oneself, to drive back, repel. 2. to defend oneself.

ἀπαῖναίνομαι: aor. 1 ἀπηγήναμην: Dep.: to refuse or reject utterly.

ἀπαῖναισχντέω, f. ἴσω, to be utterly shameless: to be shameless enough to do or say.

ἀπαῖναλίσκω, fut. -ανῶλωσω: pf. -ανάλωκα:—to utterly consume or expend.

ἀπαναστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπανίσταμαι) a removing from one place to another.

ἀπανδρόομαι, pf. ἀπήνδρωμαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἀνδρός gen. of ἀνήρ):—to become a man.

ἀπαῖνευθε and -θεν, strength, for ἀνευθε, Adv. afar off, far away. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from: aloof from: but also out from.

ἀπαῖνησθαι, aor. 1 med. inf. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπαῖνήω, f. ἴσω: pf. ἀπαῖνηκα:—to leave off blooming, fade, wither. Hence

ἀπάνθησις, εως, ἡ, a fading, withering.

ἀπαῖνηξις, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἄνθος) to pluck off flowers: metaph., ματαίαν γλώσσαν ἀπανθίσκειν to cull the flowers of idle talk, i. e. talk as boldly as they please.

ἀπαῖνηρακίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to broil on the coals, roast. Hence

ἀπαῖνηρακίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄνθραξ) a small fish for broiling. II. a cake baked on coals.

ἀπαῖνηρακόω, f. ὤσω, to burn to a cinder.

ἀπαῖνηρωπία, ἡ, inhumanity. From

ἀπαῖνηρωπος, ὄν, far from man, inhuman, savage. II. unsocial: of countries, uninhabited.

ἀπαῖνησῆμι, fut. -αναστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. 1, to make rise up and depart, take or send away. II. Pass. ἀπανίσταμαι, with intr. aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to arise and go away: leave one's country, emigrate.

ἀπαντήχθῆμι, Adv. = ἀπανταχοῦ.

ἀπανταχοῦ, Adv. (ἄπας) everywhere.

ἀπαντάω: Att. impf. ἀπήντων: f. ἀπαντήσομαι: aor. 1 ἀπήντησα: pf. ἀπήντηκα:—to come or go to meet, encounter, whether as friend or foe: hence to resist. 2. to meet with, light or fall upon. 3.

of things, to happen, come upon one: also to turn out well, prosper. 4. to go or come to, arrive or be present at: also to have recourse to a thing.

ἀπάντη, Adv. (ἄπας) everywhere. II. every-way.

ἀπάντη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαντάω.

ἀπάντησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπαντία) a meeting, encountering.

ἀπαῖντικῶν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντικῶν) right opposite.

ἀπαῖντιον, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀντίον) right opposite.

ἀπαῖντλέω, f. ἴσω, to draw off like water from a ship's hold: hence to lighten, lessen.

ἀπαῖντομαι, = ἀπαῖντάω.

ἀπαῖνώω, f. ὤσω [ῶ], to accomplish or finish entirely: ἀπανῆμι [sub. ὁδόν] to finish a journey.

ἘΠΙΛΑΞ, Adv. once, once only, once for all, Lat. *semel*. II. without any notion of number, after ἐπει, ὡς, etc., like Lat. *ut semel; ὡς ἅπαξ ἤρξατο* when once he began.

ἀπαῖξ-ἄπῃς, ἅσα, ἄν, mostly in plur. all at once, all together: in sing. every one.

ἀπαῖξ-απλῶς, Adv. in general, upon the whole.

ἀπαῖξία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) unworthiness.

ἀπαῖξιος, ὄν, (ἀπό, ἀξίος) = ἀνάξιος, unworthy of.

ἀπαῖξίω, f. ὤσω, to deem unworthy of one: to disclaim as unworthy, disown, Lat. *dedignari*.

ἀπάπορος, ὄν, Dor. for ἀπήπορος.

ἀπάππος, ὄν, (a privat., πάππος) with no grandfather or ancestors.

ἀπάπτω, Ion. for ἀφ-άπτω.

ἀπαράβατος, ὄν, (a privat., παραβαίνω) not transgressed. II. act. not passing over to another: not passing away, unchangeable.

ἀπαράρημένος, Ion. pf. pass. part. of ἀφ-αμείω.

ἀπαράτητος, ὄν, (a privat., παρατεύω) not to be turned away by prayers: not to be begged off, in-

evitable. II. of persons; not to be entreated, inexorable: Adv. -τως, inexorably.

ἀ-παράκλυτος, ov, (a privat., παρακλύπτω) uncovered: Adv. -τως, undisguisedly. [κῆ]

ἀ-παράκλητος, ov, (a privat., παρακαλέω) unsu-moned, without being called upon.

ἀ-παράλλακτος, ov, (a privat., παραλλάσσω) un-changeable.

ἀ-παράλογιστος, ov, (a privat., παραλογίζομαι) not to be deceived.

ἀ-παράμυθος, ov, (a privat., παραμυθεῖν) not to be persuaded: hence incorrigible; also inconsolable. II. not to be entreated, inexorable. [ῥ]

ἀ-παράμυθος, ov, = ἀπαράμυθος, inexorable: unbending, stubborn, savage. [Aesch. ἀπᾶρ-, like ἀδά-νατος.]

ἀπᾶραι, aor. I inf. of ἀπαίρω.

ἀπᾶραξα, Ep. aor. I of ἀπαράσσω.

ἀ-παρσκευάστος, ov, (a privat., παρσκευάζω) = sq.

ἀ-παρσκευος, ov, (a privat., παρσκευή) without preparation, unprepared.

ἀπ-ᾶρᾶσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἀπᾶραξα:—to strike off: to sweep off, Lat. decutere.

ἀπ-αργμα, atos, τό, (ἀπάρχομαι) = ἀπαρχή.

ἀπ-ᾶρέσκω, f. ἀρέσω, to displease, be disagreeable to. 2. Med. with pass. sense, οὐ νεμεσητὸν βασι-λῆα ἄνδρα ἀπαρέσασθαι one must not take it ill that a king should be displeased. Hence

ἀπαρέσασθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἀπαρέσκω.

ἀ-παρθένευτος, ov, (a privat., παρθενεύω) unmaidenly, unfitting a maiden: in neut. pl. as Adv.

ἀ-παρθένος, ov, (a privat., παρθένος) no more a maid; νύμφην ἀνύμφον παρθένον τ' ἀπαρθένον 'virgin wife and widow'd maid.'

ἀπ-ᾶριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count over: to reckon up. II. to reckon or pay back. Hence

ἀπᾶριθμησις, eas, ἡ, a counting over.

ἀπ-ᾶρκέω, f. ἴσω, to suffice, be sufficient. II. intr. to be contented, acquiesce.

ἀπ-ᾶρνέομαι, fut. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. ἀπρη-νήθη: Dep.:—to deny utterly, deny:—fut. ἀπαρη-θήσεται in pass. sense, it shall be denied.

ἀπ-ᾶρνος, ov, (ἀπό, ἀρνέομαι) denying utterly; ἀπαρ-νός ἐστι μὴ νοσέειν be denies that he is sick; c. gen., ἀπαρνος οὐδενὸς καθίστατο she denied nothing. II. pass. denied, refused.

ἀπ-ᾶρτώω, f. ἴσω: Pass., pf. ἤρημαι:—properly, to hang from: to hang, strangle. II. to take away and hang up:—Pass. to be in suspense. III. to remove, part: then, seemingly intr. (sub. εαυτόν), to remove oneself, go away.

ἀπ-ᾶρτί, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος) Adv. completely: in numbers, exactly, just. II. just the reverse, quite the contrary.

III. of time, = ἀπό ἀρτί, for ἀπό τοῦ νῦν, from now, from this time:—just now, even now.

ἀπ-ᾶρτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to get ready, complete:—Pass. to be completed, exactly made up.

ἀπ-ᾶρτί-λογία, ἡ, (ἀπό, ἄρτιος, λόγος) a round, full, even number or sum.

ἀπαρτισμός, ὁ, (ἀπαρτίω) completion.

ἀπ-ᾶρυστέον, verb. Adj. one must draw off. From ἀπ-ᾶρῶω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to draw off, skim off.

ἀπ-ᾶρχῆ, ἡ, mostly used in plur. ἀπαρχαί, the be-ginning of a sacrifice, the first part of offerings, of the hair cut from the forehead. 2. the firstlings

for sacrifice, first-fruits. From

ἀπ-ᾶρχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to make a beginning, esp. in sacrifice; τρίχας ἀπάρχεσθαι to begin the sacri-fice with the hair, i. e. by cutting off the hair from the forehead and throwing it into the fire. II. c.

gen. to cut off part of a thing to offer it: to offer part of. 2. to offer the firstlings or first-fruits of a thing: absol. to begin a sacrifice.

ἀπ-ᾶρχω, f. ξω, to lead the way.

ἀ-πᾶς, ἀπάσ, ἅπαν, (ἄμα, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, quite all, all together: ἐν ἅπασι and εἰς ἅπαντα, en-tirely:—in Att. also like πᾶς in the sense of every one, Lat. unusquisque.

ἀπ-ᾶσπαίρω, to struggle convulsively.

ἀπαστία, ἡ, a fasting, fast. From

ἀπ-ᾶστος, ov, (a privat., πάομαι) not having tasted.

ἀπ-ᾶσχολεῖμαι, Dep. to have no leisure.

ἀπᾶτώω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἡπάτησα, Ep. ἀπ-: pf. ἡπά-τηκα: (ἀπάτη):—to cheat, trick, outwit, beguile: like Lat. fallere tempus, to beguile the time:—Pass. to be deceived, mistaken.

ἀπ-ᾶτρεθε and -θεν, Adv. (ἀπό, ἀτρεθε) far apart, aloof, all alone. II. Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπᾶτέω, Ion. for ἀπατάω.

ἀπᾶτέων, ὄνος, ὁ, a cheat, rogue. From

ἌΠΙΑ'ΤΗ, ἡ, cheating, trickery, fraud, guile, deceit: in a less bad sense, cunning, craft: a stratagem in war. Hence

ἀπᾶτήλιος, ov, deceitful, wily.

ἀπᾶτηλός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπατήλιος.

ἀπάτημα, atos, τό, (ἀπατάω) a deceit.

ἀπατητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπατάω) fallacious.

ἀ-πάτητος, ov, (a privat., πᾶτέω) untrodden.

ἀπ-ᾶτιμίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀπαιμάω.

ἀπ-ᾶτιμῶω, f. ἴσω, strengthd. for ἀτιμάω, to dis-honour greatly.

Ἄπατούρια, ov, τά, the Apaturia, a festival at Athens in the month Pyanepsion, lasting three days, during which the Athenians had their grown up sons enrolled among the citizens. (Prob. derived from πατήρ or φρατρία, with a euphon.)

ἀ-πάτωρ, ov, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., πᾶτήρ) fatherless, orphan: disowned by the father.

ἀπ-ᾶυγάω, f. ἴσω, to beam with light. Hence

ἀπαύγασμα, atos, τό, a reflection.

ἀπ-ᾶυδάω, f. ἴσω, to tell or bid plainly, Lat. edicere, c. inf. II. to forbid, foll. by μή and inf., ἀπανδῶ τινος μὴ ποιεῖν I forbid his doing. III. to decline, renounce. IV. to deny. V. intr. to be wanting

to*wards*; ἀπαυδᾶν φίλω, to fail a friend: also to faint, sink; ἀπαυδῶ κόπῳ to faint with toil.

ἀπ-αυθαδίξομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep. to speak or act boldly, speak out.

ἀπ-αυθημερίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (ἀπό, αὐτήμερος) to do a thing on the same day, to go and return on the same day.

ἀπ-αυράω, only found in impf. with aor. sense, ἀπύραον, ἀπύραός, ἀπύραῶ, to which must be added the aor. I part. act. and med., ἀπούρας, ἀπουράμενος: (αὐράω the simple is not found):—to take away from, wrest from, rob of, τινά τι. II. to receive good or ill, to enjoy or suffer: (but wherever this sense occurs, ἀπύρα, etc., should be altered into ἐπαυρεῖ, etc.)

ἀ-παυστος, ov, (a privat., παύω) not to be stopped or assuaged: never-ending. II. c. gen. never ceasing from.

ἀπ-αὐτίκα, Adv. forthwith, on the spot.

ἀπ-αυτομολέω, f. ἴσω, to go of one's own accord, desert.

ἀπαφίσκω, fut. ἀπαφήσω: aor. 2 ἤπαφον, part. ἀπαφῶν: aor. 2 med. opt. ἀπαφῶιτο in act. sense: —like ἀπατάω, to cheat, beguile.

ἀπ-ἀχθομαι, Dep. to be hateful or grievous: to become disliked, incur odium.

ἀπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἀποβάλλω.

ἀπέβην, ἀπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἀποβαίνω.

ἀπέβλισσα, aor. I of ἀποβλίπτω.

ἀπεδῶνος, ἴν, Dor. for ἡπεδανός.

ἀ-πέδιλος, ov, (a privat., πέδιλον) unsboed, barefoot.

ἀ-πέδος, ov, (a copul., πέδον) even, level, flat.

ἀπεδρῦθησιν, aor. I pass. of ἀποδρῦπτα.

ἀπ-έδω, see ἀπ-έδω.

ἀπέρισιν, Ep. for ἀπῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of ἀπειμι (εἰμι sum).

ἀπ-έειπε, Ep. 3 sing. indic. of ἀπέειπον.

ἀπέεργε, 3 sing. imperf. of ἀποέργω.

ἀπέθωνον, aor. 2 of ἀποθήσκω.

ἀπ-έιδον, inf. ἀπιδεῖν, aor. 2 without pres. in use, serving as aor. to ἀφοράω:—to look away from other things at, and so simply to look at.

ἀπειθεια, ἡ, (ἀπειθής) disobedience.

ἀπειθέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειθής) to refuse compliance, to be disobedient.

ἀπ-έιθη, ἀπ-έιθησαν, Ion. for ἀφ-έιθη, ἀφ-έιθησαν, 3 sing. and plur. aor. I pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀ-πειθής, ἑς, (a privat., πείθωμαι) disobedient: of ships, unmanageable. II. (πέιθω) act. not persuading.

ἀπ-εκάξω, f. ἴσω, to copy, represent, express by a comparison: hence to compare with, liken to. II. ὡς ἀπεικάζαι, to conjecture, ut licet conjicere.

ἀπ-εικονίζω, (ἀπό, εἰκών) to represent or portray in a statue.

ἀπεικότως, ἀπ-εικώς, see ἀπεικώς.

ἀπειλείω, Ep. for ἀπειλέω, to threaten.

ἀπ-ειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, εἰλέω) to press hard: Pass.,

ἀπειληθεῖς ἐς ἀπορίην, ἐς ἀναγκαίην driven into great straits.

ἀπειλέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπειλή) to threaten, Lat. minari: c. inf. to threaten to do. II. to make boastful threats: to boast, brag, Lat. gloriari.

III. to assure, promise, vow:—Pass. to be terrified by threats.

ἀπειλή, ἡ, mostly in plur. ἀπειλαί, threats; also boasts, braggart words: in sing. a threatening.

(Deriv. uncertain.) [ἀ]

ἀπ-ειληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπειλήμα, atos, τό, = ἀπειλή.

ἀπ-ειλημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀπ-ειλέω (ἀπό, εἰλέω).

ἀπ-ειλημμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπειλήτην, Ep. for ἡπειλείτην, 3 dual impf. of ἀπειλέω (ἀπειλή).

ἀπειλήτηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ἀπειλέω) a threatener, boaster. Hence

ἀπειλήτηριος, α, ov, threatening, menacing.

ἀπειλητής, οῦ, ὄ, = ἀπειλητήρ.

ἀπειλητικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἀπειλητήριος.

ἀπειλήφα, perf. act. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπ-εμι, fut. ἀπέσομαι, (ἀπό, εἰμι sum) to be away from: absol. to be away or absent: of things, to be wanting. Hom. mostly uses impf. ἀπῆν, Ep. ἀπέην,

3 pl. ἀπεσαν, and Ep. fut. ἀπέσομαι.

ἀπ-εμι, (ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to go away, depart: the pres. mostly as fut. I will go: imperat. ἀπιθι, part. ἀπιών.

ἀπειπέμεν, = ἀπειπεῖν, v. sq.

ἀπ-εῖπον: inf. ἀπειπεῖν, Ep. ἀποσειπεῖν: also aor. I ἀπειπα, med. ἀπειπάμην: fut. ἀπερά, pf. ἀπέρικα:

the pres. being supplied by ἀπόφημι, ἀπαγορεύω:—to speak, say, or tell out, tell plainly. II. to forbid, forbid, with inf.; ἀπέειπον αὐτὸν μὴ ποιεῖν I forbade him to do: τὸ ἀπειρημένον, a forbidden thing.

III. to renounce, disown, give up; ἀπειπασθαί τὸν υἱὸν to disown his son; ἀπειπεῖν ὄνιν to aver!

a vision by offerings. IV. to deny, refuse. V.

intrans. to give up, be worn out, fail: c. dat. pers. to fail or be wanting to one; ἀπειρηκέναι φίλους to fail one's friends; but, ἀπειρηκέναι χρήμασι to be bankrupt:

—c. part., ἀπ. καθήμενος to be tired of sitting.

ἀ-πέραντος, ov, (a privat., πέρας) endless, boundless.

ἀ-πειράστος, ov, (a privat., πειράω) inexperienced.

ἀ-πειράτος, ov, (a privat., πειράομαι) Dor. for ἀπειρητος, untried.

ἀπ-εργαθον, Ep. 3 sing. ἀπο-έργαθε, inf. ἀπ-εργαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἀπεργάω.

ἀπ-εργω, in Herodotus mostly ἀπ-έργω, Ep. also ἀπο-έργω: f. ξω: aor. I ἀπέργα: poet. aor. 2 ἀπέργαθον, Ep. ἀποέργαθον: Pass., pf. ἀπέργμαι, Ep.

ἀπέργμαι:—to keep away or shut out from: part from: to keep or binder from, to keep back: of a river, ἀπεργμένος, shut out from its old course.

II. to part, divide, and so to bound, of seas and rivers, etc.

III. to shut up, confine.

ἀ-πειρέσιος, α, ov, and os, ov, lengthd. form for ἀπειρος. II. boundless, endless, countless.

ἀπειρήκα, inf. ἀπειρημένος, perf. of ἀπειπον.

ἀπειρήμαι, perf. pass. of ἀπειπον.

ἀπειρήτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πειράομαι) without trial, and so I. act. without making trial of, or absol. making no attempt: also without experience of, inexperienced or unskilled in a thing. II. pass. untried, unattempted.

ἀπειρία, ἡ, (ἀπειρος I, πείρα) opp. to ἐμπειρία, want of skill, inexperience. II. (ἀπειρος II, πέρas) infinity.

ἀπειρίτος, ον, Ep. for ἀπειρέσιος.

ἀπειρό-δακρυς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀπειρος, δάκρυ) weeping to excess.

ἀπειρό-δροσος, ον, (ἀπειρος, δρόσος) unbedewed.

ἀπειρό-κάκος, ον, (ἀπειρος, κακός) inexperienced in ill: τὸ ἀπειρόκακον simplicity. II. unused to evil.

ἀπειροκάλια, ἡ, ignorance of the beautiful, want of taste: in plur. vulgarities. From

ἀπειρό-κάλος, ον, (ἀπειρος, καλός) without taste, coarse, vulgar. Adv. -λως.

ἀπειρο-λεχῆς, ἐς, (ἀπειρος, λέχος) unmarried.

ἀπειρο-μάχης, ον, Dor. -μάχας, α, ὁ, (ἀπειρος, μάχη) untried in battle. [ᾶ]

ἀπειρος, ον, I. (a privat., πείρα, πειράομαι) without trial or experience of a thing, unused to it: ignorant of: hence absol. inexperienced, ignorant. II. (a privat., πείρας, πέρas) like ἀπειρέσιος, boundless, endless, countless. 2. of garments, etc., endless, i. e. without end or outlet.

ἀπειροσύνη, ἡ, = ἀπειρία, inexperience.

ἀπειρο-τοκος, ον, (ἀπειρος, τόκος) without experience of childbirth, not having yet brought forth.

ἀπειρων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πείραρ, Ep. for πέρas) = ἀπειρος II, boundless, endless, countless. II. (a privat., πείρα) = ἀπειρος I, inexperienced.

ἀπ-εἰς, Ion. for ἀφ-εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἀφ-ίημι.

ἀπ-έκ, Prep. with gen. away out of.

ἀπ-εκδέχομαι, f. δέξομαι, Dep. to expect.

ἀπ-εκδύω or -δύω, f. δύσω [ῦ], to strip clothes off from another. II. Med. ἀπεκδύομαι, fut. -δύσομαι [ῦ]: aor. 2 act. ἀπέξεδυν, perf. ἀπεκδέδυκα:—to strip oneself; to put off one's clothes. Hence

ἀπέκδυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting off the clothes.

ἀπέκλιξε, α Dor. aor. I (as if from *ἀπο-κίχω) = ἀπέβαλε, he lost.

ἀπ-εκλανθάνομαι, Med. to forget entirely:—Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. ἀπεκλεθάθεσθε θάμβεος forget entirely your surprise.

ἀπεκλεθάθεσθε, v. foreg.

ἀπ-εκρέμῃσα, aor. I of ἀποκρεμάννυμι.

ἀπ-εκτάνω, aor. 2 of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπ-εκτάτο, pf. pass. plqpf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπέκτιτος, ον, (a privat., πεκτέω) uncombed, unkempt.

ἀπ-ελαύνω: fut. ἀπελάσω, Att. ἀπελῶ: pf. ἀπελήλακα:—Pass., aor. I ἀπηλάθην [ᾶ]: pf. ἀπελήλασμαι and -ᾶμαι:—also ἀπέλα as imperat. of simple pres. ἀπελάω: Dor. aor. 2 ἀπῆλαον:—to drive away,

expel.

II. ἀπελαύνειν στρατόν, to lead away an army: hence as if intr. to march, go away: also (sub. ἔππον), to ride away:—Pass. to be driven away: hence to be excluded from a thing: generally to be far from.

ἀπ-ελαύω, = ἀπελαύνω.

ἀπέλεγμαι, τό, and ἀπελεγμός, ὁ, ill repute. From ἀπ-ελέγχω, f. ἐγγξω, to refute thoroughly.

ἀ-πέλεθρος, ον, (a privat., πέλεθρον) immeasurable: neut. as Adv. immeasurably far.

ἀπέλειψα, aor. I of ἀπολείβω, not of ἀπολείπω.

ἀπελέσθαι, ἀπελόμενος, Ion. for ἀφελ-, aor. 2 med. inf. and part. of ἀφαίρω.

ἀπελευθερία, ἡ, (ἀπελεύθερος) the enfranchisement of a slave.

ἀπελευθερικός, ἡ, ὄν, in the condition of a freedman. From

ἀπ-ελεύθερος, ὁ, an emancipated slave, a freedman, Lat. *libertus*, *libertinus*. Hence

ἀπ-ελευθερώω, f. ὠσω, to set free, emancipate.

ἀπελήλακα, pf. of ἀπελάω.

ἀπελήλυθα, perf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπελθεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-έλω, Ion. for ἀφ-έλω.

ἀπελλάζω, Laconian for ἐκκλησιάζω.

ἀπ-ελπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to drive to despair. 2.

= ἐλπίζειν ἀπό τινος to hope from one.

ἀπέλω, aor. 2 sing. old Att. impf. of ἀπολύω (formed from ἀπολώω).

ἀπ-εμέω, f. ἔσω, to spit up, throw out.

ἀπενηράνω, 3 plur. aor. I med. of ἀπομυμήσκω.

ἀπεμόρξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀπομόργνυμι.

ἀπ-εμπολάω, f. ἦσω, to dispose of by sale or barter. 2. to buy and sell, betray.

ἀπ-έναντι, Adv. (ἀπό, ἔναντι) over against, opposite, c. gen.: also

ἀπ-εναντίον, Adv. = ἀπέναντι.

ἀπ-ενάριζω, f. ἴζω, to despoil one of his arms.

ἀπενάσοατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἀποναιώω.

ἀπενέγκασθαί, aor. I med. inf. of ἀποφέρω.

ἀπένεικα, Ep. for ἀπήνεικα or ἀπήνεγκα, aor. I of ἀπο-φέρω: aor. I pass. inf. ἀπενειχθήναι.

ἀπ-ενέπω, v. ἀπ-ενπέω.

ἀ-πενθής, ἐς, (a privat., πένθος) free from grief.

ἀ-πένθητος, ον, (a privat., πενθῶ) not subject to grief.

ἀπ-ενιαυτέω, f. ἦσω, or ἀπ-ενιαυτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ἐνιαυτός) to go into banishment for a year.

ἀπ-ενέπω, to forbid: ἀπενέπω σε μὴ ποιῆν I forbid thee to do. II. to order away from: ἀπενέπειν τινα θαλάμων.

ἀπ-έξ, v. ἀπέκ.

ἀπέουκός, Att. ἀπέικώς, υἷα, ὄς, perf. part. of ἀπέοικα, unreasonable, unfair. Adv. ἀπέικότης.

ἀ-πέπειρος, ον, (a privat., πέπειρος) not ripe.

ἀπεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπέπλευσα, aor. I of ἀποπλέω.

ἀ-πέπλος, ον, (a privat., πέπλος) without the πέπλος or robe, clad in the tunic only.

ἀπέπλω, shortd. for ἀπέπλωσε, which is Ion. for ἀπέπλευσε, 3 sing. aor. I act. of ἀποπλέω.

ἀπέπνευσα, aor. I of ἀπο πνέω.

ἀπεπτάμην, aor. 2 of ἀποπέτομαι.

ἀ-πεπτος, ov, (a privat., πέσσω, f. πέψω) uncooked, undigested.

ἄπερ, neut. pl. of ὄσπερ, q. v. In Att. oft. used as Adv. = ὥσπερ, as, so as.

ἀ-περάντος, ov, (a privat., περαίνω) boundless, infinite, endless.

ἀ-περγάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: pf. ἀπεργάσμαι used both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.:—to work off, finish off; pf. part. ἀπεργασμένος, completely finished: of a painter, to fill up with colour, to represent perfectly: generally to form, create. 2. to finish a contract. Hence

ἀπεργασία, ἡ, a finishing off, completing: a creating, causing.

ἀ-περγω, Ion. for ἀπείρω.

ἀ-περῶ, f. ξω, to bring to an end, finish.

ἀπερ-εί, Adv. = ὥσπερ, from ἄπερ.

ἀ-περείδω, to fix firmly:—Med., fut. ἀπερείσομαι, aor. ἀπερείσασθαι, but pf. pass. ἀπερήρεισμαι:—to fix oneself fast upon, i. e. to support oneself upon a thing: to dwell or insist upon, also to settle in a particular part: absol. to lean or bend away.

ἀπερείσιος, ov, poet. = ἀπερείσιος: in phrase ἀπερείσια ἄποινα, a countless ransom.

ἀ-περημόω, f. ὦσω, to make utterly desolate.

ἀ-περιλάλητος, ov, (a privat., περιλαλέω) not to be outdone in talking. [ᾶ]

ἀ-περιληπτος, ov, (a privat., περιλαμβάνω) uncircumscribed.

ἀ-περιμέριμος, ov, (a privat., περί, μέριμνα) careless. Adv. -ως, carelessly.

ἀ-περιόπτος, ov, (a privat., περιόψομαι) unregarding, reckless of.

ἀ-περίσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., περισκεπτομαι) inconsiderate, thoughtless, heedless. Adv. -τως.

ἀ-περίσπαστος, ov, (a privat., περισπᾶω) undistracted. Adv. -τως, without distraction.

ἀ-πέρισσος, Att. -τος, ov, (a privat., περισσοός) without superfluity, simple.

ἀ-περιστάτος, ov, (a privat., περίσταμαι) defenceless.

ἀ-περίτητος, ov, (a privat., περιτέμνω) uncircumcised.

ἀ-περίτροπος, ov, (a privat., περιτρέπω) not returning: also not heeding.

ἀπερρήθη, aor. I pass. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπερρίγασθαι, 3 plur. perf. 2 of ἀπορριγέω, [Ὶ]

ἀπ-έρρω, to be gone quite away: imperat. ἄπερρε, away, begone, Lat. abi in malam rem.

ἀπ-ερυθρίαω, fut. ἄσω [ᾶ], to put away blushes, be past blushing.

ἀπ-ερύκω, f. ξω, (ἀπό, ἐρύκω) to keep off, scare away:—Med. to abstain, desist. [Ὶ]

ἀπ-ερύω, f. ὦσω [Ὶ], to tear off from.

ἀπ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ήλυθον, -ήλυθον:

pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go away, depart from; ἀπέρχεσθαι εἰς . . ., to go from one place to another.

ἀπ-ερώ, Ion. ἀπερέω, fut. without pres. in use: pf. ἀπέρηκα: fut. med. ἀπερούμαι: aor. I pass. ἀπερρήθη: (see ἀπέιπον):—to speak plainly out. II.

to forbid; ἀπερῶ σε μη πράττειν I forbid thee to do. III. to renounce, disown. IV. to deny, refuse.

V. intr. to give up, sink, fail: see in ἀπέιπον.

ἀπερωεύς, ές, ὁ, one who thwarts. From ἀπ-ερωέω, f. ἦσω, to withdraw from.

ἀπ-ερωή, ἡ, a drawing back. II. a hindrance.

ἀπερωήσας, 2 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀπερωέω.

ἀπ-έρωτος, ov, (ἀπό, ἔρω) unloving.

ἄπες, Ion. for ἄρες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφήμι.

ἀπ-εσθίω, f. ἀπέδομαι: pf. ἀπέδηκα: aor. I pass. ἀπέδησθην: to eat or gnaw off: to eat up.

ἀπ-εσκέδασα, aor. I of ἀποσκεδάννυμι.

ἀπ-εστέται, for ἀπέσεται, 3 sing. fut. of ἄπειμι.

ἀπ-έσσομα, Lacon. for ἀπεσσή, aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω, be is gone, i. e. is dead.

ἀπ-εσσύμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποσεύω.

ἀπ-έστην, aor. 2 of ἀφίστημι.

ἀπ-εστράφατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀποστρέφω.

ἀπ-εστῶ, οὖς, ἡ, (ἀπειμι abibo) Ion. noun, a being away, absence: see εὐεστῶ.

ἀ-πέτηλος, ov, (a privat., πέτηλον) leafless.

ἀπέτραπον, aor. 2 of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀ-πευθής, ές, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) not inquired into, unknown, Lat. ignotus. II act. not inquiring, ignorant, Lat. ignarus.

ἀπ-ευθύω [Ὶ], f. ἴνω, to make straight again: to set up again: metaph. to restore: to guide, rule; χεῖρας δεσμοῖς ἀπευθύνειν to guide the arms with chains, i. e. bind them.

ἀπευκτός, όν, (ἀπεύχομαι) to be deprecated, abominable.

ἀπ-ευνάξω, f. ἄσω, to lull to sleep.

ἀπεύχεται, ov, = ἀπευκτός. From

ἀπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to wish a thing away, to wish that it may not happen, Lat. deprecari.

ἀπ-εφθίθω, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀποφθίω.

ἀπέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἀποφθίω.

ἀπ-εφθος, ov, for ἀφεφθος, (ἀφ-έψω) boiled down, refined; ἀπ. χρυσός refined gold, Lat. aurum re-coctum.

ἀπ-εχθαίρω, f. ἄρῶ: aor. I ἀπήχθηρα:—to hate utterly. II. to make utterly hateful.

ἀπ-εχθάνομαι, f. -εχθήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπηχθόμην, inf. ἀπεχθέσθαι: pf. ἀπήχθημαι: Pass.:—to be hated: to incur hatred or odium, also to be roused to hatred;

οὔτε τί μοι πᾶς δήμος ἀπεχθόμενος χαλεπαίνει nor does all the people being roused to hate against me distress me. II. Dep. in causal sense, to cause hatred; λόγοι ἀπεχθαρόμενοι words that cause hatred:

c. dat. pers. to be or become hateful to one.

ἀπέχθεια, ἡ, (ἀπεχθής) enmity, hatred; in plur. enmities; δι' ἀπεχθείας τινὲ ἐλθεῖν to be hated by him,

like δι' ὀργῆς ἐλθεῖν, etc.

ἀπέχθημα, atos, τό, (ἀπεχθάνομαι) *that which is hated, the object of hate.*

ἀπ-εχθής, ές, (ἀπό, ἔχθος) *bateful, hostile.*

ἀπ-έχθομαι, like ἀπ-εχθάνομαι: Pass.: (ἀπό, ἔχθος): —to be hated or bateful.

ἀπεχθῶς, Adv. of ἀπεχθής; ἀπ. ἔχειν to be at enmity.

ἀπ-έχω, f. ἀφέξω and ἀποσχίζω: aor. 2 ἀπέσχω: —to hold off, keep off, away from: to part:—Med.,

ἀπέχεσθαι χεῖράς τινος to hold one's hands off him: but ἀπέχεσθαι absol. to hold oneself off a thing, abstain or desist from,

II. intrans. to be away or far from, c. gen. loci; τῆς πόλεως οὐ πολλὴν ὁδὸν ἀπέχει it is not far distant from the city: also like Med. to abstain from a thing.

III. to have in full; ἀπέχεν μισθὸν to have a full reward.

ἀπ-έψω, Ion. for ἀφ-έψω.

ἀπέψωσα, aor. I of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπ-ηγέομαι, ἀπ-ήγημα, ἀπ-ήγησις, Ion. for ἀφ-ηγ-.

ἀπ-ηγέω, f. ήσω, to strain off, filter.

ἀπηλάθην, aor. I pass. of ἀπελαινώ.

ἀπ-ηλεγώς, Adv. formed as if from *ἀπηλεγής, ές, (ἀπό, ἀλέγω) without caring for anything; μῦθον ἀπηλεγέως ἀποαιπεῖν to speak out reckless of consequences, bluntly.

ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ηλιαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἀπό, Ἥλιαία) *one who keeps away from the Ἥλιαία, i. e. an enemy to law, with allusion to ἥλιος, not fond of basking in the sun.*

ἀπ-ήλιξ, Ion. for ἀφ-ήλιξ.

ἀπ-ηλιώτης (sub. άνέμος), οὐ, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἥλιος) *the east wind, Lat. subsolanus.*

ἀπήμαντος, ον, (a privat., πημαίνω) *unbarmed, without misery.*

ἀπήμβροτον, Ep. for ἀφ-ήμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀφάρτων.

ἀπ-ήμεν, I pl. impf. of ἀπειμι (είμι, sum).

ἀπημοσύνη, ή, (ἀπήμων) *freedom from harm, safety.*

ἀπημπολάω, 3 sing. impf. of ἀπεμπολάω.

ἀπήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., πήμα) *unbarmed, unburt: without sorrow or suffering.* II. act. doing no harm, safe, kindly: of the gods, propitious:

ἀπήνεια, ή, (ἀπηνής) *barsbness, roughness.*

ἀπήνη, ή, a four-wheeled wagon: later, any carriage, a car, chariot.

II. like ζεύγος, a yoke, pair, couple. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἀπήνηαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀπαναίνομαι.

ἀπ-ηνής, ές, harsh, rough. See προσ-ηνής.

ἀπήνηον, Dor. for ἀπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἀπέρχομαι.

ἀπ-ήροπος, Dor. and Att. ἀπ-όροπος, Ep. ἀπ-ήωπος, ον, (ἀπό, αἶρω) *a privat., without a suspens.*

ἀ-πήρος, ον, (a privat., πήρα) *without a scrip.* II. (a privat., πηρός) *unmaimed.*

ἀπήρυν, ρα, I and 3 sing. impf. of ἀπαυράω.

ἀπ-ηχής, ές, (ἀπό, ἤχος) *discordant, noisy.*

ἀπήχθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπεχθάνομαι.

ἀπ-ήωρος, Ep. for ἀπόηρος.

ἀπία γή, v. ἄπιος.

ἀπ-ιάλλω, Dor. or Lacon. for ἀποπέμπω.

ἀπ-ιτημ, Ion. for ἀφιημ.

ἀ-πιθέω,, ον, not winning belief, incredible, unlikely. II. not persuasive. [ῤ]

ἀπιθέω, Ep. aor. I ἀπίθησα, ποῖτ. for ἀπειθέω. From

ἀ-πιθής, ές, ποῖτ. for ἀ-πειθής.

ἀπιθунτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a restorer. From

ἀπ-ιθύνω, = ἀπ-ευθύνω.

ἀπ-ικέομαι, ἀπ-ικόμην, Ion. for ἀφικ-

ἀ-πίνυσσω, (a privat., πινυτός) *to be without one's wits, to lack understanding.*

ἀπιξίς, Ion. for ἀφιξίς.

ἀπιον, τό, (ἀπιος) a pear, Lat. pirum.

*ΑΠΙΟΣ, ή, a pear-tree, Lat. pirus.

ἀπιος, η, ον, (ἀπό) *far away, far off, far, έξ ἀπής γαίης Hom.* II. *Απιος, α, ον, *Apian, i. e. Peloponnesian, said to be so called from Apis, a king of Argos, hence Ἀπία γή, or Ἀπία alone, the Peloponnese: also Ἀπίς, ἴδος, ή.* [The former sense has ἄ, the latter ἄ.]

ἀπ-ιπόω, f. ὦσω, to squeeze out.

ἀπ-ιτώω, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even.

ἀπιστώω, f. ήσω: pf. ἠπίστηκα: (ἀπιστος): —to disbelieve, distrust: absol. to be unbelieving or distrustful:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀπιστήσομαι, to be distrusted.

II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

ἀπ-ιστημι, Ion. for ἀφ-ιστημι.

ἀπιστία, Ion. -ίη, ή, (ἀπιστέω) *disbelief, distrust; πολλὰς ἀπιστίας έχει the thing admits of many doubts.* II. *want of faith, unbelief: faithlessness.*

ἀ-πιστος, ον, (a privat., πιστός): I. pass. not to be trusted, and so, I. of persons, *faithless. 2.* of things, *not credible, beyond belief.* II. act. *not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.*

II. = ἀπειθέω, to disobey.

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II. act. *not believing or trusting, mistrustful. 2. not obeying.*

ἀπιστοσύνη, = ἀπιστία.

ἀπίστως, Adv. of ἀπιστος: I. act. *suspiciously.* II. pass. *beyond belief, incredibly.*

ἀπ-ισχυρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.: —to oppose or resist stoutly.

ἀπ-ίσχω, ποῖτ. for ἀπέχω, to keep far away.

ἀπ-ιτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπειμι, *one must go away.*

ἀπλακῶ, ἀπλακία, etc., see ἀμπλακῶ, etc.

ἀ-πλάτης, ές, (a privat., πλανάομαι) *not wandering: fixed.*

ἀ-πλαστος, ον, (a privat., πλάσσω) *not moulded: hence genuine, sincere.* II. (a privat., πελάω) *shortened for ἀπελάστος, unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀ-πλάτος, Ion. ἀ-πλητος, ον, (a privat., πελάω, ποῖτ. for πελάω) *shortened for ἀπέλατος, unapproachable, terrible.*

ἀ-πλεκτος, ον, (a privat., πλέκω) *unplaited.*

ἀ-πλετος, ον, collat. form of ἀπλάτος or of ἀπληστος, only used in the sense of *immense, extraordinary.*

ἀ-πλευστος, ον, (a privat., πλεύσσομαι fut. of πλέω) *not navigable, not navigated.*

ἀ-πληκτος, ον, (a privat., πλήσσω) *unstricken: of a horse, needing no whip or spur.*

ἀπληστία, ἡ, *insatiate desire*. From ἀ-πληστος, *ov*, (a privat., *πῖμπλημι*) *not to be filled, insatiate*: c. gen., ἀπλ. αἵματος *insatiate of blood*.

ἀπλοια, Ion. ἀπλοΐη, ἡ, (ἀπλους) *difficulty of sailing, from stress of weather*.

ἀπλοΐζομαι, Dep. (ἀπλόος) *to deal openly or frankly*.

ἀπλόος, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἀπλόος) *a single garment*.

ἀπλόος, ὅη, ὄον, contr. ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, ὄον, Lat. *simplex, onefold*, (opp. to διπλόος, Lat. *duplex, twofold*), *single*.

II. *single-minded, simple*, and that either (in good sense) *frank, open, sincere*; or (in bad sense) *stilly*.

III. *simplex*, opp. to *compound*: hence, *absolute, sheer*. (Derived from ἅμα, *all in one way*, as is Lat. *simplex* from *simul*.)

ἀ-πλοος, *ov*, contr. ἀ-πλους, *ov*, (a privat., πλέω) *not sailing*:

I. of ships, *unfit for sea, not seaworthy*.

2. of men, *never having been at sea*.

II. pass., of the sea, *closed to navigation*.

ἀπλός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἀπλόος, ἀπλοῦς.

ἀπλότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀπλόος) like Lat. *simplicitas*, *simplicity, plainness, frankness*.

ἀπλοῦς, ἡ, ὄν, contr. for ἀπλόος.

ἀ-πλους, *ov*, contr. for ἀ-πλοος.

ἀ-πλουτος, *ov*, (a privat., πλουτος) *without riches*.

ἀπλῶς, Adv. of ἀπλοῦς, Lat. *simpliciter, simply, plainly: absolutely*.

II. *in a word*, Lat. *denique*.

ἀ-πνευστος, *ov*, (a privat., πνεύσομαι fut. of πνέω) *without breath, breathless: hence lifeless*.

ἀ-πνοος, *ov*, contr. ἀ-πνους, *ov*, (a privat., πνέω) *without wind, calm*.

II. *without breath, lifeless*.

ἌΠΟ', PREP. WITH GEN. ONLY, = Lat. *AB, ABS*, whether place, time, or any object be denoted:

I. of Place, implying motion *from, away from*: also *down from*.

2. without motion implied, *far from, at a distance from*.

II. later of Time, *from, after, since*: ἀπό δείπνου γενέσθαι *to have done supper*.

III. of Origin of all kinds, as,

1. of *descent, birth*: οὐκ ἀπό δρυὸς οὐδ' ἀπό πέτρης *not sprung from oak or rock*; ἀπό Σπάρτης *of Sparta by birth*.

2. of the means or instrument: ἀπό βιοῦ πέφην *with arrow from his bow*.

3. of the cause or occasion: ἀπό δικαιοσύνης *by reason of*.

4. of the material of which a thing is made: ἀπό ξύλου *πεποιημένα* *made of wood*.

As ADVERB, without case, *far away*: but almost always with verbs in *tnesi*.

In Compos., I. *from, asunder*, as in ἀποτέμω: and hence *away from*, as in ἀποβαίω.

2. *ceasing from*, as in ἀπαργέω: and hence, *finishing, completing*, as in ἀπεργάζομαι.

3. *back again*, as in ἀποδοῦμαι.

4. *by way of abuse*, as in ἀποκαλέω.

5. *almost = a priv.*, as in ἀπανδαῖα, ἀπαγορεύω: also with Adjectives, as in ἀπόσιτος.

ἀπο, anastrophe, for ἀπό, when it follows its noun.

ἀπο-αἰνῦμαι, poet. for ἀπ-αἰνῦμαι, *to take away*.

ἀπο-αιρέομαι, poet. for ἀφ-αιρέομαι.

ἀπόβα, Att. for ἀπόβησι, aor. 2 imperat. for ἀποβαίω.

ἀποβάθρα, ἡ, *steps or a ladder for descending from a ship, the gangway*. From

ἀπο-βαίω, f. βήσομαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. I ἀπεβή-σσοτο: aor. 2 ἀπέβην: pf. ἀποβέβηκα:—*to step off, dismount, alight or disembark from*.

2. *to go away, depart*.

II. of events, *to issue or result from*: absol. *to turn out, end or issue in a certain way*, Lat. *evenire*; τὰ ἀποβαλλον *the issue, event*; τὰ ἀποβαίνοντα, τὰ ἀποβάντα *the results: τὰ ἀποβησόμενα the probable results*: also ἀποβαίνειν alone, *to turn out well, succeed*.

2. also of persons and things, with an Adj., *to turn out, prove or be so and so*, Lat. *evadere*; ἀποβαίνειν κοινοί *to prove impartial*.

3. of conditions, etc.; ἀποβαίνειν εἰς τι *to come at last to, end in*.

B. Causal, only in aor. I ἀπέβησα, *to make to dismount, disembark, land*.

ἀπο-βάλλω, f. -βαλῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέβαλον: pf. ἀποβέβληκα:—*to throw off from*: c. acc. only, *to throw away*.

2. *to throw away, reject*: also *to throw away, sell too cheap*.

3. *to lose*.

ἀπο-βάπτω, f. ψω, *to dip entirely*.

ἀποβάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of ἀπο-βαίω.

ἀποβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποβαίω) *a stepping off, dismounting: a disembarking, landing*: also a *landing-place*.

ἀποβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποβαίω.

ἀπο-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to force away*: aor. I pass. ἀποβιασθήναι *in pass. sense, to be forced away*.

ἀπο-βιβάσω, f. βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἀποβαίω, *to make to get off, esp. from a ship, to disembark, set on land*.

ἀπο-βιβρώσκω, aor. I pass. ἀπεβρώθην:—*to eat off*.

ἀπο-βλάπτω, f. ψω, *to ruin utterly*:—aor. I pass. ἀποβλαπθήναι, *to be robbed of*.

ἀπο-βλαστάνω, f. -βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἀπέβλαστον:—*to shoot forth from, spring from*.

ἀπόβλεπτος, *ov*, looked at, gazed on by all, hence *admired*. From

ἀπο-βλέπω, f. ψω, *to look away from all other objects at one, to look steadfastly at, gaze at or upon*.

ἀπόβλητος, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *to be thrown away as worthless*.

ἀπο-βουίσσω, Att. -τω, f. ἰσω: aor. I ἀπέβλισα:—*to cut out the comb from the hive, take the honey: metaph. to steal*.

ἀπο-βυλύω, f. σω, *to spirt out*; ἀποβυλύνειν οἶνον *to spirt or slobber out some wine*.

ἀποβολή, ης, ἡ, (ἀποβάλλω) *a throwing away, losing, loss*.

ἀποβολήμια, *ov*, (ἀποβάλλω) *apt to throw away*.

II. pass. *apt to be thrown aside*.

ἀπο-βόσκομαι, Dep. *to eat up*.

ἀπο-βουκολέω, f. ἦσω, *to let cattle stray*: hence *to make to lose*.

2. *to soothe, beguile*.

ἀπο-βριζέω, f. ξω, *to sleep without waking, go sound asleep*.

ἀπο-βρύχω, *to bite off from*.

ἀπο-βῶμιος, ον, (ἀπό, βωμός) *far from an altar, godless.*

ἀπό-γαιος or ἀπό-γειος, ον, (ἀπό, γῆ) *from land, coming off land.*

ἀπο-γεῖος, to make jut out like a coping or cornice.

ἀπο-γεύω, f. σω, to make another taste of a thing:—

Med. to taste of it oneself.

ἀπο-γεφύρω, f. ὦσω, to furnish with a bridge or with dykes.

ἀπο-γηράσκω, f. ἄσομαι, to grow old.

ἀπο-γίγνομαι, late Att. -γίνομαι: fut. -γενήσομαι:

αορ. 2 ἀπεγενόμην: pf. ἀπογενένημαι:—to be away from, have no part in. II. absol. to be taken away, and so to depart life, die: οἱ ἀπογενόμενοι the dead.

ἀπο-γινώσκω, late Att. -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι:

αορ. 2 ἀπέγνων: pf. ἀπέγνωκα:—to depart from a judgment, give up an intention of doing, c. gen.: to resolve not. 2. to despair. II. c. acc. to give up as useless. III. as law-term, to refuse to receive an accusation: hence to acquit.

ἀπόγνοια, ἡ, (ἀπογινώσκω) despair.

ἀπόγονος, ον, (ἀπογίγνομαι) descended or sprung from: in plur. descendants.

ἀπογραφή, ἡ, (ἀπογράφω) a copy of an indictment (γραφῆ): a deposition. II. a list, register, esp. of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person.

ἀπογράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy, esp. to enter in a list, register:—Med. to have a thing registered by others, or to register for one's own use. II. Att. law-term, 1. ἀπογράφειν τινά to give in a copy of the charge against a person: esp. to give in a list of property alleged to belong to the state, but held by a private person. 2. ἀπογράφειν τὰ ὑπάρχοντα to give in such a list of property.

ἀπο-γυῖω, to deprive one of the use of his limbs, to enfeeble, unnerve.

ἀπο-γυμνάζω, f. ὦσω, to bring into hard exercise, to ply hard.

ἀπο-γυμνῶ, f. ὦσω, to strip quite bare: esp. to strip of arms, disarm:—Pass. to be stript bare:—Med. to strip oneself.

ἀπο-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite off a piece of, c. gen.: absol. to bite.

ἀπο-δακρῶ, f. ἴσω [ῦ], to weep much; c. acc. to weep much for, lament.

ἀποδάσμιος, ον, parted off or from. From ἀποδασμός, ὁ, a division, part of a whole. From ἀπο-δατέομαι: f. -δάσομαι [ᾶ], Ep. -δάσομαι: αορ. 1 ἀπεδασάμην, Ep. inf. ἀποδάσασθαι:—to portion out, apportion. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπο-δεῖ, Ion. ἀπο-δέει, impers. of ἀποδέω.

ἀπο-δειδίσσομαι, Dep. to frighten away.

ἀπο-δείκνυμι and -ῖω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—Pass., αορ. 1 ἀπεδείχθην: pf. ἀποδείξιμαι, Ion. -δέξιμαι: I. to point out, shew forth, make known: hence, I. bring forward, shew, produce, publish as a

law. 2. to appoint or assign; χάρις ἀποδεξιμέ- vos an appointed place. 3. to shew by argument, prove. II. to shew forth a person or thing as so and so, hence, 1. to appoint, name, create. 2. to make, render. 3. to represent as. 4. to prove that a thing is. 5. c. inf. to ordain a thing to be:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own; ἀπο-δείξασθαι γυνάμην to deliver one's opinion; ἀποδείξα- σθαι ἀρετάς to display high qualities.

ἀπο-δειλιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to be a coward, shrink from danger.

ἀποδείξεις, Ion. -δέξεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδείκνυμι) a shewing forth: hence 1. a setting forth, delivery, publication. 2. a shewing, proof, demonstration.

II. (from Med.) a display, achievement, performance.

ἀπο-δειπνιδιος, ον, (ἀπό, δείπνον) without supper.

ἀπο-δειροτομέω, f. ἴσω, to cut off by the neck, behead.

ἀπο-δείρω, Ion. for ἀπο-δέρω.

ἀπο-δεκᾶτώ, f. ὦσω, to pay tithes of. II. to take tithes from, tithe.

ἀπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-δέχομαι.

ἀποδεκτός, verb. Adj. of ἀποδέχομαι, one must receive or accept.

ἀποδεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a taker from, receiver.

ἀποδεκτός, ὄν, (ἀποδέχομαι) acceptable.

ἀποδέξασθαι, αορ. I inf. of ἀποδέχομαι. 2. Ion. for ἀποδείξασθαι, αορ. I inf. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπόδεξις, εως, ἡ, Ion. for ἀποδείξις.

ἀπόδεραμα, αρος, τό, (ἀπόδερα) a hide stripped off.

ἀπο-δέρω, Ion. -δείρω: f. -δερώ: αορ. I ἀπέδειρα:—to flay or skin completely; ἀποδέρειν τὴν κεφαλὴν to scalp. II. to fetch the skin off one's back by flogging.

ἀποδεχθεῖς, Ion. αορ. I part. pass. of ἀποδείκνυμι.

ἀπο-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: αορ. ἀπε- δεξάμην: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to accept in full, accept gladly, be content with. 2. to accept as a proof: to admit, allow, approve. 3. to accept as a teacher, follow: ἀπ. τινός to receive from another, agree with him. 4. to take or understand in a certain sense. II. to receive back, recover.

ἀπο-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast.

ἀπο-δέω, Ion. fut. -δήσω:—to be wanting, to lack:—impers. ἀπο-δεῖ, there lacks.

ἀποδημείω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπόδημος) to be away from home, to go abroad, ἀποδημεῖν εἰς Θετταλίαν to go and live in Thessaly. Hence

ἀποδημητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who is abroad.

ἀποδημία, ἡ, a being from home, a going or being abroad. From

ἀπό-δημος, ον, away from home, abroad.

ἀπο-δισαίτω, f. ἴσω, to decide for a person in an arbitration.

ἀπο-διδάσκω, f. διδάξω, to teach not to do, Lat. de- docere.

ἀπο-διδράσκω, Ion. -διδρήσκω: f. -δράσσομαι, Ion. -δρήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρην, part. ἀποδράς:—to run away or off, flee from, esp. by stealth. 2. in prose also c. acc., to flee, sbun.

ἀπο-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἀπέδωκα:—to give back, restore: esp. to give back what is due. 2. to render, yield, of land. 3. to grant, allow. 4. to render or make so and so. 5. to deliver over, give up, e. g. as a slave: also to deliver a letter, Lat. red-dere.

II. intr., εἰ τὸ δὲ μοιον ἀποδίδοι ἐς αἰξίην [sc. Ἰλίουπυτος], where it seems to be = ἐπίδωμι:—Med. to give away of one's own, sell; also to let out for hire.

ἀπο-δικάζω, f. ἴσω, to acquit, opp. to καταδικάζω. ἀποδικέω, inf. of ἀπέδικον, part. aor. 2 without pres. in use, to throw off: to throw down.

ἀπο-δίκηω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, δίκη) to defend oneself on trial.

ἀπο-δίνω, f. ἴσω, to turn or whirl violently about. ἀπο-δίωμι, Dep. (ἀπό, δία) poet. for ἀποδιώκω.

ἀπο-διρίζω, f. ἴσω, to mark off, distinguish. ἀπο-διώκω, fut. διώξομαι, to chase away.

ἀπο-δοκέω, impers., (ἀπό, δοκέω) mostly with μή and inf., ἀπέδοξε σφί μη πράττειν it seemed good to them not to do: absol., ὡς σφί ἀπέδοξε when they resolved . . .

ἀπο-δοκιμάζω, f. ἴσω, to reject on proof or trial, generally, to reject. Hence

ἀποδοκιμαστῆν, verb. Adj. one must reject. ἀποδόσμος, on, (ἀποδίδωμι) meet to be restored.

ἀπ-odos, Ion. for ἀφ-odos. ἀπόδοσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδίδωμι) a giving back, restitution, return: repayment, payment.

ἀπόδοτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποδίδωμι, one must give back, refer.

ἀποδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδίδωμι. ἀποδοχῆ, ἡ, (ἀποδέχομαι) a receiving back, opp. to ἀπόδοσις: reception. II. praise, approbation.

ἀπο-δοκμόω, f. ὦσα, to bend backwards or sideways. ἀποδρᾶθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδράσσω.

ἀποδράς, aor. 2 part. of ἀποδιδράσκω. ἀποδράσις, Ion. ἀπόδρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποδιδράσκω) a running away, escape.

ἀπο-δρέπτομαι, Dep. = ἀποδρέπω. ἀπο-δρέπω, f. ψω, to pluck off:—Med. to gather for oneself.

ἀποδρῆναι, Ion. for -δρᾶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποδιδράσκω. ἀπο-δρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἀπέδρηναι: aor. 2 ἀπέδρηνον: aor. I pass. ἀπεδρῆψθην:—to scrape off, to graze by a slight wound.

ἀποδρύφω, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀποδρύντω. ἀπο-δύνω, to pull or strip off; v. ἀπώδω. [ῶ]

ἀπ-οδύρομαι [ῶ], f. -οδύρομαι, to lament bitterly. ἀποδύς, aor. 2 part. of ἀπώδω.

ἀποδυτήριον, τό, an undressing room. From ἀπο-δύω, I. trans. in fut. ἀποδύσω, aor. I ἀπέδυσσα, to strip off the arms from the slain: c. acc. pers.

to strip another of his arms, etc. II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέδω (formed as if from ἀπό-δωμι), and pf. ἀποδέδωκα:—to strip oneself, undress: ἀποδέσθαι πρὸς τι to strip for a thing, to strip and get ready for. 2. metaph. to put away.

ἀπο-είκω, f. ξω, to withdraw from. ἀπό-εἶπον, ες, ε, Ep. for ἀπέειπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use.

ἀπο-ἐργαθε, 3 sing. poet. aor. 2 of ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω, to keep far away, keep off from.

ἀποέργω, poet. for ἀπέργω, ἀπέργω: partic. ἀποεργμένη for ἀπεργομένη.

ἀπό-ερσε, an old Ep. aor. I only found in 3 pers., to hurry or sweep away, of running water; subj. ἀποέρσθω, opt. ἀποέρσειε. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀπο-ζάω, f. ζήσω, to live off; ὅσον ἀπόζῃν enough to live off.

ἀπο-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω:—to unyoke, part:—Pass. to be parted from, τινός: absol., δεῦρ' ἀπέζυγην πόδας on foot did I start and come hither.

ἀπο-ζέω, f. ζέσω, to boil off, throw off by fermenting. ἀπ-έξω, fut. -οξήσω, to smell of something. II. impers., ἀπόξει τῆς Ἀραβίης there comes a scent from Arabia.

ἀπο-θάλλω, f. -θαλώ, to leave off blooming. ἀποθαίνει, aor. 2. inf. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποθανούμαι, fut. of ἀποθνήσκω. ἀπο-θαρρῶ and ἀπο-θαρσέω, f. ἴσω, to take courage, have full confidence.

ἀπο-θαυμάζω, Ion. ἀπο-θωμάζω, f. ἴσω, to wonder at a thing: absol. to wonder much.

ἀπο-θείωμαι, Ep. for ἀποθέωμαι, ἀποθῶμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of ἀποτίθημι.

ἀπο-θειώω, f. ὦσα, poet. for ἀποθεώω. ἀποθεν, Adv. (ἀπό) from afar. II. afar off.

ἀπό-θεος, on, far from the gods: hence godless. ἀπο-θεόω, f. ὦσα, to deify.

ἀπο-θερίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cut off like ears of corn.

ἀποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀποτίθημι. ἀπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) a putting off or away:—a putting away, laying up in store:—exposure.

ἀπόθεστος, on, (ἀποτίθημι) despised, abhorred. ἀποθεταί, ὄν, αἰ, a place in Lacedæmon, into which all misshapen children were thrown on birth. From ἀπόθετος, on, (ἀποτίθημι) laid by; hence bidden, mysterious, reserved.

ἀπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run off or away. ἀποθήκη, ἡ, (ἀποτίθημι) any place wherein to lay up a thing, a granary: a magazine, storehouse. II. anything laid by or stored up; ἀποθήκην ποιέσθαι εἰς τινα to lay up a store of favour with another.

ἀπο-θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, to treasure or board up. ἀπο-θλιβίω, f. ψω, to press hard, crowd upon. [ῶ]

ἀπο-θνήσκω, f. -θνήσσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθανον:—to die off, to die, serving as Pass. to ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποθορέω, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποθράσκω. ἀπο-θρασύνομαι [ῶ], f. ὕνομαι, to be very bold.

ἀπο-θραύω, f. σω, to break off or from:—Pass., ἀποθραύεσθαι τῆς εὐκλείας to be broken off from, i. e. lose all, one's fair fame.

ἀπο-θριάξω, f. σω, (ἀπό, θρίον) properly, to cut off fig-leaves: generally, to cut off, curtail.

ἀπο-θρύπτω, f. ψω, to crush in pieces: Pass. to be broken in spirit, enervated.

ἀπο-θρόσκω, f. -θροῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέθρονον:—to spring or leap off from. II. to leap up from, rise from: absol. to rise sheer up, of steep rocks.

ἀπο-θύμω, ov, (ἀπό, θυμός) not according to one's mind, unpleasant, hateful.

ἀπο-θύω, f. ύω, to offer up.

ἀ-ποίητος, ov, (a privat., ποιέω) not done, undone: not to be done.

ἀποικέω, f. ήσω, (ἀποικος) to go away from home, to settle in a foreign country, emigrate. II. to dwell afar off, generally, to live far away: ή Κόρινθος έξ έμου μακράν ἀπικέτω Corinth was inhabited far away from me, i. e. I settled far from Corinth. III. c. acc., = ἀποικίζω, to colonise. Hence

ἀποικία, ή, a settling away from home, a colony, settlement.

ἀπο-οικίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: Pass., aor. 1 ἀπωκίσθην: pf. -φίκομαι:—to send away from home, transplant: generally, to send or carry away:—Pass. to be settled in a far land: to emigrate. II. to colonise a place.

ἀποικίς, ιδος, ή, fem. of ἀποικος:—ή ἀποικίς (sc. πόλις) a colony.

ἀπο-οικοδομέω, f. ήσω, to cut off by building, to wall off, wall up.

ἀπο-οικος, ov, (ἀπό, οικος) away from home, abroad: hence as Subst., I. of persons, a settler, colonist. 2. of cities, ἀποικος (sub. πόλις), ή, a colony.

ἀπο-οικτιζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to complain loudly.

ἀ-ποιμαντος, ov, (a privat., ποιμαίνω) unfed, untended.

ἀπο-οιμῶζω, fut. -οιμῶξομαι, to bewail loudly.

ἀποινα, ov, τά, only used in plur., (a copul., ποινή) a ransom or price paid, either for life or liberty. II. generally, compensation, repayment: reward. Hence

ἀποιναίω, f. ήσω, to demand a ransom or price:—Med. to hold to ransom.

ἀποινό-δικος, ov, (ἀποινα, δίκη) exacting the penalty: atoning.

ἀπο-οϊστεύω, f. εύσω, to kill with arrows.

ἀποίοσθαι, fut. of ἀποφέρω: cf. φέρω.

ἀπο-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχήσομαι: pf. -ώχημαι: Dep.:—to be gone away, to be far from: absol. to be gone, to have departed: hence to be dead and gone. II. more rarely, to go away, withdraw from.

ἀπο-καθαίρω, fut. -άρῶ, to clear off, cleanse:—Pass. to be removed by cleansing. Hence

ἀποκάθαρσις, εως, ή, a lustration, expiation: a purging off.

ἀπο-κάθημαι, Ion. -κάττημαι, Pass. to sit apart.

ἀπο-καθίζω, fut. ίσω, to set down:—Med. to sit down.

ἀπο-καθιστάω and ἀπο-καθιστάω, fut. -καταστήσω: I. Causal in pres. and impf., fut. and aor. I, to reestablish, restore. II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 and pf. act., to be restored.

ἀπο-καίνυμαι, Pass. to surpass, excel.

ἀπο-καίρω, ov, = ἄκαιρος.

ἀπο-καίω, fut. -καύσω, to burn off: also of intense cold, to freeze off.

ἀπο-κἄλέω, f. έσω: (for the tenses, v. κἄλέω):—to call back, recal from exile. 2. to call away. II. to call by a name, esp. by way of abuse. III. to warn off.

ἀποκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to disclose, uncover:—Med. to reveal oneself. Hence

ἀποκάλυψις, εως, ή, revelation.

ἀπο-κάμνω, f. κάμνομαι: (for the tenses, v. κάμνω):—to grow quite weary, to flag utterly: c. inf. to cease to do. II. c. acc., ἀποκάμνειν πόνον to flinch from toil.

ἀπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, intr. to bend off, turn aside. 2. trans. to turn aside from, sbun. Hence

ἀπόκαμψις, εως, ή, a turning off the road.

ἀπο-κάπτω, Ep. aor. I -εκάπυσσα: (ἀπό, κάπτω):—to breathe out; ἀποκαπύειν ψυχήν to give up the ghost.

ἀπο-καρᾶδοκέω, to expect earnestly. Hence

ἀποκαρᾶδοκία, ή, earnest expectation.

ἀπο-κατερέω, f. ήσω, to kill oneself by fasting.

ἀπο-καταλάσσω, Att. -ττω, to reconcile again.

ἀποκατάστασις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαθιστάω) a complete restoration, reestablishment.

ἀπο-κάττημαι, Ion. for ἀπο-κάθημαι.

ἀποκαυλίξω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ (ἀπό, καυλός) to break short off.

ἀπόκαυσις, εως, ή, (ἀποκαίω) a burning off.

ἀπό-κειμαι, fut. -κείσομαι: used as Pass. of ἀποτίθημι, to be put away, be laid up in store: hence to be kept in secret, be in reserve:—impers., ἀποκειται τινι it is in store for one.

ἀπο-κέρω: fut. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω: pf. -κέκαρκα, pass. -κέκαρμαι:—to shear or cut off: generally, to cut in pieces, cut through:—metaph. to cut off.

ἀπο-κερδαίνω, fut. -κερδήσω and -κερδᾶνῶ:—to have benefit or enjoyment from or of a thing.

ἀπο-κερματίζω, to change into small coin, dissipate.

ἀπο-κεφαλίζω, fut. ίσω Att. ιῶ, (ἀπό, κεφαλή) to behead.

ἀπο-κηδεύω, f. σω, to cease to mourn for.

ἀπο-κηδέω, fut. ήσω, = ἀκηδέω, to put away care, be careless.

ἀπο-κηρύσσω, Att. -ττω, fut. έσω:—to proclaim publicly, esp. to offer for public sale. II. to renounce publicly, disinherit a son: also to declare outlawed. III. to forbid by proclamation.

ἀποκινδυνεύσις, εως, ή, the making a venturesome attempt. [v] From

ἀποκινδυνεύω, f. σω, to make a bold stroke, make a

venture:—Pass., with paullo p. fut. ἀποκεκιδυνεύσομαι, to be put to the uttermost bazard.

ἀπό-κίνος, ὄ, (ἀπό, κινέω) a comic dance: ἀπόκινον εἶρε find some way of dancing off, escaping.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. -κλάζω, to ring or shout forth.

ἀπο-κλάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἀπό, δικάζω) to bend one's knees, and so to rest, like κάμπειν γόνυ.

ἀπο-κλαίω, Att. ἀποκλάω [ᾶω]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep aloud: c. acc. to bewail much, mourn deeply for. II. to ease to wail.

ἀποκλᾶξω, ἀποκλᾶξον, Dor. fut. and aor. I imperat. of ἀποκλείω.

ἀπό-κλᾶρος, Dor. for ἀπό-κλήρος.

ἀπο-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἀπο-κλάω, Att. for ἀπο-κλαίω. [ᾶ]

ἀπόκλεισις or ἀπόκλησις, εως, ἦ, (ἀποκλείω) a shutting off or out.

ἀπόκλειστος, ov, sbut off, enclosed. From

ἀπο-κλείω, f. κλείω: Ion. -κλήϊω, f. -κλήϊσω: Att. -κλήϊω, f. -κλήϊσω: Dor. fut. -κλάξω:—to sbut off from or out of. 2. to cut off or hinder from a thing:—

Pass. to be cut off or hindered from. II. c. acc. only, to sbut up, close: to cut off, prevent, hinder.

ἀπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal away.

ἀπο-κλήϊω, f. -κλήϊξω, Ion. for ἀποκλείω, f. -κλείω.

ἀπό-κλήρος, Dor. ἀπό-κλᾶρος, ov, away from (i. e. without) lot or share of a thing.

ἀπο-κλήρῳ, f. ὄσω, to choose by lot from among a number, to elect by lot.

ἀποκλινθεῖς, later ἀποκλιθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποκλίνω.

ἀπο-κλίνω [ῖ]: fut. -κλίνω: aor. I ἀπέκλινα: pf. -έκκλινα, pass. -έκκλιμαι:—to turn off or aside: to turn back.

II. intr. to turn aside: metaph. to turn off to something worse, fall away, decline. Hence

ἀπόκλισις, εως, ἦ, a turning away: of the sun, sinking.

ἀπο-κλύζω, fut. ὄσω [ῖ], to wash away, avert by purifications.

ἀπο-κναίω, Att. -κνάω: f. -κνήσω: (for the tenses, v. κνάω)—to scrape or rub off; ἀποκνήν τινα to wear one out, weary to death:—Med. to wear away, diminish.

ἀπο-κνήω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from, hesitate about a thing, c. acc.: absol. to shrink back, hesitate. Hence

ἀπόκνησις, εως, ἦ, a shrinking from.

ἀπο-κνήσω, f. ἴσω, to nip off: Hence

ἀπόκνησμα, τό, that which is nipt off, a little bit.

ἀπο-κοιμῶμαι, Pass. with f. med. -κοιμήσομαι, to sleep away from home. 2. to get a little sleep.

ἀποκοιτέω, f. ἦσω, to sleep away from one's post. From

ἀπό-κοιτος, ov, (ἀπό, κοίτος) sleeping away from.

ἀπο-κολυμβάω, f. ἦσω, to dive and swim away.

ἀπο-κομιδῆ, ἦ, a carrying away. II. (from Med.) a getting away or back. From

ἀπο-κομιζέω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to carry or conduct away:—Med. to carry off with one:—Pass. to take oneself off, get away.

ἀπόκομμα, atos, τό, (ἀποκόπτω) a piece cut or knocked off, a splinter, chip, sbred.

ἀπο-κομπάω, f. ἄσω, to break with a snap.

ἀποκοπή, ἦ, (ἀποκόπτω) a cutting or knocking off: ἀποκοπὴ χρεῶν = Lat. tabulae novae, a cancelling of all debts.

ἀπο-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut off, bew off, knock off. II. to beat off from a place. III. Med. to smite the breast in mourning, hence, to mourn for.

ἀπο-κορῦφόω, f. ὄσω, to sum up briefly.

ἀπο-κοσμῶ, f. ἦσω, to clear away, so as to restore order.

ἀπο-κοτταβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to dash out the last drops of wine, as in playing at the cottabus.

ἀπο-κουφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to relieve or set free from.

ἀπο-κράδιος, ov, (ἀπό, κράδη) plucked from the fig-tree.

ἀπο-κρᾶνίζω, f. ἴσω, to strike from the head.

ἀπο-κράτεις, f. ἦσω, to overcome, surpass.

ἀπο-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάννυμι [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμᾶ: (for the tenses, v. κρεμάννυμι):—to let a thing hang down, let bang. II. to hang up.

ἀπο-κρημνος, ov, precipitous, craggy.

ἀπόκριμα, atos, τό, (ἀποκρίνω) a judicial sentence, sentence of death.

ἀπο-κρινθεῖς, ἀποκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of sq.

ἀπο-κρίνω [ῖ], fut. -κρίνω: Pass., aor. I ἀπεκρίθην [ῖ]: pf. -κέκριμαι:—to part, separate, distinguish:—

Pass. to be parted or separated one from another; ἀποκρίσθαι εἰς ἓν ὄνομα to be separated and brought under one name. II. to choose out, choose. III.

Med. to give answer or reply to a question: esp. to answer charges; ἀποκρίσθαι τι to give an answer: so also in aor. I pass. ἀπεκρίθην. Hence

ἀπόκρισις, εως, ἦ, a separating. II. (from Med.), an answer.

ἀποκρίτεον, verb. Adj. of ἀποκρίνω, one must separate. II. (from Med.) one must answer.

ἀπό-κροτος, ov, beaten or trodden hard, esp. of earth.

ἀπο-κρούω, f. σω, to beat off from a place, c. gen.:—Med. to beat off from oneself, beat off:—Pass. to be beaten or knocked off; κοτυλίσιον τό χείλος ἀποκεκρουμένον a cup with its rim knocked off.

ἀποκρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ἀποκρύπτω.

ἀπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide from, keep hidden from: ἀποκρύπτειν τινί τι, or c. dupl. acc., ἄπ. τινά τι, like Lat. celare aliquem aliquid, to hide or keep back from one. 2. to hide close: to obscure. II. to lose

from sight; ἀποκρύπτειν γῆν to lose sight of land, as in Virgil, Phæacum abscondimus arces. Hence

ἀπόκρυφος, ov, hidden; ἐν ἀποκρύφῳ in secret. II. obscure, hard to understand.

ἀπο-κτάμεν, -κτάμεναι, Ep. for -κτᾶνείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀποκτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ: aor. I ἀπέκτεινα: aor. 2 ἀπέκτανον, poet. ἀπέκταν, as, a; Ep. also in pass. form

ἀπεκτάμην: perf. ἀπέκτονα, more rarely ἀπεκτόνηκα, ἀπέκτακα, and ἀπέκταγα:—to kill, slay: of judges, to condemn to death; of the executioner, to put to death: metaph., like ἀποκνάνειν, to weary to death, Lat. *enecare*.

ἀποκτείνω, later form of ἀποκτείνω.

ἀπο-κῦβω, f. ἦσω, to bear young, bring forth.

ἀπο-κυλίνω, f. κυλίω [ῖ], to roll away.

ἀπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κεκύφα: to stoop away from.

ἀπο-κωκῶ, f. ὤσω [ῦ], to mourn loudly over.

ἀποκώλυσις, εως, ἦ, a bindrance. From

ἀπο-κώλω, f. ὤσω [ῦ], to binder or prevent from a thing: c. inf., to prevent from doing: absol. to keep off.

ἀπολαβών, -λαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of ἀπολαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέλαχον:—to obtain a portion of a thing by lot; ἀπολαχεῖν μέρος τινός: generally, to obtain.

ἀπο-λάζυμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-λαμβάνω.

ἀπο-λακτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to kick off or away, shake off: generally, to spurn. Hence

ἀπολακτισμός, ὁ, a kicking away.

ἀπολαλέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter much.

ἀπο-λαμβάνω, fut. -λήξομαι, in Herodotus -λάμφομαι: pf. ἀπέληφα, pass. ἀπέλημμαι: for the aorist, we have in act. only aor. 2 ἀπέλαβον, in pass. only aor. 1 ἀπέληφθην Ion. ἀπελάμφθην. To take or receive from another: absol. to receive what is one's due. 2.

to carry off. 3. to hear or learn, like Lat. *accipio*. II. to take back, regain, recover. 2. to have a thing rendered to one. III. to take apart or aside. IV. to cut off as by a wall: to stop, arrest, Lat. *deprebendere*, esp. of contrary winds.

ἀπο-λαμπρύνω, to make famous:—Pass. to become so.

ἀπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine forth, to reflect light, to flash; αἰχμῆς ἀπέλαμπε (sc. φῶς) light beamed from the spear-head.

ἀπο-λάπτω, f. ψω, to lap up like a dog.

ἀπόλαυσις, εως, ἦ, (ἀπολαύω) enjoyment: c. gen. enjoyment or advantage derived from a thing.

ἀπολαυστικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for enjoyment. From

ἀπο-λαύω, f. ἀπολαύομαι: impf. ἀπέλαυον, aor. 1 ἀπέλαυσα, sometimes written ἀπήλαυον, ἀπήλαυσα:—to take of a thing, enjoy: also to get something from or by another, e. g. ἀγαθὸν ἀπολαύειν τινός. 2. ironical, to come finely off, profit, whence also in bad sense, to get harm or loss by a thing. (The simple λαύω is obsolete. No doubt the Root is λαυ-, i. e. λαφ-, λαβ-, which is also the Root of λαμβάνω.)

ἀπολαχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπολαγχάνω.

ἀπο-λέγω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ἀπολέεγμαι or ἀπέλεγμαι:—to pick out from among, choose:—Med. to pick out for oneself:—Pass., ἀπολέεγμένοι picked men.

ἀπο-λείβω, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἀπέλειψα:—to let drop off, pour a libation:—Pass. to drop or run down from.

ἀπο-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἀπέλιπον:—to leave over or behind. II. to leave behind one, i. e. lose. 2.

to leave behind, as in the race, to distance, to surpass. III. to leave utterly, forsake, abandon: of things, to leave alone, leave undone. IV. intrans. to be wanting, to be away or absent: of rivers, to fail, sink. 2. to be wanting of or in a thing; ἀπὸ τεσσέρον πηχέων ἀπολείπων τρεῖς δακτύλους wanting three fingers of four cubits. 3. with part. to leave off doing. 4. to depart from. V. Pass. to be left behind, inferior to. 2. to be parted from, be absent from, c. gen.; πολὺ τῆς ἀληθείης ἀπολειμμένοι being far distant from the truth: to be deprived of. 3. to be wanting in a thing, also c. gen.

ἀπο-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick off, lick up.

ἀπολείψις, εως, ἦ, (ἀπολείπω) a leaving behind, forsaking. II. intr. a failing, deficiency.

ἀπόλεκτος, ὄν, (ἀπολέγω) chosen out, picked.

ἀπολέλυται, pf. pass. of ἀπολύω.

ἀ-πόλεμος, poet. ἀπτόλεμος, ὄν, unwarlike, unfit for war: peaceful. II. not to be warred on, invincible. III. πόλεμος ἀπόλεμος a war that is no war, i. e. a hopeless struggle.

ἀπο-λέπω, f. ψω, to peel off, take off the skin: pf. part. pass. ἀπολεεμμένος.

ἀπολέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολέσκειτο, Ep. for ἀνώλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λήγω, poet. ἀπολλήγω, f. ξω, to leave off or desist from a thing: c. part. to cease doing.

ἀπο-ληρέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter at random.

ἀπόληψις, εως, ἦ, (ἀπολαμβάνω) a taking from: taking back, recovery. II. an intercepting, cutting off.

ἀπο-λιβάω, f. ξω, to drop off.

ἀπο-λιγαίνω, to make a great din, talk loud.

ἀπο-λιμπάνω, Ion. for ἀπο-λείπω.

ἀ-πόλις, neut. i: gen. ἰδος, also εως, Ion. ἰος: dat. ἀπόλι:—one without city, state, or country, an out-law. II. πόλις ἀπόλις a city that is no city, a ruined city.

ἀπο-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω: aor. 1 -ωλίσθησα: aor. 2 -ώλισθον:—to slip off or away from.

ἀπο-λίταργίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to slip off, rack off.

ἀπο-λιχμάομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. = ἀπολείχω, to lick off.

ἀπολλήγω, Ep. for ἀπολήγω.

ἀπ-όλλυμι or ἀπ-όλλυω: impf. ἀπώλλυον or ἀπώλλυον: fut. ἀπολέσω, ἀπόλεσσα, Att. ἀπόλω, Ion. ἀπόλω: aor. 1 ἀπάλεσα, Ep. ἀπόλεσσα; pf. ἀπάλεκα, Att. ἀπολώλεκα:—to destroy utterly, kill, slay: of things, to demolish, to lay waste. II. to lose utterly.

Med. ἀπόλλυμαι: f. ἀπολοῦμαι, Ion. ἀπολέομαι: aor. 2 ἀπαλώμην: perf. ἀπόλωκα: plqpf. ἀπολώλειν or ἀπαλώλειν:—to perish, die: also simply to fall into ruin, to be undone. II. to be lost, fall away, fail.

III. to be wretched or miserable.

'Απόλλων, ανος, ὁ: acc. ανα or ω: voc. 'Απολλων:—Apollo, son of Jupiter and Latona.

Ἀπολλώνειον and Ἀπολλώνιον, τό, a temple of Apollo.

ἀπο-λογέομαι, fut. ἴσομαι: aor. I med. ἀπελογησάμην, pass. ἀπελογήθην: pf. ἀποελόγημαι: Dep.: (ἀπό, λόγος):—to speak in defence: also to speak in defence of a fact.

2. ἀπολογεῖσθαι τι to defend oneself against a charge. 3. ἀπολογεῖσθαι δίκην θανάτου to speak against sentence of death being passed. Hence

ἀπολόγημα, ατος, τό, a plea alleged in defence.

ἀπολογία, ἡ, (ἀπολογέομαι) a speech in defence, defence.

ἀπο-λογίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἴουμαι: aor. I -ελογισάμην: pf. -λελόγησαι: Dep.:—to reckon up, give in an account, Lat. rationes reddere. II. to give a full account of, recount fully.

2. to calculate or consider well. Hence

ἀπολογισμός, ὁ, a giving an account, a statement of facts or reasons.

ἀπό-λογος, ὁ, a story, tale; ἀπόλογος Ἀλκίνοιο proverb. of long stories, from that told by Ulysses to Alcinöus in Od. 9-12. II. a fable, like those of Aesop, an apologue.

ἀπολοιατο, Ion. for ἀπόλοιτο, 3 plur. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-ολοῦζω, f. ξω, to utter a loud cry.

ἀπολόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπολούμαι, fut. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπόλουσις, εως, ἡ, a washing off, ablution. From

ἀπο-λούω, f. λούσω, to wash off:—Med., ἄλμην ὤμων ἀπολούσομαι I will wash the brine from off my shoulders. II. c. acc. pers. to wash clean.

ἀπο-λοφύρομαι, f. ὑρόυμαι, to bewail loudly. 2. to cease from wailing.

ἀπο-λυμαίνομαι, f. -μᾶνῶμαι: Dep. (ἀπό, λῦμα):—to cleanse oneself by bathing.

ἀπολυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀπό, λυμαίνομαι) a destroyer, waster.

ἀπολύσιμος, ον, (ἀπολύω) deserving acquittal.

ἀπόλυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπολύω) release, deliverance: c. gen., κατὰ τὴν ἀπόλυσιν τοῦ θανάτου as far as acquittal from a capital charge went.

ἀπολυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπολύω) disposed to acquit. Adv., ἀπολυτικῶς ἔχειν to be disposed to acquit.

ἀπο-λύτρῶω, f. ὦσω, to release on payment of ransom:—Med. to redeem for money. Hence

ἀπολύτρωσις, εως, ἡ, a releasing, redemption.

ἀπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἀπέλυσα: pf. ἀπολέλυκα:—to loose from: to set free or release from; ἀπολύειν αἰτίης to acquit of a charge: absol. to acquit. 2. in II. always=ἀπολυτρώω, to release a prisoner for ransom; and in Med. to ransom him, χρυσοῦ for gold. 3. to disband an army: to discharge a debt. II. Med. to release for oneself, redeem. 2. ἀπολύεσθαι διαβολάς, etc., to do away with calumnies against one, like Lat. diluere: hence absol. to defend oneself. 3. to get free, de-

part. III. Pass. to be released, let free from. 2. to get clear: to depart, go away.

ἀπο-λωβάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to insult grossly: aor. I ἀπελωβήθην in pass. sense, to be insulted.

ἀπόλωλα, pf. med. of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπο-λωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, λωτός)=ἀπανθίζω, to pluck off flowers: hence generally, to pluck off.

ἀπομαρθάλλω, ἡ, (ἀπομάσσω) the crumb or inside of the loaf, on which the Greeks wiped their hands at dinner, and then threw it to the dogs.

ἀπο-μαίνομαι, fut. -μᾶνήσομαι: pf. ἀπομέμηνα: Dep. to rave till one is satisfied: to rage violently.

ἀπο-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι, to unlearn, Lat. de-discere.

ἀπο-μαντεύομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to announce as a prophet: hence to divine, presage.

ἀπο-μαραίνομαι, Pass. to dry up, wither away: to die away, of a tranquil death.

ἀπο-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to confirm by witnesses, maintain stoutly. [ῶ]

ἀπο-μάσσω, Att. -τω, fut. ξω, to wipe off, to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe one's hands. 2. to sweep off or level corn with a strickle; κενεὸν ἀπομάξει (sc. χούνηα) to lose one's labour. II. to make an impression of:—Med. to stamp or impress something on oneself, copy from another.

ἀπο-μαστιγῶω, f. ὦσω, to scourge severely.

ἀπο-ματαίω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, μάταιος) to behave idly or unseemly.

ἀπο-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, contr. -μαχόυμαι:—to fight from, as from a fort; τείχεα ἱκανὰ ἀπομάχεσθαι strong enough to fight from. II. ἀπομάχεσθαι τι to fight off a thing, decline it. III. ἀπομάχεσθαι τινα to drive off in battle. IV. to finish a battle, fight it out.

ἀπό-μᾶχος, ον, (ἀπό, μάχη) not fighting: unfit for service.

ἀπο-μέρομαι, f. -μερούμαι, Dep. to distribute. 2. Pass. to be parted from another.

ἀπο-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to give a share of, distribute. II. to distinguish from a number.

ἀπο-μερμηρίζω, fut. ἴσω and ἴξω, to slumber and forget one's cares.

ἀπο-μεστῶω, f. ὦσω, to fill to the brim.

ἀπο-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to mete out, distribute.

ἀπο-μηκύνω [ῶ], f. ἴνω, to prolong, draw out.

ἀπο-μηνίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to be very wroth.

ἀπο-μῖμομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to copy after, to represent faithfully.

ἀπο-μνησκόμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -μνήσομαι, aor. I ἀπεμνήσκαμην: pf. ἀπομνήμημαι:—to recollect, remember.

ἀπό-μισθος, ον, like ἄμισθος, without pay: defrauded of pay. II. paid off, i. e. past service, Lat. emeritus.

ἀπο-μισθῶω, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire, let: c. inf., ἀπομισθῶν ποιεῖν τι to contract for the doing of a thing, Lat. locare aliquid faciendum.

ἀπο-μνάομαι, Ion. for ἀπο-μνήσκομαι.

ἀπομνημόνευμα, τό, mostly in plur. a narrative of sayings and doings, memoirs, Lat. Memorabilia, as those of Socrates by Xenophon. From

ἀπο-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to remind. II. to relate from memory, recount: hence to remember, bear in mind. 2. ἀπομνημονεύειν τινί τι to bear something in mind against another, owe him a grudge.

ἀπο-μνησικακίω, f. ήσω, to bear a grudge against.

ἀπ-όμνυμι or ἀπομνύω: 3 sing. impf. ἀπώμυ: fut. ἀπομύομαι: (v. δμνυμι):—to take an oath against doing a thing, swear that one will not do. 2. to swear one has not done: to deny with an oath, disclaim upon oath.

II. strengthd. for δμνυμι, to take a solemn oath.

ἀπο-μονώω, f. ώσω, to leave quite alone:—Pass. to be excluded from a thing.

ἀπο-μóργνυμι or ἀπο-ομόργνυμι, also ἀπομοργνύω: Ep. 3 sing. impf. ἀπομόργνυ:—Med., Ep. aor. I ἀπομορξάμην:—Pass., aor. I part. ἀπομορχθεῖς: (ἀπό, μόργνυμι or δμόργνυμι):—to wipe off or away from: to wipe clean.—Med., ἀπομόρξασθαι παρειάς to wipe one's cheeks; ἀπομόρξασθαι δάκρυ to wipe away one's tears.

ἀπομόρξωτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of foreg.

ἀπομόσοι, aor. I inf. of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπό-μοσος, ον, like ἄμοσος, (ἀπό, Μούσα) away from the Muses, coarse, rude. Adv., ἀπομοσώς γράφασθαι to be painted in unfavourable colours.

ἀπο-μύθεομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dissuade.

ἀπο-μύκαομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to bellow loud.

ἀπο-μυκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπομύσσομαι, one must wipe one's mouth.

ἀπο-μύσσω, Att. -τωω, f. ζω, to wipe a person's nose: hence to sharpen his wits; comp. Horace's *vir emunctae naris*:—Med. to blow one's nose.

ἀπόναιο, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of ἀπονίνημι: and ἀποναιάτο, 3 pl., for ἀπόναντο.

*ἀπο-νάω, obsol. pres., whence aor. I act. ἀπένᾶσα, Ep. ἀπένασσα: (ἀπό, νάω):—to remove one to another place: also to send back:—Med., in 3 sing. aor. I ἀπενάσατο, Ep. ἀπενάσσατο, to remove oneself to another place, depart: but also to send away:—aor. I pass. ἀπονασθήναι, to be taken away, depart from a place.

ἀπο-νέμω, fut. -νεμῶ and later -νεμήσω: aor. I ἀπένεμα:—to portion out, distribute, assign severally: to impart:—Med. to assign to oneself, take. 2. to feed on or off. II. to part off, separate.

ἀπονενημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀπονοέομαι, desperately.

ἀπο-νέομαι, Dep. to go away, to go back, return, Ep. word, used only in pres. and impf. [ā Ep.]

ἀπονώστερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀπνος.

ἀπο-νέωω, f. σω, to bend away from other objects towards one, hence to incline towards; cf. ἀποβλέπω.

II. to refuse by shaking the head, Lat. *abnuere*.

ἀπο-νέω, f. νήσω, to unload:—Med. to throw off a load from.

ἀπονήμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀποντή, Adv. of ἀπόνητος, without fatigue.

ἀπ-όνητο, Ion. for ἀπ-ώνητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἀπονίνημι.

ἀ-πόνητος, ον, (a privat., πόνέω) not worked or wrought. II. without trouble, easy: Sup. ἀπονητότατα with least trouble. 2. without sufferings.

ἀπονια, ή, (ἀπνος) freedom from toil, laziness.

ἀπο-νίλω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἀπο-νίπτω, which is a late form):—to wash off: Med. to wash off from oneself. 2. to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself clean.

ἀπ-όνημι, f. -ονήσω, to give enjoyment. II. mostly in Med., ἀπ-ονινᾶμαι: fut. -ονήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπονήμην, Ep. without augm. ἀπονήμην, 2 opt. ἀπόνω, part. ἀπονήμενος:—to have the use or enjoyment of a thing; τῶνδ' ἀπόναιο mayest thou have joy of these things.

ἀπό-νιπτρον, τό, water for washing the hands, etc.: from

ἀπο-νίπτω, see ἀπονίλω.

ἀπο-νοέομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. ἀπονεόημαι: Dep. to be out of one's mind, to have lost all sense. I. of fear, to be desperate; ἄνθρωποι ἀπονεονημένοι, Lat. *perditi, desperate* men. 2. of shame, ὁ ἀπονεονημένος an abandoned fellow. Hence

ἀπόνουα, ή, loss of all sense, folly, madness: esp. desperation.

ἀ-πνος, ον, c. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἀπονέστερος, -έστατος, without toil or trouble, untroubled: gentle, easy. 2. of persons, not toiling, lazy. 3. of things, pass. done without trouble, easy.

ἀπο-νοστήω, f. ήσω, to return home. Hence

ἀπονόστησις, εως, ή, a return home.

ἀπο-νόσφι, before a vowel -φιν, (ἀπό, νόσφι) Adv. far apart or aloof. II. as Prep. with gen. far away from, mostly following its case.

ἀπο-νοσφίλω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to put asunder, keep aloof from: to bereave or rob of:—Pass. to be robbed of, c. acc. II. with acc. only, to flee from, sbun.

ἀπ-ονυχίλω: f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: Pass., aor. ἀπονυχίσθην: pf. ἀπνύχισμαι: (ἀπό, δνυχίω):—to pare the nails. II. to tear with the nails. III. to try or examine by the nail; ἀκριβῶς ἀπονυχισμένος, Horace's *ad unguem factus*, closely tried by the nail.

ἀπο-νωτίλω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to make turn his back and flee:—Med. to turn the back and flee.

ἀπό-ξενος, ον, like ἀξενος, inhospitable. 2. ἀπό-ξενος γῆς far from a country.

ἀπο-ξενώω, f. ώσω, to drive from house and home, generally, to estrange or banish from home:—Pass. to live away from home, be banished, migrate.

ἀπο-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to shave off: cut off.

ἀπο-ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry up, drain off a river:—Pass. to be dried up, to become dry; hence Ion. part. pf. ἀποξηρασμένος.

ἀπο-οξύνω [ῥ], f. ἔνω, to bring to a point, make taper.

ἀπο-ξύρω, Ion. -έω, f. ἦσω, to shave clean.

ἀπο-ξύρω, = ἀποξυράω:—Med. to be clean shaved. [ῥ]

ἀποξύνω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to shave or scrape off: hence to strip off like skin.

ἀπο-παπταίνω: f. -παπτᾶν, Ion. -έω: aor. I part. ἀποπαπτήνας:—to look about one, as if to flee.

ἀποπατέω, f. ἦσθ or ἦσομαι, to retire from the way. From

ἀπό-πατος, ὁ or ἡ, a going out of the way: eis ἀπόπατον to ease himself.

ἀπόπαυσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποπαύω) a stopping, binder-ance. II. (from Med.) a ceasing, end.

ἀπό-παύω, f. σω, to stop or binder one from a thing: c. inf. to binder from doing: c. acc. only, to stop. II. Med. to leave off or cease from a thing.

ἀπό-πειρα, ἡ, (ἀπό, πείρα) a trial, venture.

ἀπο-πειράζω, f. ἄσω [ᾗ], rarer form of sq.

ἀπο-πειράωμαι, with fut. med. ἄσομαι [ᾗ]: aor. I pass. ἀπεπειράθην, Ion. -ήην: Dep.:—to make trial, essay, or proof of a person or thing. Rare in Act., ἀποπειράσαι τοῦ Πειραέως (aor. I inf.) to make an attempt on the Peiræus.

ἀπο-πελεκάω, f. ἦσω, to bew off with an axe.

ἀπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send off or away, to dismiss; also in bad sense, to drive off. 2. to escort: of things, to give back:—Med. to remove from oneself, get rid of: of a wife, to divorce her. Hence

ἀπόπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending away: a dismissal, divorcing.

ἀπο-περάω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἦσω, (ἀπό, περάω) to carry over.

ἀπο-πέρδομαι: fut. -παρήσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἐπαρδον:—to break wind, Lat. *pedo*.

ἀποπέσειν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀποπίπτω.

ἀπο-πέτομαι, fut. πτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀπεπτόμην, part. ἀποπτάμενος, and act. ἀπέπτην:—to fly off or away.

ἀπο-πήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to make to freeze or curdle:—Pass., fut. -παγήσομαι, of men, to be frozen: of blood, to curdle.

ἀπο-πηδάω, f. ἦσω and ἦσομαι, to leap off from: to turn away from.

ἀπο-πιμπλήμι and -πιμπλάω, poet. also -πίπλημι, -πιπλάω: fut. -πιήσω: aor. I ἀπέπλησα:—to fill up, fill to the brim: to fill up a number. II. to satisfy, fulfil: to appease, Lat. *explere*.

ἀπο-πίνω [ῖ], fut. -πίομαι, to drink up, drink off.

ἀπο-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέπεσον:—to fall off from.

ἀποπλαγχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποπλάζω.

ἀπο-πλάζω, fut. -πλάξω, to lead astray, lead away from:—Pass. to go astray, be driven off: Homer uses only aor. I pass. ἀπεπλάγχθην, to stray from, be deprived off; τρυφάλεια ἀποπλαγχθεῖσα a helm struck off.

ἀπο-πλανάω, f. ἦσω, to lead astray:—Med. to go astray.

ἀπο-πλάσσομαι, f. -πλάσομαι [ᾗ], to copy.

ἀπο-πλέω, Ep. -πλείω, Ion. -πλώω: f. -πλεύσο-

μαι or —πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I ἀπέπλευσα:—to sail away, sail off: to sail back.

ἀπόπληκτος, ον, (ἀποπλήσσω) stricken or disabled by a stroke, 1. in mind, dumb, astounded. 2. in body, crippled, paralysed. Hence

ἀποπληξία, ἡ, a stroke of apoplexy.

ἀπο-πληρόω, f. ὦσω, to fill quite full, satisfy, Lat. *explere*. II. to fulfil.

ἀπο-πλήσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. -ξω:—Pass., aor. I -επλήχην: aor. 2 -επλήχην: pf. -πέπληγμα:—to strike to earth, disable in body or mind:—Pass. to lose one's senses, become dizzy, be struck by apoplexy.

ἀπο-πλίσσομαι, Att. -ττομαι, fut. ξομαι, Dep. to trip off.

ἀπόπλοος, contr. ἀπόπλους, ὁ, (ἀποπλέω) a sailing away: an outward-bound voyage.

ἀπο-πλύω [ῥ], f. ἔνω, to wash off or away: Ion. impf. ἀποπλύνεσκον.

ἀπο-πλώω, Ion. for ἀπο-πλέω.

ἀπο-πνέω, Ep. -πνείω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἀπέπνευσα:—to breathe forth; θυμὸν or ψυχὴν ἀποπνεῖν to give up the ghost, Lat. *expirare animam*. 2. to blow from a particular quarter. 3. to breathe or smell of a thing.

ἀπο-πνίγω, f. -πνίξω or -πνίξομαι, to choke, throttle:—Pass., f. -πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 -ενπίγην [ῖ]: pf. -πέπνιγμα:—to be choked: to be drowned: to be choked with rage.

ἀπο-πολέμω, f. ἦσω, to fight off or from.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. ἀπό-πόλις, ι, gen. ἴδος and εως, far from the city, banished.

ἀποπομπή, ἡ, (ἀποπέμπω) a sending away, getting rid of.

ἀπο-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to finish a work: stop working.

ἀπο-πορεύομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἀποπορεύθην:—to depart, go away.

ἀπο-πραύνω, f. ἔνω, to soften down.

ἀπο-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπ-ανέομαι, with no pres. ἀπο-πρίαμαι in use.

ἀπο-πρίζω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], = ἀποπρίω, to saw off.

ἀπο-πρίω, f. ἴσω, to saw through, file off. [ῖ]

ἀπο-πρό, Adv. far away, afar off. 2. as Prep. with gen. far from, away from.

ἀπο-προαιρέω, to take away from before: aor. 2 part., σίτου ἀποπροελόν having taken some of the bread.

ἀποπροέκη, Ion. aor. I of ἀποπροήκη.

ἀποπροελών, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπροαιρέω.

ἀπόπροθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (ἀπο-πρό) from afar: far off; far away.

ἀπόπροθι, Adv. (ἀπόπρο) far off; far away.

ἀποπροΐεις, part. pres. of

ἀπο-προΐημι, f. -προήσω: Ep. aor. I -προέκη:—to throw away. 2. to shoot forth. 3. to let fall.

ἀπο-προνοσφίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove afar off, carry far away.

ἀπο-προτέμω, f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -έταμον:—to cut off from: νότου ἀποπροταμών having cut off a slice from the chine.

ἀπο-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee far away.

ἀποπτάμενος, η, ον, aor. 2 part. of ἀποπέτασι, as if from ἀπίπταμι.

ἀποπτήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποπέτασι, as if from ἀπίπτημι.

ἀπό-πολις, poet. for ἀπόπολις.

ἀποπτος, ον, (ἀπόλομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) seen or to be seen from a place. 2. seen at a distance, hence far away from; ἐξ ἀπύπτου from afar, opp. to ἐγγύθεν: hence II. dimly seen.

ἀπόπτυστος, ον, spit out; despised, detested. From ἀπο-πτύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to spit out or up; of the sea, ἀποπτύει ἄλδος ἄχνην vomits forth its foam: hence to loathe, spurn, Lat. respuere.

ἀπο-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πέσσομαι: Dep. to inquire or ask of.

ἀπ-οράω and ἀπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ρέπω, f. ψω, to slink away.

ἀπορέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπορος) to be without resource, to be at a loss, not know what to do, be in doubt, mostly followed by a Conjunction, ἀπορεῖν ὅπως διαβήσεται to be at a loss how he shall cross: c. inf. to be at a loss how to do: οὐκ ἀπορεῖν to have no doubt. II. Pass. to be made matter of question: also to be left unprovided for. 2. c. gen. rei, to be at a loss for, in want of, e. g. τροφῆς. 3. but, ἀπορεῖν τιμι to be at a loss because of, by means of something. Hence

ἀπόρημα, ατος, τό, a matter of doubt, disputed point.

ἀπορητικός, ή, ύν, (ἀπορέω) inclined to doubt.

ἀ-πόρητος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., πορθέω) not sacked or taken.

ἀπ-ορθώω, f. ύσω, to make straight again, restore, guide aright. Hence

ἀπόρθωσις, εως, ή, a setting upright, restoring.

ἀπορία, ή, (ἀπορος) of places, difficulty of passing: of things, difficulty, straits: of questions, a difficulty.

II. of persons, difficulty of dealing with or finding out. 2. want of means or resource, embarrassment, hesitation. 3. ἀπορία τινός want of a thing: absol. need, poverty.

ἀπ-ορνύμαι, (ἀπό, ὀρνυμι) Pass. to start from a place.

ἀ-πορος, ον, without passage, and so of places, impassable, trackless: of things, hard to see one's way through, impracticable: τὰ ἀπορα difficulties, straits, ἐν ἀπόροις εἶναι to be in great straits. 2. hard to get, scarce. II. of persons, hard to deal with, unmanageable, impracticable: c. inf., ἀπορος προσφέρεσθαι impossible to deal with. 2. without means or resources, and so at a loss, not knowing what to do. 3. poor, needy.

ἀπ-ορούω, f. σω, to leap off, dart away.

ἀπορ-, ρ is doubled in Att. in all compds. after ἀπό, but in Ion. it remains single.

ἀπορ-ραθνύμειω, f. ήσω, to neglect from carelessness: to leave off in despair.

ἀπορ-ραύω, f. -ρᾶνῶ, to spirt or shed about.

ἀπορ-ραίνω, f. σω, to bereave of; ήτορ ἀποραίνει τινά to deprive one of life.

ἀπορραντήριον, τό, (ἀπορραίνω) a vessel for holy water.

ἀπορ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew up again.

ἀπορ-ραψιδέω, f. ήσω, to utter like a ραψιδός, to speak in fragments of Epic poetry.

ἀπορ-ρέω, f. -ρέσσομαι or -ρῆήσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἀπερρην:—to flow away from, run off from: absol. to stream forth, of blood. 2. to fall off, as fruit, etc.

3. to melt away.

ἀπορ-ρήγνυμι or ἀπορ-ρηγνύω: f. -ρήξω:—to break off, snap asunder:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπερράγην [ᾶ], to be broken off or severed.

ἀπορρηθῆν and ἀπορρηθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of ἀπερῶ.

ἀπόρρησις, εως, ή, (ἀπ-ερώ) a prohibition. 2. a refusal: renunciation.

ἀπόρρητος, ον, (ἀπ-ερώ) forbidden; τὰ ἀπόρρητα forbidden exports. II. not to be spoken, that should not be spoken; ἀπόρρητον, τό, a state-secret: hence mystical, sacred, ἀπόρρητον ποιέσθαι to keep secret. 2. τὰ ἀπόρρητα θίβησις pf. to be spoken.

ἀπορ-ρίγγω, f. ήσω: pf. ἀπερρίγα:—to shrink shivering from a thing, shrink from doing it.

ἀπορ-ρίπτω, poet. ἀπορίπτω, later also ἀπορ-ριπτέω: fut. ἀπορρίψω: aor. I ἀπερρίψα:—to throw away, throw aside: to throw off a garment. II. to cast forth, e. g. from one's country: to reject, renounce. III. to shoot forth bold words, ἐς τινα at one.

ἀπορορή and ἀπόρορα, ή, (ἀπορρέω) a flowing off, overflow. II. an emanation, efflux.

ἀπορ-ροιβδέω, f. ήσω, to shriek forth.

ἀπορροφᾶω or -έω, f. ήσω, to gulp down, swallow a part of.

ἀπόρροτος, ον, = ἀπόρροος, flowing from; ἀπόρροτα σταθμά stables with drains.

ἀπορ-ρυήσομαι, fut. of ἀπορ-ρέω.

ἀπορ-ρυήσις, aor. 2 pass., with act. sense, of ἀπορρέω.

ἀπορρώξ, ὠγος, ό, ή, (ἀπορρήγνυμι) broken off, abrupt, steep. II. as Subst. fem. a piece broken off or divided from anything; Στυγός ύδατος ἀπορρώξ an off-stream of the Styx.

ἀπ-ορφανίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Pass. to be taken away like an orphan from, to be torn away from.

ἀπ-ορχέομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to dance a thing away, i. e. lose by dancing.

ἀπος, εος, τό, = κάματος, weariness.

ἀπο-οαλέω, f. εύσω, to lie to in the open sea or offing:—metaph. to keep aloof from.

ἀπο-οαφέω, f. ήσω, (ἀπό, σαφής) to make clear.

ἀπο-οβέννυμι or -οβεννύω: f. -οβέσω:—to extinguish, quench: to destroy, blot out:—Pass. with fut. med. -οβήσομαι; intr. aor. 2 act. ἀπέοβην, pf. act. ἀπέοβηκα: to go out, vanish, die.

ἀπο-οείω, f. σω, to shake off:—Med. to shake off from oneself; of a horse, to throw his rider.

ἀπο-οεμνύνω, to extol pompously:—Pass., with f. med. ἀποσεμνύνουμι, to give oneself airs.

ἀπο-σεύω, to *ease away*:—Pass. to *dart away*, aor. I ἀπεσούην [ῥ]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπέσυτο. ἀπο-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to *announce by signs, to give notice: to give a sign, to confirm or prove by a sign*.

II. ἀποσημαίνειν εἰς τινα to *allude to him*.

III. Med. to *seal up as confiscated, to confiscate*: of persons, to *proscribe*. ἀπο-σήγω, f. ψω, to *make rotten, spoil utterly*:—Pass., fut. -σάησομαι, aor. 2 ἀπεσάπην [ᾶ]; with intr. pf. act. ἀποσέσηπα: to *rot off, lose by mortification*.

ἀπο-σίμω, f. ὦσω, to *make flat-nosed*:—Pass. to *be so*. II. ἀποσιμῶν τὰς ναῦς to *turn the line of sailing aside, make a movement sideways, so as to avoid the direct shock*.

ἀπο-σιόδομαι, Ion. for ἀφ-σιόδομαι. ἀπο-σιώπαι, f. ἥσμαι, to *be silent after speaking, be quite silent*. II. trans. to *keep secret*. Hence

ἀποσιώπησις, εως, ἡ, a *becoming silent*. 2. a *rhetorical figure, when the sentence is broken off*, as in Virg. Ecl. 3, 8, Aen. I. 139.

ἀπο-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to *cut off or intercept by trenches*. ἀπο-σκεδάννυμι: f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ] contr. -σκεδῶ: —to *scatter abroad*:—Pass. to *be scattered, straggle away*.

ἀποσκέψομαι, fut. of ἀποσκοπέω. ἀπο-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to *pack and carry away*:—Med. to *pack one's baggage, prepare for a journey*.

ἀποσκηνέω, f. ἥσω, to *encamp apart from*. From ἀπό-σκηνος, ον, (ἀπό, σκηνή) *living and messing alone*, opp. to σύσσιτος.

ἀπο-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to *prop one thing upon another, to dash one thing upon or against another*; esp. of the gods, ἀποσκήπτει βλεφα εἰς τι to *hurl down thunderbolts upon or at a thing*. II. intr. to *burst or break forth, like thunder; ἀποσκήπτειν ἐς φλαῦρον to come to a sorry ending, end in nothing*.

ἀπο-σκιάζω, f. σω, to *cast a shadow*. Hence ἀποσκίασμα, ατος, τό, a *shade, shadow: an adumbration*.

ἀπο-σκιδάνναι, Pass., = ἀποσκεδάνναι, to *be scattered*.

ἀπο-σκληῖναι, aor. 2 inf. as if from ἀπό-σκλημη (see σκέλλω) to *be dried up, withered*.

ἀπο-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι, to *look away from other objects at one, and so to look steadily at, gaze at, πρὸς τινα or τι: c. acc. to look to, regard*.

ἀπο-σκόπιος, ον, (ἀπό, σκοπός) *away from the mark*. ἀπο-σκυδιμαίνω, to *be enraged with*.

ἀπο-σκιθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to *strip off the scalp like the Scythians, to scalp: metaph. to shave bare*.

ἀπο-σκυλεύω, f. σω, to *plunder and carry off*. ἀπο-σκόπτω, f. ψομαι, to *banter, rally*.

ἀπο-σμίττω, f. ξω, to *deceive*:—aor. 2 pass. part. ἀπομυγγέντες, *being deceived*.

ἀπο-σοβέω, f. ἥσω, to *scare away, as one does birds*. II. intr. to *be off in a hurry, in phrase οὐκ ἀποσοβήσεις; be off!*

ἀπο-σπαράσσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to *tear off*. ἀπόσπασμα, ατος, τό, *that which is torn off, a shred*. From

ἀπο-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ᾶ], to *tear or drag away, sever or part from*; ἀποσπᾶν πύλας to *tear off the gates*; ἀπ. τὸ στρατόπεδον to *draw off the army*:—Pass. to *be dragged away from*: of an army, to *be separated or broken*.

ἀπο-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to *pour out wine as a drink-offering at sacrifices, Lat. libare*.

ἀπο-σπεύδω, f. -σπεύσω, to *be eager in preventing, to dissuade earnestly*.

ἀπο-σποδέω, f. ἥσω, to *rub off, knock off*. ἀποσ-σεύω, poet. for ἀπο-σεύω.

ἀπόστα, for ἀπόστηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἀφίστημι. ἀπο-σταδόν, Adv. (ἀφίστημι) *standing afar, far off*.

ἀπο-στάζω, f. ξω, to *let fall drop by drop*. II. intr. to *fall in drops; manίας δεινὸν ἀποστάζει μένος the fury of madness is trickling, is ebbing away*.

ἀποστάς, ἀποστήναι, aor. 2 act. part. and inf. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀποστασία, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) *later form for ἀποστασις, defection, revolt, apostasy*.

ἀποστάσιον, το, (ἀφίσταμαι) *a divorce; ἀποστάσιον βιβλίον, τό, a writing or bill of divorce*. The nom. is not found in good authors.

ἀπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφίσταμαι) *a standing away from, and so* 1. *a defection, revolt*. 2. *departure or removal from*. 3. *distance, interval*.

ἀποστατέον, verb. Adj. of ἀφίσταμαι, *one must recede from*.

ἀποστατέω, f. ἥσω, to *stand off or aloof from: to differ from: to fall off or revolt from*. II. absol. to *stand aloof, be absent*. From

ἀποστατής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀφίσταμαι) *a runaway, deserter, rebel*. Hence

ἀποστατικός, ἡ, ὄν, *rebellious*: Adv., ἀποστατικῶς *εἶχεν to be rebelliously inclined*.

ἀπο-σταυρώ, f. ὦσω, to *fence off with pales*. ἀπο-στεγάω, f. ἄσω, to *uncover, unroof*.

ἀπο-στεγῶ, f. ξω, to *shelter from:—to shelter, keep safe*. II. to *keep off water, and generally to keep off*, as, ὄχλον πύργος ἀποστεγεῖ.

ἀπο-στενέω, poet. for ἀπο-στενώω. ἀπο-στείχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἀπέστειχον:—to *go away, esp. to go back*.

ἀπο-στέλλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I ἀπέστειλα: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to *send away from*: absol. to *send away, banish*.

II. to *send off, dispatch, on some service*. III. to *drive back*:—Pass. to *be sent off*: also, to *go away*. IV. intr. to *go back*.

ἀπο-στενέω, poet. -στενέω, f. ὦσω: to *straiten*: ἀπεστένωτο 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἀπο-στέργω, f. ξω, to *love no more:—to deprecate*.

ἀπο-στερέω, fut. ἥσω, to *rob, bereave, or defraud one of a thing*: c. acc. rei only, to *take away, withhold*:—Pass. with fut. pass. and med. -στερηθήσομαι

and —στερήσομαι, pf. ἀπεστέρημαι:—to be robbed or in want of.

II. impers., ἀποστέρει με there fails me, I lack. Hence

ἀποστερησις, εως, ἡ, a robbery: deprivation.

ἀποστερητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀποστερέω) a robber, cheat: fem. ἀποστερητής or —τρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, as Adj. = ἀποστερητική.

ἀποστερητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀποστερέω) able to rob or deprive; γνώμη ἀποστερητικῆ τόκου a device for cheating one of his interest.

ἀποστερητής, ἴδος, ἡ, v. sub. ἀποστερητής.

ἀποστερίσκω, = ἀποστερέω.

ἀποστηρίζω, f. ξω, to fix firmly.

ἀποστίλβω, f. ἴσω, to make to shine.

ἀποστίλβω, f. ψω, to be bright with.

ἀποσπλεγγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to scrape with a strigil:—Med. to scrape off sweat from oneself; pf. pass. part. ἀπασπλεγμένοι, scraped clean, Lat. lauti.

ἀποστολεύς, ἕως, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) one who equips a fleet.

ἀποστολή, ἡ, (ἀποστέλλω) a sending off, a mission: a dispatching. II. (from Pass.) an expedition.

III. the office of an apostle, apostleship. ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ἀποστέλλω) a messenger, ambassador. 2. an apostle. II. = στόλος, a naval expedition.

ἀποστοματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν, to speak from memory or off-hand. II. to put questions to, so as to require an immediate answer.

ἀποστράκιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to banish by ostracism.

ἀποστρατοπεδεύω, or Dep. ἀποστρατοπεδεύομαι, to encamp away from; ἀποστρατοπεδεύεσθαι πόρῳ to encamp at a distance.

ἀποστραφῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 pass. subj. of

ἀποστρέφω, f. ψω: 3 sing. Ion. aor. I ἀποστρέψασκε:—Pass., aor. 2 ἀπεστράφην: pf. ἀπέστραμμα. To turn back, either to turn to flight, or to turn back from flight; πῶδας καὶ χεῖρας ἀποστρέφειν, to twist back the hands and feet so as to bind them. 2. to turn away or aside: hence to dissuade from a thing. II. intr. (sub. ἐαυτῶν, etc.), to turn oneself, turn back:—Pass., with fut. med.

—στρέφομαι, to be turned back; ἀπεστράφθαι τοὺς ἐμβόλους, of ships, to have their beaks bent back. III.

to turn oneself from or away, abhor, Lat. aversari, c. acc.; μὴ μ' ἀποστραφῆς do not turn away from me, like Lat. avorter; ἀπεστραφμένοι λόγοι hostile words. 2. to get away, escape. 3. to turn and flee. Hence

ἀποστροφή, ἡ, a turning away, averting. II. (from Pass.) a turning oneself. 2. an escape, or a place of refuge from a thing, resource; ἀπ. κακῶν a refuge from evil; ὕδατος ἀποστροφή a resource against the want of water, a means of getting it.

ἀποστροφος, ον, (ἀποστρέφω) turned away, averted.

ἀποστυγέω, f. —στίξω: aor. I —εστύγησα and —εστύξα: aor. 2 —εστύγον; perf. —εστύγηκα:—to hate utterly, loathe.

ἀποστυφέλλω, f. ξω, to chase away by force.

ἀποσυκάω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, σῦκον) to squeeze figs, to try whether they are ripe: metaph. of informers.

ἀποσύλω, f. ἴσω, to strip off spoils from a person: to rob or defraud one of a thing.

ἀποσυνάγωγος, ον, (ἀπό, συναγωγή) put out of the synagogue.

ἀποσυρίζω, f. ξω, to whistle aloud for want of thought.

ἀποσύρω [ῦ], f. —σύρῳ, to strip off, tear away: lay bare.

ἀποσφάζω Att. —σφάττω, f. ξω: (for the tenses, v. σφάζω)—to cut the throat; ἀποσφάζειν τιὰ ἐς ἄγγος, so that the blood runs into a pail: generally, to slay:—Med. to kill oneself.

ἀποσφάκελλω, f. ἴσω, to have one's limbs mortified: to die of mortification.

ἀποσφάλλω, f. —σφῶλω: aor. I —έσφηλα:—to lead astray, drive baffled away; ἀποσφάλλειν τιὰ πόνου to make one miss the fruits of toil: Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπεσφάλην [ἄ], to be cheated of a thing, miss it.

ἀποσφάττω, = ἀποσφάζω.

ἀποσφήλει, ἀποσφήλωσι, aor. I opt. and subj. of ἀποσφάλλω.

ἀποσφραγίζω, Ion. σφρηγ-, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to seal up, shut up.

ἀποσφραίνω, f. —οσφρήσω, to make to smell.

ἀποσχηλιδώω, f. ἴσω, to prop nets on poles. Hence

ἀποσχελιδωμα, ατος, τό, a forked piece of wood for propping hunting-nets.

ἀποσχίσω, fut. of ἀπέχω.

ἀποσχεῖν, —σχεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀπέχω.

ἀποσχίζω, f. ἴσω: aor. I pass. ἀπεσχίσθην:—to split or cleave off. 2. to sever, part, or detach from: esp. in Pass., of a river being parted from the main stream, a tribe detached from its parent stock, etc.

ἀποσώζω, f. —σώσω, to save, restore again: ἀπ. οἰκαδε to bring safe home:—Pass., ἀποσωθῆναι ἐς .. to get safe to a place, to get off safe.

ἀποτακτός, ὄν, (ἀποτάσσω) set apart for a special use, specially appointed.

ἀποτάμνω, Ion. for ἀποτέμνω.

ἀποτάσσω, Att. —ττω, f. ξω, to set apart or assign specially; ἀπετέτακτο πρὸς τὸ δεξιὸν he had been stationed on the right. II. Med., ἀποτάσσομαι τινι to bid adieu to a person or thing.

ἀποταυρόμαι, Pass. to act like a bull; δέργματα ἀποταυρούσθαι to cast fierce glances on.

ἀποταφρεύω, f. σιω, to fence with a ditch, intrench.

ἀποτέθνασαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of ἀποθνήσκω, they were dead.

ἀποτεθνεώς, for ἀποτεθνεώς, ἀποτεθνηκώς, Ion. ᾤpf. part. of ἀποθνήσκω.

ἀποτείνω, fut. —τενῶ: (for the tenses, v. τεῖνω):—to stretch out, to lengthen: c. part., to continue doing:—Med. to exert oneself. 2. intr., like Lat. contendere, to hasten onwards.

ἀπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to wall off; I. so as to fortify. 2. so as to blockade. Hence

ἀποτειχίσις, εως, ἡ, the walling of a town, blockading. And

ἀποτειχισμα, τό, walls built to blockade, lines of blockade.

ἀποτελευτάω, f. ἦσω, to bring quite to an end. intr. to come to an end, cease, εἰς τι in a thing.

ἀπο-τελέω, f. -τελέσω Att. τελῶ: pf. -τετέλεκα:—Pass., aor. I -ετέλεσθην: pf. -τετέλεσμαι. To bring quite to an end: pf. pass. part. ἀποτετελεσμένος, perfect. 2. to fulfil an obligation. 3. generally to accomplish, perform, do. 4. to render or make of a certain kind; τὴν πόλιν ἀποτελεῖν εὐδαίμονα to make the state quite happy.

ἀπο-τέμνω, Ion. and Ep. -τάμνω: fut. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἀπέταμον: pf. ἀποτέμμηκα:—to cut off; ἀποτέμνειν τινός to cut off part of a thing. 2. to separate or cut off from:—Med. to cut off for oneself, esp. with view of appropriating.

ἀπο-τήκω, f. ζω, to make to melt away:—Pass., esp. in aor. 2 ἀπετάκην [ᾗ], to melt away.

ἀπο-τηλοῦ, Adv. far away.

ἀποτιβάτος, ov, Dor. and poet. for ἀ-πρόσβατος.

ἀπο-τίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put away: to stow away:—Med. to put from oneself, put off; lay aside. 2. to put by for oneself, stow away. 3. ἀποτίθεσθαι εἰς αὐθις to put aside for another time.

ἀπο-τίλλω, f. -τίλω: aor. I -έτιλα: to pluck out. Hence

ἀποτίλημα, ατος, τό, that which is plucked, a sbred.

ἀπο-τιμῶω, f. ἦσω, not to honour, to slight. II. to value, fix a price by valuation; διμνέας ἀποτιμῶμενοι having fixed their price at two minae: hence

III. as Att. law-term, Act. to mortgage a property according to valuation:—Med. to lend on mortgage:—Pass. of the property, to be pledged or mortgaged. Hence

ἀποτιμημα, τό, a sum settled by valuation.

ἀπό-τιμος, ov, (ἀπό, τιμή) = ἀτιμος, disbonoured.

ἀπο-τινάσσω, Att. -τιτω, fut. ζω, to shake off.

ἀπο-τινύμαι, Dep., poet. for ἀπο-τινόμαι.

ἀπο-τίνω, f. -τίσω [ῖ], to pay back, repay what is owing:—Med. ἀποτινόμαι, f. -τίσομαι, to get paid one, exact; ἀποτίσασθαι τινα to avenge oneself on another: absol. to take vengeance.

ἀπο-τιγῶω, f. ζω, Ep. for ἀπο-τέμνω, to cut off from; κλιτύς ἀπ. to cut up or plough the hills.

ἀποτμήσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἀποτμήγω.

ἀ-ποτος, ov, unbappy, ill-starred.

ἀπο-τολμάω, f. ἦσω, to make a bold venture. II. absol. to be fearless, bold.

ἀποτομή, ἡ, (ἀποτέμω) a cutting off.

ἀποτομία, ἡ, steepness, severity. From

ἀπότομος, ov, (ἀπότομος) cut off, abrupt, precipitous. 2. metaph. barsb, rough:—Adv. -μως, sbarp.

ἀπο-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot off arrows: to aim at a thing.

ἀ-ποτος, ov, (a privat., ποτός) not drunk, not drinkable. II. act. never drinking: without drink.

ἀποτράγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀποτράγω.

ἀπο-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away from a thing; and so to binder or dissuade from. 2. c. acc. only, to turn away or back: to avert evil. 3. also to turn away from others at one, hence to aim at. II. Med. and Pass. to turn from a thing, to desist from. 2. to turn away. 3. to turn one's face away, like Lat. aversari.

ἀπο-τρέχω, fut. -τρέξομαι, also -δραμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἀπέδραμον (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run off or away.

ἀπο-τρίβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub or scour clean; ἀποτρίβειν ἵππον to rub down a horse. II. to rub off: Med. to rub off from oneself, get rid of.

ἀποτρόπαιος, ov, turning away, averting, esp. of the gods that avert ill, Lat. Divi averrunci. II. pass. that ought to be averted, ill-omened. From

ἀποτροπή, ἡ, (ἀποτρέπω) a turning away, averting. 2. a turning off of water. II. a binding.

III. (from Med.) a desertion of one's party.

ἀπότροπος, ov, (ἀποτρέπω) turned away, banished. 2. from which one turns away. II. act. turning away, averting.

ἀπό-τροφος, ov, (ἀπό, τρέφω) reared away from one's parents.

ἀπο-οτρύνω, f. -οτρύνω, to excite.

ἀπο-τρώω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to rub away, and so lose. II. to vex, harass; so in Med., ἀποτρεύεσθαι γῆν to vex the earth.

ἀπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέτρᾶγον:—to bite or nibble off.

ἀπο-τροπῶω, poet. Frequent. of ἀποτρέπω.

ἀπο-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι, to fail in hitting, miss, lose. II. absol. to be unlucky, fail: to miss the truth, be wrong.

ἀπο-τυμπανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to beat or cudgel severely.

ἀπο-τύπτω, f. ψω, to cease beating:—Med. to cease beating oneself in sign of mourning.

ἀπούρας, Ep. aor. I act. part. of ἀπαυράω, to take away: part. aor. I med. ἀπουράμενος in pass. sense occurs in Hesiod.

ἀπο-υρίζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for ἀφ-ορίζω, to mark off the boundaries; ἄλλοι γάρ οἱ ἀπουρίζουσιν ἀρούρας, others will mark off; i. e. lessen, the boundaries of his fields: others read ἀπουρίζουσι, as if from *ἀπουράω = ἀπαυράω, will take them away.

ἀπ-ουρος, ov, (ἀπό, οὔρος Ion. for οὔρος) far from the boundaries; ἀπουρος πάτρας far away from one's fatherland.

ἀ-πους, ό, ἡ, ἄπουν, τό, gen. ἄποδος, without foot or feet: without the use of one's feet: slow of foot.

ἀπουσία, ἡ, (ἀπεινά) a being away, absence. II. deficiency, want.

ἀποφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀπεσθίω, to eat up.

ἀπο-φαιδρύνω [ῖ], f. ἴνω, to make quite bright.

ἀπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνω: aor. I ἀπέφηνα:—to sbcu

forth, display: to shew by word, declare. 2. to shew by reasoning, shew, prove.

II. like ἀποδείκνυμι to shew, and so to make or render:—Med. to shew forth something of one's own, to make a display of oneself; ἀποφαίνεσθαι γνώμην to declare one's opinion: Pass. to be shewn or declared. III. to appear, come to light.

ἀπόφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀπόφημι) a denial, negation.

ἀπόφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποφαίνω) = ἀποφάνσις, a sentence, decision.

ἀπο-φάσκω, = ἀπόφημι, to deny.

ἀπο-φᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπόφημι) denying, negative.

ἀπο-φέρβομαι, Dep. to feed off or on.

ἀπο-φέρω, f. ἀπόισα: aor. ἀπήνεγκα, Ion. ἀπένευκα: (v. φέρω)—to carry off or away. II. to carry or bring back: hence 2. to report. 3. to pay back, return: generally, to pay what is due. III.

to deliver in, give in an accusation, etc. IV. intr.

in imperat., like ἀπαγε, ἀπόφερε, begone:—Med. to take for oneself, gain, obtain.

ἀποφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι: aor. 2 ἀπέφυγον:—to flee from, escape. II. as law-term; ἀποφεύγειν τοὺς δίκωντας to make good one's defence: absol. to be acquitted, opp. to ἀλλοκομαι. Hence

ἀποφενκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, ready for escaping; τὰ ἀποφενκτικά means of escape. And

ἀπόφενξις, εως, ἡ, an escaping, getting off.

ἀπό-φημι, f. -φήσω, to speak out, declare plainly. 2. to say no, to deny: also to refuse.

ἀπο-φθέγγομαι, f. -φθέξομαι, Dep. to speak one's opinion plainly. Hence

ἀπόφθεγκτος, ον, = ἀφθεγκτος.

ἀπόφθεγμα, ατος, τό, (ἀποφθέγγομαι) a thing uttered: esp. a sententious answer, a terse saying, an aphorithem.

ἀπο-φθείρω, f. -φθέρω: pf. ἀπέφθακα:—to destroy utterly, ruin:—Pass., with fut. med. ἀποφθερούμαι, to be lost, perish, οὐκ εἰς κόρακα ἀποφθερεῖ μου; wilt not be gone with a murrain? Lat. *abi in malam rem*.

ἀπο-φθινύθω [ϋ], to perish. II. trans., ἀποφθινύθειν θυμόν to lose one's life.

ἀπο-φθίω: Ep. aor. 2 act. ἀπέφθιθον: also as in Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἀπεφθίμην [ι], part. ἀποφθιμενος:—to perish utterly, to die away. II. Causal. in fut.

ἀποφθίσω, aor. ἀπέφθισα, to make to perish, to destroy. ἀποφθίσθω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. imperat. of foreg.

ἀποφθορά, ἡ, (ἀποφθείρω) utter destruction.

ἀπο-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, to treat very slightly, make no account of.

ἀπο-φουίτω, f. ὤσω, (ἀπό, φλοιός) to strip off the rind.

ἀπο-φουίτω, f. ἴσω, to go quite away: esp. of scholars, to leave their masters.

ἀπό-φονος, ον, murderous.

ἀποφορά, ἡ, (ἀποφέρω) a carrying away. II. a bringing what is due, paying: also that which is paid, tax, tribute.

ἀπο-φορτίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to unload oneself, to unlade.

ἀπο-φράγγνυμι and -ύω, fut. -φράξω, to fence off, block up. Hence

ἀπόφραξις, εως, ἡ, a fencing off, blocking up.

ἀπο-φράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φράζω) properly not to be spoken of, like Lat. *nefastus*, unlucky, ominous:

ἀποφράδες ἡμέραι, Lat. *dies nefasti*, days on which no assembly or court was held, opp. to *καθαρά ἡμέραι*.

ἀπο-φράσσω Att. -ττω, = ἀποφράγγνυμι.

ἀπο-φύας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, φύομαι) an offshoot.

ἀποφυγή, ἡ, (ἀποφεύγω) an escape, flight, place of refuge.

ἀπο-φυξις, v. sub ἀποφευξις.

ἀπο-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέφυν and perf. ἀποπέφυνκα, to grow out like a shoot.

ἀπο-οφῶλος, ον, (ἀπό, ὄφελος?) empty, vain, idle, Lat. *irritus*.

ἀπο-χάζομαι, f. -χάσομαι, Dep. to withdraw from.

ἀποχάλασμός, ὁ, a slackening. From

ἀπο-χάλαω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to slack or loose away, as one pays out a rope.

ἀπο-χάλινώω, f. ὤσω, to unbridle.

ἀπο-χαλκεύω, f. ὠω, to forge of brass.

ἀπο-χαλκίζω, f. ὠω, to strip of brass.

ἀπο-χειρο-βίωτος, ον, (ἀπό, χεῖρ, βιώω) living by one's hands, i. e. by manual labour.

ἀπο-χειροτόνωω, f. ἴσω, to vote a charge away from one, acquit him. II. of persons, to reject, to supersede, depose. 2. of things, to reject, vote against: to abrogate, annul. Hence

ἀποχειροτόνησις, εως, ἡ, rejection by show of hands.

ἀπο-χετεύω, f. ὠω, to draw off water by a canal.

ἀπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἀπέχεα: Pass., aor. I ἀπέχου: pf. ἀποκέχουμαι:—to pour out, spill, shed.

ἀπο-χραίνω, to soften off the colour, shade off.

ἀπο-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, inf. ἀποχρήν, Ion. -χράν: impf. ἀπέχρην: fut. ἀποχρήσω: aor. I ἀπέχρησα:—to suffice, be sufficient, be enough, ἐκατόν νέες ἀποχράωσι. 2. with dat., ποταμός οὐκ ἀπέχρησε τῇ στρατιῇ was not enough for the army: with infin., ἀποχρᾶ μοι ποιεῖν 'tis sufficient for me to do; also 3 sing. impf. med. ἀπεχρέετο = ἀπέχρη. 3. Pass. to be contented with a thing; ἀποχρεωμένων τούτων τῶν Μυσῶν the Mysians being satisfied therewith. II.

Med. to use to the full. 2. to abuse, misuse, Lat. *abuti*.

ἀπο-χρέομαι, -χρέω, Ion. for ἀποχράομαι, -χράω.

ἀπό-χρη, impers., v. ἀποχράω.

ἀπο-χρημάτος, ον, (ἀπό, χρήμα) not to be paid in money.

ἀποχρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἀποχράομαι) a using to the full, misuse: a getting rid of.

ἀποχρήντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀποχράω, ἀπόχρη, enough, sufficiently.

ἀποχρῦεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἀποχέω.

ἀπο-χλώδω, (ἀπό, χλωδός) to make quite lame.

ἀπο-χώννυμι, f. -χώσω, to dam up, bank up the mouth of a river, etc.

ἀποχωρέω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to go from or away from, c. gen. 2. absol. to go away, depart: to retreat.

3. ἀποχωρεῖν ἐκ . . ., to withdraw from a thing, i. e. give it up.

II. to pass off, esp. of the humours of the body. Hence

ἀποχώρησις, εως, ἡ, a going away or off, retreat: a place or means of safety.

ἀποχωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to part or separate from: to set apart.

ἀπο-ψάω, inf. ἀποψῆν: impf. ἀπέψην: aor. I ἀπέψησα:—to wipe off. 2. to wipe clean:—Med. to wipe off from oneself.

3. to wipe one's nose.

ἀπο-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσονται Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: I. c. acc. pers. to vote an office away from one, to reject him:—aor. I ἀπεψηφίσθη and pf. ἀπεψηφίσμαι are sometimes used in pass. sense, to be rejected.

II. c. acc. rei, ἀπ. γραφήν to vote against receiving the indictment; ἀπ. νόμον to reject the law; ἀτίαν ἀποψηφίζομαι τινας to vote a charge away from one, acquit: absol. to vote an acquittal.

III. ἀποψηφίζεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to vote against doing. Hence

ἀποψήφισις, εως, ἡ, an acquittal.

ἀπο-ψιλῶ, f. ὤσω, to strip of hair, make bald: generally, to strip bare, bereave of a thing.

ἀποψυς, εως, ἡ, (ἀποψομαι, fut. of ἀφοράω) a looking from, a view, prospect.

ἀπ-όσομαι, fut. from an obsol. pres. ἀπ-όσσομαι, used as fut. of ἀφοράω.

ἀπο-ψύχω [ῶ], f. ἔω: pf. pass. ἀπέψυγα: (ἀπό, ψυχή):—to leave off breathing, to faint, swoon.

2. acc., ἀποψύχειν ψυχήν to breathe out life: absol. to expire, die.

II. (ἀπό, ψύχος) to cool, refresh:—Pass. to be refreshed, recover, revive: Med., ἰδῶντα ἀπεψύχοντο they got the sweat dried off.

III. impers. ἀποψύχει, it grows cool, the air cools.

ἀπ-πέμψω, Ep. contr. for ἀποπέμψω.

ἀπραγμόνως, Adv. of ἀπράγμων, easily.

ἀπραγμοσύνη, ἡ, freedom from business, public affairs and law-suits: love of ease, Lat. otium.

2. easiness, supineness. From

ἀπράγμων, ov. gen. ονος, (a privat., πρᾶγμα) without business, free from business, state-affairs or law-suits (πράγματα); τόπος ἀπράγμων, a place free from law and strife.

2. of things, not troublesome or painful.

II. pass. got or to be got without pains.

ἀπρακτέω, f. ἦσω. to do nothing, to be idle.

2. to gain nothing. From

ἀ-πρακτος, Ion. ἀ-πρηκτος, ov: I. act. doing or effecting nothing, unprofitable, idle; ἀπρακτος νέεσθαι to depart without success, Lat. re infecta:—Adv. -τως, unsuccessfully.

II. pass. against which nothing can be done, unmanageable, incurable.

2. not to be done, impossible.

3. μαντικῶς ἀπρακτος ὑμῖν, unassailed by your divining arts. Hence

ἀπραξία, ἡ, inaction: ill-success.

II. a being at a loss, embarrassment, helplessness.

ἀ-πράτος, ov, (a privat., πέπραται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πρᾶσσω) unsold, unsaleable.

ἀ-πρεπής, ἐς, (a privat., πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἀπρεπία, ἡ, poet. for ἀπρέπεια.

ἀ-πρηκτος, Ion. for ἀπρακτος.

ἀ-πράντος, Ion. ἀπρήντος, ov, (a privat., πρᾶντων) implacable.

ἀπρίαντι, Adv. without price or ransom. [ἀτ] From

ἀ-πριάτος, η, ov, (a privat., πρίαμαι) unbought.

ἀ-πριγδα, prob. = ἀπρίξ.

ἀπρικτό-πληκτος, ov, (ἀπρίξ, πλήσσω) struck unceasingly.

ἀ-πρίξ, Adv. (a copul., πρῶω) properly with closed teeth, like ὀδᾶξ, Lat. mordicus: metaph. importunately, ceaselessly.

ἀ-πρόβουλος, ov, without previous design, unpremeditated. Adv. -λως, rashly, thoughtlessly.

ἀ-πρόθυμος, ov, not ready, disinclined, backward.

ἀ-προϊδής, ἐς, (a privat., προῖδέν) unforeseen.

ἀ-προμηθης, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-προνοήτως, Adv. of ἀπρονόητος, (a privat., προνοέω) without foresight or forethought, heedlessly.

ἀ-πρόξενος, ov, without a πρόξενος.

ἀ-πρόσποτος, ov, unforeseen.

ἀ-πρόσβατος, Dor. ἀποτίβατος, ov, inaccessible: of disease, not to be healed.

ἀ-προσδόκητος, ov, unexpected, unlooked for:—Adv. -τως. II. act. not expecting.

ἀ-προσήγορος, ov, (a privat., προσήγορος) not to be spoken to, stern, savage. II. act. not accosting, not greeting.

ἀ-πρόσικτος, ov, (a privat., προσικνέομαι) not to be reached or won.

ἀ-πρόσιτος, ov, (a privat., πρόσ-εμι) unapproachable.

ἀ-πρόσκεπτος, ov, (a privat., προσκείμεναι, fut. of προσκοπέω) unforeseen, not thought of beforehand.

ἀ-πρόσκλητος, ov, (a privat., προσκαλέω) not summoned to attend a trial.

ἀ-πρόσκοπος, ov, (a privat., προσκόπη) not striking against, not stumbling, void of offence.

ἀ-πρόσμαχος, ov, (a privat., προσμάχομαι) irresistible.

ἀ-πρόσμηκτος, ov, (a privat. προσμήγνυμι) holding no intercourse or commerce with others.

ἀ-πρόσοιστος, ov, (a privat., προσοίσω fut. of προσφέρω) not to be withstood, irresistible.

ἀ-προσδμίλος, ov, unusciabie.

ἀ-προστασίον γραφή, ἡ, (a privat., προστάτης) an indictment laid against a μέτοικος at Athens, for not having chosen a προστάτης or patron from among the citizens. The nom. ἀπροστασίον, τό, is not used.

ἀ-πρόσφορος, ov, (a privat., προσφέρω) unsuitable, inconvenient, dangerous.

ἀ-προσωπο-λήπτως, (a privat., πρόσωπον, λαμβάνω) Adv. without respect of persons.

ἀ-προτίμαστος, ov, Dor. for ἀ-πρόμαστος, (a privat., προσμάσσω) untouched, undefiled.

ἀ-προφάσιτος, ov, (a privat., προφασίζομαι) offer-

ing *no excuse, ready*. Adv. -τως, *without evasion, honestly*.

ἀ-πρόσφάτος, *ov*, (a privat., πρόφημι) *unforetold*.
ἀ-προφύλακτος, *ov*, (a privat., προφυλάσσομαι) *not guarded against, unforeseen*.

ἀ-πταιστός, *ov*, (a privat., πταίω) *not stumbling*; ἀπταιστότερον παρέχειν τὸν ἵππον *to make the horse less apt to stumble*.

ἀ-πτερος, *ov*, (a privat., πτερόν) *without wings, un-winged*: in Homer, τῇ δ' ἀπτερος ἔπλετο μῦθος *the speech was to her without wings, i. e. flew not away again, sank into her mind*; ἀπτερα πωτήματα *wingless flight*; of arrows, *unfeathered*; of young birds, etc., *unfledged, callow*; ἀπτερος φάτις *an unfledged, i. e. unconfirmed, report*.

ἀ-πτήν, gen. ἀπτήνος, δ, ἡ; dat. pl. ἀπτήσι: (a privat., πτηνός) *unfledged, callow, of young birds: unwinged*.

ἀ-προ-επής, *es*, (a privat., προέω, ἐπος) *undaunted in speech*.

ἀ-πτόλεμος, *ov*, poet. for ἀπόλεμος.

ἀπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπτώ) *touched, handled: to be touched, subject to the sense of touch*.

ἌΠΤΩ, f. ἄψω: aor. ἦψα.—Pass., aor. ἦφθην, Ep. ἐφθον: pf. ἦμμαι, Ion. ἄμμαι. *To fasten, fasten to or on, fix upon a thing*; ἐπὶ δ' ἄσπις ἐάφθη *his shield was fastened, i. e. clung closely, to him*:—more freq. as Med., ἄπτομαι, fut. ἄψομαι: aor. ἦψάμην:—*to fasten oneself to, hence to cling to, hang on by, grasp*; ἄψασθαι γούνων *to cling to one's knees*: later, *to engage in, undertake, begin*. 2. *to fasten upon, attack*. 3. *to touch, affect*. 4. *to grasp with the senses, apprehend, perceive*. 5. *to reach, overtake: to gain*. II. *to kindle, set on fire*:—Pass. *to take fire: to be set on fire*.

ἀ-πτώς, ὄρος, δ, ἡ, (a privat., πίπτω) *not falling or failing, unfalling*.

ἀ-πύλωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυλῶ) *not closed by a gate*.

ἀ-πυργος, *ov*, *without tower and wall, unfortified*.

ἀ-πύργωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυργῶ) *not girt with towers*.

ἀ-πύρος, *ov*, (a privat., πῦρ) *without fire*, in Homer only of tripods, *that have not yet been on the fire*, i. e. new; ἀπυρος οἶκος *a cold, cheerless house*; χρυσὸς ἀπυρος *unrefined*, opp. to ἀπεφθός; ἱερὰ ἀπυρα sacrifices in which no fire was used, but also not offered by fire, and so like = ἀθυστα, *unoffered*: ἀπ. ἀρβίς *a sting not forged by fire*, i. e. of the gadfly. Adv. -πως.

ἀ-πύρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., πυρώ) *not yet exposed to fire*.

ἀ-πυστος, *ov*, (a privat., πυνθάνομαι) *of which nothing has been learnt, unknown*. II. act. *having learnt nothing, ignorant*: c. gen. *ignorant of*.

ἀπύτης, δ, Dor. for ἡπύτης. [ἀπῦ-]

ἀπύω, Dor. for ἱπύω.

ἌΠΦΥΨ or ἀπφῦς, gen. φός, δ, a term of endearment used by children to their father, *papa*, Hebr. *Abba*.

ἀπ-φδός, ὄν, (ἀπό, φδή) *discordant, out of tune*.

ἄπωθεν, Adv. = ἄποθεν, *from afar*.

ἀπ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. ἰ ἀπέωσα or ἄπωσα:—*to thrust off, drive away*: of the wind, *to beat off, beat from one's course*: later, *to drive away from the land, banish*. 2. *to repel, drive back*. 3. in

Med. *to reject, disdain*. Hence

ἀπώθητος, *ov*, *thrust or driven away, rejected*.

ἀπώλεια, ἡ, (ἀπόλλυμι) *destruction: loss: waste*.

ἀπώλεσα, aor. ἰ of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀπώλομη, aor. 2 med., in pass. sense, of ἀπόλλυμι.

ἀ-πώματος, *ov*, (a privat., πῶμα) *without a lid*.

ἀπώμοσα, aor. ἰ of ἀπόμνυμι.

ἀπωμασία, ἡ, (ἀπόμνυμι) *a denial upon oath, as Att. law-term, opp. to ξωμοσία*.

ἀπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἀπόμνυμι) *forsworn, abjured, declared impossible with an oath, Lat. abjurandus*; βροτοῖσιν οὐδὲν ἐστ' ἀπώμοτον *mortals should never make a vow against anything*. II. act. *under oath not to do a thing*.

ἀπώσασθαι, aor. ἰ inf. of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπώσασθην, -σασθαι, aor. ἰ med. ind. and inf. of ἀπαθέω.

ἀπωσι-κύματος, *ov*, (ἀπαθέω, κύμα) *repelling waves*.

ἀπώσις, *ews, ἡ*, (ἀπαθέω) *a thrusting or driving away*.

ἀπωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀπαθέω) *thrust or driven away from*. II. *that can be driven away*.

ἀπώτερος, *a, ov*, Comp. Adv. (ἀπό) *further off*:—Sup. ἀπώτατος, ἡ, *ov*, *furthest off*.

ἀπώτερω, Comp. Adv. of ἀπώτερος: ἀπώτατά, Sup. Adv. of ἀπώτατος.

ἄρ, Ep. before a consonant for ἄρα.

ἌΡΑ, Ep. ῥά (which is enclitic), and before a consonant ἄρ: I. (EPIC USAGE): I. *then, straightway*; ὡς φάτω, Βῆθ' ἄρ' ὄνειρος *thus he spoke and then the dream proceeded*:—*then, next in order*, οἱ δ' ἄρ' Ἀθήνας εἶχον. 2. *explanation of a thing going before*; φῆθ' ῥ' ἀέκητι θεῶν φονγείν *for he said that he would flee*: with relat. Pron. ἄρα makes it more precise; ἐκ δ' ἔθορε κλήρος, ὃν ἄρ' ἤθελον αὐτοὶ just the one, the very one, which they wished. II.

ATTIC USAGE:—here it always is like οὖν, *then, therefore, so then*; κάλλιστον ἄρα ἡ ἀρετὴ *therefore you must allow virtue is best*; μάτην ἄρ', ὡς εἰοικεν, ἤκομεν *so it seems then we are come in vain*:—in questions, τίς ἄρα ῥύσεται; *who then is there to save?*—Ἄρα cannot begin a sentence.

ἄρᾱ, interrog. particle, a stronger form of ἄρα, usually expecting a negat. answer, Lat. *num?* 2. if an affirmative answer is expected, ἄρα οὐ is used, = Lat. *nonne?* 3. ἄρα is also used in exclamations; ὀδυνηρὸς ἄρ' ὁ πλοῦτος! *grievous then is wealth!*—In prose ἄρα always stands first in the sentence.

'ΑΡΑ', Ion. 'ΑΡΗ', ἡ, a prayer: in Homer mostly a prayer for evil, a curse, hence the effect of the curse, mischief, ruin. II. Ἄρα personified is the goddess of destruction and revenge, Lat. *Dira*.

ἀραβέω, f. ἴσω, *to rattle, ring, clang, swake of armour*. From

*ΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a rattling; ἀραβος ὀδόντων gnashing or grinding of teeth.

ἀραγμα, ατος, τό, and ἀραγμός, ὁ, (ἀράσσω) a clashing, rattling; ἀραγμος στέρνων beating of the breast in grief, Lat. *planctus*.

ἀραι, aor. I inf. of αἶρω.

*ΑΡΑΙΟΣ, Att. ἀραιός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, thin, narrow, weak, slight.

ἀραιός, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀρά) prayed to or entreated; Ζεὺς ἀραιός, = ἰκέσιος. 2. prayed against, accursed. II. act. cursing, bringing mischief upon.

ἀραιήκα, ἀραιηκάς, ἀραιημένος, ἀραιήτο, Ion. redupl. for ἤρηκα, ἤρηκάς, ἤρημένος, ἤρητο, pf. and plqpf. redupl. forms from αἶρέω.

ἀράμενος, aor. I med. part. of αἶρω.

ἀράομαι: f. ἀσσομαι [ᾗ], Ion. ἤσομαι: pf. ἤραμαι only found in compos.: Dep.: (ἀρά) —to pray to a god. 2. to pray or vow that a thing may happen, c. inf. 3. to pray something for one, sometimes in good sense, but mostly in bad, to imprecate upon one; esp. with cognate acc., ἀρὰς ἀρᾶσθαι τινι to imprecate curses upon one.

ἀράρε, Dor. for ἀρηρε, 3 sing. pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω in intr. sense, it is fixed, decreed: but, II. ἀράρε, Ep. for ἤραρε, aor. 2 in trans. sense, appeased, satisfied.

ἀράρειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἀραρίσκω. ἀραρίσκω, redupl. pres. from the Root *ἄρω: I. trans. in pres. and impf., in f. ἄρω Ion. ἄρωσ: aor. I ἤρασ Ion. ἄρασ: aor. 2 ἤραρον Ep. ἄραρον: —to join, fasten, fit together: fit or furnish with a thing. II. intr. in Pass. and Med., in perf. ἀρηρα Att. ἀραρα, Ep. part. fem. ἀραραία: plqpf. ἤραρειν [ᾗ]: also pf. pass. part. ἀρηρημένος, and Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. ἀραμενος: —to be joined closely together: to be fitted closely, fit well: to be fixed: to be fitting, meet, or suitable.

ἀράρον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω: part. ἀραρών. ἀραρώς, ἀραραία, Ep. ἀραραία, ἀραρός, perf. part. of ἀραρίσκω, fitted, fitting: —Adv. —ότως.

ἀράσσω, Att. —ττω: f. ἀράω Dor. —αῶ: aor. ἤρασα Ep. ἄρασα: —Pass., aor. I ἤράχθην: (a euphon., βάσσω): —to strike hard, dash in pieces, with collat. notion of rattling, clanging, as of horses; πύλας ἀράσσειν to knock furiously at the gates; metaph., ἀράσειεν ὀνειδέσι to strike with reproaches: —Pass. to dash one against other with a noise, to clash, rattle. [ᾗ] ἀρατός Ion. ἀρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀράομαι) prayed for. 2. accursed, unblest.

ἀράχνηος, α, ον, of or belonging to a spider. From *ΑΡΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, = ἀράχνης. II. a spider's web, cobweb, Lat. *aranea*.

*ΑΡΑΧΝΗΣ, ὁ, a spider, Lat. *araneus*. Hence ἀράχνηον, τό, a spider's web, cobweb.

*ΑΡΑΪ, αβος, ὁ, an Arab: also *Αραβος, ον, ὁ. *ΑΡΒΥΛΗ, ἡ, a strong shoe, coming up to the ankle, used by hunters, travellers, etc., a half-boot. [ῦ] ἀρβυλῆς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἀρβύλη.

ἀράχνης, Dor. for ἀρηχῆς. ἀργαῖος, Dor. for ἀρηγῆς. ἀργαῖος, α, ον, (ἀργός, as if ἀλγαῖός) hard, painful, grievous, Lat. *gravis*: also of persons, troublesome.

ἀργός, contr. for ἀρηγῆς. *ΑΡΓΕΙ-ΦΟΝΤΗΣ, ον, ὁ, for *Αργο-φονευτής, (*Αργος, φονεύω) slayer of Argus.

ἀργελοφοι, ον, οἶ, the feet of a sheepskin: generally, offal, refuse. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀργενός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἀργός, white, mostly of sheep.

ἀργεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἀργός) white. II. paroxytone, ἀργέστης, ον, ὁ, epith. of the South wind, clearing, brightening, like Horace's *Notus albus, detergens nubila caelo*. 2. later, from being the epithet of Ζέφυρος, it was the north-west wind, the Athenian σκίρων.

ἀργῆτι, ἀργέτα, poet. dat. and acc. for ἀρηγῆτι, ἀρηγῆτα, from ἀρηγῆς, white.

ἀργέω, f. ἤσω, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) to be idle, do nothing: of a field, to lie fallow. II. trans. to leave a thing undone: —Pass. to be left undone: to be fruitless.

ἀργαῖος Dor. ἀργαῖός, εσσα, εν, contr. ἀργᾶς, gen. ἀργάντος, = ἀρηγῆς.

ἀρηγῆς, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, also with poet. dat. and acc. ἀρηγῆτι, ἀργέτα: (ἀργός): —white, bright, vivid.

ἀρηγστής, οὔ, ὁ, = ἀρηγῆς, white, glancing.

ἀργία, ἡ, = ἀεργία, (ἀργός = ἀεργός) idleness, laziness: in good sense, leisure.

ἀρηι-κεραυνος, ον, (ἀρηγῆς, κεραυνός) with white, vivid lightning.

ἀργιλλος or ἀργίλος, ἡ, (ἀργός) white clay, potter's earth, Lat. *argilla*.

ἀργιλλ-ώδης or ἀργιλ-ώδης, ες, (ἀργιλλος, εἶδος) like clay, clayey.

ἀργινοῖος, εσσα, εν, = ἀργός, white, shining.

ἀρηι-όδους, ὀδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀργός, ὀδούς) white-toothed, white-tusked.

ἀρηι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀργός, πούς) swift-footed or white-footed.

ἀρημα, τό, (ἀρηω) only used in plur. ἀρηματα = ἀπαρχαί, the firstlings at a sacrifice.

*ΑΡΓΟΛΙΣ, f. ἰσά, to take the part of Argos. From *Αργολίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Argolis, a district in Peloponnesus. 2. as Adj. ὁ, ἡ, of Argolis, Argolic.

*Αργος, εος, τό, name of several Greek cities, of which that in the Peloponnesus is best known: in Homer it is also put for the district Argolis, or even for the whole Peloponnesus.

*ΑΡΓΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, shining, bright, glistening; πύδας ἀργοί as epith. of dogs, swift-footed, because: rapid motion is accompanied by a kind of flickering light.

ἀργός, ὄν, contr. from ἀεργός, (a privat., ἐργόν) not working, esp. not working the ground: hence doing nothing, idle, lazy: c. gen. rei, idle at a thing, free from it, ἀργός πύνας: of land, lying fallow. II. pass. not done, Lat. *infectus*: unattempted.

ἀργυρ-άχχη, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, ἄγχω) *silver-quinsy*, which Demosthenes was said to have, when he held back from appearing in public on the plea of quinsy, though really (it was alleged) because he was bribed.

ἀργῦρ-ἀμοιβός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ἀμείβω) a *money-changer*.

ἀργῦρειον, τό, a *silver-mine*. Properly neut. from ἀργῦρειος or ἀργῦρεῖος, *ov*, = ἀργῦρεος, ἀργυρεῖα μέταλλα *silver-mines*.

ἀργῦρεος or ἀργῦρέος, α, *ov*, contr. ἀργῦρούς, ἄ, *ov*, (ἀργυρος) *silver*, of *silver*.

ἀργῦρ-ἡλάτος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, ἐλαίνω) *wrought of silver*.

ἀργῦριδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀργῦριον.

ἀργῦριον, τό, (ἀργῦρος) a *piece of silver*: hence 'silver,' i. e. *money, cash*.

ἀργῦρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) a *silver vessel*.

ἀργῦρίτης [Ὶ], fem. ἀργῦριτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἀργυρος) of or *belonging to silver*: as Subst. (sub. γῆ), *silver-ore*.

ἀργῦρο-δίνη, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, δίνη) *running in silver eddies*, epith. of rivers. [Ὶ]

ἀργῦρο-εἰδής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, εἶδος) *like silver*.

ἀργῦρ-ἦλος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, ἦλος) *silver-studded*.

ἀργῦρο-κόπος, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, κόπτω) a *worker in silver*, *silversmith*.

ἀργῦρολογέω, (ἀργυρολόγος) to *levy money*: c. acc. to *lay a country under contribution*. Hence

ἀργῦρολογία, ἡ, a *levying of money*.

ἀργῦρο-λόγος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, λέγω) *levying money*.

ἀργῦρ-πέξια, ἡ, (ἀργυρος, πέξα) *silver-footed*: also ἀργῦρ-πέξος, *ov*.

ἀργῦρο-ποιός, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ποιέω) a *worker in silver*.

ἀργῦρ-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -πούς, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀργυρος, πούς) *with silver feet*.

ἀργῦρορ-ρύτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ἀργυρος, ῥέω) *silver-flowing*. [ῤῥ]

ἀργῦρος, ὁ, (ἀργός, white) like Lat. *arg-entum*, the *white metal*, i. e. *silver*, first in Homer. 2. *silver-money, money*.

ἀργῦρ-τόξος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, τόξον) *with silver bow*, epith. of Apollo.

ἀργῦρο-φειγής, ἐς, (ἀργυρος, φέγω) *silver-shining*.

ἀργῦρορ, f. ὤσω, (ἀργυρος) to *turn into silver*. 2. to *reward with silver*:—Pass. to be so rewarded.

ἀργῦρ-ώδης, ἐς, = ἀργυροειδής. 2. *rich in silver*.

ἀργῦρ-ῶμα, ματος, τό, (ἀργυρόω) *silver-plate*.

ἀργῦρ-ῶνητος, *ov*, (ἀργυρος, ἄνεμα) *bought with silver*.

ἀργῦρ-ῶφος, α, *ov*, (ἀργυρος) *silver-white*. [ῤῥ]

ἀργῦρ-ῶφος, *ov*, = ἀργῦρ-ῶφος, epith. of sheep.

Ἄργῳ, ὅς, contr. οὖς, ὁ, (ἀργός, swift) the *Argo* or ship in which Jason sailed to Colchis.

ἀρδῆ-ῶ, f. σα, = ἀρδω, to *water*, Lat. *irrigare*.

ἀρδῆ-ην, Adv. contr. for ἀέρδην, (αἶρω) *lifted up*, *raised on high*. II. *utterly*, Lat. *penitus*.

Ἄρῃ-Δις, ἐως, ἡ, the *point of anything*, an *arrow-head*: a *sting*.

ἄρδμός, ὁ, a *watering*: a *watering-place*. From

*ἌΡΔΩ, f. ἄρσω: aor. ἴ ἤρσα:—to *water cattle*, *give them to drink*:—Pass. to *drink*. 2. of rivers, to *water land*, Lat. *irrigare*. II. *metaph. to refresh, foster*.

*Ἀρθέουσα, ἡ, name of several fountains, perhaps for

*Ἀρδουσα, *waterer*: the most famous was at Syracuse.

ἄραια, Ion. ἀρεῖη, ἡ, (ἀρά) *cursing, threatening language*.

*Ἄρειος, *ov* also α, *ov*, Ion. Ἄρηϊος, η, *ov*, (*Ἄρης) *warlike, martial*, Lat. *Mavortius*: Comp. Ἄρειότερος, α, *ov*, = ἀρείων.

*Ἄρειος πάγος, ὁ, *bill of Ares, Mars' Hill*, over against the Acropolis at Athens on the west side. Here was held the highest judicial court, called by the same name: *capital crimes* came specially under its jurisdiction.

ἀρείοτερος, α, *ov*, = ἀρείων.

Ἄρει-τολμος, *ov*, (*Ἄρης, τόλμα) *full of martial boldness*.

*Ἄρει-φάτος, Ep. Ἄρηϊφάτος, *ov*, (*Ἄρης, πέφαται 3 sing pf. Pass. of *φένω) *slain by Ares*, i. e. *slain in war*.

2. later generally = Ἄρειος, *martial*.

ἀρείων, ὁ, ἡ, -ον, τό, gen. ονος, *better, stronger, braver*: it serves as Comp. of ἀγαθός. (On the deriv., see *Ἄρης.)

ἄ-ρεκτος, *ov*, poet. for ἀρρεκτος, *undone*.

ἀρέμοι, Ion. for ἀράμοι.

ἀρέσαι, ἀρέσασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of ἀρέσκα.

ἀρεσάσθω Ep. ἀρεσασάσθω, 3 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of ἀρέσκα.

ἀρέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἶρω.

ἀρεσκεία, ἡ, (ἀρέσκα) a *desire to please, complaisance*: in bad sense, *obsequiousness, flattery*.

ἀρεσκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρέσκα, *agreeably*.

ἀρεσκος, η, *ov*, *desirous to please, complaisant*: in bad sense, *obsequious, flattering*. From

ἀρέσκα: fut. ἀρέσω: aor. ἴ ἤρσα, inf. ἀρέσαι: pf. ἀρήρεκα:—Med., fut. ἀρέσμαι Ep. ἀρέσσομαι: aor. ἴ ἤρσαμαι, Ep. part. ἀρεσσάμενος:—Pass., aor. ἴ ἤρσθη: (*ἄρω, ἄρω):—to *make good, make it up*, ταῦτα δ' ἀρεσσόμεθα this will we make up among ourselves; ἄψ ἀρέσαι to *make amends*: c. acc. pers. to *conciliate, propitiate*, αὐτὸν ἀρεσάσσω ἐπέεσσιν; c. gen. rei, ἀρέσαντο φρένας αἵματος they *sated their heart with blood*:—Pass. to be contented, acquiesce.

II. c. dat. pers., to be *pleasing to, gratify, please, flatter*, ταῦτα ἀρέσκει μοι; ἀρέσκειν τρόπος τινός to conform to his ways:—impers., ἤρεσέ σφι ταῦτα ποιεῖν it pleased them to do so.

ἀρεστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἀρέσκα, *pleasing, grateful*: *acceptable, approved*. Adv. -τάς.

ἀρετάω, f. ἤσω, (ἀρετή) to be *fit or proper, to thrive, prosper*.

ἀρετή, ἡ, *goodness, excellence*, of any kind; but in Homer, like Lat. *virtus* (from vir), *manhood, prowess, valour*: also *manly beauty, dignity*, etc. 2. in Prose, of the *virtues* of land, fountains, etc. 3. *excellence*

in art or workmanship, skill. II. in moral sense, goodness, virtue:—also character for virtue, reputation, merit. (For deriv. see **Ἀρης*.)

ἀρη, ἦ, Ion. and Hom. for ἀρά.

ἀρηαι, Ep. for ἀρη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἶρω.

ἀρηγοσύνη, ἦ, = ἀρηγίς.

**ΑΡΗΤΩ*, f. ἔω, to help, aid, succour in war, c. dat. 2. absol. to be of use, be fit; ἵσταν ἀρήγει it is meet to be silent. II. c. acc. rei, to ward off, prevent, ἀρήγειν ἄλωσιν; also, ἀρήγειν τινί τι to ward off from one, to avert the capture, as φόνον τέκνους ἀρήγειν. (Same Root as ἀρκέω, Lat. arceo.)

ἀρηγών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἦ, a helper, aid.

Αρηΐ-θοος*, ον, (Ἀρης*, θοός) swift as *Ares*, swift in war.

Αρηΐ-κτάμενος*, η, ον, (Ἀρης*, κτείνω) slain by *Ares* or in war.

**Αρηΐος*, η, ον, Ion. for **Αρείος*.

**Αρηΐ-φάτος*, ον, Ion. for **Αρεί-φάτος*.

Αρηΐ-φίλος*, ὁ, ἦ, also η, ον, (Ἀρης*, φίλος) dear to *Ares*.

ἀρήμεναι, an Ion. infin., prob. for ἀρᾶν, to pray, an act. form of ἀράσθαι (from ἀράομαι).

ἀρημένος, η, ον, distressed, harassed, = βεβλαμμένος. (Origin uncertain.)

ἀρηγίς, εως, ἦ, (ἀρηγῶ) help, succour. II. c. gen. rei, help against a thing, means of averting it.

ἀρηρα, pf. med. of ἀραρίσκω: plpf. ἀρηρεν.

ἀρηρεμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἀρηροκα, ἀρηρομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀρόω.

ἀρηρομένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρόω.

**ΑΡΗΣ*, ὁ: gen. **Αρείος* or **Αρείως* (never **Αρούς*): dat. **Αρεί*, Att. contr. **Αρει*, poet. **Αρη*: acc. **Αρη*, also **Αρην* and **Αρεα*: voc. **Αρες*: Ion. and Ep. declension **Αρης*, ηῖ, ηα. *Ares*, Lat. *Mars*, son of *Jupiter* and *Juno*, the god of war and destruction, the spirit of strife, plague, famine. Hence often used to denote war, slaughter, murder, etc. (Akin to ἀρηρῆν, ἀρηρῆν, as the Lat. *Mars* to *mas*. From the same Root come ἀρετή, ἀρι-, ἀρείων, ἀριστος, the first notion of goodness being that of manhood, bravery in war: cf. Lat. *virtus*.)

ἀρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ: fem. ἀρήτειρα, (ἀράομαι) properly one that prays: hence a priest, priestess. [ā]

ἀρητός, Ion. for ἀρατός.

ἀρηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αἶρω.

ἀρηρῆν, Aeol. for ἦρησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of αἶρω.

ἀρθμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρθμός) to be joined together.

ἀρθμιος, α, ον, joined, united: at peace with another:—as Subst. ἀρθμια, ον, τὰ, peaceful relations, concord.

ἀρθμός, ὁ, (ἀραρίσκω) a bond, league: friendship.

ἀρθρον, τό, (ἀραρίσκω) a joint, esp. the socket of the joint: in plur. the limbs; often joined with some other word, as ἀρθρα ποδῶν the ankles; ἀρθρα τῶν κυκλάων the eyes; ἀρθρα στόματος the mouth. Hence ἀρθρώω, f. ὤσω, to fasten by joints: to articulate, utter distinctly: also to nerve, strengthen.

ἀρθρ-ώδης, ες, (ἀρθρον, εἶδος) well-jointed.

**ΑΡΙ-*, insep. Prefix, like ἐρι-, strengthening the notion conveyed by its compd.: of same root with ἀρης, ἀρείων, ἀριστος.

ἀρι-γνώς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἦ, = ἀρίγνωτος.

ἀρι-γνώτος, η, ον, also ὄς, ον, easy to be known, well-known: in bad sense, notorious, infamous.

ἀρι-δακρῦς, υ, gen. vos, (ἀρι-, δάκρυ) much weeping, very tearful.

ἀρι-δάλος, Dor. for ἀρίδηλος.

ἀρι-δείκετος, ον, (ἀρι-, δείκνυμι) much shown: hence famous: Homer also uses it as a Sup., ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν most renowned of men.

ἀρι-δηλος, ον, very clear or conspicuous, far-seen, of mountains: manifest, much known.

ἀρι-ζηλος, ον, also η, ον, Ep. form of ἀρίδηλος, very conspicuous or manifest. Adv. -λως.

ἀρι-ζήλωτος, ον, very envious.

ἀριθματος, ον, Dor. for ἀρίθημος.

ἀριθμῆντι, Dor. for ἀριθμοῦσι, 3 pl. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀριθμός) to number, count, reckon up: to count out. 2. to reckon, count.

ἀριθμηθήμεναι, Ep. for ἀριθμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀριθμέω.

ἀριθμημα, ατος, τό, (ἀριθμέω) a number.

ἀριθμησις, εως, ἦ, a counting or reckoning up.

ἀριθμητικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for numbering or reckoning, skilled therein: ἦ -κή (sc. τέχνη), arithmetic. Adv. -κῶς, arithmetically.

ἀριθμητός, ἦ, ὄν, easily numbered, few in number: οὐκ ἀριθμητός, not counted, held of no account, Lat. *nullo in numero habitus*.

ἀριθμός, ὁ, number, a number, Lat. *numerus*. 2. *atoumi*, size, etc., πολλὸς ἀριθμὸς χρόνου. 3. *number*, as a mark of worth, rank, etc.; μετ' ἀνδρῶν ἴζεσθαι ἀριθμῶ to sit in rank among men; οὐκ ἐν ἀριθμῶ εἶναι, like Lat. *nullo esse in numero*, to be in no account.

4. *mere number, quantity*, opp. to *quality or worth*; λόγων ἀριθμὸς a mere set of words; so of men, οὐκ ἀριθμὸς ἄλλως not a mere lot, like Horace's *nos numerus sumus*. II. a numbering, counting; ἀριθμὸν ποιεῖσθαι τῆς στρατιῆς to hold a muster of the army. 2. *numeration*.

ἀρι-, = ἀρις.

**Αριος*, α, ον, old word for Μηδικός, Median.

ἀρι-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρι-, πρέπω) very stately or showy, very splendid.

ἀρις, = ἀρις.

ἀρι-σημος, ον, (ἀρι-, σῆμα) very remarkable: very plain or manifest.

ἀριστ-αθλος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀθλον) victorious in the contest.

ἀριστ-αρχος, ον, (ἀριστος, ἀρχός) best-ruling.

ἀριστ-ατάφυλος, ον, (ἀρι-, σταφύλη) rich in grapes.

ἀριστάω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἤρισθηκα, syncop. I pl. ἤρισταμεν, syncop. inf. ἤριστάναι: (ἀριστον)—to take the morning meal, Lat. *prandere*: generally, to take any meal, cf. ἀριστον.

ἀριστία, ἦ, (ἀριστεύω) the feats of the hero that

upon the meed of valour (τὰ ἀριστεία), any great, heroic action. Single books of the Iliad were so called, in which the deeds of some one hero are described, e. g. Book 5 is Διομήδους ἀριστεία.

ἀριστεία, τά, always in plur., (ἀριστεύω) the prize of the bravest, meed of valour.

ἀριστερός, ἄ, ὄν, left, on the left; ἐν ἀριστερά towards the left; ἐξ ἀριστερῶν on the left.

2. ἡ ἀριστερά (with or without χεῖρ), the left hand. 3. metaph. boding ill, ominous, because to a Greek augur, looking northward, the unlucky signs came from the left. 4. of men, left-handed, clumsy, like French gauche. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀριστεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἀριστος) the best man: in Homer mostly in plur. ἀριστῆς, Lat. optimates, the noblest chiefs, princes.

ἀριστεύω, 3 sing. Ion. impf. ἀριστεύεσκε: f. εὖσω: (ἀριστός):—to be the best or bravest; Τρώων ἀριστεύεσκε he was the best of the Trojans; ἀριστεύειν τι to be best in a thing; c. inf., ἀριστεύεσκε μάχεσθαι he was best at fighting.

ἀριστηῖον, Ion. for ἀριστεῖον.

ἀριστηῖω, f. ἰσω, (ἀριστον) to give one breakfast:—Med. to breakfast.

ἀριστίνδην, Adv. (ἀριστος) according to rank or merit.

ἀριστοκρατία, ἡ, (ἀριστος, κρατεῖν) the rule of the best-born or nobles, an aristocracy. Hence

ἀριστοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, aristocratical.

ἀριστόμαντις, ἔως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, μάντις) best of prophets.

ἀριστομάχος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, μάχη) fighting best.

*ΑΡΙΣΤΟΝ, τό, a morning meal, breakfast, taken at sunrise: later, the midday meal, the Roman prandium.

ἀριστόνοος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, νόος) of the best disposition.

ἀριστοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀριστον, ποιέω) to prepare breakfast; τὰ ἀριστοποιούμενα things prepared for breakfast:—Med. to get one's breakfast.

ἀριστος, ὄν, best in its kind, used as Sup. to ἀγαθός: of persons, best, i. e. bravest or noblest: c. inf., ἀριστο μάχεσθαι best to fight; ἀριστος ἀπατάσθαι best, easiest to cheat:—In Att. best, i. e. most excellent: neut. pl. ἀριστα as Adv., best, most excellently: contr. with article, ἀριστος Hom., ἀριστος, Att., ἄριστος Dor. (On deriv., see *Αρης.)

ἀριστοτόκεια, ἡ, poet. fem. of

ἀριστοτόκος, ὄν, (ἀριστος, τεκεῖν) bearing the best children.

ἀριστόχειρ, ειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, χεῖρ) with the best hand; ἀγὼν ἀριστόχειρ a contest won by the stoutest hand.

ἀριστῶδιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀριστος, ὠδῖς) bearing the best children.

ἀρισφάλης, ἔς, (ἀρι-, σφάλλειν) very slippery or treacherous.

ἀριφράδης, ἔς, (ἀρι-, φράζομαι) easily known, very

manifest: clearly visible. Adv. ἀριφραδέως, very plainly.

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, = ἀρκετιος, of a bear.

ἀρκέωντας, Att. contr. ἀρκούντας, Adv. pres. part. of ἀρκέω, enough; ἀρκούντως ἔχει it is enough.

ἄρκευς, ἔως, ἡ, (ἀρκέω) help, aid, service.

ἀρκετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρκέω) sufficient. Adv. —τῶς.

ἄρκεῖν, Ion. for ἀρκούν, pres. part. neut. of

*ΑΡΚΕΨΩ, f. ἔσω: aor. I ἤρκεσα:—pf. pass. ἤρκεσμαι:—Lat. ARCEO, to ward off, keep off: c. dat. only, to assist, aid. II. to be of use, avail, be strong enough, mostly c. inf.: also c. dat. to suffice, satisfy: absol. to be enough, be strong enough. 2. impers., ἀρκεί μοι it is enough for me, I am well content; ἀρκεῖν δοκεῖ it seems enough, seems good.

III. Pass. to be satisfied, contented with a thing. (The Root is the same as that of ἀργῶω.)

ἄρκιος, α, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, safe, sure; vñν ἀρκιον ἡ ἀπολέσθαι ἢ σαωθῆναι now it is safe that we perish or be saved; ἀρκιος μισθός a sure reward.

II. enough, sufficient.

ἀρκούντως, contr. for ἀρκέωντως.

ἄρκελος, α, ὄν, (ἀρκτος) of a bear.

ἀρκετόν, verb. Adj. of ἀρχομαι, one must begin. II. (from ἀρχω) one must govern. 2. in pass. sense, one must be ruled, i. e. one must obey.

*ΑΡΚΤΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a bear. 2. Ἄρκτος, ἡ, the great bear or Charles's wain, elsewhere ἄμαξα: hence the north pole, or generally, the North.

*Αρκτοούρος, ὁ, (ἀρκετος, οὐρος) Arcturus or Bear-guard, a bright star close behind the Bear, also called Boötes.

II. the time of his rising, the middle of September.

*Αρκοφύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (ἀρκετος, φύλαξ) = Ἄρκοῦπος, Arctophylax, the bear-keeper.

*ΑΡΚΥΣ, Att. ἄρκυς, vos, ἡ, a net, bunter's net, Lat. cassis; ἄρκυς ξίφους the toils, i. e. perils, of the sword.

ἄρκυ-στασία, ἡ, ὄν

ἄρκυ-στάσιον, τό, (ἀρκυς, ἴσσημι) a line of nets.

ἀρκύ-σπατος, ἡ, ὄν, ὄς, ὄν, (ἀρκυς, ἴσσημι) surrounded with nets; ἀρκυστάτη πημονή death amid the toils: ἀρκύστατον, τό, a net or place beset with nets.

ἄρκυ-ωρός, ὁ, (ἀρκυς, οὐρος) a watcher of nets.

ἄρμα, ατος, τό, (same Root as ἀρμός, ἀρμόζω) a chariot, war-chariot, car. 2. chariot and horses, the yoked chariot: also the horses.

ἄρμαλία, ἡ, (ἀρμόζω) sustenance allotted, food.

ἄρμ-ἄμαξα, ἡς, ἡ, (ἄρμα, ἄμαξα) an eastern carriage with a cover, esp. for women and children.

ἄρμάτειος, α, ὄν, (ἄρμα) of or belonging to a chariot: esp. of music, whether of a mournful or martial cast.

ἄρματῶω, f. ἰσω, (ἄρμα) to drive a chariot, go therein.

ἄρματηλάσια, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

ἄρματῆλάτης, f. ἰσω, to drive a chariot. From

ἄρματ-ηλάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἄρμα, ἐλαύνω) a driver of chariots, charioteer.

ἀρματο-κτύπος, *ον*, (ἄρμα, κτυπέω) *rattling with chariots.*

ἀρματο-πηγός, *όν*, (ἄρμα, πήγνυμι) *making chariots; ἀρματοπηγός, ό, a wheelwright, chariot-maker.*

ἀρματο-τροφέω, *ί, ήσω*, (ἄρμα, τρέφω) *to keep chariot horses, esp. for racing. Hence*

ἀρματοτροφία, *ή, a keeping of chariot horses.*

ἀρματο-τροχίω *Ion.* —*λή, ή, (ἄρμα, τροχός) the course of a chariot, wheel-track.*

ἀρματοπλία, *ή, = ἀρματηλασία.*

ἄρμενα, *τά, the tackle or rigging of a ship: any tools or implements, like ὄπλα.* (From same Root as ἄρμος, ἀρμόζω.)

ἄρμενος, *η, ον*, *Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἀρρίσκω.*

ἀρμόδιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (ἀρμόζω) *fitting together: hence well-fitting, agreeable.*

ἀρμόζω, *Att. ἀρμόττω, Dor. ἀρμόσδω* : *f. ἀρμόσσω* : *ἄρ. I ἤρμωσα* : *pf. ἤρμωκα* :—*Pass., aor. I ἤρμόσθην* :

pf. ἤρμωσαι : (ἀρμός, ἄρω) :—*to fit together, join, esp. of joiner's work* :—*Med. to join for oneself, put together : to prepare, make ready.* 2. of marriage, *to give in marriage* :—*Med. to marry, take to wife* :

—*Pass. to be married to.* 3. *to bind fast.* 4. *to set in order, arrange, govern.* II. *intrans. to fit, fit well : to be adapted, fit for.*

III. *impers., ἀρμόζει it is fitting, Lat. decet, c. inf.; σιγῶν ἂν ἀρμόζου.*

ἄρμοι, *Adv., = ἀρτι, just, newly, lately.* (Properly an old dat. of ἀρμός.)

ἄρμο-λογέω, *ί, ήσω*, (ἀρμός, λέγω) *to join together.*

ἄρμονία, *ή, (ἀρμόζω) a fitting together: a joint.* II. *a union between persons, covenant.* III. *an ordinance, decree; hence fate.*

IV. *as a term in music, harmony, concord.* 2. *in Rhet. the intonation of the voice.*

3. *generally, harmony, agreement, etc.; δύστροπος γυναικῶν ἀρμονία woman's perverse temper.*

ἀρμονικός, *ή, όν*, (ἀρμόζω) *skilled in music: τὰ ἀρμονικά the theory of music.*

ἄρμός, *ό, (ἄ for ἄμα, ἄρω) a joining, a joint; ἀρμός χώματος λιθοσπαθής a joint or opening in the tomb made by tearing away the stones.*

ἄρμόσδω, *Dor. for ἀρμόζω.*

ἄρμωσμα, *ατος, τό, (ἀρμόζω) joined work.*

ἄρμωστήρ, *ήρος, ό, = sq. : poet., also ἀρμόστωρ, a commander.*

ἄρμωστής, *οὔ, ό, (ἀρμόζω) one who arranges or governs, a governor: esp. a barmost, the governor of the Greek islands and towns in Asia Minor sent out by the Lacedaemonians during their supremacy: also the governor of a dependent colony.*

ἄρμόττω, *Att. for ἀρμόζω, q. v.*

ἄρνα, *acc. with no nom. in use, dual ἄρνε, plur. ἄρνες, etc.; v. sub ἀρνός.*

ἀρνάκις, *ίδος, ή, (ἀρνός) a sheep's skin.*

ἀρνεϊος, *α, ον*, (ἀρνός) *of a lamb or sheep; ἄρνεϊος φόνος slaughtered sheep.*

ἀρνεϊός, *ό, (ἀρνός) a young ram: but as Adj., ἀρνεϊός ός a male sheep.*

ἀρνεο-θιόνης, *ον, ό, (ἀρνός, θιόνάω) feasting on sheep.*

'ΑΡΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ, *fut. ήσμαι* : *aor. I pass. ἤρνηθην*, but also *aor. med. I ἤρνησάμην* : *Dep. :—opp. to εἰπεῖν, to deny* : *opp. to δοῦνα, to refuse* : *absol. to say no, decline* : *c. inf. to refuse to do.*

ἀρνευτήρ, *ήρος, ό, (ἀρνεύω) a tumbler: also a diver.*

ἀρνεύω, *ί, σω*, (ἀρνός) *to frisk like a lamb, tumble.*

ἀρνήσιμος, *ος, ον*, (ἀρνεύω) *to be denied.*

ἀρνήσις, *εως, ή, (ἀρνήσις) denial.*

ἀρνίον, *τό, Dim. of ἀρνός, a young lamb, lambkin.*

'ΑΡΝΟ'Σ, *τοῦ, τής, gen. of an obsol. nom. *ἄρns, the nom. in use being ἀρνός* : *dat. ἀρνί, acc. ἄρνα* ; *du. ἄρνε* ; *pl. ἄρνες, gen. ἀρνῶν, dat. ἀρνάσι (Ep. ἄρνεσσι), acc. ἄρνας* :—*a lamb, Lat. agnus, agna* : also *a sheep.*

ἄρνούμαι, *defect. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., length. form of αἰρῶμαι, to receive for oneself, gain, earn, carry off as a prize.*

ἄρξέμμαι, *Dor. for ἄρξομαι, fut. of ἄρχομαι.*

ἄρῶμη, *Ep. aor. 2 med. of αἰρῶ.*

ἄρον, *ἄρω, aor. I imperat. of αἰρῶ.*

ἄρῶσιμος, *ον*, (ἄρῶ) *arable, fruitful: metaph. fit for engendering children.*

ἄρῶσις, *εως, ή, (ἄρῶ) a ploughing, tillage.* II. *arable land, corn-land, Lat. arvum.*

ἄροτήρ, *ήρος, ό, (ἄρῶ) a ploughman, busbandman; βοῦς ἄροτήρ a steer for ploughing.* II. *metaph. a father.*

ἄρότης, *ον, ό, = ἄροτήρ, a ploughman; Περιδῶν ἄρόται labourers of the Muses, i. e. poets.*

ἄροτος, *ό, (ἄρῶ) tillage, ploughing, busbandry; ζῆν ἀπ' ἄροτος to live by busbandry.* 2. *the crop, fruit of the field* : also *a field.* II. *the season of tillage, seed-time.*

ἄροτραίος, *α, ον*, (ἄροτρον) *of corn-land.*

ἄροτρεῦς, *εως, ό, = ἄροτήρ. Hence*

ἄροτρεύω, *ί, σω, = ἄρῶ, to plough.*

ἄροτρήτης, *ον, ό, of or for the plough.*

ἄροτριάω, *ί, ἄσω [ἄ], = ἄρῶ, to plough.*

ἄροτρο-δίαιλος, *ό, (ἄροτρον, δίαυλος) one who ploughs to and fro, like a runner in the diaulos.*

ἄροτρο-πόνος, *ον*, (ἄροτρον, πόνος) *labouring at the plough.*

ἄροτρο-φορέω, *ί, ήσω*, (ἄροτρον, φέρω) *to draw the plough.*

ἄροτρον, *τό, (ἄρῶ) a plough, Lat. aratrum.*

ἄροῦμαι [ἄ], *fut. med. of αἰρῶ* : but ἄροῦμαι [ἄ] *of αἰρῶ.*

ἄρουρα, *ή, (ἄρῶ) tilled or arable land, seed-land, corn-land, Lat. arvum* : also *generally, soil, land; πατρὶς ἄρουρα father-land* :—*metaph. of a woman as giving birth to children. Hence*

ἄρουραῖος, *α, ον*, *belonging to corn-land, rustic; μῦς ἀρουραῖος a field-mouse.*

ἄρούριον, *τό, Dim. of ἄρουρα.*

ἄρουρο-πόνος, *ον*, (ἄρουρα, πόνος) *working in the field.*

'ΑΡΟ'Ω : *f. όσω, poet. ὄσσω* : *aor. I ήρῶσα* : *pf.*

ἀρῆροκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤροθῆν pf. ἀρῆρομαι:—to plough, till, Lat. arare. II. to sow, ἀρούν εἰς κήπους. 2. metaph. of the husband, to beget: Pass. of the child, to be begotten.

ἀρώσι, Ep. for ἀρούσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἀρώω.
ἀρπᾶγή, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) seizure, robbery, rape. II. the thing seized, booty, plunder. III. rapacity.

ἀρπάγη, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a book for drawing up a bucket. 2. a rake, Lat. harpāgo.

ἄρπαγμα, ματος, τό, (ἀρπάξω) that which is seized, booty, plunder.

ἄρπαγμός, ὁ, (ἀρπάξω) robbery. 2. anything that is seized, plunder.

ἌΡΠΑΞΩ: fut. ἀρπάξω, Att. ἀρπάσω or ἀρπάσομαι: aor. I ἤρπαξα, Att. ἤρπασα: pf. ἤρπακα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρπαχθην or ἤρπασθην: aor. 2 ἤρπαγην [ᾶ]: pf. ἤρπαγμα or ἤρπασμα:—to ravish away, to carry off: in part., ἀρπάξας φέρειν, Lat. raptim ferre. 2. to grasp hastily, snatch up: also to grasp with the mind, apprehend. 3. to seize and overpower. II. to plunder. Hence

ἀρπακτήρ, ὁ, a robber.—Fem. ἀρπάκτειρα.

ἀρπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρπάξω) seized in haste.

ἀρπᾶλέος, α, ὄν, and os, ὄν, (ἀρπάξω) grasping, greedy: also attractive, pleasant. Adv. -έως, eagerly. Hence

ἀρπαλίω, f. ἴσω, to catch at, seize upon, receive.

ἄρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) robbing, rapacious, Lat. rapax. II. as Subst. ἄρπαξ, ὁ, a robber, plunderer. 2. ἄρπαξ, ἡ, robbery, rapine.

ἀρπεδόνη, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a rope, cord, for snaring game: the twist or thread of which cloth is made: also a bow-string.

ἄρπη, ἡ, (ἀρπάξω) a bird of prey, a kind of falcon. II. a sickle: a scimitar.

ἄρπυιαι, αἰ, (ἀρπάξω) the snatchers, i. e. whirlwinds. In later mythology they appear as winged monsters who snatched away food from table.

ἌΡΡΑΒΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, earnest-money, caution-money: a pledge, earnest, Lat. arrābo, arrāba.

ἄρ-ράφος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥαφήνω) unsewed, without seam or suture.

ἄρ-ρεκτος, ποῖθ. ἄ-ρεκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥέξω) undone: unfinished.

ἄρρενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν) masculine, male.

ἄρρενό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἀρρην, παῖς) of male children. 2. with a boy.

ἄρρένω-πος, ὄν, (ἀρρῆν, ὤψ) masculine-looking, masculine.

ἄρ-ρηκτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥήγνυμι) unbroken, not to be broken or wounded: metaph. untiring. Adv. τως.

ἌΡΡΗΝ, ὁ, ἡ, ἄρρεν, τό, gen. ενος: old Att. ἄρ-ρην: Ion. ἔρρην:—male, opp. to θῆλυς: hence masculine, manly, strong: as Subst. ἄρρην, ὁ, the male.

ἄρρηγής, ἔς, (ἀρρην) fierce, savage.

ἄρ-ρητος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (a privat., ῥηθῆναι) unsaid, Lat. indictus: not divulged, untaught. II. not to be told, secret, mysterious; διδασκᾶ τ' ἄρρητὰ τε things

that may be published and must not be told. 2. that cannot be told, horrible, shocking, Lat. nefandus; ἄρρητ' ἄρρητων things most horrible. 3. shameful to be spoken; ῥητὰ καὶ ἄρρητα, Lat. dicenda tacenda.

ἄρρηφορέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρηφόρος) to carry the peplos of Pallas. Hence

ἄρρηφορία, ἡ, the procession with the peplos in honour of Pallas.

ἄρρη-φόροι, αἰ, (ἀρρητα, φέρω) at Athens, two maidens who carried the peplos and other holy things (ἀρρητα) of Pallas in the Scirophoria.

ἄρ-ρίγητος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥιγέω) not shivering from cold or fear.

ἄρ-ρίζος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥίζα) not rooted.

ἄρ-ρίς, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ῥίς) without nose, without smell.

ἌΡΡΙΧΟΣ, ὁ, Att. ἡ, a basket. [ῤ]

ἄρ-ρυθμος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥυθμός) without rhythm or proportion: in undue measure, unsuitable, not fitting. Adv. -μας, out of time.

ἄρ-ρυτίδωτος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥυτίς) unwrinkled.

ἄρ-ρώξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., ῥώξ) without cleft, unbroken.

ἄρρωστέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀρρωστος) to be weak or sickly. Hence

ἄρρωσθημα, ματος, τό, a sickness.

ἄρρωστία, ἡ, (ἀρρωστέω) weakness, sickness, ill health; ἀρρωστία τοῦ στρατεύειν inability to serve from ill health.

ἄρ-ρωστος, ὄν, (a privat., ῥάννυμι) weak, sickly: hence languid, remiss.

ἄρσαι, ἄρσον, ἄρσαντες, and ἄρσάμενος, aor. I act. and med. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἄρσε, Ep. for ἤρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀρρίσκω.

ἄρσενικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἄρρενικός.

ἄρσενο-κοίτης, ὄν, ὁ, (ἀρρῆν, κοίτη) one guilty of unnatural offences.

ἌΡΣΗΝ, εν, Ion. and Att. for later ἄρρην.

ἄρσιος, ὄν, (ἄρω) fitting, agreeing, friendly.

ἄρσι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, contr. for ἀερίπους (αἶρω, ποῦς) lifting the feet.

ἄρσις, εως, ἡ, (αἶρω) a raising or lifting. II. in prosody, the rise of the voice on the first syllable, arsis, ictus, opp. to θέσις the letting it sink.

ἄρσω, Ion. for ἀρῶ, fut. of ἀρρίσκω.

ἄρτάβη, ἡ, a Persian measure, artaba, = I medimnum + 2 choenices.

ἄρτάμειω, f. ἴσω, to cut in pieces, cut up. From

ἌΡΤΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a butcher, cook.

ἄρτάνη [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἀρτάω) that by which something is hung up, a rope, halter.

ἄρτάω, Ion. ἀρτέω: f. ἴσω: pf. ἤρτηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤρτηθην: pf. ἤρτημαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἀρτέται: (same Root as ἀρρίσκω):—to fasten to, hang one thing upon another:—Pass. to be hung upon, hang upon, ἐκ τινος: hence to depend upon, Lat. pendere ab aliquo. II. Pass. to be fitted, prepared, made ready.

ἀρτέαται, Ion. for ἤρτηνται or ἤρτημένοι εἰσί, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἀρτάω.

ἀρτεμής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος) safe and sound. Hence ἀρτεμία, ἡ, safety, soundness.

***ARTEMIS**, gen. ἰδος, acc. υν or ἰδα, ἡ, Artemis, the Roman *Diana*, goddess of the chase, daughter of Zeus and Leto, sister of Apollo. In Homer women who die suddenly and without pain are said to be slain by her ἀγανά βέλεα, as men by those of Apollo. Hence

Ἄρτεμισιον, τό, a temple of Artemis.

Ἄρτεμισιος, ὁ, a Spartan month, answering to part of Att. Elaphebolion.

ἀρτέμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἀρτάω) the foresail; or top-sail, *supràrum*.

ἀρτέω, Ion. for ἀρτάω.

ἀρτημα, τό, (ἀρτάω) that which hangs down, a banging ornament, pendant.

ἀρτηρία, ἡ, (ἀείρω) the windpipe or trachea.

***ARTI**, Adv. just, exactly: just now, even now: straightway, forthwith: but also of something just past, opp. to πάλα. II. in compos. it mostly denotes what has just happened.

ἀρτιάω, f. ἄσω, (ἀρτιος) to play at odd and even, Lat. *par impar ludere*. II. to count.

ἀρτιάκις, Adv. (ἀρτιος) an even number of times.

ἀρτι-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, βρέχω) just steeped.

ἀρτι-γάμος, ον, (ἀρτι, γάμος) just married.

ἀρτι-γένειος, ον, (ἀρτι, γένειον) with the beard just growing.

ἀρτι-γέννητος, ον, new-born.

ἀρτι-γλύφης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, γλύφω) newly carved.

ἀρτι-γονος, ον, just born.

ἀρτι-δαής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, δαήναι) just taught.

ἀρτι-δακρυς, υ, (ἀρτι, δάκρυ) just weeping, ready to weep.

ἀρτι-δορος, ον, (ἀρτι, δέρω) just stript off.

ἀρτίεπια, ἡ, pecul. fem. of

ἀρτι-επής, ἐς, (ἀρτιος, ἔπος) ready of speech, glib.

ἀρτι-ζυγία, ἡ, (ἀρτι, ζυγός) a late union; ἀνδρῶν ἀρτιζυγία newly-married husbands.

ἀρτίω, f. ἰσώ, (ἀρτιος) to get ready, perform.

ἀρτι-θάλης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θάλειν) just blooming.

ἀρτι-θανής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, θανείν) just dead.

ἀρτι-κολλος, ον, (ἀρτι, κολλάω) close-glued, clinging close to. II. metaph. fitting well together; εἰς ἀρτικολλον in the nick of time, opportunely.

ἀρτι-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτι, κομάω) just having got hair or leaves.

ἀρτι-λόγος, ον, (ἀρτι, λέγω) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-λόχευτος, ον, (ἀρτι, λοχεύω) just born.

ἀρτι-μαθής, ἐς, (ἀρτι, μαθεῖν) having just learnt.

ἀρτιος, α, ον, (ἀραρίσκω, ἀρτι) complete, perfect of its kind, exactly fitted: ἀρτια βάξαι to speak to the purpose; ἀρτια ἦδη thought things fitting or agreeable. 2. active, quick, ready, c. inf. II. of numbers, even, opp. to περισσός, odd.

ἀρτι-πάγης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, πάγηται aor. 2 pass. of πήγ-

νυμι) just put together, just made:—of cheese, just coagulated, Lat. *rerens coactus*.

ἀρτι-πλουτος, ον, newly gotten, epith. of money.

ἀρτι-πος, Ep. for ἀρτι-πους.

ἀρτι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ἀρτιος, ποίς) sound or swift of foot, opp. to χλωός. II. coming just in time.

ἀρτίσις, εως, ἡ, (ἀρτίω) a preparing, adorning.

ἀρτι-σκαπτος, ον, (ἀρτι, σκάπτω) just dug.

ἀρτι-στομος, ον, (ἀρτι, στόμα) speaking readily.

ἀρτι-τοκος, ον, (ἀρτι, τεκεῖν) just born. 2.

παροχyt. ἀρτιτόκος, ον, act. having just given birth.

ἀρτι-φάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, φανῆναι) just become visible.

ἀρτι-φρον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀρτιος, φρήν) sound of mind, intelligent.

ἀρτι-φύης, ἐς, and ἀρτίφυτος, ον, (ἀρτι, φύω) just born, just made.

ἀρτι-χάνης, ἐς, (ἀρτι, χανείν) just yawning or opening.

ἀρτι-χνους, ον, (ἀρτι, χνός contr. χνούς) with the down just growing.

ἀρτι-χριστος, ον, (ἀρτι, χρίω) just smeared over, ready spread.

ἀρτίως, Adv. of ἀρτιος, like ἀρτι, just, exactly.

ἀρτι-κόπος, ον, (ἀρτος, κόπτω) working at bread, baking bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτι-λάγνυος, ον, (ἀρτος, λάγνυος) with bread and bottle in it, epith. of a wallet.

ἀρτι-ποίος, ὄν, (ἀρτος, ποιέω) making bread: as Subst. a baker.

ἀρτι-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, πωλέομαι) a dealer in bread: baker. Hence

ἀρτιπώλιον, τό, a baker's shop.

ἀρτι-πώλις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἀρτιπώλης, a bread-woman.

***ARTOS**, ὁ, a loaf, esp. of wheat, for barley-bread is μάζα: when it means bread it is commonly in plur.

ἀρτι-σιτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἀρτος, σιτέομαι) to eat beaten bread, opp. to ἀλφισιτέω to eat barley-bread.

ἀρτιοφάγος, ον, ὁ, (ἀρτος, φαγεῖν) bread-eater.

ἀρτίσμα, τό, (ἀρτίσμα) seasoning, spice.

ἀρτίνας, ὁ, (ἀρτίνας) a magistrate at Argos and Epidaurus, like ἀρμοστής.

ἀρτίνω [ῶ]: fut. ἀρτινωῶ, Ep. ἀρτινέω: aor. I ἤρτινα: aor. I pass. ἤρτινήθη:—also ἀρτίω: fut. ἀρτίσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἤρτισα: pf. ἤρτικα, pass. ἤρτιμαι: (same Root as ἀραρίσκω.) To arrange, manage, contrive: in bad sense, to scheme, hence δόλον ἀρτινευ, Lat. *insidias struere*, to contrive a trick: generally, to prepare, make ready:—Med. to prepare, make ready.

ἀρτίβαλλος, ὁ, (ἀρτίω) a pail for drawing water, bucket, larger than the ἀρτίαινα.

ἀρυσάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἀρύω.

ἀρῦσσω, Ion. for ἀρύω.

ἀρυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἀρῦτήρ.

ἀρυστήχος, ὁ, Dim. of ἀρῦτήρ, a small ladle.

ἀρύταινα, ἡς, ἡ, = ἀρῦτήρ, a ladle: cf. ἀρύβαλλος.

ἀρῦτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἀρύω) a vessel for taking up liquids, ladle, cup.

ἀρῦτήσιμος, ον, (ἀρύω) fit to drink.

ἌΡΥΤΩ, Att. ἀρύτω [ῥ]: f. ὑσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἤρῡσα:

—Pass., aor. I ἤρῡσθην [ῥ] or ἤρῡσθη: cf. ἀνώω, ἀνώτω. Lat. HAUR-IRE, to draw water for another: Med. to draw for oneself: c. gen., ἀρῦτῆσαι Νείλου ὑδάτων to draw from the waters of the Nile:—metaph. to win, gain.

ἀρχ-ἄγγελος, ὁ, (ἀρχός, ἄγγελος) an archangel.

ἀρχαῖκος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχαῖος) old-fashioned, antiquated.

ἀρχαίο-γονος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, γονή) of ancient race.

ἀρχαιολογέω, f. ἴσω, to discuss antiquities or things out of date. From

ἀρχαιο-λόγος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, λέγω) one who writes ancient history.

ἀρχαιο-μελεῖ-σιδωνο-φρύνιχ-ἡράτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, μέλος, Σιδώνιος, Φρύνιχος, ἡράτος) μέλη ἀρχ. dear old songs from Phrynichus' Phoenissae.

ἀρχαῖον, (sub. δάνειον), τό, properly neut. of ἀρχαῖος, the original sum, the principal, Lat. sors.

ἀρχαῖο-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, πλοῦτος) rich from olden time.

ἀρχαιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἀρχαῖος, πρέπω) distinguished of old, time-honoured.

ἀρχαῖος, α, ον, (ἀρχή 1) from the beginning, ancient: in good sense, time-honoured; but in bad sense, like ἀρχαῖκος, antiquated, gone by: also simple, silly. 2. ancient, former.

ἀρχαῖο-τροπος, ον, (ἀρχαῖος, τρόπος) old-fashioned.

ἀρχ-αιρεσία, ἡ, (ἀρχή, αἵρεσις) an election of magistrates, Lat. Comititia. Hence

ἀρχαιρεσιάζω, f. σω, to hold the Comititia: also to canvass for election.

ἀρχαῖως, Adv. of ἀρχαῖος, anciently. 2. in antiquated style.

ἀρχε-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, with idea of excellence or superiority.

ἀρχεῖον, Ion. ἀρχήτιον, τό, properly neut. of an Adj. ἀρχεῖος, α, ον: (ἀρχή):—a public building, such as a town-hall, senate-house, residence of the chief magistrates, Lat. Curia.

ἀρχε-κάκος, ον, (ἀρχε-, κακός) beginner of ill.

ἀρχε-λαός, ον, Att. ἀρχέ-λεως, ων, (ἀρχε-, λαός) leading the people, a chief, contr. ἀρχέ-λᾶς.

ἀρχέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἀρχω.

ἀρχε-πλοῦτος, ον, (ἀρχε-, πλοῦτος) enjoying ancient wealth.

ἀρχέτας, ὁ, Dor. for ἀρχέτης, (ἀρχω) a leader, prince. II. as Adj., ἀρχέτας θρόνος a princely throne.

ἀρχέ-τυπον, τό, (ἀρχε-, τύπος) an archetype, pattern, model.

ἀρχεύω, f. σω, (ἀρχω) to command, lead.

ἀρχέ-χορος, ον, (ἀρχε-, χορός) leading the chorus or dance.

ἌΡΧΗ, ἡ, a beginning, first cause, origin; κατ' ἀρχάς in the beginning, at first; ἐξ ἀρχῆς from the first; absol., ἀρχὴν at first; οὐκ ἀρχὴν not at first, i. e. never at all, not at all, like Lat. omnino non. 2. a first principle, element. 3. in plur., = ἀπαρχαί, firstlings. 4. the corner of a sheet. II. supreme power, sovereignty, dominion, Διὸς ἀρχή; c. gen. rei, ἀρχή τῆς Ἀσίας power over Asia:—also an empire. 2. in Att. prose, a magistracy, office in the government: they were mostly obtained in two ways, χειροτονηταί by election, κληρωταί by lot.

ἀρχη-γενής, ἐς, (ἀρχω, γενέσθαι) causing the first beginning of a thing.

ἀρχηγετεύω, f. σω, to be a leader or ruler; and ἀρχηγετέω, f. ἴσω, to make a beginning. From ἀρχ-ηγέτης, ον, ὁ: fem. ἀρχηγέτις, ἴδος, but dat. ἀρχηγέτι: Dor. ἀρχᾶγέτης: (ἀρχή, ἡγήομαι) a leader: the founder of a city or family. II. a first leader, prince, chief.

ἀρχ-ηγός, Dor. ἀρχ-ᾠγός, ὄν, (ἀρχή, ἡγήομαι) beginning, originating. II. as Subst. like ἀρχηγέτης, a leader, founder, Lat. auctor; a first father. 2. a prince, chief.

ἀρχήθεν, Adv. (ἀρχή) from the beginning.

ἀρχήτιον, τό, Ion. for ἀρχεῖον.

ἀρχήν, Adv., v. ἀρχή 1.

ἌΡΧΙ-, insep. Prefix from ἀρχω, like ἀρχε-.

ἀρχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἀρχή, a little office.

ἀρχιερατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχιερεύς) belonging to the Chief Priest.

ἀρχ-ιερεύς, ἐως, ὁ: Ion. nom. ἀρχιερέως, εω; also ἀρχιρεύς, whence acc. pl. ἀρχιρέας: (ἀρχω, ἱερεύς) a chief priest, high priest.

ἀρχ-ιερωσύνη, ἡ, (ἀρχι-, ἱερωσύνη) the chief priesthood.

ἀρχι-θάλασσοσ, ον, (ἀρχι-, θάλασσα) ruling the sea.

ἀρχιθεωρέω, f. ἴσω, to be ἀρχιθέωρος. From ἀρχι-θέωρος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, θεωρός) the chief of a θεωρία or sacred embassy.

ἀρχι-κλώψ, ωπος, ὁ, a chief of robbers.

ἀρχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἀρχή) royal. 2. fit for rule: skilled in government.

ἀρχι-κυβερνήτης, ον, ὁ, a chief pilot.

ἀρχι-μῦμος, ὁ, a chief comedian.

ἀρχι-οινόχοος, ὁ, a chief cupbearer.

ἀρχι-πειρατής, οὔ, ὁ, a chief of pirates.

ἀρχι-ποιμήν, gen. ενος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, ποιμήν) a chief shepherd.

ἀρχ-ιρεύς, ὁ, Ion. for ἀρχιερεύς.

ἀρχι-συναγωγος, ὁ, (ἀρχι-, συναγωγή) the ruler of a synagogue.

ἀρχιτεκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to be a chief builder or architect: to construct, contrive, Lat. struere. From

ἀρχι-τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, a master-builder, director of

works, architect, engineer: generally, an author, contriver.

ἀρχι-τελώνης, *ov, ó*, a chief collector of taxes, chief publican.

ἀρχι-τρικλίνιος, *ó*, the president of a banquet or triclinium, so called because the guests reclined on couches placed along three sides of the table.

ἀρχός, *á*, a leader, chief, commander. From

*ΑΡΧΩ, *f. ἀρῶ*: *aor. I ἦρξα*: *pf. ἦρξα*:—more commonly in *Med. ἀρχομαι*: *fut. ἀρξομαι*: *aor. I ἦρξα*: *part. ἦρξας*:—*Pass., fut. ἀρχήσομαι*: *aor. I ἦρξην*.

I. of Time, *to begin*: *c. gen. to make a beginning of a thing, ἀρχειν πολέμοιο*: with *inf. or part., ἀρχεσθαι οικοδομεῖν to begin to build; ἡ ψυχὴ ἀρχεται ἀπολείπονσα the soul begins to sink.*

2. *to begin from or with; ἀρχεσθαι Διός, to begin from Jove, Lat. a Jove principium.* 3. *c. gen. rei et dat. pers., ἀρχειν θεοῖς δαυτός to make preparations for a banquet to the gods*:—*Med. also in a religious sense, like ἀπαρχεσθαι, ἀρχεσθαι μελέων to begin a sacrifice with the limbs.*

4. *c. acc., ἀρχειν ὀδόν τινα, to sbew him the way*:—*imperat., ἀρχειν!*—*part. ἀρχόμενος, at first.*

II. of Place and Station, mostly *c. gen. to rule, be leader of*:—*more rarely c. dat., ἀνδράσιον ἀρχειν*:—*c. acc. cognato, ἀρχειν ἀρχὴν to hold an office.* 2. *Pass. to be ruled or governed*: *οἱ ἀρχόμενοι, subjects.*

ἀρχων, *ovtos, ó*, (properly *part. of ἀρχω*) a ruler, captain, chief, king.

2. οἱ Ἀρχοντες, the chief magistrates at Athens, nine in number, the first being called emphatically *ó Ἀρχων* or *Ἀρχων ἐπάνωμος*, the second *ó Βασιλεύς*, the third *ó Πολέμαρχος*, the remaining six of *Θεσμοβέται*.

*ΑΡΩ, a form assumed as the Root of ἀραισικω.

ἀρῶ [ᾶ], *fut. of ἀείρω*: but ἀρῶ [ᾶ], of αἶρω.

ἀρωγῆ, ἡ, (ἀρήγω) *help, succour, protection; ἀρωγῆ νόσον help against disease.*

ἀρωγο-ναύτης, *ov, ó*, (ἀρωγός, ναύτης) *helper of sailors.*

ἀρωγός, *ón*, (ἀρήγω) *helping, aiding, propitious*; *c. gen. useful in a thing.*

II. as *Subst. ἀρωγός, ó*, a helper, defender, an advocate before a tribunal.

*ΑΡΩΜΑ, *τό*, any seasoning, spice.

ἀρωμα, *τό*, (ἀρώ) *corn-land, Lat. arum.*

ἀρώμεναι, *Ep. for ἀρῶν*, *contr. from ἀροέμεναι, pres. inf. of ἀρώ.*

ἀρωραῖος, *Dor. for ἀρουραῖος.*

ᾶς, ᾶς or ᾶς, *Aeol. and Dor. for ἔως, till, until.*

ᾶς, *Dor. gen. for ἦς, from ὄς, ἡ, ó.*

ᾶσαι, *contr. for δάσαι, aor. I inf. of ἄσαι, to hurt.*

ᾶσαι, *aor. I inf. of ᾶω, to satiate.*

ᾶσαι, *contr. for ἀείσαι, aor. I inf. of ἀείδω.*

ᾶσαιμι, *aor. I opt. of ᾶω, to satiate.*

ᾶ-σακτος, *ov*, (a privat., *σακτός*) *not trodden down.*

ᾶ-σαλαμίνιος, *ov*, (a privat., *Σάλαμος*) *not having been at Salamis, no true seaman.* [μῦ]

ᾶ-σάλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *σαλευτός*) *unsbaken, calm.*

ᾶσαιμεν, *I plur. aor. 2 of ᾶω, to sleep.*

ἄσαμίνθος, ἡ, a bathing-tub. (Deriv. uncertain.)

*ΑΣΑΝᾶ, Ἀσαναί, Ἀσαναῖος, *Lacon. for Ἀθήνη, Ἀθήναι, Ἀθηναῖος.*

ᾶ-σάνδαλος, *ov*, (a privat., *σάνδαλον*) *without sandals.*

ᾶ-σαντος, *ov*, (a privat., *σαίνω*) *not to be flattered, harsh, morose.*

ᾶ-σαρκος, *ov*, (a privat., *σάρξ*) *without flesh, lean.*

ᾶσατο, *contr. for ἄασατο*, 3 *ing. aor. I med. of ἄω, to hurt.*

ᾶσαισθαι, *aor. I med inf. of ᾶω, to satiate.*

ᾶσάφεια, ἡ, *indistinctness.* From

ᾶ-σάφης, *és*, (a privat., *σαφής*) *indistinct, dim, faint, uncertain, obscure.* Adv. —*φῶς, indistinctly.*

ᾶσάω, *f. ἡσάω*, (ᾶση) *surfeit, cloy, satiate*:—*Pass. ᾶσόμεναι, with aor. I pass. ᾶσήθην*, and *med. ᾶσόμεν*, *to feel loathing or nausea, to be disgusted or vexed at a thing.*

ᾶ-σβεστος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (a privat., *σβεστός*) *unquenched, not to be quenched: endless, ceaseless.*

II. as *Subst., ᾶσβεστος* (*sub. τίτανος*); ἡ, *unslaked lime.* 2. *asbestos*, a mineral which resists the action of fire.

*ΑΣΒΟΛΟΣ, ἡ, rarely *ó*, also ᾶσβόλη, ἡ, *soot.*

ᾶσε, *for ᾶσσε*, 3 *ing. aor. I of ᾶω, to hurt.*

ᾶσέβεια, ἡ, (ᾶσεβής) *impiety, profaneness.*

ᾶσεβέω, *f. ἡσάω*, (ᾶσεβής) *to act profanely or impiously, sin against the gods.* Hence

ᾶσέβημα, *ατος, τό*, *an impious act, a sin.*

ᾶ-σεβής, *és*, (a privat., *σέβω*) *ungodly, unholly, profane.*

ᾶσειν, *fut. inf. of ᾶω, to satiate.* [ᾶ]

ᾶ-σειρώτος, *ov*, (a privat., *σειρώω*) *not drawing by a trace* (but by the yoke), of the two middle horses in a team of four abreast, the outer two being called *σειραφόροι*.

ᾶ-σελαστος, *ov*, (a privat., *σέλας*) *not lighted.*

ᾶσελγῆναι, *f. ἄνω*: *pf. pass. ἡσέλγημαι*: (ᾶσελγής) —: *to behave licentiously.*

ᾶσελγεια, ἡ, (ᾶσελγής) *licentiousness.*

ᾶ-σελγής, *és*, (a privat., *θέλγω*) *licentious, brutal.* Adv. —*ᾶς, extravagantly.*

ᾶ-σελήνος, *ov*, (a privat., *σελήνη*) *without moon.*

ᾶσεπτέω, = ᾶσεβέω, *to act impiously.* From

ᾶ-σεπτός, *ov*, (a privat., *σέβω*) *not to be revered, unholly.*

ᾶσεσθε, 2 *pl. fut. med. of ᾶω, to satiate.*

ᾶσεύμαι, *Dor. for δέισομαι, Att. ᾶσομαι, fut. of ἀείδω.*

ᾶση, ἡ, (ᾶω, *to satiate*) *surfeit, loathing, disgust.* 2. *generally, anguish, distress.*

ᾶσηθής, ᾶσηθῆναι, *aor. I pass. subj. and inf. of ᾶσάω.*

ᾶ-σημαντος, *ov*, (a privat., *σημαίνω*) *without leader, untended.*

II. *unsealed, unmarked.*

ᾶ-σημος, *ov*, (a privat., *σημα*) *without sign or mark; ᾶσημος χρυσός uncoined gold; ᾶσημα ὄπλα arms without device.*

II. of sacrifices, etc., *giving no sign, obscure.*

III. *indistinct, unseen, unheard*: of sounds, *inarticulate.*

2. of persons and places, *unknowen, obscure, ignoble.*

ἀ-σῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, = ἄσῆμος.

ἀσθενεία, ἡ, (ἀσθενής) *want of strength, weakness, sickness.* 2. a disease.

ἀσθενέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀσθενής) *to be weak, feeble, sickly.*

ἀσθένημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσθενέω) *an infirmity.*

ἀσθενής, *ἑς*, (a privat., σθένος) *without strength, weak: feeble, sickly.* 2. of property, *poor: οἱ ἀσθενέστεροι the weaker sort, i. e. the poor.* 3. insignificant: *so of streams, small.*

ἀσθενῶ, *f. ὄσω*, (ἀσθενής) *to weaken.*

ἀσθενῶς, *Adv.* of ἀσθενής, *weakly, feebly, slightly.*

ἄσθμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἄω, to blow) *hard-drawn breath, panting, gasping from toil.* II. a breath, breathing.

ἄσθμαιῶν, (ἄσθμα) *to breathe hard, gasp for breath.*

Ἄσι-άρχης, *ου, ὁ*, (Ἄσια, ἄρχω) *An Asiarch, the highest religious official under the Romans in the province of Asia.*

Ἄσις, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (Ἄσια) *fem. Adj. Asiatic: ἡ Ἄσις (with or without κιθάρα), the lyre as improved by Cepion of Lesbos.*

Ἄσιατο-γενής, *ἑς*, (Ἄσια, γένος) *of Asiatic descent.*

ἄσιδηρος, *ου, (a privat., σίδηρος) not of iron.* 2. *without sword.*

ἀσίνης, *ἑς*, (a privat., σίνομαι) *of persons, unburt, unarmed: of things, undamaged.* II. *act. not harming, doing no harm: innocent.* 2. *protecting from harm.* Hence

ἀσίνως, *Adv. innocently: Sup. ἀσινέστατα.*

ἄσιος, *a, ov*, (ἄσις) *slimy, miry.*

Ἄσις, *εως, ἡ*, *slime, mud.*

ἀσινέω, *f. ἦσω*, (ἀσινος) *to go without food, to fast.*

ἀσιντία, ἡ, *want of food, fasting.* From

ἄσιτος, *ου, (a privat., σίτος) without eating, fasting.*

ἀσκάλας *ου, ὁ* ἢ ἀσκάλαβότης, *ἄ, a kind of lizard.*

ἄσκαλος, *ου, (a privat., σκάλλω) unboed, undug.*

ἄσκάντης, *ου, ὁ*, *a mean bed.* II. *a bier.*

ἄσκαρδαμυκτεῖ and -κτί, *Adv.* of ἀσκαρδάμυκτος, *without winking, without unchange look.*

ἄσκαρδάμυκτος, *ου, (a privat., σκαρδαμύσσω) not blinking, with steady impudent look.* II. *of time, in a twinkling.*

ἄσκελής, *ἑς*, (a euphon., σκέλλω) *dried up, withered.* 2. *neut. ἀσκέλες, as Adv., also ἀσκελεύς, obstinately, stubbornly.*

ἄσκέπαρος, *ου, (a privat., σκέπαρνον) unbewn.*

ἄσκεπτος, *ου, (a privat., σκέψομαι fut. of σκοπέω) inconsiderate:—Adv. -τως, inconsiderately.* II. *unconsidered, unobserved.*

ἄσκευος, *ἑς*, = ἀσκευός.

ἄσκευός, *ου, (a privat., σκευή) unfurnished: c. gen. unfurnished with . . ., ἀσκευός ἀσπίδων τε καὶ στρατοῦ.*

ἌσκεϞ, *f. ἦσω*: *pf. ἤσκηκα, pass. ἤσκημαι:—to work curiously, fashion, dress out, adorn: also, 2. to honour a divinity, Lat. colere.* II. *in Att. and prose, to practise, exercise, Lat. exercere; said either of the person, as, ἀσκέειν τὸ σῶμα to exercise the body; or of the thing, as, ἀσκέειν τέχνην to practise an art.* 2. *c. inf., ἀσκέω τοιαύτη μένειν I prac-*

tise or endeavour to remain such. 3. *absol. to practise, train.*

ἄσκηθής, *ἑς*, *unburt, unbarmed: unscathed.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄσκημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκέω) *an exercise.*

ἄσκηνος, *ου, (a privat., σκήνη) without tents.*

ἄσκησις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἀσκέω) *exercise, training; ἀσκησίς τῶνς practice of or in a thing.* II. *a trade, profession, Lat. ars.*

ἄσκηρέος, *a, ov*, *verb. Adj.* of ἀσκέω, *to be practised.*

ἄσκητής, *ου, ὁ*, (ἀσκέω) *one who practises any art or trade, opp. to ἰδιώτης: an athlete.* Hence

ἄσκητικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *industrious: athletic.*

ἄσκητός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (ἀσκέω) *curiously wrought.* 2.

exercised in a thing. 3. *to be acquired by practice, as opp. to διδακτός.*

ἄσκιος, *a, ov*, (a privat., σκιά) *without shade.*

ἄσκιπών, *ovos, ὁ, ἡ*, (a privat., σκίπων) *without a staff.* [Γ]

Ἄσκληπιεόν, *τό*, *the temple of Aesculapius.* From Ἄσκληπιός, *ὁ*, Asclepius, *Lat. Aesculapius, in Homer a Thessalian prince, famous as a physician: later, son of Apollo and Coronis, tutelary god of medicine.*

ἄσκοπος, *ου, (a privat., σκοπέω) not seeing: imprudent: unregardful of, τινός.* II. *pass. unseen.* 2. *not to be seen, obscure: incredible.*

Ἄσκος, *ἄ, a leathern bag, a wineskin.* 2. *generally, an animal's hide:—proverb., ἀσκόν δέρειν τινά to flay one alive; ἀσκός δεδάρθαι to be flayed alive.*

ἄσκόλια, *τά*, (ἀσκός) *the second day of the rural Dionysia, on which they danced upon wine-skins.* Hence

Ἄσκολιάζω, *f. ὠω*, *to dance as at the Ascolia.*

ἄσκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἀσκός) *the leather padding of the hole which served for the row-lock, put there to make the oar work easily.*

ἄσμα, *τό*, (ἄσω) *a song, lay.*

ἄσματο-κάμπτης, *ου, ὁ*, (ἄσμα, κάμπτης) *twister of song.*

ἄσμενος, *η, ov*, *as if for ἡμέμενος, perf. pass. part. of ἡδομαι: well-pleased, glad: often in dat., ἀσμένω μοι ἂν εἶη it would be to me well-pleased, glad should I be of it:—Comp. ἀσμενώτερος, -έστερος and -αίτερος. Adv. -ως, gladly, readily.*

ἄσμομαι, *cont. for ἀείσμομαι, fut. of ἀείδω, to sing.*

ἄσοφος, *ου, (a privat., σοφός) unwise, foolish.*

Ἄσπια'ζομαι, *fut. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to welcome kindly, bid welcome, greet, Lat. salutare: also to greet on taking leave.* 2. *to embrace, kiss, caress.* 3. *to cling fondly to, cleave to, as a disciple to his master.* 4. *ἀσπάξασθαι ὅτι . . . to be glad that . . .*

ἄσπαίρω, *Ion. impf. ἀσπαίρεσκον.* (a euphon., σπαίρω) *to pant, gasp, struggle convulsively.*

ἄσπάλματος, *ὁ*, *a sweet-scented shrub.*

ἄσπαργος, *Att. ἀσφάραγος, ἄ, asparagus.*

ἄσπαρτος, *ου, (a privat., σπείρω) of land, unsown, untilld: of plants, not sown, growing wild.*

ἀσπάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἀσπά(ζομαι) welcome, well-pleasing. II. well-pleased, glad. Hence

ἀσπασίως, Adv. readily, gladly.

ἀσπασμα, ατος, τό, (ἀσπά(ζομαι) a welcome, greeting: in plur. embraces.

ἀσπασμός, ό, (ἀσπά(ζομαι) an embrace: affection.

ἀσπαστός, ή, έν, = ἀσπάσιος, welcome.

ἀσπειστος, ον, (α privat., σπένδομαι) to be appeased by no libations, implacable.

ἀσπερμος, ον, (α privat., σπέρμα) without seed, i. e. without posterity.

ἀσπερχής, Adv., (α euphon., σπέρχω) hastily, botly, unceasingly.

ἀσπετος, ον, (α privat., εἰπεύ) unspeakable, unutterable, unspeakably great: neut. ἀσπετον as Adv., unspeakably:—but, φωνή ἀσπετος an indistinct voice.

ἀσπίδ-αποβλής, ήτος, ό, (ἀσπίς, ἀποβάλλω) one that throws away his shield, a runaway, coward.

ἀσπίδη-στρόφος, ον, (ἀσπίς, στρέφω) wielding a shield.

ἀσπίδη-φόρος, ον, (ἀσπίς, φέρω) shield-bearing: as Subst. a shield-bearer, warrior.

ἀσπίδιώτης, ό, (ἀσπίς) shield-bearing, a warrior.

ἀσπίδ-ούχος, ό, (ἀσπίς, έχω) a shield-bearer.

ἀσπίδοπηγέον, τό, an armourer's shop. From

ἀσπίδο-πηγός, ό, (ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) a shield-maker.

ἀσπίδο-φέρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀσπίς, φέρβω) living by the shield, a warrior.

ἀσπίλος, ό, ή, (α privat., σπίλος) without stain, spotless, pure.

ἌΣΠΙΣ, ίδος, ή, a round shield, Lat. *clipeus*, made of bull's hide, overlaid with metal plates, with a boss (*ὀμφαλός*) in the middle, and fringed with tassels (*θύσανοι*): the long oblong shield was *ὄπλον*, Lat. *scutum*. 2. in common language used for a body

of men-at-arms (*ὀπλίται*), *ὀκτακισχιλίη ἀσπίς* 8000 heavy-armed men; *ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἴκοσι τάξασθαι* to draw men up twenty-five deep; *ἐπ' ἀσπίδα*, *παρ' ἀσπίδα* on or to the left, right shoulders forward, because the shield was held with the left hand, opp. to *ἐπὶ δόρυ*. II. an asp, a kind of snake.

ἀσπιστήρ, ήρος, ό, and ἀσπιστής, ού, ό, (ἀσπίς) one armed with a shield, a warrior: also ἀσπίστωρ, as Adj., κλονοῖ ἀσπίστωρες *din of shielded warriors*.

ἀσπλαγχνος, ον, (α privat., σπλαγχνά) without bowels: metaph. heartless or merciless.

ἀσπονδέι, Adv. implacably. From

ἀσπονδος, ον, (α privat., σπονδή) without drink-offering, to whom no drink-offering is poured. II.

without regular truce (which was ratified by *σπονδαί*): *τὸ ἀσπονδον* a keeping out of treaty or covenant with others. III. admitting of no truce, implacable; *ἀσπονδος ἀρά* a deadly curse.

ἀσπουδάστος, ον, (α privat., σπουδάω) not zealous pursued. II. not worth zeal, mischievous.

ἀσπουδέι and ἀσπουδέι, Adv. (α privat., σπουδή) without zeal: without a struggle, ignobly.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for ἄτινα, neut. pl. of ὄστις, which, whatsoever, what, whatever.

ἄσσα, Att. ἄττα, Ion. for τινά, something, some.

ἄσάριον, τό, Dim. of Lat. *as*, a farthing.

ἄσσον, Adv., Comp. of ἄρχι, nearer: sometimes c. gen., *ἄσσον ἐμεῖο* nearer to me:—also Adv. *ἄσσοτέρω*, whence was formed the Comp. Adj. *ἄσσοτέρος*, Sup. *ἄσσοτατος*, Adv. *ἄσσοτάτω*.

ἄσσω, Att. contr. for ἄισσω.

ἀσταθής, ές, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) unsteady, unstable.

ἀσταθιμτος, ον, (α privat., σταθάομαι) unsteady, unstable: of things, uncertain.

ἀστακτος, ον, (α privat., στάζω) not trickling, i. e. gushing in streams:—Adv. *ἀστακτί*, in floods.

ἀστασίαστος, ον, (α privat., στασιάζω) without party-spirit, quiet. Adv. *-τως*.

ἀσταῖτε, f. ήσ, to be unstable: be a wanderer. From ἀ-στάτος, ον, (α privat., ἵσταμαι) not steadfast, uncertain, unstable.

ἀσταφιδίτις, ίδος, ή, fem. Adj. consisting of raisins. [δρ] From

ἀσάφίς, ίδος, ή, (α euphon., σταφίς) a raisin.

ἀσταχέουσι, dat. pl. of

ἀστάχυσ, υος, ό, (α euphon., στάχυς) an ear of corn.

ἀστέγαστος, ον, (α privat., στεγάω) uncovered, of a ship, undecked; *διὰ τὸ ἀστέγαστον* from their having no shelter.

ἀστέζομαι, Dep. to be witty. From

ἀστεῖος, ον, also α, ον, (ἀστύ) of the town; then, like Lat. *urbanus*, courteous, polite, witty, elegant, neat, pretty; opp. to *ἀγροικος*.

ἀστειπτος, ον, (α privat., στείβω) untrdden.

ἀστεμφής, ές, (α privat., στέμβω) untrdden, unbaken: Adv. *ἀστεμφές* *έχειν τινά* to hold one fast. 2. of persons, inexorable.

ἀστενάκτος, ον, (α privat., στενάζω) without sigh or groan: without need for groans.

ἄστέον, verb. Adj. of ἄσσω, one must sing.

ἀστεπτος, ον, (α privat., στέφω) uncrowned: hence, unbonoured.

ἀστεργ-άνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (ἀστεργής, ἀνήρ) without love of man, hating wedlock. [γα]

ἀστεργής, ές, (α privat., στέργω) without love, unkind, hateful.

ἀστερο-ειδής, ές, (ἀστήρ, εἶδος) starry.

ἀστερόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀστήρ) starry: sparkling, glittering.

ἀστεροπή, ή, poet. for ἀσπρατή, lightning. Hence

ἀστεροπητής, ού, ό, the lightener.

ἀστεροπός, ον, (ἀστήρ, ὤψ) starry: star-like, bright.

ἀστεφάνος, ον, (α privat., στέφανος) without crown, ungarlanded.

ἀστεφάνωτος, ον, (α privat., στεφανώω) not crowned.

ἀστή, ή, fem. of ἀστός, a female citizen.

ἀστίλος, ον, (α privat., στήλη) without tombstone.

ἌΣΤΗΡ, ό, gen. έρος: dat. pl. ἄστρασι, Lat. ASTRUM, a star. 2. any luminous body, a meteor.

ἄ-στήρικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στήρίζω) *not firmly fixed, unsettled, unstable.*

ἄ-σιβής, *és*, (a privat., στείβω) *not to be trodden, holy.* 2. *untrodden, solitary.*

ἄστικός, *ή, óv*, (ἄστυ) of a city or town, opp. to country: τὰ ἀστικά Διονύσια, like τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, the Dionysia celebrated in the city; cf. sub Διονύσια II: also native, opp. to ξενικός foreign. II. = ἀστείος, neat, pretty.

ἄ-στικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στίξω) *not branded, not marked with spots.*

ἄ-σπλέγγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., σπλεγγίζω) *not scraped with the strigil, unclean, dirty.*

ἄ-στολος, *ov*, (a privat., σπολή) *without the stole.*

ἄ-στομος, *ov*, (a privat., στόμα) *speechless.* II. of horses, *hard-mouthed, unmanageable.* III. of dogs, *bad-mouthed, unable to bite.* IV. of a sword, *without edge.*

ἄσπ-ξενος, *ó, ή*, (ἄστυ, ξένος) *the public guest of a city.*

ἄ-σπργος, *ov*, (a privat., στέργω) *without natural affection, heartless, barbarous.*

ἄστος, *ó*, (ἄστυ) *a townsman, citizen, fellow-citizen, opp. to ξένος.*

ἄστοχέω, *f. ήσω*, *to miss the mark: to fail.* From ἄ-στοχος, *ov*, (a privat., στόχος) *missing the mark, aiming badly: aimless, absurd.*

ἄ-σπράβη, *ή, á*, a pack-saddle, an easy saddle. From ἄ-σπράβης, *és*, (a privat., σπράβηναι) *untwisted, straight.*

ἄσπρ-γάλη, *ή, Ion.* for ἄσπράγαλος III.

ἄσπράγαλος, *ó*, *one of the vertebrae of the neck.* II. *the ankle bone, Lat. talus.* III. *mostly in plur.*

ἄσπράγαλοι, *oi*, *dice*, which at first were made of the ankle-bones, Lat. tali: hence *the game of dice.* They had only 4 flat sides, whereas the κύβοι had 6: they played with 4; the best throw was when all came different, Ἄφροδίτη, Lat. jactus Venere; the worst, when all came alike, κύνω, Lat. canis.

ἌΣΤΡΑΠΗ', *ή, á*, *a flash of lightning, lightning.* [ἄπ] ἄστράπηφόρεω, *f. ήσω*, *to carry lightning.* From ἄστράπη-φόρος, *ov*, (ἄστραπή, φέρω) *lightning-bearing, flashing.*

ἄστράπτω, *f. ψω*, (ἄστραπή) *to lighten: impers., ἀστράπτει it lightens: trans. to flash forth.* II. *intr. to flash or glance like lightning.*

ἄστράσι, *dat. pl.* of ἀσπή.

ἄ-στράτεια, *ή, á* (a privat., στρατεύω) *exemption from service.* 2. *a shunning of service, which at Athens was a heavy offence; φεύγειν γράφην ἀστρατείας to be indicted for it; ἀστρατείας ἀλῶναι to be convicted of it.*

ἄ-στράτευτος, *ov*, (a privat., στρατεύω) *exempt from service.* 2. *never having served.*

ἄ-στρεπτος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *not to be bent: of persons, unbending.*

ἄστρο-γείτων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ἄστρον, γείτων) *near the stars.*

ἄστρολογία, *ή, á*, *astrology.* From ἄστρο-λόγος, *ó*, (ἄστρον, λέγω) *an astronomer: later, an astrologer.*

ἌΣΤΡΟΝ, *τό*, Lat. *ASTRUM, a star, constellation.*

ἄστρονομέω, *f. ήσω*, and ἄστρονομίζω, *f. ήσω*, *to be an astronomer, study astronomy: and*

ἄστρονομία, *ή, á*, *astronomy.* From ἄστρο-νόμος, *ov*, (ἄστρον, νέμω) *classing the stars: as Subst., ἄστρονόμος, ó*, *an astronomer.*

ἄ-στροφος, *ov*, (a privat., στρέφω) *without turning round, Lat. irretortus; ἄστροφος ἐλθεῖν to go without turning the back.*

ἄστρ-φος, *a, ov*, (ἄστρον) *of the stars, starry.*

ἄστρ-ωπός, *ov*, = ἀστερωπός.

ἄ-στρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., στρώννυμι) *without bed or bedding: unsmoothed, rugged.*

ἌΣΤΥ, *τό*: gen. *eos*, contr. *ous*, also *eos*:—*a city, town: the Athenians called their own city Ἄστυ, as the Romans called theirs Urbis; though ἄστυ also denoted the Upper Town, as opp. to Peiræus.*

ἄστῦ-νάξ, *ακτος, ó*, (ἄστυ, ἀνάξ) *lord of the city.*

ἄστῦ-βοώτης, *ov, ó*, (ἄστυ, βοάω) *crying through the city, epith. of a herald.*

ἄστῦ-γείτων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ἄστυ, γείτων) *near or bordering on a city: as Subst. a neighbour.*

ἄστῦδε, *Adv.* (ἄστυ) *into, to, or towards the city.*

ἄστυκός, *ή, óv*, = ἀστυκός.

ἄ-στυλος, *ov*, (a privat., στῦλος) *without pillar or prop.*

ἄστῦ-νίκος, (ἄστυ, νίκη) *victorious.*

ἄστυνόμω, *to be an ἄστυνόμος.* From

ἄστυ-νόμος, *ó*, (ἄστυ, νέμω) *a magistrate at Athens, who had the care of the police, streets, and public buildings: they were ten in number, five for the City and five for the Peiræus.* II. as *Adv. protecting cities: also public, social; ὄργαι ἄστυνόμοι the feelings of social life.*

ἄστῦ-όσος, *ov*, (ἄστυ, ἔχω) *keeping the city.*

ἄ-στυφέλικτος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελίζω) *unbaken.*

ἄ-στυφέλος, *ov*, (a privat., στυφελός) *not rocky.*

ἄ-συγγνώμων, *ov*, (a privat., συγγνώμων) *without forgiveness, relentless, merciless.*

ἄ-συγκέραστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκέραστος) *not to be mixed.*

ἄ-συγκόμιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συγκόμιστος) *not gathered together, unprepared.*

ἄ-σύγκριτος, *ov*, (a privat., σύγκριτος) *not to be mixed, unsocial.*

ἄ-συγκρότητος, *ov*, see ἀσυγκρότητος.

ἄ-συκοφάντητος, *ov*, (a privat., συκοφαντέω) *not calumniated.*

ἄσυλαιο, *a, ov*, (ἄ-σῦλον) *of an asylum.*

ἄ-σύλητος, *ov*, (a privat., σιλάω) *inviolable.*

ἄσύλια, *ή, á* (ἄσυλος) *invulnerability, security, esp. of a suppliant.*

ἄ-συλλόγιστος, *ov*, (a privat., συλλογίζομαι) *unable to reason.—Adv., ἀσυλλογίστως ἔχειν to be unable to reason.*

ἄ-σύλος, *ov*, (a privat., σύλη) *free from plunder:*

unbarmed, inviolate: also c. gen., γάμων ἀσυλος safe from marriage.

ἄ-σύμβατος, ον, (a privat., συμβαίνω) not coming to terms: incompatible. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-σύμβλητος, ον, (a privat., συμβάλλω) not to be guessed, unintelligible.

ἄ-σύμβολος, ον, (a privat., σύμβολον) without paying one's contribution or subscription.

ἄ-σύμμετρος, ον, (a privat., σύμμετρος) incommensurate. II. disproportionate, unequal.

ἄ-συμπαθής, ἐς, (a privat., συμπαθής) without sympathy.

ἄ-σύμφωρος, ον, (a privat., συμφέρω) inexpedient, useless: prejudicial, like Lat. inutilis. Adv. -πως.

ἄ-σύμφωνος, ον, (a privat., σύμφωνος) not accordant.

ἄ-συνδέτος, ον, (a privat., συνδέω) unconnected.

ἄσυνεσία, ἡ, (ἀσύνεσις) want of understanding or apprehension, stupidity.

ἄ-σύνετος, Att. ἄ-ξύνετος, ον, (a privat., συνετός) void of understanding, stupid. II. unintelligible. Adv. -τως. [ῥ]

ἄ-συνήμων, Att. ἄ-ξυνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., συνήμη) without understanding.

ἄ-συνήθετος, Att. ἄ-ξυνήθετος, ον, (a privat., συντήθεμαι, cf. συνθήκη) bound by no treaties, faithless. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-σύντακτος, Att. ἄ-ξύντακτος, ον, (a privat., συντάσσω) not arranged together, esp. of soldiers, not in battle-order: hence disorderly. II. unsocial. III. ill-proportioned. IV. not assessed, free from taxes.

ἄ-σύντονος, ον, (a privat., συντέίνω) not strained, slack. Adv. -πως, lazily, Sup. -ώτατα.

ἄ-συσκεύστος, ον, (a privat., συσκευάζω) not well arranged, not convenient.

ἄ-σύστατος, Att. ἄξύστατος, ον, (a privat., συνίσταμαι) not holding together: metaph. irregular, uneven, uncouth, rugged.

ἄσύφηλος, ον, vile, dishonoured: also dishonouring, reproachful. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἄσυχία, ἄσυχμος, ἄσυχος, Dor. for ἡσυχ-.

ἄ-σφαδαστος, ον, (a privat., σφαδάζω) without consultation or struggle.

ἄ-σφακτος, ον, (a privat., σφάττω) unslaughtered.

ἄσφάλεια, ὁ, (ἀσφαλής) firmness, stability. 2. assurance from danger, security, personal safety: also a safe conduct. 3. certainty, surety.

ἄσφαλῆος, ον, of Neptune, the Securer. From ἄσφάλης, ἐς, (a privat., σφάλλειν aor. 2 inf. of σφάλω) firm, fast, steadfast. 2. of persons, unfauling, sure, trusty: of things, sure, certain. 3. safe, secure; ἐν ἀσφαλείῳ or ἐξ ἀσφαλούς, in safety; τὸ ἀσφαλές safety. Hence

ἀσφαλίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to secure, guarantee.

ἀσφαλισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ἀσφαλιζω.

ἀσφαλιτής, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἡ, of asphalt, bituminous: λίμνη Ἀσφαλιτίτις, Lat. Lacus Asphaltites, the Dead Sea. [ῖ] From

ἄσφαλτος, ον, ἡ, asphalt or bitumen, forming in lumps on the surface of water near Babylon, where it was used as mortar. (Foreign word.)

ἄσφαλῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀσφαλής, firmly, securely: Comp. ἀσφαλέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

ἄ-σφάρῳγῳ, (a euphon., σφαραγῳ) to ring, resound.

ἄσφάρῳγος, ὁ, (a euphon., σφάραγος) the throat, gulle.

ἄσφι, ἄσφε, Aeol. for σφί, σφέ.

ἄσφόδελος, ὁ, asphodel, a plant like the lily. II. as Adj., ἀσφodelός λειμών the asphodel meadow, which the shades of heroes haunted. (Deriv. unknown.)

ἄσχαλάω, only used in pres.: Ep. 3 sing. ἀσχαλάω, 3 plur. ἀσχαλόοσι, inf. ἀσχαλόω, part. ἀσχαλόων.

—another form is ἀσχάλλω. To be vexed, grieved, c. part., ἀσχαλάν μένων to be vexed at waiting; ἀσχαλάν τινι to be vexed at a thing; c. acc., ἀσχαλῶν θάνατον to feel a horror of death. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἄ-σχετος, ον, (a privat., σchein, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω) not to be checked or restrained, irrepresible.

ἄσχημονέω, to behave unseemly, act indecorously; and

ἄσχημοσύνη, ἡ, deformity, indecency. From ἄ-σχημόν, ον, gen. ονος, (a privat., σχῆμα) shapeless: unseemly, shameful. Adv. ἀσχημόνως.

ἄσχολια, ἡ, occupation, industry, business. II. want of leisure: a hindrance from other things; ἀσχολίαν παρέχειν τινι to be a hindrance to one. From

ἄ-σχολος, ον, (a privat., σχολή) without leisure, busy, industrious. Adv. -λως.

ἄσχολῶν, ἀσχολόωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 plur. of ἀσχαλάω.

ἄ-σώματος, ον, (a privat., σῶμα) without body, incorporeal.

ἄσωπια, ἡ, prodigality, dissoluteness. From ἄ-σωπος, ον, (a privat., σώω) not to be saved: abandoned, profligate, Lat. perditus. Adv. -τως, dissolutely.

ἀτακτέω, f. ἡσω, to be undisciplined or disorderly. 2. generally, to lead a disorderly life. From

ἄ-τακτος, ον, (a privat., τάσσω) out of order, not in order of battle, not at one's post. 2. undisciplined, disorderly, irregular, lawless. Adv. -τως.

ἄ-τάλαιπρος, ον, (a privat., ταλαίπωρος) not toiling patiently, careless, indifferent.

ἄ-τάλαντος, ον, (a copul., τάλαντον) equal in weight, equivalent or equal to.

ἀτάλα-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἀταλός, φρήν) tender-minded.

ἀτάλλω, only used in pres. (ἀταλός) to gambol, sport about. II. trans. to bring up a child, rear, foster:—Pass. to grow up, wax.

ἀτάλός, ἡ, ὄν, (akin to ἀπαλός) tender, delicate.

ἀταλό-ψυχος, ον, (ἀταλός, ψυχή) soft-hearted.

ἀταξία, ἡ, (ἄτακτος) a want of discipline. 2. disorder, confusion, licentiousness.

'ATA'P, Ep. αὐτάρ, Conjunct. but, yet, Lat. at, to

introduce an objection; *ἀτάρ που ἔφη* still thou didst say: it often stands for *δέ* after *μέν*.

ἀ-πάρακτος, *ov*, (a privat., *πάρασσω*) without confusion, cool, steady. Hence

ἀπαρξία, *ἡ*, freedom from passion, calmness.

ἀ-παρβής, *és*, (a privat., *παρβος*) fearless; ἀπαρβής τῆς θέας having no fear about the sight.

ἀ-παρβητος, *ov*, (a privat., *παρβέω*) undaunted.

ἀπαρπίτός, *ἡ*, Ion. for ἀπαρπιτός.

ἀπαρπός, *ἡ*, Ion. for ἀπαρπός.

ἀπαρπητός, *ov*, Ep. for ἀπαρπός, mischievous, baneful.

ἀτασθαλία, *ἡ*, (ἀτάσθαλος) blind folly, presumptuous sin, recklessness.

ἀτασθάλλω, to act presumptuously. From ἀτάσθαλος, *ov*, (ἀτάω, ἀτέω) presumptuous, reckless.

ἀ-ταύρωτος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (a privat., *ταύρος*) unwedded, virgin, pure.

ἀ-τάφος, *ov*, (a privat., *τάφηναι*) unburied.

ἀτάω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἀτῆ) to hurt, harm: Pass. to suffer, be in distress.

ἄτε, acc. plur. neut. of ὄστε, used as Adverb, like ἄπερ, just as, as if, so as. II. only in Prose, inasmuch as, seeing that, Lat. *quippe, utpote*.

ἀ-τεγκτός, *ov*, (a privat., *τέγγω*) unsoftened: hard-hearted, relentless.

ἀ-τεριής, *és*, (a privat., *τείρω*) not to be worn away: untiring, unwearied: also stubborn, unbending: wearisome.

ἀ-τείχιστος, *ov*, (a privat., *τειχίζω*) without walls and towers, unfortified. II. not walled in, not blockaded.

ἀ-τέκιμαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., *τεκμαίρομαι*) not to be guessed, obscure, vague, dark: of men, uncertain. Adv., ἀτεκίμαρτος ἔχειν to be in the dark.

ἀτεκνία, *ἡ*, childlessness. From

ἀ-τεκνος, *ov*, (a privat., *τέκνον*) childless.

ἀτέλεια, *ἡ*, (ἀτελής) at Athens, exemption from public burdens (τέλη), Lat. *immunitas*.

ἀ-τέλειστος, *ov*, (a privat., *τελέω*) without end or effect: unfinished:—neut. pl. ἀτέλεστα, as Adv., in vain. II. uninitiated in.

ἀ-τελεύτητος, *ov*, (a privat., *τελευτάω*) not coming to an end, unaccomplished. II. endless, impracticable.

ἀ-τέλευτος, *ov*, (a privat., *τελευτή*) endless.

ἀ-τελής, *és*, (a privat., *τέλος*) without end, unaccomplished. 2. ineffectual, Lat. *irritus*. 3. imperfect, unripe. II. act. not bringing to an end, not accomplishing a thing. III. at Athens, free from public burdens (τέλη), exempt, Lat. *immunis*. IV. uninitiated in a thing, *τινός*.

ἀτελίη, *ἡ*, Ion. for ἀτέλεια.

ἀτέμβω, only used in pres. to bring to harm, to maltreat, confound:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing; ἀτέμβοντα νεότητος they are deprived of, i.e. past, youth. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ᾶ]

ἀ-τενής, *és*, (a copul., *τείνω*) strained tight: hence intent, intense: excessive. 2. straight, direct:

straightforward. 3. unbending, stubborn. II.

Adv. ἀτενώς, or ἀτενές, exceedingly. Hence

ἀτενίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to look at intently, gaze at.

*ATEP, Prep. with. gen. *without, except, besides*. II. aloof, apart, away from.

ἀ-τέραμος, *ov*, (a privat., *τέραμος*) unsoftened, unfeeling, inexorable.

ἀ-τεράμων [ᾶ], *ov*, gen. *ovos*, Att. for ἀτέραμος.

ἀτερθε, before a vowel ἀτερθεν, = ἀτερ.

ἀ-τέρμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (a privat., *τέρμα*) without bounds: having no outlet, inextricable.

ἄτερος [ᾶ], *ov*, Dor. for ἔτερος, *ov*. 2. ἄτερος [ᾶ], Att. contr. for ὁ ἔτερος, gen. *θᾶτέρου*, dat. *θᾶτέρω*, *θατέρω* etc., or with mark of crasis, *θᾶτέρον*, etc.

ἀ-τερπής, *és*, (a privat., *τέρπω*) unpleasing, joyless, sad. II. not enjoying a thing, *τινός*.

ἀ-τερπος, *ov*, = ἀτερπής.

ἀ-τευχής, *és*, and ἀ-τεύχητος, *ov*, (a privat., *τευχος*) unarmed.

ἀ-τεχνος, *ov*, or ἀ-τεχνής, *és*, (a privat., *τέχνη*) without art, unskilled, rude: of things, inartificial. II. without art or cunning, simple.

ἀ-τεχνώς, Adv. of ἀτεχνής, and ἀ-τέχνως, of ἀτεχνος, without art or skill, rudely. II. really, absolutely, utterly, Lat. *plané, prorsus*, in which sense it is mostly written ἀτεχνώς; as ἀτεχνώς ξένος ἔχω I am an utter stranger.

ἄτέω, only in part. ἀτέων, fool-hardy, reckless. From

ἀτῆ, *ἡ*, (ἀάω) distraction, folly, delusion: judicial blindness sent by the gods. 2. ruin, mischief: of persons, a bane, pest. 3. *Ατῆ personified, the goddess of mischief: the Διταί come slowly after her, undoing the evil she has worked, v. II. 9. 500. [ᾶ]

ἀ-τηκτος, *ov*, (a privat., *τήκω*) unmelted.

ἀτμηλέω, *f. ἴσω*, to be careless. From

ἀ-τμηλής, *és* (a privat., *τμηλής*) careless.

ἀτμηλήτος, *ov*, (ἀτμηλέω) unbeeded, uncared for. 2. baffled, disappointed. II. act. taking no heed: Adv. ἀτμηλήτως ἔχειν *τινός* to take no heed of a thing.

ἀτηρός, *ά, ov*, (ἀτῆ) deluded, driven to ruin. II. baneful, ruinous. Add. -ρός. [ᾶ]

*Ατῆς, *ἴδος, ἡ*, Attic; cf. *Αττικός. II. as Subst. (sub. γῆ), Attica. 2. (sub. γλῶττα), the Attic dialect.

ἀ-τίετος, *ov*, (a privat., *τίω*) unhonoured. II. act. not honouring.

ἀ-τίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (a privat., *τίζω = τίω*) not to honour: absol. in part., ἀτίζων unbeeding: but c. acc. to slight, treat lightly.

ἀ-τιθάσεντος, *ov*, (a privat., *τιθασεύω*) untamed, not to be tamed, wild.

ἀτιμ-ἀγέλης, *ov, δ*, (ἀτιμάω, ἀγέλη) despising or forsaking the herd, feeding alone.

ἀ-τιμάζω, *f. ἴσω*: aor. I ἠτιμάσα: pf. ἠτιμάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἠτιμάσθην: pf. ἠτιμάσμαι: (a privat., *τιμάω*). To esteem lightly, dishonour, slight:—Pass.

to suffer dishonour or insult.

II. = ἀτιμῶν in legal sense, to deprive of civil rights, ἀτιμαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἀτιμάζω, to be despised. 2. ἀτιμαστέον, one must dishonour.

ἀτιμαστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἀτιμάζω) a dishonourer.

ἀτιμαστος, ον, (ἀτιμάζω) dishonoured, despised.

ἀ-τιμῶς, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἤτιμησα: pf. ἤτιμηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἤτιμήθην: (a privat., τιμάω):—to insult, slight, dishonour. Hence

ἀτιμήτος, ον, unbonoured, despised. II. in legal sense, not estimated; δίκη ἀτιμήτος a cause in which the penalty is not assessed in court, but fixed by law.

ἀτιμία, ἤ, (ἀτιμος) dishonour, disgrace. 2. at Athens, the loss of civil rights, Lat. *deminutio capitis*.

ἀ-τιμος, ον, (a privat., τιμή 1) unbonoured, dishonoured: c. gen. without the honour of.

2. at Athens, of a citizen deprived of his privileges either totally or in part, Lat. *capite deminutus*, opp. to ἐπιτιμος: cf. ἀτιμία. II. (τιμή π) without price or value. 2. unrevenged, unpunished. Hence

ἀτιμῶ, f. ὤσω, to dishonour:—Pass. to suffer dishonour. 2. in legal sense, to punish with loss of civil privileges (ἀτιμία), Lat. *aerarium facere*.

ἀτιμῶν, Ep. impf. of ἀτιμάω.

ἀ-τιμωρητέι, and ἀ-τιμωρητή, Adv. of ἀ-τιμωρήτος, ον, (a privat., τιμαρέμαι) unavenged, unpunished. 2. unprotected.

ἀτιμῶς, Adv. of ἀτιμος, disgracefully.

ἀ-τιμοσις, εως, ἤ, (ἀτιμῶς) a dishonouring. [τῆ]

ἀτιτάλλω, aor. I Ion. ἀτίτληα: (ἀταλός):—to rear, foster, tend: generally, to cherish.

ἀ-τίτος, ον, also η, ον, (a privat., τίω) unbonoured, dishonoured. 2. unavenged. II. unpaid.

ἀ-τίω, (a privat., τίω) not to honour, not to revenge. [τῆ]

Ἄτλα-γενής, ἐς, (Ἄτλας, γένος) sprung from Atlas.

Ἄτλαντίς, ἴδος, ἤ, daughter of Atlas. From

Ἄ-τλας, αντος, ὅ, (a euphon., τλήναι) Atlas, one of the older gods, who bears up the pillars of heaven: also one of the Titans. 2. the pillar of heaven, Mount Atlas in West Africa.

ἀτλήτεος, to be unable to bear, be impatient. From ἀ-τλήτος, Dor. ἀ-τλήτος, ον, (a privat., τλήναι) not to be borne, insufferable. II. not to be dared.

ἀτιμή, ἤ, = ἀτιμός, smoke, heat.

ἀ-τιμήτος, ον, (a privat., τέμνω) uncut: of a country, unravaged, not laid waste. 2. of mines, unopened.

ἀτιμίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀτιμός) to smoke: of water, to steam. ἀτιμῆς, ἴδος, ἤ, (ἀω, ἀημι) steam, vapour. [τῆ]

ἀτιμός, ὅ, (ἀω, ἀημι) smoke, Lat. vapour.

ἀ-τοίχος, ον, (a privat., τοίχος) unwallled.

ἀ-τοκος, ον, (a privat., τεκεῖν) never having had a child. II. without interest, of borrowed money.

ἀ-τόλμητος, ον, (a privat., τολμάω) not to be dared: also not to be endured, insufferable.

ἀτολία, ἤ, want of daring, cowardice. From ἀ-τολμος, ον, (a privat., τόλμα) wanting courage, cowardly. 2. not overdaring, retiring.

ἀ-τομος, ον, (a privat., τομή) uncut: unshown. II. not able to be cut, indivisible; ἐν ἀτόμῳ in a moment of time.

ἀ-τονος, ον, (a privat., τείνω) not stretched, slack, languid, Lat. remissus. II. (τόνος) without accent.

ἀ-τοξος, ον, (a privat., τόξον) without bow or arrow.

ἀτοπία, ἤ, strangeness, oddness, absurdity: unusual nature: unnatural conduct. From

ἀ-τοπος, ον, (a privat., τόπος) out of place, out of the way, strange, marvellous, odd. 2. absurd, Lat. ineptus. 3. unnatural, disgusting. Hence

ἀτόπως, Adv. absurdly.

ἀτος, ον, contr. for ἄτατος, insatiate, c. gen.

ἀτρακτος, ὅ, and ἤ, a spindle. II. also an arrow, cf. ἡλακάτη. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀ-τραπίτιος, Ep. ἀτάρπιτος, ἤ, a path.

ἀ-τραπῶς, Ep. ἀ-ταρπῶς, ἤ, (a euphon., τρέπω) a path that does not turn, a path, way, road.

ἀτρεκεία, ἤ, reality, strict truth, accuracy. II. justice, uprightness. From

ἌΤΡΕΚΗΣ, ἐς, real, true, exact. II. strict, just, upright.

ἀ-τρέμα, and before a vowel ἀ-τρέμας, Adv., (a privat., τρέμω) without trembling. 2. quietly, calmly, gently.

ἀ-τρεμαῖος, α, ον, poet. for ἀτρεμής, calm, gentle; ἀτρεμαῖα βοῶ a whisper.

ἀτρεμείω, not to tremble or move, to keep still or quiet. From

ἀ-τρεμής, ἐς, (a privat., τρέμω) not trembling, unmoved, calm: Adv. ἀτρεμῆ, quietly.

ἀτρεμία, ἤ, (ἀτρεμής) a keeping still: calmness.

ἀτρεμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἀτρεμής) to keep quiet: οὐκ ἀτρεμίζεῖν to be restless or unquiet.

ἀ-τρεπτος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) unmoved, indifferent.

ἀ-τρεστος, ον, (a privat., τρέω) not trembling, fearless.

ἀ-τριάκτος, ον, (a privat., τριάζω) unconquered.

ἀ-τρίβαστος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not accustomed.

ἀ-τρίβης, ἐς, (a privat., τρίβειν) not rubbed: of places, not traversed, pathless: of roads, not used. 2. of clothes, not much worn, new, Lat. integer.

ἀτριον, τό, Dor. for ἤτριον.

ἀ-τριπτος, ον, (a privat., τρίβω) not worn hard by work. 2. of corn, not threshed. 3. ἀτριπτοι ἄκανθα thorns on which one cannot tread or walk.

ἀ-τρόμητος, ον, (a privat., τρομέω) fearless, dauntless.

ἀ-τρομος, ον, (a privat., τρέμω) fearless, dauntless, Lat. intrepidus.

ἀτροπία, ἤ, obstinacy. From

ἀ-τροπος, ον, (a privat., τρέπω) not turning, unchangeable. 2. of persons, inflexible: ἡ Ἄτροπος, name of one of the Μοῖραι or Parcæ.

ἀτροφέω, f. ἴσω, to pine away. From

ἀ-τροφος, *ov*, (a privat., τρέφω) *taking no food: pining away, ill of an atrophy.*

ἀ-τρύγετος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (a privat., τρύγαν) *unfruitful, barren: generally, waste, desert.*

ἀ-τρύγῆς, *ἔς*, (a privat., τρύγη) *not gathered.*

ἀ-τρύμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, = ἀτρυτος, c. gen., ἀτρύμων *κακῶν not worn out by ills. [π]*

ἀ-τρυτος, *ov*, (a privat., τρύω) *not worn down, unabating: of a road, wearisome.*

Ἄ-τρυτώνη, *the Unworned.* (Lengthd. form from ἀτρυτή, as Ἄιδωνεύς from Αἰδής.)

ἀ-τρωτος, *ov*, (a privat., τιτρώσκω) *unwounded.*

ἄττα, Att. for τινά, ἄττα for ἄτινα, v. ἄσσα, ἄσσα.

*Ἄττα, a salutation used to elders, *father*; cf. ἄππα, ἄππα, πάππα, [τᾶ]

ἄττᾶνᾶς, *ᾶ, ὄ*, Lat. *attagen*, prob. *the godwit.*

ἄτταται, *a cry of pain or grief: sometimes prolonged, ἀτατταται*, etc.: also used ironically.

ἄττελαβος, Ion. ἀττελεβος, *ὄ*, a kind of locust without wings.

*Ἄττικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (Ἄττικός) *to side with the Athenians, Atticize: later, to live like an Athenian, esp. to speak Attic.* Hence

*Ἄττικισμός, *ὄ*, a siding with Athens, attachment to her. II. an Attic expression, Atticism.

*Ἄττικίων, Dim. of Ἄττικός, a little Athenian.

*Ἄττικός, *ή, ὄν*, (ἀκτή) *Attic, Athenian: ἡ Ἄττικῆ (sub. γῆ) = Ἄθῆς, Attica.*

*Ἄττικονικός, *ή, ὄν*, a comic alteration of Ἄττικός, imitated from the form of Λακωνικός.

ἄππον, Att. for ἄσπον, nearer.

ἄπτω, Att. for ἄσπω, ἄσσω, q. v.

ἄπύζομαι, aor. I part. ἀπυθῆς: Pass.: (ἀπῶ) —to be distraught from fear, amazed, bewildered; ἀπυζόμενος πεδίοιο *flying wildly over the plain: also distraught with grief: c. acc. to be amazed at a thing.* II. rarely in Act. ἀπύζω, f. ὕζω, *to strike with terror.*

ἀ-τύραννευτος, *ov*, (a privat., τυραννεύω) *not ruled by tyrants, free from tyrants.*

ἀ-τύφος, *ov*, (a privat., τύφω) *not puffed up.*

ἀτύχῳ, f. ἦσω, (ἀτυχή) *to be unlucky or unfortunate, fail, miscarry: c. gen. to fail in getting or gaining a thing.* 2. ἀτυχεῖν πρὸς τινα *to fail with another, i. e. fail in one's request.* Hence

ἀτύχημα, *ατος, τό*, a misfortune, mishap.

ἀ-τύχῆς, *ἔς*, (a privat., τυχεῖν) *luckless, unfortunate, unsuccessful.* Adv. -χῶς.

ἀτύχια, *ή, (ἀτυχέω) ill luck, bad fortune.* II.

a mischance, mishap.

Ἄττ^ο, Adv. of Place, *back, backwards*, Lat. *retro.* II. of Time, *again, anew, afresh, once more*, Lat. *denuo.* III. *further, moreover, besides*, (Lat. *porro.* 2. *on the other hand, in turn*, Lat. *vicissim.*

αἰάωω, impf. αἰάων: f. αἰάνῳ: aor. I pass. αἰάνθη: (αἰώ) —to dry. 2. *to wither or parch up;*

βίον αἰάινειν *to waste life away: fut. med. αἰανόμεναι in pass. sense, I shall wither away.*

αἰάλω, a, *ov*, (αἰός) *dry, parched, withered: of hair, rough, squalid: of eyes, sleepless.*

Ἄιασις, *ή, = Ὀασίς*, the name of the fertile islets in the Libyan deserts.

αἰάτα, Aeol. for ἀτη, *calamity, mischief; to be pronounced* ἄφατᾶ.

αἰγάζω, f. ἀσσω: aor. I ἠγάσα: (αἰγή) —to see distinctly, *discern, behold: so also in Med.* II. intr. *to shine.*

Ἄττη, *ή, a bright light*, esp. of the sun, and so in plur. *the rays, beams of the sun; ἕπ' αἰγάς ἡλεκίω under the light of the sun, i. e. still alive; αἰγάς λεύσσειν to behold the light, i. e. to be alive; κλύζειν πρὸς αἰγάς to rise surging towards heaven.* 2. *any light*, esp. of the eyes; ὀμμάτων αἰγά and αἰγά alone, like Lat. *lumina, the eyes.* 3. *any gleam on the surface of bright objects, shewn.*

αἰδάζομαι, f. ἄζομαι: aor. I ἠδαζάμην: Dep.: (αἰδή) —to cry out, speak.

αἰδάω, impf. ἠδῶν: f. ἦσω Att. ἄσω: aor. I ἠδῶσα, Ion. 3 sing. αἰδήσασκε: pf. ἠδῶκα: —also αἰδάομαι, as Dep.: —to talk, speak: c. acc. rei, to speak, say a thing: of oracles, to utter, proclaim. 2. to speak, to address. 3. c. inf. to tell, bid, order to do. 4. to call by name; αἰδῶμαι παῖς Ἀχιλλεύς I am called Achilles' son. 5. like λέγειν, Lat. *dicere, to mean.* From

Ἄτ'Δη', *ή, the human voice, a voice, tone: metaph. any other sound, e. g. the twang of the bowstring.* 2. a report, account. Hence

αἰδήεις, *ἔσσα, εν*, speaking with human voice.

αἰ-έρω (i. e. αἰ ἔρω), aor. I αἰέρωσα: —to draw back: to draw the bow: in a sacrifice, to draw back the victim's head, so as to cut its throat.

αἰθάδεια, poet. αἰθαδία, *ή, self-will, wilfulness, stubbornness, presumption.* From

αἰθ-άδης [ᾶ], *ἔς*, (αἰτός, ἦδομαι) *self-willed, wilful, stubborn, headstrong: also unfeeling.* Adv. -δῶς.

αἰθ-αδία, *ή, poet.* for αἰθαδεια.

αἰθαδίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: (αἰθαδῆς): Dep.: —to be self-willed or stubborn.

αἰθαδικός, *ή, ὄν*, (αἰθαδῆς) *disposed to be self-willed.*

αἰθαδισμα, *ατος, τό*, (αἰθαδῆς) *an act of self-will, wilfulness.*

αἰθαδό-στομος, *ov*, (αἰθαδῆς, στόμα) *wilful or proud of speech.*

αἰθ-αίμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αἰτός, αἶμα) *of the same blood: as Subst. a brother or sister, near kinsman.*

αἰθ-αίρετος, *ov*, (αἰτός, αἰρέω) *self-chosen, self-elected.* II. *taken upon oneself, self-incurred: voluntary, optional.* Adv. -τως.

αἰθενετώ, f. ἦσω, *to have power over.* From

αἰθ-έντης, *ov, ὄ*, contr. for αἰτοέντης, (αἰτός, έντεα) *an actual murderer: esp. of murders done by those of the same family: also a self-murderer, suicide.* 2.

an absolute master or ruler. II. as Adj., αἰθεντης φόνος *death by murder.*

αἰθ-ήμερος, *ov*, (αἰτός, ἡμέρα) *made or happening*

on the very day: Adv. αὐθημερόν Ion. αὐτημερόν, on the very day.

αὐθι, Adv. shortd. for αὐτόθι, of Place, on the spot, here, there: of Time, forthwith, straightway.

αὐθι-γενής, Ion. αὐτιγ-, ἐς, (αὐθι, γενέσθαι) born on the spot, born in the country, native, Lat. indigēna: of rivers, rising in the country; αὐθιγενές ὕδωρ spring water. 2. genuine, sincere.

αὐθις, Ion. αὐτις, Adv., a lengthd. form of αὔ: I. of Place, back, back again. II. of Time, again, afresh, anew: also hereafter.

III. moreover, besides, in turn, on the other hand.

αὐθ-όμαιμος, (αὐτός, ὄμαιμος) akin, of the selfsame blood.

αὐ-ἶχος, ον, (α copul., ἰαχή) shouting together or in common, of the Trojans marching to battle.

αὐλαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = ἄλος, a furrow: also ὠλαξ, for which Homer used ὠλαξ. (Deriv. uncertain.)

αὐλειος, α, ον, sometimes also ος, ον, (αὐλή) of or belonging to the αὐλή or court; ἐπ' αὐλείῃσι θύρῃσι at the door of the court, i. e. at the outer door, house-door.

αὐλέω, ἰ, ἴσω, (αὐλός) to play on the flute:—Pass., of tunes, to be played on the flute; αὐλείται πᾶν μέλαθρον the whole house is filled with music:—Med. to get oneself played to, bear music.

αὐλή, ἦ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) in Homer the open court before the house, the court-yard, surrounded with out-buildings, the altar of Zeus Ἐρκεῖος being in the middle; it had two doors, one the house-door (cf. αὐλειος), and one leading through the αἴθουσα into the πρόδομος. II. after Hom., the αὐλή was the court or quadrangle, round which the house was built, having a corridor (περιστύλιον) all round, from which were doors leading into the men's apartments; opposite the house door (cf. αὐλειος) was the (μέσαυλος or μέταυλος), leading into the women's part of the house.

III. generally, any court or ball. IV. any dwelling, abode, chamber. αὐλημα, ατος, τό, (αὐλέω) a piece of music for the flute.

αὐλησεύντι, Dor. for αὐλήσουσι, 3 pl. fut. of αὐλέω. αὐλητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and αὐλητής, οὐ, ὅ, (αὐλέω) a flute-player. Hence

αὐλητικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for a flute-player; ἦ αὐλητική (sub. τέχνη), bis art.

αὐλητρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, fem. of αὐλητήρ, a flute-girl.

αὐλιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (αὐλή) protecting cattle-folds, name of a Nymph.

αὐλιζομαι: fut. med. αὐλισομαι: aor. I ηἰλισάμην: aor. I pass. ηἰλισθην: pf. ηἰλισμαι: Dep.: (αὐλή): —to lie in the αὐλή or court-yard, to lie out at night: generally, to take up one's abode, lodge, live: as a military term, to encamp, bivouac.

αὐλιον, τό, (αὐλή) any country house, a cottage: a fold. II. a chamber, cave.

αὐλιος, α, ον, (αὐλή) of or belonging to cattle-folds, rustic.

αὐλις, ἴδος, ἦ, (αὐλιζομαι) a stall, fold, tent, esp. for passing the night in; αὐλιν θέσθαι to pitch one's tent. αὐλισκος, ὁ, Dim. of αὐλός, a small reed, a pipe.

αὐλοστρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (αὐλιζομαι) a female inmate in a house.

αὐλο-δόκη, ἦ, (αὐλός, δέχομαι) a flute-case.

αὐλο-θετός, (αὐλός, τίθημι) to make flutes or pipes. αὐλο-ποιός, ὁ, (αὐλός, ποιέω) a flute-maker.

αὐλός, ὁ, (*αὔω, to blow) any wind-instrument, a flute, made of reed, wood, bone, ivory, or metal; αὐλοὶ ἀνδρήϊοι καὶ γυναικῆϊοι, prob. like Lat. tibia dextra et sinistra, i. e. bass and treble; αὐλός Ἐνυαλίον the pipe of Mars, i. e. a trumpet. 2. any tube, pipe, groove, socket.

αὐλῶν, ἄνω, ὁ, ποῖτ. also ἦ, (αὐλός) a hollow way, defile, ravine: a canal, aqueduct: a channel, strait: αὐλῶνες πόντιοι the sea-straits, i. e. the Archipelago. αὐλ-ᾠτις, ἴδος, ἦ, (αὐλός, ᾠή) epith. of a helmet, with a tube (αὐλός) to hold the plume (λόφος).

ΑΥΞΑΝΩ or ΑΥΞΩ, ποῖτ. ἀξέω: f. αὐξήσω: aor. I ηἰξήσατο: pf. ηἰξήκα:—Lat. AUGEO, to make grow, increase: to promote to honour, exalt, exalt.

II. Pass., with fut. med. αὐξήσομαι and pass. αὐξηθήσομαι: aor. I ηἰξήθη: pf. ηἰξήκα:—to grow, wax, increase: of a child, to grow up: of the wind, to rise; ηἰξανόμην ἀκούων I grew taller as I heard. III. intrans. in Act. to grow, wax. Hence

αὐξη, ἦ, growth, increase. αὐξηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of αὐξάνω.

Αὐξησία, ἦ, (αὐξω) the goddess of growth.

αὐξησις, ἔως, ἦ, (αὐξω) growth, increase.

αὐξίμος, ον, (αὐξω) promoting growth.

αὐξο-σελήνηον, τό, (αὐξάνω, σελήνη) the new moon.

αὐξώ, οὐς, ἦ, (αὐξάνω) the goddess of growth, called to witness in an Athenian citizen's oath.

αὐξω, v. sub αὐξάνω.

αὐσόνη, ἦ, (αἶος) dryness, withering.

αἶος, ἦ, ον, (αἶω) dry, dried, of fruit; αἶων ἀπτεῖν to ring dry and harsh, of metal. 2. withered, parched. 3. drained dry, exhausted.

ἀὑπνία, ἦ, sleeplessness. From

ἀὑπνος, ον, (α privat., ὕπνος) sleepless, wakeful; ὕπνος ἀπνος a sleep that is no sleep.

αὔρα, Ion. αὔρη, ἦ, (*ἄω, ἄημι) air in motion, a breeze, esp. the fresh air of morning, Lat. aura.

αὔριον, (from αἶος, Aeol. for ἡώς) Adv. to-morrow; ἐς αὔριον on the morrow, next morning or till morning: ἡ αὔριον (sub. ἡμέρα), the morrow; also, ἦ ἐς αὔριον ἡμέρα, ὁ αὔριον χρόνος.

αὔσαι, aor. I inf. of αὔω to shout.

αὔσιος, Dor. for τησίος.

αὔσταλος, ποῖτ. ἀύσταλος, α, ον, (αἶος) sunburnt, shrivelled, parched, Lat. siccus.

αὔστηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (*ἄω, αἶω, ἀξέω) making the tongue dry and rough; rough, bitter. 2. metaph. like Lat. austerus, stern, harsh, austere. Hence

αὔστηρότης, ητος, ἦ, roughness, rough flavour. 2. metaph. harshness, sternness, austerity.

αὐτ-ἄγγελος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἀγγέλλω) carrying one's own message : bringing news of what one has seen.

αὐτ-ἄγρετος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἀγρέω) self-chosen, left to one's choice. II. act. choosing for oneself.

αὐτ-ἀδελφος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἀδελφός) related as brother or sister : one's own brother or sister.

αὐτ-άνδρος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἀνήρ) with the men themselves, men and all.

αὐτ-ἀνεψίος, *a*, (αὐτός, ἀνεψίος) an own cousin, cousin-german.

αὐτάρ, Conjunction, Ep. for ἀτάρ, but, yet, however, still, besides, moreover. Like ἀτάρ it always begins a proposition.

αὐτάρκεια, *ἡ*, (αὐτάρκης) sufficiency in oneself, independence.

αὐτ-άρκης, *es*, (αὐτός, ἀρκέω) sufficient in oneself, independent of others; πόλις αὐτάρκης a country that supplies itself, that wants no imports; c. inf., αὐτάρκης ἀναγκάζειν fully able to compel.

αὐτε, Adv., I. of Time, again, over again. II. to mark Sequence, again, furthermore, like Lat. autem. 2. however, on the contrary.

αὐτ-έκμαγμα, *ατος, τό*, (αὐτός, ἐκμάσσομαι) an exact impression, true portrait.

αὐτ-εξουσία, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἐξουσία) in one's own power : τὸ αὐτεξούσιον free power.

αὐτ-επάγγελτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἐπαγγέλλομαι) offering of oneself, of oneself, freely, Lat. sponte.

αὐτ-επώνυμος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἐπώνυμος) of the same surname.

αὐτ-ερέτης, *ov, ὁ*, (αὐτός, ἐρέτης) rower and soldier at once.

αὐτέω, Ep. impf. αὐτευν, only used in pres. and impf., to cry, shout : also in Act., to call. [ῥ] From αὐτή, ἡ, (αὖα) a shout, call, esp. a battle-shout, war-cry, hence also the battle itself. [ῥ]

αὐτ-ήκοος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἀκούω) one who has himself beard, an ear-witness.

αὐτ-ἡμαρ, Adv., = αὐθημέρον, on the selfsame day.

αὐτ-ιγενής, *és*, Ion. for αὐθηγενής.

αὐτίκα [ῥ], Adv. (αὐτός) forthwith, straightway, immediately; αὐτίκα καὶ μετέπειτα now and hereafter : presently, directly, Lat. mox. II. for example, just to give an example; αὐτίκα γὰρ ἄρχει διὰ τῶν ὁ Ζεὺς; for example, by what means does Zeus rule the gods?

αὐτις, Ion. and Dor. for αἶθις.

αὐτμή, (*αῶ, αῶω, to blow) breath : the blast of a bellows. II. a scent, odour.

αὐτμήν, μένος, ὁ, = αὐτμή.

αὐτο-βοεί, Adv. (αὐτός, βοή) by a mere shout; αὐτοβοεῖ ἐλεύειν to take without resistance.

αὐτό-βουλος, *ov*, (αὐτός, βουλή) self-willed.

αὐτο-γέννητος, *ov*, (αὐτός, γεννάω) :—κοιμήματα μητρὸς αὐτ. a mother's intercourse with her own child.

αὐτονομονέω, *f. ἴσω*, to act of one's own will or judgment. From

αὐτο-γνώμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (αὐτός, γνώμη) acting of one's own will or judgment. Adv. —μόνας.

αὐτό-γνωτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, γινώσκω) self-resolved, self-chosen.

αὐτό-γῆος, *ov*, (αὐτός, γῆς) :—ἀροτρον αὐτόγρον a plough in which the γῆς is of one piece with the ἔλυμα and ἱστοβοεὺς.

αὐτο-δαής, *és*, (αὐτός, δαῖνα) unpremeditated.

αὐτο-δαίκτης, *ov*, (αὐτός, δαί(ω)) self-slain or mutually slain.

αὐτ-οδᾶξ, Adv. (αὐτός, οδᾶξ) with clenched teeth : hence stubborn.

αὐτό-δεκα, (αὐτός, δέκα) just ten.

αὐτό-δηλος, *ov*, (αὐτός, δηλος) self-evident.

αὐτο-διδάκτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, διδάσκω) self-taught.

αὐτό-δικος, *ov*, (αὐτός, δίκη) with one's own law-courts : conducting one's own suits at home.

αὐτόδιον, Adv. (αὐτός) straightway.

αὐτο-έλικτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, ἐλίσσω) curling naturally.

αὐτο-έντης, *ov, ὁ*, = αὐθέντης, a murderer.

αὐτο-εἰσῆς, *és*, (αὐτός, εἶτος) in or of the same year : Adv. αὐτόετες, in the same year, within the year.

αὐτο-θελεῖ, Adv. of αὐτοθελής, voluntarily.

αὐτο-θελής, *és*, (αὐτός, θέλω) of one's own will, voluntary.

αὐτόθεν, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) of Place, from the very spot where one is, from hence, from thence, Lat. illic. II. of Time, on the spot, at once, Lat. illico.

αὐτόθι, Adv. for αὐτοῦ, on the very spot, there.

αὐτο-κάσιγνητος, ὁ, and -τη, ἡ, (αὐτός, κασίγνητος) an own brother or sister.

αὐτο-κατάκριτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κατακρίνω) self-condemned.

αὐτο-κέλευθος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κέλευθος) going one's own way.

αὐτο-κέλευστος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κελύω) self-bidden, of one's own accord.

αὐτο-κελής, *és*, (αὐτός, κέλομαι) = foreg.

αὐτό-κλητος, *ov*, (αὐτός, καλέω) self-called, i. e. uncalled, unbidden.

αὐτό-κομος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κώμη) with natural hair, sbaggy. II. hair and all.

αὐτο-κρατῆς, *és*, (αὐτός, κράτος) ruling by oneself, having full power, absolute : τὸ αὐτοκρατές free will.

αὐτο-κράτωρ, *opos, ὁ, ἡ*, (αὐτός, κρατέω) one's own master : I. of persons or states, free and independent, Lat. sui juris. 2. of ambassadors, etc., possessing full powers. 3. of rulers, absolute : peremptory.

αὐτό-κτιτος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κτίζω) self-produced, made by nature.

αὐτοκτονέω, to slay themselves or one another. From αὐτο-κτόνος, (αὐτός, κτείνω) self-slaying. II. slaying one another; θάνατος αὐτοκτόνος mutual death by each other's hand.

αὐτο-κύβερνητης, *ov, ὁ*, (αὐτός, κυβερνάω) one who steers himself.

αὐτό-κωπος, *ov*, (αὐτός, κώπη) together with the

handle; βέλη αὐτόκωπα weapons with a handle, i. e. swords.

αὐτο-μαθῆς, ἐς, (αὐτός, μαθεῖν) *self-taught*, τινός in a thing.

αὐτο-μαρτύς, ὅς, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, μαρτύς) *oneself the witness*, i. e. an eyewitness.

αὐτοματίζω, f. ἴσω, to act of one's own will, to act of oneself, and so to act unadvisedly. From

αὐτό-ματος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (αὐτός, μέμα, pf. of *μάω) acting of one's own will, of oneself, unbidden; esp. self-moving; τὰ αὐτόματα *self-moving machines, automatons*.

2. of plants, growing of themselves, spontaneous. 3. of events, happening of themselves: without cause, accidental; ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτόματου, naturally or by chance. Adv. —ως, Lat. *ultro*, sponte sua.

αὐτομολέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐτόμολος) to desert. Hence αὐτομόλησις, εως, ἡ, and αὐτομολία, ἡ, desertion.

αὐτό-μολος, ον, (αὐτός, μολαῖν) going of oneself: as Subst. a deserter.

αὐτονομέομαι, Dep. (αὐτόνομος) to live by one's own laws, be independent.

αὐτονομία, ἡ, independence. From αὐτό-νομος, ον, (αὐτός, νέμω) living by one's own laws: independent. II. (νέμομαι) feeding at will.

αὐτο-νύχϊ, Adv. (αὐτός, νύξ) that very night.

αὐτό-ξύλον, ον, (αὐτός, ξύλον) of mere wood.

αὐτό-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, παῖς) an own child, son or daughter.

αὐτο-πῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, πῆμα) for one's own woes.

αὐτο-ποιός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ποιέω) self-produced.

αὐτό-πολις, εως, ὁ, (αὐτός, πόλις) self-administered, independent. Hence

αὐτοπολίτης, ον, ὁ, a citizen of a free state. [ἶ]

αὐτο-πόνητος, ον, (αὐτός, πονέω) self-wrought, natural.

αὐτό-πρεμνος, ον, (αὐτός, πρέμνον) together with the root, root and all; αὐτόπρεμνος δλλυθῆναι to perish root and branch.

αὐτο-πρόσωπον, ον, (αὐτός, πρόσωπον) in one's own person.

αὐτ-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, ὄψομαι, fut. of ὄραω) seeing oneself, an eyewitness.

αὐτο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, πωλέω) selling one's own goods.

αὐτόρ-ριζος, ποῖτ. αὐτόριζος, ον, (αὐτός, ρίζα) self-rooted. II. with the roots, roots and all.

αὐτόρ-ρυθος, ποῖτ. αὐτόρυτος, ον, (αὐτός, ρέω) self-flowing.

Αὐτό-σῆ, αὐτή, αὐτό, reflexive Pron., self, Lat. *ipse*: in oblique cases often for the person. Pron., *him, her, it*: with artic. ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, the same.

1. self, myself, thyself: 1. oneself, i. e. the part properly called self, as the soul, opp. to the body; or oneself, as opp. to others, e. g. the king to his subjects: hence it is used emphatically for a master, as in the Pythag. phrase Αὐτὸς ἔφα, Lat. *Ipse dixit*. 2.

of oneself, of one's own accord. 3. by oneself, alone, = *monos*; αὐτοῖ ἐσμεν we are by ourselves.

4. in dat. with a Subst., together with; ἀνύρουσεν αὐτῇ σὺν φόρμυγγι he sprang up lyre in band: but mostly without σὺν, ἵππους αὐτοῖσιν ὄχεσσαν horses, chariot and all; this use is freq. in Att., αὐτοῖσι συμμάχοισι allies and all; αὐτοῖς τοῖς ἵπποισι horses and all. 5.

added to ordinal numbers, e. g. πέμπτος αὐτὸς himself the fifth, i. e. himself with four others, αὐτός being the chief person. 6. also joined with the personal Pron., ἐγὼ αὐτός, σὲ αὐτόν, etc., always *divisim* in Homer: sometimes the personal Pron. is omitted, as, αὐτὸν ἐλέησον, for ἐμὲ αὐτόν: again αὐτός is joined with the reflexive auxiliary, αὐτοῦ, etc., to give greater force, as αὐτὸς καθ' αὐτοῦ. II. Comp. αὐτότερος, more himself; and Sup. αὐτότατος, Lat. *ipsissimus*, his very self.

II. *He, she, it*, Lat. *ille*, for the simple Pron. of third person, only in oblique cases, and never at the beginning of a sentence. On the difference between the oblique cases αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, and the reflex. Pron. αὐτοῦ, αὐτῶ, αὐτόν, v. sub εαυτοῦ.

III. with Article, ὁ αὐτός, ἡ αὐτή, τὸ αὐτό, Att. contr. αὐτός, αὐτή, ταυτό and ταυτόν; gen. ταυτοῦ, etc.; Ion. αὐτός, ταυτό:—the same, Lat. *idem*. It freq. takes a dat., like ὅμοιος, etc., ὁ αὐτὸς τῷ λίθῳ the same as the stone; τὸ αὐτὸ πράσσειν or πᾶσιν τινὶ to fare the same as one: also in phrases κατὰ ταυτό, ὑπὸ ταυτό, at, about the same time, Lat. *sub idem tempus*: εἰς ταυτό, ἐν ταυτῶ, ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ, to, in, from the same place.

IV. in Compos., 1. of itself, i. e. natural, native, as in αὐτόκλιτος. 2. of mere, of nothing but, as in αὐτόξυλλος. 3. of oneself, as in αὐτοῖδι-δακτος. 4. the very, the ideal, as in αὐτογάθον, αὐτοάνθρωπος, etc. 5. just, exactly, as in αὐτό-δεκα. 6. rarely, with reflex. sense of αὐτοῦ and ἀλλήλων, as αὐθέτης, αὐτοκτονέω. 7. together with, as in αὐτόκοκος young and all. 8. alone, by oneself, as in αὐτόσκηπος.

αὐτόσε, Adv. (αὐτοῦ) to the very place, Lat. *illuc*.

αὐτο-σίδηρος, ον, (αὐτός, σίδηρος) of sheer iron.

αὐτόσ-σῦτος, ον, (αὐτός, σέουμαι) self-moved.

αὐτόσ-τάδια, ἡ, (αὐτός, ἵσταμαι) a stand-up fight, close fight.

αὐτό-στολος, ον, (αὐτός, στέλλομαι) self-sent, going of oneself.

αὐτό-στονος, ον, (αὐτός, στένω) sighing for or by oneself.

αὐτο-σφάγῆς, ἐς, (αὐτός, σφαγήναι) slain by oneself or by kinsmen.

αὐτο-σχεδῶν, Adv. = αὐτοσχεδόν.

αὐτοσχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (αὐτοσχεδῖος) to act or speak off-hand: hence in bad sense, to act or speak unadvisedly: to judge superficially. 2. in good sense, to devise a plan off-hand. Hence

αὐτοσχεδιασμα, ατος, τό, work done off-hand, an impromptu: and

ἀυτοσχεδιαστὴς, οὐ, ὁ, *one who acts or speaks off-hand*: a novice, Lat. *tiro*.

ἀυτο-σχεδιος, α, ον, (αὐτός, σχεδιος) *hand to hand*:—as fem. Subst. ἀυτοσχεδιή, (sc. μάχη) ἡ, a close fight, fray; acc. ἀυτοσχεδιῆν as Adv. close at hand. II. *off-hand, on the spur of the moment*.

ἀυτο-σχεδόν, Adv. (αὐτός, σχεδόν) *near at hand, hand to hand*, Lat. *cominus*.

ἀυτότατος, see αὐτός II.
 ἀυτο-τελεστος, ον, (αὐτός, τελέω) *self-accomplished*.
 ἀυτο-τελής, ἐς, (αὐτός, τέλος) *complete in itself, sufficient*:—Adv. ἀυτοτελεῶς, absolutely, arbitrarily.
 II. *taxing oneself*.

ἀυτότερος, see αὐτός II.
 ἀυτο-τόκος, ον, (αὐτός, τόκος) *young and all*.
 ἀυτο-τραγικός, ον, (αὐτός, τραγικός) *arrant tragic*.
 ἀυτο-τροπήσας, aor. I part. as if from ἀυτοτροπῶ, (αὐτός, τρέπω) *to turn straightway*.

αὐτοῦ, Adv., properly gen. neut. of αὐτός, at the very place, there, here, on the spot, Lat. *illico*.

αὐτοῦ, Att. contr. for ἑαυτοῦ.
 ἀυτουργία, ἡ, a working with one's own hand; ἀυτουργία φόνου self-inflicted murder. From

αὐτο-ουργός, ὄν, (αὐτός, ἔργον) *self-working*. 2. as Subst., one who tills his own land, a husbandman, farmer.
 II. pass. *self-wrought, extemporary*.

αὐτόφι, αὐτόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and plur. of αὐτός: ἐπ' αὐτόφι or παρ' αὐτόφι on the very spot; ἀπ' αὐτόφι from the very spot.

αὐτό-φλοιος, ον, (αὐτός, φλοιός) *bark and all*.
 ἀυτο-φόνος, ον, (αὐτός, *φένω) *self-murdering, murdering one's own kin*.

αὐτο-φόντης, ον, ὁ, (αὐτός, *φένω) *a murderer*.
 ἀυτο-φορτος, ον, (αὐτός, φόρτος) *bearing one's own baggage*.

αὐτο-φύης, ἐς, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-growing, self-existent*. 2. of home growth or production. 3. natural, opp. to artificial; αὐτοφυνεῖς λόφοι hills in their natural state, not quarried or mined. Hence αὐτοφυῶς, Adv. naturally.

αὐτό-φύτος, ον, (αὐτός, φύω) *self-caused*.
 ἀυτο-φωρος, ον, (αὐτός, φάω) *caught in the act of theft; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ λαμβάνειν to catch in the act; ἐπ' αὐτοφώρῳ ἀλῶναι to be caught in the very act*.

αὐτό-χειρ, ρος, ὁ, ἡ, (αὐτός, χεῖρ) *working with one's own hand*: c. gen. the very maker or worker of a thing. II. absol. *one who kills himself or one of his kin: a murderer, homicide*. 3. as Adj. *murderous*. Hence

αὐτοχειρί, Adv. *with one's own hand*.
 αὐτοχειρία, ἡ, (αὐτόχειρ) *a doing with one's own hands*; Lat. *αὐτοχειρία with one's own hand*.

αὐτό-χθονος, ον, (αὐτός, χθών) *country and all*.
 αὐτό-χθων, ον, gen. ονος, (αὐτός, χθών) *of the land itself*, Lat. *terrigena*: αὐτόχθονες, οί, like Lat. *Aborigines, Indigenae, of the original race, not settlers*.

αὐτο-χόλωτος, ον, (αὐτός, χολῶω) *angry at oneself*.

αὐτοχάανος, ον, lengthd. for αὐτοχάανος, (αὐτός, χόανη) *rudely cast, shapeless, of a quoit*.

αὐτό-χρημα, Adv. (αὐτός, χρήμα) *indeed, really: at once, plainly*.

αὐτῶς, Adv. of αὐτός with Aeol. accent, *even so, just so, as it is*; γυμνὸν ἔντα, αὐτῶς, being unarmed, just as I am. 2. *just so, no better*; often joined with other words implying contempt; νήπιος αὐτῶς a mere child.

II. *just as before, as it was*; λευκὸν ἔτ' αὐτῶς still white as when new.

αὐχενίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (αὐχῆν) *to cut the throat of, behead*.

αὐχένιος, α, ον, (αὐχῆν) *belonging to the neck*; αὐχένιοι τένοντες the sinews of the neck.

αὐχέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἠύχθησα:—like καυχάομαι, to boast, *pride oneself*: c. inf. to boast that: generally, to protest, declare. From

ΑΥ'ΧΗ', ἡ, *boasting, pride*.
 αὐχῆμα, ατος, τό, (αὐχέω) *a thing boasted of, the pride, boast*. II. a boast: also = αὐχῆ, *boasting*.

ΑΥ'ΧΗ'Ν, ἔνος, ὁ, the neck, throat: metaph. a narrow passage, a neck of land, isthmus; also a narrow sea, strait: the narrow bed of a river: a defile.

αὐχῆσις, εως, ἡ, (αὐχέω) *boasting, exultation*.

αὐχμέω, f. ἦσω, (αὐχμός) *to be squalid*, Lat. *squalēre*.

αὐχμηεῖς, εσσα, εν, = αὐχμηρός.

αὐχμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (αὐχμέω) *dry, parched, dusty, squalid*, Lat. *squalidus*. 2. *impoverished, needy*.

αὐχμός, ὁ, (αὐ, αἶω, αἶος) *drought: dearth*.

αὐχμῶδης, ἐς, (αὐχμός, εἶδος) *looking dry and dusty; τὸ αὐχμῶδες drought*.

ΑΥ'Ω, Att. αὔω, *to dry, wither*: also *to singe, set on fire*.

ΑΥ'Ω, f. αὔω: aor. ἤυσα:—to shout out, shout, call aloud: also of things, to sound, echo: c. acc. pers. to call upon.

αὔω, ἡ, Aeol. for αὔω, ἡῶς, *morning*.

ἀφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to purify*:—Med. *to devote oneself with purifying offerings*.

ἀφ-αίρω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἀφῆρα: Pass., aor. I ἀφῆρθην: pf. ἀφῆρημαι:—from the Root 'ΕΛ— we have aor. 2 ἀφείλον, fut. med. ἀφελούμαι: (ἀπό, αἰρέω). *To take from, take away from another*; c. dupl. acc., ἀφαιρέιν τινά τι *to rob of a thing*; ἀφαιρέιν τινας *to take from a thing, hence to diminish: to let off, pardon*. II. Med. more freq. than Act., *to take away for oneself, bear off*: ἀφαιρέσθαι τινά τι *to bereave, deprive, rob of a thing, always with the notion of taking for oneself*. 2. followed by μή and inf., *to prevent, binder from doing*. III.

Pass. *to be robbed or deprived of a thing*.

ἀφαιστος, Dor. for ἠφαιστος.

ἀφ-άλλομαι, f. ἀφαλοῦμαι: aor. I ἀφῆλάμην: Dep.: (ἀπό, ἄλλομαι):—*to spring off or down from: to jump off*.

ἀ-φάλος, ον, *without the fάλος or metal boss in which the plume was fixed*.

ἀφ-αμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 ἀφῆμαρτον,

Ep. by metath. ἀπήμβροτον: (ἀπό, ἀμαρτῶν) :—to miss one's aim, fail in gaining.

ἀφάρμαρτε, Ep. 3 aor. 2 of foreg.

ἀφαρματο-επίης, ἐς, (ἀφαρμαρτεῖν, ἔπος) missing the point, talking at random.

ἀφ-ανδάνω, f. -αδήσω: Ion. aor. 2 inf. ἀπαδέειν: (ἀπό, ἀνδάνω) :—to displease, fail to please.

ἀ-φάνεια, ἡ, darkness, obscurity. II. disappearance, utter destruction. From

ἀ-φάνης, ἐς, (a privat., φανίνα) unseen, invisible: inscrutable. 2. vanished: hidden, secret: hence unknown: τὸ ἀφανές uncertainty. 3. ἀφανής οὐσία personal property, which can be secreted, opp. to φανερά, real, as land. Hence

ἀφανίζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. τῶ: pf. ἠφάνικα:—to make unseen, bide, suppress: to make away with. 2. to raise to the ground, erase writing: to obliterate footsteps, etc. 3. to secrete, steal, embezzle. 4. to darken, obscure, tarnish: to efface. II. Pass. to disappear and be heard of no more, vanish: esp. of persons lost at sea. 2. to keep out of public, live retired. Hence

ἀφάνισις, εως, ἡ, a making away with. II. a vanishing, disappearance.

ἀφανισμός, ὁ, = ἀφάνισις.

ἀ-φαντος, ον, (a privat., φάνομαι) invisible, forgotten: obscure, secret. 2. unlooked for.

ἀφ-ἄπτω, fut. ψω: pf. pass. ἀφημμαι: (ἀπό, ἄπτω) :—to fasten from or upon; ἀφ. ἄμματα to tie knots on a string:—Pass. to be hung on, hang on; ἀπαμμένος Ion. pass. pf. part. for ἀφημμένος.

ἀφᾶρ, Adv., I. straightway, forthwith: at once, quickly. II. thereupon, then, after that. III. continuously, without intermission.

ἀ-φαρκτος, ον, old Att. for ἀφαρκτος.

ἀφ-αρπάζω: f. ἄζω, Att. ἄσω or rather ἄσομαι:—Pass., aor. I -ηρπάσθην: pf. -ήρπασμαι:—to tear off or from: to snatch away: to snatch eagerly.

ἀφάρτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ἀφάρ, bastier.

ἀ-φᾶσις, ἡ, (ἀφᾶτος) speechlessness.

ἀφάσσω, f. ἀφάσω: aor. I ἠφασα, imperat. ἀφασον: (ἄπτω, ἀφᾶω) :—to take hold of, handle, feel, touch.

ἀ-φᾶτος, ον, (a privat., φᾶτός) not named, nameless: that should not be named or uttered; ἀφᾶτα χρήματα untold sums; ἀφᾶτον ὡς . . there's no saying how. 2. unutterable: huge, monstrous.

ἀφ-αναίω, fut. pass. ἀναθήσομαι, = ἀφάνω.

ἀφανρός, ἁ, ὄν, weak, feeble. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἀφ-αῖω, (ἀπό, αῖω) to dry up, parch, Lat. torrere:—Pass. to become parched, to pine away.

ἀφᾶω or ἀφᾶω, (ἄπτω, ἀφή) to handle, feel.

ἀ-φεγγής, ἐς, (a privat., φέγγος) without light, dark: metaph. ill-starred. 2. dim, faint.

ἀφ-εδρών, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (ἀπό, ἔδρα) the draught: a privy.

ἀφῆ, Ep. for ἀφή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῆκα, Ep. for ἀφήκα, aor. I of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῆθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφειδέστερον, Comp., ἀφειδέστατα, Sup., of Adv. ἀφειδῶς.

ἀφειδέω, f. ἦσω, to be unsparing or lavish of; ἀφειδέω πόνου to be careless of, i. e. to neglect, avoid toil: absol., ἀφειδῆσαντες recklessly. From

ἀ-φειδής, ἐς, (a privat., φείδομαι) unsparing, lavish: bountiful. 2. unsparing, cruel, harsh. Hence

ἀφειδία, ἡ, profuseness. 2. harshness, severity.

ἀφειδῶς, Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἀφειδής, lavishly.

ἀφείη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείλον, -όμεν, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφείμαι, pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

ἀφείς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφεκτέον, verb. Adj. of ἀπέχω, one must abstain.

ἀφελεια, ἡ, (ἀφελής) simplicity, plainness. From

ἀφελειν, ἀφελέσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀ-φελής, ἐς, (a privat., φελλεύς) without a stone, level, smooth. II. metaph. of persons, simple, plain.

ἀφ-έλκω, f. ἔλξω: but the usu. fut. is ἀφελκύσω [ῥ], aor. I ἀφελκύσα (as if from ἀφελκίω) :—to drag away, draw back: to draw aside. 2. to drink up.

ἀφελότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἀφελής) smoothness, evenness: hence simplicity, sincerity.

ἀφελῶν, aor. 2 part. of ἀφαιρέω.

ἀφελῶς, Adv. of ἀφελής, rudely, coarsely.

ἀφενος, τό, wealth, abundance.

ἀφ-ερκτος, ον, (ἀπείρω) shut out from.

ἀφ-έρπω, f. ψω: but aor. I ἀφείρπισα (as if from ἀφερπίσω) :—to creep off, steal away.

ἀ-φερτος, ον, (a privat., φέρω) insufferable.

ἀφες, 2 imperat. aor. 2 of ἀφήμι.

Ἄφεισιος, ὁ, (ἀφήμι) the Releaser, epith. of Zeus.

ἀφεις, εως, ἡ, (ἀφήμι) a letting go, setting free: a quittance, discharge: remission, forgiveness: a starting of horses in a race, the starting-post itself.

ἀφισταίη, shortened for ἀφέστηκει, 3 sing. pf. opt. of ἀφίστημι.

ἀφιστός, ὄν, (ἀφήμι) let loose, freely ranging, esp. of sacred flocks that were free from work: hence dedicated to some god.

ἀ-φευκτος, ον, = ἀφυκτος, q. v.

ἀφ-εύω, aor. I ἀφενσα (without augm.): pf. pass. ἤφευμαι:—to singe off. 2. to toast, roast.

ἀφ-έλω, Ion. ἀπέλω: fut. ἀφέλω:—to boil off, boil down. II. to boil free of all dross, to refine, purify: to boil young again.

ἀφῆκα, Dor. for ἀφείκα, pf. act., and ἀφῆωνται, Dor. for ἀφείνται, 3 plur., pf. pass. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφή, ἡ, (ἄπτω) a fastening, joint: 2. a ligbing, kindling. II. (ἄπτομαι) a touching, handling: the sense of touch.

ἀφ-ηγέομαι, f. -γήσω, to lead away, lead off: generally, to lead the way, go first. II. to tell, relate, explain. III. the perf. ἀφήγημαι is used in pass. sense. Hence

ἀφήγημα Ion. ἀπήγημα, *atos*, τό, *a tale, narrative*: and
ἀφήγησις Ion. ἀπήγησις, *ews*, ἡ, *a telling, narrative*; *ἀξίον ἀπήγησις worth the telling.*
ἀφήγη, aor. I of ἀφήημι.
ἀφ-ἡλιξ, Ion. ἀπ-ἡλιξ, *ikos*, ὁ, ἡ, *beyond youth, elderly*: mostly used in Comp. and Sup. ἀφηλικέ-
στερος, -έστατος.
ἀφ-ῆμαι, Pass. *to sit apart.*
ἀφῆρηκα, pf. of ἀφαίρω.
ἀφ-ῆτωρ, *opos*, ὁ, (ἀφήμη) *the archer.*
ἀφθαρσία, ἡ, *incorruption, immortality.* From
ἀ-φθαρτος, *ov*, (a privat., φθείρω) *uncorrupted, incorruptible.*
ἀ-φθελκτος, *ov*, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) *speechless: not to be spoken of*; ἐν ἀφθελκτῷ νάπει in a grove where none may speak.
ἄφθη, Ion. and Dor. for ἡφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
ἀ-φθίτος, *ov*, later also *η*, *ov*, (a privat., φθίω) *undestroyed, undecaying, imperishable.*
ἀ-φθογγος, *ov*, (a privat., φθέγγομαι) *voiceless.*
ἀφθονέστερος, -έστατος, Irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ἄφθοσος.
ἀ-φθόνητος, *ov*, (a privat., φθονέω) *unenvied.*
ἀφθονία, ἡ, *freedom from envy, readiness: more often of things, plenty, abundance.* From
ἀ-φθονος, *ov*, act. free from envy: *ungrudging, bounteous.* II. pass. *not grudged, bounteously given, plentiful.* 2. = ἀνεπιφθονος, *unenvied, provoking no envy.* III. Adv. -ως, ἀφθόνως ἔχειν *τινός* to have enough of a thing.
ἀφθορία, ἡ, *incorruption, purity.* From
ἀ-φθορος, *ov*, (a privat., φθείρω) *uncorrupt, chaste.*
ἀφ-ιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ] :—Pass., aor. I -ύθην [ῥ] or -ύθην: pf. ἀφιδρύμαι:—*to place elsewhere, to remove.*
ἀφ-ιερῶ, f. ὕσω: pf. pass. ἀφιέρωμαι:—*to purify, hallow.*
ἀφ-ίημι: impf. (as if from ἀφιέω) ἡφιόνω, 3 sing. ἡφίει Ep. ἀφίει, 3 pl. ἡφιόνω, ἡφίεσαν: fut. ἀφήσω: aor. I ἀφήκα: pf. ἀφέικα Dor. ἀφέικα:—Pass., fut. ἀφείησθε: aor. I ἀφείθη: pf. ἀφείμαι, Dor. 3 pl. ἀφείωνται with pres. sense:—*to send forth, discharge, Lat. emittere*, esp. of missiles: in prose, *to send forth on an expedition, send out.* II. *to send away, let go*, Lat. *dimittere*: hence *to throw away.* 2. *to let go, set free*, esp. from an accusation, etc.: *to remit*: absol., ἀφιέναι *τινά* *to acquit.* 3. *to dissolve, disband, break up*, of an army: so also of the council at Athens. 4. *to put away, divorce.* 5. ἀφιέναι *πλοῖον εἰς* . . *to loose ship for a place.* III. *to give up*: hence *to leave off, let alone*; *to let pass, neglect.* IV. *to let, suffer, permit* to do or to be done. V. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν, ναῦς, etc.), *to break up, march, sail.*
 B. Med. *to send forth from oneself, to send forth.* 2. *to loose oneself from*: freq. in Att., c. gen. only, ἀφου τέκνων *let go the children.*

ἀφ-ικάνω, = ἀφικνέομαι, *to arrive at.*
ἀφικέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.
ἀφίκεο, Dor. for ἀφίκοι, 2 sing. aor. 2 of sq.
ἀφ-ικνέομαι, f. ἀφίξομαι: aor. ἀφίκομην: pf. pass. ἀφίγμαι: Dep.:—*to arrive at, to come to, to reach*; ἀφικέσθαι ἐπὶ or εἰς πάντα *to try every means*; ἀφικέσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ *to come into extremest misery*; διὰ μάχης, δι' ἔχθρας ἀφικέσθαι *τινὶ* *to come to battle, or into enmity with one.* II. *to come back, return.*
ἀφικνέομαι, aor. 2 part. of ἀφικνέομαι.
ἀ-φιλ-άγαθος, *ov*, (a privat., φίλος, ἀγαθός) *unfriendly to good men.*
ἀ-φιλ-ἀργύρος, *ov*, (a privat., φίλος, ἀργυρός) *not loving money, not avaricious, not covetous.*
ἀ-φίλητος, *ov*, (a privat., φιλέω) *unloved.*
ἀφίλοδοξία, ἡ, *want of ambition.* From
ἀ-φίλοδοξος, *ov*, (a privat., φίλος, δόξα) *not ambitious.*
ἀ-φίλος, *ov*, of persons, *friendless.* 2. of persons and things, *unfriendly, disagreeable, hateful*:—Adv. -λως.
ἀφιξίς, Ion. ἀπίξίς, *ews*, ἡ, (ἀφικνέομαι) *an arrival.* II. *a going home again, departure.*
ἀφιπτεύω, f. εἴσω, (ἀφιππος) *to ride off, away, or back.*
ἀφιππία, ἡ, *bad riding.* From
ἀφιππος, *ov*, *unsuited for riding or for cavalry.* II. *riding badly.*
ἀφ-ίστημι, impf. ἀφίστην: f. ἀποστήσω: aor. I ἀπέστησα and aor. I med. ἀπεστησάμην;—in which tenses it is causal:—*to put away, remove, separate*: hence *to hinder, frustrate*: but mostly, *to make revolt.* 2. *to weigh out*; μη χρεῖος ἀποστήσωνται *lest they weigh out, i. e. pay in full the debt.* II. intr. in Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἀπέστην: perf. ἀπέστηκα: plqpf. ἀπέστηκεν: and fut. med. ἀποστήσομαι:—*to stand off, away, or aloof from*; ἀποστήναι πραγμάτων, etc., *to withdraw from business*; ἀποστήναι ἀπὸ τινος *to revolt from*, and freq. absol. *to revolt*; also c. inf., ἀποστήναι ἐρωτήσαι *to give over asking.* 2. absol. *to stand aloof, keep off.*
ἀφίχθαι, pf. inf. of ἀφικνέομαι.
ἀφλαστον, τό, Lat. *aplustre*, *the curved stern of a ship with its ornaments* (Deriv. uncertain.)
ἀφλοιομός, ὁ, *a foaming or gnashing of teeth*. (Prob. like φλοῖστος, formed from the sound.)
ἀφνειός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (ἄφενος) *rich, wealthy*: also *rich in a thing*, c. gen.
ἀφνεός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of ἀφνειός.
ἌΦΝΩ, Adv. *unawares, of a sudden*: also ἄφνης.
ἀ-φόβητος, *ov*, (a privat., φοβέομαι) *fearless, without fear of*, c. gen.
ἀ-φοβος, *ov*, (a privat., φόβος) *fearless.* 2. *causing no fear, not to be feared.*
ἀφοβό-σπλαγχνος, *ov*, (ἀφοβος, σπλαγχνον) *fearless of heart, stout-hearted.*
ἀφόβως, Adv. of ἀφοβος, *without fear, securely.*
ἀφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἀπό, δόδος) *a going away, departure*: also *a going back.* II. = ἀπίστας.
ἀ-φοίβαντος, *ov*, (a privat., φοιβαίνω) *uncleansed.*

ἀφομοιῶ, f. ὡσω, to liken, make like. II. to compare.

III. to portray, copy.

ἀφ-οπιλίω, f. ἴσω, to disarm, strip of arms:—Med., ἀφοπιλίεσθαι ἔντρα to put off one's armour.

ἀφ-οράω, impf. ἀφείρων: pf. ἀφείρακα: with borrowed fut. ἀπόφωμαι (as if from ἀπ-όπτομαι), and aor. 2 ἀπέειδον (as if from ἀπ-είδω):—to look away from all others at one, and so to look at, Lat. respicere:—to see clearly, have in full view. II. to look from a place.

III. rarely, to look away, have the back turned.

ἀ-φόρητος, ov, (a privat., φορητός) unbearable, insufferable.

ἀφορία, ἡ, (ἀφορος) a not bearing, dearth of a thing. II. barrenness.

ἀφοριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. act. or 2 sing. fut. med. of ἀφ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. ἀφώρισα: pf. pass. ἀφώρισμα:—to mark off by boundaries: to part off, determine, define:—Med. to mark off for oneself, appropriate. II. to set apart, ordain: also to reject, banish.

ἀφ-ορμῶω, f. ἴσω, to make to start from a place. II. intr. to start from a place, set off: so in Pass. to go forth, start, depart.

ἀφ-ορμῆ, ἡ, (ἀπό, ὄρμη) a starting-place, means of starting, base of operations: hence also a place to retire to, a place of safety. 2. a starting-point, the occasion or pretext of a thing. 3. means, resources: esp. the means or sinews of war, as money, ships, etc.: capital, Lat. fundus. II. a making a start, undertaking.

ἀφορμηθεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. opt. of ἀφορμῶω.

ἀφ-ορμίζομαι, Med. to unmoor ships from harbour.

ἀ-φόρμικτος, ov, (a privat., φορμίζω) without the lyre.

ἀφ-ορμος, ov, (ἀπό, ὄρμος) without harbour in a place.

ἀ-φορος, ov, (a privat., φέρω) not bearing, barren.

ἀ-φόρुकτος, ov, (a privat., φορύσσω) undefiled, unstained.

ἀφ-οσιῶ, fut. ὡσω, (ἀπό, δσιός) to purify or liberate from guilt:—Med. to purify oneself from sins of negligence; ἀφοσιούσθαι τῷ θεῷ to make expiatory offerings to the god. II. Med. also to acquit oneself of service due; ἀφοσιόσθαι ξέρουκων to discharge oneself of the obligation of an oath.

ἀφου, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἀφήμι.

ἀφῶντα, Ep. for ἀφῶντα, pres. act. part. acc. of ἀφῶω.

ἀφραδέω, f. ἴσω, to act without sense. From ἀ-φραδής, és, (a privat., φράζομαι) thoughtless, silly: of the dead, senseless. Adv. ἀφραδέως, foolishly, senselessly. Hence

ἀφραδία, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness, silliness.

ἀφ-φράδμων, ov, gen. ovos, = ἀφραδής, thoughtless.

ἀφραῖνω, (ἀ-φρων) to be silly.

ἀ-φρακτος, old Att. ἀ-φαρκτος, ov, (a privat., φράσσω) unfenced, unguarded. II. off one's guard.

ἀφ-φράδμων, ov, gen. ovos, = ἀφραδμων.

ἀ-φραστος, ov, (a privat., φράζω) unutterable, strange. 2. untold, numberless. II. (a privat., φράζομαι) not thought of, unseen, unexpected. Hence

ἀφραστως, Adv. unexpectedly.

ἀφρέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρός) to foam: c. acc. to cover with foam.

ἀφρη-λόγος, ov, (ἀφρός, λέγω) gathering froth, skimming.

ἀφρηστής, ου, ὁ, (ἀφρέω) the foaming one.

ἀφρητῶρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for ἀφράτῶρ, (a privat., φράτῶρ) without brotherhood, bound by no social tie.

ἀφρίζω, f. ἴσω, = ἀφρέω, to foam.

ἀφροῖεος, εσσα, εν, (ἀφρός) foaming.

ἀφρογένεια, ἡ, the foam-born. From ἀφρο-γενής, és, (ἀφρός, γενέσθαι) foam-born.

Ἀφροδισιάς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. sacred to Venus.

Ἀφροδίσιος, α, ov, also os, ov, belonging to Venus. II. Ἀφροδίσιον, τό, the temple of Venus: Ἀφροδίσια, τά, her festival. From

Ἀφροδίτη [Ὶ], ἡ, (ἀφρός) Aphrodité, Lat. Venus, the goddess of love and beauty, born from the sea-foam. II. as appellat. love, desire:—also beauty.

ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἀφρων.

ἀφρονέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀφρων) to be silly, to act foolishly.

ἀφροντιστέω, f. ἴσω, to be heedless: to have no care of a thing. From

ἀ-φρόντιστος, ov, (a privat., φροντίζω) thoughtless, heedless:—so in Adv., ἀφροντίστας ἔχειν to be thoughtless. II. pass. unthought of, unexpected.

ἀ-φρόνος, Adv. of ἀφρων, foolishly.

ἈΦΡΟΣ, ὁ, foam, froth.

ἀφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἀφρων) folly, thoughtlessness.

ἀ-φρουρος, ov, (a privat., φρουρά) unwatched.

ἀφρο-φύης, és, (ἀφρός, φύω) froth-producing, milky.

ἀ-φρων, ov, gen. ovos, (a privat., φρήν) senseless, witless, foolish, crazed, silly, Lat. amens, demens. Comp. and Sup., ἀφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

ἀφ-υδραίνω, (ἀπό, ὑδραίνω) to wash clean: Med. to wash oneself, bathe.

ἀφῆν, ἡ, a sort of anchovy or sardine.

ἀ-φύης, és, (a privat., φύη) without natural talent, dull: naturally unfit for a thing. II. in good sense, simple.

ἀ-φυκτος, ov, (a privat., φυκτός) not to be shunned, inevitable: of arrows, unerring. 2. act. unable to escape.

ἀφύλακτέω, f. ἴσω, to be off one's guard: c. gen. to be careless about, neglect. From

ἀ-φύλακτος, ov, (a privat., φυλάσσω) unguarded.

II. of persons, unguarded, unbecoming; ἀφυλακτόν τινα λαμβάνειν to catch one off his guard. Adv. -τως. Hence

ἀφύλαξία, ἡ, want of vigilance, unguardedness.

ἀφ-υλίξω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὑλίξω) to strain off.

ἀ-φυλλος, ov, (a privat., φύλλον) leafless, of dry wood; ἀφυλλον στόμα speech not seconded by the suppliant's olive-branch.

ἀφύζειν, fut. inf. of ἀφύσσω.

ἀφ-υπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἀπό, ὕπνος) to wake from sleep.
 ἀφ-υπνώω, f. ὤσω: aor. I ἀφύπνωσα: (ἀπό, ὑπνώω):
 —to wake or rouse from sleep. II. to fall asleep.

ἀφυσγετός, ὁ, (ἀφύσσω) the mud and dirt which a stream carries with it, *rubbisb*.

ἌΦΥ΄ΣΣΩ, fut. ἀφύσω Dor. —ξῶ: aor. I ἤφυσσα
 Ep. ἀφυσσα: aor. I med. ἤφυσάμην Ep. ἀφυσάμην:
 —to draw liquids; πῖθων ἤφυσσέτο οἶνος wine was
 drawn from the casks:—Med. to draw for oneself, to
 drink, quaff. 2. to pour in a heap, to pile up,
 πλοῦτον ἀφύζειν:—Med., φύλλα ἤφυσάμην I beaped
 me up a pile of leaves.

ἀ-φύτευτος, ov, (a privat., φυτεύω) not planted.
 ἀφύως, Adv. of ἀφύης: ἀφύως ἔχειν to have no
 natural talent.

ἀ-φώνητος, ov, (a privat., φωνέω) unspeakable, un-
 utterable. II. voiceless, speechless.

ἀφωνία, ἡ, speechlessness. From
 ἀ-φωνος, ov, (a privat., φωνή) voiceless, speechless,
 dumb: inarticulate. Adv. —ως.

ἄχά [ᾗ], Dor. for ἡχῆ.

Ἄχαια, Ion. Ἀχαιῆ, ἡ, (ἄχος) epith. of Demeter
 in Attica.

ἄχαινης, ὁ, (ἀκίς) with single points to his horns,
 epith. of a young stag: also ἄχαινή, ἡ, a deer.

Ἀχαιΐς, Att. Ἀχῆΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, the Achaian land, with
 or without γαῖα. 2. (sub. γυνή) an Achaian wo-
 man: so also Ἀχαιΐδης, ἄδος, ἡ.

Ἀχαιοί, ἄ, ὄν, Achaian, Lat. *Achivus*. II. as
 Subst., 1. Ἀχαιοί, οἱ, the Achaeians, in Homer the
 Greeks generally. 2. Ἀχαια, ἡ, Achaia, in Pello-
 ponnesus.

ἀ-χάλινος, ov, (a privat., χαλινός) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλινωτος, ov, (a privat., χαλινώω) unbridled.

ἀ-χάλκεος, ov, (a privat., χαλκούς) without a
 farthing. Hence

ἀχαλκέω, to be without a farthing.

ἀ-χάλκευτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκείω) not forged of
 metal.

ἀ-χαλκος, ov, without brass, esp. without brassen
 arms: ἀχαλκος ἀσπίδων = ἀνευ ἀσπίδων χαλκῶν.

ἀ-χάλκωτος, ov, (a privat., χαλκῶ) = ἀχάλκευτος.

ἄχάνη [ᾗ]—, ἡ, a Persian measure, = 45 μέδιμμοι.

ἀ-χάνης, ἔς, (a privat., χανεῖν) not opening the
 mouth. II. (a euphon.) yawning, vasp.

ἀ-χᾶράκωτος, ov, (a privat., χαρακῶ) not palisaded.

ἀ-χᾶρις, ὁ, ἡ, ἄχαρι, τό, gen. ιτος, (a privat., χάρις)
 without grace or charms, unpleasant, wretched. II.

ungracious, thankless, Lat. *ingratus*.

ἀχᾶριστέω, f. ἴσω, (ἀχάριστος) to be ungrateful.

ἀχᾶριστία, ἡ, ingratitude, ungraciousness.

ἀ-χάριστος, Ion. and poet. ἀ-χάρτιος, ov, (a privat.,
 χαρίζομαι) unpleasing: without grace. II. un-

grateful: ungrateful, thankless. 2. pass. un-
 thanked: Adv., οὐκ ἀχαρίστως ἔχειν τινί thanks are
 not wanting to him. 3. with an ill will: hence in
 Adv., ἀχαρίστως ἔπισθεαι to follow with a bad
 grace.

ἄχεδών, ὄνος, Dor. for ἡχεδών.

ἀ-χεῖμαντος, ov, (a privat., χεμαίνω) not vexed with
 storms.

ἀ-χειρ, pos, ὁ, ἡ, (a privat., χεῖρ) without hands:
 without dexterity, awkward.

ἀ-χειρής, ἔς, without hands.

ἀ-χειροποίητος, ov, not made by hands.

ἀ-χειρος, ov, = ἄχειρ: τὰ ἄχειρα the hinder parts of
 the body.

ἀ-χέρωτος, ov, (a privat., χερῶω) not trained by the
 hand. II. unconquered.

Ἀχελῷος, poet. Ἀχελῳΐος, ὁ, *Achelöus*, name of
 several rivers; the best known ran through Aetolia
 and Acarnania. II. as appellat. any running
 water, as in Virgil, *Achelöia pocula*.

ἌΧΕΡΔΟΣ, ἡ, more rarely ὁ, a wild prickly shrub,
 used for hedges: the wild pear.

Ἀχερόντιος and Ἀχερούσιος, α, ov, of or belong-
 ing to Achéron: fem. —ιάς, ἄδος.

Ἀχερώϊς, ἴδος, the white poplar, supposed to have been
 brought by Hercules from the banks of Achéron.

Ἀχέρων, οντος, ὁ, Achéron, a river in Hades. (De-
 rived from ἄχος, as *Κωκυτός* from *κωκυτός*.)

ἄχέτας, ov, ὁ, Dor. for ἡχέτης, (ἄχέω) sounding:
 esp. the male cicada, from its chirping.

ἄχεω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, τινός for one.

ἄχέω, (ἄχος) to mourn, be sad, only used in part,
 κηρ ἄχέων sorrowing in heart. II. from the
 same Root ἈΧ—, came I. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡκᾶ-

χον, in causal sense, to make to grieve, vex, distress:
 so also redupl. fut. ἀκαχῆσω, aor. I ἀκάχησα (as if
 from ἀχέω). 2. Med. and Pass. to grieve, subj.

ἀκάχηται, opt. ἀκάχοιτο, impf. 3 pl. ἀκάχοιτο:—
 pf. pass. ἀκάχημαι, Ep. 3 pl. ἀκηχέδαται or ἀκηχέ-
 αται (for ἀκηχρηται); 3 pl. pf. ἀκαχέιατο (for ἀκη-
 χρητο); inf. ἀκάχησθαι; part. ἀκαχήμενος, Ep. also
 ἀκηχέμενος.

ἄχέω [ᾗ], Dor. and poet. form for ἡχέω.

ἄχημα, Dor. for ἡχημα.

ἌΧΗ'Ν, ἔνος, ὁ, ἡ, poor, needy. [ᾗ] Hence
 ἄχηνία, ἡ, need, want; ὀμμάτων ἀχηνία the eyes'
 blank gaze.

ἄχθεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄχθος) burdensome, oppressive.
 Adv. —ως, unwillingly, Lat. *aegre, moleste*.

ἄχθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἄγω.

ἄχθηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (ἄχθομαι) grief, annoyance.

ἄχθησομαι, fut. pass. of ἄγω.

ἄχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἀχθέσομαι and pass.
 ἀχθεσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡχθέσθη: pf. ἡχθημα: (ἄ-
 χθος)—to be burdened, loaded:—to be weighed down,
 discontented, vexed, disgusted.

ἌΧΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a weight, burden, load; ἄχθος
 ἀρούρης a dead weight on earth. II. a load of
 grief: sorrow, grief, distress.

ἄχθοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to bear burdens, to bear as a
 burden. From

ἄχθο-φόρος, ov, (ἄχθος, φέρω) bearing burdens.
 Ἀχιλλεύς, α, ov, of or belonging to Achilles:

Ἀχιλλεῖα μᾶζαι, *cakes of fine barley-meal, dainty food.* From

Ἀχιλλεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἦος, ὁ: Ep. also Ἀχιλεῖς: Achilles, son of Peleus and Thetis, chief of the Myrmidons, hero of the Iliad.

ἄ-χιτών, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, without tunic, thinly clad.
ἄχλαινία, ἦ, *want of a cloak: generally, want of clothing.* From

ἄ-χλαῖνος, *ov*, (a privat., χλαῖνα) without cloak.
ἄ-χλος, *ov*, contr. ἄ-χλους, *ovv*, (a privat., χλόα) without herbage.

ἄχλύδες, ἔσσα, *ev*, (ἄχλός) murky, gloomy.
ἌΧΛΥΣ, ὅς, ἦ, a mist, gloom, darkness, Lat. *caligo*: in Homer also the mist which comes over the eyes of the dying or swooning: metaph. trouble. Hence ἄχλῶ, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἤχλυσα: to be or grow dark.

ἌΧΝΗ, Dor. ἄχνα, ἦ, anything that comes off the surface of a thing, as of liquids, foam, froth; ἄχνη οὐρανία the dew of heaven; δακρῶν ἄχνη dewy tears. II. of solids, chaff: the down on fruit. III. ἄχνην in acc. as Adv., a morsel, a little bit.

ἄχνουμαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf.: (ἄχος): to trouble oneself, grieve.

ἄ-χολος, *ov*, (a privat., χολή) lacking gall: metaph. meek, gentle. II. allaying bile or anger.

ἄχομαι, Dep. (ἄχος) to mourn, bewail oneself.
ἄ-χόρευτος, *ov*, (a privat., χορεύω) like ἄχορος, not attended with the dance, joyless, wretched.

ἄ-χόρος, *ov*, without the dance: mournful, sad.
ἌΧΟΣ, εὖς, τό, an ACHE, pain, distress, in Homer only of the mind.

ἄ-χραῖς, ἑς, = ἄχραντος.
ἄ-χραντος, *ov*, (a privat., χραῖνω) undefiled.
ἄχράς, ἄδος, ἦ, a kind of wild pear.

ἄ-χρεῖος, *ov*, rarely *a*, *ov*, Ion. ἄ-χρηῖος, (a privat., χρεῖα) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable in war. II. neut. ἄχρεῖον as Adv., ἀχρεῖον ἰδὼν giving a helpless look, looking foolish; ἀχρεῖον γελᾶν to laugh without use or cause, make a forced laugh; ἀχρεῖον κλάζειν to bark without cause, of dogs. Hence

ἄχρειῶ, f. ὤσω, to make useless, disable.
ἄ-χρήσιος, *ov*, Ion. for ἀχρεῖος.

ἄχρημάτια, ἦ, *want of money.* From
ἄ-χρημάτος, *ov*, (a privat., χρήμα) without money or means: οἱ ἀχρηματοὶ the poor.

ἄχρημοσύνη, ἦ, *want of money.* From
ἄ-χρημων, *ov*, gen. *ωνος*, (a privat., χρήμα) = ἀχρημάτος, poor, needy. [ἄ]

ἄχρηστία, ἦ, *uselessness, unfitness.* From
ἄ-χρηστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρηστός) useless, unprofitable, unserviceable; ἀχρηστος ἔς τι unfit for a thing:—without effect, Lat. *irritus*. II. unkind, cruel.

III. act. making no use of, c. dat.
ἄχρι, and before a vowel ἄχρις, (ἄκρος) Prep. with gen. until, Lat. *usque ad*; ἄχρι μᾶλα κενόφας until deep in the night:—as far as, ἄχρι τῆς καρδίας. II.

Conj. until, to the time that, Lat. *donec*: so also ἄχρι

οὔ. III. Adv. of manner, to the uttermost, utterly, Lat. *penitus*.

ἄ-χρώμαστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρώμα) without colour.
ἄ-χρωστος, *ov*, (a privat., χρώω) uncoloured: untouched.

ἄχῦρίτης, ἰδος, (ἄχῦρον) fem. Adj. of chaff.
ἄχῦρμια, ἦ, (ἄχῦρον) a heap of chaff.
ἄχῦρο-δόκη, ἦ, (ἄχῦρον, δέχομαι) a chaff-holder.

ἌΧΥΡΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. chaff, bran, husks.
ἄχῦρό-τριψι, τριβος, ὁ, (ἄχῦρον, τρίβω) threshing out the husks.

ἄχώ, ἦ, Dor. for ἠχώ.
ἄ-χωριστος, *ov*, (a privat., χωριστός) not parted. II. (a privat., χάρος) without a place assigned one.

ἌΨ, Adv. of Place, backwards, back, away from, away. 2. of actions, again, over again.

ἄψάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ἄπτομαι.
ἄ-ψαυστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψάω) untouched. II. act. without touching.

ἄ-ψεγής, ἑς, (a privat., ψέγω) unblamed, blameless.
ἄ-ψεκτος, *ov*, = ἀψεγής.

ἄψευδέα, ἦ, *truthfulness; and*
ἄψευδέω, f. ἦσω, *ov*, not to lie, to speak truth. From ἄ-ψευδής, ἑς, (a privat., ψεύδος) without falsehood, truthful: of things, genuine, pure. Hence

ἄψευδως, Ion. —ἔως, Adv. really and truly.
ἄ-ψευστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψεύδομαι) unfeigned.

ἄ-ψηκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψήχω) not rubbed off.
ἄ-ψηφιστος, *ov*, (a privat., ψηφίζομαι) not having voted.

ἄψιδόμαι, pf. ἠψίδωμα: Pass.: (ἀψίς):—to be tied in a circle or curve.

ἄψι-κορος, *ov*, (ἄπτομαι, κόρος) satisfied with touching, fastidious, dainty.

ἄψιμάχια, ἦ, a skirmishing. From
ἄψι-μάχος, *ov*, (ἄπτομαι, μάχη) skirmishing.

ἄψινθλον, τό, Lat. *absinthium*, wormwood. From
ἌΨΙΝΘΟΣ, ἦ, wormwood.

ἄψις, Ion. ἀψίς, ἰδος, ἦ, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a loop, knot; ἀψίδες λίνου the meshes of a net. 2. the fellow or felly of a wheel, the wheel itself; κύκλος ἀψίδος the potter's wheel. 3. an arch or vault.

ἄψισι, dat. pl. of ἀψίς.
ἄψόρ-ροος, *ov*, contr. ἄψόρρους, *ovv*, (ἄψ, ῥέω) back-flouring, flowing back into itself.

ἄψορ-πος, *ov*, shortd. form of foreg. moving backwards, going back:—neut. ἄψορρον as Adv., backward, back again.

ἄψος, εὖς, τό, (ἄπτω) a juncture: a joint.
ἄ-ψόφητος, *ov*, (a privat., ψοφῶ) without noise; c. gen., ἀψόφητος κοκυμμάτων without cry of wailing.

ἄ-ψοφος, *ov*, (a privat., ψόφος) = ἀψόφητος.
ἄ-ψυκτος, *ov*, (a privat., ψύχω) uncooled, warm.

ἄψυχία, ἦ, cowardice. From
ἄ-ψυχος, *ov*, (a privat., ψυχή) lifeless. II. spiritless, fainthearted.

*ἌΩ, root of ἄημι, to blow; cf. ἄζω, αἴω.

*^νΑΩ, root of *λαύω, ἀωτέω, to sleep*: aor. I *ἄεσα*, Ep. *ἄεσσα*, contr. *ἄσα*.

*^νΑΩ, *to hurt*, contr. from *ἀάω*, q. v.

*^νΑΩ, *to satiate*, inf. *ἄμεναι* [ᾶ], contr. for *ἄμεναι*, Ep. for *ἄεν*: aor. I *ἄσα*: verb. Adj. *ἄτος* [ᾶ]; but with a privat., *ἄατος* [ᾶᾶ], contr. *ἄτος*.

ἄωθεν, Adv. Dor. for *ἡῶθεν*.

ᾶών, ᾶόνος, ἡ, Dor. for *ἡῶν*.

ᾶ-ωρί, Adv. of *ἄωρος*, at an untimely hour.

ᾶ-ωρία, ἡ, (ἄωρος) untimely fate or death, an unseasonable time: in acc. as Adv., *ἄωριάν ἤκειν* to have come too late. [ᾶ]

ᾶ-ώριος, ov, = ἄωρος.

ἄωρο-νυκτος, ov, (ἄωρος, νύξ) at midnight, Lat. *in-temperata nocte*.

ᾶ-ωρος, ov, (a privat., ᾶρα) untimely, unseasonable, χεϊμῶν, θάνατος. II. *before the time, unripe*. III. *missbapen, ugly*. [ᾶ]

ἄωροτο, Ep. plqpf. pass. of *ἀείρω*.

^νἌως, ἡ, Dor. for *Ἥως, Ἔως*. Hence

^νἌωσ-φόρος, ὁ, = *Ἐωσφόρος, the bringer of light, the morning-star*, Lat. *Lucifer*.

ἄωτέω, f, ἡσώω, (ᾶω) to sleep soundly. From

ἄωτον, τό, and ἄωτος, ὁ, the best or choicest of its kind, the flower of the whole; in Homer of the *finest wool, οἶδς ἄωτον*; also of the *finest linen, λίνου λεπτόν ἄωτον*.

B

B, β, βῆτα, indecl., second letter of the Greek alphabet: hence as a numeral, *β' = δύο* and *δευτέρος*, but *β = 2000*.

The Aeol. and Dor. used it as the simple aspirate before *ρ*, as *βρόδον βράκος*, for *ρόδον ράκος*. It was often inserted between *μλ* and *μρ* to give a fuller sound, as in *μεσημβρία, γαμβρός*, cf. *ἄμβροτος*.

The change of *β* into other consonants was chiefly owing to the different pronunciations of the several dialects: I. into *π*, e. g. *βατεῖν* for *πατεῖν*.

II. Arcad., into *ζ*, as *ζέρεθρον* for *βέρεθρον*, *βάρθρον*.

III. into *γ*, as *γλήχων* for *βλήχων*.

βᾶ, shortd. form of *βασιλεῦ, O King!*

βαβάω, redupl. for *βάζω, to chatter*.

βαβαί, βαβαιάξ, Lat. *rapae*, exclamation of surprise, *bless me! dear me!*

βᾶβαξ, ὁ, a chatterer.

βαβύκα, ἡ, Lacon. for *γεφύρα, a bridge*.

βᾶγμα, ατος, τό, (βάζω) a speech.

βᾶδην, Adv. (*βαίνω*) *step by step, pacing*, Lat. *pedentim*, opp. to quick running. II. *marching on foot*, opp. to riding. III. *gradually*, Lat. *gradatim*.

βᾶδιζω: fut. Att. *ιούμαι*, later *ῶ*: aor. I *ἐβάδισα*: pf. *βεβάδικα*: (*βᾶδος, βαίνω*):—*to go on foot, to walk: to go slowly, pace*: generally, *to go*. Hence

βᾶδιστος, εως, ἡ, a walking, going.

βᾶδιστέον, verb. Adj. of *βᾶδιζω, one must go*.

βᾶδιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (βᾶδιζω) one that goes on foot, a walker, goer; *ταχύς βᾶδιστής* a quick goer.

βᾶδιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βᾶδιζω) good at walking.

βᾶδος, ὁ, (βαίνω) a walk.

Βᾶ'Ζῶν, f. *βάζω, to speak, say*: 3 sing. pf. pass., *ἔπος βέβακται* a word has been spoken.

βαῖθα, Ion. for *βαβεία*, fem. of *βαθύς*.

βαῖθεως, Adv. of *βαθύς, deeply*.

βαθίστος, η, ov, Sup. of *βαθύς*.

βαθίμος, ἴδος and ἴδος, ἡ, a step. From

βαθμός, ὁ, (βαίνω) a step, stair. II. *metaph.*

a step, degree, rank, Lat. *gradus*.

βάθος, εος, τό, (βαθύς) depth or height, Lat. *altitudo*; *ἐπὶ βάθος* in file, of soldiers.

βαθρεία, ἡ, = βάθρον.

βάθρον, τό, (βαίνω) that on which one stands, a base, pedestal: foundation. 2. *a step or set of steps, the round of a ladder*: in plur. *ladders*. 3. *a threshold*: metaph. *an edge, verge*. 4. *a bench, seat*.

βαθυ-αγκής, ἐς, (βαθύς, ἄγκος) with deep vales.

βαθύ-βουλος, ov, (βαθύς, βουλή) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-γελος, Ion. βαθύγεως, ov, Att. βαθύγεως, av, (βαθύς, γῆ) with deep soil, fruitful.

βαθυ-γήρως, av, (βαθύς, γῆρας) in great old age, decrepiti.

βαθύ-γλυπτος, ov, (βαθύς, γλύπτω) deep-carved.

βαθυ-δινήεις, εσσα, εν, (βαθύς, δινάω) deep-eddying.

βαθυ-δίνης, ov, ὁ, (βαθύς, δίνη) deep-eddying. [Γ]

βαθύ-δοξος, ov, (βαθύς, δόξα) far-famed.

βαθύ-ζωνος, ov, (βαθύς, ζώνη) deep-girded, i. e. not under the breast, but over the hips, so that the gown fell over the girdle in full folds; esp. of the Ionian dress: cf. *βαθύκολπος*.

βαθύ-θριξ, τρήχος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαθύς, θρίξ) with thick hair: of sheep, with thick wool.

βαθυ-κάμπης, ἐς, (βαθύς, κάμπω) strongly curved.

βαθυ-κήτης, ἐς, (βαθύς, κῆτος) very deep.

βαθυ-κλέης, ἐς, (βαθύς, κλέος) far-famed.

βαθύ-κόλπος, ov, (βαθύς, κόλπος) deep-bosomed, with the dress in deep, full folds, like βαθύζωνος. 2. *with swelling breasts*. II. of the earth, *with deep valleys*.

βαθύ-κρημνος, ov, (βαθύς, κρημός) with high cliffs.

βαθυ-κρύσταλλος, ov, with thick ice.

βαθυ-κτεῖνος, ov, (βαθύς, κτεῖνον) with great possessions, esp. of flocks and herds.

βαθύ-λειμος, ov, and βαθυ-λείμων, ov, gen. onos, (βαθύς, λειμών) with rich meadows.

βαθυ-λήϊος, ov, (βαθύς, λῆϊον) with deep, thick crops.

βαθύ-μαλλος, ov, (βαθύς, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

βαθυ-μήτης, ov, ὁ, also βαθυμήτα, (βαθύς, μήτις) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-νοος, ov, contr. βαθύ-νοος, onv, (βαθύς, νόος) profoundly wise.

βαθύνω [ῶ], fut. *βαθύνῶ*: pf. *βεβάθυγκα*: (*βαθύς*):—*to deepen, hollow out, excavate*; *βαθύνειν τὴν φά-*

λαγγα to *deepen* the phalanx by increasing the number of ranks.

βαθύ-ξύλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ξύλον) with thick wood.

βαθύ-πέδος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέδον) forming a deep vale.

βαθύ-πέλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πέλημα) thick-soled.

βαθύ-πλουτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πλούτος) exceeding rich.

βαθυ-πόλεμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, πόλεμος) plunged in war.

βαθυρ-ρήτης, *ον*, *ὸ*, (ρέω) = βαθύροος.

βαθύρ-ρηγος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ῥήγ) with thick wool.

βαθύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (βαθύς, ρίζα) deep-rooted.

βαθύρ-ροος, *ον*, *contr.* βαθύρ-ρους, *ονν*, (βαθύς, ῥέω) deep-flowing, with deep, full stream.

ΒΑ΄ΘΥ΄Σ, βαθεία, *Ion.* βαθεῖα, βαθύ: *Comp.* βαθύτερος, *poët.* βαθίων, *Dor.* βάσων: *Sup.* βαθύτατος, *poët.* βάσιτος. Deep or high, *Lat.* altus. 2. deep, *ibick*, luxuriant, as of the hair and beard: generally, large, abundant: of the voice, deep: of thought, deep:—then in various senses, of time, age, etc.; Βαθὺς ὄρθρος morning-prime; Βαθὺ γῆρας great old age; βαθεία φάλαγξ a column deep in file.

βαθυ-σκιάφης, *ἑς*, (βαθύς, σκάπτω) deep-dug.

βαθύ-σκιά, *ον*, (βαθύς, σκιά) deep-shaded.

βαθύ-σπορος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σπείρω) deep-sown, fruitful.

βαθύ-στερνος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στέρνω) deep-chested;

βαθύστερνος αἶα deep-bosomed earth.

βαθύ-στολμος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στολμός) with deep, full robes.

βαθύ-στρωτος, *ον*, (βαθύς, στρώννυμι) deep-covered, well-covered, of a bed.

βαθύ-σχοινος, *ον*, (βαθύς, σχοῖνος) deep gown with rushes.

βαθύ-φρων, *ον*, *gen.* ονος. (βαθύς, φρήν) deep-counselling.

βαθύ-φυλλος, *ον*, (βαθύς, φύλλον) thick-leaved.

βαθυ-χαίτης, *ον*, *ὸ*, also βαθυχαίτηεις, ἦεσσα, ἦεν, (βαθύς, χῆτι) with deep thick hair, with thick mane.

βαθύ-χθών, *ον*, *gen.* ονος, (βαθύς, χθών) of deep soil, fertile.

βαίτη, *ησ*, *η*, *aor.* 2 opt. of βαίνω.

ΒΑΙΝΩ, formed from the Root *βάω: *fut.* βήσομαι, *Ep.* βέομαι and βείομαι, *Dor.* βάσυνμαι:—*pf.* βέβηκα, *Ep.* 3 pl. βεβάσαι, βεβᾶσι; *inf.* βεβᾶμεν; *part.* βεβᾶς, βεβᾶντα, *contr.* βεβᾶσα, βεβᾶσα, βεβᾶς:—*aor.* 2 ἐβην, *Ep.* 3 sing. βῆ, *Ep.* 3 dual βάτην [ᾶ]; *imperat.* βῆθι, in compds. βα (as καταβα); *subj.* βῶ, *Ep.* βεῖω, *Ep.* 3 sing. βῆη; *opt.* βαίην; *inf.* βῆναι, *Ep.* βῆμεναι; *part.* βᾶς, βᾶσα, βᾶν.—*Med.*, *Ep.* 3 sing. *aor.* 1 ἐβῆσθω, for ἐβῆσατο:—*Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἐβᾶθην [ᾶ] in compds. as συνεβᾶθην: *pf.* βεβᾶμαι in compds. as παραβέβαμαι. To go, walk, step. 2. *Ep.* with *inf.*, βῆ δ' ἔμην, βᾶν δ' ἔναι he, they set out to go; βῆ δὲ θέειν he started to run. 3. βαίνειν μετὰ τι to go after a thing; βαίνειν ἐπ' ἐλπίδος, etc., to proceed upon hope, i. e. to feel hope, etc. 4. the *pf.* βέβηκα chiefly has the sense of being in a place, being settled; εὖ βεβηκέναι to stand fast; οἱ ἐν τέλει βεβῶτες they who are in office. 5. of lifeless things,

ἐννέα ἐνιαυτοὶ βεβάσαι nine years have come and gone.

6. to mount, β. δίφρον; of animals, to cover; ἵπποι βανόμεναι brood mares. 7. with cognate acc., βαίνειν κέλουνθον to go a path; βαίνειν πόδα to advance the foot: also later c. acc., αἶων ἐβα κόρος disgust comes after praise; χρέος ἔβα με debts came on me.

II. Causal. in *fut. act.* βήσω; *aor.* 1 ἔβησα (answering to *pres.* βιβάζω):—to make to go; φῶτας βῆσεν ἀφ' ἵππων he made the men dismount from the chariot.

βαίον, τό, (βαῖς) a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, little, slight, short, small, humble; ἐχωρεῖ βαῖος he was travelling with small escort; ἀπὸ βαῖης (sub. ηλικίας) from childhood; βαῖον, as *Adv.* a little.

ΒΑΙΣ΄, ἡ, a palm-branch.

ΒΑΙ΄ΘΗ, ἡ, a peasant's coat of skins.

βακέλας, ὁ, a priest of Cybelé.

Βᾶκίω, *f.* ἴσω, (Βακίς) to prophesy like Bacis.

βάκκαρις, ἴδος or εως, ἡ, baccar, an aromatic plant.

βακτηρία, ἡ, = βάκτρον.

βακτηριον, τό, = βάκτρον.

βάκτρουμα, ατος, τό, a staff, support. From

βακτρέω, *f.* σω, to lean on a staff. From

βάκτρον, τό, (*βᾶω, βιβάζω) *Lat.* baculus, a staff.

βακτρο-προσαίτης, *ον*, *ὸ*, (βάκτρον, προσαίτης) one who begs leaning on a staff.

Βακχᾶω, (Βάκχος) to rave with Bacchic frenzy.

Βακγέ-βακων ᾄσαι, to raise the strain Βακχε, Βακχε, to invoke Bacchus.

Βακχεία, ἡ, (Βάκχος) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεῖον, τό, the temple of Bacchus. II. = Βακχεία, ἡ.

Βάκχειος, α, *ον*, (Βάκχος) Bacchic, belonging to Bacchus or his rites: like a priest of Bacchus, inspired, frenzied.

Βάκγευμα, ατος, τό, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύς, εως, ὁ, = Βάκχος. Hence

Βακχεύσιμος, *ον*, Bacchanalian, frenzied.

Βάκχευστος, εως, ἡ, (Βακχεύω) Bacchic revelry.

Βακχεύω, *f.* εύσω, (Βάκχος) to keep the feast of Bacchus. 2. to speak or act like one frantic, *Lat.* bacchari.

II. causal, to inspire with frenzy.

Βάκχη, ἡ, (Βάκχος) a Bacchanté. II. any inspired or frenzied woman.

Βακχιάζω, = Βακχεύω.

Βάκχιος, α, *ον*, and Βακχικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Βάκχειος, Bacchanalian: generally, inspired, raving. II. as *Subst.*, ὁ Βάκχιος (sub. θεός), the Bacchic god, i. e. Bacchus.

Βακχίως, ἴδος, ἡ, = Βάκχη.

Βάκχιωτος, *ον*, *ὸ*, (Βάκχιος) a Bacchanalian.

ΒΑ΄ΚΧΟΣ, ὁ, Bacchus, the planter of the vine, god of wine and inspiration, and particularly of dramatic poetry. The same word with Ἰακχος, and so from ἰάχω. II. a Bacchanal: generally, any one inspired or frantic with passion.

βάλαν-άγρα, ἡ, (βάλανος, ἄγρα) a book to pull out the βάλανος or bolt-pin, a key.

βάλανειον, τό, Lat. balneum, a bath, bathing-room.

ΒΑ'ΔΑ'ΝΕΤ'Σ, εως, ὁ, the bath-man, Lat. balneator. Hence

βάλανεύω, f. σω, to wait upon a person at the bath: generally, to serve, wait upon.

βάλανη-φάγος, ον, (βάλανος, φαγεῖν) acorn-eating.

βάλανη-φόρος, ον, (βάλανος, φέρω) bearing acorns or dates.

βάλανίζω, (βάλανος) to shake acorns from a tree.

βάλανισσα, ἡ, fem. of βαλανεύς.

ΒΑ'ΔΑ'ΝΟΣ, ἡ, an acorn: also of other fruit, esp. the date; Διδος βάλανος the sweet chestnut. II.

an iron peg, Lat. pessulus, passed through the bar into a hole in the doorpost behind it, and taken out with a hook (βαλανάγρα) when the door was to be opened, a bolt-pin. Hence

βάλανῶν, f. ὦσω, to bar the door with a bolt-pin, to close up.

βαλαντη-τόμος, ὁ, (βαλάντιον, τεμῆν) a cutpurse.

ΒΑΛΑΝΤΙΟΝ, τό, a bag, pouch, purse.

βαλαντοτομέω, to cut purses.

ΒΑΛΒΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. βαλβίδες, Lat. carcères, the post of the race-course, whence the racers started and to which they returned, both in running and driving: any starting point. II. any point to be gained, the battlement of a wall:—an end, term.

βάλε, for ἔβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάλλω.

βαλῆν, also βαλλῆν, ἦνος, ὁ, a king, akin to Hebr. Bel or Baal, Lord.

βαλλίος, ἄ, ὄν, (βάλλω) spotted, dappled.

βαλλάντιον, τό, = βαλάντιον.

βαλλήναδε βλεπευ, a play on the words βάλλω and the Attic deme Παλλήνη.

ΒΑ'ΛΛΩ; fut. βαλλῶ, Ion. βᾶλέω, rarely βαλλήσω:—aor. 2 ἔβαλον, Ion. inf. βαλέων:—perf. βέβληκα:

plqpf. ἔβεβληκειν, Ep. βεβλήκειν.—Med., Ion. impf. βαλλέσκειτο: fut. βαλοῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἔβαλόμην, Ion. imperat. Βάλετω.—Pass., fut. βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 βεβλήσομαι:

aor. 1 ἔβληθην; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 ἔβλητο, subj. βλήεται, opt. 2 sing. βλεῖω, inf. βληθῶμαι, part. βλήμενος:—pf. βέβλημαι, Ion. 3 pl. βεβλήκαται: plqpf. ἔβεβλημην. I. Act. to throw, cast, hurl at, properly of a missile as opp. to striking, to hit with a dart: metaph. of sound, to strike, κτύπος οὐατα βάλλει:—of ships, to dash, strike: also to push: to let fall: and of tears, to shed:—also to put on or over, κύκλα ἀμφὶ ὄχεεσι βάλε. 2. intr. to fall, tumble, ποταμὸς εἰς ἅλα βάλλω. II. Med. to weigh with oneself, ponder, deliberate. 2. to throw around oneself; ἔξίφος ἀμφ' ὤμοις βάλλεσθαι to throw over one's shoulder. 3. to lay a foundation, βάλλεσθαι ἄστνυ to found a city.

βαλοῖσαι, Dor. for βαλοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. fem. of βάλλω.

βαλός, οὐ, ὁ, Dor. for βηλός.

βαλῶ, fut. ind. and aor. 2 subj. of βάλλω.

βάμα, τό, Dor. for βῆμα.

βαμβάινω, to chatter with the teeth: to stammer.

(Formed from the sound.)

βάμες, Dor. for βῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.

βάμμα, ατος, τό, (βάπτω) that in which a thing is dipped, dye: see βάπτω.

βάν, Ep. for ἔβαν, ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.

βάνουσια, ἡ, (βάνουσον) handicraft, the life and habits of a mechanic: hence vulgarity, bad taste. Hence

βάνουσιός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mechanics; τέχνη βανουσιή a mechanical trade, Lat. ars sellularia.

βάν-αυσος, ον, (for βάνουσος, from βαῖνος, αῖω) working by or with fire: hence generally a mechanic: metaph. low, vulgar, illiberal.

βανουσο-ουργία, ἡ, (βάνουσος, *ἐργω) handicraft.

βάξις, εως, ἡ, (βάξω) a saying, report, announcement; esp. of an oracle; ἀλώσιμος βάξις the telling or tidings of the capture.

βαπτίζω, fut. Att. βαπτῶ, (βάπτω) to dip repeatedly, dip under:—Med. to bathe. II. to baptize. Hence

βάπτισμα, ατος, τό, that which is dipped. II.

= βαπτισμός.

βαπτισμός, ὁ, a dipping in water: baptism.

βαπτιστής, οὐ, ὁ, one that dips, a dyer. II. a

baptizer: ὁ Βαπτιστής, the Baptist.

βαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, dipped, dyed: bright-coloured. II.

drawn like water. From

ΒΑ'ΠΤΩ, fut. βάψω.—Pass., aor. ἐβάφην, aor. 2 ἐβάφην [ᾶ]: pf. βέβαμαι. I. transit. to dip, dip under, Lat. immergere. 2. to dye, colour, steep: proverb., βάπτειν τιὰ βάμμα Σαρδανικόν to steep one in Sardinian dye, give him a bloody comb. 3. to fill by dipping in, draw. II. intrans. to dip, sink; ναῦς ἔβαψεν the ship sank.

βάραθρον, Ion. βέρεθρον, τό, (akin to βάθρον, βόθρος) a gulf, cleft, pit: at Athens a cleft behind the Acropolis, into which criminals were thrown, = Spartan κέαδα: hence, Att. metaph. ruin, perdition.

βαρβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (βάρβαρος) to behave or speak like a barbarian, speak a foreign tongue: to ape foreigners. II. to hold with barbarians, esp. the Persians; cf. Μηδίω.

Βαρβαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, barbaric, foreign, like a foreigner, opp. to ἑλληνικός. Adv. —κῶς, in a foreign tongue, i. e. Persian. From

ΒΑ'ΡΒΑ'ΡΟΣ, ον, barbarous, i. e. not Greek, foreign: as Subst., βάρβαροι, οἱ, all that were not Greeks, or that did not speak Greek. Plato divides mankind into Barbarians and Hellenes, as the Hebrews gave the name of Gentiles to all but themselves.

II. from the Augustan age, the term was applied by the Romans to all nations except themselves and the Greeks: but the Greeks still affected to look upon the Romans as Barbarians.

βαρβαρό-φωνος, ον, (βάρβαρος, φωνή) speaking a strange or foreign tongue.

βαρβάρῶν, f. ὦσω, (βάρβαρος) to make barbarous

or foreign: Pass. to become barbarous: to be inarticulate.

ΒΑ'ΡΒΙΤΟΝ, τό, and **βάρβιτος**, ὁ or ἡ, a musical instrument of many strings, like the lyre: used also for the lyre itself.

βάρδιτος, ἡ, or, by poet. metaph. for βράδιτος, Sup. of βραδύς: in Comp. βαρδύτερος for βραδύτερος.

βάρειω, (βάρω) so intr. in Ep. pf. part. βεβαρηώς, weighed down, overcome, οἴνω βεβαρηότες.

βάρεις, Adv. of βαρῆς, heavily, grievously; βαρέως φέρειν Lat. aegré ferre, to take a thing ill; βαρέως ἀκούειν to hear with disgust.

βάρης, ἰδος, Ion. ἰος, ἡ, Ion. plur. βάρῆς, αἱ, an Egyptian boat, a sort of raft: generally, a canoe, boat, Lat. ratis.

ΒΑ'ΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, weight, burden, pressure: hence grief, misery: also a quantity, excess.

βαρῶ-αλγής, ἐς, (βαρῆς, ἄλγος) grievously suffering. 2. very grievous.

βαρῶ-ἀλγητος, or, (βαρῆς, ἀλγέω) very grievous.

βαρῶ-ἄχης, ἐς, (βαρῆς, ἄχος) groaning heavily.

βαρῶ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for βαρῆς-ἄχης.

βαρῶ-βρεμέτης, or, ὁ, and -ετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. -έτερη, ἡ, (βαρῆς, βρέμω) loud-thundering.

βαρῶ-βρομήτης, or, ὁ, (βαρῆς, βρομέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῶ-βρομος, or, (βαρῆς, βρέμω) loud-roaring.

βαρῶ-βρώς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρῆς, βιβρώσκω) greedily eating: gnawing, corroding.

βαρῶ-γδουπος, or, (βαρῆς, δοῦπος) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring, thundering.

βαρῶ-γούνατος and **βαρῶ-γουνος**, or, (βαρῆς, γόνυ) with heavy knees, loitering, lazy.

βαρῶ-γυιος, or, (βαρῆς, γυῖον) weighing down the limbs.

βαρῶ-δαμιονέω, f. ἦσω, (βαρῶ-δαίμων) to be possessed by an evil genius: generally, to be unlucky. Hence

βαρῶ-δαμιονία, ἡ, a heavy fate, ill luck.

βαρῶ-δαίμων, or, gen. ονος, (βαρῆς, δαίμων) pressed by a heavy fate, unlucky.

βαρῶ-δάκρυς, υ, (βαρῆς, δάκρυ) weeping grievously.

βαρῶ-δικος, or, (βαρῆς, δίκη) taking heavy vengeance.

βαρῶ-δότειρα, ἡ, (βαρῆς, δοτήρ) giver of ill gifts.

βαρῶ-δουπος, or, = βαρῶ-γδουπος.

βαρῶ-ζήλος, or, (βαρῆς, ζήλος) exceedingly jealous.

βαρῶ-ηχής, ἐς, (βαρῆς, ἦχος) heavy-sounding.

βαρῶ-θημία, ἡ, sullenness. From

βαρῶ-θύμος, or, (βαρῆς, θυμός) heavy in spirit: indignant, sullen.

βαρῶ-θω, (βαρῆς) to be weighed down: to be heavy, dull, sluggish. [ῥ]

βαρῶ-κομπος, or, (βαρῆς, κομπέω) loud-roaring.

βαρῶ-κοτος, or, (βαρῆς, κοτέω) grievous in wrath.

βαρῶ-κτύπος, or, (βαρῆς, κτυπέω) heavy-sounding, loud-thundering.

βαρῶ-λαίλαψ, ἀπος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρῆς, λαίλαψ) loud-storming.

βαρῶ-λογος, or, (βαρῆς, λόγος) vexatious of speech;

βαρῶ-λογα ἔχθρα hate vented in bitter words.

βαρῶ-μήνιος, or, and **βαρῶ-μηνις**, ι, gen. ἰος, (βαρῆς, μήνις) exceeding wrathful.

βαρῶ-μισθος, or, (βαρῆς, μισθός) exacting heavy sums.

βαρῶ-μοχθος, or, (βαρῆς, μόχθος) very toilsome or painful.

βαρῶ-μνηεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐβαρῶ-μνησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of βαρῶ-μνη.

βαρῶ-νῶ [ῥ], f. ἰνῶ, (βαρῆς) to load heavily, to burden: to torment:—Pass. to be weary, oppressed; βαρῶ-νεσθαι χεῖρα to be maimed in hand:—metaph. to be vexed, annoyed, Lat. gravari.

βαρῶ-όπης, or, ὁ, (βαρῆς, ὄψ) loud-voiced.

βαρῶ-όρητος, or, (βαρῆς, ὀργή) exceeding angry.

βαρῶ-πάλαμος, or, (βαρῆς, παλάμη) heavy-handed.

βαρῶ-πενθής, ἐς, (βαρῆς, πένθος) causing grievous woe.

βαρῶ-πένθητος, or, (βαρῆς, πενθέω) mourning heavily.

βαρῶ-πεσής, ἐς, (βαρῆς, πεσεῖν) heavy-falling.

βαρῶ-πομος, or, (βαρῆς, πόμος) with heavy fate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

βαρῶ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βαρῆς, πούς) heavy-footed: heavy at the end.

ΒΑ'ΡΥ'Σ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βαρύτερος, Sup. βαρύντατος: heavy, Lat. gravis: burdensome, grievous, oppressive: of persons, troublesome. 2. in good sense, weighty, impressive. II. of soldiers, heavy-armed. III. of sound, strong: deep, bass, opp. to ὀξύς.

βαρῶ-σιδηρος, or, (βαρῆς, σίδηρος) heavy with iron.

βαρῶ-σταθμος, or, (βαρῆς, σταθμός) weighing heavy.

βαρῶ-στενάχων, ουσια, or, (βαρῆς, στενάχω) sobbing heavily.

βαρῶ-στονος, or, (βαρῆς, στένω) groaning heavily.

βαρῶ-σύμφορος, or, (βαρῆς, συμφορά) weighed down by ill luck.

βαρῶ-σφάραγος, or, (βαρῆς, σφάραγος) loud thundering.

βαρῶ-της, ητος, ἡ, (βαρῆς) weight, heaviness: impertinence: harshness, oppression; gravity of manners. [ῥ]

βαρῶ-τιμος, or, (βαρῆς, τιμή) of great worth: venerable, costly.

βαρῶ-τλητος, or, (βαρῆς, τλῆναι aor. 2 of *τλᾶω) heavy to bear.

βαρῶ-φθογος, or, (βαρῆς, φθογγή) heavy-sounding, loud-roaring.

βαρῶ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (βαρῆς, φρήν) weighty of mind or purpose.

βαρῶ-χειλος, or, (βαρῆς, χεῖλος) thick-lipped.

βαρῶ-χορδος, or, (βαρῆς, χορδή) deep-toned.

βαρῶ-ψυχος, or, (βαρῆς, ψυχή) heavy of soul, mean-spirited, dejected.

βάς, βάσα, βάν, aor. 2 part. of βαῖνω.

βασανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to rub upon the touchstone (βάσανος): to try the genuineness of a thing, test, make proof of: to convict: to put to the torture.

βασανισμός, ὁ, (βασανίζω) torturing, torture.

βασιανιστής, οὔ, ὁ, *pecul. fem. βασιανίστρια*, ἡ, (*βασιανίζω*) :—an examiner, questioner, torturer.

ΒΑΣΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, *the touch-stone*, Lat. *lapis Lydius*, by which gold was proved, see *παρατρίβω*. II. metaph. a test to try whether a thing be genuine or not. III. inquiry, esp. by torture, the question. 2. torture, anguish, disease.

βασειῦμαι, **βασειύνται**, Dor. for *βήσομαι*, *βήσονται*, fut. of *βαίνω*.

βασίλειά, ἡ, (*βασιλεύς*) a queen, princess, lady of royal blood.

βασίλειά, ἡ, (*βασιλεύω*) a kingdom, dominion: hereditary monarchy, opp. to *τυραννίς*.

βασίλειον, τό, mostly in plur., a palace: also the royal treasury or tent. Strictly neut. from

βασίλειος, ον, and α, ον, Ion. **βασιληῖος**, η, ον, *kingly, royal*. From

ΒΑΣΙΛΕΥΣ, *émos* Ion. **ἦος**, ὁ, acc. *βασιλέα*, contr. *βασιλῆ*: pl., nom. *βασιλεῖς*, old Att. *-ῆς*, Ion. *-ῆες* :—a king, prince, of gods and men:—hence are formed the Comp. *βασιλευτέρος*, α, ον, *more kingly*; Sup. *βασιλεύτατος*, η, ον, *most kingly*. II. the second of the nine Archons at Athens was called *βασιλεύς*: he had charge of the public worship, and the conduct of criminal processes.

III. after the Persian war the king of Persia was called *βασιλεύς* (without the Art.), or *ὁ μέγας βασιλεύς*. Hence

βασιλεύω, f. *σω*, to be king, to rule: in aor. I *βασιλεύσαι*, to be made king. II. c. dat. to rule over a people:—Pass. to be governed by a king, to be under a king.

βασίλητή, ἡ, Ion. for *βασιλειᾶ*.

βασίλητιος, η, ον, Ion. for *βασιλείος*.

βασίλητις, ἴδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of βασιλείος*, royal.

βασιλιζώ, f. *σω*, (*βασιλεύς*) to be of the king's party.

βασίλικός, ἡ, ὄν, like *βασιλείος*, royal, of a king. 2. of or for a king, princely. II. as Subst., *βασιλικός*, ὁ, a courtier, nobleman.

βασιλιναῦ, barbaric form of *βασίλινα*, *βασιλίσσα*.

βασιλίνα and **βασιλίσσα**, ἡ, = *βασιλειᾶ*, a queen.

βασίλις, ἴδος, η, = *βασιλειᾶ*, a queen, princess. 2. as Adj. = *βασιληῖς*, royal.

βάσιμος, ον, (*βαίνω*) passable: accessible.

βάσις, εως, ἡ, (*βαίνω*) a stepping: a step, walk. II. that whereon one steps, ground: a pedestal.

βασκαίνω, fut. *ἄνω*: aor. I *ἐβάσκηνα*: aor. I pass. *ἐβασκάνθη*: (*βάσσω*):—to use ill words of another, esp. to slander, disparage. II. to use ill words to another, bewitch by spells or by means of an evil eye, Lat. *fascinare*.

βασκάνια, ἡ, (*βάσκανος*) slander, envy, malice.

βασκάνος, ον, (*βασκανός*) slanderous, envious, malignant. 2. a sorcerer.

βασκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a kind of duck.

βάσκει, imperat. of an obsol. verb *βάσκειν*, another form of *βαίνω*, as *χάσκει* of *χαίνω*; *βάσι' ἔθι*, speed thee! away! *βάσκετε* away!

βασμός, Ion. for *βαμύς*.

βάσσα, Dor. for *βήσσα*.

βασσάρα, ἡ, = *ἀλώπηξ*, a fox. (Of Thracian origin.)

βασσάριον, τό, Dim. of *βασσάρα*.

βάσσαν, ον, gen. *ονος*, Dor. comparat. of *βαθύς*.

βάσταγμα, ατος, τό, that which is borne, a burden. II. that which bears, a staff. From

ΒΑΣΤΑΨΩ, f. ἄσω: aor. I *ἐβάστασα*, later *ἐβάσταξα*: aor. I pass. *ἐβαστάχην*:—to lift, lift up, raise: metaph. to extol, exalt. II. to bear, support, hold upright: to bear in mind, consider. III. to carry off.

IV. to handle, touch. Hence **βαστακτός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., to be borne.

βάπαλος, ὁ, a lisper.

βάτω, f. ἦσω, (*βαίνω*) to mount, cover, of animals.

βάτην, Ep. for *ἐβήτην*, 3 dual aor. 2 of *βαίνω*.

βάτηρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (*βατέω*) fem. Adj. for mounting.

βατία, ἡ, = *βάτος*, a bush, thicket.

βατιδο-σκόπος, ον, (*βάτις*, *σκοπέω*) looking after roaches or skaitis, greedy for them.

βάτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (*βάτος*) the prickly roach or the skait.

βατο-δρόπος, ον, (*βάτος*, *δρέπω*) pulling thorns off or up.

ΒΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, a bramble or any prickly bush.

βάτος, ὁ, the Hebrew solid measure bath.

βᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βαίνω*) passable.

βατράχειος, ον, (*βάτραχος*) of or belonging to a frog: *βατράχειον* (sub. *χρῶμα*), frog-colour, pale green.

βατράχις, ἴδος, and ἴδος, ἡ, a frog-green coat. From

ΒΑΨΑΧΟΣ, ὁ, a frog, Lat. *rana*. 2. the frog of a horse's hoof. [ᾶ]

βατταρίζω, fut. Att. *ἰῶ*, (*βάττος*) to stammer.

βαττο-λογέω, = *βατταρίζω*, (*βάττος*, *λόγος*) to babble, use vain repetitions.

Βάττος, ὁ, Stammerer, name of a king of Cyrené. (Formed from the sound.)

βαῦξω, Dor. **βαῦσσω**: fut. *βαῦξω*:—to cry *βαῦ*, *βαῦ*, to bark: hence to wail, mutter: to reproach. II. transit. to cry aloud for.

βαύκαλις, ἴδος, ἡ, a wine-cooler.

βαῦνος or **βανύνος**, ὁ, (*αῦω*) a furnace, forge.

βαῦσσω, Dor. for *βαῦξω*.

βᾶφή, ἡ, (*βάπτω*) a dipping, as of red-hot iron in cold water. II. a dipping of cloth in dye, dyeing: also the dye itself.

βᾶφήνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *βάπτω*.

βάφης, εως, ἡ, (*βάπτω*) a dipping, dyeing.

ΒΔΕ' ἌΛΛΑ, ἡ, a leech, Lat. *hirudo*.

βδελύγμα, τό, (*βδελύσσω*) an abomination, esp. of idols.

βδελυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*βδελύσσω*) disgusting, abominable.

βδελυκ-τροπος, ον, (*βδελυκτός*, *τρόπος*) = foreg.

ΒΔΕΛΤ' ῬΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, abominable, disgusting. Hence **βδελύσσω**, Att. *-πτω*: fut. *ξω*: to cause to stink, make loathsome. II. mostly used as Dep. **βδελύττομαι**, with fut. med. and pass. **βδελύρομαι**, **βδελυθήσομαι**, aor. I med. and pass. **ἐβδελύμην**, **ἐβδελύχην**:—to feel disgust at, to detest, have a

horror of. But all these forms, as well as perf. ἐβδέ-
 λυμαι occur in pass. sense, to be abominated.
 ΒΔΕΨΩ, f. βδέσω, to break wind: to stink.
 βδύλλω, = βδέω: c. acc. to be afraid of.
 βεβάασι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of βάινω.
 βεβαίος, a, ov, also os, ov, (βαίνω) firm, steady: stead-
 fast, trusty, sure, safe: τὸ βεβαίον certainty. Hence
 βεβαίότης, ητος, ἡ, firmness, steadfastness, safety.
 βεβαίω, f. ὤσω, to make firm, establish:—Med. to
 establish for oneself, to confirm, secure.
 βεβαίως, Adv. of βεβαίος, steadfastly, firmly.
 βεβαίωσις, εως, ἡ, a making fast or sure, establishing.
 βεβήμεν, βεβάναι, Ep. syncop. forms of βεβηκέναι,
 inf. of βάινω. [α]
 βεβαμμαι, pf. pass. of βάπτω.
 βεβάρηώς, weighbed down, Ep. pf. part. of βαρέω.
 βεβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of βάινω.
 βεβᾶσι, Att. contr. from βεβάσαι, Ep. 3 pl. pf. of
 βάινω.
 βεβᾶς, βεβᾶναι, Ep. for βεβηκῶν, pf. part. of βάινω.
 βεβήκα, pf. of βάινω.
 βεβήκειν, Ion. for ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βάινω.
 βεβηλός, ov, (βαίνω, βηλός) allowable to tread,
 permitted to human use, like Lat. profanus, opp. to
 sacred. II. of men, unballowed, profane, unboldy.
 Hence
 βεβηλός, f. ὤσω, to profane, to pollute.
 βεβιασμαι, pf. pass. of βιάζω.
 βεβίηκα, pf. of βιάω.
 βεβλάστηκα, pf. of βλαστάνω.
 βεβλάφα, βεβλάμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλάπτω.
 βεβλάψομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βλάπτω.
 βεβλέφα, βεβλεμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βλέπω.
 βεβλήται, 2 sing. pf. pass. of βάλλω.
 βεβλήταται, βεβλήτατο, Ion. 3 plur. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of βάλλω.
 βεβλήκα, βεβλήμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.
 βεβλήκειν, βεβλήμην, Ep. plqpf. act. and pass. of
 βάλλω.
 βεβλήται, βεβλήτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of
 βάλλω.
 βεβλήκα, pf. of βλίττω.
 βεβολήατο, 3 plur. plqpf. pass., and βεβολημένος,
 pf. pass. part., of βολεῶν for βάλλω.
 βεβούλημαι, pf. of βούλομαι.
 βεβούλευκα, βεβούλευμαι, pf. act. and pass. of
 βουλεύω.
 βεβρασμαι, pf. pass. of βράσσω.
 βεβρίθα, pf. of βριθω.
 βεβροτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of βροτώω.
 βεβρύχε, v. βρυχάομαι.
 βεβρώθω, poet. form. of βιβρώσκω, to eat up.
 βεβρωκα, βεβρωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.
 βεβρώς, syncop. for βεβρωκῶς, pf. part. of βιβρώσκω.
 βεβρωσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βιβρώσκω.
 βεβυσομαι, pf. pass. of βύζω.
 βεβῶς, βεβῶσα, Att. contr. of βεβαῶς, Ep. pf. part.
 of βάινω.

βέη, 2 sing. of βέομαι, Ep. fut. of βάινω.
 βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βάινω, I will walk
 or live.
 βέικω, Ep. for βῶ, aor. 2 subj. of βάινω.
 βεικος-σέληνος, ov, (βεικός, σελήνη) old-fashioned,
 out of date, dotard: simple, silly.
 βεικός, τό, bread: said to be a Phrygian word.
 βέλεμον, τό, poet. for βέλος, a dart, javelin.
 βελόνη, ἡ, (βέλος) an arrow-head: point of a spear:
 a needle.
 βελονο-πώλης, ov, δ, (βελόνη, πωλέομαι) a needle-
 seller.
 βέλος, εος, τό, (βάλλω) like Lat. jaculum (from
 jacio), anything thrown, a bolt, arrow, dart. 2.
 metaphr., ἀγανά βέλεα of Apollo and Artemis are used
 of sudden, easy death; ὑσομβρα βέλη the arrows of
 the storm; ὀμμάτων βέλος glances shot from the eye.
 βέλτερος, a, ov, = βελτίω, poet. Comp. of ἀγαθός,
 better. Hence also a rare Sup. βέλτατος, η, ov.
 βέλτιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἀγαθός, best.
 βελτίω, ov, gen. ovos, Comp. of ἀγαθός, better.
 βεμβικτιάω, (βέμβιξ) to spin like a top.
 βεμβικίζω, f. ίστω, (βέμβιξ) to spin as one does a
 top, to set a going.
 ΒΕΜΒΙΞ, ικος, ἡ, Lat. turbo, a top.
 βενδιέμον, τό, the temple of Bendis, (a name of Diana).
 ΒΕΝΘΟΣ, εος, τό, (poët. for βάθος, as πένθος for
 πάθος) the depths of the sea, Lat. fundus; βένθοσδε
 to the bottom; βένθεα ὕλης the depths of the wood.
 βένπτος, a, ov, Dor. for βέλτιστος.
 βέομαι, Ep. for βήσομαι, fut. of βάινω.
 βέρεθρον, τό, Ep. and Ion. for βάραθρον.
 βερέσχεθος, δ, a booby.
 βῆ, poet. for ἔβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of βάινω.
 βῆτι, βῆται, aor. 2 imperat. and inf. of βάινω.
 βηλός, δ, (βαίνω) the threshold, Lat. limen.
 βῆμα, atos, τό, (βαίνω) a pace, step, footstep: a
 place to set foot on. II. a raised step: a tribune
 to speak from, esp. in the Pnyx at Athens, Lat.
 rostra, suggestum or —us.
 βῆμεν, Ep. for ἔβημεν, 1 plur. aor. 2 of βάινω.
 βῆμεναι, Ep. for βῆται, aor. 2 inf. of βάινω.
 βῆν, Ep. for ἔβην, aor. 2 of βάινω.
 βῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of βάινω.
 βῆξ, βηχός, ἡ, or δ, (βήσσω) a cough, Lat. tussis.
 βῆρυλλος, ἡ, a jewel of sea-green colour, beryl.
 βῆσα, Ep. for ἔβησα, aor. 1 act. of βάινω.
 βῆτε, Ep. for βῆσαι, aor. 1 med. imperat. of βάινω.
 βῆστο, Ep. for ἐβῆσατο, sing. aor. 1 med. of βάινω.
 βῆσομαι, fut. of βάινω.
 βῆσσα, Dor. βᾶσσα, ἡ, (βαίνω) Lat. saltus, a
 wooded valley or glen; οὔρεος ἐν βήσσησι in the
 mountain glens. Hence
 βησσήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.
 ΒΗΨΣΩ, Att. βήπτω, f. βήψω: aor. 1 ἔβηξα:—to
 cough.
 βῆτ-αρμων, onos, δ, (βαίνω, ἀρμός) a dancer.
 βῆτην, poet. for ἐβήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of βάινω.

Β'Α, Ion. βίη, ἡ, *bodily strength, force, might*, Lat. *vis*: often periph. with a gen. of the person, βίη Ἡρακλῆος the strength Hercules. II. *force, an act of violence*; βία τινός against one's will. [?] Hence

βιάζω, f. ἄσω, to force, constrain: Pass., aor. I ἐβιάσθην: pf. βεβίασμαι:—to have violence done one, to suffer violence; βιάζομαι τάδε I am wronged herein. II. Dep., with aor. I med. ἐβιάσμη, and (sometimes) pf. pass. βεβίασμαι:—to force a man, constrain, overpower; βιάζεσθαι αὐτόν to do oneself violence: to carry by force or assault: absol. to use force, force one's way.

βιαιομάχας, α, ὁ, (βίαιος, μάχη) fighting violently. **βίαιος**, α, ον, also os, ον, (βία) forcible, violent: acting with violence; πρὸς τὸ βίαιον by force. 2. pass. forced: compulsory. Hence

βιαιοτής, ητος, ἡ, violence. **βιαιῶς**, Adv. of βίαιος, by force, perforce. **βι-ἀρκής**, ἐς, (βίος, ἀρκέω) supplying the necessaries of life.

βιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (βιάζω) one who uses force, a violent man.

βιατής, οὔ, ὁ, = βιαστής. **βιάω**: perf. βεβίηκα:—older Ep. form of βιάζω, to force, constrain:—Med., βιάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, to force, treat with violence: also to overreach, defraud, νῶμῳ μισθὸν βήσατο he cheated us of our pay:—Pass., aor. I ἐβίηθην, to be constrained or overpowered.

βιβάζω, f. ἄσω Att. βιβῶ, Causal of βαίνω, to make to go up, lift up, exalt.

βιβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, part. pres. formed as if from a verb βιβημί, = βαίνω.

βιβασθών, οσδα, ον, part. pres. of a verb βιβάσθω, = βαίνω, to stride; μακρὰ βιβασθών long-striding.

βιβῶ, poet. collat. form of βαίνω, to stride; πέλωρα βιβᾶν to take huge strides; part. βιβῶν, βιβῶσα. **βιβλίον**, τό, Dim. of βιβλος, a little book or scroll:—so also βιβλαρίδιον, τό.

βιβλινος οἶνος, ὁ, *Biblian wine*, from *Biblis*, a hill in Thrace.

βιβλιοθήκη, ἡ, (βιβλιον, θήκη) a book-case: library.

βιβλίον, τό, Dim. of βιβλος, a paper, scroll.

βιβλιοπώλης, ον, ὁ, (βιβλιον, πωλέω) a bookseller.

Β'ΙΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, the inner bark of the papyrus. II. the paper made of this bark: hence a paper, book.

Β'ΙΒΡΩ, fut. βρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρώσα: aor. 2 ἐβρωκ: perf. βέβρωκα, part. βεβρωκώς, by syncope. βεβρώς.—Pass., fut. βρωθήσομαι: fut. 3 βεβρώσομαι: aor. I ἐβρόθην: pf. βέβρωμαι:—to eat, gnaw, eat up, consume: c. gen. to eat of a thing.

βιβῶ, Att. fut. of βιβάζω.

βιβῶν, contr. from βιβῶν, part. of βιβῶω.

βιήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of βιάω.

Β'ΙΚΟΣ, ὁ, an earthen wine-vessel.

Β'ΙΝΕ,Ω, coire, of illicit intercourse, opp. to ὀνίαω.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, (βίος, δίδωμι) the giver of life or food.

βιο-δωρος, ον, (βίος, δῶρον) life-giving, bounteous.

βιο-δότης, ὁ, poet. for βιοδότης.

βιο-θάμιος, ον, (βίος, θάλλω) lively, strong, hale.

βιο-θρέμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βίος, τρέφω) supporting life.

Β'ΙΟΣ, ὁ, life, the course of life: lifetime. II. manner or means of living: one's living, livelihood.

Β'ΙΟΣ, ὁ, a bow.

βιο-στερής, ἐς, (βίος, στερέω) robbing of life or means. II. pass. in want of means.

βιοτεία, ἡ, (βιοτεύω) a way of life, livelihood.

βιοτεύω, f. σω, (βιώω) to live, subsist; βιοτεύειν ἀπὸ τιῶς, to live by a thing.

βιοτή, ἡ, Lat. *vita*, = βίος.

βιότης, ητος, ἡ, = βίος.

βιότιον, τό, Dim. of βίος, a scant living.

βίος, ὁ, (βιώω) life: means of life.

βιούς, aor. 2 part. of βιώω.

βιο-φειδής, ἐς, (βίος, φείδομαι) stingy, sparing.

βιώω: f. βιώσομαι, later βιώσω: aor. I ἐβίωσα:—aor. 2 ἐβίω (as if from a verb βιώμι); 3 sing. imperat. βιώτω; subj. βιώω; opt. βιῶην; inf. βιώναι; part. βιούς: (βίος, Lat. *vivo*):—to live, esp. to live happily:—Pass., βιόσται one lives, Lat. *vivunt*.

βιώνται, βιόντων, Ep. 3 plur. pres. and imperf. med. of βιώω.

βιῶντο, for βιῶντο, 3 pl. pres. med. opt. of βιώω.

βιῶν, aor. 2 med. opt. of βιώω.

βιῶναι, inf. of βιώω.

βιώσιμος, ον, (βιώω) to be lived, worth living, possible to live.

βίωσις, εως, ἡ, (βιώω) a living, manner of life.

βιώσκομαι, Dep., causal of βιώω, to quicken, make alive: 2 sing. Ep. aor. I ἐβίωσαο.

βιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βιώω) fit for life, lively. II. of or pertaining to life.

βιωτός, ἡ, ὄν, = (βιώω) to be lived, worth living for.

βιώω, 3 sing. imperat. aor. 2 of βιώω.

βλάβειν, Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

βλάβερός, ἄ, ὄν, (βλάπτω) hurtful, noxious.

βλάβη, ἡ, (βλάπτω) hurt, harm, damage: βλάβης δική an action for damage done.

βλάβηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of βλάπτω.

βλαβήσομαι, fut. 2 of βλάπτω.

βλάβομαι, = βλάπτομαι, only in 3 sing. βλάβεται.

βλάβος, εος contr. ουσ, τό, = βλάβη, hurt, damage.

ΒΛΑΙΣΘ'Σ, ἡ, ὄν, having the legs bent inwards: generally, crooked.

βλακεία, ἡ, (βλακεύω) slackness, sloth, stupidity.

βλακεύω, (βλάξ) to be slack, lazy, indolent.

βλακικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βλάξ) indolent, stupid. Adv. —κῶς.

βλακώδης, ες, (βλάξ, εἶδος) lazy, sluggish.

ΒΛΑ'Ξ, βλακῆς, ὁ, ἡ, (ακιν to μαλακῆς) lazy, inactive, sluggish. Irreg. Comp. βλακίστερος or βλακώτερος.

ΒΛΑ'ΠΤΩ: fut. βλάψω: Ep. aor. I βλάψα: pf. βέβλαφα or ἐβλάφη.—Pass., fut. 2 βλάβησομαι, fut. 3 βεβλάβομαι; fut. med. βλάψομαι, used as pass.: aor. I ἐβλάφη, more usu. aor. 2 ἐβλάβην [ᾶ]: pf.

βέβλαμαι:—to bind, weaken, stop; c. gen. to hinder from; βλαβέντα λουσίων δρόμων arrested in its last course; βλαφθεὶς ἐν ὄζω caught in the branches. 2. of the mind, to blind, deceive, mislead. 3. to harm, damage, hurt, mar.

βλαστάνω, fut. βλαστήσω: aor. 2 ἐβλαστον; later aor. I ἐβλάστησα: pf. βεβλάστηκα or ἐβλάστηκα: (βλαστῆναι):—to bud, sprout: generally, to burst forth, grow.

βλάστη, ἦ, = βλαστός, a bud, sprout, leaf. II. increase, growth.

βλάστημα, ατος, τό, and βλάστημος, δ, = βλάστη.

ΒΛΑΣΤΟΣ, δ, a bud, shoot, sucker, Lat. germen.

βλασφημέω, f. ἴσω: pf. βεβλάσφημηκα: (βλάσφημος):—to drop profane words, speak profanely. 2. to speak ill or to the prejudice of one, to defame, to blaspheme. Hence

βλασφημία, ἦ, profane language. 2. evil-speaking, blasphemy.

βλάσφημος, ον, (βλάξ, φήμη) speaking profanely. 2. evil-speaking, slanderous.

ΒΛΑΪΤΗ, ἦ, mostly in plur. βλαῖται, ὦν, αἱ, a kind of slippers or sandals, Lat. soleae.

βλαυτιόν, τό, Dim. of βλαύτη.

βλαφθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βλάπτω.

βλαχά, Dor. for βλαχή.

βλάχα, Ep. for ἐβλαχα, aor. I of βλάπτω.

βλάψης, εως, ἦ, (βλάπτω) a barming, hurting.

βλαψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (βλάπτω, φρήν) mad-dening. 2. mad: Adv. βλαψιφρόνως, madly.

βλεῖο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of βάλλω.

βλεμεαῖνω, (βρέμω) to vaunt or be proud of a thing; σθένει βλεμεαῖνον exulting in his strength.

βλέμμα, ατος, τό, (βλέπω) a look, glance: the eye.

βλέποισα, Dor. for βλέπουσα.

βλέπος, τό, = βλέμμα, a look.

βλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of βλέπω, one must look.

βλεπτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (βλέπω) of or for sight.

βλεπτός, ἦ, ὄν, seen, worth seeing. From

ΒΛΕΪΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐβλεψα: pf. βέβλεφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐβλέφηρον: pf. βέβλεμα:—to look, see: to look on, look at: also c. acc., Ἄρη, φόβον βλέπειν to look fury, terror; in Comedy, κάρδαμα, νᾶπυ βλέπειν to look cress, mustard, i. e. to have a sour or bitter look.

II. to look in a particular direction, to turn towards: esp. of aspects; οἰκία πρὸς μεσημβρίαν βλέπουσα a house looking towards the south.

III. to see the light, with or without φῶς, hence, to live.

IV. to look and long after a thing, c. inf. 2. to take care of, look to or to beware of a thing.

βλεφᾶρίς, ἰδος, ἦ, an eyelash. From

βλεφᾶρον, τό, (βλέπω) an eyelid. II. in plur. the eyes: ἀμέρας βλεφᾶρον, eye of day, i. e. the sun; νυκτὸς βλεφᾶρον, i. e. the moon.

βλήetai for βλήηται, Ep. aor. 2 pass. subj. of βάλλω, βλήηται.

βληθεὶς, aor. I pass. part. of βάλλω.

βληθήσομαι, fut. 3 pass. of βάλλω.

βλήμα, ατος, τό, (βάλλω) a throw, cast. 2. a shot, wound. 3. a coverlet.

βλήμενος, ἦ, ον, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of βάλλω.

βλήηται, βλήθηται, aor. 2 inf. of βάλλω.

βλήθησθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of βάλλω.

βλήθησομαι, Ep. fut. of βάλλω.

βληθῆς, α, ον, verb. Adj. of βάλλω, to be thrown. 2.

βλητέον, one must throw.

βλητόν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.

βλητός, ἦ, ὄν, (βάλλω) buried, struck.

βλήτρον, τό, (βάλλω) an iron nail.

βληχάομαι, fut. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (βληχῆ):—to bleat, of sheep and goats.

ΒΛΗΧῆ, ἦ, a bleating: generally, the wailing of children, Lat. vagitus.

βληχρός, ἰ, ὄν, weak, feeble, sluggish: also with a euphoni, ἀβληχρός. Adv. -ρῶς, slightly.

ΒΛΗΨΩΝ, ανος, ἦ: acc. Βλήψω: Ion. γλήψων, Dor. γλάκων:—penningroyal. Hence

βληψωνίας, ον, ὄ, prepared with penningroyal.

ΒΛΪΤΤΩ, Ion. βλίσσω: f. βλίσω: aor. ἐβλίσα:—to cut out the comb of bees, to take the honey. (From μέλι with β added, as βλάξ from μαλακός.)

ΒΛΟΣΤΡΟΣ, ἰ, ὄν, grim, stern: also burly, manly, valiant, or coarse, rough.

βλοσυρ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἦ, (βλοσυρός, ὤψ) grim-looking.

ΒΛΥΪΩ, f. βλύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐβλύσα, = βλύω. Hence

βλύσις, εως, ἦ, and βλυμός, δ, a bubbling up.

βλύσσειε, poet. for βλύσαι, 3 sing. opt. aor. I of βλύζω.

ΒΛΥΪΩ, f. βλύσω [ῶ], to bubble, sprout, or gush forth: hence to be full, to be haughty.

βλωμαι, aor. 2 med. subj. of βάλλω.

βλωθρός, ἰ, ὄν, (βλώσσω) shooting up, high growing, of trees.

βλώσσω: (tenses formed from Root ΜΟΪΩ), f. μολούμαι, aor. 2 ἔμολον (cf. θρώσσω, θοροῦμαι, ἔθορον): pf. μέμβλωκα (for μεμόλωκα):—to come or go.

βοάγιρον, τό, a shield of wild bull's hide. From

βό-αγρος, ἦ, (βοῦς, ἄγριος) a wild bull.

βοα-θῶος, Dor. for βοήθῶος.

βῶαμα, ατος, τό, (βοάω) a shriek, cry: a loud strain.

βοάτης, ον, ὄ, fem. βοάτις, ἰδος, ἦ, (βοάω) crying, screaming. [α]

βό-αυλος, δ, βό-αυλον, τό, (βοῦς, αὐλή) an ox-stall.

βοάω, Ep. 3 sing. βοάει, 3 pl. βοάωσι, part. βοάων: f. βοήσω, Att. βοήσομαι, Ion. contr. βῶσω, βῶσομαι: aor. I ἐβόησα, Ion. ἔβωσα: pf. βεβόηκα:—Med., aor. I ἐβοήσαμην Ion. ἐβωσάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐβοήσθη Ion. ἐβῶσθη: pf. βεβόημαι Ion. βέβωμαι: (βοή):—to utter a cry from joy or grief, to shout: of things, to thunder, roar, howl: to echo.

II. trans., c. acc. pers. to call to one, call on: to call to aid. 2. to demand in a loud voice. 3. to noise

abroad, proclaim.

βοεικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοῦς) of or for oxen; ζεύγη βοεικά wagons drawn by oxen.

βοεῖος or **βόεος**, α, ον, (βοῦς) of an ox or of oxen, of ox-hide: ἡ βοεία or βοεά, contr. βοῆ, (sub. δορά), an ox-hide, a shield of ox-hide.

βοεῖς, ἔως, δ, (βοῦς) a thong or cord of ox-leather.

βοή, ἡ, contr. from βοή, v. βόεος.

ΒΟΗ, ἡ, a cry, shout, whether of joy or grief: *the battle-cry, the battle itself*; βοῆν ἀγαθός, good at the battle-cry or in battle: also of the roar of the sea. II.

= βοήθεια aid called for, succour.

βοη-γενής, ἐς, (βοῦς, γενέσθαι) born of an ox.

βοηδρομέω, (βοηδρόμος) to run on hearing a cry, haste to help, succour.

Βοηδρομιών, ὄνος, δ, *the third Attic month*, in which the Βοηδρόμια were celebrated, in memory of the conquest of the Amazons by Theseus; answering to the latter half of September and beginning of October.

βοη-δρόμος, ον, (βοή, δρόμος) running to aid: as Subst. a helper.

βοήθεια, ἡ, (βοηθός) help, aid, rescue, support. II. an auxiliary force.

βοηθέω, Ion. βοθέω, f. ἤσω, (βοηθός) to assist, succour, come to the rescue. Hence

βοηθητέον, verb. Adj. one must assist.

βοηθητικός, ὡς, ὄν, (βοηθῶ) ready or able to help.

βοη-θός, ον, (βοή, θέω) hastening to the battle-shout, warlike; βοήθοον ἄρμα a chariot hastening to the battle.

βοηθός, ὄν, contr. from βοηθός: as Subst., βοηθός, δ, an assistant, auxiliary, ally.

βοηλασία, ἡ, a driving of oxen, cattle-lifting, cattle-stealing. II. a place where oxen feed, a pasture. From

βοηλάτης, ος, ὁ, fem. βοηλάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ἐλαίνω) one that drives away oxen, a cattle-stealer. II. a drover.

βοη-νόμος, ον, = βοωνόμος.

βόης, ον, ὁ, (βοάω) a crier.

βόησις, ἔως, Ion. βοητύς, ὄνος, ἡ, (βοάω) a crying, shouting: esp. a cry for assistance.

ΒΟΨΟΣ, ὁ, a pit or hole dug in the ground, a trench, Lat. puteus.

βόθυνος, ὁ, = βόθρος.

βοιδάριον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς.

βοίδιον, τό, Dim. of βοῦς, a young cow or ox.

Βοιωταρχέω, f. ἤσω, to be a Boeotarch. From

Βοιωτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (Βοιωτός, ἄρχω) a Boeotarch, one of the chief magistrates of Boeotia. Hence

Βοιωτ-αρχία, ἡ, the office of Boeotarch.

Βοιωτία, ἡ, Boeotia, so called from its rich cattle-pastures. Hence

Βοιωτιάω and **Βοιωτίζω**, to be like a Boeotian: to be heavy, dull: to speak Boeotian. II. to side with the Boeotians.

Βοιωτιδίων, τό, Dim. of Βοιωτός, a little Boeotian.

Βοιωτός, οὗ, ὁ, a Boeotian.

Βοιωτ-ουργής, ἐς, (Βοιωτία, ἔργον) of Boeotian work.

ΒΟΛΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BULBUS, a bulb, bulbous root.

βολή, ἡ, (βάλλω) a throw, stroke, the wound of a missile:—metaph. a glance:—βολαὶ ἡλίον sun-beams.

βολίζω, f. σω, (βολίς) to heave the lead, sound.

βολίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (βάλλω) anything thrown, a missile: the sounding-lead. II. a cast of the dice.

βολίτινος, η, ον, of cow-dung. From

βόλιτον, βόλιτος, (βόλος) cow-dung.

βόλλομαι and **βόλομαι**, Aeol. for βούλομαι.

βολο-κτυπία, ἡ, (βόλος, κτυπέω) the rattling of the dice.

βόλος, ὁ, (βάλλω) a throw with a casting-net: also the thing caught; βόλος ἰχθύων a draught of fishes.

II. a throw with dice.

βομβ-αῦλος, ὁ, (βόμβος, αὔλος) a bagpiper.

βομβεῦναι, Aeol. for βομβοῦσαι, 3 pl. of βομβέω.

βομβέω, f. ἤσω, (βόμβος) to make a humming noise, to sound deep or hollow: to hum, buzz.

βομβήεις, ἔσσα, εν, (βομβέω) buzzing, humming.

βομβητής, οὗ, ὁ, (βομβέω) a buzzer, hummer.

ΒΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. BOMBUS, any deep hollow sound, humming, buzzing. (Formed from the sound.)

βομβυλίος, οὗ, ὁ, and ἡ, (βόμβος) a buzzing or humming insect, a humble bee.

βόμβυξ, ἔκος, ὁ, the silk-worm.

βοο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, = βοουθύτης.

βοο-κτάσια, ἡ, (βοῦς, κτείνω) a slaying of oxen.

βοο-νόμος, **βοο-σφαγία**, etc., = βοο-.

βοο-σφάγια, ἡ, (βοῦς, σφάζω) a slaying of oxen.

βοάω, Ep. for βοάω.

ΒΟΡΑ, ἡ, food, meat.

βορβορό-θυμος, ον, (βόρβορος, θυμός) muddy-minded.

ΒΟΨΒΟΡΟΣ, ὁ, slime, mud, mire, Lat. coenum.

βορβορο-τάραξ, ὁ, (βόρβορος, τάρασσω) a mud-stirrer, mud-lark.

βορβορο-ώδης, ἐς, (βόρβορος, εἶδος) miry, slimy.

ΒΟΡΕΨΑΣ, ον, ὁ; Ion. Βορέτης, contr. Βορήης, ἔω; Att. Βορράς, ἄ:—*the North wind*: more strictly, the wind from NNE., Aquilo. II. *the North*, πρὸς βορῆν ἄνεμον towards the North; πρὸς βορέαν τινός northward of a place.

Βορέας, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. Βορείας, poet. Βορεΐάς, Βορηΐς, a Boread, daughter of Boreas. II. fem.

Adj. northern.

Βόρειος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (Βορέας) belonging to the North wind, northern.

Βορείτης, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορήσις, η, ον, Ion. for Βορέσιος.

Βορηΐς, ἰδος, ἡ, = Βορέας.

Βορός, ἄ, ὄν, (Βορά) devouring, gluttonous.

Βορραῖος, α, ον, or ος, ον, = Βόρειος.

Βορράς, ἄ, ὁ, Att. for Βορέας.

βόρριες, οἰ, unknown Libyan animals.

βόσις, ἔως, ἡ, (βόσκει) food, fodder.

βόσκει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of βόσκει.

βοσκή or **βόσκη**, ἡ, (βόσκει) food, fodder.

βόσκημα, ατος, τό, (βόσκει) that which is fed or fattened, cattle: a herd of cattle or sheep. II. food.

βοσκητέον, verb. Adj. of βόσκει, one must feed.

βοσκός, ὁ, *the feeder or herd of the cattle.* From **ΒΟΣΚΩ**: fut. *βοσκήσω*, as if from obsol. *βοσκέω*:—Act. of the herdsman, Lat. *pascere*, to feed, drive to pasture, nourish, support, maintain:—Pass., of cattle, Lat. *pasci*, to feed, graze.

Βοσπόριος, α, ον, *of the Bosphorus.*

βόσ-πορος, ὁ, (βοῦς, πόρος) *Bosphorus*, i. e. *ox-ford*, name of several straits, esp. the Thracian and Cimmerian.

βόστρυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, = *βόστρυχος*,

βόστρυχιον, τό, Dim. of *βόστρυχος*.

ΒΟΣΤΡΥΧΟΣ, ὁ, in plur. also *βόστρυχα*, τά, a curl or lock of hair: poet., anything twisted or wreathed, as a flash of lightning, the tendrils of a vine.

βοτάμα, ον, τά, (βόσσω) *pastures.*

βοτάνη, ἡ, (βόσσω) *pasture, grass, fodder.*

βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (βόσσω) *a herdsman, herd*; οἰωνῶν *βοτήρ* a watcher of birds, a soothsayer: κύνων *βοτήρ* a herdsman's dog.

βοτηρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (βοτήρ) *of or for a herdsman.*

βοτόν, τό, (βόσσω) *anything that is fed, a beast.*

βοτρυδών, Adv. (βύτρυς) *like a bunch of grapes, in clusters.*

βοτρυός, α, ον, (βότρυς) *of grapes.*

βοτρυό-δωρος, ον, (βότρυς, δῶρον) *grape-producing.*

βοτρυόεις, εσσα, εν, (βότρυς) *clustering.*

βοτρυό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (βότρυς, παῖς) *child of the grape.*

βοτρυο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (βότρυς, χαίτη) *with clustering hair*; or *with grapes in one's hair.*

ΒΟΥΤΡΥΣ, ον, ὁ, a cluster or bunch of grapes, Lat. *racemus*.

II. = *βότρυχος*, *βόστρυχος*, a curl.

βότρυχος, ὁ, = *βόστρυχος*.

βότρυχ-ωδης, ες, (βότρυχος, εἶδος) *like curls, curly.*

βότρυ-ωδης, ες, (βότρυς, εἶδος) *like a cluster of grapes.*

βου-, a form of *βοῦς* used in compos. to express something monstrous, e. g. *βουό-παις*, *βουό-φάγος*; as we say *horse-chestnut*, *horse-radish*, etc.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΙΣ, ιος, ἡ, an antelope.

ΒΟΥΒΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *bubalus*, a buffalo.

βου-βότης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, βόσσω) *feeding cattle*: as Subst., *βουβότης*, ὁ, a cowherd.

βου-βότος, ον, (βοῦς, βόσκομαι) *grazed by cattle.*

βουό-βρωστις, εως, ἡ, (βου-, βιβρώσσω) *a ravenous unnatural appetite*: metaph. *grinding poverty* or misery.

ΒΟΥΒΩΝ, ὄνος, ὁ, *the groin*, Lat. *inguen*. Hence

βουβωνιάω, to suffer from swollen groins.

βου-γαῖος, ὁ, (βου-, γαῖω) *a braggart, bully.* [ᾶ]

βουό-δόρος, ον, (βοῦς, δέρω) *flaying oxen*: galling.

II. as Subst. a knife for flaying.

βου-θερής, ες, (βοῦς, θέρω) *giving summer pasture*: summer-feeding.

βου-θόνης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, θοινῶ) *beef-eater.*

βουθύσια, ἡ, a sacrifice of oxen. From

βουθύτω, ὁ, to slay, sacrifice oxen: generally, to sacrifice or slaughter. From

βού-θύτος, ον, (βοῦς, θύω) *of or belonging to sacrifices*: sacrificial.

βουκαῖος, ὁ, (βοῦκος) *one who ploughs with oxen.*

βουό-κερας, ον, gen. *βουόκερω*, acc. pl. *βουόκερας*, (βοῦς, κέρας) *borned like an ox*:—for the accent see Wordsw. Gk. Gr. p. 140.

βου-κέφαλος, ον, (κεφαλή) *bull-beaded*: epith. of horses, because branded with a bull's head: Maced. **βουκεφάλος**, gen. α, name of the horse of Alexander the Great.

βουκολέω, f. ἦσω, (βουκόλος) *to tend cattle*:—Med. to graze, range over the pasture. II. metaph. to delude, beguile: Med., ἐλπιδι *βουκολοῦμαι* I feed myself on hopes, cheat myself with them.

βουκολία, ἡ, (βουκόλος) *a herd of cattle.* II. a byre, ox-stall. Hence

βουκολιάζομαι, Dor. *βωκ-*, f. ἄζομαι, to sing or write pastorals. Hence

βουκολιαστής, οὔ, ὁ Dor. *βωκ-*, a singer or maker of pastorals.

βουκολικός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. *βωκολικός*, ἄ, ὄν, (βουκόλος) *rustic, pastoral*: τὰ *βουκολικά* (sc. ποιήματα) *pastoral poetry.*

βουκόλιον, τό, a herd of cattle. From **βου-κόλος**, Dor. *βω-κόλος*, ὁ, (βοῦς, and obsol. *κολέω* = Lat. *colo*) *a cowherd*: herdsman.

βούκος, Dor. *βῶκος*, ὁ, (βοῦς) = *βουκαῖος*.

βουκαῖος, α, ον, (βουλή) *of or in the Council.*

βουλ-άρχος, ὁ, (βουλή, ἄρχω) *the adviser of a plan*, Lat. *auctor consilii*.

βουλαία, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *the office of counsellor.*

βούλευμα, ατος, τό, (βουλεύω) *a decree of the Council*: generally, a resolution, plan, design.

βουλευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of *βούλευμα*.

βούλευσις, εως, ἡ, (βουλεύω) *deliberation.*

βουλευτέον, verb. Adj. of *βουλεύω*, *one must take counsel.*

βουλευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = *βουλευτής*. Hence **βουλευτήριον**, ον, *fit for counsel.* II. as Subst.

βουλευτήριον, τό, a Council-chamber, court-house.

βουλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (βουλεύω) *a councillor, one who sits in Council.* II. a counsellor, adviser. Hence

βουλευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for the Council* or a Councillor; ὅρκος *βουλευτικός* the oath taken by the councillors.

2. as Subst., τὸ *βουλευτικόν* in the Athenian theatre, the seats next the orchestra, belonging to the Council of 500. II. *of or for a counsellor, able to advise.*

βουλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, *devised, plotted.* From

βουλεύω, f. σω: pf. *βεβούλευκα*:—Med., fut. *εὔσομαι*: aor. I *ἐβουλεύσαμην*:—Pass., aor. I *ἐβουλεύθην*: pf. *βεβούλευμαι*: but fut. med. is also used in pass. sense; and aor. I and pf. pass. in med. sense, (βουλή):

—to take counsel, consider: in past tenses, to have considered, and so to determine or resolve upon a thing: Med. to take counsel with oneself, and so much like the Act. —Pass. to be determined or resolved on. II.

to be a member of the Council: to give counsel.

βουλή, ἡ, (βούλομαι) *will, determination*, Lat. *consilium*—*a project, plan, intention*. 2. *counsel, advice*, whether taken or given. II. also like Lat. *concilium*, the *Council* or *Senate*, esp. that of the 500 at Athens.

βούληαι, Ep. for βούλη, 2 sing. subj. of βούλομαι. βουλήεις, εσσα, εν, (βουλή) of good counsel, sage. βουλήηεις, part. aor. I of βούλομαι. βούλημαι, ατος, τό, (βούλομαι) a will, purpose. βούλησις, εως, ἡ, (βούλομαι) a willing: will, purpose.

βουλήσομαι, fut. of βούλομαι. βουλη-φόρος, ον, (βουλή, φέρω) *counseling, advising*. βου-λιμία, ἡ, (βου-, λιμός) *ravenous hunger*. Hence βουλιμίωμ, f. άσω, to suffer from ravenous hunger. βούλιος, ον, (βουλή) = βουλευτικός.

ΒΟΥΤΑΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἔβουλόμην, Att. also ἡβουλόμην: fut. βουλήσομαι: aor. I ἔβουλήθην, Att. also ἡβουλήθην: pf. βεβούλημαι, in compos. also med. βέβουλα (προ): Dep.: —to will, wish, be willing: usu. c. inf., but also c. dat., Τρώεσσιν ἔβούλετο νικῆν *be willed* victory to the Trojans, or in full, Τρώεσσιν ἔβούλετο κῦδος ὀρέξαι. Βούλει or βούλεσθε, with the subj. adds force to the demand, βούλει φράσαι *would you have me tell*; ὁ βουλόμενος, Lat. *quisvis*, the first that offers, *any one that likes*.

II. to have rather, choose, prefer, mostly with ἤ, as, βούλου' ἐγὼ λαὸν σὸν ἐμμεναι, ἢ ἀπολέσθαι I had rather the host were saved than lost.

βουλό-μαχος, ον, (βούλομαι, μάχη) *strife-desiring*. βουλόσος, ον, fit for unyoking the oxen, [v]. From βου-λύτός, ὁ, (βουός, λύω) *the time for unyoking oxen, evening*: in Homer only as Adv., βουλυτόνδε towards evening, at eventide.

βου-μολγός, ὁ, (βουός, ἀμέλγω) *cow-milking*. βουνήτης, ον, ὁ, (βουνός) a dweller on hills. βου-νόμος, ον, (βουός, νέμω) *cattle-feeding*. II. βου-νομός, grazed by cattle; ἀγέλαι βουνομα herds of grazing oxen.

ΒΟΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a bill, mound.

βου-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, (βου-, παῖς) a big, lumberly boy. 2. of bees, born of the ox: see Virg. Georg. 4. 281.

βου-παλις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (βου-, πάλη) *hard-struggling*. βου-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (βουός, πέπαμαι pf. οἱ πάομαι) *rich in cattle*.

βου-πληκτρος, ον, (βουός, πλήκτρον) *ox-goading*. βου-πλήξ, ἡγος, ὁ, ἡ, (βουός, πλήσσω) *an ox-goard: an axe for felling an ox*.

βου-ποιμήν, ενος, ὁ, (βουός, ποιμήν) a herdsman. βου-πόρος, ον, (βουός, πείρω) *ox-piercing*; βουπόρος ὄβελός a spit that would spit a whole ox.

βου-πρωρος, ον, (βουός, πρόρω) *with the face of an ox*. ΒΟΥΤΣ, ὁ or ἡ: gen. βοός, also poet. βοῦ: acc. βοῦν, Ep. βῶν, poet. also βῶς:—plur., nom. βῶες, rarely contr. βοῦς: gen. βοῶν, rarely contr. βῶν: dat. βοοῖ, poet. βῶεσι, rarely βοοῖ—*a bullock or cow, an ox*; in plur. *cattle*. II. βοῦς, ἡ, a shield

covered with ox-hide. III. proverb., βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσση βέβηκε, βοῦς ἐπὶ γλώσσης ἐπιβαίνει, like ὕς ἐπὶ στόμα, of people who keep silence from some weighty reason, from the notion of a heavy body keeping down the tongue.

βοῦς, contr. from βῶας, acc. pl. of foreg. βου-σταθμῶν, τό, (βοῦς, σταθμός) *an ox-stall*. βου-στάσις, εως, ἡ, = foreg. βου-στροφιδόν, Adv. (βοῦς, στροφή) *turning like oxen in ploughing*: of the early Greek manner of writing, which went from left to right, and right to left alternately. So Solon's Laws were written.

βου-στροφος, ον, (βοῦς, στρέφω) *ox-guiding*:—as Subst. an ox-goard.

βου-σφαγέω, (βοῦς, σφάζω) *to slaughter oxen*. βούτης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) a cow-herd, herdsman. βου-φάγος, ον, (βοῦς, φάγειν) *ox-eating*. βουφονέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφόνος) *to slaughter oxen*. βουφονία (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival with sacrifices of oxen. From

βου-φόνος, ον, (βοῦς, φόνος) *ox-sacrificing*. 2. at which oxen are slain.

βουφορβέω, f. ἡσω, (βουφορβός) *to tend cattle*. βουφορβία, ων, τά, a herd of oxen. From βου-φορβός, ον, (βοῦς, φέρβω) *ox-feeding*:—as Subst. βουφορβός, ὁ, a herdsman.

βου-φορτος, ον, (βου-, φόρτος) *with a great load*. βου-χανδής, ἐς, (βοῦς, χανδάνω) *holding an ox*. βου-χιλος, ον, (βοῦς, χιλός) *rich in fodder*. βοῶν, contr. part. of βοῶω. 2. gen. pl. of βοῦς. βο-ώνης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς, ἀνέομαι) *one who buys oxen for sacrifice*.

βο-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (βοῦς, ὦψ) *ox-eyed*, i. e. with large, full eyes.

βουτέω, f. ἡσω, to plough. From βούτης, ον, ὁ, (βοῦς) a ploughman. II. βοῦτες, a name of the constellation Arcturus.

βραβεία, ἡ, (βραβεύω) *the office of judge or umpire, presidency of the games*: generally, arbitration.

βραβεῖον, τό, (βραβεύω) a prize in the games. ΒΡΑΒΕΤΣ, εως, ὁ: Att. acc. sing. βραβῆ, nom. plur. βραβῆς:—*the judge who assigned the prizes at the games*: generally, a judge, arbitrator, umpire: a chief, leader.

βραβεύω, f. σω, (βραβεύς) *to be a judge or umpire: to arbitrate, direct, govern*.

βραβύλον, τό, a kind of plum or sloe. βράβυλος, ἡ, the tree which bears βράβυλα.

ΒΒΑΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, hoarseness, sore throat. Hence βραγχός, ἡ, ὄν, hoarse.

βραδέως, Adv. of βραδύς, slowly. βραδύνω, ἄ, ὄν, Aeol. for ραδίνος.

βραδίων [Ὶ], βραδίστος, poet. Comp. and Sup. of βραδύς.

βράδος, εος, τό, (βραδύς) *slowness*. βραδύνω, f. ὑνά, (βραδύς) *to delay*:—Pass. to be delayed. II. intrans. to be slow about a thing:—Med. to be slow, to loiter.

βραδυπειθής, ἐς, (βραδύς, πείθωμαι) *slow of persuasion, slow to believe.*

βραδυ-πλοῦα, f. ἦσω, (βραδύς, πλέω) *to sail slowly.*
βραδύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (βραδύς, ποῦς) *slow of foot.*

ΒΡΑΔΥΤΨ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραδύτερος by poet. metaph. βραδύτερος, poet. also βραδίων [ῖ] and βράσσαν: Sup. βραδύτατος, poet. βράδιστος, and by metaph. βράδιστος: *slow, heavy; βράδιστοι θεῖον slowest at running:—metaph. slow of understanding, slow.* II. of time, late.

βραδυ-σκαλής, ἐς, (βραδύς, σκέλος) *slow of foot.*
βραδύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραδύς) *slowness: dullness.*
βράκος, τό, Aeol. for βράκος, a rich female garment.
βρασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βράζω.

ΒΡΑΣΣΩ, Att. βράττω: f. βράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἔβρασα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρασθη: pf. βέβρασαι:—*to shake violently, to throw up, of the sea: to winnow or sift grain:—Pass. to boil up.*

βράσσω, ὄν, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of βραδύς.
βράχε, see βράχω.
βράχαις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of βρέχω.
βράχως, Adv. of βραχύς, shortly.
βράχιων, ονος, ὁ, (βραχύς) *the arm, Lat. brachium. [ῖ]*
βράχιων, ὄν, gen. ονος, [Ion. ῖ, Att. ῖ], βράχιωτος, Comp. and Sup. of βραχύς.

βράχος, εὐς, τό, plur. βράχεια, contr. βράχη, (βραχύς) *shallow, stagnant pools, Lat. brevia et syrtes.*
βραχύ-βωλος, ὄν, (βραχύς, βῶλος) *with few clods,*
βραχύβωλος χέρσος *a narrow piece of land.*
βραχῦ-γνώμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (βραχύς, γνώμη) *of small understanding.*

βραχύ-δρομος, ὄν, (βραχύς, δρόμος) *running a short way.*

βραχυλογία, ἡ, *brevity in speech.* From
βραχυ-λόγος, ὄν, (βραχύς, λέγω) *short in speech, of few words.*

βραχύνω, f. ὤνω, *to make short.* From
ΒΡΑΧΥΨ, εἶα, ὕ: Comp. βραχύτερος and βραχίων: Sup. βραχύτατος and βράχιστος:—of Space and Time, short; of Number and Degree, few, little; βραχύ, a little, a short time or distance; ἐπὶ βραχύ *for a short distance; κατὰ βραχύ little by little; ἐν βραχεί shortly, briefly; διὰ βραχέων in few words, Lat. brevis, paucis; διὰ βραχυτάτων or ἐν βραχυτάτοις, Lat. quam brevissime.*

βραχυ-σίδηρος, ὄν, (βραχύς, σίδηρος): ἄκων βραχυ-σίδηρος *a dart with a short, small head.*

βραχυ-σκελής, ἐς, (βραχύς, σκέλος) *short-legged.*
βραχυ-σύμβολος, ὄν, (βραχύς, σύμβολον) *bringing a small contribution.*

βραχύ-τονος, ὄν, (βραχύς, τείνω) *reaching a short way.*
βραχυ-τράχηλος, ὄν, (βραχύς, τράχηλος) *short-necked.*

βραχύτης, ἦτος, ἡ, (βραχύς) *shortness: scantiness, deficiency.*

βραχυ-φεγγίτης, ου, ὁ, (βραχύς, φέγγος) *giving a short or scant light. [ῖ]*

βραχυ-φύλλος, ὄν, (βραχύς, φύλλον) *with few leaves.*

*ΒΡΑΧΩ, only used in 3 sing. aor. 2 ἔβραχε or βράχε, *to rattle, clasp, ring, roar.*

βρέγμα, ατος, τό, (βρέχω) *the top of the bead, Lat. sinciput.*

βρεκεκεῖξ, sound to imitate the croaking of frogs.
ΒΡΕΜΩ, only used in pres. and impf., the Lat. FREMO, *to roar, of the wave or wind; to clasp, of arms; to roar, clamour, of a crowd.* Also in Med.

ΒΡΕΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, an unknown water-bird, of stately bearing: hence II. arrogance. Hence

βρενθόμα, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., *to be of a proud carriage, hold one's head high, swagger.*

βρέξω, εως, ἡ, (βρέχω) *a wetting.*

ΒΡΕΨΑΣ, τό, gen. βρέτεος, nom. pl. βρέτη, a wooden image of a god.

ΒΡΕΨΟΣ, εὐς, τό, the child unborn, Lat. foetus, = ἔμβρυον. II. the new-born babe, whelp or cub.

βρεχμός, ὁ, = βρέγω.

ΒΡΕΧΩ, f. ῶ: aor. I ἔβρεξα:—Pass., aor. I ἔβρέχθη: aor. 2 ἔβράχθη [ᾶ]: pf. βέβρεγα:—*to wet on the surface, moisten, sprinkle, opp. to τέγω:—Pass. to be wetted or drenched.* 2. impers. βρέχει, like ὕει, Lat. pluit, it rains.

ΒΡΙ-, [ῖ], insepar. Prefix, whence come βριάω, βριαρῶς.

Βριάρεος, ὁ, Strong, a hundred-handed giant, so called by the gods, but by men Aegaeon. [In Ep., trisyll. Βριάρως.]

βριάρός, ὁ, ὄν, Ion. βριερός, ἡ, ὄν, (βριάω) *strong.*
βριάω, (βρι-) *to strengthen, to make strong.* II. intr. to be strong.

ΒΡΙΖΩ, fut. ξω, *to nod, slumber, sleep.*
βρι-ῆπυος, ὄν, (βρι-, ἄπυος) *loud shouting.*

βριθός, εὐς, τό, (βριθώ) *weighty.*

βριθοσύνη, ἡ, (βριθος) *weight, heaviness.*

βριθύ-voos, ὄν, (βριθύς, νόος) *grave-minded, thoughtful.*

βριθύς, εἶα, ὕ, (βριθώ) *weighty, heavy.*

ΒΡΙΨΩ, f. βρισω, Ep. inf. βρίσμεν: aor. I ἔβρισα: perf. βέβριθα:—*to be heavy, to be weighed down or heavy laden with a thing:—Med., μήκων καρπῶ βριθομένη a poppy laden with fruit; ἔπισ βεβριθία, Ep. for βεβριθία, weighty strife.* 2. of men, to out-weigh, prevail: *to be superior in the fight, to be master.* II. trans. to load, press.

βριμάομαι and βριμόομαι, Dep. *to snort with anger, be wrathful, furious.* (Formed from the sound.)

βριτο-άρματος, ὄν, (βριθώ, ἄρμα) *loading the car.*

ΒΡΟΤΧΟΣ, ὁ, the windpipe, trachea.

βρομέω, = βρέμω, *to buzz, hum, of gnats.*

βρομάζομαι, Dep. *to revel like Bacchus.* From

βρόμος, α, ὄν, (βρόμος) *roaring, boisterous:—hence* ὁ Βρόμος, *the boisterous god, a name of Bacchus.* 2.

= Βάκχειος, Bacchic.

Βρομ-ώδης, ες, (βρόμος, εἶδος) *Bacchic.*

βρόμος, ὁ, (βρέμω) *Lat. fremitus, any loud noise or roaring, as of fire, etc.*

βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to thunder: βροντᾶ, imper., *it thunders*, Lat. *tonat*. From
ΒΡΟΝΤΗ΄, ἡ, *thunder*. II. *the state of one struck with thunder, astonishment*.

βρόντημα, ατος, τό, (βροντάω) *a thunder-clap*.
 Βρόντης, ου, ὁ, (βροντή) *Thunderer*, name of one of the Cyclopes, who forged the bolts of Zeus.

βροντησι-κεραυνος, ου, (βροντάω, κεραυνός) *sending thunder and lightning*.

βροντ-ώδης, ες, (βροντή, εἶδος) *thundering*.
 βρότελος, ου, also α, ου, Ep. βρότεος, η, ου, (βροτός) *mortal, human*.—So also βροτήσιος, α, ου.

βροτο-βάμων, ου, (βροτός, βῆμα) *trampling on men*. [α]

βροτό-γῆρυς, υ, gen. vos, (βροτός, γῆρυς) *with human voice, of a parrot*.

βροτοίεις, εσσα, εν, (βροτός) *bloody, gory*.
 βροτοκοκτώω, f. ἤσω, to murder men. From

βροτο-κτόνος, ου, (βροτός, κτείνω) *man-slaying*.
 βροτο-λοιγός, όν, (βροτός, λοιγός) *bane of men*.

ΒΡΟΤΟΣ΄, ό, *a mortal, man*, opp. to ἀθάνατος or θεός: as Adj. *mortal*.

ΒΡΟ΄ΤΟΣ, ό, *blood from a wound, gore*.
 βροτο-σκοπός, ου, (βροτός, σκοπέω) *watching men*.

βροτο-στύγῆς, ές, (βροτός, στυγέω) *man-bating*. II. *pass. bated by men*.

βροτο-φεγγῆς, ές, (βροτός, φέγγος) *giving light to men*.

βροτο-φθόρος, ου, (βροτός, φθείρω) *man-destroying*.
 βροτώω, (βρότος) *to stain with gore*.

βροχετός, ό, (βρέχω) *a wetting, rain*.
 βροχέω, Aeol. for βραχέω.

ΒΡΟ΄ΧΘΟΣ, ό, *the ibroat*.
 βροχίς, ἡ, (βρέχω) *an ink-born*.

ΒΡΟ΄ΧΟΣ, ό, *a noose or slip-knot, for hanging or strangling; a snare for birds; the mesh of a net*.

*ΒΡΟ΄ΧΩ, aor. I έβροχα, to gulp down: cp. ἀναβρόχω, καταβρόχω.

βρῦάζω, (βρύω) *to teem with plenty, overflow*.
 βρῦγδην, Adv. (βρύω) *snarling or with clenched teeth*.

βρυγμός, ό, (βρύω) *a snarling, biting; a grinding or gnashing of teeth*.

ΒΡΥ΄ΚΩ, f. έω: aor. I έβρυξα: to bite, devour. Cf. βρύχω. [β]

ΒΡΥ΄ΑΛΩ, = βρῦν εἰπεῖν, v. sq.
 βρῦν, βρῦν εἰπεῖν to cry for drink.

βρύς, only in acc. βρύχα, *the depth of the sea*.
 βρυχάομαι, fut. med. βρυχῆσομαι, aor. I pass. έβρυχήθη: Ep. pf. βέβρυχα (so μέμικα, μέμικα from μικάομαι, μικάομαι): Dep.: (βρύχω):—to roar, bellow, Lat. rugire. Hence

βρυχῆμα, ατος, τό, *a roaring*: and βρυχῆτης, ου, ό, *a bellower, bawler*.

βρύχιος, ου, also α, ου, (βρύξ) *from the depths of the sea, βρυχία ἡχώ an echo from the deep*. [β]

ΒΡΥ΄ΧΩ, fut. βρύξω: aor. 2 έβρῦχον:—Pass., aor. I έβρῦχθην:—the same as βρύωα. [β]

ΒΡΥ΄Ω, mostly in pres. and impf.; rare in fut. βρύσω:—to be full of anything, swell or teem with.

II. trans. to cause to burst forth.
 βρώμα, ατος, τό, (βιβρώσκω) *that which is eaten, food*.

βρωμόμαι, aor. I έβρωμάμην: Dep.: (βρέωω):—to bray like an ass, Lat. rudēre.

βρώμη, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) βρώμα, *food*.
 βρώσιμος, ου, (βρώσις) *eatable, solid*.

βρώσις, εως, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) *meat, opp. to πῶσις (drink)*. II. *an eating into, corrosion, rust*.

βρωτήρ, ἦρος, ό, (βιβρώσκω) *an eater, devourer*.
 βρωτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of βιβρώσκω, *eatable*:—βρωτόν, τό, = βρώσις.

βρωτός, υός, ἡ, (βιβρώσκω) Ion. for βρώσις.
 βύβλιος, η, ου, (βύβλος) *made of byblus*.

ΒΥ΄ΒΛΟΣ, ἡ, *the Egyptian papyrus*. II. *its coats or fibres, of which were made ropes, paper, etc.*: βύβλοι, αἱ, *leaves of byblus*; hence, *a book*: also in pl. τὰ βύβλα. [β]

βύζην, Adv. (βύω) *close-pressed, closely, thickly*.
 βυθίζω, f. ίσω, (βυθός) *to sink in the deep, immerse*.

βυθίος, α, ου, (βυθός) *in the deep, sunken, deep*. II. *of the deep*: βυθία (sub. ζῷα) *water-animals*. [β]

βυθίτης, ου, ό, βυθίτης, ίδος, ἡ, = βυθίος.
 ΒΥ΄ΘΟΣ, ό, *the depth, the deeps of the sea*.

βύκτης, ου, ό, (βύω) masc. Adj. *blustering*: Ep. gen. pl. βυκτάων.

βύνεω, Att. for βύω.
 ΒΥ΄ΡΣΑ ἡ, *the skin stripped off, a hide*.

βυρσο-αἰετος, ό, (βύρσα, αἰετός) *leather-eagle*, nickname of Cleon the tanner.

βυρσεύς, έως, ό, *a tanner*. From
 βυρσεύω, f. σω, (βύρσα) *to dress hides, tan*.

βυρσίνη, ἡ, *a leathern thong*. [β] Fem. from βυρσίνιος, η, ου, (βύρσα) *made of skin or leather*.

βυρσοδεψέω, f. ἤσω, *to dress hides, be a tanner*. From

βυρσο-δέψης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, δέψω) *a tanner*.
 βυρσο-παφλαγών, όνος, ό, (βύρσα, Παφλαγών) *the leather-Parthlagonian*, nickname of Cleon.

βυρσο-πώλης, ου, ό, (βύρσα, πωλέω) *a leather-seller*.
 βυρσο-τενής, ές, and βυρσο-τονος, ου, (βύρσα, τείνω) *with skin or leather stretched over*.

βυσσίος, η, ου, (βύσσιος) *made of fine linen*.
 βυσσο-δομεύω, (βυσσός, δομέω) *to build in the deeps; to hence to meditate deeply*.

βυσσοθέεν, Adv. (βυσσός) *from the bottom*.
 βυσσο-μέτρης, ου, ό, (βυσσός, μετρέω) *measuring the deeps*.

βυσσός, ό, = βυθός, *the depth or bottom of the sea*.
 ΒΥ΄ΣΣΟΣ, ἡ, *fine flax; fine linen*.

βυσσό-φρων, ου, (βυσσός, φρήν) *deep-thinking*.
 ΒΥ΄Ω: f. βύσω [β]: aor. I έβισσα:—Pass., aor. I έβύσθην: pf. βύσσωμα:—to stuff full; νήματος βεβυσμένος *stuffed full of spun-work; σπογγίω βεβυσμένος bunged up with sponge*.

βῶ, aor. 2 act. subj. of βαίωα.
 βαθέω, Ion. contr. for βοθηέω.

βωκολιάσδω, -αστής, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βωκόλος, βωκολικός, Dor. for βουκ-.
 βῶκος, ὄ, Dor. for βούκος.
 βωλάκιος, α, ον, (βῶλαξ) forming clods, of rich loam.
 βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = βῶλος, a clod of earth.
 βῶλιον, τό, Dim. of βῶλος, a clod.
 ΒῶΛΑΟΣ, ἦ, Lat. GLEBA, a clod of earth: a piece of land, ground, soil: generally, a lump or mass of anything: so even of the sun.
 βωλο-τόμος, ον, (βῶλος, τεμείν) clod-breaking.
 βῶμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (βῶμός) on or at the altar.
 βῶμις, ἰδος, ἦ, Dim. of βῶμός: a step.
 βωμολόχευμα, ατος, τό, a ribald jest. From
 βωμολοχεύομαι, Dep. to practise coarse buffoonery, indulge in ribald jests. From
 βωμο-λόχος, ον, (βῶμός, λοχάω) lurking about the altars, for the scraps that could be got there, a starveling, beggar: hence a low flatterer, ribald jester, buffoon.
 βῶμιός, ὄ, (βαίνω) any raised place for standing on, a stand, Lat. suggestus: a raised place for sacrificing, an altar: later also a funeral mound, cairn, Lat. tumulus.
 βῶν, Ep. for βούν, acc. of βούς: also contr. gen. plur.
 βῶσας, contr. for βοήσας, aor. I part. of βοάω.
 βῶσι, 3 plur. aor. 2 subj. of βαίνω.
 βωστρέω, (βοάω) to call on, to call to aid.
 βῶτας, Dor. for βούτης.
 βωπι-άνερα, ἦ, (βόσκω, ἀνήρ) man-feeding, nurse of heroes. [ᾗ]
 βῶτωρ, ορος, ὄ, = βοτής, a herdsman.

Γ

Γ, γ, γάμμα, indecl., third letter in Gr. alphabet: as numeral γ', = three, third: but γ = 3000.—Before the palatals κ γ χ and before ξ, γ is pronounced like π in ng, as ἀγγος ἄγκος ἀγγι ἀγγω.

For the digamma, v. sub σ.

Homer uses γ as an aspirate before some words, as αἶα γαῖα, δοῦπος γηδοῦπος: so also in Att., before λ and ν, e. g. λήμη γλήμη, νέφος γνόφος.

In Dor. δ is sometimes put for γ, as δᾶ δνόφος for γῆ γνόφος: also γ for β, βλέφαρον γλέφαρον; but in Att., β for γ, γλήχων βλήχων; also for κ, γνάπτω κνάπτω: and for λ, γήιον λήιον.

γᾶ, Dor. for γε.

γᾶ, Dor. and Aeol. for γῆ, earth.

γαγγάμη, ἦ, or γαγγᾶμον, τό, a small round net.

γάγγραινα, ἦ, (γράω, γράινω) a gangrene, an eating sore ending in mortification.

γάσα, ἦ, the royal treasure: riches. (Persian word.)

γαθο-φύλακιον, τό, (γάσα, φυλάξῃ) a treasury, Lat. aearium.

γαθῆω, Dor. for γαθῆω.

γαῖα, ἦ, gen. γαίας, Ep. γαίης (but not γαίη in nom.,

except in late Poets), like αἶα, poet. for γῆ, earth, ground, soil: one's country.

γαῖαχος, ον, Dor. for γαιήχος.

γαυρηγής, ἐς, poet. for γαυρηγής.

γαυῖος, η, ον, (γαῖα) sprung from Earth.

γαυῖο-χος, ον, (γαῖα, ἔχω) poet. for γηοῦχος, earth-urpolding, earth-surrounding, epith. of Poseidon: of other gods, protecting a country.

γαῖος, ον, Dor. for γήϊος, on land.

ΓΑΙΩΝ, only used in partic., κούει γαίων exulting in his strength.

ΓΑ'ΛΑ, gen. γάλακτος, τό, milk. (Lat. LAC appears in gen. γά-λακ-τος).

γάλαθνήος, ὄν, (γάλα) sucking, infant.

γαλάκτιος, η, ον, milky, milk-white.

γάλακτο-πάγῃς, ἐς, (γάλα, παγγίαι) like curdled milk.

γάλακτο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (γάλα, πέ-ποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) a milk-drinker.

γαλάνα, γαλανός, Dor. for γαλήνη, γαληνός.

ΓΑΛΛῆ, ἐης, contr. γᾶλή, ἦς, ἦ, the marten-cat or polecat, Lat. mustela.

γαλερός, ἄ, ὄν, cheerful. Adv. -ρῶς.

γαλέωτης, ον, ὄ, (γαλέω) a kind of spotted lizard.

γᾶλή, ἦ, contr. for γαλέη.

γᾶληναῖος, α, ον, = γαληνός.

γᾶληνεα, Dor. γαλάνεα, ἦ, = sq.

ΓΑ'ΛΗ'ΝΗ, ἦ, stillness of wind and wave, calm, γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail through the calm: generally, calm, tranquillity. Hence

γαληνιάω, Ep. part. fem. γαληνωσα, to be calm.

γᾶληνός, ὄν, (γαλήνη) calm, still, serene: esp. of the sea, in neut. pl., γαληνά a calm, γαλήν' ὄρω I see a calm.

Γάλλος, ὄ, a priest of Cybelé: a eunuch.

γᾶλ-ουρός, -ουρός, -ουχέω, -ουχία, = γαλακ-.

ΓΑ'ΛΟΩΣ, ἦ, gen. γάλωα, nom. pl. γαλόω: Att.

γάλως, gen. γάλωα, a sister-in-law: the corresponding masc. is δᾶήρ. [ᾗ]

γάμαι, Dor. for γᾶμαι, aor. I inf. of γαμέω.

γαμβρός, ὄ, (γαμέω) any connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: 1. a son-in-law. 2. a brother-in-law. 3. a father-in-law. II. in Dor. and Aeol. a bridegroom.

γᾶμεν, Dor. for ἔγγμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of γαμέω.

γᾶμετή, ἦ, fem. of γαμέτης, a wife.

γαμέτης, ον, Dor. gen. γαμέτᾶ, ὄ, a husband, spouse: and

γαμέτις, ἰδος, ἦ, a wife. From

γαμέω: fut. γαμέω, Att. γαμῶ, later γαμήσω: fut. aor. I ἔγγημα; later ἐγάμησα: pf. γεγάμηκα.—Med., fut. γαμέσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. γαμέσεται, Att. γαμοῦμαι: aor. I ἔγγιμάμη.—Pass., aor. I ἐγαμήθη, poet. part. γαμεθείς: pf. γεγάμημαι: (γάμος). To marry, to take to wife, Lat. ducere; ἐκ κακοῦ, ἐξ ἀγαθοῦ γᾶμαι to marry of a good or bad stock. II. Med. to give in marriage, I. of the woman, to give herself in marriage, to wed, Lat. nubere. 2.

of the parents, *to get their children married, betroth, to get a wife for the son or a husband for the daughter.* III. Pass. *to be wedded or taken to wife.*

γαμήλευμα, ατος, τό, = γάμος.

γαμήλιος, α, ον, (γαμέω) *bridal*, Lat. *nuptialis*: *γαμηλία* (sub. *θυσία*), ή, *a marriage-feast.*

Γαμηλιών, ώνος, ό, *the seventh month of the Attic year, from γαμέω*, because it was the usual time for weddings: it answered to the end of January and beginning of February. See *Ληναίων*.

γαμίξω, f. ίσω, (γάμος) *to give in marriage.*

γαμικός, ή, όν, (γάμος) *bridal*: τὰ γαμικά *a wedding*, Lat. *nuptiae*. Adv. —κώς, *as at a wedding.*

γαμίσκω, = γαμίξω.

γάμο-κλόπος, ον, (γάμος, κλέπτω) *adulterous*: as *Subst. an adulterer.*

γά-μόρος, ό, Dor. for γημόρος.

ΓΑ'ΜΟΣ, ό, *a wedding, marriage*: also *wedlock, matrimony*: in pl. *a marriage-feast*, Lat. *nuptiae*.

γαμό-στολος, ον, (γάμος, στέλλω) *preparing marriage.*

γαμφηλαί, ών, αί, (γαμφός, γαμπτός) *the jaws of a beast*: *the beak of a bird.*

γαμφός, ή, όν, (κάμπω) *bent, curved, crooked.*

γάν, Dor. for γήν, γαίαν.

γάνάω, (γάνος) *to shine, glitter, gleam*: *to look bright and fresh*, Lat. *nitere*: metaph. *to be cheerful.*

ΓΑ'ΝΟΣ, εος, τό, *brightness, sbeem*: *beauty, a charm, delight*. [α] Hence

γάνόω, *to make bright or shining*: pf. pass. part.

γεγαυωμένος, *glad-looking, joyous*, Lat. *nitidus*.

γανών, ώσα, Ep. part. of γανάω.

γάνυμαι, Ep. fut. γανύσομαι: Dep.: (γάνος):—*to brighten up, be delighted at a thing.* Hence

γάνυσμα, ατος, τό, = γάνος.

γά-πέδον, τό, Dor. for γήπεδον. [α]

γά-πετής, γά-πόνος, γά-ποτος, Dor. for γηπ-.

ΓΑ'Ρ, Conjunction, *for*, Lat. *enim*, and like it placed after the first word in a sentence. Its chief usages are I. *to introduce the reason*: when the reason precedes that of which it is the reason, it may be rendered by *since* or *as*: *Ἀτρείδην, πολλοὶ γάρ τευθάνων Ἀχαιοί, since many Achaeans are dead, etc.*; so in parenthesis, *as καί, ἦν γάρ ὁ Μαραθῶν ἐπιτηδέωτατον, etc.*, and, *since* Marathon was the fittest place, etc. II. *to strengthen* I. *a question*, like Lat. *nam*, Engl. *why, what, τίς γάρ σε ἦκεν why who hath sent thee?* 2. *a wish, κακῶς γάρ ἐξόλωο O that you might perish!* in Homer usu. αὐ γάρ, Att. εἰ or εἴθε γάρ, Lat. *utinam, O that!* so also πῶς γάρ, *would that!*

γαργαίρω, f. ἄρω, (γάργαρα) *to swarm with.*

γαργαλίξω, Att. for γαργαλίξω, (γάργαλος) *to tickle.* Hence

γαργαλισμός, οῦ, ό, *a tickling.*

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑΛΟΣ, ό, *a tickling, itching.* [α]

ΓΑ'ΡΓΑ'ΡΑ, τά, *heaps, lots, plenty.*

γάρω, Dor. for γηρώ.

γαστήρ, gen. γαστέρος syncop. γαστρός, dat. plur. γαστράσι [α], ή:—*the paunch, belly*, Lat. *venter*; γαστήρ ἄσπίδος *the hollow of a shield.* 2. *the womb, ἐν γαστρὶ φέρον or ἔχειν to be with child.* 3. metaph. *appetite*, in a bad sense, *gluttony*. Hence

γαστέρα, Ion. γαστήρ, ή, *the belly of a jar, etc.*

γαστρίδον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ, γαστρίον.

γαστρίξω, f. ίσω, (γαστρῖς) *to fill one's belly.* II.

to hit on the belly, a trick in boxing.

γαστρί-μαργος, ον, (γαστήρ, μάργος) *gluttonous.*

γαστρίον, τό, Dim. of γαστήρ.

γαστρῖς, ιος, ό, ή, (γαστήρ) *pot-bellied*: *a glutton.*

γαστρο-βάρης, ές, (γαστήρ, βαρύς) *heavy with child.*

γαστρο-φορέω, f. ήσω, (γαστήρ, φέρω) *to bear in the womb, be pregnant.*

γαστρο-ώδης, ες, (γαστήρ, εἶδος) *pot-bellied.*

γαυλικός, ή, όν, (γαυλος) *of or for a merchant ship.*

γαυλιτικός, ή, όν, = γαυλικός.

ΓΑΥΛΟΣ, ό, *a milk-pail*: *a water-bucket*: *any round vessel, e. g. a bee-hive*: hence II. γαῦλος, ό, *a round built merchant-vessel, galley.*

γαυριάω, only used in pres. *to bear oneself proudly, pride oneself.* From

γαῦρος, ον, also α, ον, (γαίω) *exulting in a thing*:

haughty, disdainful: *skittish.* Hence

γαυροομαι, Pass. *to exult in a thing*: *to be haughty, disdainful.* Hence

γαυρώμα, ατος, τό, *a subject for boasting.*

ΓΕ, Dor. γα, enclitic Particle, Lat. *quidem, at least, at any rate*; ὅ γ' ἐνθάδε λέως *at any rate the people here*: often attached to pronouns, ἔγωγε, σύγε, ὄγε. 2. *well then, then*, implying unwillingness, εἰμί γε *well, I will go.* 3. *and indeed, too*; καλῶς γε ποιών *and quite right too!* 4. *to strengthen oaths, νῆ Δία . . γε*, with a word between, to which γε usu. refers. II. *even*: ἦλθον Ἀμφιάρεώ γε πρὸς βίαν *against even Amphiraus' will.*

γέ-οχος, ον, Dor. for γαίηχος.

γέγασ, Ep. for γέγονα, perf. of γίγνομαι, *to have been born, to be, live*: pl. γέγαμεν, γεγάατε, γεγάασι: but γεγάμεν [α] inf., for γεγαίναμι, Dor. γεγάκεν [α]: part. γεγώς, —άσσω, Att. contr. γεγώς, —άσσω, like βεβαῶς, Βεβῶς.

γέγασ, Dor. for γέγηθα; pf. of γηθῶ.

γεγάκεν, Dor. pf. inf. of γίγνομαι: see γέγασ.

γέγαμεν, γεγάμεν, see γέγασ.

γεγάμηκα, pf. of γαμέω.

γεγένημαι, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγευμαι, pf. pass. of γεύω.

γέγηθα, γεγήθειν, pf. and Ep. plqpf. of γηθῶ.

γεγήρακα, pf. of γιγρῶσκω.

γέγλυμμαι, pf. pass. of γλύφω.

γεγόμεφωμαι, pf. pass. of γομφώω.

γέγονα, pf. of γίγνομαι.

γέγραφα, γέγραμμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γράφω.

γεγράφομαι, fut. 3 pass. of γράφω.

γεγύμμακα, γεγύμμασμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γεμνάω.

ΓΕΓΩΝΑ, perf. with pres. sense, part. γεγωνός, plqpf. ἐγγεγώνειν with impf. sense:—the other tenses are formed as if from pres. γεγώνω or γεγωνέω,—inf. γεγωνέειν, Ep. γεγωνέμεν; impf. ἐγγεγώνεον or γεγώνεον for ἐγγεγώνεον, 3 sing. also ἐγγέγωνε; aor. I inf. γεγωνήσαι: verb. Adj. γεγωνητήον. To call or cry so as to be heard, to call aloud; ὅσον τε γέγωνε βοήσας as far as he could make himself heard by shouting: c. acc. rei, to call out, proclaim aloud: of things, to sound, ring, etc.

γεγωνητόον, verb. Adj. of γεγωνέω, one must proclaim aloud.

γεγωνίσκω, lengthd. pres. for γέγωνα, to proclaim.

γεγωνός, ὄν, Adj. from part. γεγωνός, (like ἀραρός, ὄν, from ἀραρός), loud-spoken, loud-sounding.

γεγώς, ὄσα, ὄς, Att. part. pf. of γίγνομαι, for γεγώνως, γεγώως, see γάω.

Γεβένα, ἡ, Heb. *Gebenna*, i. e. the valley of Hinnom, in which the corpses of the worst malefactors were burnt:—hence as a name for bell-fire, hell.

γεη-πόνος, etc., v. γεωπ-.

γει-ἄροτῆς, οὐ, ὄ, (γῆ, ἄρῶα) a plougher of earth.

γεινάμενος, aor. I part. of γείνομαι.

γείνεαι, Ep. for γείνῃαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. subj. of γείνομαι.

γείνομαι, Pass. to be begotten, be born. II. the aor. I ἐγεινάμην, γείνασθαι is always used in causal sense, = γεννάω, of the father, to beget; of the mother, to bear, bring forth; οἱ γεινάμενοι the parents.

γειο-μόρος, etc., = γεωμόςος.

γειο-φόρος, ὄν, (γῆ, φέρω) earth-bearing.

ΓΕΪΣΟΝ or γέισσον, τό, anything projecting so as to shelter, the eaves of a roof, the cornice, coping: the beam of a garment. (Of Carian origin.)

γεινιάσις, εως, ἡ, neighbourhood: the neighbours. From

γεινιῶν, (γείτων) to be a neighbour, to border on.

γειτονέω and γειτονέω, = γεινιῶν.

γειτοσύνη, ὄν, neighbouring, near. From

ΓΕΪΤΩΝ, ὄνος, ὄ, ἡ, a neighbour. III. as Adj. neighbouring, bordering:—metaph. akin to, like.

γελαΐσας, Aeol. for γέλασας.

γελάξας, Dor. for γέλασας.

γελαῖνῆς, ἐς, (γελάω) laughing, cheerful.

γελαῖντι, Dor. for γελῶντι, dat. part. of γελάω.

γελαΐουσα and γελεΐουσα, Dor. for γελῶουσα.

γελαΐσα, Dor. for γελῶσα, fem. nom. part. of γελάω.

γελασειώ, Desiderat. of γελάω, to like to laugh, to be ready to laugh.

γέλασμα, atos, τό, (γελάω) a laugh; κυμάτων ἀνήριθμον γέλασμα 'the many-tinkling smile of Ocean.'

γελαστής, οὐ, ὄ, (γελάω) a laugh, sneerer.

γελαστός, ἡ, ὄν, laughable, laughed at. From

ΓΕΛΑΪΩ, Ep. γελάω, Ep. part. pl. γελῶντες, γελῶντες, or γελοῖωντες: Ep. impf. γελοῖων or -ῶων:

fut. γέλασμαι: aor. I ἐγέλασα, Ep. ἐγέλασσα, Dor. ἐγέλαξα.—Pass. aor. I ἐγέλασθην: pf. γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh, Dor. rideo; ἐγέλασσε φίλον κῆρ his heart laughed within him. II. to laugh at, sneer at.

ΓΕ'ΑΡΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ; pl. γέλιγδες or γέλιγεις: = ἀγλίς, a head, clove of garlic, Lat. *spica alli*.

γελοῖός, Ep. for γέλοιος.

γέλοιος, a, ὄν, also os, ὄν, (γελάω) laughable, absurd. II. humorous, facetious: γέλοια jests.

γελοῖων, Ep. impf. of γελάω.

γελοῖωντες, part. pres. of γελοῖάω.

γελόω, γελῶντες, Ep. for γελάω, γελῶντες.

γελῶντι, Dor. for γελῶσι.

γελῶντες, poet. for γελῶντες.

γέλως, ὄ: gen. ωτος Att. ω: dat. γέλωτι Ep.

γέλω: acc. γέλωτα Ep. γέλω, in Att. Poets γέλων: (γελάω): laughter, Lat. *risus*; ἐπὶ γέλωτι for laughter's sake, for a joke. II. a subject of laughter,

Lat. *ludibrium*; γέλωτα ποιείσθαι τι to make a joke of it.

γελωτοποιῶ, ἡ, buffoonery. From γελωτο-ποιός, ὄν, (γέλως, ποιέω) exciting laughter: as Subst., γελωτοποιός, οὐ, ὄ, a jester.

γελῶων, Ep. impf., γελῶωντες, Ep. part. of γελάω.

γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ, (γέμω) to fill, load or freight with a thing:—Pass. to be freighted.

γέμος, τό, = γόμος, a freight. From ΓΕ'ΜΩ, used only in pres. and impf. to be full of a thing, to be full.

γενεά, ἄς, Ion. γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, (*γενῶ) birth; ὀπλοτερος γενεῆ younger by birth; ἐκ γενεῆς from birth. II. birth, race, descent; γενεῆ ὑπέρτερος higher by blood: of horses, breed. III. a generation, Lat. *saeculum*; δῖω γενεαὶ μερόπων ἀνθρώπων.

IV. offspring, descendants. γενεαλόγέω, f. ἦσω, (γενεαλόγος) to trace a pedigree; γενεαλόγείν τινα to trace his pedigree:—Pass. to derive one's pedigree. Hence

γενεαλογία, ἡ, a tracing one's descent, genealogy. From

γενεᾶ-λόγος, ὄ, (γενεά, λέγω) a genealogist.

γενεή, ἡς, ἡ, Ion. for γενεά: Ep. dat. γενεῆφι.

γενέθλι, ἡ, birth, origin, descent: of horses, breed. 2. birth-place; ἀργύρου γενέθλι a mine of silver.

γενεθλιδος, ὄν, = γενέθλιος.

γενέθλιος, ὄν, belonging to one's birth, Lat. *natalis*;

γενέθλιον ἡμαρ one's birth-day; τὰ γενέθλια a birth-day feast; γενέθλιοι θεοὶ the gods of one's race;

γενέθλιον αἷμα kindred blood.

γένεθλον, τό, = γενέθλι, descent. 2. offspring:

γενειάξω Dor. -ἄσδω, (γένειον) to get a beard, come to man's estate.

γενειάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (γένειον) a beard. 2. in plur. the cheeks.

γενειάσκω, = γενειάω, to get a beard.

γενειάτης, Ion. γενειήτης, ὄ: fem. γενειάτης or -εάτης, ἰδος, (γενειάς) bearded.

γενειάω, f. ἦσω, = γενειάω, to get a beard.

γένειον, τό, (γένυς) *the part covered by the beard, the lower part of the face, the chin.*

γένεο, Ep. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of γίγνομαι.

γενέσιος, ον, = γενέθλιος.

II. τὰ γενέσια *a birth-day feast*:—also, *a day kept in memory of the dead.*

γένεσις, εως, ἡ, (*γένω) *an origin, source: birth, race, descent.*

γενέσκετο, Ion. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενέτειρα, fem. of γενετήρ, (*γένω) *she that gives birth, a mother.* II. *she that is born, a daughter.*

γενετή, ἡ, = γενεή, *birth.*

γενετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = γενετής.

γενετής, ου, ὁ, (*γένω) *the begetter, a father, ancestor.* 2. *the begotten, son.* II. as Adj., = γενέθλιος.

γενετυλλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*γένω) *goddess of one's birth bour.*

γενέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενετής, *a father.*

γένευ, Ion. for ἐγένου, 2 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

γενηήτω, 3 sing. aor. I pass. imperat. of γίγνομαι.

γενηίς, ἡ: gen. γενηίδος, contr. γενηίδος: = γενύς, *the edge of an axe: a pickaxe, mattock.*

γένημα, ατος, τό, = γέννημα.

γέννά, ἡ, poet. for γένος, *descent, offspring.*

γεννάδας [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, plur. γεννάδα, (γέννα) *noble, in mind or birth, Lat. generosus.*

γενναίο-πρεπής, ἐς, (γενναῖος, πρέπω) *befitting a noble.* Adv. -πῶς.

γενναῖος, α, ον, also os, ον, (γέννα) *suitable to one's birth or descent; οὐ μοι γενναῖον it fits not my high blood: noble both in mind and blood, high-born, high-minded: of animals, thorough-bred: of things, good of their kind: but also, γενναία δὴν genuine, intense misery.* Hence

γενναϊότης, ητος, ἡ, *nobility, nobleness of character: of land, fertility.*

γενναῖως, Adv. of γενναῖος, *nobly:* Sup. γενναϊότατα.

γεννάω, f. ἦσω, (γέννα) *to beget, of the father; to bear, bring forth, of the mother; οἱ γεννησάτωες the parents.* II. *to generate, produce.* Hence

γέννημα, ατος, τό, *that which is produced, a child: any product.* II. *one's nature.* III. *a begetting.*

γέννησις, εως, ἡ, *a begetting, producing.*

γεννήτης, ου, ὁ, (γεννάω) *a parent, Lat. paternifamilias.*

γεννητός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεννάω) *begotten or born.*

γεννητώρ, ορος, ὁ, = γενετώρ.

γεννικός, ἡ, ὄν, = γενναῖος, *brave, spirited.* Adv. -ᾶς.

γεννοῖατο, Ep. and Ion. for γένοιντο.

γενοίμαν, Dor. aor. 2 opt. of γίγνομαι.

γένος, εος, τό, (*γένω) *race, descent: freq. in acc. absol. γένος, as ἐξ Ἰθάκης γένος εἰμί I am of Ithaca by descent; so in dat., γένει πολίτης a citizen by birth.* II. *a descendant, a child, as Virgil's Divi genus.*

III. *a race in regard to number, a nation.* 2. *a race in regard to time, an age, gene-*

ration. IV. *sex: gender.* V. *kind, genus, opp. to εἶδος, species.*

γέντο, he grasped, = ἔλαβεν, 3 sing. of an old Verb, only found in this form: prob. Aeol. for ἔλετο,—γ representing the digamma. II. contr. for ἐγένετο.

ΓΕΝΤ Σ, ἡ, gen. γένυς; dat. γένυι: plur., dat. γένυσσι, Ep. γένυσσι; acc. γένυας, contr. γένύς. *The under jaw; γένυες, both jaws, the mouth: hence also the cheek, chin.* II. *the edge of an axe, a biting axe.*

*ΓΕΝΩ, obsol. pres., Root of γίγνομαι.

γέρα, ἄ, ὄν, (γέρων, γηραῖος) *old: venerable.*

Comp. γηραιότερος; οἱ γηραιότεροι, *the elders, Lat. senatores.* Sup. γηραιότατος.

γηραῖο-φλοῖος, ον, (γηραῖος, φλοῖός) *with wrinkled skin.*

γηραῖω, f. γερᾶω: aor. I ἐγέρημα, inf. γερᾶραι: aor. 2 ἐγέρᾶρον: (γέρας):—*to honour or reward with a gift: generally, to honour.*

γηραιότερος, -τατος, Comp. and Sup. of γηραῖός.

ΓΕΡΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. GRUS, *a crane.*

γερᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, = γηραῖός.

γερᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (γηραῖω) *reverend, stately; γηραροί priests, γηραροί priestesses.*

ΓΕΡΑΣ, αος, τό, nom. pl. γέρατα, Ion γέρεα, Ep. contr. γέρα:—*a gift of honour, prize, generally, a gift, honour; metaph., γέρας θανόντων the last honour of the dead.* II. *a privilege, prerogative.* Hence

γερᾶσμιος, ον, *honouring.* II. *honoured.*

Γεράσπιος, *a Spartan month.*

γερᾶσ-φόρος, ον, (γέρας, φέρω) *winning honour.*

γέρεα, Ion. nom. pl. of γέρας.

γερωντᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, *to guide an old man.* From γερωντᾶγωγός, ὁ, (γέρων, ἄγω) *guiding an old man.*

γερωντία, ἡ, Lacon. for γερουσία.

γερόντιον, τό, Dim. of γέρων, *a little old man.*

γερουσία, ἡ, (γέρων) *a Council of Elders, Senate, esp. at Sparta, where it consisted of 28.* II. *an embassy.*

γερουσίος, α, ον, (γέρων) *belonging to the elders or chiefs; οἶνος γερουσίος wine reserved for them.*

γέρρον, τό, (εἶρω) Lat. gerra, *anything made of wicker-work, esp. an oblong shield, such as the Persians wore.* 2. *a wattled but.*

γερρο-φόροι, οἱ, (γέρρον, φέρω) *troops that wore wicker shields: v. foreg.*

ΓΕΡΩΝ, οντος, ὁ, *an old man, Lat. senex: οἱ γέροντες the Elders or Chiefs, who with the King formed the chief Council: hence the Senators, like Lat. Patres, esp. at Sparta, where they were 28 in number.* II. as Adj. γέρων, ον, but almost always with masc. Subst. as γέρων λόγος: γέρων σάκος however occurs in Homer.

γεῦμα, ατος, τό, (γεῦω) *a taste of a thing.*

γεύσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of γεῦω.

ΓΕΥΩ, f. γεύσω: aor. I εἴγεσσα:—*to give one a taste of a thing.* II. Med. γεύομαι, fut. γεύσομαι:

aor. I ἐγευσάμην: with pf. pass. γέγευμαι:—to taste or eat of a thing; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέγευντο, they had tasted, eaten: hence to try, make proof, have experience of; δοῦρds γεύσασθαι to taste, i. e. feel, the spear: to enjoy.

ΓΕ'ΦΥΡΑ, ἡ, a mound of earth to dam or bar a stream, or a bridge to cross it, used by Hom. always in plur.:—in Hom. also, πολέμοιο γέφυρα the lane between two lines of battle, the battle-field. II.

later in sing. a bridge, γέφυρον ζευγνύαι or γεφύρῃ ζευγνύαι ποταμῶν to build a bridge over a river, Lat. *ponte jungere fluvium*. Hence

γεφύρω, f. ὦσω, to make passable by a bridge, to bridge over; γεφύρωσε ποταμῶν [the tree] made a bridge over the river; γεφύρωσε κέλευθον made a bridge-way:—Pass., ἐγεφύρωθη ὁ πύρος the strait had a bridge made over it.

γεωγραφία, ἡ, geography. From γεω-γράφος, ον, (γῆ, γράφω) earth-describing: as Subst., γεωγράφος, ον, ὁ, a geographer.

γεωλόφος, ὁ, (γῆ, λόφος) a bill, billock: also γεωλόφον, τό, and γεωλοφία, ἡ.

γεωμετρία, f. ἦσω, to measure land, to measure. From γεω-μέτρης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, μετρέω) a land-measurer, geometer. Hence

γεωμετρία, ἡ, land-measuring, geometry: and γεωμετρικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for land-measuring, geometrical: ἡ γεωμετρική (sub. τέχνη), geometry: γεωμετρικός, οὐ, ὁ, a geometer. Adv. —κῶς.

γεωμορία, ἡ, a division of lands: tillage. From γεω-μόρος, also γῆ-μόρος, γα-μόρος, and γεω-μόρος, ὁ, ἡ, (γῆ, μέρομαι) a sharer in the division of lands, landholder: οἱ γεωμόροι, the landowners or nobles in a state, Lat. *optimates*.

γεω-πέδον or γεω-πέδιον, τό, Ion. for γῆπεδον.

γεω-πένης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ, πένομαι) poor in land.

γεωπόνος, ὁ, (γῆ, πονέω) a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωργέω, f. ἦσω, (γεωργός) to be a farmer: also to till, cultivate: metaph. to work at, practise a thing.

γεωργία, ἡ, (γεωργός) agriculture, tillage. II. in plur. tilled lands.

γεωργικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γεωργός) of or for tillage, rustic. II. skilled in farming.

γεώργιον, τό, a field: cultivation: a crop. From γεω-ργός, ὄν, (γῆ, ἔργον) tilling the ground: as Subst., γεωργός, οὐ, ὁ, a tiller of the earth, husbandman.

γεωρῦχέω, f. ἦσω, to dig or trench the earth. From γεω-ρῦχος, ον, (γῆ, ὀρύσσω) trenching the earth. [ῦ]

γεω-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) cutting the ground: ploughing.

Γῆ, ἡ, contr. for γέα, earth, land; γῆν καὶ ὕδωρ διδόναι to give earth and water as token of submission; κατὰ γῆν on land, by land, opp. to κατὰ θάλασσαν; also κατὰ γῆς, which means beneath the earth: πού γῆς; Lat. *ubi terrarum? ubere on the earth?*

γῆ-γενής, ἐς, (γῆ, *γένω) earthborn: indigenous. II. as Subst., γηγενής, οὐ, ὁ, a son of the Earth, a giant.

γῆθεν, Adv. of γῆ, out of or from the earth.

γῆθεύ, f. ἦσω: aor. ἐγήθησα, perf. γέγηθα, Dor. γέγαθα (used in pres. sense): plqpf. ἐγεγήθειν: (γαίω):—to be delighted, to rejoice.

γῆθοσύνη, ἡ, (γῆθέω) joy, delight.

γῆθόσινος, η, ον, (γῆθέω) joyful, glad.

Γῆ'ΘΥΟΝ, τό, Lat. *gethyum*, a kind of leek.

γῆθιός, ον, and γῆθιος, ον, (γῆ) of earth or clay.

γῆτις, contr. γῆτης, ον, ὁ, (γῆ) a husbandman.

γῆ-λοφος, ὁ, = γεωλόφος, a bill.

γῆμαι, γῆμας, γῆμασθαι, γῆμάμενος, aor. I inf. and part. act. and med. of γαμέω.

γῆ-μόρος, ὁ, = γεωμόρος.

γῆ-οχέω, (γῆ, ἔχω) to possess land.

γῆ-πέδον, τό, = γεωπέδον, (γῆ, πέδον) a plot of ground.

γῆ-πετής, ἐς, (γῆ, πεσεῖν) falling to earth.

γῆππος, ὁ, = γεώππος.

γῆ-ποτος, Dor. γάποτος, ον, (γῆ, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) to be drunk up by Earth.

γῆραός, ἂ, ὄν, (γῆρας) old, aged.

γῆραλέος and γῆράλιος, α, ον, = γῆραῖος.

γῆράναι, aor. 2 inf., or γῆράναι, aor. I inf., of γῆράσσω.

γῆράντεσσι, Ep. for γῆρασι, dat. plur. of γῆράς, part. aor. 2 of γῆράσσω.

γῆραός, ἂ, ὄν, poet. for γῆραῖος.

γῆράς, aor. 2 part. of γῆράσσω.

Γῆ'ΡΑΣ, τό, gen. γῆραος, Att. contr. γῆρας: dat.

γῆραῖ, Att. contr. γῆρα: old age, Lat. *senectus*. Hence γῆραός or γῆράς: fut. ἄσω Att. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐγήρασα: aor. 2 ἐγήραν, inf. γῆράναι [ᾶ], part. γῆράς (as if from a verb in -μ): pf. γεγήρακα:—to grow aged, become old and infirm. II. in aor. I ἐγήρασα, Causal, to bring to old age.

γῆροβοσκέω, f. ἦσω, to feed and cherish in old age:—Pass. to be cherished in old age. From

γῆρο-βοσκός, ὄν, (γῆρας, βόσκω) cherishing in old age; esp. of one's parents.

γῆρο-κόμος, ον, (γῆρας, κομέω) cherishing the old.

γῆρῆμα, ατος, τό, (γῆρῆω) a voice, sound, tone.

Γῆ'ΡΥΣ, vos, ὁ, a voice: speech. Hence

γῆρῆς, Dor. γαρῆς; f. ἴσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἐγήρῆσα:—Med., fut. -ύσομαι: aor. I ἐγήρῆσάμην, but also in same sense pass. ἐγήρῆσθην [ῆ]:—to utter, speak, say, sing, cry, Lat. *garrere*.

γῆρας, contr. for γῆραος, gen. of γῆρας.

γῆτειον, τό, Att. for γῆθειον, a leek.

γῆτης, ὁ, contr. for γῆτης.

γῆ-τόμος, ον, (γῆ, τεμείν) ploughing the earth.

γίγαντ-ολέτης, ον, ὁ, (γίγας, ἔλλυμι) giant-killer.

γίγαντο-φόνος, ον, (γίγας, *φένω) giant-killing.

ΓΙΓΑΤΟΝ, a grape-stone. [τ]

ΓΙΓΑΣ, ατος, voc. γίγαν, ὁ, (γῆ or γαία) mostly in plur. the Giants, a rebellious race, destroyed by the gods. In Hesiod, the sons of Gaia or Earth, whence the name = γηγενής.

γί-γνομαι, syncop. from γι-γένομαι, which is formed by redupl. from the Root *ΓΕ'ΝΩ: from this root

come fut. γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐγενόμην: perf. γενένημαι and γέγονα: aor. I (in late authors) ἐγενήθην: for the Ep. pf. γέγαδα, see γέγαα:—to become, to happen: to be born: to be; in perf. γέγονα to be by birth, or to have become so. 2. of events, to occur, happen.

II. with Preps. or Adv. of motion, to be at, as ἐρίγνστο ἐς Λακεδαιμόνα. 2. πάντα, παντοῖος, παντοδαπός γίγνεσθαι to take all shapes, turn every way; ἑαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to be master of oneself; ἐντός ἑαυτοῦ γενέσθαι to recover oneself. 3. τί γίνωμαι; more rarely τίς γίνωμαι; what is to become of me? 4. γίγνεσθαι δι' ὀργῆς, διὰ λόγων, periph'ras, for ὀργάν, λέγειν, etc. 5. c. gen. pretii, to cost so much, as, ὀβολοῦ γίγνεσθαι to cost an obol.

γινώσκω, formed by redupl. from the root *ΓΙΝΟΕ'Ω, ΓΙΝΩ'ΝΑΙ, Lat. NOSCO: fut. γνώσομαι: aor. 2 ἔγνω, imperat. γνώθι, opt. γνώθην, inf. γνώωναι, part. γνούς: perf. ἔγνωκα, pass. ἔγνωσμαι: aor. I pass. ἐγνώσθη.

To perceive, gain knowledge of, mark, and so to know, of persons and things: to be aware of, understand: sometimes c. gen. instead of acc., to know of. . . γνῶ χωμένον, be knew that he was angry: rarely also c. part., ἔγνω ἡττημένος I perceived that I was beaten. II. to examine, to form an opinion, decide upon, determine, decree, γνώωναι τὰ δίκαια.

γίνωμαι, Ion. and in late Greek for γίγνομαι.

γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for γινώσκω.

γλαγῶς, (γλάγος) to be milky, juicy.

γλαγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαγέρις, εσσα, εν, (γλάγος) full of milk, milky.

γλαγο-πίης, ἡγος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλάγος, πήρηνμι) of or for curdling milk.

ΓΛΑΓΟΣ, εος, τό, poet. for γάλα, milk.

γλακτο-φάγος, ον, (γάλα, φάγειν) contr. for γαλακτοφάγος, living on milk.

ΓΛΑΜΗ, ἦ, = λήμη, humour in the eyes.

γλάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (γλάμη) blear-eyed. [ᾶ]

γλαυκιάω, (γλαυκός) only found in Ep. part. γλαυκιάων, glaring with the eyes.

ΓΛΑΥΚΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, Aeol. γλαῦκος, α, ον, gleaming, glancing, bright-gleaming. II. with notion of Colour, pale-green, bluish-green, gray, Lat. glaucus, of the olive, of the willow, and also of the vine.

III. of the eye, light blue or gray, Lat. caesiūs: of persons, blue-eyed.

γλαυκό-χρως, ὄ, ἦ, acc. γλαυκίχρως, (γλαυκός, χρῶς) gray-coloured, gray.

γλαυκ-ᾠπις, ἰδος, ἦ: acc. ἰδα, but also ι: (γλαυκός, ᾠψ) epith. of Minerva, with gleaming eyes.

γλαυκ-ᾠψ, ᾠπος, ὄ, ἦ, = γλαυκίπτις.

γλαῦξ, Att. γλαῦξ, κός, ἦ, (γλαυκός) the owl, Lat. noctua, so called from its glaring eyes. Proverb., γλαῖν' Ἀθήναζε, γλαῖν' εἰς Ἀθήνας, like our 'carry coals to Newcastle.' Athenian coins were called γλαῖνες Δαυριωτικαί, from the stamp of the owl on them.

γλάφυ, τό, (γλάφω) a hollow, cavern. [ᾶ]

γλαφυρία, ἦ, smoothness, polish. From

γλάφυρος, ἄ, ὄν, (γλάφω) hollow, hollowed: hence γλ. λιμνᾶ a deep harbour. II. smoothed, polished, of persons, critical, exact. Adv. -ρῶς, smoothly, nicely, prettily.

ΓΛΑΦΩ, to hew, carve: of a lion, to tear the ground with his feet.

γλάχων [ᾶ], Dor. for γλήχων.

γλευκο-πότης, ονος, ὄ, (γλευκος, πέ-ποται 3 sing. pf. pass. of πίνω) drinker of new wine.

γλεύκος, εος, τό, (γλυκός) Lat. mustum, must, sweet new wine.

γλέφαρον, τό, Dor. for βλέφαρον.

ΓΛΗΝΗ, ἦ, the pupil, eye-ball: and, II. because figures are reflected small in the pupil, a puppet, esp. a girl, cf. κόρη, Lat. pupilla: as a taunt, ἔρρε κατῆ γλήνη away, weak girl!

ΓΛΗΝΟΣ, τό, in plur. things to stare at, wonders.

ΓΛΗΧΩΝ, ονος, ἦ: acc. γλήχωνα, by apocop. γλήχω:—penury, Ion. for βλήχων.

γλισχρο-αντιλογο-εξεπίτριπτος, ον, comic word in Aristophanes, a greedy pettifogging knave. (γλί-σχος, ἀντιλογία, ἐξεπίτριπτος.)

ΓΛΙΣΧΡΟΣ, α, ον, gluey, clammy, slippery. II. metaph. sticking close to, importunate. 2. close, greedy, stingy. 3. of disputations, quibbling, petty.

γλισχρον, ονος, ὄ, (γλισχος) a niggard.

γλισχρῶς, Adv. of γλισχος, importunately: scantily: also petty.

ΓΛΙΣΧΟΜΑΙ [ῆ], Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to strive after a thing, struggle for it, c. gen. 2.

γλίχσθαι περί τινος to be eager about or for a thing.

ΓΛΟΙΑ or γλοιά, ἦ, glue. Hence

γλοῖός, ὄ, anything sticky or clammy, as oil and dirt. II. as Adj. γλοῖός, ἄ, ὄν, slippery, knavisb.

ΓΛΟΤΤΟΣ, ὄ, the rump: plur. the buttocks.

γλυκαίνομαι, Pass. to become sweet.

γλυκέρως, ἄ, ὄν, = γλυκός, sweet.

γλυκερό-χρως, ωτος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκερός, χρῶς) with sweet, fair skin.

γλυκός, α, ον, = γλυκός. [ῆ]

γλυκύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. υος, (γλυκός, δάκρυ) causing sweet tears.

γλυκύ-δωρος, ον, (γλυκός, δῶρον) with sweet gifts.

γλυκυ-ηχής, ἔς, (γλυκός, ἦχέω) sweet-sounding.

γλυκυθυμία, ἦ, benevolence. From

γλυκύ-θυμος, ον, (γλυκός, θυμός) sweet-minded. II. act. cbarring the mind, delightful.

γλυκύ-μᾶλον, Aeol. and Dor. for γλυκύμηλον.

γλυκυ-μελίχως, ον, (γλυκός, μέλιχος) sweetly winning.

γλυκύ-μῦλον, τό, Dor. for γλυκύμηλον (γλυκός μή-λον) a sweet-apple.

γλυκυμῦθος, ἦ, ἦσω, to speak sweetly. From

γλυκύ-μῦθος, (γλυκός, μῦθος) sweet-speaking.

γλυκύ-παῖς, αἰδος, ὄ, ἦ, (γλυκός, παῖς) having a fair offspring.

γλυκυ-παρθενός, ἦ, (γλυκός, παρθένος) a sweet maid.

γλυκύ-πικρός, ον, (γλυκός, πικρός) sweetly bitter.

ΓΛΥΚΤΥΣ, εἶα, ὕ, *sweet to the taste, sweet*: metaph. *sweet, delightful*: of men, dear, kind. Comp. and Sup. γλυκίων [ῥ], γλυκίστος: also γλυκύτερος, -τατος.

γλυκύτερης [κῦ], ἦτος, ἦ, (γλυκίς) *sweetness*.

γλυπτήρ, ἦρος, ὀ, and γλύπτης, ου, ὀ, (γλύφω) *a carver, a sculptor*.

γλυπτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γλύφω, *fit for carving, carved*.

γλύφανον, τό, (γλύφω) *a knife or chisel for carving*.

γλύφεις, ἰδος, ἦ, mostly in plur., γλυφίδες *the notch of the arrow, which fits on the string*: later, the arrow itself. II. = γλύφανον, *a knife*. From

ΓΛΥΤΨΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγλύψα.—Pass., aor. I ἐγλύφθη, aor. 2 ἐγλύφην [ῥ]: pf. γέγλυμμα and ἐγλυμμα:—to hollow out: esp. to engrave or carve. II. to write on a tablet.

ΓΛΩΨ, ωχός, ἦ, *the beard of corn, only in plur.*

ΓΛΩΣΣΑ, Att. γλώττα, ἦς, ἦ, *the tongue*, Lat. *lingua*; ἀπὸ γλώσσης by word of mouth; οὐκ ἀπὸ γλώσσης not from another's tongue, not from hearsay; γλώσσαν ἱέναι to let loose one's tongue, speak freely. II. *a tongue, language*; γλώσσαν νομίζειν to use a language or dialect.

γλωσσαλία, Att. γλωσσαργία, ἦ, *endless talking, wordiness*. From

γλώσσο-αλγος, Att. γλώσσο-αργος, ὄν, (γλώσσο, ἀλγος) *talking till one's tongue aches, very talkative*.

γλωσσό-κομον, τό, (γλώσσα, κομέω) properly *a case for the mouthpiece of a flute*: a case or bag for money.

γλώττα, ἦ, Att. for γλώσσα.

γλωττο-στροφέω, f. ἦσω, (γλώττα, στρέφω) *to ply the tongue*.

ΓΛΩΧΙΝ or γλωχίς, gen. ἴνος, ἦ, *any projecting point*: the end of the yoke-strap. 2. the point of an arrow: the arrow itself.

γναθός, ὀ, *the jaw*, poet. form of γνάθος.

ΓΝΑΨΟΣ, ἦ, *the jaw, mouth*: properly *the lower jaw*. II. like γένυς, *the point or edge of a weapon*. [α]

γναμπτός, ἦ, ὄν, *curved, bent*: supple, pliant: metaph. *bending, yielding*. From

ΓΝΑΜΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐγραμβα:—to crook, bend.

γναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, (γνάπτω) *carded, fullied*.

ΓΝΑΠΤΩ, γνάπτωρ: γναφέιον, -φεύς, -φεντικός, -φεύω, -φικός: γνάφος, -ψυς, v. sub κνάπτω, etc.

γνήσιος, α, ὄν, syncor. for γενέσιος, *belonging to the true race, legitimate*, opp. to νόθος: *genuine, true*; γνήσῃαι γυναῖκες *lawful wives*, opp. to παλλακίδες; γνήσιοι Ἕλληνες *true Greeks*; φρονεῖν γνήσια *to have a noble mind*.

γνήσιως, Adv. of γνήσιος, *lawfully, really, truly*.

γνοίην, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνοίμεν, Ep. for γνοίημεν, I pl. aor. 2 opt. of γινώσκω.

γνούς, aor. 2 part. of γινώσκω.

ΓΝΟΨΟΣ, ὀ, = δνόφος, *darkness*.

γνοφ-ώδης, es, (γνόφος, εἶδος) *darksome, dark*.

γνύξ, Adv. (γόνυ) *with bent knee*; γνύξ ἐριπεῖν *to fall on the knee*.

γνώ, Ion. for ἐγνω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνώ, φς, φ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώθι, γνώτω, aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκω.

γνώμα, ατος, τό, (γνώμαι) *that by which a thing is known, a mark, token, like γνώμων*. II. *judgment*.

γνώμεναι, Ep. for γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώμη, ἦ, (γνώμαι) *a means of knowing, a mark, token*. II. *the mind, the judgment*; γνώμη τῆ ἀρίστη *to the best of one's judgment*. 2. *will, purpose*; ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ γνώμης *of his own accord*. 3. *a judgment, opinion*; γνώμην ἀποφαίνεσθαι *to deliver an opinion*; also *a mistaken judgment, fancy*; γνώμαι *the opinions of wise men, maxims*. 4. *a purpose, intention, resolution*: a vote, decree.

γνομίδιον, τό, Dim. of γνώμη, *a fancy*.

γνομο-λογία, ἦ, (γνώμη, λέγω) *a collection of maxims*.

γνομονικός, ἦ, ὄν, (γνώμων) *fit to give judgment*: experienced or skilled in a thing. II. *of or for sundials*.

γνομονότης, ἦ, (γνώμων) *prudence, judgment*.

γνομωτύπεω, *to coin maxims*: and

γνομωτύπικός, ἦ, ὄν, *clever at coining maxims*. From

γνομω-τύπος, ὄν, (γνώμη, τύπεῖν) *maxim-coining, sententious*.

γνώμων, ὄνος, ὀ, (γνώμαι) *one that knows, a judge, interpreter*. II. *the gnomon or index of the sundial*.

III. οἱ γνώμονες *the teeth that mark a horse's age*. IV. *a carpenter's rule*, Lat. *norma*: hence *a rule or guide of life*.

γνών, Ep. for ἐγνω, aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of γινώσκω.

γνώομεν, Ep. for γνώομεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: pf. ἐγνώρικα:—to make known, declare. 2. to discover, detect: to acknowledge, recognise. 3. to be acquainted with. From

γνώριμος, ὄν, rarely ἦ, ὄν, (γνώτός) *well-known*: as Subst., γνώριμος, ὀ, *an acquaintance, a friend*, Lat. *familiaris*. II. οἱ γνώριμοι *the notables*, Lat. *optimates*.

γνώριμος, Adv. of γνώριμος, so as to be known, intelligibly, familiarly; γνώριμος ἔχειν τι *to be on friendly terms with him*.

γνώρισις, εως, ἦ, (γνώριζω) *acquaintance*: knowledge.

γνώρισμα, ατος, τό, (γνώριζω) *that by which a thing is made known, a mark, token*.

γνωρισμός, οὔ, ὀ, (γνώριζω) *a making known*.

γνωριστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (γνώριζω) *capable of making known*.

γνώς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώσθησομαι, fut. pass. of γινώσκω.

γνώσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνωσι-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (γνώσις, μάχομαι) *to dispute*

one's own opinion, i. e. to confess oneself in the wrong, change one's purpose, give way; γνώσιμαχέειν μὴ εἶναι ὕμνοιον to confess that one is not equal.

γνώσις, εὖς, ἦ, (γνώσις) a seeking to know: a judicial inquiry, Lat. cognitio. II. knowledge: wisdom.

2. acquaintance with a person. 3. a recognising.

γνώσομαι, fut. of γινώσκω.

γνωστῆρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (γινώσκω) one that knows or warrants the truth of a thing, Lat. cognitor.

γνωστῆς, ου, ὅ, = γνωστήρ.

γνωστός, ἦ, ὄν, collat. form of γνωτός, κνωτι: as Subst. a friend. II. to be known.

γνώτω, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of γινώσκω:—γνώτων, γνώτων, 2 and 3 dual aor. 2 indic.

γνωτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ἔς, ὄν, (γνώμαι) κνωτι, well-known:—as Subst. a friend, kinsman, brother; γνωτοί τε γνωταί τε brothers and sisters.

γνώω, Ep. for γνῶ, aor. 2 subj. of γινώσκω.

γνώωσι, Ep. for γνῶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 of γινώσκω.

γνόασκεν, Ion. for ἐγνά, 3 sing. impf. of γνόω.

γνόασεν or γνόαφεν, 3 pl. opt. of γνόω.

γνόαντι, Dor. for γνόουσι, 3 pl. of γνόω.

ΓΟΑΪΩ, Ep. inf. γοῖμαι; Ep. part. γοῶν, ὄωσα: Ep. impf. ἐγοῶ, also γοάσκον: fut. γοῖσθαι, later γοῖω: aor. I ἐγόησα:—Pass., aor. I ἐγοῖσθην: (γός) —to wail, groan, weep. II. c. acc. to bewail, mourn, weep for.

ΓΟΙΤΥΪΩ, f. σω, to mutter, a word formed from the sound.

γογγύλη, ἦ, and γογγυλῆς, ἴδος, ἦ, (γογγύλος) a turnip.

γογγύλλω, to round, round off. From

ΓΟΙΤΥΪΑΟΣ, η, ου, also γογγύλιος, α, ου, = στογγύλος, round, spherical. [ῥ]

γογγυσμός, ὅ, (γογγύζω) a muttering.

γογγυστής, οὔ, ὅ, (γογγύζω) a mutterer.

γοεδνός, ἦ, ὄν, = γοερός.

γοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (γοῶ) lamentable, mournful: of persons, lamenting, mourning.

ΓΟΪΗ, ἦ, = γός, καταειδόντες γήσι τῶ ἀνέμφω charming the wind with howls.

γοῖμαι, Ep. for γοῶν, pres. inf. of γοῶ.

γοῖμων, ου, gen. ονος, = γοερός.

γόςης, ητος, ὅ: dat. pl. γόησι: (γοῶ) one who howls out enchantments: a wizard, sorcerer: a juggler cheat.

γοῖσθαι, fut. of γοῶ.

γοητεία, ἦ, (γοητεύω) sorcery, witchcraft.

γοητεύω, f. σω, (γός) to spell-bind, bewitch.

γοήτης, ου, ὅ, (γοῶ) a wailer.

γοήτης, ἴδος, ἦ, peccul. fem. of γόςης, a witch.

γόςμος, ὅ, (γέμω) a ship's cargo, a freight, load.

γόμεφιό-δουπος, ου, (γομφίοι, δούπος) rattling against the teeth.

γομφίος, ὅ, (γόμφος) a grinder-tooth, Lat. molaris, opp. to προσθίος. II. the tooth of a key.

γομφό-δετος, ου, (γόμφος, δέω) nail-bound.

γομπο-πάγης, ἐς, (γόμφος, παγήναι) nail-fastened.

ΓΟΜΦΟΣ, ὅ, a large wedge-shaped bolt or nail, for shipbuilding: any bond or fastening: in pl. γόμφοι, the cross-ribs of the Egyptian canoes. Hence

γομφόω, f. ὄωσα, to fasten with bolts or nails; γεγόμεσθαι σκάφος the ship's hull is ready built. Hence γόμφωμα, ματος, τό, framework.

γομφωτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (γομφώ) one that fastens with bolts or nails, a ship-builder.

γονεύς, ἐως, ὅ, (*γένω) a father, ancestor: in pl. the parents.

γονή, ἦ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, offspring, a race, family. II. the seed. III. generation, childbirth: the womb. IV. birth, descent. V. a generation.

γόνιμος, ου, also η, ου, (γόνος) productive, fruitful; ποιητής γόνιμος a poet of creative powers, of true genius: hence genuine, true.

γόνος, ὅ or ἦ, (*γένω) that which is begotten, a child, offspring: also the young of animals, the fruit of plants, the produce of anything. II. race, birth, descent. III. a begetting.

ΓΟΝΥΪ, τό, gen. γόνατος, dat. pl. γόνασι: Ion. γόνυ, γόνατος, etc.; Ep. γόνυ, γονύος, γονύ, pl. γοῦνα, γοῦναν, γοῦνεσι:—cf. δόρυ:—Lat. GENU, the knee; ἄψασθαι γόνατον to clasp the knees as a suppliant; ἀντεσθαι, λίσσεσθαι τινα πρὸς γονάταν to treat one by clasping his knees; γόνυ κάμπτεω to bend the knee, i. e. sit down, take rest, but also to bend the knee in running, to run; τιθέναι τὰ γόνατα to kneel down; θεῖν ἐν γοῦνασι κείται it lies on the knees of the gods, i. e. depends on their will and pleasure:—metaph. from warriors stricken down, ἐς γόνυ βάλλειν, κλίνειν, ρίπτειν, to throw on the knee. II. the knee or joint of grasses, such as the cane, Lat. geniculum.

γονύ-κροτος, ου, (γόνυ, κροτέω) knock-kneed.

γονυπετέω, to fall on the knee: γονυπετεῖν τινα or τινα to fall down before one. From

γονυ-πετής, ἐς, (γόνυ, πεσείν) falling on the knee; ἔδρα γονυπετής a kneeling posture.

γόνου, Ep. for ἐγούω, 3 pl. impf. of γοῶ.

ΓΟΪΟΣ, ὅ, a weeping, wailing, groaning.

γοῶν, ὄωσα, Ep. part. of γοῶ.

Γοργεῖος, Att. Γόργειος, α, ου, (Γοργώ) of, belonging to the Gorgon.

Γοργό-λόφος, ου, ὅ, (Γοργώ, λόφος) he of the Gorgon crest: fem. Γοργολόφα, ης, ἦ.

Γοργόνειος, ου, = Γοργεῖος.

Γοργό-νωτος, ου, (Γοργώ, νῶτος) with the Gorgon on its back.

γοργόνομαι, Pass. to be spirited, of a horse. From

ΓΟΡΓΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, terrible, fearful, fierce; γοργὸν βλέπειν to look fierce; γοργὸς εἰσιδεῖν fearful to behold: of horses, bot, spirited.

Γοργό-φόνος, ου, (Γοργώ, φένω) Gorgon-killing: fem. Γοργοφονή, a name of Minerva.

ΓΟΡΓΥΤΡΑ, ἦ, an underground dungeon.

Γοργύ, ὄος, contr. οὔς, ἦ; later decl. Γοργώ, ὄνος,

and in pl. *Γοργόνες*: (*γοργός*)—*the Gorgon*, a monster of fearful aspect; Hesiod names three Gorgons, Euryalé, Stheino, and Medusa, the last the most fearful: her snaky head was fixed on the aegis of Athena, and all who looked on it became stone.

γοργῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of *γοργῶψ*.

γοργῶπις, ὄν, (*γοργός, ὄψ*) *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

γοργῶψ, ὄπιος, ὄ, ἡ, = *γοργῶπις*.

γούν, Ion. γῶν, (*γε οὖν*) restrictive Particle, *at least then, at any rate: of a truth, in sooth*, freq. in answers.

γούνα, γούνων, Ep. plur. of γόνυ, also found in Trag. γουνάξω, Ep. imperat. of γουνάξομαι.

γουνάξομαι, f. σομαι: Dep.: (*γόνυ*):—*to fall down and clasp another's knees, to entreat, supplicate; ὑπέριτινος and τιῶς in behalf of another: but also γουνάξομαι τινος and πρὸς τινος to entreat by such and such things.*

γούνατος, γούνατι, γούνατα, γούνασι, Ion. and poet. decl. of γόνυ.

γουνόμοι, Dep., = γουνάξομαι: Ep. impf. *γουνούμη*.

γουνό-πᾶγής, ἔς, (*γόνυ, πήγνυμι*) *cramping the knees*.

γουνό-πᾶχής, ἔς, (*γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ, παχύς*) *thick-kneed*.

γουνός, poet. gen. of γόνυ.

γουνός, ὄ, (*γόνος, γονή*) *corn-land, fruitful land*, Lat. *uber*; γουνός ἀλωῆς *a fruitful vineyard*.

γρᾶες and γρᾶες, pl. n. from γραῦς and γρηῦς.

γρᾶδιον, τό, contr. for γρᾶίδιον.

γρᾶία, Ep. γρᾶίη, ἡ, special fem. of γραῖος, *an old woman*. II. as fem. Adj. *old, γρᾶία δαίμονες*,

γρᾶία χερί, etc.

γρᾶίδιον, τό, Dim. of γρᾶίς, γραῦς, *an old bag*.

γρᾶίομοι, Pass. *to become an old woman*. From

γρᾶιος, γρᾶία, γρᾶίων, (syncope for γρᾶίος) *old, aged, gray*; γρᾶίη σταφυλή, Lat. *uva passa*, raisins.

γράμμα, ατος, τό, (*γράφω*) *that which is drawn or written, a written character, letter*, Lat. *littera*: in plur. *letters, the alphabet*. 2. *a note in music*. 3. *a drawing, picture*.

II. in plur. also, like Lat. *litterae*, *a letter; an inscription: state-papers, documents, records, accounts*: also *a book, treatise*. III. *letters, learning*, = *μαθήματα*.

γραμμᾶτειον, τό, (*γράφω*) *that on which one writes, tablets, a note-book*.

γραμματεὺς, ἑως, ὄ, (*γράφω*) *a secretary, clerk*, Lat. *scriba*. Hence

γραμματεῦω, *to be secretary*.

γραμματίζω, (*γράμματα*) *to teach rudiments*.

γραμματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*γράμματα*) *knowing one's letters, grounded in the rudiments*: as Subst., *γραμματικός*, ὄ, *a grammarian*. Adv. *-κῶς*.

γραμματιστής, οὖ, ὄ, (*γραμματίζω*) *one who teaches the rudiments, a schoolmaster*. 2. = *γραμματεὺς*.

γραμματο-κύφω, ἄνω, ὄ, (*γράμματα, κύπτω*) *one who pres over dusty records*.

γραμμῆ, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a stroke in writing, a line*: ἡ μακρὰ ἡ *long line* of condemnation, drawn on the tablet of the dicast. II. *the line across the course*,

to mark the starting or winning place. III. *the middle line* on a draught-board called ἡ τερά; τὸν ἀπὸ γραμμῆς κινεῖν λίθον *to move a man from this line*, i. e. *try one's last chance*.

γραῖο-σόβητος, ον, ὄ, (*γραῖος, σοβέω*) *scaring old women*.

γραπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of γράφω, *to be written*: **γραπτέον**, *one must write*.

γραπτῆρ, ἦπος, ὄ, (*γράφω*) *a writer*.

γραπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of γράφω, *painted*: *marked with letters*: *written*.

γραπτύς, ὄος, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a scratching, tearing*.

ΓΡΑΥΨ, γρᾶῖος, ἡ, nom. pl. γρᾶες, acc. γραῦς: Ion. decl. γρηῦς, γρηῖος; poet. also γρηῦς:—*a gray woman, old woman*. II. *scum*, as of boiled milk.

γραφέω, ἑως, ὄ, (*γράφω*) *a painter*. II. = *γραμματεὺς*, *a clerk*.

γραφή, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *representation by means of lines*: *drawing, painting*; ὅσον γραφῆ only in a picture. 2. *writing*. II. *a painting, a figure, shape*.

III. (*γράφομαι*) as Att. law term, *an indictment for a public offence, prosecution*, opp. to *δικη* a private action; *ἀστρατείας γραφή* *an indictment for neglect of service*.

γραφέκιος, ἡ, ὄν, *able to draw or paint*: ἡ γραφικῆ (sub. τέχνη) *the art of painting*. 2. *suited for writing*.

γραφῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (*γράφω*) *a style for writing on waxen tablets*. II. *embroidery*.

ΓΡΑΨΩ, f. ψω: pf. γέγραφα, later γεγράφηκα:—Pass., fut. γράψομαι, fut. 3 γεγράψομαι: aor. 2

ἐγράφη, later aor. 1 ἐγράφηθην: pf. γέγραμμαι:—*to GRAVE, scratch*; *σήμετα γράψας ἐν πίνακι baving scratched marks or figures on tablets*. II. *to draw lines with a pencil, to sketch, draw, paint*. III. *to write*; γράφειν εἰς διφθέρας *to write on skins*. 2. *to inscribe*, e. g. γράφειν εἰς στήλην:

Pass. γράφεσθαι τι *to be inscribed with a thing*. 3. *to write down*; γράφειν τινὰ αἴτιον *to set him down as the cause*: *to register, enrol*. 4. *to write down a law hereafter to be proposed, hence to propose, move*.

B. Med. *to write for oneself or for one's own use, note down*. 2. as Att. law-term, γράφεσθαι τινα *to indict one, τιῶς for some public offence*; in full, *δικην* or *γραφὴν γράψασθαι τινα*; also c. inf., γράφεσθαι τινα ἀδικεῖν *to indict him for wrong-doing*; absol., οἱ γραψάμενοι *the prosecutors*; but γράφεσθαι τι, *to denounce a thing as unlawful*:—Pass. *to be indicted*.

γρα-ώδης, ἑως, (*γραῖος, εἶδος*) of *or belonging to an old woman*, Lat. *anilis*: *silly, trifling*.

γρηγορέω, *to be awake, be watchful*, a late pres., formed from the pf. ἐγήγορα.

γρηῦς, ἡ, Ion. for γραῖος, poet. also γρηῖος.

γριπεὺς, ἑως, ὄ, (*γριπίος*) *a fisherman*: whence fem. Adj., *γριπιῆς τέχνη* *the art of fishing*.

ΓΡΙΠΟΣ, ὄ, *a fishing-net*.

γριπών, ὄ, = *γριπεὺς*, *a fisherman*. [Γ]

ΓΡΙΦΟΣ, ὄ, like γριπίος, *a fishing-net or basket*, made of *rusbes*. 2. *anything intricate, a dark saying, riddle*.

γριφώδης, ες, (γρίφος, εἶδος) riddling.

ΓΡΟΨΦΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of javelin.

ΓΡΥ, a grunt, like that of swine; οὐδὲ γρῦ ἀποκρίνασθαι not even to give a grunt; οὐδὲ γρῦ not even a syllable, not a bit. Hence

γρύζω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἔγρυφα:—to say γρῦ, grunt, Lat. grunio: hence to grumble, mumble, mutter.

γρυλλίζω or γρῦλλίζω, (γρῦλλος or γρῦλος) to grunt.

γρῦλλος or γρῦλος, ὁ, (γρῦ) a pig, porker.

γρῦπ-άετος, ὁ, (γρῦπ, αἰτός) a kind of griffin or dragon.

ΓΡΥΠΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, esp. book-nosed, with an aquiline nose, opp. to σιμός. Hence

γρῦπότης, ητος, ἡ, hookedness of the nose.

γρῦπώω, f. ὤσω, (γρῦπός) to curve or bend.

γρῦπ, gen. γρῦπός, ὁ, (γρῦπός) a griffin, hippogriff.

γρῶν, ἡ, a cavern: a kneading trough.

ΓΥΑ, ἡ, a piece of land, field.

γύατα, τά, (γύα) cables made fast to land.

ΓΥΑΔΑΛΟΝ, τό, a hollow; in Homer, θώρηξ γυάλοισιν ἀρηρῆς the body-armour composed of back-piece and breast-piece, joined under the arms:—any hollow: πέτρας γυάλον a cave, grot; κρατήρος γυάλον the hollow of a bowl:—in plur. hollow ground, vales, a valley.

ΓΥΗΣ, ον, ὁ, the curved piece of wood in a plough, to which the share was fitted, the tree, Lat. buris. II.=γύα, a field.

γυι-αρκής, ες, (γυῖον, ἀρκέω) strengthening the limbs.

γυιο-βάρης, ες, (γυῖον, βάρος) weighing down the limbs.

γυιο-οβόρος, ον, (γυῖον, βορά) gnawing the limbs.

γυιο-δάμας, ον, ὁ, (γυῖον, δαμάω) limb-subduing, i. e. victorious.

ΓΥΓΟΝ, τό, always used by Hom. in plur., the limbs, Lat. membra; esp. the lower limbs, the knees.

γυιο-πάγης, ες, (γυῖον, πήγνυμι) stiffening the limbs.

γυιο-πέδη, ἡ, (γυῖον, πέδη) a fetter.

ΓΥΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, lame.

γυιο-τάκης, ες, (γυῖον, τήκω) wasting the limbs.

γυιο-τόπος, ον, (γυῖον, τρέπω) piercing the limbs.

γυιο-χαλκος, ον, (γυῖον, χαλκός) of brassen limb.

γυιδώ, (γυιός) to lame:—Pass. to be or become lame;

γυιαθεῖς aor. I part., lamed.

γυλιο-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (γύλιος, αύχην) long-necked.

ΓΥΛΙΟΣ, ὁ, a long-shaped wallet or knapsack.

γυμνάσω, f. ὤσω: pf. γεγύμνακα: Pass., pf. γεγύμνασμαι: (γυμνός):—to train naked, to train in gymnastic exercises, to train, exercise; c. inf., γυμνάσειν τοὺς παῖδας ποιεῖν to train them to do a thing:—Pass. to practise gymnastic exercises: then, generally, to practise or exercise oneself.

γυμνάς, ἄδος, properly fem. of γυμνός, naked. II. trained or exercised.

γυμνασία, ἡ, (γυμνάσω) exercise.

γυμνασιαρχέω or Med. -έομαι, to be gymnasiarch: Pass. to be supplied with gymnasiarchs. From

γυμνασι-άρχης and γυμνασι-αρχος, ὁ, (γυμνάσιον, ἄρχω) a gymnasiarch, who superintended the palaestrae, and paid the training-masters: a training-master. Hence

γυμνασιαρχία, ἡ, the office of gymnasiarch.

γυμνάσιον, τό, (γυμνάσω) the place where exercises were practised, the gymnastic-school; ἐκ θημετέρου γυμνασίου from our school. II. in plur. bodily exercises. [ᾶ]

γυμναστέον, verb. Adj. of γυμνάσω, one must practise.

γυμναστής, οὔ, ὁ, (γυμνάσω) the trainer of the athletes. Hence

γυμναστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of athletic exercises: ἡ γυμναστική (sub. τέχνη) gymnastics. Adv. -κῶς, like an athlete.

γυμνής, ἦτος, ὁ, (γυμνός) a light-armed foot-soldier.

γυμνητεύω, to be light-armed: to go naked. From

γυμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. γυμνήτης, ιδος, ἡ, = γυμνής.

γυμνητρία, ἡ, (γυμνής) the light-armed troops.

γυμνητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνής) for a light-armed soldier.

γυμνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (γυμνός) of or for gymnastic exercises; γυμνικός ἀγών a gymnastic contest.

γυμν-ιτεύω, = γυμνητεύω.

γυμνο-παῖδια, ἡ, (γυμνός, παῖδια) mostly in plur., a yearly festival in honour of those who fell at Thyrea, at which naked boys danced and went through gymnastic exercises.

ΓΥΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, naked, unclad: unarmed, defenceless: of things, γυμνὸν τόξον an uncovered bow, i. e. out of the case: c. gen. stripped of a thing, γυμνός ὄπλων:—γυμνός often meant lightly clad, i. e. wearing the tunic or under garment only (χιτῶν), without the cloak (ἱμάτιον): τὰ γυμνά the exposed parts of an army, the flanks. 2. also bare, mere. Hence

Γυμνο-σοφισταί, οἱ, (γυμνός, σοφιστής) the naked philosophers of India.

γυμνότης, ητος, ἡ, nakedness.

γυμνώω, f. ὤσω, (γυμνός) to strip naked or bare:—Pass., of warriors, to be stripped of arms, to be left defenceless; of things, τείχος ἐγυμνώθη the wall was left bare: but also to strip oneself naked, be naked; ἐγυμνώθη βακένω be stripped himself of his rags.

γύμνωσις, εως, ὁ, (γυμνώω) a stripping naked. II. nakedness: the naked parts.

γύνα, voc. of γυνή.

γυναικαρίον, τό, Dim. of γυνή, a weak, silly woman.

γυναϊκεῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, Ion. γυναϊκήτιος, ἡτι, ἦτιον, (γυνή) of or belonging to women, feminine, Lat. muliebris. 2. as Subst., ἡ γυναϊκήτη = γυναϊκῶν, the women's part of the house. II. womanish, effeminate.

γυναϊκίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (γυνή) to be womanish, play the woman.

γυναικό-βουλος, *ov*, (γυναικός, βουλή) *devised by a woman.*

γυναικο-γήρυτος, *ov*, (γυνή, γηρύω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικο-θύμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, θυμός) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικο-κρασία, *ἡ*, (γυνή, κρᾶσις) *a woman's temper.*

γυναικο-κήρυκτος, *ov*, (γυναικός, κηρύσσω) *proclaimed by women.*

γυναικομᾶνέω, *to be mad for women.* From

γυναικο-μᾶνής, *ἑς*, (γυναικός, μᾶνομαι) *mad for women.*

γυναικό-μιμος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μιμέομαι) *spring woman, womanish.*

γυναικό-μορφος, *ov*, (γυναικός, μορφή) *in woman's shape.*

γυναικο-πληθής, *ἑς*, (γυναικός, πλήθος) *full of women.*

γυναικό-ποιος, *ov*, (γυναικός, ποιῶ) *woman-avenging.*

γυναικός, *gen.* of γυνή, whence derivatives are formed.

γυναικο-φίλης, *ov*, *Dog.* -φίλας, *α*, (γύνη, φιλέω) *loving women.*

γυναικό-φρων, *ov*, *gen.* *ovos*, (γυναικός, φρήν) *of womanish mind.*

γυναικό-φωνος, *ov*, (γυναικός, φωνή) *with woman's voice.*

γυναικῶν, *ἄνωσ, δ*, (γυναικός) *the women's part of the house, opp.* *to ἀνδρῶν.*

γυναι-μᾶνής, *ἑς*, = γυναικομᾶνής, *mad for women.*

γύναιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of γυνή, *a little woman.*

γύναιος, *α, ov*, *of or belonging to a woman.* From

ΓΥΝΗ΄, *ἡ*, *gen.* γυναικός, *acc.* γυναικα, *voc.* γύναι; *pl.* γυναικες, γυναικῶν, etc., (as if from γύναιξ):—*a woman, Lat. femina, opp.* *to man: vocat. γύναι, a term of respect, mistress, lady: Homer often joins it with a second Subst., γυνή ταμίη, δέσποινα, etc.*

II. a wife, spouse. *III. a mortal woman, opp.* *to a goddess.*

IV. the female, mate of animals.

γύναιος, *ιδος, δ*, (γυνή) *a womanish man, weakling.*

γύναιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of γύνη, *a nest, eyrie, cranny.*

γύναιον, *dat. pl.* of γύνη.

γύνη, *ἡ*, (γύνη) *a vulture's nest: generally, a hole, cranny.* Hence

γύναιος, *ἡ*, *fem.* *Adj.* *vulture-baunted.*

γυρη-τόμος, *ov*, (γύρος, τεμείν) *tracing a circle.*

ΓΥΡΨ, *ἑως, ἡ*, *the finest meal, Lat. pollen.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *ἄ, ὄν*, *round, Lat. curvus; γυρός ἐν ἄμοισι round-shouldered.*

ΓΥΡΟΣ, *δ*, *a ring, circle.*

ΓΥΨ, γυψός, *δ*, *a vulture, Lat. vultur.*

ΓΥΨΟΣ, *ἡ*, *chalk.* 2. later, *gypsum.* Hence

γυψόω, *f. ἄσω, to rub over with chalk.*

γῶν, *Ion.* for γῶν, as ἄν for οὔν.

ΓΩΝΙΑ, *ἡ*, *a corner, angle.*

II. a joiner's square. Hence

γυναισμός, *δ*, *a squaring the angles; ἐπιὼν γυναισμός nicely-fitted, well-finished verses.*

γωνι-ώδης, *ἑς*, (γωνία, εἶδος) *angular.*

ΓΩΡΥΤΟΣ, *δ* *or ἡ*, *a bow-case, quiver.*



Δ, *δ*, δέλτα, *indecl.*, fourth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, δ' = τέσσαρες and τέτρατος, δ = 4000.

Changes of δ in the dialects: I. Aeol. into β, as ὀβελός into ὀδελός.

II. Dor. into γ, as γῆ γρόφος into δᾶ θρόφος.

III. Ion. into ζ, as Ζεὺς, ζα- into Δεὺς, δα-: while Dor. ζ changes into σδ, as μελίζω φράζομαι into μελίσδω φράσδομαι; sometimes into δδ, as γυμνάζομαι into γυμνάδδομαι.

IV. into κ, as δαίω καίω. V. into λ, as δάκρυ λακρυμα, δασύς λάσιος.

VI. into σ, as ὀδμή ὀσμή, also with another consonant added, as βάδος βασμός, ἔδω ἐσθλω.

VII. sometimes δ is inserted to give a softer or fuller sound, as ἀνέρος ἀνδρός.

VIII. at the beginning of some words δ is added or omitted, as in δείλη εἰλη, δῆ ἡ, δῶκος ἰώκος.

δᾶ-, intensive prefix, = ζα-, as in δᾶ-σκιος.

δᾶ, Dor. for γᾶ, γῆ, mostly in voc.: acc. δᾶν.

δᾶγμα, τό, Dor. for δῆγμα.

δᾶγύς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a waxen image, used in magic rites, a puppet.* (Thesal. word.) [ῥ]

δαδουχέω, *f. ἦσω, to be a torch-bearer, esp. in sacred processions.* From

δαδ-σύχος, *ov*, (δᾶς, ἔχω) *holding torches: as Subst., δαδουχός, ἡ, a torch-bearer at the festival of Eleusinian Ceres, whose torch represented her as searching for her daughter Proserpine.*

δαδοφορέω, *f. ἦσω, to bear torches.* From

δαδο-φόρος, *ov*, (δᾶς, φέρω) *torch-bearing.*

δαείνη, *aur. 2 opt.* of *δᾶω.

δαεῖς, *aur. 2 part.* of *δᾶω.

δαείω, *Ep.* for δᾶω, *aur. 2 pass. subj.* of *δᾶω.

δαήμεναι, *Ep.* for δᾶηναι, *aur. 2 pass. inf.* of *δᾶω.

δαήμεν, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, (δαῆναι) *knowing, experienced in a thing.*

δαῆναι, *aur. 2 pass. inf.* of *δᾶω.

ΔᾶΗΨ, *ἔπος, δ*, *voc. δᾶεπ, a husband's brother, brother-in-law, answering to γάλως, ἡ, a daughter-in-law.*

δαήσομαι, *fut.* of *δᾶω.

δαῆται, *3 sing. aur. 2 med. subj.* of δαίω (A).

δαί, (δή) *used after interrogatives, expressing wonder or curiosity, τί δαί; what then? πᾶς δαι; how so?*

δαί, *Ep. apocop.* for δαίδι, *dat.* of δαίς. [Γ]

δαιδάλεος, *α, ov*, *also os, ov, cunningly or curiously wrought.* From

δαιδάλλω, *used only in pres. act.; but pass. aur. I*

ἐδαιδάλην, *pf. δεδαίδαλαμαι: (δαίδαλος):—to work cunningly, work with curious art: to deck out, embellish.* Hence

δαίδαλαμα, *ατος, τό, a work of art*

δαίδαλοις, *εσσα, εν, = δαίδαλεος.*

δαίδαλο-εργός, *όν, (δαίδαλος, εργον) curiously working.*

ΔΑΪΔΑΪΩΣ, *η, ον, Adj. cunningly or curiously wrought; δαίδαλα πάντα all cunning works.* II.

as *ργος, n., Δαίδαλος, ό, Daedalus, i. e. the cunning worker, the Artist, of Snossus in Crete, contemporary with Minos, mentioned by Homer as the maker of a χρός (q. v.) for Ariadne.*

δαιδάλο-χειρ, *ειρος, ό, ή, (δαίδαλος, χείρ) cunning of hand.*

δαίδαλω, = δαιδάλλω: *poët. inf. fut. δαιδαλώσμεν.*

δαΐζω, *φ. ζω: aor. I. ἐδάξα:—Pass., aor. I part. δαΐχθεις: pf. part. δεδαΐγμένος: (δαΐω):—to cleave asunder, χιτώνω περι στήθεσσι δαΐζει; δεδαΐγμένος ήτορ pierced through the heart:—also of doubts, ἐδάξου θυμός ἐνι στήθεσσιν his soul was divided within him; δαΐζόμενος κατὰ θυμόν διχθάδια divided in mind between two opinions. Hence*

δαΐ-κτάμενος, *η, ον, (δαΐς, κτείνω) or in two words δαΐ κτάμενος, slain in battle.*

δαΐκτήρ, *ήρος, and δαΐκτής, ού, ό, (δαΐζω) only joined with masc. Subst. heart-cleaving.*

δαίμονά, *(δαΐμων) to be subject to an avenging deity; δαιμονῆ δόμος κακοῖς the house is plunged by the divinity in woes. 2. c. acc., δαιμονῶν ἀχη to have griefs decreed one. II. absol. to be possessed by an evil spirit, be driven to madness.*

δαίμονίζομαι, *Med. (δαΐμων) to have an allotted fate. II. Pass., with aor. I part. δαιμονισθείς, to be possessed by a devil.*

δαίμονιον, *τό, (properly neut. of δαιμόνιος) the Deity, Divinity, or divine operation, Lat. numen. II. the δαίμονια were an inferior race of divine beings, demons, opp. to θεοί. 2. the name by which Socrates called his genius. 3. in N. T. an evil spirit.*

δαίμονιος, *α, ον, also os, ον, (δαΐμων): I. used by Homer only in vocat. δαιμόνιε, in good sense, noble sir; but more freq. as a reproach, unhappy man, wretch: in Att. mostly ironical, my fine fellow! my good sir! II. of things proceeding from the Deity or from Fate; εἰ μή τι δαιμόνιον εἴη were it not a divine intervention; τὰ δαίμονια divine visitations. III. of persons, divine, godlike.*

δαίμονιο-ώδης, *ες, (δαίμονιον, εἶδος) devilish.*

δαίμονιως, *Adv. of δαίμονιος, marvellously, strangely.*

δαίμων, *ονος, ό, ή, (δαΐω) a god, goddess. II. the Deity, Lat. numen: fate, destiny, fortune, good or bad; πρὸς δαίμονα against fate; σὺν δαίμονι with the favour of the gods, non sine diis; in Trag., death, like Lat. sors. III. one's genius, one's lot or fortune.*

IV. δαίμωνες was a name given to the souls of men of the golden age, who formed the connecting link between gods and men: hence later, departed souls, Lat. manes, lemures. V. an evil spirit, devil.

δαίμων, *ό, as Adj., = δαήμων, skilled in a thing.*

δαίνυ, *Ep. for ἐδάνυ, 3 sing. impf. of δαίνυμι.*

δαίνυ', *Ep. for ἐδάνυο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.*

δαινύατο, *for ἐδαινύατο, 3 pl. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.*

δαινύη, *2 sing. pres. med. subj. of δαίνυμι.*

δαινύμι, also δαινύω: *Ep. 3 sing. impf. δαίνυ: fut.*

δαΐσω: *aor. I. ἐδαισα: (δαΐς):—to give a banquet or feast; δαίνυ δαΐτα γέρονσι be given a feast to the elders; δαινύειν τινά to feast a person. II. Med.*

δαινύμαι, *fut. δαΐσομαι: aor. I. ἐδαισάμην:—to have a feast given one, to feast: also c. acc. δαΐτα, κρέα, etc., to feast on, consume, eat: to eat, burn like poison.*

δαίνυο, *Ep. for ἐδαινύσο, 2 sing. impf. med. of δαίνυμι.*

δαινύτο, *Ep. for δαινύοιτο, 3 sing. opt. med. of δαίνυμι.*

δαΐς, *α, ον, also os, ον: Ion. and Hom. δῆϊος, η, ον: Att. contr. δῆος: (δαΐω, δαΐς):—hostile, destructive: as epith. of fire, burning, consuming: in pl. δαΐοι, enemies. 2. unhappy, wretched. II.*

(δαῆναι) *knowing, cunning.*

δαΐρω, *φ. δαρῶ: aor. I. inf. δῆραι, poët. for δέρω, δείρω, to flay, cudgel.*

δαΐς (A), *gen. δαΐδος, Att. contr. δῆς, δῆδος, ή, (δαΐω A): a fire-brand, pine-torch, Lat. taeda:—pine-wood, such as torches were made of. II. war, battle, ή, mostly in apocopate dat. δαΐ and acc. δάιν.*

δαΐς (B) *gen. δαιτός, ή, (δαΐω B) a meal, feast, banquet, Lat. DAPES. 2. meat or food itself.*

δαισασθαι, *δαισάμενος, aor. I. inf. and part. med. of δαίνυμι.*

δαίταλεύς, *έως, ό, (δαίνυμι) a guest, banquetter.*

δαΐτη, *ή, poët. for δαΐς, a feast, banquet.*

δαΐτηθεν, *Adv. of δαΐτη, from a feast.*

δαιτρέω, *φ. σω, (δαιτρός) to cut up or carve, to portion out, distribute.*

δαιτρόν, *τό, (δαΐω B) one's portion.*

δαιτρός, *ό, (δαΐω B) a carver, distributor. Hence*

δαιτροσύνη, *ή, the art of carving: a helping at table.*

δαιτρώων, *ονος, ό, (δαΐς B) an invited guest. 2. in plur. guests who bring each his own provisions.*

δαιτός, *ύος, ή, Ion. for δαΐς, a meal.*

δαΐ-φρων, *ον, gen. ονος: (δαΐς, φρήν): of warlike mind, eager for the fray, bold. II. (δαῆναι) of knowing mind, prudent, thoughtful.*

δαΐχθεις, *aor. I part. of δαΐζω.*

ΔΑΪΪΩ (A), = *καΐω, only used in pres. and impf., to light up, kindle; δαΐέ οί εκ κόρυθος πύρ, she (sc. Minerva) made fire blaze from his helm:—Pass., aor. I part. δαισθείς: pf. part. δεδαυμένος:—to burn, blaze; δαΐεται ὅσσε the eyes sparkle: to this also belong pf. δέδηα, plqpf. ἐδεδήειν, poët. δεδήειν; πόλεμος δέδηε war blazes forth; ὅσα δεδήει the report spread like wild-fire.*

ΔΑΪΪΩ (B), *to divide, part out, distribute; in Act. sense δαΐζω is used, but in Med. and Pass. δαΐομαι; Med., κρέα δαιόμενος distributing portions of meat; Pass., δαΐεται ήτορ my heart is divided; Ep. 3 pl. δεδαΐαται.—But ἐδαισα, ἐδαισάμην belong to δαίνυμι: δάσομαι, ἐδασάμην, δέδασμαι to δατέομαι.*

δάκέ-θύμος, *ov*, = *δηξιθύμος*, *heart-eating*.

δάκε, *Ep.* for *ἐδάκε*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *δάκνω*.

δακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *δάκνω*.

δάκετον, τό, = *δάκος*, a venomous animal.

δακνάω, poet. for *δάκνω*: *Pass.* to be sore vexed.

ΔΑ'ΚΝΩ, *f.* *δήσομαι*: *pf.* *δέδηχα*: aor. 2 *ἔδakon*:

Ep. inf. *δακεῖν*:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 *ἐδήχθη*: *pf.* *δέδηγμα*:
—to bite, esp. of dogs and gnats; στόμιον δάκνειν to
chomp the bit; δάκνειν εαυτόν to bite one's lips for
fear of laughing. II. metaph. to bite, sting,

prick:—*Pass.*, καρδίαν δέδηγμα I was vexed at heart.

δάκος, *eos*, τό, (δακεῖν) an animal whose bite or
sting is dangerous, any noxious animal.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΤ', *vos*, τό, poet. for *δάκρον*, a tear, *Lat.*
LACRYMA. II. a drop, as of gum.

δακρύδιον, τό, *Dim.* of *δάκρυ*.

δακρῦμα, *ατος*, τό, (δακρῦν) that which is wept for,
a subject for tears. II. a tear.

δακρο-γόνος, *ov*, (δακρῦ, *γένω) author of tears.

δακρῦδεις, *εσσα*, *ev*, (δακρῦν) tearful; of persons,
much weeping; of things, calling forth tears:—δακρυ-
δὲν γελᾶσαι, as *Adv.*, to smile through one's tears.

ΔΑ'ΚΡΥ'ΟΝ, τό, = *δάκρυ*: *Ep.* gen. pl. *δακρῦσφι*.

δακρυ-πλώω, (δάκρυ, πλέω) to swim with tears.

δακρυρροέω, *f.* ἦσα, to melt into tears. From

δακρῦρ-ροος, *ov*, (δάκρυ, βρέω) melting into tears.

δακρῦσα, *Ep.* aor. 1 of *δάκρω*.

δακρυσι-στακτος, *ov*, (δάκρυ, στάζω) dropp'ing with
tears.

δακρυσῶ, *Dor.* for *δακρῦσα*.

δακρυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. *Adj.* of *δακρῦω*, wept over,
tearful.

δακρυ-χαρής, ἑς, (δάκρυ, χαίρω) rejoicing in tears.

δακρυ-χέων, *ουσα*, *ov*, a participial *Adj.*, (δάκρυ,
χέω) shedding tears, weeping.

δακρῦ [ῥ], fut. ὕσα: aor. 1 *ἐδάκρῦσα*: *pf.* *δεδά-
κρῦκα*: (δάκρυ):—to weep, shed tears:—*pf.* *pass.*

δεδάκρῦμαι, to be tearful, be all in tears; part. *δεδα-
κρῦμενος*, all in tears: *c. acc.* cognate, *δακρῦεν γόους* to
utter tearful groans. II. transit. to weep for

a thing, lament:—*Pass.* to be wept for. III. *δ.*

βλέφαρα to flood one's eyes with tears.

δακρυ-ώδης, ἑς, (δάκρυ, εἶδος) like tears: tearful.

δακτυλήθρα, ἡ, (δάκτυλος) a finger-sheath.

δακτυλίδιον, τό, *Dim.* of *δάκτυλος*, a toe.

δακτυλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δάκτυλος) of or for the finger,
Lat. *digitalis*; αὐλὸς δακτυλικός a flute played with
the fingers. II. of metre, *dactylic*.

δακτύλος, ὁ, (δάκτυλος) a ring, seal-ring.

δακτύλο-δεικτός, ὄν, (δάκτυλος, δείκνυμι) pointed
at with the finger, as in *Horace digito monstrari*.

δακτύλο-ειδής, ἑς, (δάκτυλος, εἶδος) like a finger.

δάκτυλος, ὁ, plur. *δάκτυλοι*, poet. also *δάκτυλα*:
(δείκνυμι):—a finger, *Lat.* *digitus*; ἐπὶ δακτύλων
συμβάλλεσθαι to reckon on the fingers. 2. δάκ-
τυλος τοῦ ποδός a toe; also without ποδός, like *Lat.*
digitus. II. the shortest Greek measure of length,

a finger's breadth, = about $\frac{1}{10}$ of an inch.

III. a
metrical foot, *dactyl*, — ∪ ∪ ∪; e. g. *ἀξιος*.

δακτυλό-τριπτος, *ov*, (δάκτυλος, τρίβω) worn by
the fingers.

δαλέομαι, *Dor.* for *δηλέομαι*.

δαλίον, τό, *Dim.* of *δαλός*.

δαλός, ὁ, (δαίω) a firebrand, piece of blazing
wood. II. a burnt out torch, of an old
man.

III. a beacon-light.

δαμάω, later form of *δαμάω*: see *δαμάω*.

δαμάω, ὁ, (δαμάω) epith. of Neptune, the Tamer.

δαμάλη, ἡ, = *δαμάλις*.

δαμάλη-βοτος, *ov*, (δαμάλη, βύσκω) fed on by
young cattle.

δαμαλη-φάγος, *ov*, (δαμάλη, φαγεῖν) beef-eating,
epith. of Hercules.

δαμάλις, *f.* ἴσα, poet. form of *δαμάω*, to subdue.

δαμάλις, *εως*, ἡ, (δαμάω) a young cow, beifer, calf,
Lat. *juvenca*. II. like *μόσχος*, a girl.

δαμάλιος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a calf, *Lat.* *vitulus*.

δαμαρ, *αρτος*, ἡ, (δαμάω) a wife, spouse.

δαμάσσω, *Dor.* for *δαμάζω*.

δαμασιμ-βροτος, *ov*, (δαμάω, βροτός) man-subduing.

δαμάω-ιππος, *ov*, (δαμάω, ἵππος) horse-taming.

δαμάσις, *εως*, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, subduing.

δαμασι-φρων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (δαμάω, φρήν) heart-
subduing.

δαμασι-φως, *ωτος*, ὁ, ἡ, (δαμάω, φώς) man-subduing.

δαμάτιρα, ἡ, fem. *Subst.* a tamer.

Δάματερ, *Dor.* vocat. from *Δημήτηρ*.

ΔΑ'ΜΑ'Ω, *Ep.* 3 sing. *δαμάω*, 3 pl. *δαμάωσι*: fut.
δαμάσω [μᾶ], *Ep.* *δαμάσσω*: aor. 1 *ἐδάμασα* *Ep.* *εδα-
μασσα*, *δαμασσα*: *pf.* *δεδάμακα*:—*Pass.*, aor. 1 *ἐδμήθη*,
part. *δμηθείς*; aor. 2 *ἐδάμην*, inf. *δάμηναι*, part.

δαμείς: *pf.* *δέδημαι*:—another aor. 1 part. *δάμασθεις*,
pf. part. *δεδαμασμένος* are found, as if from *δαμάζω*.

To tame, to bring under the yoke, subdue, over-
power. II. of maidens, to yoke in marriage, give

to wife: also to force, lie with, *Lat.* *subigere*. III.

generally, to subdue, conquer, *ep.* in war:—*Pass.* to
be subject, to obey. 2. to slay, kill.

δαμῆναι, aor. 2 opt. *pass.* of *δαμάω*.

δαμέω, *Ep.* for *δαμάω*, aor. 2 *pass.* subj. of *δαμάω*:
2 and 3 *pass.* *δαμήης*, -ῆη, *Ep.* for *δαμῆς*, *δαμῆ*: 2

pl. *δαμείτε*, for *δαμήτε*.

δαμέω, *Ep.* for *ἐδάμηνσαν*, 3 pl. aor. 2 *pass.* of *δα-
μάω*.

δαμήμεναι, *Ep.* for *δαμήναι*, aor. 2 *pass.* inf. of
δαμάω.

δαμένα, *Ep.* for *ἐδάμην*, 3 sing., *impf.* of *δάμηνμι*.

δαμνά, 3 sing. of *δαμνάω*; also 2 sing. *pres.* *Med.* of
δάμηνμι.

δαμνάω, = *δαμάω*, only in *pres.* and *impf.*

δάμηνμι, = *δαμάω*:—*Pass.* and *Med.* *δαμναμαι*.

δαμός and δαμόσιος, *a*, *ov*, *Dor.* for *δημ*—

δαμόσιος, *Ep.* 3 pl. of *δαμάω*.

δαμώματα, τά, (δαμός) hymns sung in public.

δάν, *Dor.* for *δῆν*, γῆν:—οὐ δάν, *No*, by earth!

ΔΑΝΑΟΙ΄, οἱ, *the Danaans*, subjects of Δάναος, king of Argos; in Homer for the Greeks generally: Δαναΐδαι, ὧν, οἱ, *the sons or descendants of Danaus*: Δαναΐδες, αἱ, *his daughters*. Hence a Comic Sup. Δαναώτατος, *oldest of the Danaans*. [Δᾶ]
δανείζω, f. εἶω: pf. δεδάνακα, pass. δεδάνεσμαι: (δάνος):—*to put out money at usury, to lend*:—Pass., *of the money, to be lent*:—Med. *to have lent to one, to borrow*.

δάνειον, τό, (δάνος) *money lent or borrowed, a loan*.
 δάνεισμα, ατος, τό, (δανείζω) = δάνειον.
 δάνεισμός, ό, (δανείζω) *money-lending*.
 δάνειστής, οὔ, ό, (δανείζω) *a money-lender, usurer*.
 δανειστικός, ή, όν, (δανείζω) *disposed to lend*.

ΔΑΨΝΟΣ, εος, τό, *a gift*. II. *money lent out at interest, a loan, debt*.

δάνος, ή, όν, (δαίω Δ) *burnt, dried, parched*.
 δάος, εος, τό, (δαίω Α) = δαλός, *a firebrand, torch*.
 δαπᾶνω, f. ήσω:—Pass., aor. I ἐδαπάνηην, pf. δεδαπάνημαι, both used also in med. sense:—*to spend*; δαπανᾶν εἰς τι *to spend upon a thing*:—Med. *to spend of one's own*.

II. Causal, δαπανᾶν τὴν πόλιν *to put the state to expense, exhaust the state*. From

ΔΑΨΙΑΨΗ, ή, *cost, expense, expenditure*. II. *money spent*: also *money for spending*. III. *expensive, extravagance*. [πᾶ]

δαπάνημα, ατος, τό, *money spent, expense*.
 δαπᾶνός, ά, όν, (δαπάνη) *of men, extravagant*: of things, *expensive*. Adv. -ρός, *expensively*.
 δάπανος, ον, = δαπανήρος, *extravagant*.

δά-πεδον, τό, (δα-, πέδον) *land, soil: the floor of a chamber* in pl. *plains, flat country*.

ΔΑΨΙΣ, ιδος, ή, = τάπησ, *a carpet, rug*. [ᾶ]
 δαπτέμεν, Ep. for δάπτειν, inf. of δάπτω.
 ΔΑΨΤΩ, f. δάψω, *to devour*.

Δαρδάνος, ό, *Dardanus*, son of Jupiter, founder of Dardania or Troy. As Adj., Δαρδανός ἀνήρ *a Trojan*, mostly in plur. Δαρδανοί: Δαρδανός, α, ον, *Trojan*: Δαρδανία, ιδος, ή, *a Trojan woman*: Δαρδανία, ή, *Troy*: Δαρδανίδης, ου, ό, *a son or descendant of Dardanus*: Δαρδανίδων, οί, *sons of Dardanus*.

δαρδάπτω, lengthd. form of δάπτω, *to devour*.

δαρεικός or δαρεκός στατήρ, ό, *a Persian gold coin*, = 20 Attic drachmae: δ, 5 = 1 mina, 300 = 1 talent. (Said to have been first coined by Darius, but prob. derived from Persian darā, *a king*, cf. Δάρεος, like our *sovereign*.)

Δάρειος, ό, *Darius*, acc. to Herodotus = Gr. ἐρξείλης, q. v.: *a Greek form of Persian darā, a king*.

δάρησμαι, fut. 2 pass. of δέρω.
 ΔΑΡΘΑΨΝΩ: aor. 2 ἐδαρθον, poet. ἐδρᾶθον:—*to sleep*, Lat. DORMIO. Cp. καταδαρθάνω.

δάρό-βιος, ον, = δηρόβιος.
 δάρός, ά, όν, Dor. and Trag. for δηρός.
 δάρω, fut. of δέρω.
 δάς, gen. δαδός, ή, Att. contr. for δαίς.
 δάσασθαι, aor. I med. inf. of δατέομαι; Ion. 3 sing.

indic. δάσασκετο; I pl. opt. δασαίμεθα: δασείται is fut. Dor. Cf. πάσασθαι from πάτεομαι.

δατός, Adv. of δατός; δατός ἐχειν *to be hairy*.
 δά-σκίος, ον, (δα-, σκιά) *thick-shaded, dark*.

δασμευτός, εως, ή, (δασμός) *a dividing, distributing*.
 δασμολόγῳ, f. ήσω, *to exact as tribute*: c. dupl.

acc., *to exact tribute from a person*. Hence δασμολογία, ή, *collection of tribute*.

δαμο-λόγος, ό, (δασμός, λέγω) *a tax-collector*.
 δασμός, ό, (δάσασθαι) *a division, sharing of spoil*: distribution. II. in Att. *an impost, tribute*.

δασμοφορέω, f. ήσω, *to pay tribute*:—Pass., δασμοφορείται τινι *tribute is paid one*. From

δαμο-φόρος, ον, (δασμός, φέρω) *paying tribute, tributary*.

δάσομαι, fut. of δατέομαι: cf. δάσασθαι.
 δασ-πλήης, ήτος, ό, ή, and δασ-πλήτης, ή, (δα-, πλήσσω) *borrid, frightful*.

δάσασθαι, Ep. for δάσασθαι, q. v.
 δασύ-θριξ, τρίχος, ό, ή, (δασύς, θρίξ) *thick-haired*.

δασύ-κερκος, ον, (δασύς, κέρκος) *bushy-tailed*.
 δασύ-κνημος, ον, and δασυ-κνήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δασύς, κνημη) *shaggy-legged*.

δασύ-μαλλος, ον, (δασύς, μάλλος) *thick-fleeced*.
 δᾶσύνω [ῦ], f. ῦνᾶ, (δασύς) *to make rough or hairy*: Pass. *to become rough or hairy*.

δασύ-πους, ποδος, ό, (δασύς, ποῦς) *hairy-foot, i. e. a hare or rabbit*.

δασυ-πάγων, ανος, ό, ή, (δασύς, πάγων) *with shaggy beard*.

ΔΑΨΥΨ, εἶα, ὕ, Ion. fem. δασέα, *thick with hair, hairy, rough*: downy, opp. to ψιλός: of places, *thick grown with bushes, bushy*: δασέα θρίδαξ *a lettuce with the leaves on*. II. like Lat. *densus, thick, crowded*.

δασύ-στέρνος, ον, (δασύς, στέρνον) *shaggy-breasted*.
 δασυ-χαίτης, ου, ό, (δασύς, χαιτή) *shaggy-haired*.

δάτέομαι, fut. δάσομαι: aor. I ἐδασάμην Ep. ἐδασάμην: pf. δέδαομαι: (for the forms, cf. πατέομαι, ἐπασάμην): Dep.:—*to divide among themselves, to share in: to tear in pieces*; χθόνα ποσὶ δατέοντο *they measured the ground with their feet*. 2. *to cut in two*. 3. *to divide or distribute to others*.

δατέοντο, Aeol. 3 pl. impf. of δατέομαι.
 δατήριος, α, ον, (δατέομαι) *distributing*; and δατήρης, οὔ, ό, *a distributor*.

δαφναίος, α, ον, *of or belonging to a laurel*. From ΔΑΨΗΗ, ή, *the laurel or bay, sacred to Apollo*.

δαφνηφορέω, f. ήσω, *to bear laurel-boughs*. From δαφνη-φόρος, ον, (δάφνη, φέρω) *planted with laurels*.

II. *bearing laurel-boughs*.
 δαφνιακός, ή, όν, (δάφνη) *belonging to a laurel*.

δαφνο-γηθής, ές, (δάφνη, γηθέω) *delighting in the laurel*.

δαφνο-κόμος, ον, (δάφνη, κόμη) *laurel-crowned*.
 δαφν-ώδης, ες, (δάφνη, εἶδος) *laurelled*.

δᾶ-φουεός, όν, = δαφονεός; εἶμα δαφονεὸν αἵματι *a garment red with blood*.

δα-φοινός, *όν*, (*δα-*, *φοινός*) of wild beasts, *blood-red, tawny*; or perhaps *bloody, murderous*.

δαψίλεια, *ή*, *abundance, plenty*. From δαψιλής, *ές*, (*δάπτω*) *abundant, plentiful*: of persons, *liberal, profuse*. Adv. δαψιλώς, *lavishly*: Sup. δαψιλίστατα.

*ΔΑΨ, an old root meaning *to learn*, which sometimes takes a causal sense, *to teach*: I. Causal, *to teach*: only in redupl. aor. 2 act. *δέδαε*, *be taught*, like Lat. *docceo*; later also *έδσαο*.—The pres. in this sense is *διδάσκω*. II. *to learn*: fut. *δάσσομαι* (*έμευ δάσσει θου will learn from me*): pf. *δεδάηκα*, part. *δεδάηκός*, *δεδαώς*, also pass. *δεδαημένος*: aor. 2 *έδασην*, subj. *δαώ*, Ep. *δαείω*, inf. *δάηται*, Ep. *δάήμεναι*, part. *δαείς*:—from *δέδαα*, is formed a pres. med. inf. *δεδάσθαι*, *to search out*.—The pres. in this sense is *διδάσκω*.

δαώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass. subj. of **δαώ*. ΔΕ΄, *but*: conjunctive Particle, with an *opposing* or *adversative* force. It answers to *μέν*, esp. in Prose, when it may be rendered by *while*, *on the other hand*, see *μέν*. 2. it often serves merely to pass from one thing to another, when it may be rendered, *and*, *further*.

II. *δέ* properly stands second in the sentence, but it is also found third or fourth, when the preceding words are closely connected.

—*δε*, enclitic Particle; joined I. to names of Places in acc., to denote *motion towards*, as if it were an enclitic preposit.; *οικόνδε* *home-wards*, *Ούλυμπόνδε* to Olympus, *θύραζε* (for *θύρασδε*) to the door; more rarely repeated with the possess. Pron., *όνδε δόμενδε*; and sometimes even after *είς*, as *είς άλαδε*: in Att. often added to the names of cities, *Άθήναζε*, *Θηβαζε* (for *Άθήνασδε*, *Θηβασδε*):—sometimes it denotes *purpose* only, *μήτι φόβονδ' άγύρευε* speak *naught tending to fear*. II. to the demonstr. Pron., to give it greater force, *όδε*, *τοιούσδε*, etc., such a man as *ibis*, Att. *όδι*, etc.

δέα, *ή*, Dor. for *θεά*, Lat. *dea*. *δέατο*, Ep. for *έδέατο*, 3 sing. impf. of an obsolete Verb *δέαμαι*, = *δοκέω*, *be seemed*.

δέγμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of *δέχομαι*. *δεδάασθαι*, Ep. pres. med. inf. of **δάω*.

δέδαε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of **δάω*. *δεδάηκα*, *δεδάημαι*, pf. act. and pass. of **δάω*.

δεδαίαται, Ion. for *δέδαιναται*, 3 pl. pf. pass. of *δαίω* B. *δεδαίγμένος*, pf. pass. part. of *δαίω*.

δεδαιδαλμένος, part. pf. pass. of *δαιδάλλω*. *δέδαϊκον*, redupl. poet. aor. 2 of *δάϊνω*.

δεδάκρυκα, pf. of *δάκρνω*. *δέδαργμαι*, Att. for *δέδραγμα*, pf. pass. of *δράσσομαι*.

δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of *δέρω*. *δέδασμαι*, pf. pass. of *δαπέομαι*.

δεδαώς, pf. act. part. of **δάω*. *δέδεγμα*, pf. of *δέχομαι*, (also Ion. pf. of *δέικνωμι*).

δέδεγμα, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of *δέω*, *to want*. *δέδεξομαι*, *παυλο* p. fut. of *δέχομαι*.

δέδειπνάω, irreg. pf. inf. of *δειπνώω*.

δέδεκα, *δέδεγμα*, pf. act. and pass. of *δέικνωμι*. *δέδεκα*, *δέδεμαι*, pf. act. and pass. of *δέω*, *to bind*.

δέδεξο, imperat. pf., and *δέδεξομαι*, p. p. fut., of *δέχομαι*.

δέδερο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of *δέω*, *to bind*. *δέδεχάται*, Ion. for *δεδεγμένοι είσι*, 3 plur. pf. of *δέχομαι*.

δέδηγμα, pf. pass. of *δάνω*. *δέδηε*, *δέδηει*, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of *δαίω*.

δεδημεναι, pf. pass. of *δημενω*. *δέδησομαι* and *δέδησομαι*, fut. pass. of *δέω*, *to bind*.

δέδηχα, pf. of *δάνω*. *δέδια*, poet. *δείδια*, pf., with. pres. sense, of *δείδω*;

imperat. *δέδιθι*; part. *δεδιώς*. *δεδιακόνηκα*, pf. of *διακονέω*.

δεδιδάχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of *διδάσκω*. *δεδιήτηκα*, pf. of *διατάω*.

δεδίσκομαι, = *δειδίσκομαι*. *δεδίττομαι*, Att. for *δειδίσσομαι*.

δεδιώμαι, pf. pass. of *διώκω*. *δεδιώητο*, Ion. for *έεδιμητο*, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *δαμάω*.

δέδημα, pf. of *δέω*. *δέδημαι*, pf. pass. of *δαμάω*; also of *δέω*.

δέδημητο, —*ήατο*, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. of *δαμάω*. *δέδογμα*, pf. pass. of *δοκέω*.

δέδοικα, pf. with pres. sense of *δείδω*. *δέδοικα*, Dor. pres. formed from *δέδοικα* = *είδω*.

δέδοκημα, pf. pass. of *δοκέω*. *δεδοκημένος*, Ep. pf. part. of *δέχομαι*, with sense of pres., *waiting for*, *lying in wait*.

δεδοκίμασμαι, pf. pass. of *δοκιμάζω*. *δέδομαι*, pf. pass. of *δίδωμι*: poet. 3 pl. *δέδονται*.

**δέδονατο*, Dor. for *έεδόνητο*, 3 sing. plqpf. of *δονέω*. *δέδορκα*, pf. of *δέρκομαι*, with sense of pres.

δέδουπα, pf. of *δουπέω*. *δέδραγμένος*, pf. part. pass. of *δράσσω*.

δέδρακα, pf. of *διδράσκω*, also of *έρω*. *δέδραμαι*, pf. pass. of *δράω*.

δέδραμκα, pf. of *τρέχω* (formed from **δραμέω*). *δέδραμα*, poet. pf. of *τρέχω* (formed from **δρέμω*).

δεδυστύχηκα, pf. of *δυστυχέω*. *δέδωκα*, pf. of *δίδωμι*.

δέελος, *η*, *ον*, resolved form of *δηλος*. *δεηθήτε*, 2 pl. aor. I subj. of *δέομαι*.

δέημα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*δέομαι*) *a prayer, entreaty*. *δέησις*, *εως*, *ή*, (*δέομαι*) *an entreating*.

δέησομαι, fut. med. of *δέω*, *to want*. ΔΕΙΓ'; subj. *δέη* contr. *δη*; opt. *δέοι*; inf. *δέϊν*;

part. *δέον* Att. *δέϊν*; imperf. *έδει* Ion. *έδεε*: fut. *δέησει*: aor. I *έδησε*. Impers. from *δέω*, *to bind*:

I. c. acc. et inf., *δέϊ τινα ποιήσαι* *it is binding on one to do a thing, one must, one ought*, Lat. *oportet, decet*;

so, *δέϊ τινα όπως ποιήσει*. II. c. gen. *there is need of*, Lat. *opus est re*; *πολλού δεϊ* *there wants much, far from it*;

όλιγου δεϊ *there wants little, all but*;

πλευσού δεϊ *it is still further from it*:—with the person added, *δέϊ μοί τινος*, Lat. *opus est mihi re*.

δειγμα, ατος, τό, (δείκνυμι) a sample, proof, specimen, Lat. *documentum*. 2. a place in the Peiræus, where merchants set out their wares for sale, as in an Eastern bazaar. Hence

δειγματίξω, f. σω, to make a show of.

δειδέκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of δείκνυμι, in sense of impf., to welcome: δειδέχεται, for δεδεγμένοι εἰσι, 3 plur. perf.: δεδέχατο, 3 pl. plqpf.

δειδήμων, ον, gen. ονος. (δείδω) cowardly.

δείδια, as, ε, like δέδια, pf. of δείδω with pres. signif., I fear; plur. δειδόμεν, δείδιτε; imperat. δείδιθι; inf. δείδιμεν; part. δειδίως, dual δειδίστε: δείδισαν, 3 plur. plqpf.

δειδίσκομαι, Dep. (δείκνυμι) to greet with outstretched hand, to welcome, bid hail; δείδισκετο δεπάει he bailed with the cup. 2. = δείκνυμι, to shew.

δειδίσσομαι, Att. δεδίττομαι: fut. ἴξομαι: aor. I ἐδειδείξαμην; (δείδω):—Causal of δείδω, to frighten, alarm.

δείδοικα, Ep. for δέδοικα, q. v.

ΔΕΙΨ/ΔΩ, the pres. only used in first pers., I fear: fut. δείσομαι: aor. I ἔδεισα Ep. ἔδδεια: pf. in pres. sense δέδοικα; also δέδια, Ep. δείδια (see δείδια): 3 pl. plqpf. ἐδείδισαν, Ep. δείδισαν: 1. intr. to be afraid, to fear, mostly with μή . . ., like Lat. *vereor ne . . .*, I fear it is . . .; but, δείδω μή οὐ . . ., *vereor ne non . . .*, *vereor ut . . .*, I fear it is not. 2. c. inf. to fear to do. 3. δεῖνεν περί τι to be alarmed or anxious about. 4. c. acc. to be afraid of, to fear, stand in awe of. 5. perf. part. τὸ δειδίος, one's fearing, one's fear, like δέος.

δειλιάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐδειλίησα: (δείλος):—to wait till evening.

δειλιος, ἡ, ὄν, = sq., at evening. From

δείλιον, ον, (δείλη) of or belonging to evening; δείλον ἦμαρ eventide. II. as Subst., δείελος (sub. ἄρη), = δείλη, evening.

δεικανάσκε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of δεικανάω.

δεικανάω, = δείκνυμι, to point out, shew. II.

Med. = δεικνυμι, δέχομαι, to salute, welcome, greet. δεκανώνωτο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of δεικανάω.

δείκελον and δείκηλον, τό, (δείκνυμι) a representation, exhibition.

δεικνυ, Ep. shortened form of δείκνυσι.

δεικνύμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. for δεικνύναι. [ῥ]

ΔΕΙΚΝΥΜΙ and δεικνύω, imperat. δείκνυ or δεικνυ: fut. δείξω Ion. δέξω: aor. I ἔδειξα Ion. ἔδεξα: pf. δέδειχα.—Pass., fut. δειχθήσομαι, and fut. 3 δεδείξομαι: aor. I ἐδείχθη Ion. ἐδέχθη: pf. δέδειγμα; on the forms δειδέχεται, δεδέκτο, see below II:—to shew, point out, Lat. *monstro*; impers. δείξει, time will shew; δεικνύναι εἰς τινα to point towards a person. 2. to bring to light, display; θεὸς ἡμῖν δείξε τέρας the god shewed us a marvel:—Med. δεικνύμαι, to set before one. 3. to point out by words, to tell, explain, teach: to shew, prove; ἔδειξαν ἔτοιμοι ὄντες they shewed that they were ready. 4. of accusers, to inform against. II. pres. part. δεικνόμενος =

δεχόμενος, δεξιούμενος, welcoming, greeting: 3 pl. pf. δεδέχεται, 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. δεδέκτο, δεδέχατο, are used in the same sense; τοὺς μὲν κυπέλλους δεδέχαστο they pledged them with the cup; δεδέχαστο μῦθοισι they greeted them with words.

δεικτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of δείκνυμι, to be shewn. II. δεκτέον [ἔστι], impers., one must shew. δείλαιος, α, ον, lengthd. form of δείλος, fearful: and so wretched, sorry, paltry, miserable.

δειακρίων, ωνος, ὁ, properly, a coward, but mostly in addresses, poor fellow! From

δείλακρος, α, ον, (δείλος, ἄκρος) very pitiable.

ΔΕΙΛΗ (sub. ἴρα), ἡ, properly, the time when the day is hottest, i. e. just after noon; then generally, afternoon, ἔσται ἡ ἡὸς ἢ δειλή ἡ μέσον ἡμαρ; δειλή πρωία and δειλή ὄψια early and late afternoon; afterwards δειλή alone stood for the later part of the afternoon, evening; δειλῆς or δειλήν, as Adv., in the evening.

δειλία, ἡ, (δείλος) timidity, cowardice; δειλήν ὀφλεῖν to be charged with cowardice.

δειλιάω, f. ἴσω, (δειλία) to be afraid.

δειλομαι, Dep. (δειλή) to decline towards evening.

δειλός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος, δείδω) cowardly, craven; vile, worthless. II. miserable, wretched, unhappy, like Lat. *miser*. Adv. —λῶς.

δειμα, ατος, τό, (δειδω) fear, affright. II. an object of fear, a terror, horror.

δειμαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., to be afraid, to be alarmed: c. acc. to fear a thing.

δειμαλέος, α, ον, (δειμα) timid. II. horrible, fearful.

δειματός, aor. I part. of δέμαω.

δειματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέμαω.

δειματόεις, εσσα, εν, (δειμα) frightened.

δειματώω, f. ὄσω, (δειμα) to frighten.

δειμόμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. of δέμαω.

δειμός, ὁ, (δέος) fear, terror. Lat. *timor*.

δειν, inf. of δέω. II. Att. for δέον, part. neut.

of δέ, as πλείν for πλέον.

ΔΕΙΝΑ, ὁ, ἡ, τό, gen. δεινός, dat. δεινί, acc. δεινά, such an one, a certain one, whom one cannot or will not name; also pl. δειν.

δεινο-θέτης, ον, ὁ, (δεινός, τίθημι) a knave.

δεινο-λογέομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (δεινός, λέγω) to complain loudly.

δεινο-παθῶ, f. ἴσω, (δεινός, πάθος) to complain loudly of suffering.

δεινό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δεινός, ποῦς) terrible of foot.

δεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δέος): I. terrible, fearful, in milder sense, awful: later, τὸ δεινόν danger, sufferings; οὐδὲν δεινόν, ἢ ἀποστήσασιν no fear of their revolting; δεινόν ποιεῖν or ποιῆσθαι to take ill, Lat. *aegre ferre*. II. implying Force or Power, mighty, powerful, for good or ill. 2. wondrous, marvellous, strange; τὸ συγγενές τοι δεινόν the ties of kin have strange power. III. the sense of powerful.

wondrous, passed into that of *able, clever, skilful*, as in phrase *δεινός τε καὶ σοφός*; often c. inf., *δεινὸς λέγειν clever* at talking; also c. acc., *δεινὸς τὴν τέχνην skilful* in his art. Hence

δείνος, gen. of *δείνα*, *δ*, *ή*.

δεινότης, ητος, *ή*, *terribleness*: *barshness, sternness*. 2. *natural ability, cleverness*.

δεινώω, f. *ώσω*, (*δεινός*) *to make dreadful* or *formidable*: *to exaggerate, enhance*.

δεινωτός, *όν*, (*δεινός*, *ώψ*) *terrible* to behold.

δεινώς, Adv. of *δεινός*, *terribly*: *marvellously, exceedingly*.

δείνωσις, *εως*, *ή*, (*δεινώω*) *exaggeration*.

δείνωψ, *ωπος*, *δ*, *ή*, = *δείνωπος*.

δείξω, fut. of *δείκνυμι*.

δείος, *τό*, Ep. for *δέος*, *fear*.

δειπνεύντες, Dor. for *δειπνοῦντες*.

δειπνέω, f. *ήσω*: pf. *δέδειπνα*, Att. pf. 2 *δέδειπνα*, inf. *δέδειπνάω*: (*δείπνον*):—*to make a meal, dine*; in Att. *always to take the chief meal*: c. acc., *δειπνέειν ἄρτον to make a meal* on bread. Hence

δειπνηστός or *δείπνηστος*, *δ*, *meal-time*.

δειπνητήριον, *τό*, (*δειπνέω*) *a supper-room*.

δειπνητής, *οὔ*, *δ*, *a supper guest*. Hence

δειπνητικός, *ή*, *όν*, of or for dinner. Adv. —*κας*, *like a clever cook*.

δειπνίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ιώ*, (*δείπνον*) *to entertain* at dinner.

δειπνολόχος, η, *ον*, (*δείπνον*, *λοχάω*) *fishng* for invitations to dinner, *parasitic*.

δείπνον, *τό*, *a meal* or *meal-time*, sometimes = *ἄριστον*, the *early meal*, sometimes = *δύρον* the *late one*: in Att. *the chief meal*, answering to our *dinner*, Lat. *coena*; ἀπὸ *δείπνον* straight from, i. e. *just after dinner*. 2. *generally food, provender*.

δειπνοποιέω, *to prepare a meal*: Med. *to dine*. From

δειπνοποιός, *όν*, (*δείπνον*, *ποιέω*) *preparing dinner*.

δειράς, *ἄδος*, *ή*, (*δειρή*) *the ridge* of a chain of hills, like *λόφος*, Lat. *jugum*. II. = *δειρή*, *the neck*.

δειράς, aor. I part. of *δέρω*.

ΔΕΙΡΗ, Att. *δέρη*, *ή*, *the neck, throat*. II. =

δειράς, *the ridge* of a hill.

δειροτομέω, f. *ήσω*, (*δειρή*, *τέμνω*) *to cut the throat* of a person, *behead him*, Lat. *jugulo*.

ΔΕΙΡΩ, Ion. for *δέρω*.

δειροήνωρ, *οπος*, *δ*, *ή*, (*δείδω*, *ἄνθρωπος*) *fearing man*.

δαιοδαμονία, *ή*, *fear* of the gods, religion. 2.

in bad sense, *superstition*. From

δαιοδαίμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (*δείδω*, *δαίμων*) *fearing the gods*: in good sense, *pious, religious*. 2. in bad sense, *superstitious, bigoted*.

ΔΕΚΑ, *οί*, *αί*, *τά*, indecl., Lat. *DECEM*, our *TEN*, Germ. *ZEHN*: *οί* *δέκα*, *the Ten*, Lat. *Decemviri*: *οί* *δέκα* [*ήρη*] *ἄφ' ἤβης* those who are *ten years past 20*, the age of military service.

δεκάραρχος, *δ*, (*δέκα*, *ἀρχω*) *a commander* of ten men, Lat. *decurio*.

δεκάβολος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *βοῦς*) *worth ten oxen*.

δεκαδύς, *έως*, *δ*, (*δέκα*) *one of a decury* or party of ten soldiers.

δεκά-δυο, *οί*, *αί*, *τά*, = *δωδέκα*, *twelve*.

δεκά-δωρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *δῶρον* II) *ten palms long* or broad.

δεκα-έτηρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *έτος*) *ten-yearly*.

δεκα-ετής, *ές*, (*δέκα*, *έτος*) *lasting ten years*.

δεκάζω, f. *άσω*, (*δέκα*) *to bribe, corrupt*, Lat. *decu-riare*.

δεκάκις, Adv. (*δέκα*) *ten times*: *ten-fold*.

δεκάκλινος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *κλίνα*) *holding ten dinner-couches*.

δεκακῦμα, *ή*, (*δέκα*, *κῦμα*) *the tenth wave*, Lat. *fluctus decumanus*; cf. *τρικῦμα*.

δεκά-μηνος and *δεκα-μηνιαίος*, *ον*, (*δεκά*, *μήν*) *ten months old*. 2. *in the tenth month*.

δεκά-μνος, *ον*, (*δεκά*, *μνά*) *worth ten minae*.

δεκ-άμφορος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *άμφορος*) *holding ten ἀμφορέας*, i. e. about ninety gallons.

δεκά-παλαι, Adv. *a very long time ago*.

δεκά-πεντε, *οί*, *αί*, *τά*, *fifteen*.

δεκά-πηχῦς, *υ*, (*δέκα*, *πήχῦς*) *ten cubits long*.

δεκα-πλάσιος, *ον*, (*δέκα*) *tenfold*: c. gen. *ten times greater than*: *δεκαπλασία* (sub. *τιμή*) as Subst. *ten times the amount*.

δεκά-πλεθρος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *πλήθρον*) *enclosing ten plebra* (v. *πλήθρον* II.)

δεκάπλοος, *ον*, contr. —*πλοος*, *ον*, = *δεκα-πλάσιος*.

δεκά-πολις, *ή*, (*δέκα*, *πόλις*) *a district including ten cities*, *Decapolis*.

δεκά-πους, *δ*, *ή*, *πουν*, *τό*, gen. *ποδος*, *ten feet long*.

δεκ-άρχω, *ον*, *δ*, (*δέκα*, *ἀρχω*) *a decurion*. Hence

δεκ-αρχία, *ή*, *the government* of the Ten.

δεκάς, *ἄδος*, *ή*, (*δέκα*) *a body of ten men*, Lat. *decuria*. II. *the number ten*.

δεκά-σπορος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *σπείρω*) *consisting of ten seed-times*, i. e. *ten years*.

δεκαταίος, *α*, *ον*, (*δέκατος*) *on the tenth day*.

δεκα-τάλαντος, *ον*, (*δέκα*, *τάλαντον*) *weighing* or *worth ten talents*: *estimated at ten talents*.

δεκα-τέσσαρες, —*ρα*, *fourteen*.

δεκατεκτήριον, *τό*, *the tenths-office, custom-house*: and *δεκατετής*, *οὔ*, *δ*, *a farmer of tenths, tithe-collector*, Lat. *decumanus*. From

δεκατεύω, f. *σω*, (*δεκάτη*) *to exact the tenths, to tithe, take tithe* of a person: *to take the tenth* of booty, esp. as an offering to the gods:—also *to exact the tenths* as a tax on all imports.

δεκατη-λόγος, *δ*, (*δεκάτη*, *λέγω*) = *δεκατετής*.

δεκατό-σπορος, *ον*, (*δέκατος*, *σπορά*) *in the tenth generation*.

δέκατος, η, *ον*, (*δέκα*) *tenth*. II. as Subst., *δεκάτη* (sub. *μέρις*), *ή*, *the tenth part, tithe*. 2. *δεκάτη* (sub. *ήμέρα*), *ή*, *the tenth day*: at Athens, *the festival on the tenth day after birth*, when the child had a name given it; *τὴν δεκάτην θύειν* to give a feast on the day of naming the child.

δεκατόω, f. *ώσω*, (*δέκατος*) *to take tithe* of a person.

δεκά-φύλος, ον, (δέκα, φυλή) consisting of ten tribes.
 δεκά-χαλκον, τό, (δέκα, χαλκοῦς) a coin worth ten
 χαλκοῖ, Lat. *denarius*.

δεκά-χίλιοι, αι, α, (δέκα, χίλιοι) ten thousand.

δεκά-ἔτηρος, ον, = δεκέτης.

δεκά-ἔτης, ον, ὁ, (δέκα, ἔτος) lasting ten years. II.
 ten years old.

δεκ-έτις, ιδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of δεκέτης.

δέχομαι, Ion. and Aeol. for δέχομαι.

δεκ-όργυιος, ον, (δέκα, ὄργυιά) ten fathoms long.

δεκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = δεκτής.

δεκτής, ον, ὁ, (δέχομαι) a receiver: hence a beggar.

δέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.

δεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δέχομαι, received: to be
 received, acceptable, Lat. *acceptus*.

δέκτρια, ἡ, poet. fem. of δεκτηρ, δεκτής.

δέκτηρ, ορος, poet. for δεκτής, δεκτηρ, one who takes
 upon himself.

δεκ-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of δεκόργυιος.

δελεάζω, f. ἄσω, (δέλεα) to entice by a bait: to al-
 lure, entice, catch. II. c. acc. cognato, νῶτον ὕδς

δελεάζω to put the chine of a pig as a bait.

ΔΕ/ΔΕΑΡ, ατος, τό, a bait, Lat. *esca*.

δελε-άρπαξ, αγος, ὁ, ἡ, (δέλεαρ, ἀρπάξ) greedy of
 the bait, biting freely at it.

δελέασμα, ατος, τό, = δέλεαρ.

ΔΕ/ΛΤΑ, τό, indecl., v. sub Δ. 2. a name for
 the islands formed at the mouths of large rivers, esp.
 of the Nile, so called from their shape.

δελτίον, τό, Dim. of δέλτος.

δελτο-γράφος, ον, (δέλτος, γράφω) writing on a
 tablet, registering, recording.

δέλτος, ἡ, a writing-tablet, so called from the letter
 Δ, the old shape of tablets: metaph., δέλτοι φρενῶν
 the tablets of the heart. Hence

δελτώω, f. ὄσω, to note down on tablets, record.

δελφάκιον, τό, a sucking-pig, Dim. of δέλφαξ.

δελφάκομαι, Pass. to grow up to pignood. From

ΔΕ/ΛΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a young pig, porker.

Δελφίνιος, ὁ, (Δελφοί) Delphian, epith. of Apollo.

δελφίνο-φόρος, ον, (δελφίς, φέρω) bearing dolphins;
 κεραῖαι δ. beams with pulleys to lower the δελφίς.

ΔΕΛΦΙΣ and δελφίν, ἴνος, ὁ, the dolphin. II.
 a mass of iron or lead, shaped like a dolphin, which
 was hung at the yard-arm, and then suddenly let
 down on the enemy's ships.

ΔΕΛΦΟΙ, ἄν, αἱ, Delphi, a famous oracle of Apollo
 in Phocis at the foot of Parnassus. II. Δελφοί,

οἱ, the inhabitants of Delphi, Delphians.

ΔΕΜΑΣ, τό, used only in nom. and acc., the body,
 esp. of man; properly the living body, σώμα being
 the corpse; μικρὸς δέμας small in stature. II.

as Adv., like ἄσκη, δέμας πυρὸς αἰθρομένοιο in form
 or fashion like burning fire, Lat. *instar ignis*.

δέμιον, τό, (δέμα) a bed, bedding; mostly in plur.

δεμιο-τήρης, ες, (δέμιον, τηρέω) keeping one to
 one's bed; μοῖρα δεμιοτήρης a lingering fate.

ΔΕΜΩ: aor. I act. ἔδειμα, med. ἔδειμάμην: pf.

δέδμηκα: pf. pass. δέδμημαι. To build; Med., ἐδεί-
 ματο οἴκος be built him houses: generally, to con-
 struct, make; δέμειν ὁδόν Lat. *munire viam*.

δενδύλλω, to give a glance at, so as to make a sign.

δένδρον, τό, Ion. for δένδρον, a tree. Hence

δενδρῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (δένδρον) a grove.

δενδρήεις, εσσα, εν, woody.

δενδριακός ον-ικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δένδρον) of a tree.

δένδριον, τό, Dim. of δένδρον.

δενδρίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. δενδρίτις, ιδος, of or belong-
 ing to a tree.

δενδρο-βάτέω, (δένδρον, βαίνω) to climb trees.

δενδρο-κόμης or δενδρό-κομος, ον, (δένδρον, κομῆ)
 shaggy with wood.

δενδρο-κοπέω, (δένδρον, κόπτω) = δενδροτομέω.

ΔΕ/ΝΔΡΟΝ, τό, Ion. and Att. δένδρος, εος, τό, a
 tree; δένδρον ἑλάας an olive-tree: generally, δένδρα
 are fruit-trees, opp. to ὕλη, timber.

δενδροτομέω, f. ἤσω, to cut down the fruit-trees, to
 lay waste a country: From

δενδρο-τόμος, ον, (δένδρον, τεμείν) cutting down trees.

δενδρο-φόρος, ον, (δένδρον, φέρω) bearing trees.

δενδρό-φύτος, ον, (δένδρον, φύω) planted with trees.

δενδρό-ώδης, ες, (δένδρον, εἶδος) tree-like; δενδρώδεις
 Νύμφαι wood-nymphs.

δενδρώτις, ιδος, ἡ, (δένδρον) wooded.

δεννάξω, f. ἄσω, to abuse, revile. From

ΔΕ/ΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, a reproach, disgrace.

δέξαι, aor. I med. imper. of δέχομαι.

δεξαμενῆ, ἡ, (properly aor. I part. fem. of δέχομαι)
 a receptacle of water, a reservoir, tank.

δεξιά, Ion. -ή, (fem. of δεξιός, sub. χεῖρ) the right
 hand; ἐκ δεξιῶν on the right hand; δεξιᾶν διδόναι
 to salute by offering the right hand.

δεξι-μῆλος, ον, (δέχομαι, μῆλον) receiving sheep,
 rich in sacrifices.

δεξιό-γυιος, (δεξιός, γυῖον) ready of limb, nimble.

δεξιό-λάβος, ὁ, (δεξιός, λαβεῖν) a spearman, guard.

δεξιόδομαι, f. ὄσομαι: aor. I ἐδεξισάμην: Dep.:—to
 offer the right hand, greet with the right hand. From

ΔΕΞΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Lat. DEXTER: I. on the
 right hand or side; ἐπὶ δεξιᾷ to the right. II.

fortunate, boding good, of the flight of birds and other
 omens.

III. metaph. dexterous, ready: and of
 the mind, sbrewd, clever.

δεξιό-σειρος, ὁ, (δεξιός, σερῶ) harnessed by traces
 on the right side, of a horse, which was not put under
 the yoke, but attached as a third abreast with the
 regular pair.

δεξιότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (δεξιός) dexterity, activity; of
 mind, cleverness.

δεξιόφιν, Adv., old gen. of δεξιός; ἐπὶ δεξιόφιν to-
 wards the right.

δεξι-πύρος, ον, (δέχομαι, πῦρ) fire-receiving.

δέξις, εως, ἡ, (δέχομαι) reception.

δεξιτερός, ἄ, ὄν, poet. form for δεξιός, right, the
 right; δεξιτερά, like δεξιᾷ (sub. χεῖρ), the right
 hand; δεξιτεροῖ, old dat., on the right hand.

δεξιωμα, *ατος, τό*, (δεξιόμοια) a pledge of friendship.
 δεξι-ώνυμος, *ον*, (δεξιός, ὄνομα) lucky in name.
 δεξιώς, Adv. of δεξιός, dexterously: Sup. δεξιότατα.
 δεξιόσις, *εως, ἡ*, (δεξιόμοια) an offering of the right
 hand: greeting, salutation: canvassing.
 δέξο, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 imperat. of δέχομαι.
 δέξομαι, fut. of δέχομαι.
 δέξω, δέξομαι, Ion. for δείξω, δείξομαι, fut. act. and
 med. of δείκνυμι.
 δέομαι, to need, want, ask; v. sub δέω (B).
 δέον, *οντος, τό*, Att. δέω, part. neut. of the impers.
 δέι, that which is binding, needful, right, proper;
 μάλλον τοῦ δέοντος more than needful; ἐν δέοντι
 (sub. καιρῶ), in good time, Lat. opportuné; eis τὸ
 δέον for needful purposes. II. used, absol. it
 being needful; οὐδὲν δέον there being no need.
 δέον, Ion. for ἔδον, impf. of δέω, to bind.
 δέοντων, 3 pl. imperat. of δέω, to bind.
 ΔΕΨ, gen. δέους, τό: poet. δέως: fear, alarm,
 affright. II. awe, reverence. III. a terror,
 means of inspiring fear.
 ΔΕΨΙΑΣ, *αος, τό*: nom. pl. δέψα; poet. dat. pl.
 δεπάεσι and δέπασσι:—a beaker, goblet, chalice.
 δερ-άχη, ἡ, (δέρη, ἀγχω) a collar.
 δερ-αχῆς, *ες*, (δέρη, ἀγχω) throttling.
 δέριον, τό, (δέρη) a necklace: a collar.
 δεραιο-πέδη, ἡ, (δέριον, πέδη) a collar.
 δέρας, *ατος, τό*, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δεράς, *άδος, ἡ*, = δειράς.
 δέργμα, τό, (δέρκομαι) a look, glance.
 δέρη, ἡ, Att. for δειρή, the neck.
 δερκίσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of δέρκομαι.
 δερκίδαμοι, Dep., poet. for δέρκομαι, to look.
 ΔΕΡΚΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: fut. δέρσομαι: pf. with pres.
 sense δέδορκα: aor. 2 ἐδράκον; also aor. I pass. ἐδέρ-
 χθην, aor. 2 ἐδράκην; and aor. I med. ἐδερξάμην,
 aor. 2 ἐδρακίμην:—to look, see: hence to behold the
 light, to live. 2. to look on or at: generally, to
 perceive, be aware of. II. of light, to flash or
 gleam, like the eye.
 δέρμα, *ατος, τό*, (δέρω) the skin, hide of beasts, Lat.
 pellis: also of skins prepared for bottles, etc.: the
 shell of a tortoise. 2. generally, one's skin, Lat.
 cutis. Hence
 δερμάτινος, *η, ον*, of skin, leathern.
 δέρξαστο, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I med. of δέρκομαι.
 δέρον, Ep. for ἔδρον, impf. of δέρω.
 δέρος, *εως, τό*, poet. for δέρμα, skin, hide.
 δέρρις or δέρις, *εως, ἡ*, (δέρος, δέρμα) a leathern
 covering. II. in plur. screens of skin, hung to
 deaden the enemy's missiles, Lat. cilicia.
 δέρτρον, τό, (δέρω) the caul or membrane which con-
 tains the bowels, Lat. omentum; δέρτρον ἔσω δύνον-
 τες penetrating even to the bowels.
 δερχθείς, part. aor. I of δέρκομαι; δερχθῆτι, im-
 perat., and δερχθῆναι, inf., of same tense.
 ΔΕΡΨΩ, Ion. δείρω: fut. δέρω: aor. I ἔδειρα:—
 Pass., fut. 2 δῆρσομαι: aor. I ἐδάρην, aor. 2 ἐδάρην

[ᾶ]: pf. δέδαρμαι:—to skin, flay. II. also to
 cudgel, thrash.
 δέσμα, *ατος, τό*, (δέω) poet. for δεσμός, a bond,
 fetter. II. a head-band.
 δεσμείω, *φ. σω*, (δεσμός) to fetter, put in chains: to
 tie together, as corn in the sheaf.
 δεσμείω, *φ. ἡσω*, (δεσμός) = δεσμεύω.
 δέσμη, ἡ, (δέω) a bundle.
 δέσμιον, τό, = δεσμός.
 δέσμιος, *ον*, also *α, ον*, (δεσμός) binding: hence
 binding with a spell. II. pass. bound, captive.
 δεσμός, *ος*, pl. δεσμοί or δεσμά, (δέω) a band, bond,
 fetter: a halter: a mooring cable: a door-latch. 2.
 bonds, imprisonment.
 δεσμο-φύλαξ, *άκος, ος, ἡ*, (δεσμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.
 δεσμός, = δεσμεύω, to bind, fetter. Hence
 δέσμημα, *ατος, τό*, a fetter.
 δεσμοτήριον, τό, (δεσμός) a prison.
 δεσμώτης, *ον, ος*, (δεσμός) a prisoner. 2. as Adj.
 in chains, fettered: fem. δεσμώτις, ἴδος.
 δεσπότης, *φ. ὄσω*, (δεσπότης) to be lord and master
 of, c. gen.: absol. to gain the mastery. II. to make
 oneself master of a thing; and so, to comprehend.
 δεσποῖνα, ἡ, fem. of δεσπότης, the mistress or lady
 of the house, Lat. hera: often joined with the name
 of goddesses.
 δεσπότης, *ον*, = δεσπότης.
 δεσποσύνη, ἡ, (δεσπότης) absolute sway.
 δεσποσύνης, *ον, ος*, (δεσπότης) of or belonging to the
 master, arbitrary. II. as Subst. = δεσπότης.
 δεσποτέω, *φ. ἡσω*, = δεσπόζω:—Pass. to be despoti-
 cally ruled.
 ΔΕΣΠΟΤΗΣ, *ου, ος*, voc. δέσποτᾶ: Dor. nom.
 δεσπότης: Ion. acc. sing. and pl. δεσπότεα, —eas, but
 prob. these are incorrect:—a master, properly of
 slaves: hence a despot, absolute ruler, whose subjects
 are slaves. II. generally, an owner, master, lord.
 Hence
 δεσποτικός, ἡ, *ον*, of or for a master. 2. fit to
 be a master: inclined to tyranny, despotic.
 δεσπότης, *ιδος, ἡ*, = δεσποῖνα.
 δεσποτικός, *ος, ος*, Dim. of δεσπότης, little master.
 δετή (sub. λαμπάς), ἡ, sticks bound up to make a
 fagot, a fagot. Fem. of
 δετός, ἡ, *ον*, verb. Adj. of δέω, bound.
 δεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of δέω, to wet.
 δευήσθηται, fut. med. inf. of δέω, to want.
 δέυμα, *ατος, τό*, (δέω) that which is wet, soaked;
 δέυματα κρεῶν boiled flesh.
 δευοῖατο, poet. for δέουντο, 3 pl. pres. opt. of
 δέω (B).
 δέομαι, v. δέω (B).
 δευρί, Att. strengthened form of δέω.
 ΔΕΥΡΟ, Adv. of Place, hither, come hither! δευτε
 is used with plur. II. of Time, until now, up
 to this time, hitherto; δευρ' αἰεί continually up to
 this time.
 Δεύς, Aeol. for Ζεύς.

δεύτατος, η, *ov*, the last, Sup. of δεύτερος.
 δευτε, Adv., plur. of δευρο, *hither! Come hither!*
 δευτε-αγωνιστής, οὔ, ὄ, (δεύτερος, αγωνιστής) the actor who takes the second part, cf. πρωταγωνιστής: metaph. the second advocate in a court of law.

δευτεραίος, α, *ov*, (δεύτερος) on the second day.
 δευτερεία (sub. ἀθλα), τῶ, (δεύτερος) the second prize in a contest: generally, the second place or rank.

δευτεριάζω, ἴ, ὄσω, to play the second part.
 δευτερό-πρωτον σάββατον, τό, the first sabbath after the second day of the feast of unleavened bread.

δευτέρος, α, *ov*, the second, Lat. *secundus*: as a Comp., ἐμεῖο δεύτεροι after my time: in neut. as Adv., δεύτερον αὖ, δεύτερον αὖτις, secondly, next afterwards, a second time. II. in point of Place, second, i. e. inferior: δεύτερος οὐδενός second to none: τὰ δεύτερα, = δευτερεία, the second prize or place. III. the second of two; δευτέρη αὐτῆ herself with another.

δευτερο-στάτης, οὔ, ὄ, (δεύτερος, ἴσταμαι) one who stands in the second file of the Chorus.

ΔΕΥΤΩ (A), Ion. impf. δεύσκον: f. δεύσω: aor. I ἔδευσα:—Pass., pf. δέδουμαι:—to wet, soak, steep; Med., περὰ δέυεται ἄλμη wets his wings in the brine. II. to fill with liquid, fill up. III. to make to flow, shed.

ΔΕΥΤΩ (B), f. δεύσω, Aeol. and Ep. form for δέω, to need, miss, want; ἐδέυσθη δ' οἰθίων ἄκρον ἰκέσθαι be missed reaching the top of the mast. II. more often as Dep. δεύομαι, f. δεύσομαι:—to feel the want or loss of, to be at a loss for: hence to be wanting, deficient in; ἄλλα πάντα δεύει Ἀργείων thou art inferior to them in all else.

ΔΕΨΩ, f. δέψω, to soften by working by the hand, to make supple, to tan hides.

δεχ-άμματος, οὔ, (δέκα, ἄμμα) with ten meshes.

δέχεται, Ep. for δεδεγμένοι εἰσί 3 pl. pf. of δέχομαι.
 δεχ-ἡμερος, οὔ, (δέκα, ἡμέρα) lasting ten days. 2. terminable at ten days' notice.

δέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δέχομαι.

δεχθεῖς, aor. I part. of δέχομαι, in pass. sense.

δέχνημα, ποῖτ. for δέχομαι.

ΔΕΨΟΜΑΙ, Ion. and Aeol. δέκομαι: fut. δέξομαι and δεδέξομαι: aor. I ἐδέχθην (also used in pass. sense): pf. δέδεγμαi: plqpf. ἐδέδεγμην:—Ep. aor. 2 ἐδέγμην or δέγμην, 3 sing. δέκτο, 2 sing. imperat. δέξο; inf. δέχθαι; part. δέγμενος: Dep.: 1. of things, to take, accept: esp. to take well, receive kindly or graciously; τὸν οἰωνὸν δέχεσθαι to accept or hail the omen: hence to approve: c. inf. to take rather, to choose. II. of persons, to receive hospitably, entertain. 2. to receive as an enemy, to watch for: to await the onset. 3. to expect, wait for. III.

of events, to succeed, come next, Lat. *excipere*.

δεψέω, f. ἴσω, Lat. *depsō*, = δέφω, to soften; δεψήσας κηρὸν ἔχοντα working wax till it is soft.

δέψω, = foreg.

ΔΕΩ (A); fut. δήσω: aor. I ἔδησα: pf. δέδεκα:

plqpf. ἐδέδεκην:—Pass., fut. δεθήσομαι, fut. 3 δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθην: pf. δέδεμαι: plqpf. ἐδέδεμην, Ep. 3 sing. δέδετο;—to bind, tie, fasten, fetter: absol. to imprison. 2. metaph. to bind fast, enchain: later, to bind by spells, enchant. 3. c. gen. to let, prevent, binder from a thing. II. Med. to bind or tie on oneself; ποσὶ δ' ὑπαὶ λιπαροῖσιν ἐθήσατο καλὰ πέδιλα tied them on his feet; but in plqpf. pass., περὶ κνήμησι κνημίδας δέδετο he had greaves bound round his legs.

ΔΕΩ (B), fut. δέσω: aor. I ἐθέησα, Ep. 3 sing. ἤθην: pf. δέδεκα;—to want, lack, miss, stand in need of, c. gen.; ὀλίγον δέω I want little, i. e. am near; πολλοῦ δέω I want much, i. e. am far from; ὀλίγον δέω δακρῦσαι I want little of tears; δυοῖν δέοντα τεσσαράκοντα forty lacking two, like Lat. *duodevigininti*. II. for δεῖ impers., and δέω, see the words.

III. Dep. δέομαι: fut. δεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐδέθηθην: pf. δέδεκα. To stand in need of, want, c. gen.: hence, to long or strive after, wish, beg for: c. dupl. gen. to beg a thing from a person. 2. absol. to be in want or need, mostly in part., as κάρτα δέομενος.

ΔΗΨ, Particle, properly of Time, now, already; ἰκέτω δὴ πρόεκα . . ἰστοῖς already have I shot; πολλὰκι δὴ, Lat. *jam saepe*: with imperat. and fut. now, forthwith, directly. II. marking Connection, then; in summing up numbers, γίνονται δὴ οὔτοι χίλιοι these then make up a thousand; καὶ δὴ marks the thing meant to be emphatic, εἰς Αἴγυπτον ἀπέκετο . . καὶ δὴ καὶ ἐς Σάρδις, he reached Egypt, and what is more Sardis also; also to put a supposed case, καὶ δὴ δέδεγμαi well suppose I have accepted.

III. belonging to the word which it follows, with Verbs, ἄγε δὴ, φέρε δὴ, do but come, only come; with a Sup., μέγιστος δὴ the very greatest. 2. in ironical sense, Lat. *scilicet*; εἰσῆγαγε τὰς ἑταιρίδας δὴ he brought in the pretended courtesans. 3. with Pronouns, ἐμε δὴ ὧδε διαθεῖναι thus to use a man like me; σὺ δὴ . . ἐτόλμησας; you of all persons. 4. with other Particles, δὴ adds explicitness; ὡς δὴ, ἴνα δὴ, that [it may be] exactly so, just so; also ὡς δὴ, ἄτε δὴ, οἷα δὴ in that, inasmuch as.

δη-άλωτος, οὔ, contr. for δηϊάλωτος.

δήγμα, ατος, τό, (δάκνω) a bite, sting.

δηγμός, ὄ, = δηγμα.

δηδῶ, = δήν, Adv. long, for a long time.

δηθε and δηθεν, Adv. (δή) perhaps: I suppose: mostly iron., like Lat. *scilicet*, to wit, forsooth: with ὡς, as if forsooth; ὡς ἄγρην δηθεν pretending it was game.

δηθύνω [ῦ], f. ἕνω, (δηθά) to tarry, be long, delay.

δηϊάσκον, Ep. impf. of δηϊώ.

δηϊάλωτος, οὔ, (δηϊός, ἀλῶναι) taken by the enemy, captive.

δηϊότης, η, οὔ, Ep. for δαῖος, hostile. Hence

δηϊοτής, ἦτος, ἡ, battle-strife, battle.

δηϊώ, Att. δηῶ, inf. δηῶν: part. δηῶν Ep. δηῶν:

impf. ἐδηΐουν Att. ἐδήουν Ion. ἐδήειν Ep. δήουν :
 do a mischief : aor. ἐδήΐωσα, Att. ἐδήσωσα, part. δηΐώσας :
 pf. δεδήωκα :—Med., Ep. 3 pl. impf. δηΐούοντο : aor. 1
 ἐδηΐώσαμην :—Pass., aor. 1 ἐδηΐώθη, part. δηΐωθείς :
 pf. δεδήωμαι : (δηΐός) :—to treat as an enemy : to cut
 down, slay, rend, cleave.

II. to waste or ravage
 a country.

δηκτήριος, *ov*, (δάκνω) biting, torturing.
 δηκτικός, ἡ, *όν*, (δάκνω) biting : pungent.
 δηλα-δή, Adv. (δῆλος, δῆ) clearly, plainly, of course :
 in answers, yes plainly.

δηλαΐωω, collat. form of δηλέομαι.
 ΔΗΛΕΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἤσομαι : pf. δεδήλημαι, inf.
 δεδήλησθαι in pass. sense : Dep. :—to hurt greatly,
 do a mischief to, destroy, Lat. *delere* : absol. to do
 mischief, be hurtful : of things, καρπὸν δηλήσασθαι
 to waste the fruit ; ὄρκια δηλήσασθαι to break oaths.

Hence
 δήλημα, *ατος*, τό, mischief, ruin, bane.
 δηλήμων, *ov*, gen, *ovos*, baneful : as Subst., βροτῶν
 δηλήμων destroyer of men.

δήλησις, *εως*, ἡ, (δηλέομαι) ruin, bane.
 δηλητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (δηλέομαι) a destroyer. Hence
 δηλητήριος, *ov*, baneful, destructive.

Δήλια, τό, v. sub Δήλιος.
 Δηλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Δῆλος) a Delian woman.
 Δήλιος, *α*, *ov*, (Δῆλος) Delian : τὰ Δήλια (sub.
 ἱερά), the festival of Apollo at Delos.

δηλον-ότι, Adv. for δηλον ὅτι, = δηλαδή, it is plain
 that, clearly, of course : also namely, Lat. *videlicet*.
 δηλο-ποιέω, *f*, ἡσω, (δηλος, ποιέω) to make manifest.

Δῆλος, ὅ, Delos, one of the Cyclades, birthplace of
 Apollo and Artemis : called also Ὀρτυγία. From
 δήλος, *η*, *ov*, also *os*, *ov*; contr. from δέελος, visible,
 clear. 2. manifest, evident, certain ; δηλον as Adv.
 clearly, plainly. Hence

δηλώω, *f*, ὄσω, to shew, make visible or clear : to
 point out, make known. 2. to prove : to declare,
 explain, set forth : also to signify. 3. to point out,
 order.

II. intrans. = δήλος εἶμι, to be clear or
 plain ; δηλοῖ ὅτι οὐκ Ὀμήρου τὰ Κύπρια, ἐπεὶ ἐστὶ
 it is clear that. . . Hence

δήλωσις, Adv. of δήλος, manifestly.
 δηλωσις, *εως*, ἡ, a pointing out, explaining. 2.
 a direction, command.

δημᾶγωγέω, *f*, ἡσω, (δημαγωγός) to be a popular
 leader or demagogue.

δημᾶγωγία, ἡ, the conduct or character of a public
 leader : and

δημᾶγωγικός, ἡ, *όν*, fit for a popular leader. From
 δημ-ᾶγωγός, ὅ, (δήμος, ἄγω) a popular leader, a
 mob-leader, demagogue.

δημᾶκιδιον, τό, a comic Dim. of δήμος.

δημ-ἀράτος, *ov*, (δήμος, ἀράομαι) prayed for by the
 people : prop. n. of a king of Sparta.

δημαρχέω, *f*, ἡσω, to be demarch or tribune. Hence
 δημαρχία, ἡ, the office of demarch, tribunate ; and
 δημαρχικός, ἡ, *όν*, tribunician. From

δήμ-αρχος, ὅ, (δήμος, ἀρχω) at Athens, the president
 of a δήμος, who kept the registers, a demarch :—at
 Rome, a tribune, Lat. *tribunus plebis*.

δήμευσις, *εως*, ἡ, confiscation. From
 δημεύω, *f*, σω, (δήμος) to declare public property : to
 confiscate a citizen's goods, Lat. *publicare*. 2. generally,
 to make public.

δημηγορέω, *f*, ἡσω, (δημηγός) to be a public orator ;
 to harangue the people, Lat. *concionari*.

δημηγορία, ἡ, a deliberative speech : a speech in the
 public assembly ; and

δημηγορικός, ἡ, *όν*, of public speaking, qualified for
 it. From

δημηγορός, ὅ, (δήμος, ἀγορεύω) one who harangues
 the people, a public speaker, Lat. *concionator*.

δημηλασία, ἡ, exile. From

δημ-ἤλαστος, *ov*, (δήμος, ἐλαύνω) publicly exiled.

Δημήτηρ, ἡ : gen. τερος and τρος : acc. τερα or
 τρα, also Δημήτραν : (δῆ for γῆ, μήτηρ) :—Demeter,
 Lat. *Ceres*, goddess of agriculture, mother of Proserpine.

δημίδιον, τό, comic Dim. of δήμος. [τῆ]

δημίζω, *f*, ἴσω, (δήμος) to affect the popular side,
 cheat the people.

δημιό-πράτα, τά, (δήμιος, πιπράσκω) goods seized
 by public authority, confiscated goods.

δήμιος, *ov*, Dor. δάμιος, *α*, *ov* : (δήμος) :—belong-
 ing to the people ; δήμιοι αἰσωνῆται judges elected by
 the people :—as Adv., δήμα πίνειν to drink at the
 public cost. 2. δήμιος, ὅ, as Subst., the public exe-
 cutioneer.

δημιουργέω, *f*, ἡσω, to be a workman, to work ; and
 δημιουργία, ἡ, workmanship, work ; and
 δημιουργικός, ἡ, *όν*, of or for a workman. Adv.

—κῶς, in a workmanlike fashion. From

δημι-ουργός, ποῖτ. δημιο-εργός, *όν* : (δήμος, ἔργον) :
 working for the people : as Subst., δημιουργός, ὅ, a
 workman, handicraftsman : generally, a maker, author :
 metaph., ὁρθὸς δημιουργός morn that calls man to
 work. 2. the Maker of the world. II. name

of a magistrate.

δημο-βόρος, *ov*, (δήμος, βορά) devourer of the people.

δημο-γέρον, *ovτος*, ὅ, (δήμος, γέρον) an elder of the
 people ; generally, an elder, chief : in plur., the nobles,
 chiefs, like Lat. *senatores*.

δημόθεν, Adv. (δήμος) at the public cost. II.
 by dem or birthplace.

δημό-θροος, *ov*, contr. -θρους, *ovv* (δήμος, θρέω)
 uttered by the people.

δημοκοπέω, *f*, ἡσω, to curry mob favour ; and

δημοκοπικός, ἡ, *όν*, suited to a demagogue. From

δημό-κοπος, ὅ, (δήμος, κόπτω) a demagogue.

δημό-κραντος, *ov*, (δήμος, κραίνω) ratified by the
 people.

δημο-κράτεομαι, Pass. (δήμος, κρατέω) to have a
 democratical constitution, live in a democracy. Hence

δημοκρατία, ἡ, democracy, popular government.
 Hence

δημοκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to a democracy.
 δημό-λευστος, ον, (δῆμος, λεύω) stoned by the people;
 δημόλευστος φόνος death by public stoning.
 δημόμοιαι, Dep. (δῆμος) to talk popularly, to jest.
 δημο-πίθηκος, ὁ, (δῆμος, πίθηκος) a mob-monkey,
 charlatan.

δημορ-ρίφής, ἐς, (δῆμος, ῥίπτω) hurled by the people.
 ΔΗΨΜΟΣ, ὁ, a country-district, opp. to πόλις; ἐν
 δήμῳ ἴθακης; μάλα πῖνα δήμων, etc. II. the

commons, common people, plebeians, Lat. plebs, δήμου
 ἀνὴρ, opp. to βασιλεὺς; also δήμος ἕων being a com-
 moner. III. in democratical states, esp. at Athens,
 the commons, the people, the citizens: hence 2. a
 popular constitution, democracy. IV. δήμοι in

Attica, townships or hundreds, Lat. pagi, subdivisions
 of the φύλαι; in the time of Herodotus, 100 in num-
 ber, 10 in each φυλή.

ΔΗΜΟΨ, ὁ, fat.

δημοσία, Adv. see δημόσιος.
 δημοσιεύω, = δημεύω, to confiscate. II. intr.
 to lead a public life, opp. to ιδιωτεύω, to belong to the
 state. From

δημόσιος, α, ον, (δῆμος) belonging to the people or
 state, Lat. publicus. II. ὁ δημόσιος (sub. δοῦ-
 λος), a public officer or servant of mean rank, as the
 public crier, or watchman. III. as neut., δημό-
 σιον, τό, the state, Lat. respublica. 2. any public
 building: the public prison. IV. Doric fem.

ἡ δαμοσία (sub. σκηνή), the tent of the Spartan
 kings. 2. dat. δημοσίᾳ, Ion. -ῆ, as Adv., in pub-
 lic, at the public expense. Hence

δημοσιόω, f. ὥσω, = δημεύω, to confiscate.
 δημο-τελής, ἐς, (δῆμος, τέλος) at the public cost,
 public, national.

δημότερος, α, ον, (δῆμος) common, vulgar.
 δημότης, ον, ὁ, (δῆμος) one of the people: a com-
 moner, plebeian. II. a member of the same δήμος,
 a fellow-citizen.

δημοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δῆμος) suiting the people, com-
 mon: public. II. of the populace, one of them,
 Lat. plebeius. III. on the democratic side, Lat.
 popularis: generally, popular:—Adv. -κῶς, affably,
 kindly. IV. at Athens, of or belonging to a deme,
 opp. to δημόσιος.

δημ-ούχος, ον, (δῆμος, ἔχω) protecting the people,
 tutelary, of divinities: as Subst., δημοῦχοι γὰς guard-
 ians of the land.

δημο-φάγος, ον, (δῆμος, φάγειν) = δημοβόρος.
 δημ-ο-χαριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δῆμος, χαρίζομαι) flatterer
 of the people.

δημ-ώδης, ἐς, (δῆμος, εἶδος) like the people, popular,
 common.

δῆν, Dor. δάν, (δῆ, ἦδη) Adv. Lat. diu, long, for a
 long while, this long time: long ago. Hence

δηναιός, Dor. δαναιός, ἁ, ὄν, long-lived: aged,
 ancient.

δηνάριον, τό, a Roman coin, not quite = Gr. δραχμή,
 being about 8½d.

ΔΗΨΕΑ, τά, counsels, plans, arts: only in plur.
 δεψέ-θουμος, ον, (δάκνω, θυμός) heart-eating.

δέξομαι, fut. of δάκνω.

δηοῦν, inf. of δηῖω: but δήουν, Ep. impf.

δή-ποθεν, indef. Adv. from any quarter, Lat. unde-
 cunque; ὅθεν δήποθεν from some quarter or other.

δή-ποτε, Dor. δή-ποκα, indef. Adv., often written
 δή ποτε, at a time, once, once on a time:—εἰ δήποτε,
 Lat. si quando:—τί δήποτε; Lat. quidnam?

δή-που, indef. Adv., often written δή που, perhaps,
 it may be: doubtful, I suppose, Lat. scilicet, nimirum.

II. as interrog, implying an affirm. answer;
 τὴν αἰχμάλωτον κάτοισθα δήπου; you know the cap-
 tive woman, I presume?

δή-ποθεν, indef. Adv., = δήπου.

δηριάομαι, Ep. 3 dual δηριάσθων, 3 pl. δηριῶντο,
 inf. δηριάσθαι: Dep.: (δῆρις):—to contend, fight:
 to quarrel, wrangle.

δηρινθήναι, v. sub sq.

ΔΗΡΙΣ, ιος and εως, ἡ, fight, battle, contest.

δηρί-φάτος, ον, (δῆρις, φάω) slain in fight.

δηρίω, aor. I ἐδήρισα, = δηριάομαι:—Med. δηρίομαι,
 fut. δηρίσομαι [ῖ]: 3 pl. aor. I med. δηρίσαντο; also
 3 dual aor. I pass. δηρινθήην, as if from δηρίνομαι.

δηρό-βιος, Dor. δαρόβιος, ον, (δηρός, βίος) long-lived.

δηρός, ἁ, ὄν, (δῆν) long, too long:—in bad sense,
 neut. δηρῶν as Adv., all too long.

δησάσκετο, Ep. for ἐδήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of
 δέω.

δήσε, Ep. for ἔδησε, 3 sing. aor. I of δέω, to bind;
 also Ep. for ἐδέησε, aor. I of δέω, to want.

δήτα, Adv. (δῆ) certainly, to be sure, of course; in
 answers, yes certainly; οὐ δήτα, certainly not. In
 questions, τί δήτα; what then?

δηχθείς, δηχθήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of
 δάκνω.

δηώσας, δηωθείς, aor. I part. act. and med. of
 δηῖω.

ΔΗΨΩ, I shall find: pres. with fut. sense.

Δῆώ, ἡ, gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, = Δημήτηρ, Lat. Ceres.

δηῶν, contr. for δηῖῶν, pres. part. of δηῖω.

Δηῶος, α, ον, (Δῆώ) sacred to Demeter (Ceres).

δηῶσω, fut. of δηῖω.

Δί, contr. for Διί, dat. of Ζεὺς; v. *Δίς.

ΔΙΑ΄, poet. διαί, Prep. with gen. and acc.—Radic.
 sense, right through.

WITH GEN., I. of Place or Space, through, out
 at; δι' ἡέρος αἰθέρ' ἕκτανε quite through the lower air
 even to the ether; ἔκπεπε καὶ διὰ πάντων he stood out
 from among them. 2. of Intervals of Space,
 διὰ πολλοῦ at a great distance; διὰ πέντε σταδίων
 at a distance of 5 stades; διὰ δέκα ἐπάλξεων at inter-
 vals of ten battlements, i. e. at every tenth battle-
 ment.

II. of Time, through, throughout, dur-
 ing, and, of the past, since; διὰ χρόνον after some
 time. 2. of Successive Intervals; διὰ τρίτης
 ἡμέρης every third day; διὰ πέντε ἐτῶν every five
 years.

III. arising from, through, by means of,

by, Lat. *per*; δι' ἀγγέλου λέγειν, etc.: hence of the Manner in which a thing is done, διὰ σπουδῆς with earnestness.

WITH ACC. OF PLACE, *through, throughout*; διὰ δῶμα *throughout* the house. 2. of Time, *during, by*; διὰ νύκτα *by night*. II. *with a view to, on account, for the sake, by reason of*; διὰ πολλά *for many reasons*.

WITHOUT CASE, as Adv., *throughout*.

IN COMPOS., I. *all through, across, as in διαβαίνω*, 2. *to the end, as in δια-βίωω, δια-μάχομαι*; hence simply to add strength, *throughly, completely*. II. *between, partly, esp. in Adj.*, as διάλευκος, etc. III. *one with or against another, as δι-άω*. IV. *one from another, asunder, Lat. dis-*, as in δια-λύω.

Διά, acc. of Ζεύς; v. nom. *Δίς.

Δία, ἡ, *the godlike one, fem. of δῖος*; Δία θεῶν or γυναικῶν, *a goddess among goddesses or women*.

δια-βᾶδιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to go across*.

δια-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι; aor. 2 -έβην, part. διαβάς; pf. -βέβηκα: I. intr. *to make a stride, stand with the legs apart, and so to stand firm, of warriors*. II. c. acc., *to step across, step over*; also absol., *to cross over, like Lat. trajicere*.

δια-βάλλω (for the tenses, v. βάλλω), *to throw over or across, carry over or across*; seemingly intr. (sub. εἰντόν, στρατόν, etc.) like Lat. *trajicere, to pass over, cross over*. II. *to accuse falsely, slander, calumniate*: *to accuse a man to another*. III. *to mislead, impose upon*.

διαβάς, aor. 2 part. of διαβαίνω.

διάβαιος, εως, ἡ, (διαβαίνω) *a crossing over, passage*. 2. *a means or place of crossing*.

διαβάσκω, *Frequent. of διαβαίνω, to strut about*.

διαβαστάζω, f. ἄσω, *to weigh in the balance*.

δια-βᾶτέος, α, on, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, *that must be crossed*.

διαβᾶτήριος, on, (διαβαίνω) *with a view to a fortunate passage*: διαβατήρια (ἱερά), τά, *offerings for a happy passage*.

διαβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of διαβαίνω, *to be crossed or passed, fordable*.

δια-βεβαίομαι, Dep. *to maintain strongly*.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβεβίωκα, pf. of διαβίωω.

διαβέβηκα, pf. of διαβάλλω.

διαβεβρωμαι, pf. pass. of διαβιβρώσκω.

διαβήμεναι, Ep. for διαβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήσομαι, fut. of διαβαίνω.

διαβήτης, ου, ὅ, (διαβαίνω) *a pair of compasses*.

δια-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, strengthd. for βιάζομαι.

δια-βιβάζω; fut. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of διαβαίνω, *to carry across*.

δια-βιβρώσκω, f. -βρώσομαι; pf. pass. βέβρωμαι: *to devour*.

δια-βιόω, f. -ώσομαι; aor. 2 -έβίαν, inf. -βιῶναι (as if from a pres. δια-βίωμι): *to live through, pass*. 2.

absol. c. part., μελετῶν διαβεβιωμένοι *to spend one's life in practising*.

δια-βλέπω, f. ψομαι, *to look through: to look straight before one*. 2. *to see clearly*.

διαβληθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διαβάλλω.

διαβοῶ, f. ἴσομαι, *to shout or cry out, proclaim, publish*—Med. *to contend in shouting*.

διαβολή, ἡ, (διαβάλλω) *false accusation, slander, calumny*.

διαβολα, ἡ, = διαβολή.

διάβολος, on, (διαβάλλω) *falsely accusing, slanderous, calumnious*:—as Subst., διάβολος, ὁ, *a slanderer*; esp. ὁ διάβολος, *the Slanderer, the Devil*. Adv. διαβόλος, *invidiously*.

διαβόρος, on, (διαβιβρώσκω) *eating through*: c. acc., νόσος διαβόρος πόδα *a sore that eats through my foot*. II. διάβορος, on, *pass. eaten through, consumed*.

δια-βουλεύομαι, Dep., *to deliberate well*.

δια-βρέω, f. ξω, *to wet through*. Hence

διάβροχος, on, *very wet, wet, moist*. 2. *soaked, steeped*; ναῖς διάβροχοι *soaked, i. e. rotten ships*.

διαβρώσομαι, fut. of διαβιβρώσκω.

δια-βυνέω, δια-βύνω, δια-βύω, *to thrust through*:—Pass. *to be thrust or passed through*.

διαβῶ, ἦς, ἡ, aor. 2 subj. of διαβαίνω.

δια-γᾶλνηϊω, f. ἴσω, (διά, γαλήνη) *to make quite calm*.

δι-αγγέλλω, f. -ελῶ; aor. I διήγγειλα:—*to send as a message*: generally, *to give notice, notify, proclaim*: c. inf. *to order to do*:—Med. *to pass the word of command from man to man, inform one another*.

δι-άγγελος, ὁ, *a messenger between two, Lat. inter-nuncius*: *a go-between, spy*.

διᾶγε, Dor. for διήγε, 3 sing. impf. of διάγω.

διαγεγνημαι, pf. of διαγιγνώμι.

δια-γελῶ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh at, mock*.

διαγενήσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώμι.

διαγεγόμενος, aor. 2 part. of sq.

δια-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι, pf. -γεγένημαι:—*to go through, pass*: absol. *to go through life, survive, live*. 2. *to be between, intervene, elapse*.

δια-γιγνώσκω; f. -γνώσομαι:—*to discern between two, to distinguish, Lat. dignoscere*. II. *to resolve finally, determine, vote to do so and so*. 2. as Athen. law-term, *to give judgement, decide*.

διαγιγνώμι, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγιγνώμι.

διαγινώσκω, Ion. and in late Greek for διαγιγνώσκω.

δι-αγκυλίσομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Att. ἰούμαι, Dep.: (διά, ἀγκύλη):—*to hold the javelin by its thong*; pf. pass. part. διηγκυλισμένος, *with the thong ready fastened, ready to throw or shoot*.

δι-αγκυλόμαι, = διαγκυλίσομαι.

δια-γλύφω, f. ψω, aor. I διέγλυψα, *to hollow out*.

διά-γλυπτος, η, on, (διά, γλύφω) *all carved*.

διαγνώμη, ἡ, *a final decree, resolution*. From

διαγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γνώριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to inquire accurately*.

διάγωσις, εως, ἡ, (διαγιγνώσκω) *a discerning between*

two, distinguishing, discrimination. II. a resolving, deciding.

διαγνώσομαι, fut. of διαγιγνώσκω.

δια-γογγύζω, f. σω, to mutter, murmur.

δι-ἀγορεύω, (for the tenses, v. ἀγορεύω) to speak plainly, declare. II. to speak of.

διάγραμμα, ατος, τό, (διαγράφω) that which is marked out by lines, a figure, form, plan: a geometrical figure, diagram. 2. a register. 3. an edict.

διαγραφή, ή, (διαγράφω) a marking out by lines: a diagram.

δια-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark out by lines, draw out. II. to cross out, strike off the list, Lat. circumscribere; δ. δίκην to strike a cause out of the list, cancel, quash it: in Med., διαγράψασθαι δίκην to cross one's own cause out, withdraw it.

δια-γρηγορέω, f. ήσω, to remain awake.

δια-αγριαίνω, to be much provoked.

δια-αγρυνέω, f. ήσω, to lie wide awake.

δι-άγγω, f. γζω, to strangle, to deal.

δι-άγω, f. άζω: aor. 2 διήγαγον:—to carry over or across, take across. II. of Time, to pass, spend; διαγένν βίον, etc.: but often without βίον, to live, pass life, like Lat. degere: also to delay, put off: c. part. to continue, go on doing. III. to make to continue, keep, support. IV. to entertain. V. to keep, celebrate. Hence

διάγωγή, ή, a carrying across. II. a passing of life, a course of life: also a way of passing time, amusement, pastime.

δι-ἀγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight against. II. to struggle earnestly: to fight to the end.

δια-δάπτω, f. ψω, to tear asunder, rend.

δια-δαστέομαι, fut. -δαστέομαι: aor. I -εδασάμην (cf. δαστέομαι):—to divide among themselves. 2. to distribute.

διαδέξομαι, pf. of διαδέχομαι.

διαδέδρακα, pf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δέκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to shew through: hence to make clear, shew:—Pass. to be shewn clearly, διαδικνύσθων ἔων πολέμος let him be declared the king's enemy. II. sometimes intrans. in Ion. aor. I διέδεξε, it was clear, manifest.

διαδέκτωρ, ορος, ό, (διαδέχομαι) as Adj. inherited.

δια-δέξιος, ον, (διά, δεξιός) of right good omen.

δια-δέρκομαι, aor. 2 ἐδράκω: Dep.:—to see a thing through another; οὐδ' ἂν νῶϊ διαδράκοι he would not see us through it, sc. the cloud.

διάδερτος, ον, (διαδών) bound fast; χαλινοὶ διάδερτοι γενῶν ἰππέων firm-bound through the horse's mouth.

δια-δέχομαι, f. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμα: Dep.:—to receive one from another, Lat. excipere: to take up: c. dat. part. to succeed to, relieve on guard:—hence in pf. part. διαδεδεγμένοι, in turns, by turns, Lat. vicissim.

δια-δέω, f. δήσω, to bind round, bind fast: generally, to bind on, fasten.

δια-δηλόομαι, Dep. to tear in pieces.

διά-δηλος, ον, manifest or distinguished among others.

διάδημα, ατος, τό, (διαδέω) a band or fillet: esp. the blue band worked with white which went round the turban (τιάρτα) of the Persian king: a diadem.

δια-διδράσκω, f. -δράσομαι (ἀ): Ion. διαδιδρήσκω, -δρήσομαι: aor. 2 -έδραν: pf. -δέδρακα:—to run off, escape, get away.

δια-δίδωμι, f. δάσω, to give from hand to hand, pass on, give over, Lat. tradere. 2. to distribute, assign. 3. to spread about, publish.

δια-δικάζω, f. άσω, to give judgment in a case: c. acc. rei, to decide, rule:—Med. to go to law: to plead one's cause.

δια-δικαιόω, f. άσω, to hold to be right.

διαδικασία, ή, (διαδικάζω) an action to settle disputed claims.

δια-διφρέω, f. σω, to run a chariot-race.

δια-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test closely.

διαδοθεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδος, ότω, aor. 2 imperat. of διαδίδωμι.

διάδοσις, εως, ή, (διαδίδωμι) distribution.

διαδούναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδίδωμι.

διαδοχή, ή, (διαδέχομαι) a succession; εκ διαδοχής or κατά διαδοχήν in turn. 2. a relief on guard.

διάδοχος, ό, ή, (διαδέχομαι) succeeding; as Subst., διάδοχος, ό, a successor; ύπνου φέγγος διάδοχον Sleep's successor, Light; διάδοχοι έφοίτων they went to work in gangs or reliefs.

διαδράκοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of διαδέρκομαι.

διαδραμείναι, aor. 2 inf. of διατρέχω.

διαδράναι Ion. -δρήναι, aor. 2 inf. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δραπετεύω Ion. δια-δρηπ-, to escape entirely.

διαδρασι-πολιται, οι, (διαδιδράσκω, πολιτης) citizens who evade public duties.

διαδράσομαι, Ion. -δρήσομαι, fut. of διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρηστεύω, lengthd. Ion. form for διαδιδράσκω.

δια-δρομή, ή, (διαδραμείν) a running through a place. 2. a passage through.

διάδρομος, ον, (διαδραμείν) running through or about, wandering: vagabond, stray.

δια-δύνω or -δύω, also as Dep. δια-δύομαι; fut. δύσομαι: aor. 2 διέδυν:—to pass through: slip away, get off, escape.

διαδύω, aor. 2 part. of διαδύω, διαδύομαι.

δια-δύω, v. διαδύνω.

δι-άδω, f. άσομαι, v. διαείδω.

δια-δωροέμαι, Dep. to distribute in presents.

δι-άει, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of διάημι.

*δια-είδω: f. -είσομαι: aor. 2 διείδων (q. v.):—to shew forth, prove: as Pass., άρετή διαείδεται courage is discerned.

δια-αείδω, Att. contr. διάδω: f. -αείσομαι contr. -άσομαι:—to sing for a prize.

δια-εμένος, pf. part. pass. of διήμι.

δια-ειπεῖν, δια-ειπέμεν, Ep. inf. of διείπω.

δια-ζάω, inf. διαζήν: impf. διέζην: fut. διαζήσω:—to live through, pass: absol. to live: c. part. by doing so and so, διαζώσι ποιηφάγοντες: διαζήν από τινος to live off or by a thing.

δια-ζεύγνυμι, f. ζεύω, to *disjoin*. Hence
 διαζεύξεις, εως, ἡ, a *disjoining*.
 διαζητέω, f. ἤσω, to *search through*: to seek out,
invent.
 διαζυγία, ἡ, (διά, ζυγόν) = διαζεύξεις.
 διαζώμα, ατος, τό, *that which is girt, the waist*. II.
that which girds, a girdle. From
 δια-ζώννυμι or -ῶ: fut. ζώσω:—to *gird round*:
 Med. to *gird oneself with a belt*, etc.
 δια-ζώω, Ion. for δια-ζάω.
 δι-ἄημι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. διαίει, to *blow or breathe*
through.
 δια-θεάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. ἤσομαι: Dep.:—to
look through, look closely at, examine.
 δια-θειόω, f. ὦσω, to *fumigate*.
 διάθεις, εως, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a *disposing in order,*
arrangement. 2. = διαθήκη. II. (from Pass.)
 a *disposition, state, condition*.
 διαθέτης, ου, ὁ, (διατίθημι) *one who disposes in*
order, a regulator, arranger.
 δια-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to *run about*: of reports, to
spread.
 διαθήκη, ἡ, (διατίθημι) a *disposition of property by*
will; a will and testament: also a *covenant*.
 δια-θορυβέω, f. ἤσω, to *confound utterly*.
 δι-αθρέω, f. ἤσω, to *look through, look closely into,*
examine closely.
 δια-θροέω, f. ἤσω, to *spread a report, give out*.
 δια-θρῦλέω or -θρῦλλέω, f. ἤσω, to *spread abroad*:
 —Pass. to be the common talk, be commonly re-
 ported. II. in Pass. also to be talked deaf; pf.
 part. διαεθρῦλημένος.
 δια-θρῦπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. διετρύφην [ῦ]:—to
break in pieces, shiver. II. metaph. to *weaken,*
enervate:—Pass. to be broken down, enervated: to live
 riotously:—Med. to be affected, give oneself airs.
 διαθριάζω, f. ἄσω, to be quite clear and fine. From
 δι-αθρός, ου, (διά, αἶθρα) quite clear and fine.
 δι-αθύσσω, to rush or dart to and fro.
 δι-αίμος, ου, (διά, αἷμα) blood-stained.
 διαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. ἐδίηνα:—much like *ιάνω, to wet,*
moisten:—Med., *δαινεσθαι ὅσσε to wet one's eyes*:
 absol. to weep. II. to weep for, bewail.
 διαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, a *dividing, division, esp. of a class*
into its constituent parts; and
 διαίρετος, η, ου, *divided: divisible: hence distin-*
guishable. II. *distributed*. From
 δι-αίρεω, f. ἤσω: aor. 2 διεἶλον:—Pass., aor. I διη-
 ρέην: pf. διήρημαι:—to *divide, part or cleave in*
twain: to cut open, to tear away, pull down. II.
 to *divide, distribute*:—Med. to *divide among them-*
selves. III. to *determine, put an end to: to de-*
fine, interpret.
 δι-αίρω, f. -ᾶρω, to *raise up, lift up*. II. to *part*
asunder; διαίρειν τὸ στόμα to open the mouth.
 δι-αἰσσω, f. -αἰξω: Att. δι-αἰσσω, -αἰξω, fut. αἰξώ:
 aor. I διεἶξα:—to *rush through or across: of sound,*
to shoot through the air.

δι-ἄιστόω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἄιστος) to *make an end of*.
 ΔΙΑΪΤΑ, ἡ, *life, a way of living, mode of life*. 2.
 a *place for living, a dwelling*. II. at Athens, ar-
 bitration. Hence
 διατάω, f. ἤσω: impf. ἐδιείτων or διήτων: aor. I
 ἐδιείτησα or διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτηκα: plarf. ἐδεδη-
 τήκειν:—Pass., aor. I διήτησα: pf. δεδιήτημαι:—to
maintain, support:—Pass. to *lead a certain course of*
life, to live. II. to be arbiter or umpire: gene-
 rally, to *regulate, govern*. Hence
 διατήημα, ατος, τό, mostly in plur. *rules of life, a*
mode or course of life.
 διατηρήριον, τό, (διατάω) *dwelling-rooms*.
 διατητής, ου, ὁ, (διατάω II) an *arbitrator, umpire,*
 Lat. *arbiter*.
 δια-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω, and δια-καθαρίζω, f. ἰώ,
 to *cleanse or purge thoroughly*.
 διακαθαριεῖ, 3 sing. fut. of διακαθαρίζω.
 δια-καθίζω, fut. -ιξήσω and -ἰώ, to *make to sit*
apart, set apart.
 δια-καίω, f. -καύσω: pass. pf. διακέκαυμαι:—to *burn*
through, set on fire, heat to excess.
 δια-κανάσσω, aor. I διεκάνασα, of liquid, to *run*
gurgling through. (Formed from the sound.)
 δια-καρτερέω, f. ἤσω, to *endure to the end, last*
out.
 δια-κατελέγχω, impf. med. διακατηλεγχόμεν:—to
confute utterly.
 διάκαυμα, ατος, τό, (διακαίω) *burning heat*.
 δια-καυιάω, (καυνός) to *determine by lot*.
 δια-κεάζω, f. ἄσω, to *split asunder*.
 διά-κεμαι, inf. -κείσθαι: fut. -κείσομαι:—used as
 Pass. of διατίθημι, to be disposed or to be in a cer-
 tain state: to be disposed or affected in a certain
 manner; often with Adverbs, φιλικῶς διακείσθαι to be
 friendly disposed; ὑπόπτως διακείσθαι to be suspi-
 ciously disposed; κακῶς διακείσθαι to be in a sorry
 plight, etc. II. of things, to be settled, fixed; τὰ
 διακείμενα certain terms.
 δια-κείρω, fut. -κερώ and -κέρω: pf. -κέκαρκα:—
 to *cut in pieces: to make null and void, frustrate:*
deprive of; σκευάρια διακεκαρμένω stripped of his
trappings. II. to *break through, transgress*.
 διακείναισμαι, pf. pass. of διακείνω.
 διακέρτμαι, pf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 δια-κελεύομαι, Dep. to *give orders to different per-*
sons, to exhort. 2. to *encourage one another*. 3.
 to *admonish, inform*. Hence
 διακελευσμός, ὁ, an *exhortation, cheering on*.
 διά-κενος, ου, quite empty, hollow.
 δια-κέομαι, Ion. for διάκειμαι.
 δια-κερματίω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (διά, κέρμα) to *change*
into small coin.
 διακέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διακείρω.
 δια-κηρύκεσμαι, Dep. to *negotiate by herald*.
 δια-κηρύσσω, f. ξω, to *proclaim by herald: to sell*
by auction.
 δια-κινδύνεω, f. σω, to *run all risks, make a despe-*

rate effort:—Pass. to be hazarded; διακεκινδυνεύμενος, η, ον, desperate.

δια-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to move throughout, throw into disorder. II. to sift thoroughly, scrutinise, Lat. excutere.

III. Pass. to be put in motion, move.

δια-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]; aor. I διεκλάσα, Ep. part. διακλάσας:—to break in twain:—διακεκλασμένους enervated.

δια-κλήπτω, f. ψω, to carry off by stealth. II. to save by stealth:—Med., with aor. 2 pass. διεκλάπην [ᾶ], to steal away, get safe off. III. to keep back by stealth.

δια-κληρώω, f. ὠσω, to assign by lot, allot. 2. to choose by lot:—Med. to cast lots.

δια-κλίνω, to turn away, retreat. Hence διάκλισις, εως, η, a turning away, retreat.

δια-κλύω, f. ύσω [ϋ], to wash thoroughly, wash.

δια-κναίω, f. -κναίω:—Pass., fut. διακναισθήσομαι: pf. διακναισθαι:—to scrape or grate to nothing: to wear away: to crush in pieces:—Pass. to be worn away, destroyed; τὸ χρῶμα διακναισμένους having lost all his colour.

δια-κνίξω, f. σω, to pull to pieces.

δια-κοιρᾶνέω, to rule through or over.

διακομιδή, η, a carrying over or across. From δια-κομίζω, (for the tenses, v. κομίζω) to carry over or across:—Med. to carry over what is one's own:—Pass. to pass or cross over.

διακόνεω, Ion. διηκονέω: f. ἦσω: impf. ἐδιᾶκόνουν and διηκίνουν, aor. I ἐδιᾶκόνουσα and διηκόνουσα: pf. δεδιᾶκόνουκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιᾶκονήθη: pf. δεδιᾶκόνουμαι: (διάκονος):—to wait on, serve: to furnish, supply:—Med. to serve oneself. Hence

διακονία, η, service, business. 2. attendance on a duty, ministry. 3. the office of a deacon.

διακονικός, η, όν, (διακονέω) serviceable.

διάκονος [ᾶ], Ion. διήκονος, ό, η, a servant, waiting-man: a messenger. 2. a minister of the church, esp. a deacon. (Deriv. uncertain.)

δι-ᾶκοντιζώ, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin at:—Med. to contend with another at throwing the javelin.

δια-κόπτω, f. ψω, to cut in two, cut through: to break asunder, break through. II. intr. to break through, burst through.

δια-κορέω and -κορεύω, (διά, κόρη) to ravish.

δια-κορκορῶ, f. ἦσω, to rumble through.

διά-κορος, ον, (διά, κορέννυμι) satiated, glutted.

δι-ᾶκόσιοι, Ion. διηκόσιοι, αι, α, (δύς, ἑκατόν) two hundred, Lat. ducenti: in sing. with noun of multitude, ἵππος διακοσία two hundred horse.

δια-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to divide and arrange: to muster:—Med. to set all in order.

διακοσμηθεῖμεν, Ep. for διακοσμηθήμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of διακοσμέω.

δι-ᾶκούω, f. ούσομαι: pf. -ακήκοα:—to bear through, bear out: to bear from another.

δια-κράζω, f. ξω, to cry aloud: to scream against another.

δια-κρέω, f. ξω, to strike the strings of the lyre.

δια-κρηνώ, Dor. -κρᾶνώ: f. ὠσω: (διά, κρήνη): to make to flow, pour forth.

δι-ακριβίω, f. ὠσω, (διά, ἀκριβής) to inquire closely into, have an accurate knowledge of.

διακριδόν, Adv. (διακρίνω) separately: eminently, above all, Lat. eximie.

διακριθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of διακρίνω.

διακριθῶ, aor. I pass. subj. of διακρίνω.

διακρίνει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθείς, Ep. for διακρίθεις, aor. I part. pass. of διακρίνω.

διακρινθήμεναι, Ep. for διακρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διακρίνω, f. ἰθῶ: (for the tenses, v. κρίνω):—to separate, divide: to part combatants:—Pass. to be parted or dissolved: to disperse. 2. to distinguish, tell one from another. 3. to settle, determine, decide a dispute; διακρίνεν αἴρεσιν to make a choice:—Med. to get a dispute decided:—Pass. of persons, to come to a decision: but also of a thing, to be decided. II.

to make a distinction: set apart for holy purposes. III. in Med. to doubt, hesitate. Hence διάκρισις, εως, η, a separating, parting. 2. a deciding, judgment: the faculty of distinguishing. διακρίτειον, verb. Adj. of διακρίνω, one must decide. διάκριτος, ον, (διακρίνω) distinguished: excellent. διακροτέω, f. ἦσω, to strike or break through. διάκρουσις, εως, η, a driving away, putting off. δια-κρούω, f. σω, to try or prove by knocking. II. Med. to drive from oneself, to put off, get rid of, evade or elude by delays.

διάκτορος, ον, or διάκτωρ, ορος, ό, (διάγω) the Conductor, Guide; epith. of Hermes.

δια-κυβᾶω, (κύβος) to play at dice together.

δια-κύκω, f. ἦσω, to mix together.

δια-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and creep through: to peep through, pry into.

διακυλῆτης, οὔ, ό, a hinderer, obstructer. From δια-κωλύω, f. ύσω, to hinder, check: to prevent.

διακοχή, incorrect form of διακοχή.

δια-λαγχάνω, f. -λήσομαι: aor. 2 διελᾶχον:—to divide or part by lot: to tear in pieces.

διαλαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλανθάνω.

δια-λακῶ, f. ἦσω, to crack asunder, burst.

δια-λακτίω, f. ἴσω, to kick away.

δια-λάλω, f. ἦσω, to talk over with.

δια-λαμβάνω, f. λήψομαι: aor. 2 -ἐλάβον: pf. -έληφα; pass. -έλημμαι or διαέλημμαι, Ion. -έλημμαι:—to take or receive separately. II. to grasp with both hands, embrace, Lat. complecti: as Gymnastic term, to clasp round the waist. 2. to grasp with the mind, comprehend. III. to separate, divide, Lat. dirimere: to distinguish; also to intercept. 2. to cut off, intercept. 3. to distribute.

δια-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine or flash through: of the day, to dawn.

δια-λανθάνω, f. -λήσω: aor. 2 -ἐλάβον: pf. -έληθα:—to escape notice: c. acc. pers. to escape the notice of.

διαλᾶχῆν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλαγχάνα.
 δι-αλῆγῆς, ἐς, (διά, ἄλγος) giving great pain, grievous. II. suffering great pain.
 δια-λέγω, f. ξω, to pick out, choose. II. διαλέγομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -λέξομαι, also pass. -λεχθήσομαι: aor. I med. διελέξαμην, pass. διελέχθην: pf. -έλεγμαι:—to converse, reason, talk with. 2. absol. to use a dialect or language. 3. to discourse, argue.
 δια-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. -έλιπον: pf. -λέλοιπα, pass. -λέλειμαι:—to leave an interval: plqpf. pass. διελέλειπτο impers. a gap had been left. 2. intrans. to be placed at intervals; τὸ διαλείπον a gap. II. to leave off, cease: c. part. to leave off doing. 2. of Time, to intervene, elapse.
 δια-λείχω, f. ξω, to lick clean.
 διαλεκτικός, ὅ, ἄν, (διαλέγομαι) skilled in discourse or argument: ἡ διαλεκτικὴ (sub. τέχνη), the art of debating or arguing.
 διάλεκτος, ἡ, (διαλέγω) discourse, conversation: debate, argument. II. speech, language. 2. the language of a country, technically a dialect.
 διαλέληθα, pf. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλέλημμαί, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διαλέλυκα, διαλέλυμαι, pf. act. and pass. of διαλύω.
 διαλέλυσμαι, pf. of διαλυμαίνομαι.
 διάλεξις, εως, ἡ, = διάλεκτος I.
 διαλέξομαι, fut. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλεπτο-λογέομαι, Dep. (διάλεπτος, λέγω) to discourse subtly.
 διά-λεπτος, ον, (διά, λεπτός) very small or narrow: very subtle.
 διά-λευκος, ον, marked with white.
 διαλεχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of διαλέγομαι.
 διαλήσω, fut. of διαλανθάνω.
 διαλιπέιν, aor. 2 inf. of διαλείπω.
 διαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (διαλλάσσω) an interchange: a change from enmity to friendship, a reconciliation, treaty of peace: usu. in plur.
 διάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (διαλλάσσω) that which is put in the place of another, a changeling.
 διαλλακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διαλλακτής, οὔ, ὁ, (διαλλάσσω) a mediator.
 δι-αλλάσσω, Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: pf. διήλλαξα:—to give or take in exchange: hence to interchange, exchange. 2. to change from enmity to friendship, to reconcile one to another. II. Pass., with fut. med. διαλλάξομαι: aor. I διηλλάχθην, also aor. 2 διηλλάγην [ᾶ]: pf. διήλλαγμα:—to be reconciled, become friends. III. intr. to differ from one in a thing; so Pass., esp. in aor. I διαλλαχθῆναι, to be different.
 δι-άλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι, Dep. to leap over or across.
 δια-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: pf. -λελόγησμαι: Dep.:—to settle accounts: hence to take full account of, consider fully. II. to converse, argue. Hence
 διαλογισμός, ὁ, a settling of accounts. II.

calculation, consideration, reasoning. 2. discourse, conversation.
 διάλογος, ὁ, (διαλέγομαι) a conversation, dialogue.
 δια-λοιδορέομαι: aor. I pass. διελειδορήθην: Dep.:—to abuse, rail at.
 διαλυθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of διαλύω.
 δια-λυμαίνομαι, aor. I διελυμάνθην: pf. διαλελίμασμαι: Dep.:—to maltreat shamefully.
 διάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (διαλύω) a loosing one from anything, parting: a breaking up, destroying. II. an ending, cessation: cessation of hostilities, peace.
 διαλυσι-φίλος, ον, (διαλύω, φίλος) love-dissolving.
 δια-λύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (διαλύω) a breaker up, dissolver.
 διαλυτός, ὅ, ἄν, (διαλύω) dissolved: capable of dissolution.
 δια-λύω, f. ύσω [ῦ]: pf. -λέλυκα: aor. I pass. -ελύθην [ῦ]: pf. -λέλυμαι:—to loose one from another, to part asunder: to break up, dismiss, disband. 2. to break off, put an end to. 3. to reconcile. 4. διαλύειν διαβολῆν to do away with false accusations: also to pay off, discharge. II. to relax: to make supple and pliant.
 δι-αλιπίτω, f. ὦσω, (διά, ἄλιπτον) to fill full of barley-meal.
 δια-λωβάομαι, pf. -λελώβημαι (in pass. sense), Dep. to maltreat outrageously.
 δι-αμαθῆναι, to grind to powder, raze to the dust, utterly destroy.
 δι-μαντεύομαι, f. εὔσομαι, to decide by means of an oracle.
 δι-αμαρτάνω, f. ἴσομαι: aor. 2 -ἡμαρτον: pf. -ἡμάρτηκα. To miss entirely, go quite astray from, c. gen. 2. to fail utterly of, fail of obtaining. Hence διαμαρτία, ἡ, a total mistake: a wrong reckoning.
 δια-μαρτυρέω, f. ἴσω, as Att. law-term, to use a διαμαρτυρία (q. v.), to call evidence for or against an objection:—Pass., aor. I διεμαρτυρήθην, to be affirmed on evidence. Hence
 διαματῦρία, ἡ, a calling evidence to support or refute an objection.
 διαμαρτυρομαι [ῦ], f. ὑροῦμαι, Dep. to call solemnly to witness, to protest solemnly: also to abjure solemnly: to asseverate. II. to beg earnestly of, to conjure.
 δια-μάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. ξω, to knead thoroughly, knead well up.
 δια-μάχομαι: fut. -μαχέσομαι, Att. -μαχοῦμαι, also μαχίσομαι: Dep.:—to fight with, struggle against: to fight one with another. 2. to fight through, fight it out, Lat. depugnare.
 δι-αμάω, fut. ἴσω: aor. 2 διήμησα (διά, ἀμάω):—to mow or cut through. 2. to scrape or clear away; so also in the Med.
 δια-μεθίμηναι, to leave quite off: to give up.
 δι-ἀμείβω, f. ψω, to exchange. II. Med. to change oneself from one place to another: to pass through or over. 2. absol. to change, alter.
 διαμείναι, aor. I inf. of διαμένω.

διάμειψις, εως, ἡ, (διαμείβω) an exchange.
 δια-μελαίνω, f. ἄνω, to make quite black.
 δια-μελειστί, Adv. (διά, μέλος) limb by limb, piecemeal.
 διαμελλήσις, εως, ἡ, a being always on the point to do, continual delay. And
 διαμελλητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who continually delays.
 From
 δια-μέλλω, f. -μελλήσω, to be always going to do a thing: hence to delay continually.
 διαμεμένηκα, pf. of διαμένομαι.
 διαμεμένημαι, pf. of διαμυμήσκομαι.
 δια-μέμφομαι, Dep. to blame exceedingly.
 δια-μένω, (for the tenses, v. μένω) to remain by, continue with. 2. to be constant, persevere. 3.
 to continue, last, remain.
 δια-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to divide: metaph. to cause dissension:—Pass. to disagree. Hence
 διαμερισμός, ὁ, division: dissension.
 δια-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to measure through, measure out or off: to measure out in portions:—Med. to have measured out to one, receive as one's share. Hence
 δια-μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, measured out or off.
 διάμετρον, τό, Lat. dimensum, a portion measured out, a soldier's rations. From
 διά-μετρος, ἡ, (διά, μέτρον) a diameter or diagonal line. 2. the rule for drawing the diameter.
 δια-μηχάνομαι, Dep. to bring about, contrive.
 δια-μιλλᾶσθαι, f. ἴσομαι: aor. I διημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to contend furiously.
 δια-μιμνήσκομαι, f. μνήσομαι: pf. διαμνήσκω: Pass.:—to keep in memory.
 δια-μινύρομαι, Dep. to sing plaintively.
 δια-μιστύλλω, f. ὑλῶ: aor. I -εμιστύλα:—to cut up piecemeal.
 δια-μνημονεύω, f. σω, to call to mind, remember: hence to record, mention.
 δια-μοιράω, (διά, μοῖρα) to divide, rend asunder. 2. Med. to portion out.
 διάμαξ, Adv. right through.
 δια-αμπερές, (διά, ἀναπέρω) Adv. of Place, through and through, right through:—all in a piece. 2. of Time, throughout, for ever.
 δια-μυδαλέος, α, ον, drenching.
 δια-μυθολογέω, f. ἴσω, to tell by word of mouth, to speak, converse.
 δια-μυλλάω, f. ἄνω, (διά, μύλλον) to make mouths (in scorn or mockery).
 δια-αμφίδιος, ον, (διά, ἀμφίς) utterly different.
 δια-αμφισβητέω, f. ἴσω, to dispute, disagree.
 δια-ναυμαχέω, f. ἴσω, to maintain a long sea-fight.
 δι-ἀνδίχα, Adv. two ways: διανδίχα μερμηρίζειν to halt between two opinions.
 διανείμαι, aor. I inf. of διανέμω.
 δι-ἀνεκής, ἐς, Dor. and Att. form of διηνεκής.
 διανέμησις, εως, ἡ, distribution. From
 δια-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I διένεμα: pf. ενεμήκα: —to distribute, divide into portions:—Med. to divide

among themselves:—Pass. to spread abroad. II.
 to set in order, govern.
 δια-νέομαι, Pass. to go through.
 διανέστην, διανέστηκα, aor. and 2 pf. of διανίστημι.
 δια-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon to.
 δια-νύω, f. -νύσομαι, to swim across: swim through.
 δια-νήχομαι, Dep.=διανέω.
 δια-νίξω, f. -νίξω, to wash out, rinse.
 δια-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go through.
 δι-ανίστημι, fut. διανστήσω:—to set up, make to stand. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, to stand aloof from, depart from.
 δια-νοέομαι, fut. -νοήσομαι: aor. I -ενοήθην: pf. -ενόημαι: Dep.:—to think over, intend, purpose, Lat. meditari. Hence
 διανοήμα, ατος, τό, a thought, notion.
 διανοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διανοέομαι) intellectual.
 διανοῖα, also διανοιά, ἡ, (διανοέομαι). I. thought: the intellect, mind. II. a thought, intention: a notion, belief: the sense or meaning of a thing.
 δι-ανοίγω, f. ξω: to open: hence to explain, expound.
 διανοίχθητι, aor. I imper. pass. of ανοίγω.
 διανομέω, ἐως, ὁ, (διανέμω) a distributor.
 διανομή, ἡ, (διανέμω) distribution.
 δι-ανταῖος, α, ον, going right through: ἡ διανταῖα (sc. πληγῆ) a home-thrust:—metaph. unchanging, remorseless.
 δι-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to drain out, exhaust: metaph. to drink to the dregs, Lat. exaurire.
 δια-νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (διά, νύξ) to pass the night.
 δι-ανύω or δι-ανύτω [ῥ]: f. ὑσω [ῥ]:—to bring quite to an end, finish: ὁδὸν διανύειν to finish a journey: so also διανύειν, without ὁδόν.
 δια-ξαίω, f. ἄνω, to tear in pieces.
 διαξέις, Dor. for διαξέεις, 2 sing. fut. of διάγω.
 δια-ξίφιζομαι, Dep. (δια, ξίφος) to fight to the death.
 δια-παιδεύομαι, Pass. to go through a course of education.
 δια-πᾶλαιω, f. σω, to go on wrestling.
 δια-πάλη, ἡ, a hard struggle.
 δια-πάλλω, f. -πᾶλῶ, to distribute by lot.
 δια-πάλλω, f. ὑνώ, to shiver, shatter.
 δια-παντός, Adv., = διὰ παντός, throughout.
 δια-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.
 δια-παρτριβή, ἡ, (διά, παρατριβῶ) an useless study: vain altercation.
 δια-παρθευέω, f. σω, (διά, παρθένος) to deflower.
 δια-πασσάλευω, Att. -πατταλεύω: f. σω: (διά, πᾶσσαλος). To stretch out by nailing, e.g. of a hide for tanning: also to fasten the extremities, as in crucifixion.
 δια-πάσσω, Att. -πτω: f. -πάσω:—to sprinkle about.
 δια-παύω, f. σω, to make to cease utterly: Pass. to cease to exist.
 δι-απειλέω, f. ἴσω, to threaten violently:—also in Med.
 δια-πεινώ, inf. -πεινήν, to hunger one against the other, to contend which is the most hungry.

διά-πειρα, ἡ, *an experiment, trial.*

δια-πειράομαι: fut. άσσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I -επειράθην: pf. -πεπείραμαι: Dep.:—to make trial or proof of a thing.

δια-πείρω, f. -περώ, to drive through.

δια-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send about in different directions.

II. to send over or across.

διαπέπασμαι, pf. pass. of διαπέσσω.

διαπεπειράμαι, pf. of διαπειράομαι.

διαπεπολημήσομαι, fut. 3 of διαπολημέω.

διαπέπυσμαι, pf. of διαπιθάνομαι.

δια-περαίνω, fut. ανώ, to bring to an end.

δια-περαιώω, f. άσω, to take across, ferry over:—Pass. to be carried over, go across. 2. to draw entirely out of the sheath.

διαπεράναι, aor. I inf. of διαπεραίνω.

δια-περάω, f. άσω [ᾱ]: to go over or across, to pass: to pass through.

δια-πέρθω, f. πέρω: aor. 2 διέπρθον, Ep. inf. διαπραθέειν: aor. 2 med. διεπράθετο, in pass. sense:—to destroy utterly, to sack, waste.

διαπέρσαι, aor. I inf. of διαπέρθω.

διαπεσεύω, aor. 2 inf. of διαπίπτω.

διαπεσεύσθαι, fut. inf. med. of διαπίπτω.

δια-πέτᾶμαι, = διαπέτομαι.

δια-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ᾱ]:—to open and spread out.

δια-πέτομαι: fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 -επτύμην or -επτάρην: Dep.:—to fly through. 2. to fly away, vanish.

διαπέύσομαι, fut. of διαπυθάνομαι.

διαπεφοιβάσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of διαφοιβάζω.

διαπέφραδα, pf. of διαφράζομαι.

δια-πήγγυμι, f. -πήξω: aor. I med. διεπηγγάμην:—to fasten together.

δια-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap through or across. II. intr. to make a leap.

δια-πιάνω, f. ανώ, (διά, πίων) to make very fat.

δια-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω (for the tenses, v. πίμπλημι), to fill full of: Pass. to be quite full of.

δια-πίνω, f. -πίομαι, to drink against one another, challenge at drinking. [Ὶ]

δια-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: (for the tenses, v. πίπτω):—to fall through, fall off or away, escape: to fail utterly, go quite wrong, turn out ill.

δια-πιστεύω, f. σω, to entrust in confidence:—Pass. to have a thing entrusted one.

δια-πλέκω, f. ξω, to interweave, weave together. II. to weave asunder, i. e. unweave; διαπλέκειν τὸν βίον to end the web or tissue of one's life.

διαπλεύσας, aor. I part. of

δια-πλέω, f. πλεύσομαι, to sail through.

δια-πληκτίζομαι, Dep. to spar or skirmish with.

δια-πλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to break in pieces, split, cleave.

διάπλος, contr. πλος, ό, (διαπλέω) as Adj. sailing across, passing over.

II. as Subst., διάπλος, ό, a voyage across, passage.

2. a channel.

δια-απλώω, f. άσω, (διά, άπλός) to unfold.

δια-πνέω, Ep. -πνέω: f. πνεύσομαι: aor. I διέπνευσα:—to blow through, refresh, revive.

II.

to breathe at intervals, revive.

III. Pass. to evaporate.

δια-ποικίλλω, f. ήλω, to variegate, adorn.

διαπολημέω, f. ήσω, to carry the war through, end the war, Lat. debellare. 2. to carry on the war.

II.

to force from another by war. Hence

δια-πολημης, εως, ή, a finishing of the war.

δια-πολιτορκέω, f. ήσω, to besiege to the end, to blockade.

δια-πομπεύω, f. σω, to carry the procession to an end. 2. to carry all round.

διαπομπή, ή, (διαπέμπω) a sending backwards and forwards: negotiation.

δια-πονέω, f. ήσω, to work out with labour, Lat. elaborare: to practise:—Pass. to be administered: also to be troubled. II. intr. to work hard, toil.

διά-πονος, ov, having gone through many labours.

δια-πόντιος, ov, (διά, πόντος) beyond seas, foreign,

Lat. transmarinus: going beyond seas.

διαπόνως, Adv. of διάπονος, laboriously.

δια-πορεύω, f. σω, to carry across.

II. Pass.,

with fut. med. -εύσομαι, aor. I pass. διεπορεύθην: to go through, pass along.

δια-απορέω, f. ήσω; and Dep. διαπορέομαι, aor. I διεπορήθην:—to be quite at a loss.

δια-πορθέω, f. ήσω, = διαπέρθω, to ruin utterly.

δια-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry over or across: to carry a message; διαπορθμεύειν ποταμόν, of ferry-boats, to ply across a river.

δια-πραγματεύομαι, Dep. to treat of thoroughly.

διαπραθέειν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of διαπέρθω.

δια-πράσσω, Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω: f. ξω:—to accomplish, Lat. conficere: intr. to accomplish one's way across. 2. to bring about, effect: Med., to effect for oneself, gain one's point. 3. to make an end of, slay.

διαπρητής, ές, eminent, conspicuous. From

δια-πρέπω, to be eminent, conspicuous, or distinguished above others.

διαπρητός, Adv. of διαπρητής, conspicuously: Sup. διαπρηπέστατα.

δια-προσβέτομαι, Dep. to send embassies to different places.

δια-πρήσσω, Ion. for διαπράσσω.

δια-πρίω [Ὶ]: fut. -πριούμαι: pf. pass. -πέπρισμαι:—to saw through or in two: to cut to the heart;

διαπρίειν τοὺς όδόντας to gnash the teeth:—Med. to gnash with the teeth.

διαπρό, Adv. thoroughly.

δια-πρύσιος, α, ov, (διαπρώω) going through, penetrating, piercing, thrilling, of sounds: neut. διαπρύσιος, ας Adv. piercingly, thrillingly. 2. far-stretching: πρὸν πεδίοιο διαπρύσιος τετυχηκός a hill running far into the plain. 3. manifest.

διαπράσσειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

διαπράσσειν, aor. 2 inf. of διαπέταμαι.

δια-πτοέω, f. ἦσω: Ep. αορ. I διεπτοίησα:—to scare away, startle: to strike with panic.

δια-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to unfold, disclose.

δια-πτύχή, ἡ, (διά, πτυχῆ) a fold, folding leaf.

δια-πτύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to spit upon, despise utterly.

δια-πυκτεύω, f. σω, to box or fight with.

δια-πυθάνομαι: f. —πέυσομαι: pf. —πέψυμαι: αορ. 2 —πυθόμεν:—to search out by questioning.

διά-πύρος, ον, (διά, πύρ) red-hot: hot, fiery. Hence

διαπύρως, f. ώσω, to set on fire.

δια-πωλέω, f. ἦσω, to sell publicly.

διάρα, αορ. I inf. of διαίρω.

διαραίρημαι, Ion. for διήρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω. δια-ἄρασθαι, Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to break through, strike through.

δια-ἄργεος, ον, flecked or spotted with white.

δια-ἄρθρος, f. ώσω, (διά, ἄρθρον) to divide by joints, to articulate. 2. to complete in detail, describe distinctly.

δια-ἄριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to reckon or count up: also to distinguish, Lat. enumerare.

δια-αικέω, f. έσω, to have full strength: to endure, bold out, prevail. II. to nourish. Hence

διαρκής, ές, sufficient: lasting. Adv. —κάς, Sup. —έστατα, in complete competence.

δια-αρμόζω or —πτω, f. σω, to distribute in various places, to dispose.

διαρπᾶγή, ἡ, plunder. From

διαρπαζέω, fut. ἄσομαι: (for the tenses, v. ἀπάζω):—to tear in pieces: to plunder, Lat. diripere: to carry off as plunder.

διαρπᾶγναι, αορ. 2 inf. pass. of διαρπᾶγνυμι.

διαρπᾶγήσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of διαρπᾶγνυμι.

διαρπαίνω, to besprinkle:—Pass. to flow in various directions.

διαρπαίω, f. σω: αορ. I διερπαίσα:—to destroy utterly.

διαρρέω, f. —ρεύσομαι: αορ. 2 pass. (in act. sense)

—ερρήν: pf. —ερρήκα:—to flow through: to slip through: absol. to leak:—pf. part. διερρηκώς, gaping. II. to fall away like water, waste away.

διαρρήγνυμι, f. —ρήξω (for the tenses, v. ρήγνυμι) to break, rend in twain, cleave:—Pass. to burst.

διαρρήδην, Adv. (διερῶ, διαρρηθῆναι) expressly, distinctly.

διαρρήξας, αορ. I part. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διάρριμμα, ατος, τό, a casting about. From

διαρρίπτασκειν, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of διαρρίπτω.

διαρριπτέω, only used in pres. and impf., = διαρρίπτω. II. intr. to throw oneself, plunge.

διαρρίπτω, poet. διαρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw, fling, hurl, dart about. Hence

διάρριψις, εως, ἡ, a throwing about, scattering.

διαρροή, ἡ, (διαρρέω) a flowing through, a channel or pipe to flow through.

διαρροής, f. ἦσω, to roar or rustle through.

διάρροια, ἡ, = διαρροή, a flowing through: esp. as Medical term, diarrhoea.

διαρροίξω, f. ἦσω, to whizz through.

διαρρῦδαν, Dor. for —ύδην, Adv. (διαρρέω) melting away, vanishing.

διαρρῦναι, αορ. 2 inf. of διαρρέω,

διαρρῦσομαι, fut. of διαρρέω.

διαρρώξ, ὤγος, ὅ, ἡ, (διαρρήγνυμι) rent asunder.

διαρρῦμέω, f. ἦσω, to cut in pieces.

δια-ἄρτάω, f. ἦσω, to suspend and interrupt.

δια-σαίλω, to fawn upon.

δια-σαίρω, pf. —έσθρα, to grin like a snarling dog.

δια-σαλακωνίζω, strengthd. for σαλακωνίζω.

διάσασθαι, αορ. I inf. med. of διάδω.

δια-σᾶφέω, f. ἦσω, (διά, σαφής) to make quite manifest.

δια-σᾶφηνίζω, f. σω, to make quite manifest.

δια-σείω, f. σω, to shake violently: intr., διασειέν

τῆ οὐρά to keep wagging with the tail. 2. to confound. II. to harass, oppress.

δια-σείσομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 διεσόμεν [ῦ], 3 sing. διέσσυτο: Pass. —to dart or rush through.

δια-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to mark or point out: to make known, explain.

διά-σημος, ον, (διά, σῆμα) quite clear, distinct.

Διάστω, τά, (Δίος) the feast of Jupiter at Athens.

δια-σιόπαω, f. ἦσομαι, to remain silent. 2.

trans. to pass over in silence.

δια-κανδικίζω, f. σω, (διά, σκάνδιξ) to dose with wild chervil, in allusion to Euripides.

δια-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig through, make a breach in.

δια-σκεδάννυμι: f. σκεδάσω [ᾶ], Att. σκεδῶ: αορ. I —εσκέδασα:—to scatter abroad: to dissipate: to disband.

διασκεδάσειεν, 3 sing. αορ. I opt. of foreg.

δια-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, to set in order:—Pass. and Med. to arm or equip oneself.

διασκεψομαι, fut. of διασκοπέω.

δια-σκηνάω or —έω, f. ἦσω; and δια-σκηνώ, f. ἄσω:—to take up different quarters: to retire each severally to his quarters. 2. to leave a comrade's tent.

δια-σκιδνυμι, for διασκεδάννυμι, to disperse.

δια-σκοπέω, in pres. and impf.: fut. —σκέψομαι (from root σκέπτομαι): pf. —έσκεμμαι:—to look through, examine, consider. II. to look round one, keep watching.

δια-σκοπιόμαι, Dep. (διά, σκοπιά):—to look out from a watch-tower, to spy out.

δια-σκορπίζω, f. σω, to scatter abroad.

δια-σκώπτω, f. ὤσω, to jest:—Med. to jest one with another, pass jokes to and fro.

δια-σμάω, Ion. —σμέω: f. ἦσω:—to wipe out, to rinse, clean.

δια-σμηξω, f. ξω, to cleanse by rubbing.

δια-σοφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to act or speak like a sophist.

διασπᾶρακτός, ἡ, ὄν, torn to pieces. From

δια-σπᾶρᾶσσω Att. —πτω, fut. ξω, to rend in sunder or in pieces.

διασπᾶρῆναι, αορ. 2 pass. inf. of διασπείρω.

δια-σπάω, f. ἄσω or more commonly ἄσομαι: (for

the tenses, v. *σπάω*): to tear asunder, part, Lat. *divellere*: to break through, pull down: of the laws, to break through, transgress: to separate:—Pass., of soldiers, to be distributed in quarters.

διασπείρω, f. *επώ*, to sow, scatter or spread abroad: to squander.

II. to separate.

διασπορά, ἡ, (διασπείρω) dispersion.
 διάσσω, διάττω, Att. for διαίσσω:
 διασταθμάομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to order by rule, regulate.

διάστās, διαστήναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of δίστημι.
 διάστāsις, εως, ἡ, (διαστήναι) a standing apart: distance, an interval. 2. disagreement, dissension.

διασταυρώω, f. ὤσω, to fortify with stakes or a palisade.

διαστείχω, aor. 2 διέστῆχον, to go through or across: to continue.

διαστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to separate, to distinguish, determine.

II. to command, give orders.

διάστημα, ατος, τό, (διαστήναι) an interval.
 διαστήτην, Ep. for διεστήτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of δίστημι.

διαστίλλω, f. ψω, to gleam or dawn through.

διαστοιβάω, f. ἄσω, to stuff in between.

διαστοιχίζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, Dep. to apportion regularly.

διαστολή, ἡ, (διαστέλλω) distinction, difference.

διαστρατηγέω, f. ἴσω, to serve as a general.

διαστρέφω, f. ψω: (for the tenses, v. στρέφω):—to distort: to turn aside: to pervert:—Pass. to be distorted, to have one's eyes distorted: to squint. Hence

διάστροφος, ον, distorted: metaph. perverted.

διασύρω, pf. -σεσύρκα, to tear in pieces: to worry, disparage.

διασφάζω Att. -σφάπτω, f. ξω, to cleave asunder, to slaughter.

διασφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to throw about like a ball, to toss about.

διασφάλλω, to foil or overturn utterly.

διασφάξ, ἄγος, ἡ, (διασφάζω) any opening made by force, a cleft, a rocky gorge.

διασφενδονάω, f. ἴσω, to scatter from or as from a disc:—Pass. to fly in pieces.

διασφήκκομαι, pf. -εσφήκωμαι, Pass. (διά, σφήξ) to be compressed at the waist like a wasp.

διασχίζω, f. ἴσω, to cleave asunder:—Pass., aor. I διεσχίσθη, to be cloven asunder, to be parted.

διασχωάν, aor. 2 part. of διέχω.

διασώζω, f. σώσω: (for the tenses, v. σώζω):—to keep safe through, bring one well through: also to keep in memory:—Med. to preserve to oneself:—Pass. to come safe through; διασώζεσθαι εἰς . . . or πρὸς . . ., to come safe to a place.

διασωπάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dor. for διασιωπάω.

διατάγω, f. σω, (διά, τᾶγός) to arrange.

διατάγη, ἡς, ἡ, (διαταγῆναι) a disposition.
 διατάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of διατάσσω.
 διατάγμα, ατος, τό, (διατάσσω) a commandment.

διατάμνω, Ion. for διατέμνω.

διάταξις, εως, ἡ, (διατάσσω) disposition, arrangement; esp. of troops in order of battle.

διατάρασσω, Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to throw into great confusion, confound.

διατάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθη, aor. 2 -ετάγη [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταγμα:—to arrange: to set in order, draw up in order of battle: also to draw up separately.

2. c. acc. et inf. to appoint one to do or be:—Med., aor. I part. in pass. sense διαταξάμενοι posted in battle order:—Pass. to be in battle order.

II. in Med. also, to order by will.

διαταχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διατάσσω.

διατέθρομμαι, pf. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

διατένω, f. τεῶω:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθη [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι (for the tenses, v. τείνω):—to stretch out, stretch to the full:—Med. to strain oneself: to exert oneself, strive hard: to maintain stoutly.

διατειχίζω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ:—to cut off and fortify by a wall: to draw a wall across: to divide as by a wall. Hence

διατείχισμα, ατος, τό, a place walled off.

διατεκμαίρομαι, Dep. (διά, τέκμαρ) to mark out.

διατελευτάω, f. ἴσω, Att. ἰώ: to bring to fulfilment.

διατελέω, f. ἴσω, to bring quite to an end: to fulfil: to continue doing. From

διατελής, εἰς, (διά, τέλος) incessant: permanent.

διατέμνω, Ion. τάνω: f. τεῶω: (for the tenses, v. τέμνω):—to cut through, cut in twain: to sever, part:—Pass. διατμήθηναι λέπαδνα to be cut into strips.

διατέταχα, διατέταγμα, pf. act. and pass. of διατάσσω,

διατετραίνω, f. -τετραῖνω, Ion. -τετρανέω and -τρήσω:—to bore through, make a bole in.

διατήκω, f. ξω (v. τήκω), to soften or melt by heat:—Pass., with pf. -τέτηκα, to melt entirely, thaw.

διατηρέω, f. ἴσω, to watch closely. II. (sub. εαυτὸν), to keep oneself from, abstain from.

διατί: for διὰ τι, wherefore? Lat. *quamobrem*?

διατίθημι, f. -θήσω:—Pass., aor. I διετέθη: pf. διατέθειμαι:—to place separately, arrange.

2. to dispose, manage: to treat:—Pass. to be disposed of, treated.

3. to set forth: to recite. II. Med. to set out for sale, dispose of.

2. to settle mutually; διατιθέναι διαθήκην τινί to make a covenant with one: absol. to make an agreement with, promise.

διατιμάω, f. ἴσω, to honour greatly.

διατινάσσω, f. ξω, to shake asunder, shake to pieces: fut. med. *τινάξομαι* is used in pass. sense.

διατιθηλάος, α, ον, = τινθαλέος.

διατμήγω, aor. I -έτμηξα: aor. 2 -έτμάγον, pass. -ετμάγη, Ep. 3 pl. *διέτμαγεν*:—Ep. for διατέμνω, to cut in twain, divide, sever; *διέτμαγεν ἐν φιλότητι* they parted friends: absol. they were scattered abroad.

διατοξέζω, aor. I inf. of διατέμνω

διατοξέζω, f. σω, to shoot through or across:—Med. to contend in shooting with.

δια-τόρος, *ov*, act. *piercing*: of sound, *thrilling*. II. διάτορος, *ov*, pass., *pierced*.

διατρᾶγνυμι, aor. 2 inf. of διατρῶγω.

δια-τρέπω, *f. ψω*, to *turn, divert, dissuade*:—Pass. with fut. med. —τρέπομαι, aor. I med. —ετραπόμην, aor. 2 pass. —ετραπήν:—to *turn or be diverted from* a thing.

δια-τρέφω, *f. θρέψω*, to *maintain, support throughout*.

δια-τρέχω, *f. —θρέξομαι*: (for the tenses, *v. τρέχω*):—to *run through or over*: metaph. to *exhaust*. II. intr. to *run about, Lat. discurrere*.

δια-τρέω, *f. έσω*, to *run trembling about, flee all ways*.

διατριβή, *ή, α* wearing away, a spending of time. 2. a pastime, amusement. 3. serious employment, study: a discussion, argument. 4. a way of life, living. II. in bad sense, a waste of time, loss of time, delay. From

δια-τριβω [*τ*]: *f. ψω*:—Pass., aor. 2 διετρίβην [*τ*]: pf. διατέτριμμα:—to *rub between; χερσι διατρίβας*:—to *rub away, consume*: to *waste, destroy*. II. metaph. to *spend time, live*. 2. to *busy, employ oneself*. 3. to *waste time, delay*. III. to *put off by delay, thwart, binder*. Hence

διατριπτικός, *ή, ύν*, dilatory.

διά-τρίχα, Adv. in three ways.

διά-τροπος, *ov*, various in dispositions.

διατροφή, *ή*, (διατρέφω) sustenance, support.

δια-τροχάζω, *f. σω*, of a horse, to *trot*.

δια-τρύγιος, *ov*, (διά, τρύγη) planted with vines, ripening one after the other.

διατρύφεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of διαθρύπτω.

δια-τρῶγω, *f. —τρώξομαι*: aor. 2 διετράγων:—to *nibble, gnaw through*.

δι-άττω or δι-άττω, fut. διάξω, Att. for διαίσσω.

δια-αυγάζω, *f. σω*, to *shine through, dawn*.

δια-αυγής, *ές*, (διά, αυγή) transparent, radiant.

διαυλο-δρόμης, *ov, ό*, (διαυλος, δρόμος) a runner in the race.

δι-αυλος, *ό*, (dis, αυλος) a double pipe or channel: in the race, a double course, where the runner ran to the furthest point of the στάδιον, turned round the post, and ran back by the other side: metaph., διαυλοι κυμάτων ebb and flow, Lat. *fluctus reciproci*. II. a strait.

διαφᾶγνυμι, aor. 2 inf. of διασθίω, to bite through.

διαφάνθη [*α*], and διαφάνθη, Adv. openly. From

δια-φαίνω, *f. —φᾶνω*: (for the tenses, *v. φαίνω*):—to *shew through, make to shine through*. II. Pass., aor. 2 —εφάνην [*α*], to *be seen, appear through*. 2. to *glow, to be red-hot*. 3. metaph. to *be proved*: to *be conspicuous among others*. III. intr. in Act. to *dawn*. 2. to *be transparent*. Hence

διαφάνης, *ές*, seen through, transparent. 2. glowing, red-hot. II. metaph. well-known, manifest: illustrious:—Adv. —νώς, manifestly.

δια-φάσκω, Ion. —φῶσκω: (διά, φᾶος):—to *shew light through, dawn*.

δια-φεγγής, *ές*, (διά, φέγγος) transparent.

διαφερόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of διαφέρω, differently from: especially, extremely.

δια-φέρω:—fut. διοίσω and διοίσομαι, formed from *οῖω:—aor. I διήνεγκα, Ion. διήνεικα; aor. 2 διήνεγκον formed from *ένέγκω: (*v. φέρω*):—to *carry over or across*. 2. to *carry different ways: to tear asunder; διαφέρειν τὴν ψήφον* to give their votes a different way, i. e. against one; but also to determine by vote: metaph. to *disperse reports*. 3. to *carry through, bring to perfection*. 4. to *bear through, endure, go through with*. 5. absol. to *continue, to live*. II. intr. to *differ, to be different from*. 2.

impers., διαφέρει μοι it makes a difference to me, οὐ διαφέρει it makes no difference; τὰ διαφέροντα points of difference. 3. to *be different from* a man, to *surpass, excel him*. III. Pass. to *differ or be at variance with, quarrel with*.

δια-φεύγω, *f. —φεύξομαι*: aor. 2 —έφυγον: pf. —πέφευγα: (*v. φεύγω*):—to *flee through, get away, escape*. Hence

διάφευξις, *εως, ή*, an escaping, means of escape.

δια-φημίζω, *f. ίσω*, to *make known, publish*.

δια-φθίρω: *f. —φθερώ* Ep. —φθέρσω: pf. —έφθαρκα:—to *destroy utterly, kill*: generally, to *spoil, harm*. 2. to *lead astray, corrupt, ruin*: esp. to *bribe: to seduce*. II. Pass., fut. —φθαρήσομαι, also fut. med. —φθαρούμαι, Ion. —φθερέομαι: aor. 2 —εφθάρην [*α*]: pf. —έφθαρμαι:—to *be destroyed, go to ruin, perish*: esp. to *be disabled*: διεφθαμένος corrupt. III. the perf. διέφθορα is sometimes intr. to *be deranged, mad*: also to *be dead*. Hence

διαφθορά, *ό*, destruction, ruin, death. 2. in moral sense, corruption, seduction. 3. ιχθύσι διαφθορά a prey for fishes. Hence

διαφθορέυς, *εως, ό*, a corrupter, seducer.

δι-αφήμι, *f. ήσω*, to *dismiss, disband*.

δια-φοιβάζω, *f. σω*, to *drive mad*:—Pass. to *rave*.

δια-φοιτάω Ion. —έω, *f. ήσω*, to *wander abroad, run about*: to *get abroad*.

διαφορά, *ή*, (διαφέρω) difference, distinction. 2. variance, disagreement. II. distinction, excellence. III. advantage, profit.

δια-φορέω, *f. ήσω*, to *drag about, spread abroad*. 2. to *carry off as plunder, to plunder*: also to *rend in pieces, destroy*. II. to *carry through or across*. Hence

διαφόρησις, *εως, ή*, a plundering.

διάφορος, *ov*, (διαφέρω) different, unlike. 2. differing with another: at variance with. II. superior, excellent. 2. advantageous, profitable. III. as Subst., διάφορον, τό, difference: disagreement.

διάφορος, Adv. of διάφορος, variously. 2. at variance. 3. excellently.

διάφραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (διαφράσσω) a partition-wall. II. the membrane which divides the lungs from the stomach, the midriff.

δια-φράγνυμι, = διαφράσσω.

δια-φράζω, to tell clearly: Ep. aor. 2 διεπέφραδον.
 δια-φράσσω, f. ξω, to separate by a fence.
 δια-φρέω, f. -φρήσω, (διά, φρέω, which only occurs in compos., v. εἰσφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let through, let out.

δια-φυγγάνω, = διαφεύγω.
 διαφύγη, ἡ, (διαφεύγω) a means of escape.
 διαφύτη, ἡ, (διαφύω) any natural partition, as the joints in bodies: a cleft, division, as in nuts.
 δια-φύλασσω, Att. -τρω, f. ξω, to watch vigilantly, preserve: keep, maintain.
 δια-φύσσω, f. ἦσω, to blow or breathe through. II. to blow away: Pass. to be scattered by the winds, vanish.

δι-ἄφύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I διήφυσσα:—to draw out, draw off. II. to tear up, rend.

δια-φύω, f. φύσω, to make to grow through. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. διέφυν, pf. διαπέφυκα:—to intervene; χρόνος διέφυ time elapsed.

δια-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to sound discordantly, to disagree.
 δια-φώσκω, Ion. for διαφάσκω.

δια-χάζω or -χάζομαι, to draw back, withdraw.
 δια-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]:—to loosen: to open, unbar. II. to make supple by exercise.

δια-χάσκω, to gape wide, yawn.
 διαχέαι, aor. I inf. of διαχέω.

δια-χειμάζω, f. ἄσω, to pass the winter.
 δια-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to have in hand, conduct, manage. Hence

διαχειριστής, εως, ἡ, management, administration.
 δια-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to choose between two persons or things by show of hands, or by open vote. Hence

διαχειροτονία, ἡ, a choice between two persons or things.

δια-χέω, f. -χεῖω: aor. I -έχεα, Ep. -έχευα:—to pour different ways: to pour out, dissolve: of metals, to soften, melt: also to disperse: metaph. to confound. II. Pass. to be poured from one vessel into another: to be melted: to fall to pieces:—metaph. to be relaxed.

δια-χλευάζω, to mock greatly.
 δια-χόω, old form for διαχώννυμι; in inf., διαχοῦν τὸ χῶμα to complete the mound.

δια-χράομαι: f. ἦσομαι, with Dor. 3 sing. διαχρησείται:—to use constantly: also to meet with, suffer under.

II. c. acc. pers. to destroy, slay.
 δια-χρέομαι Ion. for foreg.: διαχρέωμαι, Ion. subj.

δια-χώννυμι, f. -χῶσω, to carry a mound across.
 δια-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go or pass through: impers., κάτω διεχέρει αὐτοῖς they laboured under diarrhoea.

δια-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to separate.
 δια-ψαίρω, to sweep away, blow away.

δια-ψεύδω or -ψεύδομαι, to deceive utterly. II. διαψεύδομαι also as Pass., aor. I διεψεύσθην: pf. διεψέψευμαι:—to be deceived, mistaken.

δια-ψηφίζομαι: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to vote with pebbles: decide by votes. Hence

διαψηφιστής, εως, ἡ, a deciding by vote.

δια-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh: of ships, to haul high and dry: to make water-tight.

δί-βολος, ov, (δῖς, βάλλω) two-pointed. [r]
 δι-γληνος, ov, (δῖς, γλήνη) with two eyeballs.

δι-γλώσσος, Att. -ττος, ov, (δῖς, γλώσσα) speaking two languages Lat. *bilinguis*: as Subst., διγλωσσος, ὁ, an interpreter. II. double-tongued.

δί-γυος, ov, (δῖς, *γένω) twice-born:—twin; double.
 διδαγμα, ατος, τό, (διδάσκω) a lesson.

διδακτική, Dor. for διδάσκει.
 διδακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) apt at teaching.

διδακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) of things, taught: that can be taught: that ought to be taught. II. of persons, taught, instructed.

διδάξω, fut. of διδάσκω.
 διδάξις, εως, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching, instruction.

διδασκάλειον, τό, (διδάσκω) a teaching-place, school.
 διδασκαλία, ἡ, (διδάσκω) teaching: education, training. II. the rehearsing of a drama: cf. διδάσκω II.

διδασκαλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (διδάσκω) fit for teaching, instructive. Adv. -κῶς, instructively.

διδασκάλιον, τό, (διδάσκω) a science, art.
 διδάσκαλος, ὁ and ἡ, (διδάσκω) a teacher, master: a dramatic poet was called διδάσκαλος, because he himself taught the actors.

διδασκεμένα, -έμεν, Ep. inf. of διδάσκω.
 διδασκῆσαι, poet. for διδάξει, aor. I inf. of διδάσκω: fut. διδάξω: aor. I ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα (as if from διδασκῆω): pf. δεδίδαχα: (redupl. causal-form of *δῶω):—to teach; with double acc., ἵπποσίννας σε ἐδίδαξαν they taught thee riding:—Med. to have a person taught; also, to teach oneself, learn: Pass. to be taught, to learn. II. διδάσκειν is used of the scenic poets, who taught the actors their parts. Hence

διδαχή, ἡ, teaching: doctrine.
 διδῆμι, Ep. for δέω, to bind, fetter: 3 pl. pres. διδέασι: 3 sing. imperf. διδῆ, Ep. for ἐδίδῃ.

διδοῖς or διδοῖσθα, διδοῖ, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. pres. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω.

διδόμεν, διδόμεναι, διδοῦναι, Ep. forms for δίδουαι, inf. of δίδωμι.

δίδω, 2 sing. imperat. and Ep. 3 sing. impf. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδῶω: δίδουν inf.; διδοῦσι 3 plur.

διδράσκω: fut. δράσομαι [ᾶ]: pf. δέδρακα: aor. 2 ἔδραβ, inf. δράναι, part. δράς, imperat. δράθι, subj. δράν, opt. δράνῃ: Ion. διδρήσκω, f. δρησομαι, aor. 2 ἔδρην: (*δρᾶω):—to run away, escape.

δι-δραχμος, ov, (δῖς, δράχμη) of two drachms; δι-δραχμοὶ ὄπλιται soldiers with pay of two drachms a day. II. διδραχμον, τὸ, a double drachm, = half a shekel, paid annually to the treasury at Jerusalem.

διδύμη-άνωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, τό, (δίδυμος, ἀνήρ) touching both the men. [ᾶ]

διδύμη-τόκος, ov, Dor. for διδυμητόκος, (δίδυμος, τεκνῶν) bearing twins.

διδύμια, ovos, ὁ, ἡ, (δίδυμος) a twin-brother. [ᾶ]

διδύμος, poet. for δίδυμος.

διδύμο-γενής, ές, (διδυμος, *γένω) twin-born.
 διδύμος, η, ον, or os, ον, (dis) double, twofold; δι-
 δυμος κασίγνητος a twin-brother; διδυμοι twins.
 διδῶν, = διδοίην, opt. of δίδωμι.
 διδῶθι, Ep. for διδοθι, imperat. of δίδωμι.
 δίδωμι: fut. δώσω: aor. I ἔδωκα; aor. 2 ἔδωα: pf.
 ἔδωκα:—Med., aor. 2 ἐδόμη:—Pass., fut. δοθήσο-
 μαι: aor. 2 ἐδόθη: pf. δέδομαι: (*δώ):—to give,
 give freely, present:—in pres. and impf. to offer. 2.
 of the gods, to grant: so of the laws, to permit or
 sanction. 3. to devote, offer to the gods: to give
 up, surrender, in good or bad sense. 4. of parents,
 to give their daughter to wife. 5. διδόναι ἑαυτὸν
 τινα to put oneself in his power. 6. δίδοναι δίκην,
 v. sub δικη. II. in vows, to grant, allow, cause
 to be: δός με τίσασθαι give me to avenge my-
 self. II. seemingly intr. to give oneself up, de-
 vote oneself.
 διδῶν, part. of δίδωμι, formed from *διδοῦ.
 διδώσω, Ep. for δώσω, fut. of δίδωμι.
 διε, vocat. of διος, godlike.
 διε, poet. for ἔδιε, 3 sing. impf. of διῶ.
 διέβην, aor. 2 of διαβαίνω.
 διεβίω, aor. 2 of διαβίω.
 διεβλήθην, aor. I pass. of διαβάλλω.
 δι-εγγυάω, f. ἦσω, to give bail for: Med. to take
 bail for:—Pass. to be bailed, set free on his se-
 curity.
 δι-εγείρω, to arouse: Ep. aor. 2 pass. διέγρετο, he
 was aroused, awaked.
 διεγερθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of διεγείρω.
 διέγων, aor. 2 of διαγιγνώσκω.
 διεδασάμην, aor. I of διαδατέομαι.
 διεβέξα, Ion. for διέδειξα, aor. I of διαδείκνυμι.
 διεδηλσάμην, aor. I of διαδηλόομαι.
 διεδίδοδο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδόθην, aor. I pass. of διαδίδωμι.
 διεδράμον, aor. 2 of διατρέχω.
 διέδρα, aor. 2 of διαδράσκω.
 διέδυν, aor. 2 of διαδύω or διαδύομαι.
 διέεργον, poet. impf. of διέργω, διέργω.
 διέην, impf. of διαΐω.
 διέλωσα, aor. I of διαζώννυμι.
 διέλωσμαι, pf. pass. of διαζώννυμι.
 διεθείωσα, aor. I of διαθειώω.
 διέθου, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of διατίθημι.
 διείδον, inf. διείδεν, aor. 2 of διοράω, which supplies
 the pres., to look through, discern, distinguish.
 διελεγμαί, pf. pass. of διαλέγομαι.
 διελημμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of διαλαμβάνω,
 distinctly, precisely.
 διέληφα, pf. of διαλαμβάνω.
 διέλιον, aor. 2 of διαλύω.
 δι-εμι, fut. διείσομαι: (διά, εἶμι ἴδο):—to go about:
 to go away. II. c. acc. to pass or go through:
 hence to discuss a subject.
 δι-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (διαγορεύω being
 used instead); inf. διειπεῖν, poet. διαιπεῖν: fut. διερώ:

pf. διέρηκα: (διά, εἶπον):—to tell at length, detail,
 explain. II. to speak one with another, converse.
 δι-είρω, f. ἔω: Ep. and Ion. διέργω, Ep. also δι-
 εέργω:—to keep asunder or apart: to keep off. II.
 intr. to lie between.
 διέρηκα, used as pf. of διειπεῖν, to say clearly.
 δι-είρομαι, poet. for δι-έρομαι, to question closely.
 δι-είρω, Ion. for δι-έρω, to draw across.
 δι-είρω: aor. I διείρσα: perf. διείρκα:—to pass or
 draw a thing through.
 δι-ειρωνό-ξενος, ον, (διά, εἶρων, ξένος) dissembling
 with one's guests.
 δι-έκ, before a vowel δι-έξ, Prep. right through.
 διεκάνεξα, aor. I of διακανάσσω.
 διεκέρητο, 3 sing. plpf. pass. of διακρίνω.
 διεκλάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of διακλέπτω.
 δι-εκπεραίω, f. ἄνω, to bring quite to an end.
 δι-εκπεράω, f. ἦσω and ἄσω, to pass out through. II.
 to pass by, overlook.
 δι-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. -πλώω, aor. I -έπλω-
 σα:—to sail out through: to sail out. II. in
 naval tactics, to break the enemy's line by sailing
 through it. Hence
 διέκπλους, contr. διέκπλους, ὁ, a sailing across or
 through. 2. a breaking the enemy's line in a sea-fight.
 δι-εκπλώω, Ion. for διεκπλέω.
 δι-εκρίθην, Ep. for διεκρίθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of
 διακρίνω.
 δι-έκροος, ὁ, (διά, ἐκρέω) a channel through.
 διέλαθον, aor. 2 of διαλανθάνω.
 διέλασος, εως, ἡ, a driving through. II. a charge
 or exercise of cavalry. From
 δι-ελαύνω: fut. διελάσω, Att. διελῶ: (for the tenses,
 v. ἐλαύνω):—to drive through or across: to thrust
 through. II. intr. to drive or ride through.
 διελείν, aor. 2 inf. of διαίρω.
 διελείπιτο, plpf. pass. of διαλείπω.
 διελέλοιπα, pf. of διαλείπω.
 διελξάμην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελύσομαι, fut. of διαλύομαι.
 διελέχθην, aor. I of διαλέγομαι.
 διελθῆν, Ep. διελθμεν, aor. 2 inf. of διέρχομαι.
 διελίτιον, aor. 2 of διαλείπω.
 δι-έλω: fut. -ελκύσω [ῶ]: aor. I -έιλκύσα (v. ἔλω):
 —to tear asunder, pull open; διέλκειν τοὺς ὀφθαλ-
 μούς. 2. to pull through. 3. to keep on drinking.
 διελύθην [ῶ], aor. I pass. of διαλύω.
 διελυμάνθη, aor. I of διαλυμάνομαι.
 ΔΙΕΜΑΙ, Pass. (as if from *δίμη) to speed, press on.
 δι-εμαρτύω [ῶ], 2 sing. aor. I of διαμαρτύρομαι.
 διέμεινα, aor. I of διαμένω.
 δι-εμπολάω: fut. ἦσω: pass. pf. διημπόλημαι:—to
 make merchandise of, sell, dispose of: hence to betray.
 δι-ενέγκαι, Ion. -ενείκαι, aor. I inf. of διαφέρω:
 διενεγχθήμαι, aor. I inf. pass.
 δι-ενθυμέομαι, Med. to think within oneself.
 δι-εναυτίω, f. ἴσω, (διά, ἐναυτός) to live out the year.
 διένται, 3 pl. of διεμαίω.

δι-εντέρημα, atos, τό, (διά, έντερον) a looking through entrails:—Comic word for sharp-sightedness.

δι-εξάισσω contr. -άισσω Att. -άπτω: fut. ἄξω: to rush or spring forth.

δι-έξιμι, (διά, έξιμί) to go out through: to pass through: hence to count over, to number.

δι-εξελαίνω: f. -ελάσω [ἄ] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive through. II. intr. to ride or march through or across.

δι-εξελλίσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to unroll, untie.

δι-εξερέομαι, to question closely.

δι-εξερευνάω, f. ήσω, to examine closely.

δι-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ήλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. έρχομαι):—to go out through, pass through: get to the end of. 2. to go through in order: to set forth, recount in full. II. intr. to be past, gone by, of time.

δι-εξηγέομαι, strengthd. for έξηγέομαι.

δι-έξιμι, f. ήσω, to let go through, give free passage. II. intr. (sub. έαυτόν), of a river, to empty itself.

διεξιμένοι, Ep. inf. of διέξιμι.

δι-έξοδος, ή, a way out through, a passage, outlet: the issue or event of a thing: also the sun's orbit. II. a full account.

δι-εξυφαίνω, f. άνώ, to finish the web.

δι-εορτάζω, f. σω, to keep the feast throughhout.

διεπέπαιυτο, 3 pl. plrpf. of διαπαύω.

διεπεράβην [ἄ], aor. I of διαπεράομαι.

διεπεραιώθην, aor. of διαπεραιώω.

διεπεράσα, aor. I of διαπεράω.

διεπεφράδον, Ep. aor. 2 of διαφράζω.

διέπλεξα, aor. I of διαπλέκω.

διέπλευσα, aor. I of διαπλέω.

διέπνευσα, aor. I of διαπνέω.

διεπορεύθην, aor. I of διαπορεύομαι.

διεπράθον, -όμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of διαπέρθω.

διεπτάμην or -όμην, aor. 2 of διαπέταμαι.

διεπτοίγησα, Ep. aor. I of διαπτοέω.

διέπτυσξα, aor. I of διαπτύσσω.

διεπύθδομην, aor. 2 of διαπυθάνομαι.

δι-έπω, f. ψω, to manage, order, arrange.

δι-εργάζομαι: f. άσσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: plrpf. -είργασμην: Ion. -έργασμαι, -εργάσμην: aor. I pass. ειεργάσθην: Dep. :-to work at, esp. of land, to cultivate it. II. to destroy, ruin, kill, Lat. conficere: also plrpf. in pass. sense, διεργαστο τὰ πράγματα, Lat. actum erat de rebus, the affairs were ruined.

δι-έργω, Ep. and Ion. for διείργω.

δι-ερείδω, f. σω, to prop up:—Med. to lean upon.

δι-ερέσσω: fut. διερέσω: aor. I διήρεσα, poet. διήρεσσα:—to row about, χειρῶ διερέσειεν to swim: to swing about.

δι-ερευνάω, f. ήσω, to search through, examine closely. Hence

διερευνητής, οὔ, ό, a scout or vidette.

διερμηνευτής, οὔ, ό, an interpreter. From

δι-ερμηνεύω, f. σω, to interpret, expound.

• δι-έρομαι, Ep. for διείρομαι.

ΔΙΕΡΡΟΨ, ά, όν, moist, fresh, juicy: metaph. of men, fresh, quick, active: later, wet, liquid.

δι-έρπω, f. ψω, to pass through.

διέρρηξα, διέρρωγα, aor. I and pf. of διαρρήγνυμι.

διέρρηκα, διέρρηνγα, pf. and aor. 2 of διαρρέω.

δι-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. -ήλθον: Dep.:—to go through or across, pass through. 2. to come to the end, arrive at. II. intr. to pass, of time: to go abroad, prevail, of a report. III. to go through, narrate.

διερῶ, used as fut. of διείπων.

δι-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to cross-question, to question continually. Διέσθαι, inf. of διέμαι: also pres. inf. med. of δίω. δι-εσθίω, fut. διέδομαι, to eat through.

διεσκεδάσα, aor. I of διασκεδάννυμι.

διέσκεπμαι, pf. of διασκοπέω:—hence δι-εσκεμμένος, Adv. of the part., prudently, considerately.

διεσκορπισμαι, pf. pass. of διασκορπίζω.

διεσπάρην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of διασπείρω.

διεσπάσα, διεσπάσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διασπάω. διεσπαραι, pf. pass. of διασπάω. διέσπερα, aor. I of διασπείρω.

διέσπυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of διασειώμαι.

διεστέλλαμην, aor. I med. of διαστέλλω.

δι-έστην, διέστηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of διέστημι.

διέστηχον, aor. 2 of διαστείχω.

διέστραμμαi, pf. pass. of διαστρέφω.

διεστράφην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of διαστρέφω.

δι-εστώς, perf. part. of διίστημι.

διεσφηκωμένος, pf. part. pass. of διασφηκώομαι.

διέσχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of διέχω.

διέσχισα, διεσχίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of σχίζω.

διέταξα, aor. I of διατάσσω.

διεταράχθην, aor. I pass. of διαταράσσω.

διεθερβύλητο, 3 sing. plrpf. pass. of διαθρῦλω.

δι-ετής, ές, (dis, έτος) of two years: two years old.

δι-ετήσιος, ον, (διά, έτος) lasting through the year.

δι-ετία, ή, (διετής) the space of two years.

διετήμαγην, Ep. for διετημάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of διατημάγω: διέτμαγον, aor. 2 act.

διέτμαξεν, Dor. for διετημαξεν, aor. I of διατημάγω.

δι-ετραπόμην, διετράπην, aor. 2 med. and pass. of διατρέπω. δι-ευκρινέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εύκρινής) to separate accurately, arrange carefully in order.

δι-ευλαβέομαι, Dep. to take good heed, beware of.

δι-ευνώω, f. άσω, to lay asleep.

δι-ευτύχέω, f. ήσω, (διά, εύτυχής) to continue prosperous, to prosper throughhout. διεφάνην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of διαφαίνω.

δι-εφθάρατο, Ion. for διεφθαμένοι ήσαν, 3 pl. plrpf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφθάρην [ἄ], aor. 2 of διαφθείρω.

δι-έφθορα, intrans. pf. of διαφθείρω.

διεφύγον, aor. 2 of διαφεύγω.

δι-έχω, f. διέξω, to keep apart, divide. II.

intrans. to go quite through: to stretch across, reach. 2. to stand apart, be distant:—of time, to intervene.

ΔΙ΄ΖΗΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. δίξηται: Dep.:—to seek out: to seek after, try for a thing. II. to seek the meaning of.

III. c. inf. to demand or require that.

δίξομαι, = δίξημαι.

δίξυγος, on, and δίξυξ, υγος, ό, ή, (δίσ, ζυγόν) doubly-yoked, double.

ΔΙ΄ΖΩ, Ep. impf. δίξον, to be in doubt, at a loss.

δίξωος, on, (δίσ, ζωή) amphibious: living twice over.

διηβολία, ή, Ion. for διαβολία.

διηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of διάγω.

διηγέεαι, aor. 1 of διαγγέλλω.

διηγέομαι, Dep. to describe or narrate in full.

διήγησις, εως, ή, (διηγέομαι) narration, the statement of the case.

διηρίος, on, Ion. for διαίριος, through the air.

διηθέω, f. ήσω, to strain through, filter, sift. 2. to wash out, cleanse. II. intrans., of the liquid, to filter through, percolate.

διηκονέω, διήκονος, Ion. for διακ—.

διηκόνοια, διηκόνησα, impf. and aor. 1 of διακονέω.

διηκόσιοι, αι, α, Ion. for διακόσιοι.

διηκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίζω.

διηκυλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of διαγκυλίδω.

διήκω, f. ήω, to go through, extend along or betwixt. II. to persuade, fill.

διήλασα, aor. 1 of διελαύνω.

διήλθον, aor. 2 of διέρχομαι.

διήλιφής, ές, (διά, άλείφω) smeared all over.

διηλλάγην, διηλλάχθην, aor. 2 and 1 pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διήλλαχα, διήλλαγμαί, pf. act. and pass. of διαλλάσσω.

διημάτηκα, διήμαρτον, pf. and aor. 2 of διαμαρτάνω.

διημερεύω, f. σω, (διά, ήμέρα) to pass the whole day.

διημιλλήθην, aor. 1 of διαμιλλάομαι.

διήνεγα, aor. 1 of διαφέρω: whence

διηνεκής, ές, stretching evenly along, stretching the whole length, unbroken, uninterrupted. Adv. διηνεκέως, Att. —κώς, from beginning to end: clearly, distinctly.

διήνεμος, on, (διά, άνεμος) wind-swept.

διηνοιχθην, aor. 1 pass. of διανοίγω.

διήνυλα, aor. 1 of διανύω.

διήνυσα, διήνυκα, aor. 1 and pf. of διανύω.

διήξα, aor. 1 of διαίξω: but διήξα aor. 1 of διήκω.

διήξα, aor. 1 of διάξω, contr. for διαίξω.

διηπορήθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαπορέω.

διηπόρου, impf. of διαπορέω.

διήρα, aor. 1 of διαίρω.

διήρεσα, aor. 1 of διερέσσω.

διηρέθην, aor. 1 pass. of διαίρω.

διηρημαι, pf. pass. of διαίρω.

διήρης, es, (δίσ, *άρω) double: διήρης μέλαθρον, an upper story, upper chamber.

διήρθρον, διήρθρωσα, impf. and aor. 1 διαρθρώω.

διήρκα, pf. of διαίρω.

δίηται, 3 sing. pres. subj. med. of δία.

διήγησα, διητήθην, aor. 1 act. and pass. of διαιτάω.

διηφύσα, aor. 1 of διαφύσσω.

διθάλασσος Att. —τος, on, (δίσ, θάλασσα) between two seas, where two seas meet, Lat. bimāris.

δίθηκτος, on, (δίσ, θήγω) twice-sparened, two-edged.

διθρονος, on, (δίσ, θρόνος) two-throned.

διθύραμβο-διδασκάλος, ό, (διθύραμβος, διδάσκαλος) the dithyrambic poet who taught his chorus.

διθύραμπο-ποιός, ό, (διθύραμβος, ποιέω) a dithyrambic poet.

διθύραμβος, ό, the dithyramb, a kind of lyric poetry. II. epith. of Bacchus. (Deriv. unknown.)

δίθυρσος, on, (δίσ, θύρσος) with two thyrsi.

Δι΄, dat. of Ζεύς; v. *Δίς.

διΐδεν, inf. of διείδω.

διΐημι, fut. —ήσω: (for the tenses, v. ήμι):—to send through or across, let go through. 2. to thrust through. II. to dismiss, disband. 2. to dissolve, melt; διέμενος aor. 2 part. med., in pass. sense, being melted.

διΐθύνω, to direct by steering straight.

διΐκνεόμαι, fut. —ίξομαι; aor. 2 —ίκνω: Dep.:—to go through, in telling a story. II. to reach.

Διΐ-πετής, ές, (Διός, *πέτω, Root of πίπτω) fallen from Zeus, i. e. from heaven, epith. of streams swollen by rain: later, heaven-sent, divine, holy, pure.

Διΐ-πέτης, es, (Διός, πέτομαι) hovering in air.

διΐστεών, verb. Adj. of διειδέναι, one must inquire.

διΐστημι, f. διαστήσω: aor. 1 διεστήσα:—to set apart, divide, distract. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. —έστην, pf. —έστηκα, plqpf. —έστηκην:—to stand apart, to be divided: hence 2. to differ, be at variance, quarrel. 3. to part after fighting. 4. to stand at certain distances or intervals. II. aor. 1 med.

διεστησάμην is used trans., to separate.

διΐσχυρίζομαι, Dep. to lean upon, rely on. II. to affirm confidently.

διΐχθαι, perf. inf. of δικάζομαι.

δικάζω: fut. δικάσω contr. δικώ: aor. 1 έδικάσα:—Pass., f. δικασθήσομαι, f. 3 δεδικάσομαι: aor. 1 έδικάσθην: pf. δέδικασμαι: (δική) I. c. acc. rei, to judge, adjudge: to decide, determine. 2. c. dat. to decide for a person, judge his cause. 3. absol. to be judge: to give judgment: generally, to come to a decision. II. Med. to plead, speak before the judges: absol. to go to law. III. Pass. to be brought before the judge, to be accused.

δικαία, ή, poet. for δική.

δικαιοσύνη, Ion. for δικαιοσύνη, inf. of δικαιοώ: δικαιοέσι, Ion. for δικαιοσί, 3 pl. pres.

δικαιο-κρίσία, ή, (δικαίω, κρίνω) just judgment.

δικαίό-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (δικαίος, πόλις) *just in public dealings.*

δικαίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (δική) *observant of right, righteous, just.* II. *equal, even : strict, exact.* III. *right, lawful, just.* 2. *fair, moderate.*—In phrase δικαίός εἰμι, with the infin., *I am bound to do, I have a right to do.*

δικαιοσύνη, ἡ, *justice, righteousness.*

δικαιοτήτης, ητος, ἡ, = δικαιοσύνη.

δικαίω: fut. ὦσα and ὠσομαι:—Pass., aor. ἔδικαίωθην: (δικαίος):—*to make right : to think right : to consent : also to claim as one's right : c. inf. to desire one to do.* II. *to judge : to condemn : to punish.* III. *to make just, hold guiltless, justify.*

δικαίωμα, ατος, τό, *an act of justice, the making good a wrong.* 2. *an acquittal, act of justification.* II. *a plea of right, just claim.*

δικαίως, Adv. of δικαίος, *justly, rightly.*

δικαίωσις, εως, ἡ, *a setting right, doing justice to : punishment.* II. *a claim, demand of right.* III. *judgment, good pleasure.*

δικᾶν, contr. for δικάσειν, fut. inf. of δικάζω.

δικᾶνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δική) *belonging to trials, judicial.* II. *skilled in law, lawyer-like.*

δικ-κάρηνος, ον, (δῖς, κάρηνος) *two-beaded.*

δικα-πόλος, ὁ, (δική, πολέω) *a law-giver, judge.*

δικαστηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of δικαστήριον, *a little court of justice.*

δικαστήριον, τό, (δικάζω) *a court of justice.*

δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δικάζω) *a judge or juror.*

δικαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (δικάζω) *of or for law or trials : τὸ δικαστικόν the juror's fee, at first one obol, afterwards three obols.* Adv. —κᾶς.

ΔΙΚΕΪΝ, inf. of ἔδικον, an aor. with no pres. in use, *to throw, hurl.*

δι-κέλλα, ης, ἡ, (δῖς, κέλλω) *a mattock or pickaxe with two teeth, Lat. bidens : cp. μάκελλα.*

δι-κέραϊος, ον, (δῖς, κεραία) *two-horned, two-pointed.*

δι-κερῶς, gen. ατος ο ω, ὁ, ἡ, neut. δίκερων (δῖς, κέρας) *two-horned.*

ΔΙΚΗ, ἡ, *right ; the orig. sense was custom, usage, manner ; ἡ γὰρ δική ἐστὶ γερόντων for this is the manner of old men ; acc. δίκην as Adv., in the way of, after the manner of.* II. *order, law, right.*

III. *in plur. judgments : generally, a sentence.*

IV. *an action at law, law-suit : properly, a private suit or action, opp. to γραφή (a public prosecution).* 2. *a trial.* 3. *the satisfaction or penalty awarded by the judge ; δίκην or δίκας δίδοναι to give satisfaction or suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare ; δίκας λαμβάνειν, = Lat. sumere poenas, to inflict punishment ; δίκην φεύγειν to be the defendant in the trial, opp. to δίκην διώκειν to prosecute.*

δικη-φόρος, ον, (δική, φέρω) *bringing justice, avenging : as Subst., δικηφόρος, ὁ, an avenger.*

δικίδιον, τό, Dim. of δική, *a little trial.*

δικλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (δῖς, κλίνω) *double-folding, of doors : as Subst., δικλάδες, αἱ, folding-doors.*

δικο-λέκτης, ον, ὁ, (δική, λέγω) *a pleader.*

δικο-λόγος, ὁ, = δικολέκτης.

δικορ-ράφος, (δική, βάπτω) *to get up a law-suit.*

δι-κόρυφος, ον, (δῖς, κορυφή) *two-beaded.*

δι-κράνος, ον, (δῖς, κράνον) *two-beaded, two-pointed, as Subst., δικάρανος, ὁ, a pitchfork.*

δι-κράτης, ἐς, (δῖς, κράτος) *colleague in power, jointly-ruling : double-slaying.*

δι-κροτος, ον, (δῖς, κροτέω) *double-beating : double-oared, with two banks of oars on a side.*

δικτυβόλω, f. ἦσα, *to cast the net.* From

δικτυ-βόλος, ον, (δίκτυον, βάλλω) *casting nets : as Subst., δικτυβόλος, ὁ, a fisherman.*

δίκτυες, οἱ, unknown animals of Libya.

Δίκτηνα or Δίκτυνα, ἡ, (δίκτυον) *epith. of Artemis the goddess of the chase.*

δικτυό-κλωστος, ον, (δίκτυον, κλώθω) *woven in meshes ; σπείρει δικτυόκλωστοι the net's meshy folds.*

ΔΙΚΤΥΟΝ, τό, *any net-work, a fishing-net : a hunting-net.* Hence

δικτυόμομαι, Pass. *to be caught in a net.*

δικωπέω, f. ἦσα, *to ply a pair of sculls : generally, to work double-banded ; and*

δικωπία, ἡ, *a pair of sculls.* From

δί-κωπος, ον, (δῖς, κώπη) *two-oared.*

διλογέω, f. ἦσα, (διλόγος) *to say again, repeat.* Hence

διλογία, ἡ, *repetition.* From

δι-λόγος, ον, (δῖς, λέγω) *saying twice, repeating.* II. *double-tongued, deceitful.*

δι-λογχος, ον, (δῖς, λόγχη) *with two spears : double-pointed, twofold.*

δι-λοφος, ον, (δῖς, λόφος) *with two crests.*

δι-μναῖος, α, ον, Att. δι-μνέως, ον, (δῖς, μνᾶ) *of or worth two minae ; διμναῖος ἀποτιμήσασθαι to value at two minae.*

διμοῖρία, ἡ, *a double share : double pay.* From

δι-μοῖρος, ον, (δῖς, μοῖρα) *divided between two ; as Subst., διμοῖρον, τό, a half-drachma.*

δίνεον, Ep. impf. of δίνεω.

δίνευμα, ατος, τό, *anything whirled round : a whirling, dancing.* From

δίνεω, f. εὔσω, aor. ἔδινευσα ; and δίνεω, f. ἦσα, aor. ἔδινισα : Ion. impf. δινεύεσκον :—Pass., aor. ἔδινθηθην, pf. δεδίνημαι : (δίνη):—*to make whirl or spin round : to drive round a circle.* II. *intr. and Pass. to whirl about in the dance : generally, to roam about.*

ΔΙΝΗ, ἡ, *a whirling : a whirlpool, eddy : a whirlwind.* Hence

δινήεις, εσσα, εν, *whirling, eddying.* II. *rounded.*

δινήθηαι, aor. ἰ pass. inf. of δίνεω.

δινήτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of δίνεω, *whirled round.*

ΔΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, like δίνη, *a whirl, eddy.* 2. *also the circular area where the oxen trod out the corn, a treshing-floor.* 3. *a large round goblet.*

δίνω, f. ὦσα, *to turn with a lathe, to round.*

δίνω, (δίνος) *to thresh out.*

διωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (διώω) turned on the lathe, rounded : worked round.

διξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for δισός, double.

Διο- or διο- in compos. means sprung from Jove (Δίς, Διός) or from the gods, hence excellent, god-like.

δι-ό, Conjunct. contr. for δι' ὅ, wherefore, on which account : therefore : with enclit. added, διόπερ, Lat. propter quod, propterea.

Διό-βολος, ον, (Δίς, Βάλλω) hurled by Jove.

Διο-γενέτωρ, ορος, ὅ, (Δίς, γενέτωρ) giving birth to Jove.

Διο-γενής, ἐς, (Δίς, *γένω) Jove-born.

Διό-γενητος, ον, contr. for Διογένητος, = Διογενής.

Διό-γονος, ον, = Διογενής.

δι-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel through.

δι-οδοπορέω, (διά, ὁδοίπος) to travel through.

δι-οδος, ἡ, (διά, ὁδός) a way through, thoroughfare, passage : the orbit of a star. 2. permission to pass, a pass-port, safe-conduct.

Διόθεν, (Δίς) Adv. sent from Jove.

δι-οίγγυμι or δι-οίγω, f. -οίγω, to open.

δι-οίσα, pf. of διείδω, to know the difference, distinguish, decide.

δι-οικέω, f. ἡσω : impf. διώκω : aor. I διέκισα : pf. διέκισα :—Pass., aor. I διέκισθην : pf. διέκισμαι, but also irreg. δεδιέκισμαι :—to manage, direct : to conduct the affairs of a state : to treat or feed in a certain way. II. to inhabit distinct places :—

Med. to live apart. Hence

διοικήσις, εως, ἡ, house-keeping : management, government. II. a government : a province, a diocese.

δι-οικίω : f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to make to live apart, to disperse :—Pass. to be scattered abroad.

δι-οικοδομέω, f. ἡσω, to build across, wall off.

διουστέον, verb. Adj. of διαφέρω (f. διοίσω) one must move round.

δι-οϊστέω, f. σω, to shoot an arrow through.

διοίω and διοίσομαι, fut. of διαφέρω.

δίοιτο, 3 sing opt. med. of δίο.

δι-οιχνέω, f. ἡσω, to go through : to wander about.

δι-οίχομαι : f. -οιχόσομαι : pf. -οίχημαι : Dep. :—to be quite gone by : of persons, to be clean gone, to have perished.

II. to be gone through, ended.

διοκοχή, ἡ, (δι-όκωα pf. of δι-έχω) a cessation.

δι-ολισθαίνω and -άνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip through, slip away from.

δι-όλλυμι : fut. -όλω, Att. -ολῶ : (for the tenses, v. ὄλλυμι) :—to destroy utterly, bring to naught : to put out of mind : hence to forget, opp. to σώζω. II.

Pass. and Med., with pf. διόλωα : to perish utterly.

δι-όλου, for διά, ὅλου, Adv., altogether.

δι-ομαλίω, f. σω, to be always even-minded.

Διομει-αλαζών, ὄνος, ὅ, (Διομεία, ἀλαζών) the brag-gart of the deme Diomeia.

δι-ὀμνύμι, fut. -ομοῦμαι : aor. I med. -ωμοσάμην :—to swear solemnly : to declare on oath.

δι-ομολογέω, f. ἡσω, to make an agreement : Pass. to be agreed on : Med. to agree mutually to a thing.

διον, acc. of διος : but διον Ep. for ἔδιον, impf. of διῶ.

Διονύσια (sub. ἑερά), τά, the feast of Διόνυσος or Bacchus, esp. at Athens : four distinct feasts in four consecutive months : viz. I. τὰ κατ' ἀγρούς or μικρά, in Poseideon (December). II. τὰ ἐν Λίμναις or Λήνια (in the Λίμναι, where the Λήνιασιν stood), in Gamelion (January). III. τὰ Ἀνθεστήρια, in Anthesterion (February). IV. τὰ μεγάλα, τὰ ἀστικά, τὰ κατ' ἄστυ, or simply τὰ Διονύσια, in Elaphebolion (March), the most famous of all. Hence

Διονυσιακός, ἡ, ὄν, belonging to the Dionysia, or to Dionysos.

Διόνυσος, ὁ, and poet. Διωνῦσος, Dionysos, Bacchus, god of wine, vineyards, and dramatic poetry. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Διό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, (Δίς, παῖς) son of Jove.

δι-όπερ, v. sub διο-.

Διο-πετής, ἐς, = Διιπέτης.

διοπετός, to be in charge of a ship's cargo. From διοςπος, ὁ, (διέπω) a director, ruler : a person in charge of a ship's cargo.

δι-οπτέω, f. σω, (διά, ὄψομαι) to watch accurately, spy about : to gaze upon.

δι-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a spy, scout.

δι-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (διόψομαι) a looker through.

δι-οράω, fut. διόψομαι, to see through, discern.

δι-όργυιος, ον, (δῖς, ὄργυια) two fathoms long.

δι-ορθέω, f. σω, to judge rightly of.

δι-ορθώω, f. ὠσω, to make straight : to set right : to make good, amend, correct, make amends for : to tell aright :—so also in Med. Hence

διόρθωμα, ατος, τό, a making straight, correction : amendment : and

διόρθωσις, εως, ἡ, a making straight, correcting, amending of a fault : reformation.

δι-ορίζω, Ion. -ουρίζω : f. ἴσω, Att. ἰῶ :—to divide by limits, separate. 2. to distinguish, determine, define : to ordain. II. to carry abroad, banish, Lat. ex-terminare. III. intr. to pass the boundaries.

δι-ορύνω, Pass. to bury through.

διορύνημα, aor. 2 pass. inf. of διορύνω.

διόρυγος, ατος, τό, a through-cut, a canal. From δι-ορύσσω, Att. -ῖτω : f. ἴω : (for the tenses, v. ὀρύσσω) to dig through : metaph. to undermine.

δι-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance a match with one.

Δίος, δία, διον, (Δίς) godlike, excellent, mighty : joined with a genit., δία θεῶν, δία γυναικῶν, with sup. force, most divine of goddesses, of women. 2. noble, honest, trusty. 3. divine, marvellous.

Δίος, gen. of Ζεύς ; v. *Δίς.

Διόσ-δοτος, ον, (Δίς, δίδωμι) given by Jove, heaven-sent.

Διο-σημία, ἡ, (Δίς, σῆμα) a sign from Jove, Lat. ostentum : a portent.

Διόσ-κοροι, οἱ, Att. and poet. for Διόσκοροι : (Δίς, κόρος, κούρος) sons of Jove, esp. the twins of Leda,

Castor and Pollux. II. the constellation named from them *the Twins*, Lat. *Gemini*. The Dioscouri were tutelary deities of sailors, cf. Hor. Carm. I, 3, 2. Hence

Διοσ-κούρειον, τό, *the temple of the Dioscouri*.

δι-ότι, Conjunction for διὰ τοῦτο ὅτι . . . , for the reason that, since, Lat. *quocirca*, *quamobrem*. 2. indirect, *wherefore*, for *what reason*. 3. interrogat. *wherefore?* II. = ὅτι, *that*.

διο-τροφής, ἑς, (Δίς, τρέφω) *cherished by Jove*.

δι-ουριζώ, Ion. for διοριζώ.

δι-ογλέω, f. ἦσω, *to answy exceedingly*.

δι-όψομαι, fut. of διοράω, formed from *διόππομαι.

δί-παις, παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, παῖς) *with two children*; θρήνος δίπαις a dirge *chanted by one's two children*.

δι-πάλαστος, ον, (δῖς, πάλαισθη) *two palms broad*.

δί-παλατος, ον, (δῖς, πάλω) *brandished with both bands*; δίπαλατα ξίφη *two-banded swords*.

δι-πήχυς, υ, (δῖς, πήχυς) *two cubits long, broad, etc.*

διπλάζω, (διπλάσιον) *to double*:—Pass. *to be doubled, to be made twofold*. II. intr., τὸ διπλάζον κακόν *the twofold evil*. Hence

δίπλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, *a double-folded mantle or cloak*. 2. δίπλακες are *ship-planks (which double one over the other)*, and ποῖτα, for *ships*, like Lat. *trabes*. II. as Adj., *folded double*.

διπλασιάζω, f. ἄσω, *to double*. From

διπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. διπλήσιος, η, ον, (δῖς) *double, twice as much, as many, etc.*: τὸ διπλάσιον *as much again*. Adv. -ως, *doubly*. Hence

διπλάσιόω, *to double*:—Pass. *to become twofold*.

δί-πλεθρος, ον, (δῖς, πλέθρον) *two πλέθρα long or broad*.

διπλή (sub. χλαῖνα), ἡ, *a cloak folded double*.

διπλή, Adv. *twice, twice over*.

διπλοῖζω, = διπλάζω.

διπλοῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a double cloak*. Hence

διπλόος, ὄη, ὄον, contr. διπλοῦς, ἡ, οὔν, *twofold, double*. 2. *doubled, bent double*. II. in plur., = ἄμφω or δύο, *both, two*. III. metaph. *double-minded, treacherous*, Lat. *duplex*, opp. to ἀπλοῦς.

(From δισ-; see ἀπλόος.)

διπλός, ἡ, ὄν, = διπλόος: neut. Comp. διπλότερον as Adv. *twice as much*.

διπλώω, f. ὠσω, (διπλόος) *to double, bend double*. II. *to repay twofold*.

δι-πόδης, ἐς, (δῖς, ποῦς) *two feet long, broad, etc.*

Δι-πόλεια, τὰ, contr. of Διπόλεια, (Δῖς, πόλις) an ancient *festival of Jove at Athens*. Hence

Δεῖπολι-ώδης, ἐς, (Δεπόλεια, εἶδος) *like the feast of the Dipoleia*, i. e. *obsolete, out of date*.

δι-πολος, ον, (δῖς, πολέω) *twice ploughed*.

δι-πορος, ον, (δῖς, πόρος) *with two passages*.

δι-πόταμος, ον, (δῖς, ποταμός) *lying between or on two rivers*.

δί-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, πούς) *two-footed*, Lat. *bipes*:—as Subst., δίπους, ὁ, a *Libyan kind of mouse, the jerboa*. II. *two feet long, broad, etc.*

δι-πρόσωπος, ον, (δῖς, πρόσωπον) *two-faced*.

δι-πτερύγος, ον, (δῖς, πτέρυξ) *two-winged*.

δι-πτύχως, ον, (δῖς, πτυχῆ) *folded together, doubled*; δίπτυχον δεκτίον, a *pair of tablets*. II. = δισ-σός, *twofold, two*, Lat. *geminus*.

δι-πύλος, ον, (δῖς, πύλη) *with two gates or entrances*.

δι-πύρος, ον, (δῖς, πῦρ) *with double lights*.

δί-ρῦμος, ον, (δῖς, ῥῦμός) *with two poles*.

δῖς, (δύο) Adv. *twice, double*.

-δῖς, inseparable Suffix, like -δε, signifying motion to a place, as in ἄλλυδῖς, οἰκαδῖς, χαμᾶδῖς.

*ΔΙΨ, an old nom., = Ζεύς, which appears in the oblique cases Δίος, Διΐ contr. Δί, Δία, and the Lat. *Dis, Diespiter, Dijovis*.

δισ-ἄβος, ον, Dor. for δισ-ἠβος, *twice young*.

δισ-ευνος, ον, (δῖς, εὐνή) *with two wives*.

δισ-θανής, ἑς, (δῖς, θανέν) *twice dead*.

δισκεύω, f. σω, = δισκέω.

δισκέω, f. ἦσω, (δῖσκος) *to pitch the quoit: generally, to throw, toss*. Hence

δισκῆμα, ατος, τό, *a thing thrown*. II. *the pitching of a quoit*.

δι-σκηπτρος, ον, (δῖς, σκῆπτρον) *two-sceptred*.

δῖσκος, ὁ, (δικεῖν) *a round plate, a quoit of stone; later of metal or wood*. II. *anything like a quoit: a trencher: a mirror*.

δισκ-οὔρα, τὰ, (δῖσκος, οὔρον) *a quoit's cast*.

δισ-μύριοι, αἰ, α, *twenty thousand*: sing. δισμύριος, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος δισμυρία 20,000 horse.

δισσ-ἄρχης, ον, ὁ, (δισσός, ἀρχω) *partners in sway, joint-ruling*.

δισσός ἄττ. διττός Ion. διξός, ἡ, ὄν: (δῖς) *two-fold, double: also divided, disagreeing, doubtful*.

δισσῶς, Adv. of δισσός, *doubly*.

διστάζω, f. ἄσω, (δῖς) *to doubt, be at a loss*.

δί-στιχως, ον, (δῖς, στίξ) *of two rows, lines, or verses*: as Subst., διστίχων, τό, an *elegiac couplet*.

δί-στολος, ον, (δῖς, στέλλω) *in pairs, two together*.

δί-στομος, ον, (δῖς, στόμα) *double-mouthed, with two entrances, double*. II. of a weapon, *two-edged*.

δί-σύλλαβος, ον, (δῖς, συλλαβή) *of two syllables*.

δισ-χιλίοι [χι], αἰ, α, *two thousand*: also in sing., δισχιλῖος, α, ον, with collective nouns, as, ἵππος δισχιλία 2000 horse.

δι-τάλαντος, ον, (δῖς, τάλαντον) *worth or weighing two talents*.

δι-τόκος, ον, (δῖς, τεκεῖν) *twice or twice bearing*.

διττός, etc., v. sub δισ-.

δί-υγρος, ον, *thoroughly wet: melting*.

δι-ύλιζω, (διά, ἕλη) *to strain or filter thoroughly: to strain off*.

δι-υπνίω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, *to wake from sleep*: so also in Med.

διφάσιος, α, ον, *twofold, double*, Lat. *bifarius*: in Ion. used also for δύο.

ΔΙΦΑ'Ω, Ion. -έω, *to dive after: seek after, hunt for*. Hence

διφήτωρ, opos, ὁ, a searcher after.

διφθέρα, ἡ, (δέφω) a prepared hide, leather, and so opp. to δέρρεις which are unworked hides. II.

anything made of leather: a leathern garment worn by peasants: a leathern wallet. Hence

διφθέρινος, η, ov, of tanned leather.

δι-φθέρης, ἴδος, ἡ, = διφθέρα.

δι-φθογγος, ov, (δῖς, φθέγγομαι) with two sounds: as Subst., διφθογγος, ἡ, and διφθογγον, τό, a diphthong.

δι-φόρος, ov, (δῖς, φέρω) bearing fruit twice in the year, Lat. bifertus.

δίφραξ, ἄκος, ἡ, poet. for δίφρος, a seat, chair.

διφρέα, ἡ, (διφρέω) chariot-driving.

διφρ-ελάτερα, ἡ, fem. of διφρηλάτης.

διφρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a charioteer. From

διφρέω, f. σω, (δίφρος) to drive a chariot.

διφρηλάστια, ἡ, chariot-driving. From

διφρηλάτew, to drive in a chariot. From

διφρ-ηλάτης, ov, ὁ, (δίφρος, ἐλαύνω) a charioteer.

δίφριος, ov, (δίφρος) of a chariot: neut. pl. δίφρια as Adv., at the chariot-wheels.

διφρίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of δίφρος.

δί-φροντις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δῖς, φροντίς) of two minds, distraught in mind.

δίφρος, ὁ, and later ἡ, (contr. of διφέρως, bearing two), in plur. οἱ δίφροι or τὰ δίφρα:—the chariot-board, on which two could stand; the war-chariot: a travelling-chariot. II. generally, a seat, couch, stool.

διφρ-ουλίκεω, f. ἦσω, (δίφρος, ἔλκω) to draw a chariot.

διφροφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry a chair or litter:—Pass. to be carried or travel in one. II. to carry a camp-stool, as the female μέτοικοι had to do for the Athenian women in processions. From

διφρο-φόρος, ov, (δίφρος, φέρω) carrying a chair.

δι-φύης, ἐς, (δῖς, φύη) of double nature or form: generally, twofold, double.

δι-φυιος, ov, (δῖς, φύη) of two families.

δίχῶ, (δῖς) I. Adv. in two, asunder, apart. 2. at two, at variance: differently, oppositely. II.

Prep. with gen. apart from, without: differently from, unlike: like ἀνευ, against the will of: of Place, away from. 2. except. Hence

δίχᾶζω, f. ἄσω, to cleave asunder, disunite, make to disagree.

δί-χαλκον, τό, a double χαλκοῦς, a copper coin.

δί-χᾶλος, Dor. for δι-χρηλος.

διχῆ, Adv., = δίχα, in two: in two ways.

δί-χρηλος, ov, (δῖς, χρηλή) cloven-boofed. II. as Subst., διχρηλον, τό, a forceps, pincers.

διχρήτης, ἐς, (δίχα) divided.

διχθά, Adv., poet. for δίχα, like τριχθά for τρίχα, in twain. Hence

διχθάδιος, α, ov, double, divided. [α]

διχθάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διχθάδιος.

δίχθ-βουλος, ov, (δίχα, βουλῆ) adverse.

δίχο-γναμονέω, (δίχα, γνάμη) to differ in opinion.

δίχθθεν, (δίχα) Adv. on or from both sides.

δι-χοίνικος, ov, (δῖς, χοῖνιξ) holding 2 χοίνικες, i. e. nearly 3 pints.

δι-χόλωτος, ov, (δῖς, χολόομαι) doubly enraged.

διχό-μηνης, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, = διχόμηνος.

διχό-μηνος, ov, (δίχα, μήν) in the middle of the month, at or of the full moon.

διχό-μύθος, ov, (δίχα, μῦθος) double-speaking.

διχορ-παγής, ἐς, (δίχα, παγήναι) broken in twain.

διχορ-ροπος, ov, (δίχα, ρέπω) wavering. Adv. —ως, doubtfully.

διχοστασία, ἡ, a standing apart, quarrel, dispute: dissension. II. doubt. From

διχο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, στήναι) to stand apart, disagree.

διχό-στομος, ov, (δίχα, στόμα) = δίστομος.

διχο-τομέω, f. ἦσω, (δίχα, τέμνω) to cut in two, cut asunder.

διχοῦ, Adv., = δίχα.

διχό-φρον, ov, gen. onos, (δίχα, φρήν) apart in mind, at variance, discordant, disagreeing.

διχώς, Adv., like δίχα, doubly, in two ways.

ΔΙΨΑ, ης, ἡ, thirst. Hence

διψᾶλος, α, ov, thirsty, dry; and

διψᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of διψᾶλος.

διψᾶω, ῆς, ῆ, inf. διψῆν: impf. ἐδίψην, ης, η: fut. διψήσω: aor. I ἐδίψησα: pf. δεδίψηκα:—to thirst: of the ground, to be dry, parched. II. metaph. to thirst after, long earnestly for.

δίψιος, α, ov, (δίψα) thirsty, athirst, dry, parched.

δίψος, ἐος, τό, = δίψα, thirst.

δι-ψύχος, ov, (δῖς, ψυχή) double-minded, wavering.

ΔΙΨΩ, an Epic verb: in Act. always intr. to run away, take to flight, flee: to be afraid. II. in

Med., subj. διώμαι, δίηται, διώνται, opt. δίοιτο, inf. διεσθαι, mostly trans., to frighten away, chase, put to flight: to drive: to hunt: but 2. also, like δῖω,

to be afraid. [ζ]

διώγμα, atos, τό, (διώκω) a pursuit, pursuing, chase. II. that which is chased, 'the chase.'

διωγμός, ὁ, (διώκω) the chase. II. persecution, harassing.

δι-ώδυνος, ov, (δῖα, ὀδύνη) piercing with anguish.

δι-ωθέω, fut. —ωθήσω and —ώσω: (for the tenses, v. ὠθέω):—to push or tear away: Med. to push asunder for oneself, break through. 2. to thrust away:—

Med. to push from oneself, push away: to repulse, drive back. 3. to reject: to refuse.

διωκάθειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of διώκω.

διώκμεν, διώκόμεναι, pf. act. and pass. of διώκω.

διώκμα, διώκημα, pf. act. and pass. of διώκω.

διώκισα, διώκισθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διώκω.

διωκτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of διώκω, to be pursued, aimed at.

διωκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and διώκτης, ov, ὁ, a pursuer. From

διώκω, f. ξω or ξομαι: aor. I ἐδιώξα: poet. aor. 2 ἐδιώκαθον:—Pass., aor. I ἐδιώχθην: pf. δεδιώγαμ:

(δίω): I. to pursue, chase, hunt: of persons, to

seek after, follow closely:—Med. to chase.

II. to drive on drive away, chase away: to expel, to banish: διώκειν ἄρμα to drive a chariot; hence seemingly intr. to drive; also to speed, haste.

III. as law-term, to prosecute, bring an action against; ὁ διώκων the prosecutor, plaintiff, opp. to ὁ φεύγων the defendant.

δι-ωλένιος, ον, (διά, ὠλένη) with outstretched arms. διώλεσα, aor. I of διώλλωμι.

διωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of διώμνυμι.
δι-ώμοτος, ον, (διόμνυμι) on one's oath, bound by oath.
Διώνη, ἡ, Dioné, mother of Venus (Jove being the father).

II. daughter of Dioné, Aphrodité.

δι-ώνυμος, ον, (δῖς, ὄνυμα = ὄνομα) with two names: named together.

διώξι-κέλευθος, ον, (διώκω, κέλευθος) urging on the way.

διώξι-ἵππος, ον, (διώκω, ἵππος) horse-driving.
διώξις, εως, ἡ, (διώκω) a chasing: chase, pursuit. 2. as law-term, prosecution.

διώρισα, aor. I of διορίζω:—διώρισμαι, pf. pass. διώρισμαι, pf. pass. διορίσσω.

δι-ώρυγος, ον, more correct form of διόρυγος.
διώρυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (διερύσσω) dug or cut through: διάρυξ (sub. γῆ) ἡ, a trench, canal; κρυπτή διώρυξ a covered passage.

διώσα, aor. I of διώθειν.

δημηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of δαμάω: δμηθήτω, 3 sing. imperat., may be prevailed upon.

δημίσις, εως, ἡ, (δαμάω) a taming, breaking in.
δημίτερα, ἡ, a tamer, subduer; fem. of sq.

δημητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δαμάω) a tamer, breaker.
δημός, dual nom. of δῆμος.

δημῶ, dual nom. of δῆμος.

δοκέω, f. εὔσω, (δέχομαι) to watch closely, to lie in wait for.

ΔΟΚΕΩ; but many tenses are formed from pres.

*δόκω: fut. δοκήσω and δόξω: aor. I ἐδόκησα and ἐδόξα: pf. δεδόκηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκῆσθην: pf. δεδόκημαι and δεδογμαί:

I. to think, suppose, expect, imagine.

II. intr. to seem, appear: esp. in 3 sing. δοκεῖ, ἔδοξε, it seems good, seemed good: as Att. law-term, ἔδοξε τῇ βουλῇ, τῷ δήμῳ, it was decreed or enacted by. . . but also in 1 pers., δοκά μοι, I seem to myself, methinks, Lat. videor mihi; ἔδοξά μοι methought.

2. to appear to be something, to be of repute; οἱ δοκοῦντες εἰναί τι men who are held to be of some account.

3. aor. I neut. part. δόξαν, used absol., and plqpf. δεδογμένον, it having been resolved, Lat. quum statutum esset; so δοκοῦν, it being resolved, Lat. quum statueretur.

δόκη, ἡ, = δοχή, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy.

δόκημα, τό, (δοκέω) a vision, fancy. 2. an opinion, expectation.

δόκησις, εως, ἡ, (δοκέω) an opinion, belief: a conceit, fancy, suspicion.

II. good report, credit.

δοκηστ-σοφός, ον, (δόκησις, σοφός) wise in one's own conceit.

δοκιμάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐδοκίμασα:—Pass., aor. I ἐδοκιμάσθην: pf. δεδοκιμασμαι: (δοκιμος):—to assay metals: to prove, test: hence generally, to prove, to examine.

II. to approve, sanction: to hold as good, pure, after trial. Hence

δοκιμάσια, ἡ, an assay, proving, examination.

δοκιμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (δοκιμάζω) an assayer, examiner.

δοκιμή, ἡ, a proof, examination: approved character, Lat. probitas: and

δοκιμον, τό, proof, trial. From

δόκιμος, ον, (δέχομαι) tried, assayed, genuine: of persons, approved, esteemed, Lat. probus, probatus: of things, worthy, excellent; also notable, considerable. Adv. —ως, really, truly.

δοκίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of δοκίς, a stick.

ΔΟΚΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden beam or bar: a shaft.

δοκά, ὅς contr. οὐς, ἡ, = δόκησις, an opinion.

δολερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δύλος) deceitful, treacherous.

δολιό-μητις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (δύλος, μήτις) crafty-purposing.

δολιό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (δύλος, ποίς) of stealthy foot.

δύλος, α, ον, and os, ον, (δύλος) crafty, deceitful, treacherous, wily.

δολιό-φρων, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ονος, (δύλος, φρήν) crafty of mind, wily.

δολιχ-αυλος, ον, (δολιχός, αὐλός) with long tube or socket.

δολιχ-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (δολιχός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

δολιχ-ερχής, ἐς, (δολιχός, ἔρχος) with tall spear.

δολιχ-ήρεμος, ον, (δολιχός, ἔρεμος) of a ship, long-oared: of persons, using long oars.

δολιώ, f. ὠσω, (δύλος) to deal treacherously.

δολιχο-γράφια, ἡ, (δύλιχος, γράφω) prolix writing,

ΔΟΛΙΧΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, long : of Time, long, wearisome. II. as Subst., δολιχός, ὄ, the long course, in racing, opp. to the course of the στάδιον.

δολιχο-σκίος, ὄν, (δολιχός, σκιά) casting a long shadow; or **δολιχο-όσκιος**, (δολιχός, ὄσχος) with long shaft.

δολοίς, εσσα, εν, (δῶλος) subtle, wily. II. of things, craftily contrived, artful.

δολο-μήτης, ες, gen. εος, (δολός, μήθος) wily, crafty.

δολο-μήτης, ὄν, ὄ, and **δολο-μητις**, ι, gen. ιος, (δῶλος, μήτις) crafty-minded, wily.

δολο-μηχάνος, ὄν, (δῶλος, μηχανή) contriving wiles.

δολο-μῦθος, ὄν, (δῶλος, μῦθος) false-speaking.

δολοπλοκία, ἡ, subtlety, craft. From

δολο-πλοκός, ὄν, (δῶλος, πλέκω) weaving wiles.

δολο-ποιός, ὄν, (δῶλος, ποιέω) treacherous.

δολογραφία, ἡ, artful contrivance, subtlety. From

δολορ-ραφός, ὄν, (δῶλος, ράπτω) contriving wiles.

δῶλος, ὄ, (from ΔΕΛ-, the Root of δέλεαρ) properly a bait for fish: then a piece of deceit, any cunning contrivance: craft, cunning, treachery, Lat. dolus.

δολο-φόνος, ὄν, (δῶλος, *φένω) slaying by treachery.

δολο-φραδής, ἐς, (δῶλος, φράζω) wily-minded.

δολοφρονέων, ὄν, ὄν, (δολόφρων) craft-devising.

δολοφροσύνη, ἡ, subtlety, wiliness. From

δολο-φρων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, (δῶλος, φρήν) = δολοφραδής, crafty-minded.

δολῶς, f. ὄσω, (δῶλος) to beguile, ensnare. II.

to counterfeit, adulterate, disguise. Hence

δῶλμα, ατος, τό, a trick, deceit.

δῶλων, ὄνος, ὄ, (δῶλος) a small sail. II. a dagger.

δολ-ῶπις, ἰδος, ἡ, (δῶλος, ὤψ) artful-looking.

δῶλωσις, εως, ἡ, (δῶλος) a tricking, ensnaring.

δῶλα, ατος, τό, (δίδωμι) a gift.

δομαίος, α, ὄν, (δέμω) of or for building.

δόμεινα, δόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.

δόμονδε, Adv. home, homeward; ὄνδε δόμενδε to his own house. From

δόμος, ὄ, (δέμω) Lat. domus, a house; also the household. II. a part of the house, chamber, room.

III. anything that is built up; διὰ τριήκοντα δόμεν πλύνθου at every thirtieth layer of bricks.

δομο-σφάλης, ἐς, (δόμος, σφάλω) ruining the house.

δοναῖεσμαι, Dep. (δῶναξ) to catch birds with reed and birdlime.

δοναῖεύς, εως, ὄ, (δῶναξ) a thicket of reeds.

δονακίτις, ἰδος, fem. Adj. (δῶναξ) of reed.

δονακο-γλύφος, ὄν, (δῶναξ, γλύφω) reed-cutting.

δονακίεις, εσσα, εν, (δῶναξ) abounding in reeds;

δῶλος δονακίεις a reed covered with birdlime.

δονακο-τρέφος, ὄν, (δῶναξ, τρέφω) reed-producing.

δονακῶ-χλοος, ὄν, contr. -χλους, ὄν, (δῶναξ, χλοα) green with reeds.

δῶναξ Ion. δούναξ Dor. δῶναξ, ἄκος, ὄ, a reed, Lat. calamus, arundo. II. anything made of reed:

a dart, arrow. 2. a flute, shepherd's pipe. 3. a

fishng-rod or lined reed (see δονακίεις). 4. the bridge of the lyre. From

ΔΟΝΕΨ, f. ἤσω, to shake, stir: to excite, agitate: drive about:—Pass., ἡ Ἀσίη ἐδονέετο Asia was in commotion. Hence

δόνημα, ατος, τό, agitation, waving motion; and **δονητός**, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. shaken.

δόντες, nom. pl. of δούς, aor. 2 part. of δίδωμι.

δόξᾱ, ἡ, (δοκέω) a notion, opinion, Lat. visum: expectation. 2. a sentiment, judgment: esp. a philosophical opinion, Lat. placitum. 3. mere opinion, as opp. to knowledge. 4. a fancy, vision. II.

the opinion others have of one, one's reputation, Lat. existimatio: good report, credit, honour. 2. glory, splendour. Hence

δοξάζω, f. ὄσω, to hold an opinion, think, believe, judge. II. to glorify, extol. Hence

δοξασμα, ατος, τό, an opinion: a fancy.

δοξοκοπία, ἡ, love of popularity. From

δοξο-κόπος, ὄν, (δόξα, κόπτω) seeking popularity.

δοξο-μάνης, ἐς, (δόξα, μάνηαι) mad after glory.

Hence

δοξομανία, ἡ, mad love of glory.

δοξο-ματαιό-σοφος, ὄ, (δόξα, ματαιός, σοφός) a would-be philosopher.

δοξο-σόφος, ὄν, (δόξα, σόφος) wise in one's own conceit.

δοξῶς, f. ὄσω, to give one the character of being so and so: Pass. to have such a character.

δόξω, fut. of δοκέω: **δόξαι**, aor. I inf.

δόρα, ἡ, (δέρω) a skin, hide.

δόρατα, nom. pl., **δόρατι**, dat. sing., of δόρυ.

δοράτιον, τό, Dim. of δόρυ, a small spear, dart.

δορατο-πᾶχης, ἐς, (δόρυ, πάχος) of a spear-shaft's thickness.

δοράτος, gen. of δόρυ.

δορι-άλωτος, ὄν, (δόρυ) wooden.

δορι-άλωτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, ἄλωναί) captive of the spear, taken in war. [ᾶ]

δορι-γαμβρός, ὄν, (δόρυ, γαμέω) wooed by battle.

δορι-θήρατος, ὄν, (δόρυ, θηράω) taken by the spear.

δορι-κάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, κανεῖν) slain by the spear.

δορι-κμήης, ἦτος, ὄ, ἡ, (δόρυ, κάμω) slain by the spear.

δορι-κράνος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κράνον) spear-beaded.

δορι-κτητος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτάομαι) won by the spear.

δορι-κτύπος, ὄν, (δόρυ, κτυπέω) spear-clashing.

δορι-ληπτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, λαμβάνω) won by the spear.

δορι-μάνης, ἐς, (δόρυ, μανῆαι) raging with the spear.

δορι-μαργος, ὄν, (δόρυ, μάργος) raging with the spear.

δορι-μῆστωρ, ὄρος, ὄ, (δόρυ, μῆστωρ) master of the spear.

δορι-πάλτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πάλω) wielding the spear; χεῖρ δοριπάλτος, i. e. the right hand.

δορι-πέτις, ἐς, (δόρυ, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) fallen by the spear.

δορι-πληκτος, ὄν, (δόρυ, πλήσσω) stricken by the spear.

δορί-πους, *ον*, (δόρυ, πόνος) *toiling with the spear, bearing the brunt of war.*

δορι-σθενής, *ές*, v. sub δορυσθενής.

δορι-στέφανος, *ον*, (δόρυ, στέφανος) *crowned for bravery in war.*

δορι-τίνακτος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τινάσσω) *shaken by battle.*

δορι-τμητος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τέμνω) *pierced by the spear.*

δορι-τόλιμος, *ον*, (δόρυ, τόλιμα) *bold in war.*

δορκάλις, *ιδος, ή*, = δορκάς.

δορκάς, *άδος, ή*, (δέδορκα) *an antelope, gazelle, so called from its large bright eyes.*

δορός, *ό*, (δέρω) *a leathern bag or wallet.*

δορπέω, *φ. ήσω*, (δόρπον) *to take supper.* Hence

δόρπηστος, *ον*, *supper-time, evening.*

Δορπία, *ή*, (δόρπον) *the first day of the feast Apaturia; της όρτης τη δορπία on the eve of the feast.*

ΔΟΨΙΟΝ, *τό*, *the evening meal, Lat. coena, the chief meal of the day, dinner or supper.*

ΔΟΡΥ, *τό*: gen. δόρατος, Ep. δούρατος δουρός, in Att. poets also dorós: dat. δόρατι, Ion. δούρατι δουρί, in Att. poets also δόρει or δορί.—Ion. dual δούρε.—Plur. nom. δόρατα, Ep. δούρατα δούρα, in Att. Poets also δόρη; gen. δόρων, Ep. δούρων: dat. δόρασι, Ep. δούρασι δούρασι. *The stem of a tree, but only when cut down: timber for ships, a beam, plank, hence like Lat. trabs, a ship.* II. *the wood or shaft of a spear; hence the spear itself: a hunting-spear: since the spear was held in the right hand, επί δόρυ meant to the right hand, opp. to ἐπ' άσπίδα to the left.*

δορυ-άλωτος, false reading for δοριάλωτος.

δορυ-θαράης, *ές*, (δόρυ θαρσέω) *daring in war.*

δορυ-ξένος, *ό, ή*, (δόρυ, ξένος) *a friend at the spear, an ally in war; or a friend made in war.*

δορυ-ξόος, *ον*, contr. -ξούς, *ον*, (δόρυ, ξέω) *spear-polishing: as Subst., δορυξόος, ό, a maker of spears; also, δορυξός, ό.*

δορυ-παγής, *ές*, (δόρυ, παγήναι) *built of beams.*

δορύ-παλτος, -πετής, -πληκτος, v. δορίπ-.

δορυ-σθενής or δορι-σθενής, *ές*, (δόρυ, σθένος) *mighty with the spear.*

δορυ-σόςης, *ητος, ό, masc. Adj.*, = δορυσσοος, *warlike.*

δορυ-σόςος, *ον*, contr. δορυς-σούς, *ον*, *ποet. also δορυ-σόςος*, (δόρυ, σείω) *brandishing the spear.*

δορυ-στέφανος, δορυ-τίνακτος, v. δορι-.

δορυφορέω, *φ. ήσω*, (δορυφόρος) *to attend as a body-guard: to keep guard over.* Hence

δορυφόρημα, *ματος, τό*, *a body-guard; and*

δορυφορία, *ή*, *a keeping guard over.*

δορυφορικός, *ή, όν*, (δορυφορία) *of or for the guard; τό δορυφορικόν the guard.*

δορυ-φόρος, *ον*, (δόρυ, φέρω) *spear-bearing, Lat. bastatus; οι δορυφόροι the body-guards of kings, who were distinguished by carrying a spear.*

δός, *αor. 2 imperat. of δίδωμι.*

δοσιδικος, *ον*, false reading for δωσιδικος.

δόςις, *εως, ή*, (δίδωμι) *a giving.* II. *a gift, present: a bequest.*

III. *a portion: a dose.*

δόσκον, Ep. *aor. 2 of δίδωμι.*

δότερα, *ή, fem. of δοτήρ.*

δοτέος, *α, ον*, verb. Adj. of δίδωμι, *to be given.* II.

δοτέον, *one must give.*

δοτήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (δίδωμι) *a giver, dispenser.*

δότης, *ον, ή*, = δοτήρ.

δουλ-άγωγος, *φ. ήσω*, (δούλος; άγω) *to bring into slavery; δουλαγωγείν τό σώμα to mortify the body.*

δουλάριον, *τό*, Dim. of δούλος.

δουλαία Ion. δουλητή, *ή*, (δουλεύω) *servitude, slavery, bondage.* II. *the body of slaves, the bondmen, servile class.*

δούλειος, *α, ον*, or *ος, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile.*

δούλεισμα, *ατος, τό*, (δουλεύω) *a service.* II.

a slave, Lat. mancipium.

δουλεύω, *φ. σω*, (δούλος) *to be a slave: generally, c. dat., to be a slave to another, be subject to, to serve, obey, Lat. inservire alicui.*

δουλή, *ή*, fem. of δούλος.

δουλητή, Ion. of δουλαία.

δουλία, *ή*, poet. for δουλαία.

δουλικός, *ή, όν*, = δούλιος. Adv. -*κώς*, *like a slave.*

δούλιος, *α, ον*, (δούλος) *slavish, servile; δούλιον ήμαρ the day of slavery, i. e. a slave's lot or life.*

δουλιχό-δειρος, Ion. for δουλιχόδειρος, (δουλιχός, δείρη) *long-necked.*

δουλιχόεις, *εσσα, εν*, Ion. for δουλιχόεις, poet. for δουλιχός.

δουλο-πρεπής, *ές*, (δούλος, πρέπω) *befitting a slave: low-minded, mean.*

ΔΟΥΤΑΟΣ, *ό*, *a slave, bondman, properly a born slave, opp. to άνδράποδον (a slave taken in war).* II.

as Adj., δούλος, *η, ον*, *slavish, enslaved, subject; Comp. δουλότερος, more of a slave.*

δουλοσύνη, *ή*, (δούλος) *slavery, slavish work.*

δουλόστυνος, *ον*, (δούλος) *enslaved.*

δουλότερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of δούλος.

δουλώω, *φ. άσω*, (δούλος) *to make a slave of, enslave:—Med. to subject to oneself.* Hence

δούλωσις, *εως, ή*, *enslaving, subjugation.*

δούται, *αor. 2 inf. of δίδωμι.*

δούναξ, δουνακέεις, Ion. for δόναξ, δουνακέεις.

δουπέω, *φ. ήσω*: Ep. *aor. 1 δούπησα: pf. δέδουπα: (δούπος):—to sound heavily, of the heavy fall of a corse: generally, to fall in battle.*

δουπήτωρ, *ορος, ό*, (δουπέω) *a clatterer.*

ΔΟΥΤΗΟΣ, *ό*, *any dead, heavy sound; δούπος άκόντων the hurling of spears; the sound of soldiers marching; the hum of a multitude; the din of war; the roar of the sea.*

δούρατα, syncop. δούρα, *τά*, Ep. plur. of δόρυ.

δουράτεος, *α, ον*, *of planks or beams.*

δουράτιον, Ion. for δοράτιον, *a dart.*

δούρειος, *α, ον*, = δουράτεος.

δούρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of δόρυ.

δουρ-ηκεές, (δόρυ, ενεργείν) Adv. *a spear's throw off or distant.*

δοιρι-άλωτος, *ον*, Ion. for δοιριάλωτος.
 δοιρι-κλειτός, *όν*, Ion. for δοιρι-κλειτός, (δόνυ, κλει-
 τός) *famed for the spear*.
 δοιρι-κλυτός, *ή, όν*, Ion. for δοιρι-κλυτός, (δόνυ,
 κλυτός) *famed for the spear*.
 δοιρι-κτῆτος, δοιρι-λήπτος, δοιρι-μᾶνης, Ion.
 for δοιρι-
 δούριος, = δοίρειος.
 δοιρι-πληκτος, *ον*, Ion. for δοριπληκτος.
 δοιρι-τύπης, *ές*, (δόνυ, τύπτω) *wood-cutting*.
 δοιρο-δόκη, *ή*, (δόνυ, δοχή) *a stand for spears*.
 δοιρο-θήκη, *ή*, (δόνυ, θήκη) *a case for spears*.
 δοιρο-μᾶνης, *ές*, Ion. for δοριμανής.
 δούς, *αορ. 2 part. of δίδωμι*.
 δοχείον, Ion. δοχήϊον, τό, (δέχομαι) *a holder*.
 δοχή, *ή*, (δέχομαι) *reception, entertainment*. II.
a receptacle.
 δοχμή, *ή*, a measure of length, a span.
 δόχμος, *α, ον*, (δοχμός) *across, sideways, aslant*.
 δοχμόλοφος, *ον*, (δοχμός, λόφος) *wearing one's*
plume aslant, with nodding plume.
 ΔΟΧΜΟΣ, *ή, όν*, *slanting, sideways*. Hence
 δοχμώμοια, *αορ. 1 έδοχμώθη*, *Pass. to turn sideways*
or aslant.
 δράγμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράσσομαι) *as much as one can*
grasp, a handful, truss, sheaf, Lat. manipulus.
 δραγματη-φόρος, *ον*, (δράγμα, φέρω) *carrying*
sheaves.
 δραγμαεύω, *φ. σω*, *to collect the corn into sheaves*.
 δραγματός, *ός*, (δράσσομαι) *a taking hold of, handling*.
 δρᾶθῆν, *αορ. 2 inf. of δαρθάνω*.
 δρᾶθῆν, *δραθῆν*, *αορ. 2 imperat. and opt. of διδράσκω*.
 δρᾶνῶ, *φ. δρᾶνῶ*, (δράω) *to be going to do*.
 δράκαινα, *ης, ή*, *fem. of δράκων, a she-dragon*.
 δρᾶκεῖν, *αορ. 2 inf. act. of δέρομαι*.
 δρᾶκῆναι, *αορ. 2 inf. pass. of δέρομαι*.
 δρᾶκόμενος, *αορ. 2 part. med. of δέρομαι*.
 δράκον, Ion. for ἐδράκων, *αορ. 2 of δέρομαι*.
 δρακόντειος, *α, ον*, (δράκων) *of a dragon*.
 δρακοντ-ολέτης, *ου, ό*, (δράκων, ὄλλυμι) *serpent-*
slayer.
 δρακοντό-μαλλος, *ον*, (δράκων, μάλλος) *with snaky*
locks.
 δρακοντ-ώδης, *ες*, (δράκων, εἶδος) *snake-like*.
 δρᾶκών, *αορ. 2 part. act. of δέρομαι*.
 δράκων, *οντος, ό*, (δρακεῖν) *a dragon: later a serpent*.
 δράμα, *ατος, τό*, (δράω) *a deed, act, acting: a busi-*
ness, duty. 2. *an action represented on the stage,*
a drama.
 δρᾶμῆν, *αορ. 2 inf. of τρέχω*.
 δρᾶμημα, *ατος, τό*, (δραμῆν) *a course, a race*.
 δρᾶμούμαι, *δραμών*, *fut. and αορ. 2 part. of τρέχω*.
 δρᾶναι, *αορ. 2 inf. of διδράσκω*.
 δράξ, δρᾶξός, = δράγμα.
 δρᾶπετεύω, *φ. σω*, *to run away, flee*. From
 δρᾶπέτης, *ου, Ion. δρηπέτης*, *εω, ό*, (δρᾶναι) *a run-*
away: esp. a runaway slave. II. as Adj., *δρα-*
πέτης κληρος a fugitive lot, i. e. a mouldering clod,

which fell in pieces so as never to be drawn out of the urn.

δρᾶπέτιδης, *ου, ό*, = δραπέτης.
 δρᾶπέτις, *ιδος, ή*, *fem. of δραπέτης*.
 δρᾶπετίσκος, *ός*, *Dim. of δραπέτης*.
 δράς, δράσα, *αορ. 2 part. of δράω*.
 δρᾶσεῖω, *Desiderat. of δράω, to have a mind to do,*
to be going to do.
 δρασθεῖς, *αορ. 1 part. pass. of δράω*.
 δράσίμος, *ον*, (δράω) *active; τὸ δράσιμον action*.
 δρασμός Ion. δρησμός, *ός*, (δρᾶναι) *a running away,*
flight.
 δρασσομαι, *fut. of διδράσκω*. [ᾱ]
 ΔΡΑΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. δράττομαι: *fut. δράζομαι:*
αορ. 1 έδραζάμην: pf. δέδραγμα Att. δέδαργμα:
Dep. —to grasp with the hand, grasp a handful of:
to lay hold of:—c. acc. rei, to take by handful.
 δραστήος, *α, ον*, *verb. Adj. of δράω, to be done*. II.
δραστέον, one must do.
 δραστήριος, *ον*, *vigorous, active, efficacious*.
 δράστης, *ου, ό*, (δράω) *a worker: servant*.
 δραστικός, *ή, όν*, (δράω) *active*.
 δρᾶτός, *ή, όν*, *metaph. for δαρτός, verb. Adj. of δέρα,*
skinned, flayed.
 δραχμή, *ή*, (δράσσομαι) *a drachma, a coin worth 6*
obols, i. e. 93d, nearly = Roman denarius. II. *an*
Attic weight, = about 66 gr. Avdp. (Properly as
much as one can hold in the hand, cf. δράγμα.)
 ΔΡΑΨΩ, *φ. δράσω* [ᾱ]: *αορ. 1 έδρᾶσα: pf. δέδρακα:*
—Pass., αορ. 1 έδρᾶσθην: pf. δέδραμαι:—to do, be
doing, accomplish:—c. dupl. acc., εὖ or κακῶς δρᾶν
τινα, to do one good or ill.
 δρεπάνη, *ή*, (δρέπω) *a sickle, reaping-hook, scythe*. [ᾱ]
 δρεπάνη-φόρος, *ον*, (δρεπάνη, φέρω) *bearing a scythe:*
ἄρμα δρεπανηφόρον a scythe-armed car.
 δρεπάνω-ειδής, *ές*, (δρέπανον, εἶδος) *sickle-shaped*.
 δρέπανον, τό, (δρέπω) = δρεπάνη, *a sickle: a curved*
scimitar.
 δρεπᾶν-ουργός, *ός*, (δρέπανον, *έργω) *a sword-maker*.
 δρέπω, *poët. for δρέπω, to pluck, cull*.
 ΔΡΕΠΩ, *φ. ψω:* *αορ. 1 έδρεψα: αορ. 2 έδρᾶπον:*
—Med., Dor. fut. δρεψέμαι: αορ. 1 έδρεψάμην:—
Pass., αορ. 1 έδρέφθην:—to break off, pluck: Med.
to pluck for oneself, cull, gather: metaph. to possess,
enjoy.
 δρηπέτης, *εω, ό*, Ion. for δραπέτης.
 δρησμοσύνη, *ή*, = δρηστοςύνη.
 δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, (διδράσκω) Ion. for δραστήρ, *a*
run-away.
 δρηστήρ, *ήρος, ό*, Ion. for δραστήρ, (δράω) *a la-*
bourer, worker: fem. δρηστειρα.
 δρηστής, *ου, ό*, Ion. for δραστής.
 δρηστοςύνη, *ή*, Ion. for δραστοςύνη, (δράω) *service*.
 δριμύλος, *ον*, *Dim. of δριμύς, sharp, piercing*. [ύ̄]
 ΔΡΙΜΥΤΨ, *εία, ύ*, *piercing, stinging, biting, pun-*
gent. II. *metaph. like Lat. acer, sharp, keen,*
bitter: sbrewd. Adv. —έως. Hence
 δριμύτης, *τητος, ή*, *sharpness, pungency: sbrewdness,*

ΔΡΪΟΣ, τό, plur. δρία, τά, (as if from δριον) copse-wood, thicket, brushwood.

ΔΡΟΪΤΗ, ἡ, a bathing tub, a bath.

δρομαίος, α, ov, or os, ov, (δρόμος) running at full speed, swift, fleet.

δρομάς, ἄδος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) running, whirling.

δρομεύς, ἔως, (δραμεῖν) a runner.

δρόμημα, ατος, τό, = δράμημα.

δρόμος, ὁ, (δραμεῖν) a course, race, running: flight: a fleeing, escape; ἡμέρης δρόμος a day's running, i. e. the distance one can go in a day. 2. the length of the stadium, a course; ἕξω δρόμον φέρεσθαι to be carried out of the course. II. a place for running, race-course: a public walk.

δροσερός, ἄ, ὄν, (δρόσος) dewy, watery.

δρoσίξω, f. ἴω, (δρόσος) to bedew, besprinkle.

δρoσινός, ἡ, ὄν, (δρόσος) = δροσερός.

δρoσείς, εἶσα, εν, ποῖτ. for δροσερός.

ΔΡΟΣΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. ROS, dew: also the time of dew, dew-fall. 2. pure water: tears. 3. metaph. anything tender, the young of animals. Hence

δρoσώω, to bedew: pf. pass. part. δεδρoσωμένος, dewy.

δρoσώδης, ες, (δρόσος, εἶδος) dew-like, dewy.

δρυνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (δρῦς) a Dryad, a wood-nymph whose life was bound up with that of her tree.

δρῦνός, [ῖ], η, ov, (δρῦς) oaken; δρῦνον πῦρ a fire of oak-wood; μέλι δρῦνον honey from a hollow oak.

δρo-κολάπτης, ov, ὁ, = δρo-κολάπτης.

δρῦμός, ὁ, pl. δρῦμοί and δρῦμά: (δρῦς) an oak-copse, a copse, wood. [v, except in neut. pl.]

δρῦμᾶν, ἄνος, ἡ, (δρῦς) an oak-copse.

δρo-γόνος, ov, (δρῦς, *γένω) oak-grown.

δρo-κοίτης, ov, ὁ, (δρῦς, κοίτη) couching on the oak, epith. of the τέττιξ.

δρo-κολάπτης, ov, ὁ, (δρῦς, κολάπτω) the great woodpecker, Lat. picus major.

δρo-πάγης, ἐς, (δρῦς, παγγίαι) built of oak.

δρῦ-οχοί, οί, or δρῦ-οχα, τά, (δρῦς, ἔχω) the oaken ribs or cross-timbers of a ship, which hold her together; δρῦοχος τιθεῖν δράματος to lay the keel of a new play.

δρῦοφ, οπος, ὁ, (δρῦς, ὄψ) a kind of woodpecker.

δρῦ-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, πέτω) ripened on the tree, quite ripe: over-ripe, decayed; or δρo-πετής, ἐς, (δρῦς, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) ready to fall from the tree.

ΔΡΥΨΗΛΑ, ἡ, an over-ripe, mouldy olive.

ΔΡΥΨΤΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔδρῦψα Ep. δρῦψα:—Pass., aor. I ἔδρῦψην: pf. δέδρῦμμαι:—to tear, scratch, wound; δρῦπτεσθαι παρειάω to tear one's cheek; also absol.

ΔΡΥΨ, ἡ, gen. δρῦος, acc. δρῦν: pl. nom. and acc. δρῦες, δρῦας, contr. δρῦς:—the oak, sacred to Zeus. II. any timber tree; πτερα δρῦς the resiniferous pine. III. metaph. an old tree, i. e. wintered old man.

δρῦ-τόμος, ov, (δρῦς, τεμῖν) felling timber.

δρῦφακτον, τό, and δρῦφακτος, ὁ, (δρῦς) a railed fence, railing, paling: at Athens the bar of the courts of law or the council-chamber.

δρῦφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of δρῦπτω.

δρῦψα, Ep. aor. 1 of δρῦπτω.

δρῦψα, τά, (δρῦπτω) scraping, parings.

δρῶουμι, Ep. for δρῶμι, lengthd. opt. of δρῶω.

δῦ, Ep. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δῶω.

δυνας, Adv. twice, = dis.

δυνας, ἄδος, ἡ, (δύω) the number two.

δυναώ, (δύη) to plunge in misery.

δυνεῖν, later Att. for δυοῖν, gen. and dat. dual of δύω.

ΔΥΨ, ἡ, woe, misery, anguish: toil, pain: hard usage. [v]

δύην, (as if for δύνην), aor. 2 opt. of δῶω.

δυνηπάθει, ἡ, misery. From

δυνη-πάθος, ov, (δύη, παθεῖν) suffering woe.

δύθη, aor. 2 imperat. of δύω.

δῦτος, α, ov, (δύη) miserable.

δῦμεναι, δῦμεν, Ep. for δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δῦμι, assumed as a collat. form of δύω, δύνω.

δύναι, aor. 2 inf. of δύω.

δύνα, Att. 2 sing. of δύναμι.

ΔΥΝΑΜΑΙ, in pres. and imperf. declined like

ἴσταμαι, 2 sing. δύνασαι, Att. δύνα, Ion. δύνη δύνεαι;

3 pl. δύνανται Ep. δυνέεται; subj. δύνωμαι, Ion. 2

sing. δύνῃμαι:—imperf. ἐδύνῃμην, 2 sing. ἐδύνω, 3 pl.

ἐδύναντο Ion. ἐδυνέατο:—fut. δυνήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐδύ-

νησομην and ἐδυνήθηον (or ἐδυνάσθηον Ep. δυνάσθηον):

—pf. δεδύνῃμαι:—in Att. the double augment ἰδύνῃ-

μην, ἰδυνήθηον is often used: Dep.: I. to be able,

capable, strong enough to do, c. inf.: also c. acc.,

δύνασθαι ἅπαντα to be able to do all things, Lat. omnia

posse: absol., ὁ δυνάμενος the powerful. II. to

pass for, to be worth, Lat. valere; ὁ σίγλος δύναται

ἕπτα ὀβόλους the shekel is worth seven obols: to

avail: to signify, denote.

δύνᾶμις, ἡ: gen. εως Ion. ιος: Ion. dat. δύναμι:

(δύνᾶμαι):—strength, might, power, ability; κατὰ

δύναμιν to the best of one's power, Lat. pro virili;

παρὰ δύναμιν or ὑπὲρ δύναμιν beyond one's power. 2.

a force for war, forces, Lat. copiae. 3. a quantity,

Lat. vis, e. g. χρημάτων. 4. the force of a word,

etc., meaning, Lat. vis. 5. a faculty, power:

hence a faculty, art, as Logic. 6. worth, value, as

of money.

δύνᾶμω, f. ὄσω, (δύνᾶμις) to strengthen.

δυνάσθηον, Ep. aor. 1 of δύναμι.

δύνᾶσις, εως, ἡ, ποῖτ. for δύναμις.

δύνᾶστέλα, ἡ, power, lordship, sovereignty. II.

an oligarchy. From

δύνᾶστέω, f. σω, to hold power or lordship, be

powerful: to be high in rank. From

δύνᾶστης, ov, ὁ, (δύνᾶμαι) a lord, master, ruler; οἱ

δυνάσται the chief men, Lat. optimates.

δυνάστωρ, opos, ὁ, = δυνάστης.

δυνάττω, f. ἴσω, (δυνάσται) to be powerful.

δυνάτης, ov, ὁ, ποῖτ. for δυνάστης.

δυνᾶτος, ἡ, ὄν, (δύναμαι) *strong, mighty: powerful, able.*
 II. of things, *possible.*

δυνατῶς, Adv. of δυνατός, *strongly, powerfully; δυνατῶς ἔχει* it is *possible.*

δύνη, Ep. for ἔδυνε, 3 sing. impf. of δύναω.

δύνειαι, δύνη, Ion. 2 sing. of δύναμαι.

δυνέεται, Ion. 3 pl. of δύναμαι.

δύνησαι, Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. of δύναμαι.

δυνήσομαι, fut. of δύναμαι.

δύντε, aor. 2 part. nom. dual of δύω.

δύω, see δύω.

ΔΥΨΟ, Ep. δύω: gen. and dat. δυῶν, in later Att. δυεῖν: plur. only in Ion. and late Att., gen. δυῶν, dat. δυῶσι Ion. δυοῖσι: sometimes indecl., e. g. τῶν δύο μοῦραν:—Lat. *DUO*, our *TWO*; σὺν δύο two together, by twos; εἰς δύο two and two.

δυο-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, *twelve*, Lat. *duo-decim*.

δυσκαιδέκά-μηνος, δυσκαιδέκας, δυσκαιδέκατος, see δωδεκά-μηνος, δωδεκάς, etc.

δύωσιων, Ep. for δῶσιων, 3 pl. of δύναι.

δύρομαι, poet. for δῦρομαι.

δυσ-, insepar. Prefix, opp. to εὖ, like our *un-* or *mis-* in *un-lucky, mis-chance*, always with a notion of *hard, bad, ill*, etc., destroying a word's good sense or increasing its bad sense.

δύς, δύσα, δύν, aor. 2 part. of δύω.

δυσ-αγκόμιστος, δυσ-άγκριτος, poet. for δυσ-ανακ-

δυσ-άριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀργός) *unbaste, impure.*

δυσ-αγρῆω, f. ἦσω, *to have bad luck in fishing.*

δυσ-άδελφος, ον, *unhappy in one's brothers.*

δυσ-αἴης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀήμι) *ill-blowing, stormy, adverse; δυσαιών* Ep. gen. pl. for δυσαιών.

δυσ-άθλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, *most miserable.*

δυσ-αιάνθης, ἐς, *most direful, most horrible.*

δυσ-αίθριος, ον, (δυσ-, αἶθρα) *not clear, murky.*

δυσ-αίων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, *miserable in life, most miserable.*

δυσ-αληγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀλγος) *very painful.*

δυσ-άλγητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλγέω) *unfeeling, hard-bearded.*

δυσ-άλιος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ήλιος. [ᾶ]

δυσ-άλωτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀλώνω) *hard to catch or conquer; δυσάλωτος κακῶν* *hard to be reached by ills.*

δυσ-ἀμβάτος, ον, by poet. syncop. for δυσ-ανάβατος.

δυσ-ἀμωρος, ον, *most miserable.*

δυσ-ανάβατος, ον, *hard to mount.*

δυσ-ανακόμιστος, syncop. δυσ-αγκόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακομίζω) *hard to bring back or recall.*

δυσ-ανάκριτος, syncop. δυσ-άγκριτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνακρίω) *hard to distinguish or examine.*

δυσ-ανασχετός, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, ἀνασχετός) *to bear ill, to be unable to bear.*

δυσ-ανάτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνατρέπω) *hard to overthrow.*

δυσ-ἀνεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνέχω) *hard to bear.*

δυσ-ἀνεμος, ον, Dor. for δυσ-ἠνεμος.

δυσ-αντίβλεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀντιβλέπω) *hard to look in the face.*

δύσαντο, for ἐδύσ-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of δύω.

δυσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀνήρ) *with a bad husband.* [ᾶ]

δυσ-ἀπάλλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀπαλλάσσω) *hard to get rid of.*

δυσ-ἀπίστος, ον, *very disobedient.*

δυσ-ἀποκρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποκρίνομαι) *hard to answer.*

δυσ-ἀπώτρεπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀποτρέπω) *hard to turn away, stubborn, refractory.*

δυσ-ἀρεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀρέσκα) *ill to please, implacable; peevish, morose.*

δυσ-ἀριστο-τόκεια, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἀριστος, τόκος) *unhappy mother of the noblest son.*

δυσ-ἀρκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀρχω) *hard to govern.*

δυσ-αυλία, ἡ, ἴλλ or hard lodging. From

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλή) *ill for lodging.*

δύσ-αυλος, ον, (δυσ-, αὐλός) *ill-suited for the flute.*

δυσ-αχίς, ἐς, Dor. for δυσ-αχίς.

δυσ-ἀχῆς, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἀχος) *sorely painful.*

δυσ-βάστακτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαστάζω) *grievous to be borne.*

δύσ-βάτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαίνω) *hard to pass, impassable; τὸ δύσβατον* *difficult ground.* 2. *trodden painfully.*

δυσ-βάυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, βαύζω) *full of wailing.*

δυσ-βίωτος, ον, (δυσ-, βίωτος) *making life wretched.*

δυσ-βουλία, ἡ, *ill counsel, folly.* From

δύσ-βουλος, ον, (δυσ-, βουλή) *ill-advised.*

δύσ-βωλος, ον, (δυσ-, βῶλος) *of ill soil, unfruitful.*

δύσ-γάμος, ον, *ill-wedded.*

δύσ-γάργλις, ι, (δυσ-, γαργαλίω) *ticklish, skittish.*

δυσ-γένεια, ἡ, *low, mean birth.* From

δυσ-γενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, γένος) *low-born: low-minded.*

δύσ-γνοιᾶ, ἡ, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *ignorance, perplexity.*

δυσ-γνωσία, ἡ, *difficulty of knowing.* From

δύσ-γνωστος, ον, (δυσ-, γνῶναι) *hard to know or recognise.*

δυσ-δαιμονία, ἡ, *misery; wretchedness.* From

δυσ-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, δαίμων) *ill-fated.*

δυσ-δάκρυτος, ον, (δυσ-, δακρύω) *much wept.* II. *much weeping.*

δύσ-δάμαρ, αρτος, ὁ, ἡ, *ill-wedded.*

δυσ-διάθετος, ον, (δυσ-, διατίθημι) *hard to settle.*

δύσ-ἐδρος, ον, (δυσ-, ἔδρα) *bringing ill luck to one's abode.*

δύσ-ειδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, εἶδος) *unsparingly, deformed.*

δύσ-εἰμᾶτος, ον, (δυσ-, εἶμα) *meanly clad.*

δύσ-εἰσβολος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰσβάλλω) *hard to enter or invade:* Sup., -ώτατος, ον, *most inaccessible.*

δύσ-ἐκθύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκθύω) *hard to avert by sacrifice.*

δύσ-ἐκλύτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκλύω) *hard to undo, inexecutable:—Adv. -τως, indissolubly.*

δύσ-εκπέρατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκπεράω) *hard to pass from, hard to escape.*

δύσ-ἐκφυκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐκφεύγω) *hard to escape from.*

δύσ-ελένα, ἡ, *ill-starred Helen.*

δύσελπις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, *with ill hope, desponding.*
 δύσελπιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐλπίζω) *unbored for; ἐκ δύσελπίστων, Lat. ex insperato, unexpectedly.*
 δύσεμβάτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβαίνω) *hard to walk on, rugged; inaccessible.*
 δύσεμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐμβάλλω) *hard to invade.*
 δύσεντερία, ἡ, and δυσεντέριον, τό, (δυσ-, ἐντερων) *a bowel complaint, dysentery.*
 δύσεντευκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐντυγχάνω) *not affable.*
 δύσεξαπάτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξαπατάω) *hard to deceive.*
 δύσεξαπτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξάπτω) *hard to unloose.*
 δύσεξέλεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελέγχω) *hard to refute.*
 δύσεξέλικτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξελίσσω) *hard to unfold or explain.*
 δύσεξηύυστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐξανύω) *hard to make away with; indissoluble.*
 δύσειο, aor. I med. imperat. of δύνω.
 δύσειπιοβούλετος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐπιβουλεύομαι) *hard to plot against or attack secretly.*
 δύσεράστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐράω) *unfavourable to love.*
 δύσερήμιος, ον, *very desolate.*
 δύσερις, ι, gen. ἴδος, (δυσ-, ἐρις) *most contentious, very quarrelsome, peevish.*
 δύσεριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρίζω) *caused by evil strife.*
 δύσερμηνευτος, ον, (δυσ-, ἐρμηνεύω) *hard to explain.*
 δύσερωσ, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἔρωσ) *passionately loving, sick in love with, Lat. perditē amans.* II.
hardly loving, insensible to love.
 δύσερο, Ep. for δύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω.
 δύσεινήτης, ορος, ὁ, (δυσ-, ἐνή) *an ill bed-fellow.*
 δύσειρετος, ον, (δυσ-, εἰρίσκω) *hard to find out; hard to get; hard to get through, impervious.*
 δύσεζήλος, ον, (δυσ-, ζήλος) *exceeding jealous.*
 δύσεζήτητος, ον, (δυσ-, ζητέω) *hard to seek out.*
 δύσεζωος, ον, (δυσ-, ζήω) *most wretched.*
 δύσεήκεστος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκείομαι) *hard to cure.*
 δύσεήκοος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀκούω) *hard of hearing.*
 δύσεηλεγής, ἐς, (δυσ-, λέγω) *to lay asleep) of death, stretching one on a hard bed: hard, painful, uneasy: of men, hard-bearded, unfeeling.*
 δύσεήλιος, ον, *unlit by the sun, sunless, without the light of day.*
 δύσεημερία, ἡ, (δυσ-, ἡμέρα) *an unlucky day.*
 δύσεήμερος, ον, (δυσ-, ἀνεμος) *with ill winds, stormy.*
 δύσειρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, *older form of δύσερις, very quarrelsome, contentious.*
 δύσειρηχής, ἐς, (δυσ-, ἠχέω) *ill-sounding: hateful to bear of, hateful.*
 δύσειθαλπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θάλπος) *hard to warm: chilly.*
 δύσειθανάτω, f. ἦσω, *to die a lingering death. From δύσειθανάτος, ον, dying hard, struggling with death.* II. *act. bringing a painful death.*
 δύσειθανής, ἐς, (δυσ-, θανέω) *having died a hard death.*
 δύσειθέατος, ον, (δυσ-, θεάομαι) *ill to look on.*
 δύσειθεος, ον, *godless, ungodly.*

δυσθεράπευτος, ον, (δυσ-, θεράπεύω) *hard to cure.*
 δυσθετός, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, τίθημι) *to be in bad case: Med. to take a thing ill, Lat. aegrē ferre.*
 δυσθνήσκω, = δυσθανατέω.
 δυσθρήνητος, ον, (δυσ-, θρηνέω) *most mournful.*
 δύσθροος, ον, (δυσ-, θρέω) *of harsh sound, grating.*
 δυσθυμῖαι, = δυσθυμέαι.
 δυσθυμέαι, f. ἦσω, *to be down-hearted, despond: Med. to be melancholy, angry. From*
 δύσθυμος, ον, (δυσ-, θυμός) *down-bearded, dispirited, desponding, anxious.*
 δύσϊατος, ον, (δυσ-, ἰάομαι) *hard to heal or cure.*
 δύσιθάλαστος, ον, (δύω, θάλασσα) *dipped in the sea.*
 δύσιππος, ον, (δυσ-, ἵππος) *hard to ride in; τὰ δύσιππα ground unfit for cavalry.*
 δύσις, εως, ἡ, (δύω) *a sinking or setting of the sun or stars; δύσις ἡλιου the west.*
 δύσκάθαρος, ον, (δυσ-, καθάιρω) *hard to cleanse or expiate: hard to appease, inexorable.*
 δύσκάθεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, κατέχω) *hard to hold in.*
 δύσκαπνος, ον, (δυσ-, καπνός) *very smoky.*
 δύσκατάπαυστος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπαύω) *hard to check: restless.*
 δύσκατάπρακτος, ον, (δυσ-, καταπράσσω) *hard to bring about, hard to effect.*
 δύσκατάστατος, ον, (δυσ-, καθίστημι) *hard to restore or reestablish.*
 δύσκαταφρόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, καταφρονέω) *by no means to be despised.*
 δύσκατέργαστος, ον, (δυσ-, κατεργάζομαι) = δύσκατάπρακτος.
 δύσκε, Ion. for ἔδω, 3 sing. aor. 2 of δύω.
 δύσκέλαδος, ον, *shrill-screaming, grating: harsh.*
 δύσκηδής, ἐς, (δυσ-, κῆδος) *full of care, painful.*
 δύσκηλος, ον, (δυσ-, κηλέω) *fast remedy.*
 δύσκληής, ἐς: acc. δύσκληέα *poët. δυσκλήϊά: (δυσ-, κλέος) injurious: infamous, shameful. Hence*
 δύσκληια, ἡ, *ingloriousness, dishonour: an ill name.*
 δύσκληῶς, Adv. *of δυσκληής, ingloriously.*
 δύσκληρος, ον, *unlucky.*
 δύσκλητης, *poët. for δυσκληής.*
 δύσκολαίνω, f. ἀνώ, (δύσκολος) *to be peevish, discontented, annoyed.*
 δύσκολια, ἡ, (δύσκολος) *peevishness, discontent.*
 δύσκόλλητος, ον, (δυσ-, κολλάω) *ill-cemented.*
 δύσκολόκαμπτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κάμπω) *hard to bend; δύσκολόκαμπτος καμπή an intricate flourish in singing.*
 δύσκολόκοιτος, ον, (δύσκολος, κοίτη) *making one's bed uneasy.*
 δύσκολος, ον, (δυσ-, κόλον) *hard to satisfy with food: hard to please, fretful, peevish, discontented.* II. *of things, harassing: unpleasant.*
 δύσκολπος, ον, *with ill-formed womb.*
 δύσκόλως, Adv. *of δύσκολος, peevishly; δυσκόλως ἔχειν to be peevish.*
 δυσκρασία, ἡ, *bad temperament. From*

δύσ-κράτος, ον, (δυσ-, κεράννυμι) of bad temperament.

δυσ-κόμιστος, ον, (δυσ-, κομίζω) hard to be borne.

δύσ-κρίτος, ον, (δυσ-, κρίνω) hard to discern: hard to determine, doubtful. Adv. -τως, doubtfully; δύσ-κρίτως ἔχειν to be in doubt.

δυσ-κυμαίντος, ον, (δυσ-, κυμαίνω) of or from the stormy sea.

δυσκωφέω, f. ἦσω, to be stone deaf. From

δύσ-κωφος, ον, (δυσ-, κωφός) stone deaf.

δύσ-λεκτος, ον, (δυσ-, λέγω) ill or hard to tell.

δύσ-λόγιστος, ον, (δυσ-, λογιζομαι) hard to reckon. II. misdirected, misguided.

δυσ-λόφος, ον, (δυσ-, λόφος) hard for the neck, hard to bear. II. impatient: Adv. -φως, impatiently.

δύσ-λύτος, ον, (δυσ-, λύω) hard to loose, indissoluble.

δυσμαθέω, f. ἦδω, to be slow at learning. From

δυσ-μαθήης, ἐς, (δυσ-, μαθεῖν) hard to learn, difficult. II. act. slow at learning, dull:—Adv. -θῶς, δυσμαθῶς ἔχειν to be slow of learning.

δυσ-μάχέω, f. ἦσω, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) to fight in vain; to fight an unholy fight with. Hence

δυσμαχητέον, verb. Adj. one must struggle hard.

δύσ-μάχος, ον, (δυσ-, μάχομαι) hard to fight with, unconquerable: generally, hard, difficult.

δυσμενάω, (δυσμενής) to bear ill-will.

δυσμένεια, ἡ, (δυσμενής) ill-will, enmity.

δυσμενέω, ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile: masc. Adj. with particip. form. From

δυσ-μενής, ἐς, (δυσ-, μένος) ill-affected, bearing ill-will, hostile: δυσμενέες enemies.

δυσ-μεταχείριστος, ον, (δυσ-, μεταχειρίζω) hard to take in hand or manage: hard to conquer.

δυσμή Dor. θυμή, ἡ, (δύω)= δύσις, a sinking, setting, esp. of the sun; mostly in pl., opp. to ἀνατολάι.

δύσ-μηνις, ι, gen. ios, savage, wrathful.

δυσ-μηνίτιος, ον, (δυσ-, μηνίω) visited by heavy wrath.

δυσ-μήτηρ, ερος, ἡ, a cruel mother, not a true mother.

δυσμηχάνεω, f. ἦσω, to be at loss. From

δυσ-μήχανος, ον, (δυσ-, μηχανή) quite at a loss.

δύσ-μοιρος, ον, (δυσ-, μοίρα)= δύσμορος.

δυσμορία, ἡ, a hard fate. From

δύσ-μορος, ον, ill-fated, ill-starred.

δυσμορφία, ἡ, badness of form, ugliness. From

δύσ-μορφος, ον, (δυσ-, μορφή) misshapen, ugly.

Δύσ-μουσος, ον, (δυσ-, Μούσα) not favoured by the Muses, unmusical.

δύσ-νιπτος, ον, (δυσ-, νίζω) hard to wash out or off.

δυσ-νόητος, ον, (δυσ-, νοέω) hard to be understood.

δυσνοέω, f. ἦσω, (δύσνοος) to be ill-affected.

δύσνοια, ἡ, (δύσνοος) dislike, ill-will.

δυσνομία, ἡ, lawlessness: a bad constitution, bad code of laws. From

δύσ-νομος, ον, lawless, unrighteous.

δύσ-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, ill-disposed, ill-affected, disaffected.

δύσ-νοστος, ον, not really a return.

δυσ-νύμφετος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφεύω) disagreeable to marry.

δύσ-νυμφος, ον, (δυσ-, νυμφή) ill-wedded.

δύσ-ξύμβολος, ον, (δυσ-, ξύμβολον) hard to deal with.

δυσ-ξύνετος, ον, (δυσ-, ξυνήμι) hard to understand, obscure, enigmatical.

δυσοδμία, ἡ, =δυσοσμία. From

δύσ-οδμος, ον, =δύσσομος.

δυσοδο-παίπαλος, ον, (δύσοδος, παιπάλη) rugged and steep.

δύσ-οδος, ον, hard to pass, scarce passable.

δυσ-οίξω, to be sad, anxious: Med. to be afraid.

(From δύσ, and οἷ alas! as, οἰμῶζω from οἶμοι.)

δυσ-οικητος, ον, (δυσ-, οἰκέω) bad to dwell in.

δύσ-οιμος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶμη) with a bad path.

δύσ-οιστος, ον, (δυσ-, οἶσω fut. of φέρω) hard to bear, insufferable.

δύσομαι, fut. med. of δύω.

δύσ-ομβρος, ον, tempestuous.

δυσ-όμιλος, ον, with an ill company, bringing evils in one's train.

δυσ-όμματος, ον, (δυσ-, όμμα) scarce-seeing.

δυσ-όρατος, ον, (δυσ-, όράω) hard to see.

δύσ-όρηγτος, ον, (δυσ-, όργάω)=δύσοργος.

δύσ-οργος, ον, (δυσ-, οργή) quick to anger.

δύσ-ορμος, ον, with bad anchorage. II. act.

πρωαὶ δύσορμοι, gales that keep ships at anchor.

δύσ-ορνις, ἴθος, ό, ἡ, (δυσ-, όρνις) boding ill.

δύσ-όρηναιος, α, ον, (δυσ-, όρηνη) dusky.

δύσοσμια, ἡ, an ill smell, rankness. From

δύσ-οσμος, ον, (δυσ-, όσμή) ill-smelling, stinking, rank. II. bad for scent.

δυσ-ούριστος, ον, (δυσ-, ούρίζω) driven on by a too favourable wind, prospering unhappily.

δυσπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer a hard fate, be in affliction. II. to be impatient, Lat. aegrif ferre. From

δυσ-παθήης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάθος) impatient of suffering. II. hardly feeling, impassive.

δυσ-πάλιος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαιω) hard to wrestle with, hard to conquer.

δυσ-πάλαμος, ον, (δυσ-, πάλαμη) hard to struggle with. II. hardly helping oneself, helpless: Adv. -μας.

δύσ-πάλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, πάλη) hard to wrestle with: generally, hard, difficult.

δυσ-παράβλητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραβάλλω) incomparable.

δυσ-παράβουλος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, βουλή) hard to persuade, stubborn.

δυσ-παράθελκτος, ον, (δυσ-, παραθέλω) hard to soothe or assuage.

δυσ-παραίτητος, ον, (δυσ-, παραιτέομαι) hard to move by prayer, inexorable.

δυσ-πάρεννος, ον, (δυσ-, παρά, εἰνή) ill-mated.

δυσ-παρήγορος, ον, (δυσ-, παρηγορέω) *hard to console or appease.*
 δυσ-πάρθενος, ἡ, an *unhappy maiden.*
 Δύσ-πᾶρις, ἴδος, ὄ, *ill-omened, ill-starred Paris:* cf. Διδόπαρις.
 δυσ-πάριτος, ον, (δυσ-, πάριμι to pass by) *hard to pass.*
 δυσ-πειθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πείθομαι) *hardly obeying, self-willed, stubborn: ill-trained.*
 δύσ-πειστος, ον, (δυσ-, πείθω) *hard to persuade, stubborn, disobedient.* Adv., δυσπειστῶς ἔχειν to be *incredulous.*
 δυσ-πέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, πελάζω) *dangerous to come near.*
 δύσ-πεμπτος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμπω) *hard to send away.*
 δυσ-πέμφελος, ον, (δυσ-, πέμφιξ) of the sea, *rough and stormy:* metaph. *rude, discourteous.*
 δυσ-πενθής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πένθος) *bringing sore affliction, grievous.*
 δυσ-περάτος, ον, (δυσ-, περάω) *hard to pass through.*
 δυσ-πετής, ἐς, (δυσ-, *πέτω Root of πίπτω) *falling out ill, grievous, difficult.* Adv. δυσπετῶς, Ion. -έως, with *difficulty.*
 δυσ-πήμαντος, ον, (δυσ-, πημαίνω) *full of grievous evil.*
 δυσ-πίνής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πίνω) *squalid.*
 δύσ-πλάνος, ον, (δυσ-, πλάνη) *wandering in misery.*
 δυσ-πλοία, Ion. -πλοῖη, ἡ, *difficulty of sailing.*
 From
 δύσ-πλοος, ον, (δυσ-, πλέω) *bad for sailing.*
 δύσ-πλωτος, ον, = δύσπλοος.
 δύσπνοια, ἡ, *difficulty of breathing.* From
 δύσ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (δυσ-, πνέω) *scant of breath, breathless.* II. *unfit to breathe.* III. *πνοαὶ δύσπνοοι contrary winds.*
 δυσ-πολέμητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολεμέω) *hard to war with.*
 δυσ-πόλεμος, ον, *unlucky in war.*
 δυσ-πολιόρκητος, ον, (δυσ-, πολιορκέω) *hard to take by siege.*
 δυσ-πονής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πονέω) *toilsome.*
 δυσ-πόνητος, ον, (δυσ-, πονέω) *hard-earned.* II.
bringing toil and trouble.
 δύσ-πονός, ον, *toilsome, wearisome.*
 δυσ-πόρευτος, ον, (δυσ-, πορεύομαι) *hard to pass.*
 δυσπορία, ἡ, *difficulty of passing.* From
 δύσ-πορος, ον, *hard to pass, scarce passable.*
 δύσ-ποτος, ον, *unlucky, ill-starred.* Adv. δυσπό-
 τῶς, *miserably.*
 δύσ-ποτος, ον, (δυσ-, πότον) *hard to drink, unpalatable.*
 δυσ-πράγιος, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, πράγος) *to fare ill.*
 δυσ-πραξία, ἡ, (δυσ-, πράσσω) *ill success, ill luck.*
 δύσ-πράτος, ον, (δυσ-, πιπράσκω) *hard to sell.*
 δυσ-πρεπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, πρέπω) *base, unseemly.*
 δυσ-πρόσβατος, ον, (δυσ-, προσβαίνω) *hard to approach, scarce accessible.*

δυσ-πρόστος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσειμι to approach) *hard to approach, difficult of access.*
 δυσ-πρόσσοδος, ον, *hard to get at.*
 δυσ-πρόσοιστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσοίω fut. of προσ-
 φέρω) *hard to deal or bear with, morose.*
 δυσ-πρόσποπος, ον, (δυσ-, προσόψομαι f. of προσ-
 οράω) *ill to look on: of ill aspect.*
 δυσ-προσπέλαστος, ον, (δυσ-, προσπελάζω) *hard to approach.*
 δυσ-πρόσωπος, ον, (δυσ-, πρόσωπον) *of ill aspect.*
 δύσ-ρίγος, ον, (δυσ-, ρίγος) *unable to bear cold.*
 δυσσέβεια, ἡ, *impiety: a charge of impiety: and*
 δυσσεβέω, f. ἡσω, *to be impious: to act impiously.*
 From
 δυσ-σεβής, ἐς, (δυσ-, σέβομαι) *ungodly, impious.*
 δυσσεβία, ποῖη, for δυσσέβεια.
 δύσ-σοος, ον, (δυσ-, σώζω) *hard to save, ruined,*
 Lat. *perditus: τὰ δύσσοα the rogues.*
 δυσ-τάλης, ἀνα, ἀν, *very wicked, most miserable.*
 δύστανος, ον, Dor. for δύστηνος.
 δυσ-τέκμαρτος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκμαίρομαι) *hard to conjecture: dark and riddling.*
 δύσ-τεκνος, ον, (δυσ-, τέκνον) *unhappy in one's children.*
 δυσ-τερπής, ἐς, (δυσ-, τέρπω) *ill-pleasing, displeasing.*
 δύστηνος, ον, *wretched, unhappy, unfortunate.* II.
 like Lat. *miser, wretched, profligate.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
 δυσ-τλήμων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, τλήμων) *suffering evil, wretched.*
 δύσ-τλητος, ον, (δυσ-, τλήναι) *hard to endure.*
 δυσ-τοκεύς, ἑως, ὄ, (δυσ-, τοκεύς) *an unhappy parent.*
 δυστοκέα, f. ἡσω, *to have a hard labour.* From
 δύσ-τοκος, ον, (δυσ-, τεκείν) *bringing forth with pain.*
 δυστομέω, f. ἡσω, *to speak evil of.* From
 δύστομος, ον, (δυσ-, στόμα) *evil-speaking.* II.
 of a horse, *hard-mouthed.*
 δύστονος, ον, (δυσ-, στένω) *lamentable.*
 δυσ-τόπαστος, ον, (δυσ-, τοπάζω) *hard to guess.*
 δυσ-τοχάστος, ον, (δυσ-, στοχάζομαι) *hard to hit upon.*
 δυσ-τράπεζος, ον, (δυσ-, τράπεζα) *fed on borid food.*
 δυσ-τρέπελος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn: stubborn, unmanageable.* Adv. -λως, *awkwardly.*
 δύσ-τροπος, ον, (δυσ-, τρέπω) *hard to turn or direct: stubborn, wayward.*
 δυστύχης, f. ἡσω: pf. δεδυστύχηκα: (δυστυχήs):
 —to be *unlucky, unhappy: of things, to fail.* Hence
 δυστύχημα, ατος, τό, *a mischance, a failure.*
 δυσ-τύχης, ἐς, (δυσ-, τύχη) *unlucky, unfortunate.*
 Adv. -χως. Hence
 δυστύχια, ἡ, *ill luck, ill fortune.*
 δυσ-ύποιστος, ον, (δυσ-, ύποίω fut. of ύποφέρω)
hard to endure.
 δύσ-φάμος, Dor. for δύσφημος.
 δύσ-φάτος, ον, (δυσ-, φημί) *hard to tell, unspeakable, horrible, Lat. infandus.*
 δυσφήμιος, f. ἡσω, (δύσφημος) *to speak evil words:*

esp. words of ill omen. II. trans. to speak ill of, blaspheme, slander. Hence

δυσφημία, ἡ, evil language: esp. words of ill omen, lamentations.

δύσ-φημος, ον, (δυσ-, φήμη) of ill omen, bod-ing. II. slanderous: evil.

δυσ-φίλης, ἐς, (δυσ-, φίλῶ) hateful.

δυσφορέα, f. ἡσω, (δύσφορος) to bear ill, to be grieved, Lat. *aegré ferre*; to be discontented. Hence

δυσφόρητος, ον, hard to bear.

δυσ-φόρμιγξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, ill suited to the lyre, mournful, melancholy.

δύσ-φορος, ον, (δυσ-, φέρω) hard to bear, oppressive, heavy: insufferable, grievous:—Adv., **δυσφόρως** ἔχειν to be intolerable. II. (δυσ-, φέρομαι) moving with difficulty, slow of motion.

δυσφρόνως, Adv. of **δύσφρων**, foolishly.

δυσφροσύνη, ἡ, anxiety, care. From

δύσ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (δυσ-, φρήν) heavy in heart, sorrowful. II. ill-disposed, hostile. III. senseless.

δυσ-φύλακτος, ον, (δυσ-, φυλάσσω) hard to watch or keep. II. hard to keep off.

δυσ-χείμερος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖμα) very wintry, stormy.

δυσ-χείρωμα, ατος, τό, (δυσ-, χεῖρῶ) a thing hard to subdue, a hard conquest.

δύσ-χείρωτος, ον, (δυσ-, χεῖρῶ) hard to subdue.

δυσχεραῖνον, fut. ἀνώ, to bear with a bad grace, Lat. *aegré ferre*: to be discontented, displeased. II.

to make a thing hard, to make difficulties; **ρήματα** **δυσχεράνατα** (aor. I part.) vexatious words:—and

δυσχέρεια, ἡ, difficulty. II. annoyance, trouble. 2. of persons, peevishness, ill-temper, moroseness.

From **δυσ-χερής**, ἐς, (δυσ-, χεῖρ) hard to manage. II. annoying, unpleasant, troublesome. 2. of persons, peevish, ill-tempered:—Adv., **δυσχερῶς** ἔχειν to be annoyed.

δύσχιμος, ον, (from δυσ-, as **μελάγχμιος** from **μέλας**) troublesome, dangerous, fearful.

δυσχλαινία, ἡ, scanty, shabby clothing. From

δύσ-χλαινος, ον, (δυσ-, χλαινα) shabbily clad.

δύσ-χορτος, ον, ill-supplied with food.

δύσ-χρηστος, ον, (δυσ-, χράομαι) hard to use, inconvenient: intractable.

δυσ-χωρία, ἡ, (δυσ-, χῶρος) difficult ground.

δυσ-ώδης, ἐς, (δυσ-, ὀζω) ill-smelling.

δυσ-ώδιος, ον, (δυσ-, ὠδίν) causing grievous pangs.

δυσωνέω, f. ἡσω, to beat down the price, cheapen. From

δυσ-ώνης, ον, ὅ, (δυσ-, ὀνέομαι) one who buys with difficulty, a hard customer.

δυσ-ώνυμος, ον, (δυσ-, ὄνομα) bearing an ill name, bearing a name of ill omen, such as **Αἴας**.

δυσ-ωπέω, f. ἡσω, (δυσ-, ὤψ) to put a person out of countenance, to be importunate:—Pass. to be asbamed, shy, timid.

δυσ-ωρόμαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep.: (δυσ-, ὤρος):—to keep a troublesome, painful watch.

δύσ-ωρος, ον, (δυσ-, ὤρα) unseasonable.

δύτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of **δύω**.

δύτης, ον, ὅ, (δύω) a diver.

δύω, Ion. for **δύο**, two.

ΔΥΨΩ or **δύνω**: fut. **δύσω** [ψ]: aor. I act. **ἔδυσσα**:—Med., **δύομαι**: impf. **ἔδύομην**: fut. **δύσομαι** [ψ]: aor. I **ἔδύσαμην**, with Ep. 2 and 3 sing. **ἔδύσειο**, **ἔδύσετο**, imperat. **δύσεο**, part. **δύσόμενος** used in pres. sense: with the Med. the aor. 2 and pf. act. agree in sense, aor. 2 **ἔδυν**, vs, v, dual **ἔδύτην** [ψ], pl. **ἔδυμεν**, **ἔδυτε**, **ἔδυσαν** Ep. **ἔδυν**; imperat. **δύθη**, **δύτε**, subj. **δύω**; opt. **δύνην** or **δύνην**; inf. **δύναι**, part. **δύς**: pf. **δέδυκα**:

I. Causal in fut. and aor. I, **δύσω**, **ἔδυσσάτω**, to put clothes on another. II. intr. in all other tenses of Act., and in Med.: I. of clothes, to put them on oneself, put on; metaph., **εἰ μὴ σὺ γε δύσειαι ἀλκίην** if thou wilt not put on strength. 2. of places, to enter, make one's way into; **δύνασι κόλπον θαλάσσης** to sink into the lap of ocean; **πόλεμον δύσαι** and **δύσασθαι** to plunge into the fight; **μηροστήρας δύσασθαι** to go in among the suitors. 3. to come over or upon; **κάματος γυῖα δέδυκε** weariness came upon his limbs; **κρατερῆ ἑλύσσα δέδυκε** madness came over him. 4. absol. to sink in: to dive: to set, of the sun and stars.

δύω-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, poet. for **δώδεκα**.

δωδεκά-βοιος, ον, (δώδεκα, βοῖς) worth twelve beeves.

δωδεκά-δρομος, ον, (δώδεκα, δρᾶμῆν) running twelve courses.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ος, (δώδεκα, μήν) twelve months old.

δωδεκά-μοιρος, ον, (δώδεκα, μοῖρα) divided into twelve parts.

δωδεκαταῖος, ον, twelve days old.

δωδεκάτος, ον, poet. for **δωδέκατος**.

δωκαιεικοσί-μετρος, ον, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, μέτρον) holding two-and-twenty measures.

δωκαιεικοσί-πηχυς, v, (δύω καὶ εἴκοσι, πῆχυς) twenty-two cubits long.

δῶ, τό, Ep. apocopate form for **δῶμα**, only in nom. and acc. Also as plur. for **δῶματα**.

δῶ, δῶς, δῶ, aor. 2 subj. of **δίδομι**.

δῶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, (δύο, δέκα) twelve, Lat. *duodecim*.

δωδεκά-γναμπος, ον, (δώδεκα, γνάμπω) bent twelve times; **δωδεκάγναμπον τέρμα** the post that has been doubled twelve times.

δωδεκά-αρχος, ὁ, (δώδεκα, ἄρχω) a leader of twelve.

δωδεκά-θαυρος, ον, (δώδεκα, θάυρον II) twelve palms long.

δωδεκά-θέλος, ον, conqueror in twelve contests.

δωδεκαετής, ἐς, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) of twelve years:—but, **δωδεκαέτης**, ον, ὅ, twelve years old.

δωδεκάκις, Adv. (δώδεκα) twelve times.

δωδεκά-κρονος, ον, with twelve springs.

δωδεκά-λίτος, ον, (δώδεκα, λίνον) of twelve threads.

δωδεκά-μήνος, ον, (δώδεκα, μήν) of twelve months.

δωδεκα-μήχανος, *ov*, (δώδεκα, μηχανή) *knowing twelve arts*.

δωδεκά-παις, -παῖδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, with twelve children.

δωδεκά-πάλαι, *Adv.* twelve times long ago, i. e. ever so long ago.

δωδεκά-πυγus, *v*, twelve cubits long.

δωδεκά-πολις, *ι*, *gen.* *ιος*, formed of twelve united states.

δωδεκ-άρχης, *ov*, *ὁ, =* δώδεκ-άρχος.

δωδεκάς, *ἀδος, ἡ*, (δώδεκα) the number twelve: a number of twelve, a dozen.

δωδεκά-σκαλμος, *ov*, twelve-oared.

δωδεκά-σκῦτος, *ov*, made of twelve different coloured pieces of leather.

δωδεκαταῖος, *α, ov*, on the twelfth day. From

δωδέκατος, *η, ov*, (δώδεκα) the twelfth.

δωδεκά-φύλος, *ov*, (δώδεκα, φυλή) of twelve tribes: τὸ δωδεκάφυλον the twelve tribes of Israel.

δωδεκ-έτης, *ov*, *ὁ, δ*, (δώδεκα, ἔτος) twelve years old; *fem.* δωδεκ-έτις, *ιδος, ἡ*.

Δωδώνη, *ἡ*, Dodona, a town in Thesprotia, the seat of a very ancient oracle of Jupiter.

δῶν, δῶσι, *Ep.* 3 *sing. aor. 2 subj.* of δίδωμι.

δῶην, *Ep.* for δῶην, *aor. 2 opt.* of δίδωμι.

δῶκα, *Ep.* for ἔδωκα, *aor. I* of δίδωμι.

δῶλος, *Dor.* for δοῦλος.

δῶμα, *ατος τό, (δέμα) a house, dwelling.* II. *a part of the house, a chamber, room.* III. *a house, household.*

δομάτιον, *τό, Dim.* of δῶμα.

δοματίτης, *ov*, *ὁ*: *fem.* -ίτις, *ιδος, ἡ*: (δῶμα): of, belonging to the house or household.

δοματο-φθορέω, *f. ἦσω, (δῶμα, φθέρω) to ruin house and home.*

δοματώ, *f. ὠσω, (δῶμα) to house.*

δομάω and δομάσμαι, *Dep.*, (δέμα) to build.

δῶναξ, *Dor.* for δούναξ, δούναξ.

δῶμεν, *Ep.* for δῶμεν, *I pl. aor. 2 subj.* of δίδωμι.

δωρέα, *Ion.* -εή, *ἡ*, a gift, present:—*Acc.* δωρέαν used as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, *Lat. gratis*: hence undeservedly, in vain. From

δωρέω, *f. ἦσω*: or δωρέομαι, *Dep.*, *f. ἦσομαι*:—to give, present: to present one with, *Lat. dono*. Hence

δωρημα, *ατος τό, that which is given, a gift.*

δωρητός, *ἡ, ὅν, (δωρέω) open to gifts or presents, to be appreciated by gifts.* II. *freely given.*

Δωριάω, *f. ἄσω, =* Δωρίζω.

Δωριεύς, *ἑως, ὁ, (Δῶρος) a Dorian*: in plur. the Dorians.

Δωρίζω *Dor.* -ισδω: *f. ἴσω*: (Δῶρος):—to imitate the Dorians. 2. to speak Doric Greek. 3.

to dress like a Dorian girl.

Δωρικῶς, *ἡ, ὅν, and Δῶριος, α, ov, (Δῶρος) Doric, Dorian.*

Δωρίς, *ιδος, ἡ, (Δῶρος) fem. Adj. Dorian*: (sub. γῆ) the Dorian land, i. e. Peloponnesus. 2.

(sub. κοπίς) a Dorian knife used at sacrifices.

Δωρίσθεν, *Dor. inf.* of Δωρίζω.

Δωρίστω, *Dor.* for Δωρίζω.

Δωριστί, (Δῶρος) *Adv.* in Dorian fashion.

δωροδοκέω, *f. ἦσω, (δωροδόκος) to accept as a present, to take as a bribe*:—*Pass.* to have a bribe given one: *c. acc.* to receive as a bribe. Hence

δωροδόκημα, *ατος τό, a bribe.*

δωροδοκιστί, *Adv.* (δωροδοκέω) in bribery fashion, with allusion to the Dorians.

δωροδοκία, *ἡ, (δωροδοκέω) a taking of bribes, openness to bribery.*

δωρο-δόκος, *ov, (δῶρον, δέχομαι) taking presents or bribes.*

δωρο-δότης, *ov, ὁ, (δῶρον, δίδωμι) a giver of presents.*

δῶρον, *τό, (δίδωμι) a gift, present*: a votive offering to a god; δῶρα θεῶν gifts of or from the gods. II. the breadth of the hand, the palm.

δωρο-φάγος, *ov, (δῶρον, φάγειν) devouring gifts, greedy of presents.*

δωροφορέω, *f. ἦσω, to bring presents or bribes.* From δωρο-φόρος, *ov, (δῶρον, φέρω) bringing presents*: hence tributary.

δωρύττομαι, *Dor.* for δωρέομαι.

δῶς, *ἡ, Lat. dos, =* δόσις, only in nom.

δωσεῖν, *Desiderat.* of δίδωμι, to be ready to give.

δωσέμεναι, -έμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of δίδωμι.

δῶσι, 3 *pl. aor. 2* of δίδωμι.

δωσί-δικος, *ov, (δίδωμι, δική) giving oneself up to justice, abiding by a sentence.*

δώσω, *fut.* of δίδωμι.

δωσῶν, *Dor.* for δώσων, *fut. act. part.* of δίδωμι.

δωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (δίδωμι) a giver.

δῶτης, *ov, ὁ, =* δωτήρ.

δωτινάξω, *f. ἄσω, to receive presents.* From

δωτινή, *ἡ, (δίδωμι) a gift, present*: *acc.* δωτινήν as *Adv.*, as a free gift, freely, like δωρέαν. [I]

δῶτωρ, *eros, ὁ, =* δωτήρ.

δῶω, *Ep.* for δῶ, *aor. 2 subj.* of δίδωμι.

E

Ε, ε, called ε ψιλόν, the fifth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral ε' = πέντε and πέμπτος, ε = 5000. When in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) the Athenians adopted η from the Samian alphabet to represent long e, the Gramm. introduced the name of ε ψιλόν, ε without the aspirate, because Ε was one way of writing the rough breathing.

ἔ, him-, her-, or it-self, *Lat. se*, *acc. sing.* and plur. reflexive *Pron.* of 3rd pers., without nominat., and always enclitic. A rarer *Ep.* form is ἔε, never enclitic.

II. without reflexive sense, for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, him, her, it. See οὐ, *Lat. sui*.

εἶ, exclam. of wonder or displeasure: *Lat. vab!*

εἶα, for εἶα, 3 *sing. impf.* of εἶω.

εἶα, *Ion.* for ἦν, 1 *sing. impf.* of εἶμι *sum*.

ἐᾶ, lengthd. Ep. ἔαα, 3 sing. pres. of ἔαω.
 ἐάων, lengthd. Ep. inf. of ἔαω.
 ἔαγα, pf. of ἄγνυμι with pass. sense.
 ἐάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἄγνυμι.
 ἔαδα, pf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἔαδον, aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.
 ἐάλη or ἐάλη [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of εἶλω.
 ἐάλωκα [ᾶ], pf., ἐάλων [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.
 ἐάν, Conj. (properly εἰ ἄν), *if haply, if so be that, in case that*, followed by Subjunctive, whereas εἰ is followed by Indic. and Optat.: Homer uses for it εἰ κε or αἰ κε: the Att. contract it into ἦν and ἄν.

II. with Verbs of seeing and inquiring, it answers to Lat. *an, if, whether*; σκοπέει ἔάν ἱκανὸν ἦ see *if or whether* it be enough. III. ἐάν καὶ even *if, granting that*; ἐάν μὴ *if not, except, unless*; ἐάν ἄρα μὴ *if perhaps not*.

IV. after relat. Pronouns and Particles ἐάν stands for ἄν; ὅς ἐάν *whosoever*; ὅπου ἐάν *wheresoever*; but only in very late writers.

ἐάνόν, τό, v. sq.
 ἐάνως, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐννύμι) used of all things *fit for putting on or wearing*; and so, generally, *fine, light*; ἐάνως κασσίτερος *tin beat out thin and made fit for wear*. II. as Subst., ἐάνόν (sub. εἶμα or ἱμάτιον), τό, a *rich state-robe*.

ἔαξα for ἔηξα, aor. I of ἄγνυμι.
 *EAP, ἔαρος, τό; Ep. εἶαρ, εἶαρος; contr. ἦρ, ἦρος:—Lat. *VER, spring*; ἔαρος νέον ἱσταμένοιο in *early spring*; metaph. of *anything early or fresh, the prime or first bloom of a thing*; γεννῶν ἔαρ *the first down on the chin*.

ἐαρί-δρεπτος, ον, (ἔαρ, δρέπω) *plucked in spring*.
 ἐαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἔαρ) *to pass the spring*.
 ἐαρίωνος Ep. εἰαρίωνος Att. ἠρίωνος, ἦ, ὄν: (ἔαρ): Lat. *vernus, of or belonging to spring*.
 ἔαρο-τρεφής, ἐς, (ἔαρ, τρέφω) *spring-nurtured*.
 ἔας, Ep. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 εἶασα, Ep. aor. I of ἔαω.

εἶασι, Ep. for εἰσί, 3 plur. of εἰμί *sum*.
 εἶασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of ἔαω.
 εἶαται, Ion. for ἦνται, 3 pl. of ἦμαι.
 εἶατε, Ep. for ἦτε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 ἐαπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἔαω, *to be suffered: to be let alone*.

εἶατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.
 ἐ-αυτοῦ, ἦς, οὔ, pl. ἐαυτῶν, etc.; Ion. ἐωυτοῦ, etc.; Att. contr. αὐτοῦ, etc.: (ἐ, q.v., αὐτοῦ):—Reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers., *of himself, herself, itself, etc.*, used in gen., dat., and acc. sing.

ἐάφθη, Ep. for ἦφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
 *EΑ'Ω, contr. εἶω, Ep. εἶω: impf. εἶων, Ep. without augm. ἐων: fut. ἐάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I εἶασα, Ep. εἶασα: pf. εἶακα:—Pass., f. med. in pass. sense, ἐάσομαι: pf. εἶαμαι. *To let, suffer, allow, permit*: with notion of carelessness, *to leave alone*.

II. *to let go, let alone, let be: heed not*. 2. *to let alone, let be*; ὅς ἄν τὸ μὲν δώσει, τὸ δ' ἐάσει he will give one thing, the other he will *let alone*, i. e. *not give*; ἐάν χαίρειν *to*

let alone. III. Med., ἐᾶσθαι τινί τι *to give up a thing to another*.

ἔαων, Ep. for ἔηων, gen. pl. of εἶω.
 ἔβαλον, aor. 2 of βάλλω.
 ἔβαν, aor. 2 of ἔβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of βαίνω.
 ἐβάσκηνα, ἐβασκάνθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βασκαίνω.

ἐβάστασα, ἐβάσταξα, aor. I of βαστάζω.
 ἐβάσθη, ἐβάσθη [ᾶ], aor. I and 2 of βάπτω.
 ἐβδομ-ἀγέτης, ον, ὄ, (ἐβδόμη, ἄγω) epith. of Apollo, *to whom the Spartans offered sacrifices on the seventh of every month*.

ἔβδομαίος, α, ον, (ἔβδομος) *on the seventh day*.
 ἔβδομάς, ἀδος, ἡ, *a number of seven*.
 ἔβδομάτος, ον, (ἔβδομος) *the seventh*.
 ἔβδομηκοντα, οἰ, αἰ, τά, (ἐπτὰ) indecl. *seventy*.
 ἔβδομηκοντα-ἕξ, *seventy-six*.
 ἔβδομος, ἡ, ον, (ἐπτὰ) *the seventh*. II. ἡ ἐβδόμη (ἡμέρα), *the seventh day of the month*.

ἐβεβήκειν, plqpf. of βαίνω.
 ἐβεβλήκειν, ἐβεβλήμην, plqpf. act. and pass. of βάλλω.
 ἐβέννος, ἡ, ον, *of ebony*. From *EBENOS, ἡ, *the ebony-tree, ebony*.

ἔβην, aor. 2 of βαίνω.
 ἐβηξα, aor. I of βήσσω.
 ἐβησα, causal aor. I of βαίνω.
 ἐβήσατο, Ep. for ἐβήσατο, aor. I med. of βαίνω.
 ἐβιάσθη, ἐβιάσθη, aor. I med. and pass. of βιάζω.
 ἐβιήθη, aor. I pass. of βιάω.

ἐβίω, aor. 2 of βιάω.
 ἐβίωσα, 2 sing. aor. I of βιώσκειν.
 ἐβλάβην, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐβλάβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of βλάπτω.

ἐβλάστηκα, pf. of βλάστανω.
 ἐβλάστησα, ἐβλαστον, aor. I and 2 of βλαστάνω.
 ἐβλαφα, pf. of βλάπτω.
 ἐβλέπην, aor. 2 pass. of βλέπω.
 ἐβλέφθη, aor. I pass. of βλέπω.

ἐβλήμην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of βάλλω.
 ἐβλίσα, aor. I of βλίσσω.
 ἐβλύσα, aor. I of βλύζω, but ἐβλύσα of βλύω.
 ἐβούλευσα, ἐβουλεύθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βουλεύω.

ἐβουλήθη, ἐβουλόμην, aor. I and impf. of βούλωμαι.
 *EBPAΓΓOΣ, a *Hebrew: Έβραῖς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (sub. διάλεκτος), the Hebrew dialect*. Hence Έβραϊστί, Adv. *in the Hebrew tongue*.

ἔβρασα, ἐβράσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βράσσω.
 ἐβράχη, see βράχω.
 ἐβράχην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of βρέχω.
 ἐβρέξα, ἐβρέχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βρέχω.
 ἐβριξα, aor. I of βρίζω.

ἔβρισκα, aor. I of βρίσκω.
 ἐβρώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.
 ἔβρων, aor. 2 of βιβρώσκω.
 ἔβρωσα, ἐβρώσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βιβρώσκω.
 ἔβυσα, ἐβύσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of βύω.

ἔβωσα, contr. for ἐβόησα, aor. I of βοάω.
 ἔγ-γείω, a, ov, also ἔγ-γείος, ov, (ἐν, γῆ) in or of the land, native. II. of property, in land, consisting of land. III. in or beneath the earth, like χθόνιος.

ἔγ-γέγᾱ, Ep. pf. of ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἔγγέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγλύφω.
 ἔγγεραμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.
 ἔγγεγύηκα, -ημαι, see ἐγγύω.
 ἔγ-γείνωμαι, 3 pl. aor. I subj. of *ἐγγείνομαι in causal sense, to engender or breed in.
 ἔγ-γείος, see ἔγγίω.

ἔγγελάστης, ov, ὁ, a mocker, scorner. From ἔγ-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ]: for the tenses, v. γελᾶω: —to laugh at, mock at one: absol. to mock, jeer.
 ἔγ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐν, γένος) in-born, native, innate, natural; ἔγγενεῖς θεοὶ gods of the race or country. II. born of the same race, kindred.

ἔγ-γηράσκω, fut. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], to grow old in a place.
 ἔγ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: for the tenses, v. γίνομαι: (ἐν, γίγνομαι): Dep. —to be produced in, grow in: to take place, happen, arise in, or among. II. to intervene, pass. III. ἐγγίγνεται, it is allowed, like ἔξεστι.
 ἔγγίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐγγύς) to bring near. II. mostly intrans. to draw nigh, be at hand.

ἔγ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in later Gr. for ἐγγίγνομαι.
 ἔγγίω, ov, Comp., and ἔγγιστος, η, ov, Sup. of ἔγγύς.

ἔγ-γλύσσω, (ἐν, γλυκίς) to have a sweet taste.
 ἔγ-γλύφω, f. ψω, (ἐν, γλύφω) to cut in, carve.
 ἔγ-γλωττο-τύπτω, f. ἦσα, (ἐν, γλώσσα, τύπτω) to strike out with the tongue, to be always talking of.
 ἔγ-γονος, ὁ, (ἐν, γόνος) a grandson: descendant.
 ἔγ-γράφω, f. ψω: for the tenses, v. γράφω: —to mark in or on: to paint or write on: Med. and Pass. to have written on; ἔγγεγραμμένος τι having it written on, as in Virgil, inscripti nomina. II. to enter in the public register, to set down: also to indict.

ἔγ-γυᾶλιζω, f. ζω: Ep. aor. I ἐγγυᾶλιζα: (ἐν, γυᾶλον): —to put into one's hands, grant in full, give to one's charge.

ἔγγυᾶω: impf. ἠγγύω: fut. ἐγγυήσω: aor. I ἠγγύησα: pf. ἠγγύηκα: —Pass., aor. I ἠγγυήθη: pf. ἠγγυήμαι: (this Verb is often treated as a compd., and the forms given as ἐνεγύω, ἐνεγύησα, ἐγγεγύηκα: but it is derived from ἐγγύη, and these forms are erroneous): —to hand over as a pledge, to plight, betroth: to engage, promise, answer: —Med. to pledge or plight oneself, to give a pledge: —Pass. to be plighted or betrothed: to accept as plighted husband or wife.

ἔγ-γύη, ἡ, (ἐν, γυῖον or γυᾶλον) a putting a pledge in one's hand: hence generally, surety, security, bail.
 ἔγγυητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐγγυᾶω) one who gives bail or security, a surety.

ἔγγυητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐγγυᾶω) plighted, betrothed.
 ἔγγυθην, Adv. (ἐγγύς) from nigh at band, bard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἐγγυθί, (ἐγγύς) Adv. hard by, near. II. of Time, nigh at band.

ἔγ-γυός, ov, (ἐγγύη) giving surety or bail. II. as Subst., = ἐγγυητής, a surety.

ἔΓΓΓΤ' Σ, Adv. I. of Place, near, nigh at band, absol. or c. gen. II. of Time, nigh at band. III. of Numbers, nearly. IV. coming near, like, akin to. Comp. ἐγγύω, ov, and ἐγγυτέρος, a, ov; Adv. ἐγγυτέρω, nearer: —Sup. ἐγγύιστος and ἐγγυτάτος; Adv. ἐγγύιστα and ἐγγυτάτα, as near as possible: see ἐγγύω.

ἔγ-γώνιος, ov, (ἐν, γώνος) angular, forming a right angle; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones cut square.

ἔγδούπησα, Ep. for ἐδοῦπησα, aor. I of δούπέω.
 ἐγένωνε, 3 sing. impf. of γενῶμαι: see γέγωνα.
 ἐγεγώνειν, plqpf. of γέγωνα.

ἐγεγώνειν, impf. of γενῶμαι: see γέγωνα.
 ἐγενῶμαι, causal aor. I of γείνομαι, to beget. ἐγενῶμαι and ἐγενέητο, 3 sing. plqpf. of γίγνομαι.

ἔΓΕΙΡΩ, fut. ἐγερῶ: aor. ἤγειρα: pf. ἐγήγερκα: —Pass., aor. I ἠγέρθη: Ep. 3 pl. ἐγερθεν: pf. ἐγήγερμαι: —for Ep. aor. 2 and pf. med., see ἔγρητο, ἐγρήγορα: I. Act. to awaken, wake up, rouse, stir: —metaph. to rouse, stir up. 2. to raise from the dead. 3. to raise, erect a building. II. Med. and Pass. to wake, rise up from sleep: in aor. to keep watch: be awake. 2. to rouse oneself, be excited by passion, etc.

ἔγέλασσα, ἐγέλαξα, Ep. and Dor. aor. I of γελᾶω.
 ἐγεντο, syncop. for ἐγένετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γίγνομαι.

ἐγέρηρα, aor. I of γεραίρω.
 ἐγερθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἐγερσι-γελως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐγείρω, γέλω) laughter-stirring.

ἐγερσι-θεᾶτρος, ov, (ἐγείρω, θέατρον) exciting the spectators.

ἐγερσι-μάχας, Dor. for -μάχης, ὁ: fem. ἐγερσι-μάχη: (ἐγείρω, μάχη) battle-stirring.
 ἐγερσιμος, ov, (ἐγείρω) waking, easily waked; ἐγερσιμος ὕπνος sleep from which one wakes.

ἐγερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγείρω) a waking, exciting.
 ἐγερσι-φάης, ἐς, (ἐγείρω, φάος) light-awakening.
 ἐγερτί, Adv. (ἐγείρω) wakefully, busily.

ἐγγηγάτο, Ion. for ἐγγεγερμένοι ἦσαν, 3. pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐγείρω.

ἐγγήγερκα, ἐγγήγερμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγείρω.
 ἔγημα, aor. I of γαμέω.

ἐγήρα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of γηράσκω.
 ἐγγράσα, aor. I of γηράσκω.
 ἐγήρῦσα, aor. I of γηρύω.

ἔγ-καθαροῖζω, f. ὄσω, to fit in.
 ἔγ-καθέομαι, f. —καθεοῦμαι, Dep. to sit or take one's seat in: to encamp in a place.

ἐγκάθερος, ov, (ἐγκαθίωμι) suborned.
 ἔγ-καθηβᾶω, f. ἦσα, to pass one's youth in.
 ἔγ-κάθημαι, Dep. to sit in or on, lie in ambush.
 ἔγ-καθιδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to set up in.

ἐγ-καθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to seat in or upon. II.

intr. to sit in or upon: to take one's seat on.

ἐγ-καθίημι, f. ἴσω, to let down into, send in.

ἐγ-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to place or set in.

II. Med. and Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐγκατέστην; pf. ἐγκαθέστηκα; plqpf. ἐγκαθεστήκειν: to be placed or established in.

ἐγ-καθορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into harbour: Med. to run into harbour.

ἐγ-καθυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to riot to excess in a thing.

ἐγ-καίνα, τά, (ἐν, καινός) a feast of renovation or dedication. Hence

ἐγκαίνιζω, f. σω, to renovate, dedicate, consecrate.

ἐγ-καίω, f. -καύσω, to burn or beat in. II. to make a fire in.

ἐγ-καλέω, fut. ἐγκαλέσω: pf. ἐγκέκληκα:—to call in.

II. to summon for the purpose of accusing, to accuse, indict; φόνον ἐγκαλεῖν τιμι to bring a charge of murder against one: of actions, to blame, censure.

ἐγ-καλλοπίζομαι, Pass. to pride oneself in a thing. Hence

ἐγκαλλώπισμα, atos, τό, that of which one is proud: an ornament, decoration.

ἐγκαλυμμός, ό, a wrapping up. From

ἐγ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to veil in: to wrap up:—Med. to bide oneself, esp. one's face: hence to be ashamed.

ἐγ-κάμπτω, f. ψω, to bend in.

ἐγ-κάνασσω, f. ζω, to pour gurgling in; aor. I imperat. ἐγκάνασον. (Formed from the sound.)

ἐγ-κάνάχομαι, Dep. (ἐν, καναχή) to make a sound in or with a thing.

ἐγ-κάπτω, f. ψω: pf. ἐγκέκαφα:—to gulp in greedily, to snar up, bolt.

ἐγ-καρπος, ov, containing fruit: fruitful, prolific.

ἐγ-κάρσιος, α, ov, cross, transverse, oblique.

ἐγ-καρτερέω, f. ἴσω, to persevere or persist in. II. to await steadfastly. III. absol. to hold out.

ἐγκάτα, τά, (ἐν) the entrails, bowels: dat. ἐγκασι.

ἐγ-καταβαίνω, to go down into: to put oneself in.

ἐξ-καταγηράσκω: f. άσσομαι [ά]: to grow old in.

ἐγ-καταδέω, f. -δήσω, to bind fast in, involve in.

ἐγ-καταδύνω, to creep down into.

ἐγ-καταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to associate with, adapt.

ἐγκατάθοιτο, 3 aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie in: to lie down.

ἐγ-κατακείω, to lay down or put to bed in a place:

—Pass. to lie down or go to bed in.

ἐγ-κατακοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to lie down and sleep in.

ἐγ-κατακρούω, f. σω, to beat in; ἐγκατακρούειν χορείαν to tread a measure or dance among.

ἐγ-καταλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι, to catch in a place: to catch and hold fast, to bind or trammel.

ἐγ-καταλέγω, f. ζω, to lay in or build into a wall. II. to reckon among: to enlist soldiers.

ἐγ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind: to forsake:—Pass. to be left behind in a race.

ἐγκατάληψις, εως, ή, (ἐγκαταλαμβάνω) a catching and holding fast: a being caught in a place.

ἐγ-καταμίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix up in.

ἐγ-καταπήγνυμι, f. -πήξω, to thrust firmly into: to fix in.

ἐγ-καταπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon.

ἐγ-καταπλέω, f. -πλέξω, to interweave, entwine.

ἐγ-καταρράπτω, f. ψω, to sew in.

ἐγ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to fall upon: of epidemics, to break out among. II. trans. to burl down upon.

ἐγ-κατασφάττω, f. ζω, to slaughter in.

ἐγ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put in or upon:—Med. τελαμώνα ἐη ἐγκάθετο τέχνη he included the sword-belt in his art, i. e. wrought it by his art.

ἐγ-καταχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in besides.

ἐγκατελέγην, aor. 2 pass. of ἐγκαταλέγω.

ἐγκατέλιπον, aor. 2 of ἐγκαταλείπω.

ἐγκατέτηξα, aor. I of ἐγκαταπήγνυμι.

ἐγκάθεο, Ep. for ἐγκατάθου, 2 sing. imperat., and ἐγκάθετο, for ἐγκατέθετο, 3 sing. ind., aor. 2 med. of ἐγκατατίθημι.

ἐγ-κατ'αλλώπτω, f. ψω, to scoff at.

ἐγ-κατοικέω, f. ἴσω, to dwell in.

ἐγ-κατοικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build on a spot, also 2. to build in, immerse.

ἐγ-κειμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κείσομαι, to lie in, to be wrapped in. II. to press upon, urge, importune, attack: to be vehement against: to press one hard. 2. to be devoted to.

ἐγ-κείρω, only in pf. pass. part., ἐγκεκαρμένω κάρῃ with shorn head.

ἐγκέκαυμα, pf. pass. of ἐγκαίω.

ἐγκέκαφα, pf. of ἐγκάπτω.

ἐγκέκληκα, pf. of ἐγκαλέω

ἐγκέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of ἐγκλείω.

ἐγκέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκλίνω.

ἐγκέκτημαι, pf. of ἐγκτάομαι.

ἐγκεκύλωμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγκυκλώω.

ἐγκέλευμα or -λευσμα, atos, τό, (ἐγκελεύω) an encouragement, cheer, buzzab.

ἐγκέλευστος, ov, urged on, bidden, ordered. From ἐγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to urge on, cheer on.

ἐγ-κεντρίζω, f. ἴσω, to goad on.

II. of plants, to inoculate, ingraft.

ἐγ-κεντρίς, ἴδος, ή, (ἐν, κέντρον) a sting: a spur.

ἐγ-κεράννυμι, fut. κέρῶσω [ά]: (ἐν, κεράννυμι): to mix in, mix: metaph. to concoct, contrive.

ἐγ-κερτομέω, f. ἴσω, to mock at.

ἐγ-κέφαλος, ov, (ἐν, κεφαλή) within the head; ό ἐγκέφαλος (sub. μυελός), I. the brain. II. the edible pith of young palm-shoots.

ἐγκεχάλινωμα, pf. pass. of ἐγχαλίνωω.

ἐγκέχοδα, pf. of ἐγχεῖω.

ἐγκεχρημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐγχεράω.

ἐγκέχυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐγχεύω.

ἐγ-κιθάρίζω, f. ἴσω, to play the harp among.

ἐγ-κίρνημι, = ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐγκλείω, f. σω, to *sbut in, confine within*.
 to *sbut to, sbut fast*.
 ἐγκληθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐγκαλέω.
 ἐγκλητῶ, Ion. for ἐγκλείω.
 ἐγκλημα, atos, τό, an accusation, charge, complaint; a bill of indictment.
 ἐγκλήμων, monos, ὁ, (ἐγκαλέω) censorious.
 ἐγκλημος, on, (ἐν, κληρός) having a lot or share in an inheritance, an heir, heirress.
 ἐγκλήω, Att. for ἐγκαλέω: aor. I part. ἐγκλησας.
 ἐγκλιδόν, Adv. (ἐγκλιῶν) leaning sideways, askant.
 ἐγκλίνω, f. -κλινῶ: pf. -κέκλικα, pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to bend, incline to or towards, Lat. *inclinare*:—Pass. to lean over or on, weigh upon one. II. intr. to bend, incline. 2. to give way, flee, Lat. *inclinari*.
 ἐγκοιλαινῶ, f. ἀνώ, to hollow out, scoop out.
 ἐγκοιλος, on, (ἐν, κοίλος) hollowed out, hollow.
 ἐγκοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. ἡσομαι, to sleep in.
 ἐγκοιμίζω, f. ἴσω, to lull to sleep in a place.
 ἐγκοισύρω, f. ὦσα, (ἐν, Κοισύρα) hence pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκοισυρωμένη, as *luxurious as Coesyra* (a female name in the Alcmaeonid family).
 ἐγκοιτάς, ádos, ἡ, (ἐν, κοίτη) serving for a bed.
 ἐγκοληβάξω, f. σω, to *gulp down like a κόλλαβος*, swallow.
 ἐγκονέω, f. ἡσω, to *hasten, be quick and active*.
 Hence
 ἐγκονητί, Adv. in haste, diligently.
 ἐγκονίζω, Med. (ἐν, κόνις) to roll in the dust or sand, sprinkle sand over oneself.
 ἐγκοπή, ἡ, (ἐγκοπήναι) a hinderance.
 ἐγκοπήναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐγκόπτω.
 ἐγκοπος, on, (ἐγκοπήναι) wearied.
 ἐγκόπτω, f. ψω, to *knock in*: metaph. to hinder, weary.
 ἐγκορδύλω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, κορδύλη) to wrap up in coverlets: pf. part. pass. ἐγκεκορδυλημένος.
 ἐγκοσμῶ, f. ἡσω, to arrange in order.
 ἐγκοτέω, f. ἔσω, to be indignant at. From
 ἐγκοτος, on, (ἐν, κότος) bearing a grudge, spiteful, malicious. II. ἐγκοτος is also found, like κότος, as Subst., a grudge, hatred.
 ἐγκράζω, f. -κράζομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέκρηγον:—to cry aloud at, to rate loudly.
 ἐγκράτεια, ἡ, self-control, Lat. *continentia*: and ἐγκράτευσαι, Dep. to exercise self-control. From ἐγκρατής, ἑς, (ἐν, κράτος) with a firm hold: stout, strong. II. having the mastery over, having possession of. 2. having control over oneself, self-disciplined, Lat. *continens*. 3. in bad sense, unyielding, stubborn.
 ἐγκρατικός, Adv. of ἐγκρατής, strongly, strictly: temperately.
 ἐγκρινῶ, f. -κρινῶ, to reckon in or among: to approve, admit, sanction. II. to reckon as.
 ἐγκροτέομαι, Dor. for -έουσαι, fem. part. pl. of ἐγκροτέω, f. ἡσω, to strike against: of a dance, to

II. beat or keep time:—Pass., πηγμαὶ ἐγκροτούμεναι fists dashed one against the other.
 ἐγκρούω, f. σω, to knock in: to strike against. II. to dance.
 ἐγκρύπτω, f. ψω, to bide or conceal in.
 ἐγκρύφιάω, f. ἄσω, (ἐγκρύφιος) to keep oneself hidden: to act underhand.
 ἐγκρυφιάς, ádos, ἡ, fem. Adj. bidden or baked in the ashes, of loaves. From
 ἐγκρύφιος, on, (ἐγκρύπτω) bidden in.
 ἐγκτάομαι, Dep. with fut. ἐγκτήσομαι, pf. ἐγκέκτημαι, to acquire possessions in a foreign country. Hence
 ἐγκτημα, atos, τό, property held in a foreign country.
 ἐγκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐγκτάομαι) possession of property in a foreign country.
 ἐγκύκλιω, f. ἡσω, to mix up in.
 ἐγκύκλιος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular, rounded. II. revolving in a circle, periodical, going round in succession: hence general, common.
 ἐγκυκλος, on, (ἐν, κύκλος) circular.
 ἐγκυκλώω, f. ὦσα, (ἐν, κύκλος) to move about in a circle:—Pass. to go round about, and in trans. sense, to surround, encircle.
 ἐγκύω, on, gen. onos, (ἐν, κύμα II) pregnant.
 ἐγκύος, on, (ἐν, κύω) = ἐγκύμα.
 ἐγκύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop and peep in, to pry into.
 ἐγκύρω: impf. ἐνέκρινον: fut. ἐγκύρωσω: aor. I ἐνέκρυσα:—to fall into or upon, light upon, meet with.
 ἐγκύρσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐγκύρω.
 ἐγκύτα, τά, Lacon. of ἐγκατα.
 ἐγκωμιάζω, fut. ἄσω and ἄσομαι: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεκωμιάσθη: pf. ἐγκεκωμιάσμαι:—(the augm. tenses are formed as if the Verb were a compd., and not derived directly from ἐγκώμιον):—to praise, laud.
 ἐγκώμιον, τό, see ἐγκώμιος II. 2.
 ἐγκώμιος, on, (ἐν, κώμη) at home, of the same village. II. (ἐν, κώμος) belonging to a Bacchic festival or revel: in which the victor was led home in procession. 2. as Subst., ἐγκώμιον (sub. ἔπος), τό, a hymn in honour of the victor: a song of praise, panegyric.
 ἐγλυμμα, pf. pass. of γλύφω.
 ἐγνωκα, ἐγνωσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνω, as, as, aor. 2 of γιγνώσκω.
 ἐγνωσθη, aor. I pass. of γιγνώσκω. —
 ἐγ-ξέω, f. ἔσω, to scrape.
 ἐγράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of γράφω.
 ἐγραψα, aor. I act. of γράφω.
 ἐγρε-κύνδομος, on, (ἐγείρω, κύδομος) strife-stirring.
 ἐγρε-μάχης, on, ὁ, and ἐγρέ-μάχος, η, on, (ἐγείρω, μάχη) rousing the fight.
 ἐγρεσί-κωμος, on, (ἐγείρω, κῶμος) stirring up to revelry.
 ἐγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω; imperat. ἐγροε; 3 sing. subj. ἐγρη; inf. ἐγρῆσθαι.
 ἐγρήγορα, to be awake, watch, intrans. pf. of ἐγείρω, whence part. ἐγρηγορός, 2 pl. imper. ἐγρήγορθε (Ep.

- for ἐργηγοράτε), inf. ἐργηγοῦσθαι (Ep. for ἐργηγορέναι):—plqpf. ἐργηγορή, 3 sing. ἐργηγοῦρει. Homer uses the Ep. form ἐργηγοῦσθα in 3 pl. ἐργηγοῦσθαι.
- ἐργηγορόω, Ep. part., as if from a pres. ἐργηγοράω, formed from ἐργηγορα, *watching, awake.*
- ἐργηγοῦντι, (ἐργηγορα) Adv. *wakefully, awake.*
- ἐργησοῦ, from ἐργηγορα, *to be awake or watchful.*
- ἐγροῖτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἐγείρω.
- ἐγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 med. part. of ἐγείρω.
- ἐγ-χάλιθον, f. ὄσω, *to put the bit in the mouth of, hold in check*:—Pass. *to have the bit in one's mouth.*
- ἐγχανεῖται, 3 sing. fut. of ἐγ-χάσκω:—ἐγχανῆ, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.
- ἐγ-χαρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι, Dep.=χαρίζομαι.
- ἐγ-χάσκω; (tenses formed from *ἐγ-χαίνω), fut. ἐγχανοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐν-ἐχᾶνον, inf. ἐγχανεῖν:—*to yawn or gape in one's face, to scoff at, jeer.*
- ἐγ-χέξω, f. -χέσω also -χέσομαι: pf. ἐγκέχοδα:—Lat. *incazo*: c. acc. *to be in a horrid fright at one.*
- ἐγχεΐων, Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγχεΐν.
- ἐγχει-βρόμος, *ov*, (ἐγχος, βρέμω) *thundering with the spear.*
- ἐγχεΐν, ἦ, (ἐγχος) *a spear, lance.*
- ἐγχεΐν, Ep. for ἐγχεΐν, 3 sing. subj. of ἐγχεώ.
- ἐγχει-κεραυνος, *ov*, (ἐγχος, κεραυνός) *touching the thunderbolt.*
- ἐγ-χειρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνεχειρήσα (ἐν, χεῖρ):—*to take in hand, undertake. Hence*
- ἐγγείρημα, *atos, τό, an undertaking*: and
- ἐγγείρησις, *eos, ἦ, a taking in hand, an undertaking.*
- ἐγχειρητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐγχειρέω, *one must undertake.*
- ἐγχειρητής, *ov, ὁ, (ἐγχειρέω) one who takes in hand: an adventurer.*
- ἐγχειρητικός, ἦ, *όν, (ἐγχειρέω) enterprising.*
- ἐγ-χειρίδιος, *ov*, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *in the hand.* II. as
- Subst., ἐγχειρίδιον, *τό, a hand-knife, dagger.* 2.
- a manual, hand-book.*
- ἐγ-χειρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐν, χεῖρ) *to put into one's hands, entrust a thing to another*:—Med. *to take in hand, take on oneself.*
- ἐγ-χειρί-θετος, *ov*, (ἐν, χεῖρ, τίθημι) *put or delivered into one's hands.*
- ἐγ-χεΐω, Ep. for ἐγχεώ.
- ἐγχελέιον, *τό, Dim. of ἐγχελος, a little eel.*
- ἐγχελεῖον, *ov, (ἐγχελος) of an eel.*
- *ΕΓΧΕΛΑΤΣ, *vos, ἦ, pl. ἐγχελλες, Att. ἐγγέλεις, eon*:—*an eel, Lat. anguilla*:—*proverb, ἐγγέλεισι θηράσθαι to be fond of fishing in troubled waters.*
- ἐγχεσι-μωρος, *ov, fighting with the spear.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
- ἐγγέσο-πάλος, *ov, (ἐγχος, πάλλω) spear-brandishing.*
- ἐγγεσο-φόρος, *ov, (ἐγχος, φέρω) spear-bearing.*
- ἐγγέοντα, Dor. for ἐγγέοντα, part. pr. of ἐγχεώ.
- ἐγ-χέω: f. -χῶ: aor. I ἐνέχσα, Ep. ἐνέχσα: Pass., pf. ἐγκέχθαι:—*to pour in*:—Med. *to pour or flow in, be poured in.* II. *to fill by pouring in; ἐγγεῖαι κρητῆρα to fill the bowl.*
- ἐγ-χθόνιος, *ov, (ἐν, χθών) in or of the country, Lat. indígena.*
- *ΕΓΧΟΣ, *τό, a spear, lance, consisting of two parts, αἰχμή and δόρυ, head and shaft.* II. generally, *a weapon, a sword, an arrow*:—*metaph., φροντίδος ἐγχος weapon of thought.*
- ἐγχοῦσα, ἦ, =ἀγχοῦσα, q. v.
- ἐγ-χραίνω, =sq.
- ἐγ-χράω and ἐγ-χραύω, *to dash against; ἐνέχραυεν ἐς τὸ πρόσωπον τὸ σκήπτρον he dashed his staff in his face.* The pf. pass. also occurs, *ἔσαν πρὸς τινὰ καὶ ἀλλοὺς ἐγκεχρημένοι (sc. πόλεμοι)* there were *urged on against others also.*
- ἐγ-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. *to expectorate.*
- ἐγ-χρηΐω, *to want, have need; τὰ ἐγχρηΐοντα necessities.*
- ἐγ-χρίμπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐνέχριμψα part. ἐγχρίμψας:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεχρίμψην part. ἐγχριμψθείς:—*to bring near to, to strike or dash against; ἐγ-χρίμπτειν τὴν βάρην τῇ γῇ to bring the boat to land: absol. to come to land: hence to approach: also to attack, press hard.* II. also intr. both in Act. and in Pass., *to fall upon, attack, pursue.*
- ἐγ-χρίπτω, collat. form of ἐγχρίμπτω.
- ἐγ-χριστος, *ov, applied as an unguent.* From
- ἐγ-χρίω, *to rub in, to anoint.* II. like ἐγχρίμπτω, *to attack, assail.*
- ἐγ-χρονίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ: (ἐν, χρόνος):—*to be long about a thing, tarry, delay.*
- ἐγ-χυτρίζω, f. σω, *to expose in a pan or pot.*
- ἐγ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to give room for doing a thing: to make way for, yield: to concede, allow, admit.* 2. impers. ἐγχαρεΐ, *it is possible or permitted; ἔτι ἐγχαρεΐ there is yet time.*
- ἐγ-χώριος, *av, also os, ov, (ἐν, χώρα) in or belonging to the country.*
- ἐγ-χωρος, *ov, =ἐγχώριος.*
- *ΕΓΩ, Lat. EGO, Germ. ICH, our I: pers. Pron. of the first person, Ep. and Aeol. ἐγών before vowels:—*strengthened by compos. with enclit. γε, ἐγωγε, Lat. equidem, I at least, for my part; Dor. ἐγώγα and ἐγώνα: Boeot. ἰώνα or ἰώγα*:—gen. ἘΜΟΥ, enclit. ΜΟΥ, Lat. MEI, Ep. and Ion. ἐμεῖο, ἐμεῦ, μεν, Ep. also ἐμεῖο, ἐμέθεν, Aeol. and Dor. ἐμεῖος; Boeot. ἐμούς:—Dat. ἐμοί, enclit. μοί; Dor. ἐμίν:—Acc. ἐμέ, enclit. με. Dual, nom. and acc., ΝΩ, Ep. νῶι, Lat. NOS: gen. and dat. νῶν, Ep. νῶιν. Plur., nom. ἡμεῖς, Dor. ἄμες, Aeol. ἄμμες:—gen. ἡμῶν, Ion. and Ep. ἡμέων, Ep. also ἡμέων, Dor. ἄμεων, Aeol. ἄμμεών:—dat. ἡμῖν, also ἡμιν or ἡμῖν [ῖ], Dor. ἄμιν, ἄμμι, Aeol. ἄμμεσί:—acc., ἡμάς, Ion. ἡμέας, Ep. and Aeol. ἄμμε, Dor. ἄμέ.
- ἐγώγα, Dor. for ἐγωγε.
- ἐγώδα, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶδα.
- ἐγώμαι, Att. crasis for ἐγὼ οἶμαι.
- ἐγών, ἐγώνα, Dor. for ἐγὼ, ἐγωγε.
- ἐγώνη, *ns, η, aor. 2 of ΔΑΝ.*
- ἔδαισα, -άμην, aor. I, act. and med. of δαίνωμαι,

ἔδακον, aor. 2 of δάκνω.
 ἐδάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δαμάω.
 *ἐδανός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *eatable*.
 ἐδανός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἀδείν) *pleasant, grateful, agreeable or excellent*.
 ἐδάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of δείραω.
 ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδαρκον, metaph. for ἐδάρκαω, aor. 2 of δέркоμαι.
 ἐδασάμην, aor. I of δαστέομαι.
 ἐδαφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to make level: to level with the earth*. From
 ἔδαφος, eos, τό, *the bottom, or base of anything: the ground: ἔδαφος νηός the bottom or hold of a ship: also the ground-floor, pavement: level ground*. (From the same root as δάπ-εδον, τάπ-ης.)
 ἔδεισα, Ep. for εἰσεισα, aor. I of δεῖδω.
 ἐδέγμην, Ep. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεδαίτο, Ion. for ἐδέδεντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἐδεδέγμην, plqpf. of δέχομαι.
 ἐδεδήκειν, plqpf. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδέδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖδω.
 ἐδεδήματο Ion. 3 plur., and ἐδέδητο 3 sing., plqpf. pass. of δέω.
 ἐδεδοίκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖδω.
 ἐδεδόμην, plqpf. pass. of διδωμι.
 ἐδεδοκείν, plqpf. of διδομαι.
 ἐδεθήθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέησα, aor. I of δέω, *to want*.
 ἐδέθηγ, aor. I pass. of δέω, *to bind*.
 ἐδειδίμεν, -ῖσαν, Ep. I and 3 pl. plqpf. of δεῖδω.
 ἔδειμα, aor. I of δέμα.
 ἔδειξα, aor. I of δέικνυμι.
 ἔδειρα, aor. I of δέρω.
 ἔδειδα, aor. I of δεῖδω.
 ἔδεικτο, Ep. 3 sing. sync. aor. 2 of δέχομαι.
 ἐδέμεν, Ep. for ἔδειν, inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐδέξα, -άμην, Ion. for ἔδειξα, -άμην, aor. I act. and med. of δέικνυμι; but ἐδέξάμην also aor. I of δέχομαι.
 ἔδεισμα, atos, τό, (ἔδω) *food, meat, a dish*.
 ἔδειστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἔδω) *an eater, devourer*.
 ἔδειστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔδω) *to be eaten, eatable*.
 II. *eaten: consumed*.
 ἐδείσει, aor. I of δέω, *to need*.
 ἐδήδεσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοκα, pf. act. of ἐσθίω.
 ἐδήδοται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηδώς, pf. part. of ἔδω.
 ἐδηγίου, Att. ἐδηγίου, impf. of δηγίω.
 ἔδησα, aor. I of δέω, *to bind: also Ep. aor. I of δέω, to want*.
 ἐδηγίως, ὄς, ἦ, (ἔδω) *meat, food*. [ῥ]
 ἐδηχθην, aor. I pass. of δάκνω.
 ἐδαιτήσα, aor. I of δαιτάω.
 ἐδηγασα, ἐδηγάθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δηγίω.
 ἐδίδαξα, poet. ἐδιδάσκησα, aor. I of διδάσκειν.
 ἐδίδου, impf. of διδομαι, formed from διδώω.
 ἐδιζήμην, impf. of δίημι.
 ἐδίηνα, aor. I of διάνω.

ἔδικον, v. δικέιν.
 ἐδίνευσα, ἐδίνησα, aor. I of δινεύω, δινέω.
 ἐδίψησα, aor. I of διψάω.
 ἐδίωξα, ἐδιώχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of διώκω.
 ἔδμενα, Ep. pres. inf. of ἔδω.
 ἐδμήθην, aor. I pass. of δαμάω.
 ἐδνάομαι, Dep. = ἔδνω. From
 *ἘΔΝΑ, Ep. ἔδνα, τά, *nuptial gifts*, I. *from the suitor to the bride*. 2. *from the suitor to the bride's father*. 3. *a portion or dowry, given to the bride by her parents, also φέρην or προίξ*. 4. *wedding presents to the wedded pair from their guests*. Hence
 ἔδνός, f. ὠσω, *to promise or betroth for presents*. Hence
 ἔδνωτής Ep. ἔδνωτής, οὐ, ὄ, *a betrother, of a father who portions a bride*.
 ἐδόθην, aor. I pass. of διδομαι.
 ἐδοκεύμεν, Dor. for ἐδοκούμεν, I pl. impf. of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκῆσα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἐδοκίμασα, ἐδοκίμασθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δοκιμάζω.
 ἔδομαι, fut. of ἔδω and ἐσθίω.
 ἔδομεν, ἔδοτε, ἔδωσαν (Dor. ἔδον), aor. 2 pl. of διδομαι.
 ἔδοντι, Dor. for ἔδουσι.
 ἔδοξα, aor. I of δοκέω.
 ἐδοξώθην, aor. I pass. of δοξάω.
 ἔδος, eos, τό, (ἔδομαι) *a thing to sit on, a seat*. 2. *a seat, abode, esp. of the gods*. 3. *a foundation, base, the pedestal of a statue: also the statue itself*. II. *the act of sitting: οὐχ ἔδος ἐστὶ 'tis no time for sitting still*.
 ἐδοῦμαι, fut. of ἔδομαι.
 ἔδρα Ep. and Ion. ἔδρη, ἦ, (ἔζομαι) *any seat, a chair, bench, etc.* 2. *a seat, abode, esp. of the gods, a temple, altar*. 3. *a foundation, base*. II. *a sitting still, being idle or inactive, delay: οὐκ ἔδρας ἀκμή it is not the season for sitting still*. 2. *a sitting, session*. III. *the seat, fundament*.
 ἔδραθον, poet. for ἔδαρθον, aor. 2 of δαρθάνω.
 ἔδραϊος, α, ον, (ἔδρα) *sitting, sedentary*. II. *steadfast, firm, constant*.
 ἔδραϊός, f. ὠσω, = ἔδραϊός. Hence
 ἔδραϊώμα, atos, τό, *a foundation, base*.
 ἔδρακόμην, aor. 2 med. of δέркоμαι.
 ἔδρακον, ἐδράκην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of δέркоμαι.
 ἔδραμον, aor. 2 of πρέχω.
 ἔδραον, aor. 2 of διδράσκω.
 ἔδρανόν, τό, (ἔδρα) *a seat, abode, dwelling*.
 ἔδρασα, aor. I of δράω.
 ἔδρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἔδρα.
 ἔδρησα, Ion. for ἔδρασα, aor. I of δράω.
 ἔδριαομαι, Pass. (ἔδρα) *to sit: Ep. inf. ἐδρίασθαι; Ep. 3 pl. impf. ἐδρίαοντο*.
 ἔδρο-στρόφος, ὄ, (ἔδρα, στρέφω) *a wrestler who throws his adversary by a cross-buttock*.
 ἔδρωπα, ἐδρῶφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of δρῶπω.
 ἔδῶν, I sing. aor. 2 of δῶω; but also Ep. for ἔδωσαν, 3 pl. of same tense.

ἔδυνασθην or -ήθην, aor. I of δύναμαι.
 ἔδυνάετο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of δύναμαι.
 ἔδυσσο, -ετο, Ep. for ἔδύσω, -ατο, 2 and 3 sing. aor. I med. of δύω.
 ἔδυστύχησα, aor. I of δυστυχῆσα.
 ἔδω, Ion. impf. ἔδεσκον: fut. ἔδομαι: pf. act. ἔδωκα, pass. ἔδωμαι:—these are all Ep. forms; for the Att. tenses, see ἔθωλα:—to eat, devour: metaph., οἶκον ἔδουσι eat up, i. e. consume, waste, house and home; θυμὸν ἔδοντες eating their heart, i. e. wasting, consuming their spirit. Hence
 ἔδωδη, ἡ, food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish. Hence
 ἔδωδιμος, ov, eatable: τὰ ἔδωδιμα provisions.
 ἔδωκα, aor. I of δίδωμι.
 ἔδωλλον, τό, (ἔδος) a seat, dwelling, abode. II. in a ship, the seat of the rowers, a rowing-bench, Lat. *tranztrum*.
 ἔει, poet. for εἰ, him, acc. of οὗ.
 ἔεινα, ἔειδνω, -ωτής, Ep. for ἔδινα, ἔδινώω, -ωτής.
 ἔειδομαι, Ep. for εἶδομαι, Med. of εἶδω.
 ἔεικοσά-βοιός, ἔεικοσι, ἔεικόσπορος, ἔεικοστός, Ep. for εἰκ-.
 ἔειλεον, Ep. for εἶλεον, impf. of εἶλω.
 ἔειπα, as, ε, ἔειπον, es, ε, Ep. for εἶπα, εἶπον.
 ἔεις, Ep. for εἰς.
 ἔείσαο, εἴσατο, εἴσασθην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing., and 3 dual., aor. I of εἶμι ibo.
 ἔείσατο, εἴσαμένος, Ep. 3 sing. and part. aor. I of *εἶδω.
 ἔέλδομαι, ἔέλδωρ, Ep. for ἔλδομαι, ἔλδαρ.
 ἔελμαι, ἔελμένος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of εἶλω.
 ἔελπομαι, Ep. for ἔλπομαι.
 ἔέλσαι, Ep. for ἔλσαι, aor. I inf. of εἶλω.
 ἔέργαθον, Ep. for εἶργαθον.
 ἔεργε, ἐεργμένος, ἐεργνυμι, ἐεργω, Ep. for εἶργ-.
 ἐεργμένος, pf. part. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἔερση, ἐερσήεις, Ep. for ἐρσή, ἐρσήεις.
 ἔερτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἔέρχατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of εἶργω.
 ἔέσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐννυμι.
 ἔέσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἴζω.
 ἔεστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἔεγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔεζα, ἐεζύθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔΖΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἔδομαι: impf. and aor. 2 ἐζόμεν: (the Root is ἔΔ-, see ἔδος):—to seat oneself, sit;
 ἐπὶ χθονὶ ἐζέσθην they sank to the earth.
 ἐζύγη [ῥ], aor. 2 of ζεύγνυμι.
 ἔζωσμαι, pf. pass. of ζώνυμι.
 ἔη, Ion. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἶμι sum.
 ἔη, fem. of ἐός, his.
 ἔηκε, Ep. for ἦκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἔημι.
 ἔην, Ep. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἐήνδανε, Ep. for ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἔης, gen. masc. of ἐός, good, brave, noble.
 ἔησ, Ep. for ἦσ, gen. fem. of οὗς, ἡ, ὅ, who, what:—but ἔης gen. fem. of ἐός, his.

ἔηθα, Ep. for ἦσ, 2 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.
 ἔησι, Ep. for ἦ, 3 sing. subj. of εἶμι sum.
 ἔθαλψα, ἐθάλψην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάλλω.
 ἔθανον, aor. 2 of θήσκω.
 ἔθος, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔθος) accustomed, used.
 ἔθαψα, ἐθάψην, aor. I act. and pass. of θάπτω.
 ἔθησαίμαι, Ion. aor. I of ἔδομαι.
 ἔΘΕΙΡΑ, ἡ, hair; in Homer, a horse's mane, or the horsehair crest on helmets: a lion's mane. Hence
 ἔθειράω, f. ἄσω, to wear long hair.
 ἔθειρώ, to tend, take care of, till. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἐθελήμος, ὄν, (ἔθελω) willing, voluntary.
 ἐθελήσθαι, for ἐθέλῃς, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἐθέλω.
 ἐθελήτος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔθελω) willed, voluntary.
 ἔθελξα, ἐθελχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of θέλω.
 ἔθελο-, in compos., signifies voluntarily or gladly.
 ἔθελο-δουλος, ov, a willing slave.
 ἔθελο-θηρησκεία, ἡ, (ἔθελο-, θηρησκείω) will-worship, superstitious observance.
 ἔθελοκακῶς, f. ἡσω, to be slack in duty, play the coward purpose: to be beaten on purpose. From
 ἔθελο-κάκος, ov, wilfully bad, neglectful of one's duty, esp. in war, cowardly.
 ἐθελοντηδόν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἐθελοντήν, (ἔθελω) Adv. voluntarily.
 ἐθελοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.
 ἐθελοντής, οὗ, ὁ, (ἔθελω) a volunteer.
 ἐθελοντί, Adv. = ἐθελοντηδόν.
 ἐθελοντι, Dor. for ἐθελουσι, 3 pl. of ἐθέλω.
 ἐθελοπονία, ἡ, love of work, diligence. From
 ἔθελο-πόνος, ov, (ἔθελο-, πόνος) willing to work.
 ἔθελο-πρόξενος, ov, (ἔθελο-, πρόξενος) one who voluntarily charges himself with the office of πρόξενος, (q. v.) to a foreign state.
 ἔθελο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἔθελο-, *ἔργω) willing to work.
 ἔθελούσιος, α, ov, (ἔθέλω) voluntarily. II. of things, optional.
 ἔΘΕΛΩ, impf. ἦθελον: fut. ἐθελήσω: aor. I ἠθέλησα; pf. ἠθέληκα:—like θέλω, to will, be willing, wish, desire: sometimes also merely as the sign of the fut., will or shall. 2. with a negat., almost like δύναμαι, to be able, have the power; as of a stream, οὐδ' ἔθελε προρρεῖν ἄλλ' ἴσχετο. 3. to be wont or accustomed, to do a thing readily. 4. to mean, purport, Lat. volo; often in phrases, such as, τί θέλει τὸ τέρας; Lat. quid sibi vult? what means, what purports the prodigy?
 ἔθεμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθεν, Ep. and Att. poet. gen. for ἔο, οὗ, of him, of her.
 ἔθεντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθέρμηνα, aor. 2 of θερμαίνω.
 ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of τίθημι.
 ἔθειν, Ion. for ἔθου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.
 ἐθήειτο, ἐθέυμεθα, ἐθηεύτο, Ion. for ἐθεάτο, ἐθεάμεθα, ἐθῶντο, 3 sing., I pl., 3 pl. of θεάομαι.
 ἐθήμεσθα, Ion. I pl. of θεάομαι.
 ἐθήσαντο, Ion. for ἐθεάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of θεάομαι.

ἔθηκα, I sing. aor. I of τίθημι.
 ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἵημι: but ἔθην, aor. 2 act. of τίθημι.
 ἔθιον, aor. 2 of θυγάτων.
 ἔθιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I εἶθισα: pf. εἶθικα:—Pass., aor. I εἶθισθην: pf. εἶθισμαι: (ἔθος):—to accustom, use:—Pass. to be accustomed or used to. Hence
 ἐθιστέον, verb. Adj. one must accustom.
 ἔθλασα, aor. I of θλάω.
 ἔθλιψα, aor. I of ἔλιβω.
 ἔθν-άρχης, ov, ὁ, (ἔθνος, ἄρχω) a ruler of a nation: prefect: an ethnarch.
 ἔθνικός, ἡ, ὄν, national. II. foreign: gentile:—Adv. —κός, like the Gentiles. From
 *ΕΘΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a company, body of men. 2. a race, tribe. 3. a nation, people; τὰ ἔθνη the nations, Gentiles, i. e. all except Jews and Christians. 4. a particular class of men, a caste.
 ἔθορον, aor. 2 of θρώσκω.
 *ΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, custom, usage, manners, habit.
 ἔθρασσα, aor. I of θραύω.
 ἔθρεξα, aor. I of τρέχω.
 ἔθρέφθην, aor. I pass. of τρέφω.
 ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.
 ἔθρήνηον, Dor. for ἐθρήνον, impf. of θρηνέω.
 ἔθρῖσα, poet. for ἐθρίσμα, aor. I of θεριζώ.
 *ΕΘΩ, to be accustomed, to be wont. The Att. use the pf. εἶωθα Ion. ἔωθα as pres., and the plqpf. εἰώθην Ion. ἔωθεα as impf.:—to be wont or accustomed, to be in the habit: part. εἰώθως as Adj., accustomed, customary, usual; τὸ εἰωθός one's custom.
 Εἴ', a conditional Particle, Dor. and Ep. αἰ:—Lat. SI, if: with optat. or indic.:—see εἰ γάρ or αἰ γάρ, and εἰ-θε.
 εἰ, Att. 2 sing. of εἶμι Interj.
 εἶα, and trisyll. εἶα, Interj., Lat. eia, on! up! away! also come on then! εἶα νυν, well now.
 εἶα, 3 sing. impf. of εἶω; also 2 sing. imperat. pres.
 εἰάθην, εἶαμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of εἶω.
 εἰαμενίη, ἡ, a river-side pasture, meadow. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 εἰ ἄν, Ep. and Ion. εἰ κε, contr. into ἐάν, ἤν, and ἄν.
 εἰάνος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ἐάνος.
 εἶαρ, εἰαρίνος, Ep. for ἔαρ, ἐαρινός.
 εἰαρό-μασθος, ov, (εἶαρ, μασθός) with youthful breasts.
 εἶας, 2 sing. impf. of εἶω;—εἶασα, aor. I of the same.
 εἶασκον, Ion. for εἶων, impf. of εἶω.
 εἶαται, εἶατο, Ep. for Ion. ἔαται, ἔατο, which is for ἦνται, ἦντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of ἦμαι.
 εἶατο, Ion. for εἶντο, 3 sing. plqpf. med. of ἔννυμι.
 Εἴ' ΒΩ, Ep. form of λείβω, to drop, let fall in drops:—Med. to trickle or run down.
 εἰ γάρ, for if; and expressing a wish, O if..! O that..! would that..! Lat. utinam!
 εἰ-γε, if at least, if then, Lat. si-quidem.
 εἰ γούν, if at any rate, implying that the thing is unlikely.

εἰ δ' ἄγε, used in cheering, on then, come on! The phrase is elliptical, and would be in full, εἰ δ' ἔδόμενος, ἄγε. εἰδάλμος, η, ov, (εἶδος) shapely, comely. II. like, looking like.
 εἶδαρ, ατος, τό, (ἔδω) food, meat, victuals for men: fodder for cattle: a bait for fish.
 εἰδέην opt., and εἰδέναι inf. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δὲ μή, elliptical for εἰ δὲ μή τοῦτο ἔστι, if otherwise, Lat. sin aliter.
 εἶδω, for εἶδω, subj. of οἶδα; v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰ δή, if now, seeing that, expressing conviction: also in indirect questions, whether now.
 εἰδήμων, ovos, ὁ, ἡ, (*εἶδω) knowing or expert in a thing.
 εἰδησέμεν, Ep. for εἰδήσειν, fut. inf. of *εἶδω B.
 εἰδήσω, fut. of *εἶδω.
 εἶδομες, Dor. for εἶδομεν, I pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδω A.
 εἶδος, εος, τό, (*εἶδω) that which is seen, the form, shape, figure, Lat. species. II. generally, a form, sort, particular kind: a particular state or plan of action. III. species, opp. to genus.
 εἰδόσι, dat. pl. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότα, acc. sing. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδότης, Adv. of εἶδός, part. of οἶδα, knowingly.
 εἰδύια, fem. nom. part. of οἶδα, v. *εἶδω B.
 εἰδύλλον, τό, Dim. of εἶδος, a short, descriptive poem, mostly on pastoral subjects, an idyll.
 *Εἴ' ΔΩ (or more properly ΦΥΔΩ, the Lat. VIDEO), to see, obsol. in pres. act., which is supplied by ὄραω: its meanings fall under two heads, one to see, the other to know.
 A. to see, mostly in aor. 2 εἶδον, Ep. ἴδον, ἴδεσκον; subj. ἴδω, Ep. also ἴδωμι; inf. ἰδῶν, Ep. also ἰδέειν; part. ἰδών. The same sense belongs also to aor. 2 med. εἰδόμεν, Ep. ἰδόμεν; imperat. ἰδοῦ; subj. ἰδωμαι; inf. ἰδέσθαι. The aor. 2 imper. med. ἰδοῦ is mostly an exclamation, see! lo! behold! Lat. ecce. Ὅραω is used as pres., ἐώρακα or ἐώρακα, as pf., ὄφωμαι as fut. II. in Ep. and Ion. we find Pass. and Med. εἶδομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην, Ep. also εἰσάμην, αο, ατο, in pass. sense, to be seen, appear, seem, Lat. videre; εἰδεται ἄστρα the stars are visible, appear: hence, 2. to have or take the appearance of a thing: and c. dat. to make oneself like; εἰσατο φθογγὴν Πολίτη sbe made herself like Polites in voice.
 B. to know:—the pf. οἶδα, I have seen, is used as a pres. in the sense I know, (for what one has seen, one knows); so also plqpf. I had seen, in sense of impf. I knew:—indic. οἶδα, οἶσθα (poët. also οἶδας); I pl. ἴσμεν (Ep. and Dor. ἴδμεν), ἴστε, ἴσασι:—imperat. ἴσθη, ἴστω:—subj. εἰδῶ, Ep. also ἰδῶν;—opt. εἰδέην;—inf. εἰδέναι, Ep. ἰδμεναι and ἴδμεν:—part. εἰδός, Ep. fem. ἰδύια:—impf., ἦδειν, Ep. ἦδεα, Att. ἦδη; Ep. 2 sing. ἦειδης for ἦδης, Att. ἦδησα; 3 sing., Ep. ἦειδη, Att. ἦδη, ἦδεν; plur., ἦδεμεν, ἦδετε or ἦδετε, ἦδεισαν or ἦδσαν, Att. ἦσμεν, ἦστε, ἦσαν (Ep. ἴσαν):—fut. εἰσομαι, more

rarely and mostly Ep. εἰδήσω. *To know; εἶ οἶδα I know well; εἶ ἴσθι know well, be assured; νοήματα, μῆδεα οἶδε he is knowing, skilled in counsels; and so with Adjs., πεπνυμένα, φίλα, ἄρτια εἰδέναι, etc., to be skilled in prudent, fitting things, etc.; often in Part.; so also, εἶ εἰδώς well skilled. In this sense to be skilled in, the word also takes a genit. in Homer, τόσων εἶ εἰδώς cunning with the bow. Also with acc., χάριν εἰδέναι τινί to acknowledge a debt to another, thank him:—οἶδ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅτι, I know, you know it well:—also, οἶσθ' ὅτι, οἶσθ' ὅ and οἶσθ' ὡς, followed by imperat., give a command without specifying what, as if this was known before; esp. in phrase, οἶσθ' ὃ δρᾶσον, for δρᾶσον, οἶσθ' ὃ, do, thou knowest what.*

εἰδωλεῖον, τό, (εἰδωλον) an idol's temple.
εἰδωλό-θῦτος, ον, (εἰδωλον, θύω) sacrificed to idols; as Subst., τὸ εἰδωλόθουτον meat offered to idols.
εἰδωλολατρία, ἡ, idolatry. From
εἰδωλο-λάτρης, ου, ὃ, ἡ, (εἰδωλον, λάτρης) an idol-worshipper, an idolater.
εἰδωλον, τό, (εἶδος) a shape, image, spectre, phantom; βροτῶν εἰδωλα καμόντων the phantoms of dead men. II. an image in the mind, idea: a vision, a fancy. III. an image, portrait, esp. of a god: hence an idol, false god.

εἰδώς, part. of οἶδα, pf. of *εἶω v.
εἶεν, Att. for εἶσαν, 3 pl. opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶεν, Particle, well, good, proceed, Lat. esto.
εἶην, opt. of εἰμί sum.
εἶην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔημι.
εἶθαρ, Adv. (εὐθύς) at once, forthwith.
εἶ-θε, Dor. and Ep. αἶ-θε, Interj. O that! would that! Lat. utinam!
εἶθην, Ion. ἔθην, aor. I pass. of ἔημι.
εἰθίζω, f. ἴσω, poet. for ἐθίζω,
εἶθισα, εἶθικα, aor. I and pf. of ἐθίζω.
εἶκα, Att. for ἔοικα.
εἶκα, pf. of ἔημι.

εἰκάζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἔηκασα Ion. εἶκασα:—Pass., aor. I ἠκᾶσθην: pf. ἠκᾶσμαι Ion. εἶκᾶσμαι: (εἰκός):—to make like to, represent by a likeness:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. to liken, compare: to infer from comparison, to conjecture, guess.

εἰκάθων, poet. aor. 2 of εἰκω to yield; subj. εἰκάθω; inf. εἰκαθεῖν; part. εἰκαθών.

εἰκαίος, α, ον, (εἰκῆ) without purpose: random, hasty. II. common, worthless.

εἰκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (εἰκοσι) the twentieth day of the month (sub. ἡμέρα).

εἰκάστια, ἡ, (εἰκάζω) a likeness, image: a conjecture.
εἰκάσματος, ατος, τό, (εἰκάζω) a likeness.

εἰκασμός, οὔ, ὃ, (εἰκάζω) a conjecturing.
εἰκαστής, οὔ, ὃ, (εἰκάζω) one who conjectures, a guesser, diviner.

εἰκαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἰκάζω) to be compared, like.
εἰκάτι, Dor. for εἰκοσι.

εἰκελ-όνερος, ον, (εἰκελος, ὄνερος) dream-like.
εἰκελος, η, ον, (εἰκός) like, after the fashion of.

εἰκελό-φωνος, ον, (εἰκελος, φωνή) of like voice.
εἰκέαν, Att. for εὐκείαν, inf. of εὐκα.

Εἰκῆ, Adv. without plan or purpose, heedlessly, rashly, at random, Lat. temerē.

εἰκονίζω, f. ἴσω, (εἰκόν) to mould into form. Hence εἰκόνισμα, ματος, τό, an image, copy.

εἰκός Ion. οἰκός, ὄτος, τό, neut. part. of εὐκα, Lat. veri-simile, like truth, likely, probable, reasonable, fair, equitable; παρὰ τὸ εἰκός unreasonable.

εἰκοσά-βιολος, Ep. ἑκοσάβιολος, ον, (εἰκοσι, βούς) worth twenty oxen.

εἰκοσα-ετής, ἑς, (εἰκοσι, ἔτος) of twenty years.

εἰκοσάκις, (εἰκοσι) Adv. twenty times.

εἰκοσά-μηνος, ον, (εἰκοσι, μῆν) twenty months old.

Εἰκοσι before a vowel, εἰκοσιν, Ep. ἑεκοσι, Dor. εἰκασι, οἶ, αἶ, τά, indecl. twenty, Lat. viginti.

εἰκοσι-νήριτος, ον, twenty-fold without dispute; εἰκοσινήριτ' ἄποινα a twenty-fold ransom.

εἰκοσι-πηχυς, υ, (εἰκοσι, πῆχυς) of twenty cubits.

εἰκοσο-όργυιος, ον, (εἰκοσι, ὄργυια) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκοσούρος, poet. ἑεκ-, ον, (εἰκοσι) with twenty oars.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, see εἰκοστός π.

εἰκοστο-λόγος, ὃ, ἡ, (εἰκοστή, λέγω) one who collects the tax of a twentieth, a tax or toll collector.

εἰκοστός Ep. ἑεκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, the twentieth. II.

εἰκοστή, ἡ, a tax of a twentieth, Lat. vicesima.

εἰκοσο-ώργυος, ον, (εἰκοσι, ὄργυια) of twenty fathoms.

εἰκότως, Adv. of εἰκος, in all likelihood, probably, naturally: fairly, reasonably.

εἴκον, Ep. for εὐκατον, 3 dual of εὐκα.

εἴκτο, εἴκτην, Ep. for εὐκαίκε, εὐκαίτην, 3 sing. and 3 dual. plqpf.

*Εἴκω, fut. εἴξω, to be like; 3 sing. impf. εἴκε, Att. ἴκε, it was like or likely, seemed good:—but the pf. εὐκα, plqpf. εὐκαίκεν were used for the pres. and impf.; see εὐκα.

Εἴκω, f. ἴξω: aor. I εἴξα: poet. aor. 2 εἴκαθον:—to yield, give way to, draw back, retire. 2. to submit to, obey, follow; ᾧ θυμῷ εἴξας following his own bent;

πενίην εἴκων urged by poverty: hence to yield to another in a thing, to be weaker or inferior. II. trans. to yield up, abandon, resign: to grant, allow. III. impers. it is allowable, possible.

εἰκών, ἡ, gen. ὄνος, acc. ὄνα: Ion. gen. εἰκοῦς, acc. εἰκώ, acc. pl. εἰκοῦς: (*εἴκω, εὐκα):—a figure, image, likeness. II. a semblance, phantom, wraith. 2. a similit.

εἰκός, part. of εὐκα, pf. of *εἴκω, to be like.

εἰλαδόν, Adv. (εἴλη) = ἰληδόν, in a troop.

εἰλαπνίαζω, (εἰλαπνίη) only used in pres. to feast in a large company, to be a boon-companion. Hence

εἰλαπνιστής, οὔ, ὃ, a banqueter, boon-companion.

εἰλαπνίη, ἡ, a feast or banquet given by a single host, opp. to ἐρανος. (Deriv. uncertain.)

εἰλαρ, αρος, τό, (εἴλω) a covering: a protection, shelter; εἰλαρ νηῶν τε καὶ αὐτῶν a shelter for ship and crew: but εἰλαρ κύματος a defence against the wave.

εἰλάτινος, η, ον, Ep. for ἐλάτινος, of fir or pine.

εἰλάχα, Dor. for εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλεγμαι, for λέλεγμαι, pf. pass. of λέγω.
 Εἰλείθια, ἡ, *Piithyia*, (from ἐληλυθῖα, fem. part. pf. of ἔρχομαι) the goddess of child-birth, who comes to aid those who are in travail; the same as the Roman *Lucina*, later made identical with *Diana*.
 εἶλεν, εἶλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλευ, Dor. for εἶλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶευντο, Ep. 3 pl. imp. pass. of εἶλέω.
 εἶλω Att. εἶλώ, lengthd. form of εἶλω.
 εἶλη, ἡ, = ἴλη, a troop, company.
 εἶλη, ἡ, the sun's warmth: with *mtib*; see ἔλη.
 εἰληγμαί, pf. pass. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰληδόν and εἰληδά, Adv. (εἶλη) = *ιληδόν*, in troops or companies. II. (εἶλέω) by coiling round.
 εἰληγλυθα, εἰληγλυθη, Ep. for ἐλήλυθα, ἐληλύθειν pf. and plqpf. of ἔρχομαι: εἰληγλυθημεν, Ep. for ἐληγλυθημεν, I plur. pf.
 εἰληγμαί, pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληφα, pf. of λαμβάνω.
 εἰληχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.
 εἰλικρίνεια, ἡ, *pureness: sincerity*. From εἰλι-κρίνης, (εἶλη, κρίνω) examined by the sun's light, tested: hence, I. unmixed: pure, uncorrupted, Lat. *sincerus*. 2. distinct, palpable, sbeer. 3. Adv. -vós, of itself, absolutely.
 εἶλυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐλυκτός.
 εἰλιξ, Ion. for ἐλιξ.
 εἰλι-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: (εἶλω, πούς): trailing the feet heavily in walking, with rolling walk, epith. of oxen.
 εἰλίσσω, ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλι-τενής, ἔς, epith. of the plant ἄρωστis, (from ἔλος, τείνω), stretching or spreading through marshes.
 εἰλιχᾶτο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 εἰλικύσα, εἰλικύσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἰλυκυσμαι, pf. pass. of ἔλκω.
 εἶλον, εἶλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.
 εἶλοχα, Att. pf. of λέγω.
 εἰλυᾶται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of εἰλύω.
 εἶλυα, atos, τό, (εἰλύω) a cover, dress, clothing.
 εἶλύός, ὁ, (εἰλύω) a lurking-place, den.
 εἶλυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of εἰλύω.
 εἰλυφάω = εἰλύω, to roll along. II. intr. to roll oneself along, whirl about.
 εἰλυφάω, = εἰλυφάω: Ep. part. εἰλυφάων.
 Εἰλαγγῶ Att. εἰλύω: f. ὄσω [ῶ]: pf. pass. εἰλυμαι:—to wrap round, enfold:—Pass. to be wrapped or covered; esp. in pf. part., εἰλυμένος ψαμᾶθω buried in the sand. II. in Pass., also, to wind, creep, or crawl along.
 Εἰλαῶν, εἶλλω, or ἴλλω; also εἰλάω Att. εἶλέω:—from εἶλω are formed aor. I ἔλσα, inf. ἔλσαι Ep. ἔλσαι; Pass., aor. 2 ἔαλην [ᾶ]; inf. ἀληται Ep. ἀλήμεναι; part. ἀλείς, εἶσα, ἐν: Ep. pf. ἔελμαι:—from εἶλέω are formed impf. εἶλον, Ep. 3 sing. εἶλει; fut. εἰλήσω: aor. 2 εἰλήσα: Pass., aor. I εἰλήθην; pf. εἰλημαι.—There are also Ep. impf. 3 sing. ἐόλει,

plqpf. ἐόλητο. I. Act. to roll or twist tight up, to press hard or close: to force together: to coop up or sbut up in a place. 2. to drive violently along, smite, strike; ἤγα κεραυφῶ ἔλσας having struck the ship with a thunderbolt. II. Pass. to be rolled up together: to be sbut or cooped up in a place, to throng together, assemble, crowd thickly together; ἀλέν ὕδωρ water collected:—also to draw oneself together, crouch, cower; Ἀχιλλῆα ἀλείς μένεν collecting himself he waited the attack of Achilles. 2. to go to and fro, go about, Lat. *versari*. 3. to turn or whirl round, revolve, like εἰλίσσω, γῆ εἰλλομένη (or ἰλλομένη) the earth turning on its axis.
 Εἶλωσ, atos, ὁ, and Εἶλωτης, ου, ὁ, fem. Εἶλωτίς, ἴδος:—a *Helot*, i. e. a serf of the Spartans, employed in agriculture and other unwarlike labours. (From ἔλος, a town of Laconia, whose inhabitants were enslaved.)
 Εἶλωτεια, ἡ, the condition of a *Helot*, slavery. From Εἶλωτος, f. σω, (εἰλώτης) to be a *Helot* or serf.
 εἶμα, atos, τό, (ἐννυμι) a dress, garment, cloak: later clothing: an over-garment. II. later also a cover, carpet.
 εἶμαι, pf. pass. of ἐννυμι. II. pf. pass. of ἦμαι.
 III. rarer form for ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξω.
 εἶμαρται, εἶμαρτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. of μείρομαι.
 εἶμέν, Ep. and Ion. for ἐσμέν, I pl. pres. of εἶμί sum: but εἶμεν, Dor. for εἶμαι, inf. of εἶμί sum.
 εἶμένος, part. pf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 εἶμές, Dor. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἶμί sum: but εἶμες, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἶμί sum.
 εἶμί, Aeol. ἐμί (from Root *ἘΩ, sum, esse); εἶ Ep. εἶς, Ep. and Dor. ἔσαι; ἐστί Dor. ἐντί; plur., ἐσμέν Ep. and Ion. εἶμέν Dor. εἶμές; ἐστέ; εἶσι Ep. ἔσαι Dor. ἐντί:—Imper. ἴσθι, Ep. in med. form ἔσο, ἔσσο, ἔστω; plur. 3 ἔστωσαν Ep. ἔστων Att. ὕπταν:—Subj. ᾧ Ep. ἔω or εἶω:—Opt. εἶην Ep. εἶοιμι; plur. εἶημεν, εἶητε Ep. εἶμεν, εἶτε:—Infinit. εἶναι Ep. ἔμμεναι, ἔμμεν, ἔμμεναι, ἔμεν:—Part. ὄν Ep. ἐόν, ἐούσα, etc.:—Imper. ἦν (late Att. in med. form ἦμην), Ep. and Ion. εἶα, Ep. also ἦα, εἶον or ἔσκον, es, e, etc.; 2 sing. ἦσθα Ep. and ἔσθα; 3 sing. ἦ or ἦν Ep. ἦς; 3 dual ἦτην or ἦστην; 3 pl. ἦσαν Ep. ἔσαν.—Fut. ἔσομαι, ποῖτ. ἔσσομαι, 3 sing. ἔσσειται from Dor. ἐσοῦμαι.—The whole of the pres. indic. may be enclitic, except the 2 sing. εἶ. The other persons are enclitic, when εἶμί is not emphatic. But ἐστί is written ἔσσι in cases of emphasis.
 To be, Lat. sum. 2. as Verb Substant. to be, to exist, be in existence; οὐκέτ' ἔσσι he is no more: esp. to live, οὐκ ἔσθ' οὗτος ἀνήρ, οὐδ' ἔσσειται there lives not the man, no nor will live. II. ἔσσι, impers. with inf., it is possible, lausful.
 III. εἶμί with a gen. expresses descent or extraction; αἰματός εἰς ἀγαθοῦ θβοῦ art of good blood. 2. εἰαυτοῦ εἶναι to be one's own master, Lat. *suī juris esse*. 3. with the gen. put partitively; δῆμου ἐστί he belongs to the people, is one of them. 4. also as in Lat., of the

duty or property of a thing; ἀνδρὸς ἐστὶ τι is the part of a man; σωφροσύνης ἐστὶ τι is a mark of temperance.

IV. c. dat., ἐστὶ μοι, Lat. *est mihi*, I have; ἐμοὶ δὲ κεν ἀσμένω εἴη, Lat. *esset mihi volenti*.

V. τὰ ὄντα, existing things; τὰ ὄντα εἰρηκέναι to speak the truth.

VI. ἐστὶν ὅς, εἰσὶν οἱ, Lat. *est qui, sunt qui, some one, some, many*; ἐστὶν οἱ ἐσθ' ὅτε, Lat. *est quum, at times, sometimes*; ἐσθ' ὅπου οἱ ὄπου, Lat. *est ubi, somewhere, somehow*; ἐστὶν ὅπως in some way.

VII. εἶναι often seems redundant, e.g. τὸ νῦν εἶναι, τὸ σήμερον εἶναι, τὸ σύμπαν εἶναι, for τὸ νῦν, etc.; esp. in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι.

εἶμι (from Root *ἸΩ, eo), εἶς Ep. εἶσθα, εἶσι, plur. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴασι or εἶσι:—imperat. ἴθι, ἴτω, pl. ἴμεν, ἴτε, ἴτωσαν Att. ἴοντων:—Subj. ἴω, ἴης Ep. ἴσηθα, ἴη Ep. ἴησι:—Opt. ἴοιμι, ἰοῖην, Ep. 3 sing. λείη or εἴη:—Inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἴμεναι, ἴμεν:—Part. ἰών:—Impf. ἦεν Ep. and Ion. ἦια, 3 sing. ἦε contr. ἦε; dual ἦην; plur., ἦειμεν, ἦειτε, ἦεσαν, contr. ἦμεν, ἦτε, ἦσαν, Ep. 3 pl. also ἦσαν, ἴσαν, and 1 pl. ἦομεν. In Att. the pres. has a fut. force, Lat. *IBO, I will go*: but in Ep. we have a fut. med. εἶσομαι, to hasten, with an aor. 1 med. εἰσάμην, 3 sing. εἶσατο, εἶσατο, 3 dual εἰσάσθη.

To go, Lat. eo, ire; ἰέναι τιλὴ διὰ φιλίας, δι' ἔχθρας, διὰ πολέμου, etc., to live in friendship or enmity with any one; χροὸς εἶσατο ἰ went through the skin; c. inf. fut., εἰσάσθη σὺλησεν they went to plunder.—It was used also of going in a ship, as, ἐπὶ νηὸς ἰέναι. 2. of birds, to fly, etc. 3. of the motion of things; πέλεκυς εἶσι διὰ δουρῶς the axe goes, is driven through the beam; ἔρος εἶσι the year will pass or close:—in Att., ἰέναι εἰς ταῦτόν to come together; ἰέναι εἰς λόγους to come to conference: Imperat. ἴθι δὴ γο then, well then! good!

εἶν, poet. for ἐν, in.
εἶνᾶ-ετής, εἶς, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) of nine years: neut. εἶνᾶ-ετες as Adv., nine years long.
εἶνᾶετής, ἴδος, fem. of εἶναετής, nine years old.
εἶναι, inf. of εἶμι sum. II. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰδο.

εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἴημι, to send.
εἶνάκις, Adv., poet. for ἐνάκις, nine times.
εἶναχισ-χιλίοι, ov, nine thousand.
εἶνακῶσι, ai, a, poet. and Ion. for ἐννακῶσι.
εἶν-άλιος, η, ov, poet. for ἐνάλιος.
εἶνᾶ-νύχες, as Adv., (ἐννέα, νύξ) nine nights long.
εἶνᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. for ἐννέας II, the ninth day.
εἶνάτερες, αἱ, brothers' wives, sisters-in-law.
εἶνάτος, η, ov, poet. for ἐννάτος, the ninth.
εἶνεκα, ἐνεκεν, Ion. and poet. for ἐνεκα, on account, because of, c. gen.

εἶνί, Ep. for the Prep. ἐν, in.
εἶν-όδιος, η, a, and ov, poet. for ἐνόδιος.
εἶνοσί-φυλλος, ov, (ἐνοσις, φύλλον) with shaking foliage, quivering with leaves.
εἶξα, aor. 2 of εἶκω, to yield.
εἶξασι, Att. for εἰλοκασι, 3 pl. pf. of *εἶκω, to be like.
εἶξασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of εἶκω, to yield.

εἶο, Ep. gen. for εἶο, οὖ, of him, of her; ἀπὸ εἶο from himself.

εἰοικῦναι, Ep. part. nom. pl. fem. of εἶοκα.

εἶος, Ep. for ἔως, until.

εἶπα, aor. I for the common εἶπον, I said; see εἶπον.

εἶπμεν, Dor. for εἶπεν.

εἶ-περ, if at all events, if indeed.

εἶπην, Dor. for εἶπεν, see εἶπον.

εἶ-ποθεν, Adv. if from any place.

εἶ-ποθι, Adv. if, whetber anywhere.

εἶπον, I spoke, I said, aor. 2 from Root *ΕΠΩ: imperat. εἶπέ, Ep. 2 pl. ἔσπετε; inf. εἶπεῖν Ep. εἰπέμεναι, -έμεν, Dor. εἶπην; part. εἰπών. There is also an aor. I εἶπα, used mostly in 2 sing. εἶπας, imperat. εἶπον, εἰπάτω, εἰπάτων, εἰπάτε: εἶπέ, like ἄγε, occurs also for εἶπετε before a plural. In Compos. a Med. form appears, as ἀπειπάσθαι. The pres. is supplied by φημί, λέγω, or ἀγορεύω, the fut. and pf. by ἐρέω, ἐρῶ, εἴρηκα.

εἶποντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἵεσμαι, to follow.

εἶ-ποτε, Adv. if ever, if at all, Lat. si-quando. II. indirect, if or whetber ever.

εἶ που, Adv. if anywhere, Lat. si-cubi.

εἶ πως, Adv. if at all, if by any means.

εἶράνη, Dor. for εἰρήνη.

εἶραθον, poet. aor. 2 of εἶργω.

εἶργασάμην, aor. I med. of ἐργάζομαι, used in act. sense: εἶργάσθη, aor. I pass. used in pass. sense.

εἶργασμαι, pf. of ἐργάζομαι, used in both act. and pass. sense.

εἶργμός, Att. εἶργμός, ὁ, (εἶργω) a prison.

εἶργμο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (εἶργμός, φύλαξ) a gaoler.

εἶργνύμι and -ύω, = εἶργω, to sbut in or up.

Εἶργῖον or εἶργω, Att. for the earlier form ἐργω.

εἶρεῖται, Ion. for εἶρηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρέω.

εἶρερος, ὁ, (εἶρω) bondage, slavery.

εἶρεσία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (εἶρεσσω) a rowing. 2. any violent motion, throbbing. II. a complement or crew of rowers, Lat. remigium.

εἶρεσιώνη, ἡ, (εἶρος) a barvest-wreath of olive or laurel wound round with wool, borne about by singing boys at the festivals of Πυανάμια and Θαργήλια, and afterwards hung up at the house-door. The song was likewise called Eiresioné.

εἶρέω, Ion. for ἐρέω, to say.

εἶρη, ἡ, (εἶρω) old word for ἀγορά, a place of assembly.

εἶρηκα, -ῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

εἶρην or ἱρην, evos, ὁ, (εἶρω or ἐρέω) a Laced. youth from his 18th year, when he was entitled to speak in the assembly and to lead an army; cf. Att. ἐφηβος.

εἶρηναῖος, a, ov, (εἶρήνη) peaceful, in peace.

εἶρηνεύω, f. σω, to keep peace, live peaceably, be at peace.

II. trans. to bring to peace, reconcile. From

εἶρήνη, ἡ, peace, time of peace, Lat. pax; εἶρήνην ἀγεῖν to keep peace: metaph. rest, repose. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

εἰρηνικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for peace: *peaceful, peaceable*:—Adv. —κῶς.

εἰρηνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make peace. From εἰρηνοποιός, ὄν, (εἰρήνη, ποιέω) making peace: as Subst., εἰρηνοποιός, ὁ, a peace-maker.

εἰρηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εἰρήνη, φύλαξ) a guardian of peace.

εἰρησμία, fut. 3 pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.
εἰρήνεος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for ἐρίνεος, woollen, of wool. From εἶριον, τό, (εἶρος) Ion. for ἔριον, wool.

εἰρκτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶργω, one must prevent.
εἰρκτηῖα, ἡ, (εἶργω) an inclosure, prison.
εἶρο-κόμος, ὄν, (εἶρος, κομῶ) dressing wool.

εἶρομαι, Ion. for ἔρομαι, to ask: see εἶρω B.
εἶρο-πόκος, ὄν, (εἶρος, πόκος) wool-fleeced, woolly.
Εἶρρος, τό, wool.

εἶρο-χαρής, ἔς, (εἶρος, χαρῆνα) delighting in wool.
εἶροπμος, Dor. for εἶροπμοεν, I pl. impf. of ἔρπω.
εἶρύσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρύσσομαι:—εἶρύσται, 3 pl. plqpf. (in sense of aor. 2.)

εἶρύμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐρύω.
εἶρύμμαι [ῦ], poet. for ἐρύειν, inf. of ἐρύω.
εἶρύσται [ῦ], Ion. aor. I part. of ἐρύω.

εἶρύσσαιτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐρύω.
εἶρύτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with sense of aor. 2.) of ἐρύω.

εἶρύω, εἶρύσσομαι, Ion. for ἐρύω, ἐρύσσομαι.
Εἶρρῶ (A): aor. I εἶρα and ἔρρα: pf. pass. part. ἐρμένος, Ep. ἐερμένος:—Lat. *SERO*, to tie, join, fasten together, string; ἡλέκτροισιν ἐερμένος set with pieces of election.

Εἶρρῶ (B): to say, speak, tell; so also in Med. εἶρετο, εἶροντο:—but the Med. generally means to cause a thing to be told one, to ask; see ἐρῶ.

Εἶρρῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, a dissembler, one who says less than he thinks or means.

εἰρωνεία, ἡ, dissimulation, an ignorance purposely affected to provoke an antagonist, irony, used by Socrates against the Sophists. From

εἰρωνεῖσθαι, (εἶρων) Dep. to dissemble, esp. to feign ignorance.

εἰρωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, besitting a dissembler. Adv. —κῶς.
εἰρωτάω or εἰρωτέω, Ep. and Ion. for ἔρωτάω.

Εἰς or Ἐς, PREP. WITH ACC. ONLY. Radic. sense: direction towards, motion to, in or into. I. OF PLACE, the oldest and most freq. usage; but also of persons, with all Verbs implying motion or direction, and so with Verbs of looking, as, εἰς ὤψα ἰδέσθαι to look in the face: sometimes in Att. with the notion of hostile direction, Lat. *contra, adversus*, = πρὸς.

2. in pregnant usage, joined with Verbs which express rest, when a previous motion is implied, as, ἐς μέγαρον κατέθηκε he brought it to the house, and put it there: so, παρῆναι εἰς τόπον to go to and be at a place: esp. in phrase, ὄψεσθαι εἰς τόπον.

3. ellipt. c. gen., εἰς Ἄϊδαο [δόμον], Att. εἰς Ἄϊδου, to the abode of Hades; ἐς Ἀθηναίης [τερόν] to the temple of Athena, ἐς Πριάμιοι [οἶκον] etc.; so in

Prose, εἰς Δήμητρος to the temple of Ceres, etc.; as in Lat. *ad Apollinis, Castoris* (sub. *aedem*).

II. OF TIME, I. until, ἐς ἤω, ἐς ἥλιον καταδύντα, εἰς ὅτε till the time when . . . till morn, till sunset; ἐς ὅ until; ἐς ἐμέ ὕρ to my time. 2. to determine a period, for, εἰς ἑνιαυτόν for a year, i.e. a whole year; ἐς θέρος, ἐς ὀπίρην for the summer, etc.; εἰς αἰεί for ever; εἰς ἡμᾶς ὕρ to our time; εἰς τρίτην ἡμέραν to the third day, i.e. in three days or on the third day.

III. OF AN END OR PURPOSE, εἰπεῖν εἰς ἀγαθόν to speak for an end, with a good object; ἐς πόλεμον θαρξέσομαι I will arm me for war.

IV. WITH NUMERALS: ἐς μίαν (sc. Βουλὴν) βουλευέω to resolve one way or unanimately; εἰς ἑν ἔρχεσθαι to agree together; with plurals, ὕρ to, εἰς μυριοσ as many as ten thousand; εἰς δύο two deep; also of round numbers, about, at most.

V. to express RELATION, ἐς ὅ in regard to which, i.e. *wherefore*: εἰς τί; for what? why? hence for Adv., ἐς τάχος for ταχέως.

Εἰς is sometimes parted from its acc. by several words, as, εἰς ἀμφοτέρω Διομήδεος ἄρματα βήτην. It is seldom put after its case. The notion is redoubled in εἰς ἄλαδε.

Εἰς, μία, ἑν, gen. ἐνός, μιᾶς, ἐνός, Lat. *UNUS*, Engl. *ONE*: the fem. μία points to a second Root, which appears without the init. *m* in the Ep. masc. ἴος, fem. ἴα: strengthd. εἰς οἶος, μία οἴα or οἴη, a single one, one alone: with Sup., εἰς ἄριστος: εἰς τις some one, Lat. *unus aliquis*: εἰς ἕκαστος each one, Lat. *unusquisque*: καθ' ἑν ἕκαστον each singly, piece by piece: εἰς ἀνήρ, Lat. *unus omnium*, for one man, πλείστας γυναικας εἰς ἀνήρ ἐγήματο most for one man.

εἰς, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί *sum*. II. 2 sing. pres. of εἰμί *ibo*.

εἰς, aor. 2 part. of ἵημι.
εἶσα, Causal aor. I of ἵζω, ἕξομαι, to put, place, lay; σκοπὸν εἶσε he set a spy; λόχον εἶσαν they laid an ambush: part. εἶσας, inf. εἶσαι, Ep. ἔσσαι.

II. also fut. med. ἔσομαι Ep. ἔσσομαι: aor. I εἰσάμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι:—to found, erect, of building temples or setting up statues of deities. The other tenses are supplied from ἵδῶν.

εἰσο-αγαγών, aor. 2 part. of εἰσαγωγή.
εἰσαγγελεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (εἰσαγγέλλω) one who announces, an usher, an officer at the Persian court.

εἰσαγγελία, ἡ, an accusation in the Athenian Council for some public offence: an information. From εἰσο-αγγέλλω, f. —εἰλῶ: for the tenses, v. ἀγγέλλω:—to go in and announce (the duty of an usher: see εἰσαγγελεύς): generally, to announce, report.

II. to accuse one of a state-offence; see εἰσαγγελλῶ.
εἰσο-ἀγείρω, f. —εἶρω: for the tenses, v. ἀγείρω:—to gather into a place.

εἰσο-άγω, f. ζω: aor. 2 —ἤγαγον: pf. —αγήοχα:—to lead in or into; εἰσαγεῖν or εἰσαγεσθαι γυναικα to lead a wife into one's house. 2. to import foreign

wares; εἰσάγεσθαι καὶ ἐξάγεσθαι to import and export:—Med. to admit forces into a city: also to introduce into a league; to introduce new customs.

II. as a political term, to lay or bring before an assembly; εἰσάγειν τι ἐς βουλὴν, to bring before the Council. 2. as law-term, εἰσάγειν δίκην or γραφὴν to open the proceedings, state the case.

εἰσάει, Adv. for εἰς αἶει, for ever.

εἰσ-αείρομαι, Med. to take to oneself.

εἰσ-αθρέω, f. ἦσω, to look into, descry.

εἰσ-αίρω, f. -ἄρω, to lift or carry in.

εἰσ-αἴσσω, εἰσ-ἄσσω, f. -ἄξω, to dart into.

εἴσαιτο, 3 sing. aor. med. opt. of *εἶδω.

εἰσ-ἄκοντιζέω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to hurl javelins at: absol., to dart or spout up, of blood.

εἰσ-ἄκούω, f. σομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα: pf. -ἤκηκα:—to listen, hearken to: and, simply, to bear. II.

to obey, comply with, give heed to.

εἰσ-ακτέω, verb. Adj. of εἰσάγω, one must bring in.

εἰσ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλούμαι: aor. I -ἤλαμην: Ep. 3

sing. aor. 2 ἐσάλτο: Dep.:—to leap or spring into: also to leap upon.

εἰσ-ἄμειβω, f. ψα, to pass into.

εἰσάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of εἰμι ἴδο.

aor. I med. of *εἶδω, I see.

εἰσάμην, aor. I med. of εἶσα, I founded.

εἰσ-αναβαίω, aor. 2 -ανέβην, to go up into.

εἰσ-ἀναγκάζω, f. to force into, constrain.

εἰσ-ανάγω, f. ξω, to lead up into.

εἰσ-ανείδω, aor. 2 (see εἶδω): to look up to.

εἰσ-ἀνειμι, to go up into.

εἰσανιδῶν, part. of εἰσανείδω.

εἰσανιών, part. of εἰσάνειμι.

εἰσ-ἄντα, Adv. straight into, into or in the face.

εἰσάπαν, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαν, altogether.

εἰσάπαξ, Adv. for εἰς ἅπαξ, at once.

εἰσ-ἄρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to drive in upon.

εἰσατο, εἴσατο, v. εἰσάμην, εἰσάμην.

εἰσ-ἄττω, Att. for εἰσαίσσω.

εἰσ-αυγάξω, f. σω, to look at.

εἰσαυθῆς, Adv. for εἰς αὐθῆς, hereafter.

εἰσαύριον, Adv. for εἰς αὐριον, on the morrow.

εἰσ-αυτίς, Adv. Dor. and Ion. for εἰσαυθῆς.

εἰσ-αφίημι, f. -αφήσω, to send into: to let in.

εἰσ-αφικάνω, = εἰσαφικνεύομαι. [ἄν]

εἰσαφικέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσαφικνεύομαι.

εἰσ-αφικνεύομαι, f. ἴζομαι, Dep. to come or go into, to arrive at.

εἰσ-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:

—to go into: esp. to go on board ship, embark. 2.

impers., εἰσβαίνει μοι it comes into my head. II.

Causal in aor. I εἰσέβησα, to make to go into, to put into: see εἰσβιβάζω, which serves as pres. in this sense.

εἰσ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβηγα-

μαι:—to throw into:—Med. to put on board one's ship.

II. (sub. ἐαντόν or στρατιάν), to throw oneself into, make an inroad or incursion into, invade:

also (sub. ναῦν) to enter port, Lat. appellere. 2.

generally, to go into: of rivers, to empty themselves into, fall into. 3. also to come to, fall into accidentally.

εἰσβάσις, εως, ἡ, (εἰσβαίνω) an entrance, way of entering: embarkation.

εἰσβάτος, ἡ, ὄν, (εἰσβαίνω) accessible.

εἰσ-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to force one's way into.

εἰσ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβάω, Causal of εἰσβαίω, to make to go into, put into.

εἰσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at, look upon.

εἰσβολή, ἡ, (εἰσβάλλω π) a throwing oneself into:

an inroad, invasion, attack. 2. a way of entering, an entrance, pass: in plur., also, the mouth of a river.

3. an entering into a thing, a beginning.

εἰσ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write in, inscribe:—Med. to have oneself written down or inscribed; εἰσγράφεσθαι

ἐς τὰς σπονδάς to have oneself written or received into the league.

εἰσ-δέρκομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. εἰσέδρακον:—

to look at or upon, behold, observe.

εἰσ-δέχομαι, Ion. ἐσ-δέκομαι: f. -δέξομαι: aor. I

εἰσεδέξαμην and εἰσεδέχθην: Dep.:—to take into, admit.

εἰσ-δίδωμι, used intr., of rivers, to flow into.

εἰσδοχή, ἡ, (εἰσδέχομαι) reception.

εἰσδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσδρομή, ἡ, (εἰσδραμεῖν) an onslaught, assault.

εἰσ-δύω or εἰσ-δύνω, and (in same sense) Med. εἰσ-

δύομαι: f. -δύσομαι: aor. 2 -έδυν: pf. -δέδυκα:—to

get into, slip into or in; δεινόν τι ἐνέδυνε σφίσι a kind of fear entered into them; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐσδύσευ

thou wilt enter into a contest of archery.

εἶσε, see εἶσα.

εἰσέβην, aor. 2 of εἰσβαίνω: εἰσέβησα, causal aor. I.

εἰσέγραψα, aor. I of εἰσγράφω.

εἰσεδέξαμην, εἰσεδέχθην, aor. I of εἰσδέχομαι.

εἰσέδρακον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.

εἰσέδραμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

εἰσ-έδιν, aor. 2 of εἰσδίνω.

εἰσ-έιδω, aor. 2 (see εἶδω), to look on or at.

εἰσ-εἰμι, inf. -ιέναι: impf. εἰσῆεν: (εἰς, εἰμι ἴδο):—

to go into, go in; ὀφθαλμοὺς εἰσεἰμι I will come into his sight; ἀρχὴν εἰσέναι to enter on an office. II.

as law-term, to come before the court. III. metaph.

to come into one's mind.

εἰσέκελσα, aor. I of εἰσκέλλω.

εἰσεκύλισα, aor. I of εἰσκυλίνδω.

εἰσ-ελαύνω Ep. -ελάω: fut. -ελάσω [ᾶ] Att. -ελῶ:

for the tenses, v. ελαίνω:—to drive into or in. II.

(sub. ἵππον or ναῦν) to row into a place, like Lat. appellere.

εἰσελεθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσ-εμλάω, f. -έλω: aor. I -εἰλκύω:—to drag into.

εἰσ-εμβαίω, aor. 2 εἰσενέβην, to go on board.

εἰσενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσ-ενήνοχα, pf. of εἰσφέρειν.

εἰσένθωμες, Dor. for εἰσέλωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj.

of εἰσέρχομαι.

εἰσενόησα, aor. I of εἰσκοέω.
 εἰσέπαισα, aor. I of εἰσπαίω.
 εἰσέπειτα, Adv. for εἰς ἔπειτα, henceforward.
 εἰσέπτωτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-ἐργνύμι or -ύω, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχωμαι, to enclose in a place.
 εἰσέρρην, aor. I (in pass. form) of εἰσρέω.
 εἰσ-έρρω, aor. I εἰσήρρησα: pf. εἰσήρρηκα:—to go into, get in.
 εἰσ-έρω, aor. I part. εἰσερόςας [ῥ], to draw into.
 εἰσ-έρχομαι, fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἤλυθον, -ἦλθον: Dep. —to go or come into, to enter, Lat. in-ire: metaph. to enter one's mind: absol. of money, to come in, as πρόσοδοι εἰσήλθον. II. as Att. law-term, of the accuser, to come into court.
 εἰσ-έτι, Adv. still yet.
 εἰσ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stretch into, reach.
 εἰσ-ηγέομαι, fut. ἵσθωμαι, Dep. to bring in, introduce, propound, bring forward. II. εἰσηγεῖσθαι τι to represent to any one, instruct him. Hence εἰσηγήμα, ματος, τό, a proposition, motion: and εἰσηγήσεις, εως, ἡ, a bringing in, proposing, bringing forward: and εἰσηγητέον, verb. Adj., one must bring in: and εἰσηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who brings in, a mover, proposer.
 εἰσ-ηθέω, f. ἦσω, to inject by a syringe.
 εἰσ-ήκω, f. -ήξω, to be come in: to come in.
 εἰσ-ἤλυθον, εἰσἦλθον, aor. 2 of εἰσέρχωμαι.
 εἰσηλύσια, ἡ, (εἰσήλυθον) a coming in.
 εἰσηνεγκαι, aor. I of εἰσφέρω.
 εἰσθα, Aeol. and Ep. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἶμι ibo.
 εἰσθα, pf. pass. inf. of ἵμι.
 εἰσ-θέω, f. θεύσομαι, to run into, run up to.
 εἰσ-θρώσκω, aor. -έθορον, to leap into or in.
 εἰσί, εἰσίν, 3 pl. pres. of εἶμι sum.
 εἰσι, εἰσιν, 3 sing. pres. of εἶμι ibo.
 εἰσιδεῖν, Ep. εἰσιδέειν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσεῖδον.
 εἰσ-ιδρώω, f. σω: pf. pass. εἰσίδρωμαι: (εἰς, ιδρώω) to build, found in a place.
 εἰσ-ίζομαι, Pass. (εἰς, ἴζω) to be seated in, to sit down in.
 εἰσ-ίημι, f. -ήσω, to send or put into:—Med. to be-take oneself to; also in act. sense, to admit, let in.
 εἰσίθυμη, ἡ, (εἰσ-εἰμι) an entrance.
 εἰσ-ινέομαι, fut. -ίξομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-ίπταμαι, late form of εἰσπέτομαι.
 εἰσ-καλαμάομαι, (εἰς, καλάμη) to haul in with a fishing rod.
 εἰσ-κἄλέω, f. έσω, to call in.
 εἰσ-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, aor. 2 εἰσκατέβην, to go down into.
 εἰσ-καταπίθωμι, f. -θήσω, to put down into.
 εἰσ-κευμαι, as Pass. of εἰστίθωμι, to be put into, lie in: to be put on board ship.
 εἰσ-κέλλω, f. -κέλω, aor. I -έκελσα:—to push or thrust in: (sub. ναῦν), to put into shore, put to land.
 εἰσ-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to call in by herald: esp. to call into the lists for combat.

εἰσκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing in, importation. From εἰσ-κομίζω: fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: to bring into, import:—Pass. to get into a place for shelter.
 εἰσ-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to turn or wheel inwards on the stage, so as to withdraw from the eyes of the spectators, v. ἐκυκλέω:—metaph., δαίμων πράγματα εἰσ-κεκύκλεκεν εἰς τὴν οἰκίαν some spirit has brought ill luck into the house.
 εἰσ-κύλινω, f. κυλίωω [ῥ]: to roll into.
 ἔϊκος: impf. ἦσικον: (ἴσος, ἔϊσος):—to make like: to think like, liken: metaph. to compare: and so to guess, conjecture, believe.
 εἰσ-λεύσοω, to look into.
 εἰσ-μαίομαι, aor. I εἰσεμασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἔεμασάτο Dor. -άτατο: Med.: (εἰς, μάσσω):—to touch to the quick. II. to put in the hand to feel.
 εἰσ-νέομαι, Dep. to go into.
 εἰσ-νέω, f. -νύσομαι, to swim into.
 εἰσ-νόω, f. ἦσω, to perceive, remark.
 εἰσ-οδος, ἡ, (εἰς, ὁδός) a way into, entry. II. a coming in, entrance, esp. of the Chorus into the Orchestra: a visit: a right of entrance.
 εἰσ-οικεῖω, f. ὦσω, (εἰς, οἰκείος) to bring in as a friend:—Pass. to become friend to any one.
 εἰσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, settle in. Hence εἰσοικήσις, εως, ἡ, settlement: a dwelling.
 εἰσ-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring as a colonist into a place:—Pass. to settle oneself in a place.
 εἰσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build into.
 εἰσοιχνύσα, Aeol. for εἰσοιχνύσι, 3 pl. of εἰσ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go into, enter.
 εἰσ-όκε or -εν, Dor. εἰσ-όκα, (εἰς ὃ κε) until such time as:—so long as.
 εἰσομαι, fut. of *εἶδω B: εἴσεται, Ep. 2 sing. II. Ep. fut. of εἶμι ibo.
 εἰσον, imperat. of εἴσα.
 εἰσ-όπις, (εἰς, ὅπις) Adv. hereafter.
 εἰσ-οπτις, Adv. in time to come, hereafter.
 εἰσόπτος, ov, (εἰσόφομαι) looked upon: to be seen, visible.
 εἰσοπτρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = εἴσοπτρον.
 εἰσ-οπτρον, τό, (εἰσόφομαι) a looking-glass, mirror.
 εἰσ-οράω, Ep. part. εἰσοράων, inf. med. εἰσοράσασθαι: the fut. εἰσόφομαι and aor. 2 εἰσεῖδον are supplied from other Roots (see δράω):—to look at or upon, view, behold: also to look on with admiration, revere, respect: to look at eagerly: to gaze upon steadily; also of the gods, to visit, punish, behold.
 εἰσ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to bring forcibly into:—Pass. to force one's way into.
 εἰσ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring into port:—Pass., with aor. pass. and med., to run into port.
 εἰσ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush in.
 ἔϊσος, ἡ, ov [ῥ], Ep. lengthd. form of ἴσος, alike, equal, used in these phrases: 1. δαῖς εἴση the equal banquet, i. e. equally shared. 2. νῆς εἴσαι the equal or well-balanced ships. 3. ἀμισ πάντοσ'

ἔση the all-even shield, i. e. quite round. 4. φρέ-
ves ἔνδον εἶσαι an even mind, that is well-balanced,
calm, Lat. mens aequa.

εἰσότε, for εἰς ὄτε, until.

εἶσ-οψις, εως, ἡ, a looking upon: a spectacle. From
εἰσὸψομαι, fut. of εἰσοράω, formed from Root *εἰσ-
όπομαι.

εἰσ-παίω, aor. I εἰσέπεισα, to burst or dash in.

εἰσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send in, bring in: to suborn.

εἰσ-περάω, f. άσω [ā] Ion. ἡσω, to pass over into.

εἰσ-πιδάω, f. ἡσω or ἡσομαι, to leap into, burst in.

εἰσ-πέταμαι, f. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 both in med.
form εἰσπέταμην and act. εἰσέπην:—to fly into.

εἰσ-πίπτω, f. -πέσομαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέ-
πτωκα:—to fall or rush into: to be thrown
into. II. to fall upon, attack.

εἰσ-πίτω, poet. form of εἰσπίτω.

εἰσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into, enter. Hence
εἰσπλοος, contr. εἰσπλους, ὁ, a sailing in of
ships. II. the entrance of a harbour.

εἰσ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe in, imbale, Lat.
inspirare. II. to breathe upon. Hence

εἰσπνήλας, ὁ, one who inspires love, a lover.

εἰσ-ποιέω, f. ἡσω, to put into the hands of, to give
(a son) to be adopted by another:—Pass. to be
adopted. II. to introduce. Hence

εἰσποιήτος, η, ον, adopted.

εἰσ-πορεύω, f. σω, to lead into:—Pass., with fut.
med. -εύσομαι, to go into, enter.

εἰσπραξις, εως, ἡ, exaction or collection of taxes.
From

εἰσ-πράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to get in or collect
taxes:—Med. to collect or exact for oneself.

εἰσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and -ρυσσομαι: aor. 2 -ερ-
ρήν:—to stream into.

εἰστήκειν, plqpf. intr. of ἵστημι.

εἰστιάω, εἰστιάω, pf. and aor. of ἐστιάω.

εἰσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω:—to put into, place in: also
with or without ἐς ναῦν, to put on board ship:—Med.,
τέκνα ἐσθένθαι (aor. 2 inf.) to put them on board.

εἰσ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot or dart into.

εἰσ-τρέω: fut. -οίω (from *οἶω): aor. I -ήνευκα
and pf. -εγήνοχα (from *εγένηκα): cf. φέρω:—to
carry into: to bring in or upon. II. to bring
in, contribute: at Athens, to pay tax on prop-
erty. III. to introduce, bring forward, prop-
ose. IV. Med. to carry with one: also like

Act. to introduce. 2. to import. V. Pass.
to rush in.

2. to be imported.

εἰσ-φοιτάω, f. ἡσω, to go continually to, to visit.

εἰσφορά, ἡ, (εἰσφέρω) a carrying into. II. a
bringing in, contribution: at Athens, a property-tax,
raised to meet the exigencies of war.

εἰσ-φορέω, f. ἡσω, = εἰσφέρω.

εἰσ-φρέω, fut. -φρήσω and -φρήσομαι: imperat. εἰσ-
φρες: (εἰς, φρέω which only occurs in compos., γ.
διαφρέω, ἐκφρέω):—to let in, admit:—Med. to bring
in with one.

εἰσ-χειρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ῶ, to put into one's hands,
entrust.

εἰσ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεα:—to pour into:—
Pass., Ep. aor. 2 ἐσχυρήμην [ῶ], to stream in.

εἶσω, more rarely ἔσω, Adv. (εἰς, ἐς) into, within,
c. acc., δύναι δόμον Ἄιδος εἶσω: also c. gen., ἔσω
βλεφάρων. II. within, inside.

εἰσ-ωθέω, fut. ωθήσω and ὠσω, to thrust into:—
Med. to force oneself into, press in.

εἰσ-ωπός, ὄν, (εἰς, ὦψ) in face, in front of; εἰσωπὸ
ἐγένοντο νέων they came in front of the ships.

Εἴ^τΤΑ Ion. εἶτεν, Adv. of Time, then, after, there-
upon, Lat. deinde. II. like Lat. ita and itaque,
and so then, and then: also in ironical questions, Lat.
itane? itane vero? is it so? ay really? indeed?

εἶται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of εἶννυμι.

εἴ-τε . . . εἴ-τε . . ., Lat. sive . . . sive . . ., eiber . . .
or . . ., whether . . ., or . . .; so that several cases are al-
ways put: in Homer the first εἶτε is sometimes an-
swered by ἡ καί. The Trag. sometimes leave out the
first εἶτε, or put εἰ instead.

εἶτε, for εἴητε, 2 pl. pres. opt. of εἶμι sum.

εἶτεν, Ion. for εἶτα, like ἔπειτεν tor ἔπειτα.

εἶώ, Ep. for εἶω.

εἶω, Ep. for εἶω, ᾶ, pres. subj. of εἶμι sum.

εἶωθα, pf. 2 (in pres. sense) of the Ep. verb εἶω.

εἶωθειν, plqpf. (in impf. sense) of εἶω.

εἰωθότως, Adv. of εἶωθα, in the usual way.

εἶων, impf. of εἶω.

εἶως, Ep. for εἶω, until.

εἶωσι, Ep. for εἶωσι, 3 pl. of εἶω.

'EK, before a vowel ξξ, Lat. e, ex, PREP. WITH GEN.
Radic. sense, from out of, away from. I.

OF PLACE, out of, from forth; ἐκ πάντων μάλιστα
chief from among all, of all. 2. like έξω, outside
of, beyond; ἐκ βελέων out of shot; ἐκ καπνοῦ out
of the smoke. 3. with Verbs implying Rest, as, ἐκ
πασσαλόφι κρέμασεν φόρμιγγα he hung his lyre from,
i. e. on, the peg; ἀνάπτεσθαι ἐκ τινοσ to fasten from,
i. e. upon, a thing. II. OF TIME, έξ οὗ since,
from the time when, Lat. ex quo; έξ ἀρχῆσ from
the beginning; ἐκ θυσίας γενέσθαι to have just
finished sacrifice; έξ ἐπληρῆσ πολεμεῖν to go to war out
of, i. e. after, peace. III. OF ORIGIN, ἐκ τινοσ γενέ-
σθαι to be born or sprung from one; έξ ἐμοῦ γένος
ἐσσί thou comest of me by blood. 2. of the
materials of a thing, as πῶμα ἐκ ξύλου a cup of
wood. 3. of Motive, Occasion, Means, ἐκ θεῶν
πολεμίζεω to war at the gods' instance; μήνιος έξ
δόλοσ because of deadly wrath; ἐκ καύματος in con-
sequence of the heat; ἐκ βλασ άγειν = βία άγειν,
to lead by force. 4. with a pass. Verb, ἐφίληθεν ἐκ Διόσ
they were beloved of or by Zeus. 5. with a neut.
Adj., as periphr. for Adv., έξ άχιμίλοω for άχιμίλωω;
ἐκ τοῦ ἐμφανόσ and έξ ἐμφανόσ for ἐμφανόσ, etc.

εἰς is often separated from its Case by one or more
words. It takes an accent if it is pecul. emphatic.

In Compos. ἐκ signifies out, away, off: also utterly.

ἑκά-εργος, ὁ, (ἐκάς, *ἔργω) epith. of Apollo, *working from afar, far-darting*, = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκάην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of κίω.

ἐκάθεν, Adv. (ἐκάς) *from afar*:—*far off, far away*.

ἐκάθηρα, aor. I of καθαίρω.

ἐκάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

ἐκάλος, Dor. for ἔκηλος.

ἐκάμυσα, for κατέμυσα, aor. I of καταμύω.

ἐκάμον, ἐκαμόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of κάμνω.

ἐκαρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καρτύνω.

ἐκαρψα, aor. I of κάρφω.

ἐκάς Att. ἑκάς, Adv. (ἐκ) *far, afar, far off*: c. gen. *far from, far away from*. II. of Time, *long after*.

ἐκαστάτω, Sup. of ἐκάς, *furthest off, furthest away*.

ἐκασταχόθεν, (ἑκαστος) Adv. *from every side*.

ἐκασταχόσε, (ἑκαστος) Adv. *to every side*.

ἐκασταχοῦ, (ἑκαστος) Adv. *everywhere*.

ἐκαστέρω, Comp. of ἐκάς, *further, further off*:—Sup. ἐκαστάτω.

ἐκάστοι, Adv. *for each or every one*. From

ἑΚΑΣΤΟΣ, ἦ, ον, *every, every one, each, each one*,

Lat. *quisque*, opp. to a number: the sing. from its collective sense is freq. joined with a plur. Verb,

ἑκαστος ἐπίστασε ye know each one of you: εἰς ἑκαστος, Lat. *unusquisque, each one*; πᾶς ἑκαστος, *one and all*; οἱ καθ' ἑκάστον *each one singly*, Lat. *singuli*: καθ' ἑκάστην [ἡμέραν] *every day, daily*. Hence

ἐκάστοτε, Adv. *each time, at all times*.

ἐκαστοτέρω, Adv. = ἐκαστέρω.

ἐκατέατο, Ion. for ἐκάθηρτο, 3 pl. impf. of κάθημαι.

ἐκατερᾶκίς, Adv. (ἐκάτερος) *at each time*.

ἐκάτερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. *for ἐκατέρωθεν*,

from or on each side, Lat. *utrinque*.

ἑΚΑΤΕΡΟΣ, a, ον, *each of two, each singly*, Lat. *uterque*. Hence

ἐκατέρωθεν, Adv. *from each side*: and

ἐκατέρωθι, Adv. *on each side*: and

ἐκατέρωσε, Adv. *to each side, each way*.

ἑκάτη [ᾶ], ἦ, (ἑκατος) *Hecaté*, daughter of Perses and Asteria, who had power from Zeus in heaven, earth, and sea. Later she was held to be the same as Artemis. ἑκάτης δαίπνον, or ἑκάταια, τὰ, was an offering of purification made to her on the 30th of each month at three cross roads.

ἐκάτη-βελέτης, ον, ὁ, = ἐκατηβόλος.

ἐκάτη-βόλος, ον, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) *far-throwing, far-shooting, far-darting*:—as Subst. *the Far-darter*.

ἐκάτι, Att. and Dor. for ἑκῆτι, on account of.

ἐκατομ-κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον); and

ἐκατομ-κεφάλας, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, κεφαλή); and

ἐκατόμ-κράνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κράνον):—*hundred-headed*.

ἐκατόμ-χειρος, ον, (ἐκατόν, χεῖρ) *hundred-handed*.

ἐκατόμ-ζυγος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ζυγόν) *with 100 benches for rowers*.

ἐκατομ-βαῖων, ὧνος, ὁ, *the month Hecatombaeion*, the first of the Att. year, answering to the last half of July and first half of August. From

ἑκατόμ-βη, ἦ, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) properly *an offering of a hundred oxen*: but commonly a *great public sacrifice*, not always of oxen, nor to the number of a hundred.

ἐκατόμ-βοιός, ον, (ἐκατόν, βοῦς) *of or worth a hundred oxen*.

ἐκατόμ-πέδος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πούς) *100 feet long*.

ἐκατομ-πολιέθρος, ον, = ἐκατόμπολις.

ἐκατόμ-πόλις, ι, gen. εως, (ἐκατόν, πόλις) *with a hundred cities*.

ἐκατόμ-πους, ὁ, ἦ, πουν, τό, *gen. ποδος, (ἐκατόν, πούς) hundred-footed*.

ἐκατόμ-πύλος, ον, (ἐκατόν, πύλη) *hundred-gated*.

ἑΚΑΤΟΝ, οἱ, αἰ, τὰ, indecl. a *hundred*, Lat. *centum*.

ἐκατονα-ετής, ἐς, (ἐκατόν, ἔτος) *of a hundred years, a hundred years old*.

ἐκατονα-κάρηνος, Dor. -κάρῃνος, ον, (ἐκατόν, κάρηνον) *hundred-headed*: cf ἐκατόγκρανος.

ἐκατομ-τάλαντος, ον, (ἐκατόν, τάλαντον) *worth 100 talents*; γραφή ἐκατομτάλαντος an action where damages were laid at that sum.

ἐκατονα-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐκατόν) *a hundred-fold, 100 times as much or many*.

ἐκατονα-πύλος, ον, = ἐκατόμπύλος.

ἐκατονα-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἐκατόν, ἀρχῶ) *a leader of a hundred*, Lat. *centurio*.

ἐκατονα-αρχος, ὁ, = ἐκατοναρχης.

ἐκατονατάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (ἐκατόν the number one hundred).

ἐκατονα-όργυιος, ον, (ἐκατόν, ὄργυιά) *of 100 fathoms*:—*ροῦτ.*, ἐκατονα-ορόγγυιος, ον.

ἐκάτος, ὁ, (ἐκάς) = ἐκηβόλος.

ἐκατό-στομος, ον, (ἐκατόν, στόμα) *hundred-mouthed*.

ἐκατοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐκατόν) *the hundredth*, Lat. *centesimus*; ἐφ' ἐκατοστά *a hundred-fold*. II. ἡ ἐκατοστή, *the hundredth part*, a tax or duty at Athens.

ἐκατοστῦς, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἐκατονατάς.

ἑκαυσα, aor. I of κίω.

ἐκ-βάζω, f. ξω, to *speak out, declare*.

ἐκ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέβην: pf. ἐκβέ-βηκα:—to step out of, go or come out of: to step out of a ship, to disembark. 2. to go out of, depart from. 3. metaph. to come out so and so, to turn out, Lat. *evadere*. 4. to go out of due bounds, to digress.

II. in fut. act. ἐκβήσω, aor. I ἐξέβησα, Causal, to make to step out of, put out of a ship, etc.; cf. ἐκβιβάζω.

ἐκ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to *excite to Bacchic frenzy, to make frantic*:—Pass. and Med. to be frenzied, rage.

ἐκβαλε, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐκβάλλω:—also Ep. for ἐξέβαλε, 3 sing. ind.

ἐκ-βάλλω, f. -βάλῶ: aor. 2 -έβαλον; pf. -βέβηκα:—to throw or cast out: to disembark, land; but also to carry out to sea. 2. πῶλεως ἐκβάλλειν to cast out of the country: and so to drive out, banish. II. to strike out, Lat. *excutere*; δοῦρα ἐκβάλλειν to fell trees, properly to cut them out of the forest.

III. metaph., ἔπος ἐκβάλλειν to let fall or drop a word; so, ἐκβάλλειν δάκρυα to drop or shed tears. IV.

to throw away, depose, reject: to hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*. 3. to break open. V. to send out, get rid of, lose. VI. (sub. *εαυτόν*), of a river, to empty or discharge itself.

ἐκβαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκβάλλω.

ἐκβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐκβαίνω.

ἐκβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκβαίνα) a going out of a ship, a landing. II. a way out, egress: an escape.

ἐκ-βάω, Dor. for ἐκ-βαίνα.

ἐκ-βεβαιόω, f. ὦσω, to confirm.

ἐκ-βιάζω, to force out: to wrest from.

ἐκ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. βιβάω, Causal of ἐκ-βαίνω, to make to step out of: esp. to put out of a ship.

ἐκ-βιβρώσκα, fut. -βρώσω, pf. -βέβρωκα, to devour.

ἐκβλητός, ov, (ἐκβάλλω) thrown out: rejected, despised, despicable.

ἐκ-βλώσκα, aor. 2 ἐξ-έμολον, to go or come out.

ἐκ-βοάω, f. ἤσομαι, to call or cry out.

ἐκ-βοθήθαι, ἡ, a marching out to aid. From

ἐκ-βοθῆω, f. ἤσω, to march out to aid: to make a sally.

ἐκ-βολβίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, βολβός) to peel off from, as the skin off an onion; ἐκβολβίζειν τινὰ τῶν κωδίων to peel one of his stolen skins.

ἐκβολή, ἡ, (ἐκβάλλω) a throwing out, throwing overboard, esp. of goods in a storm. II. a casting out, banishment.

ἐκ-βολῆ σίτου the time when the corn shoots or comes into ear. IV. an outlet, Lat. *exitus*; ἐκβολῆ ποταμοῦ the mouth of a river; ἐκβολαὶ ὄρους a defile leading out of a chain of mountains; ἐκβολῆ λόγου a digression.

V. (from Pass.) that which is cast out; ἐκβολῆ δικέλληρ earth cast out by a mattock; οὐρεία ἐκβολῆ children exposed on the mountains.

ἐκβολος, ov, (ἐκβάλλω) cast out, exposed, of a child: abortive. II. as Subst., ἐκβολος, ὁ, a cape, promontory. 2. ἐκβολα, τά, cast off relics.

ἐκ-βράσσω, f. -βράσω, to throw out or up, as froth: Pass. to be cast up or thrown on shore, of ships.

ἐκ-βροντάω, f. ἤσω, to strike out by lightning.

ἐκ-βρυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow forth.

ἐκ-βρωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκβιβρώσκα) that which is eaten out; ἐκβρωμα πρίνος saw-dust.

ἐκ-γαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give away in marriage: —Pass. to be given in marriage, marry.

ἐκ-γαμίσκομαι, Pass. to be given in marriage.

ἐκ-γαυρόομαι, (ἐκ, γαῦρος) Med. to exult greatly in.

ἐκ-γέναια, ποῖτ. for ἐκγέγονα, pf. of ἐκγίνομαι: 3 dual ἐκγεγάτην; inf. ἐκγεγάμεν [ᾶ]; part. ἐκγεγαῖος, ἐκγεγαυῖα.

ἐκ-γελάω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: for the tenses, v. γελάω: —to laugh out, laugh loud, burst out laughing: metaph. of a liquid, to gurgle out.

ἐκ-γενής, ἐς, (ἐκ, γένος) put out from one's family, without kith or kin.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεγενόμην: pf. ἐκγέγονα, ποῖτ. ἐκγέγαα (q. v.): Dep.: —to grow out of, spring from: to be descended from, born of. II.

to have gone by; χρόνον ἐκγεγονότος time having

gone by, elapsed. 2. impers. ἐκγίγνεται, like ἐξ-εστί, it is allowed, it is granted.

ἐκγονος, ov, (ἐκγενέσθαι) sprung, descended from any one: as Subst., ἐκγονος, ὁ, any descendant, son, grandson; τὰ ἐκγονα offspring, posterity.

ἐκ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write out, copy: —Med. to write out or copy for oneself. II. to strike out, expunge from a list.

ἐκ-γίνομαι, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐκγίνομαι.

ἐκ-δακρύω, f. ὦσω, to burst into tears. [ῦ]

ἐκ-δᾶπανάω, f. ἤσω, to expend, consume, exhaust.

ἐκ-δέδαρμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκδέρω.

ἐκδεδωρίενται, 3 pl. Ion. plqpf. of ἐκδωρίομαι.

ἐκ-δεής, ἐς, (ἐκ, δεῖ) defective. Hence

ἐκδεῖα, ἡ, a falling short, being in arrear.

ἐκ-δείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, aor. I ἐξέδειξα, to shew forth, display.

ἐκ-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐκδέχομαι.

ἐκδεξις, εως, ὁ, (ἐκδέχομαι) a taking from: succession.

ἐκ-δέркоμαι, Dep. to look out from.

ἐκ-δέρω, Ion. -δέρω: f. -δερώ: —to skin, flay, strip off the skin: hence to cudgel soundly.

ἐκ-δετος, ov, (ἐκδέω) fastened to or upon.

ἐκ-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι: f. -δέχομαι: aor. I ἐξεδέξαμην: Dep.: —to take or receive from: to take up. 2. ἐκδέχεσθαι τὴν ἀρχὴν to receive the rule from another: absol. to follow, succeed: of countries, to come next. 3. to wait for, expect, Lat. *excipere*. 4. to receive at a feast.

ἐκ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind from, i. e. to bind on or to: —Med. to bind a thing to oneself, hang it round one.

ἐκ-δηλος, ov, very manifest: conspicuous.

ἐκ-δημέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐκδημος) to go abroad, travel: to be abroad, or on one's travels. Hence

ἐκδημία, ἡ, departure from home or from life.

ἐκ-δησος, ov, (ἐκ, δημος) from home, abroad.

ἐκ-διαβαίνω, f. -βησομαι: aor. 2 ἐκιδέβην: —to go through out of, pass over.

ἐκ-διατᾶομαι, Pass. (ἐκ, διατᾶω) to depart from one's accustomed mode of life, change one's habits.

ἐκδίδαγμα, τό, prentice-work, a sampler. From

ἐκ-διδάσκω, f. -διδέξω ποῖτ. -διδασκήσω: —to teach thoroughly, Lat. *docere*: —Med. to have another taught thoroughly: —Pass. to learn thoroughly.

ἐκ-διδράσκα, Ion. -διδρήσκα: fut. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 ἐξέδραυ: —to run away from, escape.

ἐκ-δίδομι, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐξέδωκα: pf. ἐκδέδωκα: aor. 2 med. ἐξεδόμην: —to give out, give up, Lat. *reddere*: to surrender. 2. to give out of one's house; ἐκιδιδόνα or ἐκιδόσθαι θυγατέρα to give away one's daughter in marriage. 3. to give out for money, farm out, let out for hire: to put out money to interest, lend out.

II. (sub. *εαυτόν*) to issue forth from a place; of a river, to empty itself.

ἐκ-διηγέομαι, Dep. to tell to the end, recount in full.

ἐκ-δικάζω, f. σω, to decide by giving judgment, of a judge. II. to avenge. Hence

ἐκδικαστής, οὐ, ὁ, *an avenger*.
 ἐκδικέω, *f. ἦσω, (ἐκδικος) to avenge, punish; ἐκδικεῖν*
τινα ἀπὸ τινος to avenge one on another. Hence
 ἐκδίκησις, *ews, ἡ, an avenging; vengeance.*
 ἐκ-δικός, *ov, (ἐκ, δική) without law, lawless, Lat.*
exlex: Adv. ἐκδικώς, lawlessly. II. carrying out
justice, avenging: as Subst., ἐκδικος, ὁ, an avenger.
 ἐκ-διφρεύω, *f. σω, to throw from the chariot.*
 ἐκ-διώκω, *f. ξομαι later ξω, to drive away, banish.*
 ἐκ-δονέω, *f. ἦσω, to shake out, confound.*
 ἐκδοσις, *ews, ἡ, (ἐκδίδωμι) a giving up, surrender-*
ing. 2. a giving in marriage.
 ἐκδώσσομαι, *fut. med. of ἐκδίδωμι.*
 ἐκδοτέον, *verb. Adj. of ἐκδίδωμι, one must give in*
marriage.
 ἐκδοτος, *ov, (ἐκδίδωμι) given up, betrayed.*
 ἐκδύνας, *aor. I inf. of ἐκδίδωμι.*
 ἐκδοχή, ἡ, (ἐκδέχομαι) *a receiving from another,*
succession.
 ἐκ-δρακοντόομαι, *Pass. (ἐκ, δράκων) to become a*
serpent.
 ἐκδραμεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐκτρέχω.*
 ἐκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐκδραμεῖν) *a running out, sally, charge:*
—also a band of skirmishers.
 ἐκ-δρομος, ὁ, *one that sallies out, a skirmisher.*
 ἐκδύμα, *marcos, τό, (ἐκδύω) that which is put off, a*
skin, garment.
 ἐκδύμεν, *either Ep. for ἐκδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκδύω,*
or for ἐκδύομεν I pl. opt.
 ἐκ-δύνω, *see ἐκδύω.*
 ἐκδύσις, *ews, ἡ, a slipping out, escape. From*
 ἐκ-δύω, *f. -δύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐξέδύσα: to strip off*
from another; ἐκδύσαι αὐτόν χιτῶνα to strip him off
his tunic; ἐκδύσαι αὐτόν to strip him. II. in
pres. ἐκδύνω, with Med. ἐκδύομαι, aor. 2 act. ἐξέδυν,
pf. ἐξέδύνακα, to put off: 2. to get out of, slip out of
it. 3. metaph. to get away from, escape.
 ἐκ-δωριόομαι, *Pass. (ἐκ, Δώριος) to become quite a*
Dorian.
 ἐκέασσα, *Ep. for ἐκέασα, aor. I of κείω.*
 ἐκέατο, *Ion. for ἐκείντο, 3 pl. impf. of κείμαι.*
 ἘΚΕΙ, *Adv. at or in that place, there, Lat. illic.*
 ἐκεῖα, *Ep. aor. I of κείω.*
 ἐκεῖθεν, *Adv. from that place, thence, Lat. illinc;*
c. gen., τοικεῖθεν ἄλσους you side of the grove.
 ἐκεῖθι, (ἐκεῖ) *Adv. at that place, there, Lat. illic:*
Dor. τηροῦθι.
 ἐκείνος *Ion. κείνος, η, ο, Aeol. κήνος, Dor. τήνος,*
Att. also strength. ἐκείνοσι: demonstr. Pron. (ἐκεῖ):
—that person or thing, Lat. ille, illa, illud: when οὗ-
τος and ἐκεῖνος refer to two things before mentioned,
ἐκείνος, ille, refers to the more remote, οὗτος, hic, to
the nearer. II. used also like ille, to denote
well-known persons; κείνος μέγας θεός, magnus ille
Deus. III. in Att., ἐκείνος precedes the Art.
when it is emphatic, as, ἐκείνος ὁ ἀνὴρ: and follows
the Subst., when it is not emphatic, as ὁ ἀνὴρ ἐκεῖ-
νος. IV. Adv. ἐκείνως, in that way, in that case:

Ion. κείνως. V. the dat. fem. ἐκείνη is also used
as Adv., I. of Place, there, at that place, on that
road. 2. of Manner, in that manner.
 ἔκειρα, *aor. I of κείρω.*
 ἐκέισε, *Att. κείσε, Adv. (ἐκεῖ) to that place, thither,*
Lat. illuc.
 ἐκέαστο, *3 sing. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of κείνυμαι.*
 ἐκεκέυθει, *3 sing. plqpf. of κεύθω.*
 ἐκέκλετο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.*
 ἐκέκλιτο, *3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.*
 ἐκέκοσμέατο, *Ion. for ἐκέκοσμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.*
of κοσμέω.
 ἐκέλευ, *Dor. for ἐκέλλω, 2 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.*
 ἐκέλσα, *aor. I of κέλλω.*
 ἔκερσα, *Aeol. and Ep. aor. I of κείρω.*
 ἐκ-χειρία, ἡ, (ἐχών, χεῖρ) *a holding of hands, a*
cessation of hostilities, armistice.
 ἐκ-ζέω, *f. -ζέσω, to boil out or over: c. gen., εὐλέων*
ἐξέζεσε she ran over, swarmed with worms.
 ἐκ-ζητέω, *f. ἦσω, to search out.*
 ἐκ-ζωπυρέω, *f. ἦσω, to light up again, rekindle.*
 ἔκηρα, *Ep. aor. I of κείω.*
 ἐκηβολία, ἡ, *a darting from afar, archery. From*
 ἐκη-βόλος, *ov, (ἐκάς, βάλλω) far-darting, far-shoot-*
ing, epith. of Apollo in Iliad.
 ἐκηλος, *ov, collat. form of εὐκηλος, at one's ease,*
quiet, Lat. securus. II. metaph. of things, as of
a field lying at rest or fallow.
 ἘΚΗΤΙ *Att. ἐκάτι, Prep. with gen. by means of,*
by virtue of, by the grace or help of. II. later =
ἐνεκα, on account of, for the sake of. 2. as regards,
as to, Lat. quod attinet ad.
 ἐκ-θάπλω, *f. ψω, to warm thoroughly.*
 ἐκθαμβέω, *f. ἦσω, to amaze, astonish: Pass. to be*
amazed, astonished. From
 ἔκ-θαμβος, *ov, (ἐκ, θάμβος) amazed, astounded.*
 ἐκ-θαμνίζω, *f. σω, (ἐκ, θάμνω) to root out, extirpate.*
 ἐκθάνον, *Ep. for ἐξέθάνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθνήσκω.*
 ἐκ-θεάομαι, *f. άσσομαι, Ion. ἡσσομαι, Dep. to see out,*
see to the end.
 ἐκ-θεατρίζω, *f. σω, (ἐκ, θεάτρον) to make a spec-*
tacle of.
 ἐκ-θειάζω, *f. σω, (ἐκ, θεῖον) to deify.*
 ἐκθέμεναι or ἐκθέμεν, *Ep. for ἐκθεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of*
ἐκτίθημι.
 ἐκθεῖς, *είσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ἐκτίθημι.*
 ἐκ-θερίζω, *f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to mow completely: to cut*
down.
 ἐκ-θερμαίνω, *f. ἄνω, (ἐκ, θερμός) to warm or heat*
thoroughly.
 ἐκθέσθαι, *aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐκτίθημι.*
 ἐκθεσις, *ews, ἡ, (ἐκτίθημι) a putting out, exposing.*
 ἐκθετος, *ov, (ἐκτίθημι) put out, exposed.*
 ἐκ-θῆω, *f. -θεύσομαι, to run out or sally out.*
 ἐκ-θηράομαι, *Dep. to hunt out, catch.*
 ἐκ-θρηπέω, *f. σω, = ἐκθηράομαι.*
 ἐκ-θλίβω, *f. ψω, to press, squeeze out: metaph. to*
crush, oppress.

ἐκ-θνήσκω, fut. -θνήσκει: aor. ἐξέθάνον:—to be dying, be at the last gasp; γέλω or γέλωτι ἐκθανεῖν to be nigh dead with laughter.

ἐκ-θιναίμαι, f. ἡσμαι, Dep. to eat up, feast on.

ἐκθορέα, for ἐξέθορε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἐκ-θρηγέω, f. ἡσω, to mourn out or aloud.

ἐκ-θρώσκω, fut. -θοροῦμαι: aor. ἐξέθορον:—to leap out of, leap forth from.

ἐκ-θύμιός, f. ἄσω, to burn as incense.

ἐκ-θύμος, ov, (ἐκ, θυμός) very spirited, ardent, eager: also frantic, like Lat. amens.

ἐκ-θύω, f. ἴσω [ἔ]: for the tenses v. θύω:—to offer up, sacrifice: metaph. to destroy utterly. 2. Med.

to atone for, expiate by offerings: of a god, to propitiate, appease.

ἐκίχμεις [ἔ], 2 sing. impf. of κίχημι: of ἐτίθει from τίθημι.

ἐκίχην [ἔ], impf. of κίχημι.

ἐκ-καγγάζω, f. σω, to burst out into loud laughter.

ἐκ-καθαίρω, f. -καθάρω: aor. I ἐξέκαθρα:—to cleanse out, clear out: to clear away, get rid of.

ἐκ-καθεύδω, f. -ευδήσω, to sleep out, sleep away from one's quarters.

ἐκ-καί-δεκα, oi, ai, τά, indecl. sixteen.

ἐκκαυδέκα-δωρος, ov, (ἐκκαυδεκα, δῶρον) sixteen palms long.

ἐκκαυδέκα-λίνας, ov, (ἐκκαυδέκα, λίνον) consisting of sixteen threads.

ἐκκαυδέκατος, η, ov, (ἐκκαυδεκα) sixteenth.

ἐκκαυδεκ-έτης, ov, o, (ἐκκαυδεκα, ἔτος) sixteen years old: fem. -δεκέτις, ἴδος.

ἐκ-καίρος, ov, (ἐκ, καιρός) out of date.

ἐκ-καίω, Att. ἐκάω, fut. -καύσω: aor. I ἐξέκαα:—to burn out. II. to set on fire, kindle: inflame.

ἐκ-κακίεω, f. ἡσω, (ἐκ, κακός) to be faint-hearted.

ἐκ-καλαῖομαι, (ἐκ, καλάμη) Dep. to pull out with a fishing-rod.

ἐκ-καλέω, f. ἔσω, to call forth:—Med. to call out to oneself: metaph. to call forth, elicit, excite.

ἐκ-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover, reveal:—Med. to unveil oneself.

ἐκ-κάνω, f. -κᾶοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέκᾶον:—to be tired out: c. acc. to grow weary of a thing.

ἐκ-καρπίζομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to yield as fruit.

ἐκ-καρπύομαι, Med. (ἐκ, καρπός) to reap or enjoy the fruit of: metaph. to derive advantage from.

ἐκ-κατείδον, aor. 2 of ἐξοράω, to look down from.

ἐκ-καυλίω, f. σω, (ἐκ, καυλός) to pull out the stalk: metaph. to destroy root and branch.

ἐκ-καυχάομαι, f. ἡσμαι, Dep. to vaunt aloud.

ἐκ-κάω, Att. for ἐκκαίω.

ἐκκέας, aor. I part. of ἐκκαίω.

ἐκ-κεμαι, used as Pass. of ἐκτίθημι, to be cast out or exposed. II. c. gen. to fall from out of.

ἐκκέκοφα, ἐκκέκομαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ἐκκεκώφηκα, ἐκκεκώφωμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐκκαφέω, -ώω.

ἐκ-κενόω, -κενίω, f. ὦσω, to empty out, desolate.

ἐκ-κενέω, f. ἡσω, to prick out. II. to pierce, stab.

ἐκ-κεραῖζω, f. σω, to pillage: to cut off root and branch.

ἐκκέχθμι, pf. pass. of ἐκχέω: whence

ἐκκεχθμένως, Adv. profusely, extravagantly.

ἐκκέχθσμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκχώννμι.

ἐκ-κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (ἐκ, κήρ) to enfeeble, exhaust.

ἐκ-κηρῖσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἔω:—to proclaim by a herald, declare publicly. II. to banish by public proclamation.

ἐκ-κινέω, f. ἡσω, to move out: to put up, rouse.

ἐκ-κλάζω, f. -κλάγξω, to cry aloud.

ἐκ-κλάω, f. -κλάσω [ᾶ], to break off.

ἐκ-κλείω Ion. -κλήτῳ Att. -κλήω: Att. fut. ἐκκλήσω:—to sbut out: metaph. to exclude or binder from.

ἐκ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to remove stealthily, purloin.

ἐκ-κλήω, Ion. for ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλησία, ἡ, (ἐκκλητός) an assembly of the citizens summoned by the crier, the legislative assembly: at Athens, the ordinary assemblies were called κύρια ἐκκλησία, four in each πρτανεία: the extraordinary σύγκλητοι.

II. the Church. Hence ἐκκλησιάζω, f. σω: impf. ἡκκλησιάζων or ἐκκλησιάζων, but also ἐξεκκλησιάζων (as if the Verb were a compd. and not derived from ἐκκλησία); so aor. I ἐξεκκλησίασα:—to bold an assembly, debate therein: absol. to debate. II. to sit in assembly. III.

to summon to the assembly.

ἐκκληῖω, Att. fut. of ἐκκλείω.

ἐκκλητός, ov, (ἐκκαλέω) called forth, Lat. evocatus: selected to arbitrate on a point.

ἐκ-κλίω, f. -κλινῶ, to bend aside: to bend down, of stakes. II. intr. to turn away from: absol. to give ground, retire. 2. to decline or degenerate into.

ἐκ-κναιώ, f. σω, to wear out: metaph. to tease to death, like Lat. enecare; Dor. 3 pl. fut. ἐκναισέοντι.

ἐκ-κνάω, f. ἡσω, to rub or cut deeply.

ἐκ-κοβαλίκευομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κόβαλα) to cajole or cheat by juggling tricks.

ἐκ-κοκκίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, κόκκος) to take out the kernel: to pull anything out of its place, dislocate; ἐκκοκκίζω σφυρόν to put out one's ankle; ἐκκοκκίζω τὰς πόλεις to empty the cities.

ἐκ-κολάπτω, f. ψω, to scrape out, erase, obliterate.

ἐκ-κολυμβάω, f. ἡσω, to swim out of.

ἐκκομιδή, ἡ, a carrying out or off. From ἐκ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to carry out: to carry to a place of safety; ἐκκομίζω τινά ἐκ πρήγατος to keep one out of trouble. II. to endure.

ἐκ-κομπάζω, f. σω, to utter vauntingly.

ἐκ-κομψέομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, κομψέω) to set forth in plausible terms.

ἐκ-κόπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκοφα:—Pass., aor. 2 ἐξέκοπην: pf. ἐκκέκομαι:—to cut out, knock out:—Pass., ἐξέκοπή τὰφθαλμῶν he had his eyes knocked out. 2. to cut down, fell: to cut off, destroy, Lat. excindere. 3. to beat off from a place, repulse.

ἐκ-κορέω, f. ἦσω, to sweep out: to sweep clean.
 ἐκ-κορίζω, (ἐκ, κόρις) to clear of bugs.
 ἐκ-κορυφώω, f. ὤσω, to sum up shortly.
 ἐκ-κρεμάμαι, Pass. to hang upon, listen attentively to.
 ἐκ-κρεμάννυμι, f. κρεμάσω [ᾶ]:—to let hang from
 or by:—Pass. to hang from or upon, cling to. Hence
 ἐκκρεμῆς, ἐς, hanging from or upon.
 ἐκ-κρήναιμαι, poet. Pass. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.
 ἐκ-κρίνω, f. ἴνω, to choose or single out, select. 2.
 to expel, reject. 3. to separate, secrete. Hence
 ἐκκρίτος, ον, picked out, chosen; ἐκκριτον as Adv.,
 above all, eminently.
 ἐκκρουσις, εως, ἡ, a beating out, driving away: and
 ἐκκρουστος, ον, beaten out: of embossed work,
 worked in relief. From
 ἐκ-κρούω, f. ὠω, to beat or dash out. 2. to drive
 back, repulse: to hiss an actor off the stage, Lat. ex-
 plodere. 3. to put off, adjourn.
 ἐκ-κύβιστάω, f. ἦσω, to tumble headlong out of.
 ἐκ-κύνεω, f. ἦσω, to bring forth.
 ἐκ-κύκλω, f. ἦσω, to wheel out by means of the ἐκ-
 κύκλημα (q. v.):—Pass. to be brought to sight by this
 means; ἀλλ' ἐκκυκλήθητι come, wheel yourself out!
 i. e. shew yourself; cf. εἰσκυκλέω. Hence
 ἐκκύκλημα, ατος, τό, a theatrical machine which
 disclosed the interior of the house to the spectators:
 cf. εἰσκυκλέω.
 ἐκ-κυλίνδω, f. -κυλίσω: aor. I ἐξεκύνισα:—Pass.,
 aor. I ἐξεκύνισθην:—to roll out or off: Pass. to be
 rolled or thrown out; ἐξεκύνισθη ἐκ δίφρου he rolled
 headlong from the chariot: also hence to extricate
 oneself or escape from.
 ἐκ-κυμαίνω, (ἐκ, κύμα) to undulate: to be uneven.
 ἐκκύνεω, (ἐκκυνος) of a hound, to quest about.
 ἐκ-κύνηγερέω, f. ἦσω, to hunt down.
 ἐκ-κύνος, ον, (ἐκ, κύων) of a hound, questing about,
 not keeping on one scent.
 ἐκ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to peep out of: to get out.
 ἐκ-κωμαίω, f. ὠω, to come forth in the festive proces-
 sion: to rush madly out.
 ἐκ-κωφέω, f. ἦσω, and ἐκ-κωφώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐκ, κωφός)
 to deafen, stun:—metaph., ἐκκεκωφώται ζίφη the
 swords grew blunt.
 ἐκλάω, aor. 2 of κλάω.
 ἐκλαγῆα, aor. I of κλάω.
 ἐκ-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαχον:—to ob-
 tain by lot or fate.
 ἐκλάθετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκλανθάνω.
 ἐκ-λακτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to kick out: metaph. to
 spurn at.
 ἐκ-λάλέω, f. ἦσω, to speak out, divulge.
 ἐκ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέλαβον: for the
 other tenses, v. λαμβάνω:—to take or choose out. II.
 to receive, hear. III. to contract to do work, opp.
 to ἐκδίδωμι (to let it out).
 ἐκ-λάμπω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέλαμψα:—to shine or
 flash forth. II. trans. to make to shine, light up,
 kindle.

ἐκ-λανθάνω, aor. 2 ἐξέλαθον, to escape notice ut-
 terly. II. ἐκ-ληθάνω, with aor. I ἐξέλησα Dor.
 -έλασα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλέλαθον, Causal of ἐκ-
 λανθάνω, to make quite forgetful of a thing:—Med.
 ἐκλανθάνομαι, with Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐκλελαθέσθαι:
 pf. pass. ἐκλέλησμαι, to forget utterly.
 ἐκλάπαω, f. ξω, = ἐξαλαπάω, to cast out from.
 ἐκλάπτω, [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of κλέπτω.
 ἐκλαυσα, aor. I of κλαίω.
 ἐκ-λάττω, f. ψομαι, to lap up: to drink off.
 ἐκ-λέγω, f. ξω: for the tenses v. λέγω:—to pick
 out, single out:—Med. to choose out for oneself,
 choose. 2. in Med. also to pick out, pull out one's
 gray-hairs. II. to collect tribute.
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐξέλιπον: pf. ἐκλέλοιπα:
 —to leave out, omit. 2. to forsake, abandon,
 quit. 3. εἰ τις ἐξέλιπε τὸν ἀριθμὸν if any one
 left the number incomplete. II. of the sun, to
 be eclipsed; in full, ἐκλείπειν τὴν ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ
 ἔρδην. III. intr. to leave off, cease, stop. Hence
 ἐκλειψις, εως, ἡ, a forsaking, quitting. II. a
 disappearance of sun or moon, an eclipse.
 ἐκλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκλέγω) chosen out, selected; οἱ
 ἐκλεκτοὶ the elect.
 ἐκλελαθέιν, -έσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med.
 of ἐκληθάνω.
 ἐκλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλεο, Ep. for ἐκλέω, 2 sing. impf. of κλέω.
 ἐκ-λέπω, f. ψω, to free from the shell, to hatch.
 ἐκ-λήγω, f. ξω, to cease entirely.
 ἐκ-ληθάνω, f. -λήσω, see ἐκλανθάνω II.
 ἐκλήθη, aor. I pass. of κλέω.
 ἐκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness: for-
 getting and forgiving.
 ἐκ-λιμπάνω, poet. for ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλίνθημες, Dor. I pl. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.
 ἐκ-λιπαίνω, f. ἄνω, to fatten:—Pass. to grow fat.
 ἐκλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκλείπω.
 ἐκλιπῆς, ἐς, (ἐκλιπεῖν) failing, deficient: ἡλιὸν ἐκ-
 λιπῆς τι ἐγένετο = ἐκλειψίς, there was an eclipse of
 the sun. II. omitted.
 ἐκλογῆ, ἡ, (ἐκλέγω) a picking out, choice, election:
 a levy of troops or taxes. II. a choice selection,
 as of extracts from authors.
 ἐκ-λογίζομαι, Dep. to compute, reckon, calculate: to
 consider, reflect on.
 ἐκλόβην, aor. 2 of κέλομαι.
 ἐκ-λουώ, f. ὠω, to wash out.
 ἐκ-λοχεύω, f. ὠω, to bring forth:—Pass. to be
 born.
 ἐκλύθω, aor. I subj. pass. of ἐκλύω.
 ἐκλύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκλύω) a release, deliverance.
 ἐκλύτήριος, (ἐκλύω) able to release; τὸ ἐκλυτήριον
 a means of delivering, a release, an expiatory offering.
 ἐκλύτος, ον, let loose, discharged. From
 ἐκ-λύω, f. ὠω [ῆ]: for the tenses v. λύω—to loose
 or set free from; ἐκλύειν στόμα to give a loose to his
 tongue:—so also in Med. II. to unloose, unstring

a bow : hence to *break up, put an end to* :—Pass. to *be faint, exhausted, despond.*

ἐκ-λωβάομαι, Dep. to *sustain grievous injuries.*

ἐκ-λωπίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, λῶπος) to *lay bare.*

ἐκμαγεῖον, τό, (ἐκμαγήναι) the *impression of a seal, a seal*; ἐκμαγεῖον πέτρης a *counterfeit of rock*,—said of a hardy fisherman.

ἐκμαῖναι, aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαῖνω, f. -μαῖνῶ : aor. I ἐξέμηνα :—to *drive mad* with any passion; πῶθον ἐκμηναί to *kindle passionate desire* :—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐξεμάνην : intr. pf. act. ἐκ-μεμηναί :—to *go mad with passion* : to *rave, be frantic.*

ἐκμακτρον, τό, (ἐκμάσσω) an *impress, image.*

ἐκ-μανθάνω, f. -μαθήσομαι : aor. 2 ἐξέμαθον : pf. ἐκ-μεμάθηκα :—to *learn thoroughly, to learn by heart* : in past tenses, to *have learnt thoroughly*, and so to *know full well, perceive.* II. to *examine closely, search out.*

ἐκμᾶνῶ, aor. 2 subj. pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ἐκμάζας, aor. I part. of ἐκμάσσω.

ἐκ-μαργός, f. ὤσω, (ἐκ, μάργος) to *drive raving mad* :—Pass. to *go raving mad.*

ἐκ-μαρτυρέω, f. ἴσω, to *bear witness* to a thing.

ἐκ-μάσσω Att. -ττω : fut. ξω : aor. I ἐξέμαξα : Pass., pf. ἐκμέμαγμαί :—to *wipe off* :—Med. to *wipe away one's tears.* II. to *mould or model* in wax or plaster, to *take an impression of* : to *imprint* an image.

ἐκ-μαστεύω, f. σω, to *search out.*

ἐκ-μεθύσκω, to *make quite drunk.*

ἐκ-μείρομαι, Dep. to *have a chief share* in a thing; ἐξέμμορε, Ep. perf., used only in 3 pers. sing.

ἐκ-μελετάω, f. ἴσω, to *train carefully* : to *practise diligently.*

ἐκμεμάθηκα, pf. of ἐκμανθάνω.

ἐκμέμηνα, pf. med. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἐκ-μετρέω, f. ἴσω, to *measure out* :—Med. to *measure out for oneself* : to *take measure of.*

ἐκ-μετρος, ov, (ἐκ, μέτρον) *measureless, boundless, Lat. immensus.*

ἐκμηναί, aor. I inf. of ἐκμαίνω.

ἕκ-μηνος, ov, (ἕξ, μήν) of *six months, half yearly* : as Subst., ἕκμηνος, ἡ, a *space of six months.*

ἐκ-μηρούμαι, Dep., of an army, to *defile out of.*

ἐκ-μιταίνω, to *pollute.*

ἐκ-μιτμέομαι, Dep. to *imitate faithfully.*

ἐκ-μοσθόω, f. ὤσω, to *let out for hire* :—Med. to *bire.*

ἐκμολε, Ep. for ἐξέμολε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκβλώσκω.

ἐκ-μουσώω, f. ὤσω, (ἐκ, μουσα) to *teach fully.*

ἐκ-μοχθέω, f. ἴσω, to *work out with toil*, Lat. *elaborare* : to *win hardly* or by *great exertion*, to *achieve.*

ἐκ-μοχλεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μοχλός) to *heave with the lever*, to *force one's way.*

ἐκ-μυζάω, f. ἴσω, to *suck out.*

ἐκ-μυκτηρίζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, μυκτῆρ) to *turn up one's nose at, mock at.*

ἐκ-νεάζω, f. σω, (ἐκ, νέος) to *grow young or fresh.*

ἐκ-νέμομαι, Med. to *feed off*, Lat. *depasci.* 2. to *go forth to feed, go forth.*

ἐκνευρίκα, pf. of ἐκνικάω.

ἐκ-νευρίζω, f. σω, to *cut the sinews* :—Pass., pf. ἐκνευρίσμαι, to *be unnerved.*

ἐκ-νέυω, f. σω : aor. I ἐξένευσα :—to *turn aside, turn away.* II. to *sink down.* III. to *give a nod or sign to do a thing.*

ἐκ-νέω, fut. -νεύσομαι : aor. I ἐξένευσα :—to *swim out or away, escape by swimming* : generally, to *escape.*

ἐκ-νήφω, f. ψω, to *sleep off a drunken fit, become sober again.*

ἐκ-νίξω, f. -νίψω (as if from ἐκνίπτω) : aor. I ἐξένιψα :—to *wash out or away.*

ἐκ-νικάω, f. ἴσω, to *conquer completely* : to *achieve by force.* II. intr. to *prevail, grow into use*; ἐπὶ τὸ μῦθῶδες ἐκνευικηκέναι to *win its way* to the *fabulous.*

ἐκ-νόμιος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted, strange.* Adv. -ίως, Sup. ἐκνομώτατα.

ἐκ-νομος, ov, (ἐκ, νόμος) *unusual, unwonted : unlawful* :—Adv. -μως, *discordantly.*

ἐκ-νοστέω, f. ἴσω, to *return from, to return.*

ἐκ-νοσφίζομαι, Dep. to *take for oneself.*

ἐκνούζητο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κνύζομαι.

ἐκνόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

ἐκοντί, Adv. (ἐκόν) *freely, willingly.*

ἐκορέστατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

ἐκούσιος, a, ov, (ἐκόν) of *one's own free will, voluntary.* Adv. -ίως; also ἐξ ἐκουσίας or καθ' ἐκουσίαν.

ἐκπαγλόμαι, Pass. to *be astonished or amazed.* II.

to *wonder at, admire exceedingly.* From ἐκ-παγλος, ov, (metath. for ἐκ-πλήγος, from ἐκ-πλαγήναι) *frightful, terrible, fearful.* Adv. ἐκπάγλως, also neut. ἐκπαγλόν and ἐκπλαγα used as Adv., *terribly, fearfully, greatly.* II. *astonishing, wonderful.*

ἐκπαίδευμα, atos, τό, *anything reared, a child.* From ἐκ-παιδεύω, f. σω, to *bring up from a child* : to *educate.*

ἐκ-παίφασσω, to *rush furiously forth.*

ἐκ-παίω, f. -παΐσω : aor. I ἐξέπαισα :—to *strike out of a thing, disappoint.*

ἐκ-πάλαι, Adv. for ἐκ πάλαι, of *old, long ago.*

ἐκ-πάλλω, to *shake out* :—Pass. to *spirt out.*

ἐκπατό, Ep. for ἐξεπάλετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπάλλω.

ἐκ-πάτασσω, f. ξω, to *strike out of one's senses.*

ἐκ-πάτιος, a, ov, (ἐκ, πάτος) *out of the common path* : *excessive.*

ἐκ-παύω, f. σω, to *set quite at rest, put an end to* :—Med. to *take one's rest.*

ἐκ-πείθω, f. σω, to *persuade, over-persuade.*

ἐκ-πειράζω, f. ὤσω, to *tempt.*

ἐκ-πειράσομαι, fut. -πειράσομαι [ᾶ] : aor. I ἐξεπειράθην [ᾶ] : Dep. :—to *make trial of, prove, tempt.* 2. to *inquire of another.*

ἐκ-πέλω, whence impers. ἐκπέλει, it is *allowed.*

ἐκ-πέμπω, fut. ψω : aor. I ἐξέπεμψα :—to *send out or forth from* : of things, to *export.* 2. to *call or*

fetch out, send for: Pass. to go forth, depart. II. to dismiss, drive away: to divorce. Hence ἔκπεμψις, εως, ἡ, a sending out or forth. ἔκπεπέτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔκπετάσσω. ἔκπέπληγμαί, pf. pass. of ἔκπλήσσω. ἔκπεπόνημαι, pf. pass. of ἔκπονώ. ἔκπεπόρθημαι, pf. pass. of ἔκπορθέω. ἔκπεπόρθειμαι, pf. pass. of ἔκπορθεύω, both in med. and pass. sense. ἔκπέποται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔκπινω. ἔκπεπόταμαι, Dor. pf. of ἔκποτάω. ἔκπεπταμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of ἔκπετάσσω, expanded, open. Adv. —ως, extravagantly. ἔκπεπτωκα, pf. of ἔκπίπτω. ἔκπεπρά, ἔκπερώσιν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. of ἔκπεράω. ἔκπεραίνω, f. ἀνώ, to bring to an end:—Pass. to be fulfilled. ἔκπεράω, ατος, τό, a passing out. From ἔκπεράω: f. ἰώω [ᾶ] Ion. ἡσώ: Ion. aor. I ἐξέπερσα:—to pass through or over: metaph. to accomplish. ἔκπερδικίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πέρδιξ) to escape like a partridge, fly away. ἔκπερθω, fut. —πέρσω, to destroy utterly. ἔκπερίεμι, to go all round. ἔκπέραται, aor. I inf. of ἔκπέρθω. ἔκπεσε, Ep. for ἐξέπεσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἔκπίπτω: ἔκπεσείν, for ἔκπεσείν, aor. 2 inf. ἔκπέταμαι, f. —πήσσομαι: aor. 2 both in med. and act. forms ἐξέπταμην and ἐξέπτην:—to fly out, forth or away. ἔκπετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. I ἐξέπέτασσα:—to spread out, unfurl, spread: to stretch out. ἔκπετησμος, ον, (ἐκπέταμαι) ready to fly out of the nest: metaph. of a girl, marriageable. ἔκπέτομαι, aor. 2 —επτόμην, = ἔκπέταμαι. ἔκπεύθομαι, Ep. for ἐκπυθάνομαι. ἔκπέφευγα, pf. of ἐκφεύγω. ἔκπεφύνιαι, pf. part. pl. fem. nom. of ἐκφύω. ἔκπεπλάω, f. ἡσώμαι, to leap out or forth: esp. of a besieged force, to sally forth. 2. to leap up. Hence ἔκπηθημα, ατος, τό, a leap out or forth. ἔκπνιζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, (ἐκ, πνήνω) to reel off, wind out: fut. med., ἐκπνιείσθαι τί τινος to wind something out of a man. ἔκπιδύομαι, Dep. (ἐκ, πιδύω) to gush forth. ἔκπιμπλημι, f. —πίωσσω: aor. I ἐξέπλησα, pass. ἐξέπλησθην:—to fill up, fill full of. 2. to satiate. II. to fulfil. III. to finish, complete. ἔκπινω [ῖ]: f. —πίομαι; aor. 2 ἐξέπιον: for the other tenses, v. πίνω:—to drink out or off, quaff, drain. II. metaph. to empty out, drain. ἔκπιπράσσω, to sell off. ἔκπίπτω, f. —πεσοῦμαι: aor. ἐξέπεσον: pf. ἔκπεπτωκα:—to fall out of or down from. 2. to fall from, be deprived of, lose, Lat. excidere. 3. to be driven out of one's country, be banished. 4. to be cast ashore, to be wrecked, Lat. ejici. 5. of actors,

to be hissed off the stage, Lat. explodi. 6. to come out or forth, sally out: to get out of, escape: to depart from. 7. to issue, result in. ἔκπίντω, poet. for ἔκπίτω. ἔκπλάγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἔκπλήσσω. ἔκπλεθρος, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six plethra long. ἔκπλεος, poet. ἔκπλειος, α, ον, Att. ἔκπλεως, ον: (ἐκ, πλέως) quite full: complete, entire: abundant. ἔκπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: aor. I ἐξέπλευσα: Ion. ἔκπλώω, f. —πλώσω:—to sail out, go out of port; c. acc., ἐκπλεῖν τὰς ναῦς εἰς τὴν εὐρυχωρίαν to outsail the ships into the open sea. ἔκπλεως, ον, Att. for ἔκπλειος. ἔκπληγην, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἔκπλήσσω. ἔκπληγνύμι, = ἔκπλήσσω. ἔκπληκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐκπλήσσω) striking with terror, astounding. Adv. —κώς, in amazement. ἔκπληξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκπλήσσω) panic fear, consternation; ἐκπληξίς κακῶν terror caused by misfortunes. ἔκπληρώω, f. ὠσω, to fill quite up. 2. of ships, to man completely. 3. to fulfil. II. ἐκπληροῦν λιμένα to cross over the harbour, Lat. emetiri spatium. ἔκπλήσσω Att. —ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπληξα:—to strike out of, drive away:—to frighten out of one's senses, scare, astound. II. Pass., mostly in aor. 2 ἐξεπλάγην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. and pl. ἐκπλήγη, ἐκπληγην: later also aor. I ἐξέπληχθην:—to be panic-struck, amazed. ἔκπλοος contr. ἔκπλους, ὁ, (ἐκπλέω) a sailing out, leaving port. ἔκπλύω [ῦ], to wash out. Hence ἔκπλύτος, ον, to be washed out. ἔκπλώω, Ion. for ἐκπλέω. ἔκπνέω Ep. —πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι or —οῦμαι: aor. I ἐξέπνευσα:—to breathe out or forth. 2. βίον ἐκπνεῖν to breathe one's last, expire; and so ἐκπνέω alone. II. intr., of the wind, to blow out or outwards: to burst out. Hence ἔκπνόνη, ἡ, a breathing out, expiring. ἔκποδών, Adv. (ἐκ, ποδών) out of the way; ἐκποδῶν ἴστασθαι to stand out of the way; ἐκποδῶν χωρεῖν τι to get out of his way. Opp. to ἐκποδών. ἔκποίηω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐξέποίησα:—to put out a child, give him in adoption, II. Med. to produce, bring forth. III. to make completely, finish off. Hence ἐκποίησης, εως, ἡ, a putting forth, emission: and ἐκποίητος, η, ον, put forth, given in adoption. ἔκποκίζω, f. ἰώω Att. ἰώ, to pull out wool or hair. ἔκπολεμέω, f. ἡσώ, to excite to war, make hostile. ἔκπολεμῶ, f. ὠσω, to make hostile, involve in war: Pass. to become an enemy to. ἔκπολιορκέω, f. ἡσώ, to take by siege, Lat. expugnare. ἔκπομπή, ἡ, (ἐκπέμω) a sending out or forth. ἔκπονέω, f. ἡσώ: aor. I ἐξέπόνησα:—to work out, finish off, execute, bring to perfection, Lat. elaborare:—Pass. to be brought to perfection; σῖτος ἐκπε-

πονημένος corn prepared for use; ἐκπεπονηῆσθαι τὰ σώματα to have their bodies in good training. II. to work hard for, to earn by labour. III. to prevail on by importunity. IV. to search out. V. of food, to digest by labour.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to make to go out, fetch out:—Med. and Pass., fut. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I ἐξεπορεύθην, to go out or forth, to go away, march out.

ἐκ-πορθέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπέρθω, to pillage: metaph. to undo. II. to carry off as plunder. Hence

ἐκπορθήτωρ, opus, ὁ, a ravager, destroyer.

ἐκ-πορθμεύω, f. σω, to carry away by sea.

ἐκ-πορίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I ἐξεπόρισσα:—to invent, contrive. II. to find means for doing a thing, to provide, furnish, supply:—Med. to provide for oneself, procure.

ἐκ-πορεύω, f. σω, to be given to fornication.

ἐκ-ποτόμαι, Ion. for ἐκ-πέτομαι: Dor. pf. ἐκπεπόταμαι: Dep.:—to fly out or forth: metaph. to be lifted up or elated.

ἐκ-πράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐξέπραξα:—to do completely, bring about, achieve, Lat. efficerere. II. to make an end of, kill, Lat. conficere.

III. to exact a fine: to exact punishment for, to avenge.

ἐκ-πραῦνω, to soothe, mollify.

ἐκ-πρεπής, ἐς, (ἐκπρέπω) distinguished out of all, pre-eminent. II. (ἐκ, πρέπω) unseemly, unbecoming.

ἐκ-πρέπω, to be pre-eminent in a thing.

ἐκ-πρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐκπρεπής II, unreasonably.

ἐκ-πρήσσω, Ion. for ἐκπράσσω.

ἐκ-πρίω, f. -πρίομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέπριον:—to saw out.

ἐκ-προθύμειμαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep. to be very zealous.

ἐκ-προΐημι, f. ἦσω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-προκαλέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Med. to call forth to or for oneself; Ep. aor. I part. ἐκπροκαλεσάμενος.

ἐκπροκρίθεις, aor. I pass. part of

ἐκ-προκρίνω, f. -κρίνω, to select in preference.

ἐκ-προλείπω, f. ψω, to forsake; aor. 2 part. ἐκπρολιπών.

ἐκ-προτιμάω, f. ἦσω, to honour above all.

ἐκ-προφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to escape from.

ἐκ-προχέω, f. -χέω, to pour forth.

ἐκ-περύσσομαι, Dep. to expand the wings.

ἐκ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to scare away from.

ἐκ-πτοέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐκπήσσω:—Pass. to be scared.

ἐκ-πτύω, f. ὕσω or ὕσομαι [ῦ]: aor. I ἐξέπτυσσα:—to spit out: to spit in token of disgust.

ἐκ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πεύσομαι: aor. 2 ἐξεπυθόμην: Dep.:—to search out, make full inquiry about, hear of.

ἐκ-πύρω, f. ὦσω, to burn to ashes, consume. Hence ἐκπύρωσις, εως, ἡ, a conflagration.

ἐκ-πυστος, ον, heard of, discovered.

ἐκπωμα, ατος, τό, (ἐκπίνω) a drinking-cup.

ἐκ-πατάομαι, ποῖτ, for ἐκποτάομαι, ἐκπέτομαι.

ἐκράανθεν, Ep. for ἐκρανήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κραινών.

ἐκ-ραβδίξω, f. σω, to drive out with a rod.

ἐκράγηνα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐκρήγγυμι.

ἐκράγησομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐκρήγγυμι.

ἐκράγον, aor. 2 of κράζω.

ἐκράθηην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of κεράννυμι.

ἐκραιαίνον, Ep. impf. of κραινών.

ἐκ-ραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐξέρρανα:—to scatter out from.

ἐκρέμω, for ἐκρέμαω, 2 sing. impf. of κρέμαμαι.

ἐκ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. ἐξέρρηκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐξέρρηγην:—to flow out or forth. 2. of feathers, to fall off. 3. to melt or fall away. II.

trans. to shed, let fall.

ἐκ-ρήγγυμι or ἐκ-ρήσσω: fut. -ρήξω: aor. I ἐξέρρηξα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκράγησομαι: aor. 2 ἐξέρραγην:—to break out, break off:—Pass. to snap asunder.

II. in Pass. also, to break or burst out, to break forth.

III. also intr. in Act., to break out or forth.

ἐκ-ρίζω, f. ὦσω, to root out.

ἐκρίθηην, aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ἐκ-ρίπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέριψα:—to throw out, cast forth.

ἐκροος, contr. ἐκρους, ὁ, (ἐκρέω) outflow, outfall.

ἐκ-ροφέω, f. ἦσω, to gulp down.

ἐκρύβην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-ρύομαι, f. -ρύσομαι, to rescue, deliver.

ἐκρύθηην, aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

ἐκ-σάλλασσω, to shake violently.

ἐκ-σάω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἐξέσαασα:—Ep. for ἐκσάωω.

ἐκ-σείω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσεισα:—to shake out.

ἐκ-σεύομαι: pf. ἐξέσσυμαι: plqpf. (in aor. sense)

ἐξεσσύμην: Pass.: (ἐκ, σεύω):—to rush forth from, flee away from.

ἐκ-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to signify, denote.

ἐκ-σιγάω, f. ἦσομαι, to put to utter silence.

ἐκ-σκάλευω, f. σω, to rake out, pull away.

ἐκ-σκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to scatter abroad.

ἐκ-σκευάζω, f. σω, to disfurnish.

ἐκ-σμάω, inf. -σμήν: impf. ἐξέσμαιν:—to wipe out.

ἐκ-σοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξέσοβησα:—to scare away.

ἐκ-σπάω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐξέσπασα, Ep. part. med. ἐκσπασάμενος:—to draw out, pluck out.

ἐκ-σπένδω, f. -σπέσω, to pour out as a libation.

ἐκ-σπεύω, f. σω, to hasten out.

ἐκ-σπονδος, ον, (ἐκ, σπονδή) out of the treaty, excluded from it.

ἐκ-στάδιος, ον, (ἐξ, στάδιον) six stades long.

ἐκ-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίστημι) a being put out of its place: of the mind, distraction, astonishment:—a trance: (hence Engl. ecstasy).

ἐκ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, aor. I ἐξέστειλα:—to send out: to deck out.

ἐκ-στέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστεψα: pf. pass. ἐξέστεψεμαι:—to deck out with garlands.

ἐκ-στράτεια, ἡ, a going out on service. From

ἐκ-στράτεύω, f. σω, to march out: to take the field.

ἐκ-στράτοπεδεύομαι, f. εὐσομαι: pf. ἐξεστρατοπεδεύομαι: Dep. —to encamp outside.

ἐκ-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέστρεφα:—to turn aside, overturn. II. to turn inside out: metaph. to change entirely: to pervert.

ἐκ-συρίσσω Att. —τω, f. ξω, to whistle or hiss off the stage, Lat. *explodere*.

ἐκ-σύρω [ῦ], to drag out: aor. 2 pass. ἐξέσῳρην [ῦ]. ἐκ-σφάγιζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰῶ, to seal up:—Pass. to be shut out from.

ἐκ-σώζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐξέσωσα:—to keep safe, preserve:—Med. to save oneself, save one's life:—Pass., νῆσον ἐκσώζεσθαι to seek for safety in the island.

ἐκ-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐκ, σωρός) to heap or pile up.

ἐκτᾶ, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάδην [ᾶ], Adv. (ἐκτείνω) outstretched.

ἐκτάδιος, η, ον, (ἐκτείνω) outspread.

ἐκτᾶθεις, aor. I part. pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτᾶθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I part. pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτᾶθήσομαι, fut. I pass. of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμε, Ep. for ἐξέταμα, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτάμεν, Ep. for ἐκτάνομεν, I pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτάμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάμνω, Ion. for ἐκτέμνω.

ἐκτᾶν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκτᾶνον, aor. 2 of κτείνω.

ἐκ-τάνω, f. ύσω: aor. I ἐξετάνωσα, Ep. —υσσα: aor. I pass. ἐξετάνωσθην:—poët. for ἐκτείνω, to stretch out in the dust, lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched.

ἐκ-τᾶράσσω Att. —τω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐξετᾶρασα:—to disquiet, confound, agitate.

ἐκ-τάσσω Att. —τω, f. ξω, to draw an army out in order:—Med., of an army, to draw up in line.

ἐκτάτω, Ion. 3 pl. plqr. of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τέθραμμα, pf. pass. of ἐκτρέφω.

ἐκθεθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἐκ-τένω, fut. —τενώ: aor. I ἐξέτεινα: pf. ἐκτέταικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξετᾶθην: pf. ἐκτέταικα:—to stretch out, to stretch along, esp. of a corpse: hence, to lay low:—Pass. to lie outstretched, lie along: metaph. of the mind, to be on the stretch, on the rack. II. to stretch out, extend, prolong. III. to strain to the uttermost.

ἐκ-τειχιζώ, f. ἰω Att. ἰῶ, to fortify completely: to build from the ground.

ἐκ-τελευτάω, f. ήσω, to bring quite to an end.

ἐκ-τελέω: Ep. impf. ἐξετέλειον: f. —τέλω, Ep. —τελέω:—fut. med. ἐκτελέεσθαι in pass. sense:—to bring to an end, accomplish, achieve.

ἐκ-τελής, ές, (ἐκ, τέλος) brought to an end, perfect: ripe, mature.

ἐκ-τέμνω Ion. —τάμνω: f. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἐξέτᾶμον:—to cut out from, cut out: to cut trees out of a wood, to cut down. 2. to hew out, hew into shape. II. to castrate.

ἐκτενής, ή, earnestness, zeal. From

ἐκτενής, ές, (ἐκτείνω) stretched out: metaph. earnest, zealous, assiduous. 2. abundant. Hence

ἐκτενῶς, Adv. earnestly, zealously, assiduously: Comp. ἐκτενεστέρον more earnestly.

ἐκτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἔχω, to be held. II. neut. ἐκτέον, one must have or hold.

ἐκτέηκα, intrans. pf. of ἐκτῆκα.

ἐκτέιλιμαι, pf. pass. of ἐκτίλλω.

ἐκτέως, έως, ό, (ἐκτός) the sixth part (sextarius) of the μέδιμνος, = 8 chenixes.

ἐκ-τεχνάομαι, f. ήσομαι: aor. I ἐξετεχνησάμην: Dep. —to contrive, devise.

ἐκ-τήκω, f. ξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτᾶκον:—to make melt away:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. ἐκτέτηκα, to melt away. II. Pass., also, to slip from the mind, opp. to ἐμμένειν.

ἐκτῆμα, for κέκτῆμα, pf. of κτάομαι.

ἐκτέησω, 2 sing. aor. I of κτάομαι.

ἐκ-τίθημι, f. —θήσω: to set out, put outside:—to put out, expose. II. to set up, exhibit.

ἐκ-τίκτω, f. —τέξω: aor. 2 ἐξέτεκον:—to bring forth. ἐκ-τίλλω, f. —τίλω: pf. pass. ἐκτέιλιμαι:—to pluck or pull out: Pass., κόμην ἐκτετιμένως having one's hair plucked out.

ἐκ-τίμάω, f. ήσω, to honour highly.

ἐκ-τίμος, ον, (ἐκ, τιμή) without honour.

ἐκ-τίνασσω, f. ξω, to shake out or off.

ἐκ-τίνω, f. —τίσω: aor. I ἐξέτισα:—to pay off, pay in full: ἐκτίσαι δῖπνον to pay the full penalty. II. Med. to exact full payment for a thing, avenge: to take vengeance on.

ἐκ-τιρώσσκω, f. —τρώσω: aor. I ἐξέτριψα:—to cause a miscarriage. II. intr. to miscarry.

ἐκτοθεν, Adv. (ἐκτός) Ep. for ἐξωθεν, from without, c. gen.: outside.

ἐκτοθι, Adv. (ἐκτός) out of, outside, c. gen.

ἐκ-τολῦπέω, f. σω, to wind quite off, to bring to an end.

ἐκτομεύς, έως, ό, (ἐκτέμνω) one that cuts out: fem. ἐκτομής, ίδος.

ἐκτομή, ή, (ἐκτέμνω) a cutting out: castration. Hence

ἐκτομίας, ον, ό, one castrated, a eunuch.

ἐκ-τοξεύω, f. σω, to shoot out, shoot away: to throw away. 2. to shoot from a place, shoot arrows.

ἐκ-τόπος, α, ον, also os, ον, = ἐκτοπος.

ἐκ-τοπος, ον, (ἐκ, τόπος) away from a place, distant: hence out of the way, foreign, strange.

ἐκ-τορέω, f. ήσω, to bore through, stab to death.

ἐκτός, η, ον, (έξ) the sixth.

ἐκτός, Adv. (ἐκ) Lat. *extrinsecus*, opp. to ἐντός: I. of Place, without, outside: as Prep. with gen. out of, far from: free from. 2. out of, beyond. 3. except. II. of Time, beyond, over.

ἐκτοσε, (ἐκτός) Adv. outwards.

ἐκτοσθε, ἐκτοσθεν, (ἐκτός) Adv. from without, without, outside: far from, apart from.

ἐκ-τράπεζος, ον, (ἐκ, τράπεζα) away from or banished from the table.

ἐκ-τράχηλιζω, f. ἰω Att. ἰῶ, of a horse, to throw

the rider over its head: generally, to throw off or down:—Pass. to break one's neck.

ἐκ-τῤαχύνω [ῥ], f. ἔνῶ, to make rough.

ἐκ-τῤέπω, f. ψω, to turn off or aside, divert: metaph., to turn aside, dissuade:—Pass. and Med. to turn aside from, to avoid.

ἐκ-τῤέψω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I ἐξέτρεψα:—to bring up from childhood, rear up:—Med. to rear up for oneself.

ἐκ-τῤέχω, f. -θρέξωμαι and -δραμόνμαι (from *δρέ-μω):—to run out or forth: to make a sally. 2. to run off or away. 3. metaph. of anger, to burst forth.

ἐκ-τῤίβω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριβα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμα:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκ-τρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard. III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched end.

ἐκτρίβω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξέτριβα:—Pass., fut. 2 ἐκ-τριβήσομαι: pf. ἐκτέτριμα:—to rub out; πῦρ ἐκ-τρίβειν to produce fire by rubbing. II. to rub hard. III. to destroy by rubbing, destroy root and branch; βίον ἐκτρίβειν to bring life to a wretched end.

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ἐκ-τῤύχω, f. ὦσω, to wear out, exhaust.

ἐκ-τῤώγω, f. -τρώξωμαι, to eat up, devour.

ἐκτῤωμα, atos, τό, (ἐκτιτρώσκω) a child untimely born, an abortion.

ἐκτύπον, aor. 2 of κτυπέω.

ἐκ-τύπος, on, (ἐκ, τύπτω) beaten out, wrought in relief. Hence

ἐκ-τυπώω, f. ὦσω, to work in relief.

ἐκ-τυφλώω, f. ὦσω, to make quite blind. Hence

ἐκτύφλωσις, εως, ἡ, a making quite blind.

ἐκύα, 3 sing. impf. of κυνέω.

ἐκῦρά, ἡ, a step-mother, Ep. word for πενθερά.

ἐκῦρον, aor. 2 of κυρέω.

ἐκῦρός, ό, a step-father, Ep. word for πενθερός. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

ἐκῦσα, aor. I of κύω.

ἐκ-φάγειν, to eat up, devour: only used in aor. 2, the pres. in use being ἐξεσθία.

ἐκ-φαιδρύνω [ῥ], f. ἔνῶ, to make quite clear.

ἐκ-φαίνω, f. -φᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐξέφηνα:—to shew forth, bring to light: to betray, make known; ἐκφαίνειν πόλεμον to declare war:—Pass. and Med., f. -φᾶνούμαι and -φᾶνήσομαι: aor. I ἐξεφάνθην, aor. 2 ἐξεφάνην [ᾶ]:—to shine out or forth, to shew oneself, appear, come to light. Hence

ἐκφᾶνής, ἐς, shining forth, manifest. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐκφάσθαι, pres. inf. med. of ἐκφημι.

ἐκφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐκφημι) a declaration.

ἐκφᾶτος, on, (ἐκφημι) beyond power of speech:—Adv. ἐκφάτως, expressly, plainly; or, beyond words to express, i. e. impiously.

ἐκ-φαυλίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to depreciate.

ἐκφερέμεν, Ep. for ἐκφέρειν, inf. of ἐκφέρειν.

ἐκ-φέρω, f. ἐξοίσω: aor. I and 2 ἐξήνεγκα, ἐξήνεγκον:—fut. med. ἐξοίσωμαι in pass. sense:—to carry

out of: to carry out a corpse for burial, Lat. *efferre*: also to carry away: to carry off as prize:—Pass. to be carried out; metaph. to be carried away by passion. 2. to put out of a ship. II. to bring forth, to produce. 2. to accomplish, fulfil: bring about. 3. to bring out, put forward, to publish, proclaim: to tell abroad, betray. 4. to put forth, exert. 5. ἐκφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. *inferre bellum*, to begin war. 6. to shew signs of, shew. III.

to carry out or to the end. IV. intr. (sub. εὐτόν) to run out of the course, of race-horses: also to run away. 2. to come to an end.

ἐκ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and -φευξοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐξέφυγον: pf. ἐκπέφευγα:—to flee out or away, escape: to flee out of, escape from; βέλος ἐκφυγε χειρός. 2. to escape from danger; esp. to be acquitted.

ἐκ-φημι, to speak out, speak: aor. 2 inf. med. ἐκφάσθαι.

ἐκ-φθείρω, to destroy utterly: Pass. to be undone; imper. ἐκφθεῖρον, begone! aor. 2 part. ἐκφθάρεις.

ἐκ-φθίνω, only used in Pass. to perish utterly; 3 pl. pf., ἐξέφθινται they have utterly perished; 3 sing. plqpf., ἐξέφθιτο οἶνος νηῶν the wine had all been consumed out of the ships.

ἐκ-φιλέω, f. ἴσω, to love passionately.

ἐκ-φλαυρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = ἐκφραυλίω.

ἐκ-φλέγω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐξέφλεξα:—to set on fire.

ἐκ-φοβέω, f. ἴσω, to frighten out or away, affright:—Pass. to be affrighted.

ἐκ-φοινίσσω, fut. ἴσω, to make red or bloody.

ἐκ-φοιτάω, Ion. -ῶ, fut. ἴσω, to go out or forth.

ἐκφορά, ἡ, (ἐκ-φέρω) a carrying out of a corpse to burial. 2. a blabbing, betrayal. II. (from Pass.) of horses, a running away.

ἐκ-φορέω, = ἐκφέρω, to carry out a corpse for burial:—Med. to take out with one:—Pass. to move forth. II. to carry quite out. III. in Pass., to be cast up on shore, Lat. *ejici*.

ἐκφόριον, τό, (ἐκφέρω) that which is brought forth, fruit, produce; also rent, tilde.

ἐκφορος, on, (ἐκφέρω) to be carried out, exportable. II. to be made known.

ἐκ-φορτίζωμαι, Pass., to be sold like merchandise: hence to be betrayed.

ἐκ-φράζω, f. ὦσω, to tell in full.

ἐκ-φρέω poet. ἐκφρέω: f. ἴσομαι, also ἴσω: (ἐκ, φρέω which only occurs in compos., v. δια-φρέω, ἐκ-φρέω):—to let out, bring out:—Pass. to go out.

ἐκ-φροντίω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to think out, devise, invent, Lat. *excogitare*.

ἐκ-φρων, on, gen. onos, (ἐκ, φρήν) out of one's mind, mad, senseless, Lat. *amens*: also, frenzied.

ἐκ-φυγγάνω, = ἐκφύγω.

ἐκφύγω, Ep. for ἐξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.

ἐκ-φύλασσω, f. ἴσω, to watch carefully.

ἐκφύνα, aor. 2 inf. of ἐκφύω, formed from ἐκφνυμι.

ἐκ-φύσάω, f. ἴσω, to blow or breathe out: metaph., ἐκφυσᾶν πόλεμον to blow up a war from a spark.

ἐκ-φύω, I. Causal in pres., in f. ἐκφύω [ϕ]: aor. I ἐξέφῦσα:—to beget, produce. II. intr. in pf. ἐκπέφῦκα, aor. 2 ἐξέφην, and in Med. ἐκφύομαι:—to be produced or born from, grow from, c. gen.: absol., λάλημα ἐκπεφυκόσ ἀborn tattler.

ἐκ-φονέω, f. ἦσω, to pronounce aloud.

ἐκ-χαλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾗ], to let go from.

ἐκ-χανύω, f. ὤσω, to puff up, make vain.

ἐκχεύω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκ-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ἐξέχεα, Ep. ἐξέχευα: pf. ἐκκέχῦκα:—to pour out, Lat. effundo: to pour forth in vain, lavish, squander. II. Pass., aor. I ἐξεχύθη [ϕ]: pf. ἐκκέχῦμαι: Ep. forms, 3 pl. plqpf. ἐξεκέχυντο, aor. 2 ἐξέχῦτο or ἐκχῦτο, part. ἐκχόμενος:—to be poured out, to stream out or forth: generally, to spread out or abroad:—to give loose to passion, Lat. effundi in . . .

ἐκ-χορεύω, f. σω, to break out of the chorus. II. ἐκχορεύομαι, as Dep., to drive out of the chorus.

ἐκ-χράω, Ion. -χρέω, like ἀποχράω:—to suffice, be enough for: only used as impers. ἐκχρήσει, ἐξέχρησε, it will be, was enough or sufficient for.

ἐκ-χράω, f. ἦσω, to declare as an oracle.

ἐκ-χρηματίζομαι, Dep. to squeeze money from, levy contributions on.

ἐκχυθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχυθήσομαι, fut. ind. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχόμενος [ϕ], Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐκχέω.

ἐκχύτος, ov, (ἐκχέω) poured out: unconfinned, outspread, Lat. effusus:—ἐκχυτον, τό, drink.

ἐκ-χώνυμι, f. -χώσω: pf. pass ἐκκέχουσαι:—to raise by heaping up soil: to silt up, of a river.

ἐκ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out and away, depart from. 2. to slip out of: hence of a joint, to be dislocated. 3. to give way: to give place to.

ἐκ-ψύχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, Lat. exspiro.

'ΕΚΩΝ, ἐκούσα, ἐκόν, willing, voluntary, of free will. II. often in phrase ἐκὼν εἶναι (where the inf. seems to be pleonastic), willingly, purposely.

ἐλάα, Att. for ἐλαία.

ἐλάαν, Ep. for ἐλάν, inf. of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἐλαθον, aor. 2 of λαθάνω.

'ΕΛΑΙΑ Att. ἐλάα, ἡ, the olive-tree, Lat. olea, oliva:—proverb., φέρεσθαι ἐκτὸς τῶν ἐλαῶν to run beyond the olives, which stood at the end of the Athenian racecourse, i. e. to go too far. II. the fruit of the olive-tree, an olive. Hence

ἐλαιήεις Att. -αῖς, εσσα, ev, of the olive-tree.

ἐλαϊνεός, α, ov, and ἐλαϊνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλαία) of the olive-tree, of olive-wood.

ἐλαο-λόγος, ὁ, (ἐλαία, λέγω) an olive-gatherer.

ἐλαον, τό, (ἐλαία) olive-oil, Lat. olivum.

ἐλαιος, ὁ, (ἐλαία) the wild-olive, Lat. oleaster.

ἐλαο-φόρος, ov, (ἐλαία, φέρω) olive-bearing.

ἐλαο-φύης, ἐς, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.

ἐλαῖο-φύτος, ov, (ἐλαία, φύω) olive-planted.

ἐλαῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐλαία: Att. pl. ἐλᾶδες.

ἐλαῖων, ἄνωσ, ov, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνήρ) man-slaying.

Lat. olivētum:—as prop. n., the Mount of Olives, Olivet.

ἐλάκηκα, ἔλακον, aor. I and 2 of λάσκω.

ἐλάμψθη, Ion. for ἐλήψθη, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.

ἐλανδροσ, ov, (ἐλεῖν, ἀνήρ) man-slaying.

ἔλασα, Ep. for ἦλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω:—ἐλάσασκε, Ion. and Ep. 3 sing.:—ἐλασαίατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐλάσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med.

ἐλασᾶς, ὅ, an unknown bird.

ἐλασείω, Desiderat. of ἐλαύνω, to wish to drive.

ἐλασία, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) riding, driving.

ἐλασί-βροντος, ov, (ἐλαίνω, βροντή) thunder-burling.

II. hurled like thunder.

ἐλάσ-ιππος, ov, (ἐλαύνω, ἵππος) horse-driving.

ἐλαῖσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐλαύνω) a driving, riding: also rowing. 2. a driving away, banishing. 3. (sub. στρατοῦ), a march, expedition; (sub. ἵππου) riding.

ἔλασσα, Ep. for ἔλασα, ἦλασα, aor. I of ἐλαύνω.

ἐλασούω, Att. -ττώω, f. ὤσω: aor. I Att. ἠλάττωσα:—Pass., fut. ἐλασσώθησομαι, but also f. med. ἐλασσώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. ἠλασσώθη:—to make less, smaller, or worse: to lessen, damage: hence to detract from. II. Pass. to become smaller, diminish: to come short of, have too little of a thing: c. gen. to be inferior to. From

ἐλάσσω Att. -ττω, ov, gen. ονος:—smaller, less, fewer, worse; ἐλασσον ἔχειν to have the worse:—neut. ἐλασσον as Adv., in a less degree; also reg. Adv. ἐλασσόνως:—Used as Comp. of μικρός, with Sup. ἐλαχιστος: the Posit. ἐλαχῆς is found only in old Ep.

ἐλαστρέω, f. ἦσω, Ep. and Ion. for ἐλαύνω, to drive: to row: also to drive about.

ἐλάω, fut. of ἐλαύνω. [ᾗ]

ἐλατέον, verb. Adj. of ἐλαύνω, one must ride.

'ΕΛΑΤΗ [ᾗ], the pine or fir. II. an oar, as being made of pine-wood: later also the whole ship.

ἐλατήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐλαύνω) a driver, a charioteer; ἐλατήρ βροντῆς burler of thunder. II. one that drives away. III. a broad, flat cake. Hence

ἐλατήριος, α, ov, driving away.

ἐλατίσις, η, ov, (ἐλάτη) of the pine or fir: of pine or fir-wood.

ἐλαττον, Att. neut. for ἐλασσον, as Adv., less.

ἐλαττονέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐλασσον) to have less, have too little, be lacking.

ἐλάττω, ἐλαττώω, ἐλάττωμα, Att. for ἐλασσ-.

'ΕΛΑΥΝΩ: fut. ἐλάσω [ᾗ], Ep. ἐλάσω, Att. ἐλῶ, inf. ἐλάν, Ep. also ἐλώω:—aor. I act. ἦλασα, Ep. ἐλασα, ἐλασσα:—pf. ἐλήλακα:—Med., aor. I ἠλασάμην, Ep. 2 sing. ἐλάσασθαι, part. ἐλασόμενος:—Pass., aor. ἠλάθη and ἠλάσθη: pf. ἐλήλαμαι and ἐλήλασμαι: plqpf. 3 sing. ἠλάγατο, Ep. ἐλήγατο:—v. ἐλάω:—to drive, drive on, set in motion, esp. of horses, chariots, ships. 2. seemingly intrans., to ride, drive, sail, row; ἐλαύνοντες the rowers:—in this sense it some-

times took a new acc., γαλήνην ἐλαύνειν to sail on a calm sea; πόντον ἐλάταις ἐλαύνειν to urge the sea with oars:—then really intrans., to advance, proceed, push on, go on; ἐς τοσοῦτον ἤλασαν they proceeded so far. 3. to drive away, carry off, Lat. abigere, properly of stolen cattle; but Att. also μύσος, μιάσμα, ἄγος ἐλαύνειν to drive away pollution. 4. to drive into narrow compass, press in battle: Att. also, to harass, trouble, annoy.

II. to strike, to cut, wound by cut, or thrust; c. dupl. acc., ὤμον ἐλαύνειν τινά to wound him on the shoulder. 2 to thrust, drive through: Pass. to go through. III. to beat out metal, Lat. ducere; ἀσπίδα ἐλαύνειν to make a shield of beaten metal. 2. to draw out, to draw; ἐλαύνειν ὄρχον ἀμπελίδος to draw a line of vines, i. e. plant them in line: hence generally, to plant, produce. 3. κολῶν ἐλαύνειν to prolong, keep up the brawl.

ἐλάφειος, ον, (ἐλαφος) of or belonging to deer. ἐλάφηβολία, ἡ, (ἐλαφιβόλος) a shooting of deer. ἐλάφηβόλια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival of Artemis. Hence

ἐλάφηβολιών, ὄνος, ὁ, the ninth month of the Attic year, in which the Elaphebolia were held, answering to the last half of March and first half of April.

ἐλάφη-βόλος, ον, (ἐλαφος, βάλλω) biting or shooting deer: as Subst. a deer-hunter.

ἐλάφο-κτόνος, ον, (ἐλαφος, κτείνω) deer-killing.

*ΕΛΑΨΟΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a deer; whether male, a hart or stag, or female, a hind.

ἐλάφο-σοῖτή, ἡ, (ἐλαφος, σείω) deer-hunting.

ἐλαφρία, ἡ, lightness: thoughtlessness. From

*ΕΛΑΨΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, and ὄς, ὄν, light in weight, Lat. LEVIS: metaph. light, not burdensome, easy, ἐν ἐλαφρῶ ποιεῖσθαι to make light of:—Adv. ἐλαφρῶς, lightly, easily.

II. light in moving, nimble, swift, active; οἱ ἐλαφροὶ light troops, Lat. levis armatura.

III. metaph. light-minded, thoughtless.

ἐλάχιστος, η, ον, Sup. of ἐλάσσων, fewest, smallest, least, worst:—τὸ ἐλάχιστον, as Adv. at the least; so neut. pl. as Adv. ἐλάχιστα.—Hence comes a new Comp. ἐλαχιστότερος, less than the least; Sup. ἐλαχιστότατος, the very least.

ἐλάχων, aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

ἐλάχυν-πέρυξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλαχύν, πέρυγξ) short-winged; of fishes, short-finned.

*ΕΛΑΨΤΙΣ, εἶα, ὄ, small, short, little: Ep. word, whence ἐλάσσων, ἐλάχιστος are formed.

ἐλάω, rare poet. pres. for ἐλαύνω; Ep. inf. ἐλάων, impf. ἐλαον, ἐλαω.

*ΕΛΔΟΜΑΙ, ἐλδομαι, Dep. to wish, long: to wish for, strive after, covet, desire. Hence

ἐλδωρ, ἐλδωρ, τό, indecl. a wish, longing, desire. ἔλε, Ep. for εἶλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of αἰρέω.

ἐλεάω, poet. for ἐλεεω, to take pity on.

*ΕΛΕΑΣ, ἄντος, ὁ, a kind of owl.

ἐλεγεία, ἡ, = ἔλεγος, an elegiac poem.

ἐλεγείων, τό, (ἐλεγος) a distich consisting of a hexa-

meter and a pentameter, the metre of the elegy:—in plur. = ἐλεγεία ἔλεγος.

ἐλεγείος, α, ον, (ἐλεγος) of the elegy, elegiac.

ἐλέγου, Dor. for ἐλέγω, 2 sing. impf. pass. of λέγω.

ἐλεγξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a refusing, reproving.

ἔλεγος, ὁ, a song of mourning, a lament, at first without reference to metrical form, later always in alternate hexameters and pentameters.

ἐλεγχείη, ἡ, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace.

ἐλεγχίς, ἐς, (ἐλέγχω) liable to reproach, shameful, esp. cowardly:—irreg. Sup. ἐλέγχιστος.

ἔλεγχος, τό, (ἐλέγχω) a reproach, disgrace, dishonour; κἀκ' ἐλέγχεα base reproaches to your name.

ἔλεγχος, ὁ, a means of testing, a trial, test, Lat. argumentum: disproof, refutation. II. an examination, scrutiny, from

*ΕΛΕΓΧΩ, fut. 1st aor. I ἤλεγξα:—Pass., aor. I ἤλεγχθην: pf. ἐλέγημαι:—to disgrace, put to shame, dishonour. II. to convince, refute, confute, Lat. arguere: of arguments, to disprove: also to accuse, reprove, reproach. 2. to examine, question: to prove, attest.

ἐλε-δεμνάς, ἡ, (*ἔλω, δέμνιον) couch-destroying.

ἐλέειν, Ep. for ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, in Att. Poets. ἐλεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλεος) pitiable, piteous: pitied: generally, wretched, miserable.—Adv. ἐλεινώς, poet. ἐλεινώς, pitiablely: also neut. pl. ἐλεινὰ as Adv.

ἐλεῶν, f. ἦσα, (ἐλεος) to have pity on, shew mercy upon.

ἐλεημοσύνη, ἡ, pity, mercy: an alms. From ἐλεημων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐλεέω) pitiful, merciful.

ἐλεήτης, υός, η, Ion. for ἐλεος, pity, mercy.

*ΕΛΕΙΘΙΑ, ἡ, = ΕΙΛΕΙΘΙΑ.

ἐλείν, aor. 2 inf. of αἰρέω.

ἐλεινός, Att. for ἐλεινός.

ἐλεο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἔλος, βάλω) marsh-dwelling.

ἔλος, ον, and α, ον, (ἔλος) of or in the marsh.

ἐλειψάμη, aor. 1 med. of λείβω.

ἔλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγομαι, to lie.

*ΕΛΕΛΕΥΤ' or ἐλελεεύ, like ἀλαλά, a loud cry.

ἐλελήθεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of λανθάνω.

ἐλελίω (A): f. ἔω: Ep. aor. I ἐλέλιξα, pass. ἐλελίχθην: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) ἐλέλικτο:—Ep. lengthd. form of ἐλίσσω, to whirl round. II. of soldiers, to wheel them round, rally them. III. generally, to make to tremble or quake:—Pass. to quake, tremble, quiver. IV. in Pass. also to wind or twist oneself along.

ἐλελίξω (B): f. ἔω: aor. I ἠλέλιξα:—to cry ἐλελεύ, to raise the battle-cry: to raise any loud cry.

ἐλέλικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐλελίω (A).

ἐλελίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἐλελίξω (A).

ἐλελί-χθων, ον, ονος, (ἐλελίξω, χθών) earth-shaking.

ἐλελόθων, plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

ἐλένας, ἡ, (ἐλείν, νᾶς Dor. for ναῦς) ship-destroying.

ἐλεό-θρηπτος, ον, (ἔλος, τρέφω) marsh-bred.

ἔλεον, Adv. like ἔλεον, *piteously*.
 ἘΛΕΟΣ, ὁ, and ἔλεον, τό, a kitchen-table, a dresser.
 ἘΛΕΟΣ, ου, ὁ, also ἔλεος, εους, τό, *pity, mercy, compassion*. II. an object of compassion, a *piteous thing*.
 Ἐλέπολις, ποῖτ. ἐλέ-πολις, ι, gen. ιδος and εως: (ἔλεῖν, πόλις) *city-destroying*, of Helen.
 ἔλεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of αἰρέω.
 ἔλετός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔλεῖν) *that can be taken or caught*.
 ἔλευθερία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἔλευθερος) *freedom, liberty: freedom from a thing*.
 ἔλευθέρως, ον, (ἔλευθερος) *dealing like a free man, free-spirited, frank*, Lat. *liberalis*: esp. *freely-giving, bountiful, liberal*. It bears the same relation to ἔλευθερος as *liberalis* to *liber*. II. as epith. of Jove, the *Releaser, Deliverer*. Hence
 ἔλευθεριότης, ητος, ἡ, *freedom of spirit, liberality*.
 ἔλευθερίως, Adv. of ἔλευθεριος: Comp. -ιώτερον, Sup. -ιώτατα.
 ἔλευθερό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, *having free children*.
 ἘΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, and Att. os, ον, *free, Lat. LIBER*; ἔλευθερον ἡμῶν the day of *freedom*; τὸ ἔλευθερον *freedom*. 2. *free or freed from a thing*. 3. of things, *free for all to use, open to use*. II. like ἔλευθεριος, *fit for a freeman, free-spirited*, Lat. *liberalis*.
 ἔλευθεροστομέω, f. ἴσω, *to be free of speech*. From ἔλευθερό-στομος, ον, (ἔλευθερος, στόμα) *free-spoken*.
 ἔλευθερο-ουργός, ὄν, (ἔλευθερος, ἔργον) *bearing bimself freely*, of a horse.
 ἔλευθερώ, f. ὦσα, (ἔλευθερος) *to set free, deliver, release: to free from blame, acquit*. Hence
 ἔλευθέρως, Adv. of ἔλευθερος, *freely, with freedom*.
 ἔλευθέρως, εως, ἡ, *a setting free*.
 Ἐλευθία, ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, = Εἰλεθία.
 Ἐλευσίη or Ἐλευσίς, ἴνος, ἡ, *Eleusis*, an ancient city of Attica, sacred to Ceres and Prosperine:—Adv. Ἐλευσινάδην, *to Eleusis*; Ἐλευσινόθεν, *from Eleusis*. Hence
 Ἐλευσίνιος, α, ον, *of Eleusis*.
 ἔλευσις, εως, ἡ, *a coming*: esp. *the Advent*. From ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι: but in Att. εἴμ *ibo* was chiefly used.
 ἐλεφαίρομαι, Dep. *to cheat with empty hopes*: hence generally, *to trick, overreach, destroy*.
 ἐλεφαντίνεος, α, ον, and ἐλεφάντινος, η, ον, (ἐλέ-φας) *of ivory, ivory*, Lat. *eburneus*.
 ἐλεφαντό-δετος, ον, (ἐλέφας, δέω) *inlaid with ivory*.
 ἐλεφαντο-μαχία, ἡ, (ἐλέφας, μάχομαι) *a battle of elephants*.
 ἘΛΕΦΑΣ, αντος, ὁ, *the elephant*, Lat. *elephas*. II. *the elephant's tusk, ivory*, Lat. *ebur*.
 ἔλεψα, aor. I of λέπω.
 ἔλη, ἡ, = εἰλη, ἀλέα, *the beat or light of the sun*.
 ἔλη, 3 sing. act. or 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of αἰρέω: and ἔληαι, Ion. for ἔλη, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj.
 ἐλήλακα, ἐλήλαμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔλαινω.
 ἐλήλαται, -το, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἔλαινω.

ἐλήλεγμαι, pf. pass. of ἐλέγω.
 ἐληλάδατο, for ἐλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. of ἔλαινω.
 ἐλήλιγμα, pf. pass. of ἐλίσσω.
 ἐλήλυθα, pf. of ἔρχομαι.
 ἐλήφθη, aor. I pass. of λαμβάνω.
 ἐλθέ, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔρχομαι.
 ἐλθεῖν, Ep. ἐλθέμεν, -έμεναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔρχομαι.
 ἐλίγδην, Adv. (ἐλίσσω) *whirling, spinning*.
 ἔλιγμα, ματος, τό, (ἐλίσσω) *that which is rolled: a curl, ringlet*.
 ἐλιγμός, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω) *a rolling, twisting, winding*, esp. of a winding passage.
 ἔλικ-ἀμπυξ, υκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔλιξ, ἀμπυξ) *with a circlet round the hair*.
 ἔλικο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἔλιξ, βλέφαρον) *with quick-moving eyelids, quick-glancing*.
 ἔλικο-δρομος, ον, (ἔλιξ, δραμεῖν) *twisting, winding*.
 ἔλικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐλίσσω) *rolled, wound, wreathed*.
 Ἐλικών, ὠνος, ὁ, *Helicon*, a mountain in Bœotia, the seat of the Muses.
 Ἐλικώνιος, α, ον, *Heliconian, of Helicon*.
 ἐλικ-ῶψ, ωπος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἔλιξ, ῶψ) *with rolling eyes, quick-glancing*: fem. ἐλικῶπις.
 ἐλίνυο or ἐλίνυω, f. ὠσα [ῶ]: aor. I ἐλάνυα:—Ion. Verb, *to rest, keep peace, enjoy leisure: to sleep*. II. *to be lazy*.
 ἔλιξ, ικος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) Adj. *rolled, twisted, winding, spiral*: epith. of oxen, probably from their *twisted, crumpled horns*.
 ἔλιξ ποῖτ. εἰλιξ, ικος, ἡ, (ἐλίσσω) *anything twisted or spiral: an armet or ear-ring*:—*a whirl, eddy, whirlwind*, Lat. *vortex*; ἔλικες στεροπής, *flashes of forked lightning*:—*the tendril of the vine or of ivy*:—*the coil of a serpent*:—*a curl or lock of hair*.
 ἐλιξό-κερος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. αν, (ἐλίσσω, κέρας) *with crumpled horns*.
 ἔλιπον, aor. 2 of λέπω.
 ἐλισσέμεν, Ep. inf. of ἐλίσσω.
 ἘΛΙΣΣΩ Att. -πτω, Ep. and Ion. εἰλίσσω: fut. ἐλίγω: aor. I εἰλίγα:—Pass. aor. I εἰλίχθη: pf. ἐλήλιγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. εἰλικτο:—*to turn about, turn round and round, roll*, Lat. *VOLVO*: *to whirl, move rapidly*; *πλάταν ἐλίσσειν to ply the rapid oar*. 2. metaph. *to turn in one's mind, revolve*. 3. intrans. *to hurry, move quickly about*. II. Pass. and Med. *to turn quick round, face about, turn to bay*:—*to go to and fro, to be constantly engaged*: *to wind one's way: to spin round*; *ᾄραι ἐλίσσόμεναι the circling hours*.
 ἐλί-τροχος, ον, (ἐλίσσω, τροχός) *whirling the wheel round*.
 ἐλί-χρῦσος, ὁ, (ἐλίσσω, χρυσός) *belicbryse, a creeping plant with yellow flowers*.
 ἐλακίω, (ἔλκος) *to be sore from a wound*.
 ἐλκεσί-πέπλος, ον, (ἔλκω, πέπλος) *trailing the robe, long-robed*.
 ἐλκε-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, (ἔλκω, χιτών) *trailing the tunic, with a long tunic*.

ἄλκω, f. ἤσω, strengthd. for ἔλκω, to drag about, in *trans.* asunder:—to maltreat, treat rudely. Hence

ἄλκηδόν, Adv. by dragging, pulling: and ἄλκηθμός, ὁ, a being carried off, rough usage.

ἄλκημα, ατος, τό, (ἄλκω) that which is dragged away, a prey.

ἄλκο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἔλκος, ποίεω) making wounds, having power to wound.

ἘΑΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a wound: later, a sore, ulcer, abscess, Lat. *ULCUS*. Hence

ἔλκω, f. ὤσω, to wound sorely.

ἔλκυδρον, τό, Dim. of ἔλκος, a slight sore.

ἔλκυσα [ῦ], aor. I inf. of ἔλκω.

ἔλκυστάω, Frequent. of ἔλκω, to drag about.

ἘΑΚΩ, f. ἔλξω: aor. I εἴλξα, poet. ἔλξα: but also (as if from *ἔλκω) fut. ἐλκύσω [ῦ]: aor. I εἰλκύσα: Pass., aor. I εἰλκύσθην: pf. εἰλκυσμαι, Ion. ἔλκυσμαι.

To draw, drag, Lat. *traho*: to draw ships down into the sea, Lat. *deducere naves*: to drag along a dead body: also to *tear*: metaph. to *carp* at.

To draw a bow: to draw a sword. 3. to stretch, bend sails. 4. to draw or hold up scales to weigh with.

5. to pull an oar. 6. to drink in long draughts, quaff: also, ἔλκειν κόρδακα to dance in long measured steps. 7. ἔλκειν βίσιον, to drag out a weary life. 8. to draw to oneself, attract, esp. of the magnet. 9. ἔλκειν σταθμόν, to draw down the balance, i. e. to weigh so much; absol. to weigh ἔλκει πλείον it weighs more. 10. ἐλκύσαι πλίνθους to mould bricks, Lat. *ducere lateres*. II.

Med., εἶφος ἔλκεσθαι to draw one's sword. 2. to draw to oneself, amass.

ἔλκ-ώδης, es, (ἔλκος, εἶδος) like a wound, ulcerous.

ἔλκωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) ulceration.

ἔλλαβον, Ep. for ἔλαβον, aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

ἔλ-λαμπρύνομαι, Pass. (ἐν, λαμπρύνω) to gain distinction in.

ἔλ-λάμπω, f. ψω, (ἐν, λάμπω) to shine in or upon:—Med. to be illustrious, gain glory in a thing.

Ἐλλαῖο-δίκαί, ἄν, οἱ, (Ἐλλη, δίκη) the chief judges at the Olympic games. II. at Sparta, a court-martial to try disputes among the allied troops.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) Hellas a city of Thessaly, said to have been founded by Hellen. II. that part of Thessaly in which the Myrmidons dwelt, also called Phthiotis. III. Greece.

Ἐλλάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἐλληνικός.

ἔλλαχον, Ep. for ἔλαχον, aor. 2 of λαχάνω.

ἔλλεβρος, ὁ, *hellebore*, Lat. *veratrum*, a plant used by the ancients as a cure for madness; πῖθ' ἔλλεβρον drink *hellebore*, i. e. you are mad.

ἔλλεθαῖός, ὁ, (εἶλω) a band to bind corn-sheaves: straw-ropes.

ἔλλεμμα, ματος, τό, a short-coming: deficiency. From

ἔλ-λείπω, f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐνέλιπον: (ἐν, λείπω):—to leave in, leave behind. II. to leave out, pass by, omit.

III. intrans. to lack, stand in need of, be

in want of, c. gen.: also to come short of, be inferior to:—c. inf., to fail of doing. 2. absol. to come short, fail: to fail in duty. IV. in Med. or Pass.

to fail of: be inferior to. Hence

ἔλλειψις, εως, ἡ, a falling short, defect.

ἔλ-λεσχος, ον, (ἐν, λέσχη) of common talk.

Ἐλλην, ηρος, ὁ, *Hellen*, son of Deucalion: his descendants were the Ἐλληνες, at first, dwellers in the Thessalian Hellas; later, the common name for the Greeks, opp. to βάρβαροι. 2. as opp. to a Jew, a pagan, gentile. II. as Adj., = Ἐλληνικός. Hence

Ἐλληνίζω, f. ἴσω, to imitate the Greeks: to speak Greek:—Pass., Ἐλληνισθῆναι τῆν γλῶσσαν to be made Greeks in language.

Ἐλληνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἐλλην) Hellenic, Greek; τὸ Ἐλληνικόν=οἱ Ἕλληνες, the Greeks. Adv. Ἐλληνικῶς, in Greek fashion.

Ἐλληγός, α, ον, = Ἐλληνικός.

Ἐλληνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (Ἐλλην) a Grecian woman. 2. opp. to a Jewess, a heathen or gentile woman.

Ἐλληριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (Ἐλληνίζω) an imitator of the Greeks: an Hellenist, a Greek-Jew.

Ἐλληριστί, (Ἐλληνίζω) Adv. in Greek fashion: Ἐλληριστὶ ξυνίαται to understand Greek.

Ἐλληνο-τάμιαί, ἄν, οἱ, (Ἐλλην, ταμίης) the stewards of Greece, i. e. officers appointed by Athens to levy the contributions paid by the Greek states towards the Persian war.

Ἐλλησ-πόντος, ὁ, (Ἐλλη, πόντος) the Hellespont or sea of Hellé; now the Dardanelles.

ἔλλιπειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐλλείπω. Hence ἔλλιπής, ἐς, wanting, defective.

ἔλλισάμηρ, Ep. for ἐλισάμηρ, aor. I of λίσσομαι. ἔλλισάνευον, Ep. for ἐλιτ-, impf. of λιτανεύω.

ἔλ-λόβιον, τό, (ἐν, λόβος) an earring, Lat. *inauris*.

ἔλ-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (ἐν, λόγος) to reckon in: to impute. ἔλ-λόγιμος, ον, (ἐν, λόγος) whatever comes into account, worth reckoning, notable, famous.

ἔλλοπιεύω, f. σω, (ἔλλοψ) to fish.

ἘΛΛΟΨ or ἔλλος, ὁ, a young deer, fawn.

ἘΛΛΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, mute, epith. of fish.

ἔλλο-φόνος, ον, (ἔλλος, *φένω) fawn-slaying.

ἔλλο-λοχίω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, λόχος) to lie in ambush.

ἔλλοψ, οτος, (ἔλλος) mute, epith. of fish.

ἔλ-λύχνιον, τό, (ἐν, λύχνος) a lamp-wick.

ἔλξα, poet. for εἴλξα, aor. I of ἔλκω.

ἔλξις, εως, ἡ, (ἔλκω) a drawing, dragging: attraction. II. a draught.

ἔλοιμαν, Dor. for ἐλοιμην, aor. 2 opt. med. of αἰρέω. ἔλοιμη, aor. 2 opt. act. of αἰρέω.

ἔλοῖσα, Dor. for ἐλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.

ἔλον, ἔλοιμην, poet. for εἶλον, εἰλόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of αἰρέω.

ἘΛΟΣ, εος, τό, low ground by rivers, a marsh-meadow, marsh.

ἔλοῦμεν, I pl. old Att. impf. of λούω.

ἔλοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of αἰρέω.

ἔλοῦτο, 3 sing. Ion. and old Att. impf. med. of λούω.

ἐλώσωσι, Ep. for ἐλάσσωσι, 3 pl. fut. of ἐλαίνω.
ἐλπίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, (ἐλπώ) : aor. I ἤλπισα :—
Pass., aor. I ἠλπίσθην :—to hope, expect: also, in bad
sense, to fear: c. acc. to hope for, expect: c. dat.
to hope in.

ἘΛΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, hope, Lat. spes: later, expectation
either of good or evil, hope or fear.

ἘΛΠΩ, Causal, to make to hope :—Med. ἐλπομαι
Ep. ἐέλομαι: pf. ἐόλπα (with pres. sense), plqpf.
ἐώλωπει (with impf.):—to hope, expect, think, be-
lieve; and in bad sense, to fear.

ἐλπυρή, ἡ, Ep. form of ἐλπῖς.
ἔλσαι, ἔλσας, aor. I inf. and part. of εἶλω.

ἐλύθην [ῶ], aor. I pass. of λύω.
ἔλυμα, ατος, τό, (ἐλύω) the stock of the plough, on
which the share was fixed, Lat. dentale.

ἔλυμος, ὁ, (ἐλύω) a case, sheath, quiver.
ἔλυτρον, τό, a cover, covering, case, sheath. 2. a
place for holding water, a reservoir. From
ἐλῶ, (εἶλω) :—to roll round: only used in Ep. aor.
I pass. ἐλύσθη, to be rolled up, to roll or twist one-
self close up.

ἔλω, aor. 2 subj. of αἰρέω.
ἔλων, impf. of ἐλάω: but ἔλων, aor. 2 part. of αἰρέω.
ἔλωρ, τό, only used in nom. and acc., (ἐλεῖν) booty,
spoil, prey. II. pl., Πατρόκλειο ἔλωρα ἀποτίνειν
to pay for leaving Patroclus a prey to all disonour.

ἔλωριον, τό, = ἔλωρ.

ἐμᾶθον, aor. 2 of μαθαίνω.

ἐμάνθη [ᾶ], aor. 2 of μαίνομαι.

ἐμάρνάσθη, 3 dual impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμάρνατο, 3 sing. impf. of μάρναμαι.

ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἐμ-αυτῆς, Ion. ἐμ-εωυτοῦ or ἐμ-αυτοῦ, ἡς
(ἐμοῦ, αὐτοῦ): reflexive Pronoun of first person, of
myself, Lat. mei ipsius: only used in gen., dat., and
acc. sing., both masc. and fem.: in plur. separated,
ἡμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.

ἐμβα, for ἐμβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐμβάδον, Adv. (ἐμβαίω) on foot, by land.

ἐμ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέβηθι: pf. ἐμβέ-
βηκα, Ep. part. ἐμβεβάωσι:—to step in:—to step on,
go on. 2. to step into, to go into, go on board,
embark: to mount on: to be fixed upon. 3. to
tread upon.

4. to enter upon, embark in a
thing. II. Causal in aor. I ἐνέβησα, to make to
enter, bring in or into:—cf. ἐμβιβάω.

ἐμ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλω: pf. -βέβληκα: aor. 2 ἐν-έββα-
λον:—to throw, lay, put in; κόπιας ἐμβαλέειν (sub.
χείρας) to lay oneself to the oar; also without κό-
πιας, to lay to, pull hard. 2. to put into the mind of
another:—Med., ἐμβάλλεσθαι τι θυμῷ to lay a thing
to heart. 3. ἐμβάλλειν εἰς τι to throw one into a
thing, involve in. 4. to throw at another. II.

intr. to break, burst, rush in: to fall on, encounter,
run against, Lat. illidi, esp. of a ship that falls on
another with its beak: cf. ἐμβολος.

ἐμβαμμα, ατος, τό, sauce, soup. From

ἐμ-βάπτω, f. ψω, to dip in.

ἐμβάς, ἄδος [ᾶ], ἡ, (ἐμβαίω) a kind of felt shoe,
used by the Boeotians; also by old men and poor
people.

ἐμβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμβαίω.

ἐμ-βασίλευω, f. σω, to be king among or over.

ἐμβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐμβαίω) a going in or upon: a
going on board ship, embarking. II. that on which
one goes; ἑμβασίς ποδός a shoe, like ἐμβάς. 2. the
sole, foot, hoof.

ἐμ-βαστάω, f. σω, to bear on, carry.

ἐμβάτεω, f. εῦσω, (ἐμβάτης) to step in or on, stand
on: hence to dwell in, frequent, haunt: also to pro-
tect, watch: c. gen. to set foot upon. II. to enter
on possession of property.

ἐμπατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐμπατέω) = ἐμβατεύω.

ἐμπατήριος, ον, (ἐμπατεύω) of or for marching:
ἐμπατήριον (sub. μέλος), τό, a march-tune, march.

ἐμπατής, ου, ὁ, (ἐμβαίω) he that goes in or upon,
esp. on board ship, a passenger. II. a kind of
boat, cf. ἐμβάς. [ᾶ]

ἐμβάπιος, ον, (ἐμβάπτω) fit for dipping in or into:

τὸ ἐμβάπιον a flat vessel. [ᾶ]

ἐμβεβᾶώς, -ῦια, Ep. pf. part. of ἐμβαίω: ἐμβεβᾶ-
σαν, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐμβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐμβαίω: ἐμβητον, 2 dual:
ἐμβητι, for ἐμβῆ, 3 sing. subj.

ἐμ-βιβάω, f. f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐμ-
βαίω, to make to step in or upon: to put on board
ship: to lead or guide to.

ἐμβλεμμα, ατος, τό, a looking straight at. From
ἐμ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look in the face, look at: simply,
to look.

ἐμ-βοάω, f. ἦσομαι, to call upon: to shout aloud.

ἐμβολός, εως, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) a dibble for putting
in plants.

ἐμβολή, ἡ, (ἐμβάλλω) a throwing in. II. in-
trans. an inroad into an enemy's country, an invasion,
foray. 2. the charge made by one ship upon another,
an assault; ἐμβολαὶ χαλκόστομοι the shock of brasen
beaks. 3. an entrance: pass. III. the head
of a battering-ram. Hence

ἐμβόλιμος, ον, (ἐμβάλλω) thrown in, inserted; μῆν
ἐμβ, an intercalary month.

ἐμβολον, τό, (ἐμβάλλω) anything running in; ἐμβ.
τῆς χώρας a tongue of land. 2. a bolt, bar: a
wedge: the beak of a ship of war. 3. a beam,
architrave.

ἐμβολος, ὁ, (ἐμβάλλω) anything put in, a wedge. 2.
the brasen beak of ships of war.

ἐμβραχῦ, Adv. (ἐν, βραχύς) in brief, shortly.

ἐμ-βρέομαι, Med. to roar or bluster in.

ἐμ-βρεφος, ον, ἐν, βρέφος) boy-like.

ἐμ-βριθής, ἐς, (ἐν, βριθος) heavy, weighty. II.

metaph. grave, stately, dignified, important. 2. in
bad sense, heavy, grievous, oppressive: of persons,
violent, savage, fierce. III. Adv. -θώς, firmly.

ἐμ-βριθώω [ῆ], f. ἴσω, to weigh heavily upon.

ἐμ-βριμάομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.:—to snort with rage,

of horses: of men, to be sore vexed and indignant, Lat. *commoveri*: to charge strictly, censure.

ἐμ-βροντάω, f. ἦσω, to strike with lightning: to strike dumb. Hence

ἐμβρόντητος, *ov*, thunder-stricken, stupid.

ἐμ-βροχή, ἡ, (ἐν, βρόχος) a noose, balter.

ἐμ-βρού-οικος, *ov*, (ἐν, βρῦον, οἰκέω) dwelling in seaweed.

ἐμβρῦον, τό, (ἐν, βρώ) the fruit of the womb before birth, the embryo, Lat. *foetus*. 2. a thing newly born: a lamb or kid.

ἐμ-βιθός, α, *ov*, or *os*, *ov*, (ἐν, βυθός) at the bottom.

ἐμ-βύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to stuff in, stop up.

ἐμέ, acc. of ἐγώ, enclit. με.

ἐμέγηρα, aor. I of μεγαίρω.

ἐμέθεν, old poet. gen. for ἐμού.

ἐμέι, Dor. for ἐμέ, as τέ for τέ (σέ).

ἐμείνα, aor. I of μένω.

ἐμείο, ἐμέο, Ep. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

ἐμέμηκον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of μηκάομαι.

ἐμέμικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμεμένετο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of μωμήσχω.

ἐμέν, poet. for ἐσμέν, I pl. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμεν, ἐμεναι, Ep. for εἶναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔημι.

ἐμενος, aor. part. med. of ἔημι.

ἐμετικός, ἡ, ὄν, provoking sickness. II. one who uses emetics. From

ἐμετος, ὄ, (ἐμέω) sickness, vomiting.

ἐμεῦ, Ep. for ἐμού, enclit. μεῦ: Dor. ἐμεῦς.

ἘΜΕΨ, impf. ἤμουσιν: f. ἐμέσω Att. ἐψά and ἐμούμαι: aor. ἤμεσα Ep. ἔμεσσα: pf. ἐμήκηκα:—Lat. *VOMO*, to vomit, throw up: absol. to be sick; ἐμεῖν πτίλω to make oneself sick with a feather.

ἐμεωντοῦ, Ion. for ἐμαντοῦ.

ἐμήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I pl. of μήδομαι.

ἐμίγη [γ], aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμικτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίξα, aor. I of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίχθην, aor. I pass. of μίγνυμι.

ἐμίν, poet. Dor. for ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμμάθον, Ep. for ἐμαθον, aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

ἐμ-μαίνομαι, Dep. to be mad at. Hence

ἐμμανής, ἐς, mad, frantic, raving. Adv. -νῶς.

ἐμμάπτως, Adv. forthwith, immediately, hastily. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμ-μάσσω, f. ἔω, to impress upon.

ἐμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχέσομαι, Dep. to fight a battle in.

ἐμ-μεδιάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to smile at.

ἐμμέλεια, ἡ, (ἐμμελής) a kind of dance, accompanied by music: the tune of this dance.

ἐμ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, to exercise in a thing. Hence

ἐμμελέτημα, ματος, τό, an exercise, practice.

ἐμ-μελής, ἐς, (ἐν, μέλος) in tune, well-timed, harmonious, melodious: generally, regular, agreeable: elegant, graceful: well-bred. Adv. ἐμμελῶς, Ion.

-λέως.

ἐμμεμᾶς, νῆα, ὄς, pressing eagerly on, eager, basty, aor.: pf. part. with no verb in use.

ἐμ-μέμονα, pf. with no pres. in use, to be lost in passion.

ἐμμεν, ἐμμεναι, Ep. inf. of εἰμί sum.

ἐμμενής, ἐς, abiding in: neut. ἐμμενές as Adv., unchangingly. Adv. ἐμμενῶς, Ep. and Ion. -έως. From

ἐμ-μηνῶ, f. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐμένεινα:—to abide in: to abide by, stand by, cleave to, Lat. stare ab aliquo: absol. to continue.

ἐμ-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure in or by.

ἐμ-μετρος, *ov*, (ἐν, μέτρον) in measure, measured, moderate. II. in metre, metrical.

ἐμ-μηνος, *ov*, (ἐν, μήν) in a month, lasting a month. II. occurring every month, monthly.

ἐμμί, Dor. for εἰμί sum.

ἐμ-μίγνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix or mingle in. II. intrans. to encounter, meet.

ἐμ-μίμνω, poet. for ἐμ-μένω.

ἐμ-μισθος, *ov*, (ἐν, μισθός) in pay, in receipt of pay.

ἐμμονος, *ov*, (ἐμμένω) abiding in, steadfast.

ἐμμορα, pf. 2 of μείρομαι.

ἐμ-μορος, *ov*, (ἐν, μείρομαι) partaking in or of. II. (ἐν, μόρος) fortunate.

ἐμ-μοτος, *ov*, (ἐν, μότος) spread on lint.

ἐμ-μοχθος, *ov*, (ἐν, μόχθος) toilsome, painful.

ἐμ-μνέω, f. ἦσω, to initiate at the mysteries in.

ἐμνησθαι, aor. I of μνησθαι.

ἐμνήσθην, aor. I pass. (in med. sense) of μωμήσχω.

ἐμνώοντο, Ep. for ἐμνῶντο, 3 pl. impf. of μνάομαι.

ἐμοί, dat. of ἐγώ.

ἐμόλον, aor. 2 of βλώσχω.

ἐμός, ἡ, ὄν, possess. Adj. of first pers. from ἐγώ. ἐμοῦ, mine, Lat. *meus*; joined with gen. to strengthen the possessive notion ἐμόν αὐτοῦ mine own; ἐμῆ ἀγγελίη a message about me; τὸ ἐμόν mine, my part; also in plur., τὰ ἐμά, τὰμά:—τό γε ἐμόν, τὸ μὲν ἐμόν, for my part, as far as concerns me.

ἐμοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμέω.

ἐμοῦς, Dor. gen. of ἐγώ.

ἐμπᾶ, Adv., v. ἐμπᾶς.

ἐμπάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπήγνυμι.

ἐμπάζομαι, Dep. used only in pres. to busy oneself about, take heed of, care for.

ἐμ-πάθης, ἐς, (ἐν, πάθος) in a state of emotion, much affected. Adv. ἐμπαθῶς, passionately.

ἐμπαγμονή, ἡ, = ἐμπαγμός.

ἐμπαίγμος, ὄ, a jesting, mocking. From

ἐμ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to mock, Lat. *illudere*: to trick, deceive. II. to sport in or on. Hence

ἐμπαϊκτής, *ov*, ὄ, a mocker, deceiver.

ἐμπαίξαι, aor. I inf. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαίχθησομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐμπαίος, *ov*, (B) = ἐμπεπος, knowing, practised in, c. gen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐμπαίος, *ov*, (B) bursting upon one, sudden. From

ἐμ-παίω, f. -παίω or -παίσω, to strike in, stamp. II. intr. to burst in upon.

ἔμ-πακτώ, f. ὤσω, to close up, caulk.
 ἔμ-πάλασσω, f. ξω, to entangle in or together.
 ἔμ-πάλιν, poet. also ἔμ-πάλι, (ἐν, πάλιν) Adv. back-wards, back. II. contrary to, c. gen. III. in return. IV. τὸ ἔμπαλιν, τὰ ἔμπαλιν, by crasis τοῦμπαλιν, τᾶμπαλιν, the contrary, the reverse.
 ἔμ-παρέχων, f. ξω, to band over, put in one's power.
 ἔμ-πᾶς, Ion. and Ep. ἔμ-πης, Adv. (properly ἐν πᾶσι) altogether, at all events. II. on the whole, nevertheless, still. III. joined with περ, however much, ever so much.
 ἔμ-πᾶσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέ-πᾶσα:—to sprinkle in or on: metaph. to weave in, embroider.
 ἔμ-πᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, to tread in, walk into.
 ἔμπεδός-μοχθος, ov, (ἔμπεδος, μόχθος) ever-painful.
 ἔμπεδο-ορκέω, f. ἦσω, (ἔμπεδος, ὄρκος) to abide by one's oath.
 ἔμ-πεδος, ov, (ἐν, πέδον) in its place, steadfast, unshaken. 2. of Time, lasting, continual. II. Adv. ἔμπεδον and ἔμπεδα, ἔμπέδως, fast, of a surety, truly, certainly.
 ἔμπεδο-σθενής, ἐς, (ἔμπεδος, σθένος) with force unshaken.
 ἔμ-πέσσω, f. ὤσω, (ἔμπεδος) to make firm, establish.
 ἔμπειραμος, ov, = ἔμπεραμος.
 ἔμπειρία, ἡ, experience: experience in or acquaintance with a thing. From
 ἔμ-πειρος, ov, (ἐν, πείρα) experienced in, acquainted with, skilful at: proved good by experience: τὸ ἐμ-πειρότερον greater experience. Adv., ἔμπείρας τινὸς ἔχειν to know a thing by experience.
 ἔμπελαδόν, Adv. near, hard by. From
 ἔμ-πελάζω, f. σω: aor. I ἐνέπελασα:—to bring near or close to:—also intrans. to come near. II. Pass. to be brought near, approach.
 ἔμπέτηγα, pf. intr. of ἐμπήγγυμι.
 ἔμπεπλησμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἔμπεπόδισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐμποδίζω.
 ἔμπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἔμ-περάμος, ov, = ἔμπερος, acquainted with.
 ἔμ-περιπατέω, to walk about in: to tarry among.
 ἔμ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a brooch. Hence ἔμπερόνημα, Dor. -ἄμα, ματος, τό, a garment fastened with a brooch or buckle.
 ἔμπεσον, Ep. for ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἔμπεσοῦμαι, fut. of ἐμπίπτω.
 ἔμ-πετάννυμι or -ύω, f. -πετάσω [ᾶ], to unfold and spread on or out.
 ἔμπεφύασι, Ep. for ἔμπεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐμφύω:
 ἔμπεφυία, Ep. part. fem.
 ἔμ-πίγγυμι or -ύω, fut. -πήξω: aor. I ἐνέπηξα:—to fix or draft in, c. dat.—Pass. aor. 2 ἐνεπάγγην [ᾶ], with pf. act. ἐμπέτηγα, plqpf. -ήγειν:—to stick in.
 ἔμ-πηδάω, f. ἦσομαι, to leap or jump in.
 ἔμ-πηρος, ov, crippled, maimed, deformed.
 ἔμ-πης, Adv., Ion. and Hom. for ἔμπας.
 ἔμπιεύω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπίνω.

ἔμ-πικραίνω, f. ἄω, to embitter:—Pass. to be bitter against.
 ἔμπίμπλημι, ἐμπίμπρημι, v. ἐμπίπ-
 ἔμ-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπινον: pf. ἐμπέπωκα: to drink in, drink up; ἐμπίνειν τοῦ αἵματος to drink of the blood.
 ἔμπίπληθι, imperat. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἔμ-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω: aor. I ἐνέπλησα:—to fill full of a thing:—Pass. and Med., ἐμπίμπλαμαι, aor. I ἐνεπλήσθην: Ep. aor. 2 ἐνεπλήμην, to fill oneself, eat one's fill, be satisfied. II. in Med. also trans. to fill, satisfy: metaph. to have enough of, enjoy.
 ἔμ-πίπρημι, aor. I ἐνέπρησα:—to set on fire.
 ἔμ-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐνέπεσον Ep. ἔμ-πεσον:—to fall upon: to break in, burst in: aor. 2 part. ἐμπεσών, rushing in violently: also to light on, fall in with.
 ἘΜΠΙΨ, ἴδος, ἡ, a mosquito, gnat, Lat. culex.
 ἔμ-πίτνω, poet. for ἐμπίττω, to fall upon.
 ἔμπλάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐμπλέκω.
 ἔμ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐνέπῆλασα:—to plaster up, daub over with a thing.
 ἔμ-πλεος, Ep. for ἔμ-πλεος.
 ἔμ-πλέκω, f. ξω, to plait or weave in, interweave, Lat. implicare:—Pass. to be entangled in a thing. 2. metaph. to weave artfully, to render perplexed.
 ἔμ-πλεος, α, ov, Ep. ἔμπλεος or ἐνίπλεος, η, ov, Att. ἔμπλεως, ov, quite full of a thing.
 ἔμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in.
 ἔμπληγῶδη, Adv. (ἐμπλήσσω) madly, rashly.
 ἔμπληκτος, ov, (ἐμπλήσσω) stunned, amazed, stupified, senseless. II. Att. unsteady, rash:—Adv. ἐμπλήκτως, madly.
 ἔμπλημένος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἔμπλην, (ἐμμελάω) Adv. near, close by.
 ἔμ-πλην, Adv. strengthd. for πλήν, besides, except.
 ἔμπλήσας, -άμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of ἐμπίπλημι: ἔμπλήσατο, Ep. for ἐνεπλήσατο.
 ἔμπλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.
 ἔμ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω Ep. ἐνπλ-: f. ξω:—to strike against, stumble upon, fall upon or into.
 ἔμπλητο, for ἐνέπλητο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπίπλημι:—ἐμπλήστω, imperat. of same tense.
 ἔμπλοκή, ἡ, (ἐμπλέκω) a plaiting of the hair.
 ἔμπνευσα, Ep. for ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.
 ἔμ-πνέω, poet. -πνεύω: f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐνέπνευσα:—to blow or breathe on or in, c. dat.: c. acc., ἰσθινὸν ἐμπνέειν to swell the sail: absol. to breathe, live, be alive. II. trans. to breathe into, infuse, inspire:—to blow into, swell the sail.
 ἔμ-πνοια, ἡ, in-breathing, inspiration. From
 ἔμ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνους, ov, (ἐν, πνοή) having the breath in one, breathing, alive.
 ἔμ-ποδίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω: (ἐν, ποῦς):—to entangle the feet, fetter; ἐμ. ἰσθάδας to tie together figs by their stalks. II. generally, to hinder, stop, check.
 ἔμ-πόδιος, ov, (ἐν, ποῦς) in the way, obstructing.

ἔμ-ποδών, Adv. for ἐν ποσὶν ὧν, before the feet, in the way; ἔμποδὼν εἶναι to be in the way:—with the Art., τὸ ἔμποδὼν what is in the way, a hindrance. II. also, before one, patent. Opp. to ἐκποδών.

ἔμ-ποεῖω, f. ἦσω, to make in, put in, insert. 2. to produce or create in, introduce, cause.

ἔμπολαῖος, α, ον, (ἔμπολή) of or concerned in traffic, epith. of Hermes.

ἔμπολάω: impf. ἠμπόλων: f. ἔμπολήσω: pf. ἠμπόληκα: (ἔμπολή):—to gain by traffic: to earn, gain: Med., βίσιτον πολλὸν ἔμπολόωντο (Ep. for ἠμπόλῶντο) they were getting much substance by traffic. II. absol. to be a merchant, traffic. III. to purchase, buy.

ἔμ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to wage war in.

ἔμ-πολέμιος, ον, of belonging to war, hostile.

ἔμπολεῖος, εὖς, ὄ, (ἔμπολάω) a merchant, trafficker.

ἔμ-πολή, ἦ, (ἐν, πωλή) merchandise: traffic. II. gain made by traffic, profit.

ἔμπόλημα, ατος, τό, (ἔμπολάω) matter of traffic, a cargo: in plur. wares, merchandise.

ἔμπολητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔμπολάω) bought and sold.

ἔμ-πολις, εὖς, ὄ, ἦ, (ἐν, πόλις) in the city or state: ὁ ἔμπολις τινι one's fellow-citizen.

ἔμ-πολιτεύω, f. σω, to be a citizen in a state, hold civil rights in.

ἔμπολόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. pass. of ἔμπολάω.

ἔμπόρεμα, ατος, τό, an article of commerce. From ἔμπορεύομαι, f. -εύσομαι: aor. I ἐνεπορεύθην: Dep.: (ἔμπορος):—to be on a journey. II. to travel on business, be a merchant, to trade, traffic. 2. c. acc. to trade or traffic in a thing. Hence

ἔμπορευτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. one must go.

ἔμπορία, ἦ, (ἔμπορος) traffic, trade, commerce: a trade. II. goods trafficked in, merchandise.

ἔμπορικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔμπορος) of or for traffic, mercantile, commercial; χρήματα ἔμπορικά imported goods.

ἔμπόριον, τό, (ἔμπόρος) Lat. emporium, a trading-place, factory, mart. II. ἐμπορία, τά, merchandise. From

ἔμ-πορος, ον, (ἐν, πόρος) a passenger on shipboard, Lat. vector. II. a traveller, wanderer. III. one who travels on business, a merchant, Lat. mercator, institor; metaph., ἔμπορος βίου a trader in life.

ἔμ-πορπῶω, f. ἦσω, to fix on with a brooch or buckle:—Pass., ἐμάτα ἐνεπορπῆατο (Ion. for -ἦντο), they wore garments buckled on the shoulder.

Ἐμ-πουσα, ἦ, Empusa, a hobgoblin assuming various shapes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔμπρακτος, ον, (ἔμπράσσω) practicable.

ἔμπρηπής, εὖς, conspicuous in or by a thing. From ἔμ-πρέπω, to be conspicuous in or among. II. to be conspicuous for.

ἔμ-πρήθω, f. σω, to blow up, inflate. II. = ἔμ-πίπρημι, to burn to ashes.

ἔμ-πρησις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐμπίπρημι) a setting on fire.

ἔμ-προθεν, Adv. poët. before a conson. -θε, Adv. and

Prep. I. of Place, before, in front of. II.

of Time, before, earlier, of old. Hence

ἔμ-πρόσθιος, ον, front, fore; οἱ πρόσθιοι (sub. ποδες) the fore-feet of a quadruped, opp. to οἱ ὀπίσθιοι.

ἔμ-πύρω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to spit upon.

ἔμ-πυκάξω, f. ἄσω, to wrap up closely:—Pass., νόος οἱ ἔμπεπυκάσται his mind is veiled, wrapped in mystery.

ἔμ-πῦος, ον, (ἐν, πῦος) discharging matter.

ἔμ-πύρεῖω, f. σω, (ἐν, πῦρ) to set on fire.

ἔμ-πύρι-βήτης, ον, ὄ, (ἐν, πῦρ, βαίνω) standing on or over the fire, of a tripod, opp. to ἄπυρος.

ἔμ-πύρος, ον, (ἐν, πῦρ) in or on the fire. II.

scorched, burnt. III. of sacrificial fire; ἔμπυρος

τέχνη the art of divination by fire:—as Subst., τὰ ἔμπυρα [ἑρᾶ] burnt sacrifices or omens from burnt sacrifices.

ἔμικον, aor. 2 of μικάομαι.

ἔμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (see ἐσθίω):

—to put in and eat, to eat up: to eat upon.

ἔμ-φαίνω, f. -φᾶνω: aor. I ἐνέφηναι:—to shew, make appear:—Pass., with fut. med. ἐμφανόμαι, to be seen in, to be reflected: to appear, shew oneself.

ἔμφάνηαι, aor. 2 pass. of ἔμφαίνω.

ἔμφάνης, εὖς, (ἐμφανῆαι) appearing in, visible, plain, manifest. 2. open, in public. 3. palpable, real, actual. Hence

ἔμφανίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew forth: to make clear, explain.

ἔμφανῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of ἐμφανῆς, visibly, openly, Lat. palam.

ἔμφασις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἐμφαίνομαι) an appearing in, reflexion: outward appearance.

ἔμφερα, ἦ, resemblance. From

ἔμφερής, εὖς, resembling, similar. Adv. -ρῶς, similarly, just as. From

ἔμ-φέρω, f. ἐν-οίσω, to bear or bring in. II. to object to one, cast in one's teeth.

ἔμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to light up in.

ἔμ-φλοξ, ογος, ὄ, ἦ, with fire in it.

ἔμ-φοβος, ον, (ἐν, φόβος) fearful, terrible. II.

pass. frightened, afraid.

ἔμ-φορβίω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, φορβιά) to put on the flute-player's mouthpiece.

ἔμ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, like ἐμφέρω, to bear or bring in:—Pass. to be borne about or on. II. in Med. and

Pass. to take one's fill of a thing, to make much use of. III. to inflict on.

ἔμ-φάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to stop up, block up.

ἔμφουρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep guard in. From

ἔμ-φουρος, ον, (ἐν, φρουρά) on guard in a place: liable to serve. II. pass. guarded, garrisoned.

ἔμ-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἐν, φρήν) in one's right mind: sensible, alive. 2. in one's senses, sensible, shrewd, prudent.

ἔμφυής, εὖς, (ἐμφύω) implanted by nature, innate.

ἔμ-φύλος, ον, and ἔμ-φύλιος, ἰων, (ἐν, φύλον) of the same tribe or race; ἔμφυλον αἶμα kindred blood;

τοῦμφυλον αἶμα a kinsman's blood, i. e. murder of a

kinsman. II. in or among the people; στάσις ἔμφυλος intestine, civil discord.

ἔμφυς, aor. 2 part. of ἐμφύω.

ἐμ-φύσῳ, f. ἦσω, to breathe in or into: breathe upon.

ἔμφυτος, ov, inborn, innate. From

ἐμ-φύω, f. ύσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐνέφυσα: in these tenses trans. to implant. II. intr. in Med. ἐμφύομαι,

with act. pf. ἐπιεφύκα, aor. 2 ἐνέφυν, to grow, be on or in: to be rooted in, cling closely to; ἐμφύναι χεῖρι to cling fast to his hand.

ἐμ-φωνος, ov, (ἐν, φωνή) with a loud voice.

ἐμ-ψοφος, ov, noisy, sounding.

ἐμ-ψυχος, ov, (ἐν, ψυχή) having life in one, alive, living.

ἐμ-ψύχῳ, f. ὦσω, (ἐμψυχος) to animate.

ἐν, Dor. and Aeol. for εἰς, into.

ἔΝ Pöet. ἐνί Ep. εἰν, in, PREP. with DAT. IV:

I. OF PLACE, ἐνί, in, at; ἐν Ἀθήνῃσι, ἐν Τροίῃ. 2. on, upon; ἐν οὐρεσι on the mountains, etc.

3. of clothing; ἐν ἐσθῆτι, in (i. e. wearing) a garment; ἐν ὕπλοις in or under arms. 4. in the number of, amongst; ἐν τοῖς πρῶτοι among some of the very first:—in presence of, before. 5. within one's power, in one's hands; νύκτις πείρατ' ἔχονται ἐν ἀνατόισι θεοῖσι are in their hands; ἐν ἐμοί ἐστι it is in my power. 6. according to, in accordance with. II.

OF THE INSTRUMENT OF MEANS, with, by, by means of; ἐν πυρὶ πιμπράναι to burn with fire; ἐν δεσμῷ δῆσαι to bind with a bond. III. OF TIME, within; ἐν τούτῳ τῷ χρόνῳ within this space; ἐν ᾧ (sub. χρόνῳ) while, during the time that; ἐν βραχεί in short time. IV. ELLIPT. in such phrases as ἐν Ἀλκινοῦσι, ἐν Αἰδαο Att. ἐν Αἰδοῦ, etc., where οἶκον or δόμοις is understood. V. WITHOUT CASE AS ADVERB, therein, thereat, thereby, moreover: especially.

VI. POSITION:—ἐν sometimes in Ep. follows its dative, but most freq. in the form ἐνί, then written ἐνι. VII. IN COMPOS., I. with Verbs the Prep. retains its sense of being near, at or in. 2. with Adjs. it expresses either a modified degree, e. g. ἐμ-πικρος, ἐν-λευκος, rather harsh, whitish, etc.; or else the possession of a quality, e. g. ἐν-αιμος, with blood in it. 2. in compos. ἐν- becomes ἐμ- before β μ π φ ψ; ἐγ- before γ κ ξ χ; ἐλ- before λ; and in a few words ἐρ- before ρ.

ἐν, neut. of εἶς; and ἐνα, acc. masc.

ἐν-αβρύνομαι, Pass. to be vain of.

ἐν-ἄγῃς, ἐς, (ἐν, ἄγος) in or under a curse, polluted, blood-guilty: generally, abominable, accurst. Hence ἐνάγίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ὦ, to offer sacrifice to the dead, Lat. parentare. Hence

ἐνάγισμα, atos, τό, an offering to the dead.

ἐν-αγκάλισμαι, Med. to take in one's arms.

ἐν-αγκυλάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, ἀγκύλη) to fit thongs to javelins to throw them with.

ἐν-αγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐναγείρω.

ἐν-αγχος, Adv. (ἐν, ἄγχι) just now, even now, lately.

ἐν-άγω, f. ἔω, to lead in or into, lead on, urge, persuade. 2. c. acc. rei, to propose, suggest.

ἐν-ἄγωνίζομαι, Dep. to contend or fight among:—of a place, εὐμενῆς ἐναγωνίζεσθαι favourable to fight in. ἐν-ἄγωνιος, ov, (ἐν, ἄγων) of or belonging to a contest, fight or game. 2. ἐναγῶνοι θεοί the gods who presided over the games, esp. Hermes.

ἐν-αθλέω, f. ἦσω, = ἀθλέω ἐν, to contend in or among.

ἐναίμητις, εσσα, εν, = ἐναιμος.

ἐν-αιμος, ov, (ἐν, αἷμα) with blood in it.

ἐναίρειν, Ep. for ἐναίρειν, inf. of ἐναίρω.

ἐναίρω Ep. ἐναίρω: fut. ἐνάρῳ: aor. 2 ἦνᾶρον, Pöet. also ἐνᾶρον: aor. I med. ἐνῆράμην, Ep. 3 sing. ἐνήπατο: (ἐναπα):—to slay, kill: also of things, to make away with, destroy.

ἐν-αίστιμος and ἐν-αίστιος, ov, (ἐν, αἶσα) fated, sent by destiny, Lat. fatalis: in good sense, seasonable.

II. in accordance with fate, seemly, proper; and of persons, just, righteous:—Adv. -ίμως, fitly, becomingly.

ἐν-αιχμάζω, f. σω, to wield the spear in.

ἐν-αιωρέομαι, Pass. to float or drift about in.

ἐνάκτις, Adv. = ἐνάκτις.

ἐνάκτιστοι, ai, a, (ἐνάκτις) nine hundred.

ἐν-ἄκούω, f. -ούσομαι, to hear in a place.

ἐν-αλειφώ, f. ψω: pf. pass. ἐναλήψιμαι:—to anoint: Med. to anoint oneself or for oneself.

ἐν-ἄλιγκιος, ov, like, resembling.

ἐν-άλιος, ai, ov, and, os, ov: Ep. and Lyr. also ἐν-άλιος: (ἐν, ἄλς):—in, on, of the sea, Lat. marinus.

ἐναλλαγήναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐναλλάξ, Adv. crosswise: alternately, Lat. vicissim.

From ἐν-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ἔω: aor. I -ήλλαξα: pf. -ήλλαχα, pass. -ήλλαγμαi:—to exchange, receive in exchange: also to divert from one thing to another. II. Pass. to be changed, to differ from. 2. to have dealings with.

ἐν-ἄλλομαι, f. -ἄλοῦμαι: aor. I -ηλάμην: Dep.:—to leap in or on, to rush against.

ἐν-ἄλλος, ov, changed, contrary.

ἐν-ἄλος, ov, (ἐν, ἄλς) = ἐνάλιος.

ἐν-ἄμῆλα, f. ἔω, to milk into.

ἐν-ἄμιλλος, ov, (ἐν, ἀμίλλα) engaged in equal contest with, a match for.

ἐναμμένος, Ion. for ἐνημμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνάπτω.

ἐν-ἄντα, Adv. opposite, over against, c. gen.

ἐν-ἄντι, (ἐν, ἀντι) Adv. = ἐναντίον.

ἐν-ἄντιβιος, ov, struggling against: neut. ἐναντίβιον, against, in opposition to.

ἐν-ἄντιος, ai, ov, over against, opposite: face to face, in presence of. 2. in hostile sense, facing in fight, opposing.

II. opposite, contrary, reverse; τὸ ἐναντίον the contrary, the reverse. III. neut. ἐναντίον as Adv., against or in presence of. 2. ἐξ ἐναντίου, over against, opposite. 3. the regul. Adv. ἐναντίως, contrariwise, c. dat. Hence

ἐναντιός, f. ὄσω, to place opposite:—mostly as Dep. ἐναντιόομαι, f. ὄσομαι: aor. I ἠναντιώθη: pf. ἠναντιώσθαι poet. ἐν-:—to set oneself against, oppose, withstand: to be adverse to. 2. to contradict, gainsay, deny.

ἐναντιώμα, ματος, τό, (ἐναντιώω) an obstacle.

ἐναντιώσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐναντιώω) opposition.

ἐναξα, aor. I of νάσσω.

ἐναπέθανον, aor. 2 of ἐναποθνήσκω.

ἐναφήπτε, Ion. for ἐναφήπτε, 3 sing. impf. of ἐναφάπτω.

ἐναφήκε, Ion. for ἐναφήκε, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐναφήμι.

ἐν-αποδείκνυμι, to display in a thing:—Pass. to be distinguished or manifest.

ἐν-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθάνουμαι, to die in.

ἐν-αποκλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ], to break short off in.

ἐν-απολείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in.

ἐν-απόλλυμι and -ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολώ:—to destroy in or among.

ἐν-απομόργνυμι, f. -απομόρξω:—to rub or wipe off upon; and so to impart.

ἐν-απονίξω, f. -απονίξω, to wash clean in a thing.

ἐν-αποτίω, f. -αποτίω, to pay as a penalty.

ἐν-αποψίχω, f. ξω, to give up the ghost, expire.

ἐν-άπτω, f. ψω, to bind or tie in, on or to:—Pass. and Med., pf. ἐνήμμαι, to be clad in. II. to kindle, set on fire: Med. to get oneself a light.

*ΕΝΑΡΑ, αω, τά, used only in plur. the arms of a slain foe, Lat. spolia; booty, spoil.

ἐν-αρισκώ, aor. I ἐνήρσα, to fit or fasten in. II.

intr. in pf. ἐν-άρηρα, to be fitted in.

ἐνάργει, Dor. for ἐνήργει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεργέω.

ἐναργής, ἐς, (ἐν, ἀργός) distinct, visible, in bodily form. 2. bright, brilliant. 3. of words, distinct, plain. Hence

ἐναργώς Ion. -έως, Adv. distinctly, visibly.

ἐνάρες or ἐνάριες, οἶ, a Scythian word, = Greek ἀνδρόγυνον.

ἐνᾶρηρός, υἷα, ὅς, part. pf. 2 of ἐναρισκώ.

ἐνᾶρη-φόρος, ον, (ἐναρη, φέρω) wearing the spoils.

ἐνᾶρίζω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I ἐνάριξα:—Pass., aor. I ἠνᾶρισθη: pf. ἠνᾶρισμαι: (ἐναρη) —to strip a slain foe, Lat. spoliare; ἐναρίζειν τινά ἐνταε, τεύχη to strip one of his arms: hence to slay in fight, to slay:—Pass., νύξ ἐναρισθῆναι night being slain, i.e. brought to an end.

ἐν-ᾄριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count, reckon in or among: generally, to reckon, account:—Med. to make account of, value.

ἐν-ᾄριθμος, ον, (ἐν, ἀριθμός) reckoned in, counted among. II. taken into account, valued, Lat. in numero habitus.

ἐνᾶριμ-βροτος, ον, (ἐναίρω, βρότος) slaying men.

ἐν-αρμόζω and -ττω: f. ὄσω Dor. ὄξω:—to fit in: also to fix a weapon in. II. intr. to fit, suit, to be adapted to.

ἐνάρον, τό, see ἐναρη.

ἐνάρον, poet. for ἠνάρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.

ἐν-ἄρχομαι, f. ζομαι Dep. to begin with. 2. in

sacrifices, ἐνᾶρχσθαι τὰ κανᾶ to begin the offering, by taking the barley (οὐλοχύται) from the baskets (κανᾶ, pl. of κανών); cf. κατάρχομαι.

ἐν-ασελγαίνω, = ἀσελγαίνω ἐν, to be insolent in:—Pass. to be treated with insult in a thing.

ἐν-ασπιδόομαι, Pass. (ἐν, ἀσπίς) to fit oneself with a shield.

ἐάσσα, Ep. aor. I of ναίω.

ἐνατος, Ep. and Ion. εἰνατος, η, ον, (ἐννέα) ninth, Lat. nonus: τὰ ἐνάτα (sub. ἑρπᾶ) offerings to the dead made nine days after the funeral, Lat. novendialia.

ἐν-αυλακτο-φοῖτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐν, αὐλαξ, φοιτᾶω) roaming in the fields.

ἐν-αυλιῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to dwell or lodge in:—Med. to take up quarters for the night in. Hence

ἐναυλιστήριος, ον, to be dwellt in, habitable.

ἐν-αυλον, τό, (ἐν, αὐλή) an abode.

ἐν-αυλος, ὅ, as Subst., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) a hollow channel: a water-course, a torrent. II. (ἐν, αὐλή) a dwelling, sbelter; haunt.

ἐν-αυλος, ον, as Adj., I. (ἐν, αὐλός) on or to the flute: still ringing in one's ears, fresh. II.

(ἐν, αὐλή) dwelling in dens: of men, in one's den, at home.

ἐν-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge.

ἐν-αυχένιος, ος, ον, (ἐν, αὐχῆν) in or on the neck.

ἐν-αῦω, aor. I inf. ἐν-αῦσαι, to kindle or light a fire:—Med. to light oneself a fire.

ἐν-αφάπτω, f. ψω, to fasten up to a thing.

ἐν-αφήμι, Ion. ἐν-απ-: f. -αφήσω, to let drop in.

ἐν-δαῖς, αὐδος, ὅ, ἡ, (ἐν, δαῖς) with lighted torch.

ἐν-δαῖω, to kindle in:—Med. to burn in.

ἐν-δάκνω, f. δήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέδᾶκον:—to bite into, hold in the teeth.

ἐν-δακρῶ, f. ὄσω [ῶ], to weep in.

ἐνδάπιος, α, ον, (ἐνδόν) native of the country.

ἐν-δᾶτέομαι, Dep. to divide, distribute, esp. in speaking: hence II. to speak of; either in bad sense, to upbraid, reproach, revile: or in good sense, to tell of, celebrate.

ἐνδέδμημαι, pf. pass. of ἐνδέμω.

ἐνδέδμηένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνδύω.

ἐνδεστέρας, Adv. Comp. of ἐνδεῶς, in a less degree.

ἐνδεστώ, fut. of ἐνδέω, to be in want.

ἐνδεής, ἐς, (ἐνδέω) in need of, wanting or lacking in: inferior to: absol. in want, in need, deficient, poor, weak:—τὸ ἐνδέες lack, want, defect. Hence

ἐνδεῖα, ἡ, want, lack of a thing: absol. need, Lat. egestas: in plur. wants, needs, deficiencies.

ἐνδειγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐνδείκνυμι) a proof.

ἐν-δείκνυμι or -ύω: f. -δείξω: aor. I ἐνέδειξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεδείχθη: pf. ἐνέδειγμα:—to mark out, Lat. in-dicare: as Att. law-term, to inform against. II. Med. to declare oneself: to display, make a show of a thing. 2. to shew, give proof of. Hence

ἐνδειξίς, εως, ἡ, a pointing out: a token, evidence, proof: as Att. law-term, a laying information against

one who undertook an office for which he was legally disqualified.

ἔν-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, (ἐν neut. of εἷς, δέκα) indecl., eleven. II. οἱ ἔνδεκα, the Eleven at Athens, i. e. the Commissioners of police.

ἔνδεκά-πηχυς, υ, gen. eos, eleven cubits long.
ἔνδεκά-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, eleven feet long or broad.

ἔνδεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἐν-δεκα) the number eleven.

ἔνδεκάτος, η, ον, (ἐν-δεκα) the eleventh.

ἔνδεκ-ετής, οὔ, ὁ, fem. -έτις, ἴδος, eleven years old.

ἐν-δέκομαι, Ion. for ἐνδέχομαι.

ἐνδελεχῆς, ἐς, continual, constant. Adv. ἐνδελεχῶς, constantly.

ἐνδεμα, τό, (ἐνδέω) a thing bound on, band.

ἐν-δέμω, f. μῶ, to wall up:—to build in a place.

ἐν-δεξιόμοι, Dep. to grasp with the right hand, clasp, embrace.

ἐν-δέξιος, α, ον, on or towards the right hand, from left to right; neut. pl. ἐνδέξια as Adv. 2. propitious, favourable; ἐνδέξια σήματα right, good omens.

ἐνδετος, ον, (ἐνδέω) bound to a thing, entangled in.

ἐν-δέχομαι, Ion. -δέκομαι; f. -δέχομαι; Dep.:—to take upon oneself, Lat. suscipere. II. to accept, admit, believe: also of things, to admit, allow of: hence 2. ἐνδέχεται, impers. it may be, it is possible; οὐκ ἐνδέχεται it is not possible; τὰ ἐνδεχόμενα things possible; ἐκ τῶν ἐνδεχομένων by every possible means:—Adv. ἐνδεχομένως, possibly.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δήσω: aor. I ἐνέδησα:—to bind in, on or to: to entangle in, implicate or involve in:—Med. to tie or pack up.

ἐν-δέω, f. -δεήσω, to be in want of: also to be wanting, to fail. II. impers. ἐνδεῖ, there is need or want of: there is a deficiency; πολλῶν ἐνέδει αὐτῷ he was in want of many things. III. Pass. to be in want or need of.

ἐνδεῶς, Adv. of ἐνδεής, insufficiently.

ἐν-δηλος, ον, (ἐν, δηλος) manifest, clear:—Adv. ἐνδήλως, clearly, Sup. -ότατα.

ἐνδημέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐνδημος) to live in or at a place.

ἐν-δημος, ον, dwelling in a place: esp. at home: native, opp. to ξένος: attached to home: of war, civil, intestine. II. of or belonging to a state.

ἐνδιδάσκων, Ion. impf. of ἐνδιδάω.

ἐν-διάγω, f. ξω, to pass one's time in.

ἐν-διαθρῦπτομαι, Pass. to play the coquet with, trifle with.

ἐν-διδάσκω, Ion. -έμοι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to live or dwell in a place.

ἐν-διατάσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω, to arrange in order throughout.

ἐν-διατριβή [ῖ], f. ψω, to spend or consume in a place: absol. (sub. χρόνον) to spend or waste time in: also to dwell upon.

ἐν-διάω, (ἐνδιος) to rest in the open air: to linger in a place. II. trans. to let go into the open air,

ποιμένες μῆλα ἐνδιάσκον (Ep. impf.) shepherds let their sheep out into the air, i. e. to feed.

ἐν-διδύσκω, = ἐνδύω, to put on:—Pass. to wear.

ἐν-διδώμω, f. -δώσω: aor. I ἐνέδωκα:—to give into one's hands, surrender: to give up as lost, throw up.

II. to afford: also to allow, grant: to cause. III. to shew, exhibit, give proof of.

IV. intr. to give in, give up, give way: to flag, fail: of things, to cease. V. of a river, to empty itself.

ἐν-δίημι, (ἐν, δίω) found only in 3 pl. impf. ἐνδίδεσσαν, to chase, pursue.

ἐν-δίκος, ον, (ἐν, δίκη) of things, according to right, fair, right, just: legal. II. of persons, righteous, just, upright. 2. possessed of right. III. Adv.

ἐνδίκως, with right, with justice: Sup. ἐνδικώτατα.

ἐν-δίνα, τὰ, (ἐνδον) the entrails, Lat. intestina.

ἐνδινεύντι, Dor. for ἐνδινούσι, 3 pl. of ἐνδινέω.

ἐν-δινέω, f. ἡσω, to revolve in.

ἐνδῖον, τό, a seat in the air: a seat. From

ἐν-διος, ον, at midday, at noon. II. in the open air. (From ἐν, Διός genit. of Ζεύς, Lat. sub divo or dio, Horace's sub Jove.)

ἐν-δίφριος, ον, (ἐν, δίφρος) sitting on the same seat. ἐνδοθεν, Adv. (ἐνδον) from within: from one's heart, of oneself. II. within, c. gen.

ἐνδοθι, (ἐνδον) Adv. within: also, at home.

ἐνδοθι, Adv. = ἐνδοθι.

ἐνδοιᾶζω, = ἐν δοιῇ εἶναι, to be in doubt, at a loss: to waver: of things, aor. I inf. pass. ἐνδοισσθῆναι, to be matter of doubt. Hence

ἐνδοισαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful. Adv. -τῶς, doubtfully.

ἐνδο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -χας, (ἐνδον, μάχομαι) fighting or bold at home, epith. of a dunghill cock.

ἐν-δομήσιος, εως, ἡ, (ἐν, δῶμος) a thing built in, a building, structure.

ἐνδο-μύχος, ον, (ἐνδον, μυχός) in the inmost part of a dwelling.

ἐνδον, Adv., and Prep. governing gen., (ἐν) within, Lat. intus: at home, Lat. domi: in one's own country: οἱ ἐνδον those of the house, esp. the domestics; τὰ ἐνδον household affairs.

ἐν-δοξος, ον, (ἐν, δόξα) held in repute, honoured. 2. of things, glorious. Adv. -ξως.

ἐνδόσιμος, ον, (ἐνδιδάω) sounding the key-note: τὸ ἐνδοσιμον (sub. μέλος) a key-note.

ἐνδοτέρος, α, ον, Comp. formed from ἐνδον, inner: Sup. ἐνδοτάτος, η, ον, inmost.

ἐν-δουπέω, f. ἡσω, to fall in with a heavy sound.

ἐν-δρομέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐν, δρόμος) to run in, fall into.

ἐν-δρομῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐν, δρόμος) a thick cloak worn by runners after exercise, for fear of cold.

ἐν-δροσος, ον, (ἐν, δρόσος) dewy, dank.

ἐν-δρῦον, τό, (ἐν, δρῦς) the strong oaken pin by which the yoke is fixed to the pole (ἰστοβοεῖς).

ἐνδύκέως, Adv. zealously, heartily, earnestly. The Adj. ἐνδυκῆς is not found. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐν-δυνάμω, f. ὤσω, (ἐν, δύναμις) to strengthen:—Pass. to acquire strength.

ἐν-δύναστω, f. σω, *to have power in or among*. II. *to prevail by authority*.

ἐνδύς, ύσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-δυστύχῳ, f. ήσω, *to be unlucky in or with*.

ἐν-δύτηρ, ήπος, ό, (ἐνδύω) as Adj. *fit for putting on*.

ἐνδύτηριος, α, ον, (ἐνδύω) = ἐνδύτηρ.

ἐν-δύτός, όν, *put on*: as Subst., ἐνδύτόν, τό, *that which is put on a garment, dress*. II. *clad in*.

From

ἐν-δύω, f. ύσων [ύ]: aor. I ἐνέδύσα; in these tenses, trans., *to put on another*; ἐνδύσειν τινά τι *to put on one, clothe one in*. II. intr. ἐνδύω and in Med. ἐνδύομαι, with aor. 2 act. ἐνέδυν, pf. -δέδυκα: *to put on oneself, put on, wear*.

2. *to go in, enter*; ἀκοντιστὴν ἐνδύσειαί *thou wilt enter the contest of darting*. 3. *to implicate oneself in a matter*: also *to insinuate oneself into*.

ἐνέβαλλον, aor. 2 of ἐμβάλλω.

ἐνέβην, aor. 2 of ἐμβαίνω.

ἐνεγέγραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγκαι and ἐνεγκείν, aor. I and 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνέγραψα, aor. I of ἐγγράφω.

ἐνεγύθησα, ἐνεγύθηκα, ἐνεγύθων, see ἐγγύω.

ἐνδείξα, ἐνεδείχθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐν-δείκνυμι.

ἐνέδησα, aor. I of ἐνδέω, *to bind in*.

ἐν-έδρα, ή, *a lying in wait, ambush, Lat. insidiae*.

ἐνεδρεύω, f. σω: (derived from ἐνέδρα: but in the augm. tenses, ἐνήδρευον, ἐνήδρευσα, ἐνήδρευθην, ἐνήδρευμαι, as if compd. of ἐν, ἐδρεύω):—*to lie in wait for, lie in ambush, Lat. insidiari*:—Pass. *to be caught in an ambush: to be ensnared*. II. *to place in ambush*: Med. *to set an ambush*: Pass. *to be set in ambush*.

ἐν-εδρον, τό, = ἐνέδρα.

ἐν-εδρος, ον, (ἐν, έδρα) *an inmate, inhabitant*.

ἐνέδυσσα, ἐνέδυν, aor. I and 2 of ἐνδύω.

ἐν-έξομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. *to sit down in, abide or reside in*: cp. ἐνήμαι.

ἐνέηκα, Ep. for ἐνήηκα, aor. I of ἐνήμι.

ἐνέην, Ep. for ἐνήν, impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνεθυμήθην, aor. I of ἐνθυμέομαι.

ἐν-είδω, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, its place being supplied by ἐνοράω: *to see or observe in*: absol. *to observe, remark*. Cf. εἶδω.

ἐνεκα, Ep. for ήνεκα (Ion. for ήνεγκα), aor. I of φέρω: inf. ἐνεύκαι.

ἐνεκέμεν, Ep. for ἐνεγκέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of φέρω.

ἐνείκεον, impf. of νεύκω.

ἐν-είλλω and ἐν-ειλέω, f. ήσω, *to wrap up in*.

ἐνειμα, aor. I of νέμα.

ἐν-ειμεν, Ep. for ἐνεομαι, I pl. of ἐνεμι: but II. εἵμεν, 3 sing. aor. I of νέμα,

ἐν-ειμι, f. ἐνεομαι, (ἐν, εἶμι sum) *to be in a place, to be within: to be in or among*. II. *to be possible*; impers., ἐνεστί τιμι *it is in one's power, one may or can*: part. neut. ἐνόν used absol., *it being possible*.

ἐν-είρω: pf. pass. ἐνερωμαι:—*to entwine, interweave*.

ἐνέϊσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐνήμι.

ἐνεκα, Ion. and Ep. ἐνεκεν, poet. also εἵνεκα, εἵνεκεν: Prep. with gen., put both before and after its case, *on account of, for the sake of, for, Lat. gratia, causa*. II. *with respect to, as far as regards, as for*; ἐνεκα ἐμοῦ *as far as depends on me*. III. *by means of*; τέχνης ἐνεκα *by force of art*.

ἐνεκάλυψα, aor. I of ἐγκαλύπτω.

ἐνεκέιμην, impf. of ἔγκειμαι.

ἐνεκέρᾱσα, aor. I of ἐγκεράννυμι.

ἐνεκέρᾱγον, aor. 2 of ἐγκράζω.

ἐνεκρύψα, aor. I of ἐγκερύπτω.

ἐνεκρύσα, aor. I of ἐγκύρω.

ἐνεκύψα, aor. I of ἐγκύπτω.

ἐν-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω Att. -ελῶ:—*to drive in or into*.

ἐν-ελίπσω, aor. 2 of ἐλλείπω.

ἐν-ελίσσω, f. έω, *to roll or wrap up in, Lat. involvo*.

ἐνεμαξάμην, aor. I med. of ἐμασσώ.

ἐνεμεναι, aor. I of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεμέσσα, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of νεμεσάω.

ἐν-εμιέ, f. έσω, *to vomit in*.

ἐνεμήθην, aor. I pass. of νέμιω.

ἐνεμισήθην, aor. I pass. of ἐμμένω.

ἐνεύεον, impf. of ἐνεύω.

ἐνεήκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl., (ἐννεά) ninety.

ἐνέντιπε, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.

ἐνενοήκασι, Ion. for ἐνενοήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνένωτο, Ion. for ἐνενοήτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννοέω.

ἐνέξομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνεός or ἐνεός, α, όν, *dumb, speechless: deaf and dumb*.

ἐνεπάγγην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνεπαύχην, aor. I pass. of ἐμπαίζω.

ἐνέπαθα, Dor. for ἐνέπηθα, aor. I of ἐμπήγγυμι.

ἐνέπασσα, Ep. for ἐνέπασσα, aor. I of ἐμπάσσω.

ἐνέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίπτω.

ἐνέπειον, aor. 2 of ἐμπίνω.

ἐνεπλάκην [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐμπλέκω.

ἐνεπλήσθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπληξα, ἐνεπλήσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐμπίπλημι.

ἐνέπνευσα, aor. I of ἐμπνέω.

ἐνεπορπάτω, Ion. for ἐνεπορπητο, plqpf. pass. of ἐκπορπάω.

ἐνέπρηθον, impf. of ἐμπρήθω.

ἐνέπρησα, aor. I of ἐμπρίπτημι.

ἐνέπτῳσα, aor. I of ἐμπτύω.

ἐνέπω, poet. also ἐννέπω: aor. 2 ἐνισπον, inf. ἐνισπείν: fut. ἐνισπήσω or ἐνίψω:—*to tell, tell of, describe, relate*. 2. *to speak to, address, accost*. 3. *simply, to speak, say*. 4. c. inf. *to bid*.

ἐν-εργάζομαι, fut. σομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: aor. I -είργασάμην and -είργάσθην: Dep.:—*to make or create in*: aor. I ἐνεργάσθην is also used in pass. sense. 2. *to labour, pursue a calling, work for hire*.

ἐνέργεια, ή, (ἐνεργής) *an action, operation, energy*.

ἐνεργέω, f. ήσω, (ἐνεργός) *to work, be active*. Hence

ἐνέργημα, ατος, τό, *an effect, work, operation*.

ἐν-εργής, ἐς, = ἐνεργός.
 ἐν-εργός, ὄν, (ἐν, ἐργον) *working, active, busy*: of soldiers, *on service, fit for service*: of land, *in tillage, productive*. Hence

ἐνεργώς, Adv. of ἐνεργής or ἐνεργός, *actively*: *productively*.

ἐν-ερείδω, f. σω, *to push in, to thrust in*.
 ἐν-ερείψω, aor. 2 ἐνήργων, *to belch on one*.
 ἐνερθε, before a vowel -θεν, *from beneath*: *beneath*. II. c. gen. *beneath*. 2. *below, in the power of*. From

ἐνεροι, aw, oi, (ἐν) Lat. *inferi*, *those in or beneath the earth*, of the dead and the gods below.

ἐνερμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐνείρω.
 ἐνερράφην [ᾶ], ἐνερραψάμην, aor. 2 pass. and aor. I med. of ἐνράπτω.

ἐνερσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐνείρω) *a fitting or fastening*.
 ἐνερτέρος, α, ov, Comp. of ἐνεροι, *deeper, lower*.

ἐνεσαι, Ep. for ἐνήσαι, 3 pl. impf. of ἐνεμι.
 ἐνεσία, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a suggestion, counsel*.

ἐνεσκλῆκα, pf. with pass. sense of ἐνεσκέλλω.
 ἐνεστακται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐνστάζω.

ἐνεσταλμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνστέλλω.
 ἐνεστεῶτος Ion. for ἐνεστῶτος, gen. of ἐνεστῶς (for ἐνεστηκῶς), pf. part. of ἐνίστημι.

ἐνεστηρίκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐνστηρίζω.
 ἐνεσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. (in pass. sense) of ἐνέχω.

ἐνετάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of ἐντέλλω.
 ἐνετελάμην, aor. I med. of ἐντελλω.

ἐνετή, ἡ, (ἐνίμι) *a pin, brooch*.
 ἐνέτραγον, aor. 2 of ἐντρέπω.

ἐνετράπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.
 ἐνετράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνετρίβην [ῖ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐντρίβω.
 ἐνετύλιξα, aor. I of ἐντυλίσσω.

ἐνέτυχον, aor. 2 of ἐντυγχάνω.
 ἐν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἡσω, *to be happy in*.

ἐν-εὔδω, fut. -εὔδησω, *to sleep in or on*.
 ἐν-εύναιος, ov, (ἐν, εὔνη) *in or on which one sleeps*;

δέρμα ἐνεύναιον *a skin to sleep on*; χήτει ἐνεύναιον *for want of bed-clothes*.

ἐνευσα, aor. I both of νεύω and of νέω (B) *to swim*.
 ἐνέφραξα, aor. I of ἐμφράσσω.

ἐνέφουσα, ἐνέφω, aor. I and 2 of ἐμφύω.
 ἐνεφύσσησα, aor. I of ἐμφυσιόω.

ἐνέχεια, Ep. ἐνέχευα, aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.
 ἐνεχειρήσα, aor. I of ἐγγχειρέω.

ἐνεχευάμην, Ep. aor. I med. of ἐγγέχω.
 ἐνεχθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνεχθητι, ἐνεχθείην, ἐνεχθῶ, ἐνεχθῆναι, aor. I pass. imperat., optat., subj., and inf. of φέρω.

ἐνεχυράζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐνέχυρον) *to take a pledge from one*. 2. c. acc. rei, *to take in pledge*: Pass., ἐνεχυράσσειθα τὰ χρήματα *to have one's goods seized for debt*: Med. *to have surety given one*, τόκου *for interest*.

ἐν-ἐχύρον, τό, (ἐν, ἐχρῶς) *a pledge, surety*; ἐν-ἐχύρον τιθέναι τι *to make a thing a pledge*.

ἐν-ἐχώ, f. ἐνέξω or ἐνσχῆσω:—*to keep fast within*:

entertain, cberish. II. Pass., with fut. med. ἐνέξωμαι, aor. 2 ἐνεχόμεν, *to be held, caught, entangled in*.

III. intr. *to enter, pierce into, penetrate*: *to press upon*.

ἐνεχώρησα, aor. I of ἐγχαράω.
 ἐν-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, *to bind fast in, to involve in*.

ἐνη, ης, η, see ἐνος, η, ov.
 ἐν-ἠβῶ, f. ἡσω, *to spend one's youth in*: *to amuse oneself in, to be joyful in*. Hence

ἐνηβητήριον, τό, *a place of amusement*.
 ἐν-ἠβος, ov, (ἐν, ἠβη) *in the prime of youth*.

ἐνῆδρευσα, -εὔθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐνεδρεύω.

ἐνηπει, η, (ἐνηής) *kindness, goodness*.
 ἐνήεν, Ep. for ἐνήν, 3 sing. impf. of ἐνεμι.

ἐνήης, ἐς, gen. ἐνηέος, *kind, friendly, good-hearted*. (Connected with ἀπνήης and προσνήης.)

ἐνήκα, aor. I of ἐνίμι.
 ἐνήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐνάλλομαι.

ἐνήλατον, τό, (ἐνελαύω) *anything driven in*: in plur. *the rounds of the ladder fixed in the poles or sides*; ἀξόνων ἐνήλατα *the pins driven into the axle, limb-pins*.

ἐνήλλαγμα, pf. pass. of ἐναλλάσσω.
 ἐνήλλατα, aor. I of ἐναλλάσσω.

ἐνήλλου, 2 sing. impf. of ἐνάλλομαι.
 ἐν-ἦμαι, Pass. (really pf. of ἐν-έζομαι), *to be seated in*.

ἐν-ἦμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνάπτω.
 ἐνήνεγμα, pf. pass. of φέρω.

ἐνήνοθε, 3 sing. pf., only found in this pers. and in compounds. ἐπ-ἐνήνοθε, κατ-ἐνήνοθε, παρ-ἐνήνοθε, with the notion of *being upon or close to*. (The root ἐνέθω is not in use.)

ἐνήνοχα, pf. of φέρω.
 ἐνήρατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of ἐνάιρω.

ἐνήσω, fut. of ἐνίμι.
 ἔνθα, (ἐν) Adv.,

also as relat. to ὅτι, *where*, Lat. *ubi*. 2. *in this case or state*. 3. with a sense of Motion, *thither, hither*, Lat. *illuc*.

II. of Time, *when*. Hence ἐνθάδε, Adv. *thither*, Lat. *illuc*: also, *there*: of Time, *here, now*.

ἐν-θακέω, f. ἡσω, *to sit in or on*. Hence ἐνθάκησις, εως, ἡ, *a sitting in*; ἐνθάκησις ἡλίου *a seat in the sun*.

ἐν-θάπω, f. ψω, *to warm in*:—Pass., ἐνθάπασθαι ἔρωτι *to glow with love*.

ἐνθανείν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐνθνήσκω.
 ἐνθα-περ, (ἐνθα, περ) Adv. *there where, where*.

ἐν-θάπτω, f. ψω, *to bury in a place*.
 ἐνθαυτα, ἐνθευτεν, Ion. for ἐνταυθα, ἐντευθεν.

ἐν-θεάζω, f. σω, (ἐν, θεός) *to be inspired*.
 ἐνθέμεν, ἐνθέμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθεν, (ἐνθα) Adv. *thence*, Lat. *illinc*; ἐνθεν καὶ ἐνθεν *on this side and on that*: also as relat. for ὅθεν, *whence, whereof*, Lat. *unde*.

II. of Time, *thereupon, after that*.

ἐνθῆνδε, (ἐρθεν) *hence*, Lat. *hinc*.

ἐνθεο, Ep. for ἐνθεσο, aor. 2 imper. med. of ἐντίθημι.
ἐν-θεος, *ov*, full of the god, inspired, possessed: given by inspiration.

ἐν-θερμαίνω, *f. ανῶ*, (ἐν, θερμός) to heat:—Pass., ἐν-θερμαίνω *πάσῃ* has been heated by passion.

ἐνθεσις, *εως, ἡ*, (ἐντίθημι) a putting in. II. a piece put in, a mouthful.

ἐν-θετο, Ep. for ἐνθετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐνθετος, *ov*, (ἐντίθημι) put in, implanted.

ἐνθευτε, Adv., Ion. for ἐνθευθεν.

ἐνθη, ἐνθης, ἐνθιοι, ἐνθω, ἐνθω, Adv. for ἔλθη, ἔλθησ, ἔλθοι, etc., aor. 2 of ἔρχομαι.

ἐν-θηρος, *ov*, (ἐν, θήρ) full of wild beasts. II. metaph. savage, wild, rough, untended, undressed.

ἐν-θηήσκω, *f. -θάνουμαι*, to die in: to grow rigid or torpid in.

ἐνθωρε, Ep. for ἐνέθωρε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνθρώσκω.

ἐνθου, Att. aor. 2 imperat. med. of ἐντίθημι.

ἐν-θουσιάζω, *f. άσω*, or ἐν-θουσιάζω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐνθεος, contr. ἐνθους) to be inspired.

ἐνθρήσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐν-θρίω, *f. σω*, (ἐν, θρίον) to wrap in a fig-leaf, *epurap*.

ἐν-θροῦσκω, *f. -θοροῦμαι*: aor. 2 ἐνέθορον Ep. ἐνθορον:—to leap into, *υρον*, among.

ἐν-θύμειομαι, *f. ἡσομαι*: aor. I ἐνεθυμήθην: pf. ἐν-τεθύμημαι: Dep.: (ἐν, θυμός):—to lay to heart, consider well, ponder. 2. to take to heart, be concerned at. 3. to form a plan. 4. to infer, conclude.

Hence

ἐνθύμημα, *ατος, τό*, a thought: invention, device, stratagem.

II. an argument in Rhetoric answering to the Syllogism in Logic: and

ἐνθύμησις, *εως, ἡ*, consideration, esteem.

ἐνθύμια, *ἡ*, (ἐνθυμέομαι) consideration: suspicion.

ἐν-θύμιος, *ov*, (ἐν, θυμός) taken to heart, weighing upon the mind; ἐνθύμιος ἐστί μοι, Lat. religio est mihi, I feel a scruple.

ἐνθύμιστος, *ἡ, ov*, = ἐνθύμιος.

ἐν-θωρακίζω, *f. ίσω*, to array in armour: pf. pass. part. ἐνθεωρακισμένος, armed in mail.

ἐνί, poet. for ἐν. II. ἐνί, dat. of εἶς.

ἐνί, for ἐνεστι, it is in: also it is allowed, possible.

ἐνιαύσιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (ἐνιαυτός) of a year, one year old. II. yearly, year by year. III. for a year, lasting a year; ἐν. βεβώς gone for a year.

ἐνιαυτός, *ό*, (ἐνος) a year; κατ' ἐνιαυτόν yearly, every year. 2. any complete space of time; ἔτος ἤλθε περιπλομένων ἐνιαυτῶν as times rolled on the year came.

ἐν-ιαύω, *f. -ιαύσω*, to sleep in or among.

ἐνιαυχή, Adv. (ἐνιοι) in some places.

ἐνι-βάλλω, ἐνι-βλάπτω, Ep. for ἐνι-βάλλω, etc.

ἐνιβλαφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I pass. part. of ἐμβλάπτω.

ἐνι-ιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ἐνιδεῖν.

ἐν-ιδρώω, *f. ώσω*, to sweat in, labour at.

ἐν-ιδρώω, ἐν-ιδρώω, *f. ύσω [ῦ]*, to set, settle, or found in a place:—Med. to found for oneself.

ἐνι-ζευγνύμι or -ύω, poet. for ἐνζ-.

ἐνι-ίζω, *f. -ιζήσω*, (ἐν, ιζω) to sit in or on.

ἐνι-ίημι, fut. -ἡσω; (ἐν, I-ἡκα Ep. -ἡκα; pf. -εἶκα, pass. -εἶμαι):—to send in or into: to implant, inspire: generally, to throw in or among: of ships, to launch into the sea: metaph. to urge on, incite to do a thing. 2. to send in secretly. II. rarely intr.

to enter.

ἐνιθρήσας, poet. aor. I part. of ἐντρέφω.

ἐνι-κατατίθημι, Ep. for ἐγκ-: hence ἐνικαταθεο, Ep. aor. 2 med. imperat. for ἐγκατάθεο.

ἐνι-κλάω, *f. άσω [ά]*, Ep. for ἐγκ-, to break in, break off, Lat. *infringo*.

ἐνι-κλείω, Ep. for ἐγκ-κλείω.

ἐνι-ναετασσκον, Ion. impf. of ἐν-ναιετώω.

ἐνι-οι, *αι, α*, (from ἐν οἷ = εἰσιν οἷ, as ἐνίοτε = ἔστιν ὅτε) some, Lat. *aliqui*.

ἐνί-οτε, Adv. for ἐνι ὅτε = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, sometimes: Dor. ἐνί-οκα.

ἐνίπῃ, ἡ, (ἐνίπω) a reproof, rebuke: abuse.

ἐνι-πλειος, *ov*, Ep. for ἐμπλειος, filled.

ἐνι-πλήσασθαι, -πλησθῆναι, Ep. for ἐμπλ-, aor. I inf. med. and pass. of ἐμπιπλημι.

ἐνι-πλήξωμεν, -ωσι, Ep. I and 3 pl. for ἐμπλ-, aor. I subj. of ἐμπλήσσω.

ἐνι-ππεύω, *f. σω*, to ride in, on or among.

ἐνιπρῆσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐμπιπρημι.

ἐνίπτω, fut. ἐνίψω; Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἡνίπαπον, or ἐνέπιπον;—to reprove, reproach, upbraid, Lat. *ob- jurgo*. II. = ἐνέπω, to tell of, announce.

ἐνι-σκήπτω, ἐνι-σκήπτω, Ep. for ἐνο-.

ἐνισπεῖν, ἐνισπήσω, aor. 2 inf. and fut. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνι-σπῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἐνέπω.

ἐνίσσω, collat. form of ἐνίπτω, to reprove, reproach: also to maltreat, ill-use.

ἐν-ίστημι, *f. -στήσω*: aor. I -έστησα: also fut. and aor. I med. -στήσομαι, -εστησάμην:—Causal in these tenses, to put, set, place in. 2. to begin. II. intrans. in Med., with aor. 2 act. ἐνέστην; pf. ἐνέ-στηκα; plqpf. ἐνεστήκειν:—to be set in, to stand in or within. 2. to be appointed. 3. to be upon, be close upon, to be at hand; τοῦ ἐνεστώτος μηνός in the present month: of circumstances, to arise, occur; τὰ ἐνεσθηκότα present circumstances. 4. to oppose, resist, object.

ἐν-ισχύω, *f. ύσω [ῦ]*, to strengthen. II. intr. to gain strength.

ἐν-ισχω, = ἐνέχω.

ἐνι-τρέφω, ἐνι-χρίπτω, Ep. for ἐντ- and ἐγχ-.

ἐνιχρμφθεῖς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of ἐχρίπτω.

ἐν-λαξεύω, *f. σω*, to carve in or upon.

ἐνναετήρ, ἦρος, ἡ, (ἐνναῖο) an inhabitant:—fem. ἐνναετέρα.

ἐννά-έτηρος, *ov*, = sq.

ἐννά-ετής, *ἑς*, (ἐννέα, ἔτος) nine years old: neut. ἐννάετες, as Adv., for nine years.

ἑν-νᾶετής, ου, ὅ, = ἑν-ναετήρ.
 ἑννά-ἔτος, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἑνναετής, nine years old.
 ἑν-ναίω: Ep. fut. med. ἐννάσσομαι, aor. I ἐνενασάμην:—to dwell in: inhabit.
 ἐννάκις, Adv. (ἐννάει) nine times, Lat. novies.
 ἐννάκιστοι, v. ἑνακισ—
 ἐννάσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἐνναίω.
 ἐννάτος, false form for ἑνατος.
 ἑν-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in.
 *ΕΝΝΕ'Α', indecl. nine, Lat. novem.
 ἐννάει-βίους, ου, (ἐννάει, βούς) worth nine beeves.
 ἑννεα-καί-δεκα, indecl. nineteen. Hence
 ἑννεακαίδεκά-μηνος, ου, (μήν) nineteen months old.
 ἑννεακαίδεκα-ετής, ἐς, (ἔτος) nineteen years old.
 ἐννάει-κρουνος, ου, with nine springs, a well at Athens, called also Καλλιάρρη.
 ἐννάει-λίθος, ου, (ἐννάει, λίνον) of nine threads.
 ἐννάει-μηνος, ου, (ἐννάει, μήν) of nine months.
 ἐννάει-πῆχυς, υ, (ἐννάει, πῆχυς) nine cubits long.
 ἐννάεις, ἀδος, ἡ, (ἐννάει) the number nine: a number of nine. II. the ninth day of the month.
 ἐννάει-φωνος, ου, (ἐννάει, φωνή) of nine tones or notes.
 ἐννάει-χίλιοι, αι, α, Ep. for ἐνάκις χίλιοι, nine thousand.
 ἐννάει-χορδος, ου, (ἐννάει, χορδή) of nine strings.
 ἐννενήκοντα, worse form for ἐνενήκοντα, ninety.
 ἐννενηκοντα-εννάει, indecl. ninety and nine.
 ἐννενώκασι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. of ἐνωσέω.
 ἔνεω, Ep. for ἔνεω, impf. of νέω, to swim.
 ἐννε-ὄργυος, ου, (ἐννάει, ὄργυιά) nine fathoms long.
 ἐννάεις, false form for ἐνεός.
 ἐν-νεοσσεύω Att. —πτεύω, f. σω, to make a nest or hatch young in: c. acc. to hatch.
 ἐννέπω, poet. lengthd. for ἐνέπω.
 ἐννεσία, ἡ, see ἐνεσία.
 ἐν-νεύω, f. σω, to nod, beckon or make signs to.
 ἐννέ-ωρος, ου, (ἐννάει, ὦρα) nine years old or long.
 ἐννήκοντα, Ep. for ἐνενήκοντα, ninety.
 ἐνν-ἡμαρ, (ἐννάει, ἡμαρ) Adv. for nine days.
 ἐννηφῆ, Ep. for ἔνης, fem. gen. of ἐνος, as Adv.
 ἐν-νόεω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐνενόησα Ion. part. ἐνώσως: pf. ἐννενόηκα Ion. ἐννενώκα:—also in Med., with aor. I pass. ἐνενοήθην:—to think of, have in one's mind, consider, ponder: to take thought, be anxious. II. to understand. III. to intend to do, c. inf. IV. to devise, plan, invent, Lat. excogitare. Hence
 ἐννοια, ἡ, a thought: an intent, design.
 ἐν-νομος, ου, (ἐν, νόμος) within the pale of the law, lawful, right: of persons, just, upright: also, under the law. II. (ἐν, νέμομαι) feeding in, inhabiting.
 ἐν-νοος, ου, contr. —vous, ουν, (ἐν, νοῦς) thoughtful, sensible:—Comp. ἐνωσύτερος, Sup. —ούστατος.
 ἐνωστί-γαυος, ὁ, poet. for ἐνωστίγ-, (ἐνωσις, γῆ) the Earthsbaker, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.
 ἐνωστί-φυλλος, ου, poet. for ἐνωστίφ-, (ἐνωσις, φύλλον) with quivering leaves.
 ἐνωχλαίς, poet. for ἐνοχλαίς, 2 sing. of ἐνοχλαέω.

ἐννῦμι or ἐνώω, from root FE'Ω, = FEΣΩΩ, Lat. VESTIO: f. ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω; aor. aor. I ἔσσα:—Med. ἐννῦμαι: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. I ἐσάμην Ep. ἐσάμην, 3 sing. ἔεσσατο:—Pass., pf. εἶμαι, εἶσα, εἶται, but Ep. also ἔσαι, ἔσαι: plqpf. εἶμην, but 2 sing. ἔσσο, 3 sing. ἔστο Ep. ἔεστο, 3 dual ἔσθην, 3 pl. εἶατο:—to put clothes on another:—Med. c. acc. rei, to put on oneself, clothe oneself in, put on:—Pass. to be clad in, to wrap or shroud oneself in; λάβων ἔσσο χιτῶνα thou hadst been clad in coat of stone, i. e. been buried.
 ἐννῦτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἐννῦμι.
 ἐν-νύχτω, f. σω, (ἐν, νύξ) to sleep or lodge in.
 ἐν-νύχιος, α, ου, or os, ου, (ἐν, νύξ) nightly, in the night, by night. II. dwelling in Night, of the dead.
 ἐν-νύχος, ου, = ἐννύχιος.
 ἐννώσαι, —νώσας, Ion. for ἐνωῆσαι, —νώσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ἐνωέω.
 ἐν-ὄδιος, α, ου, Ep. ἐν-ὄδιος, η, ου, (ἐν, ὁδός) in, on, or by the road; σφήκες ἐνδοιοι wasps that have their nests by the way-side. II. of or belonging to a journey.
 ἐν-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell: to inhabit. Hence ἐνοίκιστος, ου, ἡ, a dwelling in a place.
 ἐν-οικίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to make to dwell in a place:—Pass. to be settled or take up one's abode in.
 ἐν-οίκιος, ου, (ἐν, οἶκος) in the house, keeping at home.
 ἐν-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in a place. II. to build up, block up.
 ἐν-οικῶς, ου, dwelling in: as Subst. a dweller in, an inhabitant. II. pass. dwelt in.
 ἐν-οινοχρῶω, f. ἦσω, to pour in wine.
 ἐνόη, part. neut. of ἐνεμι, used absol., it being possible.
 ἐνοπή, ἡ, (ἐνέπω) a cry, scream, voice, sound: esp. a war-cry, battle-shout.
 ἐν-ὄπλιος, ου, (ἐν, ὄπλον) in or with arms: ὁ ἐν-ὄπλιος (sub. βυθμός) the tune for the war-dance.
 ἐν-ὄπλιος, ου, (ἐν, ὄπλον) in arms, armed.
 ἐνοπτρον, τό, (ἐνὸψομαι) a mirror.
 ἐν-ὄραφ Ion. —ἔω: f. ἐνὸψομαι (supplied from obsol. ἐνόπτομαι): aor. 2 ἐνεῖδον, q. v. —to see or observe in a person or thing. II. to look at or upon.
 ἐνὸρκιος, ου, = ἐνορκος.
 ἐν-ορκος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρκος) bound by oath, sworn. II. that to which one is sworn; ἐνορκον εἰπεῖν τι to speak on oath.
 ἐν-ὀρμήτις [ῖ], ου, ὅ, (ἐν, ὄρμος) one who is in harbour.
 ἐν-ὀρνῆμι, fut. ἐνόρσω: aor. I ἐνώρσα: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐνώρτο: (ἐν, ὄρω, ὄρνημι):—to arouse or stir up in:—Pass. to arise in or among.
 ἐν-ὀρούω, f. σω, to leap in or upon, assail, attack.
 ἐν-ὄρχης, ου, ὅ, and ἐν-ὄρχις, ιος, ὅ, ἡ, = ἐνορχος.
 ἐν-ὄρχος, ου, (ἐν, ὄρχις) uncastrated, entire.
 *ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, ὅ, Lat. ANNUS, Subst. a year: hence ἐνωστίος ἀφένος, διένος, etc.
 *ΕΝΟΣ or ἐνος, η, ου, Adj. a year old, last year's; ἐνος καρπὸς last year's fruit: generally, old, by-gone. II. ἐνη καὶ νέα (sub. ἡμέρα), the old and

new day, i. e. *the last day of the month*, so called because *this 30th day consisted of two halves*, one belonging to the old, the other to the new month. 2. in oblique cases of fem.: gen. ἐνης Ep. ἐνημφω, = Lat. *perendie*, *the day after to-morrow*, αὔριον καὶ ἐνημφω; so too, τῇ ἐνῃ, εἰς ἐνῃ.

ένός, gen. of εἰς and ἐν, one.
ένοςσις, εως, ἡ, (*ἐνόσθα) a *shaking, quake*.
Ένοσι-χθων, ονος, ὁ, (ένοσις, χθών) *the Earth-sbaker*, a name of Poseidon or Neptune.

ένότης, ητος, ἡ, (εἰς) *unity, concord*.
έν-ουράνιος, ον, (ἐν, ούρανός) *in heaven, heavenly*.
έν-ουρέω, f. ἴσω, to *make water in*.

έν-όχλεω, f. ἴσω: the augm. tenses take a double augm. impf. ἠνώχλων, pass. ἠνώχλουμένη; aor. I ἠνώχλησα: pf. ἠνώχληκα:—to *trouble, disturb*, Lat. *molesto*: absol. to be *an annoyance*:—Pass. to be *troubled or annoyed*.

ένοχος, ον, (ἐνέχομαι) *held in, bound by, liable or subject to a penalty: liable to be accused of a crime*.
έν-ράπτω, f. ψω, to *sew up in*.

έν-ριγώω, f. ὦσω, = βίγω ἐν, to *shiver or freeze in*.
έν-σεῖω, f. -σεῖω: pf. pass. -σεῖσειμαι:—to *shake in or into*, to *drive into*, *burl* or *launch at*.

έν-σημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to *mean, imply*:—Med. to *give notice of, intimate*.

έν-σεκέλω, aor. I ἐνέσκηλα, to *dry up*:—Pass., with pf. act. ἐνέσκηκα, to be *dried up*.

έν-σευάζω, f. ἄσω, to *get ready, prepare*:—Pass. to be *dressed or equipped*:—Med. to *dress oneself up*.

έν-σκήπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνσικ-:—to *burl, dart, launch in or upon*. II. intrans. to *fall in or on*.

έν-σκιμπτω, f. ψω: Ep. ἐνσικ-: poet. form of ἐν-σκήπτω, to *dash in or upon*:—Pass. to *stick in*.

έν-σκιρρώω, f. ὦσω, (ἐν, σκίρπος) to *harden*:—Pass. to *become callous, inveterate*.

έν-σοφείω, ον, *wise in a thing*.

έν-σπείρω, f. -σπερώ, to *sow among*:—Pass. to be *sown or spread among*.

έν-σπονδος, ον, (ἐν, σπονδή) *included in a treaty: in alliance with: under truce or safe-conduct*.

έν-στάζω, f. ξω, to *let drop in*.
έν-σταλάζω, f. ξω, = ἐνστάζω.

έν-στάτης, ου, ὁ, (ένίστημι) *one who withstands, an adversary*.

έν-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ:—to *dress in*:—Pass., ἱππάδα σπολὴν ἐνεσταλμένος *clad in a horseman's dress*.

έν-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to *fix in*.
έν-στράτοπεδεύω, ορ -εῖομαι as Dep., = στρατοπεδεύομαι ἐν, to *encamp in*.

έν-στρέφω, fut. ψω, to *turn about in*:—Pass. to *turn or move in*. 2. c. acc. loci, to *visit*.

έν-σφραγίζω Ion. ἐν-σφρηγ-, to *impress on*.
έντάθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντένω.

έντάκηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντήκω.

ένταγμα, ατος, τό, (έντέλλω) *an injunction, precept*.
έν-τάνω, f. ὦσω: aor. I inf. ἐτανύσαι:—poet. for ἐντάνω, to *stretch or strain tight*: to *bend or rather*

to *string a bow*: also to *stretch on or over a thing: to extend, prolong*.

έν-τάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to *enrol, register in*:—Pass. to be *posted in battle*.

ένταῦθα Ion. ἐνθαῦτα, Adv. (ἐν) = ἐνθα: I. of *Place, here, there, Lat. hic*: also *hither, thither*, Lat. *buc*. II. of *Time, at the very time: then, now*. 2. like Lat. *deinde, tereupon, then*. Hence

ένταυθί [ῆ], Att. form for ἐνθαῦθα.
ένταυθοί, Adv. *hither*, Lat. *buc*.

ένταφιάζω, f. σω, (έντάφιος) to *bury*. Hence ἐντάφιασμός, ὄν, *burial*.

έν-τάφιος, ον, (ἐν, τάφος) *of or used in burial*. II. as Subst., ἐντάφιον, τό, *a shroud or winding-sheet; τὰ ἐντάφια, funeral honours, obsequies*.

ΈΝΤΕΛΑ, ον, τά, *instruments, gear, tools of any kind: arms, armour; έντεα δαυτός appliances for a banquet; έντεα νηός rigging, tackle of a ship; έντεα ἱππεία horse-trappings, harness*.

έντεθύμμηαι, pf. of ἐνθυμέομαι.
έντεθωράκισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐνθωρακίζω.

έν-τένω, fut. -τενώ: aor. I ἐνέτεινα: pf. ἐντέτακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνετάθην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐντέταμαι:—to *stretch or strain tight*, Lat. *intendere*; δίφπος ἱμάσι ἐντέταται *the chariot board is hung upon straps* to *bend a bow*; γέφυρα ἐντέταμένη *a bridge of boats* *raise it to a bigger pitch*:—έντέτειναν ναῦν ποδί *to keep a ship's sail tight by the sheet*. II. to *stretch out at or against*; έντέτειναν πλήρηγν Lat. *intendere plagam*. 2. to *entangle in*. III. to *strain, exert, φωνήν έντέτασθαι*: hence in Pass., to be *eager or vehement, έντεταμένοι εἰς τὸ ἔργον*.

έν-τεχνίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to *wall in*, fortify:—Med., to *wall in*, i. e. *blockade*.

έν-τεκνος, ον, (ἐν, τέκνον) *having children*.

έν-τελευτάω, f. ἴσω, to *end one's life in a place*.

έν-τέλης, ἐς, = ἐν τέλει ὧν, *complete, entire, perfect*:—Adv. -λῶς, Sup. -λέστατα.

έν-τέλλω, mostly in Med., ἐν-τέλλομαι, to *enjoin, command*:—Pass., έντεταλμένα *commands*.

έντελοῖμαι, fut. med. of foreg.

έν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: to *cut in, engrave or inscribe upon*. II. to *cut in pieces, to sacrifice*. 2. to *cut in, sbred in*.

έντερον, τό, (έντός) *a piece of gut*:—in plur. *the guts, intestines, entrails, bowels*. Hence

έντερόνεα, ἡ, *timber for the ribs of a ship, belly-timber*.

έντεσι-εργός, ὄν, (έντεα, ἔργον) *working in harness*.

έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντάσσω.
έντεταλμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέλλω.

έντεταμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντένω. Hence έντεταμένως, Adv. *vehemently, strongly*.

έντάτατο, for ἐνετάτατο, plpf. pass. of έντένω.

έντέτηκα, pf. with pass. sense of έντήκω.

έντετμημένος, pf. part. pass. of έντέμνω.

έντετυλιγμένος, pf. part. pass. of έντυλίσσω.

ἐντευθεν Ion. ἐνθευτεν, Adv. (ἐνταῦθα) hence or thence, Lat. *hinc* or *illinc*.

II. of Time, henceforth, thenceforth, afterwards, thereupon.

ἐντευθενί [ῖ], Att. for ἐντευθεν.

ἐντευξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντυγχάω) a lighting upon. 2. converse, intercourse. 3. a petition, intercession, thanksgiving. 4. reading, study.

ἐν-τευτλάνω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τεύτλον) to stew in beet.

ἐν-τήκω, f. ξω, to cause to melt in, to pour in while molten:—Pass. with aor. 2 ἐντέτακην [ᾶ], and pf. act. ἐντέτκα, to be melted in, to seek deep into one; μῖσος ἐντέτῃκέ μοι; ἐντακῆναι τῷ φιλεῖν to be wholly given up to love.

ἐντί, Dor. for ἐστί and εἰσί, from εἰμί sum.

ἐν-τίθημι, fut. ἐνθήσω: aor. 2 ἐνέθην, Ep. inf. ἐνθέμεν:—to put in, Lat. *imponere*: metaph. to inspire, instil:—Med. to put in for oneself, store up, lay by: also ἐνθέσθαι τιμῇ to hold in honour.

ἐν-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτεκον:—to bear or produce in: to create or cause in. II. pf. part. intr., ἐντετοκῶς, inborn.

ἐν-τιλάω, f. ἦσω, to squirt upon.

ἐν-τιμῶω, f. ἦσω, to value in or among.

ἐν-τίμος, ov, (ἐν, τιμῆ) in honour, honoured, prized: τὰ θεῶν ἐντιμα what is honoured in the sight of the gods, their ordinances or attributes:—Adv., ἐντίμως ἔχειν or ἄγειν τινά to hold him in honour.

ἐντιμημα, ατος, τό, (ἐντέμνω) a cut, incision, notch.

ἐντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ἔημι.

ἐντολή, ἡ, (ἐντέλλω) an injunction, command.

ἐντομος, ov, (ἐντέμνω) cut in pieces, cut up; ἐντομα ποιεῖν to offer as victims.

ἐντονος, ov, (ἐντένω) strained: intense, earnest, eager, violent. Adv. -νωσ, violently.

ἐν-τόπιος, ov, = ἐντοπος.

ἐν-τόπος, ov, (ἐν, τόπος) in or of a place.

ἐντός, Adv. (ἐν) Lat. *intus*, *intrinsecus*, opp. to ἐκτός: I. of Place, in, within, inside; also as Prep. c. gen., ἐντός ξημανθῆναι in my senses. 2. on this side, Lat. *citra*, c. c. gen. II. of Time, within, in less than, c. gen., ἐντός εἴκοσι ἡμερῶν within 20 days. Hence

ἐντοσθε and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from within, within.

ἐντρέγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐντρέγω.

ἐντρέπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐντρέπῆσομαι, fut. 2 pass. of ἐντρέπω.

ἐν-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn about: metaph. to reverse, make asbamed:—Med. and Pass. to turn oneself, turn towards a person: to give heed to, listen to, respect or pay deference to: feel shame or fear.

ἐν-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, =τρέφω ἐν, to bring up or train in: of habits, etc., to grow up with, become natural to, c. dat.

ἐν-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δραμούμαι (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run in, to move freely in. II. to slip in, enter.

ἐντριβῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ἐντριβω. Hence

ἐντριβῆς, ἐς, rubbed in: metaph. skilled, versed in. ἐν-τριβω [ῖ], f. ψω, to rub in unguents:—Pass. to have rubbed in, to be anointed, painted. II. to rub away, wear by rubbing.

ἐν-τριτανίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐν, τρίτος) to mix in a third part, temper with a third, with allusion to Τριτογένεια.

ἐντριψις, εως, ἡ, (ἐντριβω) a rubbing in.

ἐν-τρομος, ov, (ἐν, τρέμω) trembling, fearful.

ἐν-τροπαλλίζομαι, Frequent. of ἐντρέπω, Pass. to keep turning round, keep looking back.

ἐντροπή, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) a turning towards: respect or reverence for one: also shame, reproach.

ἐντροπία, ἡ, (ἐντρέπομαι) in pl. tricks, artifices.

ἐντροφος, ov, (ἐντρέφω) brought up in, living in, among, or with; ἐντρ. τυνος a nursing.

ἐν-τρυλλίζω, f. ἴσω, to whisper in one's ear.

ἐν-τρύφω, f. ἦσω, (ἐν, τρυφή) to revel in, play in: absol. to be luxurious. II. to make sport of.

ἐν-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 ἐνέτρᾶγον:—to eat up greedily, to devour.

ἐν-τυγχάω, f. -τεύσομαι; aor. 2 ἐνέτύχον: pf. ἐντετύχηκα:—to light upon, fall in with, meet with. 2. to converse with: to intercede with. 3. to read. II. also = τυγχάνω ὄν ἐν, to happen to be in.

ἐν-τύλισσω, f. ξω, to roll or wrap up.

ἐν-τύνω, Ep. impf. of ἐντινώ; but also aor. I imperat.

ἐντύνω [ῖ]: f. ἐντύνω: Ep. aor. I ἐντύνα: (ἐντεα):—to equip, deck out, get ready, furnish, prepare: c. acc. pers., ἐντύναι τινά to make one ready, urge him on: also c. inf. to urge to do a thing.

ἐν-τύπας, Adv. (ἐν, τύπη) of Priam, ἐντυπὰς ἐν χλαίῃη κεκαλυμμένος covered with his mantle so as to show the shape of his limbs.

ἐν-τύπώω, f. ὥσω, (ἐν, τύπος) to stamp, engrave.

ἐν-τύφω, f. -θύψω, to smoke. [ῖ]

ἐντύω, Ep. impf. ἐντύω, = ἐντύνω.

Ἐνυάλιος, ὁ, (ἐνύω) the Warlike, epith. of Ares or Mars in the Iliad; but, in later authors, different from him.

II. as Adj., warlike, furious. [ᾶ]

ἐν-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to insult one in a thing.

ἐνυδρις, ιος, ἡ, an otter. From

ἐνυδρό-βιος, ov, living in the water.

ἐν-υδρος, ov, (ἐν, ὕδωρ) with water in it, boding water. II. of water, watery. III. living in or by water.

ἐνύξα, aor. I of νύσσω.

ἐνυπνιάω, f. ἴσω, to dream. From

ἐνύπνιον, τό, a thing seen in sleep. 2. a dream. Properly neut. of ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύπνιος, ov, (ἐν, ὕπνος) appearing in sleep.

ἐν-υπνος, ov, = ἐνύπνιος.

ἐνύσταξα, aor. I of νυστάω.

ἐν-υφαίνω, f. ἄνω, to weave in as a pattern:—Pass. to be inwoven. Hence

ἐνυφαντός, ὄν, inwoven.

ἘΝΥΩ', ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Enyo, goddess of war, answering to the Roman Bellona.

ἐνωμοτ-άρχησ, ον, ὁ, leader of an ἐνωμοτία.
ἐνωμοτία, ἡ, (ἐνώματος) properly, any band of sworn soldiers: a division of the Spartan army, being a sub-division of the λόχος and containing 32 men.

ἐνώματος, ον, (ἐν, ὄννυμι) bound by oath: a conspirator. Adv. —ότως, on oath.

ἐνωπαδίωσ, Adv. to one's face. From ἐνωπή, ἡ, (ἐν, ὤψ) the face, countenance: dat. ἐνωπήσ as Adv. before the face, openly, Lat. palam. ἐνώπια, ον, τά, the inner walls fronting those who enter: properly neut. of ἐνώπιωσ.

ἐνώπιον, in the presence of, Lat. coram. From ἐνώπιωσ, ον, (ἐν, ὤψ) in one's presence, face to face. ἐνώρσα, aor. I of ἐνόρνημι.

ἐνώρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐνόρνημι. ἐνώσα, Ion. for ἐνόσα, aor. I of νόωσ.

ἐνωτίζομαι, Dep. (ἐν, οὖσ) to harken to.

ἜΞ, Lat. EX, put for ἐκ before a vowel.

*ΕΞ, οί, αί, τά, indecl., Lat. SEX, our SIX.

ἐξαγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξάγω.

ἐξ-αγγελία, ἡ, information sent out to the enemy.

From ἐξ-αγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to tell out, publish, report: esp. to send out information to the enemy:—Med. to promise to do:—Pass. to be reported as doing; impers., ἐξαγγέλλεται it is reported that. Hence

ἐξ-άγγελωσ, ὁ, ἡ, a messenger who brings news out: esp. an informer. II. on the Greek stage the ἀγγελωσ came to tell news from a distance, but the ἐξάγγελωσ told what was going on behind the scenes.

ἐξάγγελωσ, ον, (ἐξαγγέλλω) told of, discovered.

ἐξ-ἀγίζω, f. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to drive out as a pollution.

ἐξ-ἀγινέω Ion. for ἐξάγω.

ἐξάγιωσ, ον, (ἐξαγίζω) accursed, abominable. II.

of things, devoted, mystical.

ἐξ-ἀγκωνίζω, (ἐξ, ἀγκών) to nudge with the elbow.

ἐξ-ἀγνύμι, f. —άξω, (ἐξ, ἀγνυμι) to break and tear away, to rend.

ἐξ-ἀγοράζω, f. άσῶ, to buy from: to redeem.

ἐξ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to speak out, publish, divulge.

ἐξ-ἀγρούω, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, ἀγρωσ) to make wild or waste: of living things, to make savage, exasperate.

ἐξ-άγω, f. —άξω: aor. 2 —ήγαγον:—to lead or carry out of or away from. 2. of things, to carry out, export: τὰ ἐξαγόμενα exports. 3. to draw out from, set free from. 4. to drive out, expel. II. to bring forth, produce: to call forth, excite. 2. of persons, to lead on, excite, rouse: also to lead on, tempt. III.

intr. (sub. εαυτόν) to go or march out. Hence

ἐξάγωγή, ἡ, a leading out, drawing out: exportation: hence

ἐξάγωγίωσ, ον, carried out; τὰ ἐξαγώγιμα exports.

ἐξ-ἀγωνίζομαι, f. Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. to struggle hard.

ἐξάδ-αρχωσ, ον, (ἐξάσ, ἀρχωσ) leader of a body of six.

ἐξ-ἄδω, fut. —άσομαι, to sing away; ἐξάδειν τὸν βίωσ to sing away one's life, end it in song, as the swan:—

to sing away a spell. II. to sing of, descant upon.

ἐξ-ἄειρω Ion. for ἐξαίρω.

ἐξἄ-ετήσ, ἐσ, gen. έοσ, (ἐξ, έτοσ) six years old: fem.

ἐξἄετισ, ἰδοσ.—Adv. ἐξἄετεσ, for six years.

ἐξ-ἄθροίβομαι, Adv. ἐξάθεω, to collect out from.

ἐξ-αἰάζω, strengthd. for αἰάζω.

ἐξ-αἰμῖσωσ Att. —τωσ, f. ξωσ, to make quite bloody.

ἐξ-αἰνύμαι, Dep. to take away, carry off.

ἐξ-αἰρεσισ, εωσ, ἡ, (ἐξαίρω) a taking out:—a way of taking out.

ἐξ-αἰρετέωσ, verb. Adj. of ἐξαίρω, one must select.

ἐξ-αἰρετοσ, ον, taken out, picked out, chosen. 2. reversely, taken out, rejected, expelled. II. that can be taken out. From

ἐξ-αἰρέω, f. ἡσῶ: aor. 2 ἐξείλωσ Ep. ἐξελωσ (supplied from obsol. ἔλω) :—Med., fut. ἐξελούμαι: aor. 2 ἐξείλωμην:—Pass., pf. ἐξήρημαι Ion. ἐξαίρημαι:—to take out, take out of:—Med. to take out for oneself: to unlade, discharge one's cargo. II. to take from among others, to pick out, choose:—Pass. to be picked out for a special gift: also to be dedicated, devoted. III. to take away, remove:—Med. to take away from one:—Pass. to have a thing taken away. IV. in Med. to set free, deliver. V.

to make away with: to destroy or demolish a city.

ἐξ-αἰρω, contr. of Ion. form ἐξ-αείρω: fut. ἐξ-ἄρω: aor. I ἐξήρα:—to lift up, lift off the earth. 2. to raise, exalt, extol. 3. to arouse, stir up, excite. II. Med. to carry off for oneself, earn:—

ἐξαίρεσθαι νόσων to take a disease on oneself, catch it. III. Pass. to be raised, to rise. 2. to be excited, agitated.

ἐξ-αἰρωσ, ον, (ἐξ, αἰρω) beyond what is right, transgressing right, lawless. II. of things, monstrous: violent.

ἐξ-αἰρωσ Att. —άρωσ, —άρω: fut. —άξω, —άξω: aor. I —ήρα:—to rush forth, start out.

ἐξ-αἰρωσ, f. ὤσω, (ἐξ, αἰρωσ) to bring to naught, utterly destroy, annihilate.

ἐξ-αἰρωσ, f. ἡσῶ: aor. I ἐξήρησῶ:—to demand from another: ἐξ. τινά to demand that he be given up, demand his surrender:—Med. to beg for oneself, to beg a person off, gain his release. Hence

ἐξ-αἰρησ, εωσ, ἡ, a demanding from another. 2. a legging off, intercession.

ἐξ-αἰρωσ, ον, (ἐξ, αἰρω) chosen, choice, precious.

ἐξ-αἰφνησ, Adv. on a sudden.

ἐξ-αἰκίωμαι, fut. έσομαι: Dep.:—to heal completely, apply a cure; χόλον ἐξάκίωσθαι, to appease it; ἐν-δείωσ ἐξάκίωσθαι to make up for deficiencies. Hence

ἐξάκωσ, εωσ, ἡ, a thorough cure.

ἐξάκίσ, Adv. (ἐξ) six times, Lat. sexties. Hence

ἐξάκισ-χίλιοι, six thousand; and

ἐξάκισ-μύριοι, sixty thousand.

ἐξ-ἄκολουθέω, f. ἡσῶ, to follow up, imitate.

ἐξ-ἄκοντιζω, fut. ἰσῶ Att. ἰῶ, to dart or shoot forth, launch. 2. metaph. to direct away from: also to stretch out to: to shoot forth from one's mouth, utter.

ἐξἄκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἐξ) six hundred, Lat. sexcenti.

Hence

ἔξακοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, six-hundredth.
 ἔξ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: aor. I -ἤκουσα:—to bear a sound, esp. from a distance: to listen for.
 ἔξ-ἄκριβῶ, f. ὥσω, to make accurately, finish carefully. II. to inquire accurately. III. ἔξακριβοῦν λόγον to speak distinctly.
 ἔξ-ἄκρῖζω, f. ἴσω Att. I. ἴω, to reach the top of; ἔξακρῖζειν αἰθέρα to skim the upper air.
 ἔξ-ἔακτον, verb. Adj. of ἔξαγω, one must march out.
 ἔξ-ἄλαῶ, f. ὥσω, to blind utterly; ὀφθαλμὸν ἐξαλαῶσαι to put out his eye.
 ἔξ-ἄλαπάζω, f. ξω, of a city, to sack, storm: generally, to ruin, destroy: to exhaust.
 ἔξάλατο, Dor. for ἐξήλατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐξάλλομαι.
 ἔξ-ἄλεισθαι, Ep. aor. I med. inf. of ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἔξ-ἄλειπτον, τό, a box for ointment. From
 ἔξ-ἄλείφω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤλειψα:—Pass., pf, ἔξ-ἤλιμμαι Att. ἐξαλήμιμαι:—to anoint thoroughly, plaster over. II. to wipe out, erase: metaph. to destroy utterly, blot out; ἐξαλείφειν τινα ἐκ τοῦ καταλόγου to strike his name off the list:—Med., ἐξαλείψασθαι πάθος φρενός to blot out the suffering from one's mind.
 ἔξ-ἄλομαι, Dep. to beware of, shun, escape.
 ἔξ-ἄλέομαι, f. σομαι, = ἐξαλέομαι.
 *ἔξ-ἄλινδω, only found in aor. I part. ἐξάλισας [ῖ], pf. ἐξήλικα:—to roll out, roll well; ἀπαγε τὸν ἵππον ἐξάλισας οἴκαδε take him home when you have given him a good roll (see ἀλινδήρα); ἐξήλικάς με ἐκ τῶν ἡμιῶν you have rolled, tumbled me out of my all.
 ἔξ-ἄλλαγή, ἡ, a changing: difference. From
 ἔξ-ἄλλάσσω Att. -πτω: fut. ξω: aor. I -ἤλλαφα: pf. -ἤλλαχα:—Pass., aor. I and 2 -ἠλλάχηθην, -ἠλλάγηθην: pf. -ἠλλαγαίμαι:—to change utterly or quite. II. to withdraw or remove from. III. to turn another way; ποίαν [ὁδὸν] ἐξαλλάξω which way shall I take; ἐξαλλάσσειν κερκίδα to ply the shuttle to and fro.
 ἔξ-ἄλλομαι, fut. -ἄλομαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 part. ἐξάλομαι: Dep.:—to spring out of or forth from; ἐξάλλεσθαι κατὰ τοῦ τρίχους to leap down from it. II. to leap up; of horses, to rear.
 ἔξ-ἄλσσω, f. ἔξω: aor. I -ἤλυσα: = ἐξαλέομαι.
 ἔξ-ἄμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι: aor. 2 -ἤμαρτον:—to mistake utterly, err greatly, commit a fault against:—Pass. to be mismanaged, wrongly treated. Hence
 ἔξ-ἄμαρτία, ἡ, an utter mistake, error.
 ἔξ-ἄμάω, fut. ἦσω or ἦσομαι: pf. pass. ἐξήμημαι:—to mow off, finish rearing: metaph. to cut off. destroy:—Pass., γένους ἅπαντος βίζαν ἐξημημένους having the stock of all the race cut off.
 ἔξ-ἄμβλω, f. -αμβλώσομαι: pf. -ἤμβλωκα:—to make miscarry: metaph., φροντίδ' ἐξήμβλωκα you have made my wit miscarry.
 ἔξ-ἄμειβω, fut. ψω: aor. I -ἤμειψα:—to exchange, alter: hence to put off, lay aside:—Med. to take the place of, follow close on. II. of Place, to change

one for another, pass over from one place to another, withdraw from:—Med. to pass out. III. in Med. also, to requite, repay.
 ἔξ-ἄμέλω, f. ξω, to milk or suck out. II. to press, as cheese.
 ἔξ-ἄμελέω, f. ἦσω, to be utterly careless of.
 ἔξ-ἄμετρος, ον, (ἔξ, μέτρον) of six metres: ἐξαμέτρος (sub. τόνος), ὁ, the heroic or hexameter verse.
 ἔξ-ἄμηνος, ον, (ἔξ, μῆν) lasting six months, Lat. semestris: as Subst., ἐξάμηνος, ὁ or ἡ, a half-year.
 ἔξ-ἄμηχάνεω, f. ἦσω, to get out of a difficulty, extricate oneself from it.
 ἔξ-ἄμύλλομαι, f. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. -ἠμύλλησάμην, pass. -ἠμύλληθην: Dep.:—to struggle vehemently; ἀμύλλας ἐξαμύλληθεις having gone through desperate struggles. II. to drive out of: to drive out of one's wits. III. as Pass. to be rooted out, of the Cyclops' eye.
 ἔξ-ἄμύνομαι, Med. to ward off from oneself, drive away. [ῦ]
 ἔξ-ἄναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force or compel utterly. II. to force out, drive away.
 ἔξ-ἄνάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 -ἀνήγαγον:—to bring out of or up from:—Pass. to put out to sea, set sail.
 ἔξ-ἄναδύομαι, Med. with aor. 2 acc. -ἀνέδυν:—to rise out of, come from under, emerge from: generally, to escape from.
 ἔξ-ἄναξέω, fut. ἔσω, to make to boil up or over: metaph., ἐξαναξεῖν χόλον to let his fury boil forth.
 ἔξ-ἄνακρῶ, f. ἦσω, to take up out of.
 ἔξ-ἄνακρούω, f. σω, to beat back:—Med. of ships, to retreat by backing water.
 ἔξ-ἄναλίσκω, fut. -ανάλῶσω: aor. I -ἀνήλωσα: pf. pass. -ἀνήλωμαι:—to consume or destroy utterly:—Pass. to be quite used up, Lat. exbauiriri.
 ἔξ-ἄναλύω, f. ὕσω, to set quite free.
 ἔξ-ἄνάλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξανάλισκα) exhaustion.
 ἔξ-ἄναπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe again, revive
 ἔξ-ἄνάπτω, f. ψω, to hang up a thing from or by—Med. to attach oneself. II. to rekindle.
 ἔξ-ἄναρπάζω, f. ξω and σω, to snatch away.
 ἔξ-ἄνασπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to tear away from.
 ἔξ-ἄναστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξάνιστημι) a removal. 2. intr. an uprising from: the resurrection.
 ἔξ-ἄναστρέφω, f. ψω, to crown with wreaths.
 ἔξ-ἄναστήσω, ἐξ-ἄναστήσῃ, fut. and aor. I inf. of ἐξάνιστημι.
 ἔξ-ἄναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn upside down: to burl beadlong from.
 ἔξ-ἄνατέλλω, to make spring up from. II. intr. to arise from.
 ἔξ-ἄναφανδόν, Adv. quite openly.
 ἔξ-ἄναφέρω, f. -ανόισω, to bring up from the water. II. intr. to emerge from: to recover from an illness.
 ἔξ-ἄναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of the way, withdraw, retreat. II. c. acc. to evade.
 ἔξ-ἄνδραποδίζω, and Med. ἐξανδραποδίζομαι, f.

—ίσομαι Att. —ῖομαι: (ἐξ, ἀνδράποδον): —to sell for slaves, reduce to utter slavery: the Att. fut. ἐξανδραποδίσαι is also used in pass. sense, as are aor. I ἠνδραποδίστην, pf. ἠνδραποδίσμαι. Hence

ἐξανδραποδίσαι, pf. ἠνδραποδίσμαι. Hence

ἐξ-ἀνδράποδοις, εὐς, ἦ, a selling for slaves.
ἐξ-ανδρόομαι, pf. ἐξήνδρωμαι: Pass.:—to come to man's years; λόχος ὀδόντων ὄφεις ἐξηνδρωμένους a band having grown to men from the dragon's teeth.

ἐξ-ανεγείρω, f. —εγερῶ, to excite, stir up.

ἐξ-ανειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐξαναίρειν.

ἐξ-ἀνεμι, to rise out from: to go up in. II. to come back from.

ἐξ-ἀνεμῶ, f. ὦσα: aor. I —ἠνέμωσα: (ἐξ, ἄνεμος): —to inflate a puff up. II. to scatter to the winds, bring to nothing.

ἐξ-ἀνέρχομαι, = ἐξάνεμι.

ἐξ-ἀνέστηκα, —ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐξανίστημι.

ἐξ-ἀνέστραμμα, pf. pass. of ἐξαναστρέφω.

ἐξ-ἀνέτειλα, aor. I of ἐξανατέλλω.

ἐξ-ἀνεύρισκω, fut. —ανεύρησω, to find out, invent.

ἐξ-ἀνέχω, f. ξω, to hold up or out: intr. to project. II. Med., impf. and aor. 2 with double augm.

ἐξ-ἠρειχόμεν, —ἠνεσχόμεν: —to bear up against.

ἐξ-ἠγῆγον, aor. 2 of ἐξανάγω.

ἐξ-ἠγάκα, aor. I of ἐξανίημι.

ἐξ-ἠγλώσσα, aor. I of ἐξανῆλωσκω: ἐξανήλωμαι, pf. pass.

ἐξ-ἀνθῶ, f. ἦσω: pf. —ἤθηκα: —to put out flowers. 2. to bloom with, to be covered with, to break out with, of sores. 3. metaph. to burst forth, break out, flourish.

ἐξ-ἀνθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐξ, ἄνθος) to deck as with flowers, adorn, paint.

ἐξ-ἀνίημι, f. —ἀνήσω or —ἀνήσομαι: aor. I —ἀνήκα: —to send out or forth, let loose: c. gen. to send forth from. 2. to let go, dismiss. 3. to slacken, loosen. II. intr. to slacken, relax, Lat. remittere.

ἐξ-ἀνίστημι, f. —ἀναστήσω, aor. I —ἀνέστησα: in these tenses Causal, to make rise from one's seat. 2. to remove from a settlement: make to emigrate, expel. 3. to depopulate, destroy. II. Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. —ἀνέστην, pf. —ἀνέστηκα, plqpf. —εἰστήκειν, intrans. to rise from one's seat or station. 2. generally, to arise and depart from a place: to be driven out from one's home. 3. to be depopulated.

ἐξ-ἀνοίγω, to lay open.

ἐξ-ἀνορθῶ, f. ὦσω, to set upright, restore.

ἐξ-ἀντλέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I —ἤντλησα: —to draw out, Lat. exaurire. II. metaph. to endure to the end, see out, Lat. exantillare.

ἐξ-ἀνῶ Att. ἐξ-ἀνῶτο, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐξήνῶσα: —to accomplish, fulfil. 2. to dispatch, kill, Lat. conficere. 3. of Time, to bring to an end, accomplish: hence to finish one's way to a place, arrive at it. 4. c. inf. to manage to do, Lat. efficere ut... 5. Med. to finish for oneself.

ἐξ-ἀπαλίστος, ον, (ἐξ, πάλαισθή) of six bands breadths.

ἐξ-ἀπαλλάσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω: aor. I —ἀπήλασα: —to free from, remove from:—Med. to remove oneself from, get rid of.

ἐξ-ἀπάτῶ, f. ἦσω: aor. I —ἠπάτησα: —to cheat or deceive thoroughly: to seduce:—Pass., with fut. med. —ῆσομαι, to be utterly deceived.

ἐξ-ἀπάτη, ἦ, a gross trick or deception.

ἐξ-ἀπάτητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ἐξαπατάω) a deceiver.

ἐξ-ἀπαύλλω, Comic Dim. of ἐξαπατάω, to cheat a little, impose upon.

ἐξ-ἀπαφίσκω, Ep. form of ἐξ-απατάω: aor. 2 ἐξῆπαφον, part. ἐξαπαφῶν: also 3 sing. aor. 2 med. opt. ἐξαπαφῆται occurs in act. sense.

ἐξ-ἀπείδος, ον, (ἐξ, πούς) six feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπειδον, inf. ἐξαπιδεῖν, aor. 2 (with no pres. in use), to observe from afar. Cf. εἶδον.

ἐξ-ἀπηχus, υ, (ἐξ, πῆχus) six cubits long.

ἐξ-ἀπίνα, Adv., later form of ἐξαπίνης.

ἐξ-ἀπίναιος, α, ον, = ἐξαπίνιδιος. From

ἐξ-ἀπίνης, Adv., collat. form for ἐξαίφνης. [Ὶ]

ἐξ-ἀπλάσιος, α, ον, Ion. —πλήσιος, η, ον, (ἐξ) sixfold.

ἐξ-ἀπλέθρον, ον, (ἐξ, πλέθρον) six πλέθρα long, i. e. 1200 feet long.

ἐξ-ἀπλώ, f. ὦσω, to unfold, roll out: to explain.

ἐξ-ἀποβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι, to step out of.

ἐξ-ἀποδίωμαι, Dep. to chase away from.

ἐξ-ἀποδύω, to put off.

ἐξ-ἀποθνήσκω, to be just on the point of death.

ἐξ-ἀπολις, εὐς, ἦ, (ἐξ, πόλις) a league of six cities.

ἐξ-ἀπόλλυμι, f. —ἀπολέσω Att. —ἀπολώ: —to destroy utterly:—Med., with perf. 2 act. ἐξαπόλωλα, intr. to perish utterly: to perish out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονέομαι, Pass. to return out of.

ἐξ-ἀπονίζω, f. νύσω, to wash thoroughly.

ἐξ-ἀποξύνω, to sharpen well.

ἐξ-ἀπορέω, also Med. ἐξ-ἀπορέομαι, to be utterly at a loss, be in great perplexity.

ἐξ-ἀποστέλλω, to send out or away: to divorce.

ἐξ-ἀποτίω, f. —ἀποτίω [Ὶ], to atone fully.

ἐξ-ἀποφθείρω, to destroy utterly.

ἐξ-ἀπτα, f. ψω: aor. I ἐξήψα: —to fasten from or to: c. dat. to attach to. II. Med. to bang from, cling to a thing. 2. to fasten about oneself, wear.

ἐξ-ἀραρήρημαι, Ion. pf. pass. of ἐξαίρειν.

ἐξ-ἀρῶσσω Att. —πτω, fut. ξω: aor. I ἐξήραφα: —to dash or knock out, shatter: metaph. to assail furiously.

ἐξ-ἀργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξ, ἀργός) to be quite torpid:—Pass. to be quite neglected.

ἐξ-ἀργύριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, and ἐξ-ἀργυρόω, f. ὦσω, to turn into money, sell.

ἐξ-ἀρέσκομαι, f. —ἀρέσομαι, Dep. to make oneself acceptable to: also to win over, conciliate.

ἐξ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count throughout, Lat. enumerare. II. to pay in ready money.

ἐξ-ἀρκέω, f. ἔσω, to be enough for: impers., ἐξαρκέι μοι it is enough for, satisfies me, c. inf. II. to

abound in, be content with: c. part. to be satisfied with doing.

III. to assist, succour. Hence

ἔξαρκής, *és*, enough, sufficient.

ἔξαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part. of ἔξαρκέω, enough, sufficiently.

ἔξ-ἀρνεόμαι, f. ἡσομαι: aor. I -ἠρηνησάμην and -ἠρηνηθῆν:—to deny strongly. Hence

ἔξαρνητικός, ἦ, *ón*, good at denying or disowning.

ἔξαρνος, *ov*, (ἔξαρνεόμαι) denying, disowning.

ἔξ-ἀρπάζω, f. -ἀρπάζω and -ἀρπάσσω or -ἀρπάσομαι: aor. I -ἠρπαξα Att. -ἠρπασα: pf. pass. -ἠρπασμαι:—to snatch away from: to rescue from danger.

ἔξ-ἀρτάω, fut. ἦσω, to hang from or upon. II.

Pass., with fut. med. ἔξαρτήσομαι, pf. ἔξήτημαι, to be hung upon, hang upon. 2. to have fastened to one, be equipt with: cf. ἔξάπτω. 3. to be exposed to view.

ἔξ-ἀρτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to complete, finish:—Pass., pf. ἔξήρισται, to be completely furnished.

ἔξ-ἀρτύω, f. ἴσω [ῡ], to get ready: to fit out, equipt:

—Med. to get ready for oneself, fit out: to prepare, set about:—Pass., pf. ἔξήρτυμαι, to be got ready.

ἔξ-ἀρχος, Dor. for ἔξῆρχε, 3 sing. impf. of ἔξάρχω.

ἔξ-αρχος, *ov*, beginning. II. as Subst., ἔξαρχος, *ó*, a leader, beginner, Lat. auctor. 2. the first in rank, chief, Lat. princeps. 3. the leader of the chorus, = κορυφαῖος.

ἔξ-ἀρχῶ, f. ξω, to begin, lead off; ἔξάρχειν παιᾶνά τιμι to begin a hymn to one, address it to him: and reversely, ἔξάρχειν τιᾶ λόγους to address one with words:—so also in Med. ἔξάρχομαι.

ἔξ-ασικέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἦσκησα:—to adorn, deck out. II. to train or exercise thoroughly:—Pass. to be well trained in.

ἔξ-ατιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to dishonour utterly.

ἔξ-ᾶττω, Att. contr. for ἔξαίσσω.

ἔξ-αυαίνω, aor. ἐξήνηα: to dry up, parch up.

ἔξ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak out:—also in Med.

ἔξ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to wear out by piping.

ἔξ-αυλίζομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to leave one's quarters.

ἔξ-αυτής, Adv., for ἔξ αὐτῆς [τῆς ὥρας], at the very point of time, at once.

ἔξ-αὔτις, Adv. for ἔξ-αὔθις, (ἔξ, αὔτις) over again, anew. II. of place, back again, backwards.

ἔξ-αυτομολέω, f. ἦσω, to desert from.

ἔξ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐξήχησα: to boast loudly.

ἔξ-αὔω, aor. I ἐξήσω, to scream or cry out.

ἔξ-αφαιρέω, aor. 2 -ἀφείλον, med. -ἀφειλόμην (from obsol. ἔλω):—to take quite away:—Med., ψυχῆν τινος ἐξαφελέσθαι to take his life from him.

ἔξ-αφήμι, fut. -αφήσω, to send forth, discharge: to set free from.

ἔξ-αφίστημι, to put away:—Med., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -έστηκειν, intrans. to depart or withdraw from.

ἔξ-αφρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. (ἔξ, ἀφρός) to foam away from oneself, Lat. despumare; ἔξαφρίζεσθαι μένος, to foam or fret away one's strength.

ἔξ-αφύσσω, f. ὕσω [ῡ]: aor. I -ἠφύσα:—to draw forth.

ἔξάψαι, aor. I inf. of ἔξάπτω.

ἔξέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐκβάλλω.

ἔξέβη, aor. 2 of ἐκβαίω:—ἔξεβαν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. for ἔξέβησαν.

ἔξ-εγγύω, f. ἦσω, (ἔξ, ἐγγύη) to free by giving bail:—Med. to give bail:—Pass. to be set free on bail. Hence

ἔξεγγύσις, *ews*, ἦ, a giving bail or surety.

ἔξ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken: to raise from the dead: generally, to arouse, excite: to kindle:—Pass. with Ep. aor. 2 ἐξηγρόμην, inf. -εγρέσθαι, and pf. act. ἐξεγρήγορα, to be aroused, to wake up.

ἔξεγραψα, aor. 2 of ἐκγράφω.

ἔξεγροντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξεγείρω.

ἔξεδείξα, aor. I of ἐκδίδεμι.

ἔξεδεξάμην, aor. I of ἐκδέχομαι.

ἔξεδίδαξα, aor. I of ἐκδιδάσκω.

ἔξεδωτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἔξ-έδρα, ἦ, Lat. exbedra, a covered walk in front of a house.

ἔξεδράμων, aor. 2 of ἐκτρέχω.

ἔξεδράω, aor. 2 of ἐκδιδράσκω.

ἔξ-εδρος, *ov*, (ἔξ, ἔδρα) away from home: generally, strange, extraordinary. 2. c. gen. out of, away from; ἔξεδρος φρονῶν out of one's senses. II. of omens, in a bad quarter.

ἔξεδρομαι, fut. of ἐξεσθίω.

ἔξεδύν, aor. 2 (in intr. sense) of ἐκδύνω.

ἔξεδύσα, aor. I (in causal sense) of ἐκδύω.

ἔξεδωκα, aor. I of ἐκδίδωμι.

ἔξέθῃνον, aor. 2 of ἐκθηήσκω.

ἔξέθημην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτίθημι.

ἔξέθηκα, aor. I of ἐκτίθημι.

ἔξέθορον, aor. 2 of ἐκθρόσκω.

ἔξέθρηψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέφω.

ἔξει, for ἔξειθι, imperat. of ἔξειμι exibo.

ἔξ-εἶδον, inf. ἐξιδεῖν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, to look out, see far: also aor. 2 med. imperat., ἐξιδού see well to it. Cf. ἔξοιδα.

ἔξείης, Adv. (ἔχω, ἔξω) poet. for ἔξῆς, in order, in a row, one after another.

ἔξ-εἰκάξω, fut. σω, to make like: to adapt: pf. part. pass. ἔξηκασμένος, represented by a likeness or portrait.

ἔξ-εἰλώ, f. ἦσω, Lat. evolvere, to unfold.

ἔξείλλω, = ἔξίλλω.

ἔξείλον, ἔξείλομην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔξαιρέω.

ἔξ-εἰμι, 2 sing. ἔξεῖσα (for ἔξει), inf. ἐξίεναι Ep. ἐξίμεναι: impf. ἐξῆεν: (ἐκ, εἶμι ibo):—to go out, come out: esp. to march out with an army: to come forward on the stage. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire; ὅταν τὸ κακὸν ἐξίη when the pain ceases.

ἔξ-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), only in impers. ἔξεσι, q. v.

ἔξεν, fut. inf. of ἔχω.

ἔξείναι, inf. of ἔξεσι.

ζέειπον, inf. ζέειπείν, to speak out, to utter, avow : also, to betray : cf. εἶπον.

ζέειρέτο, 3 sing. impf. of ζέερόμαι.

ζέειρύσσα Ep. —είρυσσα, aor. I of ζέερύω.

ζέειρω, to put forth, thrust out. II. to pull out.

ζέειρσα, for ζέει, 2 sing. pres. of ζέειμι exibo.

ζέεκάθηρα, aor. I of ἐκκαθαίρω.

ζέεκάμον, aor. 2 of ἐκκάμω.

ζέεκείνωσα, poet. aor. I of ἐκκενύω.

ζέεκέχυντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐκχέω.

ζέεκέλευθα, aor. I of ἐκκέλεπτα.

ζέεκλησιάζω, ζέεκλησιάζασα, irreg. impf. and aor. I of ἐκκλησιάζω.

ζέεκλίνα, aor. I of ἐκκλίνω.

ζέεκόμισσα, aor. I of ἐκκόμω.

ζέεκόψα, ζέεκόπην, aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκκόπτω.

ζέεκρέματο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐκκρεμάννυμι.

ζέεκρούσσα, ζέεκρούστην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκκρούω.

ζέεκύλισα, —ίστην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκυκλίνδω.

ζέελάβω, aor. 2 of ἐκαλαμβάνω.

ζέελας, ᾶ, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ζέελαύνω.

ζέελάσας, εως, ἦ, a driving out, expulsion. II.

intr. a marching out, expedition. From

ζέε-ελαύνω : f. —ελάσω Att. —ελῶ : pf. —ελήλακα : also poet. pres. ζέελάω, inf. ζέελάω : —to drive out, chase out. 2. to beat out, hammer out, of metals.

II. ζέελαύνειν στρατόν to lead out an army : hence (sub. στρατόν) intrans. to set out on an expedition, march out.

ζέελάχων, aor. 2 of ἐκαλαγχάνω.

ζέελε, poet. for ζέειλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ζεαίρω : also 2 sing. imperat.

ζέε-ελέγω, f. ζω, to search out, bring to the test : to convict, expose, confute : of things, to be proved against one. 2. οὐ τοῦτό γ' ἐξελέγχομαι I am not to blame in this.

ζέελεῖν, ζέελεσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of ζεαίρω.

ζέελίπων, aor. 2 of ἐκλείπω.

ζέε-ελευθεροστομέω, to be very free of speech.

ζέελεύσομαι, ζέελθῆναι, fut. and aor. 2 inf. of ζέερχομαι.

ζέελήλακα, pf. of ζέελαύνω.

ζέελήγωμαι, pf. pass. of ζέελέγω.

ζέε-ελίσσω Att. —ττω, f. ζω, to unroll, unfold : metaph. to explain. II. = Lat. explicare, to expand the front by bringing up the rear men.

ζέελεκτέον, verb. Adj. one must drag along. From ζέε-έλκω, f. —ελκύσω [ῥ], as if from —ελκύω : —to draw or drag out. 2. to draw out from, rescue from.

II. to drag out, prolong, protract.

ζέελύσσα, aor. I of ἐκλύω.

ζέεμάθων, aor. 2 of ἐκμανθάνω.

ζέεμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ζέεμαξα, aor. I of ἐκμάσσω.

ζέεμαργώην, aor. I pass. of ἐκμαργώω.

ζέεμαξα, ζέεμάγην [ᾶ], aor. I act. and aor. 2 pass. of ἐκμάσσω.

ζέεμεν, Ep. for ζέειναι, aor. 2 inf. of ζέετημι.

ζέεμεν, Ep. for ζέειν, fut. inf. of ἐχῶ.

ζέε-εμέω, f. —εμέσω : aor. I ζέεμεσα : —to vomit forth, disgorge. 2. absol. to be sick.

ζέεμίηνα, aor. I of ἐκμαίνομαι.

ζέεμμορε, 3 sing. pf. of ἐκμύρομαι.

ζέε-εμπεδῶ, f. ῶσω, to keep fast or strictly, observe.

ζέε-εμπολάω Ion. —έω, f. ἦσω, to traffic ; κέρδος ζέεμολῶν to drive a gainful trade ; pf. pass. ζέημπόλημαι, I am bought and sold, betrayed. II. to sell off.

ζέε-εναίρω, aor. 2 inf. ζέεναρῆναι, = ζεναρίζω.

ζέε-εναρίζω, f. ἰζω, to strip or spoil a foe : to slay in fight.

ζέεενέγκατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of ἐκφέρω.

ζέε-ένεπω, to speak out, proclaim.

ζέεένυσσα, aor. I of ἐκνύω and also of ἐκνέω.

ζέεένθους, ζέεένθων, Dor. for ζέεέλθους, ζέεελθών, aor. 2 opt. and part. of ἐξέρχομαι.

ζέεενίκησα, aor. I of ἐκνίωμαι.

ζέεένυφα, aor. I of ἐκνίω.

ζέε-επαῖω, f. —επαῖομαι, to charm away : —Pass., ζέε-παῖοσθαι φύσιν to be charmed out of their nature.

ζέε-επαίρω, f. —επαῖρω, to stir up, elate.

ζέεπαῖσα, aor. I of ἐκπαίω.

ζέεπατάω, aor. I of ἐκπατάσσω.

ζέεπάουσα, aor. I. of ἐκπαύω.

ζέεπέπεισα, aor. I of ἐκπέπω.

ζέεπεπειράθη [ᾶ], aor. I of ἐκπεπείρωμαι.

ζέεπέπεψα, aor. I of ἐκπέπω.

ζέεπερήσα, Ion. aor. I of ἐκπεράω.

ζέεπέτασσα, Ep. for ζέεπέτασα, aor. I of ἐκπετάσσω.

ζέε-επεύχομαι, Dep. to boast loudly.

ζέε-επι-καί-δεκάτος, η, ον, = ἐκαιδέκατος.

ζέε-επίσταμαι, Dep. to understand, know thoroughly. II. to know by heart.

ζέε-επίτηδες, Adv., = ἐπίτηδες, on purpose, carefully.

ζέεεπλάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ζέεεπλήσα, ζέεεπλήσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ζέεέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίπτω.

ζέεέπιον, aor. 2 of ἐκπίνω.

ζέεεπλευσα, aor. I of ἐκπλέω.

ζέεεπλήθη, ζέεεπλήθησθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπλήσσω.

ζέεεπνευσα, aor. I of ἐκπνέω.

ζέεεποίησα, aor. I of ἐκποιέω.

ζέεεπόνυσα, Dor. aor. I of ἐκπονέω.

ζέεεπόρευσα, —εύθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκπορεύω.

ζέεεπόρισα, aor. I of ἐκπορίζω.

ζέεεπράθων, aor. 2 of ἐκπέρθω.

ζέεεπτάμην or —όμην, aor. 2 of ἐκπέταμαι or —ομαι.

ζέεεπταξα, aor. I of ἐκπράσσω.

ζέεεπρίων, aor. 2 of ἐκπρίω.

ζέεεπταξα, Dor. for ζέεεπτηξα, aor. I of ἐκπτήσσω.

ἔξιπτην, aor. 2 act. of ἐκίπταμαι.
 ἔξιπτύσα, aor. 1 of ἐκίπτω.
 ἔξιπυθόμη, aor. 2 of ἐκινυθάνομαι.
 ἔξιέρωμαι, τό, a vomit, thing vomited. From
 ἔξι-εράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐξίερασα:—to vomit forth, Lat. *evomere*. 2. metaph. to disgorge, get rid of; ἔξιεράν τὰς ψήφους to disgorge the ballots from the urn.
 ἔξι-εργάζομαι, f. -εργάζομαι: pf. -είργασμαι used both in med. and pass. sense: aor. I -εργάσθην always in pass.: Dep.:—to work out, finish, make complete. 2. to accomplish: to make, cause. 3. to work well, cultivate. II. to undo, destroy, Lat. *conficere*: to overwhelm, ruin:—Pass., ἔξιεργάσθεθα we are undone; τὰ ἔξιεργασμένα desperate affairs; ἐπ' ἔξιεργασμένους when all is over. Hence
 ἔξιεργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, able to accomplish.
 ἔξι-εργω Att. -είργω, to shut out, exclude from: to binder, forbid: to drive away:—Pass., ἀναγκαίη ἔξιεργεσθαι to be forced to a thing.
 ἔξι-ερεῖνω, to inquire into or after: search or try.
 ἔξι-ερεθίζω, ἔξι-ερεθώ, strength. for ἐρεθίζω, ἐρεθώ.
 ἔξι-ερέπω, to strike or hew off. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἐξήριπον, inf. ἐξεριπεῖν, and pf. ἐξήριπα:—to fall to earth; χαιτή ζεύγλης ἐξεριποῦσα the mane streaming downwards from the yoke: to fall down.
 ἔξι-ερεύομαι, Pass. of rivers, to empty themselves.
 ἔξι-ερευνάω, f. ἦσω, to search out, examine.
 ἔξι-ερω Att. contr. -ερώ, (ἐξ, ἐρέω) fut. without any pres. in use, I will speak out, proclaim: hence pf. act. ἐξείρηκα; 3 pl. pf. pass. ἐξείρητο; and fut. ἐξείρησται in pass. sense. The pres. in use is ἐξαγορεύω, the aor. ἐξείπω.
 ἔξι-ερώ, Ep. for ἐξέρομαι, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἔξι-ερημώω, f. ὄσω, to make utterly desolate, desert utterly.
 ἔξι-ερίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ἔρις) to be contumacious, resist.
 ἔξιεριπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐξερέπω.
 ἔξιεριστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἐξερίζω) a stubborn disputant.
 ἔξι-ερόμαι, fut. -ερήσομαι: Dep.: (ἐξ, ἐρομαι):—to inquire of: to inquire into, examine: cf. ἐξερέω.
 ἔξι-ερπω, f. -έρπω: aor. I -ερίπισα (as if from -ερίπνω): to creep out of: absol. to creep out.
 ἔξιερράγη [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκέρηγγνυμι.
 ἔξιερράνα, aor. I of ἐκείρνω.
 ἔξιερρηξα, aor. I of ἐκέρηγγνυμι.
 ἔξιερριψα, aor. I of ἐκείρνω.
 ἔξιερρύνηκα, pf. of ἐκείρω.
 ἔξιερρύνην, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) of ἐκείρω.
 ἔξι-ερω, (ἐξ, ἐρρω) to go out: only in imperat., ἔξερρε γαίλας away out of the land.
 ἔξι-ερώω, to ward off, repel. [ῶ]
 ἔξι-ερώω, f. ὄσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἐξείρῶσα Ep. ἐξέρῶσα and ἐξείρῶσα:—to draw out of, snatch out of, wrest from: to tear out.
 ἔξι-έρχομαι, Dep. with fut. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 -ἦλυθον contr. -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go out, come out of, march off: to go through: to stand forth. II. of Time, to come to an end, expire. III. of pro-

phices, etc., to be accomplished, come true: generally, to reach its end.
 ἔξι-ερωέω, f. ἦσω, to swerve from the course, to shy.
 ἔξι-ερωτάω, f. ἦσω, to search out: to question.
 ἔξιεσάωσα, aor. I of ἐκισάω.
 ἔξιεσεισα, aor. I of ἐκισέω.
 ἔξι-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: pf. -εδήδοκα:—to eat away.
 ἔξι-εσθα, collat. form of foreg.
 ἔξι-εσθα, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a sending out, mission.
 ἔξιεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξίημι) a dismissal: divorce.
 ἔξιεσεκδάσα, aor. I of ἐκισεκδάννυμι.
 ἔξιεσμων, impf. of ἐκισάω.
 ἔξιεσθίω, aor. I of ἐκισοβέω.
 ἔξιεστότω, 3 sing. pl. pf. pass. (in aor. sense) of ἐκισέω.
 ἔξιεστοκίνα, for ἐξεσθηκίνα, pf. inf. or ἐξίστημι.
 ἔξιεστάνα, inf. pf. of ἐξίστημι, contr. for ἐξεσθηκίνα.
 ἔξιεστελα, aor. I of ἐκιστέλλω.
 ἔξιεσπιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐκιστέπω.
 ἔξιεστήκα, ἔξιεστην, pf. and aor. 2 of ἐξίστημι.
 ἔξι-εσπι, impers., subj. ἐξην, optat. ἐξείη: inf. ἐξείναι: fut. ἔξεσται: impf. ἐξην: (ἐξ, εἰμί sum):—it is allowed, it is in one's power, is possible: part. ἐξόν Ion. ἐξόν, absol. nom., it being possible, Lat. *quum liceat*.
 ἔξιεστράτευσα, aor. I of ἐκιστρατεύω.
 ἔξιεστρατοπέδευμαι, pf. of ἐκιστρατοπεδεύομαι.
 ἔξιεστρεψα, aor. I of ἐκιστρέφω.
 ἔξιεσούρη [ῶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκισύρω [ῶ].
 ἔξιεσωρευνήν, impf. pass. of ἐκισαρεύω.
 ἔξιέτωσα, ἔξιεσώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐκισώζω.
 ἔξι-ετάω, f. ἐξετάω Att. ἐξετώ: aor. I ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήτασα: pf. ἐξήτακα:—Pass., aor. I ἐξητάσθην: pf. ἐξήτασμαι:—to examine well or closely, to scrutinise: hence to question, esp. by the torture: of things, to search out, to inquire into, sift closely. 2. of troops, to inspect, review. II. to prove clearly, to test: hence to estimate, compare:—Pass. to be proved, to stand the trial: to be examined.
 ἔξιετάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of ἐκίεταω.
 ἔξιετάκην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκίετῆκα.
 ἔξιετάμον, aor. 2 of ἐκίεμένοω.
 ἔξιετανύσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐκίετανύω.
 ἔξιετανύσθη, aor. I pass. of ἐκίετανύω.
 ἔξιεταράξα, aor. I of ἐκίεταράσσω.
 ἔξιετάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐξετάω) a searching out: a military inspection or review.
 ἔξιεταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐξετάω) skilful at examining: absol. inquiring.
 ἔξιετένα, aor. I of ἐκίετινω.
 ἔξιετέκον, aor. 2 of ἐκίετικτω.
 ἔξιετέλειον, Ep. impf. of ἐκίετέλω.
 ἔξιετελεύτω, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of ἐκίετέλω.
 ἔξιετετόξευτο, 3 sing. pl. pf. pass. of ἐκίετοξέω.
 ἔξιετεχνησάμην, aor. I of ἐκίετεχνάω.
 ἔξιετηκόμη, impf. pass. of ἐκίετῆκα.
 ἔξι-έτης, ες, (ἐξ, ἔτος) six years old.
 ἔξι-έτι, (ἐκ, ἐτι) Prep. with gen. even until now.
 ἔξιετίσα, aor. I of ἐκίετινω.
 ἔξιετόξευσα, aor. I of ἐκίετοξέω.

ἔξτραπόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἔξτρεψα, aor. I of ἐκτρέπω.
 ἔξτρίψα, aor. I of ἐκτρίβω.
 ἔξτρύσσα, aor. I of ἐκτριτύσσω.
 ἔξ-εὐλαβέομαι, Dep. to be very cautious of.
 ἔξ-ευαρίβω, (ἐκ, εὐμαρῆς) to make easy, lighten. II.
 Med. to get ready, prepare, Lat. expedire.
 ἔξέυρεσις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἔξευρίσκω) a searching out: a finding out, invention.
 ἔξεύρημα, ατος, τό, a thing found out, an invention, contrivance. From
 ἔξ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, aor. 2 -εὔρω:—to find out, discover: to invent. 2. to seek out. 3. to find out, win, secure.
 ἔξ-ευτρεπίζω, to prepare.
 ἔξ-εὐχομαι, Dep. to boast aloud, proclaim. II.
 to pray for.
 ἔξεφάνθη Ep. for ἔξεφάνθη, aor. I pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἔξεφάνη [ᾱ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐκφαίνω.
 ἔξεφθαμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐκφθείρω.
 ἔξέφθινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἔξέφθιτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐκφθίνω.
 ἔξ-εφίημι, mostly used in Med. ἔξεφίεμαι, to enjoin, urge, bid.
 ἔξέφῶγον, aor. 2 of ἐκφεύγω.
 ἔξέφῶσα, ἔξέφῶν, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφύω.
 ἔξέχεα Ep. ἔξεχευα, aor. I of ἐκχέω.
 ἔξεχουρεσίμη, aor. I med. of ἐκχουρέω.
 ἔξεχρησα, aor. I of ἐκχράω.
 ἔξεχῶθη [ῶ], aor. I pass. of ἐκχέω
 ἔξ-έχω, f. -έξω, intr. to stand out or project from: of the sun, to shine out, appear.
 ἔξέχωσα, aor. I of ἐκχώννυμι.
 ἔξέειψα, aor. I of ἐκπίψω.
 ἔξ-έψω, f. -έψῶ, to boil thoroughly.
 ἔξ-ἦβος, ov, (ἐκ, ἦβη) past one's youth.
 ἔξῆγαγον, aor. 2 of ἔτάγω.
 ἔξῆγγελα, ἔξηγγέλθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔξ-αγγέλλω.
 ἔξ-ἠγέομαι, fut. -ἦσομαι: pf. -ἦρημαι: Dep.:—to be leader of, c. gen. pers. 2. c. acc. pers. to manage, direct, govern. II. to go first, lead the way: 2. ἔξηγησάτι τινα to shew one the way in a thing; and so to guide: also to teach; to command. III. like Lat. *praëire verbis*, to prescribe a form of words:—to expound, interpret. IV. to tell at length, narrate, describe. Hence
 ἔξηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, a guide, director, counsellor: generally, a deviser. II. an interpreter of oracles or sacred rites, Lat. *interpretes religionum*.
 ἔξηγρόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἔξεγείρω.
 ἔξηκασμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξευκάω.
 ἔξηκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (ἔξ) sixty, sexaginta.
 ἔξηκοντα-έτης, es, (ἔξηκοντα, ἔτος) sixty years old.
 ἔξηκοντάκις poet. -άκι, (ἔξηκοντα) Adv. sixty times.
 ἔξηκοντα-τάλαντία, ἦ, (ἔξηκοντα, τάλαντιον) a sum of sixty talents.
 ἔξηκόντισα, aor. I of ἔξακοντίω.

ἔξηκοστός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔξηκοντα) *sixtiest*, *sexagesimus*.
 ἔξ-ἦκω, f. ἦξω, to have arrived at a point:—of Time, to have run out, expired:—of prophecies, to have turned out true.
 ἔξῆλασα Ep. ἔξῆλασσα, aor. I of ἔξελαίνω.
 ἔξῆλατος, ov, (ἔξελαίνω) beaten out, hammered.
 ἔξηλέγχθη, aor. I pass. of ἔξελέγχω: ἔξῆλεγκτο, 3 sing. plqpf.
 ἔξῆλειψα, aor. I of ἔφαλείφω.
 ἔξῆλθον, aor. 2 of ἔξέρχομαι.
 ἔξ-ἠλιάζω, f. ἴσω, (ἔξ, ἦλιος) to set in the sun: to bang in the open air.
 ἔξῆλλαξα, aor. I of ἔφαλλάσσω: ἔξῆλλαγμαί, pf. pass. ἔξῆλῦσις, εὖς, ἦ, (ἔξῆλῦθον aor. 2 of ἔξέρχομαι) a going out: a way out.
 ἔξ-ἦμαρ, Adv. (ἔξ, ἦμαρ) for six days, six days long.
 ἔξῆμαρτον, ἔξημάρτηκα, aor. 2 and pf. of ἔξαμαρτάνω.
 ἔξῆμβλωκα, pf. of ἔξαμβλώω.
 ἔξῆμειψα, aor. I of ἔξαμείπω.
 ἔξ-ἠμερώω, f. ὠσω, to tame or reclaim quite: metaph. to civilise, humanise.
 ἔξημημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἔξαμάω.
 ἔξημλλησάμην, -ἦθη, aor. I med. and pass. of ἔξαμιλλάσσω.
 ἔξημοιβός, ὄν, (ἔξαμειβω) quite changed; ἔξημοιβά είματα changes of raiment.
 ἔξημπολάω, pf. pass. of ἔξεμπολάω.
 ἔξηνδροποδίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἔξανδροποδίζω.
 ἔξηνδρωμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξανδρόμαι.
 ἔξῆνεγκον, ἔξῆνεγκον, aor. I and 2 of ἐκφέρειω.
 ἔξηνευχόμην, ἔξηνευχόμην, impf. and aor. 2 med. (with double augm.) of ἔξανέχω.
 ἔξηνέμωσα, -ώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἔξανέμωω.
 ἔξῆνθηκα, -ῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἔξανθέω.
 ἔξῆντηλκα, -ῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἔξαντλέω.
 ἔξῆνῦσα, aor. I of ἔξανύω or ἔξανύτω.
 ἔξῆξα, Att. aor. I of ἔξαίσσω, ἔξάσσω.
 ἔξῆπάτηκα, -ῆσα, pf. and aor. I of ἔξαπατάω.
 ἔξῆπάφον, aor. 2 of ἔξαπαφίσκω.
 ἔξῆπεροσέω, f. σω, to cheat utterly.
 ἔξῆρα, aor. I of ἔξείρω.
 ἔξῆραμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξηραίνω.
 ἔξηράνθη, aor. I pass. of ἔξηραίνω.
 ἔξῆραξα, aor. I of ἔξαράσσω.
 ἔξῆρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔξείρω.
 ἔξῆρετος, ov, (ἔξ, ἔρεσσω) with six oars.
 ἔξῆρκου, impf. of ἔξαρκέτω.
 ἔξῆρπαξα or -ασα, aor. I of ἔξαρπάξω.
 ἔξῆρτημαι, pf. pass. of ἔξαρτάω.
 ἔξῆρτισμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξαρτίω.
 ἔξῆρῦμαι, pf. pass. of ἔξαρῦω.
 ἔξῆρχετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἔξάρχω.
 ἔξῆρωσα, aor. I of ἔξερῶω.
 ἔξῆσκησα, aor. I of ἔξασκέω: ἔξῆσκημαι, pf. pass. ἔξῆς Ep. ἔξείης, Adv. (ἔχω, ἔξω) one after another, in order: also of Time, thereafter, next. II. c. gen. next to.

ἐξήτασα Dor. ἐξήταξα, aor. I of ἐξετάζω.
 ἐξήτησα, aor. I of ἐξαιτέω.
 ἐξήτηνα, aor. I of ἐξαναίνω.
 ἐξήχησα, -ηῦχον, aor. I and impf. of ἐξαιχέω.
 ἐξήφυσσα Ep. ἐξήφυσσα, aor. I of ἐξαφύσσω.
 ἐξ-ηκέω, f. ἦσω, to sound forth, publish.
 ἐξήφα, ἐξήθησθαι, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐξάπτω.
 ἐξ-ἰάομαι, f. -ἰάσομαι Ion. -ἰήσομαι: Dep.:—to cure thoroughly: to make full amends for.
 ἐξιδεῖν, inf. of ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-ιδιώομαι, Dep. (ἐξ, ἰδιος) to make one's own, to appropriate.
 ἐξ-ιδιώ, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to exude.
 ἐξ-ιδρύω, f. ἰσώ [ῦ], to place in a resting posture:—Med. to establish oneself.
 ἐξίεναι, inf. of ἐξείμι exiō; but ἐξίεναι, of ἐξίημι.
 ἐξ-ιημι, f. ἦσω, to send out, dispatch, in Ep. aor. 2 inf. ἐξέμεν for ἐξίεναι: of a sail or cable, to let out or loose: to throw out or forth: to take out of:—Med. to put off from oneself, get rid of. 2. to send from oneself, divorce.
 ἐξ-ιθύνω [ῦ], to make quite straight.
 ἐξ-ικετεύω, f. σω, to beseech earnestly.
 ἐξ-ικνέομαι, f. ἐξίξομαι: aor. 2 ἐξικύωμην [ῖ]: Dep.:—to reach, arrive at. 2. to attain, come up to: to be sufficient for. 3. to accomplish, execute.
 ἐξ-ικω, f. ξω, poet. for ἐξήκω.
 ἐξ-ιλάσκομαι, f. -ιλάσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to appease completely, propitiate.
 ἐξ-ἰλλω, to unravel, disentangle. II. to keep out from, bar from.
 ἐξίμεναι, for ἐξίεναι, inf. of ἐξείμι exiō.
 ἐξ-ἰπώω, f. ὦσω, to press out, press heavily.
 ἐξ-ἰπτάομαι, later form of ἐκπέτομαι.
 ἐξ-ἰσ, εὐς, ἦ, (ἐξω fut. of ἐχω) a being in a certain state, a permanent condition or habit, of body or mind.
 ἐξ-ἰσῆς, Adv. for ἐξ ἰσῆς (sub. μοίπας), equally; also ἐξ-ἰσίου (sub. μέτρον).
 ἐξ-ἰσόω, f. ὦσω, to make equal or even, Lat. exaequare:—Med. to make oneself equal:—Pass. to be equal, to be a match for. 2. to put on a level. II. intr. to be equal or like.
 ἐξ-ἰστημι, f. ἐκστήσω, aor. I ἐξέστησα, in these tenses Causal, to put out of its place, change, alter; ἐξ-ἰστάναι τινα φρενῶν to drive one out of his senses: hence, simply, ἐξ-ἰστάναι τινα to drive mad, to derange; also to astonish, to bewitch. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. ἐξέστην, pf. -έστηκα, plqpf. -εστήκειν, to stand aside from: to stand out of the way: to make way for one; also c. acc. to shrink from, shun. II. c. gen. rei, to retire from: to be deprived of; ἐκστήναι πατρός to lose one's father. 2. φρενῶν ἐξ-ἰστάναι (pf. inf.) to lose one's senses: absol. to be out of one's wits, be astonished. 3. generally, to give up one's pursuits: also to change one's opinion.
 ἐξ-ἰσπορέω, f. ἦσω, to inquire into: inquire of.
 ἐξ-ἰσχύω, f. ἰσώ [ῦ], to be quite able.
 ἐξ-ἰσχω, = ἐξέχω: trans. to put forth: intr. to stand forth.

ἐξισωτέον, verb. Adj. of ἐξισώω, one must make equal.
 ἐξίτηλος, ov, (ἐξίεναι) going out, fading: extinct: forgotten.
 ἐξ-ἴτην, verb. Adj. of ἐξίεναι, one must go forth.
 ἐξ-ἴτος, ἦ, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐξίεναι, to be come out of; τοῖς οὐκ ἐξίτην ἔστι for whom there's no coming out.
 ἐξ-ἰχνεύω, f. σω, to trace out.
 ἐξ-ἰχνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to seek by tracking out.
 ἐξ-μέδιμνος, ov, of, holding six medimni.
 ἐξ-ἰογκώω, f. ὦσω, to make swell out; μητέρα τάφω ἐξογκοῖν to honour her by raising a tomb:—Pass. to be swelled out: metaph. to be puffed up, elated: absol. to swell, rise high. Hence
 ἐξ-ἰόγκωμα, atos, τό, anything raised up: a mound, barrow, cairn.
 ἐξ-ἰοδάω, f. ἦσω, (ἐξοδος iv) to sell.
 ἐξ-ἰοδία, ἦ, (ἐξοδος) a marching out, expedition.
 ἐξ-ἰόδος, ov, (ἐξοδος iii) of, belonging to an exit; to the finalé of a play. II. as Subst., τὸ ἐξόδιον (sub. μέλος), the finalé of a tragedy. At Rome, exodia were burlesques acted after other plays, or travesties on the subject of the play itself, like some modern epilogues.
 ἐξ-ἰοδοιπορέω, f. ἦσω, to go out of.
 ἐξ-ἰοδος, ἦ, a going out. 2. a marching out, military expedition: a sally. 3. a solemn procession. II. a way out, Lat. exitus. III. also likē Lat. exitus, an end, close: the close of life, decease. 2. the end of a tragedy. 3. a piece of music played at any one's exit. IV. an outgoing, payment of money: hence ἐξοδάω.
 ἐξ-ἰοδύνω, f. ἦσω, to pain extremely.
 ἐξ-ἰόω, f. -ορήσω, to smell strongly.
 ἐξ-ἰοδα, pf. without any pres. in use, Att. plqpf. ἐξῆδη, to know thoroughly, know well: cf. ἐξείδω.
 ἐξ-ἰοιδέω, f. ἦσω: pf. -ώδηκα:—to be swollen up.
 ἐξ-ἰοικέω, f. ἦσω, to leave one's home, to emigrate. II. Pass. to be thickly inhabited. Hence
 ἐξιοικήσιμος, ov, habitable, inhabited.
 ἐξ-ἰοικίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ἰώ: aor. I -ώκησα:—to remove one from his home, eject, expel:—Pass. to go from home, remove. II. to depopulate, empty.
 ἐξ-ἰοικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build up, build from the ground, finish a building.
 ἐξ-ἰοιμώω, f. -οιμώσομαι, to wail aloud.
 ἐξ-ἰοινόομαι, pf. ἐξῖνωμαι, Pass. to be quite drunk.
 ἐξ-ἰοιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἐκφέρω, to be brought out. II. ἐξοιστέον, one must bring out.
 ἐξ-ἰοιστρέω or -έω, f. ἦσω, to drive quite wild.
 ἐξ-ἰοίσω, fut. of ἐκφέρω:—med. ἐξοίσομαι also in pass. sense.
 ἐξ-ἰοιχνέω, f. ἦσω, to go out: Aeol. 3 pl. ἐξοιχνεύσω.
 ἐξ-ἰοίχομαι, Dep. to have gone out.
 ἐξ-ἰοκέλλω, aor. I -ώκειλα, to thrust out of the sea; to run a ship aground: intr. of the ship, to run aground. II. metaph. to run a person aground, bring him into difficulties:—Pass., δέυρο ἐξοκέλλεται the thing is brought to this pass.
 ἐξολέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξόλλυμι.

ἔξ-ολισθάνω, fut. -ολισθήσω: aor. 2 —ἔλισθον:—
to slip off, to glance off. II. c. acc. to slip out
of, elude.

ἔξ-ἄλλυμι and —ύω: fut. -ολέσω Att. -ολῶ: aor. I
ἔξώλεσα:—to destroy utterly. II. Med. with
perf. 2 ἐξόλωκα, to perish utterly.

ἔξ-ολοθρεύω, f. σω, to destroy utterly.

ἔξ-ολολύω, f. ζω, to bowl aloud.

ἔξομαι, fut. med. of ἔχω.

ἔξομήρευσις, f. σω, ἡ, a demand of hostages. From
ἔξ-ομηρεύω, f. σω, to bind by taking hostages: Med.
to take as hostages.

ἔξ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to have intercourse, associate, live
with. II. Med. to be away from one's friends, to
be solitary.

ἔξ-ὀμιλος, ov, away from intercourse with others:
foreign, strange.

ἔξ-ομαῖτώ, f. ὠσω, (ἔξ, ὄμμα) to give sight to:—
Pass. to be restored to sight. 2. metaph. to make
clear or plain. II. also to bereave of sight.

ἔξ-ὀμνύμαι, f. -ομούμαι: aor. I -ωμοσάμην:—to deny
upon oath. II. to decline an office by an oath that
one has not means or health to discharge it.

ἔξ-ομοίω, f. ὠσω, to make quite like:—Pass. to be-
come or be like.

ἔξ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, and as Dep. ἔξομολογέομαι, f.
ἦσομαι, to confess in full, admit. 2. to agree,
promise. II. to make full acknowledgment for:
praise, celebrate.

ἔξ-ομόργνυμι, f. -ομόρξω, to wipe off from. II.
Med. to wipe off from oneself: hence to impart to an-
other: to wipe out or purge away a pollution.

ἔξόν, part. from the impers. ἔξεστι.

ἔξ-ονειδίω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to cast in one's teeth,
object to one: also to reproach bitterly.

ἔξ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to utter aloud, announce.

ἔξ-ονομαίνω, aor. I -ονόμηνα, (ἔξ, ὄνομα) to name,
speak of by name.

ἔξ-ονομακλήδην, Adv. by name, calling by name.

ἔξ-όπιθεν and -θη, Adv., poet. for ἐξόπισθεν.

ἔξ ὀπι, Adv. behind.

ἔξ-όπισθεν poet. -θη, Adv. backwards, behind. II.
Prep. with gen. behind, after.

ἔξ-όπισω, (ἔξ, ὀπίσω) Adv. of Place, backwards, back
again. 2. Prep. with gen. behind. II. Adv.
of Time, henceforth, hereafter. [Ὶ]

ἔξ-οπλίω, f. σω, to arm completely, accoutre:—Pass.
and Med. to arm oneself, go forth armed. 2. gene-
rally, to prepare; pf. part. pass. ἐξοπλισμένος, all
ready. Hence

ἔξοπλία, ἡ, a being under arms: and
ἔξοπλις, εως, ἡ, a getting under arms.

ἔξ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, to bake hard: to beat violently:—
metaph. to scorch, consume.

ἔξ-οράω, to see from afar: cf. ἐξείδον.

ἔξ-οργίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to enrage:—Pass. to be
furious.

ἔξ-ορθιάω, f. σω, to lift up the voice, to cry aloud.

ἔξ-ορθώω, f. ὠσω, to set upright:—Pass. to stand
upright. 2. metaph. to amend, restore.

ἔξ-ορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐξάρισα:—to send
before the frontier, banish: to expose a child. II.
ἄλλην ἀπ' ἄλλης ἐξορίζειν πόλιν to wander from one
city to another. III. Pass. to be an exile: also

to pass the bounds, come forth. Hence

ἔξ-ορίω [Ὶ], to exasperate.

ἔξ-όριστος, ov, expelled, banished.

ἔξ-ορκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to swear a person, admin-
ister an oath to him. II. to exorcise, i. e. banish
an evil spirit. Hence

ἔξορκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who administers an oath. II.
an exorcist.

ἔξ-ορκος, ov, bound by oath.

ἔξ-ορκώω, f. ὠσω, to make one swear, bind by oath,
c. acc. pers.: c. acc. pers. et rei, to make one swear by,
ἐξορκῶντιν τινα τὸ Στυγρὸς ὕδωρ. Hence

ἔξορκωσις, εως, ἡ, a binding by oath.

ἔξ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start from: of pain,
to break out. II. trans. to send forth; ἐξορμᾶν τὴν
ναῦν to start the ship: generally, to excite, stir up:—
Pass. to set out, start.

ἔξ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to bring out of harbour;
ἐξορμίζειν ἐς πόντον to let down into the sea.

ἔξ-ορμος, ov, sailing from a harbour.

ἔξ-ορούω, f. σω, to spring, leap forth.

ἔξ-ορούσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ζω: aor. I ἐξόρυξα:—
to dig out; ἐξορούειν τοὺς ὀφθαλμοὺς to put out the
eyes. II. to dig out of the ground, dig up.

ἔξ-ορχέομαι, fut. ἦσομαι, Dep. to dance out, dance
away: also to go through with a dance. II. to
betray by indiscreet gestures.

ἔξ-όσδα, Dor. for ἐξόξω.

ἔξ-οσιώω, f. ὠσω, to dedicate, devote.

ἔξ-οστράκίζω, f. ἴσω, to banish by ostracism.
Hence

ἔξοστρακισμός, οὔ, ὁ, banishment by ostracism.

ἔξ-ότε, Adv. (ἐκ, ὅτε) from the time when.

ἔξ-οτρύνω, f. ἰνώ, to excite, arouse.

ἔξ-ουδενέω, f. ὠσω, = ἐξουθενέω.

ἔξ-ουθενέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐκ, οὐθείς) to set at naught; pf.
part. pass., τὰ ἐξουθενημένα things of no account.

ἔξουλης δίκη, ἡ, an action against one who neglected
an order of a court, an action for contempt of court.
The nom. ἐξούλη does not occur.

ἔξουσία, ἡ, (ἔξεστι) power or authority to do a
thing:—absol. authority. 2. a magistracy: the
body of the magistrates, the authorities, powers. II.
means, resources. Hence

ἔξουσιάζω, f. σω, to have authority over:—Pass. to
have authority exercised over one.

ἔξ-οφέλλω, to increase exceedingly.

ἔξ-ὀφθαλμος, ov, with prominent eyes.

ἔξοχή, ἡ, (ἐξέχω) a standing out, prominence: me-
taph. eminence; οἱ κατ' ἐξοχὴν the chief men.

ἔξοχος, ov, (ἐξέχω) standing out, prominent: metaph.
eminent, excellent: c. gen., ἐξοχος Ἀργείων eminent

among or above them. Adv. neut. ἔξοχον and ἔξοχα; c. gen., ἔξοχα πάντων far above all.

ἔξυβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to break out into insolence, run riot, wax wanton; ἔξυβρίζειν εἰς τὸδε to come to this pitch of insolence; ἔξυβρίζειν παντοῖα to commit all kinds of violence.

ἔξυνηκα ἔσυνηκα, for ἔσνηκα συνήκα, aor. I with dupl. augm. of συνήμυ.

ἔξυπανίστημι, to make to start up. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act., intrans., σμῶδις μεταφρένου ἔξυπανέστη a weal started up from under the skin of the back.

ἔξυπερθε, Adv. (ἐξ, ὑπερθε) from above.

ἔξυπρητέω, f. ἦσω, to assist to the utmost.

ἔξυπνίζω, f. ἴσω, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) to rouse from sleep.

ἔξυπνος, ον, (ἐξ, ὕπνος) awakened out of sleep.

ἔξυπτιάζω, f. σω, to turn upside down.

ἔξυράμην, aor. I med. of ξύρω.

ἔξυρήμαι, pf. pass. of ξύρειω.

ἔξυσμαι, pf. pass. of ξύω.

ἔξυφάλνω, f. ἀνώ, to finish weaving, Lat. pertexere: metaph. to complete, perfect. Hence

ἔξυφασμα, atos, τό, a finished web.

ἔξυψηγέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, to lead the way.

ἔξω, Adv. (ἐξ, as εἶσω from εἰς) without, on the outside, Lat. foris. II. of Motion, outwards, away out of the country, Lat. foras.

III. like ἐκτός, with gen., outside of, out of reach of; ξέω βελῶν out of shot: Proverb., ξέω τοῦ πηλοῦ πόδα ἔχειν to keep clear of difficulties. 2. without, except. IV.

of Time, beyond, over.

ἔξω, fut. of ἐχῶ.

ἔξωδηκα, pf. of ἐξοιδέα.

ἔξωθεν, Adv. (ἐξω) from without, c. gen., ξέ. δόμων from without the house. II. also = ἔξω, without.

ἔξωθέω, f. -ώθησω and -ώσω: aor. I ἐξέωσα:—to thrust out:—Pass. to be thrust out. II. to thrust out of the sea, drive on shore.

ἔξωκισα, aor. I of ἐξοκίζω.

ἔξωλεια, ἡ, utter destruction. From

ἔξωλης, es, (ἐξόλωλα) utterly destroyed, ruined. 2. act. most destructive, ruinous. II. of persons, abandoned.

ἔξωμιδο-ποιία, ἡ, (ποιέω) the making of an ἔξωμις.

ἔξωμιζω, f. σω, to bare up to the shoulder. From

ἔξωμις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐξ, ἄμιος) a man's vest without sleeves, leaving both shoulders bare, or with one sleeve, leaving one shoulder bare.

ἔξωνέομαι, Dep. to bivy off: generally, to bivy.

ἔξωπίος, ον, (ἐξ, ὤψ) out of sight of, away from.

ἔξωπλισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐξοπλίζω.

ἔξωριάζω, (ἐξ, ὄρα) to leave out of thought, neglect.

ἔξωρίσα, aor. I of ἐξορίζω.

ἔξωρμισαί, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἐξορμίζω.

ἔξωρος, ον, (ἐξ, ὄρα) untimely: superannuated.

ἔξωρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐξορνυμι.

ἔξωσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐξώθειω.

ἔξωσσης, ον, ὁ, (ἐξωθέω) one who drives out: ἔξωσσαι ἄνεμοι winds which drive ships ashore.

ἔξωπατος, η, ον, Sup. of ἔξω: Adv. ἔξωπάτω outermost.

ἔξωπερος, α, ον, Comp. of ἔξω: Adv. ἔξωτέρω.

ἔξωφέλλον, impf. of ἐξοφέλλω.

ἔξω, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron. his, of him; ἀπὸ ἔω away from him.

ἔοι, Ep. for οἶ, dat. of 3rd pers. Pron. οὐ, to him.

ἔοι, Ep. for εἶη, 3 sing. opt. of εἶμι sum.

ἔοιμεν, syncop. for εὐοικαμεν, 1 pl. of εὐοικα.

εὐοικα, as, ε, etc., pf. with pres. sense, from εἶκω, to be like (see εἶκα), Att. I φη εὐοικαίην (for εὐοικαμεν), εἶξαι (for εὐοικασι); Ep. 3 dual εἶκτον (for εὐοικατον); inf. εὐοικέαι Att. εἰκέαι; part. εὐοικώς, νία, ὅς, length, pl. nom. εὐοικυῖαι; Att. εἰκώς, εἰκνία, εἰκός, is also used by Hom.: Ion. οἶκα, as, ε, part. εἶκός: plqpf. ἐώκειν, Ep. 3 pl. εὐοικεσαν; of the plqpf. there is also an Ep. pass. form 3 sing. ἦικτο, and without augm. εἶκτο. I. to be or look like. II. to be fit: Homer has 3 sing. εὐοικε as impers., it is fitting, right, seemly. 2. Homer also uses part. εὐοικώς as an Adj. meet, fitting, right; εὐοικότε κείται ἄλεθρῳ he lies in fitting ruin; εἰκνία ἀκοίτης a suitable wife, 'a help meet for him.' III. Att. to seem likely, seem; εὐοικε it seems; ὡς εὐοικε, as it seems, as is fitting.

εὐοικότως Att. εἰκότως Ion. οἰκότως, Adv. of part. εὐοικός, εἰκώς, οἰκώς, similarly, like; reasonably, fairly, as was to be expected.

εὐοίμι, εἰος, εἰοι, Ion. for εἶην, εἶης, εἶη.

εὐοίω, Ep. for εὐοῖ, gen. of εὐός.

εὐοῖς, dat. pl. of εὐός.

εὐοῖς, Ep. for εἶης, 2 sing. opt. of εἶμι sum.

εὐοῖσα, Dor. for εὐοῖσα, οῖσα, part. fem. of εἶμι sum.

εὐοῖπα, poet. pf. with pres. sense of ἔλωπ: plqpf. εὐώλεπν.

εὐον, Ep. for ἦν, impf. of εἶμι sum; but ἐόν Ion. for ὄν, part. neut.

εὐόν, nom. or acc. neut. of εὐός.

εὐοντι, Dor. for εἰσί, 3 pl. of εἶμι sum.

εὐοργα, poet. pf. of ἐρῶ; 3 pl. εὐοργαν for ἐύργασιν; part. ἐόργάω; Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. ἐόργεε.

εὐορτάζω Ion. ὄρτάζω, f. σω: impf., with irreg. augment, ἐώρταζον, and aor. I ἐώρτασα: (ἐορτή):—to keep festival or holiday: to celebrate by a festival.

'ΕΟΡΤΗ', in Ion. Prose ὄρτή, ἡ, a feast, festival, holiday; ὄρτην ἄγειν to keep a feast.

εὐός, ἐή, ἐόν, Ion. and Ep. for ὄς, ἡ, ὄν, (εἶο for οῖ) possessive Adj. of 3 pers. sing., his or her own. II. in Poets after Hom. also 3 pers. pl. their; 2 sing. thine.

εὐοῦς, Boeot. for εἶο, οῖ, gen. of 3rd pers. Pron.

ἐπ-ἄγάλλομαι, Pass. to glory or exult in.

ἐπαγγελία, ἡ, an announcement, order. 2. as Att. law-term, a denunciation, information. II. a promise, an assurance: also the thing promised. From ἐπ-αγγέλλω, f. εἰλῶ: aor. I ἐπήγγειλα: pf. act. ἐπήγγειλα, pass. ἐπήγγεμαι:—to tell, proclaim, announce, make known. 2. to give orders, command: c. acc. rei, στρατιᾶν ἐπαγγέλλειν to order an army, Lat. imperare milites. 3. to denounce. 4. to

demand, solicit, make application for in a thing. II.

Med. *to promise, offer*: rarely so in Act. 2. *to*

make a show of, profess. Hence

ἐπάγγελμα, *ατος, τό, an announcement, promise.*

ἐπ-ἀγείρω, *φ. -αγερῶ, to gather together, collect*:-

Pass., of men, *to assemble.* Hence

ἐπάγερσις, *εως, ἡ, a gathering, assemblage.*

ἐπάγην [ᾶ], *αορ. 2 pass. of πῆγγνυμι.*

ἐπ-ἀγίνεω, *Ion. for ἐπάγω, to bring to.*

ἐπ-αγλάϊω, *φ. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, to honour still more*:-

Pass. *to pride oneself on, exult in* a thing.

ἐπ-αγρυννέω, *φ. ἦσω, to watch or brood over.*

ἐπ-άγω, *φ. ξω: αορ. 2 ἐπήγαγον*:-*to bring or lead to, bring upon.*

2. *to lead on, to set on, let loose*:-*hence to instigate, impel*: metaph. *to bring one to a thing, lead one on.*

3. *to lay on*: ἐπάγειν κέντρον *to lay on, apply the goad*; ἐπάγε γνάθον *lay your teeth to it.*

4. *to bring in, supply, call in aid.* 5. *to bring in a bill or lawsuit, propose.* 6. *to bring in over and above*: *to add or intercalate days in the year.*

II. Med. *to bring to oneself, procure for oneself*: metaph. *to devise, contrive.*

2. *to bring on oneself.* 3. *to bring in as allies*: in writing, *to adduce, quote, cite.* Hence

ἐπάγωγῆ, ἡ, *a bringing on, to or in: an invasion, attack.*

II. in Logic, *the bringing a number of particular examples, so as to lead to an universal conclusion, the argument from induction.*

ἐπάγωγός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) *bringing on, productive of.*

II. *tempting, seductive.*

ἐπ-αγωνίζομαι, *φ. ἰσομαι Att. ἴωμαι, Dep. to contend against others.*

ἐπ-αγωνίος, *ον, (ἐπί, ἀγών) presiding over the games.*

ἐπ-ᾄω *Ion. and poet. ἐπέειδω: φ. -ᾄσομαι*:-*to sing to or over.*

2. *to lead the song.* II. *to sing to, so as to charm*: hence *to use charms or incantations*; part. *ἐπαείδων, by incantations.*

ἐπ-αείρω, *Ion. and poet. for ἐπαίρω.*

ἐπ-αἰέξω, *to make to grow, enlarge.*

ἐπάθων, *αορ. 2 of πάσχω.*

ἐπ-αθροίζω, *φ. σω, to assemble besides.*

ἐπ-αιάζω, *φ. ξω, to mourn over*: *to join in wailing.*

ἐπ-αλιγίζω, *φ. σω, (ἐπί, αλίγς 2) to rush upon or over.*

ἐπ-αιδέομαι: fut. -αιδεσθήσομαι: *αορ. I -ἠδέσθην*: *to be ashamed*: c. acc. *to reverence.*

ἐπαίνεσις, *εως, ἡ, (ἐπαίνεω) praise*: and

ἐπ-ανέτης, *ου, ὁ, a praiser, eulogist.*

ἐπαινετός, ἡ, ὄν, *to be praised, praiseworthy*: τὸ ἐπαινετόν *the object of praise.* Adv. -ῶς. From

ἐπ-ανέω: fut. ἔσω Att. ἔσομαι Ep. ἦσω: *αορ. I ἐπήνεσα Ep. -ησα: pf. ἐπήνεκα*:-Pass., *αορ. I ἐπήνέθην*: (ἐπί, αίνεω) *-to approve, sanction*: c. dat. pers. *to agree with, assent to*: *to praise, commend, eulogize.*

2. = *παρανέω, to advise, recommend, bid.*

II. in declining an offer, *I thank you, Lat. benigne*; κάλλιστ' ἐπαίνω *I thank you very kindly.*

ἐπαίνημι, *Aeol. for ἐπαίνεω.*

ἐπ-αινος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αἶνος) *approval, commendation.*

ἐπ-ανός, ἡ, ὄν, only in fem. ἐπανή, strengthd. for *αἰνή, exceeding awful, dread.*

ἐπ-αίρω *Ion. and poet. ἐπαείρω: fut. ἐπαρῶ: αορ. I ἐπήρα poet. ἐπάειρα*:-Pass., *αορ. I ἐπήρθην: pf. ἐπήρμαι*:-*to lift up, raise: to exalt, magnify.*

2. *to stir up, rouse, excite*: *to induce or persuade to do.*

II. intr. (sub. ἐαντόν), *to rise up.* 2. (sub. στρατόν), *to set out*:-Pass. *to be roused, excited: to be elated at a thing.*

ἐπασθόν, *Dor. for ἐπαίζον, impf. of παίζω.*

ἐπ-αισθάνομαι, *φ. -αισθήσομαι: αορ. 2 -ᾤσθόμην*: Dep.:-*to have a perception or feeling of a thing, c. gen.*: c. acc. *to perceive, learn*: c. part. *to perceive that.*

ἐπ-αἰσσω *Att. -ᾄσσω or -ᾄττω: fut. -αἰξω Att. -ᾄξω*:-*to rush at or upon*:-*to assail, assault, attack*:-Med., *ἐπαίξασθαι ἄεθλον to rush upon, seize the prize.*

II. *ἐπαίξσειν πόδα to move the foot hastily*: Pass., *χέρηες ἐπαίξονται the hands move violently.*

ἐπ-αἰστος, *ον, (ἐπαῖω) heard of, discovered.* [ᾶ]

ἐπ-αἰσχύνομαι, fut. -αἰσχυνθήσομαι, Dep. *to be ashamed of or at.*

ἐπ-αιτέω, *φ. ἦσω, to ask in addition*: *to solicit.*

ἐπ-αιτιόμαι, *φ. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to bring a charge against one, accuse*: *to lay to one's charge.*

ἐπ-αίτιος, *ον, (ἐπί, αἰτία) blamed for a thing, blamable, culpable.*

ἐπ-αῖω *contr. ἐπ-ᾄω: φ. ἰσω: to bear, perceive, feel.*

2. *to understand.* 3. *to profess, be a professor.*

ἐπ-αιρέω, *φ. ἦσω, to keep in suspense*:-Pass. *to be buoyed up or float upon*: also *to overhang, threaten.*

ἐπ-ᾄκολούθεω, *φ. ἦσω, to follow close upon, follow after*: *to pursue as an enemy.*

2. *to follow in one's mind, understand.* 3. *to follow, obey.* Hence

ἐπακολούθημα, *ματος, τό, a consequence*: and ἐπακολούθησις, *εως, ἡ, a following.*

ἐπακούός, ὄν, (ἐπακούω) *listening to, attentive.*

ἐπ-ακούω, *φ. -ακούσομαι: αορ. I ἐπήκουσα*:-*to listen or attend to.*

II. *to listen to, obey.*

ἐπ-ακρίζω, *φ. σω, to reach the top of a thing*; αἰμάτων ἐπήκρισε *he reached the highest point in deeds of blood.*

ἐπ-ακροάομαι, *φ. ᾄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to hearken to.*

ἐπακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐπάγω) *a hunter, a huntsman.*

ἐπ-ἀκτιος, *α, ον, (ἐπί, ἀκτί) on the strand or coast.*

ἐπακτός, ὄν, (ἐπάγω) *brought on or in from abroad, imported.*

2. *foreign, strange, alien, adventitious.*

ἐπακρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπάγω) *a small row-boat, skiff.*

ἐπ-ἀλάλαζω, *φ. ξω, to raise the war-cry.*

ἐπᾶλαλέμεν, *Ep. αορ. 2 inf. of ἐπαλέξω.*

ἐπ-ἀλάομαι, *αορ. I ἐπαλήθην, Dep. to wander about, through.*

ἐπ-ἀλαστέω, *φ. ἦσω, to be troubled at a thing.*

ἐπ-αλγέω, *φ. ἦσω, to grieve over.*

ἐπ-ἀλείφω, *φ. ψω, to smear over*: *to stop up by anointing.*

ἐπ-ἄλξω, f. ξήσω, *to defend, aid, help.* II. *to ward, keep off:* aor. 2 inf. ἐπαλακτεῖν, Ep.—έμεν.
 ἐπᾶλθηείς, aor. I part. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.
 ἐπαλθηή, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ἐπ-αλάομαι.
 ἐπ-ἄλθηνύ, f. σω, *to prove true, verify.*
 ἐπ-αλής, ές, (ἐπί, ἄλεια) *open to the sun, sunny.* [ᾶ]
 ἐπ-ακής, ές, (ἐπί, ἀκίη) *stout, strong.*
 ἐπαλλάγῃ, ἡ, (ἐπαλλάσσω) *interchange, exchange.*
 ἐπ-αλλάξ, Adv. = ἐναλλάξ, *crosswise, alternately.*
 ἐπ-αλλάσσω Att. —τῶ: fut. ἄξω: pf. —ήλλαχα:
 —Pass., aor. 1 —ηλλάχην, aor. 2 —ηλλάχην [ᾶ]: pf. —ήλλαχμαι: *to change over, interchange; πολέμοιο πείραρ ἐπαλλάξαντες making the tug of war go now this way, now that, i. e. fighting with doubtful victory:* —Pass. *to be closely joined.*
 ἐπ-ἄλληλος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀλλήλων) *one upon another: continuous.*
 ἐπ-ἄμενος, ον, syncop. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.
 ἐπαλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαλέξω) *a means of defence: batlement, a parapet:—generally, a defence, protection.*
 ἐπ-αλιτος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀπιστος) *happy.*
 ἐπᾶλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐφάλλομαι.
 ἐπ-ἄλωστης, ου, ὅ, (ἐπί, ἀλώω) *one who drives the oxen in treshing.*
 ἐπ-ἄμοδοι, f. ἡσομαι: Ep. aor. 1 ἐπαμυδάμη: Med.:—*to scrape together for oneself, heap up together.*
 ἐπαμβᾶτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, poet. for ἐπαναβάτης, (ἐπαναβαίνω) *one that rises upon; νόσοι σαρκῶν ἐπαμβατήρης maladies growing on the flesh, leprous eruptions.*
 ἐπ-ἄμειβω, f. ψω, *to exchange, barter:—Med. to change from one to another; νίκη ἐπαμείβεται ἄνδρας comes in turn to men.*
 ἐπ-ἄμερος, ον, Aeol. for ἐφ-ήμερος.
 ἐπ-ἄμμένος, Ion. for ἐφημμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφάπτω.
 ἐπ-ἄμμένο, poet. for ἐπ-αναμένο.
 ἐπάμοιβᾶδης, Adv. (ἐπαμείβω) *alternately.*
 ἐπάμοιβιος, ον, and ἐπάμοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμείβω) *in turn, one upon another: in exchange.*
 ἐπ-ἄμπεχῶ, f. —αμφέξω: aor. 2 ἐπήμπισχον, inf. ἐπαμπισχεῖν:—*to put on besides, or over all: to overwrap.*
 ἐπαμύντωρ, ορος, ὅ, *a helper, defender.* From
 ἐπ-ἄμνυ, f. ὑνώ, *to come to aid, defend, assist.*
 ἐπ-ἄμφῆρω, for ἐπαναφέρω.
 ἐπ-ἄμφοτερίζω, fut. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (ἐπί, ἀμφοτέρος) *to be inclined to both sides, to play a double game: to halt between two opinions.*
 ἐπάν, Conjunct., later form of ἐπην.
 ἐπ-αναβαίνω, f. —βήσομαι: pf. —βέβηκα:—*to get upon, mount on horseback.* II. *to go up inland.*
 ἐπ-αναβάλλω, f. —βαλώ: pf. —βέβληκα:—*to throw on or over:—Med. to put on.* II. in Med., also, *to put off, delay.*
 ἐπ-αναβιβάζω, f. —βιβάσω Att. —βιβῶ:—Causal of ἐπαναβαίνω, *to make to mount upon.*

ἐπαναβλήθον, Adv. (ἐπαναβάλλω) *thrown over another garment.*
 ἐπ-αναβοάω, f. ἡσομαι, *to cry out at a thing.*
 ἐπαναγαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπανάγω.
 ἐπ-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, *to compel by force.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάγκης, ες, (ἐπί, ἀνάγκη) *only used in neut. ἐπᾶναγκης (sub. ἐστί), it is necessary.* 2. neut. also as Adv. *on compulsion; ἐπᾶναγκης κομῶντες wearing long hair by law.*
 ἐπ-ἀναγορεύω, *to proclaim publicly: v. ἐπᾶνεῖπον.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 —ἀνήγαγον:—*to bring up, stir up, excite.* 2. *to exalt, elevate.* II. *to lead or draw back: to bring back, to refer to one.* III. intr. *to withdraw, retreat.* IV. *to put ships out to sea:—Pass. to put to sea against.* V. Pass. *to be carried to a place.* Hence
 ἐπαναγωγή, ἡ, *a sailing out against, a naval attack.* II. *a recall, return.*
 ἐπ-ἀναδιπλάζω, *to redouble, reiterate questions.*
 ἐπ-ἀναθεόμαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. *to see again.*
 ἐπ-ἀναίρω, *to lift up:—Med. to lift one against the other:—Pass. to rise up.*
 ἐπ-ἀνάκειμαι, Pass. *to be laid upon as a penalty.*
 ἐπ-ἀνακλαγγάνω, *to give tongue again and again.*
 ἐπ-ἀνακρούω, *to drive back:—Med. to draw back.*
 ἐπ-ἀνακνύπω, f. ψω, *to have an upward direction.*
 ἐπ-ἀναλαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι, *to take up again, resume, repeat.*
 ἐπ-ἀναλίσκω, f. —ανᾶλώσω, *to consume besides.*
 ἐπ-ἀναμένο, f. —μενώ, *to continue waiting, stay on.* II. *to wait for one.*
 ἐπ-ἀναμνησκώ, f. —μνήσω, *to remind one of, mention again to one.*
 ἐπ-ἀνανεώ, f. ὄσω, *to renew, revive.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπαύω, f. σω, *to make to rest upon:—Med. to rest upon.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπηδάω, f. ἡσω or ἡσομαι, *to leap upon.*
 ἐπ-ἀναπλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπαναπλώω, f. —πλώσω:—*to sail up against.* II. *to float upon the surface; ἐπαναπλώει ὑμῖν ἔπεα κακά ill language floats up, rises to the tongue.* III. *to sail back again.*
 ἐπ-ἀναρρίπτω and —έω, *to throw up in the air (sub. εἰαυτόν) to spring high in the air.*
 ἐπᾶνάσεισις, εως, ἡ, *a brandishing of weapons.* From
 ἐπ-ἀνασειώ, f. σω, *to lift up and shake, to brandish.*
 ἐπᾶνάστᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπᾶνίστημι) *a rising up against, an insurrection.*
 ἐπαναστήσομαι, fut. med. of ἐπᾶνίστημι.
 ἐπ-ἀναστρέφω, f. ψω, intr. *to turn back upon, resist:—Med. to wheel round, return to the charge.*
 ἐπ-ἀνατείνω, f. —τενώ, *to hold up towards; ἐπανατείνω ἐλπιδας to hold out hopes.*
 ἐπ-ἀνατέλλω, f. —αυατελώ: aor. I —αυέτελα:—*to lift up, raise.* II. intr. *to rise up, rise, of the*

sun; ἐπαντέλλων χρόνος the time *which is coming to light*, the future.

ἐπ-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay upon.

ἐπ-αναφέρω ποῖτ. ἐπ-αμφέρω, to throw back upon another, *scribe or refer to*. 2. to put into the account. 3. to bring back a message. II. Pass.

to be borne up, rise, as an exhalation.

ἐπ-αναφυσάω, f. ἴσω, to play on the flute in accompaniment.

ἐπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go back again, retreat, return. Hence

ἐπαναχώρησις, εὖς, ἦ, a return, retreat.

ἐπ-ἀνεμι, to go back, return. II. to go up, arise.

ἐπανεῖναι, ἐπανεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπανήμι.

ἐπανεῖπον, aor. 2, to proclaim or promise openly:—

the pres. in use is ἐπαναγορεύω.

ἐπ-ανεῖρομαι, Ion. for ἐπανέρομαι.

ἐπανελεύθην, ἐπανελεύθων, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπ-ανέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ανέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι, to question again and again: generally, to question.

ἐπ-ανέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act.

-ἦλθον, pf. -εἰλήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go back, return: to go over, pass over. II. to go up, ascend.

ἐπ-ανήκω, to have come back, return.

ἐπ-ανθέω, f. ἴσω, to bloom, be in flower: metaph. of a salt crust forming upon a surface, or of down on the cheeks: generally, to be upon the surface, appear plainly.

ἐπ-ανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπί, ἄνθος) to deck with flowers: generally, to make to abound, to cover over with.

ἐπανθράκιδες, ὠν, αἰ, small fish for frying. From ἐπ-ανθρακίζω, f. σω, to broil on the coals.

ἐπ-ανήμι, f. -ανήσω, to let go back, relax, dismiss. II. intr. with gen., to relax from: to flag.

ἐπ-ανίσώω, f. ὦσω, to make equal, put on a par.

ἐπ-ανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to set up again: to make to rise. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf.

-ανέστηκα, intrans. to stand up after or at the bidding of another: generally, to stand up, rise; of things, to be high, elevated. 2. to rise up against one, revolt.

ἐπ-ανορθώω, f. ὦσω: augm. tenses with double augm., impf. ἐπνώρθουν, aor. I ἐπνώρθωσα, etc.:—to set up, set upright: to set up again: generally, to amend, improve. Hence

ἐπανόρθωσις, εὖς, ἦ, a correcting: amendment.

ἐπ-αντέλλω, ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐπανατέλλω.

ἐπ-άντης, ες, (ἐπί, ἄντα) up-bill, opp. to κατάντης.

ἐπ-αντιάω, f. ὦσω, to fall in with, meet.

ἐπ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pump over: to pour over: Pass. to be overflowed or filled.

ἐπ-ἄνυω, f. ὦσω [ῥ], to complete:—Med. to procure for.

ἐπ-ἄνω, Adv. (ἐπί, ἄνω) above, on the upper side:

with Art., ὁ ἐπάνω πύργος the upper tower. II. of Time, before. Hence

ἐπάνωθεν, ποῖτ. -θε, Adv. from above, above: οἱ ἐπ. men of former time.

ἐπ-ἄξιός, ὠν, and α, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἄξιός) worthy, deserving of, c. gen.: absol. worthy, meet. 2. worth mentioning:—Adv. -ίως. Hence

ἐπ-αἰδώς, f. ὦσω, to think worthy, think right, c. inf., Lat. dignor. II. to expect, believe.

ἐπ-αἰόνιος, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἄξων) upon an axle.

ἐπάξω, Dor. 2 sing. aor. I med. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπαῖοιδή, ἦ, (ἐπαεῖδω) ποῖτ. and Ion. for ἐπωδή.

ἐπαῖοιδοῖς, ὀ, ποῖτ. for ἐπωδοῖς.

ἐπ-ἄπειλέω, f. ἴσω, to hold out a threat to one: to add threats, to threaten besides.

ἐπ-αποδύομαι, Med. to strip and set to work at a thing.

ἐπ-αποθησκόω, f. -θανοῦμαι, to die with or after.

ἐπ-αποπνίγω, f. ξω, to choke besides: aor. 2 pass. ἐπαπεπνίγην [ῥ].

ἐπ-ἄπτω, Ion. for ἐφάπτω.

ἐπ-ἄπύω, Dor. for ἐπηπύω.

ἐπ-αρά Ion. ἐπ-αρή, ἦ, (ἐπί, ἀρά) a solemn curse, imprecation. Hence

ἐπ-αράομαι: f. ἄσομαι Ep. ἴσομαι; pf. ἐπήραμαι: Dep.:—to imprecate curses upon; ἐπαράσθαι λόγον to utter an imprecation.

ἐπ-αράρισκω, f. ἐπάρσω: aor. I ἐπήρσα:—to fit to or upon, fasten to. II. intr. in pf. med. ἐπάρηρα,

to fit well: part. ἐπαρηρῶς, close-fitting: so also ἐπαρμενος, ἦ, ὠν.

ἐπάρας, aor. I part. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπ-ἄρασσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to dash to.

ἐπάρατος, ὠν, (ἐπαράομαι) laid under a curse.

ἐπ-ἀργεμος, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἀργεμός) of the eye, with a white speck over it. II. metaph. dim, obscure.

ἐπ-ἀργύρος, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἀργυρός) overlaid with silver.

ἐπ-ἄρηγω, f. ξω, to come to aid, help. Hence

ἐπάρησις, εὖς, ἦ, help, aid.

ἐπάρηρα, -ειν, intr. pf. and plqpf. of ἐπαράρισκω.

ἐπ-ἀριστερος, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἀριστερός) on the left hand: left-handed, awkward, French gauche.

ἐπάρκεσις, εὖς, ἦ, aid, help, succour. From ἐπ-ἀρκέω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἐπήρησα:—to ward off,

τινὶ τι something from one. 2. c. acc. rei only, to hinder, prevent. 3. c. dat. pers. only, to help, aid, protect. II. to supply, furnish, impart.

III. absol. to be sufficient, enough. Hence

ἐπαρκούντως, Adv. pres. part., sufficiently.

ἐπάρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπαράρισκω, well-fitted, well-prepared.

ἐπ-ἄρουπος, ὠν, (ἐπί, ἄρουπα) on the soil, attached to the soil as a serf, Lat. adscriptus glebae.

ἐπ-ἀρτάω, f. ἴσω, to bang on or over:—Pass., φόβος ἐπὶρτήται fear bangs over, impends.

ἐπ-αρτής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἀρτέω) ready, equipped.

ἐπ-αρτύω and -αρτύνω, to fit or fix on. II.

to get ready, prepare:—Med. to prepare for oneself.

ἐπαρχία, ἡ, a prefecture, province. From ἐπ-αρχος, ον, (ἐπί, ἀρχή) a commander: a governor of a country, prefect.

ἐπ-άρχω, f. ζω, to be an ἐπαρχος, governor of a province. 2. to rule in addition to one's own dominions.

II. Med. ἐπάρχομαι, to begin anew, afresh; ἐπάρξασθαι δεπάσσω to begin with the cups again: generally, to supply, distribute.

ἐπάρωγός, ὁ, (ἐπαρήγω) a helper, aider.

ἐπαρῶνουν, impf. of παροινέω.

ἐπᾶσάμη, aor. I of πατέομαι.

ἐπ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ἤσκησα:—to labour at, finish carefully. II. to adorn. III. to practise, practise oneself in, cultivate.

ἐπ-ασυτέρος, α, ον, (ἐπί, ἄσσυον) one upon another, one after another.

ἐπασυτέρο-τριβής, ἐς, (ἐπασυτέρος, τριβω) following close one on the other.

ἐπ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten upon, flash.

ἐπ-άττω, Att. for ἐπαίσσω, q. v.

ἐπ-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to say besides:—Med. to call upon.

ἐπαύθην or ἐπαύσθην, aor. I pass. of παύω.

ἐπ-αυλέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐπηύλημαι: (ἐπί, αὐλός):—to play the flute to, accompany:—Pass. to be played on the flute.

ἐπ-αυλιζομαι, f. ἴσμαι, Dep. to take up one's quarters at a place.

ἐπ-αυλις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, αὐλις) a place to pass the night in: quarters.

ἐπ-αυλος, ὁ, (ἐπί, αὐλή) plur. ἔπαυλοι, οἱ, and ἔπαυλα, τά, a fold for cattle: generally, a dwelling, home.

ἐπ-αυξάνω or ἐπ-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment:—Pass. to grow, increase.

ἐπαυρέιν Ep. -έμεν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αυρέω, = ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπ-αύρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπαυρίσκομαι) the fruit, result of a thing: enjoyment, fruition.

ἐπ-αύριον, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐριον, on the morrow.

ἐπ-αυρίσκομαι, Dep. (the Act. ἐπαυρίσκω occurs only once, and the simple αὐρίσκω or αὐρίσκομαι, to take, is not in use): fut. ἐπαυρήσμαι: aor. 2 act. ἐπηύρον Dor. ἐπαύρον, 3 sing. subj. ἐπαύρη, inf. ἐπαυρέιν Ep. -έμεν: aor. 2 med. ἐπηυρόμην, Ep. 2 sing. subj. ἐπαύρηαι, 3 pl. -ωνται:—to partake of, enjoy a share of: to reach, touch:—Med. to reap the fruits of a thing, whether good or bad, c. gen.: more freq. in bad sense, ἵνα πάντες ἐπαύρωνται βασιλῆος that all may have a benefit of their king; οἶω μιν ἐπαυρήσασθαι I think he will feel the consequences. 2. c. acc. to bring upon oneself.

ἐπάυσον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπαύω: ἐπαύσας, part. ἐπ-αυτέω, f. ἦσω, to shout at a thing: to make a noise beside. [ῶ]

ἐπ-αυτοφάρωφ, Adv., for ἐπ' αὐτοφάρωφ, Lat. in ipso furto, in the very theft or very act.

ἐπ-αυχένιος, ον, (ἐπί, αὐχὴν) on or for the neck.

ἐπ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, to boast of, exult in.

ἐπ-αῦω, f. -αῖωω [ῶ], to shout over or upon.

ἐπ-αφαναίνομαι, Pass. to be dried up, worn out.

ἐπ-αφάω, f. ἦσω, to touch on the surface, stroke.

ἐπάφή, ἡ, (ἐπαφάω) a touch, handling.

ἐπ-αφήμη, f. -αφήσω, to throw at a thing: to let loose upon.

ἐπ-αφρίζω, f. σω, to foam up or on the surface: metaphor. to babble, divulge.

ἐπ-αφροδίτος, ον, (ἐπί, Ἀφροδίτη) lovely, fascinating, Lat. venustus.

ἐπ-αφύσσω, f. ἴσω [ῶ], to pour over or in addition.

ἐπαχθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἄχθος) heavy, ponderous: oppressive, grievous.

ἐπ-άχθομαι, Pass. to be distressed at a thing.

ἐπ-αχλύω, f. ἴσω [ῶ], (ἐπί, ἀχλὺς) to be obscure.

ἐπαχύνθη, aor. I pass. of παχύνω.

ἐπέων, Ion. for ἐπήν.

ἐπέβαλον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβάλλω.

ἐπέβην, ἐπέβησα, aor. 2 and I of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπέβιον, aor. 2 of ἐπιβίω (as if from ἐπιβίωμι).

ἐπέβρισσα, aor. I of ἐπιβρίθω.

ἐπ-εγγελάω, f. ἴσωμαι [ᾶ], to laugh at, deride.

ἐπεγέγραπτο, 3 plqpf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.

ἐπ-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken, rouse up: to excite:—Pass. to be roused, rise: ἐπέγρετο, ἐπεγρόμην, 3 sing. ind. and part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. II. intrans. in pf. part. act. ἐπεγρηγώρως, awake.

ἐπ-εγκάλεω, f. ἴσω, to bring a charge against.

ἐπ-εγκάπτω, f. ψω, to snar up, devour.

ἐπ-εγκελεύω, f. σω, to give an order or signal to others.

ἐπέγρετο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπέγνων, aor. 2 of ἐπιγιγνώσκω.

ἐπεγρηγόρα, see ἐπεγείρω II.

ἐπεγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπ-εγχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour in upon or in addition.

ἐπέδειξα, Ion. for ἐπέδειξα, aor. I of ἐπιδείκνυμι.

ἐπέδησα, aor. I of πεδάω.

ἐπέδοθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπέδραμον, aor. 2 act. of ἐπιτρέχω.

ἐπέδρη, ἡ, Ion. for ἐφέδρα.

ἐπέδυν, aor. 2 of ἐπιδύω.

ἐπέθηκα, aor. I of ἐπιτίθημι.

ἐπέειπε Ep. also ἐπειτή, (ἐπί) Conjunction: I. OF TIME, after that, when: from the time when. II. OF CAUSE, since, seeing that, for that. III. ἐπεὶ ἄρ, ἐπεὶ ἄρα, when then, since then. 2. ἐπεὶ οὖν when then. 3. ἐπεὶ περ since really.

ἘΠΕΙΤΩ, f. ζω: impf. ἤπειγον Ep. ἔπειγον: aor. I ἤπειξα:—Pass. fut. med. ἐπειζομαι (in pass. sense): aor. I ἤπειχθην:—to press upon, weigh down:—Pass. to be weighed down. 2. to press hard, press upon, in pursuit. II. to drive on, urge forward, hasten, hurry on:—Med. to urge on for oneself: Pass. to haste to do: also absol., to hasten, hurry, speed: part. ἐπειγόμενος as Adj., swift, impetuous, eager. III. intrans. = Pass. to make haste.

ἐπειδ-άν, Conjunction (ἐπειδὴ ἄν) whenever, so soon as, after that.

ἐπει-δή, (ἐπεὶ δὴ) Conjunction, I. of Time, since, after that, Lat *postquam*. II. of Cause, seeing that, since, because:—so ἐπειδήπερ, since really, since now.

ἐπ-εἶδον, inf. ἐπιδέν, aor. 2 without pres. in use (ἐφώρα being used instead), to look upon, behold, see. 2. to continue to see, to live to see: to experience.

ἐπειὴ or ἐπεὶ ἦ, Adv. since certainly.

ἐπέη, 3 sing. opt. of ἐπειμαι.

ἐπ-εκάξω, f. σω, to make like to a thing; δάμαρτα τῆνδ' ἐπεκάξων κυρῶ; am I right in supposing her his wife? II. generally, to conjecture, infer, conclude; ὡς or ὅσ' ἐπεκάσαι so far as one may guess.

ἐπείκει, ἐπέκει, or ἐπέει κεν, ἐπέει κε, Ep. for ἐπέαν, ἐπήν.

ἐπέλιθα, -ῆμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐπιλαμβάνω. ἐπ-εμῖ, inf. ἐπέμναι: impf. ἐπήν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: (ἐπί, εἰμί sum):—to be upon or at. II. to be upon, be fixed upon: of rewards and penalties, to be imposed.

III. of Time, to be hereafter: to be coming on, to impend. IV. to be set over, Lat. *praesesse*.

V. to be added, be over and above.

ἐπ-εμῖ, inf. ἐπέμναι: Ep. impf. ἐπήμια, as, ε, 3 pl. ἐπήμια, ἐπήσαν: fut. ἐπέσομαι: aor. I med. part. ἐπεισαμένη: (ἐπί, εἰμί ibo):—to go or come to or towards: to come upon: absol. to come near, approach. 2. to come against, attack; οἱ ἐπιόντες the invaders, assailants. 3. of events, to come upon one, overtake. 4. to come on the stage. II.

of Time, to come on or after, to follow, succeed; ἡ ἐπιόσα ἡμέρα the coming day; ὁ ἐπίων, like ὁ τυχών, the first comer: τὸ ἐπίον what occurs to one. III. to traverse, pass over. IV. to go over, i. e. count over.

ἐπ-εἰνύμι, Ion. for ἐφέννυμι: inf. med. ἐπέινυσθαι, Ion. for ἐφέννυσθαι.

ἐπέει-περ, for ἐπέει περ, Conj. since really, seeing that.

ἐπ-εἶπον, aor. 2 without pres. in use, to say besides: to say of another:—inf. ἐπειπεῖν, part. ἐπέειπαι.

ἐπειρα, aor. I of πέρω.

ἐπειρομαι, Ion. for ἐπέρομαι.

ἐπειρυσάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. med. of ἐπερίω.

ἐπειρωάτο, Ion. 3 pl. impf. of περάομαι.

ἐπειρωτάω, Ion. for ἐπερωτάω.

ἐπ-ειρώτημα, -ησις, Ion. for ἐπερωτήμα, -ησις.

ἐπειρα, aor. I of πείθω.

ἐπ-εισαγωγή, ἡ, (ἐπί, εισάγω) a bringing in besides. II. a means of bringing or letting in.

ἐπ-εισακτος, ον, (ἐπί, εισάγω) brought in from abroad, alien: imported, foreign.

ἐπ-εισβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go into upon: to enter.

ἐπ-εισβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to pour into besides. II. intr. to invade again.

ἐπ-εισβάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἐπ-εισβαίνω) an additional passenger, supernumerary on board ship. [ἄ]

ἐπ-εἰσεμῖ, to come on besides: to come on the stage.

ἐπ-εισέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: to come in upon or over: to come in

after. 2. come into or enter besides: of things, to be imported.

ἐπισεσφῆρσα, aor. I of ἐπισσφρέω.

ἐπ-εισκυλλέω, f. ἦσω, to roll in or on besides.

ἐπισόδιος, ον, coming in besides, episodic. From ἐπ-εἶσοδος, ον, a coming in besides, an entrance.

ἐπ-εισπαῖω, f. παῖσω, to burst in.

ἐπ-εισπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἴσομαι, to leap in upon.

ἐπ-εισπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or burst upon: to burst in.

ἐπ-εισπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail in after: to sail at, attack.

ἐπ-εισφέρω, f. -οἴσω, to bring in besides or after: to entail upon: Med. to bring in for oneself.

ἐπ-εισφρέω, f. ἦσω, to introduce besides.

ἐπ-εἰτα, Adv. (ἐπί, εἶτα) marks the Sequence of one thing upon another: thereupon, thereafter, then, Lat. *deinde*. II. when a clause precedes it is emphatic:

I. when a partic. of Time goes before, then; ἐπειδὴ σφαῖρην περῆσαντο, ὠρχεῖσθην δὴ ἔπειτα when they finished playing at ball, then they danced. 2. after εἰ, then surely; εἰ δ' ἔτεδν δὴ ἀγορεύεις, ἐξ ἄρα δὴ τοι ἔπειτα θεοὶ φρένας ὤλεσαν if so, then of a surety have the gods infatuated thee.

III. Interrog., when the question is founded on some supposition, after πῶς; εἰ μὲν δὴ ἔταρόν γε κελεύετε μ' αὐτὸν ἐλέσθαι, πῶς ἂν ἔπειτ' Ὀδυσῆος λαθούμι; how can I in such a case forget Ulysses? In Att., it begins the sentence, in an ironical sense, And so? Indeed? IV. then, therefore, much like οὖν. V. and yet, nevertheless, still. VI. with the Article, the following, the future; ὁ ἔπειτα χρόνος the time to come.

ἐπέει-τε, or ἐπέει τε, since, for that, because.

ἐπειτεν, Ion. for ἔπειτα, thereupon, thereafter.

ἐπέει-τοι, i. e. ἐπέει τοι, for in truth, since truly.

ἐπ-εκβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out upon, disembark.

ἐπ-εκβοηθέω, f. ἦσω, to rush out to aid.

ἐπ-εκδικάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach in addition.

ἐπ-εκδιηγέομαι, Dep. to explain besides.

ἐπεκδρομή, ἡ, (ἐπεκδρομεῖν, aor. 2 of ἐπεκτρέχω) an excursion or expedition against.

ἐπέκατο, Ion. for ἐπέκειντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπείκειμαι.

ἐπ-έκεινα, Adv., for ἐπ' ἐκείνα, on yonder side of, beyond; οἱ ἐπέκεινα Εὐφράτου those beyond the Euphrates; τὸ ἐπέκεινα Att. τοῦπέκεινα, the part beyond; τὰ ἐπέκεινα the parts beyond. 2. of Time, οἱ ἐπέκεινα χρόνοι the times beyond or before, earlier times.

ἐπέκεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.

ἐπέκελσα, aor. I of ἐπικέλλω.

ἐπέκερσα, aor. I of ἐπικεῖρω.

ἐπ-εκθέω, f. θεύσομαι, to rush out against.

ἐπέκλωσαν, ἐπέκλώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I act. and med. of ἐπικλώω.

ἐπ-εκπιόω, f. -πίομαι, to drink off after.

ἐπ-έκπλοος contr. -έκπλοος, ὁ, a sailing out against, an attack by sea.

ἐπ-εκτείνω, f. -τείνω, to stretch out, lengthen:—Pass. to extend beyond: also to reach out towards, grasp at. ἐπ-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμω (from obsol. δρέμω):—to rush out upon or against one, rush out to attack.

ἐπ-εκφέρω, f. -οίσω, to carry out far.
ἐπ-εκχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to advance next or after.
ἐπελάβετε, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπελαθόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.
ἐπελάσας, εως, ἦ, an attack, assault. From ἐπ-ελάσω: f. -ελάσω Att. -εἰω: aor. I -ἤλασα: pf. -εἰλάκα: Pass., pf. -εἰλάκαμι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐπελήλατο:—to drive upon: to lead on or against. 2. seemingly intr. (sub. στρατόν), to march against: also to sail against: to charge. II. to beat out thin upon, as a plate of metal on a shield.

ἐπέλειβον, impf. of ἐπιλείβω.
ἐπελείπειτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιλείπω.
ἐπελήκειον, impf. of ἐπιληκέω.
ἐπελήλατο, 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπελαύνω.
ἐπελήλυθα, pf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπέλησα, aor. 1 of ἐπιληθάνω.
ἐπέλειπον, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπ-ελίσσω, ἐπ-έλω, Ion. for ἐφελίσσω, ἐφέλω.
ἐπέλλαβε, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπιλαμβάνω.
ἐπ-ελπίζω, f. σω, to bring to hope, buoy up with hopes, cheat with false hopes. II. to hope, = ἐλπίζω.

ἐπ-έλπομαι Ep. ἐπι-έλπομαι, Dep. to have hopes of, to hope: generally, to expect.
ἐπεμάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπεμάσασατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπ-εμβάδων, Adv. step upon step, ascendingly.
ἐπ-εμβαίω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπενέβην, part. ἐπ-εμβάς:—to step or tread upon: to stand on, esp. in pf. ἐπεμβέβηκα Ep. -βέβαα, as, οὐδοῦ ἐπεμβεβάας; also c. dat., πύργους ἐπεμβάς. II. to trample upon, insult.

ἐπ-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put on or over. 2. to throw down upon. 3. to put in besides, insert. 4. to put forward. II. intr. to flow in besides, of rivers.

ἐπεμβάτης, ου, ὄ, (ἐπεμβαίνω) one mounted, a horseman.

ἐπεμβεβάως, Ep. pf. part. of ἐπεμβαίνω.
ἐπέμνω, aor. I of ἐπιμνέω.
ἐπ-εμηλησάμην, -εμηλήθην, aor. I med. and pass. of ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπεμνήατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιμαίνομαι.
ἐπέμνεα, aor. I of ἐπιμνήμι.
ἐπ-εμπηδάω, f. ἦσω or ἦσομαι, to leap upon, insult.
ἐπ-εμπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to fall in or upon, to attack; ἐπεμπίπτειν βάσιν τινί to advance one's foot towards a thing. 2. to fall to, to do to work.

ἐπ-ενάρϊζω, f. ξω, to slay one upon another.
ἐπενάχετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπνήχομαι.
ἐπ-ενδίδομι, f. -δώσω, to give over and above.
ἐπενδυτής, ου, ὄ, a tunic worn over another, an outer or over tunic. From

ἐπ-ενδύω, to put on over:—Pass. to have on over.
ἐπενεύκαι, Ion. for ἐπενέγκαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιφέρω.

ἐπενεμα, aor. I of ἐπνέμω.
ἐπενεуса, aor. I of ἐπνένω.
ἐπενήγεον, impf. of ἐπηνήγναι.
ἐπ-ενήνοθε, (ἐπί, ἐνήνοθε) 3 sing. pf., with no pres. ἐπενέλω in use:—there has grown upon, there is or was upon; used three times by Hom.:—ψεδῆ ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη thin downy hair grew thereon; οὐλη ἐπενήνοθε λάχνη a thick warm pile was on it: c. acc., οἶα θεοῦς ἐπενήνοθεν αἰὲν ἔόντας such as appertains to the gods.

ἐπένησα, aor. I of ἐπνέω (A).
ἐπ-ενθρώσκω, f. -ενθορούμαι: aor. 2 -ενέθορον, inf. -ενθορεῖν:—to leap upon; ἐπενθρώσκειν ἄνω to leap up into.

ἐπενών, Dor. aor. 2 part. of ἐπέρχομαι.
ἐπενυθίεις, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπεντεύω.
ἐπ-ενυθίω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], Ep. for ἐπεντεύω, to stretch upon, bind fast to.

ἐπ-εντεύω, f. -εντείνω, to stretch upon or over; part. aor. I pass. ἐπενυθίεις stretched upon his sword. II. intr. to press on: to gain ground, of a report.
ἐπ-εντέλλω, to command besides.

ἐπ-εντύω and -εντύω, to get ready, equip:—Med. to train oneself for a thing.
ἐπ-εξάγω, to lead out an army:—intr. to march out. Hence

ἐπεξάγωγῆ, ἦ, a drawing out against, lengthening.
ἐπ-εξεῖμι, inf. -εξεῖναι: impf. ἐπεξήειν:—to go out against an enemy. II. to proceed against, prosecute. III. to go over, traverse, go through: hence to detail. 2. ἐπεξεῖναι τιμωρίας μείζους to go through with, execute greater vengeance.

ἐπ-εξελάωμαι: f. -εξελάω Att. -εξεἰω: pf. -εξεἰλήλακα:—to drive on against:—intr. to ride on against.
ἐπεξελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεξέρχομαι.

ἐπ-εξεργάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. to effect besides or in addition: to consummate. 2. to slay over again.
ἐπ-εξέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep. with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξεἰλήλυθα:—to go out against an enemy. 2. to proceed against, prosecute. II. to go over, traverse. 2. to execute, accomplish. 3. to discuss, detail, investigate. III. to proceed to an extremity; ὧδ' ἐπεξέρχεσθαι θρασύς to reach a pitch of boldness.

ἐπ-εξετάσας, εως, ἦ, a review over again.
ἐπ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent besides.
ἐπ-εξῆς, Ion. for ἐφ-εξῆς.
ἐπ-εξιακάζω, (ἐπί, ἐξ, Ἰακχος) to shout in triumph over.

ἐπ-εξόδιος, ου, of a march or expedition: τὰ ἐπεξόδια (sub. ἱερά), sacrifices before the march of an army. From

ἐπ-εξόδος, ἦ, a march out against, expedition.
ἐπ-έοικε, 3 sing. pf. with no pres. ἐπέικω in use:—it is like, looks like, resembles. II. it is likely,

reasonable, fitting:—ἐπεικότα Att. for ἐπειοικότα, part. pf., *what is seemly, fit*.

ἐπέπεσον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπεπήγει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πήγνυμι.

ἐπέπιθμεν, for ἐπειπιθμεν, 1 pl. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπλω, 2 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπεποίθει, 3 sing. plqpf. of πείθω.

ἐπέπονθαι, 3 sing. plqpf. of πάσχω.

ἐπέπτᾶρον, aor. 2 of ἐπιπταίρω.

ἐπέπτᾶτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐπιπέταμαι.

ἐπέπυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πυνθάνομαι.

ἐπ-έπω, Ion. for ἐφέπω.

ἐπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἀσσομαι, Dep. to *work upon* land, *till, cultivate*. Hence

ἐπεργασία, ἡ, a *working* of another's land: *an encroachment*. II. *the right of mutual tillage* on each other's land.

ἐπ-ερεθίζω, f. ἰω, to *stimulate*.

ἐπ-ερείδω, f. -ερείσω, to *urge on with all one's force*; ἐπέρεισεν Ἴν' ἀπέλεθρον he *applied vast strength* to it:—Pass. to *lean on* or *bear heavily upon*.

ἐπ-ερέφω, f. ψω, to *cover with a roof*.

ἐπερήρεισμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπερείδω.

ἐπέρομαι Ion. -είρομαι: f. -ερήσομαι Ion. -ερήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπήρόμην, inf. ἐπερέσθαι:—to *ask, to consult, question*.

ἐπέριψα, aor. I of ἐπιρρίπτω.

ἐπερρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐπιρρώομαι.

ἐπερρώσθην, ἐπερρώσομαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐπιρρώωνμι.

ἐπέρωσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπερῶ.

ἐπ-ερύω, f. -ερύω [ῶ]: aor. I -ερύσα:—to *draw on, pull* to *bring* to a place:—Med. to *draw on* one's clothes.

ἐπ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλύθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to *go or come* to or *towards*: to *come upon*, esp. to *come suddenly* or *unexpectedly upon*. 2. in hostile sense, to *come or go against, attack*. 3. to *come forward* to speak. II.

to *come on, come about, return*; ἐπήλυθον αἶραι the seasons *came round* again. III. to *come in* after or *over* the head of another. IV. to *occur* to one, *come into* one's mind. V. to *go over* a space, *traverse, visit*. 2. to *go through* or *over*, *discuss, recount*. 3. to *go through, execute*.

ἐπ-ερωτάω Ion. ἐπερ-, fut. ἦσω, to *consult, inquire of, question, ask* about a thing:—Pass. to be *questioned, asked*. Hence

ἐπερώτημα Ion. ἐπερ-, atos, τό, a *question*: and

ἐπερώτησις Ion. ἐπερ-, ewς, ἡ, a *questioning*.

ἔπεσα, rare aor. I of πίπτω.

ἔπεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἔπεσβαίνω, = ἐπεισβαίνω.

ἐπεσβολία, ἡ, a *using words at random, hasty speech, unseemly language*. From

ἔπεσ-βόλος, ov, (ἔπος, βάλλω) *throwing words about*: *rasb-talking, scurrilous*.

ἐπ-εσθίω, f. ἐπέδομαι, to *eat after* or *in addition* to.

ἐπεσκεψάμην, aor. I of ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπεσκίασμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισκιάζω.

ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἔπεσπον, aor. 2 of ἐφέπω.

ἔπεσσεται, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἔπεσσευεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐπισεύω.

ἔπεσσεύοντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of ἐπισεύω.

ἔπεσσύμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισύω, part. ἐπεσσύμενος.

ἔπεσσύτο, poet. for ἐπέσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. syncop. plqpf. pass. of ἐπισύω, in sense of aor. 2.

ἔπεστάλθην, ἔπεστάλην [ᾶ], aor. I and aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἔπεσταλο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιστέλλω.

ἔπεστράφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιστρέφω.

ἔπεστρώς, Ion. pf. part. of ἐπίστρημι.

ἔπεστην, aor. 2 of ἐφίστημι.

ἔπεσφέρω, Ion. for ἐπισσφέρω.

ἐπ-εσχαίριος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐσχαρά) *on the hearth*.

ἐπ-εσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἐπέχω.

ἐπ-έσχον, -εσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπέσθων, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐπέταξα, ἐπετάχθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπ-έτειος, ov, and ἐπ-έτειος, ov, (ἐπί, ἔτος) *annual, yearly, every year*: *changeable as the seasons*. 2. *annual, lasting for a year*.

ἐπετετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπετηδεύσα, aor. I of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπέτης, ov, ὁ, (ἔπομαι) *a follower, attendant*.

ἐπ-ετήσιος, ov, = ἐπέτειος, *from year to year, lasting the whole year*.

ἔπετον, Aeol. for ἔπεσον, aor. 2 of πίπτω.

ἔπέτοσσε, a Dor. aor. I without any pres. in use, = ἐπέτυχε, *fell in* or *met with*; part. ἐπιτόσσιος = ἐπιτυχῶν, *having met with*. (Origin uncertain.)

ἔπετράπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιτρέπω:—ἐπετράπομην, ἔπετράπον, aor. 2 med. and act.

ἔπετράφθην, Ion. aor. I pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπέτύχον, aor. 2 of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἔπευ, Ion. for ἔπου, imperat. of ἔπομαι.

ἐπ-ευθύω, to *guide straight, direct*.

ἐπ-ευρίσκω, Ion. for ἐφ-ευρίσκω.

ἐπ-ευφήμέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -ευφήμησα:—to *shout* assent. II. c. acc. to *accompany* in singing: to *sing in praise* of.

ἐπ-εύχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to *pray* to, *make a vow*: to *pray* or *vow* that: in bad sense, to *pray* a curse, *imprecate upon*. II. to *exult* or *triumph* over.

ἔπέφαντο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φαίνω.

ἔπεφον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of *φένω.

ἔπεφόρβει, 3 sing. plqpf. of φέρβω.

ἔπεφόραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω.

ἔπεφράσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἔπεφρακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φράσσω.

ἔπεφύκον, Ep. for ἐπεφύκεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of φύω.

ἔπεφύσητο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of φυσάω.

ἔπεχευάμην, aor. I med. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπέχθην, aor. I pass. of πέκω.

ἐπέχυντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπ-έχω: fut. ἐφ-έξω: aor. 2 ἐπ-έσχον, inf. ἐπισχεῖν, poet. ἐπέσχεθον:—to have or hold upon or to, see ἐπόχωτο:—to hold, keep:—Pass. and Med. to keep hold of.

II. to hold out, present, offer. III. hold towards, to keep aiming at; τόξον σκοπῶ ἐπέχων to aim the bow at the mark; τί μοι ᾧδ' ἐπέχεις; why thus launch out against me? c. acc., ἐπέχων τοὺς Τεγεγίτας to front them, face them. 2. ἐπέχω (sc. τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς, τὸν νοῦν) to turn one's eyes or mind to, to intend, purpose: to attend to, be intent upon.

IV. to keep in, hold back, check: to stop or hinder from. 2. intrans. (sub. ἐαυτόν) to stay, stop, wait, pause, and then to leave off doing: c. gen. rei, to cease from.

V. to reach or extend over a space:—Pass. to be stretched, stretch oneself out, lie at length. VI. to have power over, command: of a wind, to prevail, continue.

ἐπ-ἠβάω, Ion. for ἐφ-ἠβάω.

ἐπ-ἠβολος, ον, (ἐπί, βάλλω, with η inserted) having won or gained a thing, Lat. *compos*: in bad sense, νόσον ἐπῆβολοι possessed by a disease. II. fitting or belonging to.

ἐπῆγαγον, aor. 2 of ἐπάγω.

ἐπῆγγελα, ἐπῆγγελα, aor. I and pf. of ἐπαγγέλλω.

ἐπηγέρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπεγείρω.

ἐπηγκενίδες, αἱ, the long planks nailed along the upright ribs (σταμίνας) of the ship: v. sub ἕκρια.

ἐπ-ηγορεύω or -έω, to say against, object to one.

ἐπῆεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί sum).

ἐπ-ηετᾶνός, ὄν, and ἡ, ὄν, = ἐπέτειος, but always used in a general sense, sufficient, abundant, plentiful; ἐπεταναὶ τρίχες thick, full fleeces.

ἐπήϊεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί ibo), be went after, followed upon: ἐπήϊσαν 3 plur.

ἐπήϊσα, aor. I of ἐπαῖω.

ἐπήϊσον, impf. of ἐπαῖσω.

ἐπῆκαν, Ion. for ἐφ-, 3 pl. aor. I of ἐφήμη.

ἐπήκοος Dor. ἐπάκοος, ον, (ἐπακούω) listening or giving ear to: within hearing.

ἐπήκρισα, aor. I of ἐπακρίω.

ἐπηκρόωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπακροάομαι.

ἐπηλα, aor. I of πάλλω.

ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπ-ηλύγάζω, (ἐπί, ἡλύγη) to overshadow: Med., φόβον ἐπῆλυγάζεσθαι to throw a shade over one's own fear, disguise or conceal it.

ἐπῆλυθον, Ep. for ἐπήλθον, aor. 2 of ἐπέρχομαι.

ἐπῆλυξ, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπηλυγάζω) overshadowing; τῆν πέτραν ἐπῆλυγα λαβεῖν to take the rock as a shelter.

ἐπῆλυξ, ὄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἐπήλυθον) one who comes to a place: an incomer, stranger, foreigner.

ἐπ-ηλύσια Ion. -λή, ἡ, (ἐπήλυθον) a coming over: a bewitching.

ἐπ-ἠλύσις, εως, ἡ, an approach, assault.

ἐπ-ἠλύτης, ου, ὁ, = ἐπηλυξ. [ῥ]

ἐπιμαγευμένους, pf. part. pass. of ἐπαμαξεύω.

ἐπιμοιβός, ὄν, (ἐπαμβίβω) in turn, alternate; χιτῶνες ἐπιμοιβοί changes of raiment.

ἐπ-ἠμύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to bend or bow down. ἐπῆν Ion. ἐπεάν late Att. ἐπᾶν, Conjunct. (ἐπεῖ, ἄν) whenever, Lat. *quandocumque*.

ἐπ-ἠνέμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἄνεμος) windy. 2. vain.

ἐπῆνηεν, Ep. impf. of ἐπανέω.

ἐπῆνησα Ep. ἐπῆνησα, aor. I of ἐπανέω.

ἐπῆνθει, 3 sing. impf. of ἐπᾶθεάω.

ἐπῆνωρθον, impf. with double augm. of ἐπανορθίω: so, ἐπῆνωρθωσα, -ώθην, aor. I act. and pass.; ἐπῆνωρθομαι, pf. pass.

ἐπηξα, aor. I of πήγνυμι.

ἐπηξίωσα, aor. I of ἐπαξίω.

ἐπ-ῆπόνος, ον, (ἐπί, ῥήν) on the beach or shore.

ἐπηπέλιπσα, aor. I of ἐπαπέλειψω.

ἐπ-ῆπύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to shout to, cheer on.

ἐπ-ῆρατός, ον, (ἐπί, ἐράω) lovely, pleasant.

ἐπηρεάω, f. σω, (ἐπῆρεια) to threaten abusively: to deal disrespectfully with, oppose wantonly: absol. to be insolent.

ἐπῆρεια, ἡ, wanton insult, contumely.

ἐπ-ῆρήμες, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί, ἥρεμος) to rest after.

ἐπ-ῆρετμος, ον, (ἐπί, ἐρετμός) at the oar, rowing. 2. equipped with oars.

ἐπ-ῆρεφής, ἐς, (ἐπί, ἐρέφω) covering, shading. II. pass. covered, sheltered.

ἐπῆρθην, aor. I pass. of ἐπαίρω.

ἐπηρκεσα, aor. I of ἐπαρκέω.

ἐπήρσα, aor. I of ἐπαρράσκω.

ἐπῆσαν, Ep. for ἐπήϊσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ἔπειμι (εἰμί ibo).

ἐπησθεῖν, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐφήδομαι.

ἐπήσθιον, impf. of ἐπεσθίω.

ἐπησθόμηαι, aor. 2 of ἐπαίσθνομαι.

ἐπισοικημαι, pf. pass. of ἐπασκεύω.

ἐπητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἔπος) affable, kind, gentle.

ἐπητιάσω, 2 sing. aor. I of ἐπατιάομαι.

ἐπ-ῆτρίμιος, ον, (ἐπί, ἤτριον) woven on or to: hence close, dense, thronged.

ἐπητύς, ὕος, ἡ, (ἐπητής) a ready address: generally, courtesy, kindness.

ἐπητύρον, ἐπητυρόμηαι, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἐπαυρίσκομαι.

ἐπηύχησα, aor. I of ἐπαυχέω.

ἐπήφύσα, aor. I of ἐπαφύσω.

ἐπ-ῆχέω, f. ἡσω, to resound, to reëcho: to accompany in shouting.

ἐπί, PREP. WITH GEN., DAT., AND ACC. Radic. sense, upon: A. WITH GEN., I. of rest at a place, ὄν, upon, at, by, near. 2. with the person. Pron.; ἐφ' ἑμῶν by yourselves, alone; ἐφ' ἑαυτοῦ, ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν by himself, by themselves; τὸ ἐφ' ἑαυτῶν their own interest only. 3. with Cardinal Numbers; ἐπὶ τριῶν, τεττάρων etc., by three or four, three deep or in file; ἐπὶ κέρως in single file. 4. before, in presence of, Lat. *coram*. 5. over, of any one set over a special business; οἱ ἐπὶ τῶν πραγμάτων those set over the business. 6. motion towards a point; πλεῖν ἐπὶ Χίου to sail for Chios; ἀπελαίνεω ἐπ' οἴκου

to go home-wards. II. of Time, in or in the course of; ἐπ' εἰρήνης in time of peace.

III. of the Grounds on which a thing happens; ἐπὶ μαρτυρίας on evidence; εἰπὲν ἐπ' ὄρκου to speak on oath; ἐπ' ὅτε on what ground.

B. WITH DAT., I. of Place; ἐπὶ χώρα on the spot: esp. where hostility is implied, opposite or against.

II. of the Time in, on or at which a thing happens; ἐπὶ νυκτὶ in the night; ἐπ' ἡματι τῷδε on this very day. 2. upon or after an event.

III. in addition, over and above, one on another.

IV. for an object or purpose, with a view to; ἐπὶ δόρπῳ for supper; ἐπὶ κακῷ ἀνθρώπῳ for mischief to man.

V. of the Ground of doing a thing; γελᾶν ἐπὶ τινι to laugh at one; μέγα φρονεῖν ἐπὶ τινι to be proud at or of a thing.

VI. of any condition upon which a thing happens; ἐπὶ τούτῳ, ἐφ' ὅτε on condition, that . . ; more briefly, ἐφ' ᾧ or ἐφ' ᾧτε; ἐπ' οὐδενί on no condition; ἐπὶ πᾶσι δίκαιοις with strict justice; ἐπ' ἴσοις on reasonable terms.

C. WITH ACCUS., I. of Place; extending over; ἐπ' ἐννέα κείτο πέλεθρα over nine acres he lay; κλέος πάντας ἐπ' ἀνθρώπων glory spread among all men. 2. motion towards or to a place; πλεῖν ἐπ' Αἴγυπτον: in hostile sense, upon, against:—metaph., ἐπ' ἔργα, ἐπ' ἰθὺν to labour, to an enterprise: esp. to gain or get something, for, after, in quest of; στέλλειν ἐπ' ἀγγελίην to send for tidings: rarely of persons, ἐπ' Ὀδυσσοῦ ἦγε:—hence also to denote a purpose, ἐπὶ τί; for what? wherefore? 3. with Cardinal Numbers, ἐπ' ἀσπίδας πέντε καὶ εἰκοσιν eight-and-twenty deep or in file: with numbers, up to a certain number, nearly, about.

II. of Time, for or during a certain time; ἐπὶ χρόνον for a time. 2. up to or till a certain time; ἐπ' ἡῶ till morning.

III. more generally, ἐπὶ στάθμῃ by the line or rule; τὸ ἐπ' ἐμέ for me, as far as concerns me.

Ἐπί may follow its case, and then it is written ἐπι.

IN COMPOS. ἐπί denotes rest at a place, as in ἐπι-εἰμι (εἰμί sum), ἐπι-βατεύω; or motion, esp. in a hostile sense, as in ἐπι-χειρέω, ἐπι-στρατεύω.

II. of Time, after, as in ἐπι-βιῶ, ἐπι-βλαστᾶν.

III. addition, accompaniment, as in ἐπι-κρητος, ἐπι-αυλέω.

IV. a reciprocal action, as in ἐπι-εργασία, ἐπι-γαμία intermarriage.

V. with Numerals, an integer and so much more, ἐπί-τριτος, one and a third, = $\frac{4}{3}$.

VI. to strengthen the Compar., as in ἐπι-μᾶλλον, ἐπι-πλέον, etc.

Ἐπι, for ἔπεισι, it is there, ready, at hand.

ἐπι-τάλλω, f. -τάλω: aor. -τήλα:—to send upon, lay upon: to bring to pass.

ἐπιάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ἐφάλλομαι.

ἐπι-ανδάνω, poet. for ἐφάνδ-, to please, gratify.

ἐπι-ταῖω, to sleep among.

ἐπι-ιάχω [ᾶ], to shout to, cheer: to shout aloud.

ἐπιβά, for ἐπιβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βάθρα, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a ladder or steps to ascend by: a scaling-ladder: a gangway.

ἐπιβαθρον, τό, (ἐπιβαίνω) a roosting-place, perch. II. (ἐπιβατής) a passenger's fare, Lat. nauium.

ἐπι-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα: aor. 2 ἐπέβην: aor. 1 med. ἐπέβησάμην (Ion. 3 sing. ἐπέβηστρο, imperat. ἐπιβήσοε): I. c. gen. to set foot on, tread or walk upon, to be or lie upon. 2. to get upon, mount: to arrive at, come to a place: metaph. to arrive at, reach unto; ἐπιβαίνειν εὐσεβίας to take one's stand on piety.

II. c. dat. to mount upon, get on board of:—also, to set upon, attack, assault.

III. c. acc. to light upon, Περιῆν ἐπιβαίνειν, of gods descending upon it: simply, to go to. 2. to attack, like ἐπέρχομαι. 3. ἐπιβαίνειν ἐπὶ ἵππων to mount a horse.

IV. absol. to step forward or on, advance:—to get a footing.

B. Causal in act. fut. ἐπιβήσω, aor. I ἐπέβησα, to set one upon, make him mount: metaph. to bring to, make one arrive at. Cf. ἐπιβιβάζω.

ἐπι-βάλλω, fut. -βῆλω: aor. 2 -έβαλον: I. to throw or cast upon: to put on: affix. 2. to lay on, apply: to lay on, impose, as a tax or fine. 3. to add: to add to, increase.

II. intrans., ἐπιβάλλειν τινί (sub. εαυτόν), to throw oneself upon, go straight towards. 2. to fall upon: to attack. 3. (sub. νοῦν), to give one's attention to, think on, apply one's mind to; aor. 2 part. ἐπιβαλόν, absol., when be thought on it. 4. to fall to one, come to one's share: τὸ ἐπιβάλλον [sc. μέρος] one's proper portion; also impers. it falls to one to do a thing.

III. Med. to seize upon a thing, grasp at it. 2. to put upon oneself, put on: metaph. to take upon oneself, incur.

IV. Pass. to be placed upon; τοῦτοι ἐπιβεβλημένοι having their arrows on the string.

ἐπι-βαρέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπί, βαρύς) to weigh heavily on. ἐπιβάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιβαίνω) a stepping upon or upwards. 2. metaph. a step or approach towards a thing; εἰς τινα ποιείσθαι ἐπίβασιν to make means of attacking one.

ἐπι-βάσκω, poet. Causal of ἐπι-βαίνω, κακῶν ἐπιβασκόμεν υἴας Ἀχαιῶν to lead them into misery.

ἐπι-βαστᾶν, f. σω, to bear or weigh in the hand.

ἐπι-βατεύω, f. σω, to take one's stand upon, to lay claim to, usurp. II. to be an ἐπιβατής, passenger or soldier. From

ἐπι-βάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (ἐπιβαίνω) one who mounts or embarks; οἱ ἐπιβάται the soldiers on board a ship, the fighting men, as opp. to the rowers and seamen: a passenger. 2. the warrior in a chariot.

ἐπι-βατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπιβαίνω) that can be climbed, accessible.

ἐπίβδᾶ, as, ἡ, the day after the festival, Lat. nepotia:—proverb., ἔρπειν πρὸς τραχείαν ἐπίβδαν to come to a hard reckoning, on the day after the feast. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐπιβέβηκα, pf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβείομεν, Ep. I pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπιβήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβαίνω.

ἐπι-βήσοο, Ep. imperat. aor. I med. of ἐπιβαίω.
 ἐπι-βήσεται, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἐπι-
 βαίω.
 ἐπι-βήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, (ἐπιβαίω) *one who mounts*. II.
 of male animals, e. g. a boar.
 ἐπι-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ἐπι-
 βαίω, *to put one upon*.
 ἐπι-βίω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέβιον:—*to survive*.
 ἐπι-βλέπω, fut. ψομαι, later ψω, *to look upon, look to, regard*. 2. *to eye with envy, Lat. invidere*.
 ἐπιβλήμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβάλλω) *that which is thrown on or over: a cover: a patch*.
 ἐπιβλήτης, ἦτος, ὄ, (ἐπιβάλλω) *a bolt or bar fixed in or on a door*.
 ἐπι-βλώσκω, f. -μολούμαι: aor. 2 ἐπέμολον:—*to come upon, befall*.
 ἐπι-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι Ion. -βώσομαι:—*to call upon or to, cry out to*. 2. *to utter or sing aloud*. 3. *to cry out against*. 4. *to call upon, invoke; call to aid*:—so also in Med.
 ἐπιβοήθεια, ἡ, *a helping, coming to aid, succour*.
 From
 ἐπι-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, *to come to aid, succour*.
 ἐπιβόημα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβοάω) *a call to one*.
 ἐπιβόητος Ion. -βωτος, ον, (ἐπιβοάω) *cried out against, ill spoken of*.
 ἐπιβολή, ἡ, (ἐπιβάλλω) *a throwing or putting on; a infliction, penalty*. II. *an attempt, enterprise: a hostile attempt*.
 ἐπι-βομβέω, f. ἦσω, *to roar in answer*.
 ἐπι-βόσκω, f. -βοσκήσω, *to feed cattle upon*:—Med. of cattle, *to graze or feed upon*.
 ἐπι-βουκόλος, ὄ, *an over-cowberd, herdsman*.
 ἐπιβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιβουλεύω) *a plan against, a plot, attempt, scheme*.
 ἐπιβουλευτής, οὔ, ὄ, *one who plots against, a plotter*.
 From
 ἐπι-βουλεύω, f. σω, *to plan or contrive against one; ἐπιβουλεῖν θάνατόν τινι, c. dat. rei, to lay plots for, to aim at*:—Pass. *to have snares laid for one*. Hence ἐπιβουλή, ἡ, *a plan against another, a plot; ἐξ ἐπιβουλήs by treachery*.
 ἐπι-βουλία, ἡ, ἐπιβουλή.
 ἐπι-βουλος, ον, (ἐπί, βουλή) *plotting against, treacherous*.
 ἐπι-βραδύνα, f. ἦνω, *to loiter at a place*.
 ἐπι-βραχύ, Adv. for ἐπὶ βραχύ, *for a short while*.
 ἐπι-βρέμω, *to make to roar*:—Med. *to roar*. II. *intr. to roar or cry out to*.
 ἐπι-βριθής, ἐς, *burdensome, grievous*. From
 ἐπι-βρίθω, f. ἴσω [Ὶ], *to be heavy upon, weigh down*. II. *metaph. to press heavily*.
 ἐπιβρίσειαν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπιβρίθω.
 ἐπι-βρόντητος, ον, = ἐμ-βρόντητος, *thunderstricken*.
 ἐπι-βρύω, f. ὕσω [Ὶ], *to burst forth, as water: of flowers, to sprout, burst forth*.
 ἐπι-βύω, f. ὕσω [Ὶ], *to stop, caulk tight*.

ἐπι-βωθέω, Ion. for ἐπι-βοηθέω.
 ἐπι-βωμο-στάτέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, βωμός, στήναι) *to stand suppliant at the altar*.
 ἐπι-βώμοι, ον, (ἐπί, βωμός) *on or at the altar*.
 ἐπιβώσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπιβοάω.
 ἐπι-βωστρέω, Ion. and Dor. for ἐπιβοάω, *to shout to, call upon, clamour for*.
 ἐπί-βωτος, Ion. for ἐπιβόητος.
 ἐπι-βώτωρ, ορος, ὄ, *an over-shepherd, shepherd*.
 ἐπί-γαίος, ον, (ἐπί, γαῖα, = γῆ) *upon the earth; τὰ ἐπίγαια the parts on or near the ground*.
 ἐπι-γαμβρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, γαμβρός) *to marry a widow as her husband's next of kin*.
 ἐπι-γαμέω, f. -γαμέσω Att. -γαμῶ:—*to marry besides; ἐπιγαμεῖν τέκνους μητριῶν to marry and set a stepmother over one's own children*. Hence
 ἐπι-γαμία, ἡ, *an additional marriage*. II. *intermarriage, right of intermarriage, between states*.
 ἐπι-γάμος, ον, (ἐπί, γάμος) *marriageable*.
 ἐπι-γαυρόμαι, Pass. *to exult in*.
 ἐπι-γδοπέω, Ep. for ἐπι-δοπέω.
 ἐπιγέγραμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιγράφω.
 ἐπί-γειος, ον, (ἐπί, γέα = γῆ) *on or of the earth*.
 ἐπι-γελᾶω, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ], *to laugh to or with, to laugh in approval, to smile upon: absol. to laugh*.
 ἐπι-γεραίρω, *to give honour to*.
 ἐπι-γεύομαι, Med. *to taste of*.
 ἐπι-γηθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐπιγέγηθα:—*to rejoice or triumph over: to exult in*.
 ἐπι-γίγνομαι, fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην: pf. -γέγονα or in pass. form -γεγένημαι:—*to be born after; ἔαρος ἐπιγίγνεται ὥρη the season of spring comes next; as ἐπιγινόμενοι posterity; χρόνον ἐπιγινόμενον οὐδ ἡμεω was going on*. 2. *to come upon, fall upon: in good sense, to follow, ensue upon: also to fall upon, attack*. 3. *to happen after, come to pass*.
 ἐπι-γινώσκω, fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 -έγνω: pf. -έγνωκα:—*to look upon, observe*. II. *to recognise: hence to find out, discover: to become conscious of, come to a sense of*. III. *to come to a judgment, decide*.
 ἐπι-γίνομαι, ἐπι-γινώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. for ἐπιγίγν-
 ἐπι-γλωσσάομαι Att. -τάομαι: fut. ἦσομαι: Dep.: (ἐπί, γλώσσα):—*to vent reproaches against, to upbraid*.
 ἐπι-γνομπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *curved, twisted*. From
 ἐπι-γνάμπτω, f. ψω, *to curve, bend*. II. *metaph. to bow or bend another to one's purpose*.
 ἐπιγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπιγνώω, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιγινώσκω.
 ἐπι-γνώμων, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (ἐπί, γνώμη) *deciding upon: as Subst. an arbiter, judge*. II. *pardoning*.
 ἐπι-γνωρίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to make known, announce, signify*.
 ἐπίγνωσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιγινώσκω) *full knowledge*.
 ἐπιγνώωσι, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιγινώσκω.

ἐπίγονος, *ov*, (ἐπιγενέσθαι) *born after*: generally, *offspring, posterity*:—οἱ Ἐπίγονοι, *the Afterborn*, sons of the chiefs who fell in the first war against Thebes.

ἐπιγουνίδιος, *ov, on*, *set upon the knee*. From ἐπι-γουνίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (ἐπί, γούνατος, *Ion. gen. of γόνυ*) *the region above the knee, the thigh*.

ἐπιγράβδην, *Adv.* (ἐπιγράφω) *scratching the surface, grazing*.

ἐπιγράμμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*, as of the name of the maker on a work of art, or of the dedicator on an offering. 2. *an epigram*, a poem of a few lines, mostly in Elegiacs.

ἐπιγραφέυς, *έως, ὁ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscriber*: esp. at Athens a *clerk who registered property*, etc.

ἐπιγραφή, *ἡ*, (ἐπιγράφω) *an inscription*. II. at Athens, a *registration of property*.

ἐπιγράφω, *f. ψω*; *pf.* —γέγραφα, *pass.* —γέγραμμαι:—*to mark the surface, graze*; ἐπιγράψαι κλήρον *to put a mark on a lot*. II. later, *to write upon, inscribe*:—*Pass.*, of the inscription, *to be inscribed upon*.

III. *to enter in a public list or register*: esp. at Athens, *to register the citizens' property*: ἐπιγράφεω τίμημα *to lay the damages at so much*:—*Med.* *to register oneself*: but, προστάτην ἐπιγράφασθαι *to enter the name of a patron in the public register*, as all μέτοικοι at Athens were obliged to do.

ἐπί-γρῦπος, *ov*, *somewhat booked*: *somewhat book-nosed*.

ἐπι-δαίωμα, *Dep.* (ἐπί, δαίω B) *to distribute, offer*.

ἐπι-δαίσιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δαίω B) *assigned, allotted*.

ἐπι-δακρύω, *f. ὕσω [ῥ]*, *to weep over or for*.

ἐπί-δᾶμος, *ov*, *Dor.* for ἐπί-δημος.

ἐπι-δαφιλεύομαι, *f. σομαι, Dep.* *to lavish upon a person, give freely*.

ἐπιδέδραμα, *pf. 2 of ἐπιτρέχω*.

ἐπιδείης, *ές*, (ἐπιδέομαι) *in want of*: *deficient*: *Att.* *neut. pl.*, ἐπιδεᾶ.

ἐπιδειγμα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *a specimen*: a *pattern, example, lesson*.

ἐπι-δέλεος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέλη) *at, towards evening*; ἐπιδέελα, *neut. pl. as Adv.*, *towards evening*.

ἐπι-δείκνυμι and —ύω, *f. -δείξω*: *aor. I* —έδειξα *Ion. -έδεξα*:—*to exhibit as a specimen or pattern*: *to shew forth, display, parade*:—*Med.* *to display oneself, shew oneself off*. 2. *to shew, point out*:—*to shew, prove, demonstrate*. Hence

ἐπιδεικτικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, *fit for display*; ἐπιδεικτικοὶ λόγοι *speeches for display, set orations*, such as were frequent among the Athenian rhetoricians.

ἐπιδείν, *aor. 2 inf. of ἐπειδον*.

ἐπιδείξις, *aor. I inf. of ἐπιδείκνυμι*.

ἐπιδείξις *Ion.* ἐπίδειξις, *έως, ἡ*, (ἐπιδείκνυμι) *an exhibition, display*; ἐς ἐπίδειξιν τινος ἀπικέσθαι *to come within one's view, to his knowledge*. 2. a *pattern, example, Lat. specimen*.

ἐπι-δειπνέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπιδειπνον) *to eat after dinner*.

II. *to eat as a second course, eat as a dainty*.

ἐπι-δείπνιμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δείπνον) *at or after dinner*. ἐπί-δειπνον, *τό*, *an after-meal, second course or dessert*.

ἐπι-δέκατος, *η, ov*, *one and one-tenth*, $1 + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{11}{10}$. II. *one in ten, a tenth, tithe*.

ἐπι-δέμμιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δέμμιος) *in or on the bed*.

ἐπι-δέξιος, *ov*, *from left to right, towards the right*, used chiefly in *neut. pl.* ἐπίδεξις *as Adv.*, which therefore also means *auspiciously*. 2. = δεξιός, *on the right hand*; τὰμδεξιά *the right side*. II. of persons, *dexterous, skilful*.

ἐπί-δέξις, *Ion.* for ἐπίδειξις.

ἐπι-δέρκομαι, *Dep.* *to look upon, behold*.

ἐπι-δεσμεύω, *f. σω*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *to bind up*.

ἐπι-δεσμός, *ὁ*, (ἐπί, δεσμός) *a band, bandage*.

ἐπιδεσμο-χάρης, *ές*, (ἐπιδεσμος, χάρω) *bandage-loving, epith. of gout*.

ἐπι-δεσπόζω, *f. ὄσω*, *to be lord over*.

ἐπι-δευής, *ές*, *poët.* and *Ion.* for ἐπιδείης, *in need or want of, lacking*. II. *lacking, failing* in a thing, *c. gen.*, βίης ἐπιδευέες *failing in strength*: also a *compar.* in sense, βίης ἐπιδευέες Ὀδυσῆος *inferior to Ulysses in strength*: *absol.*, πολλὸν δ' ἐπιδευέες ἦμεν *far too weak were we*. From

ἐπι-δεύομαι, *poët.* for ἐπιδέομαι (ἐπιδέω B) *to be in want of, to lack*: *to need the help of*. II. *to be lacking in a thing, fail in it*.

ἐπι-δεύω, *f. σω*, *to moisten on the surface*.

ἐπι-δέχομαι, *f. ξομαι, Dep.* *to admit besides or in addition*.

ἐπι-δέω (A), *f. -δήσω*, *to bind or fasten on*. II. *to bind up, bandage*.

ἐπι-δέω (B), *f. -δήσω*, *to want or lack so much of a number*:—*impers.* ἐπιδεῖ, *there is need of besides*:—*Med.* *to be in want of*, cf. ἐπιδύομαι.

ἐπί-δηλος, *ov*, *quite evident, manifest*: *open*. 2. *distinguished*. II. *like, resembling*.

ἐπι-δημέω, *f. σω*, *to live among the people*. From ἐπιδημέω, *f. ἡσω*, (ἐπιδημος) *to be at home, live at home*: *to sojourn among people, stay at a place*. II. *to come home, from foreign travel*. Hence

ἐπιδημία, *ἡ*, *a staying at home, stay at a place*.

ἐπι-δημιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, δημιος) *among the people*: *dwelling at home*; πόλεμος ἐπιδήμιος *civil war*; ἐπιδήμιοι ἔμποροι *native merchants*. II. *sojourning at a place*.

ἐπι-δημιουργοί, *ων, οἱ*, *magistrates sent annually by Doric states to their colonies*.

ἐπί-δημιος, *ov*, = ἐπιδήμιος, *of the people, popular*.

ἐπι-διαβαίνω, *fut.* —βήσομαι, *to cross over besides or after another*.

ἐπι-διαγιγνώσκω *Ion.* —γινώσκω *fut.* —γνώσομαι:—*to debate or decide afresh*.

ἐπι-διαρέω, *f. ἡσω*, *to divide over again*:—*Med.* of several, *to distribute among themselves*.

ἐπι-διαπλέω, *f. -πλεύσομαι*, *to sail across besides*.

ἐπι-διαρρήγνυμι, *f. -ρήξω*, *to tear asunder after*:—*Pass.* *to burst in consequence of a thing*.

ἐπι-διατάσσομαι, Med. to ordain or command besides.

ἐπι-διαφέρομαι, Pass. to go across after.

ἐπι-διδάσκω, f. ζω, to teach besides.

ἐπι-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω, to give besides, give freely: to give with, give in dowry.

II. ἐπιδιδόναυ εαυτὸν τινι to give oneself up or devote oneself to a thing.

III. intr. to increase, advance: also to improve, prosper.

IV. Med., θεοὺς ἐπιδώμεθα let us give or take the gods as witnesses; cf. περιδίδωμι II.

ἐπι-δίξημι, Dep. to seek or ask further: to seek for or demand besides.

ἐπι-δικάζω, f. σω, to adjudge to one:—Med. of the claimant, to sue for a thing at law, lay claim to. Hence

ἐπι-δικάσιμος, disputed at law: generally, much contested.

ἐπι-δίνω, f. ήσω, to whirl or swing round, of one in act to throw:—Med. to turn over in one's mind, revolve:—Pass. to wheel about, as birds in the air; ἐπιδινηθέντε, aor. I part. dual.

ἐπι-διορθῶ, f. ὠσω, to correct or set in order afterwards.

ἐπι-διπλοῖζω or -οῖζω, (ἐπί, διπλός) to redouble.

ἐπι-διφρίαι, ἄδος, ή, (ἐπί, δίφρος) the rail in front of the chariot-board (δίφρος), the chariot-rail.

ἐπι-δίφριος, ov, (ἐπί, δίφρος) sitting on the car.

ἐπί-δίχα, Adv. for ἐπί δίχα.

ἐπι-δίωκω, f. ζω, to pursue after: follow up:—as legal term, to prosecute again.

ἐπι-δοκέω, f. -δοκῆσω and -δόξω, to expect.

ἐπι-ιδόντες, aor. 2 pl. nom. part. of ἐπεῖδον; but ἐπι-δόντες, of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπί-δοξος, ov, (ἐπί, δόξα) likely or expected to do a thing; ἐπίδοξος γενέσθαι likely to prove so: of things, likely, probable.

II. well-known, illustrious.

ἐπι-δόρπιος, ov, (ἐπί, δόρπον) for or of the banquet.

ἐπίδοσις, εως, ή, (ἐπιδίδωμι) a giving over and above: a voluntary contribution to the state.

II. increase, growth, progress.

ἐπιδοῦναι, ἐπιδούς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to make a noise or clashing.

ἐπιδοχή, ή, (ἐπιδέχομαι) reception of something new.

ἐπιδραμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτρέχω; ἐπιδραμέτην, 3 dual indic.

ἐπιδρομή, ή, (ἐπιδραμεῖν) a running over.

II. a sudden inroad, raid, or attack.

III. a place for ships to run to, a landing-place.

ἐπί-δρομος, ov, that may be run over or upon; τεύχος ἐπίδρομον a wall that may be scaled.

ἐπι-δύω and -δύνω, f. ὕσω, to go down or set upon.

ἐπι-δώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπι-ιδών, part. of ἐπεῖδον.

ἐπιδώσω, fut. of ἐπιδίδωμι.

ἐπιείκεια, ή, (ἐπιεικής) likelihood, reasonableness.

II. fairness, clemency: also natural mild-

ness.

2. equity, the spirit as opposed to the letter of the law.

ἐπι-εἶκελος, ov, = εἶκελος, like.

ἐπι-εικής, ές, (ἐπί, εἶκός) fitting, meet, suitable; ὡς ἐπιεικές as is meet; ὄν κ' ἐπιεικές ἀκούειν whatever [word] is meet for you to hear.

II. in Att. fair, reasonable: also plausible: of persons, fair, kind, moderate.

2. opp. to δίκαιος, not insisting on strict justice, equitable.

ἐπι-εικτός, ή, ὄν, (ἐπί, εἶκω) yielding; οὐκ ἐπιεικτός that will never yield, unyielding; πένθος οὐκ ἐπιεικτόν unceasing woe.

ἐπιεικώς Ion. εως, Adv. of ἐπιεικής, fairly, tolerably, moderately.

2. probably, reasonably.

ἐπιειμένος, η, ov, Ion. for ἐφειμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπιεισάμενος, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

ἐπιείσομαι, Ion. fut. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

ἐπι-έλλομαι, poet. for ἐπέλλομαι. Hence

ἐπί-έλωτος, ov, to be hoped or expected.

ἐπι-έννυμι, Ion. for ἐφ-έννυμι: aor. I ἐπί-εσα Ep. ἐπί-εσσα: pf. pass. ἐπί-εσμαι or ἐπί-εμαι:—to put on besides or over:—Pass., Ion. pf. part. ἐπιειμένος ἀλκῆν, ἀναιδίην clad in strength, shamelessness; χαλκὸν ἐπίεσται (3 sing. pf.) it was covered in brass, had brass upon it:—Med. to put on oneself besides: generally, to cover or shroud oneself in.

ἐπιέσσαμεν, I pl. aor. I of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπίεσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐπι-εζάω, = ἐπιβαρέω.

ἐπι-ζάφελος, ov, (ἐπί, *ζάφελος from ζα- intens.) vehement, violent:—Adv. ἐπιζαφελῶς (as if from ἐπιζαφελής), vehemently, furiously.

ἐπι-ζάω, f. -ζήσω, to outlive, survive.

ἐπι-ζεύγνυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύξω, to join or fasten at top: generally, to tie together, bind fast.

II. to yoke to.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, = sq., epith. of Italian Locri.

ἐπι-ζεφύριος, ov, lying towards the west.

ἐπι-ζέω, f. -ζέσω, to boil up or over; ή νεότης ἐπέζεσέ μοι my youthful spirit boiled over.

II. act. to make to boil, beat.

ἐπι-ζηλος, ov, subject to envy: fortunate, prosperous.

ἐπι-ζήμιος, ov, (ἐπί, ζημία) bringing loss or penalty upon, hurtful.

II. liable to punishment. Hence

ἐπι-ζημιώω, f. ὄσω, to punish.

ἐπι-ζητέω, f. ήσω, to seek for, seek after, find wanting: to beat for game; οἱ ἐπιζητούντες the beaters.

ἐπι-ζώννυμι, f. -ζώσω, to bind or gird on: Pass., pf. part. ἐπεζωσμένοι, with their cloaks girt up.

ἐπι-ζώω, Ion. for ἐπιζάω.

ἐπίηλα, aor. I of ἐπιάλλω.

ἐπι-ήμι, Ion. for ἐφήμι.

ἐπήνδανε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ἐφανδάνω.

ἐπί-ήρα, τά, (ἐπί, ήρα) things acceptable, pleasing gifts.

ἐπι-ήρανος, ov, (ἐπήρα) pleasing.

II. warding off, assisting, governing.

ἐπίηρος, *ov*, only in neut. pl. ἐπίηρα, q. v.
 ἐπι-θάλαμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάλαμος) belonging to a bridal, nuptial; τὸ ἐπιθάλαμον (sub. μέλος), the nuptial song, epithalamium, sung in chorus before the bridal chamber.
 ἐπι-θάλασσιδος Att. -ττίδος, *ov*, = sq.
 ἐπι-θάλασσιος Att. -ττιος, *a, ov*, (ἐπί, θάλασσα) lying on the sea-shore, maritime.
 ἐπι-θάνάτιος, *ov*, (ἐπί, θάνατος) condemned to death.
 ἐπι-θάνάτος, *ov*, sick to death, like to die.
 ἐπι-θαρσύνω Att. -θαρρύνω, f. ὕνω, to cheer on.
 ἐπι-θανυμάζω, f. σω, to pay respect to, to compliment with a fee (Lat. honorarium).
 ἐπι-θειάζω, f. άσω, (ἐπί, θεός) to call upon in the name of the gods, to adjure. Hence
 ἐπιθειασμός, *ός*, an appeal to the gods, adjuration.
 ἐπι-θειήν, -θεινά, *aor. 2 opt.* and *inf.* of ἐπιτίθημι.
 ἐπι-θειής, -θείσα, *aor. 2 part.* of ἐπιτίθημι.
 ἐπι-θειέτε, for -θειήτε, 2 pl. *aor. 2 opt.* of ἐπιτίθημι.
 ἐπι-θεράπηνω, f. σω, to court or serve studiously: to work zealously for.
 ἐπι-θες, -θέτω, *aor. 2 imperat.* of ἐπιτίθημι.
 ἐπιθεσις, *eos, ή*, (ἐπιτίθημι) a laying on, imposition. II. (from Med.) a setting upon, attack.
 ἐπι-θεσπίζω, f. σω, to prophesy upon.
 ἐπιθετικός, *ής, όν*, (ἐπιτίθημαι) ready to attack: enterprising.
 ἐπί-θητος, *ov*, (ἐπιτίθημι) added, annexed: fetched, foreign. II. as Subst., ἐπίθητον, τό, an epithet.
 ἐπι-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run upon or at: to run after, chase, pursue.
 ἐπιθήκη, *ή*, (ἐπιτίθημι) an addition, accession: something given in or over in a bargain.
 ἐπί-θημα, *ατος, τό*, (ἐπιτίθημι) anything put on, a cover, lid.
 ἐπι-θοάζω, f. σω, to sit as a suppliant at an altar, to pray the gods for aid: cf. θοάζω.
 ἐπιθορείν, *aor. 2 inf.* of ἐπιθρόσκω.
 ἐπι-θορυβήω, f. ήσω, to shout in token of approval.
 ἐπι-θράσσω Att. -ττω, *contr.* for ἐπιταράσσω.
 ἐπι-θραύω, f. σω, to break besides.
 ἐπιθρέξας, *aor. I part.* of ἐπιτρέχω.
 ἐπι-θρόσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: *aor. 2 ἐπέθορον*:—to spring or leap upon, c. gen.: c. dat. to insult over: absol., τῶσον ἐπιθρόσκουσι so far do they bound.
 ἐπι-θυμέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, θυμός) to set one's heart upon a thing, lust after, desire eagerly. Hence
 ἐπιθυμημα, *ατος, τό*, the object of desire; and
 ἐπιθυμσις, *eos, ή*, a longing desire; and
 ἐπιθυμητής, *ού, ό*, one who desires: a lover; and
 ἐπιθυμητικός, *ής, όν*, desiring, coveting. Adv. -κώς.
 ἐπιθυμία, *ή*, (ἐπιθυμέω) a desire, yearning, longing: in bad sense, desire, lust.
 ἐπι-θυμίμα, *ατος, τό*, an incense-offering: from
 ἐπι-θυμιάω, f. άσω [ά], to offer incense.
 ἐπι-θύνω, to aim straight at: to direct, govern.

ἐπι-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῦ], to offer sacrifice upon or after:—to offer sacrifice, offer.
 ἐπι-θύω, f. -θύσω [ῦ], to rush eagerly at. 2. c. *inf.* to strive vehemently to do, desire or long to do, (v. θύω B.)
 ἐπι-θωρακίζομαι, Med. to put on one's armour.
 ἐπι-θωύσσω, f. ξω, to shout or call out.
 ἐπι-τίζω, *ovos, ό*, = ἐπίττω.
 ἐπι-τίζομαι, Ion. for ἐφέζομαι.
 ἐπι-τίζω, *ovos, ό*, ή, acquainted with, knowing.
 ἐπι-τλαιρέω, f. ήσω, to pull down besides.
 ἐπι-καθίζομαι, f. -εδούμαι, Pass. to sit down upon.
 ἐπι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτημαι, to sit upon: to press upon, be heavy upon. II. to sit down against a place, besiege it.
 ἐπι-καθίζω, f. ίσω, to set upon. II. *intr.* to sit upon.
 ἐπι-καινώ, f. ώσω, to innovate upon.
 ἐπι-καιριος, *ov*, (ἐπί, καιρός) in due season, seasonable, opportune: important, critical; οἱ ἐπικαίριοι the chief persons.
 ἐπι-καιρος, *ov*, = ἐπικαίριος: c. gen. fit, proper, convenient for a thing.
 ἐπι-καίω Att. -κάω: f. κούσω:—to light or kindle on a place: to burn on an altar.
 ἐπι-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call on, appeal to, adjure. II. to call in addition, give a surname to:—Pass. to be called by surname. III. to bring an accusation against, to lay to one's charge. IV. Med. to call to oneself, call to aid: generally, to invite: also to challenge, Lat. provocare. 2. to summon before one.
 ἐπικάλυμμα, *ατος, τό*, a cover, covering: a veil, cloak, means of hiding. From
 ἐπι-κάλυπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, shroud, bide. II. to put over. Hence
 ἐπικάλυψις, *eos, ή*, a covering, concealment.
 ἐπικαμπή, *ή*, (ἐπικάμπω) a bend: the angle of a building; ἐπικαμπήν ποιέσθαι to draw up the wings so as to form angles with the centre.
 ἐπικαμπής, *ές*, curved, curling. From
 ἐπι-κάμπω, f. ψω, to bend into an angle:—Pass. to wheel round the wings, so as to take the enemy in flank.
 ἐπι-καμπύλος, *ov*, bent forward.
 ἐπι-κάβρ, (ἐπί, κάρα) Adv. head-foremost.
 ἐπι-κάρσιος, *a, ov*, (ἐπικαρ) properly on the head, head forwards. II. opp. to ὀρθιος, crosswise, at an angle; τὰ ἐπικάρσια the country measured along the coast, opp. to τὰ ὀρθια (measured inwards at right angles to the coast): c. gen., τριήρεις τοῦ Πόντου ἐπικάρσιαi triremes forming an angle with the current of the Pontus.
 ἐπι-καταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to or upon a place. II. to go down after or against.
 ἐπι-καταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to let fall down.
 ἐπι-κατάγω, to bring down to land besides:—Pass. to come to land with or afterwards.
 ἐπι-καταδραβάνω, f. -δραβήσομαι: *aor. 2 -έδραβον*:—to fall asleep at or upon.

ἐπι-κατακλύζω, f. -ύσω, to overflow besides.
 ἐπι-κατακοιμάομαι, Dep. to sleep at or upon a place.
 ἐπι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to catch up, overtake.
 ἐπι-καταμένω, f. -μενάω, to stay yet longer.
 ἐπι-κατάπιπτο, f. -πέσομαι, to throw oneself upon.
 ἐπι-κατάρατος, ov, yet more accursed.
 ἐπι-καταρριπτέω and -τω, to throw down after or upon.
 ἐπι-κατασφάζω and -ττω, f. ζω, to slay upon or over.
 ἐπι-καταψέδομαι, Dep. to tell lies in addition.
 ἐπικαταδάρθρον, aor. 2 of ἐπικαταδάρθνω.
 ἐπι-κατείδω, inf. -κατιδαίνω, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to look down upon: cf. εἶδω.
 ἐπι-κατέμι, inf. -κατιέναι, to go down upon or into.
 ἐπι-κατέχω, f. -καθέξω, to detain still.
 ἐπι-καυτος, ov, (ἐπικαία) burnt at the end, Lat. praestus.
 ἐπι-κάω, Att. for ἐπι-καίω. [ᾶ]
 ἐπι-κειμαι, inf. -κέσθαι, serving as Pass. of ἐπιτίθμι, to be laid upon; of gates, to be put to or closed.
 2. generally, to be set on or in: to lie over against; αἱ ἐπικείμεναι νῆσοι the islands off the coast.
 3. to hang over, impend. II. to press heavily upon: to press upon, be urgent. III. of penalties, to be laid on, imposed. IV. of on one.
 ἐπι-κείρω, f. -κερῶ Ep. -κέρσω:—to cut down, mow down. II. metaph. to cut short, baffle.
 ἐπικεκλόμην, aor. 2 of ἐπικέλομαι.
 ἐπικεκλιμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπι-κελαδέω, f. ἦσω, to shout in applause, to cheer.
 ἐπικέλευσις, εως, ἡ, cheering, exhortation.
 ἐπι-κελεύω, also in Med. ἐπι-κελεύομαι, to exhort and encourage, cheer on.
 ἐπι-κέλλω, fut. -κέλω: aor. I ἐπέκελσα:—to run aground or ashore, of ships. 2. intrans. to come to land, come ashore.
 ἐπι-κέλομαι, Dep. to call to or upon, invoke.
 ἐπι-κεντρίζω, f. σω, to apply the spur.
 ἐπι-κεράννυμι, f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπέκεράσα Ep. -έκρησα:—to mix in, pour in again.
 ἐπι-κέρδω, ov, τά, (ἐπί, κέρδος) profit on traffic.
 ἐπι-κερομέω, f. ἦσω, to jeer at, insult, tease.
 ἐπικέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 impf. of ἐφικνέομαι.
 ἐπι-κεύθω, f. σω, to conceal, bide; οὐ σ' ἐπικεύσω I will not bide it from thee.
 ἐπι-κῆδειος, ov, (ἐπί, κῆδος) of or at a burial.
 ἐπικηρυκία, ἡ, (ἐπικηρυκείομαι) the sending a herald or embassy to treat for peace.
 ἐπικηρύκευμα, atos, τό, a message or demand by herald. From
 ἐπι-κηρύκεομαι, Dep. to send a message by a herald: to make proposals for a treaty: generally, to proclaim publicly.
 ἐπι-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω:—to announce, proclaim; ἀργύριον ἐπικηρύσειν τινί or ἐπί τινι to set a price on his head: hence to proscribe.
 ἐπι-κίδνημι, to spread over:—Pass. ἐπικιδνάμαι, to

be extended, spread over; ὄσον τ' ἐπικιδνάται ἡώς far as the morning light is spread.—Only used in pres.
 ἐπι-κινδύνομαι, ov, in danger, precarious, insecure. II. dangerous. Adv. -νωσ.
 ἐπι-κίρνημι, poet. and Ion. for ἐπικεράννυμι.
 ἐπι-κλάζω, f. -κλάξω, to send forth a sound in answer.
 ἐπι-κλαίω Att. -κλάω: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep upon or responsively. Hence
 ἐπίκλαυτος, ov, tearful.
 ἐπι-κλάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to bend towards:—Pass. to be bent or broken in spirit, Lat. frangi animo.
 ἐπι-κλαίω, Att. for ἐπικλαίω. [ᾶ]
 ἐπι-κλεής, és, (ἐπί, κλέος) famous.
 ἐπι-κλείω (A), f. -κλείσω, to shut up, close.
 ἐπι-κλείω (B), (ἐπί, κλέος) to extol or praise the more.
 ἐπι-κλήζω contr. -κλήξω, Ion. for ἐπι-κλείω (B).
 ἐπίκλημα, atos, τό, (ἐπικαλέω) an accusation.
 ἐπί-κλην, Adv. (ἐπικαλέω) by surname or name.
 ἐπί-κληρος, ov, succeeding to a patrimony: as Subst., ἐπικληρος, ἡ, an only daughter and heiress, who must by law marry her next of kin.
 ἐπι-κλήρω, f. ὤσω, to assign by lot.
 ἐπίκλησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικαλέω) a surname or additional name, and generally, a name:—absol. acc. ἐπικλησιν by surname, by name; but also in name only, nominally. II. a reproach, imputation.
 ἐπίκλητος, ov, (ἐπικαλέω) called upon, called in as allies. 2. specially summoned.
 ἐπί-κλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπικλίνω.
 ἐπικλινήσις, és, (ἐπικλινῆναι) sloping, slanting.
 ἐπί-κλιντρον, τό, a thing to lean on: a couch, armchair. From
 ἐπι-κλίνω [ῖ]: f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. -κέκλιμαι:—to lay upon so as to fit:—Pass. to be put to; ἐπικεκλιμένοι σανάδες closed doors. II. to bend towards:—Pass. to be inclined at an angle: pf. part. pass., ἐπικεκλιμένος sloping, oblique. III. Pass. to lie over against. 2. to recline at table.
 ἐπι-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to stir up to commotion.
 ἐπί-κλοπος, ov, (ἐπί, κλοπή) given to stealing, thievish, wily: c. gen., ἐπίκλοπος μύθος cunning in speech.
 ἐπι-κλύζω, f. ὤσω, to overflow, flood: metaph. to overwhelm, ruin. Hence
 ἐπίκλύσις, εως, ἡ, an overflow, flood.
 ἐπι-κλύω, to listen to, hear.
 ἐπι-κλώω, f. ὤσω, to spin to one, assign to one as one's destiny, of the Fates:—so also in Med.
 ἐπι-κνώμιπτο, Att. for ἐπι-γνώμιπτο.
 ἐπι-κνώω, inf. -κνήνω, to scrape or grate upon a thing.
 ἐπι-κνώομαι, Ion. for ἐφ-κνώομαι.
 ἐπι-κοιμάομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to fall asleep over.
 ἐπί-κοινος, ov, (ἐπί, κοινός) common to many, promiscuous: neut. pl. ἐπικοινός as Adv. in common.
 ἐπι-κοινωνέω, f. ἦσω, to communicate with. 2. to share in common with.

ἐπι-κομπάζω, f. σω, to boast besides, add boastingly: to boast or exult in a thing.

ἐπι-κομπέω, f. ἦσω, to add boastingly: to boast of.

ἐπίκοτος, ov, (ἐπικόπτω) cut short, lopped.

ἐπι-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike upon, to knock down:—Med. to smite one's breast and wail for another, Lat. plangi.

ἐπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔπος) *Epic*, of *Epic* poetry: οἱ ἐπικοί the epic poets.

ἐπι-κοσιμέω, f. ἦσω, to adorn with: to celebrate.

ἐπί-κοτος, ov, angry, vengeful: malicious, malignant.

Ἐπικούρειος, ov, ὄ, (Ἐπικούρου) an Epicurean, a follower of the sect of Epicurus.

ἐπικουρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπικούρου) to come to aid, to help in war: generally, to help at need; c. dat. rei, νόσοις ἐπικουρεῖν to aid one against them; ἐπικουρεῖν τινί τι to keep off from one. Hence

ἐπικούρημα, aros, τό, help, protection; and

ἐπικούρησις, εως, ἡ, aid, protection.

ἐπικουρία, ἡ, (ἐπικουρέω) a defence or protection against, aid, succour, assistance. II. an auxiliary or allied force.

ἐπικουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, auxiliary, allied.

ἐπί-κουρος, ov, (ἐπί, κόουρος) helping, aiding, assisting: as Subst. an ally:—οἱ ἐπικούροι the auxiliaries or mercenary troops, opp. to the national army.

ἐπι-κουφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to lighten: to relieve of a burden. II. to lift up, support. 2. metaph. to lift up, encourage: in bad sense, to puff up, elate.

ἐπι-κράζω, f. ζω, to shout to or at.

ἐπι-κράινω Ep. -κραίαινα: f. -κράινῶ: aor. I ἐπ-έκρᾶνα Ep. -έκρηνα, -έκρήνηνα:—to bring to pass, accomplish, fulfil; νῦν μοι τόδ' ἐπικρήνηνον ἐέλωρ grant me now this prayer, fulfil it: generally, to achieve, effect.

ἐπί-κράινον, τό, (ἐπί, κράινον) a covering for the head, a head-dress. II. the capital of a column.

ἐπικράτεια, ἡ, (ἐπικρατής) mastery, dominion. II. a government, dominion, province.

ἐπι-κράτέω, f. ἦσω, to rule over, govern, c. dat.: absol. to have power. 2. to prevail over: to get possession of, Lat. potiri, c. gen.:—absol. to prevail, conquer.

ἐπικρατέως, overbearingly, impetuously: Adv. of

ἐπι-κράτης, ἐς, (ἐπί, κράτος) having control or mastery over a thing: Comp. ἐπικρατέστερος, superior.

ἐπικρατήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικρατέω) a conquest.

ἐπι-κρεμάννυμι and -ύω: f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. κρεμῶ:—to hang over, cause to impend:—Pass. to overhang, impend over, threaten, Lat. imminere.

ἐπι-κρεμής, ἐς, (ἐπικρεμάννυμι) overhanging.

ἐπικρήνηνον, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπικρήνει, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἐπικραίνω.

—ἐπικρήσαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐπικραίνω.

ἐπι-κρίνω, f. -κρίνῶ, to give judgment upon, decide, determine.

ἐπι-κρίνον, τό, (ἐπί, κρίνον) the sailyard upon a ship's mast.

ἐπι-κροτέω, f. ἦσω, to rattle on or over.

ἐπί-κροτος, ov, trodden hard, beaten.

ἐπι-κρούω, f. σω, to hammer upon or in. II. to strike or smite upon.

ἐπι-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. 2 -έκρυψον:—to throw a covering over:—Med. to disguise:—Pass. to conceal or disguise oneself. Hence

ἐπι-κρύψος, ov, hidden, secret.

ἐπι-κρώζω, f. σω, to caw or croak at one.

ἐπι-κτάσθαι, f. -ήσθαι, Dep. to gain, win besides;

ἐπικτάσθαι ἀρχήν to gain additional territory.

ἐπι-κτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill besides; ἐπικτείνειν τὸν θανόντα to slay the slain anew.

ἐπίκτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπικτάσθαι) fresh gain.

ἐπίκτητος, ov, (ἐπικτάσθαι) gained besides or in addition; ἐπικτήτη γῆ acquired land, as the Delta of Egypt; ἐπικτήτη a new or foreign wife; ἐπίκτητοι φίλοι newly acquired friends.

ἐπι-κτύπέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise upon; ἐπικτυπεῖν τὸν ποδῶν to stamp with the feet: to resound with.

ἐπι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐπί, κύδος) glorious: brilliant.

ἐπι-κῦϊσκα, to impregnate again:—Pass. to become doubly pregnant.

ἐπι-κυκλέω, f. ἦσω, to come round in turn to.

ἐπι-κύλινω, f. -κυλίω [ῖ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—Pass., aor. I -εκυλίσθην:—to roll down upon.

ἐπι-κυμαίνω, to flow in waves over.

ἐπι-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself over, to stoop down.

ἐπι-κῦρω and -κύρω: f. -κυρήσω and -κύρωσω: aor. I -εκύρησα and -έκυρωσα: to fall or light upon, fall in with: c. gen. to have a share of, partake in.

ἐπι-κῦρώω, f. ὠσω, (ἐπί, κύρος) to confirm, ratify: to determine.

ἐπικύρσας, aor. I part. of ἐπικυρέω.

ἐπί-κυρτος, ov, (ἐπί, κυρτός) humpbacked. Hence

ἐπι-κυρτώω, f. ὠσω, to bend forward.

ἐπι-κυψέλιος, ov, (ἐπί, κυψέλη) guarding bee-bives.

ἐπι-κυλύω, f. ὠσω [ῦ], to lament over.

ἐπικώλυσις, εως, ἡ, a hinderance. From

ἐπι-κωλύω, f. ὠσω [ῦ], to binder, keep in check.

ἐπι-κωμάζω, f. ὠσω, to make a riotous assault upon.

ἐπι-κώμιος, a, ov, (ἐπί, κῶμος) of or for a festal procession. 2. laudatory.

ἐπί-κωπος, ov, (ἐπί, κώπη) at the oar, a rower. 2. of a weapon, up to the very hilt.

ἐπιλαβέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπιλαβῆ, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a taking bold, grasping: a handle.

ἐπιλαβόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to receive by lot afterwards. II. to fall to one by lot, come afterwards.

ἐπι-λάζυμαι, Dep. to lay bold of, bold tight.

ἐπιλαθέσθαι, ἐπιλάθωμαι, aor. 2 med. inf. and subj. of ἐπιλαμβάνω.

ἐπι-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ἐπέλαβον: pf. -είληφα:—to lay bold of, seize, attack. 2. to overtake, interrupt; νυκτός ἐπιλαβούσης τὸ ἔργον. 3.

to attain to, reach, over-live. 4. to seize and stop:

ἐπιλαμβάνειν τῆς ὀπίσω οὐδοῦ *to hinder from getting back.*

II. metaph., πολλὴν χώραν ἐπιλαβεῖν *to get over much ground.*

B. Med., with pf. pass. ἐπιέλθαι, *to hold oneself on by, lay hold of;* ἐπιλαμβάνειν προσόσιος *to lay hold of a pretext.*

2. *to attack*:—*to seize upon, arrest*:—*to get possession of, obtain*: *to come up to, reach.* Hence

ἐπιλαμπτος, *on, Ion. for ἐπίληπτος, caught, detected.*

ἐπι-λάμπω, *f. ψω, to shine after or upon;* ἐπιλαμψάσης ἡμέρας *when day had dawned.*

ἐπι-λανθάνω, *aor. 2 ἐπέλαθον, to escape notice, be hidden.*

II. ἐπιληθάνω, *f. -λήσω; aor. I -έλησα; Causal, to make to forget.*

III. Med. ἐπιλανθάνομαι, *fut. -λήσομαι, with pf. 2 act. -λέληθα, and pf. pass. -άλησμαι, to forget;* ὀφείλων ἐπιλέληθα *I forgot that I owed*:—*Pass., aor. I -ελήσθην, to be forgotten.*

ἐπι-λαῖσις, *ews, ἡ, Dor. for ἐπίλησις.*

ἐπι-λαίνω, *f. -λαυνά, to smoothe over;* *aor. I part., ἐπιλάνας τὴν Ξέρξω γνάμην having smoothened over the opinion of Xerxes, i. e. making it plausible.*

ἐπι-λέω, *f. ζω, to say in addition, to add further.*

2. *to call by name.* II. *to choose, pick out, select*: so also in *Med.*:—*Pass., ἐπιλεγέμενοι* *or ἐπειλεγμένοι* *chosen men.*

III. *in Med. also, to read.* 2. *to think over, consider.*

ἐπι-λείβω, *f. ψω, to pour upon, make a libation over.*

ἐπι-λείπω, *f. ψω: aor. 2 ἐπέλιπον, pf. ἐπιλέλοιπα; Pass., 3 s'ing. plqpf. ἐπέλελειπτο*:—*to leave behind one.*

II. *to fail one, like Lat. deficere;* ὕδωρ μιν ἐπέλειπε *the water failed him;* ἐπιλείπει με ὁ χρόνος *time fails me*: of rivers, ἐπιλείπει τὸ ῥέεθρον, *to have their stream failing, to be dried up;* and so without ῥέεθρον, *to fail*: *absol. to fail, lack, be wanting.* Hence

ἐπιλειψις, *ews, ἡ, failure, lack.*

ἐπιλεκτος, *on, (ἐπιλέγω) chosen, picked;* οἱ ἐπίλεκτοι *picked soldiers.*

ἐπιλέλησμαι, *pf. pass. of ἐπιλανθάνω.*

ἐπι-λέπω, *f. ψω, to peel, strip of its bark.*

ἐπι-λεύσσω, *to look towards, see before one.*

ἐπι-ληθάνω, *see ἐπιλανθάνω II.*

ἐπίληθος, *on, (ἐπιλανθάνω) causing forgetfulness.*

ἐπι-λήθομαι, *poët. for ἐπιλανθάνομαι, to forget.*

ἐπι-λήϊς, *ιδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, λεία) obtained as plunder.*

ἐπι-ληκέω, *f. ἦσω, to shout in applause.*

ἐπι-λήγιος, *on, (ἐπί, ληγνός) of a winepress or the vintage.*

ἐπίληπτος, *on, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) caught, detected.*

ἐπίλησις, *ews, ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.*

ἐπιλησμονή, *ἡ, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetfulness.*

ἐπιλησμων, *on, gen. onos, (ἐπιλανθάνομαι) forgetful, having a bad memory*:—*Comp. ἐπιλησμονέστερος*: *irreg. Sup. ἐπιλησμότατος.*

ἐπιλήσομαι, *fut. med. of ἐπιλανθάνω.*

ἐπιληψις, *ews, ἡ, (ἐπιλαμβάνω) a laying bold of, seizure: a finding fault.*

ἐπι-λίγδην, *Adv. grazing, scratching.*

ἐπι-λιμνάζομαι, *Pass. to be flooded.*

ἐπι-λίνευτής, *οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπί, λινεύω) one who uses nets, a fisherman or hunter.*

ἐπι-λλίζω, *(ἐπί, ἴλλος) to wink with the eyes, to make signs by winking.*

ἐπι-λογίζομαι: *fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἴουμαι; aor. I -ελογισάμην and -ελογίσθην; pf. -αελογισμαι; Dep.:—*

to reckon over, think on, consider: to make account of.

ἐπίλογος, *ὁ, (ἐπιλέγω) a conclusion, inference.* II. *the concluding speech of a play, epilogue: the peroration of a speech.*

ἐπι-λογος, *on, (ἐπί, λόγῃ) barbed.*

ἐπιλοιπος, *on, (ἐπιλείπω) still left, remaining: of Time, to come, future.*

ἐπι-λουτρον, *τό, the price of a bath.*

ἐπι-λυπέω, *f. ἦσω, to trouble, grieve besides.* Hence

ἐπιλυπία, *ἡ, trouble, grief.*

ἐπι-λύπος, *on, (ἐπί, λύπη) troubled, grieved.*

ἐπιλύσις, *ews, ἡ, (ἐπιλύω) a release.*

ἐπι-λύω, *f. ὄσω, to loose, untie: to let slip dogs: generally, to release.* 2. *to solve, explain.*

ἐπι-λωβέω, *f. σω, (ἐπί, λώβη) to mock at.*

ἐπι-μάζιος, *on, (ἐπί, μαζός) at the breast.*

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, *Pass., with aor. 2 -εμάνην [ᾶ], aor. I med. -εμνῶμαι, pf. with aor. 2 -μέμνην:—to be mad after, dote upon: to be passionately in love with.*

ἐπι-μαίνομαι, *fut. -μάσομαι Ep. -μάσσομαι; Ep. aor. I -μαισσάμην; Dep.:—to strive after, endeavor to obtain, aim at.* II. *c. acc. to lay hold of, grasp: also to touch, feel.*

ἐπι-μᾶλλον, *Adv. for ἐπὶ μᾶλλον, still more.*

ἐπι-μανδάλωτρον, *τό, (ἐπί, μανδλωτός) a wanton kiss.*

ἐπι-μανθάνω, *f. -μᾶθσομαι, to learn besides or after.*

ἐπι-μαρτυρέω, *f. ἦσω, to bear witness or depose to a thing.* Hence

ἐπιμαρτυρία, *ἡ, a witness, testimony.*

ἐπι-μαρτύρομαι, *Dep. to take to witness, to call on as witness, appeal to: absol. to call witnesses, call in evidence.* 2. *to call on earnestly, to conjure, Lat. obtestari.* 3. *to declare before witnesses.* Hence

ἐπι-μαρτύρος, *ὁ, a witness to anything.*

ἐπι-μάρτυς, *gen. -ῦρος, ὁ, = ἐπιμαρτύρος.*

ἐπιμάσσομαι, *Ep. fut. of ἐπαινομαι.*

ἐπι-μάσσω, *f. ζω, to knead again:—Med. to stroke.*

ἐπι-μαστίδιος, *on, (ἐπί, μαστός) at the breast.*

ἐπιμαστος, *on, (ἐπαινομαι) fighting after or for.*

ἐπιμάχew, *f. ἦσω, (ἐπίμαχος) to fight for one.* Hence

ἐπιμάχια, *ἡ, a defensive alliance.*

ἐπι-μάχος, *on, (ἐπί, μάχομαι) that may easily be attacked, assailable, open to attack.*

ἐπιμειδάω, *f. ἄσω [ᾶ], and -μειδάω, f. ἦσω:—to smite at or upon.*

ἐπιμεύειν, *aor. I inf. of ἐπιμεύω.*

ἐπιμεύειν, *ἡ, (ἐπιμελής) care, attention, diligence; ἐπιμελεία τινας attention paid to a thing.*

ἐπι-μελόμαι and ἐπι-μέλομαι: *Dep. with fut. med. -μελήσομαι, aor. I -εμελήσῃην; also with fut. pass. -μεληθήσομαι, aor. I -εμελήθην: (ἐπί, μέλομαι):—*

to take care of, have charge of: to have the management of: to pay attention to, cultivate, c. gen.: also c. acc. et inf. to take care that. Hence

ἐπιμέλημα, atos, τό, an object of care, a care.

ἐπιμελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μέλομαι) caring for, anxious about: absol. careful, attentive. II. pass. cared for, an object of care: esp. in neut., as, ἐπιμελὲς τῷ Κόρῳ ἐγένετο it was a care to Cyrus; ἐπιμελὲς μοί ἐστι I have to care for it; τὸ ἐπιμελὲς τοῦ δραμένου the charge of the execution of orders.

ἐπιμελητέον, verb. Adj. of ἐπιμελόμαι, one must take care of, pay attention to a thing.

ἐπιμελητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἐπιμελόμαι) one who is in charge, a manager, overseer, superintendent.

ἐπιμελόμαι, Dep. = ἐπιμελέομαι.

ἐπιμέλω, f. ψω, to sing to.

ἐπιμελῶς, Adv. of ἐπιμελής, carefully.

ἐπιμνήμμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκειν.

ἐπι-μέμονα, Ion. and poet. pf. 2 with pres. sense, to aim at, desire.

ἐπι-μέμομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to impute to one as matter of blame, to object against one as matter of blame: c. dat. pers. to blame: absol. to find fault, complain. Hence

ἐπίμειψις, εως, ἡ, blame, complaint.

ἐπι-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I ἐπέμεινα:—to stay on, to abide still. 2. to continue in a pursuit. 3. to abide by. II. to wait for, await, c. acc.

ἐπι-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides, send for a reinforcement.

ἐπι-μετρέω, f. ἡσω, to measure out to, assign to:—Pass., ὁ ἐπιμετρούμενος σίτος the corn measured out. II. to measure out or pay in addition.

ἐπί-μετρον, τό, something added to the measure, excess.

ἐπι-μήδομαι, Dep. to devise or concert against.

Ἐπι-μηθεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (ἐπί, μήδος) Epimetheus, i. e. After-thought, brother of Prometheus or Fore-thought.

ἐπι-μηθής, ἐς, (ἐπί, μήθος) thoughtful.

Ἐπι-μηλίδες, ἰδων, αἱ, (ἐπί, μήλα) Nymphs protectors of flocks.

ἐπι-μήνιος, ον, (ἐπί, μήν) monthly: τὰ ἐπιμήνια (sub. ἱερά) monthly offerings.

ἐπι-μηνίω, f. ἰώω [ἴ], to be angry at or with.

ἐπι-μηχανόμαι, Dep. to contrive against: to devise precautions. II. to devise besides.

ἐπι-μηχανός, ον, (ἐπί, μηχανή) craftily devising; κακῶν ἐπιμήχανος ἔργων contriver of ill deeds.

ἐπι-μίννυμι and -ύω, fut. -μίξω:—to mix in or with:—Pass. ἐπιμίγνυμι, to mingle with, to have intercourse or dealings with.

ἐπι-μνήσκω, f. -μνήσω, to put in mind of. II. Pass. and Med. ἐπι-μνήσκειν, fut. -μνήσομαι and -μνησθήσομαι; aor. I -εμνήσαμην and -εμνήσθην:—to remember, recall to mind, think of; ἐπιμνησάμεθα χάριμς let us think of battle. II. later, to make mention of: also to quote.

ἐπι-μύνω, poet. for ἐπιμένω.

ἐπιμίξω, Adv. (ἐπιμίγνυμι) mixedly, confusedly, indiscriminately.

ἐπιμίξια Ion. -ῖη, (ἐπιμίγνυμι) a mixing with others, intercourse, dealings, Lat. commercium.

ἐπι-μίξις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιμίξια.

ἐπι-μίσγω, poet. and Ion. for ἐπι-μίγνυμι, to have dealings with one; in hostile sense, to be brought in contact with, clash with: absol. to associate together.

ἐπιμνάομαι, -μνώμαι, Ion. for ἐπιμνήσκειν.

ἐπιμνησάμεθα, I pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπιμνήσκειν.

ἐπιμνησθεὶς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιμνήσκειν.

ἐπι-μοιχεύω, f. σω, to commit adultery besides.

ἐπι-μολέω, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιβλώσκω. Hence

ἐπί-μολος, ον, approaching, invading.

ἐπι-μοφῆ, ἡ, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blame, reproach.

ἐπιμορφος, ον, (ἐπιμέμφομαι) blameable, unlucky.

ἐπιμονή, ἡ, (ἐπιμένω) a staying on: delay.

ἐπι-μούω, f. ἔσω, to mutter or murmur at.

ἐπι-μύθιος, ον, (ἐπί, μῦθος) coming after the story;

τὸ ἐπιμύθιον the moral of a fable.

ἐπι-μυκτος, ον, (ἐπιμύζω) scoffed at.

ἐπι-μύσσω Att. -ττω, = ἐπιμύζω, to mutter.

ἐπι-μύω, f. -μύσω [ῦ], to close the eyes at a thing: to wink at, in token of assent.

ἐπι-μωμάομαι Ion. -έομαι, Dep. to find fault with. Hence

ἐπιμωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, blameworthy, blameable.

ἐπί-μωμος, ον, blamed, blameworthy.

ἐπι-μύχομαι, Dor. for ἐπιμαίομαι.

ἐπι-νέομαι, Dor. for ἐπινήχομαι.

ἐπι-νελον, τό, (ἐπί, ναῦς) a sea-port for the navy, arsenal.

ἐπι-νεύω, fut. -νεμῶ and -νεμήσω: aor. I -ένευμα:—to allot, assign, distribute. II. to turn cattle

to graze on another's land:—Med., of cattle, to feed over the boundaries, to go on grazing: metaph. to spread over; πῦρ ἐπινέμεται τὸ ἄστυ the fire spreads over the town; so, ἡ νόσος ἐπενέματο τὰς Ἀθήνας.

ἐπινενημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύσομαι, fut. of ἐπινέω.

ἐπι-νεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ένευσα:—to nod forwards. II. to nod to, in token of command or approval, to nod assent, to make a sign to another to do a thing: to promise by nodding. III. to incline to or towards.

ἐπι-νέφελος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφέλη) clouded, overcast.

ἐπι-νεφρίδιος, ον, (ἐπί, νεφρός) upon the kidneys.

ἐπι-νέω (A), f. νήσω, to spin to, esp. of the Fates.

ἐπι-νέω (B), = ἐπιννήω, to load with a thing: pf. part. pass., ἐπιννησμένους piled up with.

ἐπι-νέω (C), f. -νεύσομαι, to swim, float on the top.

ἐπι-νήϊος, ον, (ἐπί, ναῦς) on board ship.

ἐπι-νηνέω, (ἐπί, νέω) to heap or pile upon.

ἐπι-νήφω, to be sober at or for.

ἐπι-νήχομαι, f. -νήξομαι, Dep. to swim upon: to come to the top, float on the surface. 2. to swim to or over to.

ἐπι-νίκιος, ον, (ἐπί, νίκη) of victory. II. as

Subst. τὸ ἐπινίκιον (sub. ᾄσμα or μέλος), a song of victory, triumphal song or ode. 2. (sub. θύμα), a feast in honour of a victory.

ἐπί-νικος, ov, = ἐπινίκιος.

ἐπι-νίσσομαι, fut. -νίσσομαι, to go over: come upon.

ἐπι-νίψω, to snow upon. [νῖ]

ἐπι-νοέω, f. ἦσω, aor. I ἐπενόησα, but also with aor. I pass. ἐπενόηθην in same sense:—to think on or of, contrive. 2. c. inf. to purpose, intend. 3. absol. to form a plan, design. Hence

ἐπίνοια, ἡ, a thinking of or over a thing, thought: power of thought, inventiveness. 2. a purpose, design. II. after-thought.

ἐπινομες, Dor. I pl. impf. of πίνω.

ἐπινομία, ἡ, (ἐπινέμομαι) a grazing on another's lands: a right to pasture on each other's lands, of the citizens of two neighbouring states.

ἐπινόμος, ov, (ἐπινέμομαι) dwelling in the country.

ἐπι-νυκτιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύξ) by night, nightly.

ἐπι-νυμφίδιος, ov, (ἐπί, νύμφα) of or for a bride, bridal.

ἐπι-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick on the surface.

ἐπι-νύσταξω, f. σω and ξω, to drop asleep over.

ἐπι-νωμάω, f. ἦσω, to bring or apply to. II. to distribute, assign.

ἐπι-νωτίδιος, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-νωτίξω, f. σω, (ἐπί, νῶτον) to put on the back of, to cover with.

ἐπι-νώπιος, ov, (ἐπί, νῶτον) on the back.

ἐπι-ξανθος, ov, inclining to yellow, tawny, of hares.

ἐπι-ξεινώω, f. ὤσω, Ion. and poet. for ἐπιξενόω.

ἐπι-ξενόω, f. ὤσω, (ἐπί, ξένος) to entertain as a guest:—Pass. to be so entertained, to dwell abroad. 2. Med., ἐπιξενούμαι ταῦτα I claim these offices as a stranger.

ἐπι-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to scrape on the surface.

ἐπι-ξήνων, τό, (ἐπί, ξηνός) a chopping-block, like ἐπικόπανον: the executioner's block.

ἐπι-ξύνος, ov, poet. for ἐπίκωμος, common to many; ἐπίζυνος ἄρουρα a common field, i. e. in which many persons have rights.

ἐπι-όλιος, (ἐπί, οἶνος) at or over wine.

ἐπι-οινοχοεύω, f. σω, to pour out wine for.

ἐπιον, aor. 2 of πίνω.

ἐπι-όπτης, ov, ὁ, poet. for ἐπόπτης.

ἐπι-ορκέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπιόρησα: (ἐπιόρκος):—to swear falsely, forswear oneself, πρὸς δαίμονος by a deity; τὰς βασιλείας ἰστίαις ἐπιορκεῖν to swear falsely by the royal hearth. Hence

ἐπιορκία, ἡ, a false oath, Lat. perjuria.

ἐπι-ορκος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄρκος) swearing falsely, forsworn, Lat. perjurus; or of the oath, sworn falsely; ἐπιορκον ὀμνύναι to swear falsely; also, ἐπιορκον ἐπομνύναι to swear a bootless oath.

ἐπι-ορκοσύνη, ἡ, = ἐπιορκία.

ἐπι-όσομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄσσε) to have before one's eyes, foresee.

ἐπι-ούρος, ὁ, (ἐπί, οὖρος) a watcher, guard: c. dat., Κρήτηr ἐπιούρος guardian, chief over Crete: c. gen., ἰὼν ἐπιούρος guard swine-herd.

ἐπι-ιούσα, ἡ, part. pres. fem. of ἐπειμι (εἶμι ἰβο), the coming day (sub. ἡμέρα). Hence

ἐπιούσιος, ov, for the coming day, sufficient for the day; ἐπιούσιος ἄρτος daily bread.

ἐπι-ύσομαι, poet. for ἐπόσομαι.

ἐπι-παγχύ, Adv. entirely, altogether.

ἐπι-πάλλω, to brandish at or against.

ἐπι-πάμων, ov, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, πέπαιμι pf. of πάομαι) Dor. for ἐπίκλῆπος, falling to one's share.

ἐπι-παν, Adv. upon the whole, generally, on the average.

ἐπι-παρᾶνέω, to bear up besides.

ἐπι-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides:—Med. to provide oneself with besides.

ἐπι-πᾶρεμι, inf. -εῖναι, to be present at or near. II. to be present besides or in addition to.

ἐπι-πᾶρεμι, inf. -εῖναι, to come upon in flank, to march alongside of. II. to come on to assist. III. to come forward to speak.

ἐπι-πάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πάσω [ᾶ]:—to sprinkle upon or over. Hence

ἐπι-παστος, ov, sprinkled on or over:—τὸ ἐπίπαστον a kind of cake with confits upon it: also a plaster.

ἐπι-παῦτάγέω, f. ἦσω, to make a noise at.

ἐπι-πέδος, ov, (ἐπί, πέδον) on the ground, or on a level with it, level, flat; ἐν ἐπιπέδῳ on a level:—irreg. Comp. ἐπιπεδέστερος.

ἐπιπευθής, ἐς, obedient, compliant. From

ἐπι-πέθομαι, f. -πέσομαι, Pass. to be persuaded, yield to persuasion; c. dat. to put faith in, comply with, obey.

ἐπι-πέλομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, πέλω) to come towards, approach; Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part., ἐπιπλόμενον ἔτος the coming year.

ἐπι-περπτος, ov, containing 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{2}$; δάνεισμα ἐπίπεμπτον a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ of the principal, or 20 per cent.

ἐπι-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send after or again. 2. of the gods, to send upon or to, let loose upon. II.

to send besides: to send by way of supply. Hence

ἐπιπεμψίς, εὖς, ἡ, a sending to a place.

ἐπιπέπτωκα, pf. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπέπτοκα, pf. of ἐπιπίνω.

ἐπι-περκάζω, to begin to turn dark, of grapes ripening.

ἐπι-περκος, ov, somewhat dark, properly of grapes ripening; then of the colour of hares.

ἐπιπεσούμαι, fut. med. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπιπεσόν, οὔσα, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπίπτω.

ἐπι-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω, to spread over.

ἐπι-πέταμι or -πέτομαι, only found in aor. 2 ἐπεπτάμην or ἐπεπτόμην: Dep.:—to fly over; metaph. to fly over, come to the knowledge of by flying.

ἐπι-πήγγυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix upon. 2. to make to freeze at top:—Pass. to congeal.

ἐπι-πήδω, f. ἦσομαι, to spring upon, rush at.

ἐπι-πήχυς, υ, (ἐπί, πήχυς) above the elbow.

ἐπι-πέζω, f. σω, to press upon.

ἐπι-πλάναμαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., to approach, come near.

ἐπι-πύμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill up with a thing.

ἐπι-πίνω, f. -πίομαι: pf. -πέπωκα: aor. 2 -έπιον;—to drink afterwards or besides: to top after dinner.

ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι; pf. -πέπτωκα: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall upon: also in hostile sense, to fall upon, attack: of accidents, to befall one.

ἐπιπλα (contr. from ἐπίπλασ), τά, implements, furniture, movables, as opp. to fixtures, Lat. *supellex*.

ἐπι-πλάζω, f. -πλάξω, to make to wander over, to drive about:—Pass. with fut. med. -πλάξομαι: aor. I pass. ἐπιπλάγχθη, to wander about over.

ἐπιπλάσας, aor. I part. of ἐπιπλάσσω.

ἐπι-πλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread a plaster on, smear over. Hence

ἐπίπλαστος, on, plastered over:—feigned, false.

ἐπιπλαγχεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιπλάζω.

ἐπι-πλείον, Adv. = ἐπιπλέον.

ἐπί-πλειος, on, Ep. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πλείων, on, gen. onos, still more.

ἐπι-πλέκω, f. ζω, to plait into a chaplet.

ἐπι-πλέον, Adv., for ἐπὶ πλέον, still more.

ἐπί-πλεος, α, on, Att. ἐπίπλεως, ων, (ἐπί, πλέος) quite full of a thing.

ἐπίπλευσις, εως, ἡ, a sailing against; ἐπίπλευσιν ἔχειν to have the power of sailing against, to have the weather gage. From

ἐπι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: Ion. ἐπιπλώω, f. -πλώσω: Ep. aor. 2 ἐπέπλων, part. ἐπιπλῶς:—to sail upon or over: to float upon.

II. to sail against, to attack with a fleet.

III. to sail on board a ship: to sail with or in charge of.

ἐπί-πλεως, on, Att. for ἐπίπλεος.

ἐπι-πληρώω, f. ὦσω, to fill up; Med., ἐπιπληροῦσθαι τὴν ναῦν to fill up one's ship's crew, to man her afresh.

ἐπι-πλήσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to strike at: of words, to rebuke, reprove: to cast a reproach upon: to cast in one's teeth.

ἐπί-πλοα, τά, fuller form of ἐπιπλα: properly neut. of ἐπίπλοος, on, an Adj. formed from ἐπί, as ἄπλοος from ἄμα, δίπλοος from δίς.

ἐπιπλόμενος, Ep. for ἐπιπελόμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἐπιπέλομαι.

ἐπίπλοον, τό, (ἐπιπλέω) the caul of the entrails, Lat. *omentum*: also ἐπίπλοος, ὁ.

ἐπίπλοος contr. ἐπίπλους, ὁ, (ἐπιπλέω) a sailing against the enemy, bearing down upon him, the attack of a ship or fleet.

2. a naval expedition against a place.

ἐπι-πλώω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώω, part. of ἐπέπλων, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πλώσας, Ion. aor. I part. of ἐπιπλέω.

ἐπι-πνεύω, Ep. for ἐπιπνέω.

ἐπι-πνέω Ep. -πνεύω: fut. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I ἐπέπνευσα:—to breathe or blow upon, so as to revive:—metaph. to excite, inflame: to blow favourably, to favour, Lat. *adspiro*.

ἐπι-πνίγω, to choke, stifle. [πνί]

ἐπίπνοια, ἡ, (ἐπιπνέω) a breathing upon: inspiration.

ἐπι-πῶδος, α, on, (ἐπί, ποῦς) upon the feet.

ἐπι-ποθέω, f. ἤσω, to yearn or long after, regret greatly, Lat. *desidero*. Hence

ἐπιπόθησις, εως, ἡ, a yearning after: and ἐπιπόθητος, on, longed for, earnestly desired: and ἐπι-ποθία, ἡ, = ἐπιπόθησις.

ἐπι-πομήν, ὁ, ἡ, an over shepherd or shepherdess.

ἐπιπολάζω, f. σω, (ἐπιπολή) to be at the top, lie on the surface.

II. to rise to the top: metaph. to be uppermost, to prevail.

ἐπι-πόλιος, on, on the surface: prominent, projecting. 2. superficial, ordinary. From

ἐπι-πολή, ἡ, (ἐπί, πῶλος) a surface: gen. ἐπιπολήης, as Adv., at the top, atop: c. gen. on the top of, above.

II. ad Ἐπιπολαί, a piece of ground with a sloping surface near Syracuse.

ἐπι-πόλιος, on, growing hoary, grizzled.

ἐπί-πολος, = πρόσπολος, an attendant.

ἐπι-πολύ, Adv., for ἐπὶ πολύ, generally.

ἐπι-πόνεω, f. ἤσω, to toil on, persevere.

ἐπί-πονός, on, painful, toilsome: wearisome: of persons, laborious, rains-taking: of omens, portending toil and suffering. Adv. ἐπιπόνως, Lat. *agrè*, with toil and trouble, Sup. ἐπιπονώτατα.

ἐπι-πορεύομαι: f. med. -πορεύσομαι, aor. I pass. -επορευθήμι: Dep.:—to go, march: to march over.

ἐπι-πόρπαμα, ματος, τό, (ἐπί, πορπάω) a mantle buckled on the shoulder.

ἐπι-ποτάομαι, Dep., lengthd. for ἐπιπέτομαι, to fly to or hover over.

ἐπι-πρέτω, to be conspicuous. 2. to beseech, be besitting.

ἐπι-προσβέομαι, Dep. to go as ambassador any whither. 2. to send an embassy.

ἐπι-πρήνω, Ion. for ἐπι-πράνω, = πρᾶνω.

ἐπι-πρίω [ῖ], to grind [the teeth] at a thing.

ἐπι-προβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw forward.

ἐπιπροσέχα, Ep. aor. I of ἐπιπροθήμι.

ἐπιπροξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπροθήμι.

ἐπι-προϊάλλω, f. ἄλῶ: aor. I -προίηλα:—to set out or place before one. 2. to send out one before or after another.

ἐπι-προΐημι, fut. -προήσω: aor. I -προήκα Ep. -ήκα:—to send forth towards or at: to shoot at.

II. νήσοισιν ἐπιπροήκα [ναῦν] he steered, made for them.

ἐπί-προσθεν, rarely -θε, Adv. of Time and Place, before: also in preference to.

ἐπι-προσθέω (A), f. -θύσομαι, to run at or to.

ἐπιπροσθέω (B), f. ἤσω, (ἐπιπροσθεν) to be before, be in the way; ἐπιπροσθεῖν τοῖς πύργοις to be in a line with the towers, so as to cover one with the other.

ἐπι-προχέω, f. -χεῶ, to pour forth over: to pour forth.

ἐπι-πταίρω: aor. 2 ἐπέπτᾶρον:—to sneeze at; *vidis* μοι ἐπέπτᾶρε πάνων ἐπέσσω my son sneezed as I spoke

the words,—a good omen: hence of the gods, to be kindly to, favour.

ἐπιπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιπέτομαι.

ἐπιπτύχη, ἡ, (ἐπί, πτύσσω) an over-fold, a flap.
ἐπι-πλώομαι, Dep. to go about, visit, Lat. obire: of a general, to inspect, review: of an enemy, to reconnoitre. Hence

ἐπιπώλησις, εως, ἡ, ε going round, visitation.

ἐπι-ποτόμαι, = ἐπι-ποτόμαι.

ἐπι-ραβδόφορος, f. ἡσω, of the rider, to urge a horse by shaking the whip; or of the horse, to gallop.

ἐπι-ραθνύμεω, t. ἡσω, to be careless about a thing.

ἐπιρραίνω, to sprinkle upon or over.

ἐπι-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew, stitch on.

ἐπι-ράσσω Att. -πτω, Att. for ἐπιρρῶσω.

ἐπι-ρξέω, f. ξω, to offer sacrifices at a place; ἐπέ-ρρασκον Ion. impf. 2. to sacrifice afterwards or besides.

ἐπιρρεπής, ἐς, leaning, inclined towards, Lat. proclivis. From

ἐπι-ρέπω, f. ψω, to lean towards, of the balance: to fall upon. II. trans., ἐπιρρέπειν τάλαντον to force down one scale: hence to weigh out to one, allot.

ἐπιρρεπῶς, Adv. of ἐπιρρεπής, favourably inclined.

ἐπι-ρέω: f. -ρεύσομαι, aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) ἐπερῶν:—to flow upon the surface, float atop. 2. to flow to or into: of men, to stream on or towards;

τύπρῶν χρόνος onward-streaming time, i. e. the future.

ἐπι-ρρήννυμι, = ἐπιρρῆσσω.

ἐπι-ρήσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπί, ῥῆσις) a reproach. II. a spell, charm.

ἐπι-ρήσσω, f. -ρήξω: Att. ἐπιρράσσω, f. -ράξω:—to dash against, force upon or to; Ion. impf. ἐπι-ρήσσεσκον. 2. to rend at or on bearing a thing.

II. intr. to burst forth, of lightning.

ἐπι-ρητορεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ῥήτωρ) to speak as an orator to or over.

ἐπι-ρητος, ov, cried out against, infamous.

ἐπι-ρικτος, ov, sbrunk up.

ἐπι-ρίπτω and -έω: f. ψω: aor. I -ἐρριψα:—to cast at or upon. 2. metaph. to commit to, give up to.

II. intr. to fall upon.

ἐπιρροή, ἡ, (ἐπιρρέω) an afflux, influx, a flood.

ἐπιρροθέω, f. ἡσω, to roar at, of the waves: to echo or answer to a sound: to shout applause at a thing: to repeat or second a prayer: but also, to inveigh against. Hence

ἐπι-ροθος, ov, hastening to the rescue, aiding: generally, helping in need, giving aid against. II.

ἐπιρροθα κακά reproaches banded back and forwards, abusive language.

ἐπι-ροιδέω, f. ἡσω, to forebode rain by croaking. Hence

ἐπιρροιδῆν, Adv. with noisy fury.

ἐπι-ροίξω, f. ἡσω, to croak to or at: c. acc. cognato, ἐπ. φωνάς τινα to sbriek or bode flight to one.

ἐπιρροῦς, aor. 2 part. pass. of ἐπιρρέω.

ἐπι-ρύξω, f. ξω, (ἐπί, ῥύξω) to set a dog on one. ἐπι-ρύομαι, Dep. to save, preserve.

ἐπιρρύτος, ov, (ἐπιρρέω) flowing in or to: coming in upon, adventitious. 2. metaph. overflowing, abundant. II. overflowed, moist.

ἐπι-ρῶννυμι and -ύω: fut. -ρῶσω: aor. I -ἐρρωσα:—to add strength to, strengthen, encourage, cheer on in a thing:—Pass. ἐπιρῶννυμι; but the pf. ἐπέ-ρρωμαι, plqpf. -ἐρρώην are used as pres. and impf.: aor. I -ἐρρώσθη:—to recover strength, be invigorated, be of good cheer: also in aor. I, impers., κείνους ἐπερρώσθη λέγειν they took courage to speak.

ἐπι-ρῶμαι, aor. I -ἐρρωσάμην: Dep.:—to flow or stream downwards on a thing: of hair, to fall flowing. II. to apply one's strength to a thing, work lustily at; ποσσίν ἐπερρώσαντο they moved nimbly with their feet.

ἐπιρρωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ἐπιρῶννυμι.

ἐπι-ρύομαι, v. ἐπιρρ-.

ἐπίσα, aor. I of πίσισκω, to make to drink.

ἐπίσαγμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπισάτω) a pack-saddle: metaph., ἐπίσαγμα νοσήματος a burden of disease.

ἐπι-σάτω, f. ξω, to pile a load upon. II. to load or saddle a horse.

ἐπι-σειέω Ep. ἐπισσειάω: f. σω:—to shake at or against. 2. to wave or beckon on: hence to set at or upon one.

ἐπι-σεύω Ep. ἐπισσεύω:—to put in motion against one, set on. II. Pass. to hurry, hasten towards:

in hostile sense, to fall upon, rush at, attack: esp. in pf. ἐπέσεύμαι as pres., and plqpf. ἐπέσεύμην as impf. or aor. 2, part. ἐπέσεύμενος, to rush on, hurry, hasten; ἐπέσεύμενος πεδίου hurrying over the plain: of rapid motion, ἐπέσσυτο διώκειν be hastened on to follow:—metaph. to be in excitement or agitation.

ἐπί-σημα, ατος, τό, device upon a shield.

ἐπι-σημαίνω, f. ἄνω, to set a mark or sign upon:—Pass. to be marked, bear a mark. II. to give a sign of approval:—Med. to give one's approval to a thing.

ἐπί-σημος, ov, (ἐπί, σῆμα) having a mark on it, bearing a mark or inscription: of money, stamped, coined. 2. distinguished, famous, remarkable, Lat. insignis: also in bad sense, notorious. II. ἐπί-σημον, τό, as Subst. any mark of distinction, a device: a device or bearing on a shield: the ensign or flag of a ship.

ἐπί-σις, for ἐπ' ἴσης [sc. μοίρας], equally.

ἐπι-σίξω, to set on, as a dog.

ἐπί-σίμος, ov, (ἐπί, σίμος) somewhat flat-nosed.

ἐπι-σίμωω, f. ὤσω, to turn aside one's course.

ἐπι-σιτίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to furnish with food:—Med. to furnish oneself with food, to forage: c. acc., ἐπισιτίξεται τὸ στρατεύμα to provision the army;

ἐπισιτίξεται ἄριστον to provide oneself with a meal.

ἐπισιτίσις, εως, ἡ, and ἐπισιτισμα, τό, = sq.

ἐπισιτισμός, ὁ, (ἐπισιτίξω) a furnishing oneself with provisions: a stock of provisions.

ἐπι-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig superficially.

ἐπι-σκαδάννυμι, f. άσω [ά], to scatter or spread upon.

ἐπι-σκέλιος, εως, ή, (ἐπί, σκέλος) the first spring or start in a horse's gallop.

ἐπι-σκεπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ἐπισκέπτομαι, to be considered, examined.

ἐπι-σκέπτομαι, a pres. only used by late authors, which furnishes a fut. to ἐπισκοπέω.

ἐπι-σκέπω, to cover over.

ἐπι-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to get ready: to equip, fit out: ἐπισκεύασαι τὰ χρήματα to pack the money upon. II. to equip anew, repair, restore. Hence

ἐπισκευαστής, ού, ό, one who restores.

ἐπι-σκενή, ή, a repair, restoration: materials for repairs, stores.

ἐπίσκεψις, εως, ή, (ἐπισκέπτομαι) a looking at, inspection. 2. consideration, reflexion: inquiry.

ἐπί-σκηνος, ον, (ἐπί, σκηνή) at or near a tent.

ἐπι-σκηνώ, f. άσω, to lodge in a tent: generally, to stay, abide at a place.

ἐπι-σκήπτω, f. ψω, to make to lean upon: make to light upon, impose upon:—intr. to fall upon, like lightning:—Med. to lean upon, rely upon. II. to enjoy solemnly upon, lay a strict charge upon, to command one to do; τοσοῦτον σ' ἐπισκήπτω thus much I command thee. III. to prosecute or indict.

ἐπι-σκιάζω, f. άσω; pf. pass. ἐπεσκίασμαι:—to throw a shade upon, overshadow, Lat. obumbrare:—Pass., λαθραῖον ὄμψ' ἐπεσκιασμένη keeping a hidden watch.

ἐπι-σκίος, ον, (ἐπί, σκιά) overshadowed. 2. act. shading, c. gen.

ἐπι-σκοπέω, f. -σκέψομαι (from -σκέπτομαι): aor. I -εσκεψάμην: pf. -εσκεμμαι:—to look upon or at, inspect, examine: to watch over, pay regard to. 2. to go to see, visit:—Pass., ὄνειρος οὐκ ἐπισκοπούμενον unvisited by dreams. 3. to consider, reflect. Hence

ἐπισκοπή, ή, an overseeing: the office of an overseer or bishop: also 2. visitation, punishment.

ἐπί-σκοπος, ό, (σκοπός I) an overseer, watcher, guardian:—esp. a public officer sent by the Athenians as inspector or overseer of a subject state:—a bishop. II. a scout, watch.

ἐπι-σκοπος, ον, (σκοπός II) biting the mark: suitable to, coming up to:—neut. pl. ἐπίσκοπα, as Adv., successfully, with good aim.

ἐπι-σκοτέω, f. ήσω, (ἐπί, σκότος) to throw darkness or a shadow over.

ἐπι-σκύζομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -σκύσομαι, to be indignant at, brood over.

ἐπι-σκυθίζω, f. ίσω Att. ίω, to ply with drink like a Scythian.

ἐπι-σκυθρωπάζω, f. άσω, to look savage.

ἐπι-σκύνιον, τό, the skin of the brows which is knitted by frowning: hence, like ὄφρυς, Lat. supercilium, used for arrogance, haughtiness.

ἐπισκώσσατο, Ep. aor. I opt. med. of ἐπισκύζομαι.

ἐπι-σκώπτω, f. ψω, to laugh at, turn into ridicule: absol. to joke, make fun. Hence

ἐπίσκαψις, εως, ή, raillery.

ἐπι-σμάω, inf. -σμήν, f. -σμήσω, to rub or smear over.

ἐπι-σμήγερός, ά, όν, (ἐπί, σμηγερός = μωγερός) shameful, sad:—Adv. ἐπισμηγερώς, sadly, to his cost.

ἐπισπαστήρ, ήρος, ό, (ἐπισπάω) the handle by which a door is pulled to. II. a fishing-line, angle.

ἐπίσπαστος, η, ον, drawn upon oneself. II. ἐπίσπαστος βρόχος a tight-drawn noose. From

ἐπι-σπάω, f. -σπάσω [ά]: to draw or drag after one: to bring on, cause. 2. to draw on, allure, induce: so also in Med. 3. ἐπισπᾶν τὴν θύραν to pull the door to. 4. in Med. to draw to oneself, win, obtain.

ἐπισπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπείρω, f. εράω, to sow with seed: to sow among.

ἐπισπείσας, aor. I part. of ἐπισπένδω.

ἐπίσπειρος, εως, ή, a libation at a sacrifice. From

ἐπι-σπένδω, f. σπείσω, to pour upon or over: absol. to make a libation. II. Med. to make a fresh treaty.

ἐπισπερχής, ές, hurried, eager:—Adv. -χῶς. From ἐπι-σπέρχω, f. έω, to urge on, hasten. II. intr. to burry on, rage furiously.

ἐπισπείσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπι-σπέυω, f. σω, to urge on, promote, further. II. intr. to hasten onward.

ἐπισπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἐφέπω.

ἐπισπονή, ή, (ἐπισπένδομαι) a renewed or renewable truce, mostly in plur.

ἐπισπορία, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) a sowing after.

ἐπισπορος, ον, (ἐπισπείρω) sown afterwards: οί ἐπίσποροι posterity.

ἐπι-σπουδάω, f. άσω, to urge on, to further. II. intr. to make haste in a thing.

ἐπίστω, ης, η, ἐπίστωμι, οis, οi, aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ἐφέπω:—ἐπισπῶν, ούσα, όν, aor. 2 part.

ἐπι-σσεύω, ἐπισσεύω, Ep. for ἐπίσειω, ἐπισείω.

ἐπί-στυς, ον, (ἐπέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπισείω) burrying on, rushing, gushing: vehement: also c. acc. rushing upon.

ἐπίστυρον, Ep. for ἐπίστυρον, a tire.

ἐπίστα, for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.

ἐπίσταδόν, Adv. (ἐπίσταμαι) attentively, earnestly.

ἐπι-στάξω, f. -στάξω, to make to drop upon a thing: ἐπιστάξω χάριν to shed delight or honour.

ἐπι-σταθμάομαι, Dep. to weigh well, ponder.

ἐπί-σταθμος, ον, at, belonging to a lodging or station.

ἐπί-στάται, 2 pers. ἐπίστασαι poet. ἐπίστα Ion. ἐπίστη: imperat. ἐπίστασο Ion. ἐπίσταο Att. ἐπί-στω: impf. ήπιστάμην Ep. ήπιστάμην: fut. med. ήπιστήσομαι: aor. I pass. ήπιστήθη: Dep.: (ἐπί, ίστημι).

I. c. inf. to know how to do: to be capable of doing. II. c. acc. rei, to understand, know, to be versed in a thing: in Herodotus, to be assured of, to believe: but in Att., to know for certain, know well:—pres. part. ήπιστάμενος, η, ον, as an Adj., knowing, skilful, wise: c. gen., ήπιστάμενος πολέ-μοιο skilled or versed in war.

ήπιστάμενος, Adv. (ήπιστάμαι) skilfully, expertly.

ἐπιστάς, aor. 2 part. of ἐφίστημι.
 ἐπιστάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφίστημι) a stopping, checking.
 II. (ἐφίσταμαι) a resting, staying: a halt in a march. 2. attention, care, diligence: anxiety.
 ἐπιστάσειω, f. σω, and
 ἐπιστάτέω, f. ἡσω, (ἐπιστάτης) to have charge of a thing, to be set over, preside over. II. to be chief President (ἐπιστάτης) in the assembly. III. to stand by, be present.
 ἐπιστάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐφίσταμαι) one who stands by, a suppliant. 2. in battle-order, one's rear-rank man, the man behind. II. one who is set over, a chief, master, lord: a manager, overseer; ἐπιστάτης ἄθλων president or steward of the games. 2. at Athens, the chief President of the ἐκκλησία, cf. πρύτασις: an inspector or commissioner of any public works.
 ἐπιστάτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἐπιστάτης.
 ἐπιστάται, Ion. for ἐπίσταται, 3 pl. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπιστέατο, Ion. for ἠπίσταντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπι-στειβῶ, f. ψω, to tread upon, stand upon.
 ἐπι-στειχῶ, to go to, along, or over, to approach.
 ἐπι-στέλλω, f. -στελῶ: pf. -έσταλκα:—Pass., aor. I -εστάλθην, aor. 2 -εστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. -έσταλμαι:—to send to, send by message or letter: generally, to bid, enjoin, command; τὰ ἐπεσταλμένα orders given. 2. to announce, give intelligence. II. to write letters; cf. ἐπιστολή, III. to draw in, tighten.
 ἐπι-στενάξω, f. ἄξω, to groan over.
 ἐπι-στενάχω or -στενάχομαι, = ἐπιστένω.
 ἐπι-στένω, to groan or sigh at: lament over.
 ἐπι-στεφάνω, f. ὦσω, to deck with a garland.
 ἐπιστεφής, ἐς, crowned to the brim; κρητῆρας ἐπιστεφῆς οἴνοιο goblets brimming over with wine.
 ἐπι-στέφω, f. ψω, to surround with or as with a charlet: Med., κρητῆρας ἐπεστέψαντο ποσοῖο they crowned the goblets to the brim with drink metaph., χόας ἐπιστέφειν τινί to offer libations as an honour to the dead.
 ἐπιστέωνται, Ion. 3 plur. subj. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπίστη, Ion. for ἐπίστασαι, 2 sing. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπιστήμη, ἡ, (ἐπίσταμαι) knowledge, understanding, skill, experience, wisdom. 2. scientific knowledge, science: in plur. the sciences.
 ἐπίστημι, Ion. for ἐφίστημι.
 ἐπιστήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (ἐπίσταμαι) wise, prudent: skilled in or acquainted with a thing, c. gen.: generally, learned, well-instructed, scientific.
 ἐπι-στηρίζω, f. ξω, to make to lean upon: hence to confirm, establish:—Pass. to lean upon a thing.
 ἐπιστητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐπίσταμαι) that can be scientifically known.
 ἐπι-στίλω, to glisten on the surface.
 ἐπ-ιστιος, ου, (ἐπί, ιστή) Ion. for ἐφέστιος:—as Subst., ἐπ-ιστιον, τό, a dock for ships.
 ἐπιστολάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστέλλω) girt up, neatly, of dress. [ᾶ]

ἐπιστολεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (ἐπιστολή) a letter-writer, secretary. II. A vice-admiral.
 ἐπιστολή, ἡ, (ἐπιστέλλω) a message, command, commission, whether verbal or in writing; ἐξ ἐπιστολῆς by command. 2. a letter, Lat. epistola.
 ἐπι-στομιζῶ, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, (ἐπί, στόμα) to bridle, and so manage a horse: metaph. to curb or muzzle, silence, gag. II. to throw down on the face.
 ἐπι-στονάχῳ, -ίζω, = ἐπιστένω, of the waves.
 ἐπι-στορέννυμι, shorter -στόρνυμι or -στροννυμι: f. -στρώσω: aor. I -εστόρεσα or -έστροσα: pf. pass. -έστρομαι:—to strew or spread out upon.
 ἐπιστρατεία Ion. -ἦτή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρατεύω) a march or expedition against one.
 ἐπιστρατεύσις, εως, ἡ, = ἐπιστρατεία. From
 ἐπι-στράτεω, f. σω, to march against, go on an expedition against: in Prose mostly in Med.
 ἐπι-στράτη, Ion. for ἐπιστρατεία.
 ἐπι-στράτοπεδεύω, f. σω, to encamp over against.
 ἐπιστραφέις, aor. 2 part. pass. ἐπιστρέφω: ἐπιστραφήναι, inf.: ἐπιστραφῶ subj.
 ἐπιστρέπτος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) to be turned towards or looked at; hence, to be admired.
 ἐπι-στρεφής, ἐς, turning towards: attentive, careful, sharp, sbreud. Adv. ἐπιστρεφῶς Ion. -έως, earnestly, sharply. From
 ἐπι-στρέφω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐπέστρεψα:—to turn or direct towards. 2. to turn about, turn. 3. to turn or convert from an error, to correct, amend. 4. to curve, twist, make to writhe. II. Med. and Pass. ἐπιστρέφομαι, aor. 2 -εστρέφην [ᾶ]:—to turn oneself round: to go backwards and forwards, to range or wander over: to visit. 2. to be turned or converted: to repent. 3. to look towards: hence to pay regard or deference to: c. acc. to allude to, mean. III. intr. in Act. to turn oneself in any direction: to return. IV. pf. part. pass. ἐπεστραμμένος, η, ου, = ἐπιστρεφής, earnest, pressing, vehement.
 ἐπιστροφάδην, Adv. (ἐπιστρέφω) turning both ways, turning right and left.
 ἐπιστροφή, ἡ, (ἐπιστρέφω) a wheeling about, return to the charge: also of ships, a tacking or putting about. II. (ἐπιστρέφομαι) attention, care, notice. 2. a moving about in a place; δωμάτων ἐπιστροφάει occupation of the palace.
 ἐπιστροφος, ου, (ἐπιστρέφω) conversant with: concerned with or in.
 ἐπι-στροννύμι, shortened form of ἐπιστορέννυμι.
 ἐπι-στρώω, f. ἡσω, Frequent. of ἐπιστρέφω; but mostly intr., like Med. ἐπιστρέφομαι, to visit or frequent a place, to occupy one's house: also to come to.
 ἐπίσταω, for ἐπίστασο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἐπίσταμαι.
 ἐπι-συνάγω, f. ἄξω, to gather together again, collect and bring to a place. Hence
 ἐπισυνάγωγῃ, ἡ, an assembling together at a place.
 ἐπισυνηγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐπισυνάγω.
 ἐπι-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to set together.

against. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έσθηκα, to conspire against.

ἐπι-συντρέχω, f. -δραμοῦμαι, to run together to. ἐπίσυρμα, atos, τό, anything trailed after one: the trail of a snake, the track made by dragging. From ἐπι-σύρω, to drag or trail after one. II. to do anything in a careless way, to slur over.

ἐπισύστασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπισυνίσταμαι) a being gathered together against, a riotous meeting, tumult.

ἐπι-σφάζω, f. ζω, to slaughter over or besides, im-molate.

ἐπι-σφάλλης, ἐς, (ἐπί, σφάλλησαι) prone to fall, un-steady, precarious.

ἐπι-σφάπτω, f. ζω, later form of ἐπισφάζω.

ἐπι-σφίγγω, f. γζω, to bind tight, fasten.

ἐπι-σφραῖνίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to put a seal on, seal up. 2. to confirm, ratify. Hence

ἐπισφραῖγιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who seals or signs.

ἐπι-σφύριον, τό, (ἐπί, σφυρόν) mostly in plur. bands or clasps which fastened the two plates of the greaves (κνημίδες) over the ankle: a covering for the ankle.

ἐπι-σχεδόν, Adv. near at hand.

ἐπισχεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σχερό, Adv. (ἐπί, σχερός) in a row, one after another. II. of Time, gradually, by degrees.

ἐπισχεοῖα Ion. -ἰη, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a pretext, excuse.

ἐπι-σχεῖς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) a checking, stopping, hindrance: delay, reluctance.

ἐπι-σχών, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to make strong. II. intr. to be or grow strong:—to be urgent.

ἐπι-ίσχω, collat. form of ἐπέχω, to bold or direct towards. II. to keep in, bold in, check. 2. intr. to leave off, desist.

ἐπισχών, aor. 2 part. of ἐπέχω.

ἐπι-σωρεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, σωρός) to heap, pile up.

ἐπι-σωτρον Ep. ἐπίσω-, τό, the metal hoop laid upon the felloe of the wheel, the tire.

ἐπιτάγῃ, ἡ, an injunction, precept. From ἐπιτάγηναι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτάσσω.

ἐπίταγμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order.

ἐπίταδες, Dor. for ἐπιτηδές.

ἐπιτακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐπιτάκτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐπιτάσσω) a commander.

ἐπίτακτος, ον, (ἐπιτάσσω) enjoined, command-ed. II. drawn up, behind; οἱ ἐπιτακτοί, the reserve in an army.

ἐπι-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἦσω, to labour or suffer yet more.

ἐπιτάμης [ᾶ], 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάμω, Ion. for ἐπιτέμνω.

ἐπι-τάνύω, poet. for ἐπιτείνω, to stretch over.

ἐπίταξις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτάσσω) an injunction, order; ἐπίταξις τοῦ φόρου the arrangement of the tribute.

ἐπι-τάρσσω Att. -τρω, f. ζω, to trouble or disquiet yet more.

ἐπιτάρροθος, ὁ, lengthened for ἐπίτροπος, a helper, defender, ally.

ἐπιτάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιτείνω) a stretching, straining.

ἐπι-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω: aor. I -έταξα:—Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην: pf. -τέταγμα:—to set over, put in command. 2. to enjoin, order:—Pass. to be under orders to do a thing; of things, to be ordered one; τὰ ἐπιτασσόμενα orders given. II. to place be-hind or in reserve: also, to place next or beside.

ἐπι-τάφιος, ον, (ἐπί, τάφος) on or over a tomb; λόγος ἐπιτάφιος a funeral oration spoken at Athens yearly over the citizens who had fallen in battle; such as that of Pericles in Thuc. 2. 35 sqq.

ἐπι-τάχυνω, f. ἴνω, to hasten on, urge forward.

ἐπιτεῖλαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιτέλλω.

ἐπι-τείνω, f. -τενώ: Ion. impf. ἐπιτείνεσκον:—Pass., aor. I -ετάθην [ᾶ]: pf. -τέταμαι:—to stretch upon or over. 2. to draw tight: to increase, heighten: to urge, excite:—Pass. to be stretched as on the rack: generally to be tortured, to be on the stretch, strained to the uttermost:—to endure.

ἐπι-τερίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to build a fort or occupy a fortified place against one, esp. in the enemy's country: c. acc. loci, to occupy with such a fort. Hence

ἐπιτερίζεις, εως, ἡ, the building a fort on the enemy's country, the occupation of it: and

ἐπιτερίχισμα, atos, τό, a fort placed so as to com-mand an enemy's country: and

ἐπιτερίχισμός, ὁ, = ἐπιτερίχισος.

ἐπι-τελεστέον, verb. Adj. one must accomplish.

ἐπι-τελέω, f. ἴσω, to complete, finish: to fulfil, ac-complish, esp. of vows or promises. 2. to discharge a religious service. 3. to pay in full, discharge: metaph. in Med., ἐπιτελείσθαι τὰ τοῦ γήραος to have to pay, be subject to, the burdens of old age; ἐπιτε-λείσθαι θάνατον to pay the debt of death.

ἐπι-τελής, ἐς, (ἐπί, τέλος) brought to an end, ac-complished, fulfilled.

ἐπι-τέλλω fut. -τελῶ: aor. I -έτειλα: pf. -τέταλκα:—to lay upon, enjoin, command, prescribe, ordain: c. dat. pers. to give orders to:—so also in Med. II. intr. and in Med., to rise, of the sun or stars.

ἐπι-τέμνω Ion. -τάμω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -εἶμω:—to make a cut or incision into, gasb. II. to cut short: to abridge.

ἐπι-τεῖς, εκος, ἡ, (ἐπί, τεκύν) at the birth, about to bring forth.

ἐπιτερπής, ἐς, pleasing, delightful. From ἐπι-τέρπομαι, Pass. to rejoice or delight in.

ἐπιτέταμαι, pf. pass. of ἐπιτείνω.

ἐπιτετήδεκα, pf. of ἐπιτηδεύω.

ἐπιτετράπται, 3 sing. pass. pf. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπιτετράφαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τεύω, f. ζω, to make for.

ἐπι-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to contrive for a purpose. II. to contrive against. Hence

ἐπιτεχνήσις, εως, ἡ, contrivance for a purpose.

ἐπιτήδειος, α, ον, Ion. ἐπιτήδεος, η, ον, (ἐπιτηδές) made for a special purpose, fit or adapted for it, convenient. II. useful, serviceable, necessary; τὰ ἐπιτήδεια, the necessaries of life. 2. of persons,

serviceable, friendly, well-disposed: as Subst., an intimate friend, Lat. *necessarius*.

ἐπιτηδεύτης, ητος, ή, fitness, suitability, convenience for a purpose.

ἐπιτηδεύς Ion. —έως, Adv. of ἐπιτηδεύς, suitably, serviceably.

ἐπιτηδές, later ἐπί-τηδες, Adv. formed from ἐπὶ τὰδε, for a special purpose, for the purpose: on purpose, advisedly, Lat. *consulto*: designedly, artfully.

ἐπιτήδευμα, ατος, τό, (ἐπιτηδεύω) that which one pursues, one's pursuit in life, business, custom, practice, Lat. *studium, institutum*.

ἐπιτήδευσις, εως, ή, attention to a pursuit or business: the practising or studying of a thing. From ἐπιτηδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπιτηδές); but the tenses are formed as if it were a compd. of ἐπὶ with τηδεύω (which does not exist), aor. I ἐπετήδευσα, pf. ἐπιτετήδευκα: —to pursue or practise a thing, make it one's business, Lat. *studere rei*: also to invent: c. inf. to take care to do:—Pass. to be practised, done with pains and care.

ἐπιτήκτος, ov, melted or luted to, overlaid: metaph. superficial, counterfeit. From

ἐπι-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt upon, pour upon when melted.

ἐπι-τηρέω, f. ήσω, to look out or watch for.

ἐπι-τήθημι, f. —θήσω: aor. I —έθηκα: pf. —τέθεικα: —to put or lay upon. 2. to set upon, turn or incline towards.

II. to put to, close, as a door or covering; ήμὲν ἀνακλινάμεν πικανὸν νέφος ήδ' ἐπιθεινάμεν both to roll back the thick cloud and put it to.

III. to put to besides, to add. IV. to put on, as a last touch or finish.

V. to lay upon, impose, inflict, esp. a penalty: also to give a name.

VI. to give an injunction or message: to send by message.

VII. Med. ἐπιτίθεμαι, aor. 2 —έθέμην: to put on oneself or for oneself.

2. to set oneself to, apply oneself to, engage oneself in.

3. to set upon, make an attempt upon, attack.

ἐπι-τιμάω, f. ήσω:—to lay a value or set a price upon, Lat. *aestimare*: to value, honour, shew honour to.

2. to raise in price:—Pass. to rise in price.

II. to lay or estimate the amount of a penalty, to appraise. 2. to object to one as blameable: to blame, reprove, find fault with. Hence

ἐπιτιμωσις, εως, ή, a reproving, rebuking: and ἐπιτιμητής, ού, ό, an estimator. II. a punisher, chastiser; ἐπιτιμητής έργων an appraiser or examiner of what has been done. Hence

ἐπιτιμητικός, ή, όν, censorious.

ἐπιτιμητήρ, οπος, ό, (ἐπιτιμάω) an avenger.

ἐπιτιμία, ή, (ἐπιτιμος) the enjoyment of civil rights and privileges.

II. rebuke: punishment.

ἐπι-τίμιος, ov, (ἐπί, τιμή) done in one's honour. II. τὸ ἐπιτίμιον or τὰ ἐπιτίμια, as Subst., the value or estimate of a thing: the honour due to a person. 2.

the assessment of damages, penalty; τὰ τιτίμια τῆς δυσσεβείας the wages of ungodliness.

ἐπί-τιμος, ov, (ἐπί, τιμή) in honour: in possession

of one's full rights and privileges as a citizen, opp. to ἀτιμος.

ἐπι-τίθος, ov, (ἐπί, τίθη) still at the breast, sucking.

ἐπι-τιρώσκω, f. —τιρώσω, to wound on the surface.

ἐπι-τίω, f. —τίσω, to lay a penalty upon, punish.

*ἐπι-τλάω, obsol. pres. (see ΤΛΑΩ): irr. aor. 2 ἐπι-έτλην inf. ἐπιτλήναι:—to bear patiently, submit.

ἐπιτλήθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ἐπιτλάω.

ἐπιτολή, ή, (ἐπιτέλλω) the rising of a star: the season of a star's appearance in the heavens.

ἐπι-τολμάω, f. ήσω, to submit or endure to do.

ἐπιτόνος, ov, (ἐπιτένω) stretched, strained. II.

as Subst., ἐπίτονος (sub. ἵμας), ό, a rope or cord with which a thing is stretched or tightened, the back-stay of the mast.

ἐπι-τοξάζομαι, Dep. to shoot at.

ἐπιτόσοιαι, Dor. part. of ἐπέτοσσε.

ἐπιτρέπεουσι, Ep. 3 pl. of ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τρέπω, Ion. for ἐπιτρέπω: ἐπέτραψα, ἐπιτρέψομαι, Ion. aor. I act. and fut. med. of same.

ἐπι-τρέπτειν, verb. Adj. one must permit. From

ἐπι-τρέπω: f. ψω: aor. I —έτρεψα, aor. 2 —έτράπων:

—Med., f. Ion. —τρέφομαι: aor. 2 —ετραπόμην:—

Pass., Ion. aor. I —ετραφθην: aor. 2 —ετραψην [α]:

—to turn to or towards:—Med. to incline to. 2.

to give over, commit, entrust to one's charge: to put

into another's hand, entrust oneself to:—Pass. to be

entrusted; ᾧ ἐπιτεράφαται λαοί (3 pl. pf., for ἐπιτε-

τραμμένοι εἰσὶ) to whose charge they have been com-

mitted: Ὀψας μέγας οὐρανὸς ἐπιτεράπτει 3 sing. pf.): τῆν ἀρχὴν ἐπιτραφείας entrusted with the com-

mand: Med. to trust oneself to a person. II. to

make over to one's heir, leave, bequeath. III. to

give up, yield: to permit, suffer, allow.

ἐπι-τρέφω, f. —θρέψω, to bring up, maintain:—Pass.

to grow up after: generally, to grow up.

ἐπι-τρέχω, fut. I —θρέξομαι, aor. I —έθρεξα: also

(from Root ἐπιδρέω) fut. —δράμωμαι, aor. 2 —έδρά-

μω: pf. —δεδράμηκα, pf. 2 ἐπίδεδρομαι:—to run at

or upon: to assault, attack suddenly. II. to

run over a space: to graze as a lance does a shield:

to overspread, be shed abroad, be diffused. 2. c.

acc. to overrun, as an army does a country. 3. to

run over, treat lightly of, Lat. *oratione percurrere*.

III. to run after: to grasp at, seek for.

ἐπίτρεψον, ἐπιτρέψαι, aor. I imper. and inf. of

ἐπιτρέπω.

ἐπι-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. 2 pass. ἐπετριβην [τ]:—to

rub on the surface: to grind down, afflict, destroy:—

Pass. to be utterly destroyed. Hence

ἐπιτριπτος, ov, rubbed down, worn away: metaph. worn, practised, hackneyed.

ἐπί-τριτος, ov, one and one-third, I + $\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{4}{3}$:—ἐπί-

τριτον (sub. δάνεισμα) was a loan at the rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ of the principal, i. e. 33 $\frac{1}{3}$ per cent. per annum.

ἐπι-τροπαύω, α, ov, (ἐπιτροπή) entrusted, delegated.

ἐπιτροπεία, ή, (ἐπιτροπέω) guardianship.

ἐπι-τρόπουσις, εως, ή, = ἐπιτροπεία. Hence

ἐπιτροπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for the office of guardian*.

ἐπιτροπεύω, f. σω, (ἐπίτροπος) *to be in charge, to be guardian, trustee, governor*.

ἐπιτροπή, ἡ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *a reference of a thing to another: a charge entrusted to a person*. 2. absol. *an arbitration*.

ἐπίτροπος, ὁ, (ἐπιτρέπω) *one to whom a charge is entrusted, a trustee, steward: esp. a guardian*.

ἐπιτροχάδην, Adv. (ἐπιτρέχω) *runningly, fluently*.

ἐπίτροχος, ὄν, (ἐπιτρέχω) *running easily: metaph. voluble*.

ἐπι-τρύξω, *to murmur beside or over*.

ἐπι-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -έτρᾶγον:—*to eat to, with, or after, esp. as sauce or sweetmeat*.

ἐπι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύομαι: aor. 2 -έτῤυχον:—*to light upon, fall in with, meet with: c. gen. rei, to hit, reach, attain to: c. part. to succeed in doing: in aor. 2 part., ὁ ἐπιτυχάν, like ὁ τυχάν, the first one meets, i. e. a common, ordinary person, any one*.

ἐπι-τυμβίδιος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, τύμβος) *at or over a tomb*. II. of the crested lark, *with a crest or top-knot*.

ἐπι-τύμβιος, ὄν, = ἐπιτυμβίδιος.

ἐπι-τύφω [ῥ], f. -θύφω:—*to kindle, inflame:—Pass. to be inflamed: to be furious*.

ἐπιτύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπιτυγχάνω.

ἐπιτύχης, ἐς, (ἐπιτυχεῖν) *bitting the mark, effective, successful*.

ἐπιφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐπεισθίω.

ἐπιφάνα, f. -φάνω: aor. I -έφηνα:—*to shew forth, display*. 2. intr. (sub. φῶς) *to shine upon*. II. Pass. and Med. *to shew oneself, come into light, shine forth, appear*.

ἐπιφάνεια, ἡ, *the appearance, manifestation*. II. *the surface, outside, of anything*.

ἐπιφάνεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of ἐπιφάινω.

ἐπιφανέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of ἐπιφάνως.

ἐπιφάνηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιφάινω. Hence ἐπιφάνης, ἐς, (ἐπιφανῆται) *coming to light, appearing, conspicuous, open, manifest*. II. metaph. famous, Lat. *illustris*: of things, *remarkable*.

ἐπιφάνια (sub. ἱερά), ὄν, τὰ, (ἐπιφανῆται) *the festival of the Epiphany, the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles*.

ἐπί-φαντος, ὄν, (ἐπιφαινόμεαι) *visible, alive*.

ἐπιφάνως, Adv. of ἐπιφανής, *openly*.

ἐπι-φατιδῖος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φάτνη) *of the manger*.

ἐπι-φάτω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φάος) *to shine upon*.

ἐπι-φέρω: f. -οίσω: aor. I -ήνεγκα: aor. 2 -ήνεγκον: (see φέρω):—*to bring, put or lay upon: ἐπιφέρειν πόλεμον, Lat. bellum inferre, to make war upon: absol. to attack, assail*. 2. *to throw a charge upon one, to impute to*. 3. *to confer upon, also in bad sense to inflict or impose upon: also to offer:—Med. to bring with oneself, bring as dowry*. 4. Pass., ἐπιφέρεισθαι τι, *to rush upon, attack, assault, pursue:*

—*absol. to ensue, follow upon, come after, to happen after*.

ἐπι-φημίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, φήμη) *to utter words of omen to one, to promise in accordance with an omen*. Hence ἐπιφήμισμα, τό, *a word of good or bad omen*.

ἐπι-φθάνω, f. άσω [ά], *to arrive at, reach first*.

ἐπιφθάς, aor. 2 of ἐπιφθάνω, as if from ἐπιφθῆμι.

ἐπι-φθόγομαι, f. -φθόγομαι, Dep. *to utter after or in accordance, join in what is said*.

ἐπι-φθονέω, f. ἤσω, *to grudge or withhold from jealousy*. II. *to bear hate against*.

ἐπι-φθονος, ὄν, *liable to envy or jealousy*. II. act. *bearing a grudge against, jealous of, hating: working mischief, malignant*. Hence ἐπιφθόνως, Adv. *so as to provoke envy*. II. *at enmity*.

ἐπι-φθύζω, *to spit at: Dor. part. fem. ἐπιφθύσοισα*. ἐπι-φιλοπυρόμεαι, Dep. *to labour willingly at*.

ἐπι-φλέγω, f. ξω, *to set on fire, burn up*. 2. metaph. *to inflame, excite: also to make brilliant or illustrious*. II. intr. *to blaze up, be brilliant*.

ἐπί-φοβος, ὄν, *frightful, terrible, fearful*. II. pass. *timid*.

ἐπι-φοιτάω, f. ἤσω, *to come constantly to, go regularly to, visit periodically: of foreign goods, to be regularly imported*.

ἐπιφορά, ἡ, (ἐπιφέρω) *a bringing to or upon: generally an addition*.

ἐπι-φορέω, f. ἤσω, = ἐπιφέρω, *to bring and put on*. Hence

ἐπιφόρημα, ατος, τό, mostly in pl., *that which is served up in addition: dessert*.

ἐπιφορος, ὄν, (ἐπιφέρω) *carrying towards*. II. of ground, *sloping*. III. *prone or inclined to a thing*.

ἐπι-φράζω, f. σω, *to say after or besides*. II. Med. and Pass., fut. -φράσομαι: aor. I -εφράσασθην, and aor. -εφράσθη:—*to think of doing, be minded to do*. 2. *to reflect upon, devise, contrive*. 3. *to notice, observe, to recognise, take notice of*.

ἐπιφρασσάιω, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of ἐπιφράζω.

ἐπι-φρονέω, f. ἤσω, *to be shrewd, prudent*.

ἐπιφροσύνη, ἡ, (ἐπιφρον) *thoughtfulness*.

ἐπί-φρουρος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φρουρά) *keeping watch by*.

ἐπί-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (ἐπί, φρήν) *thoughtful*.

ἐπι-φύλλος, ὄν, (ἐπί, φύλλῃ) *distributed to tribes*.

ἐπι-φυλλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, φύλλον) *the small grapes left for gleaners: a term applied by Aristophanes to poetasters, whose names are not mentioned until the list of true poets is exhausted*.

ἐπι-φύτεύω, f. σω, *to plant over or upon*.

ἐπι-φύω, f. ύω [ῥ]:—*to make to grow upon*. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 ἐπέφυῶν, pf. ἐπιπέφυκα, *to grow upon, to cling closely to*.

ἐπι-φονέω, f. ἤσω, *to tell of, mention*.

ἐπι-φώσκω, (ἐπί, φῶς) *to grow towards dawn*.

ἐπι-χαίω, *to gape for*.

ἐπι-χαίρω, f. -χαίρῃω, *to rejoice over: c. acc., σέ*

μὲν εὖ πρᾶσσοντ' ἐπιχαίρω: but mostly in bad sense, to shew malignant joy over:—so also in aor. 2 pass. ἐπιχαρήναι.

ἐπι-χάλαζάω, (ἐπί, χάλαζα) to shower hail upon.

ἐπι-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to relax, loosen. II. intr. to yield or relent in a thing.

ἐπι-χαλκεύω, f. σω, to forge upon an anvil: to work over again. 2. metaph. to forge to one's purpose.

ἐπί-χαλκος, ov, covered with copper, coppered over.

ἐπιχαῖρῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἐπιχαίρω.

ἐπιχαῖρής, ἐς, (ἐπιχαίρω) gratifying, agreeable.

ἐπι-χαῖρίζομαι, f. ἰσομαι Att. ἰούμαι: Dep.:—to grant freely besides, to oblige with a present: aor. I imperat., ἐπιχαίρῃται (Dor. for ἐπιχαίρῃσαι) τῷ ξένῳ be gracious to the stranger.

ἐπί-χᾶρις, ιτος, ὁ, ἡ, neut. ἐπίχαρι, pleasing, agreeable, winning: giving pleasure: the Comp. and Sup. are ἐπιχαριτώτερος, -ιτώτατος, as if from ἐπιχάριτος, ov.

ἐπιχαίρῃται, Dor. aor. I imperat. for ἐπιχαίρῃσαι.

ἐπίχαρμα, atos, τό, (ἐπιχαίρω) an object of malignant joy: a feeling of such joy.

ἐπίχαρτος, ov, (ἐπιχαίρω) to be rejoiced at, delightful. II. to be exulted over; ἐχθροῖς ἐπίχαρτα matter of triumph to enemies.

ἐπι-χειλής, ἐς, (ἐπί, χεῖλος) full to the brim.

ἐπι-χειμάζω, f. σω, to stay the winter through.

ἐπι-χειρέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) to put one's hand to a thing: to set to work at, make an attempt upon, endeavour to do. 2. to set upon, attack. Hence

ἐπιχειρήμα, atos, τό, an undertaking, attempt: and

ἐπιχειρήσις, εως, ἡ, an attempt upon, attack: generally, an attempt: and

ἐπιχειρητέον, verb. Adj. one must attempt.

ἐπιχειρητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ἐπιχειρέω) an enterprising, adventurous person.

ἐπί-χειρον, τό, (ἐπί, χεῖρ) only used in pl. wages of manual labour. 2. generally, wages, pay, guerdon, in good or bad sense, reward or punishment.

ἐπι-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to ratify a proposed decree, strictly, by show of hands. Hence

ἐπιχειροτονία, ἡ, a decree passed by vote of the people, esp. by show of hands.

ἐπιχεύαι, Ep. for ἐπιχέαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπι-χέω, f. -χεῶ, aor. I -έχεια: Ep. pres. ἐπιχεύω, aor. I -έχεια, inf. -χεύαι:—to pour over or upon: shed upon. II. Med. to pour or spread over oneself or for oneself. 2. to have poured out for one to drink. II. Pass., pf. κέχθυμαι, plqpf. κέχυμην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 ἐπέχυντο, to come as a torrent, to stream or flock to a place:—to spread over like a flood, inundate.

ἐπι-χθόνιος, ov, or α, ov, (ἐπί, χθών) upon the earth, earthy: as Subst., ἐπιχθόνιοι, οἱ, men on earth.

ἐπί-χολος, ov, (ἐπί, χολή) producing bile.

ἐπι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance to or in honour of a thing: to come dancing on.

ἐπι-χορηγέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish or supply besides: generally, to supply: to aid. Hence

ἐπιχορηγία, ἡ, a supply in addition.

ἐπι-χραῖνω, to stain, colour.

ἐπι-χράω (A), only used in aor. 2 ἐπέχραον, to attack.

ἐπι-χράω (B): f. -χρήσω: aor. I -έχρησα:—to lend besides. II. Med. ἐπιχράομαι, Ion. -χρέομαι, f. -χρήσομαι, to make use of, esp. to have dealings, be friends with one.

ἐπι-χρέμπτομαι, Dep. to spit upon or at.

ἐπι-χρίω, f. ἰσω [ῖ], to anoint, besmear:—Med. to anoint oneself.

ἐπί-χρῦσος, ov, overlaid or plated with gold.

ἐπι-χρόννυμι and -ύω, f. -χρώσω, to rub or smear over: esp. to stain, colour.

ἐπιχῦθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐπιχέω.

ἐπιχῦσις, εως, ἡ, (ἐπιχέω) a pouring over: an overflow, flood.

ἐπι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to yield, give way. II. infr. to come over to.

ἐπι-χωριάζω, f. ἄσω, (ἐπί, χωρίον) to visit often, to be in the habit of coming to, Lat. *ventitare*.

ἐπι-χωρίως, α, ov, also os, ov, (ἐπί, χώρα) in, of, belonging to the country: οἱ ἐπιχωριοὶ the people of the country, the natives; τὸ ἐπιχωρίον the custom or fashion of the country. Adv. -ίως, in the fashion of the country.

ἐπι-ψακάζω, old Att. for ἐπιψεκάζω.

ἐπι-ψάλλω, to accompany on a stringed instrument.

ἐπι-ψάω, f. σω, to touch on the surface, glance over: metaph. to touch lightly on, Lat. *strictim attingere*.

ἐπι-ψεκάζω old Att. -ψακάζω: to pour drop by drop upon.

ἐπι-ψευδομαι, Dep. to lie still more.

ἐπι-ψηφίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, to put to the vote, put the question:—Med. to confirm or decree by vote:—Pass. to be appointed by vote.

ἐπί-ψογος, ov, exposed to blame, blameable. II. act. blaming, censorious.

ἐπ-ιωγαί, ἄν, αἶ, (ἐπί, ἰωγή) places sheltered from the wind, roadsteads.

ἐπιών, part. of ἐπιέμι (εἶμι ἰβο).

ἐπιλάγῃην, aor. I pass. of πλάω.

ἐπιλάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλάσσω Ep. ἐπλάσσα, aor. I of πλάσσω.

ἐπλε, for ἐπελε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέλω: so, ἐπλεο for ἐπέλεο, ἐπέλου, 2 sing. aor. 2 med.: ἐπλεω for ἐπέλεω, ἐπέλου; ἐπλετο for ἐπέλετο.

ἐπλεξα, aor. I of πλέω.

ἐπλήγγην, aor. 2 pass. of πλήσσω.

ἐπληντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

ἐπλήσθη, aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

ἐπλω, aor. 2 of πλέω, as if from a verb in μι.

ἐπνευσα, ἐπνεύσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of πνέω.

ἐπ-όδια, ἐπ-οδιάω, Ion. for ἐφόδια, -ιάζω.

ἐπ-οδύρομαι, Dep. to lament over.

ἐποδώκει, reputed to be Ion. for ἐφ-οδώκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἐφ-οδώω, to bring on the way.

ἐπόθην, aor. I pass. of πίνω.
 ἐπ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to go as settler or colonist to a place: to settle in a place, inhabit it. II. to occupy against for offensive operations. Hence
 ἐπ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build upon or besides. II. to build up, build again, rebuild.
 ἐπ-οικος, ov, settling or sojourning among foreigners. II. as Subst. ἐπικοος, ὁ, a sojourner, stranger. 2. a colonist, settler in a colony. 3. a neighbour.
 ἐπ-οικτεῖρω, to have compassion on.
 ἐπ-οικτιζέω, f. σω, = ἐπιοικτεῖρω. Hence
 ἐπιοικτιστος, ov, to be pitied, pitiable, wretched.
 ἐπ-οικτος, ov, (ἐπί, οἰκτος) piteous.
 ἐπ-οιμάζω, f. -οιμάξωμαι, to wail over,
 ἐπ-οίσω, fut. of ἐπιφέρω.
 ἐπ-οιχνέω, f. ἦσω, = ἐποίχομαι.
 ἐπ-οίχομαι, f. -οιχθήσομαι, Dep. to go towards, approach: to draw near to. 2. to go against, attack. II. to go over, go round, visit in succession: esp. of Apollo and Artemis, to visit with death. 2. to go over, get through one's work: to set about; ἰστὸν ἐποίχασθαι to ply the loom, Lat. percurrere telam. 3. to go over, traverse.
 ἐπ-οκέλλω, to run a ship ashore:—of the ship, to run ashore.
 ἐπ-οκριδεῖς, εσσα, εν, uneven, rugged.
 ἐπ-ολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to glide upon.
 ἐπ-οιολύζω, f. ξω, to raise a cry of triumph at.
 ἔπομαι, to follow, Dep. from ἔπω, q. v.
 ἐπ-ομβρέω, ἦσω, to rain upon; and
 ἐπ-ομβρία, ἡ, abundance of rain or moisture: wet weather, opp. to ἀρχμός (drought). From
 ἐπ-ομβρος, ov, (ἐπί, ὄμβρος) rainy: wet.
 ἐπ-ὄμνυμι and -ύω: fut. -ομοῖμαι: aor. I -ἄμοσα:—to swear to or upon; ἐπομνύμι τοὺς θεοὺς to swear by the gods: c. acc. rei, to swear to a thing:—aor. I part., with another Verb, ἐπομόσας εἶπε he said with an oath, upon oath.
 ἐπομόσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐπομνυμι.
 ἐπ-ομφάλιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, δμφάλος) upon the navel: of a shield, on the boss.
 ἐπὸνάσα, Dor. aor. I of πονέω.
 ἐπ-ονειδίζω, to throw reproaches upon. Hence
 ἐπ-ονειδιστος, ov, to be reproached, disgraceful. II. act. reproachful. Adv. -τως, shamefully.
 ἐπ-ονομάζω, f. σω, to give another name to, to surname:—generally, to call by a name; ἐπονομάζειν ὄνομά τινος to call upon by name:—Pass. to be named after another.
 ἔποπας, acc. pl. of ἔποψ.
 ἐπ-οπίζομαι, Ep. imperat. -οπίξω, Dep., only used in pres. and impf. to regard with awe or reverence.
 ἐποποιέω, a cry to mimic that of the hoopoe (ἔποψ).
 ἐποποιία, ἡ, epic poetry. From
 ἐποποιός, ὄν, (ἔπος, ποιέω) writing epic poetry:—as Subst., ἐποποιός, ὁ, an epic poet.
 ἐπ-οπτάω, f. ἦσω, to roast besides or after.

ἐπ-οπτύω, f. σω: Ion. impf. ἐποπτεύεσκον: (ἐπί, ὄψομαι):—to look over, watch over, take charge of: to visit, punish. II. to become an ἐπόπτης, be initiated into the greater mysteries, used proverbially of attaining to the highest earthly happiness.
 ἐπ-οπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = ἐπόπτης, of tutelary gods.
 ἐπ-όπτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐπόψομαι) an overseer, guardian, watcher. II. one initiated at the greater mysteries.
 ἐπ-οράω, Ion. for ἐφοράω.
 ἐπ-ορέγω, f. ξω, to bold out to, offer yet more. II. Med., fut. -ορέξομαι, to stretch oneself towards a thing, reach at it; aor. I part. ἐπορεξάμενος, having reached forward to strike. 2. metaph. to be desirous of more, rise in one's demands.
 ἐπ-ορέω, Ion. for ἐφορέω.
 ἐπ-ορθαίω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὄρθιος) to set upright: intr. (sub. φωνήν) to lift up the voice, shout at; but ἐπορθιάειν ἦρος to lift up the voice in wailing.
 ἐπ-ορθοβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, (ἐπί, ὄρθοβόας) to utter with a loud shout.
 ἐπ-ορκίζω, Ion. for ἐφορκίζω, to adjure.
 ἐπ-ορμέω, Ion. for ἐφορμέω.
 ἐπ-ορνύμι and -ύω: fut. -όρσω: aor. I -ἄρσα: (ἐπί, ὄρνυμι):—to stir up or rouse against: to stir up, excite:—Pass. to rise against, assault, fly upon one.
 ἐπ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush violently at: of sleep, to come suddenly on.
 ἐπόρσειαι, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of ἐπόρνυμι.
 ἔπορον, aor. I imperat. of ἐπόρνυμι.
 ἐπ-ορχέομαι, Dep. to dance to a tune.
 ἔΠΟΣ, eos, τό, a word; κατ' ἔπος word by word, accurately. II. generally, that which is spoken, uttered in words, a speech, tale: also a song. III. it is used also of I. a prophecy, an oracle: later also a proverb, maxim. 2. the meaning, substance of a speech. 3. ἔπη in pl. meant poetry in heroic verse, epic poetry, opp. to μέλη or lyric poetry: then transferred to elegiac verse; and thence generally to verses, poetry.
 ἐποσίσα, aor. I of ποτίσω.
 ἐπ-οτοτύζω, f. σω, to yell out, utter lamentably.
 ἐπ-οτρύνω, f. ἴνω, to stir up, urge on: to stir up against:—Pass. to hasten on.
 ἐπ-ουραῖος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρά) on the tail.
 ἐπ-ουράνιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, οὐρανός) in heaven, heavenly. 2. in plur. as Subst., = θεοί.
 ἐπ-ουρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I -ούρισα:—to blow favourably upon: metaph. to help onward, to direct towards a point. II. intr. to sail with a fair wind.
 ἐπ-ουρος, ov, (ἐπί, οἶρος) blowing favourably.
 ἐπ-οφείλω, to remain a debtor, continue in debt.
 ἐπ-οχετεύω, f. σω, to bring water by a channel to a place, Lat. derivare.
 ἐποχέω, f. ἦσω, (ἐποχος) to carry towards or upon:—Pass. with fut. med. ἐποχθήσομαι, to be carried upon, ride upon.
 ἐπ-οχθίδιος, α, ov, (ἐπί, ὄχθη) on the mountains.

ἑποχον, τό, *the saddlecloth, bousing.* From ἑποχος, ον, (ἐπέχω) mounted upon: metaph., λόγοι μανίας ἑποχοι words borne on madness, i. e. frantic. 2. absol. well-seated, mounted: keeping one's seat.

ἙΠΟΥ, οπος, δ, *the boopoe*, so called from its cry, Lat. *uruba*.

ἑπ-οψάομαι, Dep. (ἐπί, ὄψον) to eat with or as sauce.

ἑπ-οψιδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψον) used to eat with bread.

ἑπ-όψιμος, ον, (ἐπόψομαι) to be looked on.

ἑπ-όψιμος, ον, also α, ον, (ἐπί, ὄψις) visible, seen afar, conspicuous: illustrious. II. act. overlooking all things.

ἑπ-οψις, εως, δ, (ἐπί, ὄψις) a view over; ἑποψις τοῦ ἱεροῦ the view commanded by the temple: generally, the view or sight of a thing.

ἐπόψομαι, fut. of ἐφοράω, formed from *ἐπόπτομαι.

ἐπράθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of πηράσσω.

ἐπράθον, aor. 2 of πέρθω.

ἔπρεσα, Ep. shortd. for ἐπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπρήθη, Ion. aor. I pass. of πηράσσω.

ἐπρηξα, Ion. for ἔπραξα, aor. I of πράσσω.

ἔπρησα, aor. I of πρήθω.

ἐπριάμην, ἰω, ἰάτο, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

ἙΠΤΑ, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl., Lat. *SEPTEM, SEVEN*, Germ. *SIEBEN*.

ἑπτα-βόειος, ον, (ἑπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἑπτά-βοιος, ον, (ἑπτά, βοῦς) of seven bulls'-bides.

ἑπτά-γλωσσος, ον, (ἑπτά, γλῶσσα) seven-tongued, seven-toned.

ἑπτά-δραχμος, ον, (ἑπτά, δραχμή) worth seven drachms.

ἑπτα-ετής, ἐς, (ἑπτά, ἔτος) seven years old. II. of seven years: neut. ἐπτάετες, as Adv., for seven years.

ἑπτά-ζωνος, ον, (ἑπτά, ζώνη) seven-zoned, of the planetary system.

ἑπταισμαι, pf. pass. of πταίω.

ἑπτά-καί-δεκα, οί, αἱ, τά, indecl. seventeen.

ἑπτάκις, also ἐπτάκις, (ἑπτά) Adv. seventeen times.

ἑπτάκισ-μύριοι, αἱ, α, seventy thousand.

ἑπτακισ-χίλιοι, αἱ, α, seven thousand.

ἑπτά-κλινος, ον, (ἑπτά, κλίνη) with seven couches or beds.

ἑπτάκόσιοι, αἱ, α, (ἑπτά) seven hundred.

ἑπτα-κότυλος, ον, (ἑπτά, κοτύλη) holding seven cotylae.

ἑπτά-κτύπος, ον, seven-toned, with seven chords.

ἑπτά-λογχος, ον, (ἑπτά, λόγχη) of seven lances, of seven troops of spear-men.

ἑπτά-λοφος, ον, (ἑπτά, λόφος) seven-billed.

ἑπτάμην [ᾶ], aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-μησος, ον, (ἑπτά, μήν) born in the seventh month.

ἑπτά-μίτος, ον, (ἑπτά, μίτος) of seven strings.

ἑπτά-μύχος, ον, with seven recesses.

ἑπταξα, Dor. aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἑπτά-πηχυν, υ, gen. εος, seven cubits long.

ἑπτα-πόδης, ον, δ, (ἑπτά, πούς) seven feet long.

ἑπτά-πορος, ον, with seven tracks or paths.

ἑπτά-πους, δ, ἡ, neut. πουν, seven feet long.

ἑπτά-πύλος, ον, (ἑπτά, πύλη) seven-gated: epith. of Boeotian Thebes, in contradistinction to Egyptian Thebes, which was ἑκατόμυλοι.

ἑπτά-πυργος, ον, seven-towered.

ἑπτάπρον, aor. 2 of πταίρω.

ἑπτάρ-ροος, ον, contr. -ροος, ον, with seven channels or beds, of the Nile.

ἑπτά-στολος, ον, consisting of seven bodies of men.

ἑπτά-στομος, ον, (ἑπτά, στόμα) seven-mouthed.

ἑπτα-τειχίς, ἐς, (ἑπτά, τεῖχος) with seven walls.

ἑπτάτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πέταμαι.

ἑπτά-τονος, ον, seven-toned.

ἑπτά-φθογγος, ον, (ἑπτά, φθογγή) seven-toned.

ἑπτά-φωνος, ον, (ἑπτά, φωνή) seven-voiced.

ἑπτάχα, (ἑπτά) Adv. in seven parts.

ἑπτ-ἔτης, ἐς, fem. ἐπτέτις, ἰδος, (ἑπτά, ἔτος) seven years old.

ἑπτην, aor. 2 act. of πέταμαι, as if from πτήμη.

ἑπτήξα, aor. I of πτήσσω.

ἑπτήκα, pf. act., ἑπτισμαι, pf. pass., of πτίσσω.

ἑπτοίηθεν, ποῖτ. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πτοέω.

ἑπτοίημα, ποῖτ. pf. pass. of πτοέω.

ἑπτοίησα, ποῖτ. aor. I of πτοέω.

ἑπτόμην, aor. 2 of πέτομαι.

ἑπ-ύδρος, ον, Ion. for ἐφύδρος.

ἑπυθόμην, aor. 2 of πυνθάνομαι.

ἑπύλλιον, τό, Dim. of ἑπος, a versicle.

ἙΠΩ, ποῖτ. impf. ἔπων: f. ἔπω: aor. 2 ἔσπον, inf. σπεῖν, part. σπών:—Med. ἔπομαι: impf. εἰπόμεν Ep. ἐπόμην: fut. ἔσομαι: aor. 2 with aspirate ἐσπόμην, imperat. σποῦ Ion. σπέω Ep. σπεῖω, inf. σπέσθαι: I. Act. to be engaged or with, to be busy about. II. Med. to follow, Lat. *sequi: to attend, to obey.* 2. in hostile sense, to pursue. 3. to follow with the mind, understand; Lat. *mente assequi.*

ἑπωδή, ἡ, contr. from ἐπαιοδή (ἐπάδω) a song over: an enchantment, incantation, charm, spell.

ἑπώδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐπωδή.

ἑπαδός, ὄν, contr. of ἐπαιοδός, (ἐπάδω) singing to or over: using songs or charms to heal with: c. gen. acting as a charm for or against. 2. sung or said after.

II. Subst., ἑπαδός, ὁ, ἡ, an enchanter or enchantress, wizard or witch. III. ἐπωδός, ἡ, a lyric poem in couplets, commonly of Iambic Trim. and Dim., but of any longer and shorter measure, except Elegiac; used by Horace.

ἑπ-ώδυνος, ον, (ἐπί, ὀδύνη) painful.

ἑπ-ώλω, (ἐπί, ὦ) to wail over.

ἑπ-ώθω, fut. -ώσω and -ώθησω, to push upon or into.

ἑπώκειλα, aor. I of ἐπωκέλλω.

ἑπ-ωλένιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὤλη) upon the arm.

ἑπ-ωμάδιος, ον, (ἐπί, ὦμος) on the shoulders.

ἑπ-ωμίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὦμος) the upper part of the shoulder: the neck and shoulder. 2. the highest part of a ship.

ἑπώμοσα, aor. I of ἐπόμενμι.

ἐπώμοτος, *ov*, (ἐπόμνυμι) *on oaths, sworn.* II.

pass. *sworn by, invoked by oaths, of Gods.*

ἐπωνυμία, ἡ, (ἐπώνυμος) *a name given after some person or thing, Lat. cognomen; ἐπωνυμίαν ἔχειν ἐπί τινος to have a name after one:—but, ἐπωνυμίαν σχεῖν χώρας to have the naming of it, have it named after one.* 2. *a name significant of fate.* II.

generally, *a name.*

ἐπώνυμος, *a, ov*, poet. for ἐπώνυμος.

ἐπ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ἐπί, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *named after some person or thing; ὄνομα ἐπώνυμον a name given in commemoration or remembrance of something; Ἄλκυόνην καλέεσκον ἐπώνυμον Alcyoné they called her by name: generally, surnamed, called.* II. act. *giving one's name to a thing or person: at Athens the first archon was called ἄρχων ἐπώνυμος, as giving his name to the current year.*

ἐπωπάω, *to look over, observe.* From

ἐπ-ωπή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὠψ) *a spot which commands a wide view, a look-out place.*

ἐπώπτω, *impf. of ἐποπτάω.*

ἐπόρα, *Ion. for ἐφεώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ἐφοράω.*

ἐπόρα, *aor. I of ἐπόρνυμι.*

ἐπόρτο, *3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ἐπόρνυμι.*

ἐπωτίδες, *ιδωμ, αἱ, (ἐπί, οὖς) beams on each side of a ship's bows, where the anchors were let down.*

ἐπ-ωφελέω, *f. ἴσω, to help in a thing, to be of use or service in.* Hence

ἐποφέλημα, *ατος, τό, a succour, store.*

ἐποφελία, ἡ, (ἐποφελέω) *help, profit, advantage.*

ἐπαχάτο, *3 pl. Aeol. and Ion. plqpf. pass. of ἐπέχω, πᾶσι γὰρ [πύλαι] ἐπαχάτο all were sbst. of ἐπέχω.*

ἐπωχόμεν, *impf. med. of ἐποίχομαι.*

*ἘΠΑ, ἡ, the Lat. *terra, earth*: only found in Adv.

ἐραζε, *to earth.*

ἘΡΑΜΑΙ, Ep. 2 pl. ἐράσθε: *impf. ἡράμην:—*

Pass., fut. ἐρασθήσομαι: *aor. I ἡράσθην: aor. I med. ἡράσθην:—to love, desire, long after.*

ἐρανίζω, *f. σω, (ἐρανος) to ask for contributions: to collect by way of contribution.* II. *to give a contribution.* III. *to combine.* Hence

ἐρανιστής, *οὐ, ὁ, a contributor to an ἐρανος or club.*

ἐρανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) *lovely, pleasant.*

ἐράνος, ὁ, *a meal to which each contributed his share, also συμβολή, Lat. symbolum: generally, a feast, festival.* 2. *any subscription or contribution: generally, a kindness, service.* 3. *a club or society.*

ἐρασδε, Dor. for ἐραεῖ.

ἐρασί-μολπος, *ov, (ἐράω, μολπή) loving song.*

ἐρασι-χρήματος, *ov, (ἐράω, χρήματα) loving money, covetous, avaricious.*

ἐράσιμος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (ἐράω) lovely, beloved.*

ἐρασσαι, Ep. for ἐρασαι, 2 sing. of ἐραμαι.

ἐράστατο, Ep. for ἡράστατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐραμαι.

ἐραστεύω, *f. σω, = ἐράω, to love, desire.*

ἐραστής, *οὐ, ὁ, (ἐραμαι) a lover: metaph. an ad-
t, partizan.*

ἐράτος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) *beloved, lovely.*

ἐράτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐράω) *lovely: welcome.*

ἐρατίζω, = ἐράω, *to desire extremely, be greedy for.*

ἐράτος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ἐραστός, *beloved: lovely.*

ἐρατό-χρως, *ov, contr. -χρους, ov, (ἐρατός, χροά) of face or complexion.*

ἐρατώω, Dor. for ἐρητώω.

Ἐρατώ, *οὐς, ἡ, (ἐρατός) Erátō, Lovely, one of the nine Muses.* 2. *one of the Oceanides.*

ἘΡΑ-Ω, only found in pres. and impf. with aor. I pass. ἡράσθην used in act. sense: see ἐραμαι:—*to love: of things, to long for, desire passionately: absol., ἐρῶν a lover; ἡ ἐρωμένη the beloved:—Dep. ἐράσομαι in same sense is very rare.*

ἐργάζομαι, fut. ἐργάσομαι Dor. ἐργαζομαι: *aor. I ἐργασάμην: pf. ἐργασαμίον. ἐργασαμίον, both in act. and pass. sense: but ἐργασθήσομαι, aor. I ἐργάσθην always in pass. sense: Dep.: (ἐργον):—to be busy, to work, set to work, esp. of husbandmen; τὸ χρῆμα' ἐργάσεται the matter works, i. e. goes on.* II. trans. *to work, do, perform, carry out, accomplish.* 2. *to work at or in; ἐργάσασθαι χρυσόν to work in gold.* 3. *to earn by working.* 4. *to make, build: also to produce, cause.* III. *to work at a trade, drive a trade.*

ἐργάθων, Ep. for ἐργαθων, poet. aor. 2 of ἐργω; inf. ἐργαθῆν.

ἐργαλεῖον *Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (ἐργον) a tool, instrument.*

ἐργαεῖη, Dor. for ἐργάσει, 2 sing. fut. of ἐργάζομαι.

ἐργασείω, Desiderat. of ἐργάζομαι, *to be about to do, intend to do.*

ἐργασία, ἡ, (ἐργάζομαι) *work, toil, Lat. labor: daily labour, business, occupation; ἐργασίαν δός take pains to do.* II. *a working at a thing; husbandry, tillage; ἐργασία μετάλλων working of mines.* 2. *workmanship, art, craft: also a work of art.* 3. *gain, earnings, profit.*

ἐργάσιμος, *ov, (ἐργάζομαι) to be worked, that can be worked: of land, arable.*

ἐργασίαι, *Ion. for ἐργασαμίον, pf. of ἐργάζομαι.*

ἐργαστέον, verb. Adj. of ἐργάζομαι, *one must work the land.* 2. *one must do.*

ἐργαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἐργάζομαι) *a workman, farmer.*

ἐργαστήριον, τό, (ἐργάζομαι) *a workshop, manufactory, shop.*

ἐργαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐργάζομαι) *fit for working, hard-working, diligent, busy.*

ἐργάτης, *ov, ὁ, (ἐργον) a workman, husbandman: a practitioner, worker.* II. as Adj. *hard-working, diligent, energetic.* [ᾶ]

ἐργατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐργάζομαι) = ἐργαστικός.

ἐργατινής, *ov, ὁ, = ἐργάτης.* [Ὶ]

ἐργατίς, *ιδος, fem. of ἐργάτης, a work-woman: a hireling, mercenary woman.* II. as Adj. *working at.* [ᾶ]

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό, = ἐργον, a work, deed.*

ἐργμα, *ατος, τό, (ἐίρω, ἐρκος) a fence, enclosure.*

ἐργινύω and -νύμι, poet. for ἐίρω, ἐίρω, *to enclose.*

ἔργο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (ἔργον, δίδωμι) *one who lets out work.*

ἔργολαβῆναι, *to contract for the doing of work*; ἔργολαβεῖν ἀνδριάντας, Lat. *statuas conducere faciendas*. From

ἔργο-λάβος, ον, (ἔργον, λαβεῖν) *contracting for work to be done*: as Subst., ἐργόλαβος, ὁ, a contractor, Lat. *conductor, redemptor*. [ᾶ]

ἔργον, τό, (*ἔργω=ἔρδω) *work*; a man's business, employment; τὰ σαυτῆς ἔργα κόμυζε *mind your own business*. 2. in the Il. mostly ἔργα, works or deeds of war; but in the Od. works of industry, works of husbandry: tilled lands; ἔργα Ἰθάκης *the tilled lands of Ithaca*: ἔργα βοῶν *the fields which the oxen plough*; so Virgil *bovm labores*; ἔργα γυναικῶν *women's work*, *bandiwork*, esp. *weaving*: of other occupations, as, θαλάσσια ἔργα *fishing or, generally, maritime pursuits*:—later of all kinds of works, e.g. of mines, like our iron-works, etc. 3. a hard piece of work, a severe work.

4. often in Hom. opp. to ἔπος, deed, not word; in Att. often opp. to λόγος. II. the following pecul. Att. phrases occur: ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. *it is hard work, troublesome*; σὸν ἔργον ἐστί, c. inf. *it is your business to do*; ἔργα παρέχειν τινί, like πράγματα παρέχειν, to give one trouble.

*ΕΡΓΩ, in Homer mostly ἔέργω, Ep. forms for Att. εἶργω or εἶργω: fut. ἔρξω or εἶρξω: aor. I εἶρξα: pf. ἔεργμαι, 3 pl. ἐρχάται: plqpf. ἔεργμην, 3 pl. ἐρχατο or ἐέρχατο: aor. I pass. part. ἐρχθείς:—to shut in, confine, include; ἐντὸς ἔεργειν *to enclose within*; γέφυρα ἐεργμένα *bridges well-secured, strong-built, compact*. II. to shut out: exclude or prohibit from a thing:—also to binder or prevent from doing:—Med. to keep oneself from, to abstain from.

*ΕΡΓΩ, to do work, obsol. root, for which the pres. in use is ἔρδω:—hence fut. ἔρξω, aor. I ἐρξα, pf. ἔοργα, plqpf. ἔάργειν, which serve as the tenses of ἔρδω.

ἔρδσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔρδω.

*ΕΡΔΩ, fut. ἔρξω, etc., see *ἔργω:—to work, do, accomplish; c. dupl. acc., κατὰ ἔρδωεν τινά or absol. ἔρδωεν τινά, to do one harm. 2. like Lat. *sacra facere*, ἐρὰ ἔρδειν *to make, offer a sacrifice*: later, without ἐρὰ or θυσίας, like *facere or operari* in Latin.

ἔρεβνός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Ἐρεβος) *dark, gloomy*.

*Ἐρεβσφι, Ἐρεβουσφι, v. sub *Ἐρεβος.

*ΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of pulse, vetch, Lat. *cicer*. ἔρεβο-διφάω, (ἔρεβος, διφάω) *to grope about in darkness*.

ἔρεβόθεν, Adv. from Erebos. From *Ἐρεβος, τό, gen. eos contr. ous, Ion. Ἐρέβεus, Ἐρέβεουφν:—Erebus, a place of nether darkness, above the still deeper Hades.

*Ἐρεβόσδε, Adv. to or into Erebos. ἔρεῖνω, like ἔρομαι, to ask; c. acc. pers. to ask of one: so also Med. ἔρεῖνωμαι.

ἐρεθίζω Dor. —ισδω: f. ισω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἠρέθισα, later —ισα: (ἐρέθω) —to rouse to anger, provoke, ir-

ritate. II. later to excite, kindle; φέφαλος ἐρεθιζόμενος *the kindled spark*. Hence ἐρέθισμα, τό, a stirring up, exciting. *ΕΡΕΨΘΩ, like ἐρεθίζω, to stir to anger: to raise, increase.

*ΕΡΕΨΘΩ, f. ἐρέψω: aor. I ἠρέψα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρέψιστο: pf. ἐρήρησαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἠρήρηστο: —to make one thing lean against another: hence to press, urge, force against; ἐρέιδεν πληγὴν *to inflict a severe blow*. 2. to prop, stay, support, strengthen:—generally, to fix firm, plant. 3. to press hard upon. 4. to dash, hurl. 5. of wagers, to match, set one pledge against another, Lat. *deponere*. II. intr. to lean against, withstand; ἀλλήλησιν ἐρέιδουσαι *crowding one another*: in Att. to set upon, press hard on. 2. to go to work; ἐρέιδε *fall to (to eat)*.

III. Pass., and Med. to prop or support oneself on a thing, lean on: absol. in aor. I med. part., ἐρείσάμενος *having set himself firm, taken a firm stand*; οὐδέῃ χαιτα ἐρηδέταται (3 pl. pf.) *the hair rested on the ground*. 2. to be fixed firm; λάε ἐρηδέταται *the stones were firmly set*. 3. in Med. to strive one with another, contend.

*ΕΡΕΨΚΗ, ἡ, beath, heather, Lat. *erica*.

*ΕΡΕΨΚΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἠρέψα:—to break, tear, rend; ἐρείκόμενος περὶ δουρί *rent, pierced by the spear*: generally, to dash. II. intr. in aor. 2 ἠρίκω, to shiver, fly in pieces.

ἔρειο, Ep. for ἔρεο, ἔρου, imperat. of ἔρομαι.

ἔρειοί, οἱ, a word used as a term of insult to the Egyptians.

ἔρειόμεν, Ep. for ἔρέαμεν, I pl. subj. of ἔρέω.

ἔρειπών, τό, (ἔρείπω) *a fallen ruin*, in plur. ruins; ναυτικά ἔρείπια *wrecks, pieces of wreck*; νεκρῶν ἔρείπια *dead carcasses*; πέπλων ἔρείπια *remnants of robes*.

*ΕΡΕΨΙΠΩ, f. ἐρείψω: aor. I ἠρέψα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρείφθη: pf. ἐρήριμμαι:—to dash down, tear down; ἐρείπει γένος θεῶν *tis some god dashes down their race*:—Pass. to be dashed down, fall in ruins; τεῖχος ἐρείπτο (Ep. plqpf. for ἠρήριπτο):—Pind. has aor. 2 pass. part. ἐρίπτεις, dat. ἐριπέντη, fallen. II. intr. trans. in aor. 2 ἠρίπων Ep. ἔριπον, pf. 2 ἐρήριπα, to fall down, stumble: fall prostrate.

ἔρεῖσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρείδω.

ἔρεῖσθεις, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἔρεῖσμα, ἄτος, τό, (ἐρείδω) *that which is fixed to support a thing, a prop, stay, support*; metaph. of persons, Θήρων' ἔρεῖσμ' Ἀκράγατος *Theron pillar of Agrigentum*, like Lat. *colūmen*. II. = ἔρμα, a sunken rock.

ἔρείψιμος, ον, (ἐρείπω) *fallen down, in ruins*.

ἔρειψι-τοιχος, ον, (ἐρείπω, τοίχος) *overbrowsing walls*.

ἔρεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. of ἐρεβνός, black, dark; ἔρεμνη φάτις *a dark (i. e. obscure) rumour*.

ἔρεξα, aor. I of ἔρέζω.

ἔρομαι, Ep. and Ion. form of ἔρομαι, to ask.

ἐρέπτομαι, Dep. used only in pres. and impf., to feed on. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἐρέπτω, = ἐρέφα, to roof over: to crown.

ἐρέριπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρέπτω.

ἐρέρσαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρομαι.

ἘΡΕ/ΣΣΩ Att. — ττω: fut. ἐρέσω: aor. 1 ἤρεσα:—to row.

II. trans. to urge by rowing; metaph. of birds, πτερύγαν ἐρετμοῖσιν ἐρεσσόμενοι sped onward by the oarage of their wings, Virgil's *remigio alarum*.

2. generally, to ply, urge:—Pass. of a bow, to be plied, banded.

ἐρέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρέσσω) a rower.

ἐρετμός, ὁ, or ἐρετμόν, τό, (ἐρέσσω) Lat. *remus*, an oar: in pl. only the neut. ἐρετμά is used. Hence

ἐρετμῶ, f. ὦσα, to equip with oars, set to row.

ἐρέττω, Att. for ἐρέσσω.

ἘΡΕΥΤΟΜΑΙ, f. ἐρεύξομαι, Dep. to spit or spew out, to disgorge, Lat. *eructare*: absol. to belch, Lat. *ructare*.

2. metaph. of the sea, to splash and foam against the land, break upon the beach.

II. in aor. 2 act. ἤρῳγον, inf. ἐρύγειν, part. ἐρυγών, to bel- low, roar.

ἐρευθῆδανον, τό, madder. From

ἐρευθέω, f. ἦσα, to be red. From

ἐρευθος, εος, τό, redness, bloom, blushing: from

ἘΡΕΥ'ΘΩ, fut. ἐρεύσω, to make red, stain red.

ἔρευνα, ης, ἡ, (ἐρέω) an inquiry, search. Hence

ἐρευνάω, f. ἦσα, to seek or search for, search after: to search, examine.

2. c. inf. to seek or attempt to do. Hence

ἐρευνητέον, verb. Adj. one must search.

ἐρεύσαι, aor. 1 inf. of ἐρεύθω.

ἘΡΕ/ΦΩ, f. ψω: aor. 1 ἤρεφα:—to cover or roof in a building.

II. to cover with a crown, uraibeit with garlands:—Med. to crown oneself.

ἐρέχθω, to rend, break, shiver:—Pass., ναῦς ἐρεχθομένη ἀνέμοισι a ship dashed to pieces and timber by the storm, shattered. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔρεφα, aor. 1 of ἐρέφω.

ἐρέω, Ion. and Ep. for ἐρώ.

ἐρέω, Ep. pres. for ἐρωμαι, to ask.

ἐρημάξω, f. σα, (ἐρήμος) to be left lonely, go alone: Ion. impf. ἐρημάξεσκον.

ἐρημάτος, α, ον, poet. for ἐρήμος.

ἐρημία, ἡ, (ἐρήμος) a solitude, desert, wilderness.

II. solitude, loneliness: of places, a being laid waste, desolation, Lat. *vastitas*: of persons, desolateness, destitution.

2. generally, want of, absence: also exemption from evil.

ἐρημιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a solitary devotee.

ἐρημιο-κόμης, ες, (ἐρημος, κόμη) destitute of hair.

ἐρημιο-λάλος, ον, (ἐρημος, λαλέω) chattering in the desert.

ἐρημιο-πόλις, ι, gen. ἰδος, (ἐρημος, πόλις) rest of one's city.

ἐρημιο-νόμος, ον, (ἐρημος, νέμω) haunting the desert.

ἘΡΗ/ΜΟΣ, η, ον, also ος, on: Att. ἐρημος:—of places, lonely, lone, desert: of persons, lone, solitary,

desolate, also destitute, helpless. 3. c. gen. rest of; destitute of, abandoned by: στεγία φίλων ἐρημοῦ.

II. as Subst., ἐρημος (sub. γῆ, χώρα), ἡ, a solitude, desert, wilderness.

III. ἐρημη (sub. δικη), ἡ, a trial in which one party does not appear, and lets judgment go by default; ἐρήμην δίκην ελεῖν to get judgment by default; ὀφλεῖν to let it go by default.

ἐρηνοσύνη, ἡ, solitude. From

ἐρημῶ, f. ὦσα, (ἐρημος) to make solitary or desert, lay waste, desolate, devastate.

2. c. gen. to bereave of:—Pass. to be bereft, deprived of.

II. to leave, abandon:—Pass. to be left alone, deserted. Hence

ἐρημωτής, εως, ἡ, desolation, devastation: and

ἐρημωτής, οὔ, ὁ, a desolator.

ἐρηρέδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἐρείδω: ἐρηρέδατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

ἐρήριμμα, pf. pass. of ἐρέπω.

ἐρήριπτα, intrans. pf. of ἐρέπτω.

ἐρήρτυθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἐρητύω.

ἐρητῶ, f. ὦσα [ῶ]: aor. I ἐρήτιστα: (ἐρύω):—to hold back, restrain, to keep in check, repress:—to keep back from.

ἐρητῶσκαε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ἐρητῶ.

ἘΡΓ, insepar. Particle, like ἀρι-, used as a prefix to strengthen the sense of a word, very, much.

ἐρι-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, with high-arching neck.

ἐρι-ββάς, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βοή) clamorous, riotous.

ἐρι-βρεμέτης, ου, ὁ, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-sounding, thundering, roaring.

ἐρι-βρεμής, ες, = ἐριβρομος.

ἐρι-βρομος, ου, (ἐρι-, βρέμω) loud-shouting, roaring.

ἐρι-βρυχης, ου, Ep. εω, ὁ, and ἐρι-βρυχος, ον, (ἐρι-, βρυχάομαι) loud-bellowing.

ἐρι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἐρι-βῶλος, ον, with large clods, of rich, loamy soil: hence very fertile, fruitful.

ἐρι-γδοπος, ον, = ἐριδουπος, thundering.

ἐριδαῖων, f. ἐριδήσα, (ἐρίζω) to wrangle, quarrel: to strive for:—aor. 1 inf. med ἐριδήσασθαι.

ἐριδίον, τό, Dim. of ἐριον.

ἐριδιμαῖον, (ἐρίζω) to provoke to strife, irritate.

II. intr. to contend.

ἐριδιμάτος, ον, (ἐρι-, δητός) strongly built: hence strong, excessive.

ἐρι-δουπος, ον, (ἐρι-, δουπος) loud-sounding.

ἐριζέμενα, Ep. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρίζω Dor. ἐρίσδω: Ion. impf. ἐρίσσεσκον: fut. ἐρίσω:

aor. 1 ἤρισσα, Ep. 3 sing. opt. ἐρίσσειε: (ἐρις):—to strive, wrangle, quarrel.

2. to rival, strive, or vie with: hence, to be equal, be a match for:—so also in Med.

ἐρι-ηρος, ον, (ἐρι-, *ἄρω) fitting closely: metaph. as epith. of εταῖρος, loving, faithful, trusty: so also in heterocl. plur., ἐρίηρες εταῖροι, acc. ἐρίηρας εταῖρους.

ἐριθακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἐριθος) a labouring woman.

ἐρι-θαλής, ες, Dor. for ἐριθηλής.

ἐριθεία, ἡ, (ἐριθεῖω) labour for wages.

II. intriguing, Lat. *ambitus*: party-spirit, faction.

ἐρι-θηλής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, τέθηλα) *very luxuriant, flourishing-ing, fertile.*

ἔριθος, ὁ, also ἦ, a day-labourer, hired servant; in Homer, ἔριθοι, of men, are mowers or reapers; of women, workers in wool.

ἐρικεῖν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέικω.

ἐρι-κλάκτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρι-, κλάζω) *loud-sounding.*
ἐρι-κλαυστος and -κλαυτος, οὐ, (ἐρι-, κλαίω) *much-weeping.*

II. pass. *much-weep, bewailed.*

ἐρι-κτύπος, οὐ, *loud-sounding.*

ἐρι-κυδής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, κύδος) *very famous, glorious.*

ἐρι-κύμων [ῥ], οὐ, gen. ονος, (ἐρι-, κύμα) *full of young, big with young.*

ἐρι-μύκος, οὐ, (ἐρι-, μέμικα) *loud-bellowing.*

ἘΡΙΝΕΟΨ, ὁ, *the wild fig-tree, Lat. caprificus.*

ἐρίνεος, α, οὐ, (ἐρίων) of wool, woollen.

ἘΡΙΝΥΨ (not Ἐρινύς), gen. υός, ἦ: pl. nom.

Ἐρινύς contr. -ύς, acc. -ύς contr. -ύς, gen. -ύων contr. -ύν:—*the Erinys or Fury, an avenging deity: the names Tisiphoné, Megaera, Alecto do not occur till late. At Athens they were called Εὐμένιδες or Σεμναί, by an euphemism.*

II. as Appellat., μη-

τρὸς ἐρινύς *curse* from one's mother; φρενῶν ἐρινύς *distraction, frenzy: also, blood-guiltiness.*

ἔριον Ep. and Ion. ἔριον, τό, (ἔρος) *wool, Lat. lana; also in plur.* 2. ἔρια ἀπὸ ῥύλου wool from the tree, i. e. cotton; so in Germ., *baum-wool.*

ἐριο-πώλης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔριον, πωλέω) *a wool-dealer.*
Hence

ἐριο-πωλικῶς, Adv. *like a wool-dealer, cheatingly.*

ἐριο-πώλιον, τό, *the wool-market.*

ἐριό-στεπτος, οὐ, (ἐριον, στέφω) *wreathed with wool.*

ἐρι-ούνιος, ὁ, Homeric epith. of Hermes, from ἐρι-, *δίνιμη, the helper, luck-bringer: also absol. Ἐριούνιος, Helper, as a prop. n. of Hermes.*

ἐρι-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, *to make woollen stuff.*

ἐρι-ουργός, ὄν, (ἐριον, *ἔργω) *working wool.*

ἔριπε, Ep. for ἤριπε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρέπω.

ἐρίπειν, intrans. aor. 2 inf. of ἐρέπω.

ἐρι-πλευρός, οὐ, (ἐρι-, πλευρά) *with sturdy sides.*

ἐρίπηνη or ἐρίπηνα, ἦ, (ἐρέπω) *a broken cliff, crag, scaur: any sheer ascent.*

ἐριπῶν, aor. 2 part. of ἐρέπω.

*ἘΡΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ: acc. ἔριν and ἔριδα: pl. ἔριδες, later ἔρεις:—*strife, quarrel, debate: esp. rivalry, contention: discord, jealousy: also in good sense, ἔρις ἀγαθῶν zeal for good.*

II. as pr. nom., *Eris, the Goddess of Strife.*

ἔρισθεν, Dor. inf. of ἐρίζω.

ἔρισδομος, Dor. for ἐρίζομεν.

ἐρι-σθενής, ἐς, (ἐρι-, σθένος) *mighty in strength.*

ἔρισμα, ατος, τό, (ἐρίζω) *a cause of quarrel.*

ἔρισμαράγος, οὐ, (ἐρι-, σμάράγω) *loud-thundering.*

ἔρισσειε, -ιαν, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. aor. I opt. of ἐρίζω.

ἔρισσεται, Ep. for ἐρίσσηται, aor. I subj. med. of ἐρίζω.

ἐρι-στάφυλος, οὐ, (ἐρι-, στάφυλη) *large-clustering, rich in grapes: of wine, made of fine grapes.*

ἔριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρίζω) *a wrangler, disputer.*

ἔριστος, ἦ, ὄν, (ἐρίζω), *to be disputed or contested.*

ἐρι-σφάραγος, οὐ, = ἐρισμάραγος, *loud-roaring.*

ἐρί-τιμος, οὐ, (ἐρι-, τιμή) *highly prized, precious.*

ἐρίφειος, οὐ, (ἐρίφος) of or belonging to a kid.

ἐρίφιον, τό, Dim. of ἐρίφος, a goat, kid. [ῥ]

*ἘΡΙΦΟΣ, ὁ, also ἦ, a young goat, kid. II.

ἔριφοι, οἶ, Lat. boedi, a constellation which brought storms; ἐπ' ἐρίφοις in stormy weather.

ἐρίωλη, ἦ, a whirlwind, burricane, tornado: Aristophanes gives a fanciful derivation from ἔριον and ὀλλυμι, *wool-consumption.*

ἔρκειος Att. ἔρκειος, οὐ, and α, οὐ, (ἔρκος) *belonging to the court or enclosure in front of the house; Zeús Ἐρκεῖος, the household god, because his statue stood in the ἔρκος; ἔρκειοι πύλαι the gates of the court.*

ἔρκιον, τό, (ἔρκος) *a fence, enclosure.*

ἔρκος, εος, τό, (ἔργω, εἶργω) *an enclosure, hedge, fence, wall: mostly of the wall round the court-yard, and so a court-yard: ἀγγεῶν ἔρκεα, periph. for ἀγγη; σφραγιδὸς ἔρκος, for σφραγίς; ἔρκος ὀδόντων the ring-fence of the teeth, for ὀδόντες the teeth themselves.*

II. a net, snare: the coils of the lasso.

III. metaph. *any fence or defence, bulwark.*

ἔρκ-ουρος, οὐ, (ἔρκος, οὔρος) *watching an enclosure.*

ἔρκτή, ἦ, Ion. for ἐρκτή.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, a prop, support: mostly of the stays or beams by which ships on shore were kept upright: metaph., ἔρμα πύλῃος *pillar of the state, Lat. columna.*

2. a sunken rock or reef, on which a vessel may strike: also a mound, cairn, barrow on land.

3. ballast. II. μελανεῶν ἔρμ' ὀδυνῶν, of a sharp arrow, the foundation, i. e. cause, of pangs.

III. ἔρματα, earrings, akin to ὄρμος: generally, a necklace, band: a chain.

ἔρμαιον, τό, (Ἑρμῆς) *a windfall, godsend, lucky discovery, Hermes being the reputed giver of such gifts, as in Latin Hercules.*

Ἑρμαῖος, α, οὐ, Att. Ἑρμαῖος, οὐ, (Ἑρμῆς) of or from Hermes. II. Ἑρμαῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival in his honour.

ἔρματιζω, (ἔρμα) *to ballast.*

Ἑρμ-αφροδίτος, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, Ἀφροδίτη) *an Hermaphrodite: an effeminate person.*

Ἑρμῶν ὄνομος, ὁ, poet. esp. Dor. for Ἑρμῆς. [ᾶ]

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, poet. for Ἑρμῆς, dat. Ἑρμεία.

Ἑρμείας, ὁ, Ep. for Ἑρμῆς; gen. Ἑρμεία, -είω; dat. Ἑρμεία; acc. Ἑρμείαν; voc. Ἑρμεία.

ἔρμηνεία, ἦ, (ἔρμηνεύω) *interpretation, explanation.*

II. expression, power of speech.

ἔρμηνευμα, ατος, τό, (ἔρμηνεύω) *an interpretation, explanation.*

2. a sign, monument.

ἔρμηνεύς, εως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς) *an interpreter, dragoman: generally, an expounder.*

Hence ἔρμηνεύω, f. σω, *to be an interpreter, to interpret, explain, make clear: hence to express, give utterance to.*

Ἑρμῆς, ὁ; Ep. gen. Ἑρμείω; dat. Ἑρμῆ; acc. Ἑρμῆν; voc. Ἑρμῆ:—*Hermes, the Lat. Mercurius.*

In Homer, as messenger of the gods, he is called διάκτορος; as giver of good luck, ἐριούσιος, ἀκάκητα; as god of all secret dealings, and cunning, δόλιος; as conductor of ghosts to Hades, ψυχοπομπῆς. Later, he was tutelary god of arts and sciences; also of heralds, traffic, markets, roads, whence he is ὄδιος, ἐνόδιος: hence any four-cornered post ending in a bust was called Ἑρμῆς.

Ἑρμίδιον, τό, Dim. of Ἑρμῆς, a little figure of Hermes: in vocat. *my dear little Hermes*.

ἐρμῖς or ἐρμῖν, ἴνος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἐρμῖσιν, (ἐρμα) a *prop*, support: a *bed-post*.

Ἑρμο-γλύφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, γλύφω) a carver of *Hermæ*: generally, a *statuary*. Hence

Ἑρμογλυφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *statuary*: ἡ Ἑρμογλυφική (sub. τέχνη), the *art of statuary*.

Ἑρμο-γλύφος, ὁ, = Ἑρμογλυφεύς.

Ἑρμο-κοπίτης, οὐ, ὁ, (Ἑρμῆς, κόπτω) a mutilator of the *Hermæ*.

*ΕΡΝΟΣ, εὖς, τό, a shoot, scion, of the olive and palm; ἀνέδραμεν ἐρνεῖ ἴσος he shot up like a young plant. II. metaph. a scion, a *child*.

ἔρξα, aor. I of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρξείης or ἐρξίτης, ὁ, translation of the Persian name Darius: from *ἐργω, ἐρδω, the *worker, doer*.

ἔρξω, fut. of *ἐργω, = ἐρδω.

ἐρδεις, εσσα, εν, (ἔρος) lovely, pleasing.

ἐροίην, for ἐροίμην, pres. opt. of ἐρέω.

*ΕΡΟΜΑΙ Ion. εἰρομαι: impf. ἐρούμην: fut. ἐρήσομαι Ion. εἰρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἤρομαι, imperat. ἔρου Ep. ἐρειο, subj. ἐρωμαι, opt. ἐροίμην, inf. ἐρέσθαι, part. ἐρόμενος:—to *ask, inquire*: to *ask after* or *for*. II. to *question*, to *ask advice* of, *consult*: c. dupl. acc. to *ask one about* a thing.

ἔρος, ὁ, poet. form of ἔρως, *love, desire*.

*ΕΡΟΣ, εὖς, τό, wool, Lat. lana.

ἐρπετόν, τό, (ἐρπω) a *creeping thing, reptile*: esp. a *snake*; pl. ἐρπετά, as opp. to πετεινά, any animals that *move on the earth*.

ἐρπήστης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπω) a *creeper, a mouse*.

ἐρπύζω, f. ω, (ἐρπω) to *creep, crawl, drag oneself along*: always with idea of difficulty or distress.

ἔρφυλλος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἐρπω) *creeping thyme*, Lat. *serpyllum*, an evergreen herb used for wreaths.

ἐρπύσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐρπύζω or ἐρπω.

ἐρπυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἐρπυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἐρπύζω) a *reptile*: a *crawling child*.

*ΕΡΠΙΩ, impf. ἐρπον: fut. ἐρψω Dor. ἐρψῶ: aor. I ἐρπύσασα, formed from ἐρπύζω (cf. ἔλκω, εἰλκύσασα):—the Lat. SERPO, REPO, to *creep, crawl, move slowly*: of men, to *creep, glide, slink about*: ἐρποντα *creeping things*. 2. metaph. to *creep on, spread*, as in Lat. *serpit rumor*.

ἐρπωμες, Dor. I pl. pres. subj. of ἔρπω.

ἐρράγην [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρράδαται, Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ῥαίνω: ἐρράδατο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf.

ἐρραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥάπτω.

ἐρράπισα, aor. I of ῥαπίζω.

ἐρρέθεν and ἐρρήθη, aor. I pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ.

ἐρρηξα, aor. I of ῥήγνυμι.

ἐρρίγα, pf. 2 (with pres. sense) of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίγησα, aor. I of ῥιγέω.

ἐρρίζωται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ῥιζέω.

ἐρριμμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥίπτω.

ἐρριψα, aor. I of ῥίπτω.

ἐρρύηκα, pf. of ῥέω;—ἐρρύην, aor. 2 pass.

ἐρ-ρῦθος, οὐ, in *rhythm*, time or measure.

*ΕΡΡΩ, fut. ἐρρήσω: aor. I ἤρρησα: pf. ἤρρηκα:—to *go or walk slowly*; properly of a halting gait, whence Vulcan is called ἔρρων, *limping*. II. in a bad sense, to *go or come to ruin*; ἔρρων ἐκ ναὸς *gone or fallen from a ship*: imperat. ἐρρε, or ἐρρε ἐς *κοράκας*, Lat. *abi in malam rem, go with a plague* on thee; ἐρρέτω *let him pass, away with him*; ἐρρέτω Ἴλιον *let Troy perish!* ἐρρει τὰ καλά the *luck is gone!*

ἔρρωγα, pf. 2 of ῥήγνυμι.

ἔρρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ῥώννυμι, as Adj., in *good health, vigorous, stout*: Adv. ἔρρωμένως, *stoutly*: irreg. Comp. ἔρρωμένεστος, Sup. —έστατος.

ἔρρώντο, 3 pl. impf. of ῥώομαι; ἐρρώσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med.; ἐρρώσθη, aor. I pass.

ἔρρώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρρωσο, ἔρρωσθε, pf. imperat. pass. of ῥώννυμι.

ἔρση Ep. ἐέση, ἡ, (ἄρσω) *dew*, Lat. *ros*; τεθαλυῖα

ἔερση *plenteous dew*: in pl. *rain-drops*. II.

metaph. of any *young and tender thing*, esp. of late-born lambs, cp. *μέτασσαι*. Hence

ἔρσηεις Ep. ἐέσηεις, εσσα, εν, *dewy, dew-be-sprinkled*:—of a *corpse, fresh*.

ἔρση, ενος, ὁ, Ion. for ἔρση, ἄρση.

ἐρυγάνω, Att. form of ἐρεύγομαι, to *vomit*.

ἐρύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρύγημος, η, οὐ, (ἐρεύγομαι) *loud-bellowing*.

ἐρυγών, aor. 2 part. of ἐρεύγομαι.

ἐρυθθαίνω, aor. I ἐρύθηνα, poet. for ἐρυθθαίνω, to *redden, make to blush*:—Pass. to *become red*. Hence

ἐρύθημα, ατος, τό, *redness on the skin*: a *flush, blush*.

ἐρυθραίνω, f. ἀνῶ, (ἐρυθρός) to *dye red*:—Pass. to *become red, to blush*.

ἐρυθρίδιω, f. ἄω [ἄ], (ἐρυθρός) to *be apt to blush*.

ἐρυθρο-βῆφης, ἐς, (ἐρυθρός, βαφῆται) *dyed red*.

ἐρυθρό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ποδος, (ἐρυθρός, πούς) *red-footed*: the name of a bird, the *red-bank*.

*ΕΡΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, red, Lat. RUBER. II.

Ἐρυθρή θάλασσα, the *Erythraean sea*, our *Indian ocean*.

ἐρύκῃσκον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἐρύκα, inf. ἐρύκῃσκειν.

ἐρύκῃσκειν, poet. for ἐρύκα, to *restrain, confine*.

ἐρυκανώσι, Ep. for ἐρικανῶσι, 3 pl. of ἐρικανῶω.

ἐρύκῃσκειν, poet. for ἐρύκα, to *restrain*. [ἄ]

ἐρύκα, f. ἔω: aor. I ἤρκα Ep. ἐρκα: Ep. aor. 2

ἠρύκῃσκον, or without augm. ἐρύκῃσκον, inf. ἐρύκῃσκειν: (ἐρύω):—to *keep in, hold back, restrain, hinder*: to

control, curb, keep in check; γῆ ἐρύκει earth *confines*

(the dead); μή με ἔρυκε μάχης keep me not back from fight. 2. to detain a guest. 3. to ward off, Lat. arceo. 4. to keep apart, separate, divide. II. Pass. to be held back, detained: to be kept away. 2. to be guarded, safe.

ἔρμα, ατος, τό, (ἔρμαί) a fence, guard: a bulwark, fort: generally, a defence, safeguard.

ἔρματιον, τό, Dim. of ἔρμα.

ἔρμα-νωτος, ον, with impenetrable back. ἔρμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρμαί) fenced, fortified. Hence ἔρμνότης, ἡτος, ἡ, strength, security, of a place. ἔρμντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ῥόμαί.

ἔρμαατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἔρμα. ἔρμα-άρματος, ον, (ἔρμα, ἄρμα) chariot-drawing: Ep. heterocl. pl. ἔρμαάματες, -τας.

ἔρμα-θρίξ, τρήχος, ὄ, ἡ, (ἔρμα, θρίξ) for drawing through the hair, epith. of a comb.

ἔρμα-νήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρμαί, ναῦς) preserving ships.

ἔρμα-πόλις, ὄ, ἡ, (ἔρμαί, πόλις) protecting the city.

ἔρμας, εως, ἡ, (ἔρμα) a drawing.

ἔρμαός, ὄ, (ἔρμαί) a safeguard.

ἔρμασθαι, Ep. aor. I inf. med. of ἔρμα.

ἔρμασμεν, Ep. for ἔρμαμεν, aor. I subj. of ἔρμα.

ἔρματός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρμα) drawn.

ἔρμτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) pass. of ἔρμα.

ἘΡΜΑῖ Ion. εἰρμά: fut. ἔρμω or ἔρμα: aor. I εἰρμα Ep. εἰρμαα or ἔρμαα:—to draw, drag; νεκρὸς or νεκρὸν ἔρμαί, either of the friends, to drag the corpse away, rescue it, or of the enemy, to drag it off for plunder, ransom, etc.: to drag about, treat roughly: hence to drag away, carry off violently; to tear off or down χλαίνας ἔρμαίεν τινά to pull him from the cloak. II. Med. ἔρμαίον Ion. εἰρμαίον: fut. inf. ἔρμασθαι, but Ep. fut. also ἔρμασσομαι: aor. I εἰρμαίην Ep. εἰρμασάην or ἔρμασάην: the foll. forms are pass., pl. εἰρμαίαι both in med. and pass. sense, Ep. 3 pl. εἰρμαίται; 3 sing. plqpf. (with sense of aor. 2) εἰρμαίον or ἔρμαίον; 3 pl. εἰρμαίον or εἰρμαίον:—to draw to one's own side; ἔρμαίον ἔρμασθαι to draw one's sword; ἔρμασθαι τόξον to draw one's bow to, to string it; ἔρμασθαι νῆας to launch one's ships, but in pass. sense, of the ships, to be hauled ashore. 2. from the sense of drawing out from the press of battle, comes the sense to rescue, deliver, and hence to protect, guard.

3. to keep off, ward off; ἡ δ' οὐκ ἔρχος ἔρμαίον it kept not off the spear: hence to check, thwart, repress. 4. to keep guard upon, watch, to keep carefully, conceal: also to maintain, assert, hold in honour; θέμιστας εἰρμαίται they maintain laws.

ἔρχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ἔργω, εἶργω—ἔρχατο (or ἔρχατο), 3 pl. plqpf.

ἔρχατάομαι, Pass. to be shut up. From

ἔρχατος, ὄ, (ἔργω) a fence, enclosure, bedge.

ἔρχατόντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔρχατάομαι.

ἔρχαίς, aor. I part. pass. of ἔργω, εἶργω.

ἘΡΧΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἤρχομαι:—the tenses are formed from the Root ἐλεύθω: fut. ἐλεύσομαι: aor.

ἤλυθον, syncop. ἦλθον Dor. ἦθον; later also aor. I ἦλθα: pf. ἐλήλυθα Ep. ἐλήλυθα, I pl. ἐλήλυθμεν, part. ἐλήλυθώς: 3 sing. plqpf., Ion. ἐλήλυθε Ep. ἐλήλυθαι:—to come or go:—to come back, return:—in Homer with cognate words, as, ὄδον or κέλευθον ἔλθειν; also ποῦτ., ἀγγελίην ἔλθειν, to go on a message. 2. c. gen. loci, πεδίωιο ἔλθειν to go through or across the plain. 3. with fut. part., ἔρχομαι οἰσόμενος ἔρχος I come to fetch a spear: like an auxiliary Verb, ἔρχομαι ἔρων I am going to tell, Fr. je vais dire.

II. later phrases: εἰς λόγους ἔρχεσθαι τινι to come to speech, have an interview, converse with. 2. ἐπὶ πάν ἔλθειν to try everything. 3. παρὰ μακρὸν ἔλθειν, c. inf., to come within a little of, be near a thing. 4. with διὰ and its case, periph. for a Verb, as, διὰ μάχης τινι ἔρχεσθαι for μάχεσθαι τινι, διὰ πολέμου ἔρχεσθαι for πολέμειν, etc.

ἔρψω, ἔρψομαι, Dor. I sing. and pl. fut. of ἔρπω. ἔρψω, dat. of ἔρως, love: see ἔρως.

ἘΡΩῖ Ion. and Ep. ἔρως, fut. (φημί, λέγω and ἀγορεύω being used as pres. and εἶπον as aor. 2): from the same Root come pf. εἶρηκα, pass. εἶρημαι, plqpf. pass. εἶρημαι; aor. I pass. εἶρηθη and εἶρηθην, inf. εἶρηθηναι; fut. pass. ἡθήσομαι, fut. 3 εἶρησομαι:—I will say, speak. 2. I will tell, proclaim, announce: hence I will promise. 3. I will tell, order him to do; εἶρητό οἱ, c. inf., it had been told him to do.

II. ἔρως occurs sometimes in Hom. as a pres.=ἔρωμαι, εἶρωμαι, to ask for or after.

ἘΡΩΔΙΟΣ, ὄ, the heron or bern, Lat. ARDEA.

ἔρωείτω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of

ἔρωέω, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἠρώησα Ep. ἔρωησα:—to flow, stream, burst out: to gush out by starts or at intervals. 2. to retreat, withdraw, cease from, c. gen.: absol., νέφος οὐποτ' ἔρωεί the cloud never leaves it. II. trans. to drive or force back. (Akin to ῥόωμαι.) Hence

ἔρωή, ἡ, any quick, violent motion; δουρὸς ἔρωή the rush or flight of a spear; λυκμήτρος ἔρωή the force or swing of the winnow's (shovel). 2. an impulse, desire. II. a retreat from, rest from; πολέμου ἔρωή.

ἔρωήσαι, aor. I inf. of ἔρωέω: ἔρωήσασθε, 2 pl. opt. ἔρω-μανέω, f. ἡσω, (ἔρως, μαίνομαι) to be madly in love. Hence

ἔρωμάνια, ἡ, mad love.

ἔρωμένιον, τό, a little love, darling: Dim. of

ἔρωμένος, ὄ, ἔρωμένη, ἡ, pres. part. pass. of ἔρως, a loved one, one's love.

ἔρως, ατος, ὄ: heterocl. dat. ἔρῳ (from ἔρως), acc. ἔρῳν, for regular dat. ἔρωτι, acc. ἔρωτα: (ἔρως):—love: desire for a thing.

II. as prop. n., the god of love, Eros, Amor: in plur. ἔρωτες the Loves.

Hence

ἔρωτάριον, τό, Dim. a little Cupid.

ἔρωτάω Ion. εἶρ-, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἠρώησα: (ἔρωμαι):—to ask, τινά τι something of one; τὸ ἔρωτη-

θέν *the question.* II. *to question a person.* III. *to ask, solicit, beg.* Hence

ἑρώτημα, ατος, τό, *a question; ἑρώτημα τοῦ ξυνθήματος the asking for the watchword, the challenge of warriors.*

ἑρώτησις, εως, ἡ, (ἑρωτάω) *a questioning.*
ἑρωτιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *pecul. fem. of ἑρωτικός.*

ἑρωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔρωσις) *of or caused by love; ἑρωτικὴ ξωντυχία a love affair.* 2. *given to love, fond.*

ἑρωτικῶς, Adv. *lovingly, fondly.*
ἑρωτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἔρωσις) *a loved one, darling.* II.

as Adj. ἑρωτίδες νήσοι, *islands of love.*

ἑρωτο-γράφος, ον, (ἔρωσις, γράφω) *writing on love.*
ἑρωτο-πλάνος, ον, (ἔρωσις, πλανάω) *beguiling love.*

ἑρωτο-πλοεῖω, f. ἡσω, (ἔρωσις, πλοεῖω) *to sail on love's ocean.*

ἑρωτύλος, ὁ, (ἔρωσις) *a darling, sweetheart.* II.

as Adj., ἑρωτύλα ἀείδειν *to sing love-songs.* [ῥ]

ἔς, Ion. and old Att. form for εἰς, *to:* for all compounds with ἔσ- see under εἰς-.

ἔς, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔημι.

ἔσ-αγγελεύς, ἔσ-αγγέλλω, for εἰσαγγ-.

ἔσ-ἀγείρω, v. εἰσαγείρω; in Homer only in 3 sing. (Ep. impf. med. εἰσαγείροτο, Ep. aor. I med. εἰσαγείρατο.

ἔσ-άγω, v. εἰσάγω.

ἔσ-αιέν, (ἔς, αἰέν) Adv. *for ever.*

ἔσ-αθρέω, ἔσ-ἀκοντίω, ἔσ-ἀκούω, v. sub εἰσ-.

ἔσαθρήσασμαι, aor. I opt. of εἰσαθρέω.

ἔσᾶλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσαν, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσαντα, v. εἰσάντα.

ἔσ-άπαξ, Ion. for εἰσαπ-, (ἔς, ἄπαξ) *at once.*

ἔσάπην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σήπω.

ἔσ-απικνεύομαι, Ion. for εἰσαπικνεύομαι.

ἔσ-ἄρασσω, v. εἰσαράσσω.

ἔσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσ-ἄχρι, Adv. for εἰς ἄχρι, *until, v. c. gen.*

ἔσᾶωθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of σαώω, Ep. for σώωω.

ἔσᾶωσα, aor. I of σαώω, Ep. for σώωω.

ἔσβαίην, aor. 2 opt. of εἰσβαίω.

ἔσ-βαίνω, ἔσ-βάλλω, v. εἰσβαίνω, εἰσβάλλω.

ἔσβᾶς, aor. 2 part. of εἰσβαίνω.

ἔσβην, aor. 2 of σβέννυμι.

ἔσ-βιβάζω, ἔσ-βολή, v. εἰσβιβάζω, εἰσβολή.

ἔσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for εἰσδέχομαι.

ἔσ-διδωμι, ἔσ-δύομαι, ἔσ-δύω, v. εἰσδ-.

ἔσδομοι, ἐσδώμεθα, Dor. for ἐξόμενοι, ἐξώμεθα.

ἔσει, ἔσεται, poet. for ἔσει or ἔση, ἔσται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσεδράκον, aor. 2 of εἰσδέρκομαι.

ἔσεδράμον, aor. 2 of εἰστρέχω.

ἔσ-εμι, v. εἴσεμι.

ἔσελεύσομαι, fut. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἔσελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of εἰσέρχομαι.

ἔσεμασσάμην, Ep. aor. I of εἰσμάομαι (cf. ἐπιμάομαι), *to touch; μάλα γάρ με θανάων ἐσεμάσασατο*

θυμόν for by his death he very much touched me in heart.

ἔσέπατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of εἰσπέταμαι.

ἔσεργύναι, Ion. inf. of εἰσεργάω, εἰσέργω.

ἔσ-ἔρχομαι, v. εἰσέρχομαι.

ἔσεάχατο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of σάττω.

ἔσέγυνο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of εἰσέγω.

ἔσ-έχω, ἔσ-ἠθέω, v. sub εἰσέχω, εἰσῆθεω.

ἔσῆλατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of εἰσάλλομαι.

ἔσημήναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of σημαίνω.

ἔσηθα, aor. I of σαίω.

ἔσθα, aor. 2 inf. med. of ἔημι. 2. pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσθέσθαι, Ion. aor. 2 inf. med. of εἰστίθην.

ἔσθῶ, (ἔσθῆσι) *to clothe:—Pass. to be clothed, dressed; mostly in pf. ἔσθημαι Ion. ἔσθημαι; ἔσθηται ἔσθημένος clad in raiment.* Hence

ἔσθημα, ατος, τό, *a garment, dress.*

ἔσθηγ, 3 dual plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσθῆς, ἦτος, ἡ, (ἔσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἔννυμι) *a garment; dress, clothes, raiment, Lat. vestis.*

ἔσθησις, εως, ἡ, (ἔσθῶ) *clothing, raiment.*

ἔσθιω, Ep. inf. ἔσθιμεν: impf. ἔσθιον: fut. ἔδομαι (from Ep. pres. ἔδαω): pf. act. ἐδήδοκα, pass.

ἐδήδεσμαι: aor. I pass. ἠδέσθην: aor. 2 act. ἐφαγον (from Root *ΦΑΓΩ):—the Lat. *EDO, to eat: metaph. to devour, consume, like fire or an eating disease;*

ἔσθειν ἑαυτὸν *to vex or annoy oneself; ἔσθειν τὴν χελεύνην to bite the lip:—Pass. to be eaten; οἶκος ἐσθίεται the house is eaten up.*

ἔσθλοῦς, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. ἔσλός, ἄ, ὄν, = ἀγαθός, *good of his kind: brave, stout: also noble, wealthy: kind, good.*

2. of omens, *good, lucky.* 3. as Subst., ἔσθλά *goods: absol. ἐσθλόν good luck.*

ἔσθλότερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἔσθλός.

ἔσθορον, Ep. aor. 2 of εἰσθρόσκω.

ἔσθος, εος, τό, = ἔσθῆς, *a dress, garment.*

ἔσθ' ὅτε, for ἔστιν ὅτε, *Lat. est quum, there is a time when, i. e. now and then, sometimes.*

ἔσ-θρόσκω, v. εἰσθρόσκω.

ἔσθω, Ep. inf. ἔσθέμεναι, impf. ἔσθον, poet. form of ἔσθω, *to eat, devour: metaph. to eat up or consume one's means.*

ἔσιγάθην [ᾶ], Dor. aor. I pass. of σιγάω.

ἔσιδεῖν, for εἰσιδεῖν, inf. of εἰσιεῖδον.

ἔσιδέσθην, Ep. 3 dual aor. 2 med. of εἰσιεῖδον.

ἔσιτέμεναι, fem. part. pres. med. of εἰσίμημι.

ἔσιζήται, for εἰσίζηται, 3 sing. subj. of εἰσίζομαι.

ἔσ-ίτημι, ἔσ-ικνεύομαι, ἔσ-ίπταμι, v. εἰσ-.

ἔσ-καταβαίνω, v. εἰσκ-.

ἔσκάθητο, for εἰσκατέθητο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of εἰσκατατίθην.

ἔσκε, Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσκεδάσα, aor. I of σκεδάσνυμι.

ἔσκεμμαι, pf. of σκοπέω.

ἔσκιδναντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκίδνημι.

ἔσκληκα, intr. pf. of σκέλλω: ἔσκλην, aor. 2.

ἔσκου, Ep. and Ion. for ἔην, impf. of εἰμί sum.

ἔσλος, Dor. for ἔσθλος.
 ἔσμηχον, impf. of σμήχω.
 ἔσμος or ἔσμός, ὁ, (ἴημι) a swarm of bees: any swarm or flock; ἔσμοι γάλακτος streams of milk.
 ἔσμο-τόκος, ον, (ἔσμος, τεικύν) producing swarms of bees.

ἔσο, Ep. for ἴσθι, imperat. of εἰμί.
 ἔσο-οικέω, ἔσο-οικίζω, v. εἶσ-.
 ἔσοπτος, v. εἰσοπτος. Hence
 ἔσοπτρον, v. εἰσοπτρον.
 ἔσο-οράω, v. εἰσοράω.
 ἔσορῶμες, Dor. for εἰσορῶμεν.
 ἔσοῦμαι, Dor. for ἔσομαι, fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσόφθομαι, fut. of ἐσοράω, εἰσοράω.
 ἔσπάθημαι, pf. pass. of σπαθᾶω.
 ἔσπαρμαι, pf. pass. of σπείρω.
 ἔσπεισα, aor. I of σπένδω.

ἘΣΠΕΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. *VESPERA*, fem. of the Adj.
 ἔσπερος: 1. (sub. ὥρα), evening; ἔσπερας (gen. of time) at eve; ἀπὸ ἔσπερας after evening, at nightfall; εἰς or πρὸς ἔσπεραν towards evening; in plur. the evening hours, eventide. 2. (sub. χώρα), the west, Lat. occidens; τὸ πρὸς ἔσπερης the west country. Hence

ἔσπερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἔσπεριος.
 ἔσπεριος, α, ον, and os, ον, (ἔσπερος) of Time, in the evening, at eventide. II. of Place, western, towards the setting sun, Lat. occidentalis.

ἔσπερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of ἔσπεριος, at evening. II. as Subst., αἱ Ἐσπερίδες the Hesperides, daughters of Evening, who dwelt on a western island of the ocean, and guarded a garden with golden apples.

ἘΣΠΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *VESPER*, evening; μένον ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἔλθεῖν they waited for even to come on: irregul. plur. neut. ἔσπερα, τά, the hours of evening, eventide. 2. of Place, Hesperus, the West, i. e. darkness, Hades. II. as Adj. of or at evening; ἔσπερος ἀστήρ the evening-star. 2. of Place, Western.

ἔσπετε, for εἶπετε, 2 pl. Ep. imperat. of εἶπον.
 ἔσπόμεν, aor. 2 of ἔσομαι: Homer retains ἐ- in all the moods, imperat. ἐσπέσθω, subj. ἔσπανται, opt. ἐσποίμην, inf. ἐσπέσθαι, part. ἐσπόμενος.
 ἔσπον, aor. 2 of ἔπω.

ἔσσα, Ep. aor. I of ἔννυμι; ἔσσαι, inf. (but also 2 sing. pf. pass.): ἐσοάμενος, aor. I part. med.
 ἔσσειται, 3 sing. of ἔσοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσοσθαι, for ἐσέσθαι, fut. inf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσευα, Ep. for ἔσευα, aor. I of σεύω.
 ἔσσί, Ep. and Dor. for εἰς, εἰ, 2 sing. of εἰμί sum.
 ἔσσο, Ep. for ἔσο, imperat. of ἔννυμι. II. Ep. 2 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσσομαι, for ἔσομαι, Ep. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἔννυμι.
 ἔσσομαι, Ion. for ἡσάομαι: impf. ἐσσοῦμαι: aor. I ἐσάωην: pf. ἔσσομαι: Pass.: (ἔσσαν, Ion. for ἡσσαν):—to be beaten.

ἔσσυμαι, pf. pass. of σεῖω: ἔσσυμην, plqpf. with sense of aor. 2.

ἔσσύμενος, η, ον, part. pass. of σεῖω (in sense and accent a pres., but redupl. as if pf.), driven, hurried on, vehement: eager, yearning for: hence Adv., ἐσοῦμένως hastily, vehemently.

ἔσσυο, ἔσσυτο, 2 and 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. pass. of σεῖω, with sense of aor. 2.

ἔσσωθῆναι, Ion. for ἡσσηθῆναι, v. ἐσσω.

ἔσσω, Ep. fut. of ἔννυμι.

ἔσσαν, Ion. for ἡσσαν.

*ἔσταα, pf. 2 of ἴστημι with intrans. pres. sense, to stand: only in the following forms, dual ἔστατον, plur. ἔσταμέν, ἔστατε, ἔστασι; inf. ἐστάναι Ep. ἔστανε, ἐσάμεναι; part. ἐσταῖος Att. contr. ἐστώς Ion. ἐστεῖος and ἐστηῖος, fem. ἐστώσα.

ἔσται, 3 sing. fut. of εἰμί sum: but II. ἔσται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἔννυμι.

ἔστάλατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of στέλλω.

ἔστάλην, aor. 2 pass. of στέλλω: ἔσταλκα, pf.

ἔστάμεν, ἔσάμεναι [ᾶ], see ἔσταα.

ἔσᾶμεν, 1 pl. of ἔσταα.

ἔσταν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἴστημι.

ἔσταναι, for ἔστηκεναι, v. ἔσταα.

ἔσταότες, plur. of ἐσταῖος, v. ἔσταα.

ἔστασαν, 3 pl. poët. plqpf. of ἴστημι, they stood, v.

ἔσταα: but 2. ἔσᾶσαν, shortd. for ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ἴστημι, they placed.

ἔσᾶσι, 3 pl. poët. pf. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔσᾶτε, 2 plur., and ἔσᾶτον, 2 and 3 dual; see ἔσταα.

ἔσταιρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of σταιρούω.

ἔσ-τε Dor. ἔσ-τε: (ἐς, τε) Conjunct. till, until, Lat. donec. 2. so long, so long as. II. Adv. even to, Lat. usque.

ἔστελα, aor. I of στέλλω.

ἔστεμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στέφω.

ἔστέρημαι, pf. pass. of στερέω.

ἔστεφάνωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στεφανῶω.

ἔστεῖος, Ion. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔστηκα, ἔστηκεν, pf. and plqpf. intr. of ἴστημι.

ἔστην, aor. 2 intr. of ἴστημι.

ἔστήξω, ἔστήξομαι, fut. intr. of ἴστημι, I shall or will stand: cp. θενήξω, θενήξομαι from θνήσχω.

ἔστήρικται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of στηρίζω: ἔστήρικτο, plqpf.

ἔστησα, ἔστησάμην, aor. I act. and med. of ἴστημι.

ἔστηῖος, Ion. pf. part. of ἴστημι; v. ἔσταα.

ἔστια Ion. ἰστίη, ἡ, (ἔζομαι) the hearth of a house; the shrine of the household gods, and hence a sanctuary for suppliants. 2. the house itself, a dwelling, home. 3. the household, family. II. as nom. pr., Ἔστια Ion. Ἰστίη, the Roman Vesta, daughter of Kronos (Saturn) and Rhea, guardian of the hearth and home, invoked first at festivals.

ἔστιαια, ατος, τό, (ἔστιάω) a banquet,

ἔστιάρχῳ, f. ἦσω, to be master of a house. From ἔστι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἔστια, ἄρχω) master of a house.

ἐστίασις, εως, ἡ, (ἐστία) a *feasting, banqueting*.
 ἐστιάω impf. εἰστίω: f. ἐστιάω [ᾶ]: aor. I εἰσ-
 τίασα: pf. εἰστίασα:—Pass., f. (in med. form) ἐστιά-
 σομαι: aor. I εἰστιάθην: pf. εἰστιάμην: (forma):—
 to receive into one's home, to entertain hospitably, to feast:
 —Pass. to be a guest, be feasted: c. acc. rei. to feast on; ἐστιάσθαι ἐνύπνιον to have a visionary feast.
 ἐστι-οὔχος, ον, (ἐστία, ἔχω) guarding the house or
 state. 2. having an altar or hearth. 3. on the
 hearth or altar.
 ἐστιώω, f. ὥω, (ἐστία) to found a hearth or house:
 —Pass., δῶμα ἐστιοῦται the family is established.
 ἐστίχων, aor. 2 of στείχω.
 ἐστιχόωντο, 3 pl. Ep. impf. med. of στιχάω.
 ἐστιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶπις, ἴδος, (ἐστία) of or from
 the house.
 ἔστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐννυμι.
 ἐστοξεύω, = εἰστοξεύω.
 ἔστοργα, pf. of στερῶ.
 ἐστόρεσα, aor. I of στερέννυμι.
 ἐστραμμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρέφω.
 ἐστράβην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of στρέφω.
 ἐστρίς, (ἐς, τρίς) Adv. until three times, thrice.
 ἐστρωμένος, pf. part. pass. of στρώννυμι.
 ἐστρωσα, -ῶην, aor. I act. and pass. of στρών-
 νυμι.
 ἔστρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of στρώννυμι.
 ἔστῦον, aor. 2 of στυγέω.
 ἔστωρ, ορος, ὁ, a peg or nail at the end of the pole,
 on which the ring, κρίκος, for fastening the harness
 was fixed. (Deriv. uncertain)
 ἔστως, -ῶσα, syncop. intr. pf. part. of ἴσθημι; v.
 ἔστια.
 ἐσύλησα, aor. I of σῦλλάω.
 ἐσύνηκα, irreg. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμι.
 ἔσῦρα, aor. I of σύρω.
 ἐσύρην [ῦ], aor. 2 pass. of σύρω.
 ἐσ-ύστερον, Adv. for εἰς ὕστερον, for the future.
 ἐσφάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσφαγμαί, pf. pass. of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσφαίρωτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of σφαίρω.
 ἐσφάλην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of σφάλω.
 ἐσφαλμαι, pf. pass. of σφάλω.
 ἐσφαξα, aor. I of σφάζω, σφάττω.
 ἐσ-φέρω, v. εἰσ-φέρω.
 ἐσφήκωντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of σφηκέω.
 ἐσφήλα, aor. I of σφάλω.
 ἐσ-φορέω, v. εἰσ-φορέω.
 ἐσφραγιμένος, pf. pass. part. of σφραγίζω.
 ἘΣΧΑΡΑ Ion. ἐσχάρη, ἡ: Ep. gen. and dat. ἐσ-
 χαρόφιν:—the hearth, fire-place, like ἐστία; πῦρὸς
 ἐσχάρα watch-fires. II. an altar for burnt offer-
 ings. III. a pan of coals: a brasier. Hence
 ἐσχάρων, ἄνος, ὁ, = ἐσχάρα I.
 ἐσχάρτος, ον, (ἐσχάρα) of or on the hearth.
 ἐσχάρωφι, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. of ἐσχάρα.
 ἐσχᾶσα, aor. I of σχάζω.
 ἐσχᾶτω, (ἐσχάτος) to be at the edge; only used in

Ep. part., ἐσχάρων, ὄσσα, of men, lurking about the
 edge of the camp; of cities, lying on the border.
 ἐσχᾶτι Ion. -τή, ἡ, (ἐσχάτος) the furbest part, the
 edge, border, verge. II. a remote, retired spot.
 ἐσχάτος, ον, ποῖτ. for ἐσχάτος.
 ἐσχᾶτος, ἡ, ον, (ἐκ, ἐξ) the furbest, uttermost, extre-
 mite; ἐσχᾶτοι ἄνθρωποι most remote of mankind:—
 the furbest each way: I. the uppermost, highest, Lat. summus. 2. the lowest, Lat. imus. 3. the
 innermost, Lat. intimus. II. of sufferings, the
 uttermost, utmost, last, worst: as Subst., τὸ ἐσχάτον,
 τὰ ἐσχάτα, the utmost, last, greatest extremity; ἐσχᾶ-
 τῶτα κακά worst of possible evils; Sup., τὰ ἐσχᾶ-
 τῶτα the extremest. III. Adv. ἐσχᾶτως, to
 the uttermost, extremely: also neut. ἐσχᾶτον as Adv.
 for the last time: Comp. ἐσχᾶτωτέρων more extremely,
 Sup. ἐσχᾶτώτατα, most utterly.
 ἐσχᾶτόων, ὄσσα, Ep. part. of ἐσχάτω.
 ἐσχεθον, ποῖτ. for ἐσχων, aor. 2 of ἔχω; Ep. σχέ-
 θον; imper. σχεθέτω; subj. σχέτω; opt. σχέθοιμι;
 inf. σχεθεῖν Ep. -έειν; part. σχέθων.
 ἐσχέω, for εἰσχέω.
 ἐσχηκα, ἐσχημαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἔχω.
 ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχίζω.
 ἐσχίσθη, aor. I pass. of σχίζω.
 ἐσχισμαι, pf. pass. of σχίζω.
 ἐσχων, ἐσχόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἔχω.
 ἐσχων, impf. of σχᾶω.
 ἔσω Ep. ἔσωω, fut. of ἐννυμι.
 ἔσω, Adv. for εἶσω, within: Comp. ἐσωτέρω, more
 within: inner:—Sup. ἐσωτάτω, most within. Hence
 ἔσωθεν and -θε, Adv. from within: within, inside.
 ἐσώθη, aor. I pass. of σώω.
 ἐσώτατος, ἡ, ον, Sup. Adj. from ἔσω, innermost,
 Lat. intimus. Adv. ἐσωτάτω, v. ἔσω.
 ἐσωτέρος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. from ἔσω, inner, Lat.
 interior: Adv. ἐσωτέρω, v. ἔσω.
 ἐτάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τάσσω.
 ἐτάζω, f. σω, (ἐτεύς) to examine, test.
 ἐτάθην [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of τεύω.
 ἐταῖρα, ἡ, fem. of ἐταῖρος.
 ἐταιρεία or -ία Ion. -ῆτι, ἡ, (ἐταῖρος) companion-
 ship: an association, club, brotherhood. II. at
 Athens, a political club or union for party pur-
 poses. III. generally, friendship, intimacy.
 ἐταιρείος, α, ον, Ion. -ῆτιος, ἡ, ον, (ἐταῖρος) of comrades
 or fellowship: Ζεὺς ἔτ. presiding over fellowship.
 ἐταιρεῖω, f. ἦσω, (ἐταῖρα) to be a courtesan.
 ἐταιρήτι, -ῆτιος, Ion. for ἐταιρεία, -εἰος.
 ἐταιρήτι, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐταῖρος) to be one's comrade
 or companion in arms. 2. = ἐταιρέω, to be a cour-
 tesan. II. Med. to chouse for one's comrade.
 ἐταιρικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἐταιρείος, of or like a comrade,
 social; τὸ ἐταιρικόν = ἐταιρεία.
 ἐταιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἐταῖρα, a courtesan.
 ἐταιρίσμαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of ἐταιρέω.
 ἐταῖρος Ep. and Ion. ἔταρος, ὁ, (ἐτης) a companion,
 comrade, fellow, mate: a brother-in-arms, a sbipmate,

a messmate: also a fellow-slave:—as Adj. associated; Sup. ἑταιρότατος.

II. ἑταῖρα ἑταίρη Ep. ἑτάρη, ἡ, a female companion, helper, friend. 2. in Att. opp. to a lawful wife, a concubine: a courtesan, barlot. Hence

ἑταιρόσυνος, η, ον, friendly: as Subst. a friend. ἑτάκευ, ἑτάκετο, Dor. for ἐτήκευ, ἐτήκετο, 2 and 3 sing. impf. med. of τήκω.

ἐτάκην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάκον, -όμεν, Dor. impf. act. and pass. of τήκω.

ἐτάλασσας, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I of ταλάω.

ἐτάμον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἐταξα, aor. I of τάσσω.

ἐτάραξα, aor. I of παράσσω.

ἐταρίζομαι, Ep. for ἑταιρίζομαι.

ἑτάρος, ἑτάρη, Ep. and Ion. for ἑταῖρος, ἑταῖρα.

ἑτάρτην, aor. 2 pass. of τέρω.

ἐτάρφθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τέρπω.

ἑτας, acc. pl. of ἑτης.

ἐτάτμος, Dor. for ἐτήτμος.

ἐτάφην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτάχθην, aor. I pass. of τάσσω.

ἐτέθαπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of θάπτω.

ἐτέθην, aor. I pass. of τίθημι.

ἐτεθήπεα, Ep. plqpf. of τίθηπα.

ἐτέθυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (in med. sense) of θύω.

ἑτειος, α, ον, (ἑτος) yearly, annual. II. of one year, yearling.

ἑτεκον, ἑτεκόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of τίκτω.

ἑτελείετο, Ep. for ἐτελείτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of τελέω.

ἑτελείσθην, aor. I pass. of τελέω.

ἑτέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

ἑτέμενον, aor. 2 of τέμνω.

ἑτεό-κρητες, οἱ, (ἑτεοί, Κρήτες) true Cretans.

ἑΤΕΟΨ, ἄ, ὄν, (perhaps from εἰμί sum) true, real, genuine: in neut. ἑτέον as Adv., in truth, in sooth, really, truly, verily, Lat. *revera*:—Att. in ironical questions, ἑτέον; so! indeed! Lat. *itane*? Ion. dat. fem. ἑτεῆ is also used as Adv., in truth.

ἑτερ-αλκίς, ἑς, (ἑτερος, ἀλκή) giving strength to one of two; Δαναοῖσι μάχης ἑτεραλκία νίκην δοῦναι to give victory in battle decided in favour of the Danaans; νίκη ἑτεραλκίης a decisive victory; δῆμος ἑτεραλκίης a body of men which decides the victory. II. inclining first to one side then to the other, doubtful, Lat. *anceps*.

ἑτερ-ήμερος, ον, (ἑτερος, ἡμέρα) on alternate days, day and day alternately.

ἑτέρηφι, Ep. dat. fem. of ἑτερος.

ἑτερό-γλωσσοι Att. -ττος, ον, (ἑτερος, γλῶσσα) of other tongue, i. e. of foreign, strange tongue.

ἑτερό-γνάθος, ον, with one side of the mouth bolder than the other, of a horse.

ἑτερο-διδασκάλω, (ἑτερος, διδάσκαλος) to teach other than the truth, to teach errors.

ἑτερό-δοξος, ον, (ἑτερος, δόξα) of another opinion, differing in opinion. 2. of other than the true opinion, heterodox.

ἑτερό-ζήλος, ον, (ἑτερος, ζῆλος) zealous for one side, partial: Adv. -λως, unfairly. II. devoted to another pursuit.

ἑτεροζυγέω, f. ἦσω, to be yoked with an animal of a different kind: be at variance with. From

ἑτερό-ζυγος, ον, (ἑτερος, ζυγόν) unevenly yoked: different. 2. unequally balanced.

ἑτεροῖος, α, ον, (ἑτερος) of a different nature or kind. Adv. -οίως. Hence

ἑτεροῖώω, f. ὠσω, to make otherwise, alter:—Pass. to become changed, alter.

ἑτερο-κλίνης, ἑς, (ἑτερος, κλινῆναι) leaning to one side: of ground, sloping.

ἑτερο-μήκης, ἑς, (ἑτερος, μήκος) with unequal sides, oblong, rectangular.

ἑτερο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἑτερος, μήτηρ) born of another mother.

ἑτερό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ἑτερος, πλέω) lent on the security of a ship and her cargo, with the risk of the outward, but not of the homeward, voyage, of money.

ἑτερορ-ρεπής, ἑς, and ἑτερόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἑτερος, βέπω) inclined to one side; ἑτερορρεπής Ζεὺς who makes now one side and now another preponderate.

ἑΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, Lat. ALTER, the other, one of two; χειρὶ φέρειν ἑτέρῃ to carry in one of his hands; ἑτεροὶ ἑτέρων ἄρχουσι the one rule the other; ἑτερος τοιοῦτος another such; ἑτερα τοσαῦτα as many more. Lat. *alterum tantum*; δεύτερος ἑτερος yet a second.

2. also like Lat. alter, for δεύτερος, second; ἡ ἑτέρα (sub. ἡμέρα), the second day, i. e. the day after to-morrow. II. put loosely for ἄλλος, Lat. *alius*, opp., not to one, but to many. III. other (than usual), different: of other kind, like ἄλλοιος; other (than good), Lat. *sequior*, evil. IV. as Adv. in dat. fem., τῇ ἑτέρᾳ, θατέρᾳ (sub. ὀδῶ) otherwise, in another way, place, or manner; also (sub. χειρὶ) with one hand, i. e. with the left hand; and (sub. ἡμέρα) on the next day.

2. also neut., τὸ ἑτερον, τὰ ἑτερα, as ἐπὶ θάτερα one or the other way; ἐκ τοῦ ἐπὶ θάτερα from the one side, opp. to εἰς τὰ ἐπὶ θάτερα to the other side. [The Dor. used ἄτερος [ᾶ] for ἑτερος: whereas in Att. ἄτερος [ᾶ] was (by crasis) for ὁ ἑτερος: gen. θατέρου, dat. θατέρῳ, acc. θάτερον.]

ἑτερό-τροπος, ον, (ἑτερος, τρόπος) of different sort or fashion: of different turn or temper. II. turning another way: uncertain, inconstant.

ἑτερό-φωνος, ον, (ἑτερος, φωνή) of different voice or speech, barbarous.

ἑτέρηστο, 3 sing. impf. of τέροσμαι.

ἑτέρφθην, aor. I pass. of τέρω.

ἑτέρωθεν, (ἑτερος) Adv. from the other side. II. on the other side, opposite.

ἑτέρωθι, (ἑτερος) Adv. on the other side: elsewhere: ἑτέρωθι τοῦ λόγου in another part of my story. II. at another time.

ἑτέρως, Adv. of ἑτερος, differently, otherwise.

ἐτέρωσέ, (ἕτερος) Adv. to one side, to the other side : hence to another place.

ἐτερώτα, Acol. for ἐτέρωθι, at another time.

ἐτέταλτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέλλω.

ἐτετεύχαστο, Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἐτετεύχεε, Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. of τυγχάνω.

ἐτετήκειν, intr. plqpf. of τήκω.

ἐτέτραπτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.

ἔτετμον, impf. of τέτμω.

ἔτετυξο, -υκτο, 2 and 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

ἔτευξα, aor. I of τεύχω.

ἐτεύχετον, 3 dual impf. of τεύχω.

ἐτέχθη, aor. I pass. of τίκτω.

ἔτηξα, aor. I of τήκω.

ἘΤΗΣ, οὐ, ὄ, a kinsman, clansman, cousin. II.

Att. a townsman, neighbour : a private citizen. III.

for ὦ τάν or ὦ τάν, v. sub τάν.

ἐτησῖαι (sub ἄνεμοι), ων, οἰ, (ἔτος) periodical winds, such as the Egyptian monsoons, which blow from the North during the whole summer: so too of northerly winds in Greece, which blew in the Aegean for forty days from the rising of the dog-star.

ἐτήσιος, ον, (ἔτος) a year long, for a year. 2. yearly, annual.

ἐτητύμις, ἡ, truth. From

ἐτήτύμος, ον, lengthd. for ἔτυμος, true, genuine, real, Lat. sincerus. Adv. ἐτητύμως, also neut. ἐτήτυμον as Adv., in truth, really.

ἘΤΙ, Adv., I. of the Present or Past, yet, as yet, still, Lat. adverb. II. of the Future, yet longer, still. III. generally, yet, still, besides, moreover, Lat. praeterea; ἐτι δέ ναι more; ἐτ' ἄλλος yet another; ἐτι μάλλον yet more.

ἐτίθεις, ἐτίθει, 2 and 3 sing. impf. of *τιθέω = τίθημι.

ἐτίλα, aor. I of τίλλω.

ἐτίμασα, Dor. aor. I of τιμάω.

ἐτίναχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

ἐτίσα, aor. I of τίνω.

ἔτλην Dor. ἔτλῶν, aor. 2 of the root *τλάω: but

ἔτλαν, Ep. for ἔτλησαν, 3 plur.

ἐτμάγη [ἄ], aor. 2 pass. of τμήγω.

ἐτμήθη, aor. I pass. of τέμνω.

ἐτη-ἱρύσις, εως, ἡ, (ἔτυνος, ἀρύω) a soup-ladle.

ἘΤΙΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a thick soup of peas or beans: soup, pudding.

ἔτοιμάζω, ἰ, ὄσω, aor. I ἠτοίμασα: (ἔτοιμος):—to make or get ready, prepare:—Med., with pf. pass. ἠτοίμασμαι, to prepare for oneself, make one's arrangements, get oneself ready: c. inf. to make one ready to do. Hence

ἔτοιμασία, ἡ, a being prepared, preparation: readiness.

ἔτοιμασοσαίατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of ἐτοιμάζω.

ἘΤΟΙΜΟΣ or ἔτοιμος, η, ον, or ος, ον, at hand, ready, prepared; ἐξ ἔτοιμον immediately, off hand. II. τὰ ἔτοιμα, I. Lat. quae in promptu sunt; ἐπὶ τὰ ἔτοιμα μάλλον τρέπονται betake them-

selves rather to that which is close at hand. 2. one's property, Lat. parata. II. of persons, ready, active, prompt. 2. of the mind, ready, quick, active, versatile. III. of things, real, actual, carried into effect.

ἔτοιμότης, ητος, ἡ, a being prepared, readiness.

ἔτοιμο-τόμος, ον, (ἔτοιμος, τεμεῖν) ready for cutting.

ἔτοιμώς, Adv. of ἔτοιμος, readily: Comp. and Sup., ἐτοιμότερον, -ότατα.

ἔτρονον, aor. 2 of τρονώ.

ἘΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a year; κατά ἔτος every year; ἀνά πᾶν ἔτος every year; δι' ἔτος πέμπτου every fifth year; ἔτος εἰς ἔτος year after year.

ἔτός, Adv., = ἔτωσίως, without reason, for nothing, in vain: mostly with a negat., οὐκ ἔτός not without reason:—mostly in questions, οὐκ ἔτός ἀρ' ὡς ἐμ' ἦλθεν οὐδεπώποτε; it was not for nothing then? (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἔτραγον, aor. 2 of τρώγω.

ἔτραπον, ἐτράπη, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέπω.

ἐτράφθη, Ion. aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτραφον, ἐτράφην, aor. 2 act. and pass. of τρέφω.

ἔτρεσα, aor. I of τρέω.

ἔτρεψα, aor. I of τρέπω.

ἔτριψα, ἐτρίβην, aor. I act. and pass. of τρίβω.

ἔτρωσα, ἐτρώθη, aor. I act. and pass. of τιρώσκω.

ἐτύθη [ῥ], aor. I pass. of τύω.

ἔτυμο-λογία, ἡ, (ἔτυμος, λόγος) the true account or analysis of a word: its derivation, etymology.

ἔτυμος, ον, rarely η, ον, (ἔτεός) true, real, actual: neut. pl. ἔτυμα, truths, the truth: neut. ἔτυμον as used as an Adv. like ἔτεόν, indeed, of a truth, truly, actually.

ἐτύπη [ῥ], Dor. aor. 2 pass. of τύπτα.

ἐτύφην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of τύφω.

ἐτύφθη, aor. I pass. of τύπτα.

ἐτύχησα, ἐτύχον, aor. I and 2 of τυγχάνω.

ἐτύχηθη, aor. I pass. of τεύχω.

ἔωσο-εργός, ὄν, (ἔτωσίως, ἔργον) working in vain.

ἔωσιος, ον, (ἔτός, Adv.) fruitless, idle, useless.

εὖ Ep. also εὐ, Adv., properly neut. of εἶς, well, opp. to κακώς; εὖ καὶ ἐπισταμένως well and knowingly: sometimes, luckily, happily: εὖ ἔχειν or ἦκειν to be well off, c. gen., εὖ ἦκειν τοῦ βίου to be well off for living: εὖ γεγονώς well born. II. as Subst., τὸ εὖ good luck: but also the right, the good cause; τὸ εὖ νικάτω may the right prevail. III. in Compos. it commonly implies greatness, abundance, or easiness.

εὐ, Ion. for οὐ, gen. of reflexive Pron. of 3rd pers. εὐαγγελίζωμαι, ἰ, ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, Dep. (εὐάγγελος):—to bring good news, announce them. 2. to preach or proclaim as glad tidings; to preach the gospel:—so also in Act., and then in Pass., to have the gospel preached to one:—in Pass. also of the gospel, to be preached.

εὐαγγέλιον, τό, (εὐάγγελος) the reward of good

tidings:—Att. always in plur., εὐαγγέλια στεφανοῦν or ἀναδῆσαι τινα to crown one for good news brought; εὐαγγέλια θύειν to offer a sacrifice for them. II.

the glad tidings, the gospel.

εὐαγγελιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐαγγελίζομαι) a bringer of good tidings: an evangelist, preacher of the gospel. 2. esp. a writer of one of the four Gospels.

εὐ-άγγελος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγγέλλω) bringing good news.

εὐ-ἄγω, f. ἦσω, to be pure, holy. From

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγος) guiltless, pure, undefiled, Lat.

castus, of persons and actions:—poët. Adv. εὐάγέως.

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, (ἄγω) moving well, nimble.

εὐ-ἄγης, ἐς, = εὐαγής, far-seen, conspicuous; ἔδρα εὐαγής στρατοῦ a seat in full view of the army.

εὐ-ἄγητος, ον, = εὐἄγης, bright, clear. [ᾗ]

εὐ-ἀγκῶλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀγκάλῃ) easy to bear in the arms.

εὐ-αγκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄγκος) with fair valleys or glades.

εὐ-ἀγορέω, Dor. for εὐηγορέω.

εὐαγρῆσια, ἡ, good sport in hunting. From

εὐ-ἀγρέω, (εὐ, ἀγρῶ) to have good sport. Hence

εὐαγρία, ἡ, good sport in hunting, fishing, etc.

εὐ-ἀγρος, ον, (εὐ, ἄγρῶ) lucky in the chase, successful.

εὐ-αγωγός, ὄν, (εὐ, ἄγω) easily led, docile.

εὐ-ἀγνος, ἀνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀγνόν) belonging to prosperous or glorious contests. [ᾗ]

εὐᾶδε, Ep. for ἔαδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀνδάνω.

εὐάζω or εὐάζω, (εὐᾶ) to cry εὐᾶ in honour of Bacchus:—also in Med. εὐάζομαι.

εὐ-ἄης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀήμι) with a good breeze, airy. II. act. blowing fair:—metaph. prosperous, favourable.

εὐ-ἄθλος, ον, (εὐ, ἀθλος) successful in contests.

εὐ-αίνητος, ον, (εὐ, αἰνέω) much-extolled.

εὐ-αίρετος, ον, (εὐ, αἰρέω) easy to be taken.

εὐ-αἰων, ἀνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αἰών) of happy life, generally, happy; εὐαἰων ὕπνος blessed sleep.

εὐ-ἄκοεω, εὐάκοος, Dor. for εὐήκη-.

εὐ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for εὐήλη-.

εὐ-ἀλδής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀλδαίνω) well-grown, luxuriant.

εὐ-άλως, ον, Dor. for εὐήλιος. [ᾗ]

εὐ-ἀλφίτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλφικον) of good meal.

εὐ-άλωτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀλώνω) easy to be taken. [ᾗ]

εὐ-ἄμπελος, ον, (εὐ, ἄμπελος) with fine vines.

εὐάν, evan! a cry of Bacchanalians, like εὐᾶ, εὐοῖ.

εὐ-ἀνάκλητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνακαλέω) easy to call back.

εὐανδρία, ἡ, abundance of men, store of good men. II.

manhood, manliness, courage, spirit. From

εὐ-ἀνδρος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) abounding in good men and true. II. prosperous to men.

εὐ-ἀνεμος [ᾗ], ον, Dor. for εὐήνεμος.

εὐ-ἀνθεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνθεμον) with fair flowers, flowery.

εὐανθέω, f. ἦσω, to be flowery or blooming. From

εὐ-ανθής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἄνθος) blooming, budding. II.

rich in flowers, flowery: metaph. flowery, gay. 2.

also blooming, fresh.

εὐ-ἄνιος, ον, Dor. for εὐήμιος, [ᾗ]

εὐ-ἐνηορία, ἡ, Dor. for εὐνηορία.

εὐ-ἀντητος, ον, (ἀντάω) easy to meet, gracious.

εὐ-ἄνωρ, ὀρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for εὐήνωρ. [ᾗ]

εὐ-ἀπαλλάκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπαλλάσσω) easily got rid of: easy to dispose of.

εὐ-ἄπατητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀπάτῶ) easily cheated.

εὐ-ἀπήγητος, ον, Ion. for εὐαφήγητος.

εὐ-ἀποδάτος, ον, convenient for disembarking.

εὐ-ἀποτείχιστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀποτειχίζω) easy to be walled off or blockaded.

εὐᾶρεστέω, f. ἦσω, to be well-pleasing. From

εὐ-ἄρεστος, ον, well-pleasing, acceptable. Adv. εὐ-ἀρεστός, Comp. -τότερος.

εὐ-ἀριθμητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀριθμέω) easy to be counted.

εὐ-ἄρκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρχω) well-governed: submissive.

εὐ-ἄρματος, ον, (εὐ, ἄρμα) with good or beautiful chariot: victorious in the chariot-race.

εὐαρμοστία, ἡ, easiness of temper, good nature. From

εὐ-ἄρμοστος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρμόζω) well-adapted, accommodating. II. well-tuned, harmonious.

εὐ-ἄρως, ον, (εὐ, ἀρνός gen.) rich in sheep.

εὐ-ἄροτος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρώ) well-ploughed, easy to be ploughed.

εὐ-ἄρχος, ον, (εὐ, ἀρχομαι) beginning well: making a good beginning.

εὐᾶς, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐᾶ) Bacchic, Bacchanalian.

εὐᾶσμα, ἀτος, τό, (εὐάζω) a Bacchanalian shout.

εὐᾶσμός, ὁ, (εὐάζω) the cry of εὐᾶ, a shout of revelry, esp. of Bacchic revelry.

εὐᾶστειρα, ἡ, fem. of εὐᾶστήρ.

εὐᾶστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and εὐᾶστής, οὐ, ὁ, (εὐάζω) a Bacchanal.

εὐᾶτριος, Dor. for εὐήτριος.

εὐ-αυγής, ἐς, (εὐ, αὐγή) well-lit, bright, conspicuous.

εὐ-αὐχην, ἐνος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, αὐχῆν) with beautiful neck.

εὐ-ἀφήγητος Ion. εὐαπήγητος, ον, (εὐ, ἀφηγγέομαι) easy to describe.

εὐ-ἄχης, εὐ-ἄχητος [ᾗ], Dor. for εὐηχής, εὐήχητος.

εὐ-βάστακος, ον, (εὐ, βαστάζω) easy to carry or bear.

εὐ-βάτος, ον, (εὐ, βατός) accessible: passable.

εὐ-βλέφαρος, ον, (εὐ, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids.

Εὐβοία, as Ion. ης, ἡ, Euboea, now Negropont, an island lying along the coast of Boeotia and Attica.

εὐβόλεω, f. ἦσω, to make a good throw. From

εὐ-βολος, ον, (εὐ, βαλέιν) throwing luckily. Adv.

εὐβόλως, luckily; εὐβόλως ἔχειν to be well off.

εὐβοσία, ἡ, (εὐβοτος) good feeding.

εὐ-βόστρυχος, ον, with beautiful locks.

εὐ-βοτος, ον, (εὐ, βόσκω) feeding well, with good pasture. II. well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-βότρυπος, ον, and εὐ-βότρπος, υ, gen. vos, (εὐ, βό-τρπος) rich in grapes.

εὐβουλία, ἡ, good counsel: prudence. From

εὐ-βουλος, ον, (εὐ, βουλή) well-advised, prudent.

εὐ-βους, ονν, gen. oos, (εὐ, βοῦς) rich in cattle.

εὐ-βροχος, ον, (εὐ, βρόχος) well-knit.

εὐ-γᾶθής, ἐς, and εὐ-γάθητος, ον, Dor. for εὐήγηθ-.

εὖ-γε, Adv. for εὖ γε, Lat. *euge!* well done! well said! capital! bravo!

εὖ-γένεος, *ov*, (εὖ, γῆ) of or with good soil: fertile. εὐγένεια, ἡ, (εὐγενής) nobility of birth, high descent.

II. nobility of soul, generosity.

εὖ-γένειος Ep. ἧ-, *ov*, (εὖ, γένειον) well-bearded.

εὖ-γενέτης, *ov*, ὁ, = sq.

εὖ-γενής Ep. εὐη-γενής and ἧ-γενής, *és*, (εὖ, γένος) well-born, of noble race, of high descent: also denoting nobility. II. noble-minded, generous. III. of animals, high-bred, noble.

εὖ-γενία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, = εὐγένεια.

εὖ-γεως, *ων*, (εὖ, γῆ) Att. for εὐγεῖος.

εὖ-γηθής, *és*, and εὖ-γήθητος, *ov*, (εὖ, γηθέω) joyous, cheerful.

εὐγηρία, ἡ, (εὐγηρως) happy old age.

εὖ-γηρως, *v*, sweet-sounding.

εὐ-γηρως, *ων*, (εὖ, γῆρας) happy in old age.

εὖ-γάλατος, *ov*, εὖ-γαλάτης, *és*, and εὖ-γαλατος, *ov*, (εὖ, γάλατος) abounding in milk; irreg. dat. εὐγαλα, as if from εὖ-γαλας.

εὖ-γλυπτος, *ov*, and εὖ-γλυφής, *és*, (εὖ, γλύφω) well carved or engraved.

εὐγλωσσία Att. -τία, ἡ, fluency of speech. From

εὐ-γλωστος Att. -ττος, *ov*, (εὖ, γλώσσα) with good and ready tongue, sweet-sounding, eloquent. II. act. loosing the tongue, making fluent.

εὐγμα, *ατος*, τό, (εὐχομαι) like εὐχος, a boast. II. = εὐχή, a prayer.

εὖ-γναμπτος Ep. εὐ-γν-, *ov*, (εὖ, γνάμπω) well-bent, easily bent.

εὐγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, good feeling, candour. From εὖ-γνώμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos* (εὖ, γνώμη) of good feeling, indulgent, fair, charitable. II. sensible, prudent:—Adv. εὐγνωμόνως, prudently.

εὖ-γνωστος, *ov*, (εὖ, γινώσκω) well-known, familiar.

εὖ-γομφος, *ov*, (εὖ, γόμφος) well-nailed or fastened.

εὐγονία, ἡ, fruitfulness, fertility. From

εὖ-γονος, *ov*, (εὖ, γονή) fruitful, prolific.

εὖ-γραμμος, *ov*, (εὖ, γραμμή) well-drawn.

εὖ-γράφης, *és*, (εὖ, γράφω) well painted. II.

act. writing or drawing well.

εὖ-γωνίος, *ov*, (εὖ, γωνία) well-cornered, regular.

εὖ-δαίδαλος, *ov*, beautifully wrought.

εὐδαιμονέω, *f. ἦσω*, (εὐδαιμῶν) to be prosperous, well off or happy. Hence

εὐδαιμόνημα, *ατος*, τό, a piece of good fortune.

εὐδαιμονία, ἡ, (εὐδαιμονέω) prosperity, happiness.

εὐδαιμονικός, *f. σω*, (εὐδαιμῶν) to account happy.

εὐδαιμονικός, ἡ, *ov*, (εὐδαιμῶν) of or tending to happiness: of persons, happy. Adv. -κῶς, happily.

εὐδαιμόνως, Adv. of εὐδαιμῶν, happily: Comp. and Sup. εὐδαιμονέστερον, -έστατα.

εὖ-δαίμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὖ, δαίμων) with a good genius or destiny, fortunate, prosperous, Lat. *felix*: also wealthy, like Lat. *beatus*: happy.

εὖ-δάκρυτος, *ov*, (εὖ, δακρύω) much to be wept, lamentable.

εὖ-δείλος, *ov*, (εὖ, δέλος for δῆλος) very clear, far-seen.

εὖ-δειπνος, *ov*, (εὖ, δείπνον) honoured with rich feasts. II. εὐδαιτοὶ δαΐτες luxurious feasts.

εὐδέμεναι, Ep. inf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δενδρος, *ov*, (εὖ, δένδρον) abounding in fair trees.

εὖ-δεσκον, Ion. impf. of εὐδω.

εὖ-δηλος, *ov*, (εὖ, δῆλος) very clear, manifest.

εὐδησθα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of εὐδω.

εὐδία, ἡ, (εὐδῖος) fair weather: metaph. tranquillity, prosperity.

εὖ-διάβατος, *ov*, easy to be crossed, practicable.

εὖ-διαίτερος, *a, ov*, irreg. Comp. of εὐδῖος.

εὖ-διατος, *ov*, (εὖ, διαίτα) living temperately.

εὖ-διανός, ἡ, *ov*, = εὐδῖος, warm.

εὐδίαω, *f. ἦσω*, (εὐδία) to be calm.

εὖ-δικία, ἡ, (εὖ, δίκη) righteous dealing: justice.

εὖ-δίνητος, *ov*, (εὖ, δίνεω) easily turning or turned.

εὖ-διος, *ov*, (εὖ, Διός gen. of Ζεύς) calm, fine, clear: gen. of persons, cheerful:—irreg. Comp. and Sup. εὐδιδέστερος, -έστατος; also εὐδίαίτερος.

εὖ-δμητος Ep. εὐδ-, *ov*, (εὖ, δέμω) well built or fashioned.

εὖ-δοκέω, *f. ἦσω*: aor. I εὐδόκησα: (εὖ, δοκέω):—to be content or well pleased, to approve of or acquiesce in a thing: *c. inf.* to consent to do. Hence

εὐδοκία, ἡ, satisfaction, approval.

εὐδοκίμω, *f. ἦσω*: impf. and aor. I ἠδδοκίμων, ἠδδοκίμησα, but often without augm. εὐδ-: (εὐδοκίμω):—to be of good repute, be in esteem, famous, popular; εὐδοκίμειν ἔν τινι to be distinguished for a thing. Hence

εὐδοκίμια, ἡ, good repute, credit.

εὖ-δόκιμος, *ov*, in good repute, highly esteemed.

εὐδοξέω, *f. ἦσω*, (εὐδοξος) to be in good repute, be thought well of, be famous. Hence

εὐδοξία, ἡ, good report, a good name, credit, glory.

εὖ-δοξος, *ov*, (εὖ, δόξα) of good report, glorious.

εὖ-δρακίς, *és*, (εὖ, δρακύν) sharp-sighted.

εὖ-δρσπος, *ov*, well-bedewed, abounding in water.

ΕΥΨΑΔΩ, impf. ἠΐδων Ep. εὐδω: fut. εὐψήσω:—to sleep, lie down to sleep: also to sleep in death. II. metaph. to rest, be still or busied: to cease.

εὖ-ἔανος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἔανόν) richly-dight, well-clad.

εὖ-ἔδρος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἔδρα) well-seated: with a fair throne. II. pass. easy to sit, of a horse.

εὖ-ἔθειρος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἔθειρα) fair-haired.

εὖ-επίης, *és*, (εὖ, εἶδος) well-shaped, graceful.

εὖ-ἔιλος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἶλη) sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*.

εὖ-ἔιμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὖ, εἶμα) well-dressed.

εὖ-ἔιρος Att. εὐερος, *ov*, (εὖ, εἶρος) with or of good wool, fleecy.

εὖ-ἔλεγκτος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἐλέγχω) easy to be refuted.

εὖ-ἔλπεις, ὁ, ἡ, neut. εὐέλπι, gen. *ιδος*, of good hope, hopeful, cheerful, sanguine; εὐελπῖς εἶμα, *c. inf.* to be of good hope that.

εὖ-ἐξάλειπτος, *ov*, easy to blot out or erase.

εὖ-ἐξαπάτητος, *ov*, (εὖ, ἐξαπατῶ) easily deceived.

εὐ-εξία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἕξις) a good habit of body, good state of health: generally, good condition, good case.

εὐ-ἔξοδος, ον, easy to get out of or escape from.

εὐέπεια, ἡ, beautiful language, eloquence. II. = εὐφήμια, words of good omen. From

εὐ-επής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἔπος) well-speaking, eloquent. 2. making eloquent, inspiring. II. well-spoken.

εὐ-επία, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for εὐέπεια.

εὐ-επιβουλευτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιβουλεύω) easy to plot against: exposed to treachery.

εὐ-επιθετος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτίθεμαι) easy to be set upon or attacked: εὐεπιθετόν ἐστί τιμι it is easy for one to make an attack.

εὐ-επιτάκτος, ον, (εὐ, ἐπιτάσσω) easy to arrange: tractable.

εὐεργασία, ἡ, well-doing, good conduct. II. a doing good, a good deed, service, kindness. From

εὐεργετέω, f. ἦσω: in the augm. tenses, sometimes εὐηργέουσι, εὐηργέτησα, sometimes εὐεργ- with no augm.: (εὐεργέτης):—to do well, do good. II.

to do one good, shew kindness to, confer a benefit upon:—Pass., εὐεργετισθαί τι to have a kindness done one. Hence

εὐεργέτημα, atos, τό, a good deed, a service, kindness.

εὐ-εργέτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, *ἔργω) a well-doer, a benefactor: a title of honour of such as had done the state service. II. as Adj. beneficent.

εὐεργετητέον, verb. Adj. of εὐεργετέω, one must do good or shew kindness to.

εὐεργετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐεργετής) disposed to do good.

εὐ-εργέτις, ἴδος, fem. of εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐ, *ἔργω) well-wrought, well-made, well-built: of gold, well-wrought, refined. II. well-done: hence in plur. εὐεργεία, good deeds, benefits.

εὐ-εργός, ὄν, (εὐ, *ἔργω) doing good, upright, virtuous. II. pass. well-wrought, well-tilled: also easy to work.

εὐ-ερκής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἔρκος) well-fenced, well-protected: shutting close: of cities, well-guarded.

εὐ-έρκτης, οὐ, ὁ, poet. for εὐεργέτης.

εὐ-ερνής, ἐς, (εὐ, ἔρνος) sprouting well, flourishing.

εὐ-ερος, Att. for εὐερος.

εὐ-εσιώ, οὐς, ἡ, (εὐ, εἰμί sum) well-being, prosperity. εὐετηρία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἔτος) a good season.

εὐ-ετία, ἡ, = εὐετηρία.

εὐ-εύρετος, ον, (εὐ, εὐρίσκω) easy to find.

εὐ-ἐφοδος, ον, easy to assail.

εὐ-ἔηλος, ον, emulous in good:—Adv. —ἔηλως.

εὐ-ζυγος Ep. εὐζυγος, ον, (εὐ, ζυγόν II) of a ship, well-benched.

εὐ-ζυξ, ζυγος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ζεύγνυμι) well paired or matched.

εὐ-ζωά, Dor. for εὐζωία.

εὐ-ζωνος Ep. εὐζωνος, ον, (εὐ, ζώνη) well-girded, of women. II. girt up for exercise, with one's

loins girded, active, as in Horace *alte praecinctus*: unencumbered, Lat. *expeditus*.

εὐ-ζωρος, ον, (εὐ, ζωρός) quite pure, unmixed, of wine: Comp. —ζωρότερος, also irreg. —έστερος.

εὐη-γενής, Ep. for εὐγενής.

εὐη-γεσία, ἡ, (εὐ, ἡγεύω) good government.

εὐη-γορέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐ, ἀγορεύω) to speak well of, praise.

εὐήθεια or εὐηθία Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, goodness of disposition, singleness of heart, simplicity: also in bad sense, simplicity, silliness. From

εὐ-ἦθος, ἐς, (εὐ, ἦθος) well-disposed, single-bearded, simple-minded: in bad sense, simple, silly:—Adv.

εὐηθῶς, Sup. —έστατα.

εὐηθία, ἡ, Ion. for εὐήθεια.

εὐηθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐήθης) of mild, gentle character: hence simple, foolish. Adv. —κῶς, in simple fashion.

εὐ-ήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀκή) well-pointed, keen-edged.

εὐ-ήκοος, ον, (εὐ, ἀκούω) bearing well: ready to hear.

εὐ-ηλακῆτος Dor. εὐἰλακ-, ον, (εὐ, ἡλακία) with quick spindle, spinning beautifully.

εὐ-ἦλατος, ον, (εὐ, ἐλαύνω) easy to drive or ride over: πεδίων εὐήλατον a plain fit for cavalry operations.

εὐ-ἦλιος Dor. εὐἰάλιος, ον, (εὐ, ἦλιος) well-sunned, sunny, warm, Lat. *apricus*:—Adv. —ίως, with bright, sunny weather.

εὐ-ημερέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐήμερος) of weather, to be fair. 2. of persons, to spend the day cheerfully: to be happy: to be successful in a thing. Hence

εὐημερία, ἡ, fineness of the day, fine weather. II. good times, health and wealth, honour and glory.

εὐ-ήμερος, ον, (εὐ, ἡμέρα) of a fine day: propitious. 2. cheerful, happy.

εὐηνεμία, ἡ, a fair wind. From

εὐ-ἦνεμος, ον, (εὐ, ἀνεμος) with fair wind. 2. unvexed by winds, sheltered, serene.

εὐ-ἦνιος, ον, (εὐ, ἦνία) obedient to the rein: generally, obedient, docile.

εὐηνορία, ἡ, manliness, manly virtue. From εὐ-ἦνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ἀνήρ) giving manhood, inspiriting. II. of cities, abounding in brave men.

εὐ-ἦρᾶτος, ον, (εὐ, ἔραμαι) much-loved, lovely.

εὐ-ἦρετος, ον, (εὐ, ἔρετος) well fitted to the oar: well-rowed, well-pulled.

εὐ-ἦρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἀρᾶν) well-fitted or put together: well-poised, easy to handle.

εὐ-ἦτριος, ον, (εὐ, ἦτριον) well-woven. II. act. weaving well.

εὐ-ἦρης, ἐς, (εὐ, ἦχος) well-sounding, tuneful.

εὐ-ἦχτος, ον, well-sounding: loud-sounding.

εὐ-θάλασσος, ον, (εὐ, θάλασσα) prosperous by sea.

εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θάλω) growing well, flourishing.

εὐ-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for εὐθλής.

εὐθαρέω, f. ἦσω, to be of good courage. From εὐ-θαρήτης, ἐς, (εὐ, θάρσος) of good courage:—Adv.

—ῶς. 2. giving courage, safe.

εὐθενέω, older form of εὐθηνέω.

εὐ-θεράπευτος, ον, (εὐ, θεραπεύω) easily beated. II. easily won by kindness or attention.

εὐθετέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐθετος) to be well-arranged, convenient. 2. trans. to set in order, arrange well.

εὐθερίζω, to set in order, arrange orderly. From εὐ-θετος, ov, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-disposed: easily stowed or disposed of: convenient for use. εὐθέως, Adv. of εὐθύς, straightway.

εὐ-θηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, θήγω) sharpening well. εὐ-θηγήμων, ov, gen. ovos, rare form for εὐθηγής. εὐ-θηλάης Dor. -θᾶλής, ἐς, (εὐ, θηλή) well-suckled: well-fed, thriving.

εὐ-θηλος, ov, (εὐ, θηλή) with distended udder. εὐθημοσύνη, ἡ, good order, good management: a habit of good order. From

εὐ-θημιον, ov, gen. ovos, (εὐ, τίθημι) well-arranged, well-made. II. act. orderly, setting in order.

εὐθηνέω and εὐθενέω, to be well off, thrive, flourish: to abound in:—so also in Pass., aor. I εὐθηνήθην. Hence

εὐθηνία, ἡ, abundance. εὐ-θήρᾶτος, ov, (εὐ, θηράω) easily caught or won. εὐ-θηρος, ov, (εὐ, θήρα) lucky in the chase. II. (θήρῃς) abounding in game.

εὐ-θήσαυρος, ov, well-stored, precious. εὐ-θήσιμος, ov, (εὐ, θνήσκω) with easy death.

εὐ-θιοιως, ov, (εὐ, θοίη) with rich banquet: copious. εὐ-θορύβητος, ov, (εὐ, θορυβέω) easily confounded.

εὐ-θριγκος, ov, (θριγκός) with good coping or cornice. εὐ-θριξ Ep. εὐ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θρίξ) with fine hair: of horses, with flowing mane: of birds, well-plumed. II. made of stout hair, of a fishing-line.

εὐ-θρονος Ep. εὐθρονος, ov, (εὐ, θρόνος) with beautiful seat or throne.

εὐ-θροος, ov, (εὐ, θρόος) loud-sounding. εὐθύ, neut. of εὐθύς, used as Adv.

εὐθύ-γλωσσος Att. -τρος, ov, (εὐθύ, γλωῶσα) of straight tongue, honest of tongue.

εὐθύδικια, ἡ, an open, fair trial. From εὐθύ-δικιος, ov, or ἡ, ov, (εὐθύ, δίκη) judging righteously.

εὐθύδρομέω, f. ἴσω, to run straight: of ships, to sail in a straight course. From

εὐθύ-δρομος, ov, running a straight course. εὐθυ-εργής, ἐς, (εὐθύ, ἔργον) accurately wrought.

εὐθυ-μάχης, ov, ὁ, and εὐθύ-μάχος, ov, (εὐθύς, μάχημα) fighting straightforward, fair-fighting.

εὐθυμέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐθυμος) to be of good cheer. II. trans. to make cheerful, cheer:—Pass. εὐθυμέομαι, to be of good cheer. Hence

εὐ-θυμητέον, verb. Adj., one must be cheerful. εὐθυμία, ἡ, (εὐθυμέω) cheerfulness, festivity.

εὐ-θυμός, ov, (εὐ, θυμός) well-disposed, generous, kind. II. of good cheer, cheerful: of horses, spirited.

III. Adv. εὐθύμως, cheerfully; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐθύναι, ἡ, but mostly used in pl. εὐθύναι, αἱ, (εὐθύνω) an examination of accounts, audit; εὐθύναις ἀπαιτεῖν to call for one's accounts; εὐθύναις διδόναι to give them in, submit to a scrutiny; εὐθύναις φελέιν to be

bound to do so. II. correction, chastisement. Hence

εὐθύνοσ, ὁ, an investigator, auditor, who examined and passed the accounts of magistrates: at Athens there were ten. II. a corrector, chastiser.

εὐθύνηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐθύνα) a director, corrector. II. as Adj., εὐθύντηρ οἶαξ the guiding rudder.

εὐθύντηρία, ἡ, the part of a ship wherein the rudder was fixed: fem. from

εὐθύντηριος, α, ov, (εὐθύνω) directing, ruling. εὐθύντης, οὐ, ὁ, = εὐθύντηρ.

εὐθύνω, fut. ἰνώ, (εὐθύς) = the Homeric ἰθύνω, to guide straight: to steer straight. 2. to direct, govern. 3. to keep straight, preserve. II. to make straight, as a bent piece of wood: metaph. to rectify, revise.

III. at Athens, to call to account, scrutinise the accounts (εὐθύναι) of a magistrate: Pass. to be called to account, and so to be corrected. εὐθύ-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοος, ov, (εὐθύ, πνέω) straight-blowing.

εὐθύ-πομπος, ov, (εὐθύ, πέμπω) guiding straight. εὐθύπορέω, f. ἴσω, to go straight forward; πότμος εὐθυπορών unswerving, inflexible fate: c. acc. cognato, εὐθυπορέω δρόμον to go a straight course. From

εὐθύ-πορος, ov, (εὐθύ, πορεύομαι) going straight: metaph. straightforward, plain-sailing, honest.

εὐ-θυρσος, ov, with beautiful thyrsus. ΕΥ-ΘΥΣ, εὐθεία, εὐθύ, = the Ion. form ἰθύς, straight, direct:—in moral sense, straightforward, plain, honest:—in Adverb. usages, εἰς τὸ εὐθὺ βλέπειν to look straight forward; ἀπὸ τοῦ εὐθέος λέγειν to speak straight out; ἐκ τοῦ εὐθέος at once, immediately. II. as Adv. εὐθύς and εὐθύ, of Place, straight to, direct for: also c. gen. straight towards . . . εὐθὺ Πειλήγης.

2. of Time, straightway, forthwith, at once; τοῦ θερούς εὐθύς ἀρχομένου immediately at the beginning of summer.—So also the regular Adv. εὐθέως.

εὐ-θύσᾶνος, ov, (εὐ, θύσᾶνος) well-fringed. εὐθύτης, ητος, ἡ, (εὐθύς) straightness. II. metaph. honesty, justice. [ῥ]

εὐθύ-τομος, ov, (εὐθύ, τεμείν) cut straight, straight. εὐθύ-φρων, ov, (εὐθύ, φρήν) right-minded.

εὐθύ-ωρος, ov, also α, ov, (εὐθύ, ὦρα) in a straight direction: neut. εὐθύωρον as Adv., = εὐθύς η.

εὐ-θώρηξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, θώραξ) well-mailed. εὐάζω, v. εἰάζω.

εὐάκος, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐίος) Bacchic: fem. εὐάος, ἄδος. εὐ-ἱερός, ov, (εὐ, ἱερός) very holy, hallowed.

Εὐίος, ὁ, Enivus, epith. of Bacchus, from the cry εὐα, εὐοῖ. II. εἰίος, ov, Adj. Bacchic, inspired by Bacchus.

εὐ-ἱπιος, ov, of persons, delighting in horses, having fine horses: of places, famed for horses.

εὐ-ἰστος, ov, (εὐ, ἴσημι) of good knowledge. εὐ-ἰσχιος, ov, (εὐ, ισχίον) with beautiful hips.

εὐ-καθαίρετος, ov, (εὐ, καθαίρεω) easy to overturn. εὐ-κάθεκτος, ov, (εὐ, κατέχω) easy to keep down.

εὐκαιρέω, f. ἴσω, (εἰκαιρος) to have good opportu-

nity, have leisure:—εὐκαιρεῖν εἰς τι, to devote one's leisure to a thing, spend one's time in it.

εὐκαιρία, ἡ, good season, opportunity, leisure. II. prosperity. From

εὐ-καίρος, ον, (εὖ, καιρός) in season, seasonable, well-timed, opportune: of places, convenient. Adv. εὐκαίρως opportunistly: at leisure; Comp. -ότερον; Sup. -ότατα.

εὐ-κάλος, εὐ-κάλια, Dor. for εὐκηλ-.

εὐ-κάματος, ον, (εὖ, κάματος) of easy labour, easy. 2. well-wrought: won by noble toils. [ᾶ]

εὐ-καμπής, ἐς, (εὖ, κάμπω) well-bent, curved.

εὐ-κάρδιος, ον, (εὖ, καρδιά) good of heart, stout-hearted, Lat. egregie cordatus: of a horse, spirited, of good courage. Adv. ἰως, with stout heart.

εὐ-καρπος, ον, rich in fruit, fruitful: prolific.

εὐ-κατάλακτος, ον, (εὖ, καταλλάσσω) easy to appease.

εὐ-κατάλυτος, ον, (εὖ, καταλύω) easy to overbrow.

εὐ-κατάφορος, ον, (εὖ, καταφέρωμαι) prone towards, Lat. proclivis.

εὐ-καταφρόνητος, ον, (εὖ, καταφρονέω) easy to despise, despicable.

εὐ-κατέργαστος, ον, (εὖ, κατεργάζομαι) easy to work, of land:—easy to digest:—easy to effect or subdue.

εὐ-κατηγόρητος, ον, (εὖ, κατηγορέω) easy to blame.

εὐ-κέατος, ον, Ep. for εὐ-κέαστος, (εὖ, κέζω) easily cleft or split.

εὐ-κέαδος, ον, sounding well, melodious.

εὐ-κέντρος, ον, (εὖ, κέντρον) well-pointed.

εὐ-κέρας, ον, and εὐκερως, ων, gen. ατος, (εὖ, κέρας) with goodly horns.

εὐκηλήτεια, ἡ, she that lulls, soothes. From

εὐκηλος Dor. εὐκάλος, ον, lengthd. form of ἔκηλος, tranquil, free from care or fear, Lat. securus.

εὐ-κισσος, ον, (εὖ, κισσός) ivied.

εὐ-κίων, ον, gen. ονος, with goodly pillars. [ῖ]

εὐ-κλής, ἐς, acc. εὐκλέεα contr. εὐκλεᾶ; also (as if from εὐκλής) acc. sing. εὐκλεᾶ, pl. εὐκλέας Ep. εὐ-κλειᾶς: (εὖ, κλέος):—of good fame, glorious, noble. Hence

εὐκλειᾶ Ep. εὐκλείη, and in late Poets εὐκλείη, ἡ, good fame, renown. Hence

εὐκλειῆζ Ion. εὐκληῖζω, f. σω, to praise, laud.

εὐκλειής, ἐς, Ep. for εὐκλής; Adv. εὐκλείως.

εὐ-κλεινος, ον, much-famed.

εὐ-κλήϊς or εὐ-κλήϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, (εὖ, κλείω) well-closed, close-shutting.

εὐκληρῶς, f. ἡσω, to have a good lot. From

εὐ-κληρος, ον, with a good lot or portion.

εὐ-κλωστος Ep. εὐκλ-, ον, (εὖ, κλώθω) well-spin.

εὐ-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, κνήμις) well-equipped with greaves, with well-wrought greaves: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. εὐκνήμιδες, ἐκνήμιδας. [ῖ]

εὐ-κνημιος, ον, (εὖ, κνήμη) with beautiful legs.

εὐ-κοινόμητις, ὁ, ἡ, taking common counsel.

εὐ-κολλος, ον, (εὖ, κόλλα) gluing well, sticky.

εὐ-κολος, ον, (εὖ, κόλον) of good digestion: gene-

rally, contented, easy, Lat. facilis: good-natured, popular.

εὐ-κολος, ον, swelling beautifully, in goodly folds. 2. with beautiful bays.

εὐκόλως, Adv. of εὐκολος, contentedly, calmly.

εὐ-κοιμίδης, ἐς, (εὖ, κοιμίδη) well-cared for.

εὐ-κομος Ep. ἡῦκ-, ον, (εὖ, κόμη) thick-haired.

εὐ-κομος, ον, loud-sounding.

εὐ-κοπος, ον, with easy labour, easy.

εὐ-κόσμητος, ον, (εὖ, κοσμέω) well-adorned.

εὐκοσμία, ἡ, orderly behaviour, good order. From

εὐ-κοσμος, ον, well-ordered, orderly, decorous:—Adv. -μως, in good order. II. well-adorned, graceful.

εὐ-κραϊρος, ον, or α, ον, (εὖ, κραῖρα) with fine horns.

εὐ-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὖ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered: of climate, temperate, mild, moderate. II. mixing readily with.

εὐ-κρασία, ἡ, good mixture or temperament. From

εὐ-κράτος, ον, (εὖ, κεράννυμι) well-tempered, temperate: of wine, mixed for drinking:—metaph. temperate, mild.

εὐ-κρετος, ον, (εὖ, κρέω) well-struck, well-played, of stringed instruments. II. well-woven.

εὐ-κρηνος, ον, (εὖ, κρήνη) well-watered.

εὐ-κρητος, ον, Ion. for εὐκαρτος.

εὐ-κρίθος, ον, (εὖ, κριθή) rich in barley.

εὐκρίνῶς, f. ἡσω, to keep distinct and in order. From

εὐ-κρίνης, ἐς, (εὖ, κρίνω) well-separated, distinct, regular: well-arranged, in good order. Adv. -νως

Ion. -νέως.

εὐ-κρίτος, ον, (εὖ, κρίνω) easy to judge or decide: easily discerned, plain, manifest.

εὐ-κρόταλος Ep. εὐκρ-, ον, (εὖ, κρόταλον) accompanied by castanets, lively, rattling.

εὐ-κρότητος, ον, (εὖ, κρότω) well-welded, well-wrought, of metal.

εὐ-κρυπτος, ον, (εὖ, κρύπτω) easy to hide.

εὐκταῖος, α, ον, (εὖ, χομαι) of or for prayer, votive: τὰ εὐκταῖα, wishes, prayers, vows:—of the gods, invoked in prayer: of things, prayed for.

εὐ-κτέανος, ον, (εὖ, κτέανον) with fine possessions.

εὐ-κτῆμιων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὖ, κτῆμα) with fair possessions.

εὐ-κτητος, ον, (εὖ, κτάομαι) easily gotten.

εὐ-κτίμενος, η, ον, (εὖ, κτίζω) well-built: well-made: full of goodly buildings.

εὐ-κτίτος, ον, Ep. and Ion. for εὐκτιστος, =εὐκτίμενος.

εὐκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὖ, χομαι) prayed for: to be prayed for.

εὐ-κυκλος, ον, well-turned, well-rounded. II. moving in a circle, circling.

εὐ-κύλικος, ον, (εὖ, κύλιξ) suited to the wine-cup.

εὐλάβεια Ion. εὐλαβίη, ἡ, discretion, caution, circumspection. 2. fear of the gods, piety. From

εὐ-λαβέομαι, fut. med. -ήσομαι or pass. -ηθήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἠυλαβήθην or εὐλ-: Dep.: (εὐλαβής):—to be cautious, circumspect, discreet:—to have a

care, beware, fear. II. c. acc. to beware of. 2. to watch for, await quietly.

εὐλαβήθητι, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of foreg.
εὐ-λαβῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, λαβεῖν) taking in hand cautiously, cautious, circumspect, discreet. 2. fearing the gods, pious, devout.

εὐ-λαβία, see εὐλάβεια.

εὐλάβως, Adv. of εὐλαβῆς, cautiously: Comp. -εστέρας.

εὐλάω, f. ξω, old Dor. Verb, to plough.

εὐ-λαΐγιξ, ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐλιθος.

εὐλάκα, ἡ, old Dor. word for a ploughshare.

εὐ-λαλος, ον, (εὐ, λαλέω) sweet-spoken.

εὐ-λάχανος, ον, (εὐ, λάχανον) fruitful in herbs.

εὐ-λειμος, ον, and εὐ-λείμων, ον, gen. ονος, (εὐ, λειμών) with fair meadows.

εὐ-λεκτρος, ον, (εὐ, λέκτρον) blessing marriage: happy in marriage.

εὐ-λεξις, ι, (εὐ, λέξις) with good choice of words.

εὐ-λεχῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, λέχος) well-wedded, blessed in one's marriage-bed.

ΕΥ'ΑΗ', ἡ, a worm, maggot.

εὐ-λήκτος, ον, (εὐ, λήγω) soon-ceasing.

εὐ-ληπτος, ον, (εὐ, λαμβάνω) easy to take hold of; easy to be taken, seized, conquered. Adv. εὐλήπτως, so that one can easily take hold: Sup. -ότατα.

εὐληρα, ον, τά, old Ep. word for ἡνια, reins.

εὐ-λίμενος, ον, (εὐ, λίμην) with good harbours.

εὐλόγω, f. ἡσω: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐλόγουν or ἡλά-, aor. I εὐλόγησα or ἡλά-: (εὐλογος):—to speak well of, praise. 2. to bless. Hence

εὐλογητός, ἡ, ὄν, blessed.

εὐλογία, ἡ, (εὐλογία) good-speaking, fair-speaking. II. praise, eulogy: 2. blessing

or a blessing, bounty: also almsgiving.

εὐ-λόγιστος, ον, (εὐ, λογιζομαι) easy to reckon. II. rightly reckoning, prudent.

εὐ-λογος, ον, (εὐ, λόγος) reasonable, sensible: reasonable, probable, fair: τὸ εὐλογον a fair reason:—Adv., εὐλόγως ἔχειν to be reasonable; Comp. -ωτέρας.

εὐ-λοπέρα, ἡ, (εὐ, λουτρόν) with fine baths.

εὐ-λοφος, ον, well-plumed.

εὐ-λοχος, ον, (εὐ, λοχεύω) helping in childbirth.

εὐ-λύρης, ον, Dor. εὐλύρας, α, ὁ, = εὐλυρος.

εὐ-λύρος, ον, (εὐ, λύρα) with beautiful lyre, playing beautifully on the lyre.

εὐ-λύτος, ον, (εὐ, λύω) easy to untie, easy to loose. 2. metaph. easy to dissolve or break.

εὐμάθεια, ἡ, docility.

εὐ-μαθῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, μαθεῖν) ready or quick at learning, Lat. docilis:—Adv. εὐμαθῶς, readily: Comp. -έστερον.

II. pass. easy to learn or know, intelligible: well-known, familiar.

εὐ-μαθία Ion. -ιή, ἡ, = εὐμάθεια.

εὐ-μάκης, Dor. for εὐμήκης.

εὐ-μαλλος, ον, of fine wool.

εὐ-μᾶλος, Dor. for εὐμηλος.

εὐ-μάραθος, ον, (εὐ, μάραθον) abounding in fennel. εὐμάραεια, ἡ, easiness, ease, convenience; εὐμαρεία χρῆσθαι to be in comfort, but also = Lat. alvum exonerare, to ease oneself. From

εὐ-μαρῆς, ἐς, (εὐ, μάρη = χεῖρ) easy, convenient, without trouble. 2. rarely of persons, easy, gentle.

εὐ-μαρῆι, Ion. for εὐμάραεια.

εὐμαρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, but acc. εὐμαρίν, an Asiatic shoe or slipper. (Foreign word.)

εὐμαρῶς ποῖτ. -έως, Adv. of εὐμαρῆς, gently.

εὐ-μεγέθης, ἐς, (εὐ, μέγεθος) of good size, well-grown.

εὐ-μέλανος, ον, (εὐ, μέλαν) well-blackened, inky.

εὐ-μελής, ἐς, (εὐ, μέλος) melodious, musical.

εὐμέναια, ἡ, (εὐμένης) good will, kindness, favour.

εὐμενέτης, ον, ὁ, ποῖτ. for εὐμένης, a well-wisher, friend: fem. εὐμενέτιρα.

εὐμένεω, f. ἡσω, to be propitious, kind. II. c. acc. to be kind to, deal kindly with. From

εὐ-μενής, ἐς, (εὐ, μένος) well-disposed, kind, gracious, favourable: of men, friendly, also acceptable. 2. of things, favourable, propitious: also bounteous, abundant.

εὐ-μενία, ἡ, ποῖτ. collat. form of εὐμέναια.

Εὐμενίδες (sub. θεαί), αἱ, (εὐμενῆς) the gracious goddesses, appellation of the Furies, instead of the ill-omened name Ἐρινύες.

εὐμενία, ἡ, ποῖτ. for εὐμέναια.

εὐμενίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ιούμαι, Med., (εὐμενῆς) to make propitious, propitiate.

εὐμενῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of εὐμενῆς, kindly, graciously: Comp. -έστερον or -εστέρας.

εὐ-μετάβλητος, ον, and εὐ-μετάβολος, ον, (εὐ, μεταβάλλω) easy to change.

εὐ-μετάδοτος, ον, (εὐ, μεταδίδωμι) readily imparting, bountiful.

εὐ-μεταχειρίστος, ον, (εὐ, μεταχειρίζω) easy to manage. 2. easy to deal with or master.

εὐ-μετρος, ον, (εὐ, μέτρον) moderate, well-proportioned.

εὐ-μήκης, ἐς, (εὐ, μήκος) of good length, tall.

εὐ-μηλος, ον, (εὐ, μήλον) rich in sheep.

εὐ-μήρυτος, ον, (εὐ, μῆρῶν) easy to spin or draw out. εὐμηχανία, ἡ, skill in devising means, fertility of resources. From

εὐ-μήχανος, ον, (εὐ, μηχανῆ) good at expedients, skilful in devising: absol. inventive, ready, ingenious.

εὐ-μίσητος, ον, (εὐ, μίσω) exposed to hatred.

εὐ-μίτος, ον, with fine or stout threads.

εὐ-μτρος, ον, (εὐ, μίτρα) with beautiful girdle.

εὐμ-μελής, ὁ, Ion. gen. εὐμμελίω, Dor. -ίας, gen.

-ία: (εὐ, μελία) armed with good aspen spear.

εὐ-μνήμων, ον, (εὐ, μνήμη) easy to remember: comp.

Adv., εὐμνημονεστέρας ἔχειν to be easier to remember.

εὐ-μνηστος, ον, (εὐ, μιμνήσκομαι) well-remembering, mindful.

εὐ-μοιρος, ον, (εὐ, μοῖρα) well off for fortune, wealthy.

εὐμολπέω, f. ἡσω, to sing well. From

εὐ-μολπος, (εὐ, μολπή) *sweetly-singing*.
 εὐμορφία, ἡ, *beauty of form, symmetry*. From
 εὐ-μορφος, ον, (εὐ, μορφή) *fair of form, comely*.
 εὐμουσία, ἡ, *accomplishments*. From
 εὐ-μουσος, ον, (εὐ, Μοῦσα) *skilled in the arts of the*
Muses: accomplished in poetry, music, and dancing:
musical, melodious.

εὐμοχθος, ον, *industrious, laborious*.
 εὐ-μῦθος, ον, *well-spoken, eloquent*.
 εὐ-μῦκος, ον, (εὐ, μυκάομαι) *loud-bellcwing*.
 εὐνάζω, f. ἄσω: in augm. tenses, aor. I εὐνάσα or
 ἤνυν-, pass. εὐνάσθην or ἤνυν-: (εὐνή):—*to lay in bed,*
put to sleep: also to lay in ambush: of animals, to lay
their young in a form: of death, to lay asleep. 2.
 metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage.* II.
 Pass. *to go to bed, lie asleep, sleep:* of birds, *to*
roost. III. intr. in Act. *to sleep.*

εὐ-ναετώω, ουσά, ον, (εὐ, ναετάω) *well-peopled or*
well-situated.

εὐ-ναϊόμενος, η, ον, (εὐ, ναίω) *well-peopled or well-*
situated.

εὐναῖος, α, ον, (εὐνή) *in one's bed or couch: εὐναῖος*
λαγώς a hare in its form: εὐναῖα πτέρυγες wings
over the nest. 2. *wedded.* 3. of pain, *making*
one keep one's bed. II. (εὐνή II) *of or for anchorage:*
hence steadying or guiding a ship.

εὐνάσιμος, ον, (εὐνάζω) *convenient for sleeping in*.
 εὐνάστηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάζω) *a bedfellow*. Hence
 εὐνάτειρα, εὐνάτηρ, εὐνάτωρ, Dor. for εὐνήτ-
 εὐνάτηριον, τό, *a bed-chamber*.

εὐνάτω, f. ἦσω:—Pass., aor. I εὐνήθην: pf. εὐνήμαι:
 (εὐνή):—*to lull to sleep: also to lay in ambush.* 2.
 metaph. *to lull to sleep, soothe, assuage.* II.

Pass. *to go to bed: go to sleep: also to be bedded*
with: of storms, to be lulled, assuaged.

εὐνήτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐνή) = εὐνάστηρ or εὐνήτηρ.

Εὐ-ΝΗ΄, ἡ, *a bed, any sleeping-place: the lair of a*
deer, the seat or form of a hare, the nest of a bird:—
also the grave. 2. *the marriage-bed, wedlock, marriage.*
 II. in plur. εὐναί, *stones used as anchors,*
and thrown out from the prow, while the stern was
made fast to land: ἐκ δ' εὐνάς ἔβαλον κατὰ δὲ πρυ-
μῆσι' ἔδησαν.

εὐνήθεις, aor. I part. pass. of εὐνάω.
 εὐνήθεν, (εὐνή) Adv. *out of bed*.
 εὐνήθηται, aor. I inf. pass. of εὐνάω.

εὐνήμα, ατος, τό, (εὐνάω) *marriage, wedlock*.

εὐνήτειρα, fem. of εὐνήτηρ, *a wife*.

εὐνήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (εὐνάω) *a bedfellow, husband*.

εὐ-νητος, Ep. εὐν-νητος, ον, (εὐ, νέω) *well-spun or*
woven, of fine texture.
 εὐνήτρια, ἡ, = εὐνήτειρα.
 εὐνήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = εὐνήτηρ.
 εὐνήφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. sing. and pl. of εὐνή.
 εὐνός, ὁ, ἡ, gen. ios: in pl. εὐνίες or εὐνίδες:—*rest*
of, bereaved of. II. absol. *bereaved, desolate*.

εὐνός, ιδος, ἡ, (εὐνή) *a bedfellow, wife*.
 εὐν-νητος, Ep. for εὐνήτος.

εὐνοός, f. ἴσω, (εὐνοός) *to be well-disposed or friendly:*
 —Pass. *to be kindly treated*.

εὐνοῖα, ἡ, ποῖτ. also εὐνοῖα Ep. εὐνοΐη, (εὐνοός)
good will, kindness: in pl. kindnesses, kind feelings:
 —κατ' εὐνοίαν *out of kindness, favourably: so, μετ'*
εὐνοίας, ὑπ' εὐνοίας, εὐνοία. Hence

εὐ-νοϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, of *kind, benevolent character*. Adv.,
industriously ἔχειν to be kindly disposed.

εὐνομέομαι: f. med. εὐνομήσομαι: aor. I pass. εὐνο-
 μήθηρ: (εὐνομος):—*to have good laws, enjoy a good*
constitution, to be orderly. Hence

εὐνομία Ion. -τή, ἡ, *good order, order*. From
 εὐ-νομος, ον, (εὐ, νόμος) *under good laws, well-*
ordered, orderly.

εὐ-νοος, ον, Att. contr. εὐ-νοος, ον, pl. εὐνοί: (εὐ,
 νόος, νοός):—*well-minded, well-affected, kindly, bene-*
volent:—Comp. εὐνοούστερος Ion. -οόστερος: Sup.
-ούστατος.

εὐνουχίζω, f. ἴσω, *to make an eunuch of*. From
 εὐν-ουχός, ὁ, (εὐνή, ἔχω) *an eunuch: employed in*
Asia as chamberlains (whence the name, οἱ τῆν εὐνί,
ἔχοντες, guardians of the bed).

εὐντα, Dor. for εὐόντα, ὄντα, neut. pl. part. of εἰμί
 sum.

εὐ-νώμας, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, νωμάω) *swiftly moving*.

εὐ-νωος, Adv. of εὐνοός, εὐνοός, kindly.

εὐ-ζαίμην, aor. I opt. of εὐχομαι.

εὐ-ζαντος, ον, (εὐ, ζαίνω) *well-carded, of wool*.

εὐ-ζενος Ion. εὐ-ζέεινος, ον, (εὐ, ζένος) *kind to stran-*
gers, hospitable: ἀνδρῶν εὐζέεινος the guest-chamber:
πόντος εὐζέεινος the Euxine, now the Black sea, called,
before the Greek settlements upon it, ἄ-ζενος the in-
hospitable.

εὐ-ζεστός Ep. εὐζεστός, ον, or ἡ, ον, *well-polished*.

εὐ-ζοός Ep. εὐζοός, ον, Ep. gen. εὐζού, (εὐ, ζέω) =
 εὐζεστός.

εὐ-ζύμβηλος, εὐ-ζύμβολος, εὐ-ζύμετος, Att. for
 εὐς-.

εὐδοέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐδοός) *to have a free passage, of*
running water. Hence

εὐδοία, ἡ, *a good journey, fair voyage*.

εὐ-οδμος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδμή) *sweet-smelling, fragrant*.
 εὐ-οδος, ον, (εὐ, ὀδός) *easy to travel through: with*
free passage:—Sup. εὐδοάτατος. Hence

εὐ-οδόω, f. ὤσω: Pass., f. -οδοθήσομαι: aor. I
 -οδοθήην:—*to put in the right way, help on the way:*
 Pass. *to prosper, be successful*.

εὐοῖ, Bacchanalian exclamation, Lat. *evoe!*

εὐ-ολβος, ον, (εὐ, ὀλβος) *wealthy, prosperous*.

εὐοπλέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐοπλος) *to be well-equipped*.
 εὐοπλία, ἡ, *the being well armed, a good state of*
arms and equipments. From

εὐ-οπλος, ον, (εὐ, ὀπλον) *well-armed, well-equipped*.
 εὐοργησία, ἡ, *gentleness, mildness of temper*. From
 εὐ-οργητος, ον, (εὐ, ὀργή) *good-tempered, free from*
passion. Adv. -τως, *with good temper*.

εὐορκέω, f. ἴσω, (εὐορκος) *to swear truly, take a true*
oath, to keep one's oath. Hence

εὐορκησία, ἡ, an abiding by one's oath, good faith.
 εὐορκία, ἡ, (εὐορκέω) = εὐορκησία. From
 εὐ-ορκος, ον, (εὐ, ὄρκος) true to one's oath: of oaths,
 δμῖναι εὐορκά (as Adv.) to swear truly; εὐορκῶν
 [ἔστι] 'tis according to one's oath. Hence
 εὐόρκωμα, ατος, τό, a faithful oath.
 εὐόρκως, Adv. of εὐορκος, according to one's oath.
 εὐ-ορμος, ον, with good anchorage: of ships, safe at
 anchor.

εὐ-ορνίς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὄρνις) of good augury, au-
 spicious. II. abounding in birds.

εὐ-όροφος, ον, (εὐ, ἔρεφω) well-roofed.

εὐ-όφθαλμος, ον, with beautiful eyes. II. pleas-
 ing to the eyes. III. specious.

εὐ-οφρυς, υ, (εὐ, ὄφρυς) with fine eyebrows.

εὐ-οχέω, f, ἦσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) to treat, tend well.

εὐοχθέω, f, ἦσω, to be in plenty. From

εὐ-οχθος, ον, with goodly banks, fruitful, rich.

εὐ-παγής, ἐς, (εὐ, παρῆναι) well put together, com-
 pact.

εὐπάθεια Ion. εὐπαθία, ἡ, enjoyment of good things,
 the being in good case, comfort: in plur. enjoyments,
 luxuries; ἐν εὐπαθίᾳ εἶναι to enjoy oneself, make
 merry. [ᾶ] From

εὐπαθεῖω, f, ἦσω, to be well off, enjoy oneself, make
 merry, live comfortably. From

εὐ-παθής, ἐς, (εὐ, παθεῖν) well off, in good case,
 comfortable.

εὐ-παθία, Ion. for εὐπάθεια.

εὐπαιδία, ἡ, a goodly race of children. From

εὐ-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, παῖς) blest with children,
 with many or good children: γόνος εὐπαις, a noble son.

εὐ-πακτος, Dor. for εὐπηκτος.

εὐ-πάλαμος, ον, (εὐ, πάλαμη) handy, ingenious: in-
 ventive.

εὐ-παράγωγος, ον, (εὐ, παράγω) easy to lead away.

εὐ-πάρῃος, ον, Dor. for εὐπάρειος, -ῃος.

εὐ-παράπειτος, ον, easily led aside.

εὐ-πάρεδρος, ον, constantly attending on, devoted to.

εὐ-πάρειος, ον, (εὐ, παρειά) with beautiful cheeks.

εὐ-πάρθεος, ον, famed for fair maidens. II.

εὐπάρθεος Δίρκη Dirce, happy maid!

εὐ-παρόξυντος, ον, (εὐ, παροξύνω) easily irritated.

εὐ-παρύφος, ον, (εὐ, παρυφή) with a handsome border.

εὐ-πατέραία, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) daughter of a noble sire:
 belonging to a noble father.

εὐ-πατριδης, ον, ὁ, (εὐ, πατήρ) of good or noble
 father, of noble family. II. at Athens, the Εὐ-
 πατρίαι, Lat. Optimates, were the first class, the
 γεωμόροι the second, the δημιουργοί the third.

εὐ-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, πατήρ) born of a noble sire.

εὐ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, = εὐπατρις.

εὐ-πειθής, ἐς, (εὐ, πείθομαι) ready to obey, obedient,
 tractable. II. act. persuasive, convincing.

εὐ-πειστος, ον, (εὐ, πείθομαι) easily persuaded.

εὐ-πέμπελος, ον, (εὐ, πέμπω) gently leading.

εὐ-πένθερος, ον, with a good father-in-law.

εὐ-πεπλος, ον, beautifully attired.

εὐ-περιάγωγος, ον, (εὐ, περιάγω) easily turned round.

εὐ-περίγραπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιγράφω) easy to sketch out.

εὐ-περίγραφος, ον, (εὐ, περιγραφή) = foreg.

εὐ-περίπατος, ον, (εὐ, περιπατέω) easy to walk on.

εὐ-περίσπαστος, ον, (εὐ, περισπάω) easy to pull off.

εὐ-περίστατος, ον, (εὐ, περίσταμαι) easily besetting.

εὐ-περίτρεπτος, ον, (εὐ, περιτρέπω) easily turned
 round, changeable, inconstant.

εὐ-πέταλος, ον, (εὐ, πέταλον) with beautiful leaves.

εὐ-πέτεια, ἡ, ease; δι' εὐπετίας easily. 2. easi-
 ness of getting or having, Lat. copia. From

εὐ-πετής, ἐς, (εὐ, πεσεῖν) falling well or easily:
 hence easy, without trouble, Lat. facilis: abundant,
 plentiful.

εὐ-πετρος, ον, (εὐ, πέτρα) of good, hard stone.
 εὐπετῶς Ion. -έτως, Adv. of εὐπετής, easily, amply:
 Comp. εὐπετέστερον and -ῶς.

εὐ-πηγής, ἐς, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well-made, stout.

εὐ-πηκτος, ον, (εὐ, πήγνυμι) well put together, well-
 built, compact: of cheese, well-curdled, solid.

εὐ-πήληξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful helmet.

εὐ-πηνος, ον, (εὐ, πήνη) of fine texture.

εὐ-πηχυς, υ, with beautiful arms.

εὐ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, abounding in fountains.

εὐπίθεω, = εὐπειθεῖω. From

εὐ-πίθης, ἐς, = εὐπειθής, obedient, submissive.

εὐ-πιστος, ον, easy to believe, trustworthy, credi-
 ble. II. act. easily believing, credulous:—Adv.

-τως.

εὐ-πίων, ον, gen. ονος, very fat, rich. [ῖ]

εὐ-πλάτης, ἐς, (εὐ, πλάτος) of a good breadth.

εὐ-πλειος, α, ον, well filled.

εὐ-πλεκής Ep. εὐ-πλεκής, ἐς, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-

plaited; δίφροι εὐπλεκέες, see εὐπλεκτος,

εὐ-πλεκτος Ep. εὐ-πλεκτος, ον, (εὐ, πλέκω) well-

plaited, well-netted; εὐπλεκτος δίφρος a chariot with
 sides of wicker-work.

εὐπλοία Ep. εὐπλοία, ἡ, (εὐπλοος) a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλοκάμος Ep. εὐ-πλόκ-, ον, with goodly locks: pecul.

fem. εὐπλοκαμῖς, ἴδος.

εὐ-πλοκος, ον, = εὐπλεκτος.

εὐ-πλοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πλους, ον, (εὐ, πλέω) sailing
 well, having a fair voyage.

εὐ-πλυνής Ep. εὐ-πλ-, ἐς, (εὐ, πλύνω) well-washed.

εὐ-πλωια, ον, (εὐ, πλώω) favourable to sailing.

εὐπλωια ποῖθ, εὐπνοία, ἡ, easiness of breathing. II.
 fragrance. From

εὐ-πνοος Ep. εὐ-πνοος, ον, contr. εὐ-πνοος, ον, (εὐ,
 πνέω) breathing well or freely: good to breathe
 through. II. sweet-smelling, fragrant.—Comp.

εὐπνώτερος, also irreg. -πνώστερος.

εὐποδία, ἡ, (εὐπους) strength or speed of foot.

εὐποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (εὐ, ποιέω) disposed to be kind,
 beneficent.

εὐ-ποίητος, ον, also η, ον, (εὐ, ποιέω) well-made,
 well-wrought.

εὐ-ποιία, ἡ, (εὐ, ποιέω) beneficence.

εὐ-ποιίκιλος, ον, (εὐ, ποικίλος) much-variegated.

εὐ-ποκος, *ov*, (εὐ, πόκος) *with fine wool, fleecy.*
 εὐ-πόλεμος, *ov*, *good at war.*
 εὐ-πομπος, *ov*, (εὐ, πέμπω) *well-conducting, propitious.*
 εὐπρόω, *f. ἴσω*: *aor. I εὐπρήσα*: (εὐπορος):—*to be prosperous, be well off: to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 2. to find a way, be able. II. to supply, provide: Pass. to have plenty of, abound in. Hence*
 εὐπορία, *ἡ*, *facility in moving, facility in doing. 2. readiness of supply: means, resources. 3. plenty, store: wealth. II. opp. to ἀπορία, the solution of doubts or difficulties.*
 εὐ-πορος, *ov*, (εὐ, πόρος) *easy to pass through or over. II. easy, ready. 2. of persons, well-provided with resources, ingenious, inventive. III. abounding in, rich in: absol. plentiful; of persons, wealthy.*
 εὐπόρως, *Adv.* of εὐπορος, *easily: in abundance.*
 εὐ-ποτμος, *ov*, *well-fated, happy.*
 εὐ-ποτος, *ov*, (εὐ, ποτόν) *pleasant to drink.*
 εὐπους, *δ, ἡ, -πουν, τό*, *gen.*—ποδος, (εὐ, ποῦς) *with good feet, strong or swift of foot.*
 εὐπράγῳ, *f. ἴσῳ*, *to fare well, be well off, prosper.*
 From
 εὐ-πράγῃς, *ἑς*, (εὐ, πῶργος) *faring well, flourishing.*
 εὐπράγῃα, *ἡ*, (εὐπραγία) *well-doing, welfare.*
 εὐ-πρακτος, *ov*, (εὐ, πράσσω) *easy to be done.*
 εὐπραξία *Ion.* εὐπρηξίη, *ἡ*, = εὐπραγία, *good fortune, success. II. good conduct.*
 εὐ-πραξις, *ἡ*, *poët.* for εὐπραξία.
 εὐ-πρεμνον, *ov*, (εὐ, πρέμνον) *with good stem.*
 εὐπρέπεια, *ἡ*, *fair appearance: beauty, comeliness. II. speciousness, plausibility. From*
 εὐ-πρεπής, *ἑς*, (εὐ, πρέπω) *well-looking, goodly, comely: hence, 2. fitting, becoming: gloriously. 3. specious, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρεπτος, (εὐ, πρέπω) *conspicuous.*
 εὐπρεπῶς *Ion.*—ἔως, *Adv.* of εὐπρεπής, *becomingly: speciously: Comp. εὐπρεπέστερον; Sup.—ἔστατα.*
 εὐπρηξίη, *Ion.* for εὐπραξία.
 εὐπρήσσω, (εὐ, πρήσσω) *to arrange or order well: Ion. impf. εὐπρήσσεσκον.*
 εὐ-πρήστος, *ov*, (εὐ, πρήστω) *strong-blowing.*
 εὐ-πρήων, *avos, δ, ἡ*, (εὐ, πρήων) *with fair headlands.*
 εὐ-πρόσδεκτος, *ov*, (εὐ, προσδέχομαι) *acceptable.*
 εὐ-πρόσεδρος, *ov*, = εὐπάεδρος, *assiduous, diligent.*
 εὐ-προσηγορος, *ov*, (εὐ, προσηγορέω) *of easy address, affable, courteous.*
 εὐ-πρόσιτος, *ov*, (εὐ, πρόσειμι) *easy of access.*
 εὐ-πρόσοδος, *ov*, *of good or easy access, affable, Lat. qui facilis aditus habet. II. of places, accessible; εὐπροσάτατον the easiest way of approach.*
 εὐ-πρόσοιστος, *ov*, (εὐ, προσφέρω) *easy to be got: attainable, easy.*
 εὐπροσπείω, *f. ἴσῳ*, (εὐπρόσπαιος) *to make a fair show, be specious, plausible.*

εὐπροσποδ-κοιτος, *η, ov*, (εὐπρόσπαιος, κοίτη) *lying or placed cheerfully; τύχη εὐπροσποδοκίτω πεσεῖν to fall with a cheerful posture of fortune.*
 εὐ-πρόσπαιος, *ov*, (εὐ, πρόσπαιον) *well-looking, with fair face: metaph. specious. 2. cheerful, friendly-looking.*
 εὐ-προφάσιςτος, *ov*, (εὐ, προφασίζομαι) *with a good pretext, excusable, plausible.*
 εὐ-πρυμνος, *ov*, (εὐ, πρύμνα) *of ships, with bandsome stern.*
 εὐ-πρωρος, *ov*, (εὐ, πρῶρα) *of ships, with bandsome prow.*
 εὐ-πτερος, *ov*, (εὐ, πτερόν) *well-winged, well-plumed: metaph., εὐπτεροὶ γυναῖκες high-plumed dames of quality.*
 εὐ-πτέρυγος, *ov*, (εὐ, πτέρυξ) = εὐπτερος.
 εὐ-πτόρθος, *ov*, *finely branching.*
 εὐ-πυργος, *ov*, *with goodly towers.*
 εὐ-πώγων, *ov*, *gen. avos*, *well-bearded.*
 εὐ-πῶλος, *ov*, *with fine colts: breeding fine horses.*
 εὐράμην, *aor. I med.* of εὐρα.
 εὐράξ, (εὐρος) *Adv.* *from one side, sideways. II. εὐράξ πατάξ, an exclamation to frighten away birds.*
 εὐρέα, *acc. masc. or neut. pl.* of εὐρύς; also *Ion. fem. εὐρέθην, aor. I pass.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρεῖν *Ep.* εὐρέμεναι, *aor. 2 inf.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρετός, *a, ov*, *verb. Adj.* of εὐρίσκα, *to be discovered, found out.*
 εὐρετής, *ov, δ, fem.* εὐρέτις, *ιδος*, (εὐρίσκα) *a finder, inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐρετο, *3 sing. aor. 2 med.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρετός, *ἡ, ov*, *verb. Adj.* of εὐρίσκα, *discovered: to be found out or discovered.*
 εὐρηκα, εὐρημαι, *pf. act. and pass.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρημα, *avos, τό*, (εὐρίσκα) *that which is found, an unexpected gain, windfall: hence generally, a gain, advantage. 2. of a child, a foundling. II. an invention, discovery: a remedy.*
 εὐρήν, *Dor.* for εὐρεῖν.
 εὐρησι-επιής, *ἑς*, (εὐρίσκα, ἔπος) *inventive of words, fluent: wordy, sophistical.*
 εὐρήσω, *fut.* of εὐρίσκα.
 εὐρήτωρ, *avos, δ*, (εὐρίσκα) *an inventor, discoverer.*
 εὐ-ρύτιος, *ov*, (εὐ, ῥυτός) *of good leather.*
 εὐρίτιος, *gen.* of εὐρύς.
 εὐ-ρύτιος, *δ*, (εὐ, ῥυτίζω) *any strait of the sea, where the tide is violent: esp. of the strait which separates Euboea from Boeotia; the ancients believed that this ebbed and flowed seven times a day.*
 εὐ-ρύτις, *ivov, δ, ἡ*, (εὐ, ῥύτις, ῥίν) *with a good nose, keen-scented: metaph. keen at tracking out a thing.*
 ΕΥΨΙΨΚΩ: *fut.* εὐρήσω: *pf.* εὐρηκα or ηῖρ-: *aor. 2 εἶρον or ἦρον*, *imperat.* εἶρέ, *inf.* εἶρεῖν:—*Med.*, *f.* εὐρήσσομαι: *aor. 2 εὐρόμην or ηῖρ-*, *later aor. I εὐράμην*:—*Pass.*, *fut.* εὐρεθήσομαι and (in same sense) *med.* εὐρήσομαι: *aor. I εὐρέθην or ηῖρέθην*: *pf.* εὐρημαι or ηῖρ-—*I. to find, find out, discover: c. acc. cognato, εὐρημα εὐρίσκειν to make an*

unexpected discovery or gain.

II. to find, gain, get, win, obtain :—Med. to find or get for oneself, procure, obtain.

2. of merchandise, etc., to fetch so much money : hence, to be worth, to sell for.

εὐροῶ, f. ἦσω, (εὐροος) to flow well. II. metaph. to flow or go on well. III. to be fluent.

εὐ-ροίζητος, ον, (εὐ, ροιζέω) loud-whizzing.

εὐροίμην, εὐροίμι, aor. 2 opt. med. and act. of εὐροῶ.

εὐρο-κλύδων, ανος, ὁ, (Εὐρος, κλύδων) a tempestuous wind mentioned in Act. Apost. 27. 14 : the name seems to mean a storm from the East.

εὐροίμης, Dor. I pl. aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐρον, aor. 2 of εὐρίσκω.

εὐ-ροος, ον, contr. εὐροος, ονν, (εὐ, βέω) flowing well, fair-flowing. II. of words, flowing, fluent.

εὐ-ροπος, ον, (εὐ, βέω) easily inclining or slipping.

Εὐρος, ὁ, the South-East wind, Lat. Eurus.

εὐρος, τό, (εὐρύς) breadth, width, opp. to μήκος : εὐρος, in breadth, opp. to ὕψος, in height.

εὐρ-ῤαφής, Ep. for εὐραφής, (εὐ, ῤάπτω) well-stitched.

εὐρ-ρήης, ἑς, Ep. gen. εὐρρείος (for εὐρρεοῦς), fair-flowing.

εὐρ-ρείτης, ον, ὁ, = εὐρρείης.

εὐρ-ροος, Ep. for εὐροος.

εὐρύ, neut. of εὐρύς, often used as Adv.

εὐρῦ-άγυιός, α, ον, (εὐρύ, ἀγυιά) with wide streets, epith. of great cities, in Il. usually of Troy and Athens.

εὐρύ-αίχμος, ὁ, (εὐρύ, αἰχμή) with stout lance.

εὐρύ-βλας Ion. and Ep. -βίτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, βία) ruling widely, of far-extended power.

εὐρύ-θέμελλος ποῖτ. -θέμιελος, ον, (εὐρύ, θέμελλον) with broad foundations, spacious, extensive.

εὐρυθμία, ἡ, good time or proportion : orderliness, gracefulness, graceful. From

εὐ-ρυθμός, ον, in good time or measure, rhythmic, Lat. numerosus :—of persons, orderly : well-proportioned, graceful.

εὐρύθμως, Adv. of εὐρυθμός, in good order, gracefully.

εὐρύ-κόλπος, ον, with spacious bosom.

εὐρύ-κρείων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρύ-λείμων, ον, gen. ανος, with broad meadows.

εὐρύ-μέδων, οντος, ὁ, wide-ruling.

εὐρύ-μέτωπος, ον, (εὐρύ, μέτωπον) broad-fronted.

εὐρύναί, aor. I inf. of εὐρύνω.

εὐρύνω, f. ὕνω, (εὐρύς) to make wide or broad : εὐρύνω ἀγῶνα to make room for the dance ; τὸ μέσον εὐρύνειν to leave a wide space in the middle.

εὐρύ-νωτος, ον, (εὐρύ, νῶτος) broad-backed, stout.

εὐρύ-ὄδεια, ἡ, (εὐρύ, ὄδος) with broad, open ways.

εὐρύ-όπησ Aeol. εὐρύοπιᾶ, ὁ, (εὐρύ, ὄποιμι) the far-glancing, far-seeing, Homeric epith. of Jove.

εὐρύ-οψ, ὁ, acc. εὐρύοπα, = εὐρύοπησ.

εὐρύ-πέδος, ον, (εὐρύ, πέδον) with broad surface.

εὐρύ-πορος, ον, with broad ways, of the sea.

εὐρύ-πρωκτία, ἡ, the character of a lewd fellow.

εὐρύ-πρωκτός, ον, (εὐρύ, πρωκτός) lewd, obscene : also an adulterer.

εὐρύ-πύλλης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, πύλη) with wide gates.

εὐρύ-ρέεθρος, ον, (εὐρύ, ρέεθρον) with broad channel.

εὐρύ-ρέων, ονσα, ον, (εὐρύ, βέω) broad-flowing.

Εὐρύπυγος, εὐρεία, εὐρύ : gen. εὐρέος, είας, ἑος : acc. sing. εὐρύν, and sometimes εὐρέᾱ Ion. fem. nom. εὐρεία :—wide, broad, spacious, far-reaching, wide-spread :—Comp. εὐρύτερος ; see εὐρύ.

εὐρύ-σάκης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, σάκος) with broad shield. [ᾶ]

εὐρύ-σθενής, ἑς, (εὐρύ, σθένος) wide-ruling, mighty.

εὐρύ-σορος, ον, with wide bier or tomb.

εὐρύ-στερνος, ον, (εὐρύ, στέρνον) broad-breasted.

εὐρύτερος, Adv., Comp. of εὐρύ, more widely.

εὐρύ-τίμος, ον, (εὐρύ, τιμή) far-honoured.

εὐρύ-τύτος, ον, (εὐ, βέω) full-flowing.

εὐρύ-φάρετρος, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, φαρέτρα) with wide quiver.

εὐρύ-φύης, ἑς, (εὐρύ, φύω) growing widely.

εὐρύ-χιδής, ἑς, (εὐρύ, χαιδεῖν) wide-gaping, wide-mouthed, of cups.

εὐρύ-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (εὐρύ, χαιτή) with wide-spread hair.

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, shortened Ep. for εὐρύχωρος.

εὐρυχωρία, ἡ, free space, plenty of room ; ἐν εὐρυχωρίᾳ in the open sea. From

εὐρύ-χωρος, ον, (εὐρύ, χώρα) roomy, spacious.

εὐ-ρώγης, (εὐ, ῥώξ) rich in grapes.

εὐρώδης, ἑς, ποῖτ. for εὐρύς.

εὐρώεις, εσσα, εν, (εὐρύς) mouldering, dank and dark, squalid ; οἶκα εὐρώεντα, Virgil's loca senta situ.

εὐρύων, ονσα, ον, aor. 2 part. of εὐρίσκω.

Εὐρύπλοιο, ἡ, Europa, Europe, as a geographic name first in the Homeric hymn to Apollo.

εὐρωπῶς, ὁ, ἴν, = εὐρύς.

Εὐρύπλοιο, ᾠτος, ὁ, mould, dank, decay, Lat. situs, squalor.

εὐρωστία, ἡ, stoutness, strength. From

εὐ-ρωστος, ον, (εὐ, ῥόννυμι) stout, strong. Adv. -τώς.

εὐρῶτι, dat. sing. of εὐρύς.

εὐ-ρωτιάω, (εὐρύς) to become or to be mouldy, to decay ; βίος εὐρωτιῶν a coarse, unpolished life.

Εὐρύς, ὁ, good, brave, noble ; gen. sing. ἔθος ; gen. plur. neut. ἑῶν (ᾶ), as if from nom. ἑᾶ, θεοί, δωτήρες ἑῶν the gods, givers of good things.

εὔσα, Dor. for εὔσσα, οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum.

εὔσα, aor. I of εὔω.

εὔσεβεια, ἡ, (εὔσεβής) reverence towards the gods, piety, religion, Lat. pietas, 2. credit or character for piety.

εὔσεβέω, f. ἦσω, (εὔσεβής) to live or act piously : to be pious in a thing : c. acc. pers. to reverence.

εὔ-σεβής, ἑς, (εὐ, σέβω) Lat. pius, pious, religious, reverent : of things, holy, hallowed.

εὔ-σεβια Ion. -ίη, ποῖτ. for εὔσεβεια.

εὔ-σελιμος Ep. εὔσσο-, ον, (εὐ, σέλμα) with good banks of oars, well-rowed.

εὔ-σεπτος, ον, (εὐ, σέβω) much revered, holy.

εὐ-σημος, *ov*, (εὐ, σημα) of good omen, auspicious.

II. manifest, remarkable, conspicuous.

εὐσθενέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be strong, healthy. From εὐσθενής, *és*, (εὐ, σθένος) stout: strong, firm. εὐ-σίπιος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπία) with full pantry or larder. εὐ-σκάνδιξ, *ikos*, *ó, ἦ*, abounding in chervil. εὐ-σκαρβίμος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκαίρω) swift-springing, high-bounding.

εὐ-σκέπατος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεπάω) well-covered: Sup. -ότατος, serving as the best covering.

εὐσκευέω, to be well equipped. From

εὐ-σκευος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκεός) well-equipped.

εὐ-σκίαστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιάω) well-shaded, shadowy.

εὐ-σκίος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκιά) shadowy.

εὐ-σκοπος *Ep.* εὐ-σκοπος, *ov*, (εὐ, σκοπέω) keen-sighted, watchful.

2. of a place, far-seeing or far-seen, commanding a wide view. II. (εὐ, σκοπός) shooting well, of unerring aim.

εὐ-σοια, *ἦ*, a healthy state, prosperity. From

εὐ-σοος, *ov*, well-secured, safe and well, happy.

εὐ-σπειράς, *és*, and εὐσπειρος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-turned: wreathing, winding.

εὐσπλαγχνία, *ἦ*, goodness of heart.

εὐ-σπλαγχνος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπλάγχνω) with bowels of compassion, compassionate.

εὐ-σπορος, *ov*, (εὐ, σπείρω) well-sown: rich in seed.

εὐσ-σελμος, *Ep.* for εὐσελιμος.

εὐσ-σωτρος, *Ep.* for εὐσωτρος.

εὐστάθεια, *ἦ*, (εὐσταθής) goodness of health.

εὐστάθειω, *f. ἦσω*, to be steady, firm: to be calm, of the sea. From

εὐ-σθάθης *Ep.* εὐσταθής, *és*, (εὐ, ἵσταμαι) well-based, steadfast, firm: sound, healthy.

εὐσταθίη, *Ep.* for εὐστάθεια.

εὐ-σθάλης, *és*, (εὐ, σταλῆναι) well-arrayed: ready for action, serviceable.

εὐ-σταχυς, *v*, rich in ears of corn: fruitful.

εὐ-στέφανος *Ep.* εὐστ-, *ov*, well-girded or well-crowned: of a city, circled with towers.

εὐ-στέφιος, *ov*, poet. form for εὐστέφανος.

εὐ-στιβής, *és*, (εὐ, στιβεῖν) well-trodden.

εὐ-στολος, *ov*, (εὐ, στέλλω) = εὐσταλής.

εὐστομέω, *f. ἦσω*, to sing sweetly. II. to use words of good omen, or to preserve a religious silence so as to avoid words of ill omen, = εὐφημέω. From

εὐ-στομος, *ov*, (εὐ, στόμα) with good mouth: of horses, well-bitted. II. speaking or singing well, eloquent.

2. speaking auspicious words, or keeping silence to avoid words of ill omen; neut. plur. as Adv., περί τούτων μοι εὐστομα κείσθω on this let me keep a religious silence; εὐστομ' ἔχε peace, be still!

εὐ-στοος, *ov*, (εὐ, στοά) with goodly colonnades.

εὐ-στόρβυξ, *vγγος*, *ó, ἦ*, from a good trunk.

εὐστοχία, *ἦ*, skill in shooting at a mark, good aim: quickness at guessing, wit, cleverness. From

εὐ-στοχος, *ov*, aiming well, hitting the mark. 2. pass. well-aimed. II. metaph. guessing well, sharp, witty, clever.

εὐ-στρα, *ἦ*, (εὐω) a place for singeing swine.

εὐ-στρεπτος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turned, lissom.

εὐ-στρεφής *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *és*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted.

εὐ-στροφάδιγξ, *vγγος*, *ó, ἦ*, well-curved, curly.

εὐ-στροφος *Ep.* εὐστρ-, *ov*, (εὐ, στρέφω) well-twisted: easily turning, nimble.

εὐ-στροφως, *ov*, (εὐ, στρώννυμι) well spread with rugs or clothes, Lat. bene stratus.

εὐ-στυλος, *ov*, with goodly pillars.

εὐ-σύμβλητος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβλ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβάλλω) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess.

εὐ-σύμβολος old Att. εὐ-ξύμβ-, *ov*, (εὐ, συμβολή) easy to infer by comparison, easy to guess. II. easy to deal with, honest, upright.

εὐ-σύνετος old Att. εὐ-ξύν-, *ov*, (εὐ, συνίημι) quick of apprehension, intelligent. II. easily understood, intelligible.

εὐσυνέτως, Adv. of εὐσύνετος, with quickness of apprehension: Comp. εὐσυνετώτερον.

εὐ-σύνοπτος, *ov*, easily seen at a glance.

εὐ-σφύρος *Ep.* εὐσφ-, *ov*, (εὐς, σφυρόν) with beautiful ankles.

εὐσχημονέστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of εὐσχήμων.

εὐσχημόνως, Adv. of εὐσχήμων, with grace, like a gentleman: Comp. εὐσχημονέστερον.

εὐ-σχημος, *ov*, = εὐσχήμων.

εὐσχημοσύνη, *ἦ*, grace of manner, elegance. From εὐ-σχήμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (εὐ, σχήμα) of good bearing, graceful, elegant, becoming: in bad sense, good in outward show, specious.

εὐσχίμος, = εὐσχημόνως.

εὐ-σχιδής, *és*, and εὐ-σχιστος, *ov*, (εὐ, σχίζω) easy to split or cleave.

εὐσωμάτεω, *f. ἦσω*, to be sound in limb. From

εὐ-σώματος, *ov*, (εὐ, σώμα) sound in limb.

εὐ-σωτρος *Ep.* εὐσσ-, *ov*, (εὐ, σῶτρον) with good fellows: with good wheels.

εὐ-τάκης, *és*, (εὐ, τακῆναι) easy to melt.

εὐτακτέω, *f. ἦσω*, to be orderly, behave well. From εὐ-τακτος, *ov*, (εὐ, τάσσω) well-ordered, well-behaved: of soldiers, well-disciplined. Hence

εὐτάκτης, Adv. in good order.

εὐταξία, *ἦ*, (εὐτακτέω) good order, discipline.

εὐ-ταρσος, *ov*, delicate-footed.

εὐτε, Adv. of Time, a poet. form of ὅτε, when, at the time when: seeing that, since. II. εὐτ' ἄν, like ὅταν, so often as, whenever, in the case that.

εὐ-τειχής, *és*, εὐ-τείχειος, *ov*, and εὐ-τείχητος, *ov*, (εὐ, τείχος) well-walled, well-fortified, strong.

εὐτεκνέω, (εὐτεκνών) to have good or fine children.

εὐτεκνία, *ἦ*, the having good or fine children.

εὐ-τεκνος, *ov*, (εὐ, τέκνον) having many or fine children, blest with a goodly progeny; εὐτεκνος ξυωρίς a pair of fair children.

εὐτέλεια Ion. εὐτελίη, *ἦ*, cheapness, Lat. vilitas:

πρὸς εὐτελήν *cheaply*; χῆν εἰς εὐτέλειαν γεγραμμένος a goose painted on *cheap terms*.

II. *thrifty*.

εὐ-τελής, *és*, (εὐ, τέλος) *easily paid for, cheap*, Lat. *vilis*.

III.

thrifty, frugal.

εὐτελής, ἡ, Ion. for εὐτέλεια.

εὐτελῶς, Adv. of εὐτελής, *cheaply, at a cheap rate*.

εὐ-τερπής, *és*, (εὐ, τέρπω) *delightful, charming*.

εὐ-τέχνης, *ος*, (εὐ, τεχνάομαι) *wrought with skill*.

εὐτεχνία, ἡ, *skill in art*. From

εὐ-τεχνος, *ος*, (εὐ, τέχνη) *skilful, ingenious*.

εὐ-πλήμων, *ος*, gen. *ονος*, *much-enduring, steadfast*.

εὐ-τμητος Ep. εὐτμ-, *ος*, (εὐ, τέμνω) *well-cut*.

εὐτοκέω, *φ. ἦσα*, (εὐτοκος) *to bring forth easily*.

εὐ-τοκία, ἡ, *an easy childbirth, happy birth*.

εὐ-τοκος, *ος*, (εὐ, τεκῶ) *bringing forth easily*.

εὐτολμέω, *φ. ἦσα*, (εὐτολμος) *to be daring*. Hence

εὐτολμία, ἡ, *courage, boldness*.

εὐ-τολμος, *ος*, (εὐ, τόλμα) *brave-spirited, courageous*.

εὐ-τονος, *ος*, (εὐ, τείνω) *well-stretched, well-strung*,

sinewy, nervous. Hence

εὐτόνως, Adv. *with main strength*.

εὐ-τοξος, *ος*, (εὐ, τόξον) *with good arrows*.

εὐ-τόρνευτος, *ος*, (εὐ, τονεύω) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τορνος, *ος*, *well-turned, round*.

εὐ-τράπεζος, *ος*, (εὐ, τράπεζα) *with a good table*,

hospitable, luxurious, sumptuous.

εὐτραπέλια, ἡ, *wit, liveliness, politeness*, Lat. *urbanitas*.

2. *coarse jesting, ribaldry*. From

εὐ-τράπελος, *ος*, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning*: hence

versatile, ingenious, clever. 2. *witty, lively*, Lat. *facetus*.

3. *tricky, dishonest*.

εὐ-τραφής, *és*, (εὐ, τραφήνω) *well-grown, thriving*.

II. act. *nourishing*.

εὐ-τρεπής, *és*, (εὐ, τρέπω) *ready to turn, prepared*,

ready. Hence

εὐ-τρεπίζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*: Pass., pf. *ἠτρέπισμαι*:

to make ready, get ready, prepare: *to make friendly*,

conciliate:—Pass. *to be ready*:—Med. *to get oneself*

ready.

εὐ-τρεπτος, *ος*, *easily turned, changeable*.

εὐτρεπῶς, Adv. of εὐτρεπής, *in a state of preparation*.

εὐ-τρεφής Ep. εὐτρ-, *és*, (εὐ, τρέφω) *well-fed*.

εὐ-τρητος Ep. εὐτρ-, *ος*, *well bored or pierced*.

εὐ-τρίανα, Dor. for -ης, *ός*, (εὐ, τρίανα) *with goodly*

trident.

εὐ-τρίχες, nom. pl. of εὐθριξ.

εὐ-τρίχος, *ος*, = εὐθριξ.

εὐτροπία, ἡ, *versatility*, Lat. *versutia*. From

εὐ-τροπος, *ος*, (εὐ, τρέπω) *easily turning, versatile*.

εὐ-τρόχος Ep. εὐτρ-, *ος*, (εὐ, τρέχω) *running*

easily, quick-moving. 2. (εὐ, τροχός) *well-rounded*.

εὐ-τροχος Ep. εὐτρ-, *ος*, (εὐ, τροχός) *well-wheeled*

or well-rounded. II. *running easily*.

εὐ-τύκος, *ος*, rare poet. form for εὐτυκος.

εὐ-τυκτος, *ος*, (εὐ, τεύχω) *well-made, well-wrought*;
εὐτυκτον ποιῆσαι *τι* *to make ready*.

εὐτύχω, *φ. ἦσα*: in augm. tenses, impf. εὐτύχουν *or*
ἤντη-, aor. I εὐτύχησα *or* ἤντη-, etc.: (εὐτυχής):—*to*

be lucky, to be well off, to succeed. 2. of things, *to*

turn out well, prosper: pf. pass. impers., εὐτύχηται

τινι *things have gone well with him*. Hence

εὐτυχῶς, Ion. for εὐτυχῶς.

εὐτύχημα, *ατος*, τό, *a piece of good luck, success*.

εὐ-τύχης, *és*, (εὐ, τυχεῖν) *well-off, successful, lucky*,

fortunate, prosperous.

εὐτύχια, ἡ, (εὐτυχῶ) *success, good luck, prosperity*:

in plur. *successes*.

εὐτύχως Ion. -ῶς, Adv. of εὐτυχής, *with good*

fortune, successfully: Comp. εὐτυχεστέρον, Sup.—ἔστατα.

εὐ-υἶλος, *ος*, (εὐ, υἶλος) *with or of good glass*.

εὐ-υδρος, *ος*, (εὐ, ὑδωρ) *well-watered, abounding in*

water: of a river, *with good water*: Comp. εὐυδρό-

τερος.

εὐ-υμνος, *ος*, *celebrated in many hymns*.

εὐ-υφής, *és*, (εὐ, ὑφή) *well-woven*.

εὐ-φάμια, εὐ-φάμος, Dor. for εὐφημ-.

εὐ-φάρετρος, *ος*, *ός*, Dor. -ας, *α*, (εὐ, φαρέτρα) *with*

beautiful quiver.

εὐ-φεγγής, *és*, (εὐ, φέγγος) *with clear light, bright*.

εὐφημῶ, *φ. ἦσα*, (εὐφήμος) *to use words of good omen*

or to abstain from words of ill omen: hence I.

to keep silence, to observe a solemn silence; in imperat.

εὐφήμει, εὐφήμειτε, *hush! be silent!* Lat. *favete*

linguis. II. *to shout in honour of any one, or in triumph*.

III. *to sound auspiciously*. Hence

εὐφημία, ἡ, *the use of words of good omen or the*

avoidance of words of bad omen: hence I. *solemn*

silence during religious rites. II. *praise, worship*:

in plur. *songs of praise*.

εὐ-φημος, *ος*, (εὐ, φήμη) *of good sound or omen*,

auspicious: of persons, *using only words of good*

omen or avoiding words of ill omen:—hence, I.

religiously silent. II. *interpreting favourably*;

πρὸς τὸ εὐφημον *in a good sense*.

εὐ-φθογγος, *ος*, (εὐ, φθέγγομαι) *well-sounding, sweet-*

voiced.

εὐ-φιλής, *és*, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*. II. act.

loving well.

εὐ-φίλητος, *ος*, also *η, ος*, (εὐ, φιλέω) *well-beloved*.

εὐ-φίλο-παις, *παιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (εὐ, φιλέω, παῖς) *fond of*

children, or pass. beloved of children.

εὐ-φλεκτος, *ος*, (εὐ, φλέγω) *easily set on fire*.

εὐφορέω, *φ. ἦσα*, (εὐφορος) *to bring forth abun-*

dantly.

εὐ-φόρητος, *ος*, (εὐ, φέρω) *easily borne, tolerable*.

εὐ-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγος, ὁ, ἡ*, *with beautiful lyre: playing*

beautifully on it.

εὐ-φορος, *ος*, (εὐ, φέρω) *well or patiently borne*. 2.

easily worn, convenient, manageable. II. act.

bearing well, hence of a breeze, favourable: of the

body, sound, healthy.

εὐ-φορτος, *ος*, *well freighted or laden*.

εὐφώρας, Adv. of εὐφορος, *patiently, readily*.
εὐφράδεια, ἡ, (εὐφραδής) *correctness of language*.
εὐφραδής, ἐς, (εὐ, φράζω) *speaking well or eloquently*:—Ep. Adv. εὐφραδέως, *in set terms, eloquently*.

εὐφράδιη, ἡ, poet. for εὐφράδεια.
εὐφραίνω Ep. εὐφρ—: f. εὐφρανῶ Ep. εὐφρανέω:
aor. I εὐφράνα Ep. εὐφρῆνα:—Pass., f. εὐφρανθήσομαι,
but also with f. med. εὐφρανούμαι in same sense,
Ion. 2 sing. εὐφράνεαι: aor. I εὐφράνθην: (εὐφρων):
—to cheer, gladden. II. Pass. to rejoice; c. part.,
ὄρων εὐφραίνεταί is rejoiced at seeing. Hence

εὐφραντικός, ἡ, ὄν, *cheering, delightful to*.
εὐφρῆλαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of εὐφραίνω.
εὐφρονέων Ep. εὐφρ—, participial Adj. (εὐ, φρονέω)
well-meaning, well-judging, kindly-disposed.
εὐφρόνη, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *the kindly time, i. e. night*,
euphemism for νύξ. Hence
εὐφρονίδης, οὐ, ὅ, *son of Night*.
εὐφρόνας, Adv. of εὐφρων, *with good cheer: graciously*.

εὐφροσύνη Ep. εὐφρ—, ἡ, (εὐφρων) *cheerfulness, mirth, merriment*: of a banquet, *good cheer*: in pl. *glad thoughts, festivities*. [ῦ]

εὐφρόσυνος, οὐ, (εὐφρων) poet. form, *cheery*.
εὐφρων Ep. εὐφρ—, οὐ, (εὐ, φρήν) *cheerful, glad-some, merry, light-hearted*. 2. act. *cheering, making glad or merry, comforting*. II. *well-minded, well-disposed, gracious*.

εὐφύης, ἐς, (εὐ, φύη) *well-grown, shapely, goodly: graceful*. II. *of good natural parts: clever, witty; also of good disposition*. Hence
εὐφύια, ἡ, *goodness of shape*. II. *goodness of disposition or good natural parts, cleverness*.

εὐφύλακτος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλασσω) *easy to keep or guard*; εὐφυλακτότερα γίνεται *it is easier to keep watch*.

εὐφύλλος, οὐ, (εὐ, φύλλον) *with thick foliage*.
εὐφύως, Adv. of εὐφύης, *cleverly*: Comp. —νεστέρον.
εὐφωμία, ἡ, *goodness of voice*. From
εὐφωνος, οὐ, (εὐ, φωνή) *sweet-voiced; loud-voiced*.
εὐχαίτης, οὐ, ὅ, (εὐ, χαίτη) *with beautiful hair*: of plants, *with beautiful leaves*.
εὐχαλκος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαλκός) *wrought of fine brass, or well wrought in brass*.

εὐχάλκωτος, οὐ, *well wrought of brass*.
εὐχάρις, neut. εὐχαρι, gen. ιτος, (εὐ, χάρις) *pleasing, engaging: agreeable: popular*, Lat. *gratiosus*.
εὐχαριστέω, f. ἦσω, *to be thankful, return thanks: hence to requite*. Hence

εὐχαριστία, ἡ, *thankfulness, gratitude*. II. *a giving of thanks, thanksgiving: the holy Eucharist*.
εὐχάριστος or —ιτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χαρίζομαι) *winning, agreeable, pleasant*. II. *grateful, thankful*, Lat. *gratus*: Adv., εὐχαριστώσας διακείσθαι πρὸς τινα *to be gratefully disposed towards him*.

εὐχερ, επος, ὅ, ἡ, *ready of hand, bandy, dexterous*.
εὐχειρωτος, οὐ, (εὐ, χειρώω) *easy to overcome*.

εὐχέρεια, ἡ, *readiness of hand, dexterity, readiness, skill*. 2. *proneess or inclination for a thing*. 3. in bad sense, *recklessness*. From
εὐχερής, ἐς, (εὐ, χεῖρ) *quick or ready of hand, bandy, dexterous, expert*. 2. in bad sense, *reckless*. II. *easy to handle or manage, manageable*.

Hence
εὐχερώσας, Adv. *readily: recklessly*.
εὐχετόμαι, Ep. for εὐχομαι, only used in pres. and impf.; Ep. inf. εὐχετάσθαι, 3 pl. impf. εὐχετώσωντο: Dep.:—to pray, offer one's vows. II. to boast oneself, vaunt, profess.

εὐχή, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) *a prayer, wish or vow*, Lat. *votum*. 2. *a prayer for evil, a curse, imprecation*.
εὐχίλος, οὐ, *rich in fodder*. II. of a horse, *well-fed, in good condition*.

εὐχιμάδος, οὐ, (εὐ, χίμαπος) *rich in goats*.
εὐχίλος, οὐ, contr. —χίλους, οὐν, (εὐ, χλοά) *making fresh and green*.

ΕΥΨΟΜΑΙ: impf. εὐχόμεν or ηῦ—: fut. εὐξομαι:
aor. I εὐξάμην or ηῦ—: aor. I part. εὐχθεῖς in pass. sense; so also pf. ἤγμαι; but 3 sing. plqpf. ἤκτο in act. sense: Dep.:—to pray, pay one's vows, Lat. *precari*: c. acc. pers. to pray to, pray or beseech one. 2. c. inf. to pray that. 3. c. acc. objecti, to pray for, long or wish for. II. to vow or promise to do; εὐχθεῖα κατὰ χιμάρων *to make a vow of goats, i. e. vow to offer them*. 2. c. acc. rei, to vow or devote a thing to some god. III. to vow loudly, make great promises, boast, vaunt oneself: but often, to profess, maintain, assert.

εὐχορδος, οὐ, (εὐ, χορδή) *well-strung, harmonious*.
εὐχος, εος, τό, (εὐχομαι) *a thing prayed for, vow, Lat. votum*. 2. *a votive offering*. II. one's boast or pride.

εὐχρηστος, οὐ, (εὐ, χράομαι) *easy to make use of, serviceable*. Adv. —τως.
εὐχροέω, f. ἦσω, *to be of a good complexion*. From
εὐχροής, ἐς, poet. for εὐχροος, *of good complexion*.
εὐχροος, οὐ, contr. —χρους, οὐν, (εὐ, χροά) *of good complexion, fresh-looking, healthy*:—Comp. εὐχροώ-τερος or —ούστερος.

εὐχρῦσος, οὐ, *rich in gold*.
εὐχρως, οὐ, = εὐχροος.
εὐχώρα, ἡ, (εὐχομαι) poet. form of εὐχή, *a prayer, vow, Lat. votum*. II. *boasting: a boast, vaunt, matter of boasting*. Hence
εὐχωλιμαῖος, α, οὐ, *bound by a vow*.
εὐψάμβθος, οὐ, *with good sands, sandy*.
εὐψυχέω, f. ἦσω, (εὐψυχος) *to be of good courage*. II. εὐψυχεῖ farewell! inscr. on tombs, like Lat. *have pia anima!* Hence

εὐψυχία, *good courage, stoutness of heart*.
εὐψυχος, οὐ, (εὐ, ψυχή) *of good courage, stout of heart*, Lat. *animosus*. Adv. —χως, *with good courage*.
ΕΥΨΩ, f. εὐσω: aor. I εὐσα:—to sing: metaph. of a scolding wife, εὐει ἀτερ δαλοῦ ἀνδρα *she roasts her husband without the help of a fire*.

εὐώδης, es, (εὐ, ὄδωδα pf. of ὄζω) *sweet-smelling*.

Hence

εὐωδία, ἡ, a *sweet smell, fragrance*.

εὐωδῶθην, aor. I pass. of εὐωδοῦν.

εὐ-ώλενος, ov, (εὐ, ὠλένη) *fair-armed*.

εὐ-ώνυμος, ov, (εὐ, ὄνομα) *of good name, honourable: of good omen*. II. euphemistic for the ill-omened word ἀριστερος, *left, on the left hand or side; ἐξ ἐωνύμου* (sub. χειρός) *on the left hand*.

εὐ-ώπις, ἴδος, fem. of εὐώψ, *fair-eyed or fair-faced*.

εὐ-ωπός, ὄν, (εὐ, ὦψ) *fair to look on, friendly*.

εὐ-ώχεω, f. ἦσω, (εὐ, ἔχω) *to treat well: to entertain hospitably, feast*:—Pass., with fut. med. -ἦσομαι, aor. and pf. pass., εὐωχῆθην, -ἦμαι, *to be well entertained, to be regaled, fare sumptuously*; c. acc., κρέα εὐωχοῦ *make merry on your meat: generally, to relish, enjoy*.

Hence

εὐωχία, ἡ, *good cheer, feasting*.

εὐ-ώψ, ὀπιος, ὁ, ἡ, (εὐ, ὦψ) *fair-eyed or fair-faced, goodly*.

ἐφα, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of φημί.

ἐφαῖανθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφ-ἄβος, ἐφαβικός, Dor. for ἐφηβ-.

ἐφ-ἄγιστεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ἄγος) *to perform sacred rites over a thing*.

ἐφ-αγνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, *to make offerings on a grave*.

ἐφᾶγον, aor. 2 of ἐσθίω: see φαγεῖν.

ἐφ-αίρεομαι, Pass. to be chosen in addition or in succession to another.

ἐφ-άλιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄλς) = ἐφαλος.

ἐφ-άλλομαι, fut. ἐφαλοῦμαι: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ἐπ-ἄλτο part. ἐπάλλμενος or ἐπάλλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring upon, to assail*: without hostile sense, ἐπιάλλμενος ἵππων *having leaped upon or into the chariot*: absol., κύσσε μιν ἐπιάλλμενος *he kissed him having leaped upon him*.

ἐφ-ἄλος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄλς) *on or by the sea*.

ἐφᾶλω, Dor. for ἐφηλόω.

ἐφάμιαν [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφάμην, aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-αμαξέω, (ἐπί, ἄμαξα) *to drive wains over*: Ion. pf. part. pass. ἐπημαξενυμένος *traversed by wains*.

ἐφᾶμέριος, ἐφάμερος [ᾶ], Dor. for ἐφήμ-.

ἐφ-ἀμιλλος, ov, (ἐπί, ἄμιλλα) *a match for, rivalling, vying with*. 2. pass. to be striven, contended for.

ἐφᾶν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί.

ἐφ-ανδάνω, impf. -ανον, *to please, be grateful or welcome to*: Ep. also ἐπιανδάνω, impf. ἐπιήνδανον.

ἐφάνην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίνω.

ἐφάνθη, aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

grasp, touch: to seize bold upon, claim. 2. to reach, attain to, Lat. attingere; so Ion. pf. part. pass., εἶδους ἐπαμμένους *possessed of beauty*. Hence

ἐφ-αρμόζω, f. σω, *to fit on or to, to suit, coincide with*. II. trans. *to fit one thing on or to another, to adapt, accommodate*.

ἐφαρμόσδων, Dor. for ἐφαρμόζων.

ἐφαρμόσσει, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφ-αρμόττω, Att. for ἐφαρμόζω.

ἐφαρξάμην, ἐφάρχηθην, Att. for ἐφραξάμην, ἐφρά-χθη, aor. I med. and pass. of φράσσω.

ἐφᾶτο, ἐφάντο, 3 sing. and pl. aor. 2 med. of φημί.

ἐφ-ἔδρα Ion. ἐπέδρη, ἡ, *a sitting at or by: a siege, blockade*, Lat. obsessio.

ἐφ-εδράω, f. ἦσω, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *to sit or rest upon*.

ἐφ-εδρεία, ἡ, *a sitting upon*. II. *a lying in wait*, Lat. insidiae. From

ἐφεδρεύω, f. σω, *to sit or rest upon*. II. *to lie by, lie in wait: to watch for*:—also *to bait*. From

ἐφ-εδρος, ov, (ἐπί, ἔδρα) *sitting on*; λεόντων ἐφεδρος *seated on a chariot drawn by lions lying by or near*.

II. *lying by and watching, lying in wait for an enemy*. III. *posted in reserve*, of a third combatant who sits by to fight the conqueror: *an avenger, a successor*.

ἐφ-έδρομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι: Dep.:—*to sit upon*. 2. *to sit by or near*.

ἐφέηκα, Ep. aor. I of ἐφήμι.

ἐφέην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ἐφέννυμι.

ἐφεΐνας, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφεισάμην, aor. I of φείδομαι.

ἐφείω, ης, η, Ep. aor. 2 subj. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-εκτος, ov, (ἐπί, εκτος) I + $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{4}$: τόκος ἐφεκτος *interest at the rate of $\frac{1}{4}$ of the principal*, = 100 $\frac{3}{4}$ p. cent.

ἐφ-ελίσσω, f. ξω, *to roll on or along*.

ἐφέλκισαι [ῆ], aor. I inf. of ἐφέλκω.

ἐφ-ελκυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *drawing on, attractive*. From ἐφ-έλκω Ion. ἐπέλκω: fut. ἐφέλξω, but the aor. I in use is ἐφείλκισα (formed from *ἐφέλκω):—*to draw on or towards: to drag or trail after one: of a ship, to tow after*. 2. *to drink off, drain*. II.

Pass., πόδες ἐφελκόμενοι *feet dragged or trailing along: οἱ ἐφελκόμενοι the stragglers of an army*. III. Med. *to draw or drag after one*; ἐφέλκετο μέιλων ἐγχος *be trailed along the spear* (which was stuck in his foot); ἐφέλκεται ἄνδρα σίδηρος *iron draws men after it*, i. e. *attracts them, tempts them*; ἐφέλκεσθαι τὴν θύραν *to pull to the door*. 2. *to bring on, entail consequences*. 3. *claim, assume*.

ἐφέμεν, Ep. for ἐφείνας, aor. 2 inf. of ἐφήμι.

ἐφ-έννυμι, = more freq. ἐπιέννυμι.

ἐφ-εξῆς Ion. ἐπέξῆς poet. ἐφεξείης, Adv. (ἐπί, ἔχομαι) *in order, one after another, in a line*. II. of Time, *successively: thereupon*.

ἐφεξίς, εως, ἡ, (ἐπέχω) *an excuse, pretext*.

ἐφ-έπω: impf. ἐφέπειον Ep. ἐφεπον Ion. ἐρέπεσκον: fut. ἐφέψω: aor. 2 ἐπέσπον: inf. ἐπισπεῖν: part. ἐπι-

pf. pass. ἐφήμασι:—*to fasten on or to: hence to fix firmly, decree*. II. Pass. *to be hung over, impend over*, in pf. and plqpf. ἐφήπται, ἐφήπτο, like Lat. imminet, imminet; Τρώεσσι κῆδε ἐφήπται *woes impend over the Trojans*. III. Med. *to lay hold of,*

σπών:—to go after, follow upon, pursue. 2. to drive on, urge on. 3. to follow a pursuit, busy oneself about, manage. 4. to seek out, search, traverse. 5. πτόμον ἐπισπεῖν, θάνατον καὶ πτόμον ἐπισπεῖν, θανέειν καὶ πτόμον ἐπισπεῖν to seek out one's fate or death, bring it on oneself, incur it. II. Med., impf. ἐφειπόμην: fut. ἐφέλομαι: aor. 2 ἐφεσπόμην, inf. ἐπισπέσθαι: —to follow, pursue: to accompany, attend upon: to obey, comply with. ἐφ-ερπύζω, late form for ἐφέρω. ἐφ-έρπω, f. ἐφέρπω: aor. I ἐφέριπυσα, inf. -εργύσαι (formed from ἐφερπύζω): —to creep upon or towards. II. to come upon gradually or stealthily: absol., χρόνος ἐφέρων advancing time. ἐφες, aor. 2 imperat. of ἐφήμι. ἐφέσιμος δίκη, a suit, in which there was the right of appeal to another court. From ἐφέσις, eos, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a throwing at. 2. as Att. law-term, an appeal to another court. ἐφ-εσπερος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐσπέρα) western. ἐφ-εσπομαι, poet. for ἐφέπομαι. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. for ἐφέσαι, aor. I inf. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσαι, Ep. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσαιμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσσομαι, Ep. fut. med. of ἐφίζω. ἐφέσταότες Att. -ώτες, nom. pl. pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφεστᾶσιν, for ἐφεστήκασιν, 3 pl. pf. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφ-εστίος Ion. ἐπίστιος, ov, (ἐπί, ἐστία) by one's own hearth or fireside: having a hearth and home: with Verbs of motion, towards home. 2. sitting at or by the hearth, of suppliants; ἐφέστιος δούμων a suppliant inmate of the house. II. of the house or household: hence, ἐφέστιον Ion. ἐπίστιον, τό, a household, family; θεοὶ ἐφέστιοι the household gods, Lat. Lares or Penates: also of gods, presiding over hospitality. ἐφ-εστρίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἐφεστρίς. ἐφ-εστρίς, ίδος, ἡ, (ἐφέννυμι) an upper garment, wrapper, cloak, mantle. ἐφέστως, for ἐφεστηκώς, pf. part. of ἐφίστημι. ἐφέτης, ov, ὁ, (ἐφήμι) a commander. II. οἱ ἐφέται, at Athens, a special court to try criminal cases. ἐφετη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφευξα, aor. I of φεύζω (not of φεύγω). ἐφευρετής, ου, ὁ, an inventor, contriver. From ἐφ-ευρίσκω Ion. ἐπ-: fut. ἐφευρήσω: aor. 2 ἐφεύρον: —to find by chance, find anywhere: generally, to discover, invent, find out: also to detect one doing. ἐφεψάσθω, poet. aor. I imperat. med. of ἐφέπω. ἐφ-εψιάομαι, Dep. to mock or scoff at, ridicule. ἐφεωράτω, 3 sing. plqpf. of φεωράω. ἐφεωρών, Ion. impf. of φεωράω. ἐφ-ηβάω, f. ἦσω, to come to man's estate. ἐφήβεια, ἡ, (ἐφήβευω) manhood, man's estate. ἐφήβιος, α, ov, (ἐφηβος) youthful. ἐφήβικός, ὁ, ὄν, Dor. ἐφαβικός, ἄ, ὄν, of or for a young man: τὸ ἐφηβικόν the body of youth. From

ἐφ-ηβος Dor. ἐφᾶβος, ov, (ἐπί, ἦβη) arrived at manhood or man's estate, which was, at Athens, eighteen. Hence ἐφηβοσύνη, ἡ, the age of an ἐφηβος, manhood. ἐφ-ηγέομαι, Dep. to lead against one. II. to lead to a place, give information. ἐφ-ήδομαι, Pass. to exult over. ἐφήκα, aor. I of ἐφήμι. ἐφ-ήκω, to have arrived at: —to extend or reach to. ἐφ-ήλιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ἐφηβος. ἐφ-ηλθω, f. ὠσω, (ἐπί, ἦλος) to nail on, nail firmly: metaph. in Pass., it is fixed or determined. ἐφ-ημαι, Pass. to sit on, at, or by. ἐφημερία, ἡ, a daily order or course. From ἐφ-ημεριος Dor. ἐφᾶμ-, ov, also α, ov, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) for or during the day, the whole day through; ἐφημέρια φρονεῖν to take no thought for the morrow: of men, ἐφημέριοι creatures of a day, ephemeral: hence generally, lasting but a day, short-lived. ἐφ-ήμερος Dor. ἐφᾶμ- Aeol. ἐπᾶμ-, ov, (ἐπί, ἡμέρα) lasting or living but a day, short-lived. II. daily. ἐφημοσύνη, ἡ, (ἐφήμι) a command, behest. ἐφηνα, aor. I of φάινω. ἐφήηται, ἐφήητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ἐφάπτω. ἐφησα, aor. I of φημί. ἐφήσθα, for ἐφησ, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί. ἐφήσω, fut. of ἐφήμι. ἐφθαξα, Dor. for ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθαριαι, pf. pass. of φθείρω; 3 pl. ἐφθάραται. ἐφθάσα, aor. I of φθάνω. ἐφθέγξωτο, 3 sing. aor. I of φθέγγωμαι. ἐφθερα, aor. I of φθείρω. ἐφθ-ημίμερης, (ἐπτά, ἡμίμερης) containing seven halves, i. e. 3½: esp. in metre, of three feet and a half, as the first 3½ feet of a Hexameter or Iambic Trimeter: cf. πενημίμερης. ἐφθην, aor. 2 of φθάνω (as if from φθημί). ἐφθιατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. or aor. 2 pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθιεν, 3 sing. impf. of φθίω = φθίνω. ἐφθίθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φθίνω. ἐφθίτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of φθίνω. ἐφθορα, pf. med. of φθείρω. ἐφθός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἐψω, boiled, dressed. ἐφ-ιζάνω, = ἐφίζω, only used in pres. and impf. ἐφίζω Dor. ἐφίσδω: impf. ἐφίζον Ion. ἐφίζεσκον: intr. to sit upon, at, or by. II. Causal in Ep. fut. med. ἐφέσσομαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. ἐφέσσαι, ἐφέσσαιθω, to make to sit upon, set upon. ἐφ-ίημι, fut. ἐφήσω: aor. I ἐφήκα Ion. and Ep. ἐφέκα: aor. 2 imperat. ἐφες, Ep. subj. ἐφέω: there is also a 3 sing. impf. ἐφέει (as if from *ἐφιέω): —to send to one. 2. to send against, launch, or send at: to set on, to do a thing; ἐφέιναι χεῖράς τιμι to lay hands on him. 3. of events, to send upon one; ἐφέιναι νόστον τινί to permit one a return. II. to let go, loosen: metaph. to give a rein to: to give

up, yield: also intr. (sub. *ἑαυτόν*), *to give oneself up to*. 2. *to permit, allow*. III. *to put the male to the female, Lat. admittere*. IV. as law-term, *to refer to a higher judge, to appeal*; cf. *ἔφεσις*. V. Med. *ἐφίεμαι*, fut. *ἐφήσομαι*, *to lay one's command or behest upon*: *to enjoin, command*: *to intrust to one*: *to allow one to do a thing*. 2. *to aim at, long after, desire*.

ἐφικνέομαι Ion. ἐπ-: fut. *ἐφίξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐφίκομην*: pf. *ἐφίγημι*: Dep.:—*to come up to, reach, attain to*, c. gen.: of things, *to hit exactly*: metaph., *ἐφικέσθαι λέγων* or *λόγῳ*, *to touch the right point in speaking*: absol. *to extend*. II. *to come upon, visit*, c. acc.; *ἐπικέσθαι* (Ion. aor. 2 inf.) *μάστιγι πλῆγας τὸν Ἐλλάσποντον* *to visit the Hellespont with blows*. Hence

ἐφικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj., *easy to reach*.
ἐφίλαθεν, *ἐφίλασα*, Dor. for *ἐφίλησα*, *ἐφίληθεν*.
ἐφίλατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of *φιλέω*.
ἐφίληθεν, Ep. 3 plur. aor. I pass. of *φιλέω*.
ἐφ-ίμερος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἴμερος) *longed for, desired*: *delightful, agreeable*. [7]

ἐφιδώθη, aor. I pass. of *φιδώω*.
ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) of or for a horse or riding: τὸ *ἐφίππιον* (sub. *στρῶμα*), Lat. *ephippία*, a saddle-cloth, a horse's harness.
ἐφ-ίππος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ἵππος) *on horseback*; *κλύδων ἐφίππος* a rushing wave of horses.

ἐφ-ιπτάμαι, late form of *ἐπιπτάομαι*.
ἐφ-ισδάνω, *ἐφ-ισδω*, Dor. for *ἐφίξανω*, *ἐφίξω*.
ἐφ-ίστημι Ion. ἐπ-: A. Causal in pres., impf., fut., and aor. I *ἐπέστησα*:—*to set or place upon*: *to impose*. 2. *to set one person over another*: *to appoint to an office*. 3. *ἐφιστάμαι τινὶ ἀγῶνι* *to found or institute games in honour of a person*. II. *to set by or near*. III. *to check, make halt*. IV. *ἐφιστάμαι τὸν νοῦν*, *to attend to*, Lat. *animum advertere*: absol., *ἐφιστάμαι* *to attend*.

B. Intrans. in Pass. and in aor. 2 act. *ἐπέστην*, pf. *ἐπέστηκα*, plqpf. *ἐφεστήκειν*:—*to stand upon*: *to be imposed*. 2. *to stand or float on the top*; τὸ *ἐφιστάμενον τοῦ γάλακτος*, i. e. cream. 3. *to be set over*, Lat. *praesesse*; pf. part. Ion. οἱ *ἐπιστεῦτες* Att. οἱ *ἐφεστῶτες*, *those in authority*. II. *to stand by or near*: absol. *to stand by*. 2. *to stand over against, oppose*: metaph. *to impend, be close at hand*, Lat. *instare*; *Κῆρες ἐφεστάνων θανάτου* *the fates of death are close at hand*. III. *to halt, stop*. IV. *to attend to*.

ἐφλάδων, aor. 2 of *φλάζω*.
ἐφόβηθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *φοβέω*.
ἐφ-οδεύω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *to visit, go the rounds, patrol*: also of an officer who visited yearly at Satrapies of Persia: generally, *to superintend, watch over*.
ἐφ-όδια, τά, see *ἐφῶδιος*.
ἐφ-οδιάζω Ion. ἐπ-, f. άσω, *to furnish with supplies or stores for a journey*:—Med. *to supply oneself with or receive for one's supplies*. From

ἐφ-οδός, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) of or for a journey:—as Subst., *ἐφῶδιον*, τό, Lat. *viaticum*, *supplies for travelling* (mostly in pl., *ἐφῶδια*);—an ambassador's travelling expenses: generally *ways and means, supplies*.
ἐφ-οδος, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *a way towards, approach*: *a means of reaching, access*. II. *an onset, attack*.
ἐφ-οδος, ὁ, *one who goes the rounds, an inspector*.
ἐφ-οδος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὁδός) *accessible*: Sup. —*ώτατος*.
ἐφῶιτη, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of *φουτάω*.
ἐφῶλακιον, τό, (ἐφέλω) *a rudder*.
ἐφῶλακιον, τό, (ἐφέλω) *a small boat towed after a ship*:—generally, *an appendage*.
ἐφολκίς, ἡ, (ἐφέλω) *a burdensome appendage*.
ἐφολκός, ὄν, (ἐφέλω) *drawing on or towards, attractive, enticing*. II. *drawing*: absol. *a laggard*.
ἐφ-ομαρτέω, f. ἡσω, *to follow close upon*.
ἐφ-οπλίξω, f. σω: Ep. aor. I inf. *ἐφοπλίσσαι*:—*to equip, get ready, prepare*: so also in Med.
ἐφορηάτεκος, ἡ, ὄν, *looking over, watchful of*. From
ἐφ-οράω Ion. ἐπ-: impf. *ἐφεύρων* Ion. 3 sing. *ἐπ-ύρω*: f. *ἐμύρομαι* Ep. *ἐπιύρομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐπέιδον*:—*to look over, oversee, observe*. 2. *generally to look on, view*:—Pass., *ὅσον ἐφεύρωτο τῆς νήσου* *as much of the island as was in view*. 3. *to look out for, choose*.
ἐφορεία, ἡ, (ἐφορεύω) *an overlooking*:—*the office or dignity of φερός, the ephorality*.
ἐφορείον, τό, *the court of the ephori*. From
ἐφορεύω, f. σω, = *ἐφοράω*. II. (ἐφορος) *to be an ephor*.
ἐφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἐφορος) of or for the ephori.
ἐφ-όριος, α, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄριος) *on the frontier*.
ἐφ-ορμαύω, *to rush on*.
ἐφ-ορμάω Ion. ἐπ-: f. ἡσω: aor. I —*ώρησα*:—*to stir up, rouse against one, urge on, set in motion*. 2. intr. *to rush upon, attack*. II. Pass. and Med., aor. I *ἐφαρμασάμην* and *ἐφαρμήθην*:—*to be stirred up, roused*: *to rush furiously on*: *to hurry, rush forward*. 2. *to make a dash at*.
ἐφ-ορμέω Ion. ἐπ-, f. ἡσω, *to lie at anchor over against, to blockade an enemy*: generally, *to watch*:—Pass. *to be blockaded*.
ἐφ-ορμή, ἡ, (ἐπί, ὄρμη) *an entrance, access*. II. *an attempt upon a place, attack*.
ἐφορηθήσειν, 3 pl. aor. I opt. pass. of *ἐφορμάω*.
ἐφόρησις, εως, ἡ, (ἐφορμέω) *the lying at anchor so as to blockade an enemy, a blockade*.
ἐφ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) *to bring a ship to her moorings*:—Med. and Pass., *to come to anchor*.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, (ἐπί, ὄρμος) *at anchor*.
ἐφ-ορμος, ὄν, = *ἐφόρησις*, *a blockade*.
ἐφορος, ὄν, (ἐφοράω) *overseeing*. II. as Subst., *ἐφορος*, ὁ, *an overseer, guardian, ruler*. 2. at Sparta, οἱ *ἐφοροι* the Ephori or Overseers, a body of five magistrates, who controlled even the kings.
ἐφ-όσον, Adv. for *ἐφ' ὅσον*, *in so far as*.
ἐφρασάμαι, Dor. aor. I med. of *φράζω*.
ἐφραξα, aor. I of *φράσσω*.

ἔφριξα, aor. I of φρίσσω.
 ἔφρναξα, aor. I of φρνώσσω.
 ἔφρριξα, aor. I of φρύσσω.
 ἔφ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to insult over one, add insult to injury: also in Med.
 ἔφύγον, aor. 2 of φεύγω.
 ἔφ-υδριάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) of the water.
 ἔφ-υδρος Ion. ἔπ-, ov, (ἐπί, ὕδωρ) wet, rainy, bringing rain. 2. abounding in water.
 ἔφ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing or chant after: to chant over. II. to sing a dirge or mournful strain. III. to sing of, descant on.
 ἔφυν, aor. 2 of φύω: also Ep. 3 pl. ἔφυσαν.
 ἔφ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. from above: above, on atop, over.
 ἘΦΥΡΑ Ion. -ρη, ἦ, *Ephyré*, old name of Corinth.
 ἔφυρα, aor. I of φύρω.
 ἔφυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of φύω. 2. 3 pl. aor. 2 of φύω.
 ἔφύση, Dor. for ἐφύσα, 3 sing. impf. of φυσάω. [ῶ]
 ἔφ-υπερίζω, f. σω, (ἐπί, ὑστερος) to be later, come after another.
 ἔφ-ῦω, f. ὕσω [ῶ], (ἐπί, ὕω) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon, exposed to the rain; pf. part. ἐφυσμένος.
 ἔφ' ᾧ, ἔφ' ᾧτε, i. e. ἐπὶ τούτῳ ᾧστε, on the condition that.
 ἔφ-ῶριος, ov, (ἐπί, ὦρα) in season, ripe, mature.
 ἔφαδον, aor. 2 of χανθάνω.
 ἔφανον, aor. 2 of χάνω or χάσκω.
 ἔφαρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of φαίρω.
 ἔφαρισάμην, ἔφαρίσθην, aor. I med. and pass. of φαρίζωμαι.
 ἔφεα, aor. I of χέω.
 ἔφ-ἐγγυός, ov, = ἔχων ἐγγύην, i. e. I. having given security, responsible: trustworthy, faithful. II. having received security, secure.
 ἔφε-θυμός, ov, (ἔχω, θυμός) controlling one's temper, under self-control.
 ἔφε-μῦθος, (ἔχω, μῦθος) to hold one's peace. Hence ἔφεμθία, ἦ, silence.
 ἔφε-νητίς, -νητίδος, contr. ἔφε-νητίς, -νητίδος, ἦ, (ἔχω, νῆος) holding ships fast.
 ἔφε-πενκτής, ἐς, (ἔχω, πενκῆ) epith. of a dart, bitter or sharp, piercing.
 ἔφε-σαρκος, ov, (ἔχω, σάρξ) fitting to the body.
 ἔφεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἔχω.
 ἔφέ-στονος, ov, (ἔχω, στόνος) bringing sorrows.
 ἔφέτλη, ἦ, (ἔχω) the plough-handle, Lat. *stiva*. Hence ἔφέτληεις, ἐσσα, ev, of the plough-handle.
 ἔφευ, Dor. imperat. pass. of ἔχω.
 ἔφευα, Ep. aor. I of χέω: med. ἔφευάμην.
 ἔφεφρονέω, (ἔχεφρων) to be sensible or shrewd.
 ἔφεφροσύνη, ἦ, good sense, shrewdness. From ἔφέφρων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἔχω, φρήν) sensible, shrewd.
 ἔφερσα, Ep. 2 sing. subj. of ἔχω.
 ἔχθαίρω, f. ἔχθάρω: aor. I ἦχθηρα: fut. med. ἔχθάρωμαι in pass. sense: (ἔχθος)—to hate, be an enemy to: c. acc. cognato, ἔχθος ἔχθαίρειν to bear hate:—Pass., ἔχθαίρεσθαι ἕκ τινος to be hated by one.

ἔχθαρέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of ἔχθαίρω, to be hated.
 ἔχθές, Adv., = χθές, yesterday. Hence
 ἔχθιστος, ἦ, ov, irreg. Sup. of ἔχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—most hated, most hateful: as Subst. one's bitterest enemy.
 ἔχθλιω, ov, gen. ovos, irreg. Comp. of ἔχθρός, formed from Subst. ἔχθος, as κέρδιω from κέρδος:—more hated: more hostile.
 ἔχθοδοπέω, f. ἦσω, to cause hatred. From ἔχθοδοπός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) hateful, hostile.
 ἔΧΘΟΣ, eos, τό, hate, hatred, enmity, Lat. *odium*; ἔχθος τῶνς βάτεδ for one. II. a hated object.
 ἔχθρα Ion. ἔχθηρη, ἦ, hatred, enmity; ἔχθρα τῶνς βάτεδ for one; δι' ἔχθρας μολεῖν or ἀφικέσθαι τινί to become at enmity with one.
 ἔχθραίω, f. ἄνω, (ἔχθρός) to bate: to be at enmity with.
 ἔχθρο-δαίμων, ov, gen. ovos, (ἔχθρός, δαίμων) hated of the gods: ill-fated, miserable.
 ἔχθρο-ξένος, ov, (ἔχθρος, ξένος) unfriendly to guests, inhospitable.
 ἔχθρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἔχθος) hated, hateful. II. act. hating, hostile, at enmity with. III. as Subst. ἔχθρός, ὄ, one's enemy, Lat. *inimicus*.—Besides ἔχθρό-τερος, ἔχθρότατος, the irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἔχθλιω, ἔχθιστος, were in common use.
 ἔΧΘΩ, to hate:—Pass. to be hated, hateful. Only used in pres. and impf.
 ἔχιθνα, ἦ, (ἔχισ) a viper, adder. Hence ἔχιθναίος, a, ov, of or like a viper.
 ἔΧΙΝΑΙ, ὦν, αἰ, islands in the Ionian sea, afterwards called Ἐχινάδες.
 ἔχινέες, οἰ, a kind of mice with rough bristling hair, in Libya. (Deriv. unknown.)
 ἔΧΙΝΟΣ, ὄ, the urchin, hedgehog: also the sea-urchin. 2. the shell of the sea-urchin, often used as a jar: hence, II. like Lat. *testa*, a jug, pitcher, vase, Lat. *echinus*. 2. the vase in which the notes of evidence were sealed up. III. part of the bit of a bridle, studded over with points to make it severe.
 ἔΧΙΞ, ios and ews, ὄ, a viper, adder.
 ἔχμα, atos, τό, (ἔχω) that which holds: I. a hindrance, obstacle. 2. c. gen. a bulwark, defence against. II. a hold-fast, stay, support; ἔχματα νηῶν props, cradles for ships; ἔχματα πέτρης supports of rock, i. e. solid rock; ἔχματα πύργων supporting towers.
 ἔχουσα, Dor. for ἔχουσα.
 ἔχου, impf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.
 ἔχρᾶνα, aor. I of χραίω.
 ἔχρησα, aor. I of χράω.
 ἔχρησθην, aor. I pass. of χράωμαι.
 ἔχρισα, aor. I of χρίω.
 ἔχυθην [ῶ], aor. I pass. of χέω.
 ἔχυντο, ἔχυτο, 3 pl. and sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.
 ἔχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἔχω) firm, strong, secure, safe; ἐν ἔχυρῷ εἶναι to be in safety: also trustworthy. Hence ἔχυρίσθαι, Adv. securely:—Comp. ἔχυρότερον.
 ἔΧΩ, impf. εἶχον Ep. ἔχον Ion. ἔχεσκον: fut.

ἔξω, or (in the sense of *holding*) σχήσω: pf. ἔσχηκα Ep. ὄχωκα (in compd. συνοχωκώτης): aor. 2 ἔσχον, imperat. σχές, subj. σχώ, opt. σχοίην, inf. σchein Ep. σχέμεν, part. σχών; poet. also ἔσχεθον, inf. σχεθεύν: Pass. and Med. ἔχομαι: impf. εἰχόμεν: fut. ἔξομαι and σχήσομαι: aor. 2 ἔσχομην Ep. 3 sing. σχέςτω, imperat. σχοῦ, inf. σχέςθαι, part. σχόμενος.

A. Trans.: Radic. sense, *to have, hold*: I. *to have, possess*; οἱ ἔχοντες those that have, i. e. the wealthy.—Pass. *to be possessed by, belong to*. 2. *to have to wife*: *to have in one's house, to entertain*: c. acc. loci, *to dwell in, inhabit*: ἐν γαστρὶ ἔχειν (sub. βρέφος), *to be pregnant, be with child*. 3. of a State or Condition; γῆρας ἔχειν *to have reached old age*, = the simple Verb *γαράσκειν*, etc.; so, ἐν στόματι ἔχειν *to be always talking of*. 4. *to imply, infer*; αἰσχύνην ἔχειν *to imply disgrace*. 5. like Lat. *teneo, to know, understand, comprehend*. II. *to hold, keep*: *to hold fast*: *to keep with one, retain, detain*: *to hold tight, grip, grasp*, of the hold of wrestlers. 2. *to hold up, bear up, sustain*: hence *to hold out or bear up against, to resist*, in which sense Homer uses fut. *σχήσειν* and med. *σχήσεσθαι*. 3. *to direct to, aim*: *to guide, steer*: in fut. *σχήσω* and aor. *σχεῖν, to land*. 4. *to hold in, check, stop*: also *to keep fast or close*, as a bar does a gate: *to allay pain*: c. gen. *to stop or hinder from* a thing. 5. *to keep, ward off*: hence *to guard, keep safe*: of armour, *to protect*. 6. *to keep doing or making, cause*. III. *to have means or power to do a thing, to be able*, like Lat. *habeo*: οὐκ ἔχω, followed by ὅπως, πῶς, πού, etc., *I know not how, know not where, etc.*

B. Intrans., *to hold oneself, to be or keep in a certain state*: esp. with Adv., εὖ ἔχει, καλῶς or κακῶς ἔχει, Lat. *bene, male se habet, it is going on well, etc.*; a gen. modi is often added, εὖ ἔχειν τινός *to be well off for a thing, abound in it*; καλῶς ἔχειν τῆς μέθης *to be pretty well off for drink*. 2. *to be so and so, be*; λόγος ἔχει the story goes, prevails. 3. *to keep one's ground, stand fast or firm*. 4. *to stand up, jut out, rise, project*; κίονες ὑψὸς ἔχοντες pillars rising high. 5. *to point towards, glance at, be directed towards*; ἐχθρα ἔχουσα ἐς Ἀθηναίους enmity directed towards the Athenians: of Place, *to extend, reach unto*: also, ἔχειν ἀμφὶ or περὶ τι *to be about, busy, occupied with*. 6. in Att., ἔχω is joined with aor. part. of another Verb; κρήφαντες ἔχουσι for κερύφασσι; ἀποκλείσας ἔχεις for ἀποκέκλεικας. 7. the part. ἔχων with the pres., adds a notion of *duration to what is being done*; τί δήνα διατριβείς ἔχων; why then keep wasting time? ληρεῖς ἔχων you keep on trifling.

C. Med. *to hold oneself to, hold on by, cling to, make fast to*: metaph. *to hold to one, depend upon, be closely connected with*: hence *to lay hold on, claim, take possession of*. 2. of Place, *to be close, border on, next to*; ὁ ἔχόμενος that comes next or nearest; τὸ ἔχόμενον ἔτος the year next ensuing. II. *to*

bear, wear, carry for oneself, or what is one's own: also *to carry or conduct oneself*; ἔχειο κρατερῶς *bear thyself resolutely*. II. *to keep oneself back, abstain, refrain from*: absol., σχέςο, σχέςθε *bold! cease!*

ἔχωντι, Dor. for ἔχωσι.
ἔχωσα, aor. I of χώννυμι.
ἔχῶσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of χῶμαι.
ἔχῶσθη, aor. I pass. of χώννυμι.
ἐψάλλαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ψάλλω.
ἔψ-ανδρα, ἡ, (ἔψω, ἀνὴρ) *boiling men*, epith. of Me-dea, from her restoring old Aeson to youth.
ἔψαυσα, aor. I of ψάω.
ἔψεξα, aor. I of ψέγω.
ἔψεισάμην, aor. I of ψεύδομαι.
ἔψημαι, pf. pass. of ψάω.
ἔψησις, εως, ἡ, (ἔψω) *a boiling*: generally, *cookery*.
ἐψησω, fut. of ἔψω.
ἐψητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἔψω) *a pipkin, pan for boiling*.
ἐψητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔψω) *boiled, sodden*.
ἐψία Ion. ἐψίη, ἡ, (ψιά, ψειά) *a game played with pebbles*: generally, *amusement, pastime*. Hence ἐψιάσομαι, Dep. *to play with pebbles*: generally, *to disport, amuse oneself*: *to entertain oneself with*.
ἐψιθυρίσδομαι, Dor. I pl. impf. of ψιθυρίζω.
ἐψιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of ψίζω.
ἐψύχων [ψ], aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.
ἘΨΩ: impf. ἦψον (Ion. ἔψων as if from ἔψω): fut. ἐψήσω: aor. I ἦψησα:—Med., fut. ἐψησομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἦψηθη: pf. ἦψημαι:—*to boil, seethe*, opp. to ὀπτᾶω: of metals, *to smelt, refine*: metaph. *to cberish, nurse*.

ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, pres. subj. of εἰμί sum.
ἔῶ, contr. for ἔάω.
ἔῶ, contr. for ἔάω, 3 sing. opt. of ἔάω.
ἔῶ, dat. of ἔός.
ἔω, Ion. for ᾧ, aor. 2 subj. of ἴημι.
ἔω, gen. and acc. sing. of ἔως, the dawn.
ἔωγα, pf. 2 of οἴρνυμι, *to open*.
ἔωγματι, pf. pass. of οἴρνυμι.
ἔωθα, ἐώθεα, Ion. pf. 2 and plqpf. of ἔωθαι.
ἔωθεν Dp. ἦῶθεν, Adv. (ἔως) *from morn, at earliest dawn, at break of day*.
ἔωθινός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔως) *in the morning, early*; τὸ ἔωθινόν as Adv. *early in the morning*; ἐξ ἔωθινού = ἔωθεν.
ἔώθουν, impf. of ἐώθει.
ἔώκειν, plqpf. of ἔοικα.
ἔωλο-κράσια, ὁ, (ἔωλος, κράσις) *a mixture or compound of dregs of wine*: metaph., ἔωλοκρασίαν τῆς πορνίρας κατασκευάσαι τινός *to empty the stale dregs of his villany over one*.
ἔωλος, ὄν, (ἔως) *a day old, kept till the morrow*: of food, *stale*: hence *out of date, obsolete*.
ἔώλπει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἔλωπαι.
ἔῶμεν, in II. 19. 404, ἐπεὶ χ' ἔῶμεν πολέμοιο, when we have enough of war:—commonly considered as aor. 2 subj. of ἴημι, but sometimes referred to ἔω = ἄω, *to satiate*.
ἔῶμεν, contr. from ἔωμεν, I pl. of ἔάω.

ἐϖ̄μ, contr. from ἐάομι, 1 sing. opt. of ἐάω.
 ἐών, Hom. and Ion. for ὄν, pres. part. of εἶμι sum.
 ἐώνημαι, ἐωνήμην, pf. and plqpf. of ὀνόεμαι.
 ἐώνοχοι, 3 sing. impf. with double augm. of οἰνοχοέω.
 ἐψά, aor. 1 of οἴγγυμι.
 ἐψος, a, ov, also os, ov, poet. ἐψῶς Ep. ἡῖος, (ἔως) in the morning, at early dawn, at day-break. 2. eastern, Lat. *Eūs*.
 ἐώρα, ἡ, collat. form of αἰώρα, a being suspended, banging in the air, oscillation. II. a noose for banging.
 ἐώρα, 3 sing. impf. of ὀράω.
 ἐώρακα, ἐώραμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ὀράω.
 ἐώργει, for ἐόργει, 3 sing. plqpf. of *ἐργω.
 ἐώρεω, collat. form of αἰώρεω, whence aor. 1 part. fem., ἐωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having raised aloft mine eye.

ἐώρταζον, ἐώρτασα, impf. and aor. 1, with irreg. augm., of ἐορτάζω.

ἐώρτο, for ἡορτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of αἰέρω.

ἐώρων, impf. of ὀράω.

ἔως, Att. for Ion. ἡώς, morn.

ἘΩΣ Ion. and Ep. ἔως Ep. εἶος: I. as Conjunction, while, so long as, Lat. *donec*, properly relative to the antec. τῶς Ep. τεῖος. 2. = τῶς, for a time. 3. till, until, until such time as. 4.

= ὡς, ὅπως, ἴνα, that, in order that. II. as Adv., ἔως ὅτε, Lat. *usque dum*, till the time when: so too, ἔως οὐ; ἔως ποτέ; Lat. *quousque?* how long? 2. with Adv. of Place, ἔως ὧδε, ἔως ἔσω or ἐξω, up to this point, till within, etc.

ἔωσα, ἐωσάμην, aor. 1 act. and med. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσι, Ion. for ὦσι, 3 pl. pres. subj. of εἶμι sum.

ἔωσι, contr. for ἐάουσι, 3 pl. pres. of ἐάω.

ἔωσμαι, pf. pass. of ὠθέω.

ἔωσ-περ, strengthd. for ἔως, even until.

ἔωσ-φόρος, ov, (ἔως, φέρω) morn-bringing: as Subst., ὁ Ἐωσφόρος the Morning-star, Lat. *Lucifer*.

ἔωντοῦ, ἐωντώων, Ion. for ἐαυτοῦ, ἐαυτῶν.

Z

Z, ζ, ζήτα, τό, indecl., sixth letter of Gr. Alphabet: as numeral ζ' = ἑπτά and ἔβδομος (the obsol. σ', i. e. *f* or *vau*, being retained to represent ξξ), but ζ = 7000. Z is compounded of σ and δ, = σδ, whence in Aeol. and Dor. μουσίσδω ψιθυρίσδω are written for μουσίσω ψιθυρίζω. In Ion. δ was changed into ζ; and ζ easily passed into δ, as appears in παιζῶ παιδνός, ἀλαπάζω ἀλαπαδνός, etc.: it also melted into ι, e. g. ζορξ ἰορκος, ζυγόν *jugum*.

Zeta, being a double conson., makes a short vowel before it long by position. But there are two proper names in Homer, before which the vowel is retained short, ἀστὶ Ζελεῖης, δὴλεσά Ζακκνθος.

ZΑ'—Aeol. for διά: also as insep. Prefix with intensive sense, like ἀρι-, ἐρι-, ἀγα-, as in ἄ-θεος, ζα-μενής, etc. ζάγκλον, τό, a reaping-book or sickle, Lat. *falx*. (Old Sicilian word.)

ζα-ής, ἐς, (ζα-, ἀήμ) strong blowing, stormy, gusty; ζαῆν, irreg. acc. for ζαέα, ζαῆ.

ζα-θεος, a, ov, also os, ov, very divine, holy, hallowed.

ζα-θηρής, ἐς, (ζα-, θέρος) very hot.

ζαῖεν Att. ζῶεν, 3 pl. opt. of ζάω.

ζάκορος, ὁ, = διάκορος, διάκονος, a minister, servant.

ζά-κοτος, ov, very wrathful.

ζάλη, ἡ, (ἄλς) surge, spray: a storm: metaph. trouble, distress. (Akin to σάλος, Lat. *salum*.)

ζαλοῖσα, Dor. for ζηλοῖσα.

ζαλος, ζαλώω, ζαλωτός, Dor. for ζηλ-.

ζαμένω, f. ἦω, to be very violent, exert all one's strength. From

ζα-μενής, ἐς, (ζα-, μέγας) very strong or mighty: raging, violent.

ζαμία, Dor. for ζημία.

ζάν, Ζανός, ὁ, Dor. for Ζήν, Ζηνός, old form of Ζεύς, q. v. Hence Lat. *Janus*.

ζά-πεδος, τό, = δάπεδος.

ζα-πληθής, ἐς, (ζα-, πλήθος) very full; ζαπληθής γενειάς a bushy beard: full-sounding.

ζά-πλυτος, ov, very rich.

ζα-πύρος, ov, (ζα-, πῦρ) very fiery.

ζατούσα, Dor. for ζητούσα.

ζατεύω, ζατρείον, ζατρεῖω, Dor. for ζητ-.

ζα-τρεφής, ἐς, (ζα-, τρέφω) well-fed, fat.

ζα-φλεγής, ἐς, (ζα-, φλέγω) full of fire, fiery.

ζά-χολος, ov, very wrathful.

ζά-χρειος, ov, (ζα-, χρεία) very needy; ζάχρειος ὀδοῦ one who wants to know the way.

ζα-χρητής, ἐς, (ζα-, χράω B) attacking violently, furious: of warriors, eager, fiery.

ζά-χρυσος, ov, rich in gold.

ΖΑ'Ω Ep. ζά ω, in later Poets ζώω, Att. contr. ζῶ, ζῆς, ζῆ; imper t. ζῆ or ζῆθι; opt. ζῆν; inf. ζῆεν contr. ζῆν; impf. ἐζῆν (as if from ζῆμι), ἐζῆς, ἐζῆ, but 3 pl. ἐζων fut. ζήσω and ζήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐζῆσα: pf. ἐζῆκα:—*ι* live, breathe; ζῶν alive: ζῆν ἀπό τινος to live off or *n* a thing, cf. ἀποζῆν: c. acc. cognato, ζῆν ζῆν, *vivon*. II. metaph. to be in full vigour: to be fresh, strong, efficient: part. ζῶν, as Adj., active, powerful, efficacious.

-ζε, insepar. enclitic Particle, denoting motion towards a place, ζ being written for σδ, as, Ἀθήναζε, θύραζε, for Ἀθῆνασδε, θύρασδε.

ζεγέρες, a Libyan word, a kind of mice.

ΖΕΙΑ', ἡ, zea, a sort of grain, used as fodder for horses, prob. a coarse wheat, spelt.

ζεῖ-δωρος, ov, (ζεῖά, δωρέομαι) zea-giving, fruitful.

ζεῖρά, ἡ, a wide upper garment, girded about the loins and falling over the feet. (Foreign word.)

ζεῖω, poet. for ζέω, as πνέω for πνέω.

ζέσσα, Ep. for ἐζέσσα, aor. 1 of ζέω.

ζεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζέω) boiled, boiling, hot.

ζευγάριον, τό, Dim. of ζεύγος, a *ruiny team of oxen*.
 ζευγλαῖπρον, f. ἥσω, to *drive a yoke of oxen*. From
 ζευγ-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (ζεύγος, ἐλαύνω) a *driver of a*
yoke of oxen.

ζευγίτης [Ὶ], οὐ, ὁ, (ζεύγος) *yoked together, two and*
two, in pairs.

II. ζευγίται, οἱ, *yeomen*, the third
 of Solon's four classes of Athenian citizens, so called
 from their *being able to keep a team (ζεύγος) of oxen*:
 the first class being called πεντακοσιμέδιμοι, the
 second ἱππεῖς, and the fourth θῆτες.

ζεύγαι ποῖτ. ζεύγλα, ἡ, *the collar or loop of the*
yoke (ζυγόν), through which the oxen's heads were
 put, so that the ζυγόν had two ζεύγαι. II. *the*
rudder-bands; see πηδάλιον.

ζεύγμα, ατος, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) *that which is linked to-*
gether, a band, bond; ζεύγμα τοῦ λιμένος a *boom or*
chain across the mouth of the harbour.

ζεύγνυμεν, -ύμεναι, Ep. inf. of ζεύγνυμι.

ΖΕΥΓΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: impf. 3 pl. ἐζεύγνυσαν (Ep.
 ζεύγνυσαν) or ἐζεύγνον (Ep. ζεύγνον): fut. ζεύξω:
 aor. I ἐζεύξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐζεύχθη, more frequent
 aor. 2 ἐζύγην [Ὶ]:—to *join or link together, yoke*:—
 Med., ἵππους ζεύγνυσθαι to *yoke horses for oneself,*
put to one's horses; also to *barness*.

II. generally,
 to *join or fasten together, make fast*; σανίδες
 ἐζεγμέναι *close-shut doors*. 2. to *join in wedlock,*
marry, unite:—Med. of the husband, to *wed*:—Pass.
 to be *married*. 3. to *join by bridges, throw a bridge*
across. 5. to *undergird ships with ropes*.

ζεύγος, εως, τό, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoke or team of beasts,*
a pair of horses. 2. *the carriage drawn by a team,*
a chariot, plough; any *pair or couple*. II. of
 more than two things or persons *joined together*, e. g.
 ζεύγος τριπάρθενον *three maiden sisters*.

ζευκτηρία, a *fastening, band*; see πηδάλιον. From
 ζευκτηριος, α, ον, (ζεύγνυμι) *fit for joining or yok-*
ing; τὸ ζευκτηριον a *yoke*.

ζεύξαι, aor. I inf. of ζεύγνυμι: ζεύξειεν, 3 sing. opt.;
 ζεύξον, imperat.

ζεύξεις, εως, ἡ, (ζεύγνυμι) a *yoking or manner of*
yoking oxen. 2. a *joining by a bridge*.

ΖΕΥΞ, ὁ, voc. Ζεῦ; but genit. Διός, dat. Δι, acc.
 Δία as if from *Δίς: ποῖτ. Ζηνός, Ζηνί, Ζήνα, Dor.
 Ζάνος, etc., as if from *Ζήν, Ζάν—Zeus, Jupiter,
 king and father of gods and men, son of Kronos (or
 Saturn) and Rhea, hence called Κρονίδης, Κρονίων:
 ruler of the lower air (ἀήρ); hence rain and storms
 come from him, as Zeus ἕει.

Ζεφύρη (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = Ζέφυρος, the *west wind*.
 Ζεφύρος, ὁ, Zephyrus, the *west wind*, or properly the
 north-west. (From ζόφος, darkness or the West, as
 ἑσπρος from ἕως, morn or the East.)

ΖΕΨΩ, fut. ζέσω: aor. I ἐξέσα Ep. ζέσσα:—to *boil,*
seethe: generally, to *boil up*, esp. of hot springs: also
 simply to *be hot, throb with heat*; χθών ἐζεε the *earth*
was hot: metaph. to *boil with passion*, like Lat. fer-
 vere.

II. trans. to *make to boil, beat*.

ζή, ζήθι, imperat. of ζάω.

ζηλαῖος, α, ον, (ζήλος) *jealous*.

ζηλοδοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζήλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλοδοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζήλος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss*.

ζηλομανής, ἐς, (ζήλος, μανίαι) *mad with jealousy*.

ζήλος, ὁ, (ζέω) *eager rivalry, emulation, in good*
sense, opp. to φθόνος (envy). 2. *any strong pas-*
sion, esp. jealousy: zeal or emulous desire for a
thing. II. *pass. the object of emulation or ri-*
valry, happiness, blessedness.

ζηλοσύνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for ζήλος.

ζηλοτύπη, f. ἥσω, (ζηλότυπος) *to emulate, rival,*
be jealous of. 2. to *emulate*. 3. to *affect, pretend*
to. Hence

ζηλοτύπια, ἡ, *rivalry, jealousy, envy*.

ζηλό-τύπος, ον, (ζήλος, τύπτω) *jealous*.

ζηλώ, f. ὦσω, (ζήλος) *to rival, vie with, emulate,*
 Lat. aemulari: c. acc. rei, to *desire emulously, strive*
after. 2. to *be jealous of, envy*. 3. to *emulate,*
envy, admire, commend. Hence

ζήλωμα, ατος, τό, *the object of emulation*: in pl. *big*
fortunes. II. *rivalry, emulation*.

ζήλωσις, εως, ἡ, (ζηλώ) *emulation, imitation*.

ζηλωτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ζηλώ) a *rival, zealous imita-*
tor. 2. a *zealot*.

ζηλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζηλώ), *to be emulated, worthy of*
imitation. 2. *envious, happy, blessed*.

ζημία, ἡ, *loss, damage*, Lat. damnum, opp. to κέρδος;
 φανερά ζημία a *clear loss*. II. a *penalty, esp. in*
money, a fine; θάνατον ζημίαν προτιθέναι to *make*
death the penalty. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

ζημιώ, f. ὦσω, to *cause loss to one, do one damage*
or hurt: to *punish*; esp. in money, to *fine*:—Pass.,
 with fut. med. ζημιώσομαι or pass. ζημιωθήσομαι,
 aor. I ἐζημιώθη, to be *fin*ed.

*Ζήν, ὁ, gen. Ζηνός, prêt. for Ζεῦς, q. v.

Ζηνοδοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (Ζήν, δίδωμι) = Ζηνοφόρος.

Ζηνό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (Ζήν, φρήν) *knowing the*
mind of Zeus, revealing the will of Jove, of oracles.

ζήσομαι, fut. of ζάω.

ΖΗΤΕΩ, ποῖτ. for ζητέω.

ΖΗΤΕΩ, f. ἥσω, to *seek, seek for, seek after*. 2.
 to *search out, inquire into, examine, investigate*: c.
 inf. to *seek to do*. 3. to *have to seek*. Hence

ζήτημα, ατος, τό, *that which is sought: an inquiry,*
question.

ζητήσιμος, ον, (ζητέω) *to be searched; τὰ ζητήσιμα*
places to be beaten for game.

ζήτησις, εως, ἡ, (ζητέω) *a seeking for, searching*
after: a searching out, inquiry, investigation.

ζητητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, to be *sought*. II.
 ζητητέον, one must *seek out*.

ζητητής, οῦ, ὁ, (ζητέω) *a seeker, searcher, inquirer,*
examiner. II. at Athens, the *ζητηταί* were *com-*
missioners to inquire into state-offences.

ζητητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ζητέω, *sought for*.

ζιάνιον, τό, a *weed that grows in wheat, darnel,*
 Lat. zizanium, lolium. (Eastern word.)

ζόη, Ion. for ζωή.

ζῷα, Aeol. for ζῶη.

ζῷος, *a, óv*, poet. for ζῷος, ζῷς.

ζῷρκάς, *áδος, ἡ*, = δορκάς: also ζῷρξ, ζῷρκός, ἡ.

ζῷφερός, *όν*, (ζῷφος) *dark, dusky, murky, gloomy.*

ΖΩΨΟΣ, *ó*, *darkness, dusk, gloom*: esp. of the *neither world*: hence the *land of darkness, the neither world itself*:—Homer divides the world into a light and dark side, where ζῷφος the *dark or night side, the west*, is opposed πρὸς Ἡᾶ τ' Ἡελίων τε, the *light side, the east*. Hence.

ζῷφῶν, *f. ὄσω*, to *darken*:—Pass. to be *dark*.

ζῷφ-ώδης, *ες*, (ζῷφος, εἶδος) *dusky, gloomy.*

ζῷω, for ζῷα.

ζῷγαστρον, *τό*, (ζεύγνυμι) *a chest or box of boards strongly fastened together.*

ζῷγεις, *aor. 2 part. pass.* of ζεύγνυμι.

ζῷγῆναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass.* of ζεύγνυμι.

ζῷγη-φόρος, *ον*, poet. for ζυγοφ-, *bearing the yoke.*

ζῷγιος, *α, on*, (ζῷγόν) *of or for the yoke*; ζῷγιος ἵππος *a draught-horse, wheeler.*

ζῷγίτης, *ου, ó*, (ζυγόν) *one of the rowers who sat on the second of the three banks or benches*, those on the lowest being θαλαμίται, those on the highest θρανῖται. [7]

ζῷγῶ-δεσμον, *τό*, (ζυγόν, δεσμός) *a yoke-band or band for binding the yoke to the pole.*

ζῷγο-μάχῳ, *f. ἦσα* (ζυγόν, μάχουμι) *to struggle with one's yoke-fellow, to quarrel.*

ΖΥΤΟΝ, *τό*, also ζῷγός, *ó*, but in pl. always ζυγά:—Lat. *jūgum*, the *yoke or cross-bar* tied by the ζυγό-δεσμος to the end of the pole, and having ζεύγλαι (collars or loops) at each end, by which two horses, mules or oxen were put to the plough or carriage; metaph. τὸ δούλιον ζυγόν *the yoke of slavery*; κατὰ ζυγά, *in pairs*. II. *the cross-bar*, Lat. *transtillum*, joining the two horns of the φόρμιγξ. III. *the cross-planks of a ship*, joining the two opposite sides, the benches or thwarts, Lat. *transtra*. IV. *the beam of the balance*, in pl. *the balance itself*. V. *the cross-straps of sandals*.

ζῷγός, *v. sub ζυγόν*.

ζῷγόφιν, *Ep. gen.* of ζυγόν.

ζῷγῶν, *f. ὄσω*, (ζυγόν) *to yoke a pair, join together*: metaph. *to bring under the yoke, subdue, tame.*

ζῷγωθρίξω, *to lock up*. From

ζῷγωθρον, *τό*, (ζυγῶν) *the bar or bolt of a door.*

ζῷγωτός, *ή, óν*, (ζυγῶν) *drawn by a pair of horses.*

ζῷμη, *ή*, (ζέω) *leaven*. [5] Hence

ζῷμίτης, *ου, Adj.* masc. *leavened*. [7]

ζῷμός, *f. ὄσω*, (ζύμη) *to leaven, make to ferment.*

ζῷάγρια, *αν, τὰ*, (ζῷός, ἄγρα) *a reward for life saved*: also like θρεπτήρια, *a reward for nursing and rearing one*, offerings to Aesculapius for recovery from illness.

ζῷάγριος, *ον*, (ζῷός, ἄγρα) *for saving life.*

ζῷάριον, *τό*, Dim. of ζῷον, *an animalcule*. [á]

ζῷα-αρκής, *ές*, (ζῷή, ἀρκέω) *maintaining life.*

ζῷωγράφω, *f. ἦσα*, (ζωγράφος) *to paint from life.*

ζῷωρᾶφια, *ή*, *the art of painting, painting.*

ζῷωγραφικός, *ή, óν*, *skilled in painting*. From

ζῷω-γράφος, *ον*, (ζῷον, γράφω) *painting animals, painting from nature*: as Subst., ζωγράφος, *ó*, *a painter*.

ζῷγρει, ζῷγρεῖτε, *pres. imperat.* of

ζῷω-γρέω, *f. ἦσα*, (ζῷός, ἀγρέω) *to take alive, take prisoner in war, to give quarter to*. II. *to restore to life and strength, revive*. Hence

ζῷγρία *Ion*. -λή, *ή*, *a taking alive, taking prisoner*.

ζῷδιακός, *ή, óν*, (ζῷδιον) *of or containing animals*; *ó* ζῷδιακός (sub. κύκλος) *the Zodiac*.

ζῷδιον, *τό*, Dim. of ζῷον, *a small figure, painted or carved*.

ζῷέμεν, ζῷέμεναι, for ζῷειν, *inf.* of ζῷω = ζῷα.

ζῷέσκον, *Ion. impf.* of ζῷω.

ζῷή *Dor*. ζῷά *Ion.* and poet. ζῷη *Aeol.* ζῷα, *ή*, (ζῷα) *a living, means of living, subsistence, goods, property*. II. *life*.

ζῷ-θάλλιος, *ον*, (ζῷή, θάλλω) *giving vigour of life*.

ζῷϊκός, *ή, óν*, (ζῷον) *of or for animals*.

ζῷμα, *ατος, τό*, (ζῷνυμι) *that which is girded*: the girded tunic worn under the armour: *the armour girded by the ζωστήρ*. II. also = ζῷνη, or ζωστήρ, *a girdle, belt*.

ζῷμευμα, *ατος, τό*, *broth, soup*. From

ζῷμεῖω, *f. σα*, (ζῷμός) *to boil for broth, seethe*.

ζῷμιδιον, *τό*, Dim. of ζωμός, *a little sauce*.

ζῷμός *Dor*. δομός, *ó*, (ζέω) *broth, soup*, esp. *sauce to eat with other dishes*.

ζῷνη, *ή*, (ζῷνυμι) *a belt, girdle, properly the lower of the two girdles worn by women, the man's belt being ζωστήρ*; φέρειν ὑπὸ ζῷνῃν and πρέφειν ἐν τῷ ζῷνῃσι *to bear or nourish under the girdle, i. e. in the womb*. Later, the girdle was used to keep money in, whence in Horace, *zonam perdere* *to lose one's purse*. II. *the part round which the girdle passed, the waist, loins*. III. *anything that one girds on, a garment, armour*.

ΖΩΝΝΥ ΜΙ or -ῦω; fut. ζῷσω; *aor.* ζῷσα:—Med. ζῷννύμαι, fut. ζῷσομαι; *aor.* I ζῷσάμην:—Pass., *aor.* I ζῷσθήν; pf. ζῷσομαι:—to gird. esp. *to gird for battle*.

II. Med. *to gird oneself, gird up one's loins for battle or for work*: c. acc., ζῷνῃν, *χαλκὸν ζῷννύσθαι to gird on one's belt, sword*.

ζῷννύσκετο, *Ion.* 3 sing. *impf. med.* of ζῷννυμι.

ζῷο-γλύφος, *ον*, (ζῷον, γλύφω) *carving animals*: as Subst., ζωγλύφος, *ó*, *a sculptor*: cf. ζωγράφος.

ζῷογονέω, *f. ἦσα*, *to produce, propagate animals*. II. *to preserve alive*. From

ζῷο-γόνος, *ον*, (ζῷον, γείνομαι) *producing animals*: *life-giving*.

ζῷο-γράφος, *ον*, poet. for ζωγ-.

ζῷον, *τό*, properly *contr.* from ζῷόν, *a living being, animal*, Lat. *animal*. II. *the figure of an animal*, but also *any figure or image*; ζῷα γράφειν or γράφασθαι, for ζωγραφεῖν, *to paint*: and in Herodotus, with a second acc. of the thing painted, as, ζῷα γράψασθαι τὴν ζεῦξιν τοῦ Βοσπόρου *to have the passage of the Bosphorus painted*.

H, η, ο, ου

ζωο-ποιέω, ἦσω, (ζῶος, ποιέω) to make alive, quicken.

ζῶος, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶα) alive, living; ζῶον ἐλεῖν τρινα to take one prisoner, i. e. give quarter to him.

ζῶο-σοφός, ον, (ζῶή, σοφός) wise in life.

ζῶο-φόρος, ον, (ζῶος, φέρω) life-giving. II.

(ζῶον, φέρω) bearing animals; ὁ ζωοφόρος (sub κικ-λος) = ὁ ζωδιακός.

ζωοφῦτέω, f. ἦσω, to put forth live shoots. From

ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants.

ζῶο-πνέω, f. ἦσω, (ζῶος, πνέω) to represent alive.

ζωπύρεω, f. ἦσω, to kindle into flame: metaph. to set on fire, provoke. From

ζῶο-πύρον, τό, (ζῶος, πύρ) a spark, a piece of hot coal: a match to light a fire with.

ζωροποτέω, f. ἦσω, to drink sheer wine.

ζωρο-ποτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ζῶρος, πίνω) drinking sheer wine, drunken.

ζῶρος, ὄν, sheer, unmixed, of wine without water: —as Subst. ζῶρός (sub. οἶνος), ὁ, or as neut., ζῶρόν,

τό, Lat. *merum*, sheer wine: Homer uses only Comp., ζῶρότερον κέραει mix purer wine, i. e. pour in less water. As the Greeks used to dilute their wine with water, ζῶρότερον πίνειν came to mean not only to drink purer wine than common, but generally to drink hard, be a drunkard. (Prob. for ζῶρός from ζῶός.)

ζῶς, neut. ζῶν, gen. ζῶ, rarer form for ζῶος.

ζῶσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ζῶννυμι.

ζωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ζῶννυμι) the warrior's belt or baldric, which secured the body-armour, ζῶνη being the woman's girdle: but later, any belt or girdle.

ζῶστρον, τό, (ζῶννυμι) a belt, girdle.

ζωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ζῶα) of or for life. II. full of life, lively, vivid, Lat. *vivax*: of works of art, true to life; τό ζωτικόν φαίνεσθαι πᾶς ἐνεργάζῃ τοῖς ἀνδριάσιν; how do you make that look of life appear in your statues?

ζωύφιον, τό, Dim. of ζῶον, = ζῶδιον.

ζῶο-φύτος, ον, (ζῶος, φύω) producing plants, fruitful.

ζῶω, Ep. and Ion. for ζῶα, to live.

H

H, η, ἦτα, τό, indecl., seventh letter of the Greek alphabet; as numeral η'—δικτώ and ὄγδοος, but η = 8000. The uncial form of Eta (**H**) was a double **E3**, and prob. it was so pronounced, as δηλος, ἦγλος, from δέελος, ζέελος. The old alphabet had only one sign (ε) for the sound of *e* both long and short, till the long vowel η, with ω, was introduced from the Samian into the Athenian alphabet in the archonship of Euclides (B. C. 403) together with ω, ξ, ψ. The sign H, before it represented long ε, was used for the rough breathing, as ΗΟΣ for ὄς, which usage remains in the Latin H. When the same H became a vowel, it was divided, so that **F** represented the rough, **I** the smooth breathing, whence came the present signs for

the breathings. η was most in use among the Ion.; in the Attic dialect, it often passed into ā, as Ion. πρήσσω, θῶρηξ are in Att. πράσσω, θῶραξ. In later Att., εἰ and ἦ were not seldom changed into η, e. g. κλειβρον κληβρον, Νηρηίδες Νηρηίδες.

ἦ poet. ἦέ. Conjunction with three chief signs., disjunctive, interrogative, comparative: I. ἦ DISJUNCTIVE, or, Lat. *aut*; and doubled, ἦ. . . ἦ. . ., either. . ., or. . ., Lat. *aut . . ., aut . . .* II. ἦ INTERROGATIVE: in indirect questions in a subjoined clause, εἰπέ ἦ. . . say *whether* . . .; and doubled ἦ. . . ἦ. . ., *whether* . . ., or. . .? Lat. *utrum . . ., an. . .?*

2. also with direct questions, like Lat. *an*; τίπτ' εἰλήλυθας; ἦ ἵνα ὕβριν ἴδῃ Ἀγαμέμνωνος; why hast thou come? is it that thou may'st see. . .? III. ἦ COMPARATIVE, *than*, as, like Lat. *quam*, after a Comp. Adj.: also after positive Adjs. which have a comp. force, ἄλλο τι ἦ. . ., some other thing *than* . . .; ἐνάντιος ἦ. . ., contrary *than* . . .; οὐδ' ὅσον ἦ. . ., not so much as. . .; so after Verbs, βούλομαι ἦ. . . to wish *rather than* . . .; φθάνω ἦ. . . to come *sooner than* . . . 2. ἦ sometimes joins two Comparatives, when they both refer to the same subject; πάντες κ' ἀρησαῖα ἐλαφρότεροι πῶδας εἶναι, ἦ ἀφριότεροι all would then pray to be *lighter of foot rather than rich*; ταχύτερα ἦ σοφώτερα more quickly than wisely.

[When ἦ οὐ, ἦ οὐκ come together in a verse, the two words coalesce into one syll.: so too μὴ οὐ.]

ἦ, ἦ, an exclamation, to call one's attention to a thing; ἦ, ἦ, σιώπα *what ho*, be silent!

ἦ, Adv., with two signs., strengthening and questioning: I. TO STRENGTHEN or CONFIRM, *in truth, truly, verily, of a surety*; ἦ μήν, Ion. ἦ μὲν, introduces the *very words* of an oath, to give greater solemnity.

II. in INTERROG. sentences, = Lat. *num?* sometimes it may be rendered, *what? pray?* or *can it be?* ἦ οὐ. . .; Lat. *nonne . . .?*

ἦ, for ἔφη, 3 sing. impf. of ἦμι.

ἦ, for ἦν, 1 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦ, fem. of Artic. ὁ.

ἦ, fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ, *who, what?*

ἦ, dat. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅν, *his, her*.

ἦ, dat. sing. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, ἡ, ὅ: also used adverbially: 1. of Place, *whichever way, where, whither, in or at what place*. 2. of Manner, *how, as*; ἦ θέμεις ἐστί, as is lawful and right. 3. joined with Sup., ἦ μάλιστα or ἦ δυνατὸν μάλιστα as much, as far as possible; ἦ τάχιστα as quick as possible.

ἦα, ἦεν, Ep. for ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἦα, contr. of ἦα, for ἦεν, Ep. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.

ἦατο, Ion. for ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμα.

ἦβαιοί, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for βαιοί, *little, small, poor, slight*: mostly with a negat., οὐ ὅτι φρένες, οὐδ' ἦβαιοί no sense is in him, no, not the *slightest*: in neut. as Adv., οὐδ' ἦβαιὸν not in the least, not in the *slightest degree*; without a negat., ἦβαιὸν ἀπὸ σπειῶς a little from the cave.

ἡβάσκω, Inceptive of ἡβάω, to come to man's estate, come to one's strength, Lat. *pubescere*.

ἡβάω, f. ἦωα: aor. I ἦβησα: pf. ἦβηκα: (ἦβη):—to be at man's estate, to be in the flower or prime of youth, Lat. *pubescere*: ἀνὴρ μάλα ἦβών a man in the full vigour of youth; so of plants, ἡμεῖς ἡβώωσα a young, luxuriant vine. II. metaph. to be young, fresh, vigorous: also to be full of youthful joy, to be full of passion.

ἩΒΗ, ἦ, man's estate, manhood, youth, Lat. *pubertas*; also the strength and freshness of youth:—as a legal term ἦβη was the time just before manhood, at Sparta fixed at 18, so that οἱ δέκα ἀφ' ἦβης were men of 28, οἱ τετταράκοντα ἀφ' ἦβης men of 38. 2. metaph. freshness, vigour, youthful passion, fire, spirit.

3. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. *juventus*. II. as fem. prop. n. Ἡβη, *Hebé*, wife of Hercules, cup-bearer of the gods. Hence

ἦβηδόν, Adv. in the manner of youth. 2. πάντες ἦβηδόν all from the youth upwards.

ἦβητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, ἦβητής, οὐ, ὄ, (ἦβάω) in the prime of youth.

ἦβητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἦβάω) of or fit for youth, youthful, Lat. *juvenilis*.

ἦβός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἦβη) youthful.

ἦβουλότην, ἦβουλόμεν, for ἐβ-, aor. I and impf. of βούλωμαι.

ἦβυλλιάω, Comic Dim. of ἦβάω, to be youngish.

ἦβών, Att. opt. of ἦβάω.

ἦβώμι Ep. ἦβώομι, opt. of ἦβάω.

ἦβώων, ἦβώωσα, Ep. part. of ἦβάω.

ἦγάασθε, ἦγάμην, v. sub ἄγαμαι.

ἦγαγον, ἦγαγόμην, aor. 2 act. and med. of ἄγω.

ἦγάθεος, ἦ, ὄν, (ἄγαν, θεός) *battered, most holy*.

ἦγάων, τό, Ion. for τῆγαων.

ἦγάπευ, Dor. for ἦγάπων, impf. of ἀγαπάω.

ἦγάσαστο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀγάομαι.

ἦγγεῖλα, aor. I of ἀγγελλω.

ἦγγίκα, ἦγγισα, pf. and aor. I of ἐγγίξω.

ἦγγύηκα, -ἦμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἐγγύω.

ἦγγύησα, -ἦθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐγγύω.

ἦγγύων, impf. of ἐγγύω.

ἦγερα, aor. I of ἀγείρω.

ἦγεμόνεμα, τό, (ἦγεμονεύω) a leading: a leader.

ἦγεμονεύς, gen. έως Ep. ἦος, ὄ, poet. for ἦγεμών.

ἦγεμονεύω, f. σα, (ἦγεμών) to go before: to lead the way, guide on the way. II. to lead in war, to rule, command, c. gen. pers.: absol. to be ruler.

ἦγεμονία, ἦ, (ἦγεμών) a leading the way, going first. II. chief command, sovereignty: the supremacy of one state over a number of subordinates;

ἦγεμονία τῆς Ἑλλάδος the supremacy of Greece.

ἦγεμονικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἦγεμών) fit for guiding, ready to guide.

II. fit for commanding, chief, leading, Lat. *princeps*.

ἦγεμόνιος, α, ὄν, (ἦγεμών) of or belonging to a guide:

ἦγεμόνιος, name of Hermes, as the guide of departed souls.

ἦγεμόσυνος, ἦ, ὄν, belonging to a leader: τὰ ἦγεμόσυνα (sub. ἱερά), *thank-offerings for safe-conduct*.

ἦγεμών, ὄνος, ὄ, a leader, Lat. *dux*: 1. a guide to shew one the way, ἦγεμών ὁδοῦ;—generally, one who does a thing first, Lat. *princeps, auctor*; ἦγεμών γίνεσθαι τινι to be one's guide or authority. 2. the leader of an army, a commander, captain, chief.

From ἦγεόμαι, f. ἦγήσομαι: aor. I ἦγησάμην: pf. ἦγημαι (sometimes used in pass. sense): Dep.: (ἄγω):—to go before, lead the way, opp. to ἔπομαι: to shew the way, guide, conduct. 2. to lead an army, and so to command, rule:—with dat. it has the orig. sense of going before, with gen. the derived one of leading, commanding:—absol. to be the first, to be a guide, leader, chief; ὁ ἠγούμενος a leader, ruler, chief.

II. like Lat. *ducere*, to suppose, believe, hold; ἠγεῖσθαι τινα βασιλεία to hold or regard as king; ἠγεῖσθαι θεούς to believe in gods, like νομίζειν.

ἠγερέθομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρωμαι Pass., to be gathered together, only in 3 pl. pres. and impf. ἠγερέθονται, ἠγερέθοντο.

ἠγερέομαι, Ep. form of ἀγείρωμαι Pass., to gather, come together, only in pres. inf. ἠγερέεσθαι.

ἠγερεθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἀγείρω.

ἠγηλάξω, Ep. form of ἠγέομαι, to guide; also, like Lat. *agere*, κακὸν μύρον ἠγηλάξεν to lead a wretched life.

ἠγημαί, pf. of ἠγέομαι.

ἠγητέον, verb. Adj. of ἠγέομαι, one must lead. II. one must suppose.

ἠγητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, ἠγητής, οὐ, ὄ, ἠγητῶρ, ὄρος, ὄ, (ἠγέομαι) a leader, guide. 2. a leader, commander, chief; ἠγητῶρες ἠδὲ μέδοντες chiefs in field and council.

ἠγιασμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀγιάξω.

ἠγίνεον, impf. of ἀγίνεω.

ἠγκαλιόσμη, ἠγκάλισμαι, aor. I med. and pf. pass. of ἀγκαλιόζομαι.

ἠγκύρισα, aor. I of ἀγκυρίζω.

ἠγλάισα, aor. I of ἀγλαίζω.

ἠγάμαι, pf. pass. of ἄγω.

ἠγνόηκα, ἠγνόησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγνοέω.

ἠγνισαί, 2 sing. pf. pass. of ἀγνίξω.

ἠγνόουν, impf. of ἀγνοέω.

ἠγξα, aor. I of ἄγχω.

ἠγων, impf. of ἄγω.

ἠγοράσθε, -ὄωντο, Ep. lengthd. for ἠγορᾶσθε, -ἄωντο, 2 and 3 pf. impf. of ἀγοράομαι.

ἠγοράκα, ἠγοράσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγοράζω.

ἠγόρευκα, ἠγόρευσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγορεύω.

ἠγουν, Conj. (ἦ, γοῦν) *that is to say*, Lat. *scilicet*.

ἠγρίαινα, aor. I of ἀγρᾶίνω.

ἠγρίωκα, ἠγρίωσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀγρίω.

ἠγρύπνησα, aor. I of ἀγρυπνέω.

ἠγρόμην, Ep. for ἠγερόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἐγείρω.

ἠγχον, aor. 2 and impf. of ἄγχω.

ἠγωνίακα, -ἰῶσα, -ἰών, pf., aor. I and impf. of ἀγωνιάω.

ἡγωνισάμην, aor. I med. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡγωνίσθη, ἡγωνίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀγωνίζομαι.

ἡ-δέ, (ἦ, δέ) *and*: if καί follows ἡδέ, it takes the sense also, e. g. ἡδέ καί *and* also. II. when it answers to ἡμὲν it means, *as also*.

ἡδε, fem. of ἕδε.

ἡδεα, Ion. resolved form of ἡδη, plqpf. of *εἶδω.

ἡδεν, eis, ei, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω: 3 pl. ἡδισαν or ἡδισαν.

ἡδέσάμην, aor. I of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέσθη, aor. I pass. of εἰσθίω.

ἡδέσθη, aor. I pass. of αἰδέομαι.

ἡδέως, Adv. of ἡδύς, *sweetly, pleasantly, gladly*, ἡδέως ἔχειν *to be kind*: Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστα.

ἩΔΗ, Adv. of Time, like Lat. *jam, already, by, or from this time, now, presently, forthwith*: also of Place, ἀπὸ ταύτης ἡδη Αἴγυπτος *after this lake directly begins Egypt*.

ἡδη, ἡδησα, ἡδη Att. for ἡδεν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡδίκειν, ἡδίκηκα, ἡδίκησα, impf., pf., and aor. I of ἀδικέω.

ἡδίων, ἡδιστος, η, ον, Comp. and Sup. of ἡδύς.

ἡδολέσχειν, impf. of ἀδολέσχειν.

ἩΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσθη, rarely in med. form ἡσάμην: Sep.:—*to enjoy oneself, take one's pleasure*: with partic., ἡσθη ἀκούσας *he was glad to have heard*: often used in dat. of partic., ἡδομένω γίγνεται μοι *τῷ* I am well pleased at the thing happening, like ἀσμένω, βουλομένω. Hence

ἡδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of ἡδομαι, *gladly*.

ἡδονή, ἡ, (ἡδος, ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*, Lat. *voluptas*; πρὸς or καθ' ἡδονὴν λέγειν *to speak so as to please another*.

ἡδος, eos, τό, (ἡδομαι) *delight, enjoyment, pleasure*.

ἡ δ' ὅς, said *he*, for ἔφη ἐκείνος, v. ἡμί.

ἡδύ-βόης, ον, Dor. -βοας, α, ὁ, (ἡδύς, βοή) *sweet-sounding*.

ἡδύ-γάμος, ον, (ἡδύς, γάμος) *sweetening marriage*.

ἡδύ-γελῶς, αν, gen. ω, (ἡδύς, γέλως) *sweetly-laughing*.

ἡδύ-γλωσσοσ, ον, (ἡδύς, γλωσσοσ) *sweet-tongued*.

ἡδύ-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἡδύς, γνώμη) *of pleasant mind, of kindly sentiments*.

ἡδύ-επιής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, ἔπος) *sweet-speaking*: *sweet-sounding*:—poët. fem. ἡδύεπεια.

ἡδύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (ἡδύς, θρούος) *sweet-strained*.

ἡδύ-ληπτος, ον, (ἡδύς, λαμβάνω) *taken with pleasure*.

ἡδύ-λογος, ον, (ἡδύς, λέγω) *sweet-speaking*: *flattering, fawning*.

ἡδύ-λύρης, ου, ὁ, (ἡδύς, λύρα) *singing sweetly to the lyre*.

ἡδύ-μελής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μέλος) *sweet-singing*.

ἡδύ-μελί-φθογγος, ον, (ἡδύς, μελί, φθόγγος) *with honey-sweet voice*.

ἡδύ-μιγής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, μιγῆναι) *sweetly-mixed*.

ἡδύμος, ον, poët. for ἡδύς, *sweet, pleasant*.

ἡδυνάμην, Att. for ἐδυνάμην, impf. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνθη, Att. aor. I pass. of δύναιμι.

ἡδύνα, f. ὕνω: aor. I ἡδύνα: (ἡδύς)—*to sweeten, season*.

ἡδύς-οινος, ον, (ἡδύς, οἶνος) *producing sweet wine*.

ἡδύς-οσμος, τό, the sweet-smelling herb, mint. From

ἡδύ-οσμος, ον, (ἡδύς, οσμή) *sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύπαθια, ἡ, *pleasant living, luxury*. From

ἡδύπαθως, f. ἡσώια, (ἡδυπαθής) *to live pleasantly, enjoy oneself, be luxurious*. Hence

ἡδυπαθήμα, ατος, τό, *enjoyment*. [ᾶ]

ἡδύ-πάθια, ἐς, (ἡδύς, παθεῖν) *living pleasantly*.

ἡδύ-πνευστος, ον, (ἡδύς, πνέω) = ἡδύπνοος.

ἡδύ-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ουν, (ἡδύς, πνοή) *sweet-breathing*: *sweet-smelling*.

ἡδύ-πόλις, ιος, and εως, also εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, πόλις) *dear to the people*.

ἡδύ-πότις, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *fond of drinking*.

ἡδύ-ποτος, ον, (ἡδύς, πίνω) *sweet to drink*.

ἡδύς, ἡδέια, ἡδύ; Ion. fem. ἡδέα Dor. ἀδεά; Dor.

acc. sing. ἀδεά, for ἡδύν:—Comp. ἡδιον, Sup. ἡδιστος:

later, also, ἡδύτερος, ἡδύτατος:—*sweet to the taste, smell, or hearing*: metaph. *sweet, pleasant*.

II. of persons, *pleasant, welcome, dear, glad*.

ἡδύσμα, ατος, τό, (ἡδύνα) *that which sweetens or flavours, seasoning, spice, sauce*.

ἡδύ-σώματος, ον, (ἡδύς, σῶμα) *of sweet form*.

ἡδύ-σφής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, σφάω) *sweetly-shining*.

ἡδύ-φρων, φρονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡδύς, φρήν) *sweet-minded*.

ἡδύφωια, ἡ, *sweetness of voice*. From

ἡδύφωιος, ον, (ἡδύς, φωνή) *sweet-voiced*.

ἡδύ-χαρής, ἐς, (ἡδύς, χαρῆναι) *sweetly joyous*.

ἡδύ-χρως, ον, contr. -χρους, ουν, (ἡδύς, χρῶα)

of sweet complexion: ἡδύχρουν, τό, as Subst., *a kind of perfume*.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἦ, or.

ἡέ, Ep. for ἦε, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *ibo*.

ἡε, 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι.

ἡεἶδον, ἡεἶσα, impf. and aor. I of αἰδέω.

ἡεἶδεν, Ep. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of *εἶδω.

ἡέλιος, ὁ, poët. and Ion. for ἥλιος.

ἡελιωτις, Ep. for ἡλιωτις.

ἡεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι *sum*.

ἡέ-περ, poët. for ἦπερ.

ἡέρα, Ion. and Ep. acc. of ἀήρ.

ἡερέθομαι, lengthd. form of αἰερομαι Pass., *to bang floating or waving in the air*: metaph., ὄπλοτέρων φρένες ἡερέθονται *young men's minds are flighty*.

ἡέρθη, aor. I pass. of αἰερόω.

ἡέρι, Ion. and Ep. dat. of ἀήρ.

ἡέριος, α, ον, Ep. for αἰερίος (ἀήρ) *early, at morn, at day-break, when all things are yet wrapt in mist* (ἀήρ).

2. *high in air*.

ἡέρμαι, pf. pass. of αἰερόω.

ἡερο-δίνας, ἐς, (ἀήρ, δινέω) *ubeeing in mid-air*. [ἰ]

ἡερο-ειδής, ἐς, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ, εἶδος) *of*

cloudy look, clouded, dark, murky: cloud-capped, of hills: *dim, gray.*

ἡρώεις, εσσα, εν, Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) clouded, dark, murky.

ἡρόθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἀερ-, (ἀήρ) from air.

ἡήρος, Ion. and Ep. gen. of ἀήρ.

ἡερο-φοίτις, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. (ἀήρ, φοιτῶ) walking in darkness.

ἡερό-φωνος, ον, (ἀήρ, φωνή) sounding through air, loud-voiced.

ἡέρταζον, impf. of ἀερτάζω.

ἡέρτησα, ἡέρτημαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀερτάω.

ἡέσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἡην, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of εἶμι sum.

ἡήρ, ἡ, a late nom. formed after ἡήρος, ἡέρι, ἡέρα, the Ep. and Ion. cases of ἀήρ.

ἡθαῖος, α, ον, Dor. for ἡθεῖος.

ἡθάς, ἄδος, δ, ἡ, Ion. for ἐθάς. (ἡθος) used, accustomed, habituated to a thing. II. wanted, accustomed.

ἡθείος, α, ον, (ἡθος) honoured, respected: voc. ἡθειε, Sir, as a term of respect from a younger to an elder brother.

ἡθέληκα, ἡθέλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐθέλω.

ἡθελον, impf. of ἐθέλω.

ἡθεος, δ, ἡ, Att. for ἡθιδεος.

ἩΘΕ'Ω, f. ἡσω, to sift or strain.

ἡθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡθος) of or for morals, ethical, moral, opp. to intellectual (διανοητικός). II. expressive of moral character.

ἡθλικά, ἡθλήσα, pf. and aor. I of ἀθλέω.

ἡθμός, δ, (ἡθω) a strainer.

ἡθος, εος, τό, (ἔθος) an accustomed place: hence in plur. ἡθεα, seats, haunts, abodes, first, of beasts, but afterwards of men. II. custom, usage, habit: in pl., like Lat. mores, the disposition, temper, character.

ἡθον, imp. of αἰθω.

ἡθροισα, aor. I of ἀθροίζω.

ἡθροίσθη, ἡθροισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἀθροίζω.

ἡία contr. ἡῖ, τᾶ, (ἡία, contr. ἡα, impf. of εἶμι ἰβο) provisions for a journey, Lat. viaticum: generally, food, meat. II. chaff, husks. [ῖ]

ἡία, Ion. for ἡειν, impf. of εἶμι ἰβο: 3 sing. ἡιε, 3 pl. ἡιον or ἡισαν.

ἡίδεος Att. contr. ἡιδεος, δ, α youth come to manhood, but not yet married, a bachelor, answering to the fem. παρθένος:—rarely in fem. ἡιδέη, a young girl.

ἡίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. plpf. of εἶκα (as if from ἡίγημι).

ἡίξα, aor. I of αἰζω.

ἡῖοις, εσσα, εν, (ἡῖών) with high, steep banks.

ἡῖον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἡῖος, δ, epith. of Phoebus, from the cry ἦ, ἦ.

ἡῖσαν, Ep. for ἡέσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἡῖσκον, impf. of εἶσκω.

ἡῖσον, impf. of αἰσσω.

ἡῖχθη, aor. I pass. of αἰσσω.

ἩΙΩ'Ν Att. ἡῖών Dor. αἰών, ὄνος, ἡ, a sea-bank,

the shore, beach: also a river-bank. [ῖ]

ἡῖων, ονος, ἡ, (αἰώ) a bearing, report.

ἩΚΑ, Adv. of Sound, low, tranquilly.

II. of

Motion, slightly, a little: softly, gently.

III. of

Sight, smoothly, sleekly. [ᾶ]

ἡκα, aor. I of ἴημι.

ἡκαῖον, Att. impf. of εἰκάω.

ἡκαρείσθε, 2 pl. impf. of ἀκαρέομαι.

ἡκασα, ἡκασθη, Att. aor. I act. and med. of εἰκάω.

ἡκασμαι, Att. pf. pass. of εἰκάω.

ἡκάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀχέω.

ἡκέσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἀκέομαι.

ἡ-κεστος, η, ον, for ἀ-κεστος, (α privat., κεντέω) unyoked: free from labour.

ἡκή, ἡ, Ion. for ἀκή, ἀκακή.

ἡκισάμην, aor. I med. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκισθη, ἡκισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of αἰκίζω.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. from the Adv. ἡκα, gentlest, slowest.

ἡκιστος, η, ον, Sup. of Comp. ἡσσαν, the worst, least, poorest, meanest:—Adv. ἡκιστα, least (κακός or μικρός is used as positive).

ἡκμάσα, aor. I of ἀκμάζω.

ἡκολούθησα, aor. I of ἀκολουθέω.

ἡκόντισα, aor. I of ἀκοντίζω.

ἡ-κου, Ion. and Dor. for ἡπον.

ἡκουσα, aor. I of ἀκούω.

ἡκουσμαι, pf. pass. of ἀκούω.

ἡκρωμην, ἡκρωσάμην, impf. and aor. I of ἀκρωόμαι.

ἡκρωτηρίασα, ἡκρωτηρίασμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀκρωτηριάω.

ἩΚΩ, impf. ἡκων; fut. ἡξω:—properly I have come, am here, Lat. adsum; the impf. taking a plqpf. sense, I had come, was here, Lat. aderam:—then loosely to come. II. to have come to, reached a point: εἰς τοῦτο τόλμης ἡκειν to have reached this pitch of audacity. 2. with gen. and an Adv., εἰ ἡκειν τινός to be well off for a thing, have plenty of it. 3. to have come to, to relate or belong to.

ἡλάθη [ᾶ], aor. I pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἡλαῖων, Ion. and poet. for ἐλαίνω, (ἀλάομαι) to wander, stray: to wander in mind, be mad.

ἡλάκατα, ὠν, τᾶ, the wool on the distaff.

ἡλακάτη, ἡ, a distaff, Lat. colus: also a spindle: later of things of the same shape, as II. the joint of a reed or cane. III. an arrow, like ἀτρακτος, Lat. arundo.

ἡλάλαξα, aor. I of ἀλαλάω.

ἡλαλον, poet. aor. 2 of ἀλέξω.

ἡλάμην, aor. I med. of ἀλλομαι.

ἡλάσα, ἡλάσθη, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλαίνω.

ἡλασκάω, (ἀλόμαι) to wander away from; ἐμόν μένος ἡλασκάξει be flees from or sbuns my wrath. II. trans. to drive to and fro.

ἡλάσσω, Ep. form of ἀλόμαι, ἀλαῖων, to wander, stray, roam about.

ἡλάστεον, impf. of ἀλαστέω.

ἡλάτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀλόμαι.

ἡλάττωσα, ἡλαττώθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἑλασσω.

ἡλγησα, aor. I of ἀλγέω.

ἡλγύνα, ἡλγύνθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλγύνω.

ἡλδᾶνε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀλδαίνω.

ἡλειψα, ἡλείφθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλεάμην, aor. I of ἁλέομαι.

ἡλέγχθην, aor. I pass. of ἐλέγχω.

ἡλεκτρον, τό, and ἡλεκτρος, ὁ and ἡ, (ἡλέκτωρ) *electron*, mentioned in the *Odyssey* along with copper, gold, silver, and ivory, a *metallic substance* consisting of *gold* alloyed with *silver*:—in Ar. Eq. 5.32 ἐκπιπτουσάν τῶν ἡλέκτρων, it seems to mean, *the pegs of his lyre inlaid with electron*. II. *amber*.

ἡλεκτρο-φάῃς, ἐς, (ἡλεκτρον, φάος) *amber-gleaming*.

ἡλεκτρον, opos, ὁ, *the beaming sun*: as Adj., ἡλέκτωρ

Ἰπερίων bearing *Hyperion*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλεός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡλεός) *wandering in mind, distracted, crazed*.

II. *act. distracting, crazing*.

ἡλεάστος Dor. ἄλ-, ὄν, (ἡλεός, ἡλός) *distracted, silly, trifling, vain*.

ἡλεσα, aor. I of ἀλέω, to *grind*.

ἡλεύατο, Ep. for ἡλεύσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ἀλέομαι = ἀλέομαι.

ἡλήλαντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ἑλαύνω.

ἡλήλατο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἑαύνω.

ἡληλίμην, plqpf. pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἡλθον, contr. of ἡλυθον, aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἡλιάζω, = ἡλιώω, (ἥλιος) *to warm in the sun*. II.

Med. ἡλιάζομαι, *to sit in the court* Ἡλιαία.

ἡλιαία, ἡ, (ἀλής, ἀλία) *at Athens a hall in which the chief law-court was held: the Heliaea or supreme law-court*.

ἡλιάζει, Dor. 2 sing. fut. of ἡλιάζομαι.

ἡλιαστῆς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἡλιάζομαι) *a jurymen in the court Heliaea, a Heliast*. Hence

ἡλιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or belonging to a Heliast*.

ἡλιβάτος, ὄν, *steep, abrupt, precipitous: high, huge, enormous*. II. like Lat. *altus*, *deep, profound*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ἡλιθα, Adv. (ἄλις) *enough, sufficiently: abundantly*.

ἡλιθιάζω, *to speak or act idly, foolishly*. From

ἡλιθίος Dor. ἄλιθ-, α, ὄν, (ἡλός, ἡλεός) *idle, trifling, vain, foolish, silly*. Adv. *-τως*. Hence

ἡλιθιώω, f. ὦσω, *to make foolish, to distract, craze*.

ἡλικία, ἡ, (ἡλιξ) *time of life, age*. 2. *the vigour or prime of life, manhood; οἱ ἐν ἡλικίᾳ men of age fit for service:—youthful heat and passion*. II.

as Subst., = οἱ ἡλικες, *those of the same age, fellows, comrades, mates*. III. generally, *age, time: later an age*, Lat. *seculum*. IV. of the body, *stature, growth, bulk*. Hence

ἡλικιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *-ῶτις, ἴδος, an equal in age, fellow, comrade*, Lat. *aequalis*.

ἡλικίος, ἡ, ὄν, *Relat. to ἡλικίος or τηλικούτος, as Lat. quantum to tantus, as big as, as tall as, as great as*. 2. in indirect questions, *how great or strong: also how old, at what age: as old as*. [ῥ] From

ἩΛΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, *of the same age*, Lat. *aequalis*:—as Subst. a *fellow, comrade, mate*.

ἡλιό-βλητος, ὄν, (ἥλιος, βάλλω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-καῦσις, ἐς, (ἥλιος, κάω, καίω) *sun-burnt*.

ἡλιό-καυστος, ὄν, = ἡλιοκάσις.

ἡλιο-μάνης, ἐς, (ἥλιος, μανῆναι) *dotting on the sun, mad for love of the sun*.

ἥλιος Dor. ἄλιος poet. ἡέλιος, ὁ, (ἔλη Lat. sol) *the sun; πρὸς Ἡῶ τ' Ἡελίων τε toward the morn and rising sun, i. e. the East, opp. to πρὸς ζόφον, the land of darkness or West; so also Herodotus opposes πρὸς ἡῶ τε καὶ ἥλιον ἀνατολὰς το πρὸς ἐσπέριν*. 2.

day, like Lat. sol. 3. οἱ ἥλιοι *the sun-beams*, like Lat. soles. II. as prop. n. *Helios, the sun-god*, who after the time of Aeschylus was identified with Apollo or Phoebus.

ἡλιο-στερής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στερέω) *shading from the sun*.

ἡλιο-στιβής, ἐς, (ἥλιος, στιβεῖν) *sun-trodden, exposed to the sun*.

ἡλιώω, f. ὦσω, (ἥλιος) *to warm in the sun:—Pass. to bask in the sun, be lighted and heated by the sun*.

ἡλίσα, ἡλίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἀλίξω.

ἡλίσα, ἡλίκα, aor. I and pf. of ἀλίθω.

ἡλίτων, aor. 2 of ἀλιταίνω.

ἡλίτο-εργός, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, ἔργον) *missing the work, failing in one's end or aim*.

ἡλίτο-μηνος, ὄν, (ἀλιταίνω, μῆν) *missing the right month, untimely born*.

ἡλίφθην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of ἀλείφω.

ἩΛΙΨ, ἴπος, ὁ, said to be a *Dorian sboc*.

ἡλύωσα, aor. I both of ἀλιώω and of ἡλιώω.

ἡλιώτης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *-ῶτις, ἴδος, poet. ἡελ-, (ἥλιος) of or belonging to the sun*.

ἡλικησα, aor. I of ἐλκέω.

ἡλικωμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἐλκέω.

ἡλλάγη, -χθην, aor. 2 and I pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλαγμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλάσα, aor. I of ἀλλάσσω.

ἡλλοίωσα, ἡλλοίωμαι, aor. I act. and pf. pass. of ἀλλοιώω.

ἡλόση, Ep. ἡλοίγησα, aor. I of ἀλοάω.

ἡλοκίμαι, pf. pass. of ἀλοκίω.

ἩΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *nail, stud: more for ornament than use*.

ἡλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἄη) *wandering, crazy, silly*.

ἡλπето, 3 sing. impf. of ἔλπομαι.

ἡλπητο, ἡλπίσθην, aor. I act. and pass. of ἐλπίζω.

ἡλσάμην, aor. I med. of εἰλω.

ἡλύγη [ῥ], ἡ, (ἡλύξ) *shadow, darkness: metaph., δίκες ἡλύγη the darkness or obscurity of a law-suit*.

ἡλύθον, Ep. for ἡλθον, aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.

ἡλύξ, ὄντος, ὁ, *darkness, only found in compd. ἐπήλυξ. (Formed from λύγη, with a prefix.)*

ἡλύξα, aor. I of ἀλύσσω.

Ἡλύσιον πεδῖον, τό, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) *the Elysian fields: later without πεδῖον, Elysium*.

Homer places it on the west border of the earth; Hesiod and Pindar in the μακρῶν νῆσου.

ἡλύσιος, α, ὄν, *coming: or Elysian*. [ῥ] From

ἡλυστος, εως, ἡ, (ἐλεύσομαι, fut. of ἔρχομαι) a coming: a step. 2. a coming event, the future.

ἡλφον, aor. 2 of ἀλφάω.

ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐάλωκα, pf. of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλωκα, Ion. for ἐάλωκα, aor. 2 of ἀλίσκομαι.

ἡλώμων, impf. of ἀλάομαι.

ἡμα, τό, (ἰημι) that which is thrown, a dart, javelin.

ἡμαῖθόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἀμαθος) Ion. for ἀμ-, sandy.

ἡμαι, ἦσαι, ἦται, 3 pl. ἦνται Ion. ἔαται Ep. εἶαται; imperat. ἦσο, ἦσθω, etc.; inf. ἦσαι; part. ἦμενος; impf. ἦμην, ἦσο, ἦστο, 3 pl. ἦντο Ion. ἔατο Ep. εἶατο:—only used in pres. and impf. (which are properly pf. and plqpf. of ἐζομαι), to be set, to sit: often with collat. sense to tarry, linger, loiter: ἦμενος χάρις, like εἰαμένη, a low, sunken place. It is rarely used c. acc., ἦσαι σέλωμα to sit on a bench.

ἡμαρ Dor. ἄμαρ, ἄτος, τό, poet. for ἡμέρα, day; αἰσιμον ἡμαρ, μόρσιμον ἡμαρ the day of destiny, day of death; ἐλεύθερον, δούλιον ἡμαρ the day of freedom, of slavery, i. e. freedom, slavery itself; of the seasons, ὀπωρινόν, χειμέριον ἡμαρ autumn, winter time; ἐπ' ἡματι day by day, daily, but ἐπ' ἡμαρ by day; κατ' ἡμαρ, day by day; παρ' ἡμαρ every other day, Lat. alternis diebus: also, ἡμαρ as Adv., by day, opp. to νύκτωρ.

ἡμαρτηκα, ἡμαρτησα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἡμαρτον, aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἡματίος, α, ον, (ἡμαρ) poet. for ἡμερήσιος, by day: day by day, daily.

ἡματώμαι, pf. pass. of αἵματός.

ἡμβλωκα, ἡμβλωσα, pf. and aor. 1 of ἀμβλίσκω.

ἡμβροτον, inf. ἀμβροτεῖν, Ep. aor. 2 of ἀμαρτάνω.

ἡμεδαπός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡμεῖς) of our land or country, native, Lat. nostras.

ἡμεῖς, ἡμᾶς, nom. and acc. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμεलगον, impf. of ἀμελέω.

ἡμελημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ἀμελέω, in a neglectful manner.

ἡμελλον, Att. impf. of μέλλω.

ἡ-δέ . . ἡ-δέ . . , (ἡ, μέν) poet. for καί . . , καί . . , as well . . , as also . . , Lat. et . . , et . . : also disjunctive, if . . , or if . . , whether . . , whether . . , Lat. vel . . , vel . . , or sive . . , sive . .

ἡμεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμεν, Dor. for εἶναι, inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἩΜΕΡΑ Ion. ἡμέρη Dor. ἄμερα, ἡ, day: the light of day; ἄμ' ἡμέρα or ἄμα τῆ ἡμέρα with dawn of day, with day-break; δι' ἡμέρας all day long; διὰ τρίτης ἡμέρας every third day, Lat. tertio quoque die; ἐφ' ἡμέραν sufficient for the day, or daily; καθ' ἡμέραν day by day; μεθ' ἡμέραν by day, Lat. interdū; ὄψε τῆς ἡμέρας late in the day; πρὸς ἡμέραν towards or near day.

II. metaph. life: παλαιὰ ἡμέρα old age; νέα ἡμέρα youth. Hence

ἡμερεύω, f. σω, to pass the day; ἡμερεύειν μακρὰς κελύθου to rest the day after a long journey. 2. to pass one's days, live.

ἡμερήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἡμέρα) of or for the day, by day. II. a day long; ἡμερησια ὁδός a day's journey.

ἡμερία, ἡ, = ἡμέρα.

ἡμερινός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμερήσιος, by day, opp. to νυκτερινός by night; ἄγγελος ἡμερινός a day-messenger.

II. = ἐφήμερος, for the day, perishable.

ἡμέριος, ον, also α, ον, (ἡμέρα) of a day, lasting or living but a day.

ἡμερίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἡμερος, cultivated, opp. to ἀγριος, wild:—as Subst. the vine.

ἡμερο-δρόμος, ον, (ἡμέρα, δραμεῖν) running the live-long day:—as Subst. a day-runner, a courier.

ἡμερο-θαλάης, ἐς, Dor. for sq.

ἡμερο-θηλάης, ἐς, (ἡμερος, θάλλω) gently-sprouting.

ἡμερό-κουτος, ον, (ἡμέρα, κοίτη) sleeping by day, i. e. awake by night, epith. of a thief.

ἡμερο-λεγδόν, Adv. (ἡμέρα, λέγω) counting every day, day by day, every day.

ἡμερο-λογέω, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) to count by days, register.

ἡμερο-λόγιον, τό, (ἡμέρα, λέγω) a calendar, almanack.

ἩΜΕΡΟΣ, ον, also α, ον, tame, reclaimed, domestic, of animals; of trees, cultivated:—opp. to ἀγριος, wild. II. metaph. of men, gentle, civilised.

ἡμερο-σκοπός, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, σκοπέω) watching by day: as Subst. a day-watcher.

ἡμερό-φαντος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φαίνομαι) appearing by day.

ἡμερο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ἡμέρα, φύλαξ) watching by day.

ἡμερό-φωνος, ον, (ἡμέρα, φωνέω) epith. of the cock, herald of day.

ἡμερόω, f. ὠσω, (ἡμερος) to tame, make tame, reclaim: of trees, to cultivate. 2. metaph. of men, to soothe, conciliate: also to tame by conquest, subdue.

ἡμες, Dor. inf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμετέριος, α, ον, = ἡμεδαπός.

ἡμετέρος, α, ον, (ἡμεῖς) our, Lat. noster; eis ἡμετέρον (sub. δῶμα) to our house.

ἡμερον, Ion. and Ep. gen. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμην, rare Att. form for ἦν, impf. of εἰμι sum.

ἡμην, impf. of ἡμαι.

ἡμί, the same as ἡμίμ, I say, Lat. inquam; παῖ, ἡμί, παῖ, boy, I say, boy!—impf. 1 and 3 sing., ἦν δ' ἐγώ said I, ἦ δ' ὄς said be, are freq. in Att. Homer has only 3 sing. impf. ἦ, be spoke.

ἩΜΙ-, freq. as a prefix, half-, Lat. semi-: the Adj. is ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-ανδρος, ὁ, (ἡμ-, ἀνήρ) a half-man, eunuch.

ἡμί-άνθρωπος, ὁ, = ἡμιάνδρος.

ἡμί-βρεχής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, βρέχομαι) half-watered.

ἡμί-βρωσ, ὄτος, ὁ, ἡ, and ἡμί-βρωτος, ον, (ἡμ-, βιβρώσκω) half-eaten.

ἡμί-γένειος, ον, (ἡμ-, γένειον) with but half a beard.

ἡμί-γυμνος, ον, (ἡμ-, γυμνός) half-naked.

ἡμί-δαής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, δαίω) half-burnt.

ἡμί-δαρεκόν, τό, (ἡμ-, δαρεκός) a half-daric.

ἡμί-δεής, ἐς, (ἡμ-, δέω) wanting half, half-full.

ἡμί-διπλοῦσιον Att. contr. —οἰδιον, τό, (ἡμ-, διπλοῖς) a half-sbawl, or sbawl doubled in half.

ἡμί-δουλος, ον, a half-slave.

ἡμι-εκτέον, τό, a *half-έκτης*, i. e. a *twelfth part* of a *medimnus*.

ἡμι-έλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, a *half-Greek*.

ἡμι-εργής, ἔς, and ἡμι-έργος, ον, (ἡμι-, *εργω) *half-made*.

ἡμι-εφθος, ον, (ἡμι-, ἔψω) *half-boiled, half-cooked*.

ἡμι-θάλης, ἔς, (ἡμι-, θαλεῖν) *half-green*.

ἡμι-θάνής, ἔς, (ἡμι-, θανεῖν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θεός Dor. ἄμ-, ὁ, ἡ, a *god, demigod*.

ἡμιθνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἡμι-, θανέειν) *half-dead*.

ἡμι-θραυστος, ον, (ἡμι-, θραύω) *half-broken*.

ἡμι-κάκος, ον, a *rogue by halves, half a villain*.

ἡμι-κληριον, τό, (ἡμι-, κληρος) *half the inheritance*.

ἡμι-κραρα, ἡ, *half the head or face*.

ἡμι-λεπτος, ον, (ἡμι-, λέπω) *half-peeled, half-batched*.

ἡμι-λευκος, ον, *half-white*.

ἡμιλλήθην, ἡμιλλημαι, aor. I and pf. of ἀμιλλάσμαι.

ἡμι-μάνής, ἔς, (ἡμι-, μανῆαι) *half-mad*.

ἡμι-μάραντος, ον, (ἡμι-, μαραινόμεαι) *half-withered or faded*. [ᾶ]

ἡμι-μεθής, ἔς, (ἡμι-, μέθη) *half-drunk*.

ἡμι-μναῖος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, μνᾶ) of, amounting to a *half-mina* : ἡμιμναῖον, τό, as Subst. a *half-mina*.

ἡμιον or ἡμίον, dat. pl. of ἐγώ.

ἡμι-ξηρος, ον, *half-dry*.

ἡμιόλια (ναῖς), ἡ, a *light ship with one and a half bank of oars*. Fem. from

ἡμι-όλιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, ὄλος) *one and a half, half as much again* ; ἡμιόλια τοῦ τότε καθεστῶτος μέτρου *half as large again* as the customary size ; ἡμιόλιον οὐ πρότερον ἔφερον *one half more than they used to receive before*.

ἡμίονος, α, ον, (ἡμίονος) of a *mule* ; ἄμαξα ἡμιονεία a *car drawn by mules* ; ζυγὸν ἡμίονειον a *team of mules*.

ἡμιονικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ἡμίονος.

ἡμί-ονος, ἡ or ὁ, (ἡμι-, ὄνος) a *half-ass, a mule*. II. as Adj., βρέφος ἡμίονον a *mule-foal*.

ἡμί-οπος, ον, (ἡμι-, ὀπή) with *half its proper number of holes* ; ἡμιποιο αὐλοῖς *flutes with only three holes*.

ἡμί-οπτος, ον, *half-roasted*.

ἡμι-πέλεκκον, τό, (ἡμι-, πέλεκυς) a *half-axe, a single edged axe*, opp. to ἀμφιπέλεκκον.

ἡμι-πλέθρον, τό, a *half-πλήθρον*, i. e. 50 *feet*.

ἡμι-πλίνθιον, τό, (ἡμι-πλίνθος) a *half-plinth, a brick*, Lat. *semilaterium*.

ἡμι-πνοῦς, ον, contr. —πνοῦς, ον, (ἡμι-, πνέω) *half-breathing, half-choked*.

ἡμι-πύρωτος, ον, (ἡμι-, πυρώω) *half-burnt*. [ῥ]

ἡμίσειος, nom. pl. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμίσεια, ἡ, a *half*, fem. of ἡμισυς.

ἡμί-σοφος, ον, *half-wise*.

ἡμι-σπαστος, ον, (ἡμι-, σπάω) *half torn down*.

ἡμι-στάδιαιος, α, ον, (ἡμι-, στάδιον) of *half a stadium*.

ἡμι-στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, a *half-soldier*.

ἡμι-στρόγγυλος, ον, *half-round*.

*ΗΜΙΣΤΥΣ, εια, υ ; Ion. fem. ἡμισυα : gen. ἡμίσειος rarely —εως, fem. ἡμίσειος Ion. —εας : nom. pl. ἡμίσειες Att. —εις :—*half, Lat. SEMIS* : in plur. it sometimes agrees with the Subst., as ἡμίσεις λαοὶ *half the people* ; in Att. the Subst. is commonly in genit., but gives its gender and number to the Adj., as at ἡμίσειαι τῶν νεῶν *half the ships* ; so also, ἡμισυς λόγος *half the tale* ; ἡμισυς τεῖχος *half the wall* ; neut. sing. ἡμισυς as Subst. a *half, half, ἡμισυς τιμῆς*.

ἡμι-τάλαντον, τό, a *half-talent*, as a weight ; τρίτον ἡμιτάλαντον *two talents and a half* (cf. Lat. *sestertius*) ; but, τρία ἡμιτάλαντα *three half-talents*.

ἡμιτέλεια, ἡ, (ἡμιτελής) a *remission of half*.

ἡμι-τέλεστος, ον, (ἡμι-, τελέω) *half-finished*.

ἡμι-τελής, ἔς, (ἡμι-, τέλος) *half-finished, half-accomplished, half-perfect* ; δόμος ἡμιτελής a *house but half complete*, i. e. *wanting its master*.

ἡμι-τομος, ον, (ἡμι-, τεμείνω) *half cut through* : cut in two : τὸ ἡμίτομον a *half*.

ἡμιτύβιον, τό, a *strong linen cloth, towel, napkin*. (Prob. an Egypt. word.)

ἡμι-φάης, ἔς, (ἡμι-, φάος) *half-sbining*.

ἡμι-φάλακρος, ον, *half-bald*.

ἡμι-φαυλος, ον, *half-knavish*.

ἡμι-φλεκτος, ον, (ἡμι-, φλέγω) *half-burnt*.

ἡμιβολαῖος, α, ον, *worth half an obol*. From

ἡμι-ωβόλιον or —ωβέλιον, τό, a *half-obol*. From

ἡμι-ώβολον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὀβελός) a *half-obol*.

ἡμι-ώριον, τό, (ἡμι-, ὠρα) a *half-hour*.

ἡμμαί, pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡμος Dor. ἄμος, ποῖτ. Adv., relat. to τῆμος as ὅτε to τότε : *when, while, so long as*.

ἡμιπεσχόμην, aor. 2 med. of ἀμπέχω.

ἡμός, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. ἄμός, for ἡμέτερος.

ἡμιον, impf. of ἐμέω.

ἡμιπέδου, impf. of ἐμπεδώ.

ἡμιπόληκα, —ησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμιπόλων, impf. of ἐμπολάω.

ἡμιπλακον, aor. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.

ἡμῦνα, aor. I of ἀμύνα.

ἡμύσειος, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ἡμύω.

ἡμύστικα, pf. of ἀμύστω.

ἡμύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ] : aor. I ἡμῦσα : (μύω) :—*to sink, droop, bow down* ; ἡμυσε κάρη *his head dropped*, of a dying man ; of a corn-field, ἡμύει ἀσταχέεσσι *it bows down with its ears* ; of cities, *to totter to their fall* : later to fall, *perish*.

ἡμφεγνόησα, ἡμφεγνόου, aor. I and impf. of ἀμφεγνώω.

ἡμφεσβήτηον or ἡμφισ-, impf. of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφεσβήτησα or ἡμφισ-, aor. I of ἀμφισβητέω.

ἡμφίσεια, aor. I of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμφίσειμαί, pf. pass. of ἀμφιέννυμι.

ἡμων, contr. impf. of ἀμάω.

ἡμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἡμι) a *thrower, darter, slinger*.

ἦν, contr. from ἐάν, conditional Conj., always followed by Subj. *if, in case that* ; ἦν μὴ *unless* : in indirect questions, *if, whether*.

ἦν, Interject. see! see there! Lat. *en!*
 ἦν, 1 and 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί *sum*.
 ἦν, impf. of ἡμί = φημί.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of relat. Pron. ὅς, *who*.
 ἦν, acc. fem. of possess. Pron. ὅς, *his, bis*.
 ἦναίετο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἡνάλωσα, ἡνάλωκα, later forms for ἀναλ-, aor. I and pf. of ἀναλίσκω.
 ἦναρον, aor. 2 of ἐναίρω.
 ἦνδανε, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνδάνω.
 ἦνδραποδίσσα, -ίσθη, -ισμαι, v. ἀνδραποδίζω.
 ἦναντιόθη, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναντιόω.
 ἦναρίσθη, -ισμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of ἐναρίζω.
 ἦνεκα, aor. I of φέρω.
 ἦνεγκον, aor. 2 of φέρω.
 ἦνέθη, aor. I pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνεκα, Ion. aor. I of φέρω.
 ἦνειχόμη, impf. med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνεκα, Att. pf. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνεκῆς, ἐς, (*ἐνέκα, v. φέρω) *continuous, long*.
 ἦνεμοῖς, ἐσσα, ἐν, (ἀνεμος) *windy, airy, high, elevated*.
 II. *light as air, subtle; φρόνημα ἦνεμόεν airy, winged thought*.
 ἦνεον, ἦνεσα, Att. impf. and aor. I of ἀνέω.
 ἦνεσχόμη, aor. 2 med. of ἀνέχω.
 ἦνετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνω.
 ἦνέθη, aor. I pass. of φέρω.
 ἦνέωγα, A. t. pf. of ἀνοίγω.
 ἦνημαι, pf. pass. of αἰνέω.
 ἦνηνάμη, aor. I of ἀναίνομαι.
 ἦνησα, aor. I of αἰνέω.
 ἦνθισμένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀνθίζω.
 ἦνθομος, Dor. 1 pl. aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.
 ἦνθο, Dor. aor. 2 of ἐρχομαι.
 ἦνθράκωμαι, pf. of ἀνθρακίζομαι.
 ἦνί, Interject. = ἦν, cf. ἦνιδε.
 ἦνία, 3 sing. impf. of ἀνιάω.
 ἦνία, ἰων, τὰ, *the reins*: Homer uses this neut. form only, and always in plur.: cf. ἦνία, ἦ.
 ἦΝΙΑ, ἦ, *a bridle, a rein*: metaph., χαλάσαι τὰς ἦνίας τοῖς λόγοις *to give a free rein to one's words*, Lat. *immittere habenas*. II. *any leathern thong, a shoe-string*.
 ἦνιγμαι, pf. pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦν-ιδε, Interject., (ἦν, ἴδε) *see! see there!*
 ἦνικά, Adv., relat. to τῆνικα or τοτῆνικα, *when, at which time, at the time when; c. optat. whenever*.
 ἦνιξάμη, aor. I of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνιοποιεῖον, τό, *a saddler's shop*. From ἦνιο-ποιός, ὄ, (ἦνία, ποιέω) *a bridle-maker, saddler*.
 ἦνιστροφέω, f. ἦσω, *to guide by reins, to drive*.
 From ἦνιο-στροφός, ον, (ἦνία, στρέφω) *guiding by reins*: —as Subst. a *charioteer*.
 ἦνιο-οχεύς, ἕως Ion. ἦνος, poet. for ἦνιοχος.
 ἦνιο-οχεύω and -έω, *to be charioteer, hold the reins, drive*. II. *to bridle, govern, control*. From ἦνιο-οχος, ὄ, (ἦνία, ἔχω) *holding the reins, a driver,*

charioteer, who drove while the warrior (παραβάτης) fought. 2. metaph. *one who guides or controls*.
 ἦνιπάπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐνίπτω.
 ἦνίς, ἰος, ἦ, nom. pl. ἦνίς, (ἔνος) *a year old, yearling*.
 [acc. ἦνιν.]
 ἦνίχθη, aor. I pass. of αἰνίσσομαι.
 ἦνον, impf. of ἀνω.
 ἦνορέα Ep. and Ion. -έη, ἦ, (ἀνῆρ) *manhood*.
 ἦνοσι, ὀμος, ὄ, ἦ, in Hom. always in phrase, ἦνοσι χαλαῖω with *glittering, flashing brass*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἦντεβόλησα, aor. I of ἀντιβολέω.
 ἦντεον, Ion. impf. of ἀντάω.
 ἦντιάζω, ἦντιάζω, impf. and aor. I of ἀντιάζω.
 ἦντιληκός, pf. part. of ἀντλέω.
 ἦντο, 3 pl. impf. of ἦμαι.
 ἦνυκα, ἦνυσμαι, pf. act. and pass. of ἀνύω, ἀνύτω.
 ἦνυστρον, τό, (ἀνύω) *the fourth stomach of ruminating animals, in which the digestion was completed*.
 ἦνυτο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ἀνύω.
 ἦνώγα, Ion. plqpf. of ἀνωγα.
 ἦνώγειν, plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ἀνωγα.
 ἦνώρθου, impf. of ἀνορθύω.
 ἦνώχληκα, ἦνώχλησα, pf. and aor. I of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦνώχλων, -ομήν, impf. act. and pass. of ἐνοχλέω.
 ἦξα, aor. I both of ἄγω *to lead*, and ἄγωμι *to break*.
 ἦξα, aor. I of ἀίσσω (contr. from αἰίσσω).
 ἦξείς, ἦξῶ, Dor. for ἦξεις, ἦξω, fut. of ἦκα.
 ἦξίωμαι, pf. pass. of ἀξίω.
 ἦοί, dat. of ἦός.
 ἦοῖος, *a, ov*, (ἦός) = ἦῶς, ἔῶς, *in the morning; toward morning, eastern*, Lat. *orientalis*, opp. to ἐσπερίος. II. as Subst., ἦοίη (sub. ὄρα), ἦ, *the morning; πᾶσαν ἦοίην ἄνι the morning*.
 ἦομεν, 1 pl. impf. of εἰμι *ibo*.
 ἦόνιος, *a, ov*, (ἦῶν) contr. from ἦόνιος, *on the shore*.
 ἦπίαμαι, aor. I inf. of ἡπῆσασθαι *to mend*.
 ἦΠΙΑΡ, ἄτος, τό, *the liver*, Lat. *jecur*: represented as the seat of the passions, esp. anger and love.
 ἦπάτηκα, ἦπάτησα, pf. and aor. I of ἀπατάω.
 ἦπάτιον, τό, Dim. of ἦπαρ.
 ἦπάφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἀπάφισκω.
 ἦπεδάνος, ἦ, ὄν, *weak, infirm; maimed, halting*: c. gen. *void of*. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ἦπέλησα, aor. I of ἀπειλέω.
 ἦπειρο-γενής, ἐς, (ἦπειρος, *ἡένω) *living on the mainland*.
 ἦπειρόνδε, Adv. (ἦπειρος) *to the mainland*.
 ἦ-πειρος, for ἀπειρος (sc. γῆ), ἦ, *the mainland, continent, of the land, as opp. to the sea; κατ' ἦπειρον by land; hence even an island is called ἦπειρος*. II. *the mainland of Greece, as opp. to its islands*: part of which was afterwards called Ἠπειρος as n. pr.: Asia was specially called ἦ ἦπειρος *the Continent*; and αἱ δισσαὶ ἦπειροί, *the two continents*, are Europe and Asia. Hence
 ἦπειρόω, f. ὄσω, *to make into mainland*: —Pass. *to become so, when an island is joined to the mainland*.

ἡπειρώτης, *ov, ó, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, (ἡπειρος) of the mainland, born or living thereon; ἡπειρώτις ξυμμαχία alliance with a military power, opp. to ναυτική ξυμμαχία.* II. of or on the mainland of Asia, Asiatic.

ἡπειρωτικός, *ή, óν, (ἡπειρώτης) of or for the inhabitants of the mainland, continental.*

ἡ-περ ποῖτ. ἡέ-περ, Conj. (*ή, περ*) *than, than even.*
 ἡ-περ, Adv., properly dat. of ὄσπερ, *in the same way as, just as.*

ἡ-περοσύνη, gen. ἑως Ion. ἦος, *δ, = ἡπεροπεντής.*

ἡπεροπεντής, *οὐ, δ, a cheat, deceiver.* From ἡπεροπέω, *f. σω, to cheat, deceive, cozen.*

ἡπητής, *οὐ, δ, (ἡπάμοι) a mender, cobbler.*

ἡπιᾶλω, *to have a fever or ague.* From ἡπιᾶλος (sub. πυρετός), *δ, a fever attended with shivering, ague.* II. *the nightmare.*

ἡπιό-δίνωτος, *ον, (ἡπιος, δινέω) softly-rolling.*

ἡπιό-δωρος, *ον, (ἡπιος, δᾶρον) giving welcome gifts.*

ἡπιό-θυμός, *ον, (ἡπιος, θυμός) gentle of mood.*

*ἨΠΙΟΞ, *α, ον, Att. os, ov, gentle, mild, kind.* II. act. *soothing, assuaging, calming.*

ἡπιό-χειρ, *δ, ή, (ἡπιος, χεῖρ) with soothing hand.*

ἡπιός, Adv. of ἡπιος, *gently, mildly.*

ἡπλακον, for ἡμπλακον, *αορ. 2 of ἀμπλακίσκω.*

ἡ-που, or ή που, Adv. of *as, or perhaps, as perhaps.*

ἡπου or ή που, Adv. of *a truth, doubtless, I presume: after a negat., much less.* II. in a question, *is it then?*

ἡπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ἄπτω.

ἡπυτά [ῦ], *δ, Adj. masc. calling, crying; ἡπύτα κήρυξ the loud-voiced herald: in form like ἱπύοτα.* From

ἡπύω Dor. ἀπύω [ᾱ]: *f. ὕσω [ῦ]: αορ. I ἡπύσα: (ἔπος, εἰπεῖν):—to call on, call out or forth, invoke.*

II. absol. *to call aloud, shout, speak; of the lyre, to sound; of the wind, to bowl, roar.*

*ἨΡ, τό, ποῖτ. for ἔαρ, *spring, Lat. VER: gen. and dat. ἥρος, ἥρι are the only cases used in Prose.*

ἥρᾱ, 3 sing. impf. of ἐράω.

ἥρᾱ, 1 sing. aor. 1 of αἶρω.

ἥρα (*ἥρᾶρον* aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω) always joined with φέρειν or its compds., *to bring what is pleasant, to do a kindness; cp. ἐπίηρα.*

*ἩΡΑ Ion. *Ἡρη, ή, *Hera, the Roman Juno, queen of the gods, sister and wife of Zeus.* Hence

Ἡραῖος, *α, ον, of or belonging to Hera: τὸ Ἡραῖον, (ἱερόν) the temple of Hera, Heraeum: τὰ Ἡραῖα, (ἱερά) her festival.*

ἩΡΑΚΛΕΗΣ contr. Ἡρακλῆς, *δ: gen. Ἡρακλέος contr. Ἡρακλέους Ep. Ἡρακλῆος: dat. Ἡρακλέει contr. Ἡρακλέει Ἡρακλεί Ep. Ἡρακλήϊ: acc. Ἡρακλέῃ contr. Ἡρακλέῃ Ep. Ἡρακλῆα rarely Ἡρακλῆ later also Ἡρακλῆν: voc. Ἡράκλες, Ἡράκλεις: in Ion. also declined Ἡρακλέος—κλεῦς, Ἡρακλεί, Ἡρακλεῖα:—Heraclēs, Lat. Hercules, son of Zeus and Alcmena, the most famous of the Greek heroes: the*

vocat. Ἡράκλεις is commonly an exclamation of surprise or disgust. Hence

Ἡράκλειος, *α, ον, also os, ον, Ep. Ἡρακλήϊος, η, ον:—of or belonging to Hercules; βῆη Ἡρακλήϊη the might of Hercules, i. e. Hercules himself; Ἡράκλεια στήλαι the pillars of Hercules, the opposite headlands of Gibraltar and Ceuta:—τὸ Ἡράκλειον Ion. -ήϊον, the temple of Hercules: τὰ Ἡράκλεια his festival.* II. Ἡράκλεια λουτρά *hot baths.*

Ἡρακλῆς, contr. from Ἡρακλῆς.

ἡράμνη, *αορ. I med. of αἶρω:—also impf. of ἔραμαι. ἡράρον, es, e, aor. 2 of ἀραρίσκω.*

ἡρᾶσάμνη, *αορ. I med. of ἐράομαι.*

ἡράσθη, *αορ. I pass. (in med. sense) of ἐράομαι.*

ἡράσσοτο, Ep. for ἡράσατο, 3 sing. aor. I of ἐράομαι.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of αἶρω.

ἡράτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.

ἡρέθη, *αορ. I pass. of αἰρέω.*

ἡρέθον, *impf. of ἐρέθω.*

ἡρει, 3 sing. impf. of αἰρέω.

ἡρεσα, *αορ. I of ἐρείδω.*

ἡρέμᾱ and ἡρέμᾱς, Adv. *gently, quietly, calmly, softly: a little, slightly: slowly.* The old Adj. ἥρεμος, from which it is derived, is only found in Comp. *ἡρεμέστερος; ἡρεμαῖος* being used instead.

ἡρεμαῖος, *α, ον, (ἡρέμα) soft, gentle, quiet.* Adv. —*ως. ἡρεμέστερος, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of ἡρεμαῖος, see ἡρέμα: Adv. ἡρεμώτερος.*

ἡρεμέω, *f. ἥσω, (ἡρέμα) to be still, keep quiet.*

ἡρεμί [ῖ], Adv. for ἡρέμα, *gently.*

ἡρέμια, ή, (ἡρέμα) *stillness, calmness, rest.*

ἡρεμίζω, *f. σω, (ἡρέμα) to calm, quiet:—Pass. to be still, at rest.* II. intr. *to be at rest.*

ἡρεσα, *αορ. I of ἀρέσκω.*

ἡρέτσα, *αορ. I of ἀρετίζω.*

ἡρευν, Ion. for ἡρουν, *impf. of αἰρέω.*

*Ἡρη, Ion. for Ἡρα.

ἥρημαι, pf. pass. of αἰρέω.

ἡρημωσα, *αορ. I of ἐρημώω.*

ἡρήρει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἀραρίσκω.

ἡρήριστο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ἐρείδω.

ἡρήθη, *αορ. I pass. of αἶρω.*

ἡρι, (ἥρ) Adv. *early, at early morn; ἄμα ἥρι τοῦ θέρους early in the summer.*

Ἡριδᾶνός, *δ, Eridanus, a river, first mentioned in Hesiod. Later authors took it mostly for the Po; others also for the Rhone or the Rhine.*

ἡρίθμεον, *impf. of ἀριθμέω.*

ἡρίθμημαι, pf. pass. of ἀριθμέω.

ἡρίτικε, 3 sing. intrans. aor. 2 of ἐρείκω.

ἡρινός, ή, óν, (ἥρ) = *εαρινός, of or in the spring: neut. ἡρινόν and ἡρινά as Adv., in spring.*

ἩΡΙΟΝ, τό, a mound, barrow, tomb.

ἡρίπον, *αορ. 2 of ἐρείπω.*

ἡρι-πόλη, ή, fem. Adj. (ἥρι, πολέω) *early-stirring: as Subst. the morn, dawn.*

ἡρίσα, *αορ. I of ἐρίζω.*

ἦρκα, ἦρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of αἶρω.

ἡρμῆνος, pf. part. pass. of ἀραρίσκω.
 ἡρνεῖτο, 3 sing. impf. of ἀρνεύομαι.
 ἡρνησάμην, aor. I of ἀρνεύομαι.
 ἡρόβην, aor. I pass. of ἀρώω.
 ἡρόβην, impf. med. of ἀρώω.
 ἡρπαξα or ἡρπασα, aor. I of ἀρπάξω.
 ἡρρησα, aor. I of ἔρρω.
 ἡρσα, aor. I of ἀραρίσκω. II. also of ἀρῶω.
 ἡρτημένος, pf. part. pass. of ἀρτάω.
 ἡρτύναντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ἀρτύνω.
 ἡρτύον, intrans. aor. 2 act. of ἐρεγγύομαι.
 ἡρτυκάκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἐρύκω.
 ἡρχόμην, impf. of ἐρχομαι; also impf. med. of ἀρχω.
 ἡρώ, 2 sing. impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρω, poet. for ἡρω, dat. of ἡρως; ἡρω, acc.
 ἡρώειον, τό, = ἡρώων.
 ἡρώησα, aor. I of ἐρωέω.
 ἡρωϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἡρώς) of or for heroes, heroic:
 ἡρωϊκὸν μέτρον, the heroic verse, hexameter.
 ἡρωϊνή [ἦ], contr. ἡρώνη, fem. of ἡρως, a heroïne.
 ἡρωϊσός, α, ον, = ἡρωϊκός.
 ἡρωϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, = ἡρωϊνή, a heroïne.
 ἡρώμην, impf. of ἀράομαι.
 ἡρώων, τό, the temple or shrine of a hero: neut. from ἡρώος, α, ον, contr. of ἡρωϊός, of or for heroes, heroic: ὁ ἡρώος (sub. βυθμός), the heroic measure, hexameter. From
 ἡρως, ὁ: gen. ἡρώος Att. ἡρω: dat. ἡρωι contr. ἡρω: acc. ἡρῶα contr. ἡρω: pl. nom. and acc. ἡρώες, rarely contr. ἡρῶς:—a hero: in Homer not restricted to warriors, but applied to all free men of that age, as to the minstrel, the herald, the leech, etc. II. Hesiod makes the Heroes the Fourth Age of men, who fell before Thebes and Troy, and superior to the present race. III. Pindar represents them as a race between gods and men, demigods, ἡμίθεοι, whether those born of one divine parent, as Hercules or Aeneas, or those who, like Theseus, had done great service to mankind. IV. the heroes were in later times inferior local deities, patrons of tribes, cities, etc.; as at Athens, the ἡρώες ἐπώνυμοι were the heroes after whom the ten φυλαί were named. The founders of a city were worshipped under this name.
 ἡς, Dor. for ἦν, 3 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσα, Att. aor. I of ἴδω.
 ἡσα, aor. I of ἴδω.
 ἡσαι, 2 sing. of ἡμαί.
 ἡσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσαν, Att. for ἦδεσαν, 3 pl. plqpf. (in impf. sense) of οἶδα. II. for ἦσαν, 3 pl. impf. of εἰμί ido.
 ἡσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of ἦδομαι.
 ἡσειν, fut. inf. of ἔημι.
 ἡσθα, Aeol. for ἦς, 2 sing. impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡσθαι, inf. of ἡμαί.
 ἡσθένουσιν, impf. of ἀσθενέω.
 ἡσθην, aor. I pass. of ἦδομαι.
 ἡσθην, Att. aor. I pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἡσθιον, impf. of ἐσθίω.

ἡσθόμην, aor. 2 of αἰσθάνομαι.
 ἡσθον, impf. of ἔσθω.
 ἡσι-επής, ἐς, (ἔημι, ἔπος) a babbler.
 ἡσκεν, contr. for ἡσκειν, 3 sing. impf. of ἀσκέω.
 ἡσμαι, Att. pf. pass. of αἰδέω.
 ἡσμεν, Att. for ἦδμεν, I pl. plqpf. of οἶδα.
 ἡσο, 2 sing. imperat. of ἡμαί.
 ἡσσα Att. ἡττα, ἡς, ἡ, a defeat, discomfiture: c. gen. defeat by, yielding to. From
 ἡσσάομαι Att. ἡττάομαι: fut. both med. and pass. ἡττήσομαι, ἡσσηθήσομαι: aor. I ἡσσηθήην: pf. ἡττημαι:—Ion. ἐσσομαι, see the word: Pass.: (ἡσσαν):—to be less, weaker, inferior to another: to be beaten, worsted, discomfited: to give way, submit: absol. to be beaten or defeated: as law-term, to lose one's cause. Hence
 ἡσσητέος, α, ον, and, in neut. plur. ἡσσητέα, verb. Adj.: one must be beaten, submit.
 ἡσσον, Att. impf. of αἰσσω.
 ἡσσω, ἡσσον, gen. ονος: Att. ἡττων: Ion. ἔσσω:—less, weaker, inferior: c. gen. pers. weaker than another, unable to contend with, yielding to a thing. (Used as irreg. Comp. of Positive κακός: probably formed from ἡκα, ἡκωτος being the Sup.)
 ἡσται, 3 sing. of ἡμαί.
 ἡστε, Att. for ἦδετε, 2 pl. plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἡστην, for ἡτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡστην, Att. for ἦδετην, 2 and 3 dual plqpf. of *εἶδω.
 ἡστο, 3 sing. impf. of ἡμαί.
 ἡστον, for ἦτον, 2 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡστωσα, aor. I of αἰστώω.
 ἡσυχά, neut. pl. of ἡσυχος, used like ἡσυχῆ.
 ἡσυχάζω, f. σω, (ἡσυχος) to be still, quiet, at rest; τὸ ἡσυχάζον τῆς νυκτός the quiet time of night, dead of night.
 ἡσυχάιος, α, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος, still, quiet, at rest.
 ἡσυχάιτερος, α, ον, irr. Comp. of ἡσυχος, ἡσυχάιος.
 ἡσυχῆ Dor. ἀσυχᾶ, Adv. of ἡσυχος, quietly, gently.
 ἡσυχία Dor. ἀσυχ-, ἡ, (ἡσυχος) stillness, quiet, peace; ἡσυχίαν ἄγειν or ἔχειν to keep quiet, to be at peace or at rest. 2. rest, leisure, Lat. otium.
 ἡσυχίμος Dor. ἀσυχ-, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος.
 ἡσυχος, ον, rarely α, ον, poet. for ἡσυχος.
 ἩΣΥΧΟΣ Dor. ἀσυχος, ον, still, quiet, at rest; ἐχ' ἡσυχος keep quiet. 2. quiet, gentle. II. Comp. and Sup. were irreg. ἡσυχάιτερος, -αίτατος; but also -ώτερος. III. Adv. -χως, also ἡσυχῆ, and neut. pl. ἡσυχᾶ as Adv. [ῦ]
 ἡσυχυκα, pf. of αἰσχύω.
 ἡσχυμμαι, pf. pass. of αἰσχύω.
 ἡσχύνω, aor. I of αἰσχύνω.
 ἡσω, fut. of ἔημι.
 ἡ-τε or ἦ τε, Conj. or also.
 ἡ-τε or ἦ τε, Adv. surely, doubtless.
 ἦτε, for ἦετε, 2 pl. impf. of εἰμί ido.
 ἦτηκα, ἦτησα, pf. and aor. I of αἰτέω.
 ἦτην, 3 dual impf. of εἰμί sum.
 ἡτιάσθε, ἡτιόωντο, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. impf. of αἰτιάομαι.

take a seat: c. acc. cognato, ἔδρας παγκρατεῖς θακείν
to sit on imperial throne. Hence

θάκημα, atos, τό, a sitting as a suppliant: a seat.

θάκησις, εως, ἡ, (θακῆ) a sitting, seat.

θάκος, ό, (θάσσω) a seat: Ion. θώκος.

θαλάμαξ, ἄκος, ό, = θαλαμίτης.

θαλάμευμα, atos, τό, = θαλαμος, a dark chamber or
dwelling-place.

θαλάμη, ἡ, (θάλαμος) a lair, den, bole. [ᾶ]

θαλαμήτιος, η, ov, (θαλαμος) of or for a chamber or
dwelling: fit for building one.

θαλαμη-πόλος, ov, (θάλαμος, πολέομαι) waiting in
the lady's chamber. II. as Subst., θαλαμηπόλος,

ό or ἡ, a bridegroom or bridesmaid.

θαλάμιος, a, ov, (θάλαμος) belonging to the chamber.
As Subst.: I. θαλάμιος, ό, = θαλαμίτης. II.

θαλαμία Ion. -ἡ (sub. κόπη), the oar of the θαλα-
μίτης. 2. (sub. όπή), the hole in the ship's side
through which this oar worked, the port-hole.

θαλαμίτης, ov, ό, (θάλαμος) one of the rowers on
the lowest bench of a trireme, who had the shortest

oars and the least pay: cf. ζυγίτης, θρανίτης. [Ὶ]

θαλαμόνδε, (θάλαμος) Adv. to the bed-chamber.

ΘΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ό, an inner room or chamber: I.

the women's apartment, inner part of the house. 2.

a bed-room, bride-chamber. 3. the storeroom. II.

any chamber or abode: a fold, pen for sheep. III.

the lowest part or hold of the ship, in which the θαλα-
μίται sat.

θάλασσα Att. -ττα, ἡ, (θάς) the sea: Herodotus
calls the Mediterranean ἡδε ἡ θάλασσα, ἡ καθ' ἡμᾶς

θάλασσα, ἡ ἔσω θάλασσα, (as the Latins called it *pos-
trum mare*), and the Ocean ἡ ἔξω θάλασσα: metaph.,

θάλασσα κακῶν 'a sea of troubles.' 2. a well of
salt or brackish water. Hence

θαλασσίος, a, ov, = θαλάσιος.

θαλασσεύω, (θάλασσα) to be at sea, go by sea.

θαλάσσιος, a, ov, also os, ov, (θάλασσα) of, in or
on the sea, belonging to it, Lat. *marinus*; θαλάσσια

ἔργα sea-affairs, the sea, also fishing: θαλάσσια ani-
mals living in the sea, opp. to χερσαῖα. 2. skilled
in the sea, nautical, maritime.

θαλασσο-κόπη, f. ἡσω, (θάλασσα, κόπηω) to strike
the sea with the oar, make a splash: metaph. to make
much ado about nothing.

θαλασσο-κράτῆω, f. ἡσω, (θάλασσα, κρατέω) to be
master of the sea.

θαλασσο-κράτωρ, opos, ό, ἡ, (θάλασσα, κρατέω)
master of the sea.

θαλασσο-πλαγκτος, ov, (θάλασσα, πλάζω) sea-
driven, tempest-tossed.

θαλασσο-πληκτος, ov, (θάλασσα, πλήσσω) sea-
beaten.

θαλασσο-πόρος, ov, (θάλασσα, πόρος) sea-faring.

θαλασσο-ουργός, όν, (θάλασσα, *ἔργω) working at
sea: as Subst., θαλασσοουργός, ό, a fisherman.

θάλαττα, θαλάττιος, Att. for θάλασσο-.

θάλαα, τά, (θαλεῖν) good cheer, comforts, delights.

θαλέθω, ποῖτ. for θάλλω, to bloom, flourish.

θάλαα, ἡ, blooming, luxuriant, bounteous, ἐν διατῇ
θαλεῖῃ at the bounteous feast. It is fem. of an absol.

Adj. θάλω, derived from θαλεῖν. II. as prop. n.

Θάλαα, ἡ, one of the Muses, the blooming one: later
esp. the Muse of Comedy.

θαλεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θάλλω.

θαλερός, á, óν, (θαλεῖν) blooming, fresh: vigorous,
active. II. luxuriant, copious, large, abundant.

θαλερ-ώπιος, ιδος, ἡ, (θαλερός, ὦψ) with bright eyes.
θαλεώ, Dor. for θηλεώ.

Θαλής, ό, gen. Θαλέω, dat. Θαλή, acc. Θαλήν: but
also Θάλητος, ητι, ητα, and Θαλοῦ: Thales of Mile-
tus, one of the Seven reputed Wise Men of Greece.

θαλία, ἡ, (θαλεῖν) bloom: metaph. good cheer,
wealth, plenty: in plur. festivities, a feast.

θαλήσσω, a doubtful fut. of θάλλω, for θηλήσω
from θηλεώ.

θαλλός, ό, (θάλλω) a young shoot, twig: ό τῆς
ἐλαίας θαλλός the olive-branch used at festivals; also,

ικτήρ θαλλός the branch carried by suppliants.

θαλλο-φόρος, ov, (θαλλός, φέρω) carrying olive-
branches, as the old men did at the Panathenaea.

ΘΑΛΛΩ, fut. θαλώ: aor. 2 ἔθαλον: pf. τέθηλα
(in pres. sense), part. τεθηλώς, Ep. fem. τεθαλυῖα; 3

sing. plqpf. τεθήλει:—to bloom, flourish, to shoot out,
to swell, be rich in a thing: the part. τεθηλώς is used

absol. as Adj. swelling, rich, abundant. 2. metaph.
to bloom, flourish, prosper: to be at the height.

ΘΑΛΩΣ, εος, τό, like θαλλός, a young shoot or
branch, twig, esp. an olive-branch: metaph. a child,
scion, Lat. stirps.

θαλιπῶν, Ep. part. θαλιπῶν, (θάλπω) to be or be-
come warm, warm oneself.

θαλπνός, η, όν, warming, fostering. From

θάλπος, εος, τό, (θάλπω) warm, beat, esp. summer-
heat; τὰ θάλπη the sun's rays, Lat. soles. 2. metaph.

a sting, smart, tingling.

θαλπτήριος, ov, warming. From

ΘΑΛΠΩ, f. ψω: aor. I ἔθαψα:—Pass., aor. I
ἐθάφθην: pf. inf. τεθάφθαι:—to warm, beat. II.

metaph. to heat, inflame. 2. to foster, cherish, warm
in one's bosom: in bad sense, to cheat. Hence

θαλπωρή, ἡ, a warming: metaph. a comfort.

θαλπρός, á, óν, (θάλπω) warm, glowing.

θαλύσια (sub. ἱερά), ἰων, τά, (θαλεῖν) the firstlings
of the harvest, offering of first-fruits. [ῡ] Hence

θαλύσιος, áδος, ἡ, fem. Adj., of or for the offering
of first-fruits.

θαμά, Adv. (ἅμα) together in crowds, close, thick. II.

of Time, often, oftentimes, frequent.

θαμάκις, Adv. = θαμά π.

θαμβαίνω, to be astonished at. From

θαμβέω, f. ἡσω: pf. τεθάμβηκα: (θάμβος):—to be
astonished or amazed: c. acc. to marvel at a thing.

θαμβος, εος, τό, astonishment, amazement, Lat. stu-
por. (From Root ΤΑΦ-, see τέθηπα.)

θαμέες, οί, αί, dat. θαμέσι, acc. θαμέας, (θαμά)

poët. pl. Adj. (with no sing. θαμῖος), crowded, close, thick.

θαμίεος, ἄ, ὄν, (θαμῖ) crowded, close, thick.

θαμίξω, f. σω, (θαμῖ) to come often, Lat. frequentare:—to be often or constantly engaged with a thing, c. dat.: to be wont to do, c. part.

θαμίνα, neut. plur. of θαμνός, as Adv., = θαμά.

θαμίνοις, ἦ, ὄν, = θαμίεοις.

— θάμνος, ὄ, (θαμνός) a bush, shrub.

θαμνάσιμος, ον, (θάνατος) deadly:—Adv. —ως, with deadly blow, mortally. 2. of, belonging to death. II. pass. subject to death, mortal: also dead.

θανατάω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θανάτηφορία, ἦ, a causing of death. From θανάτη-φόρος, ον, (θάνατος, φέρω) death-bringing.

θανάτιω, Desiderat. of θνήσκω, to wish to die.

θανάτοις, εσσα, εν, (θάνατος) deadly.

θανάτον-δε, Adv. to death.

θανάτος, ὄ, (θάνειν) death; θάνατον καταγιγνώσκειν τινός to pass sentence of death on one:—pl. θάνατοι, kinds of death, usually of violent death. II.

as prop. n., Θάνατος, Death, the twin-brother of Sleep. III. a corpse.

θανάτουσα (sub. ιερά), ἰων, τά, (θάνατος) a feast of the dead.

θανάτω, f. ὦσω, (θάνατος) to put to death: metaph. to mortify. II. to condemn to death.

θάνω, Ep. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θάνειν Ep. θανέειν, aor. 2 inf. of θνήσκω.

θανεῖσθαι Ep. θανεῖσθαι, fut. inf. of θνήσκω.

θανοῖσα, Dor. fem. part. aor. 2 of θνήσκω.

θανοῦμαι, fut. of θνήσκω.

ΘΑΨΟΜΑΙ: f. θήσομαι Dor. θάσομαι: inf. ἐθῆσάμην: Dep.:—to wonder at, admire. II. to gaze upon, look at, see.

θαπτέον, verb. Adj. of θάπτω, one must bury.

ΘΑΠΤΩ, fut. θάψω: aor. I ἐθαψα: pf. τέταφα: Pass., fut. 2 τᾶψήσομαι, fut. 3 τεθάψομαι: aor. I ἐθάψην, aor. 2 ἐτάψην [ᾶ]: pf. τέθαμμαι, Ion. 3 pl. τεθάφαται: 3 sing. plupf. ἐτέθαπτο:—to perform funeral rites to the dead: to bury, inter, entomb.

Θαργήλια, ων, τά, a festival of Apollo and Artemis, held at Athens in the month Thargelion. Hence

Θαργηλιών, ἄνωσ, ὄ, the 11th month of the Attic year, from middle of May to middle of June.

θαρράλειος, θαρρέω, θάρρος, etc., Att. for θαρσ-

θαροῦλειος, α, ον, (θάρρος) bold, daring, courageous, confident: in bad sense, over-weening, presumptuous: τὸ θαροῦλειον confidence, safety: of things, cheering, encouraging:—Comp. θαρσαλέωτερος. Adv. —έως, with confidence.

θαρσεύσα, Dor. fem. part. of θαρσέω.

θαρσέω Att. θαρρέω: f. ἦσω, (θάρρος):—to be of good courage, be of good cheer, be confident, assured; θάρσει take courage! be of good heart!—in bad sense, to be over-weening, presumptuous:—c. acc. rei, to feel confident about, have no fear for:—c. inf. to believe confidently that. Hence

θάροσις, εως, ἦ, confidence in, reliance on.

ΘΑΡΣΟΣ or ΘΑΡΣΟΣ Att. θάρρος, τό, courage, boldness, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, presumption: in pl., τὰ θάρρη grounds of confidence.

θαρσοῦντως Att. θαρροῦντως, Adv. of pres. part. of θαρσέω, boldly, courageously.

θαρσύνεσκον, Ion. impf. of θαρσύνω.

θάρσυνος, ον, relying on a thing.

θαρσύνω Att. θαρρύνω, f. ἴνω, (θάρσος) to encourage, cheer. II. intr. = θαρσέω, to be of good courage. [ῶ]

θάσαι, Dor. aor. I imperat. of θάομαι.

θάσασαι, Dor. aor. I inf. of θάομαι.

θασόμενος, Dor. for θησόμενος, fut. part. of θάομαι.

Θάσιος, α, ον, (Θάσος) from Thasos, Thasian: ἡ Θασία (sub. ἄλιμη), pickled sea-fish; ἀναικυκῆν Θασίαν to mix this pickle.

ΘΑΨΣΩ Ep. θαῖσσω, to sit, sit idle.

θάσσω Att. θάπτω, ον, Comp. of ταχύς, quicker, swifter: θάσσω as Adv., more quickly.

θάτερον, θατέρα, see ἔτερος.

θάπτω, Att. for θάσσω.

θαῦμα Ion. θάωμα or θάωμα, ατος, τό, (θάομαι) a wonder, marvel, wondrous thing; θαῦμα ἰδέσθαι a wonder to behold; so, θαῦμα ἀκούσαι, μαθεῖν: τὰ θαῦματα jugglers' tricks, strange gambols. II. wonder, surprise, astonishment.

θαυμάζω Ion. θαῦμ- or θαμ-: fut. —άσομαι Ep. —άσομαι, later in act. form —άσω: aor. I ἐθαυμάσα: pf. τεθαύμακα:—Pass., fut. θαυμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐθαυμάσθη: (θαῦμα):—to wonder, be astonished.

2. c. acc. to wonder at: like Lat. mirari, to regard with wonder or esteem, to admire. 3. c. gen. to wonder at. II. Pass. to be looked at with wonder: c. part., θαυμάζομαι μὴ παρών my absence is wondered at.

θαυμάω, fut. ἄνω Ep. ἄνέω, (θαῦμα) to wonder at. θαυμασίος, α, ον, Ion. θαῦμ- or θαμσίος, (θαυμάζω) wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —ώς, marvellously.

θαυμάσιοι-ουργοί, f. ἦσω, (θαυμασίος, ἔργον) to work wonders, perform curious tricks, of jugglers.

θαυμάσσομαι, Ep. fut. of θαυμάζω.

θαυμαστέον, verb. Adj. of θαυμάζω, one must wonder, marvel.

θαυμαστός Ion. θαμμ- or θαμ-, ἦ, ὄν, (θαυμάζω) to be wondered at, wondrous, wonderful, marvellous:—admirable, excellent. Adv. —τός, wonderfully.

θαυμάτσομαι, Pass. (θαῦμα) to be regarded as a wonder.

θαυμάτοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to do wonders. From θαυμάτο-ποιός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, ποιέω) wonder-working: as Subst. a conjurer, juggler.

θαυμάτος, ἦ, ὄν, Ep. for θαυμαστός.

θαυμάτουργέω, f. ἦσω, θαυματοποιέω. From θαυμάτ-ουργός, ὄν, (θαῦμα, ἔργον) = θαυματοποιός.

θάψαι, aor. I inf. of θάπτω.

θάψινος, η, ον, yellow-coloured, sallow. From

θάψος, ἡ, a plant or wood used for dyeing yellow, from the island of Thapsos.

*ΘΑΨΩ, Ep. for the prose θλάζω: aor. I inf. θῆσαι:—to suckle, feed:—Med., pres. inf. θῆσαι, to suck, milk, ἐπιταγὰν γάλα θῆσαι milk to milk the year round: 3 sing. aor. I, θῆσατο μασθὼν he sucked the breast.

*Θᾶω, Lacon. σᾶω, to see:—see θάμαι.

θεά, ἡ, fem. of θεός, a goddess: τὰ θεά (Att. τὰ θεῶ) in dual, are always Ceres and Proserpine: αἱ σεμναὶ θεαὶ the Eumenides or Furies.

θεᾶ, ἡ, (θεάμαι) a looking at, view. II. a thing seen, sight, spectacle.

θεᾶθήναι, ἡ, aor. I inf. pass. of θεάμαι.

θεαυᾶ, ἡ, poet. for θεά, a goddess.

θεο-αἰτητος, ον, (θεός, αἰτῶ) asked of the gods.

θεάμα Ion. θέμμα, atos, τό, (θεάμαι) a sight, spectacle.

θεάμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεάμαι) a spectator. [ᾶ]

θεάμοι: f. θεάσομαι [ᾶ], Ion. θεήσομαι: aor. I ἐθεασάμην: pf. τεθέαμαι: Dep.: (θάμαι):—to view, gaze at, behold; οἱ θεώμενοι the spectators in a theatre:—aor. I ἐθεάθην in pass sense, to be seen. See θάμαι, θεόμαι.

θεᾶρός, ὁ, Dor. for θεωρός.

θεᾶτῆς Ion. θεητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, (θεάμαι) a spectator.

θεᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεάμαι) to be seen.

θεατριζέω, f. σω, (θεάτρον) to bring on the stage: to make a show of, hold up to ridicule or shame.

θέατρον Ion. θέητρον, τό, (θεάμαι) a place for seeing, a theatre. 2. collectively, the spectators, the audience.

3. =θέαμα, the piece represented, a show. [ᾶ]

θε-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) =θειοειδής.

θείον, τό, poet. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θείος, ἡ, ον, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θειοῦται, 3 sing. pres. pass. of θεῖοω.

θειοώ, Ep. for θεῖω, to smoke with brimstone.

θέεσκον, Ion. impf. of θέω.

θέη, ἡ, Ion. for θεά.

θεήτος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for θέετος, θεῖος, divine.

θε-ἡλάτος, ον, (θεός, ἐλαύνω) driven or pursued by a god. 2. sent, caused by a god. II. built by a god or for the gods.

θέμμα, τό, Ion. for θέαμα.

θη-μάχια, ἡ, θη-μάχος, ον, poet. for θεομ-.

θημων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for θεάμων.

θη-πολής, θη-πολός, ὄν, poet. for θεοπ-.

θησεαι, Ion. 2 sing. fut. of θεάμαι.

θησι, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of θέω.

θητῆς, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. for θεατῆς.

θητρός, θηητρον, θεήτωρ, Ion. for θεατ-.

θεῖα, ἡ, fem. of θεῖος, one's father's or mother's sister, aunt, Lat. *amita* and *matertera*.

θειάζω, f. σω, (θεῖος) to practise divinations. Hence

θεασμός, ὁ, practice of divinations.

Θεῖβάθεν, Θεῖβᾶθη, Acol. for Θεβ-.

θεῖεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖην, aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖκελος, =θέσκελος.

θεῖλό-πέδον, τό, (εἰλη, πέδον) a place in the sunshine, where things were put to dry.

θεῖμεν, for θεῖμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι:—also aor. I inf. of εἶνω.

ΘΕΙΓΝΩ, fut. θεῶ: aor. I ἐθεῖα: aor. 2 ἐθενον, only in imperat. θεῖνε, subj. θεῖνω, inf. θενεῖν, part. θεῖνόν:—to strike, dash.

θεῖό-δομος, ον, (θεῖος, δῆμα) god-built.

θεῖομεν, Ep. for θεῶμεν, θῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖον Ep. θεῖον, τό, (θεῖος) brimstone, Lat. *sulfur*.

θεῖον, τό, neut. of θεῖος, used as Subst., the Divine Being, Deity. II. τὰ θεῖα, the acts or attributes of the gods. 2. religious observances.

θεῖος, α, ον, (θεός) of or from the gods, Lat. *divinus* sent or caused by a god, appointed of God. 2. in honour of a god, holy, sacred. 3. godlike, superhuman, extraordinary, excellent.

ΘΕΙΓΟΣ, ὁ, one's father's or mother's brother, uncle, Lat. *patruus* and *avunculus*: fem. θεῖα.

θειοτέρως, Adv. Comp. of θεῖως.

θειότης, ἡτος, ἡ, (θεῖος) divine nature, divinity.

θειό-χρως, ον, contr. -χρως, ουν, (θεῖον, χρῶα) brimstone-coloured.

θειώ Ep. θεῖω: f. ὥσω: (θεῖον):—to smoke with brimstone, fumigate: hence to purify.

θεῖς, εἶσα, aor. 2 part. of τίθημι.

θεῖτε, θεῖσαν, 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of τίθημι.

θεῖω, poet. for θέω, to run.

θεῖω, Ep. for θέω, θῶ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεῖως, Adv. of θεῖος, by divine providence: Comp. θειοτέρως, by more special providence.

θει-ώδης, ἐς, (θεῖον, εἶδος) brimstone-like, Lat. *sulfureus*.

θειοειδί-μῦθος, ον, (θέλω, μῦθος) of soft, persuasive speech.

θειοεισκον, Ion. impf. of θέλω.

θειήτρον, τό, (θέλω) a charm or spell.

ΘΕΛΑΓΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐθελαξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθελ-χθην:—to stroke with magic power, to charm, enchant, spell-bind, Lat. *mulceo*: to cheat, cozen.

θέλεος, ον, (θέλω) willing, voluntary.

θέλημα, atos, τό, (θέλω) will.

θέλησις, ἐως, ἡ, (θέλω) a willing, will.

θελεκτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (θέλω) a charmer. Hence θελεκτήριον, τό, a charm, spell, enchantment, means or power of charming: neut. from

θελεκτήριος, ον, (θέλω) charming, enchanting.

θέλεκτρον, τό, =θελεκτήριον, a charm.

θέλεκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, =θελεκτήρ.

θέλξαι, aor. I inf. of θέλω.

θέλξει, Dor. for θέλξει, 3 sing. fut. of θέλω.

θέλξι-voos, ον, contr. -voos, ουν, (θέλω, voός) charming or witching the heart.

θέλξι-πικρος, ον, (θέλω, πικρός) deliciously bitter.

θέλξι-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (θέλω, φρήν) =θελξίvoos.

θέλουσα, Dor. for θέλουσα, fem. part. of θέλω.

θέλυμα, τά, = θέμεθλα.

ΘΕ'ΛΩ, impf. ἔθελον: fut. θελήσω: aor. I ἔθελησα: shortened form of ἔθελω.

θέμεθλα, τά, (τίθημι) the foundation, the base or bottom of a thing, the roots of a mountain, etc.; Ἄμμωνος θέμεθλα the shrine of Ammon.

θεμελία, τά, Ep. for θεμέλια, = θέμεθλα; θεμελία θέσαν or προβάλλοντο they laid the foundations.

θεμελιόθεν, Adv. from the bottom, Lat. funditus.

θεμέλιον, τό, as sing. of θεμελία, the foundation: τὰ θεμέλια = θεμελία, θέμεθλα. From

θεμέλιος, ον, (τίθημι) belonging to the foundation. II. as Subst., θεμέλιος (sub. λίθος), ὁ, a foundation stone; of θεμέλιοι, the foundations. Hence

θεμελιώω, f. ὠσω, to lay the foundation, found firmly: —Pass. to have the foundations laid.

θέμεν, θέμενα, Ep. for θείναι, aor. 2 inf. of τίθημι.

θέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of τίθημι.

θεμερός, ὄν, (τίθημι) grave, serious, steadfast.

θεμερῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (θεμερός, ὤψ) of serious countenance, honest.

θεμίζω, (θέμης) to regulate, punish, control: Med., poet. aor. I θεμίσασθαι to regulate for oneself, control.

θεμι-πλεκτος, ον, (θέμης, πλέκω) woven of right; θεμιπλεκτος στέφανος a well-earned crown.

ΘΕΜΙΣ, ἡ, Ep. gen. θέμιστος, acc. θέμιν:—in Homer as prop. n. Θέμης, Θέμιστος, acc. Θέμιστα: but Att. gen. Θέμιστος, sometimes also Θέμιδος, acc. Θέμιν; Ion. gen. Θέμιμος, voc. Θέμι:

1. law, right, agreed on by common consent or prescription, opposed to statute-law, Lat. jus or fas, as opp. to lex; θέμης ἐστί 'tis meet and right, Lat. fas est; ἡ θέμης ἐστί as 'tis right, as the custom is.

II. pl. θέμιστες, sanctions, laws, ordinances. 2. the rights of the chief, prerogative, privilege, authority: hence dues, tribute, etc. 3. existing laws or ordinances.

4. law-suits: also courts to administer justice: judicial sentences. III. Θέμης as prop. n., Themis, goddess of law and order, Justice.

θεμι-σκοπος, ὄν, (θέμης, σκοπέω) keeping order.

θεμισ-κρέων, οντος, ὁ, reigning by right.

θέμιστα, -ας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of θέμης.

θεμιστεῖος, α, ον, (θέμης) lawful, righteous.

θεμιστεύω, f. σω, (θεμιστός) to give law, lay down ordinances, give oracles: to order, govern.

θεμιστέων, Ep. gen. pl. of θέμης.

θεμιστο-πόλος, ον, (θέμης, πολέω) ministering law and right.

θεμιστός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεμίζω) sanctioned by law, lawful. θεμιστός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for θεμιστός.

ΘΕΜΟ'Ω, an Ep. Verb only occurring once in aor. I, νῆα θέμωσε χέρσον ἰκέσθαι be forced the ship to come to land, or set it so as to come.

—θεν, inseparable Particle, affixed to Nouns denoting motion from a place, opp. to —δε, as, οἴκοθεν, ὀυρῶνθεν, from home, from heaven: more rarely affixed to names of persons, as Διόθεν, θεόθεν,

from Zeus, from the gods. Originally —θεν was the genit. termination, as appears from ἐμέθεν, σέθεν, ἔθεν. θένᾱρ, ἄρος, τό, (θένω, θείνω) the part of the band with which one strikes, the flat of the band: ἀλὸς θένᾱρ the surface of the sea.

θέο, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 med. imperat. of τίθημι.

θεοβλάβέω, to sin against the gods. From θεο-βλάβης, ἐς, (θεός, βλαβῆναι) stricken of God, visited with judicial blindness, reckless.

θεο-γεννής, ἐς, (θεός, γέννα) begotten of a god.

θεό-γλωσσοσ, ον, (θεός, γλώσσα) with the tongue of a god.

θεογονία, ἡ, the generation or genealogy of the gods, the title of a poem of Hesiod. From

θεό-γονος, ον, (θεός, *γίναω) born of God.

θεο-δέγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (θεός, δέχομαι) receiving a god.

θεο-δῆλτος, ον, (θεός, δηλόμαι) hurtful to the majesty of the gods.

θεο-διδάκτος, ον, (θεός, διδάσκω) taught of God. [r]

θεό-δημτος, ον, Dor. —δημτος, α, ον, (θεός, δέμω) god-built, made or founded by the gods.

θεό-δοτος, ον, = θεόδοτος.

θεο-ειδής, ἐς, (θεός, εἶδος) divine of form, beautiful as the gods, godlike: irreg. Sup. θεαῖδιστατος.

θεο-εἰκλος, ον, (θεός, εἰκλος) godlike.

θεοεχθρία, ἡ, a being hated by the gods. From

θεό-εχθρος, ον, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hated by the gods.

θεόθεν, old gen. of θεός, used as Adv., from the gods, Lat. divinitus.

θείουσα, Dor. for θέουσα, fem. part. of θέω.

θεοκλήτω, f. ἦσω, to call the gods to aid, to invoke divine vengeance: to call on, conjure. From

θεό-κλήτω, ον, (θεός, κλῶω) calling on the gods.

θεό-κραντος, ον, (θεός, κρῖνω) wrought by the gods.

θεό-κρίτος, ον, (θεός, κρῖνω) judging between gods.

θεό-κτίστος, ον, and θεό-κτίτος, ον, (θεός, κτίζω) created by God.

θεο-μάνης, ἐς, (θεός, μανῆναι) maddened by the gods; λύσσα θεομανῆς madness caused by the gods.

θεό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (θεός, μάντις) one who has a spirit of prophecy.

θεομάχη, to fight against God: and

θεομάχια, ἡ, the battle of the gods, as certain books of the Iliad were called, esp. the 19th. From

θεο-μάχος, ον, (θεός, μάχομαι) fighting against God.

θεο-μήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (θεός, μήστωρ) like the gods in counsel.

θεο-μιστής, ἐς, (θεός, μισέω) hated of the gods.

θεό-μορος Dor. θεύμ-, ον, (θεός, μόρος) destined or allotted by the gods. II. blessed by the gods.

θεό-μορφος, ον, (θεός μορφή) of form divine.

θεο-μύσσης, ἐς, (θεός, μύσσει) abominable before the gods.

θεό-παῖς, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (θεός, παῖς) child of the gods.

θεό-πεμπτος, ον, (θεός, πέμπω) sent by the gods.

θεό-πνευστος, ον, (θεός, πνέω) inspired of God.

θεοποιέω, to make into gods, deify. From

θεο-ποιός, ὄν, (θεός, ποιέω) making statues of gods.
 θεο-πομπός, ὄν, (θεός, πέμπω) god-sent.
 θεο-ποίητος, ὄν, (θεός, ποίω) wrought by a god.
 θεο-πρετής, ἐς, (θεός, πρέπω) befitting a god. Adv.
 -πῶς.
 θεοπροπέω, to prophesy, in part. θεοπροπέω; and
 θεοπροπία, ἡ, ὁ, -ῖον, τό, a prophecy. From
 θεο-πρόπος, (θεός, πρέπω) prophetic, boding, divin-
 ing: as Subst., θεοπρόπος, ὁ, a prophet. II. a
 public messenger sent to inquire of the oracle, cf.
 θεωρός.

θεο-πτυστος, ὄν, (θεός, πτώ) abhorred by the gods.
 θεο-πῦρος, ὄν, (θεός, πῦρ) kindled by the gods.
 θέ-ορτος, ὄν, (θεός, ὄρνυμαι) sprung from the gods.

ΘΕΟΨ, ὁ, Lat. DEUS, God: in Homer either God,
 as, θεός δώσει God will grant; or, θεός τις a god,
 some particular god: later the Deity, like τὸ θεῖον:—
 σὺν θεῷ, σὺν θεοῖς, οὐκ ἄνευθε θεοῦ, Lat. non sine
 diis, by the will of God; ὑπὲρ θεῶν against his will:
 —as an oath, πρὸς θεῶν by the gods, in God's
 name. II. fem. θεῶν, for θεά, θεία, a goddess:
 esp. in Att. phrase τὰ θεῶν, the two goddesses, i. e.
 Ceres and Proserpine.

III. as Adj. in Comp.
 θεώτερος, more divine.

θεός-δοτος, ὄν, (θεός, δίδωμι) given by the gods.
 θεός-δωρος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεοδώρητος.

θεοσέβεια, ἡ, the worship or fear of God. From
 θεο-σεβής, ἐς, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipping God, re-
 ligious, devout. Adv. -βῶς, religiously.

θεο-σεπτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέβομαι) worshipped as a god.
 θεο-σέπτωρ, ὄπος, ὁ, = θεοσεβής.

θεοσ-εχθρία, ἡ, (θεός, ἐχθρός) hatred of the gods,
 ungodliness, impiety.

θεός-οὔτος, ὄν, ποῖτ. for θεόουτος, sent by the gods.
 θεο-στήρικτος, ὄν, (θεός, στηρίζω) supported by God.

θεο-στιβής, ἐς, (θεός, στιβεῖν) trodden by God.
 θεο-στύγης, ἐς, (θεός, στυγέω) hated of the gods or
 of God, abominable. II. act. hating God.

θεο-στυγής, ὄν, hated of the gods.
 θεός-οὔτος, ποῖτ. also θεός-οὔτος, ὄν, (θεός, σέω)

sent by the gods.

θεός-ταυρος, ὁ, (θεός, ταῦρος) the god-bull, a name for
 Zeus changed into a bull.

θεο-τείχης, ἐς, (θεός, τεύχω) walled by the gods.
 θεός-τευκτος, ὄν, (θεός, τεύχω) made by God.

θεότης, ἡ, (θεός) divinity, divine nature.
 θεο-τίμητος, ὄν, (θεός, τιμάω) honoured of God.

θεός-τιμος, ὄν, honoured of God.
 θεο-τρέπτος, ὄν, (θεός, τρέπω) directed by the gods.

θεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (θεός, τρέφω) feeding the gods.
 θεουδεία, ἡ, the fear of God, holiness.

θεουδής, ἐς, (θεός, δέος) fearing god, godly. Hence
 θεο-φάνια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (θεός, φανήναι) a festival at
 Delphi, at which the images of the gods were shewn
 to the people.

θεο-φιλής, ἐς, (θεός, φιλέω) beloved of the gods.
 θεόφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. of θεός; esp.
 in phrase, θεόφιν μῆστορ ἀτάλαντος.

θεο-φόρητος, ὄν, (θεός, φορέω) inspired by a god. II.
 act. carrying a god or goddess.

θεο-φόρος, ὄν, (θεός, φέρω) bearing a god. II.
 θεόφορος, ὄν, borne or possessed by a god, inspired.

θεό-φρων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (θεός, φρήν) godly-minded,
 godly, devout, Lat. pius.

θεῶν, f. ὄσων, (θεός) to make into a god, deify.
 θεράπαινα and -νίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of θεράπων, a
 waiting-maid, handmaid.

θεράπεια Ion. -πῆη, ἡ, (θεραπέω) a waiting on, ser-
 vice, attendance; θεραπεία θεῶν divine worship, 2.
 a fostering, nurture: tending in sickness, medical
 treatment. 3. a courting, paying court. II. a
 body of attendants, suite, retinue.

θεράπευμα, ματος, τό, (θεραπέω) service done, at-
 tendance, nurture: medical treatment.

θεραπευτέον, verb. Adj. of θεραπέω, one must cul-
 tivate: also one must cure.

θεραπευτήρ, ἦρος, ὄν, and θεραπευτής, οὔ, (θερα-
 πέω) an attendant, servant. 2. one who attends to
 anything: a worshipper of the gods: a physician.

θεραπευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (θεραπέω) inclined to serve,
 attentive, obedient: courteous. 2. able to cure; ἡ
 θεραπευτική (sc. τέχνη) the healing art.

θεράπευω, f. ὄω, (θεράπω) to wait on, attend, serve:
 to be an attendant: to do service to the gods, to wor-
 ship: to serve, attend, pay observance to. 2. to
 pay court to, to flatter: also of things, to consult, at-
 tend to, Lat. inservire commodo. 3. c. acc. rei, to
 take care of, provide for; θεραπέω τὸ παρόν, to
 provide for the present; θεραπέω ἡμέτην to observe
 a day, keep it holy. 4. to tend the sick, to treat
 medically, to heal, cure. 5. of land, to cultivate,
 till.

θεράπῃη, Ion. for θεραπεία.

θεράπῃος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and ποῖτ. for θεραπευτικός.

θεράπνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. for θεράπαινα, a handmaid:—and,
 θεραπνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, ποῖτ. contr. from θεραπαινίς.

θεράποντις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θεράπων) of a waiting-maid.

ΘΕΡΑΠΙΩΝ, ὄντος, ὁ, an attendant, servant, differing
 from δούλος, as implying free service: in Homer,
 a companion in arms, comrade, though inferior in
 rank, as Patroclus was the θεράπων of Achilles; so,
 kings were Διὸς θεράποντες, warriors θεράποντες
 Ἄρως, poets Μουσῶν θεράποντες. II. in Chios,
 the θεράποντες were slaves.

θεράπῃ, ὁ, rare form for θεράπων, only found in ac-
 cus. θεράπα, nom. pl. θεράπες.

θέρειος, ὄν, (θέρος) of, belonging to summer, in
 summer; ἀυχμός θ. summer-drought; ἡ θέρεια, Ion.
 θερείη (with or without ἄρα), summer-time, summer.

θερέω, Ep. for θεράω, aor. 2 pass. subj. of θέρω.

θερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐθέρισσα syncop.
 ἐθρίσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐθρίστην: pf. τεθέρισμαι:
 (θέρος):—to mow, reap, cut, harvest corn:—metaph.
 to mow down, cut off, slay: also to cut the hair. 3.
 also to pack up. II. intr. to pass the summer;
 cf. ἐαρίζω, χειμάζω.

θερίνεος, *a, ov*, = *θέρειος*; τροπαὶ θερίνεαι *the summer solstice*, i. e. the 21st of June. [Υ]

θερίνός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (*θέρος*) prose form for *θέρειος*, of, *in*, or *during summer*.

θερισμός, *ὁ*, (*θερίζω*) *mowing, reaping, harvesting*.

θεριστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (*θερίζω*) *a mower, reaper, harvest-man*.

θεριστήριον or θερίστρον, *τό*, (*θερίζω*) *a light summer-garment*, opp. to *χειμάστιον*.

θερμαῖον, *f. ἄνω*: aor. I *ἐθέρμηνα*: (*θερμός*):—*to warm, heat*:—Pass. *to become warm or hot, grow hot, glow*: metaph., *θερμαίνεσθαι ἐλπίζει* *to glow with hope*.

θήρηγ, *ἡ*, (*θερμός*) *heat, feverish beat*. II. *θήρημα*, *αἶ*, *hot-springs*, Lat. *thermae*.

θερμό-βλυστος, *ον*, (*θερμός*, *βλύω*) *hot-bubbling*.

θερμό-βουλος, *ον*, (*θερμός*, *βουλή*) *hot in counsel, rash*.

θερμό-δότης, *ου, ὁ*, fem. *θερμό-δοτις*, *ἰδος, ἡ*, (*θερμός*, *δίδομι*) *one who brought the hot water* (Lat. *calda*) *at baths or sacrifices*, Lat. *caldarius*.

θερμο-εργός, *όν*, = *θερμουργός*.

θερμό-νους, *ον*, (*θερμός*, *νοῦς*) *beated in mind*.

Θερμο-πύλαι, *ἄν, αἶ*, (*θερμός*, *πύλη*) *Hot-Gates*, a narrow pass, in which were hot-springs, the name of the famous pass from Thessaly to Locris; also called simply *Πύλαι*. [Υ]

θερμός, *ἡ, ὄν*, also poet. *ός, ὄν*, (*θέρω*) *warm, hot, boiling*. II. metaph. *hot, hasty, rash, reckless*. 2. *active, ready*. III. *τό θερμόν*, *heat, Lat. calor*: also, *θερμόν* (sub. *ῥδωρ*), *hot drink*, Lat. *calda*: *τά θερμά* (sub. *χωρία*), *hot places*, or (sub. *λουτρά*), *hot baths*.

ΘΕΨΜΟΣ, *ὁ*, *the lupine*.

θερμο-τρώγεω, *f. ἦσω*, (*θέρμος*, *τρώγω*) *to eat lupines*.

θερμ-ουργός, *όν*, (*θερμός*, **εργω*) *doing hot and hasty acts, rash, reckless, impetuous*.

θήρμα, only used in pres. imperat. and in impf. (*θέρω*) *to warm, heat, make hot*:—Pass. *to grow hot*.

θέρος, *τό*, (*θέρω*) *summer, summer-time*: *summer-heat*: *τό θέρος*, absol., *during summer*; *τοῦ θέρος* *in the course of summer*. II. *a harvest, a crop*.

ΘΕΨΩ, fut. *θήρω*, *to warm, heat*:—Homer uses only Pass. *θήρωμαι*, with fut. med. *θήρωμαι*, aor. 2 *ἐθέρην* in subj. *θερέω* for *θερῶ*: *to become warm, grow hot, warm oneself*; *πυρὸς θέρεσθαι* *to be burnt with fire*.

θές, aor. 2 imperat. of *τίθημι*.

θέσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of *τίθημι*.

θέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of *τίθημι*.

θέσθω, θέσθε, 3 sing. and 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. med. of *τίθημι*.

θέσις, *εως, ἡ*, (*τίθημι*) *a setting, placing, arranging*; *ἐπέων θέσις* *a setting of words in verse, poetry*. II. *a deposit of money, earnest-money*. III. *adoption* as the child of some one; cf. *θετός*. IV. (from Pass. *τίσθαι*) *a being placed, position, situation*. 2. *a position or thesis to be proved*. V. in metre *the last half of the foot*, in which the voice falls, opp. to the *first half* (*ἄρσις*), in which it rises.

θεσ-κελος, *ον*, (*θεός*, *ἔσχω*, *ἵσχω*) *godlike*: but generally, *marvellous, wondrous*, always of things, *θεοεικελος* being used of persons; *θεσκελα ἔργα* *works of wonder*; neut. as Adv., *ἔϊκτο δὲ θεσκελον αὐτῷ* *he was wondrous like him*.

θέσιμος Dor. *τέθμιος, ον*, (*θεσμός*) *according to law, lawful, legitimate*: *θέσιμα, τά*, as Subst. *laws, customs, rites*.

θεσμο-θέτης, *ου, ὁ*, (*θεσμός*, *τίθημι*) *a lawgiver*. II. *the θεσμοθέται* at Athens were the *six junior archons*: after their year expired they became members of the Areopagus.

θεσμο-ποιέω, *f. ἦσω*, (*θεσμός*, *ποιέω*) *to make laws*. θεσμο-πόλος, *ον*, (*θεσμός*, *πολέω*) *conversant with laws or customs*.

θεσμός Dor. *τεθμός, ὁ*: irreg. pl. *θεσμά, τά*: (*τίθημι*):—*a law, rule, ordinance*, Lat. *institutum*: *a rite, form, institution*. 2. at Athens, Draco's laws were called *θεσμοί*, because each began with the word *θεσμός*; Solon's laws were named *νόμοι*. Hence

θεσμοσύνη, *ἡ*, *justice*, like *δικαιοσύνη*.

θεσμοφόρια, *ον, τά*, (*θεσμοφόρος*) *the Thesmophoria*, an ancient festival held by the Athenian women in honour of Demeter *Θεσμοφόρος*: it lasted three days from the 11th of Pyanepsion. Hence

θεσμοφορίζω, *f. σω*, *to keep the Thesmophoria*; at Θεσμοφορίζουσαι, a play of Aristophanes.

θεσμοφόριον, *τό*, *the temple of Demeter Θεσμοφόρος*.

θεσμο-φόρος, *ον*, (*θεσμός*, *φέρω*) *law-giving*: epith. of Demeter, Lat. *Ceres*, as the goddess of tillage and civilised life; *τά θεσμοφόρω* *Ceres and Proserpine*, who were worshipped together at the Thesmophoria.

θεσμο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος, ὁ*, mostly in pl., *θεσμο-φύλακες*, like *νομο-φύλακες*, *guardians of the law*, a magistracy at Elis. [Υ]

θεσ-πέσιος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (*θεός*, *ἔπος*) of the *voice, divinely sweet*. II. *more than mortal or human*: *unspeakable, ineffable*, and generally = *θεῖος, divine*: dat. fem. *θεσπεσίῃ* (sub. *βουλῇ*) as Adv., *by the will of God*. 2. *wondrous, marvellous, excellent*. 3. of anything *sent by God*, and so, *awful, fearful*. Hence

θεσπεσίως, Adv. *in divine manner*; *θεσπεσίως ἐφόβηθεν* *they trembled unspeakably*.

θεσπῖ-δάτης, *ές*, (*θέσις*, *δαίω* Λ) *kindled by a god*; *θεσπιδαῆς πῦρ*, *supernatural, furious fire*.

θεσπι-επεία, fem. Adj. (*θέσις*, *ἔπος*) *prophetic*.

θεσπιζέω: fut. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, Ion. inf. *θεσπιζέω*: aor. I *ἔθεσπισα* Dor. *-ιζα*: (*θέσις*):—*to declare by oracle, prophesy, divine*.

θεσπιζασα, Dor. for *θεσπιάσασα*, aor. I part. fem. of foreg.

θέσιος, *ον*, = *θεσπέσιος*.

θεσ-πις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ*, (*θεός*, *ἔπος*) *inspired, prophetic, sacred*. II. = *θεῖος* Π , *divine, wondrous awful*.

θέσπισμα, *ατος, τό*, (*θεσπιζω*) *an oracle*.

θεσπιωδέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to sing in prophetic strain*. From

θεσπιῶδός, ὄν, (θέσπις, ᾤδή) singing in prophetic strain, prophetic.

Θεσσαλός Att. Θετταλός, ὁ, fem. Θεσσαλίς, ἴδος, a Thessalian; also as Adj., Θεσσαλὸν σόφισμα a Thessalian trick, from the faithless character of the people.

θέσσωσθαι, to pray for: a defect. poet. aor. I, of which we find only 3 pl. θέσαντο, part. θεσσάμενος. (Origin uncertain.)

θεσφάτη-λόγος, ὄν, (θέσφατος, λέγω) prophetic.

θέσ-φάτος, ὄν, (θεός, φημί) spoken by God, decreed, appointed, destined, Lat. fatalis: as Subst., θέσφατα, τά, oracles. II. like θεῖος, made by God, divine.

Θετιδεῖον, τό, the temple of Thetis. From Θετίς, ἴδος, ὁ, Thetis, one of the Nereids, wife of Peleus, mother of Achilles.

θέτο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θετός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τίθημι, placed, set. II. adopted as one's child.

θεύ, Dor. and Ion. aor. 2 imperat. med. of τίθημι.

θεύ-μορος, ὄν, Dor. for θεόμορος.

θεύς, ὁ and ἦ, Dor. for θεός, a god.

θεύσομαι, I will run, fut. of θέω.

θευ-φορία, ἦ, Dor. for θεοφορία.

ΘΕΨΩ Ep. also θεΐω: fut. θεύσομαι:—to run; θέειν πεδίοιο to run over the plain; περι τρίποδος θέειν to run for Hector's life; later also, θέειν τὸν περι τῆς ψυχῆς (sc. δρόμον) to run for one's life. II. of birds, to fly: of ships, to run; of the running wheel, of a rolling stone. III. of things which run in a continuous line, though not actually in motion; of anything circular, which seems to run round into itself, ἀντὺς ἢ πυμάτη θέειν ἀσπίδος the rim which ran round at the verge of the shield.

θεώ, contr. for θεάου, imperat. of θεάομαι.

θεώμεν, Ion. for θῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θεωρέω, f. ἴσω, (θεωρός) to look at, view, behold, observe: esp. to be a spectator at the public games and festivals. 2. of the mind, like Lat. contemplari, to contemplate, consider. II. to be a θεωρός or state ambassador to the oracle or at the games. III.

Causal in Soph. O. C. 1084, θεωρήσασα τοῦμὸν ὄμμα having made my eyes behold; but see ἐπείρω. Hence θεωρῆμα, ατος, τό, a sight, spectacle. II. a thing contemplated by the mind, a principle deduced: in Mathematics, a theorem.

θεωρητήριον, τό, (θεωρέω) a seat in a theatre.

θεωρητικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θεωρέω) of or for speculation, theoretic.

θεωρία, ἦ, (θεωρέω) a looking at, viewing, beholding, observing; θεωρίας εἵνεκεν for the purpose of seeing the world: esp. the being a spectator at the public games. 2. of the mind, contemplation, reflection.

II. the sending of θεωροί or state-ambassadors to the oracle or games: also the body of θεωροί themselves. 2. the office of θεωρός. III.

pass. a sight, spectacle.

θεωρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θεωρός) of or belonging to spectators or to the sacred ambassadors (θεωροί). II.

τά θεωρικά (sub. χρήματα) the money, which, from the time of Pericles, was given from the treasury to the poor citizens, to pay for their seats at the theatre (at 2 obols the seat), but also for other purposes.

θεωρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, with and without ναῦς, a sacred ship which carried the θεωροί to their destination; used also for other state-purposes. From

θεωρός, ὁ, (θεός, ἄρα) a spectator, observer, one who travels to see men and things. II. an ambassador, sent by the state to consult an oracle:—the Athenians sent θεωροί to the Delphic oracle, to Delos, and to the four great Hellenic games, the Olympian, Pythian, Nemean, and Isthmian.

θεώτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of θεός, more divine.

Θηβα-γενής, ἐς, (Θῆβη, γενέσθαι) sprung from Thebes, born at Thebes, Theban.

Θῆβαϊ, Adv. at Thebes.

Θῆβαϊς, Adv. to or towards Thebes. From

ΘῆBAI, av, αἶ, poet. also Θῆβη, ἦ, Thebes, the name of several cities, of which the most famous are the Egyptian, the Boeotian, and another in the Troad, all in Homer, who uses both sing. and plur. of all. Hence

Θηβα-γενής, ἐς, = Θηβαγενής: and

Θηβαίεύς, ἐως Ion. ἐός, epith. of Jove, Theban:—so Θηβαῖος, α, ὄν, and Θηβαϊκός, ἦ, ὄν, Theban.

Θηβαῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, (Θῆβαι) the Thebaῖς, i. e. territory of Thebes. II. the Thebaïd, a poem on the siege of Thebes.

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Θῆβασδε, poet. Adv., = Θῆβαεε.

Θῆβη, v. Θῆβαι.

Θῆβησιu poet. Θῆβησι, (Θῆβαι) Adv. at Thebes.

θηγᾶλος, α, ὄν, (θήγω) pointed, sharp. II.

act. sharpening.

θηγάνη, ἦ, (θήγω) a whetstone: metaph. anything to whet one's fury, a provocative to rage. [ᾶ]

θηγάω, = θήγω.

ΘΗΓΩ, f. θήγω: aor. I ἔθηγα:—Pass., pf. τέθηγα:—to sharpen, whet:—Med., δόρυ θήγασθαι to whet one's spear. II. metaph. to sharpen, provoke, irritate.

θηέωτο, 3 sing. impf. of θεόομαι.

θηέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ion. form of θεόομαι: Dor. θῦέομαι:—to look on, gaze at, observe, admire: impf., 3 sing. ἔθηετο Ep. θηέτο, Ion. 3 pl. ἔθηευντο Ep. θηέυντο; ἔθηεμεσθα Ion. I pl.; θηέμενος Ion. part.: θήησω, -ατο 2 and 3 pl. aor. I opt.: cf. θάομαι.

θήης, Ep. for θῆς, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θηητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for θεατής, (θηέομαι) one who gazes at, an admirer.

θηητός, ἦ, ὄν, Ion. for θεατός, gazed at, to be looked at or admired, wondrous.

θήιον, τό, Ep. for θεῖον, brimstone.

θήϊος, Ep. for θεῖος, divine.

θήκα, Ep. aor. I of τίθημι.

θηκαῖος, α, ὄν, like a chest or coffin, belonging to a

sepulchre of the dead; οἶκημα θηκαῖον *a burial vault*.

From

θήκη, ἡ, (τίθημι) *a case to put anything in, a box, chest: a place for putting corpses in, a grave, vault*.

θηκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of θήγω, *sharpened*.

θηλάζω, fut. ἄσω Dor. ἄζω: (θηλή)—*to give suck, suckle*. II. of the child, *to suck; θηλάζων sucking*.

θήλεα, Ion. fem. of θήλυς.

θηλέω Dor. θάλέω, f. ἡσω, (θηλή) *to flourish, abound*; c. gen., λειμῶνος ἴου ἠδὲ σελεύου θήλεον *the meadows were rich with violets and parsley*. II. *to make to bloom*.

θηλή, ἡ, (τέθηλα) *the part of the breast which gives suck, the teat, nipple*.

θηλυ-γενής, ἐς, (θήλυς, γενέσθαι) *of female sex*.

θηλυ-γλωσσος, ον, (θήλυς, γλῶσσα) *with woman's tongue*.

θηλυδρίας, ον, ὁ, Ion. -ίης, (θήλυς) *an effeminate person*.

θηλυδρι-ῶδης, ἐς, (θηλυδρίας, εἶδος) *of womanish kind, effeminate*.

θηλυ-κράτης, ἐς, (θήλυς, κρατέω) *swaying women*.

θηλυ-κτόνος, ον, (θήλυς, κτείνω) *slaying by women's hands*.

θηλυ-μάνης, ἐς, (θήλυς, μανῆναι) *mad for women*.

θηλυ-μελής, ἐς, (θήλυς, μέλος) *singing in soft strain*.

θηλυ-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, (θήλυς, μίτρα) *with a woman's head-dress*: fem. θηλυμίτρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ.

θηλυ-μορφος, ον, (θήλυς, μορφή) *woman-shaped*.

θηλυ-νοος, νοου, contr. θηλύνους, ουν, (θήλυς, νοῦς) *of womanish mind*.

θηλύνω, f. ἔνω: aor. I ἐθήλυνα:—*to make weak and womanish*:—Pass. *to become so*.

θηλύ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουον, τό, gen. -ποδος, (θήλυς, πούς) *θηλύπους βάσις the tread of female foot*.

θηλυ-πρεπής, ἐς, (θήλυς, πρέπω) *befitting a woman*.

θήλυς, εἰα, v, also fem. θήλυς: Ep. and Ion. fem. θήλειά, acc. θηλεῖν, pl. θήλειαι, -εας: (τέθηλα):—*of female sex, female, opp. to ἄρρηνη; θήλεια θεός a goddess; θήλεια ἵπποι mares*. 2. generally, *of or belonging to women; τὸ θήλυ the female sex*. II.

of things, 1. *fruitful, prolific, nourishing*. 2. *tender, delicate*: in bad sense, *womanish, weak, effeminate*. III. the Comp. θηλύτερος, α, ον [ῥ], is used like the Positive in the phrases θηλύτεροι θεαί or γυναικες.

θηλύ-σπορος, ον, (θήλυς, σπεῖρω) *born of woman*; γέννα θηλύσπορος *a race of females*.

θηλύτερος, α, ον, v. θήλυς sub fin.

θηλυ-τόκος, ον, (θήλυς, τεκεῖν) *bearing girls*.

θηλυ-φρων, ον, (θήλυς, φρήν) *of woman's mind*.

θηλυ-χιτών, gen. ἄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (θήλυς, χιτών) *with a woman's frock or dress*. [ῥ]

θήμερα, by crasis for τῆ ἡμέρα.

θήμετέρου, by crasis for τοῦ ἡμετέρου.

θήμις, by crasis for τὸ ἦμις.

θημών, ἄνος, ὁ, (τίθημι) *like θωμός, a bear*.

θήν, an Ep. enclitic Particle, rare in Att. Poets, *surely now; ἢ θην in very truth; οὐ θην surely not*.

θηζάω, 3 sing. aor. I imperat. med. of θήγω.

θηόω, Ep. for θεῶ, 2 sing. opt. of θηέομαι.

ΘΗΡ, θηρός, Ep. dat. pl. θήρρσι, ὁ, *a wild beast, a beast of prey*: joined with a Subst., as θήρ λέων. 2.

any monster, as the sphinx; often of the centaurs: also satyrs.

θήρα Ion. θήρη, ἡ, (θήρ) *a hunting, pursuit of wild beasts, the chase*:—eager pursuit of anything. II. in collective sense, *the beasts, the game, quarry*.

θηρ-αγρέτης, ον, ὁ, (θήρα, ἀγρεύω) *a hunter*.

θήραμα, ατος, τό, (θηράω) *that which is caught, prey, booty*.

θηράσιμος, ον, (θηράω) *to be caught or won*.

θηρᾶτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of θηράω, *to be caught or won*. II. θηρᾶτοον, *one must catch or win*.

θηρᾶτης, οὔ, ὁ, (θηράω) *a hunter, hunter after*.

θηρᾶτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the chase, devoted to hunting; τὰ θηρᾶτικά τῶν φίλων *the arts for winning friends*.

θήρατρον, τό, (θηράω) *a thing to catch with, a net, trap*. θηράω, f. ἄσω or θηρᾶσομαι: (θήρα):—*to hunt wild beasts, to chase, pursue, catch*. 2. metaph., like

Lat. venari, *to hunt after a thing, pursue, seek it eagerly*.

II. the Med. θηράωμαι is used in Act. sense, *to hunt after, seek for*: also in Pass. *to be hunted, pursued*.

θήρε, dual. nom. of θήρ.

θήρειος, ον, (θήρ) *of, belonging to wild beasts*, Lat. ferinus: θηρεία βία, periph. for ὁ θήρ, *the centaur*.

θήρρσι, Ep. for θηρσί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρευμα, ατος, τό, (θηρεύω) *spoils, prey, game*. II. *hunting*.

θήρευσις, εως, ἡ, (θηρεύω) *a hunting, the chase*: metaph. *a hunting after*.

θηρευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θηρεύω) *a hunter; κύνεσσι καὶ ἀνδράσι θηρευτήσιν with hounds and huntsmen*: also *a fisher*. Hence

θηρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, belonging to the chase or hunting: κύνες θ. hunting dogs, bounds: ἡ θηρευτική (with and without τέχνη), *the art of hunting, the chase*.

θηρεύω, f. σω (θήρ)=θηράω, *to hunt, run down, catch*: *to hit, strike*: metaph. *to hunt or seek after*:—Pass. *to be hunted*: also *to be preyed upon*.

θηρέω, Ion. and Dor. for θηράω.

θήρημα, τό, Ion. for θήραμα.

θηρητήρ, ἦρος, and θηρητῶρ, ορος, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for θηρατής, *a hunter*.

θηριομάχew, f. ἡσω, (θηρίον, μάχομαι) *a fight with wild beasts*. From

θηριο-μάχος, ον, *fighting with wild beasts*.

θηρίον, τό, in form a Dim. of θήρ, but used for it almost always in Prose, *a wild animal, beast*; esp. of such as are hunted, *game*: *a beast, brute*, as opp. to birds and men.

II. as real Dim. of θήρ, *a little animal*. III. as a term of reproach, *beast!* like Lat. bellua, ᾧ δειλότατον σὺ θηρίον.

θηριώδης, es, (θηρίον, εἶδος) full of wild beasts, infested by them, Lat. belluosus.

II. brutal in

manners or nature, wild, savage, Lat. belluinus.

θηροβολέω, f. ἴσω, to strike or kill wild beasts. From

θηρο-βόλος, ov, (θήρ, βάλλω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-βότος, ov, (θήρ, βόσκω) fed on by wild beasts.

θηρό-θυμος, ov, (θήρ, θυμός) with brutal mind, brutal.

θηρο-κτόνος, ov, (θήρ, κτείνω) killing wild beasts.

θηρο-ολέτης, ov, δ, (θήρ, δαλύω) a slayer of beasts.

θηρο-νόμος, ov, (θήρ, νέμω) feeding wild beasts.

θηρο-σκόπος, ov, (θήρ, σκοπέω) looking out for wild beasts.

θηροσύνη, ή, (θήρ) bunting, the chase.

θηρο-τόκος, ov, (θήρ, τεκείν) producing wild beasts.

θηρο-τρέφος, ov, (θήρ, τρέφω) feeding wild

beasts. II. proparox. θηρότροφος, pass. fed by

beasts, feeding on them.

θηρο-φόνος, ov, also η, ov, (θήρ, *φένω) slaying wild beasts.

θηροσί, dat. pl. of θήρ.

θήρῳον, crasis for τὸ ἡρῳόν.

ΘΗΨ, θηψός, δ, a serf or villain, who is bound to

the soil, Lat. ascriptus glebae: also a hired labourer.

They formed the last of Solon's four tribes, the other

three being the πεντακοσιομέδιμοι, ἱππεῖς, ζευγίται.

This class took in all whose property in land yielded

less than 150 medimni: they were generally excluded

from public service, but were employed as light-armed

troops and seamen, and, in case of need, as heavy-

armed. II. fem. θήσσα Att. θήττα, ή, a labour-

ing girl. 2. as Adj., θήσσα τράπεζα a menial's fare.

θήσαι, aor. I inf. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαΐατο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I opt. of θάομαι = θεάομαι.

θησάμενος, aor. I part. med. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of θάω, to suckle.

θησαυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (θησαυρός) to store or treasure

up, lay by: of fruits, to lay up in store, preserve. Hence

θησαυρίσμα, atos, τό, a store, treasure.

θησαυρός, δ, (θήσω, fut. of τί-θημι) a store laid up,

treasure. II. a store or treasure-house: any re-

ceptacle for valuables, a chest, casket.

Θησεΐον, τό, (Θησεύς) the temple of Theseus, a sanctu-

ary for runaway slaves. II. τὸ Θησεΐα (sub.

ιερά), the festival of Theseus.

θησεύς, θησῶ, Dor. 2 and I sing. fut. of τίθημι.

θησεΐω, Desiderat. of τίθημι, I wish to place.

θησέμεναι, θησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of τίθημι.

θησεύμεθα, Dor. I pl. fut. med. of τίθημι.

Θησεύς, εὐς, δ, Theseus, the most famous of the

heroes of Athens. (Prob. from τί-θημι, the Settler,

Civiliser.)

θήσαι, pres. inf. pass. of θάω, to suckle.

θήσσα Att. θήττα, fem. of θής.

θήσω, fut. of τίθημι.

θητέα, ή, (θητέω) hired service.

θητέω, f. ω, (θής) to be a menial, serve for hire.

θητικός, ή, όν, (θής) fit for menial service, menial.

θήττα, Att. for θήσα.

-θη, inseparable affix, added to several Nouns, denoting

the place at which, as, ἀγρόθι, οἴκοθι, in the fields, at

home. Like -θεν, it was originally a genitive termi-

nation, as in Ἰλιόθι πρό, ἠώθι πρό.

θιάσ-άρχης, ov, δ, (θιασός, ἄρχω) the chief or leader

of a sacred band of revellers.

θιάσεια, ή, revelling. From

θιάσειω, (θιασός) to honour with sacred revelry:—

Pass., θιασεύεται ψυχάν he has his soul imbued with

Bacchic revelry.

ΘΙΑΣΟΣ, δ, a company or procession of persons

dancing and singing in honour of a god, esp. of Bac-

chus, a band of Bacchic revellers. 2. any company

or troop. Hence

θιάσω, to make into a festive company.

θιάσως, Dor. acc. pl. of θιασός.

θιάσότης, ov, δ, (θιασώω) the member of a company

of revellers; c. gen., θιασώται του Ἔρωτος worship-

pers or followers of Love.

θιγγάνω, lengthd. form of Root ΘΙΓ- (which ap-

pears in aor. 2 and in τε-γι, pf. of tango): fut. θιγ-

μαι: aor. 2 θιγιον:—to touch lightly, just touch, less

strong than ἄπτομαι; then generally to touch: to

touch, attempt: to reach, gain.

θιγέειν Ep. θιγέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of θιγγάνω.

θίγημα, ματος, τό, (θιγέειν) a touch.

θίξομαι, fut. of θιγγάνω.

ΘΙΣ, gen. θινός, Ep. δ, later ή:—a heap of sand on

the beach: hence the beach, shore, strand: in pl.

θives, sand-heaps, sand-banks:—then any heap; θives

νεκρών heaps of dead; ὀστεόφιν θίς a heap of

bones. 2. the sand at the bottom of the sea; θίς

κελαινά a dark, muddy bottom: metaph., ὤς μου τὸν

θίνα παράττεις how thou troublest the very bottom

of my heart.

θλαστός, ή, όν, crushed, bruised. From

ΘΛΑΨΩ, inf. θλάν: fut. θλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἔθλασα

Ep. θλάσσα:—Pass., pf. τέθλασαι:—to crush, bruise,

round, bray.

ΘΛΙΒΩ, [ε]: fut. θλίψω: aor. I ἔθλιψα:—Pass.,

aor. I ἐθλίβην, aor. 2 ἐθλίβην [ι]: pf. τέθλιμμαι:

—to press, press hard, gall:—Med., θλίβεται ὤμος

he will rub his shoulders. 2. metaph. to oppress,

afflict, distress: pf. part. τεθλιμμένος, hemmed in,

confined, narrow. Hence

ἔθλιψι, εως, ή, a pressing, pressure. 2. metaph.

oppression, affliction.

θνάσκω, Dor. for θνήσκω.

θνατός, Dor. for θνητός.

θνήσκω, lengthd. from Root ΘΑΝ-: fut. θανούμαι,

Ep. inf. θανέσθαι: aor. 2 ἔθανον, Ep. inf. θανέειν:

pf. τέθνηκα, whence syncope. pl. τέθνάμεν, τέθνάτε,

τεθνάσι: imperat. τέθναθι: opt. τεθναίην; inf. τε-

θνάαι [ᾶ] Ep. τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], rarely τεθνά-

αι; part. τεθνεώς, τεθνεώσα, τεθνεώς (or τεθνεός)

Ep. τεθνηώς, gen. ὠτος Ep. also τεθνηότος; 3 pl. plqpf. ἐτέθνασαν:—from τέθνηκα arose the Att. future

forms τεθνήξω, τεθνήξομαι:—to be dying, to die, Lat.

morior:—perf. τέθηκα *I have died, am dead*; so too aor. 2 ἔθανον, *I died, am dead*; part. θανάων, *dead*, Lat. *mortuus*.

II. metaph. of things, to die, perish.

θηγτρο-γενής, ἐς, (θηγτός, γενέσθαι) *born of mortals, of mortal race*.

θηγτρο-ειδής, ἐς, (θηγτός, εἶδος) *of mortal nature*.

θηγτός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν: Dor. θνατός, ὄν, (θηγσκω):—*mortal*, opp. to ἀθάνατος; *θηγτοί mortals*.

2. of things, *befitting mortals, human*.

θοάζω, (θοός) *trans. to move quickly, ply rapidly, dispatch*.

2. intr. *to move oneself quickly, hurry along*.

II. = θάσσω, θωκέω, to sit.

θουματίδιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱματίδιον.

θουμάτιον, by crasis for τὸ ἱμάτιον.

θουινάω, (θουίνω) = θουινάω, to feast. Hence θουινάμα, *ατος, τό, a meal, feast*.

θουινάτηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (θουινάω) *a feaster*.

θουινάτηριος, *ον, (θουινάω) of or for a feast*.

θουινάτικος, ἦ, ὄν, (θουινάω) *of or for a feast*.

θουινάτωρ, *οπος, ὄ, = θουινάτηρ*. [ᾶ]

θουινάω, *φ, ἦσω, to feast on, eat*. II. *to feast, entertain*:—hence in Med. or Pass., with fut. med.

θουινάσσομαι, *αor. I pass. ἐθουινήθηρ, pf. τεθουινάμαι: to feast: to feast on, eat*. From

ΘΟΥΝΗ, *ἡ, a meal, feast, banquet, dinner: generally, food, provender*.

θουινήτωρ, ὄ, Ion. for θουινάτωρ.

θουινάω, *φ, ἦσω, (θουίνω) to feast, entertain*.

θοίτο, for θείτο, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of τίθημι.

θολερός, ἄ, ὄν, (θολός) *muddy, thick, troubled*, Lat. *turbidus*, properly of water.

II. metaph. *troubled by passion, turbid, agitated*.

θολία, ἦ, (θόλος) *a round hat to keep the sun off*.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ἦ, *a dome or circular vault: generally, any round or vaulted building*. 2. at Athens, *the round chamber in which the Prytanes dined*.

ΘΟΛΟΣ, ὄ, *mud*. II. *the dark juice of the cuttle-fish (sepia)*, which it emits to hide itself, Lat. *lorigo*. Hence

θολώω, *φ, ἴσω, to make muddy, turbid: metaph. like Lat. perturbare, to trouble, disquiet*.

θοός, ἦ, ὄν, (θέω) *quick, active, ready; θοῇ νύξ quick-passing night; θοῇ δαίς a basty meal*. II.

sharp, pointed, of rocky islands or headlands.

θοόω, *φ, ἴσω, (θοός) to make sharp or pointed*.

θόρε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of θρώσκω.

θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκω.

θορή, ἦ, = θορός.

θόρνυμαι and θορνύομαι, Dep., collat. form, of θρώσκω, to leap, esp. to pair, mate, couple.

θορός, ὄ, (θορεῖν) *the semen genitale of the male*.

θοροῦμαι, fut. of θρώσκω.

θορουβέειν, Dor. 3 pl. of θορουβέω.

θορυβέω, *φ, ἴσω, (θόρυβος) to make an uproar, mostly of a crowded assembly, in token either of approbation or the contrary: hence, I. to cheer, applaud*. 2. to groan, murmur at one. II.

trans. to trouble, disturb with noise or tumult:—Pass. to be troubled: to be in disorder or confusion. Hence θορυβητικός, ἦ, ὄν, *inclined to riot, tumultuous*.

ΘΟΥΡΥΒΟΣ, ὄ, *the noise of a crowded assembly*,

I. in token of approbation, *applause, cheers*. 2. the contrary, *a clamour, uproar, groaning*.

θορών, aor. 2 part. of θρώσκω.

θοῦ, Att. imperat. aor. 2 med. of τίθημι.

θοῦδωρ, θοῦδατος, by crasis for τὸ ἕδωρ, τοῦ ἕδατος.

Θουρίδ-μαντις, *εως, ὄ, (Θουρίω, μάντις) a Thurian prophet, generally a soothsayer*.

θοῦρις, *ιδος, ἦ, fem. of sq.*

θοῦρος, ὄ, (θορεῖν) *leaping, rushing, impetuous, eager:—fem. θοῦρίς, ἴδος, mostly as epith. of ἄλκις, impetuous might; θοῦρις ἀσπίς shield of impetuous warrior*.

θῶσκος, ὄ, Ep. lengthd. from θῶκος, *a seat*. 2. *a sitting, assembly*.

θῶος, Adv. of θοός, *quickly, soon*.

Θράκη Ion. Θρηκή poet. Θρηκή, ἦ, Thrace.

Θράκιος, *α, ον, Ion. Θρηήκιος poet. Θρηήκιος, (Θραῖξ) of or belonging to the Thracians, Thracian*.

θρανεύω, *φ, ἴσω, (θράνω) to stretch on the tanner's board, to tan: θρανεύσομαι, fut. med. in pass. sense, to be tanned*.

θρανήιον, τό, Dim. of θράνω, *a small bench, stool*.

θρανήτης, *ον, ὄ, (θράνω) one of the rowers on the topmost of the three benches in a trireme, who had the longest oars and most work; cf. ζυγίτης, θαλαμίτης*. [7]

θρανίτις, *ιδος, ἦ, fem. of θρανήτης*.

ΘΡΑΝΟΣ, ὄ, *a bench, form: esp. the topmost of the three benches in a trireme*.

Θραῖξ, Θρακίος, ὄ; Ion. Θρηῖξ, Θρηήκιος, poet. Θρηῖξ, Θρηήκιος, *a Thracian*.

θράξαι, θράξω, aor. I inf. and imper. of θράσσω.

θράσεως, Adv. of θρασύς, *boldly: Comp. θρασύτερον, Sup. -ύτατα*.

ΘΡΑΣΟΣ, *εως, τό, = θάρσος, courage, confidence: in bad sense, over-boldness, daring, rashness, presumption, impudence*. [ᾶ]

Θράσσα Att. Θράττα, ἦ, Ion. and poet. Θρηῖσσα Dor. Θρέῖσσα, *a Thracian woman*.

θράσσω Att. θράττω, fut. ξω, Att. contr. from τάρασσω, *to trouble, disquiet, disturb*.

θράσῦ-γυλος, *ον, (θρασύς, γυῖον) relying on strength of limb*.

θράσῦ-κάρδιος, *ον, (θρασύς, καρδία) bold of heart, stout-hearted*.

θράσῦ-μένμων, *ον, gen. ονος, (θρασύς, μένω) bravely patient: cf. Μέμμων*.

θράσῦ-μῆδης, *ες, (θρασύς, μῆδος) bold of device, daring, resolute*.

θράσῦ-μητις, *ιδος, ὄ, ἦ, (θρασύς, μῆτις) = θρασυμήδης*.

θράσῦ-μηχάνος Dor. -μάχανος, *ον, (θρασύς, μηχανή) bold in scheming or contriving*.

θράσῦ-μῦθος, *ον, (θρασύς, μῦθος) bold of speech*.

θρασύνα, f. ὑνά (θρασύς) like θαρσύνα, to make bold, encourage:—Pass. and Med. to be bold, ready, courageous; θρασύνεσθαι τιμι to rely on one.

θρασύ-πόλεμος ποῖτ. θρασυπόλεμος, on, (θρασύς, πόλεμος) bold in war.

θρασύ-πονος, on, (θρασύς, πόνος) bold at work.

ΘΡΑΣΥΨ, εἶα, ὑ, bold, spirited, resolute: in bad sense, rash, venturesome, presumptuous. II. of things, causing confidence, safe.

θρασύ-σπλαγχνος, on, (θρασύς, σπλάγχνον) bold-hearted.

θρασύστομέω, to be over-bold of tongue. Hence θρασύστομία, ὁ, licence of speech, insolence. From θρασύ-στομος, on, (θρασύς, στόμα) over-bold of tongue, insolent.

θρασύτης, ητος, ἦ, (θρασύς) over-boldness, rashness, audaciousness. [ῥ]

θρασύ-χειρ, χειρός, ὁ, (θρασύς, χεῖρ) ἦ, bold of hand. Θράττα, Att. for Θράσσα.

θράττω, Att. for θράσσα.

θραυσ-άντυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἦ, (θραύω, άντυξ) breaking wheels.

θραύσμα, τό, that which is broken, a fragment. From ΘΡΑΥΨ, f. σω: aor. I ἔθραυσα:—to break, break in pieces, shiver, shatter. II. metaph. to break down, enfeeble.

θρέμμα, ατος, τό, (τρέφω) that which is reared or tended, a nursing: a creature.

θρέξασκον, Ion. for ἔθρεξαν, 3 pl. aor. I of τρέχω.

θρέξομαι, fut. of τρέχω.

θρέπτειρα, ἦ, fem. of θρεπτήρ.

θρεπτέος, εἶα, εἶον, verb. Adj. of τρέφω, to be fed. II. θρεπτέον, one must feed. 2. (from Pass.) one must be fed.

θρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer. Hence θρεπτήριος, on, able to feed, feeding, nourishing.

II. θρεπτήρια, τά, rewards for rearing, esp. the returns made by children for their rearing. 2. food, support.

θρέπτρα, τά, (τρέφω) like θρεπτήρια, the returns made by children for their bringing up, filial duty.

θρεπταῖνελδ, a sound imitative of the citbara.

θρέττε, τό, = τὸ θαρραλέον or θάρσος, barbarism in Ag. Eq. 17, οὐκ ἐνι μοι τὸ θρέττε, the spirit's not in me.

θρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέφω.

θρέψα, ποῖτ. for ἔθρεψα, aor. I of τρέφω.

θρέψαιο, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of τρέφω.

θρέψω, fut. of τρέφω.

ΘΡΕΨΩ, only used in pres. and impf. med., to cry aloud, sbriek out, wail, lament.

Θρηκίτη, ἦ, Ep. for Θράκη.

Θρηκίος, η, on, Ep. for Θρηκίος, Θράκίος.

Θρηκίς, ἴκος, ὁ, Ion. for Θρηκίς, Θράξ.

Θρηκίσσα, ἦ, Ion. for Θρηκίσσα, Θράκισσα.

Θρηκη, ἦ, Ion. for Θράκη. Hence Θρηκηθεν, Adv. from Thrace: and

Θρηκηθεν, Adv. to Thrace.

Θρηκίος, η, on, Ion. for Θρηκίος, Thracian.

Θρηγέω, f. ἦσω, (θρηγός) to wail, lament, mourn: ἀοιδὴν θρηγείν to sing a dirge or lament. Hence

θρηγήμα, ατος, τό, a lament; and θρηγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, θρηγητής, οὐ, a mourner, wailer.

θρηγός, ὁ, (θρέω) a wailing, lamenting: a funeral-song, dirge, like the Gaelic coronach.

θρηγύς, vos, ὁ, (θράνος) a footstool. 2. a bench; θρηγύς ἑπταπόδης, the seven-foot bench, the seat of the helmsman or the rowers.

Θρηξ, ηκός, ὁ, Ion. for Θράξ.

θρησκεία Ion. —ητή, ἦ, (θρησκέω) religious worship, service, observance: religion.

θρησκέω, f. σω, (θρησκος) to observe religiously, hold scrupulously.

θρησκότη, Ion. for θρησκεία.

ΘΡΗΣΚΟΣ, on, religious.

Θρήσσα, Ion. for Θράσσα.

Θριάϊ, ὦν, αἶ, the Thriae, Parnassian nymphs, nurses of Apollo.

θρίαμβεύω, f. σω, (θρίαμβος) to triumph. II. to lead in triumph. III. to make to triumph.

θριαμβικός, ἦ, ὄν, triumphal. From

θρίαμβος, ὁ, a hymn to Bacchus: also a name of Bacchus. II. used to express the Roman triumphus, a triumph.

θριγκίον, τό, Dim. of θριγός.

ΘΡΙΓΚΟΣ, ὁ, the coping, eaves, cornice, which projects beyond the rest of the wall; θριγκὸς κύναιο a cornice of blue metal:—metaph. the coping-stone, last finish. II. generally a wall, fence. Hence

θριγκώ, f. ὦσω, to surround with a coping; ἀλλήν ἔθριγκωσεν ἀχέρῳα to fence it at top with thorn-bushes:—metaph. to build up even to the coping-stone, to put the finishing stroke to. Hence

θρίγκωμα, τό, a coping, cornice.

ΘΡΙΓΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἦ, lettuce, Lat. lactuca. [r]

θρίζω, ποῖτ. syncop. for θεριζώ.

Θριν-ακία Ep. —ίτη, ἦ, and Θριν-ακρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (θρίναξ) the trident-land, sub. γῆ or νῆσος, an old name of Sicily from its three promontories, Lat. Trinacria.

θρίναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (for τρίναξ, from τρίς) a trident, three-pronged fork.

ΘΡΙΨ, ἦ, gen. τριχός, dat. pl. θριεῖ:—the hair, both of man and beast: sheep's wool: also of the beard:—Proverb., θριεῖ ἀνὰ μέσσον only a hair's breadth off.

ΘΡΙΟΝ, τό, a fig-leaf. II. a kind of omelette, so called because it was wrapped in fig-leaves.

ΘΡΙΟΣ, ὁ, one of the reefs or little ropes on the lower part of the sail, used to take it in.

θριπ-ἦδεστος, on, (θριπ, ἔδω) worm-eaten.

θριψ, gen. θριπός, ὁ, (τριβω) a wood-worm.

θροέω, f. ἦσω, (θρόος) to cry aloud, sbriek forth: generally, to speak, declare. II. to frighten:—

Pass. to be frightened or troubled.

ΘΡΟΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, a lump, piece, Lat. grumus: a clot or gout of blood.

θρομβώδης, es, (θρόμβος, εἶδος) curdled, clotted.

θρόνον, τό, only in plur. θρόνα, flowers or patterns embroidered on cloth. II. later, θρόνα are flowers or herbs used as charms. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΘΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, a seat, chair. II. a chair of state, throne: the chair of a judge, teacher, etc.: in pl. the king's estate or dignity.

θρός Att. contr. θροῦς, ὁ, (θρέω) a confused noise, tumult, murmuring. II. a report, Lat. rumor.

θρυλλίδιον, τό, Dim. of θρυλλίς.

ΘΡΥΛΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a wick.

θρύλλε (vulgo θρυλλέω): f. ἤσω: pass. pf. τεθρύλλημαι: (θρύλλος):—to make a noise, to keep babbling.

II. c. acc. rei, to keep talking about a thing, make a great talk of:—Pass. to be the common talk, τό θρυλουμένον or τεθρυλημένον what is in every one's mouth.

θρύλλω (vulgo θρυλλίζω), f. ἴσω: (θρύλλος):—to make a false note in playing on the citbara.

θρυλλίσσω (vulgo θρυλλίσσω) to break in pieces:—Pass. to be shivered; Ep. aor. I θρυλλίχθην. (Akin to θραύω, θρύπτω.) Hence

ΘΡΥΛΟΣ (vulgo θρύλλος), ὁ, a confused noise, shouting, tumult, murmuring.

θρύμμα, ατος, τό, (θρύπτω) a piece broken off, a bit, piece, morsel.

ΘΡΥΨΟΝ, τό, a rush, Lat. juncus.

θρυπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, breaking, crushing. II. pass. easily broken: metaph. effeminate, enervated. From

ΘΡΥΠΤΩ, f. θρύψω: aor. I ἐθρύψα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense, θρύψομαι: aor. 2 ἐθρύψην [ῥ]: pf. τέθρυμαι:—to break in pieces, crush:—Pass. to be broken, crushed.

II. metaph. in Pass. to be enfeebled, enervated. III. in Pass. also, to be affected, give oneself airs, look languishing: generally, to be conceited; θρύπτεσθαι τι, to feel pride in a thing. Hence

θρύψις, εως, ἡ, a breaking in pieces. II. metaph. softness, weakness, effeminacy.

θρώσκω, lengthd. from the Root ΘΩΡ-, which appears in fut. and aor. 2: fut. θωρούμαι Ion. θωρέομαι: aor. 2 ἐθωρον, inf. θωρεῖν Ep. θωρέειν:—to leap, spring, as the arrow from the string, or the lot from the helmet. 2. foll. by Prep., to leap or spring upon one, to attack, assault. II. trans. to mount, impregnate.

θρωρός, ὁ, (θρώσκω) a springing or rising, as of a hill from the plain.

Θυβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Θύβρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = Θυμβ-.

ΘΥΓΑΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. θυγάτερος contr. θυγατρός, dat. θυγάτερ: a daughter. Hence

θυγατριδῆ, ἡ, a daughter's daughter, grand-daughter.

θυγατριδούς, οὔ, Ion. -ιδέος, έον, ὁ, a daughter's son, grandson.

θυγάτριον, τό, Dim. of θυγάτηρ, a little girl.

θυεία, ἡ, (θύω) a mortar. Hence

θυείδιον, τό, Dim. of θυεία.

θύελλα, ἡ, (θύω) a storm, a hurricane, whirlwind,

tempest; πυρός θύελλαι storms of lightning; ἄτης θύελλαι storms of woe.

θυέων, gen. pl. of θύω.

θυή-δόχος, (θύος, δέχομαι) receiving incense.

θύηεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) smoking with incense, fragrant.

θύλη, ἡ, (θύω) the part of the victim burned: a burnt-offering or sacrifice.

θυηπολέω, f. ἤσω, to busy oneself with sacrifices:—Pass. to be filled with sacrifices. And

θυηπολα, ἡ, a sacrificing. From

θύη-πόλος, εν, (θύω, πολέω) busy about sacrificing; sacrificial: as Subst. a sacrifice, a priest.

θύη-φάγος, εν, (θύος, φαγεῖν) consuming offerings.

θυία or θυά [ῥ], ὁ, (from θύω to smell): a sweet-scented African tree, perhaps a kind of cedar.

θυιαί, ἄν, αι, = θυιάδες.

θυιάς or θυιάς, gen. ἄδος, ἡ, (θύω) a frantic or inspired woman, Bacchante.

θύίνος, ἡ, εν, made of the wood of the tree θυία.

θύϊω, = θύω, to rage, be inspired.

θυλάκιον, τό, Dim. of θύλακος, a small bag.

ΘΥΛΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, a bag, pouch, commonly of leather. II. in pl. the loose trousers worn by Eastern nations.

θύλομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (θυηλή) Dep. to offer. Hence

θύλακα, τό, that which is offered; θυλάματα cakes, incense, etc. [ῥ]

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering; πάγκατα θύματα offerings of all fruits.

θύμαινω, f. ἄνω, (θυμός) to be wroth or angry.

θύμ-αλγής, ές, (θυμός, ἀλγέω) heart-grieving.

θύμάλωψ, ωπος, ὁ, (τύφω) a piece of burning wood or charcoal, a hot coal or ember.

θύμᾶρέω, to be well-pleased. From

θύμ-άρης [ᾶ], ες, (θυμός, ἀρ-αρεῖν) suiting one's mind, well-pleasing.

ΘΥΜΒΑ, ἡ, a bitter herb, savory.

θυμβρ-επί-δειπνος, εν, (θύμβρα, επί, δειπνοῦ) eating the herb savory, living poorly.

Θυμβριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a nymph of the Tiber. From

Θύμβρις, ἴδος, ἡ, the Tiber, Lat. Tiberis.

θυμβρο-φάγος, εν, (θύμβρα, φαγεῖν) eating the herb savory; θυμβροφάγον βλέπειν to look as if one had eaten savory, make a wry face.

θύμῆλη, ἡ, (θύω) a place for sacrifice, an altar. II. in the Athen. theatre, an altar-shaped platform in the middle of the orchestra: a raised stage or seat. Hence

θυμελικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the thymélé, scenic.

θύμ-ηγερέω, f. ἤσω, (θύμος, ἀγείρω) to collect one's spirit, recover courage, be oneself again.

θύμ-ηδής, ές, (θύμος, ἡδός) well-pleasing, dear.

θυμίμα Ion. -ῆμα, ατος, τό, (θυμιάω) that which is burnt as incense, incense.

θυμιάτηριον Ion. -ῆτήριον, τό, (θυμιάω) a censor.

θύμιάω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ]: Ion. aor. I ἐθύμισα: (θύμα, θύω):—to burn so as to produce smoke:—to burn as

incense:—Pass., Ion. 3 sing. θυμῆται, for -αται, to be burned.

θυμῖδιον, τό, Dim. of θυμός. [ῥδ]

θυμῆμα, Ion. for θυμίαμα.

θυμῆται, Ion. 3 sing. pres. pass. of θυμιάω.

θυμητήριον, τό, Ion. for θυματήριον.

θύμινος, η, ον, (θύμος) made of or with thyme. [ῥ]

θύμιντος, ον, δ, (θύμος) seasoned with thyme.

θύμο-βάρης, ἐς, (θυμός, βαρός) heavy at heart.

θύμοβορέω, f. ἦσω, to gnaw or vex the heart. From

θύμο-βόρος, ον, (θυμός, βιβρώσκα) heart-eating.

θύμο-δακίης, ἐς, (θυμός, δακεῖν) biting the heart.

θυμο-ειδής, ἐς, (θυμός, εἶδος) high-spirited, courageous, Lat. animosus. II. bot. tempered, passionate: of horses, restive, wild.

θύμο-λέον, οντος, δ, (θυμός, λέων) lion-hearted.

θύμó-μαντις, εως, δ, ἡ, (θυμός, μάντις) of prophetic soul.

θύμο-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (θυμός, μάχομαι) to fight with all one's heart and soul.

θύμο-πληθής, ἐς, (θυμός, πλήθος) wrathful.

θύμο-ραῖστος, οὔ, δ, (θυμός, ραῖα) life-destroying.

θυμός, δ, (θύω) the soul; also, the life, breath, Lat. anima; θυμόν ἀφέλεσθαι, ἀλέσαι to take away, destroy the life. II. the soul, heart, Lat. animus;

ἀνάγει με θυμός, ἤθελε θυμός my heart bids me; κατὰ θυμόν after my heart's desire; ἀπὸ θυμοῦ against one's heart's desire; ἐκ θυμοῦ or θυμῶ φίλειν to love with all one's heart; ἐμῶ κεχαρισμένε θυμῶ most precious to my soul. 2. of any vehement passion, anger, wrath, and in good sense, spirit, courage. III. the mind, will, purpose; ἐδαίετο θυμός his mind or purpose wavered.

θύμος [ῥ], ον, δ, or εος, τό, (θύω) thyme, Lat. thymus. 2. a mixture of thyme with honey and vinegar.

θυμοσοφικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like a man of genius, clever. Froth

θύμó-σοφος, ον, (θυμός, σοφός) naturally clever, a man of genius.

θυμοφθόρεω, f. ἦσω, to break the heart. From

θύμο-φθόρος, ον, (θυμός, φθείρω) life-destroying;

θυμοφθόρα γράμματα deadly characters, i. e. fatal to the bearer; θυμοφθόρα φάρμακα poisonous, deadly drugs: of persons, heart-breaking, most irksome.

θυμός, f. ὠσω, (θυμός) to make angry:—Pass., with fut. med. -ώσωμαι, aor. I ἐθυμώσαμην and ἐθυμάσθην: pf. τεθύωμαι:—to be wroth or angry: to be wild or restive; τὸ θυμούμενον, passion.

θυμώδης, ἐς, = θυμοειδής.

θυμώεις, aor. I part. pass. of θυμώω.

θυμώμα, ατος, τό, (θυμώω) wrath, passion. [ῥ]

θυνάω, = θύνω.

θυνάζω, f. ὠσω, (θύννος) to spear a tunny-fish: to strike with a harpoon.

θύννεος, α, ον, (θύννος) of the tunny-fish.

θύννευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for tunny-fishing. From

θύννος, δ, (θύνα, θύω) the tunny-fish, Lat. thunnus.

θυνοσκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to watch for tunnies. From θυνο-σκόπος, ον, (θύννος, σκοπέω) watching for tunnies; esp. of a man on a high place who looked out for the shoals of tunnies.

θύνν-ώδης, ἐς, (θύννος, εἶδος) like a tunny-fish, simple.

θύννος, Dor. for θύννος, acc. pl. of θύννος.

θύνω, (θύω B) to rush or dart along. [ῥ]

θύο-δόκος, ον, (θύνος, δέχομαι) receiving incense, fragrant with incense.

θύοεις, εσσα, εν, (θύος) laden with incense, fragrant.

θύον, τό, (θύω) a tree, prob. the same as θύια.

θύοντι, Dor. 3 pl. of θύω. 2. dat. sing. of part. θύων.

θύος, εος, τό, (θύω) a sacrifice, offering.

θύοσ-κew, (θύος, κew = καίω) to offer burnt-sacrifices.

Hence

θύοσκόος, ον, δ, the sacrificing priest.

θύώω, f. ὠσω, (θύος) to make fragrant: pf. part. pass.

ἐλαιον τεθυομένον fragrant oil.

ΘΥΡΑ Ion. θύρη, ἡ, Germ. THUR, our DOOR;

θύρην ἐπιτιθέναι to put to the door, opp. to ἀνακλί- νειν; κόπτειν, κρούειν θύραν, Lat. januam pulsare, to knock at the door; ἐπὶ ταῖς θύραις at the doors, i. e. close at hand. 2. the door of a carriage. 3.

θύρη καταπακτῆ a trap-door. II. generally, an entrance, access. III. boards put together like a door, a frame, raft. Hence

θύραεις, for θύρασσε, Adv. to the door, outside the door: then like Lat. foras, out; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὡσε θύραε he wrenched the spear out of his thigh.

θύραθεν Ep. -ηθε, (θύρα) Adv. from without, with- out, outside; οἱ θύραθεν foreigners, aliens.

θύρατος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (θύρα) outside the door, abroad; θυραῖος οἰχνεῖν to go out of the door; θυραῖος ἐλθεῖν to come from abroad; ἄνθρωπος θυραῖος stranger men; ὄψος θυραῖος the good fortune of other men.

θύρασι, -σιω, Adv. (θύρα) at the door, outside the door, abroad, Lat. foris.

θύραυλία, to be out of doors, live in the air. And θύραυλία, ἡ, a living out of doors. From θύρ-αυλος, ον, (θύρα, ἀυλή) living out of doors or in the open air, keeping the field.

θύρ-αστις, ἰδος, ἡ, (θυρές, ἀσπίς) a large shield. Θυρές, δ, (θύρα) a great stone put against a door to keep it shut. II. a large oblong shield, Lat. scutum.

θύρετρον, τό, = θύρα, a door. [ῥ]

θύρη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for θύρα.

θύρηθε, Adv., Ep. for θύραθεν.

θύρηφι, Ep. dat. of θύρα: also used as Adv. outside, without.

θύριδιον, τό, Dim. of θύρα.

θύριον, τό, Dim. of θύρα, a little door, wicket.

θύρις, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of θύρα, a small door: window.

θύροκοπέω, f. ἦσω, to break a door open. From θύρο-κόπος, ον, (θύρα, κόπτω) knocking at the door, esp. for alms.

θύρώω, f. ὠσω, (θύρα) to furnish with doors, bar close.

θυρσάω, Lacon. inf. θυρσαδοῶν, (θύρσος) to bear or brandish the thyrsus.

θυρσο-μάνης, ἐς, (θύρσος, μανῆναι) raving with the thyrsus.

θύρσος, ὁ, with heterog. pl. θύρσα, τά, (θύω) any light, straight shaft: commonly the thyrsus, a wand wreathed in ivy and vine-leaves with a pine-cone at the top, carried by the devotees of Bacchus.

θυρσοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to bear the thyrsus; θ. θιάσους to assemble companies with the thyrsus. From

θυρσο-φόρος, ον, (θύρσος, φέρω) thyrsus-bearing.

θυρσο-χάρης, ἐς, (θύρσος, χαρῆναι) delighting in the thyrsus.

θύρμα, ατος, τό, (θύρω) a room with doors to it. II. a door with its frame.

θύρῳν, ἄνω, ὁ, (θύρα) the door-way: a hall, ante-chamber, Lat. atrium, vestibulum.

θύρῳρος, ὁ, ἦ, (θύρα, ἄρα) a door-keeper, porter.

θύσαι, aor. I inf. of θύω.

θύσανόεις Ep. θυσο-, εσσα, εν, tasseled, fringed.

θύσανος, ὁ, (θύω) a tassel, tuft, or tag: in pl. tassels, fringe: esp. of the αἰγίς. [ῥ]

θύσανόωντος, ἦ, ὄν, (θυσανῶν) tasseled, fringed.

θύσθλα, ἠν, τά, (θύω) the sacred implements of Bacchic worship: Bacchic worship.

θύσια, ἦ, (θύω) sacrificing, the mode of sacrificing: in pl. θυσίαι, sacrifices. II. the victim itself.

θύσιαστήριον, τό, (θυσία) an altar.

θύσιμος, ον, (θύω) fit for sacrifice. [ῥ]

θυσανόεις, εσσα, εν, Ep. for θυσανόεις.

θυστάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (θύω) of or for sacrifice, sacrificial; θυστὰς βοῆ the cry uttered in sacrificing; θυστᾶδες λαῖναι the prayers offered with a sacrifice.

θυσῶ, Dor. fut. of θύω.

θύτέον, verb. Adj. of θύω, one must sacrifice.

θύτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θύω) a sacrificer, slayer. Hence

θύτήριον, τό, = θύμα.

θύψαι, θύψω, aor. I inf. and fut. of τύψω.

ΘΥΩ (A), fut. θύσω [ῥ]; aor. I ξήσσα: pf. τέθυκα:—Med., fut. θύσομαι, also used in pres. sense:—Pass., aor. I ἐτύθην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι, also used in med. sense:—to offer, sacrifice, slay a victim: also absol., θύειν θεοῖς to sacrifice to the gods: later, to celebrate with sacrifices, γάμους θύειν; εὐαγγέλια θύειν ἕκατον βοῦς to acknowledge the good news by sacrificing a hundred oxen. II. Med. to have a victim slain: hence

to take the auspices.

ΘΥΩ (B), f. θύσω [ῥ], like θύνω, θυνέω, of any violent motion, to rush on or along, dart along: generally, to storm, rage.

θύ-ώδης, ἐς, (θύος, εἶδος) like incense, sweet-smelling.

θύμα, ατος, τό, (θύω) that which is burnt as incense, in pl. σπῖκες.

θῶ, θῆς, θῆ, aor. 2 subj. of τίθημι.

θῶή, ἦ, (τίθημι) a penalty; θῶή Ἀχαιῶν a penalty imposed by the Achaeans.

θωκέω, Ion. for θακέω, to sit. From

θῶκος, Ep. lengthd. θῶκος, ὁ, Ion. for θᾶκος, a seat, chair. II. a sitting, assembly; θῶκῶνδε to the sitting.

θῶμα, θωμάζω, θωμάσιος, Ion. for θανμ-.

ΘΩΜΠΞ, γγος, ὁ, ἄ cord, string, esp. a bowstring.

θωμισώ, f. ζω, to whip with small cords, scourge.

θῶμισον, by crasis for τὸ ἥμισον, the half.

θῶμός, ὁ, (τίθημι) a heap.

θωπέια, ἦ, (θωπέω) a flattering, flattery.

θώπευμα, ατος, τό, (θωπέω) a piece of flattery, a caress.

θωπευμάτιον, τό, Dim. of θώπευμα, a bit of flattery.

θωπέω, f. σω, (θῶψ) to flatter, faun on, cajole, wheedle.

θωπικός, ἦ, ὄν, (θῶψ) fawning, flattering.

θῶπλα, crasis for τὰ ὄπλα.

θῶπτω, f. ψω, = θωπέω.

θωρᾶκεῖον, τό, (θῶραξ) a breastwork.

θωρᾶκίζω, f. ίσω, (θῶραξ) to arm with breast-plate.

II. generally, to sbeath in armour, cover with armour.

θωρᾶκο-ποιός, ὄν, (θῶραξ, ποιέω) making breastplates.

θωρᾶκο-φόρος Ion. θωρηκ-, ον, (θῶραξ, φέρω) wearing a breastplate, a cuirassier.

θῶραξ, ἄκος, Ion. θῶρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, a breastplate, cuirass; διπλῶος θῶρηξ a double cuirass, consisting of breast and back piece joined with clasps, Lat. lorica. 2. the part covered by the breastplate, the chest. II. the breastwork of a wall: also the strong, outer wall.

θωρηκο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for θωρακοφόρος.

θωρηκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (θῶρησσω) armed with breastplate or cuirass.

θῶρηξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. and Ep. for θῶραξ.

θωρηγῆται, aor. inf. of sq.

θωρηξόμεν, I pl. fut. of θωρήσσω; but also Ep. for θωρηγῶμεν, aor. I subj.

θωρήσσω, f. ζω, (θῶραξ) to arm with a breastplate or cuirass, generally, to arm, harness:—Pass. θωρησσομαι, f. -ξόμαι: aor. I ἐθωρήχθην: to arm oneself, put one's armour on. II. in Act. also, in Ion. and Poets, to make drunk:—Med. to get drunk. Hence

θωρηχθεῖς, θωρηχθῆναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. ΘΩΞ, θῶος, ὁ or ἦ, the jackal.

θωυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (θωύσσω) a barker, roarer.

θῶυμα, θωυμάζω, θωυμάσιος, θωυμάστης, θωυμαστός, less correct Ion. forms for θῶμα, θωμάζω, etc.

θῶυσσω, f. ζω, of a dog, to bark, bay, growl; of a gnat, to buzz, hum: generally, to cry aloud, shout out:—c. acc., to call on, call.

ΘΩΨ, gen. θωπός, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner, cajoler.

I

I, ι ἰῶτα, τό, indecl., ninth letter of the Greek alphabet. As numeral, ι' = 10, but ι = 10,000.

The *i* *subscriptum* was always *adscriptum* or written by the side, not under (as τῶι, not τῶ), till the 13th century. In Capitals it is still so written, as ΤΩΙ.

ι was easily exchanged with ε, whence forms like εἰλω ἴλω, εἰλη ἴλη: ι was sometimes exchanged with ε, as ἐστία ἰστή: but more frequently it is inserted to lengthen the syll., as in εἰν εἰς ἔξινος κεινός διαί παραί for ἐν ἐς ἔξινος κενός διά παρά.

The Quantity of *i* varies.

-ί, *iota demonstrativum*, is attached to all cases of demonstr. Pronouns in Attic, to strengthen their force, e. g. οὔτοσι, αὐτῇ, τοῦτί, Latt. *hicce, haecce, bocce, keinosi, odi, toutogi*, etc.: also demonstr. Advcs., as οὔτωσι, ὀδί, ἐνθαδί. Those that end in σί take the ν *φελικιστικόν* before a vowel, as οὔτωσιν, ἐκεινοσίν, οὔτωσιν. In all these, the last syll. is long, and takes the accent; a long vowel or diphthong in penult. is shortened, e. g. αὐτῆί, οὔτοί.

ΙΑ Ion. ἰή, ἦ, = βοή, a voice, cry.

ία, ἰῆς, ἰῆ, ἰαν, old Ion. fem. of εἰς for μία, μίας, etc. ἰά, τά, irreg. pl. of ἰός, an arrow. [Ὶ]

ἰα, τά, pl. of ἰόν, a violet.

ἰαί, exclam. of triumph.

ἰαθήσονται, fut. pass. of ἰάομαι.

ἰαβοῖ, strengthd. form of αἰβοῖ, to express disgust.

ΙΑΓΝΩ, fut. ἰανῶ: aor. Ι ἰγνα: aor. I pass. ἰάνθην: —to warm, beat. 2. to melt, soften by heat: metaph., θυμὸν ἰαίνειν to melt the heart. 3. to warm, cheer, refresh, recruit: c. dat. to take delight in a thing.

ΙΑΚΧΑΪΩ, (Ἰακχος) to raise the cry of Iacchus.

ΙΑΚΧΕΩ, f. ἦσω, = Ἰακχάζω.

ΙΑΚΧΟΣ, ὁ, (ἰάχω) Iacchus, mystic name of Bacchus, as the god of shouting and revelry. 2. the Bacchanalian shout.

ἰαλεμίζω Ion. ἰηλ-, f. ἰσω, (ἰάλεμος) to bewail. Hence

ἰαλεμιστρια Ion. ἰηλ-, ἡ, a wailing woman.

ἰάλεμος [ᾶ] Ion. ἰήλεμος, ὁ, (ἰά) a wail, lament, dirge. II. as Adj. melancholy, plaintive.

ἰάλλω, f. ἰάλλω: aor. Ι ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαι: —to send forth; ἐπ' ὀνειράτα χεῖρας ἰάλλον they put forth their hands to the dishes; περὶ χεῖρὶ δεσμὸν ἰηλα I put chains on thy hands. 2. to attack, assail; ἀτιμήτησιν ἰάλλειν τινά to assail one with insults. 3. to send. II. intr. (sub. εαυτῶν), to send oneself on, to flee, run, hurry. [Ὶ] Hence

ἰαλτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. sent, dispatched.

ἰάμα Ion. ἰημα, ατος, τό, (ἰάομαι) a means of healing, treatment, remedy.

ἰαμβεῖος, ον, (ἰαμβος) in iambs; τὸ ἰαμβεῖον iambic verse.

ἰαμβιάζω, f. ἄσω, and ἰαμβίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰαμβος), to assail in iambs: generally, to lampoon.

ΙΑΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, an iambus, a metrical foot consisting of a short and long. syll., as ἔγχα. II. an iambic verse, the trimeter or senarius, first used by the sarcastic writers Archilochus and Hipponax; and then in the Attic Drama.

ΙΑΝ, ὁ, pl. Ἴανες, contr. for Ἴάων, Ἴάονες, an Ionian. ἰάνθην, aor. I pass. of ἰαίνω.

ΙΑ'ΟΜΑΙ: fut. ἰάσομαι Ion. ἰήσομαι: aor. Ι ἰασάμην Ion. ἰησάμην: Dep.:—to heal, cure: metaph. to remedy, heal, correct. II. aor. Ι ἰάθην [ᾶ], and pf. ἰάμαι, in pass. sense, to be healed, to recover.

Ἰαοναῦ, barbarism for the vocat. of Ἴαων.

Ἴάονες, pl. of Ἴαων.

ΙΑΠΤΩ, f. ψω, to send, drive; of missiles, to send forth, shoot, discharge: to set in motion; ἰάπτειν ὀρχήματα to begin the dance. 2. to assail, handle roughly, hurt. II. intr. (sub. εαυτῶν), to rush, hurry, speed.

ΙΑΠΤΕ Ion. Ἰήπτυς, ὕγος, ὁ, the north-west or west-north-west wind.

Ἴάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Adj. fem. of Ἴων, Ionic. II. as Subst. (sub. γυνή), an Ionian woman. 2. (sub. γλώσσα or διάλεκτος), the Ionic dialect.

ἰάσι, 3 pl. pres. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰάσι, for ἰέασσι, 3 pl. of ἰέμι.

ἰάσιμος, ον, (ἰάομαι) admitting of cure, remediable: —appeasable.

ἰάσις Ion. ἰησις, εως, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) a cure, remedy.

ΙΑΣΠΙΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a precious stone, jasper.

Ἰαστί, Adv. (Ἴας) in the Ionic fashion or dialect.

Ἰάσω, gen. ὄος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, (ἰάομαι) Iāso, the goddess of healing and health.

ἰατήρ Ep. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ἰατρός, a chirurgeon, surgeon, leech, physician. [Ὶ]

ἰάτω, 3 sing. impf. of ἰάομαι.

ἰατορία, ἡ, (ἰάτωρ) the art of medicine.

ἰατῶς, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰάομαι) curable.

ἰατρείον, τό, (ἰατήρ) a surgery.

ἰατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰατρός) of or for the art of healing: ἡ ἰατρική (sub. τέχνη), surgery, the art of healing.

ἰατρό-μαντις, εως, ἡ, (ἰατρός, μάντις) the physician-seer, of Apollo and Aesculapius.

ἰατρός Ion. ἰητρός, ὁ, (ἰάομαι) = ἰατήρ, a surgeon, leech, physician: metaph., ἰατρός κακῶν, ὀργῆς, etc., a bealer.

ἰατρο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (ἰατρός, τέχνη) a practiser of the healing art.

ἰατπάται, ἰατπάταιξ, Interj. ab, woe is me!

ἰάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. ἰητωρ, poet. for ἰατρός. [Ὶᾶ]

ἰαῦ, a shout in answer, bo! bolla!

ἰαυοῖ, exclamation of joy, bo! bo! [Ὶ]

ἰαύω, f. σω: aor. Ι ἰανσα: (αῦω):—to sleep, to pass the night: hence to dwell in a place:—ἰαύειν πόδα to rest the foot.

ἰ-ἄφότης, ον, ὁ, (ἰός, ἀφήμι) an archer. [Ὶ]

ἰάφθην, aor. I pass. of ἰάπτω.

ἰαχαῖος, α, ον, (ἰαχή) glad-sounding.

ἰαχέω, f. ἦσω, = ἰάχω, to shout, cry aloud.

ἰαχή, ἡ, (ἰάχω) a cry, shout: a wail, shriek: generally, any loud sound. [Ὶᾶ]

ἰαχῆμα, ατος, τό, (ἰαχέω) a cry, shout. [Ὶᾶ]

ἰάχω, f. ἰαχῆσω: pf. ἰαχα, fem. part. ἰαχνία: (ἰά):

—to cry, shout, either in sign of joy or lamentation: c. acc. to sound, proclaim.

II. of things, to resound, reecho; of the waves, to roar; of hot iron in water, to hiss. [ἰᾶ]

ἰάων, *onos*, ὄ, Ep. for ἰών, an Ionian.

ἰβις, *gen. Ion.* ἰβιος Att. ἰβιδος, acc. ἰβιν, ἡ, *the ibis*, an Egyptian bird, to which divine honours were paid. It is scarlet, of the stork kind.

*ΠΔΗ or ἰγδης, ἡ, a mortar.

ἰγμαί, part. ἰγμένος, pf. of ἰκνέομαι.

ἰγνήν, ἡ, (γόνυ) *the hollow or binder part of the knee*, Lat. *poples*. [ῶ]

ἰγνύς, ὅς [ῶ], ἡ, = ἰγνήν, acc. ἰγνύα or ἰγνύν.

ἰδα Ion. ἰδη, ἡ, *Ida*, a mountain in Phrygia near Troy: also another in Crete. II. a thick wood, wood, copse.

2. timber; ἰδη ναυπηγήσιμος timber for ship-building. [ῆ]

ιδάλμιος, *ov*, (ιδος) *causing sweat*.

ιδέ, Ion for ἡδέ, and. [ῆ]

ἰδε or ιδέ, imperat. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα, lo, behold. [ῆ]

ἰδε, Ep. 3 sing. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα. [ῆ]

ἰδέα Ion. -ἡ, ἡ, (ἰδέειν) *form*. 2. generally, *the look or appearance* of a thing, as opp. to its reality, Lat. *species*. 3. a nature, kind, sort; a way, manner, fashion. [ῆ]

ἰδέειν Ep. ἰδέειν, inf. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα.

ἰδέσθαι, inf. med. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα.

ἰδεσκον, Ion. for εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα. [ῆ]

ἰδέω, Ion. subj. of εἶδον, aor. 2 of *εἶδα.

ἰδηαι, Ep. 2 sing. of εἰδόμεν, aor. 2 med. of *εἶδα. [ῆ]

ἰδησά, for εἰδησά, Dor. fut. of *εἶδα. [ῆ]

ἰδία, v. sub ἴδιος.

ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος, Comp. and Sup. of ἴδιος, formed from ἰδία.

ἰδιο-βουλευώ, f. σω, (ἴδιος, βουλευώ) *to follow one's own counsel, take one's own way*.

*ἸΔΙΟΣ, α, *ov*, Att. also *os*, *ov*: *one's own, personal, private*, Lat. *privus, privatus*: opp. to public (δημόσιος).

2. *one's own*, opp. to ἀλλότριος; τὸ ἴδιον or τὸ ἴδια *private property or concerns*. 3. *peculiar, separate, distinct*: hence *strange*. II. dat. ἰδίᾳ is used as Adv. *privately*, opp. to δημοσίᾳ; ἰδίᾳ φρενός *away from one's senses*. 2. *on one's own account*. III. irreg. Comp. and Sup. ἰδιαίτερος, ἰδιαίτατος (formed from ἰδία).

ἰδιο-συγκρίσια, ἡ, (ἴδιος, συγκρίνω) *a peculiar temperament or habit of body, idiosyncrasy*.

ἰδῖω, f. ἰσῶ [ῆ]: aor. I ἰδῖσα: (ἴδος):—*to sweat* with fear: in Prose usually ἰδρῶν.

ἰδῖος, Adv. of ἴδιος, *privately*.

ἰδιωτεία, ἡ, (ἰδιότης) *private life, a business*.

ἰδιωτεύω, f. σω, *to live as a private man*. II. *to be without professional knowledge, be a layman*. From ἰδιότης, *ov*, ὄ, (ἴδιος) *a private person, one in a private station*, opp. to στρατηγός, *a private soldier*: also an *individual*, opp. to πῶλις. II. *one who was no professional knowledge, a layman*, opp. to one

who has; ἰατρός καὶ ἰδιώτης *a mediciner or an unprofessional man*; ποιητῆς ἢ ἰδιώτης *a poet or a prose-writer*: c. gen. rei, *unskilled or unversed in a thing*. 2. *an ill-informed, common-place fellow*. III. ἰδιῶται *one's countrymen*, opp. to ξένοι. Hence

ἰδιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for a private man, private or personal*, opp. to public. 2. *commonplace, trivial, awkward*.

ἰδμεν, Ion. and Dor. for ἴσμεν, I pl. of ἰδα. II. Ep. for εἰδέαι, inf. of ἰδα.

ἰδμεναι, Ep. for εἰδέναι, inf. of ἰδα.

ἰδμοσύνη, ἡ, *knowledge, skill*. From

ἰδμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ἰδμεναι = εἰδέναι) *practised, skilled, versed in a thing*.

ἸΑΝΟΩ, f. ὦσω, *to crook, bend*:—Pass. *to double oneself up, writhe*, esp. for pain.

ἰνώθη, aor. I pass. of ἰνῶω.

ἰδῶτο, Ion. for ἰδουτο, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of *εἶδα.

ἰδοῖσα, Dor. for ἰδοῦσα, aor. 2 part. fem. of *εἶδα.

ἰδων, Ep. for εἶδον, 1 sing. and 3 pl. aor. 2 of *εἶδα.

ἸΔΟΣ, εος, τό, *sweat, perspiration*. 2. *violent beat*.

ἰδοῦ, imperat. med. of εἶδον. II. as Adv. written ἰδοῦ, lo! behold! see there! in giving a thing, there! see there! 2. well! as you please! 3. ironically in repeating another's words, ἰδοῦ γ' ἄκρατον, yes to be sure, sheer wine.

ἰδρεία Ion. ἰδρείη or ἰδρίη [ῆ], ἡ, (ἴδρις) *knowledge, practice, skill*; ἰδρείη πολέμοιο *skill in war*.

ἴδρις, gen. ἴδριος Att. ἴδρεως, ὄ, ἡ, neut. ἴδρι, (ἰδμεναι, = εἰδέναι) *experienced, skilful*: as Subst., ἴδρις *the provident creature = μύρμηξ, the ant*.

ἰδρός, ὄ, poet. for ἰδρῶς. [ῆ] Hence

ἰδρῶς, f. ὦσω, *to sweat, perspire*, generally from toil, but also from pain or fear. This Verb, like ἰγνῶω, is contracted into ω and φ instead of ον and οι (as if it were ἰδρῶω), hence 3 pl. pres. ἰδρῶσι, 3 sing. opt. ἰδρῶσῃ, fem. part. ἰδρῶσα.

ἰδρῦμα, τό, (ἰδρῶν) *a thing founded, built: a temple, a statue, image*; ἰδρῦμα πόλεως *the stay, support of the city*, like Lat. *columna rerum*.

ἰδρῦθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of ἰδρῶν.

ἰδρῦτέον, verb. Adj. of ἰδρῶν, *one must found, establish: one must inaugurate a statue*. II. pass. οὐχ ἰδρῦτέον *one must not sit still, loiter*.

ἰδρῶν, f. ὦσω [ῶ]: aor. I ἰδρῶσα:—Pass., aor. I ἰδρῶσιν [ῶ] *not ἰδρῶσιν*: pf. ἰδρῶμαι: (ἴζω):—Causal of ἕζομαι, *to make to sit down*; ἰδρῶσαι στρατὴν *to encamp an army*:—Pass. *to be seated, sit still*: pf. part. pass. ἰδρῶμενος *firmly seated, steady, secure*. II. *to fix, found, establish: to set up statues, dedicate temples*:—Med., with pf. pass., ἰδρῶμαι, *to found or set up for oneself*. III. *to fix, settle, establish* persons in a place; Ἀρη ἐμφύλιον ἰδρῶσαι *to give footing to, introduce, intestine war*:—pf. pass. ἰδρῶμαι, *to be placed, situated*; ἰδρῶσθαι εἰς τόπον *to settle in a place*:—Med. *to found or establish for oneself*.

ιδρω, ιδρω, Ep. for ιδρωτα, ιδρωτι, acc. and dat. of ιδρω.

ιδρωην, opt. of ιδρω.

ιδρωσ, ωτος, ο: Ep. dat. and acc. ιδρω, ιδρω: (ιδος): sweat, perspiration. 2. the sweat of trees, resin or gum.

II. metaph. anything earned by the sweat of one's brow.

ιδρωσαι, pres. part. fem. of ιδρω.

ιδυια, η, Ep. for ειδυια, part. fem. of οιδα (v. *ειδω), always in phrase ιδυιασ παραιδεσθιν, with knowing, sensible heart.

ιδω Ep. ιδωμι, aor. 2 subj. of *ειδω.

ιδων, ιδουσα, aor. 2 part. of *ειδω.

ιε, ιεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of ειμι ιδο.

ιει, 3 sing. Ion. and Att. impf. of ιημι (as if from ιεω).

ιειη, Ep. for ιου, 3 sing. opt. of ειμι ιδο.

ιεις, ιεισα, ιεν, pres. part. of ιημι.

ιεισι, 3 pl. of ιημι.

ιεται, pres. pass. and med. of ιημι.

ιεν, ιεμεναι, Ep. for ιεναι, inf. of ιημι.

ιεμενος, η, ον, pres. part. pass. of ιημι.

ιεν, Aeol. for ιεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ιημι.

ιεναι, pres. inf. of ειμι ιδο.

ιεναι, pres. inf. of ιημι.

ιεραικισκος, ο, Dim. of ιεραξ, a small hawk.

ΙΕΡΑΞ, ακος, Ion. ιερηξ contr. ιρηξ, ηκος, ο, a hawk, falcon.

ιεραιομαι Ion. ιρ-, Pass. (ιερος) to be a priest or priestess.

ιεραιτια, η, (ιερατευω) the priest's office, priesthood.

ιεραιτευμα, ατος, το, (ιερατευω) the priesthood, body of priests.

ιεραιτευω, f. σω, (ιερευω) to be priest or priestess.

ιεραια Ion. ιρετα, η, fem. of ιερευω, a priestess.

ιεραιον Ion. ιερηιον or ιερηιον, το, (ιερω) a victim, sacrifice: generally, a slaughtered animal.

ιερευω, εως Ion. ιρευω, ηος, ο, (ιερω) a priest, sacrificer.

ιερειντο, for ιερευετο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of ιερω Ion. ιρευω, f. σω, (ιερω) to offer, sacrifice. 2. to kill, slaughter. II. intr. to be a priest.

ιερη, η, = ιεραια.

ιερηιον, το, Ion. for ιερειον.

ιερια, η, Att. poet. form of ιεραια.

ιερο-γλυφικος, η, ον, (ιερω, γλυφω) hieroglyphic, expressing ideas by sacred symbols instead of letters.

ιερο-γραμματευσ, εως, ο, (ιερω, γραμματευω) a sacred scribe, one of a lower order of the Egyptian priesthood.

ιερο-δοκος, ον, (ιερων, δεχομαι) receiving sacrifices.

ιερο-θυτος, ον, (ιερω, θυω) sacrificed to a god; ιεροθυτος καπνος smoke from the sacrifices.

ιερο-λογεω, (ιερω, λεγω) to discuss sacred things.

ιερο-λογια Ion. ιερολογιη, η, mystic language.

ιερο-μηνια, η, or ιερο-μηνια, τα, (ιερω, μην or μηνη) the holy moon, or the holy-day of the month.

ιερομνημονεω, f. ησω, to be ιερομνημων. From ιερο-μνημων, ονος, ο, (ιερω, μνημων) mindful of

sacred things. II. Subst. the sacred recorder sent by each Amphictyonic state to their Council along with the πυλαγορας.

ιερων, το, v. ιερωσ II.

ιερο-νικης, ον, ο, (ιερω, νικω) conqueror in the games.

ιερο-ποιος, ον, (ιερω, ποιω) managing sacred rites: at Athens, the ιεροποιοι were ten officers, one from each tribe, who saw that the victims were without blemish.

ιερο-πρεπης, ες, (ιερω, πρεπω) beseeching a sacred place, person or matter: holy, reverend.

ΙΕΡΟΣ, δ, ον, also ος, ον: Ion. and Ep. also ιρωσ, η, ον:—of or relating to the gods, Lat. sacer. 2. holy, hallowed, consecrated, of any place, person or thing under the protection of a god; ιερωσ και οσιωσ, sacred and profane; v. sub οσιωσ.

II. as Subst.: 1. ιερων Ion. ιρων, το, a temple. 2. ιεραι Ion. ιρα, τα, offerings, sacrifices, victims; ιεραι βεζειν, Lat. sacra facere or operari, to do or offer sacrifice: afterwards, the entrails of a victim, and so the auspices: generally, sacred things or rites, Lat. sacra.

III. special phrases: 1. ιεραι νωσ, the sacred, i. e. the great or mysterious disease, prob. the epilepsy. 2. η ιεραι οδωσ, the sacred road to Delphi; also that from Athens to Eleusis. 3. η ιεραι τρηρης the sacred ship sent from Athens to Delos.

ιερο-στεπτος, ον, (ιερων, στεφω) wreathed in holy fashion.

ιεροσυλεω, f. ησω, (ιερωσυλω) to rob a temple, steal sacred things, commit sacrilege. Hence

ιεροσυλια, η, temple-robbery, sacrilege.

ιερο-συλωσ, ον, (ιερων, συλωσ) robbing temples, sacrilegious: as Subst. a sacrilegious person, Lat. sacrilegus.

ιερουργεω, f. ησω, (ιερουργω) to perform sacred rites; ιερουργειν το ευαγγελιον to minister the gospel. Hence

ιερουργια Ion. ιεροεργιη, η, religious service, worship, sacrifice.

ιερο-ουργωσ, ον, (ιερω, εργων) sacrificing: esp. as Subst. a sacrificing priest.

ιεροφαντεω, f. ησω, to be an initiating priest. From

ιερο-φαντωσ Ion. ιρ-, ον, ο, (ιερω, φαινω) one who expounds sacred things: an initiating priest. Hence

ιεροφαντικωσ, η, ον, of or for an initiating priest. Adv. -κωσ.

ιερο-φυλαξ, ακωσ, ο, (ιερω, φυλαξ) a keeper of a temple or of the sacred vessels in it, Lat. aedituus. [v]

ιερο-χθων Ion. ιρ-, ο, η, (ιερω, χθων) of hallowed soil.

ιερωσ, f. ωσω, (ιερω) to hallow, dedicate.

ιερωνυμοσ, ον, (ιερω, ονομα) of holy name.

ιερωστι, (ιερωσ) Adv. in holy manner, piously.

ιερωστην Ion. ιρ-, η, (ιερωσ) the office of priest, priesthood: a priest's salary.

ιεσθην, 3 dual impf. med. of ιημι.

ιευ, an ironical exclamation, Lat. lui!

ιζανω, (ιζω) Causal, to make to sit, seat. II.

intr. to sit. 2. of soil, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἴζΩ, impf. ἴζων Ion. ἴζεσκον: for the aor. I, v. εἶσα: later fut. ἴξῃσα, aor. I ἴξσα: I. Causal, to make to sit: see εἶσα. II. intr. to sit, sit down; ἴζειν ἐς θρόνον to take one's seat: ἴζειν of soldiers, to place themselves in ambush, to encamp: also to sit still.—Pass. ἴζομαι also occurs in same sense; ἴζεσθαι ἐν τῷ Τηγητέῳ ἐς τὸ Τηγυγετον to take post at Taygetus. 2. of earth, to settle down, sink in, Lat. *sidere*.

ἰή, io! exclam. of joy. [i] ἰή, ἦ, Ion. for ἰά, voice, sound. ἰήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰή) wailing, mournful, plaintive; ἰήσιος βοά a cry of woe. II. epith. of Apollo, the god invoked with the cry ἰή.

ἰηλα, inf. ἰηλαι, aor. I of ἰάλλω. ἰηλεμος, ἰηλεμίζω, ἰηλεμιστρια, Ion. for ἰάλεμ—ἰημα, τό, = ἰαμα.

ἰημι, ἰης, ἰησι, 3 pl. ἰᾶσι or ἰεῖσι; imperat. ἴει; subj. ἴω; opt. ἰέην; inf. ἰέναι Ep. ἰέμεναι or ἰέμεν; part. ἰέεις—impf. ἰήν, Aeol. 3 pl. ἴεν:—fut. ἦσω:—aor. I ἦσα Ep. ἦκα:—aor. 2 ἦν, of which the ind. is only used in compds.; imperat. ἴει, subj. ᾶ, opt. εἴην, inf. εἶναι, part. εἶς:—pf. εἶκα: plqpf. εἶκειν. Pass. and Med., pres. ἴεμαι: impf. ἰέμεν; aor. I pass. ἔθην, also εἶθην: aor. I med. ἠμάμην: aor. 2 med. εἴμην or ἔμην: pf. pass. εἶμαι: plqpf. εἴμην. Causal of εἶμι (ibo), to make to go, set agoing: hence 1. to send, send away, let go, dismiss. 2. of sounds, to send forth, utter, emit. 3. of things at rest, to set in motion, send, let fly, throw, hurl: c. gen. pers. to throw at one:—the acc. is often omitted, so that ἰημι is seemingly intr. to throw, shoot. 4. of water, to let flow, let burst forth: and without acc., ποταμὸς ἐπὶ γαῖαν ἰησὺν the river flows over the land: of tears, to let fall: metaph., κατὰ δὲ κάρητος ἦκε κόμας she let her hair flow down from her head. 5. generally, to put, place. II. Med. to feel an impulse towards a thing, long for, yearn after; part. ἰέμενος, longing for: c. inf. to desire to do. 2. the 3 pl. aor. 2 med. ἔντο is used by Homer only in phrase εἰπὲ πείσιος καὶ ἔδητύος ἐξ ἔρον ἔντο, when they had put away, i. e. satisfied, desire of meat and drink.

ἰηνα, aor. I of ἰάνω. Ἰη-παιών, ονος, ὁ, epith. of Apollo from the cry ἰη παῖαν: also a hymn sung to him. Hence ἰη-παιωνίζω, f. ἴσω, to cry ἰη παῖαν or παῖαν! ἰησασθαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of ἰάομαι. ἰησι, Ep. for ἰη, 3 sing. pres. subj. of εἶμι ibo. ἰησι, 3 sing. pres. ind. of ἰημι. ἰήσιμος, ἰησιος, Ion. for ἰασ—.

Ἰησοῦς, οὔ, dat. also οὔ, acc. οὔν, Greek form of the Hebrew *Yeshua*, Saviour. ἰητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for ἰατήρ. ἰηπορίη, ἰηπρός, ἰητρω, Ion. for ἰατ—.

ἰθα-γενής poet. ἰθαγενής, ἑτί, (ἰθὺς, γένεος) of honest birth, lawfully begotten, legitimate: of a nation, ge-

nuine, of the good old stock. II. of some mouths of the Nile, naturally formed, original, opp. to *δρυκράτ*.

ἸΘΑΚΗ, ἡ, *Ithaca*, the home of Ulysses, an island on the West coast of Greece. Hence

Ἰθακήνδε, Adv. to *Ithaca*: and Ἰθακήσιος, α, ον, of *Ithaca*, an *Ithacan*.

ἰθέα, ἰ, Ion. fem. for ἰθεία, v. ἰθὺς. [r] ἰθέως, Adv. of ἰθὺς, directly, straight, Lat. *recta via*.

ἰθί, imperat. of εἶμι, come, go, begone:—as Adv. come on! forward!

ἰθια, ατος, τό, (εἶμι) a step, movement. ἰθὺ, neut. of ἰθὺς, used as Adv., like ἰθέως.

ἰθὺ-δικίης, ον, ὁ, (ἰθὺς, δίκη) giving simple justice. ἰθὺ-δρόμος, ον, (ἰθὺς, δραμεῖν) straight-running.

ἰθὺ-θριξί, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, θριξί) straight-haired, opp. to οὐλόθριξί, woolly-haired. [θ]

ἰθυμάχια, ἡ, a fair, stand-up fight. From ἰθυ-μάχος, ον, (ἰθὺς, μάχομαι) fighting fairly and honestly.

ἰθὺ-voos, ον, (ἰθὺς, νόος) bonest. ἰθύντατα, Ep. Sup. of ἰθέως, most straight, most rightly.

ἰθύνω, f. ἰθῶ: aor. ἰθύνω.—Pass., aor. I ἰθύνθην:—Ion. and Ep. for ἐθύνω, to make straight, straighten, direct, rule:—Pass. to become straight or even; τῶ δ' ἰθύνθτην they ran even with one another. 2. to guide in a straight line, to direct or steer straight, to send or shoot straight; ἰθύνειν ἵππους, to drive the horses straight:—Pass. of a boat, to be guided, steered. 3. to guide, rule: of a judge, to rectify, correct: also to chastise.

ἰθὺ-πόρος, ον, (ἰθὺς, πορεύομαι) going straight on.

ἰθὺ-πτίλων, αως, ὁ, ἡ, (ἰθὺς, πέτομαι) straight-flying, of an ashen spear-shaft. [r]

ἸΟΥΣ, ἰθεῖα, ἰθὺ, Ion. fem. ἰθέα: Ion. and Ep. form of the Att. εἰθύς:—of motion, straight, direct, going straight:—in moral sense, straight, upright, just, true:—Comp. and Sup. ἰθύτερος, ἰθύτατος:—in Adverbial usage, acc. fem. τῆν ἰθειάν (sub. ὁδόν), straight on, Lat. *recta via*: so, ἐκ τῆς ἰθειῆς, straight-forward, openly. II. as Adv., ἰθὺς or ἰθὺ, straight at, straight towards; ἰθὺς μαχέσασθαι to fight fair, openly and aboveboard. 2. of Time, straightway.

Hence ἰθὺς, ὄος, ἡ, Homer only in acc. ἰθύν, an impulse, purpose, plan, undertaking, endeavour: but also ἀν' ἰθύν, = ἀν' ὁθύν, straight upwards. [r]

ἰθὺ-τενής, ἐς, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) stretched out, straight. [r]

ἰθὺ-τονος, ον, (ἰθὺς, τείνω) = ἰθύνειης.

ἰθὺ-τρίχες, οἱ, αἰ, plur. from ἰθὺθριξί.

ἰθὺω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἰθύσα: [v] (ἰθὺς):—to go straight, press right on: c. gen., ἰθύσε νεός drove right against the ship. II. to be eager to do, bent upon doing: hence to desire, purpose.

ἰκανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰκ-έσθαι) befitting, becoming: I. of persons, sufficient, competent, able to do a thing; ἰκανὸς ἱατρικῆ sufficiently versed in medicine: absol.

considerable, respectable, tolerable. II. of things, sufficient, enough: large or long enough; ἱκανὸν χρόνον a long time; τὸ ἱκανὸν λαμβάνειν to take security or bail, Lat. satis accipere. Hence

ἱκανότης, ητος, ἡ, sufficiency, fitness.
 ✕ ἱκανῶ, f. ὥσω, to make fit, make sufficient, qualify.
 ἱκάνω [ᾶ], Ep. lengthd. for ἱκω, = ἱκνέομαι, only used in pres. and impf., to come: to come to, arrive at, reach: also Med. ἱκάνομαι.

ἱκανῶς, Adv. of ἱκανός, sufficiently, Lat. satis; ἱκανῶς ἔχειν to be sufficient: Sup. ἱκανώτατα.

Ἰκάριος, α, ον, (Ἰκάρος) Icarian, name of that part of the Aegæan sea which is between the Cyclades and Caria, where Icarus the son of Daedalus was said to have been drowned.

ἴκελος, η, ον, poet. form for εἴκελος, like. [Ὶ] Hence ἴκελῶ, f. ὥσω, to make like.

ἴκσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἴκσθω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκέσια, ἡ, (ἱκέτης) the prayer of a suppliant. II.

as fem. of ἱκέσιος, a female suppliant.

ἱκέσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἱκέτης) of, for or presiding over suppliants, epith. of Zeus. II. suppliant, supplicating.

ἱκετα-δόκος, ον, (ἱκέτης, δέχομαι) receiving or protecting suppliants.

ἱκετεία, ἡ, = ἱκεσία, q. v.

ἱκέτευμα, ατος, τό, (ἱκετεύω) a mode of supplication.

ἱκετευτός, α, ον, proper to be supplicated. From

ἱκετεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἱκέτευσα [Ὶ Att., Ὶ Ep.]: (ἱκέτης):—to approach as a suppliant, to supplicate, entreat, beseech.

ἱκετήριος sync. ἱκετήριος, α, ον, (ἱκέτης) of or fit for suppliants. II. ἡ ἱκετήρια (sub. ἐλαία),

the olive branch which a suppliant held in his hand.

ἱκέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἱκσθαι) one who comes to seek protection, a suppliant or fugitive. II. the protector of the suppliant. Hence

ἱκετήσιος, α, ον, protecting the suppliant, of Zeus.

ἱκέτης, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. of ἱκέτης.

ἱκμαι, Ep. for ἱκη, 2 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκμάω and ἱκμαίνω, to moisten. From

Ἰκμᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, moisture of any kind.

ἱκμενος or ἱκμενος, only in the phrase ἱκμενος οἶρος a fair breeze, (from ἱκνέομαι), a following and so favourable, wind, Lat. ventus secundus.

ἱκνέομαι, lengthd. from ἸΚΝ [Ὶ]: fut. ἴξομαι Dor. ἴξομαι: aor. 2 ἱκόμεν: pf. ἴγμαι, part. ἴγμενος:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach. 2. to come as a suppliant (ἱκέτης) to one, to beseech, entreat him. 3. impers. in pres. and impf., it becomes, befits, beseeems; τοῖς μάλιστα ἱκνέεται whom it most concerns; τὸ ἱκνεύμενον that which is fitting, proper.

ἱκνύνται, Dor. for ἱκνύνται, 3 pl. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἱκνεύμενος Ion. ἱκνευμ-, ἱκνευμ-, Adv. part. pres. of ἱκνέομαι, fittingly, aright.

ἱκοίμαν, Dor. for ἱκοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΡΙΑ, τά, the half-deck of an Homeric ship: generally, a boarded platform, scaffold, benches.

ἱκταρ, Adv. (ἱκω) at once, close together. II.

of Place, close to, hard by, c. gen.

ἱκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἱκω) a suppliant. II. Zeus

ἱκτήριος, the protector of the suppliant.

ἱκτήριος, α, ον, syncop. for ἱκετήριος.

ἱκτίδεος, α, ον, (ἱκτίς) of a weasel, of weasel-skin, in Homer κτίδεος.

II. as Subst., ἱκτιδέα, contr.

ἱκτιδῆ (sub. δορά), ἡ, weasel-skin.

ἸΚΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, a kite, Lat. milvus.

ἸΚΤΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, the yellow-breasted marten-cat.

ἴκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἸΚΝ, impf. ἱκόν: aor. 2 ἴξον: root of ἱκνέομαι, a

form used in Ep. poetry:—to come: to come to, arrive at, reach a certain point, whether of Place or Time; τὰ σὰ γόνα ἰκόμεθα we come to thy knees, in token of supplication (cf. ἱκνέομαι 2, ἱκέτης):—metaph. to reach, arrive at, manhood, old age, etc.; ὕβρις τε Βίη τε σιδήρειον οὐρανὸν ἴκει violence and force are reaching even to heaven. 2. conversely of circumstances, conditions; χρεῖά ἴκει με necessity is upon me; ὕπνος,

γῆρας, ἰκάνει με come upon or over me.

ἴκωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἱκνέομαι.

ἴλα, Dor. for ἴλη. [Ὶ]

ἴλαδόν, Adv. (ἴλη) in troops, in bodies, in companies, Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [Ὶ]

ἴλαθι, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἴλαομαι, Ep. for ἴλασκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. ἴλαος, ον, nom. pl. ἴλεφ, neut.

ἴλα:—of gods, propitious, gracious: of men, gracious, kindly, gentle: also cheerful, gay. 2. ἴλεως σοί, (sc. ἔστω ὁ Θεός) God be gracious to thee, i. e.

be it far from thee.

ἴλαρία, ἡ, cheerfulness, gaiety. From

ἴλαρός, ὁ, ἄν, (ἴλαος) cheerful, gay, joyous, mirthful, Lat. hilaris. Adv. -ῶς. Hence

ἴλαρότης, ητος, ἡ, gaiety, Lat. hilaritas.

ἴλασκομαι: fut. ἴλασομαι [ᾶ] Ep. ἴλασομαι Dor.

ἴλαζομαι: aor. I ἴλασάμην: Dep.: (ἴλαος):—to appease, propitiate, reconcile to oneself, of gods:—but also to conciliate a man. II. to expiate, atone for.

III. aor. I imperat. pass. ἴλασθητι, in pass. sense, be gracious. Hence

ἴλασμός, ὁ, a means of appeasing: a propitiation, sacrifice. [Ὶ]

ἴλασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. of ἴλασκομαι.

ἴλασσαι, Ep. for ἴλασθ, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ἴλασκομαι.

ἴλαστήριος, α, ον, (ἴλασκομαι) propitiatory; esp. II. as Subst., ἴλαστήριον, τό, propitiation or the mercy-seat.

ἴλας, Att. neut. pl. of ἴλαος.

ἴλαος, Att. for ἴλαος.

ἴλη or εἴλη Dor. ἴλα, ἡ, (ἴλλω, εἴλω) a crowd, band, troop, company. 2. a troop of horse, squadron, Lat. turma, ala, strictly of 64 men: generally, a troop,

Lat. turmatim: in abundance. [Ὶ]

ἴλαθι, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

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ἴλαθι, pres. imperat. of ἴλημι.

ἴλαομαι, Ep. for ἴλασκομαι.

ἸΛΑΟΣ, ον, Att. ἴλαος, ον, nom. pl. ἴλεφ, neut.

company. 3. at Sparta, a certain division of the youths.

ἤληθι, imperat. of ἤλημι.

ἤλικω, (ἤλιος) to be gracious, propitious, in 3 sing. subj. ἤλικησι, and 2 sing. opt. ἤλικός.

ἤλημι, = ἤλικω, esp. in imperat. ἤληθι Dor. ἤλαθι, be gracious, propitious!

Ἰλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Ἰλιακός. II. as Subst. Ἰλιάς, I. (sub. γῆ) the land of Ilium. 2. (sub. γυνή), a woman of Ilium. 3. (sub. ποίησις), the Iliad, of Homer.

Ἰλιγγιάω, f. σω: aor. I Ἰλιγγιάσα:—to have a swimming in the head. From

Ἰλιγγος, ὁ, (Ἰλλω, εἶλω) a spinning round: a swimming in the head, Lat. vertigo: a swoon. [Ἰ]

Ἰλιγέ, ιγγος, ἡ, (Ἰλλω) a whirling, whirlpool.

Ἰλιθθεν, Adv. (Ἰλιος) from Troy.

Ἰλιθί, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος, Adv. at Troy.

Ἰλιορ-ραῖστρος, ὁ, (*Ἰλιος, ραῖω) destroyer of Troy.

Ἰλιόφι, old Ep. gen. of Ἰλιος.

ἸΛΙΟΣ, ου, ἡ, or Ἰλιον, τό, Ilios or Ilium, the city of Ilius, also called Troy.

ἰλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Ἰλλω, εἶλω) a rope, band.

ἰλλός, ὁ, (Ἰλλω) squinting.

ἸΛΛΩ, v. sub εἶλω.

ἸΛΤ'Σ, ὄσος, ἡ, mud, slime, dirt. [genit. ἰλῦος Homer, later ἰλῦος.]

ἰμάντεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντίδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμάντινος, η, ov, (ἰμάς) of leathern thongs.

ἰμάντιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάς.

ἰμαντο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, πέδη) a leathern band: metaph. one of the feelers of the polypus.

ἸΜΑΣ, ἄντρος, ὁ, dat. pl. ἰμάσι Ep. ἰμάντεσσι:—a leathern strap or thong; in pl. the straps or harness of a chariot: the thong or lash of a whip. 2. the cestus of boxers, consisting of leathern straps put round the hand: 3. the magic girdle of Aphrodité, Lat. caestus. 4. a latch, by which the bolt was shot home into the socket: also a shoe-latchet: later the rope of a draw-well.—Proverb., ἰμάς κύνειός ἐστι he's as tough as a thong of dogskin.

ἰμάσθηλη, ἡ, (ἰμάς, ἰμάσσω) the thong or lash of a whip, generally a whip. [Ἰ]

ἰμάσσω, fut. ἰμάσω [ἄ]: aor. I ἰμασα: (ἰμάς):—to flog, scourge: also to smite.

ἰματιδάριον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον. [Ἰμ-δᾶ]

ἰματιδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰμάτιον.

ἰματίζω, f. ἰσω, (ἰμάτιον) to clothe: pf. part. pass. ἰματισμένος, clothed.

ἰματιο-κάπηλος, ὁ, (ἰμάτιον, κάπηλος) a dealer in clothes.

ἰμάτιον, τό, in form only a Dim. of εἶμα, an outer garment, cloak or mantle worn above the χιτών, answering to Homer's χλαῖνα; ἰμάτια, τά, generally, clothes. II. a cloth.

ἰματι-φύλακες, f. ἡσω, (ἰμάτιον, φυλακείω) to take care of clothes.

ἰματισμός, ὁ, (ἰματίω) clothing, apparel. [Ἰ]

ἰμεῖρω Aeol. ἰμέρρω, (ἰμερος) to long for, yearn for or after, desire; c. inf. to long or wish to do.—More freq. ἰμείρομαι as Dep., with aor. I med. ἰμείραμην, pass. ἰμέρην.

ἰμεν, I pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰμεναι, Ep. for ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰμερο-δερκής, ἐς, (ἰμερος, δερκομαι) looking longingly.

ἰμεροείς, εσσα, εν, (ἰμερος) exciting love or desire, lovely, charming.

ἰμερο-θάλης, ἐς, (ἰμερος, τέθηλα) Dor. for ἰμεροθηλής) sweetly growing or blooming.

ἸΜΕΡΟΣΣ [Ἰ], ὁ, a longing or yearning after a person or thing, Lat. desiderium: absol. love, desire.

ἰμέρρω, Aeol. for ἰμείρω.

ἰμερτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰμείρω) longed for, lovely.

ἰμεναι, ποῖθ, for ἰμεναι, ἰέναι, inf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰμονία, ἡ, (ἰμάς) the rope of a draw-well: acc. ἰμονίαν, absol., a rope's length, i. e. as long as a bucket takes to go down and come up a well.

ἰν, Dor. for ἔ, acc. of Pron. of 3rd pers.

ἸΝΑ, Conjunction:—that, in order that, = ὅπως, Lat. ut: I. with Subj. mood after tenses of present time; ἦκεις, ἰν' ἴδης thou art come that thou mayest see. 2. with Optat. after tenses of past time; Παλλὰς ἔδωκε μένος, ἰν' ἐκδηλος γένοιτο Pallas gave him strength, that he might become conspicuous. 3. with the past tenses of the Indicat., to imply a consequence which is now impossible; ἰν' ἦν τυφλός in which case he would have been blind. II. ἵνα μή, that not, lest, Lat. ut ne. III. elliptic with other Particles, ἵνα δῆ, ἵνα περ, ἵνα τι (sub. γένηται); to what end?

Adverb, I. of Place, = ὅπου, Lat. ubi, in what place, where; ἰν' ἐτράφεν ἦδ' ἐγένοντο where they were bred and born: c. gen. loci, ἵνα γῆς, χώρας, etc., Lat. ubi terrarum. 2. = ὅτοι, Lat. quo, to what place, whither; ἰν' οἴχεται whither he is gone. ἰνδάλλομαι, Dep., only used in pres. and impf.: (εἰδάλιμος, εἰδάλλομαι):—to appear, to appear like; with double dat., ἰνδάλλετο σφίσι Πηλεῖων ἡε seemed to them like the son of Pelus: absol. to appear, seem.

Ἰνδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Ἰνδός) Indian.

Ἰνδο-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (Ἰνδός, ὀλέσθαι) the Indian-killer, epith. of Bacchus.

ἸΝΔΟΣΣ, ὁ, an Indian:—as Adj. = Ἰνδικός, Indian. II. the river Indus.

Ἰνδῶς, α, ov, = Ἰνδικός.

ἰνες, pl. nom. of ἴς.

ἰνίον, τό, (ἴς) the muscles at the back of the neck: generally, the back of the head, nape of the neck. [Ἰν]

ἸΝΙΣΣ, ὁ, a sack, child.

Ἰνώ, ὄσος, contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ino, daughter of Cadmus, afterwards worshipped as a sea-goddess by the name of Leucothea.

ἰνώδης, ἐς, (ἴς, εἶδος) sinewy, fibrous. [Ἰ]

Ἰζαλος, ον, (from ἄϊσσω, as if contracted from ἄϊσαλος) epith. of the wild goat, *bounding, springing*.

Ἰζεσθαι, fut. inf. of ἰνεόμαι.

Ἰξευτής, οὐ, δ, (Ἰξεύω) a fowler, bird-catcher, snarer.

Ἰξεύω, f. σω, (Ἰξός) to catch birds by birdlime.

Ἰξοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to catch birds with lime-twigs. From

Ἰξο-βόλος, ον, (Ἰξός, βάλλω) setting lime-twigs.

Ἰξο-εργός, ὁ, (Ἰξός, *έργω) one who uses birdlime, a fowler.

Ἰζομαι, fut. of ἰνεόμαι.

Ἰζον, Ep. aor. 2 of ἰνω.

ἸΞΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *VISCUM*, *misseltoe*: also, the *misseltoe-berry*. II. *birdlime* prepared from the *misseltoe-berry*, Lat. *viscus*.

Ἰξο-φορεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (Ἰξός, φέρω) bearing *misseltoe*.

ἸΞΥΣ, ὄος, ἦ: dat. Ἰξύϊ contr. Ἰξυΐ: *the waist*.

Ἰό-βακχος, ὁ, (ἰώ, βάκχε) *Bacchus invoked with the cry of ἰώ*:—a song (beginning ἰὼ Βάκχε!

ἰο-βλέφαρος, ον, (ἰον, βλέφαρον) *big-eyed*.

ἰοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to shoot arrows. From

ἰο-βόλος, ον, (ἰός, βάλλω) shooting arrows.

ἰο-βόστρυχος, ον, (ἰον, βόστρυχος) *dark-haired*.

ἰό-δετος, ον, (ἰον, δέω) *violet-twined*.

ἰο-δόκος, ον, (ἰός, δέχομαι) *holding arrows*.

ἰο-εἰδής, ἔς, (ἰον, εἶδος) *violet-coloured*, of the sea.

ἰόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰον) *violet-coloured, dark*.

ἰοίην, Att. for ἰοίμη, opt. of εἰμη ἰβο.

ἰοῖσαι, Dor. for ἰοῖσαι, part. fem. of εἰμη ἰβο.

ἰομεν, Ep. for ἰωμεν, I pl. subj. of εἰμη ἰβο.

ἰο-μύγης, ἔς, (ἰός, μυγῆναι) *mixed with poison*.

ἰό-μωρος, ον, (ἰον, μώρος) *dark-fated, miserable*.

ἸΟΝ, τό, *the violet*, Lat. *viola*. [Ὶ]

ἰον, Ep. form of impf. of εἰμη ἰβο.

ἰονθάς, ἄδος, ἦ, *shaggy, hairy*. From

ἰονθος, ὁ, *the down on the face*. (Deriv. uncertain.) [Ὶ]

Ἰόνιος, α, ον, (Ἰώ) of *Io*; Ἰόνιος κόλπος *the Ionian sea*, the sea between Epirus and Italy, at the mouth of the Adriatic sea, across which she was said to have swum,—not to be confounded with the Ionian sea.

ἰόντες, part. pl. of εἰμη.

ἰο-πλόκαμος, ον, (ἰον, πλόκαμος) *with violet locks, dark-haired*. [Ὶ]

ἰός [Ὶ], ὁ, with irreg. pl. ἰά, (ἰέναι inf. of εἰμη ἰβο) *an arrow*.

ἸΟΣ, ὁ, *rust, verdigris*, Lat. *aerugo*.

ἸΟΣ, ὁ, *poison*, esp. of serpents.

ἰος, ἰα, Ep. for εἰς, μία; dat. ἰῶ for ἐνί.

ἰο-στέφανος, ον, (ἰος, στέφανος) *violet-crowned*.

ἰότης, ητος, ἦ, will, resolve; mostly in dat., θεῶν

ἰότην, by the will or pleasure of the gods.

ἰο-τύπης, ἔς, (ἰός, τυπῆναι) *struck by an arrow*.

ἰοῦ, a cry of woe, Lat. *heu!* seldom, like ἰά, a cry of joy. [Ὶ]

Ἰουδαῖζω, f. σω, to live as a Jew. From

Ἰουδαϊκός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for the Jews. Adv. —κῶς.

From

Ἰουδαῖος, α, ον, of the tribe of Judab: as Subst.: I.

α Jew. 2. Ἰουδαία (sc. γῆ) *the land of Judaea*.

Ἰουδαϊσμός, ὁ, (Ἰουδαῖος) *Judaism*.

ἰουλίς, ἰδος, ἦ, a red fib.

ἰουλος, ον, (οἶλος) *down, the first growth of the beard*;

ὑπὸ κροτάφοισιν ἰουλοὶ *the young hair beneath the temples*, i. e. *the whiskers*.

ἰο-χάερα, ἦ, (ἰός, χάρω) *delighting in arrows*, or

(from χέω) *showering arrows*.

ἰπνο-κάθης, ἔς, (ἰπνός, καθῆναι) *baked in the oven*.

ἰπνο-λέβης, ητος, ὁ, (ἰπνός, λέβης) *a boiler, caldron*.

ἰπνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ἰπνός, ποιέω) *working in an oven or*

furnace; as Subst. a *potter*.

ἸΠΝΟΣ, ὁ, *an oven or furnace*, Lat. *furnus*. II.

the place of the oven, kitchen. III. a lantern.

ἴπος, ὁ or ἦ, (ἵπτομαι) in a mouse-trap, *the piece of wood that falls and catches the mouse*; generally, a trap; a heavy weight. Hence

ἰπῶω, f. ὤσω, to press down:—Pass. to be pressed down or crushed; εἰσφοραῖς ἰπουμένους *squeezed hard by taxes*. [Ὶ]

ἵππ-αγρέται, ἄν, οἱ, (ἵππεύς, ἀγείρω) three officers at Lacedaemon, who close 300 youths to serve as ἵππεῖς or body-guard for the kings.

ἵππ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (ἵππός, ἄγω) carrying horses: ἵππαγωγοί (sub. ναῦς) *ai, transport-ships for horses*.

ἵππάζομαι, fut. ἄσομαι Dep. (ἵππος) to drive or guide a horse, to drive a chariot: later, to ride; ἵππάζεσθαι χώραν to ride over a country. II. as Pass. of a horse, to be driven or ridden; also to be broken in.

ἵππ-αἰχμος, ον, (ἵππος, αἰχμή) fighting on horseback.

ἵππ-ἄλεκτρῶν, ὄνος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἀλεκτρῶν) a horsecock: a gryphon, dragon.

ἵππᾶλιδας, ον, ὁ, poet. form for ἵππεύς.

ἵππάπαι, (ἵππος) cry of the knights to each other in comic imitation of the seaman's cry ῥυππαπαί.

ἵππάριον, τό, Dim. of ἵππος, a little horse, pony.

ἵππ-αρμωστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἄρμωστής) Lacedaemonian word for ἵππαρχος.

ἵππαρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a general of cavalry, to command the cavalry. Hence

ἵππαρχία, ἦ, the command of the cavalry.

ἵππαρχικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for cavalry. From

ἵππ-αρχος, and ἵππ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἄρχω) ruling the horse, epith. of Neptune. II. a general of cavalry; at Athens there were two.

ἵππᾶς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. of ἵππικός; ἵππᾶς στολή α riding-dress, horseman's cloak. II. as Subst. (sub. τάξις), the order of knights: the knights' tax.

ἵππᾶσία, ἦ, (ἵππάζομαι) riding, horse-exercise. 2. chariot-driving.

ἵππᾶσιμος, η, ον, (ἵππάζομαι) fit for horses or for riding: easily ridden.

ἵππαστήρ, ητος, and ἵππαστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππάζομαι) a horseman. II. as Adj. fit for riding.

ἵππεία, ἦ, (ἵππέω) horsemanship, riding, driving, esp. racing. II. cavalry.

ἵππειος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἵππειος λόφος a crest of horse-hair.

ἵππερος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἔρος) *love for horses, a horse-ferver.*

ἵππευμα, ατος, τό, (ἵππεύω) *a ride on horseback, expedition in a chariot.*

ἵππεύς, ἕως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (ἵππος) in Homer, either a *driver of horses, charioteer, or the warrior fighting from the chariot.* 2. a *horseman, rider.* II.

at Athens the ἵππεῖς Att. ἱππῆς, *Horsemen or Knights*, were the 2nd class, according to Solon's constitution: they were required to possess 300 medimni and a horse: see *πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι*. 2. at Sparta, 300 chosen men, who formed the *king's body-guard*, but did not serve on horseback; see *ἱππαγέρται*.

ἵππευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ἵππευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a *rider, horseman*: from

ἵππεύω, f. σω: αογ. I ἵππευσα: (ἵππεύς) —to be a horseman, to ride: metaph. of the wind, Ζεφύρου πνοαῖς ἵππεύσαντος when Zephyr rode with his gales, as in Horace, *Eurus equitavit per undas*. II. to serve on horseback.

ἵππηάς, Ep. pl. acc. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππηδόν, Adv. (ἵππος) *like a horse.* II. *like a horseman.*

ἵππησσι, Ep. for ἵππευσι, pl. dat. of ἵππεύς.

ἵππο-ηλάσιος, α, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλαῖον) *fit for riding or driving; ἱππηλασία ὁδός a chariot road.*

ἵππο-ηλάτᾱ, ὁ, Ep. form for ἱππηλάτης.

ἱππηλάτῆω, f. ἦσω, to ride or drive. From

ἵππο-ηλάτης, ον, ὁ, Ep. ἱππηλάτα, (ἵππος, ἑλαῖνον) a *driver of horses, one who fights from a chariot*, epith. of honour, like our *Knight*. [ᾱ]

ἵππο-ἡλάτος, ον, (ἵππος, ἑλαῖνον) *fit for horsemansbip or driving.*

ἵππο-ημολγοί, ὦν, οἱ, (ἵππος, ἀμέλω) the *Mare-milkers*, a Scythian or Tartar tribe:—as Adj. *milking mares.*

ἵππο-ἀναξ, ακτος, (ἵππος, ἀναξ) *chief of horsemen.*

ἵπποκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses; ἀγῶν ἵπποκός a horse or chariot race. II. of or for riding or horsemen, equestrian: skilled in riding.

2. ἡ ἱππική (sub. τέχνη), *horsemansbip, riding.* III. τὸ ἱππικόν, the cavalry. IV. Adv. —κῶς, like a horseman.

ἵππος, α, ον, (ἵππος) of a horse or horses.

ἵππο-χαίτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χαιτή) *shaggy with horse-hair.*

ἵππο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) *one who fights from a chariot.* 2. a *horseman, rider.*

ἵππο-βάμων [ᾱ], ον, gen. ονος, (ἵππος, βαῖνον) *going on horseback, equestrian.* 2. metaph., *ρήματα ἵπποβάμωνα high-paced words, bombast.*

ἵππο-βάτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βαῖνον) a *horseman.*

ἵππο-βότης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, βόσκω) a *feeder of horses*: in Chalcis of Euboea, the Ἴπποβόται were the *knights, nobles.*

ἵππο-βοτος, ον, (ἵππος, βόσκω) *fed on by horses, good for grazing, rich in cattle.*

ἵππο-βουκόλος, ὁ, (ἵππος, βουκόλος) a *horsekeeper.*

ἵππο-γέρανοι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γέρανος) *crane-cavalry.*

ἵππο-γυῖποι, οἱ, (ἵππος, γυῖψ) *vulture-cavalry.*

ἵππο-δάμοι, ον, (ἵππος, δαμάω) *horse-taming*: as Subst. a *tamer of horses.*

ἵππο-δάσεια, as fem., without any masc. ἵπποδάσειον in use, (ἵππος, δασύς) epith. of κόρυς, *thick with horse-hair, with rough horse-hair crest.*

ἵππο-δέσμα, ον, τᾱ, (ἵππος, δεσμός) *reins, a halter.*

ἵππο-δέτης, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, δέω) a *halter.*

ἵππο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. —τας, (ἵππος, διώκω) a *driver or rider of horses.*

ἵππο-δρομιά, ἡ, (ἵπποδρομος) a *horse-race or chariot-race.* Hence

ἵππο-δρόμιος, ον, of the *horse-race.* II. epith. of Poseidon, *delighting in the speed of horses.*

ἵππο-δρομος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δρόμος) a *race-course.*

ἵππο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, δραμεῖν) a *horse-courier.*

ἵπποθεν, Adv. (ἵππος) *forth from the horse.*

ἵπποιον, Ep. dual gen. of ἵππος.

ἵππο-κάνθαρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένθαρος) a *horse-beetle, monstrous beetle.*

ἵππο-κέλευθος, ον, (ἵππος, κέλευθος) *driving horses*: as Subst. a *charioteer, rider.*

ἵππο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (ἵππος, κένταυρος) a *horse-centaur, half-horse, half-man.*

ἵππο-κομῆω, f. ἦσω, to keep or groom horses; ἵπποκομῆν κένθαρον to groom one's beetle. From

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κομῆω) *keeping or grooming horses.* II. as Subst., ἱπποκόμος, ὁ, a groom, one who attended the Athenian ἵππεύς in war.

ἵππο-κόμος, ον, (ἵππος, κόμη) *decked with horse-hair*: ἵππο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἵππος, κορύσσω) *one who is furnished with a horse, a horseman, knight.*

ἵππο-κρατέω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππος, κρατέω) to be superior in horse: Pass. to be inferior in horse. Hence ἵπποκρατία, ἡ, *victory in a skirmish of horse.*

ἵππο-κρημνος, ον, (ἵππος, κρημνός) *tremendously steep*; ἵπποκρημνον βῆμα a *neck-breaking word.*

ἵππο-κροτος, ον, (ἵππος, κροτέω) *sounding with the tramp of horses.*

ἵππο-λοφος, ον, (ἵππος, λóφος) *with horse-hair crest.*

ἵππο-μάνης, ἔς, (ἵππο, μανῆσαι) *mad for horses*: *luxuriant.* II. as Subst., ἵππομανές, ἕως, τό, an Arcadian plant, *which makes horses mad.* 2. an excrescence on the forehead of new-born foals, used as a charm: also a *bumour which falls from mares.*

Hence ἵππο-μᾶνία, ἡ, a *mad love for horses, racing, etc.*

ἵππομάχεω, f. ἦσω, (ἵππομάχος) to fight on horseback. Hence

ἵππομάχια, ἡ, a *horse-fight, skirmish of horse.*

ἵππο-μάχος, ον, (ἵππος, μάχομαι) *fighting on horseback*: as Subst., ἵππομάχος, ὁ, a *trooper.*

ἵππο-νώμιος, ον, ὁ, (ἵππος, νομῶ) *driving horses.*

ἵππο-πόλος, ον, (ἵππος, πολεῖμαι) *bused with horses*: as Subst., ἵπποπόλος, ὁ, a *rider or driver of horses.*

ἵππο-πόταμος, ὁ, (ἵππος, ποταμός) the *river-horse of Egypt, hippopotamus*: in Herodotus, ἵππος ποτάμιος.

ἵΠΠΟΣ, ὁ, ἡ, a horse, mare, Lat. *equus, equa*: the pl. ἵπποι is the pair of horses in the chariot, and hence also the chariot itself; ἀφ' ἵππων from the chariot; λαός τε καὶ ἵπποι the foot-soldiers and those who fought in chariots; ἵπποι καὶ πεῖθι horse and foot.

II. ἡ ἵππος, the horse, cavalry, Lat. *equitatus*, always in sing., as, χιλίῃ ἵππος, a thousand horse. III. ἵππος ποτάμιος the hippopotamus. IV. in Compos., anything large or coarse, as in our horsechestnut, horse-laugb, v. ἵππό-κρημνος, etc.

ἵππο-σβάς, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, σέβω) driver of horses.

ἵππο-σόος, α, ον, horse-driving.

ἵππό-στάσις, εως, ἡ, (ἵππος, στάσις) a stable: metaph., Ἐελίου κνεφαία ἵππόστασις the dark stabling-place of the sun, i. e. the West.

ἵπποσύνη, ἡ, (ἵππος) the art of driving or, later, of riding: the art of horsemanship.

II. the horse of an army, cavalry.

ἵππόστυνος, η, ον, = ἵππικός.

ἵππότᾶ, Ep. for ἵππότης.

ἵππότης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος) a driver or rider of horses, a horseman, knight: Homer always uses Ep. form ἵππότα, esp. of Nestor.

II. as Adj., λεῶς ἵππότης the horse-folk, horsemen.

ἵππο-τοξότης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, τοξότης) a mounted Bowman, horse-archer.

ἵπποτροφία, f. ἡσω, to breed or keep horses. And ἵπποτροφία, ἡ, a breeding or keeping of horses, esp. for racing, From

ἵππο-τρέφος, ον, (ἵππος, τρέφω) horse-feeding: breeding or keeping horses.

ἵππο-τύφια, ἡ, (ἵππος, τύφος) excessive pride.

Ἴππου-κρήνη, ἡ, Hippocrene, the horse's well on Helicon, sacred to the Muses, said to have sprung out where the hoof of Pegasus struck the earth.

ἵππο-ουρίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἵππος, οὐρά) fem. Adj. decked with a horse-tail, with crest of horse-hair.

ἵππο-φόρβιον, τό, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a stable. II. a troop of horses.

ἵππο-φορβός, ὄν, (ἵππος, φέρβω) a horse-keeper, trainer.

ἵππο-χάρμης, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, χάρμη) = ἵπποχάρμης.

ἵππο-ῶδης, ες, (ἵππος, εἶδος) horse-like.

ἵππῶν, ἄνω, ὁ, (ἵππος) a place for horses, a stable: a halting-place, station.

ἵππωνία, ἡ, a buying of horses. From

ἵππωνέω, f. ἡσω, to buy horses. From

ἵππο-ῶνής, οὐ, ὁ, (ἵππος, ἄνέωμαι) a buyer of horses.

ἵππᾶμαι, a late form for πέτομαι, to fly.

ἵππομαι, f. ἵππομαι: (ἵπος): Dep.:—to press hard, oppress: generally, to hurt, harm.

ἱρά, τά, Ion. for ἱέρα.

ἱραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, contr. for ἱέραξ, a hawk.

ἱράομαι, Ion. for ἱεράομαι.

ἱρεία, Ion. for ἱερεία.

ἱρεύεσκον, Ion. impf. of ἱερεύω.

ἱρεύς, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱερεύς.

ἱρεύω, Ion. for ἱερεύω.

ἱρήϊον, Ion. for ἱερέϊον.

ἱρήν, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for εἰρήν.

ἱρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεράξ.

ἱρία, Dor. for ἱερεία.

ἱρίς, ἰδος, ἡ: acc. ἱριν as well as ἱριδα:—the rainbow, in Homer, as in the Bible, a sign to men (τέρας μερόπων ἀνθρώπων).

II. impersonated Ἴρις, ἰδος, ἡ, acc. Ἴριν, voc. Ἴρι, Iris, the Rainbow, as a messenger of the gods, esp. from the gods to men: Hesiod makes her daughter of Thaumias (the Wonderer).

ἱρισσιν, Ep. for ἱρισιν, dat. pl. of ἱρίς.

ἱρο-δρόμος, ὁ, (ἱρός, δραμεῖν) Ion. for ἱεροδρ., running in the sacred races. [ῖ]

ἱρο-εργία, Ion. for ἱεουργία.

ἱρόν, τό, Ion. for ἱερόν. [ῖ]

ἱρός, ἦ, ὄν, Ion. for ἱερός. [ῖ]

ἱρο-φάντης, ὁ, Ion. for ἱεροφ-

ῖρωσύνῃ, Ion. for ἱερωσύνῃ, priesthood.

Ἴς, ἡ, gen. ἰνός, acc. ἰνα: pl. nom. ἰνες, dat. ἰνεσι Ep. ἰνεσσι:—Lat. *VIS*, strength, force, nerve, thew and sinew: very freq. in periph. like βίη, as, ἰς Τηλεμάχου the strong Telemachus.

II. a muscle: the neck. [ῖ]

ἴσα, ἴσα, neut. pl. of ἴσος, ἴσος, used as Adv.

ἴσ-ἄγγελος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄγγελος) like an angel.

ἴσ-ἄδελφος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀδελφός) like a brother.

ἴσάζω, f. ἴσω, (ἴσος) to make equal:—Med. to make or hold equal to another, c. dat.

ἴσᾶμι, Dor. for ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄμυλλος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄμυλλα) equal in the race.

ἴσαν, 3 pl. Ep. impf. of εἶμι ἴβο. II. Ep. for ἦσαν, ἦθεισαν, 3 pl. plarf. of εἶδω.

ἴσ-ἄνεμος, ον, (ἴσος, ἄνεμος) swift as the wind. [ᾶ]

ἴσαντι, Dor. for ἴσασι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἄργυρος, ον, (ἴσος, ἀργυρος) as good as silver, worth its weight in silver.

ἴσας, Dor. part. of ἴσημι.

ἴσᾶσι, 3 pl. of ἴσημι, and of οἶδα (v. εἶδω B).

ἴσᾶσκετο [ῖ], Ion. for ἴσάζετο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ἴσᾶω, she likened herself.

ἴσᾶτι, Dor. for ἴσησι, 3 sing. of ἴσημι.

ἴσ-ἡγορεύω and Med. -έομαι, (ἴσος, ἀγορεύω) to speak on equal terms, with equal freedom. Hence

ἴσ-ἡγορία, ἡ, equal right of speech: generally, equality in the eye of the law.

ἴσ-ἡλιξ, ἰκος, ὁ, ἡ, (ἴσος, ἡλιξ) of the same age with.

ἴσ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (ἴσος, ἡμέρα) lasting an equal time.

ἴΣΗΜΙ, I know:—a pres. only used in the Dor. forms, sing. ἴσᾶμι, ἴσᾶτι; pl. ἴσᾶμεν, ἴσᾶσι or ἴσαντι; part. ἴσας.

ἴσ-ἡρμετος, ον, (ἴσος, ἑρμετός) with as many oars.

ἴσ-ἡρής, ες, (ἴσος, ἀραρεῖν) equally fitted, equal.

ἴσθι, κνου, imperat. pf. of *εἶδω. II. ἴσθι, δε, imperat. of εἶμι sum.

Ἰσθμια (sub. ἱερά), ον, τά, (ἰσθμός) the Isthmian games, holden on the Isthmus of Corinth. Hence

Ἰσθμιάζω, f. ἴσω, to attend the Isthmian games.

Ἰσθμιάκιος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσθμιον) of the Isthmus.

Ἴσθμιός, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Ἴσθμος: αἱ Ἴσθμιάδες (sub. ἔσραται), the Isthmian games.

Ἴσθμιον, τό, (ἰσθμός) a necklace.

Ἴσθμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (ἰσθμός) of the Isthmus, Isthmian.

Ἴσθμόθεν, Adv. from the Isthmus; and

Ἴσθμόθι, Adv. on the Isthmus; and

Ἴσθμοί, Adv. on the Isthmus. From

ἰσθμός, οὔ, δ, (εἶμι ἰδο) a neck: any narrow passage.

2. a neck of land between two seas, an isthmus: esp. as prop. n. the Isthmus of Corinth.

ἰσθμῶδης, ἐς, (ἰσθμός, εἶδος) like an isthmus.

Ἴσιός, ἄδος, fem. Adj. of or belonging to Isis. From

Ἴσις, ἡ, gen. Ἰσιδος Ion. Ἴσιος: dat. Ἰσίδ: acc. Ἴσιν:—Isis, an Egyptian goddess, answering to the Greek Demeter, Lat. Ceres.

ἴσκειν or εἶσκειν, to make like; ἴσκει ψεύδεα πολλὰ λέγων ἐπίμοισιν ὁμοία speaking many lies he made them like truths. II. to bold or think like; ἐμὲ σοὶ ἴσκοντες thinking me like you: absol., ἴσκειν ἕκαστος ἀνὴρ each man imagined or supposed. III.

in late Poets, ἴσκει, ἴσκειν, = ἔλεγεν, he spake, said.

ἴσμεν, I pl. of εἶδα, for which Homer always uses ἴδμεν; v. εἶδω β.

ἰσο-βάρις, ἐς, (ἴσος, βάρος) of equal weight.

ἰσο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (ἴσος, δαίμων) godlike, equal to a god. II. equal in fortune or happiness.

ἰσο-διαίτος, ον, (ἴσος, διαίτα) living on an equal footing.

ἰσο-εὐγής, ἐς, (ἴσος, ζυγῆναι) equally balanced: equal.

ἰσο-θεος, ον, (ἴσος, θεός) equal to the gods, godlike.

ἰσο-κίνδυνος, ον, (ἴσος, κίνδυνος) equal to the danger.

ἰσο-κλήρος, ον, (ἴσος, κλήρος) equal in property.

ἰσο-κράτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, κράτος) of equal might or power, possessing equal privileges with others. Hence

ἰσοκράτεια, ἡ, equality of power and rights, political equality.

ἰσο-ομαλός, ον, (ἴσος, ομαλός) equally level, nearly equal.

ἰσο-μάτωρ, Dor. for ἰσο-μήτωρ, ορος, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, μήτηρ) like one's mother.

ἰσο-μάχος, ον, (ἴσος, μάχη) equal in the fight.

ἰσο-μέγεθς, ἐς, (ἴσος, μέγεθος) equal in size.

ἰσο-μέτωπος, ον, (ἴσος, μέτωπον) with equal forehead or front.

ἰσο-μήκης, ἐς, (ἴσος, μήκος) equal in length.

ἰσομοιρῶς, f. ἡσώ, (ἰσομοίρος) to have an equal share: to take a share in a thing with another. Hence

ἰσομοιρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a sharing equally, equal partnership.

ἰσό-μοιρος, ον, (ἴσος, μοῖρα) having an equal share of a thing; γῆς ἰσόμοιρος ἀπὸρ earth's equal partner air.

2. generally, equal, close, resembling; φάος σκότῳ ἰσόμοιρον light close akin to darkness.

ἰσό-μορος, ον, (ἴσος, μέρος) = ἰσόμοιρος, resembling.

ἰσο-όνειρος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνειρος) dream-like, vacant.

ἰσό-νεκός, ον, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, νέκυσ) dying the same death.

ἰσονομέομαι, Pass. (ἰσόνομος) to have equal rights. Hence

ἰσονομία, ἡ, equality of rights, political equality.

ἰσό-νομος, ον, (ἴσος, νόμος) having equal rights, enjoying freedom.

ἰσό-παῖς, παῖδος, δ, ἡ, (ἴσος, παῖς) like a child.

ἰσο-πάλαιστος, ον, (ἴσος, παλαιστή) a span long.

ἰσοπάλη, f. ἡσώ, to be a match for. From

ἰσο-πάλῃς, ἐς, (ἴσος, πάλῃ) equal in the struggle, well-matched, on a par with: equal.

ἰσό-πᾶλος, ον, = ἰσοπαλῆς.

ἰσό-πέδον, τό, level ground, a flat: neut. from

ἰσό-πέδος, ον, (ἴσος, πέδον) of even surface, level.

ἰσο-πλάτης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλάτος) equal in breadth.

ἰσο-πλάτων, ἄνος, δ, (ἴσος, Πλάτων) a second Plato.

ἰσο-πλήθης, ἐς, (ἴσος, πλήθος) equal in number or quantity.

ἰσό-πρεσβυς, υ, (ἴσος, πρέσβυς) like an old man.

ἰσοροπία, ἡ, equilibrium, equilibrium. From

ἰσόρ-ροπος, ον, (ἴσος, ῥοπή) equally balanced, in equilibrium: equally matched.

ἴσος [ῖ], ἴση, ἴσων, Att. ἴσος [ῖ], ἴση, ἴσων, Ep. also εἴσος [ῖ]:—equal to, the same as, like; ἴσα πρὸς ἴσα measure for measure; ἴσος καὶ . . ., equally with; ἴσων ἐμοὶ equally with me. II. equally divided or distributed, equal; ἴση μοῖρα an equal portion, also ἴση alone (sub. μοῖρα); τὸ ἴσον and τὰ ἴσα, an equal share, fair measure; προστυχεῖν τὸν ἴσον to obtain one's dues: hence fair, reasonable, ἴσος ἀνὴρ a fair, upright man. 2. at Athens, of the equal division of all civic rights; τὸ ἴσον equality; ἡ ἴση (sub. τιμωρία) punishment equal to the offence, condign punishment; ἴσαι (sub. ψῆφοι) votes equally divided.

III. of Place, even, level, flat, Lat. aequus; εἰς τὸ ἴσον καταβαίνειν, Lat. in aequum descendere; δι' ἴσον at an equal distance or interval. IV. Adv.

ἴσως, q. v.: but neut. sing. and pl. ἴσων Att. ἴσων, ἴσα Att. ἴσα, are also used adverbially: in Att. ἴσα generally means equally, ἴσως perhaps:—so also ἐξ ἴσων equally; ἐκ τοῦ ἴσων on an equal footing; ἐν ἴσῳ equally; cp. ἐπίσως. V. Att. Comp. ἰσάτερος.

ἰσοσκελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, σκέλος) with equal legs; ἰσοσκελὲς τρίγωνον a triangle with two sides equal.

ἰσοτέλεια, ἡ, (ἰσοτελής) equality of taxation.

ἰσο-τέλεστος, ον, (ἴσος, τέλεος) accomplished for all alike.

ἰσο-τελής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τέλος) paying alike, paying the same taxes: at Athens the ἰσοτελεῖς were a favoured class of μέτοικοι, who needed no patron (προστάτης), and paid no alien-duty (μετοίκιον), but had to pay taxes with the citizens.

ἰσο-τενής, ἐς, (ἴσος, τείνω) equally stretched.

ἰσότης, ητος, ἡ, (ἴσος) equality.

ἰσοτιμία, ἡ, equality of honour or privilege. From

ἰσό-τιμος, ον, (ἴσος, τιμή) held in equal honour: having the same privileges.

ἰσο-φάριζω, (ἴσος, φέρω) Ep. Verb only used in pres. to match oneself with, cope with, vie with; ἰσοφάριζεν

τινὶ ἔργα *to vie with one in accomplishments: generally, to be equal to.*

ἰσοφαρίσδεν, Dor. inf. of ἰσοφαρίζω.
ἰσο-φόρος, ον, (ἴσος, φέρω) *bearing equal weights, equal in strength.*

ἰσο-χειλῆς, ἒς, or ἰσό-χειλος, ον, (ἴσος, χεῖλος) *level with the edge or brim.*

ἰσό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) *equally woolly with.*

ἰσοχρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to be contemporary with.*

ἰσό-χρονος, ον, (ἴσος, χρόνος) *equal in age or time.*

ἰσοψηφία, ἡ, *equal right to vote.* From

ἰσό-ψηφος, ον, (ἴσος, ψήφος) *having an equal number of votes.*

II. *having an equal vote with others, equal in deciding: of states, equal in franchise.*

III. *equal in numerical value, of words*

the letters of which make up the same sum.
ἰσό-ψυχος, ον, (ἴσος, ψυχή) *of equal spirit or soul:*

κράτος ἰσόψυχον *power of like spirit with men.*

ἰσῶ, f. ὤσω, (ἴσος) *to make equal; ἰσῶσας τάφεσει τὰ τέρματα* *having made the winning-post even with the starting-post, i.e. having run the whole course:—Med., ὄνυχας χεῖράς τε ἰσῶσαντο* *they made their nails and hands alike, i.e. used them in like manner:—Pass. to be made like or equal to.*

ἰστάμεν, ἰστάμενοι, Ep. for ἰστάναι, inf. of ἴσθημι.

ἴστασο, pres. imperat. pass. of ἴσθημι.

ἰστώ, rare collat. form of ἴσθημι, in 3 sing. pres.

ἴστα, and 3 sing. impf. ἴστα.

ἴστε, 2 pl. of ἴδα, v. *εἶδω v.

ἰστέαται, Ion. for ἴσανται.

ἴσθημι (length. from *ΣΤΑ΄Ω):—the tenses of ἴσθημι are divided into causal and intrans.:—A. Causal, *to make to stand*, pres. ἴσθημι, impf. ἴσθην, fut. στήσω, and aor. ἴστησα, of Act. B. Intrans.

to stand, in aor. 2 ἔστην, pf. ἔστηκα, plqpf. ἐστήκειν, together with pres. pass. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, fut. σταθήσομαι (as also fut. med. στήσομαι, fut. 3 ἐστήξομαι), aor. ἰ ἐστάθην [ᾶ], pf. ἐστάμαι, plqpf. ἐστάμην. But the pres. ἴσταμαι, impf. ἰστάμην, as well as aor. 1 ἔστησάμην, must also be regarded as *med.*, in which case they take a causal sense, *to place.*

Epic forms: 3 sing. impf. ἴσασκε: 3 pl. aor. 1 Ep. ἐστᾶσαν for ἔστησαν: syncop. dual and plur. perf. ἐστάτων, ἐστάμεν, ἐστάτε (or ἔστητε), ἐστάσι; imperat. ἐστάθι; subj. ἐστώ; opt. ἐσταίην; inf. ἐστάναι Ep. ἐστάμεν, ἐστάμενοι [ᾶ]; part. ἐστάς ἐστώσας, ἐστάς (or ἐστός), gen. ἐστάτων; Ion. ἐστώσας, ὄσος, also ἐστώσας (Homer uses gen. ἐστάωτος, acc. ἐστάωτα, nom. pl. ἐστάωτες): aor. 2 στάσκον, es, e, 3 pl. ἔσταν, σταν [ᾶ]; 2 and 3 sing. subj. στήης, στήη for στήης, στήῃ, I plur. στέωμεν and στέομεν for στώμεν: inf. στήμεν for στήναι.

A. Causal, *to make to stand, set, place.* II. *to make to stand still, stop, check: to make fast, fix.*

III. *to set up, set upright, to raise up, as the mast in a ship: to raise or erect buildings, to set up a statue in one's honour; ἰσάναι τινα χαλκοῦν* *to set*

up a person in brass, raise a brassen statue to him. 2. *to raise, raise up, stir; ἔρην στήσαι* *to begin a quarrel.* 3. *to set up, appoint, establish.*

IV. *to place in the balance, weigh; τι πρὸς τι* *one thing against another.*

B. Intrans. *to stand, be set or placed; with an Adv. to be in a certain state or condition; ἴνα χρεῖας ἔσταιμεν* *in what need we are:—στήναι eis . . . or παρὰ . . . to set oneself towards, go to.* 2. *to lie, be situated.*

II. *to stand still, take one's stand: to stand firm, remain fast, be fixed: to cease.*

III. *to stand upright, rise up, be set up: of a horse, ἵστασθαι ὀρθὸς* *to rear up.* 2. generally, *to arise, begin; ἔαρος νέον ἰσταμένοιο* *as spring was just beginning; τοῦ μὲν φθινοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἰσταμένοιο* *as one month ends and the next begins:—thus in Homer the month is divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος and φθίνων; in the Attic Calendar the month, which consisted of 30 days, was divided into three parts of ten days each, called respectively, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων.* 3. *to be appointed.*

ἰστίη, Ion. for ἐστία.

ἰστίησθαι, Ion. for ἐσιπᾶσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of ἐστίαω.

ἰσθητόριον, τό, Ion. for ἐστιατήρ.

ἰστίον, τό, (ἰστός) *a thing woven, a web, cloth, sheet: a sail, ἀκροῖσι χρῆσθαι ἰστίους* *to keep the sails reefed.*

ἰσθητόριος, ον, (ἰστίον, ῥάπτω) *sail-fatching: metaph. a meddling, cheating fellow.*

ἰστίο-φόρος, ον, (ἰστίον, φέρω) *carrying sails.*

ἰστο-βοεῖς, gen. -έως Ion. -ῆος, ὄ, (ἰστός, βοῦς) *the plough-tree or pole.*

ἰστο-βόη, ἡ, = foreg.

ἰστο-δόκη, ἡ, (ἰστός, δέχομαι) *the mast-holder, a rest on which the mast was laid when let down.*

ἴστων, 2 and 3 dual pf. of *εἶδω.

ἰστο-πέδη, ἡ, (ἰστός, πέδη) *a hole in the keel for fixing the mast in.*

ἰστο-πόνος, ον, (ἰστός, πονέω) *working at the loom.*

ἰστορέω, f. ἦσω, (ἴστωρ) *to learn by inquiry: to inquire of, question, c. acc. pers.: of things, to inquire about something.*

II. *to narrate what one has learnt, narrate historically.* Hence

ἰστορία, ἡ, *a learning by inquiry: knowledge or information obtained by inquiry.*

II. *a narration of what one has learnt, historical narrative.*

ἰστός, ὄ, (ἴσθημι) *a ship's mast; ἰστών στήσαι* *or στήσασθαι* *to set up the mast: generally, a rod or pole.*

II. *the web-beam of the loom (which in ancient looms stood upright), the loom; ἰστών ἐποίησθαι* *to be busy about the beam, and so to weave.* 2. *the warp that was fixed to the beam: the web.*

ἰστό-τονος, ον, (ἰστός, τείνω) *stretched on the web-beam.*

ἰστο-ουργέω, f. ἦσω, (ἰστός, *ἔργω) *to work at the loom.*

ἴστω, 3 sing. imperat. pf. of *εἶδω.

ἴστωρ, Dor. gen. of ἰστός: but ἰστώ, dat. of the same.

ἴστωρ or ἰστωρ, οπος, ὄ, ἡ, *knowing, acquainted*

with, versed in: as Subst. one who knows law and right, a judge.

ἰσχυάδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰσχύς. [ᾶ]

ἰσχυᾶδ-πωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (ἰσχύς, πωλέω) a woman who sells figs.

ἰσχυ-αἶμος, ον, (ἰσχυ, αἶμα) quenching blood: ἰσχυαίμων, τό, a styptic.

ἰσχυαῖνον, f. l. for ἰσχυαῖνον.

ἰσχυᾶλεός, α, ον, ποῖτ. for ἰσχύος, dry, dried.

ἰσχυανά, Ep. 3 sing. of ἰσχυανῶ.

ἰσχυανῶ, Ep. lengthd. form of ἰσχύανω, ἰσχυω, to hold back, check, binder:—Pass. to check oneself, wait.

II. intrans. to hold on by, cling to a thing, and so to desire eagerly.

ἰσχύανω, = ἰσχυανῶ, to check, binder: c. gen. to keep back from a thing. [ᾶ]

ἰσχύς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἰσχύος) a dried fig.

ἰσχυέμεν, ἰσχυέμεναι, Ep. inf. of ἰσχυω.

ἰσχυο, imperat. med. of ἰσχυω.

ἰσχυίον, τό, (ἰς, ἰσχύς) the socket in which the thigh-joint turns, the hip-joint:—in pl. the hips or loins.

ἰσχυαῖνα, (ἰσχύος) to make thin, dry, withered:—Pass. to become so:—metaph., σφριγῶντα θυμὸν ἰσχυαῖναι to bring down the proud stomach.

ἰσχυο-πάρειος, ον, (ἰσχύος, παρεία) with withered cheeks.

ἰσχύος, ἡ, ὄν, (ἰσχυω) thin, lean, withered, meagre.

II. of style, poor, meagre.

ἰσχυο-φώνος, ον, (ἰσχύος, φωνή) with thin or weak voice.

II. stuttering, stammering.

ἰσχυρίζομαι, f. ἰσχυαί. Att. ἰσχυαί. aor. I ἰσχυρίζομαι: (ἰσχυρός): Dep.:—to use all one's strength, to insist strongly, contend stoutly: esp. to affirm obstinately:—Pass. to be strengthened, gain greater force.

ἰσχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰσχύω) strong, mighty, powerful. 2. stiff, firm, lasting, hard. 3. severe, great, excessive: κατὰ ἰσχυρῶν by violence, force, opp. to δόλω. Hence ἰσχυρός, Adv. strongly, stiffly, exceedingly, Lat. vehementer:—Sup. ἰσχυρότατα, most certainly.

ἰσχύς, ὄς, ἡ, (ἰς, ἰσχυω) strength, force, might, esp. bodily strength. 2. a force of soldiers.

ἰσχύω, impf. ἰσχύων: f. ἰσχύσω: aor. I ἰσχύσα [ῶ]: (ἰσχύς):—to be strong, mighty, powerful: to have one's full powers, be in health and strength.

ἰσχυω, a form of ἔχω, only found in pres., and in impf. ἰσχυον:—to hold, check, restrain: intr. to stop:—Med. to hold oneself in, check oneself: ἰσχυο bold! be still!

c. gen., ἰσχυεσθαί τιως to desist from a thing; ἰσχυετο ἐν τούτῳ (impers.) here it stopped.

II. later like ἔχω, to hold or possess. 2. to have to wife.

ἰσωνία, ἡ, (ἴσος, ὠνή) a fair price.

ἰσ-ώνυμος, ον, (ἴσος, ὄνομα) bearing the same name.

ἴσως, Adv. of ἴσος, equally, in like manner. II. fairly, equitably.

III. probably, perhaps: in Att. often joined with ἄν or τάχ' ἄν.

IV. with numerals, about.

ἰσωσαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of ἴσω.

Ἰταλία Ion. -λί, ἡ, Italy. [first syll. long in hexam.]

Ἰταλίδης, ον, ὁ, ποῖτ. for Ἰταλιώτης.

Ἰταλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Ἰταλος) Italian.

Ἰταλίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of Ἰταλικός.

Ἰταλιώτης, ον, ὁ, an Italiote, one of the Greek inhabitants of Italy: fem. Ἰταλιώτις, ἰδος, Italian.

ἸΤΑΛΟΣ, ὁ, an Italian:—as Adj. Italian.

ἰπᾶμός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἴτης) headlong, hasty.

ἸΤΕΑ Ion. -έη and -είη, ἡ, a willow, Lat. salix.

II. a wicker shield, a target. Hence

ἰτέινος, η, ον, of willow, made of willow, wicker.

ἰτέον, verb. Adj. of εἶμι ἰβο, one must go.

ἰτήν, Ep. 3 dual impf. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἴτης, ον, ὁ, (εἶμι ἰβο) hasty, impetuous: impudent.

ἰτός, ἡ, ὄν, (εἶμι ἰβο) passable.

ἰτρίνεος, α, ον, like honey-cake. From

ἰτρίον, τό, a cake, made of sesame and honey.

ἰττω, Boeot. for ἴτω, 3 sing. pf. of *εἶδω; ἰττω

Zeus, Zeus be witness!

*ἸΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, the edge or rim of anything round, the felloe of wheels: the outer edge of the shield: the round shield itself.

ἰτω, 3 sing. imperat. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰτῶν, 3 dual and Att. 3 pl. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰυγή, ἡ, (ἰύω) a howling, shrieking, yelling.

ἰυγμός, ὁ, (ἰύω) a shouting, shout of joy: also a cry of pain, scream, shriek.

ἰυγέ or ἰυγέ, ἰυγός, ἡ, (ἰύω) the wryneck, so called from its cry: the ancient witches used to bind it to a wheel, which they turned round, believing that they drew men's souls along with it and charmed them to obedience; it was used to recover unfaithful lovers: hence metaph. a love-charm, witchery: strong desire.

ἸΥΖΩ, fut. ἰύω: aor. I ἰύσα:—to shout, holla: also to howl, shriek. (Formed from the sound.)

ἰυκτής, οὔ, ὁ, (ἰύω) one who shouts or cries: a singer, whistler, piper. [Ὶ]

ἰφθίμος, η, ον, also os, ον, (ἴφι) strong, mighty, stout, stalwart: of women, goodly, comely.

ἸΦΙ, Ep. Adv. strongly, stoutly, with might or force, valiantly: old poet. dat. from ἴς.

Ἰφι-γένειά, ἡ, (ἴφι, γένος) Iphigenia, Agamemnon's daughter, called by Homer Ἰφιάνασσα.

ἴφιος, α, ον, (ἴφι) strong, mighty: of sheep, goodly.

ἸΦΥΩΝ, τό, a kind of pot-herb.

ἰχθαζόμεναι, Dep. = ἰχθυάω.

ἰχθυάω, f. ἴσω, (ἰχθύς) to fish, angle: Ep. 3 sing. ἰχθυάα, impf. ἰχθυάσκον.

ἰχθυβολέω, f. ἴσω, to strike fish, spear them. From ἰχθυ-βόλος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βάλλω) striking or spearing fish; ἰχθ. θήρα a spoil of speared fish:—as Subst.,

ἰχθυβόλος, ὁ, an harpooner, spearer.

ἰχθυ-βοτος, ον, (ἰχθύς, βόσκω) fed on by fish.

ἰχθυῖδιον, τό, Dim. of ἰχθύς, a little fish.

ἰχθυ-δόκος, ον, (ἰχθύς, δέχομαι) holding fish.

ἰχθυηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ἰχθύς) fishy, scaly, foul.

ἰχθυο-βολέω, ἰχθυο-βόλος, = ἰχθυβ-.

ἰχθυο-ειδής, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) fish-shaped, fish-like.

ἰχθυόεις, εσσα, εν, (ἰχθύς) full of fish, fishy. II. consisting of fish.

ἰχθυο-θηρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, θηρῶν) a fisherman. ἰχθυο-λύμης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, λύμη) the plague or destruction of fish.

ἰχθυο-φάγος, ον, (ἰχθύς, φάγειν) fish-eating; οἱ Ἰχθυοφάγοι ἄνδρες the Fish-eaters, a tribe.

ἰχθυ-πᾶγής, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, παγγίαι) fish-piercing.

ἸΧΘΥΨ, ὄος, ὁ: acc. ἰχθύων and later ἰχθύα: the nom. and acc. pl. ἰχθύες, ἰχθύας are contr. into ἰχθύς:—a fish, Lat. *piscis*. II. plur. οἱ ἰχθύες, the fish-market. [ῥ in sing. nom. and acc., ῥ in genit. and in all compds.]

ἰχθυσι-ληϊστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἰχθύς, ληστής) a stealer of fish.

ἰχθυ-φᾶγος, ον, = ἰχθυοφάγος. [ᾶ]

ἰχθυ-ᾠδής, ἐς, (ἰχθύς, εἶδος) = ἰχθυοειδής: full of fish.

ἰχναῖος, α, ον, (ἰχνος) following on the track.

ἰχνεῖα, ἦ, (ἰχνεῖω) a casting about for the scent.

ἰχν-ελάτης, ου, ὁ, (ἰχνος, ελαίνω) one who follows in the track, a tracker out.

ἰχνεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἰχνεῖω) the tracker: an Egyptian animal of the weasel kind, the *ichneuon* or Pharaoh's rat, which hunts out crocodiles' eggs.

ἰχνευσίς, εως, ἦ, (ἰχνεῖω) a tracking.

ἰχνευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a tracker, hunter. 2. the *ichneuon*: and

ἰχνευτικός, ἦ, ὄν, good at tracking. From

ἰχνεύω, f. σαι, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.

ἰχνιον, τό, (ἰχνος) a track, trace, footstep.

ἰχνο-πέδη, ἦ, (ἰχνος, πέδη) a kind of fetter or trap.

ἸΧΝΟΣ, εος, τό, a track, footstep: metaph. a track, trace, mark, clue.

ἰχνο-σκοπέω, (ἰχνος, σκοπέω) to examine the track.

ἸΧΘΥΨ, ᾠπος, ὁ, *ichor*, the fluid that flows in the veins of gods: Ep. acc. ἰχῶ, for ἰχῶρα.

ἰψ, ὁ, gen. ἰπός, nom. pl. ἰπες: (ἰπτομαι):—a worm that eats horn and wood. [ῖ]

ἰψαο, 2 sing. aor. I of ἰπτομαι.

ἰω, subj. of εἶμι ἰβο.

ἰώ, contr. for ἰάω, imperat. of ἰάομαι.

ἰώ, io! O! an exclamation of joy, as in Lat. *io triumphe!* but Att. also of fear, sorrow, etc., *ob!*

ἰώ, ἰών, ἰώγα, and ἰώνγα, Boeot. for ἐγώ, ἐγών, and ἐγαγε.

ἰωγή, ἦ, (ἰέναι) shelter; Βορέω ὑπ' ἰωγῆ under shelter from the north wind.

ἰωή, ἦ, (ἰά, ἰώ) any loud sound; the sound of the lyre; the roaring or whistling of the wind; the sound of footsteps.

ἰώκα, heterocl. acc. of ἰωκή, as if from ἰάξ.

ἰωκή, ἦ, (διώκος) the battle-din, the rout, pursuit.

ἰών, ἰώγα, v. ἰά, ἰών.

ἸΩΝ, ᾠνος, ὁ, *Ion*, son of Xuthus (or Apollo) and Creüsa, from whom sprung the Ionian race; οἱ Ἰῶνες the Ionians. [ῖ]

ἰωιά, ᾠς, ἦ, (ἴων) a violet-bed, Lat. *violarium*.

Ἰωνικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Ἰων) *Ionian*, *Ionian*:—Adv. —κῶς, in the *Ionian* fashion, softly, effeminately.

ἰῶτα, the smallest letter in the Greek alphabet, hence in N. T. an *iota*, a jot.

ἰωμῶς, ὁ, = ἰωκή, ἄν' ἰωμῶν in chase, pursuit.

K

Κ, κ, κάππα, τό, indecl., tenth letter in Greek Alphabet. As numeral κ' = 20, but κ = 20,000. κ is near akin to γ and χ; hence the older Att. changed κνός into κνός, γνάπτω into κνάπτω, βέγκω into βέγκω; so the Ion. χιτών into κιβών, δέχομαι into δέκομαι, etc.—γ before κ, as in ἄγκαθεν, is pronounced like our *ng*.

κᾶ, Dor. for the Ion. κε, = the Att. ἄν.

καββάλε, Ep. for κατέβαλε, aor. 2 of καταβάλλω.

καββάς, ποët. for καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of καταβαίνω.

Κάβειροι, οἱ, the *Cabeiri*, divinities worshipped by the Pelasgians in Lemnos and Samothrace: they were represented as dwarfs, and were called sons of Hephaistos or Vulcan, as being masters in the art of working metals.

κάγ, Ep. for κατά before γ, as κᾶγ γόνυ.

κάγκανος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, dry.

καγχάλω, fut. ἄσω, = καχάλω. Hence

καγχάλω, to laugh aloud, Lat. *cacinnor*; Ep. 3 pl. καγχάλωσιν; Ep. part. καγχάλων, —ώσα.

κάγχρῦς, see κάχρῦς.

κάγῶ, crasis for καὶ ἐγώ.

κάδ, Ep. for κατά before δ, as κᾶδ δέ.

καδδραθέτην, Ep. for κατεδραθέτην, 3 dual aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.

καδδύναμιν, Ep. for κατὰ δύναμιν.

καδδύσαι, Ep. for καταδύσαι, nom. pl. aor. 2 part. fem. of καταδύνω.

καδεμῶν, Dor. for κηδέμων.

καδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάδος: the balloting-urn.

Καδμείος, α, ον, (Κάδμος) *Cadmean*; οἱ Καδμειοὶ the *Cadmeans* or ancient inhabitants of Thebes; ἡ Καδμεία the citadel of Thebes. Proverbial, Καδμεία νίκη a *Cadmean* victory, i. e. dear-bought victory (from the story of Polynices and Etceoles).

Καδμείων, ᾠνος, ὁ, (Κάδμος) a descendant of Cadmus, Theban.

Καδμήτιος, ἦ, ον, Ep. and Ion. for Καδμείος.

Καδμηίς, ἴδος, Ep. and Ion. fem. of Καδμείος.

Κάδμος, ὁ, *Cadmos*; son of the Phoenician king Agenor, brother of Europa, founder of Thebes in Boeotia, who brought from Phoenicia the old Greek alphabet of sixteen letters, hence called Καδμήτια γράμματα, which was afterwards increased by the eight

Ionian, η ω θ φ χ ζ ε ψ.

κάδος, ὁ, (χαδεῖν) a *pail, jar, cask*, Lat. *cadus*. II.

an *urn or box for collecting the votes*. [ᾶ]

κάδος, εὐς, τό, Dor. for κῆδος.

Κάειρα, ἡ, fem. of Κάρ, a *Carian woman*. II.

Adj. fem. for Καρικῆ, *Carian*.

καῖεῖς, aor. 2 part. pass. of καίω.

καήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 part. inf. of καίω.

καήσομαι, fut. 2 part. of καίω.

καθά, Adv., contr. from κατά, ᾶ, *according as*.

καθ-ἀγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγίζω) *to devote or dedicate by fire*. II. *to burn as a sacrifice, burn as incense: devour*. Hence

καθαγισμός, ὁ, a *devoting or dedication by fire*. II.

a *burning of a dead body: funeral rites*.

καθ-αγγίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, (κατά, ἀγγίζω) *to make pure, cleanse, ballow*. II. *to offer as an atonement or expiation*.

καθαμακτός, ὄν, *bloodstained, bloody*. From

καθ-αιμάσσω, f. ξω, (κατά, αιμάσσω) *to make bloody, stain with blood*.

καθ-αιμάτῶ, = καθαιμάσσω.

καθαίρεισις, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a *putting down, destroying: a pulling down, demolishing*.

καθαίρειος, εἶα, εἶον, and καθαίρειος, ἄ, ὄν, verb.

Adj. of καθαίρω, *to be put down: to be accomplished*.

καθαίρετης, οὐ, ὁ, a *destroyer*. From

καθ-αίρω Ion. καταίρω: fut. ἦσω: fut. 2 καθελῶ:

aor. 2 καθέλων, inf. καθελείν:—*to take down; καθ-*

ελείν ἰστία to lower the sails; ὀφθαλμοὺς καθελείν to close the eyes of the dead; καθαίρειν σελήνην to bring down the moon, Lat. *coelo deducere lunam*: generally,

to take down anything hung up; hence Med., καθα-

ρείσθαι τὰ τόξα to take down one's bow from the peg.

2. *to take down by force, pull down, over-*

power: also to demolish, destroy: also to bumble, re-

duce; esp. to depose: of a decree or resolution, to

cancel, rescind it: as law-term, to condemn. 3. *to*

bring to an end, accomplish, achieve: Med., κατα-

ρέεσθαι μεγάλα πράγματα to achieve great feats. 4.

like αἰρῖν, *to take and carry off, seize*.

καθαίρω, fut. καθάρῶ: aor. I ἐκάθηρα:—Pass., aor. I

ἐκαθάρθην: pf. κεκάθαμαι: (καθαρός):—*to make pure*

or clean, cleanse:—in religious sense, to cleanse, pu-

rify, purge: Med. to have oneself purified. II.

to purge off, wash away, to cleanse away, atone for,

expiate.

καθ-άλλομαι, fut. -αλούμαι: aor. I καθήλαμην: Dep.:—*to leap down, Lat. desilire: of a storm, to rush down*.

κάθαμμα, ατος, τό, (καθάπτω) *anything tied, a knot,*

κάθαμμα λύειν λόγῳ to untie a knotty point.

καθ-ανύω, Att. for κατανύω.

καθ-άπαξ, Adv. *once for all: altogether*.

καθά-περ Ion. κατάπερ, Adv. = καθά with enclit.

περ, *even as, just as*.

καθαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, *fastened on or to; καθαπτός δοραῖς*

clad in skins. From

καθ-άπτω, f. ψω: aor. I καθήψα: (κατά, ἄπτω):—*to tie or fasten on:—Pass., βρόχῳ καθημέμενος* (pf.

part.) *fastened or attached to a noose*. 2. = καθάπ-

τομαι, to lay hold of. II. Med. *καθάπτομαι, fut.*

-ἄφομαι:—to lay hold of, fasten upon, esp. to accost

one. 2. *to assail, attack, upbraid*. 3. *to ap-*

pear to one as witness, claim as a witness, Lat. *antestari*.

καθάρυτέον, *one must keep clean, be pure, τινός*

from a thing; verb. Adj. from

καθάρυω, f. σω, (καθαρός) *to be clean or pure: esp.*

to be clear or free from guilt.

καθάρίζω, fut. ἰσω Att. ἰῶ, = καθαίρω, *to cleanse,*

purify, make clean.

καθάριος, ον, (καθαρός) *cleanly, neat*. Hence

καθάριότης, ητος, ἡ, *cleanliness, neatness*.

καθάρισμα, ὁ, (καθαρίζω) a *cleansing, purifying*.

κάθαριμα, ατος, τό, (καθαίρω) *that which is thrown*

away in cleansing: in pl. off-scourings, defilement. II

metaph. a *worthless fellow, castaway, outcast*. III.

a *space purified with proper rites; ἐντὸς καθάρματος*

within the purified ground.

καθ-αρμόζω, f. σω, *to join or fit to*.

καθαρμός, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a *cleansing, purifying*. 2.

a *atonement, expiation*.

ΚΑΘΑΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *clean, pure, spotless, unsoiled,*

of garments. II. *clear, open, free; ἐν καθάρῳ*

(sub. τόπῳ) *in an open space, in a place clear from*

dead bodies; ἐν καθάρῳ ἡλίῳ in the open sun, opp. to

the shade. III. in moral sense, *with clean hands,*

pure, free from offence. IV. *pure, bright, clear;*

hence genuine, true. V. generally, *perfect, com-*

plete, effective; τὸ καθαρὸν τὸ στρατῶν the portion

of the army fit for service. Hence

καθάρότης, ητος, ἡ, *cleanness, purity*.

καθ-αρπάζω, fut. ἄσω or ἄξω, *to tear or snatch down*.

καθάρσιος, ον, (καθαίρω) a *cleansing, purification,*

expiatory. II. as Subst., τὸ καθάρσιον (sub. ἱερῶν),

a *expiatory sacrifice: purification, expiation*.

κάθαρισος, εὐς, ἡ, (καθαίρω) a *cleansing, purification,*

καθαρτής, οὐ, ὁ, (καθαίρω) a *cleanser, purifier*.

καθεδούμαι, fut. of καθέζομαι.

καθ-έδρα, (κατά, ἔδρα) ἡ, a *seat; ἡ καθέδρα τοῦ λαγῶ*

the hare's seat or form. II. a *sitting still, loung-*

ing, delaying.

καθ-έζομαι: impf. καθεζόμεν, but also ἐκαθεζόμεν

(as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. καθεδούμαι:

aor. I part. καθεσθείς: Dep.:—*to sit down, sit still,*

to linger, tarry: to sit as suppliants: of an army, to

sit down in a country, take up a position.

καθήκα, Ep. and Ion. aor. I of καθήμην.

καθειατο, Ep. for ἐκάθητον, 3 pl. impf. of καθήμην.

καθειλον, aor. 2 of καθαίρω.

καθειμαι, pf. pass. of καθήμην.

καθ-είργνυμι and καθείργω, Att. for κατ-: f. -είργω;

aor. I -είργα: (κατά, είργω):—*to sbut up, enclose,*

confine.

καθ-εἶς, for καθ' εἶς, *one by one, one after another;*

also εἶς καθεἶς, for εἶς καθ' εἶνα.

καθεισα, Ep. aor. I of καθίζω.

καθεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατέχω) *to be held back*.
 καθελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθαιρέω.
 καθ-εἰλίσσω, f. ξω, *to wrap round, infold*: Ion. πλῆρφ.
 pass. *κατειλίσσασθαι*, for *καθειλγιμένοι* ἦσαν.
 καθ-εἰλικω, f. -έλξω or -ελεύσω (as if from -ελεύω):
 aor. I *καθειλύσσα*: pf. *καθειλύκα*:—Pass., aor. I *καθειλύσθη*: pf. *καθειλύκαμαι*:—*to draw down*, esp. of ships, *to launch*, Lat. *deduco*.
 καθελοῖσα, Dor. for *καθελούσα*, fem. of *καθελών*.
 καθελῶ, fut. of *καθαίρω*.
 καθελών, aor. 2 part. of *καθαίρω*.
 καθ-έννυμι, *to clothe*; see *καταέννυμι*.
 καθεξῆς, Adv. (κατά, ἔχω) *in order, in succession*.
 κάθεις, εως, ἡ, (κατέχω) *a holding, keeping hold of*.
 καθέξω, fut. of *κατέχω*.
 καθ-έρμα, ατος, τό, (κατά, ἔρμα) *a necklace*.
 καθ-έρπω, f. -ερίπω (as if from -ερίω): aor. I *καθερίπυσα*: (κατά, ἔρπω):—*to creep or steal down*: metaph. of the first down, *to steal down the cheek*.
 κάθες, aor. 2 imperat. of *καθίημι*.
 καθεσθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of *καθέζομαι*.
 καθίσταμεν, Ep. I pl. pf. of *καθίστημι*.
 καθεστηκώς, υἷα, ὅς, pf. part. of *καθίστημι*.
 καθεστῆζα, fut. 3 of *καθίστημι*, with intr. sense.
 καθεστῶτα, *ων, τά*, syncop. part. pf. plur. neut. of *καθίστημι*, *existing laws, customs, usages*.
 καθ-εὔδω: impf. Ep. *καθεὔδον*, Att. also *καθηῦδον* and *ἐκάθευδον*: fut. *καθευδήσω*:—*to lie down to sleep, sleep*, *slumber*: metaph. *to rest, be at rest*.
 καθ-εὐρίσκω, f. -ρήσω, *to find out, discover*.
 καθ-εψιάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, (κατά, ἐψιάομαι): Dep.:—*to mock at, deride*; Ep. 3 pl. *κατεψιόνται*.
 καθ-έψω, fut. -εψήσω, (κατά, ἔψω) *to boil down, digest*.
 II. metaph. *to soften, temper*.
 κάθη, Att. for *κάθησαι*, 2 sing. of *κάθημαι*.
 καθηγεμόν, ὄνος, δ, ἡ, (κατά, ἡγεμόν) *a leader, guide*.
 καθ-ηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: (κατά, ἡγέομαι): Dep.:—*to lead the way, be guide*: hence *to shew the way in doing a thing, to establish, ordain, to dictate, prescribe*, Lat. *praere verbis*. Hence
 καθηγητής, οὔ, δ, *a leader, guide, teacher*.
 καθηγισα, aor. I of *καθαγίζω*.
 καθήγισσα, aor. I of *καθαγίζω*.
 καθ-ἡδύπαθεω, f. ἡσω, (κατά, ἡδύπαθεώ) *to squander in luxury*.
 καθῆκα, aor. I of *καθίημι*.
 καθ-ἦκω, f. ξω, (κατά, ἦκα) *to come or go down, go down to fight*. 2. *to come down to, come or reach to, extend to*. II. *to reach as far as, to suffice or be enough for a thing: to be meet, proper*. 2. part., τὸ καθῆκον, οντος, and τὰ καθήκοντα, *that which is meet or proper, one's duty*: but also τὰ καθήκοντα = τὰ καεστῶτα, *the present state of things, circumstances*.
 καθ-ἠλιάζω, (κατά, ἠλιος) *to bring the sun in upon, to illuminate*.
 κάθ-ημαι: imperat. *κάθησο*; subj. *κάθωμαι*; opt. *καθοίμην*; inf. *καθῆσθαι*; part. *καθήμενος*: impf.

ἐκαθήμην:—properly perf. of *καθέζομαι*, *to have seated oneself, to be seated, sit*: of judges, *to have taken their seats in court*: generally, *to take up one's abode, sojourn, dwell*: in bad sense, *to sit idle, be listless, lie unemployed*: of an army, *to encamp: to lie in wait*.
 καθ-ἡμέριος, α, ον, also *καθημερινός, ἡ, ὄν*, (καθ' ἡμέραν) *happening every day, daily*.
 κάθηρα, Ep. for *ἐκάθηρα*, aor. I of *καθαίρω*.
 κάθησθε, 2 pl. of *κάθημαι*: but *καθῆσθε*, 2 pl. Ep. impf. of same.
 κάθησο, imperat. of *κάθημαι*:—*καθῆστο*, 3 sing. impf. *καθηῦδον*, impf. of *καθεῦδω*.
 καθ-ἰδρύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]:—Causal of *καθέζομαι*, *to make to sit down, set down: to establish, institute*: of sacred things, *consecrate*:—Pass. *to sit down, settle*.
 καθ-ίεμαι, Pass. of *καθίημι*.
 καθ-ιερῶω, f. ὶσω, *to dedicate, consecrate, devote, hallow*.
 καθ-ιζάνω, (κατά, ἴζω) *to sit down*.
 καθίζεο, Dor. for *καθίζω*, med. imperat. of sq.
 καθ-ίζω: impf. *καθίζων* or *καθίζων* Att. *ἐκάθιζον* (as if the Verb were not a compd.): fut. *καθίσω* Att. *καθιώ* Dor. *καθίζω*: aor. I *ἐκάθισα* Dor. *κάθισα*, Ep. part. *καθίσσας*: another Ep. form of aor. I *ἐκαθίσσα*, also written *καθίσσα*, always used in Causal sense: (κατά, ἴζω): I. Causal, *to make to sit down; αγοράς καθίσαι to make an assembly be seated, i. e. open one*: generally, *to set, appoint, constitute*. 2. *to place or settle in a place, establish*. 3. *to place one in a certain condition, make one so and so*. II. intr. *to sit down, be seated, sit*, esp. *to sit at meals*: of an army, *to sit down in a country, encamp*.
 καθ-ίημι, fut. *καθήσω*: aor. I *καθήκα* Ep. *καθήκα*: pf. *καθήκα*, pass. *καθήκαμαι*: (κατά, ἦμι):—*to send down, let down, let fall*, Lat. *demitto*; *καθίεναι τὴν ἀγκυραν* *to let go the anchor*; *καθίεναι καταπειρητήριον*, *to let down a sounding-line, hence absol., καθίεναι* *to sound*:—metaph. *to put forward, attempt*:—Pass. *to be carried down, reach or stretch down seawards*; *καθεῖτο τὰ τεῖχη* *the walls were carried down to the sea*. II. *to send down into the place of contest, enter for a contest*. III. intr. *to come down upon, attack*.
 καθίκεο, 2 sing. aor. 2 of *καθικέομαι*.
 καθ-ικετεύω, *to intreat earnestly*.
 καθ-ικνεόμαι, fut. -ίξομαι: aor. 2 -ἰκόμην: (κατά, ἰκνεόμαι): Dep.:—*to come down, come to, reach to*: hence *to touch, probe*.
 καθ-ιμάω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἱμάω) *to let down by a rope*.
 καθίξας, Dor. for *καθίσας*, aor. I part. of *καθίζω*.
 καθίξη, Dor. for *καθίση*, 2 sing. aor. I of *καθίζω*.
 καθ-ιπτάομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—*to ride down, overrun with horse*: generally, *to trample down*.
 καθ-ιπτεύω, f. σω, *to ride down, trample under foot*.
 καθίστα, Att. aor. I of *καθίζω*.
 καθίστα or -τη, for *καθίσταθι*, imperat. of *καθίστημι*.
 καθ-ιστάνω and καθ-ιστάω, forms of the pres. *καθίστημι*.

καθ-ίστημι: I. in Causal sense, pres. καθίστημι, impf. καθίστην, fut. καταστήσω, aor. I κατέστησα: so also of the Med., pres. καθιστάμαι, impf. καθιστάμην, aor. I κατεστήσασθαι:—to set down, put down: bring down to a place and set there; καταστήσαι νῆα to bring a ship to land, put in. 2. to settle, ordain, appoint, establish, put in train: generally, to set in order, arrange: also to restore:—Med. to appoint for oneself, choose: to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state. II. Intrans. in aor. 2 κατέστην, pf. καθέστηκα, plqpf. κωσθηθήκει, and in all tenses of Pass.:—to be placed, set down: to settle oneself. 2. to be set, established, appointed. 3. to stand quiet or calm; πνεῦμα καθεστηκός a calm: of persons, to become calm and composed. 4. to be in a certain state; εἰ καταστήναι to come to a good issue. 5. to be usual or customary; to be or become: καθεστηκώς Ion. κατεστώς, existing, established; τὰ καθεστῶτα existing laws, customs, usages.

καθιστώντες, pres. part. pl. of καθιστάω.
καθ-ό, Adv. for καθ' ὅ, in so far as, according as.
καθολικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κάθολος) general, universal.
καθ-όλου, for καθ' ὅλου, as Adv. on the whole, in general, generally.

καθ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ὁμολογέω) to confess. II. to promise, engage.
καθ-οπλίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to equip or array fully.
καθ-ορέω: f. κατόφομαι formed from κατόπτοιμαι: pf. καθεώρακα: aor. 2 κατέδον, inf. κατιδέω (cf. εἶδον):—to look down. II. trans. to look down upon: generally, to view, see, behold: to perceive, observe.

καθ-ορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set in motion, impel.
καθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ:—to bring into harbour, bring to anchor or moorage: and in Pass., with aor. I med. καθαρμυσάμην, to come into harbour, put in. 2. generally, to bring into a certain condition.
καθ-οσιώω, f. ὦσω, (κατά, οσιός) to offer sacrifice:—so also in Med. to offer on one's own part.

καθ-ότι, used as Adv. for καθ' ὅτι, in what manner.
καθοῦ, for καθέσο, aor. 2 med. imperat. of καθήμι.
καθ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to treat despitefully, to insult wantonly. II. absol. to wax insolent.
κάθ-υδρος, ὄν, (κατά, ὕδωρ) full of water; κάθυδρος κρατήρ a cup of water, periph. for water itself.

καθ-υμνέω, f. ἦσω, to sing of, to descant upon.
καθ-υπεῖκοντιζέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ὑπερ-ακοντιζέω):—to shoot beyond another, excel in shooting.
καθ-ὑπερθε, before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὑπερθε) Adv. from above, down from above. 2. on the upper side, above; c. gen., καθὑπερθε Χίου above Chios. 3. of Time, before.

καθ-ὑπέρτερος, α, ὄν, Comp. of καθὑπερθε, upper, higher, above: of persons, having the upper hand, superior. Sup. καθυπέρτατος, η, ὄν, highest, uppermost.

καθ-υπισχέομαι, Dep. to promise earnestly.

καθ-υπνώω, f. ὦσω, to be fast asleep: also in Med. καθ-υποκρίνομαι: Dep. (κατά, ὑποκρίνομαι):—to deceive by false appearances. II. c. inf. to pretend to be other than one is, personate some person or thing.

καθ-υφίημι, fut. -υφήσω: (κατά, ὑφίημι):—let loose, let go, hence to give up, betray. 2. intr. to slacken one's exertions. 3. Med., καθυφέσθαι τινι to give way, yield: also to slacken in one's exertions.
κάθμαι, subj. of κἀθημαι,
κάθως, Adv. (κατά, ὡς) according as, as.
ΚΑΙ, Conjunction, and, also. I. joining words and sentences, like Lat. et, while enclit. τε answers to Lat. que: when in Prose two words or clauses are closely combined, τε καί are often used, ἄρκτοι τε καὶ λέοντες bears and lions, both as creatures of one kind; θαυμάζονται ὡς σοφοί τε καὶ εὐτυχεῖς γεγεννημένοι they are admired both as wise and fortunate. II. also, used to make a single word or clause emphatic, ἐπειτά με καὶ λίποι αἰῶν then let life also forsake me. 2. with Participles or Adjectives, καί may be rendered by though, although, albeit, as, Ἐκτορα, καὶ μεμῶτα, μάχης σχήσασθαι ὄνα, Hector will I keep away, how much soever or although he rage. 3. even, to increase or diminish the force of words, esp. with a Comp., as, θεὸς καὶ ἀμείνωνος ἵππους δωρήσατο; καί is often used in this way before οὗτος; with neut. pl., καὶ ταῦτα and that, and besides, especially; τί γὰρ δεινότερον δικαστοῦ, καὶ ταῦτα γέροντος; for what is worse than a judge, and that an old one (i. e. especially an old one). 4. so also in diminishing, ἴεμενος καὶ κἀπνὸν ἀποθρῶσκονα νοήσαι he longs to see even the smoke rising, i. e. were it but the smoke, only the smoke; οἷς ἤδδ καὶ λέγειν with whom 'tis sweet only to speak. III. as, after ὅμοιος, ἴσος, ὁ αὐτός, like Lat. ac, atque after aequae, simul, perinde, etc.; γνάμμησι ἐχρέοντο ὁμοίησι καὶ σύ they held the same opinion as you. IV. of number, about; καὶ ἐς ἑβδομήκοντα about to the number of 70.

καΐδας, ὄν, Dor. α, ὁ, a cbasm or underground cavern at Sparta, into which state-criminals were thrown, like the Athenian Βάραθρον. (Lacon. word.)
καὶ γάρ, for truly, to confirm a prop. which of itself is tolerably certain; καὶ γὰρ δὴ for of a surety.
καί . . γε, and indeed, Lat. et . . quidem, to introduce something more emphatic; καὶ λίην κείνους γε εὐκίτοι κείτα ὀλέθω and indeed very deserved. Γε is always separated from καί by one or more words.
καὶ δὴ, and even, also even. II. and indeed, certainly: in answers, yes indeed, by all means, Lat. et certe, et vero. III. supposing it to be the case, Lat. fac ita esse. IV. καὶ δὴ καί, and besides that also, and moreover.
καὶ εἰ, even if, although, supposing that, where the thing may really exist or not: whereas with εἰ καὶ the thing is supposed as existing.
κατέμεν, Ep. for καίεμεν.
καὶ κε, καὶ κεν, Ep. for καὶ ἄν, κἄν.

κακίας, *ov, δ, the north-east wind.*
 καὶ μάλᾳ, καὶ μάλᾳ γε, *aye and very much.*
 καὶ μὴν, *and verily, and certainly, Lat. et vero.* II.
and further, and besides. III. in answers, *well,*
be it so.

καινίζω, *f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (καινός) to make new, to*
have new; καὶ τι καινίζει στήνη the house has some-
thing new about it; καινισον ζυγόν bear thy new yoke;
καινίσαι εὐχάς to offer strange, new-fangled prayers.

καινο-παθής, *és, (καινός, παθεῖν) newly suffered,*
never before suffered.

καινο-πηγής, *és, (καινός, πήγνυμι) newly fastened,*
new-made.

καινο-πήμων, *ov, gen. onos, (καινός, πήμα) newly*
suffering, new to suffering.

καινο-ποιέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινός, ποιέω) to make new,*
renew: in Pass., τί καινοποιηθῆν λέγεις; what new
phrases art thou using? Hence

καινοποιητής, *ov, ὁ, an inventor of new pleasures.*

ΚΑΙΝΟΣ, *ή, ὄν, new, fresh, Lat. recens; καινὸ*
λόγιον news; ἐκ καινῆς (sub. ἀρχῆς) anew, afresh, Lat.
de novo. II. *newly introduced, new-fangled,*
strange; καινοὶ θεοὶ strange gods.

καινο-τάφος, *ov, (καινός, τάφος) of a new tomb.*

καινότης, *ητος, ή, (καινός) newness, freshness: novelty.*

καινοτομέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινοτόμος) to cut fresh into;*
in mining, to open a new vein: metaph. to begin
something new, institute anew; to make innovations
in the state, Lat. res novas tentare. Hence

καινοτομία, *ή, a cutting anew: innovation.*

καινο-τόμος, *ov, (καινός, τεμῆν) cutting newly: be-*
ginning something new, innovating.

καινουργέω, *f. ἴσω, (καινουργός) to make new.* II.
to innovate, make innovations. Hence

καινουργία, *ή, innovation.*

καινο-ουργός, *όν, (καινός, *εργω) making new, inno-*
vating: τὸ καινουργόν a novelty.

καινώω, *f. ὴσω, (καινός) to make new, innovate:—*
Pass. to become fond of novelty or innovation. II.

to devote anew, consecrate, dedicate.

καὶ νῦν κε, *and now perhaps.*

ΚΑΙΝΗΜΑΙ, *impf. ἐκαινύμην [ῥ]: pf. (in pres.*
sense) κέκασμαι Dor. κέκαδμαι, plqpf. (in impf. sense)
ἐκεκάσμην, formed as if from κάζω:—to surpass,
excel; ἐκαινύτο φύλ' ἀνθρώπων κυβερνήσαι be sur-
passed mankind in steering; ἐγχείη ἐκέκαστο Πανέλ-
ληνας be excelled all the Greeks in throwing the spear;
so in part, δόλοισι κεικασμένος surpassing all in wiles;
but κεικασμένος also well-furnished.

καὶ νῦν, *and now, even now.*

ΚΑΙΝΩ, *fut. καινῶ: aor. 2 ἐκάνων, inf. καινέιν: pf.*
κέκονα:—to kill, slay, slaughter.

καί-περ, (*καί περ*) *although, albeit.*

καὶ πῶς; *and how? but how? when a thing is pos-*
sible to be impossible: only interrog.

καὶ ῥα, *Ep. and then, and so.*

καίριος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (καιρός): in season, sea-*
sonable, happening at the right or critical time, Lat.

opportunus:—also lasting for a season. II. *of*

Place, in or at the right or critical place; of the parts
of the body, vital; ἐν καιρίῳ or κατὰ καιρίον in a
vital part:—of wounds, deadly, mortal; καιρία (sub.
πληγῆ) a mortal wound: generally, τὰ καιρία acci-
dents. Hence

καιρίως, *Adv. seasonably.* II. *mortally.*

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *ὁ, due measure, right proportion, fitness;*
καιροῦ πέρα beyond measure, unduly. II. *of*

Time, the right season, the right time for action, the
critical moment, Lat. opportunitas: generally, conve-
nience, advantage, profit; πρὸς καιρόν, or absol. και-
ρόν, at the right or proper time, in season, opportu-
nely; ἐν καιρῷ τινι εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι to suit one's con-
venience, be of service to him; κατὰ καιρόν in due
season, Lat. dextro tempore; but, ἀπὸ or ἄνευ καιροῦ
or παρὰ καιρόν, out of season, Lat. alieno tem-
pore.

III. *of Place, the right point, right spot:*
also a vital part of the body.

ΚΑΙΡΟΣ, *ὁ, the webbing or thrums to which the*
threads of the warp are fastened. Hence

καιροσέων, *a gen. pl. in Od. 7. 107, καιροσέων ἰθο-*
νέων ἀπολείβεται ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον from the close-woven
linen-cloths trickles off the liquid oil. It seems to be
for καιροέσσαν, gen. pl. fem. of καιροίσι.

καιρο-φιλάκееω, *f. ἴσω, (καιρός, φυλακή) to watch*
for the right time, Lat. tempora observare.

καὶ ταῦτα, *and that, and besides, especially.*

καὶ τοι or καί-τοι, *and indeed: and yet, although.*

ΚΑΪΩ Att. κάω [ᾱ] *impf. ἐκαιον Att. ἐκῶν Ep.*
κεῖον: fut. κάωσα: aor. 1 ἐκάουσα, Att. also ἐκεία, Ep.
ἐκεία or ἐκεία (or without augm. κῆα, κεία):—Pass.,
aor. 1 ἐκαύθη: aor. 2 ἐκάνη: pf. κέκαυμαι: I.
to burn, kindle, set on fire:—Med. to kindle fires for
oneself:—Pass. to be set on fire, take fire, burn. II.
to burn up, consume: to scorch, shrivel up.

κάκ, *Ep. for κατὰ before κ, as in κάκ κεφαλῆς.*

κάκ, *crasis for καὶ ἐκ.*

κάκ-ἀγγελος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) bringing ill*
tidings.

κάκ-ἀγγελτος, *ov, (κακά, ἀγγέλλω) caused by ill*
tidings; κακάγγελτα ἀχῆ the sorrow of ill tidings.

κάκ-ἀγορος, *Dor. for κακήγορος.*

κακ-ανδρία, *ή, (κακός, ἀνῆρ) unmanliness, coward-*
ice.

κάκει, *by crasis for καὶ ἐκεῖ, and there, there also.*

κάκεινος, κάκεινον, *by crasis for καὶ κείνιος, etc.*

κάκ-εστώ, *ov, ή, (κακός, εἰμί sum), ill-being, opp.*
to εὖεστώ well-being.

κάκη, *ή, (κακός) badness, baseness: cowardice.*

κάκηγορέω, *f. ἴσω, (κακήγορος) to speak ill of, abuse,*
slander. Hence

κάκηγορία, *ή, evil-speaking, abuse, slander, calumny;*
κακηγορίας δίκη an action for defamation.

κάκ-ήγορος, *ov, (κακός, ἀγορεύω) evil-speaking,*
abusive, slanderous, calumnious:—irreg. Comp. and
Sup. κακηγορίστερος, -ίστατος.

κάκία, *ή, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, Lat.*

malitia. 2. *wickedness, vice*, Lat. *pravitas*. II. *disgrace, dishonour*.

κακίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (*κακός*) to *made or think bad, to abuse, blame, reproach*. II. to *make cowardly*:—Pass. to *behave basely, play the coward*:—to *be worsted*.

κακίστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of *κακός*.
κακίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of *κακός*. [Ἰ Ερ., ἴ in Att. poets.]

κακικία, (*κάκη*) the Lat. *casare*.
κακείαι, Ερ. for *κατακείαι*, aor. I inf. of *κατακαίω*.
κακελοντες, Ερ. *κατακελοντες*, part. of *κατακαίω*.
κακ-κεφαλῆς, better divisim *κακ κεφαλῆς*, Ερ. for *κατὰ κεφαλῆς*.

ΚΑΚΚΗ, ἡ, *human ordure, dung*.
κακκῆαι Ερ. *κατακῆαι*, aor. I inf. of *κατακαίω*.
κακκόρυθα, κακκορυφήν, better divisim *κακ κορ-*, Ερ. for *κατὰ κορύθα*, *κατὰ κορυφήν*.
κακ-κρύπτα, Ερ. for *κατα-κρύπτα*.
κακ-κίνηγέτις, *ιδος*, ἡ, for *κατακινηγέτις*.
κακό-βίος, ον, (*κακός*, *βίος*) *living badly, living a hard life, faring hardly*.

κακοβουλεύομαι, Med. to *act unwisely*. From
κακό-βουλος, ον, (*κακός*, *βουλή*) *ill-advised, unwise*.
κακο-γείτων, ον, gen. ονος, (*κακός*, *γείτων*) a *bad neighbour*, or a *neighbour in misery*.
κακό-γλωσσος, ον, (*κακός*, *γλώσσα*) *ill-tongued*;
βοή κακόγλωσσος a *cry full of misery*. 2. *slan-*
derous.

κακοδαίμωνά, (*κακοδαίμων*) to *be tormented by an evil genius, be like one possessed*.

κακοδαίμονέω, f. ἴσω, (*κακοδαίμων*) to *be unhappy or unfortunate*. Hence

κακοδαίμονία, ἡ, *unhappiness, misfortune*. II. a *being possessed by a demon, raving madness*.

κακο-δαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (*κακός*, *δαίμων*) *having an evil genius, ill-starred, ill-fated, unhappy, wretched*.

II. as Subst. an *evil genius*.
κακοδοξέω, f. ἴσω, (*κακοδοξος*) to *be in ill repute*.

κακοδοξία, ἡ, (*κακοδοξος*) *ill repute, infamy*.
κακό-δοξος, ον, (*κακός*, *δόξα*) *in ill-repute, without fame, unknown*. II. *infamous*.

κακο-δρομία, ἡ, (*κακός*, *δρόμος*) a *bad passage*.
κακο-εἰμων, ον, gen. ονος, (*κακός*, *εἶμα*) *ill-clad*.

κακοεργία, ἡ, poet. for *κακ-ουργία*, *ill-doing*. From
κακο-εργός, ον, (*κακός*, **έργω*) *doing ill*; *κακόεργος*
αστήρ the *importunate stomach*, like Lat. *fames im-*
proba.

κακο-ζοία, ἡ, (*κακός*, *ζοία* poet. for *ζωή*) a *miserable life*.

κακόθηθα, ἡ, *badness of disposition, maliciousness*. II. *bad manners or habits*. From

κακο-θήθος, ἐς, (*κακός*, *θήθος*) *an ill habits, ill-disposed, malicious*: τὸ *κακότηες* an *ill habit*, Lat. *scri-*
bendi cacothetes, an *itch for writing*.

κακοθημότης, ἡ, *disorderliness*. From
κακο-θημων, ον, gen. ονος, (*κακός*, *τίθημι*) *ill-*
ranged, disorderly, careless.

κακό-θροος, ον, contr. -θρους, ουν, (*κακός*, *θρόος*) *speaking ill*; λόγος *κακόθρους* a *slandering word*.

Κακο-ἴλιος, ἡ, = *κακή* Ἴλιος, *evil or unhappy Ilium*.
κακοκέρδεια, ἡ, *base love of gain*. From
κακο-κέρδης, ἐς, (*κακός*, *κέρδος*) *making base gain*.
κακό-κνήμης, ον, (*κακός*, *κνήμη*) Dor. form, *thin-*
legged.

κακο-κρίσια, ἡ, (*κακός*, *κρίνω*) a *bad judgment*.
κακο-λογέω, φρακολόγος) to *speak ill of, rail at*.
Hence

κακόλογια, ἡ, *evil-speaking, railing, abuse*.
κακο-λόγος, ον, (*κακός*, *λέγω*) *evil-speaking, railing, slanderous, abusive*.

κακό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, = *κακός* μάντις, *prophet of ill*.
κακο-μέλετος, ον, (*κακός*, *μέλος*) *ill-sounding*.

κακομετρέω, f. ἴσω, to *give bad measure*. From
κακό-μετρος, ον, (*κακός*, *μέτρον*) *in bad measure*.

κακο-μηδής, ἐς, (*κακός*, *μηδος*) *contriving ill, crafty*.
κακο-μητής, ον, ὁ, (*κακός*, *μητής*) = *κακομηδής*.

κακομηχανέω, f. ἴσω, (*κακομηχανος*) to *practise base arts*. Hence

κακομηχανία, ἡ, a *practising of base arts, ingenuity in mischief*.

κακο-μήχανος, ον, (*κακός*, *μηχανή*) *mischievous, plotting, mischievous, malicious*.

κακό-μοιρος, ον, (*κακός*, *μοῖρα*) *ill-fated*.
κακό-μορφος, ον, (*κακός*, *μορφή*) *ill-shapen*.

κακό-νοιά, η, (*κακόνους*) *illwill, malice*, opp. to *εὐ-*
νοια.

κακονομία, ἡ, a *bad system of laws, a bad constitution, bad government*. From

κακό-νομος, ον, (*κακός*, *νόμος*) *with bad laws, with a bad constitution, ill-governed*.

κακό-νοος, ον; contr. -νοος, ουν, pl. *κακόνου*;
(*κακός*, *νόος*) *ill-disposed: disaffected: bearing malice against one*. Comp. and Sup. *κακονουστειρος*, -νού-
στατος.

κακό-νυμφος, ον, (*κακός*, *νύμφη*) *ill-wedded*. II. as Subst. *κακόνυμφος*, ὁ, a *bad or unhappy bridegroom*.

κακό-ξενος Ion. -ξενιος, ον, (*κακός*, *ξένος*) *having ill guests*: irreg. Ερ. Comp. *κακοξενιώτερος*. II. *unfriendly to guests, inhospitable*.

κακο-ξύνετος, ον, (*κακός*, *ξυνετός*) *wise only for evil*.
κακοπάθεια, ἡ, (*κακοπαθής*) *ill plight, distress*.

κακοπαθέω, f. ἴσω, to *suffer ill*; to *be distressed*.
From

κακο-παθής, ἐς, (*κακός*, *παθεῖν*) *suffering ill, distressed*.

κακο-πάρθενος, ον, (*κακός*, *παρθένος*) *unbecoming a maid*.

κακο-πατρις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*κακός*, *πατήρ*) *having a low-born father, of low descent*.

κακο-πίνης, ἐς, (*κακός*, *πίνος*) *foul and loathsome*.
κακοποιέω, f. ἴσω, (*κακοποιός*) to *do ill, be a rogue*. II. trans. to *hurt, spoil, lay waste*. Hence

κακοποιία, ἡ, *ill doing, damage*.

κακο-ποῖος, ον, (*κακός*, *ποιέω*) *doing ill, mischievous*.
κακό-ποτμος, ον, (*κακός*, *πότμος*) *ill-fated*.

κάκο-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κακός, πούς) with bad feet, weak in the feet.

κάκο-πράγιω, f. ἦσω, (κακός, πρᾶγος) to be ill off, fare badly, fail in an enterprise. Hence

κάκοπραγία, ἡ, ill-success, failure.

κάκο-πράγιων, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, πρᾶγμα) doing evil, mischievous.

κάκο-πτερος, on, (κακός, πτερόν) ill-omened.

κάκο-ρᾶφια, ἡ, (κακός, ράπτω) contrivance of ill, mischievousness. 2. ill contrivance, unskilfulness.

κάκο-ρήμιον, on, (κακός, ῥήμα) evil-speaking. II. telling of ill, ill-omened.

κάκορ-ροθῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ῥόθος) to speak evil: to speak evil of a person, abuse, revile him.

κάκορ-ρύπος, on, (κακός, ῥύπος) foul and filthy.

ΚΑΚΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, bad, ill, evil, bad in its kind, worthless: ugly, as opp. to καλός. 2. bad at one's trade;

κακός ἀλήτης a bad beggar: cowardly, faint-hearted; cf. κάκη. 3. of low birth, mean, vile. 4. in a moral sense, bad, evil, wicked. 5. of things, bad, evil, mischievous: of omens, unlucky, ill-boding: of words, evil, abusive, foul.

II. as Subst. κακόν, τό, evil, ill, mischief: also woe, distress, loss: also bodily ill, injury. 2. in moral sense, evil, vice, wickedness; κακόν τι ἔρδειν to do evil or ill to any one. III. Degrees of Comparison:—irreg. Comp. κακίων, on, Sup. κάκιστος, ἡ, on: but χείρων χείριστος, ἡσσαν ἡκιστος are also used as Comp. and Sup. of κακός. IV. in Compos. it sometimes expresses the fault of excess, and so = ἄγαν, Lat. nimis: but commonly it gives a collat. notion of hurtful, unlucky, = δυσ-, as in κακό-σινος: sometimes it marks defect of a property, as in κακό-πιστος: sometimes it is used like the simple Adj., as Κακο-ίλιος for κακός Ἰλιος.

κάκο-σκελής, ἐς, (κακός, σκέλος) with bad legs.

κάκο-σκηνής, ἐς, (κακός, σκῆνος) of a bad, mean body.

κάκο-σμος, on, (κακός, σμή) ill-smelling,

κάκο-σπλαγχνος, on, (κακός, σπλάγχνον) faint-hearted, cowardly.

κάκο-σπορία, ἡ, (κακός, σπόρος) a bad crop.

κάκοστομῶ, f. ἦσω, to speak evil of. From

κάκο-στόμος, on, (κακός, στόμα) evil-speaking, foul-mouthed.

κάκο-στρωτος, on, (κακός, στρώννυμι) ill-spread, rugged.

κάκο-σύνθετος, on, (κακός, συντίθημι) ill put together, ill composed.

κάκο-σχολος, on, (κακός, σχολή) inactive, idle, lazy. II. act., κακόσχολοι πνοαί winds that wear men out in idleness.

κάκοτεχνῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακότεχνος) to practise bad arts, be guilty of mal-practices, act basely, Lat. malitiose ago. Hence

κάκοτεχνία, ἡ, the practice of bad arts, mal-practice, esp. forgery, malversation.

κάκο-τεχνος, on, (κακός, τέχνη) using bad arts or mal-practices, artful, wily.

κάκότης, ητος, ἡ, (κακός) badness, baseness, cowardice, like κάκη. II. moral badness, wickedness, worthlessness.

III. evil, distress, suffering.

κάκοτροπία, ἡ, bad habits, maliciousness, wickedness. From

κάκο-τροπος, on, (κακός, τρόπος) of ill habits, mischievous, malignant.

κάκοτυχῶ, f. ἦσω, to be unfortunate. From

κάκο-τύχης, ἐς, (κακός, τύχη) unfortunate.

κάκοურγῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακούργος) to do evil or mischief, to be an evil-doer: c. acc. to do evil to one, to damage, hurt, harm: to ravage a country. Hence

κάκοურγια Ep. κακοεργίη [ῖ], ἡ, the character of an evil-doer, wickedness, villainy. From

κάκο-ούργος Ep. κακό-εργος, on, (κακός, *εργω) doing ill, knavish, villainous: as Subst. an evil-doer, knave: an offender, criminal. II. doing harm to one, damaging, hurtful.

κάκο-ουχῶ, f. ἦσω, (κακός, ἔχω) to treat ill, wrong, hurt, injure. Hence

κάκουχία, ἡ, ill-treatment, ill-conduct; κακουχία χθονός the devastation of a country.

κάκο-φάτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (κακός, φάτις) sounding ill, ill-omened.

κάκο-φραδής, ἐς, (κακός, φράζομαι) devising ill, thoughtless, foolish. Hence

κάκο-φραδία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, folly, thoughtlessness.

κάκο-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to be ill-disposed, to bear ill-will or malice. From

κάκο-φρων, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, φρήν) evil-minded, malicious, malignant. II. thoughtless, heedless.

κάκο-χαρτος, on, (κακός, χαίρω) rejoicing in the ills of others, malicious.

κάκο-χράσμων, on, gen. ονος, (κακός, χράσμαι) with scanty means, poor.

κάκο-ψογος, on, (κακός, ψέγω) malignantly blaming.

κάκω, f. ὦσω, (κακός) to treat badly, ill-use, maltreat: of things, to harm, destroy:—Pass. to be ill-treated, distressed, to suffer: in pf. pass. part. κεκακωμένος, disfigured, befouled.

κακτάμεναι, Ep. for κατακτάμεναι, κατακτάνα, inf. of κατέκτην, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κάκτανε, Ep. for κατάνε, aor. 2 imperat. of κατακτείνω; also for κατέκτανε, 3 sing. ind.

κάκτεινε, Ep. for κατέκτεινε, 3 sing. impf. of κατακτείνω,

ΚΑΚΤΟΣ, ἡ, the cactus, a prickly plant.

κάκυνω, f. ὦνω, (κακός) to damage, injure:—Pass. to behave badly, act basely; of soldiers, to mutiny.

II. to revile, reproach:—Pass. to be reproached.

κακχεύει, Ep. for καταχέαι, aor. 1 inf. of καταχέω.

κακῶς, Adv. of κακός, ill, badly: with difficulty, scarcely. Comp. κάκιον, Sup. κάκιστα.

κάκωστος, εως, ἡ, (κακώ) ill-treatment: a distressing, wearing out: damage, misfortune.

κακώτερος, Ep. Comp. of κακός: cf. κακίων.

κάλαθισκος, ὁ, Dim. of κάλαθος, a small basket.

ΚΑ'ΛΑ'ΘΟΣ, ὁ, a basket, a wicker band-basket,

Lat. *calatibus*. II. a cooling-vessel, cooler: also a kind of cup.

καλάϊνος, η, ον, coloured like the κάλαϊς, between blue and green, of changeeful hue. From κάλαϊς, ὄ, a precious stone of a greenish blue, the topaz or chrysolite.

καλάμαϊα, ἡ, (καλάμη) a kind of grasshopper. καλάμειτρος, οὐ, ὄ, (κάλαμος) a reaper, mower. II. an angler.

ΚΑΛΑΜΗ, ἡ, a stalk of reed or corn, Lat. *calamus*, *stipula*: a fishing-rod. II. stubble: metaph. the residue, remnant, remains: of an old man, καλάμη γέ σ' ὄτοιμα εἰσορόωντα γινώσκων thou may'st still, I ween, perceive the stubble (i. e. the relics) of former strength.

καλάμητομία, ἡ, a cutting of stalks, reaping. From καλάμη-τόμος, ον, (καλάμη, τεμείν) cutting stalks, reaping.

καλάμη-φάγος, ον, (καλάμη, φάγειν) devouring stalks, mowing or cutting them.

καλάμη-φέρως, ον, (καλάμη, φέρω) carrying reeds or canes.

καλαμίνθη, ἡ, (καλός, μίνθα) mint. Hence Καλαμίνθιος, ὄ, *Minty*, name of a frog.

καλάμινος, η, ον, (κάλαμος) made of reed or cane.

καλάμις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a fishing-rod.

καλάμισκος, ὄ, Dim. of κάλαμος.

καλάμιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλαμος) a kind of grasshopper. καλάμιτις, εσσα, εν, of reed; καλαμέεσσα ἰαχά the sound as of a reed-flute. From

ΚΑΛΑΜΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. *calamus*, a reed or cane, Lat. *arundo*: an arrow of reed: a reed-ripe, reed-flute: a writing-reed, used as a pen; generally, a pen, a fishing-rod. II. generic term for any plant, which is neither bush (ῦλη), nor tree (δένδρον).

καλάμο-στεφής, ἐς, (κάλαμος, στέφω) crowned or covered with reed.

καλάμο-φθογγος, ον, (κάλαμος, φθέγγομαι) played on a reed.

καλάσις, ἰος, ἡ, a long Egyptian garment with a border of tassels or fringe. (Egyptian word.)

καλαύροψ, ὀπος, ἡ, a shepherd's staff or crook, thrown so as to drive back the cattle.

καλέσκον, Ion. impf. of καλέω; Ep. 3 sing. impf. med. καλέσκειτο.

καλέοντι, Dor. for καλέουσι, 3 pl. of καλέω.

καλέσας, aor. I part. of καλέω.

καλέσασθε, 2 pl. aor. I med. imperat. of καλέω.

κάλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of καλέω.

καλεύνται, Dor. for καλοῦνται.

καλεῖντο, Ep. and Dor. for ἐκαλοῦντο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΕΨΩ: Ion. impf. καλέεσκον: fut. καλέσω Ion. and Ep. καλέω Att. καλώ; aor. I ἐκάλεσα Ep. ἐκάλεσσα or καλέσσα: pf. κέκληκα (for κεκάληκα):—Med., fut. καλέσσομαι Att. καλοῦμαι: aor. I ἐκαλοῦμαι: aor. II ἐκαλοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. κληθήσομαι, paullo post f. κληθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκλήθη: pf. κέκλημαι.

I. to call, summon: c. inf. to call on, summon to do a thing. 2. to call to one's house, to invite, Lat. *vocare ad coenam*. 3. to call on or invoke the gods. 4. as law-term, in Act. of the judge, καλέειν τινα to cite, summon before the court; in Med. of the plaintiff, καλέισθαι τινα to sue at law, Lat. *vocare in jus*.

II. to call by name, address by name, generally, to name; καλέειν τινα ἐπίκλησιν to call by name:—Pass., to be named, receive a name; and in pf. κέκλημαι, to have been named, and so to be called: the pf. pass. freq. means simply to be; as, τάδε μὲν Περσῶν πιστὰ καλεῖται these are called (i. e. are) the faithful counsellors of the Persians.

καλήμεναι, poet. for καλεῖν, inf. of καλέω.

καλήτης, Dor. and Att. for κηλήτης.

καλήτωρ, ὀρος, ὄ, (καλέω) a crier. καλία Ion. -νῆ, ἡ, (κάλιον) a wooden house, hut, cabin, cot: a barn, granary: a bird's nest: a wooden sbrine for a statue.

καλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = καλία, a hut.

καλινδέομαι, Pass., with fut. med. καλινδήσομαι, = ἀλινδέομαι, κυλινδέομαι, to lie rolling or wallowing: metaph. to be busy with a thing, to be constantly engaged with it. Hence

καλινδήθρα, ἡ, = ἀλινδήθρα, a place for horses to roll in after exercise.

κάλλαια, τά, a cock's wattles, Lat. *palette*: also a cock's tail.

καλλείπω, Ep. for καταλείπω.

καλλι-, in compd. words, either gives the additional idea of beautiful to the simple word; or is like a mere Adj. with its Subst., as καλλίπαις = καλή παῖς.

καλλι-βλέφαρος, ον, (καλλι-, βλέφαρον) with beautiful eyelids or eyes.

καλλι-βόας, ὄ, ἡ, (καλλι-, βοή) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-βότρως, υ, gen. vos, (καλλι-, βότρως) with beautiful clusters.

καλλι-βωλος, ον, (καλλι-, βῶλος) with rich soil.

καλλι-γάληνος, ον, (καλλι-, γάληνη) sweetly-transquil.

καλλι-γάμος, ον, happy in marriage.

καλλιγένεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, γένος) bearer of a fair offspring, mother of beautiful things, the name by which Ceres was invoked in the Thesmophoria.

καλλι-γύναιξ, gen. ακος, ὄ, ἡ, (καλλι-, γυνή) with beautiful women or maidens: the nom. seems never to have been used. [ῥ]

καλλι-δίνης, ου, ὄ, (καλλι-, δίνη) flowing with beautiful eddies. [δτ]

καλλι-διφρος, ον, with beautiful eyebrows.

καλλι-δόναξ, ακος, ὄ, with beautiful reeds.

καλλι-ἐλαιος, ὄ, (καλλι-, ἐλαία) the cultivated olive, opp. to ἀργελαίος.

καλλι-επίω, f. ἦσω, to speak in fair set terms, in high-flown phrases; κεκαλλιεπημένοι λόγοι high-flown speeches. From

καλλι-επής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ἔπος) beautifully speaking, elegant.

καλλ-ιερῶ Ion. καλλ-ιρῶ, f. ἦσω, (καλλι-, ἱερόν): —to have favourable signs in sacrifice, Lat. *litare*, *perlitare*. —c. acc. to sacrifice with good omens. 2. of the offering, to give good omens, be favourable, propitious.

καλλι-ζυγής, ἐς, (καλλι-, ζυγῆσαι) beautifully-yoked.
καλλι-ζωνος, ον, (καλλι-, ζώνη) with beautiful girdles.

καλλι-θριξ, τριχός, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, θρίξ) with beautiful hair or mane: of sheep, with fine wool.

καλλιθύτew, f. ἦσω, to offer auspiciously. From καλλι-θύτος, ον, (καλλι-, θύω) with beautiful or auspicious sacrifices.

καλλι-καρπος, ον, with fine fruit, rich in fine fruit.

καλλι-κερως, ωτος οτ ω, ὁ, ἡ, (καλλι-, κέρασ) with beautiful horns.

Καλλι-κολώνη, ἡ, Fair-hill, a district near Troy.
καλλι-κόμησ Dor. —μασ, ὁ, ἡ, and καλλικόμησ, ον, (καλλι-, κόμη) beautifully-haired.

καλλι-κρήδεμος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήδεμον) with beautiful fillets or hair-bands.

καλλι-κρήνος Dor. —κράνος, ον, (καλλι-, κρήνη) with a beautiful spring.

καλλι-λαμπέτης, ου, ὁ, (καλλι-, λάμπω) beautifully-shining.

καλλι-λογέω, (καλλι-, λέγω) to express a thing elegantly:—Med. to give a fair name to a thing.

καλλι-μορφος, ον, (καλλι-, μορφή) beautifully shaped.

κάλλιμος, ον, poet. for καλός, beautiful.
καλλι-νάος, ον, (καλλι-, νάω) beautifully flowing.
καλλι-νίκος, ον, (καλλι-, νίκη) with glorious victory, triumphant. II. crowning or ennobling victory; τὸ καλλινικον the glory of victory.

κάλλιον, neut. of καλλίον, Comp. of καλός: used also of Adv., more beautifully.

Καλλι-όπη poet. Καλλι-όπεια, ἡ, (καλλι-, ὄψ) Cal-
lithrḗ, first of the nine Muses, the beautiful-voiced.
καλλι-παῖσ, παιδοσ, ὁ, ἡ, with beautiful children. II.
= καλή παισ, a beautiful child.

καλλι-πάρησ, ον, (καλλι-, παρεία) beautifully-cheeked.

καλλι-πάρθενος, ον, of, with beautiful maidens or nymphs.

κάλλιπον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταλείπω: inf. καλλιπέειν.

καλλι-πέδιλοσ, ον, (καλλι-, πέδιλον) with beautiful sandals.

καλλι-πεπλοσ, ον, beautifully robed.

καλλι-πέτηλοσ, ον, (καλλι-, πέτηλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-πῆχυσ, υ, gen. εωσ, with beautiful elbow.

καλλι-πλόκαμοσ, ον, with beautiful locks.

καλλι-πλουτοσ, ον, adorned with riches.

καλλι-πολισ, εωσ, ἡ, beautiful city.
κάλλιπον, Ep. for κατέλιπον, aor. 2 of καταλείπω.
καλλι-πονοσ, ον, beautifully wrought.
καλλι-πόταμοσ, ον, of beautiful rivers.

καλλι-πρῶφοσ, ον, (καλλι-, πρῶφα) with beautiful prow, of ships: metaph. of men, with beautiful face.

καλλι-πύλοσ, ον, (καλλι-, πύλη) with beautiful gates.

καλλι-πυργοσ, ον, with beautiful towers, towering.

καλλι-πύργωτοσ, ον, (καλλι-, πυργῶ) built with beautiful towers.

καλλι-πωλοσ, ον, with beautiful steeds or colts.

καλλι-ρέεθροσ, ον, (καλλι-, ρέεθρον) beautifully flowing.

καλλι-ιρῶ, Ion. for καλλι-ιερῶ.
καλλι-ροοσ, poet. for καλλιρ-ροοσ.

καλλιρ-ροοσ, ον, contr. καλλιρ-ροοσ, ον, (καλλι-, βέω) beautifully flowing.

κάλλιστα, Adv. Sup. of καλῶσ, most beautifully.

καλλι-στάδιοσ, ον, (καλλι-, στάδιον) with a fine race-course.

καλλιστέιον, τό, (καλλιστεύω) the prize of beauty or excellence: in pl., = ἀριστεία, the meed of valour.

καλλιστευμα, τό, the prime of beauty: the first-fruits of beauty, the offering of choicest beauty.

καλλιστεύω, f. σαι, (κάλλιστοσ) to be the most beautiful, be esteemed so: generally, to be the most beautiful among others, exceed in beauty.

καλλι-στέφανοσ, ον, beautifully crowned: of cities, crowned with beautiful towers.

κάλλιστοσ, η, ον, Sup. of καλός.

καλλι-σφύροσ, ον, (καλλι-, σφυρόν) with beautiful feet or ankles.

καλλι-τόξοσ, ον, (καλλι-, τόξον) with beautiful bow.

καλλιτρικησ, acc. pl. of καλλιθριξ.

κάλλιψ', for κάλλιπε, Ep. for κατέλιπε.

καλλι-φεγγησ, ἐσ, (καλλι-, φέγγω) beautiful-shining.

καλλι-φθογγοσ, ον, (καλλι-, φθέγγομαι) beautiful-sounding.

καλλι-φλοξ, φλογοσ, ὁ, ἡ, beautiful-blazing.

καλλι-φύλλοσ, ον, (καλλι-, φύλλον) with beautiful leaves.

καλλι-χοροσ, ον, Ep. for καλλι-χῶροσ, with beautiful places. II. (χῶροσ) of or for beautiful dances: beautiful in the dance.

καλλίον, ον, gen. ονοσ, Comp. of καλός.

καλλονή, ἡ, (κάλλοσ) beauty.

κάλλοσ, gen. εοσ Att. ουσ, τό, (καλός) beauty. II. a beauty, beautiful object: in pl. κάλλεα, κάλλη, beautiful works: κάλλεα κηροῦ beautiful works of wax.

καλλοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for κάλλοσ, beauty.

καλλύνω, f. ἱνῶ, (καλόσ) to beautify; metaph. to gloss, colour over:—Med. to adorn oneself, plume oneself on a thing.

καλλ-ωπιζ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (κάλλοσ, ὤψ) to make the face beautiful, to beautify, embellish, give a fair appearance to a thing:—Med. to adorn oneself, to pride oneself, glory in a thing: absol. to make a display. Hence

καλλῶπισμα, ατοσ, τό, embellishment; and καλλωπιζμοσ, ὁ, an embellishing or adorning oneself, making a display.

καλο-διδασκαλος, ὁ, = καλοῦ διδασκαλος, a teacher of virtue.

καλοκάγαθία, ἡ, nobleness and goodness. From καλο-καγαθός, ον, i. e. καλός καὶ ἀγαθός, beautiful and good, noble and good.

κάλων, τό, (καίω) dry, seasoned wood.

κάλο-πέδιλα, τά, (καλον, πέδιλον) wooden shoes, used to support a cow still while milking.

κάλο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (καλός, ποιέω) to do good.

κάλό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (καλός, πούς) with beautiful feet.

ΚΑΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, beautiful, fair, Lat. pulcher; Ἄλκιβιάδης ὁ καλός Alcibiades the fair; τό καλόν, like κάλλος beauty.

II. serving a good purpose, fair, good; καλός λιμὴν a fair harbour; ἐν καλῷ (sub. τόπω or χρόνῳ) in good time or place. 2. of sacrifices, good, auspicious.

III. morally beautiful, good, right, noble: τὸ καλόν moral virtue, Lat. honestum.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—Comp. καλλίων, ον, Sup. κάλλιστος, η, ον. V. Adv. καλῶς, q. v.:—but neut. καλόν is often used as Adv. by Poets, beautifully.

κάλος, Ep. and Ion. for κάλως, a rope.

καλοῦμαι, εἰ, εἴται, Att. fut. med. of καλέω.

ΚΑΛΨΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, acc. κάλψιν or κάλψιδα:—a vessel for drawing water, a picher, urn: a drinking-cup: an urn for drawing lots: an urn for the ashes of the dead.

καλύβη, ἡ, (καλύπτω) a hut, cabin, cell. [ῥ]

καλύβιον, τό, Dim. of καλύβη, a small hut.

καλύκεσσι, ποῖτ. for κάλυξι, dat. pl. of κάλυξ.

καλύκο-στεφάνος, ον, (κάλυξ, στέφανος) crowned with flower-buds.

καλύκ-ῶπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (κάλυξ, ὦψ) like a flower-bud, blushing, roseate.

κάλυμμα, ατος, τό, (καλύπτω) a covering, a hood or veil. 2. a grave.

κάλυξ, ὕκος, ἡ, (καλύπτω) the cup or calyx of a flower, a flower-bud; κάλυκος ἐν λοχεύμασι when the fruit is setting.

II. in pl., κάλυκες are women's ornaments, made of metal, so called from their shape.

καλύπτειρα, ἡ, like καλύπτρα, a veil.

καλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of καλύπτω, covered. II. wrapped round: enveloping.

καλύπτρα Ion. —πτρη, ἡ, a woman's veil; δυοφ-ρὰ καλύπτρα the mantle or veil of darkness. From

ΚΑΛΥΨΤΩ, f. ὤψω: aor. I ἐκάλυφα:—to cover, νυκτὶ καλύψας having covered with night; γαῖα ἐκάλυψε νιν earth covered him. 2. to cover, conceal.

3. to cover with dishonour. II. to put over as a covering, throw over or around.

καλύφατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of καλύπτω.

Καλύψω, gen. —δος contr. —οῦς, ἡ, Calypso, a nymph, daughter of Atlas, who lived in the island Ogygia, and concealed (ἐκάλυψε) Ulysses on his way back from Troy.

καλαίωνα, (κάλη) to search for the purple-fish:

metaph. to search in the depths of one's mind, to ponder deeply.

Κάλας, αντος, ὁ, Calchas, the Greek Seer at Troy: properly the Searcher.

ΚΑ'ΑΧΗ, ἡ, also χάλκη, the murex, purple limpet, from which a purple dye was obtained.

καλῶ, εἰς, εἰ, Att. fut. of καλέω.

καλώδιον, τό, Dim. of κάλως, a small cord or rope.

καλῶς, Adv. of καλός, beautifully, well; καλῶς ἔχουν or πράττειν, to be well off, fare well; c. gen., καλῶς ἔχουν τινός to be well off for a thing. 2. = πάννυ, right well, altogether, entirely.

3. in answers, well said! bravo! Lat. euge: but also to decline an offer, thank you! like Lat. benigne.

ΚΑ'ΑΩΣ, ὁ, gen. κάλω, acc. κάλων: Ep. and Ion. κάλος, ον, ὁ:—a rope, a cable; ἀπὸ κάλω πλεῖν to sail at a cable's end, i. e. to have the ship towed: κάλων κατεῦναι to let down a sounding-line:—also a sail-rope, reef; proverb., πάντα κάλων ἐξίστι they are letting out every reef, i. e. are using every effort.

καλω-στροφός, ὁ, (κάλως, στρέφω) a rope-twister. κάμ, Ep. for κατὰ before μ, as κάμ μὲν for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμάνιος, ον, made of brittle wool. From ΚΑ'ΜΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ or ὁ, a pole, stake, a vine-branch. II. the shaft of a spear.

ΚΑΜΑ'ΡΑ, ἡ, Lat. camera, anything with a vaulted or arched covering, a covered carriage. [κάμᾱ]

καμασίτης, οἰ, a kind of fish.

κάματῆρος, ὁ, ὄν, toilsome, troublesome, wearisome. II. pass. broken down, worn out.

κάματος, ὁ, (κάμνω) toil, trouble, labour. 2. weariness, distress. II. that which is hardly earned; ἡμέτερος κάματος our hard-won earnings. [κά]

κάματ-ώδης, es, (κάματος, εἶδος) toilsome.

καμ-βαῖον, Ep. for καταβαῖνον.

κάμει, Ep. for ἔκαμε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κάμνω.

κάμέ, crasis for καὶ ἐμέ.

καμείν, aor. 2 inf. of κάμνω.

καμείται, 3 sing. fut. of κάμνω.

κάμηλος, ὁ and ἡ, a camel:—ἡ κάμηλος, like ἡ ἵππος, the camels in an army. (From Hebr. Gámäl.)

καμινευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κάμνω) one that works at a furnace; αἰλὸς καμινευτήρ the pipe of a smith's bellows.

καμινευτής, οῦ, ὁ, = καμινευτήρ.

καμίνος, dat. of καμῖνος.

κάμινος, ἡ, (καίω) an oven, furnace, or kiln. Hence κάμινός, οὐς, dat. οἱ, ἡ, a furnace-woman.

καμῖνός, or better κάμ μὲν, Ep. for κατὰ μὲν.

κάμμες, crasis for καὶ ἄμμες, Aeol. for καὶ ἡμεῖς.

κάμ μέσον, Ep. for κατὰ μέσον.

καμμίξας, Ep. for καταμίξας, aor. I part. of καταμίγνυμι.

καμ-μονίη, ἡ, Ep. for καταμονή, staunchness in battle, patience, endurance.

κάμ-μορος, ον, Ep. for καταμόρος, ill-fated.

καμ-μύω, Ep. for καταμύω.

ΚΑΜΝΩ: fut. κάμσομαι, εἰ, εἴται: aor. 2 ἐκάμην, inf. καμείν, Ep. redupl. subj. κέκαμω: pf. κέκιμηκα,

Ep. pf. part. *κεκμηώς, κεκμηῶτι, κεκμηῶτα*, acc. pl. *κεκμηῶτας* : I. intr. to be weary, tired, exhausted, or worn out : c. part. *κάμνει πολέμιζων, ελαίνων*, one is weary of fighting, rowing. 2. to feel trouble or annoyance; *ὄχι ἔκαμον τανύων* I found no trouble in bending the bow. 3. to be worsted or beaten. 4. to be sick or ill, generally, to be afflicted, distressed, harassed.

5. οἱ κάμυντες and οἱ κεκμηκότες Ep. *κεκμηότες* or *κεκμηῶτες*, Lat. *defuncti*, those who have finished their labours, the dead: but, οἱ κάμυντες the sick; and *κεκμηκότες* are also the spirits of the dead, Lat. *dii manes*.

II. trans. to work hard at, to bestow labour upon. 2. to work out, earn by toil; in aor. 2 med., *νήσον ἔκαμοντο* they worked, tilled the island for themselves. κάμοι, by crasis for *καὶ ἐμοί*.

ΚΑΜΠΗΉ, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) a bending, winding, as of a river. II. the turning in a race-course, turning-point: metaph., *μῦθον ἐς καμπὴν ἄγειν* to bring a speech to its middle or turning-point. III. *καμπάι*, in Music, turns, tricks, quavers.

κάμπυμος, η, ον, (*καμπή*) bent, turning, double. *καμπτήρ*, ἄρος, ὁ, a bend, an angle. II. the turning-point in a race-course.

ΚΑΜΠΤΩ, fut. *κάμψω*: aor. I *ἔκαμψα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐκάμφθην*—to bend, bow:—esp., I. γόνα and γούνατα *κάμπτειν*, to bend the knees so as to sit down and rest, to take rest. 2. γόνα *κάμπτειν* to bend the knee in prayer. 3. γόνα *κάμπτειν* to bend the knee in running, to run. II. to bend, turn, guide anything. 2. absol. to turn round a point; *κάμπτειν ἄκρην* to double a headland; *κάμπτειν κλῆπον* to skirt the bay: metaph., *κάμπτειν βίον* to turn the middle point of life, i. e. to draw near to its close; cf. *καμπή*.

III. like Lat. *flecto*, to bend, move by entreaties, soften, make, relent: generally, to bend, humble. *καμπύλος*, η, ον, (*κάμπω*) bent, curved. [ῥ] *καμφθεῖς*, *καμφθῆναι*, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of *κάμπω*.

καμφόμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of *κάμπω*. *καμφί-πους*, ὁ, ἡ, *πουν*, τό, gen. *ποδος*, (*κάμπω*, *ποῦς*) bending the foot, swift-running. *κάμψις*, εως, ἡ, (*κάμπω*) a bending, curving. *κάμων*, aor. 2 part. of *κάμω*.

κάν, crasis for *καὶ ἄν*:—also for *καὶ ἦν*, and if, even if. *κάν*, crasis for *καὶ ἐν*, and in. *κάν*, Ep. for *κατά* before *ν*, as *κάν νόμον* for *κατὰ νόμον*. *κάναθρον* or *κάναθρον*, τό, (*κάνη*) the body of a wicker carriage: a cane or wicker carriage.

Καναγίτης, ου, ὁ, Syriac word, of which the Greek *Ζηλωτής*, Zealot, is a translation: not to be confounded with *Χαναναῖος*, a Canaanite.

ΚΑΝΑΣΣΩ, f. ξω, to make a gurgling sound with water. (Formed from the sound.)

κάναστρον, τό, (*κάνη*) a wicker basket, Lat. *canistrum*. II. an earthen vessel, dish.

κανῶ-φόρος, Dor. for *κανηφόρος*.

κᾶνᾶχῶ, f. ἦσω, to ring or clasp, clang, of metal: to plash, of water. From

κᾶνᾶχῆ, ἡ, (*κανάσσω*) a sharp, ringing sound, esp. the ring or clasp of metal; also of the tramp of mules; *καναχὴ δδόντων* the gnashing of teeth; *καναχαὶ αὐλῶν* the shrill sound of flutes. Hence *κᾶνᾶχῆδά*, Adv. with a sharp, ringing noise. *κᾶνᾶχῆς*, ἐς, (*κανάσσω*) making a sharp, ringing noise: of water, *plashing*.

κανάχησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of *καναχέω*.

κανάχιζε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of *καναχίζω*.

κᾶνᾶχίζω, f. ἴσω, = *καναχέω*.

κάνδυσ, υος, ὁ, a Median garment with sleeves, also *κανδύιη*. (Median word.)

κάνειον Ion. *κάνειον* Att. contr. *κανοῦν*, τό, (*κάννη*) a basket of reed or cane, a wicker basket: a bread-basket, Lat. *canistrum*, used esp. for carrying the sacred barley (*οὔλα*) at sacrifices.

κᾶνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *κᾶνω*.

κᾶνη, ἡ, a rarer form of *κάννα*. [ᾶ]

κανῆν, Dor. for *κᾶνειν*, aor. 2 inf. of *κᾶνω*.

κᾶνηφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry the sacred basket in procession. From

κᾶνη-φόρος, ον, (*κᾶνειν*, *φέρω*) carrying a basket: ἡ *Κανηφόρος* the Basket-bearer, in Athens a maiden who carried on her head a basket containing the sacred things in processions at the feasts of Demeter, Bacchus, and Athena.

ΚΑΝΘΑΨΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *cantbarus*, a kind of beetle, worshipped in Egypt. II. a sort of drinking-cup, Lat. *cantbarus*. III. a kind of Naxian boat.

IV. a mark or knot resembling a beetle, on the tongue of the Egyptian god Apis.

καρθήλια, ον, τά, Lat. *clitellae*, a pack-saddle, or the large panniers of a pack-saddle.

καρθήλιος, ὁ, a large sort of ass for carrying burdens, a pack-ass.

κάνθος, ονος, ὁ, (*κάνθος*) = *καρθήλιος*, a pack-ass.

ΚΑΝΝΑ or *κάννη*, ης, ἡ, a reed or cane, Lat. *canna*: hence anything made of reeds, a reed-mat, a reed-fence.

καννάβινος, η, ον, *βεμπην*, made of hemp. From **ΚΑΝΝΑΒΙΣ**, ἡ, gen. *ιος*, acc. *ἰδα*, also gen. *εως*:—*βεμπ*, Lat. *cannabis*. II. anything made of it, tow.

κανεύσας, Ep. for *κατανεύσας*.

κάννη, ἡ, = *κάννα*.

κανόμων, better *κάν νόμον*, Ep. for *κατὰ νόμον*.

κᾶνονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (*κανών*) a ruler.

κᾶνόνημα, τό, poet. for *κανών*, a rule: also a ruler. *κᾶνοῦν*, Att. contr. of *κᾶνειν*.

κᾶνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *κᾶνω*.

κᾶνῶ, fut. of *κᾶνω*.

Κᾶνωβος or **Κᾶνωπος**, ὁ, *Canobus*, a town in Lower Egypt, notorious for its luxury.

κᾶνών, ὄνος, ὁ, (*κάνη*, *κάννα*) any straight rod or bar: in Homer, *κᾶνόνες* are two rods running across the hollow of the shield, through which the arm was

passed, to hold it by. 2. a rod used in weaving; the *shuttle* or *quill* by which the threads of the woof (*πνήθιον*) were passed between the threads of the warp (*μίτος*). 3. a carpenter's rule: metaph. a rule or level ray of light. 4. the beam or tongue of the balance: pl. the keys or stops of a flute. II. metaph. like Lat. *norma*, a rule or standard of excellence:—so, the old Greek authors were called *κανόνες*, rules or models of excellence, classics; and the books received by the Church as the rule of faith and practice are called the *Canon* or canonical scriptures.

κανών, aor. 2 part. of *καίνω*.

Κάνωπος, ὁ, see *Κάνωβος*.

κάξ, crasis for *καὶ ἐξ*.

κάπ, Ep. for *κατά* before π or φ, as *κάπ πείδιον* for *κατά πείδιον*.

κάπειτα, by crasis for *καὶ ἔπειτα*, and then, and next.

κάπετος, ἡ, (*σκάπτω*, for *σκάπετος*) a ditch, trench, Lat. *fossa*: a vault, grave: generally, a hole.

ΚΑΠΗ, ἡ, a crib, manger.

κάπηλειον, τό, the shop of a *κάπηλος*, a tavern, Lat. *caupona*. From

κάπηλεύω, f. σω, (*κάπηλος*) to be a retail-dealer, drive a petty trade: metaph. to hawk about, biggle in; *καπηλεύειν μάχην* to make a trade of war, Ennius' *bellum cauponari*;—also, to adulterate, give out as genuine, palm off.

κάπηλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κάπηλος*) of or like a petty trader: tricky, knavisb. Adv., *καπηλικώς* ἔχειν to play roguish tricks.

καπηλῖς, ἴδος, fem. of *κάπηλος*, Lat. *cofra*.

κάπηλος, ὁ, (*κάπτω*) a retail-dealer, petty tradesman, buckster, biggler, Lat. *caupo*, opp. to *ἐμπορος*: esp. a tavern-keeper. II. a cheat, rogue, knave.

κάπί, by crasis for *καὶ ἐπί*.

καπίθη, ἡ, (*κάπτω*) a measure containing two *χοίμεκες*.

κάπνη, ἡ, (*καπνός*) a smoke-hole, chimney.

καπνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (*καπνός*) to cause smoke: to make or light a fire. II. to smoke, blacken with smoke. Hence

κάπνισμα, ματος, τό, a smoke-offering: incense.

κάπνισσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of *καπνίζω*.

καπνοδόχη Ion. —δόκη, ἡ, (*καπνός*, *δέχομαι*) a smoke-receiver: a hole in the ceiling or roof for the smoke to pass through.

ΚΑΠΝΟΣ, δ, smoke, Lat. *fumus*. Hence *καπνός*, f. ὤσω, to turn into smoke:—Pass. to be burned into smoke, burnt to ashes.

καπνώδης, es, (*καπνός*, *εἶδος*) like smoke, smoky: generally, dark, dusky.

κάποι, Dor. for *κῆποι*.

κάπος, ὁ, Dor. for *κῆπος*.

κάππα, τό, v. sub K.

Καρπάδοκίω, f. σω, to favour the *Carpathians*. II. to play the *Carpathian*, i. e. play the rogue. From

Καρπάδοξ, οκος, ὁ, a *Carpathian*.

κάππεσον, Ep. for *κατέπ-*, aor. 2 of *καταπίπτω*.

καπποφόρος, ον, (*κάππα*, *φέρω*) of a horse, marked with a *κάππα*: cf. *κοππατίας*.

καπ-πῆρίζω, ποῖτ. for *καταπυρίζω*, (*κατά*, *πῆρ*) to catch fire.

καπράω, (*κάπρος*) to be lewd or lecherous.

κάπρος, ὁ, ποῖτ. for *κάπρος*, a wild boar. II. as Adj. like a wild boar.

ΚΑΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, Lat. *APER*, the wild-boar.

καπροφόνος, ον, (*καπρός*, **φέρω*) killing wild boars.

ΚΑΨΙΩ, fut. *κάψω*: aor. I *έκαψα*: Ep. pf. part. *κεκαψώς*, for *κεκαψώς*:—to eat quick, swallow greedily, gulp down. II. *κάπτειν θυμόν* to gasp for breath.

κάπυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*καπύω*) dry, dried. 2. act. *dry-ing*, parching. II. metaph. of sound, loud and clear, distinct.

κάπυσσα, Ep. aor. I; see *ἀποκαπύω*.

καπ-φάλαρα, better *κάρ φάλαρα*, for *κατά φάλαρα*. *κάρ*, Ep. for *κατά* before π, as *κάρ βύον* for *κατά βύον*.

ΚΑΡ, *κάρος*, τό, the hair of the head, akin to *κára*; *τίω δέ μιν ἐν κάρος ἀισή* I value him but at a hair's worth. II. also for *κára*, *κάρη*, head, as in *ἐπὶ κάρ head-long*.

Κάρ, ὁ, gen. *Κάρος*, pl. *Κάρες*:—a *Carian*, in later times despised as mercenaries:—Proverb., *ἐν Καρὶ ἢ ἐν τῷ Καρὶ δινδυνεύειν* to make the risk on a *Carian*, Lat. *experimentum facere in corpore vili*:—Fem. *Κάειρα*.

ΚΑΡΑ Ion. *κάρη* [ἄ], τό, indecl. the head: generally, the head, top, summit of anything: the brim of a cup: it is used, like *κεφαλή*, Lat. *caput*, to express a person, as *Οἰδίου κára* for *Οἰδίου*:—used by Hom. only in nom. and acc. sing.; later, the defective cases were supplied, viz. *κάρης*, *κάρη*, *κάρη*. In Ep. we find lengthd. forms of gen. and dat. *κάρητος κάρητι*, *κάρητος κάρητι*.

κάρᾶβο-πρόσωπος, ον, (*κάρᾶβος*, *πρόσωπον*) with the face of a crab.

ΚΑΡΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of beetle, the stag-beetle, Lat. *scarabaeus*. II. a prickly kind of crab.

κάρᾶ-δοκέω, f. ἴσω, (*κára*, *δοκέω*) to watch with outstretched head, watch eagerly or expectantly.

κάρᾶνιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*κára*) touching the head, beheading.

κάρᾶνον, τό, Dor. and Att. for *κάρηνον*.

κάρᾶνος, ὁ, (*κára*) a head, chieftain, chief. Hence *κάρᾶνώδης*, f. ὤσω, like *κεφαλαῖώδης*, (*κάρᾶνον*) to accomplish, achieve, complete.

κάρᾶ-τομος, ον, (*κάρᾶ*, *τεμείν*) with the head cut off, beheaded. 2. cut from the head.

κάρβᾶνος, ον, = *βάρβαρος*, *outlandish*, *foreign*, *barbarous*. (Foreign word.)

ΚΑΡΒΑΤΙΝΑΙ or *καρπάτιναι*, αι, shoes of undressed leather, brogues, *moccasins*.

καρδαμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (*κάρδαμον*) to be like cress; metaph. to look sharp or pungent; *τί καρδαμίζεις*; why chatter so much about cress (i. e. about nothing)?

ΚΑΡΔΑΜΟΝ, τό, a kind of cress, Lat. *nastur-*

tium: also the seed, which was eaten by the Persians like mustard:—metaph. *κάρδαμον βλέπειν* to look cross, i. e. to look sharp and bitter.

ΚΑΡΔΙΑ, poet. *κράδια* Ion. *καρδίη*, *κράδιη*, *ή*, the heart, Lat. *cor*; ἀπό καρδίας λέγειν, like Lat. *ex animo*, to speak from the heart. II. the stomach.

καρδιακός, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρδία*) of the heart or stomach: hence. II. *dyspeptic*.

καρδιο-γνώστης, *ου*, *όν*, (*καρδία*, *γυγνώσκω*) knower of hearts.

καρδιο-δουλκτος, *ου*, (*καρδία*, *δάνω*) gnawing the heart.

καρδιο-σληκέω, (*καρδία*, *ἐλκω*) to draw the heart out of a victim at a sacrifice.

καρδοπειον, *τό*, the cover of a kneading-trough. II. a muzzle. From

ΚΑΡΔΟΠΟΣ, *ή*, a kneading-trough, any trough.

Κάρεσι, dat. pl. of *Κάρ*.

κάρη, Ion. and Ep. for *κάρα*, the head.

κάρηατος, *κάρηατι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρα*.

κάρηβάρεια Ion. *-τι*, *ή*, heaviness in the head: *τορ-βεινness*. From

κάρηβαρέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to be heavy in the head, *τορ-βειν*. From

κάρη-βαρής, *ές*, (*κάρη*, *βάρος*) heavy in the head.

κάρη-κομώντες, *όν*, or better *κάρη κομώντες*, *όν*, with hair on the head, long-haired, of the Achaians, opp. to the Abantes, who wore their hair only at the back of the head, and so were called *ἔπιθεν κομώντες*. *κομώντες* is Ep. part. pl. of *κομάω*; but there is no Verb *καρηκομάω*.

κάρηναί, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *κείρω*.

κάρηνον, *τό*, mostly in pl. *κάρηνα*, (*κάρη*) the head; *ἀνδρῶν κάρηνα*, = *ἄνδρες*; *βοῶν κάρηνα*—top many head of cattle. II. metaph. a mountain-top, peak, crest of a hill: also of a town, the citadel.

κάρητος, *κάρητι*, Ep. gen. and dat. of *κάρη*.

Καρικο-εργής, *ές*, (*Καρίκος*, *ἔργον*) of Carian work.

Καρίκός, *ή*, *όν*, (*Κάρ*) Carian: *Καρικὴ μούσα*, *ή*, a kind of funeral song, a wail or dirge.

ΚΑΡΙΨ, gen. *ἴδος* or *ἴδος*, *ή*, Dor. also *koups* or *karis*, a shrimp or prawn, Lat. *squilla*. [*α*]

καρκαίρω, to ring or quake, of the earth. (Formed from the sound.)

ΚΑΡΚΙΝΟΣ, *όν*, with heterog. pl. *καρκίνα*, *τά*, a crab, Lat. *cancer*: also *Cancer*, the Crab, as a sign in the zodiac. II. a pair of tongs. [*τ*]

καρκινώ-χειρες, *ων*, pl. Adj. (*καρκίνος*, *χείρ*) with crab's claws for hands.

ΚΑ'ΡΝΕΙΑ or *Κάρνεα*, *τά*, a festival held in honour of Apollo *Κάρνειος* by the Spartans, during nine days of the Attic month Metageitnion, hence called *Καρνεϊός μήν*.

καρός, Dor. for *καρός*.

Κάρπαθος, *ή*, an island between Crete and Rhodes, called in Homer *Κράπαθος*.

καρπαΐα, *ή*, a mimic dance of the Thessalians.

καρπαλίμος, *ον*, (*ἀρπάζω*, Lat. *carpo*) tearing, swift, rapid. Adv. *καρπαλίμως*, rapidly.

κάρπαθος, *ή*, with heterog. pl. *κάρπαθα*, *τά*, a fine flax grown in Spain, Lat. *carbasus*. (Eastern word.)

καρτίζω, *φ*, *ήσω* Att. *ῶ* (*καρπός*) to pluck or gather fruit:—Med. to enjoy the fruits of, reap the return.

II. to make fruitful, fertile.

κάρπιμος, *η*, *ον*, (*καρπός*) bearing fruit, fruitful.

καρπο-γένεθλος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *γενέθλη*) producing fruit.

καρπο-δεσμα, *ων*, *τά*, (*καρπός*, *δεσμός*) chains for the wrists or arms, armlets.

καρπο-ποιός, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *ποιέω*) producing fruit.

ΚΑΡΙΠΟΨ, *όν*, *ή*, *ήσω*; *καρπός* ἀρούρης, corn, but also of wine; *οἱ καρποί* the fruits of the earth, corn. II. metaph. the fruits, produce, returns, profit of a thing.

ΚΑΡΙΠΟΨ, *όν*, *ή*, the joint of the arm and hand, the wrist, Lat. *carpus*.

καρπο-τελής, *ές*, (*καρπός*, *τελέω*) bringing fruit to perfection: fruitful, prolific.

καρπο-τόκος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *τεκεῖν*) bearing fruit.

καρπο-φάγος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φάγειν*) eating fruit.

καρπο-φθόρος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φθειρω*) spoiling fruit.

καρποφορέω, *φ*, *ήσω*, to bear fruit. From

καρπο-φόρος, *ον*, (*καρπός*, *φέρω*) fruit-bearing.

καρπο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *όν*, (*καρπός*, *φύλαξ*) a watcher of fruit. [*ψ*]

καρπῶω, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*καρπός*) to bear fruit: later to offer fruit. II. Med. *καρπόμεαι* to gather fruit or reap crops from land:—to exhaust, plunder. 2. to enjoy the interest of money: to reap the fruits of, to enjoy a thing.

κάρπωμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*καρπῶω*) fruit: produce, profit. *κάρπωσις*, *εως*, *ή*, (*καρπόμεαι*) a reaping the fruit of: use, profit.

καρρέζουσα, Ep. for *καταρρέζουσα*.

κάρτα, Adv. (*κάρτος*) very, very much, Lat. *valde*; *καὶ τὸ κάρτα*, very much indeed, really and truly.

καρτερῶς, *φ*, *ήσω*, (*καρτερός*) to be steadfast or patient. 2. c. acc. to endure manfully. 3. with a Prep. to hold out or bear up against a thing. 4. with part. to persevere, persist in doing. Hence

καρτήρησις, *εως*, *ή*, a bearing patiently, patience, endurance.

καρτερία, *ή*, = *καρτήρησις*.

καρτερικός, *ή*, *όν*, (*καρτερός*) enduring, patient.

καρτερό-θῆμος, *ον*, (*καρτερός*, *θυμός*) stout-hearted.

καρτερός, *ά*, *όν*, (*κάρτος*) = *κρατερός*, strong, staunch, brave, mostly of persons, but also of things; *καρτερά* ἔργα valiant deeds; *καρτερος* ὕρκος a binding oath. 2. of places, strong, in a military sense. 3. master of a thing, lord of. 4. master of oneself; steadfast, patient, constant: also obstinate. II. Besides the regul. Comp. and Sup., the forms most in use are *κρείσων*, *κράτιστος*.

καρτερό-χείρ, *όν*, *ή*, (*καρτερός*, *χείρ*) strong of hand.

καρτερῶς, Adv. of *καρτερος*, strongly; *καρτερῶς* ἕπνοῦσθαι to sleep sound.

κάρτιστος, *η*, *ον*, Ep. for *κράτιστος*.

κάρτος, εος, τό, Ep. and Ion. for κράτος, *strength, vigour, courage*. Hence

καρτύνα, Ep. for κρατύνα, *to strengthen*; aor. I med., ἐκαρτύνατο φάλαγγας *they strengthened their ranks*; χεῖρας ἐκαρτύναντο *they strengthened or armed their hands*.

Καρυατίδες, ων, αἱ, (Καρναί) *the women of Caryae in Laconia*. II. in Architecture, *Caryatides are female figures used as bearing shafts*. [α̅]

κάρυκη, ἡ, a rich Lydian sauce made of blood and rich spice. [ῥ] Hence

κάρυκανος, η, ων, of the colour of καρύκη, *blood-red*. κάρυκο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (καρύκη, ποιέω) *to make a rich savoury sauce*.

κάρυξ, Dor. for κηρύξ.

ΚΑΡΥΤΟΝ, *the nut*; κ. Περσικόν *the walnut*; κ. Εὐβοϊκόν *the chestnut*; κ. Ποντικόν *the filberd*.

κάρυο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (κάρυον, ναύτης) *one who goes to sea in a nutshell*.

καρύσσω, Dor. for κηρύσσω.

καρφᾶλεος, α, ον, (κάρφω) *dry, parched*: of sound, *bellow*.

κάρφη, ἡ, (κάρφω) *a dry blade of grass*.

καρφηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (κάρφος) *of dry straw*.

καρφίτης, [τ], ον, ὁ, (κάρφος) *built of dry straw*.

κάρφος, εος, τό, (κάρφω) *any dry particle, a dry stalk or chip, Lat. palea*: *dry twigs, straws, bits of wool*, such as birds make their nests of: in pl. *bushes, chaff*, Lat. *quisquilliae*. 2. *the dry sticks of cinnamon* were also called κάρφη.

ΚΑΡΨΩ, f. κάρψω, *to make dry or withered*:—Pass. *to wither away*.

καρχαῖλεος, α, ον, (κάρχαρος) *rough in throat with thirst*, Virgil's *siti asper*.

καρχαρ-όδους or -ἔδων, ὄδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (κάρχαρος, ὀδός) *with sharp jagged teeth*.

κάρχαρος, ον, (χαρᾶσσω) *sharp-pointed or jagged*: generally, *sharp, biting*.

Καρχηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, Carthage: Καρχηδόνιος, α, ον, and Καρχηδονιακός, ἡ, ὄν, Carthaginian.

καρχήσιον, τό, *a drinking-cup or goblet narrower in the middle than at top and bottom*. II. *the masthead of a ship*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κάρψη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κάρφω.

καρῶ, Dor. for κηρῶ.

κάς, by crasis for καὶ εἰς or καὶ ἐς.

κάσπαλβάξω, f. σω, *to abuse in barlot's language*. From

κάσπαλβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a barlot, strumpet*.

κάσας, κασᾶς or κασῆς, ον, ὁ, *a horse's caparison or housings, a carpet or skin to sit upon*. (Akin to κάσ, κῶας.)

ΚΑΨΙΑ Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *cassia*, an Arabian spice, an inferior kind of cinnamon.

κάσι-γνήτη, ἡ, *a sister*: fem. of κασίγνητος.

κάσι-γνητος, ὁ, (κάσις, γεννάω) *a brother*:—then *any blood-relation, a nephew or niece*. II. as Adj.

κασίγνητος, η, ον, *brotherly, sisterly*.

ΚΑΣΙΣ, ιος, ὁ or ἡ: vocat. κάσι: *a brother or sister*. [α̅]

Κασσιτερίδες, ων, αἱ, *the Cassiterides or tin-islands*.

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΕΡΟΣ Att. καττίτερος, ὁ, *tin*, Lat. *stannum*; χεῖμα κασσιτέροιο *a plating of tin*.

κάσσιμα Att. κάττ-, ατος, τό, *anything stitched or sewed, the sole of a shoe or sandal*: generally, *a leather sole or shoe*. From

ΚΑΣΣΙΤΩ Att. καττώ, *to stitch, sew together*. II.

metaph. *to stitch up*, i. e. *to concoct, a plot*. [ῥ]

κάστών, by crasis for καὶ ἐστών.

Καστόρειος, ον, (Κάστωρ) *of or for Castor*; Καστόρειος νόμος, *a warlike air for the flute, mostly used in Sparta*.

καστορίδες, αἱ, (Κάστωρ) *a famous Laconian breed of hounds, said to be first reared by Castor*: also *καστορία κύνας*.

καστορνύσα, Ep. for καταστορνύσα, pres. part. fem. of καταστορνύμι.

Κάστωρ, οπος, ὁ, *Castor, son of Zeus (or Tyndarus) and Leda, brother of Pollux*.

ΚΑΣΤΩΡ, οπος, ὁ, *the beaver*.

κατέσθε, Ep. for κατέσχεθε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of κατέχω.

κάσφιον, τό, *a brothel*.

κάσφωρις, ἴδος, ἡ, = κασάβη, *a barlot*.

ΚΑΤΑ', Prep. with gen. and acc.: A. GENIT.:

I. *denoting motion from above, down from*. II. *down towards, down upon*; κατὰ χθονὸς ὄμματα πῆξαι *to fix the eyes down upon the ground*; of a dart, κατὰ γαίης ὄχετο *it went down to the ground*:—so, τοξεύειν κατὰ τινοσ *to shoot at one*

(because the arrow falls down upon its mark); παῖεν κατὰ τινοσ *to strike at one*; ὀμοσαι κατὰ τινοσ *to swear upon a thing*. III. *against, in opposition to*; λόγος κατὰ τινοσ, Lat. *oratio in aliquem, a speech against one accused*; but, πρὸς τινα, Lat. *adversus aliquem, a speech in answer to an opponent*.

B. Accus.: I. of motion *downwards, κατὰ ῥέον down the stream*. 2. of motion or extension, *over, throughout, among, at, about, over*, as κατὰ γαίαν, πόντον: *throughout, all along*: also of Place, *upon, βάλλειν κατ' ἀσπίδα*. 3. generally, of Place, as, κατὰ γῆν καὶ κατὰ θάλατταν *by land and sea*.

II. *distributively*, of a whole divided into parts; κατὰ φύλα, κατὰ φρήτρασ *by tribes and clans*; κατὰ σφέασ *by themselves*; so, of time, κατ' ἐνιαυτόν *year by year*; and of numbers, κατ' ὀλίγουσ *few at a time*.

III. of object or purpose, πλεῖν κατὰ πρῆξιν *to sail on a business*; πλάξσθαι κατὰ ληῖδα *to rove in search of booty*.

IV. of fitness, *according to, answering to*; κατὰ θυμόν *according to one's mind*; so, καθ' ἡμέτερον νόον *after our liking*; κατ' ἀνθρώπων *according to the capacity of a man*; κατὰ φύσιν *naturally*; κατὰ δύναμιν *to the best of one's power*; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα *according to the terms agreed upon*. 2. *in relation to, concerning*; τὰ κατὰ πόλεμον *all that belongs to war*; τὸ καθ' ἡμᾶσ

as far as concerns you; *κατά τοῦτο* in this way; *κατά ταυτά* in the same way.

V. of numbers, *nearly, about*; *κατά ἐξηκόσια ἔτα* about 600 years.

VI. of Time, *troughout, during*, in the course of; *κατά τὸν πόλεμον* in the course of the war; *κατά Ἀμασιν* about the time of Amasis; *οἱ κατ' ἡμᾶς* those that live about our time, our contemporaries.

VII. the Comp. is followed by ἢ *κατά...*, when the *qualities* of things are compared; *μεῖζον ἢ κατ' ἄνθρωπον* greater than is suited to man, too great for man; *μεῖζον ἢ κατά δάκρυα* greater than to call for tears, too great to weep for.

POSITION: when *κατά* follows its case, it is written *κάτα*.

As Adv., like *κάτω*, downwards, from above, down.

IN COMPOS.: I. downwards, down, as in *καταβαῖνω*. II. over against, in answer to, as in *κατάφω*, Lat. *occino*.

III. against, in hostile sense, as in *κατ-ηγόρευ*. IV. often only to strengthen the simple word, as in *κατα-κόπτω*, *κατα-φραγεῖν*.

Κατά as a Prep. was shortened by Poets into *κάγ* before *γ*, *κάκ* before *κ*, *κάμ* before *μ*, *κάν* before *ν*, *κάπ* before *π* or *φ*, *κάρ* before *ρ*, *κάτ* before *τ* or *θ*. In compd. Verbs, *κατά* sometimes changes into *καβ*, *καλ*, *καρ*, *κατ*, as *κάββαλε*, *κάλλιπε*, *καρρέουσα*, *κάτθανε*.

κατά, Ion. for *καθ'* ἄ.

κᾶτα, crasis for *καὶ εἶτα*, and then.

κατάβα, for *κατάβηθι*, aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαῖνω*. *καταβάδην*, Adv. (*καταβαίνω*) going down: below, down-stairs, opp. to *ἀναβάδην*. [*βᾶ*]

καταβαθμός, ὄ, (*καταβαίνω*) a descent: the name of the steep slope which separates Egypt and Libya.

καταβαίνη, aor. 2 opt. of

καταβαῖνω, f. -*βήσομαι*: pf. -*βέβηκα*; aor. 2 *κατέβην*, Ep. I pl. subj. *καταβέιομεν*, for *καταβῶμεν*; *κατάβᾶ* imperat. (for *κατάβηθι*): aor. I med. *κατεβηγάμην*, Ep. 3 sing. *κατεβήσεται*, Ep. imperat. *καταβήστω*:—to go or come down, Lat. *descendere*: c. gen. to go down from; *καταβαίνειν δίπρου* to come down from a chariot: c. acc. to go down to; *θάλαμον κατεβήσαστο* she came down to her chamber; but also, *κλίμακα καταβαίνειν* to come down the ladder; and absol. to come down stairs.

2. to go down to the sea. 3. to go down into the arena, to fight, contend.

4. metaph. to come to a thing, arrive at, e. g. in speaking. II. rarely in Pass., *ἵππος καταβαίνεται* the horse is dismounted from.

καταβακχιόμαι, Pass. (*κατά*, *Βακχίω*) to be full of Bacchic frenzy.

καταβάλλω, fut. -*βᾶλω*: aor. 2 *κατέβαλον*, Ep. 3 sing. *καββαλε*: pf. -*βέβληκα*, pass. -*βέβλημαι*:—to throw down, cast down, overthrow, lay low; *καταβάλλειν εἰς ἄστυ* to throw on the knee, of wrestling: to let fall, drop down: also to lay or put down.

2. to strike down, and so to slay. 3. to bring or carry down, esp. to the sea. 4. to put down, pay down: hence to pay off, discharge.

5. to put down into

a place and leave there:—Med. to lay as a foundation, ground, found.

καταβάπτω, f. *ψω*, (*κατά*, *βάπτω*) to dip down or into.

καταβάρω, f. ἦσω, (*κατά*, *βάρω*) to weigh down, overload.

καταβάς, aor. 2 part. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβάσις, εως, ἡ, (*καταβαίνω*) a going down, descending. 2. a way down, a descent: the entrance to a cave.

καταβασμός, Att. for *καταβαθμός*.

καταβάτω [*ᾶ*], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

κατάβαΐξω, f. *ξω*, to bark or bay at, *τινός*.

καταβεβαίδομαι, Dep. to affirm positively.

καταβεβλήμενος, pf. pass. part. of *καταβάλλω*.

καταβέιομεν, Ep. for *καταβῶμεν*, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβαῖνω*.

καταβήμεναι, Ep. for *καταβῆναι*, aor. 2 inf. of *καταβαῖνω*.

καταβήσεται, Ep. for *κατάβησται*, 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβήσομαι, fut. of *καταβαίνω*.

καταβιβάζω, f. -*βιβάσω* Att. -*βιβῶ*, Causal of *καταβαῖνω*, to make to go down, bring down.

καταβιβρώσκω, fut. -*βρώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέβρωκα*:—Pass., aor. I *κατεβρώθην*: pf. -*βέβρωμαι*:—to eat up, devour.

καταβίω, f. -*ώσομαι*: aor. 2 *κατεβίωκα*:—to bring life to an end, pass life.

καταβλάσκω, f. *σκω*, to treat carelessly, mismanage.

καταβλάπτω, f. *βλάψω*, to damage.

καταβλητικός, ὄ, ἄν, (*καταβάλλω*) likely to throw off.

καταβληχάομαι, f. ἡσομαι, Dep. to bleat aloud.

καταβλώσκω, f. -*μολοῦμαι*: aor. 2 *κατέμολον*:—to go down or through, pass through.

καταβοόω, fut. -*βοήσομαι* Ion. -*βώσομαι*:—to cry down, cry out against, exclaim against, c. gen. II.

c. acc. to outcry, silence. Hence

καταβοή, ἡς, ἡ, a cry or outcry against one: and *καταβοήσις*, εως, ἡ, a crying out against.

καταβολή, ἡ, (*καταβάλλω*) a laying down: a foundation, beginning. 2. a paying down. 2. a periodical attack of illness, a fit.

καταβόσκω, f. -*βοσκήσω*, (*κατά*, *βόσκω*) to feed flocks upon a place:—Med. to feed upon.

καταβόστριχος, ον, with long flowing locks.

καταβράβεύω, f. *σω*, to decide against one, deprive one of one's right:—Pass. to be unfairly cast in a suit.

καταβρέχω, f. -*βρέξω*: Pass., aor. I *κατεβρέχθην*:—to wet through, drench.

καταβρίθω [*ῖ*], f. -*βρίσω*:—to weigh or press down: metaph. to outweigh. II. intr. to be heavily laden, weighed down by a thing. [*ῖ*]

**καταβρόχω*, aor. I *κατέβροξα*, opt. *καταβρόξαι*, to gulp or swallow down: cf. *ἀναβρόχω*.

καταβροχέω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*, (*κατά*, *βρόχος*) to gulp down.

καταβρύκω [*ῶ*], f. *ξω*, to bite in pieces, eat up.

καταβρῶσομαι, fut. of καταβιβρῶσκα.
κατα-βρῶσω, (κατά, βύρσα) to cover over with hides.
καταβρῶσομαι, Ion. fut. of καταβρῶσω.
κατά-γαιος Att. -γαιος, ον, (κατά, γαίος) underground, subterraneous. II. on the ground;
κατάγαιος στρουθοί birds that run instead of flying, ostriches.

καταγγελεύς, εως, ὄ, (καταγγέλω) a proclaimer.
κατ-αγγέλλω, f. -ελάω, to announce, proclaim, declare; καταγγέλλειν πόλεμον to declare war. 2. to denounce, disclose, betray. Hence

κατ-άγγελτος, ον, denounced, betrayed.

κατά-γεις, Att. for κατάγαιος.

Κατα-γέλα, ἦ, (κατά, γελῶ) Comic name of a supposed town, Γέλα καὶ Κιταγέλα.

κατα-γέλαστος, ον, ridiculous. From
κατα-γελῶ, f. ἄσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. I κατεγέλασα:—Pass., aor. I κατεγέλασθην: pf. -γεγέλασμαι:—to laugh at: absol. to laugh scornfully, mock.

κατά-γελως, ωτος, ὄ, (κατά, γέλω) ridicule, mockery: also absurdity.

κατάγγιναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατάγγνυμι.

κατα-γηράσκω, f. -γηράσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I κατεγήρασα or -εγήρανα: pf. -γεγήρακα:—to grow old, pass one's old age, Lat. senesco; 3. sing. impf. κατεγήρα (from καταγηράω), or aor. 2 (as if from a Verb in μι, cf. γηράσκω):—to grow old, Lat. senesco.

κατα-γίγαρτιζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, γίγαρτον) to take out the kernel: metaph. for stuprare.

κατα-γίγνομαι, f. -γενήσομαι:—to stay or reside at: also to busy oneself about a thing.

κατα-γινώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 κατέγνων:—to remark, observe, discover, esp. with a view to finding fault. 2. to lay something to one's charge, c. gen. pers. et acc. rei, as, καταγινώσκειν τινὸς ἀνανδρίην to lay a charge of cowardice against him:—

Pass., καταγινώσθεις πρήσσειν being thought or suspected to be doing. 3. to give judgment or sentence against a person; καταγινώσκειν τινὸς θάνατον to pass sentence of death on one, Lat. damnare aliquem mortis; καταγινώσκειν δίκην to adjudge or decide a suit.

κατ-ἀγίζω, Ion. for καθαγίζω.

κατ-ἀγίνεω, Ion. for κατάγω, to lead or carry down. II. to bring back.

κατα-γίνομαι, -γινώσκω, later forms for καταγιγ-
κατ-αγλαίζω, f. ἴσω, strengthd. for ἀγλαίζω.

κατα-γλωττίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κατεγλωττισμαί: (κστά, γλωττα):—to kiss by joining tongues: μέλος κατεγλωττισμένον a wanton, licentious song. II. to use the tongue or speak against one.

III. to talk one down, silence him. Hence
καταγλώττισμα, τό, a wanton kiss.

κάτ-αγμα, ατος, τό, (κατάγω) wool spun out: a piece or flock of wool.

κατα-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend down.

καταγνοίην, aor. 2 opt. of καταγινώσκα.
καταγνοῦς, aor. 2 part. of καταγινώσκα.

κατ-ἀνγνύμι; fut. κατέξω: aor. I κατέαφα, part. κατέαφας: pf. (in pass. sense) κατέαγα Ion. κατέγηγα: aor. 2 pass. κατέαγγη [ᾶ], inf. καταγήναι:—to break in pieces, shatter, shiver: to break, weaken. II. in Pass., and in pf. act. κατέαγα, to be broken; κατεᾶγναι or κατέαγγναι τὴν κεφαλὴν to have the head broken.

κατάγνωσις, εως, ἦ, (καταγιγνώσκω) an unfavourable opinion. II. condemnation.

κατα-γοητεύω, f. σω, to enchant, bewitch: to cheat, impose upon.

κατ-ἀγορεύω, f. σω, to denounce.

κατά-γράφω, ον, engraved, embrodered. From
κατα-γράφω, f. ψω, to mark or scratch deeply: to engrave: to paint over, fill with letters. II. to write down: to register, enroll.

κατα-αγρέω, f. ἦσω, to catch, overtake.

κατα-γυμνάζω, fut. ἄσω, to exercise constantly.

κατ-έγω, f. -ἄζω: aor. 2 κατήγαγον:—to lead or carry down, Lat. deducere: to lead or carry to a place, esp. to the sea-coast. 2. to bring down from the high sea to land:—Pass. to come to land, opp. to ἀνάγεσθαι (to put out to sea). 3. to draw out, spin. 4. to bring down, lower. II. to bring back, esp. from banishment, to recall, restore. Hence

κατὰ-γωγή, ἦ, a bringing down. II. a putting a ship into harbour, landing. 2. a landing-place: hence 3. a resting-place, lodging-place.

κατὰ-γώνιον, τό, (κατάγω) a place to lodge in, resting-place, inn.

κατ-ἀγωνίζομαι, fut. -ἴσομαι Att. -ιούμαι, Dep. to struggle against, prevail against.

κατα-δαινύμαι, f. -δαίσομαι, Pass. to devour.

κατα-δάκνω, fut. -δήσομαι, to bite in pieces.

κατα-δακρυχέω, οσα, better divisim, κατὰ δάκρυ χέω, shedding tears.

κατα-δακρύω, f. σω, to bewail or lament bitterly: absol. to weep bitterly.

κατα-δάμῃζω, f. ἄσω: aor. I inf. med. καταδαμάσασθαι:—to subdue utterly.

καταδάμναμαι, = καταδαμάζω.

κατα-δᾶπάνω, f. ἦσω, to squander, waste utterly.

κατα-δάπτω, f. -δάψω, to rend in pieces, devour.

κατα-δαρθάνω: aor. 2 κατέδαρθον, by poet. metath. κατέδραθον; also, in same sense, aor. 2 pass. κατέδάρθην, poet. subj. καταδραθῶ, part. καταδαρθείς:—to sleep soundly, fall asleep.

κατα-δατέομαι, f. -δάσομαι, Med. to divide among themselves.

καταδεής, ἐς, (καταδέω) wanting or failing in something, lacking of: hence poor, needy; Comp. καταδέεστέρος, weaker, inferior, see καταδέω.

κατα-δέι, impers. there is wanting: see καταδέω.

κατα-δείδω, f. -δείσω: aor. I κατέδεισα:—to fear very much, be in great terror of.

κατα-δείκνυμι and -ύω, f. -δείξω: aor. I κατέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew clearly, point out, make known: c. inf. to shew how to do: to establish, prove.

κατα-δειλιάω, f. άσω [ά] :—to shew signs of fear or cowardice.

καταδέξαι, Ion. aor. I inf. of καταδεικνυμι.

καταδέομαι, f. -δέησομαι, Dep. to want or need very much : to intreat earnestly, Lat. deprecari.

καταδέρκομαι, aor. 2 act. κατέδρακον, and in same sense pass. κατέδραχθην : Dep. :—to look down, to look down upon.

κατά-δεσμος, δ, a tie or band : a magic knot, love-knot.

καταδέω, f. σω, aor. I κατέδευσα, to wet through : to wet.

καταδέχομαι, f. -δέχομαι : Dep. :—to receive, admit. 2. to receive back, take home again.

καταδέω (A), f. -δήσω, to bind on or to, bind fast : Med. to bind to or for oneself. 2. to put in bonds, imprison.

καταδέω (B), f. -δεήσω, to want, lack, need, be lacking in a thing, esp. of numbers : καταδεί, impers. there is need.

καταδεῶς, Adv. of καταδείης, in defect : Comp. καταδεστέρας ἔχειν to be very ill off.

κατά-δηλος, ov, very plain or manifest.

κατα-δημοβορέω, f. ήσω, (κατά, δημοβόρος) to consume publicly.

κατα-δαιτιάω, f. ήσω, to decide as arbitrator against, to give arbitration against, τινός.

κατα-διαλλάσσω Att. -πτω, fut. -άξω, to reconcile again.

κατα-διδύμι, f. -δώσω, of rivers, intr., to flow or empty themselves into.

κατα-δικάζω, f. άσω : Pass., aor. κατεδικάσθην : pf. καταδικασμαι :—to give judgment against, pass sentence upon, τινός : absol. to condemn :—Med. to get sentence given against another, procure his condemnation :—Pass., καταδικασμένος one who has judgment given against him.

κατα-δίκη, ή, (κατά, δικη) judgment given against one, condemnation, sentence : a fine. [r]

κατά-δικος, ov, (κατά, δικη) condemned.

κατα-διώκω, f. ζω or φομαι, to pursue closely.

κατα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω, to suppose a thing against or to the prejudice of another, to suspect : to think, suppose : also in aor. I part. pass. καταδοχθείς being suspected.

καταδοξάζω, fut. άσω, = καταδοκέω.

κατα-δουλόω, f. ώσω, to reduce to slavery, enslave : also as Dep., with fut. and aor. I med. -δουλώσομαι, -εδουλώσασμαι, pf. pass. -δεδούλωμαι. Hence

καταδούλωσις, εως, ή, a reducing to slavery, enslaving.

κατα-δουπέω, f. ήσω, to fall with a heavy sound.

Κατά-δουποι, ov, οι, (κατά, δούπος) the Cataracts of the Nile : also the parts of Ethiopia in which they are called by Cicero *Catadupa* as neut. pl.

καταδοχή, ή, (καταδέχομαι) a receiving, admitting.

καταδραῖω, aor. 2 subj. pass. of καταδραῖω.

καταδραῖεω, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρέχω.

καταδρέπω, f. -δρέψω, to strip off.

καταδρομή, ή, (καταδραμείν) an overrunning, inroad, raid. Hence

κατάδρομος, ov, overrun, wasted by a raid.

κατά-δρυμμα, atos, τό, a tearing or rending. From

καταδρύνω, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

καταδρύπτω, f. -δρύψω, to tear in pieces, rend.

καταδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of καταδύω.

κατα-δύναστέω, f. σω, to exercise lordship or sovereignty over, overpower, oppress.

κατα-δύνω, = καταδύνω in intrans. sense.

καταδύς, aor. 2 part. of καταδύω.

κατάδυσσις, εως, ή, (καταδύω) a going down under water : of the stars, a setting : generally, a descent.

κατα-δυσωπέω, to put quite to the blush, esp. by earnest intreaty.

κατα-δύω and κατα-δύνω : fut. -δύσω : aor. I κατέδυσσα : aor. 2 κατέδυν :

I. Causal, in pres. καταδύω, fut. -δύσω, aor. I -έδυσσα :—to make to sink, Lat. mergere ; καταδύσαι ναύν to sink or disable a ship.

II. intrans. in pres. act. καταδύνω and in med. καταδύομαι, with aor. 2, pf., plpf. act., κατέδυν, -δέδυνκα, -δεδύνειν :—to go under water, sink, set, of the sun ; ἄμ' ἡελίω καταδύντι with sunset.

2. to go down into, to steal or creep into : to get into the midst of ; τεύχεα καταδύναι to get under, i. e. put on arms.

3. to keep hidden, lie hid.

κατ-ῤῥω Ion. -αείδω : f. -ῤῥομαι : rarely -ῤῥω :—to sing to, to charm by singing, Lat. occinere : absol. to sing a spell, charm.

II. to deafen by singing.

κατα-δωροδοκέω, f. ήσω, to accept presents or bribes.

κατ-αείδω, Ion. for κατῤῥω.

κατα-εμένος, pf. part. pass. of καθέννυμι, clothed, clad, covered.

II. pf. part. pass. of καθίημι, let down, hanging down.

καταείνυσαν, 3 pl. impf. of καθέννυμι.

καταείσατο, Ep. for καθείσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καθέζω.

κατα-έννυμι, poët. for καθέννυμι : impf. καταείνοντο : to clothe, cover, overspread.

κατα-εζάινω, Ion. aor. I καταζήνασκον : (κατά, ἄζαίνω, ἄζω) :—to make quite dry, parch up.

κατα-εζώ, inf. καταζήν, to live one's life out.

κατα-εζύννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζεύω :—to tie or yoke together, yoke :—Pass. to be bound fast, straitened : to be imprisoned.

κατα-ζήνασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of καταζαίνω.

κατα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, f. -ζώσω, to gird fast : Med. to gird oneself.

καταθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταθνήσκω.

κατα-θάπτω, f. ψω, to bury, inter.

κατα-θαρσίνω, to embolden or encourage against :—Pass. to take courage, behave boldly. [v]

κατα-θεάομαι, f. άσομαι [ά], Dep. to look down upon, watch from above, observe.

καθαίναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατίθημι.

καθαίθεω, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. med. of κατατίθημι.

καθαίθωμαι, Ep. for -θέωμαι, aor. 2 subj. med. of κατατίθημι.

καταβείομεν, Ep. for -θέωμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of *καταβίθμι*.

κατα-θέλω, f. ξω, to subdue by charms. Hence *κατάθελις*, εως, ή, *enchantment*.

κατάθεμα, ατος, τό, (*κατατίθημι*) an accursed thing.

κατα-θεματίζω, f. σω, (*κατάθεμα*) to curse.

καταθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατάθεσις, εως, ή, (*κατατίθημι*) a putting down: a *putting down*, *discharging*.

κατα-θέω, f. -θέωσομαι:—to run down: of ships, to run into harbour. II. to make inroads or incursions: c. acc., *καταθεῖν χώραν* to overrun a country.

κατα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to contemplate from above.

κατα-θήγω, f. ξω, to sharpen, whet.

κατα-θήλυνα, (*κατά, θήλυς*) to make womanish.

καταθησῶ, Dor. for *καταθήσω*, fut. of *κατατίθημι*.

κατα-θήσσω, fut. -θάνουμαι: aor. 2 *κατέθανον* Ep.

κάπθάνον: pf. -τέθηκα, part. -τεθνηκώς Ep. -τεθνήκως, ὄτος, inf. -τεθνάμι Ep. -τεθνάμεν [ᾱ]:—to die away, be dying: in aor. 2 and pf. to be dead, deceased.

Hence

καταθνητός, ή, ὄν, mortal.

καταθορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *καταθρόσσω*.

κατα-θορυβέω, f. ήσω, to cry down.

κατα-θρηνέω, f. ήσω, to bewail, lament.

κατα-θρόσσω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 *κατέθορον*, inf. -θορεῖν:—to leap or jump down: c. acc., *καταθρόσκειν τήν αἰμασίην* to leap down from the wall.

κατα-θυμέω, f. ήσω, (*κατά, ἀθυμέω*) to lose all heart, to be very much dejected.

κατα-θύμιος, ov, also η, ov, in or upon the mind, at heart; *μηδέ τί τοι θάνατος καταθύμιος ἔστω* let not death sit heavy at thy heart. II. according to one's mind, welcome, well-pleasing.

κατα-θύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to sacrifice: to offer, dedicate. II. Med., *καταθύεσθαι τινα* to compel one's love by magic sacrifices.

κατα-θωρακίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to cover with a coat of mail, arm at all points.

καταί-βασις, εως, ή, ποῖτ. for *κατάβασις*.

καταί-βάτης, ov, ὄ, ποῖτ. for *καταβάτης*, (*καταβαίνω*) one who comes down or descends, of Zeus descending in thunder and lightning: also of the thunder-bolt, hurled down, descending. 2. epith. of Ἀχέρων, to which one descends, downward, infernal.

καταί-βᾶτός, ή, ὄν, ποῖτ. for *καταβατός*, giving a passage downwards; θύραι *καταίβαται* ἀνθρώποισι gates by which men descend.

κατα-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αἰδέσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἤδέσθην:—to feel shame or reverence before another, to reverence, respect: c. inf. to be ashamed to do a thing.

κατα-αἰθαλόω, f. ύσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-αἰθύσσω, f. ξω, of motion, to float or hover over; *πλόκαμοι νῶτων καταίθυσσον* his locks floated down his back.

κατα-αἶθω, to burn down, burn to ashes. 2. to light up, ignite, illumine.

κατα-αἰκίζω, f. ίσω Att. ἰῶ, to wound severely: to ill-treat, disfigure.

κατα-αινέω, f. έσω ποῖτ. ήσω:—to agree to, assent to, approve of; *κατααινέειν επί τινι* to agree to a thing on certain conditions.

II. to grant, promise: to promise in marriage, betroth.

κατα-αἰρέω, Ion. for *καθαίρέω*.

κατα-αἶρω, fut. -ἄρῶ, (*κατά, αἶρω*):—to take or put down.

2. intr. to put into port: of birds, to go down to a place, light upon it.

κατα-αἰσθάνομαι, f. -αἰσθήσομαι, Dep. to comprehend fully.

κατα-αἰσιος, ov, (*κατά, αἰσιος*) righteous.

κατα-αἰσχυνήρ, ήρος, a disgracer. From

κατα-αἰσχύνω, f. ύνῶ, to shame, disgrace, dishonour. III. Med. to feel shame before another, to reverence.

κατα-ἰσχω, ποῖτ. for *κατίσχω*.

κατα-αἰτιάομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ᾱ], Dep. to accuse, arraign, blame, find fault with: c. acc., to lay to one's charge, object to one: impure. II. the aor. I part. *κατααἰτιαθεῖς* occurs in pass. sense, accused, put on one's defence.

καταἰτυς, ύγος, ή, a low helmet or skull-cap without a crest. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατα-αἰωρέομαι, Pass. (*κατά, αἰωρέω*) to hang down.

κατα-καγχάζω, f. ἄσω, to laugh loudly at.

κατακαήμεν, Dor. and Lacon. for *κατακαήναι*, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακαίμεν, Ep. for *κατακαίειν*.

κατα-καίνω, fut. -κάνῶ: aor. 2 *κατέκᾶνον*:—like *κατακτείνω*, to slay.

κατα-καίω Att. -κάω [ᾱ]: fut. -καύσω: aor. I *κατέκαυσα* Ep. *κατέκηρα*: aor. I pass. *κατεκαύθην*, aor. 2 *κατεκάρην*:—to burn, burn down, consume by burning:—Pass., *κατά πυρ ἐκήη* the fire had burned down or out.

κατα-κᾶλέω, f. έσω, to call down, summon, invite.

II. to call upon, invoke.

κατα-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to cover up, envelope:—Med. to veil oneself.

κατα-κάμπτω, f. -κάμψω, to bend down: to bend or turn by entreaty; *κατακάμπτεν ἐλπίδας* to bend down, break down hopes.

κατα-κάρφω, to dry up, parch:—Pass. to wither, fall into the sere.

κατακαύσας, aor. I part. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-καυχάομαι, f. ήσομαι, Dep. to boast against, exult over, vaunt at.

κατακείαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακείμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of *κατακαίω*.

κατακείετε, 2 pl. of *κατακαίω*.

κατά-κειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Dep. to lie down: to lie bid: to lie stored up, to be laid by. 2. to lie sick. 3. to recline at meals.

κατακείομεν, another form of *κατακείομεν*, q. v.:—but also Ep. for *κατακείωμεν*, pres. subj. of *κατακαίω*.

κατα-κείρω, f. -κείρω, to cut down, waste, consume.

κατα-κέω, Desiderat. of *κατάκειμαι*, to wish to lie down: *κακείοντες*, Er. part. for *κατακείοντες*.
 κατακέκλιτο, 2 sing. plrpf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.
 κατακεράκτης, ου, ὄ, (*κατακράζω*) a brawler.
 κατα-κελεύω, f. σω, to give the word of command: of the *κελευστής*, to give the time in rowing.
 κατα-κεντέω, f. ἦσω, to pierce through, sting severely.
 κατα-κεραυνώω, f. ὄσω, to strike down by thunder.
 κατα-κερδαίνω, f. ἀνώ or ἦσω, to make a gain of a thing wrongly or meanly.
 κατα-κερτρομέω, f. ἦσω, to rail violently: to mock at.
 κατακημέν, Er. pres. inf. of *κατακίω*.
 κατα-κηλέω, f. ἦσω, to soothe by charms: to enchant.
 κατακήμεν, Er. for *κατακήμεν*, I pl. aor. I subj. of *κατακίω*.
 κατα-κηρύω, f. ὄσω, (*κατά, κηρός*) to cover with wax.
 κατα-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ἔζω, to proclaim or command by herald.
 κατα-κίρνημι, ποῖτ. for *κατακεράννυμι*, to mix well:—Pass. to be well mixed.
 κατά-κισσος, ου, (*κατά, κισσός*) ivy-wreathed.
 κατά-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: fut. -κλαύσομαι:—to bewail or lament loudly: absol. to wail aloud.
 κατακλάσσαι, Dor. aor. I inf. med. of *κατακλείω*.
 κατα-κλάω, f. ὄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I *κατέκλασα*:—Pass., aor. I *κατεκλάσθην*:—to break down, break short off, snap.
 II. metaph. to break down, overcome, enfeeble, of sorrow, fear, or illness.
 κατακλασθῆναι, Dor. aor. I pass. inf. of *κατακλείω*.
 κατα-κλάω, Att. for *κατακλαίω*. [ᾶ]
 κατακλείς, εἶδος, Ion. and Er. *κατακλήϊς*, ἡδῖος, ἡ, (*κατακλείω*) a fastening for doors.
 κατα-κλείω Ion. -κλήω old Att. -κλήω: f. -κλείω Dor. -κλήω:—Med., aor. I *κατεκλείσαμην* Dor. *κατεκλήσθην*:—Pass., aor. *κατεκλήσθην* Ion. -εκληίσθην Dor. -εκλάσθην (not -εκλάσθην):—to sbut up, sbut fast. 2. to sbut up in a fortress, to blockade.
 κατα-κληροδοτέω, f. ἦσω, (*κλήρος, δίδωμι*) to distribute by lot.
 κατα-κληρονομέω, f. ἦσω, to inherit, obtain by inheritance.
 κατα-κληρουχέω, f. ἦσω, to receive as one's allotment.
 II. to assign to another as his lot, give to inherit.
 κατακλινῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of *κατακλίνω*.
 κατακλινής, ἐς, (*κατακλινῆναι*) lying down, stretched at length.
 II. sloping, steep.
 κατα-κλινό-βαπτής, ἐς, (*κατά, κλίνη, βαίνω*) making one lie abed.
 κατα-κλίνω [ῆ], f. -κλινῶ: aor. I *κατέκλινα*:—to lay down, to make to lie down or sit at table: also to lay upon a couch, to lay the sick on couches in the temple of Aesculapius:—Pass. to lie down, esp. at table.
 II. to lay low, overthrow. Hence
 κατάκλις, εως, ἡ, a making to lie down or sit at table; ἡ *κατάκλις τοῦ γάμου* the celebration of a marriage.
 κατα-κλύζω, f. ὄσω [ῆ]: aor. I *κατέκλυσα*:—to wash

over, deluge, inundate: to fill full of water. II. to wash down or away: also to wash out, efface. Hence
 κατακλυσμός, ὄ, a deluge, flood.
 Κατα-κλώθες, αἱ, (*κατακλώθω*) the weird women who spin thread, a name of the goddesses of Fate, Μοῖραι, Lat. *Parcae*.
 κατα-κλώθω, f. -κλώσω, to spin out, of the Fates.
 κατα-κνώω, f. -κνήσω: aor. I *κατέκνησα*:—to scrape or grate down: to cut piecemeal.
 κατα-κνήθω, = *κατακινῶ*.
 κατα-κνίω, f. ἴω: aor. I *κατέκνισα*:—to pull to pieces, Lat. *vellico*:—Pass. to itch.
 κατα-κοιμάω, f. ἦσω, like *κατακοιμίζω*, to put to sleep, lull to sleep: aor. I inf. pass. *κατακοιμηθῆναι*, to go to sleep, fall asleep, sleep. II. to sleep through, sleep out; *κατακοιμήσαι τὴν φυλακὴν* to sleep out the watch.
 κατα-κοιμίζω, f. ἴω, = *κατακοιμάω*, to lull to sleep.
 κατα-κοινωνέω, f. ἦσω, to make one a sharer, give one a share.
 κατ-ἀκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow closely.
 κατα-κολπίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (*κατά, κόλπος*) to run into a bay or gulf.
 κατα-κομιδή, ἡ, a bringing down to the sea-shore, exportation. From
 κατα-κομιζέω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ:—to bring down, esp. to the sea. 2. to bring to land or into harbour: to bring into a place of refuge.
 κατά-κομος, ου, (*κατά, κόμη*) with falling hair.
 κατ-ἀκονά, ἡ, (*κατά, ἀκονή*) destruction.
 κατα-κονδύλλίζω, f. ἴω, to buffet severely.
 κατ-ἀκοντίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (*κατά, ἀκοντίζω*) to strike down with darts.
 κατα-κόπτω, f. ψω: aor. I *κατέκοψα*:—Pass., p. post f. *κατακεκόψομαι*: aor. 2 *κατέκοπην*:—to cut in pieces, cut up: to kill, slay. II. to stamp with a die, coin into money.
 κατα-κοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to arrange, set in order: ἐπὶ *νευρῆ κατακοσμεῖν* to fit the arrow on the string: generally, to furnish, adorn.
 κατ-ἀκούω, f. -ακουόμαι, to bear and obey, be subject to. II. to hearken to, give ear to, bear plainly.
 κατα-κράζω, fut. -κεκράξομαι, to cry down, outdo in crying.
 κατα-κρᾶτέω, f. ἦσω, to prevail over, subdue:—absol. to prevail, become master: to become current.
 κατα-κρέμναι, Pass. to hang down, hang suspended.
 κατα-κρεμνάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I *κατεκρέμασα*:—to hang to or upon, hang up, attach to or by.
 κατα-κρεουργέω, f. ἦσω, to cut up like a butcher.
 κατα-κρήθεν, (*κατά, κῆρα*) Adv. from the head downwards, from top to bottom:—metaph. entirely, utterly.
 κατα-κρημνάω or -άομαι, = *κατακρέμαμαι*.
 κατα-κρημνίζω, f. ἴω Att. ἰώ, (*κατά, κρημός*) to throw down a precipice, throw headlong down.
 κατά-κρημνος, ου, precipitous.
 κατάκριμα, atos, τό, condemnation, sentence. From

κατα-κρίνω, f. -κρινῶ: aor. I κατακρίνα:—to give judgment against: to condemn, sentence. [Ὶ] Hence κατάκρισις, εως, ἡ, condemnation.

κατα-κρύπτω, f. ψω, to hide away, conceal, keep hidden: part. κακρύπτων Ep. for κατακρύπτων. II. intr. to use concealment, dissemble. Hence

κατα-κρύψῃ, ἡ, a hiding: metaph. a subterfuge.

κατα-κράζω, f. -κράξω, to croak at.

κατα-κτάμεν and -κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κατακτείνω.

κατα-κτάομαι, fut. -κτήσομαι: aor. I -εκτήσαμην: Dep. to get or gain for oneself: in pf. κατακτέθημαι, to possess.

κατακτάς, Ep. aor. 2 act. part. of κατακτείνω: pass. κατακτάμενος.

κατα-κτείνω: fut. -κτενῶ Ion. -κτανῶ Ep. -κτανέω: aor. I κατέκτεινα: aor. 2 κατέκτανον ποῖτ. κατέκταν, as, a, Ep. imperat. κάτανε, inf. κατακτάμεν, -άμεναι, part. κατακτάς: pf. κατέκτονα:—Pass., aor. I κατέκταθην: Ep. aor. 2 κατεκτάμην, part. κατακτάμενος: 2 pl. fut. med. (in pass. sense) κατακτενέεσθε:—to kill, slay, put to death.

κατα-κύβευω, f. σω, (κατά, κύβος) to lose by the dice, gamble away.

κατα-κύλινδω, f. ἴσω [Ὶ]:—Pass., aor. I -εκύλισθην: pf. -κεκύλισμαι:—to roll down:—Pass. to be rolled down or off.

κατα-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I κατέκνυα:—to bend down, stoop: to stoop and peep into.

κατα-κύριεω, f. σω, to exercise authority over.

κατα-κύρω, (κατά, κύρος) to ratify: aor. I part. κατακυρωθείς = κατακριθείς, condemned to something.

κατα-κωλύω, f. ὄσω [Ὶ]: to hinder from doing: to detain, keep back.

κατα-κωμάζω, f. άσω, to burst riotously in upon, to attack with a drunken band.

κατακωχή, incorrect form for κατοκωχή.

καταλαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ἀλαζονεύομαι, (κατά, ἀλαζόν) Dep. to boast or brag largely.

κατα-λαλέω, f. ἴσω, to babble, chatter. II. to talk or rail at, slander. Hence

καταλάλια, ἡ, evil report, slander: and κατάλαλος, ον, slanderous.

κατα-λαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάμφομαι: aor. 2 κατέλαβον: pf. κατέληφα Ion. καταελάβηκα:—Pass., aor. I κατέληφθην Ion. κατελάμφθην:—to seize upon, lay hold of, take possession of: to seize:—Med. to seize for oneself: to preoccupy. II. to hold in, keep down or under, check: hence to put an end to, stop: to settle, conclude. 2. to bind by oath. III. to catch, overtake, come up with: hence to discover, detect, find. 2. of events, to come upon, befall, happen to one: impers., καταλαμβάνει it happens to one; τὰ καταλαβόντα = τὰ συμβαντα, what had happened, the circumstances of the case. Hence

καταλαμπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. to be checked.

κατα-λάμπω, f. -λάμψω, to shine upon: to shine.

κατα-ἀλγέω, f. ἴσω, to suffer greatly, be in great pain.

κατα-λέγω, f. -λέξω: aor. I pass. κατελέχθην, aor. 2 κατελέγην:—to lay down, put to bed, make lie down:—Med., with aor. I κατελεξάμην, to lie down, sleep: in this sense occur κατελέκτο, 3 sing. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. κατελέγμην, inf. καταλέχθαι, part. καταλέγμενος. II. to pick out, choose out of many, to choose as soldiers, levy, enlist, enrol. III. to tell or count up, recount, reckon up: to go over, repeat, detail, e. g. a pedigree.

κατα-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour down, let drop: to shed tears:—Pass. to run or drop down.

κατάλειμμα, τό, (καταλείπω) a remnant, residue.

κατάλειπτος, ον, (καταλείφω) anointed.

κατα-λείπω, f. ψω: Ep. forms, pres. καλλείπω, fut. καλλείψω: aor. 2 κάλλιπον:—to leave behind, leave as an heritage, bequeath. II. to forsake, abandon: to leave or give up to another. III. to suffer, allow.

κατα-λειτουργέω, f. ἴσω, to spend one's substance in bearing public burdens.

κατ-ἀλείφω, f. ψω, to smear on or over.

καταλεξῶ, Dor. for καταλέξω, fut. of καταλέγω.

κατα-λεπτολογέω, f. ἴσω, to wear away by fine distinctions.

κατα-λένω, f. σω, (κατά, λένω) to stone to death.

κατα-λέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-ἄλω, f. έσω, to grind down.

κατα-λίγω, f. ξω, to leave off, stop, cease.

κατα-λήθομαι, Pass. to forget utterly.

καταληπτικός, ἡ, όν, (καταλαμβάνω) able to grasp or check, able to keep down.

καταληπτός, ἡ, όν, verb. Adj. of καταλαμβάνω, to be grasped or seized, within reach, attainable. II. act. seizing upon.

κατάληψις, εως, ἡ, (καταλαμβάνω) a grasping, seizing, winning. II. an attacking, assaulting.

κατα-λιθάζω, f. άσω, (κατά, λίθος) to stone to death.

κατα-λιπάρεω, f. ἴσω, to entreat earnestly.

καταλλάγή, ἡ, exchange, profit made on exchange. II. a change from enmity to friendship, reconciliation, mostly in plur. From

κατ-ἀλλάσσω Att. -πτω: f. άξω: aor. I κατήλαξα:—to change:—Med. to exchange, give in exchange. II. to change from enmity to friendship, reconcile:—Pass., with aor. I κατηλλάχθην, aor. 2 κατηλλάγη [Ὶ], to become reconciled.

κατ-ἄλοω, f. ἴσω, to crush in pieces, destroy.

κατα-λογίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to count up, reckon, consider: also to impute a thing to one. II. to count or reckon among.

κατάλογος, ό, (καταλέγω) a counting up, enrolment: the catalogue or list of persons liable to serve in the army: οί εκ καταλόγου those on the list for service.

κατά-λοιπος, ον, left, remaining.

κατ-ἄλοκίζω, f. ἴσω, to cut into furrows.

κατα-λόου, f. σω, to wash completely:—Med., κατα-
 λούειν τὸν βίον to spend one's life in bathing.
 κατα-λοφάδεια, Adv. = κατὰ λόφον, on the neck.
 κατα-λοχίζω, f. σω, to distribute into troops. Hence
 καταλοχισμός, ὄ, distribution into troops.
 κατα-λόω, old Att. pres. for καταλόου.
 κατὰ-λύμα, (κατὰ, λύω) an inn, lodging.
 κατα-λύμαινοι, Dep. to ravage, destroy.
 καταλύσιμος, ον, (καταλύω) to be made an end of.
 κατάλυσις, εως, ἡ, (καταλύω) a dissolving, putting
 down, making an end of: of an army, a disbanding:
 κατάλυσις τοῦ πολέμου an ending of the war: generally,
 a conclusion, finishing. II. a resting, lodging:
 also = κατάλυμα, a resting-place, inn.
 καταλύτης, οὔ, one who lodges in a place. From
 κατα-λύω, f. -λύσω: aor. I κατέλυσα:—to dissolve,
 put down, make an end of, destroy, cancel: to put
 down a form of government: to depose from command:
 to dissolve, dismiss, disband. 2. to bring
 to an end, terminate: καταλύειν πόλεμον to end a
 war:—Med. to come to terms with one, make peace
 with him. II. to unloose, unyoke: hence absol.
 to take up one's quarters, halt, rest, lodge.
 κατα-λωφάω, f. ἦσω, to rest from a thing.
 κατα-μαεύω, f. σω, (κατά, μάγος) to bewitch.
 κατα-μαλκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ:—to make soft or
 effeminate:—Pass. to be or become so.
 κατα-μαλλόσω Att. -τω, f. ἄξω, to soften much,
 appease, pacify.
 κατα-μανθάνω, fut. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 -εμάθον:
 -μεμάθηκα:—to learn or observe well: to under-
 stand: to consider well.
 κατα-μαργάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω:—to be stark
 mad.
 κατα-μάρπτω, f. -μάρψω, to catch hold of, catch.
 κατα-μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness against:—
 Pass. to have evidence given against one.
 κατα-μάσσομαι, Med. to wipe off.
 κατα-μάω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀμάω) to pile up, heap up:
 Ep. aor. I med. κατᾶμῄσῃην.
 κατα-μαβλίνω, (κατά, ἀμβλίνω) to take the edge off,
 make blunt or dull.
 κατα-μεθύσκω, f. -μεθύσω [ῥ], to make drunk with
 sheer wine.
 καταμεύειν, aor. I inf. of καταμένω.
 κατα-μελέω, f. ἦσω, to give no heed to, neglect: absol.
 to be heedless:—Pass. to be neglected.
 κατα-μελιτώ, f. ὦσω, (κατά, μέλι) to shed honey
 over, of the nightingale's voice.
 καταμέμπτω, ον, blamed by all, abhorred: neut. pl.
 as Adv. so as to give cause for blame. From
 κατα-μέμφομαι, f. -μεμφομαι: aor. I med. -εμεμ-
 ψάμην, pass. -εμεμψήθη: Dep.:—to blame, accuse,
 find fault with. Hence
 καταμέμφεις, εως, ἡ, a blaming, finding fault, ac-
 cusing.
 κατα-μένω, f. -μενῶ, to stay behind: to remain, con-
 tinue in a state.

κατα-μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to cut in pieces: to dis-
 tribute.
 κατα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure or mete out to: to
 measure.
 κατα-μηλόω, f. ὦσω, (κατά, μήλη) to put in the
 probe: metaph., κηρὸν καταμηλοῦν to put the ballot-
 box like a probe down another's throat, i. e. make
 him disgorge stolen goods.
 κατα-μήνω, f. ὦσω [ῥ], to give information a-
 gainst. 2. to intimate, make known.
 καταμήνιστο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμάω.
 κατα-μίαινω, f. ἀνώ, to taint, defile, pollute:—Pass.
 to wear unwashed garments in sign of grief, Lat.
 squalere.
 κατα-μίνυμι or -ύω, f. -μίξω: aor. I κατέμιξα, Ep.
 part. καμμίξας:—to mix, mix up, compound.
 κατα-μίσγω, = καταμίσγω.
 κατα-μισθοφόρῶ, f. ἦσω, to spend in paying public
 officers.
 κατάμορφος, ον, (καταμέμορφοι) faulty.
 κατα-μόνως, (κατά, μόνος) Adv. alone, apart.
 κατα-μονομαχέω, f. ἦσω, to conquer in single combat.
 κωτ-αμπέχω and -αμπίσχω, to encompass, cover.
 καταμύζατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of καταμύσσω.
 καταμύσις, εως, ἡ, (καταμύω) a closing of the eyes.
 κατα-μύσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to tear, scratch, rend.
 κατα-μυττωτέω, f. σω, (κατά, μυττών) to make
 mincemeat of.
 κατα-μύω, f. ὦσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατέμυσα, poet. inf.
 καμμύσει:—to shut or close the eyes: to nod, drop
 asleep, dose: also to die.
 κατα-ἀναγκάζω, f. ἄσω, to force down into a place. II.
 to overpower by force, constrain, confine: coerce.
 κατα-ἀνάθεμα, atos, τό, a curse. Hence
 καταναθεματίζω, f. ἴσω, to curse.
 κατα-ναίω, to make to dwell, settle: only used in Ep.
 aor. I act. κατένασσα med. κατενασσάμην:—Pass. to
 take up one's abode, dwell, only in aor. I κατενάσθην.
 κατα-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσα: aor. I κατηνάλωσα:
 —to spend lavishly, εἰς τι upon a thing:—Pass., with
 pf. act. κατανάλωκα, to be lavished.
 κατα-ναρκάω, to be slothful towards, press heavily
 upon.
 κατα-νάσσω, f. -νάξω, to beat down firmly.
 κατα-ναυμάχῶ, fut. ἦσω, to conquer in a sea-fight,
 beat at sea.
 κατα-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to distribute, allot, assign a-
 mong. II. Med. and Pass. to divide among them-
 selves, partition out: hence to take possession of. 2.
 to feed or graze land with cattle, Lat. depasci.
 κατένευσις, εως, ἡ, a nodding to, assent. From
 κατα-νεύω, f. -νεύσομαι: Ep. aor. I part. κατενεύσας:
 —to nod assent, opp. to ἀπνεύω; ὑπέσχετο καὶ κατέ-
 νευσεν he promised and confirmed his promise by a
 nod: to make a sign by nodding the head.
 κατα-νεφώ, f. ὦσω, to overcloud.
 κατα-νέω Ion. -νήω, f. -νήσω, to heap or pile up.
 κατανήσαι, aor. I inf. of κατανέω.

κατ-ανθράκιζω, f. ἴσω, and κατ-ανθράκω, f. ὥσομαι: (κατά, ἀνθραξ):—to burn to cinders:—Pass. to be burnt to ashes.

κατα-νίφω, to snow upon or over: impers., κατανίφει it snows; κατένυε χιόνι τὴν Θράκην snow fell all over Thrace.

κατα-νοέω, f. ἴσω, to remark, observe, perceive: to understand, learn, know: to consider.

κατ-άνομαι, Pass. (κατά, ἄνω) to be used up or wasted. The Act is supplied by κατανύω.

κατα-νοτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bedew.

κάτ-αντά, Adv. of κατάντης, downwards.

κατ-άντῶ, f. ἴσω, to come down to, arrive at.

κατ-άντης, ες, (κατά, ἄντα) down-bill, opp. to ἀνάντης.

κατ-άντησιν, Adv. (κατά, ἀντάω) opposite.

κατ-αντικρύ, (κατά, ἀντικρύ) straight down from. II. over against, right opposite, facing. 2. absol. outright, downright. [i of the penult. long in Hom., short in Att.]

κατ-αντίον, Adv. over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-αντιπέρας, Adv. right over against, opposite.

κατ-αντλέω, f. ἴσω, to pour upon or over.

κατάνυξις, εως, ἡ, stupescence, slumber. From κατα-νύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick:—Pass. to be pricked at heart. II. in Pass. also to lie in a deep sleep, to slumber.

κατ-άνυω Att. -ύτω: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατήνυσα:—to bring to an end, finish a journey: to arrive at a place; c. gen., φίλης προξένου κατηνύσαν they have reached the house of a kind hostess. 2. to accomplish, perpetrate.

κατα-νωτίζομαι, fut. -ίσομαι, Dep. (κατά, νωτίζω):—to carry on one's back.

κατα-ξαίνω: f. -ξανῶ: aor. I κατέξηννα:—Pass., aor. I κατέξανθην: pf. κατέξαμμαι:—to card or comb well: to tear in pieces, wear away, reduce to nothing.

καταξέμεν, Ep. for κατάξω, fut. inf. of κατάγω.

κατα-ξενόω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, ξένος) to receive as a guest, entertain.

κατ-άξιος, ov, quite worthy of. Adv. -ίως. Hence καταξιώω, f. ὥσω, to deem worthy, esteem, honour. II. to bid; πολλά χαίρειν εὐφοραῖς καταξιώω I bid a long farewell to calamities. 2. to resolve or determine on a thing.

κατα-ξύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: Pass., pf. -έξυμαι:—to scrape down, to scratch or mark.

κατάρπος, Dor. for κατήρος.

κατα-παίζω, f. -παίζωμαι, to jest at.

καταπακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (καταπήγνυμι) fastened down or downwards; καταπακτὴ θύρα a trap-door.

κατα-πάλαιω, f. σω, to throw in wrestling.

κατα-πάλλω, to shake down:—Pass., in 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπαλτο, to vault or leap down.

κατα-πάσσω Att. -ττω, f. -πάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I κατέπασα:—to besprinkle: to sprinkle or strew over. Hence

κατάπαστος, ov, besprinkled with, embroidered.

κατα-πάτῃ, f. ἴσω, to trample down, trample under foot: metaph. to trample on.

κατάπαμμα, ατος, τό, a check, hindrance; and

κατάπαυσις, εως, ἡ, a putting a stop to, putting down, depositing. II. (from Pass.) a calm. From

κατα-παύω poet. καπ-παύω: f. σω:—to put to rest, calm, assuage. 2. to make one stop from a thing, hinder or check from: to stop, hinder, keep in check:—to put down, depose one from power. II. Pass. and Med. to leave off, cease, rest.

κατ-επιπέλω, f. ἴσω, to threaten loudly; καταπειλεῖν ἔπη to use threatening words.

κατα-πειρᾶτηρία Ion. -πειρητηρίη, ἡ, (κατά, πειράω) a sounding-line.

κατα-πελάζω, fut. -άσομαι, to overrun with light-armed troops (πελασται).

καταπεμπτός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of καταπέμψω, to be sent down.

κατα-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send down to the sea.

κατα-πενθέω, f. ἴσω, to mourn for.

καταπέπηγα, intr. pf. of καταπήγνυμι.

καταπεπηγυῖα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of καταπήγσω.

κατ-άπερ, Ion. for καθάπερ.

κατα-πέρθω, mostly in Med. -πέρθομαι: aor. 2 κατέπαρδον: pf. καταπέπορδα:—to break wind at one.

κατα-πέσσω Att. -ττω: fut. -πέψω:—to boil down or digest: metaph. to digest, keep from rising.

καταπέσων, aor. 2 part. of καταπίπτω.

κατα-πετάννυμι or -ύω, fut. -πετάσω [ᾶ]:—to spread out over. II. to spread or cover with. Hence

καταπέτασμα, ατος, τό, a curtain, veil.

κατα-πέτομαι, fut. -πήσομαι: aor. 2 κατέπταμην, part. καταπτάμενος:—to fly down.

κατα-πέτροω, f. ὥσω, (κατά, πέτρα) to stone to death.

κατα-πέττω, Att. for καταπέσσω.

καταπέφνω, part. of aor. 2 κατέπεφνον.

καταπέψη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of καταπέσσω.

κατα-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω: aor. I κατέπηξα:—to stick fast in the ground, fix firmly:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. καταπέπηγα, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 κατέπηκτο, to stand fast or firm in, be firmly fixed in.

κατα-πήδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap down from.

κατα-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill quite full.

κατα-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to burn to ashes.

κατα-πίνω, fut. -πίομαι: aor. 2 κατέπιον Ep. κάπιον:—to gulp or swallow down, absorb. 2. metaph. to drink in, imbibe. 3. to swallow up, use up, consume.

κατα-πιπράσσω, to sell outright.

κατα-πίπτω, fut. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 κατέπεσον Ep. κάπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall down: metaph. to fall, sink, subside.

κατα-πισόω Att. -ττώ: f. -ώσω, to cover with pitch, pitch over to keep out the air.

κατάπλασμα, ατος, τό, that which is spread or smeared over, a plaster. From

κατα-πλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. -πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I

κατέπλασα:—to spread or smear over, plaster with:—Med., καταπλάσσει τὴν κεφαλὴν to plaster one's own head. Hence

καταπλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, plastered over.

κατα-πλάστῦς, ὄσος, ἡ, Ion. for κατάπλασμα.

κατα-πλέω, f. ξω, to entwine, plait: metaph. to implicate, entangle. 2. to finish twisting, and so to bring to an end, finish.

κατά-πλεος, ὄν, also α, ὄν: Att. -πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω: (κατά, πλέος):—quite full of a thing: soiled or stained with it.

κατα-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπλευσα:—Ion. pres. -πλώω:—to sail down, as, to sail from the high sea to shore, put into port, put in:—to sail down stream. II. to sail back.

κατά-πλεως, ὄν, gen. ω, Att. for κατάπλεος.

κατάπληξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (καταπλήσσω) terror-stricken. κατάπληξις, ἔως, ἡ, amazement, consternation. From κατα-πλήσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I κατέπληξα:—Pass., aor. 2 κατεπλάγην [ᾶ] Ep. κατεπλήγην:—pf. -πέπληγα:—to strike down: metaph. to strike with amazement, astound, confound:—Pass. to be panic-stricken, be amazed.

κατά-πλοος contr. -πλους, ὁ, (καταπλέω) a sailing down to land, a putting ashore, putting into harbour. II. a sailing back, return.

κατα-πλουτίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to make very rich, enrich.

κατα-πλύνω [ῦ], to bathe with water. Hence

κατάπλυσις, ἔως, ἡ, a bathing in water.

κατα-πλώω, Ion. for καταπλέω.

κατα-πνέω, Ep. for καταπνέω.

κατα-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι: aor. I κατέπνευσα:—to breathe upon or over. 2. to inspire, instil. Hence καταπνοή, ἡ, a breathing or blowing.

κατα-πόδα and κατα-πόδας, Adv., for κατὰ πόδα, κατὰ πόδας, upon the track, quickly, straightway.

καταποθή, 3 sing. aor. I subj. pass. of καταπίνω.

κατα-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to war down, wear down or overcome in war, Lat. debellare.

κατα-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to wear out by toil or suffering.

κατα-ποντίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κατά, πόντος) to throw into the sea, plunge or drown therein. Hence καταποντιστής, οὗ, ὁ, one who throws into the sea, of pirates.

κατα-ποντώω, f. ἴσω, = καταποντίζω.

κατα-πορνεύω, f. -εῖσω, to prostitute.

κατα-πράσσω Att. -πρω, f. -πράξω, to effect, accomplish, achieve:—Med. to achieve for oneself.

κατα-πρηγής, ἔς, bead foremost, with the forehead downwards; χειρὶ καταπρηγεί with the hand moved downwards, i. e. with the flat of the hand. Hence καταπρηγός, f. ὄσω, to throw down headlong.

κατα-πρίω [I]: aor. I κατέπρισα:—to saw up or in pieces: to cut or tear in pieces.

κατα-προδίδωμι, f. -προδώσω, to betray.

κατα-προΐσσομαι, f. -προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι:—to do for nothing, i. e. with impunity, always with

negat., and in bad sense: I. absol., οὐ καταπροΐξεσθαί ἔφη he said they should not get off free, with impunity; οὐ καταπροΐξει you shan't do it for nothing. 2. also with part., οὐ λωβησάμενος ἐμέ καταπροΐξεται he shall not escape for having thus insulted me; οὐ καταπροΐξει τούτου δρῶν thou shalt not escape or get off for doing this. 3. c. gen. pers., ἐμεῦ δ' ἐκέλευσεν οὐ καταπροΐξεται he shall not use me ill for nothing.

κατά-πρωκτος, ὄν, = καταπύγων.

καταπτήκων, ὄντος, aor. 2 part. of καταπήσσω.

κατά-πτερος, ὄν, (κατά, πτερόν) winged.

καταπήσομαι, fut. of καταπέσομαι.

κατα-πήσσω, fut. -πήξω: Ep. aor. 2 κατάπηνη, 3 dual καταπήτηνη; another poet. aor. 2 part. καταπτήκων occurs: pf. κατέπηκα or -χα, Ep. part. καταπειτήσας:—to crouch or cower down, to lie crouching or cowering.

κατ-άπτομαι, Ion. for καθάπτομαι.

κατάπτυστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (καταπτύω) to be spat upon, abominable, despicable.

κατα-πτύχης, ἔς, (κατά, πτύχη) with ample folds. κατα-πτύω, f. ἴσω [ῦ]: aor. I. κατέπτυσσα:—to spit upon or at, as a mark of abhorrence and contempt.

κατα-πτώσσω, = καταπήσσω.

κατα-πύγος, ἡ, lewdness. From

κατα-πύγων, ὄνος, ἡ, neut. πύγων, (κατά, πύγη) lewd, lustful, brutal.

κατα-πύθω, f. ἴσω [ῦ]: aor. κατέπυσα:—to make rotten:—Pass. to become rotten.

κατά-πυκνος, ὄν, very thick.

κατα-πυρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, πῦρ) to catch fire.

κατα-πυροπόλεω, f. ἦσω, to consume with fire.

κατ-άρα Ion. -άρη [ᾶ], ἡ, an imprecation, curse.

καταραιορημένος, Ion. for καθηρημένος, pf. part. pass. of καθαίρω.

κατ-αράομαι: f. -άσομαι Ion. -ήσομαι: Dep.:—to invoke upon one, mostly in bad sense; πολλὰ κατηράτο he uttered many curses: to pray for evil to one, curse, utter imprecations upon:—pf. part. κατηραμένος, in pass. sense, accursed.

κατ-άρασσω Att. -πρω, f. ξω, to dash down, smash, break in pieces, to hurl down.

κατάρτος, ὄν, (καταράομαι) accursed, abominable.

κατ-αργέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to leave unemployed: hence to make barren. II. to make useless or void:—Pass. to be abolished: to be set free.

κατ-αργίζω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀργός) to make to tarry.

κάταργμα, ατος, τό, (κατάρχομαι):—in pl. τὰ κατάργματα, the beginnings of the sacrifice, introductory rites.

κατ-αργυρόω, f. ὄσω, to cover or plate with silver.

II. to buy or bribe with silver.

κατ-άρδω, f. ἄρωσα, to water: esp. metaph. to besprinkle with praise.

κατ-ἀρέομαι or -έωμαι, Ion. for καταράομαι.

κατα-ριγηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (κατά, ριγέω) making one shudder, horrible.

κατ-ἀριθμέω, f. ἴσω, to count or reckon among. 2. to count up:—Med. to recount.
 κατ-ἀρκέω, f. ἴσω, to be fully sufficient.
 κατ-αριόζω, Ion. for καθαρ-.
 κατ-ἀρνομαι: Dep. with fut. med. -ἀρνήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἤρνηθην:—to deny stoutly.
 κατ-ἄρδω, f. -ἀρόσω, to plough up.
 καταρρᾶζῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of καταρρήγνυμι.
 καταρ-ῥᾶθιμέω, f. ἴσω, to lose or miss from carelessness:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ καταρρᾶθιμημένα things carelessly lost. II. intr. to be very careless or idle.
 καταρ-ῥᾶκόω, f. ὠσω, (κατά, ῥᾶκος) to tear into shreds: Pass., pf. part. καταρρακωμένος, in rags or tatters.
 καταρράκτης, ον, (καταρρήγνυμι) as Adj. broken, precipitous. II. as Subst., καταρράκτης, ὁ, a waterfall, Lat. cataracta.
 καταρ-ῥάπτω, f. ψω, to stitch up, to cover over: metaph. to plot, devise, compass. Hence
 κατάρρᾶφος, ον, sewn together, patched.
 καταρ-ῥέζω, f. ζω: Ep. aor. I κατέρεξα:—to pat with the hand, to stroke, fondle, caress:—καρρέζουσα, Ep. for καταρρέζουσα.
 καταρ-ῥέπω, f. ψω, to make to sink or fall.
 καταρ-ῥέω, f. -ρεύσομαι and (in pass. form) -ρῆσομαι: pf. -εῤῥηκα: aor. 2 in pass. form κατέρρην:—to flow down: c. dat. to run down or drop with a thing: metaph. to rush down. 2. to fall or slip down: aor. 2 part. pass. καταρρῆεις, fallen. 3. to come to, fall to the lot of. II. to run down with wet; and in Pass. to be wet with a thing.
 καταρ-ῥήγνυμι and -ῦω: f. -ρῆξω:—to break down. 2. to tear in pieces, rend:—Med., καταρρῆξαντο τοὺς κινῶνας they rent their coats. 3. to break up, put to confusion, of armies. II. Pass., esp. in aor. 2 καταρράγην [ᾗ], to fall or rush down: to break or burst out, gush forth:—so also intrans. in pf. act. καταρρῶγα to break out, burst forth.
 καταρ-ῥινάω or -έω, f. ἴσω, to file down: καταρρηνμένον τι λέγειν to say anything polished or well-turned.
 καταρ-ῥίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down, overthrow.
 καταρρῶος contr. κατάρρως, ον, ὁ, (καταρρέω) a running from the bead, a catarrh.
 καταρ-ροφέω, f. ἴσω, to gulp or swallow down.
 καταρρυῖναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταρρέω. Hence
 καταρρῦξ, ἑς, flowing down, falling away, ebbing.
 κατάρρυτος, ον, (καταρρέω) overflowed, watered, irrigated. II. carried down by water: formed by depositions from water, alluvial.
 κατ-αρρωδέω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κατορρωδέω.
 καταρρῶξ, ὦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (κατέρρῳγα) broken, rugged.
 κάταρσις, εως, ἡ, (καταίρω) a landing-place.
 κατ-αρτάω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀρτάω) to fasten, attach, or adjust fitly; χρῆμα κατηρημένον (pf. part. pass.) a well-adjusted, fit, or convenient thing.
 κατ-αρτίζω, f. ἴσω, to adjust, put in order again, restore, repair: to settle by mediation, reform. II.

to furnish completely: κατηρητισμένος (pf. part. pass.) well furnished, complete. Hence
 κατάρτισις, εως, ἡ, a restoring, restoration: a making perfect, educating.
 καταρτιστής, ἦρος, ὁ, (καταρτίζω) one who adjusts: a mediator, reformer.
 κατ-αρτύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ]: pf. -ἤρτυκα pass. -ἤρτυμαι: aor. I pass. -ἤρτυθην [ῦ]:—to prepare, dress: to arrange, put in order:—Pass. to be trained or disciplined. II. καταρτυῶς, pf. part. act. in intrans. sense, of suppliants, having performed all the rites.
 κατάρ-ῤυτος, ον, poet. for κατάρρυτος.
 κατ-αρχάς, Adv. for κατ' ἀρχάς, in the beginning.
 κατ-ἀρχω, f. ζω, (κατά, ἀρχω) to make a beginning of a thing: c. gen., οδοῦ κατάρχε lead the way: c. acc. to begin a thing; κατάρχειν τὸν λόγον. 2. Med. to begin the rites of sacrifice; Νέστορ χερίνιβά τ' οὐλοχῦτας τε κατήρχετο Nestor began [the sacrifice] with the washing of hands and sprinkling the barley on the victim's head: later c. gen., κατάρχεσθαι τοῦ ἱεροῦ to make a beginning of the victim, consecrate him for sacrifice by cutting off the hair of his forehead: to sacrifice, immolate. 3. to lead the dance in honour of one, to celebrate, honour.
 κατάρ-σβέννυμι and -ῦω: f. -σβέσω: aor. I κατέσβησα:—to put out, quench, extinguish: metaph., θάλασσαν κατασβέσαι to dry up the sea; κατασβέσαι βοήν, ἔριν to quell noise and strife. II. Pass., with intrans. aor. 2 act. κατέσβην and pf. κατέσβηκα, to be quenched, go out.
 κατάρ-σειώ, f. -σειώσω: pf. -σέσεικα:—to sbake and throw down; κατασειεῖν τῇ χειρὶ to sign with the hand, beckon.
 κατασέσηπα, intr. pf. of κατασῆπω.
 κατα-σεύομαι: Ep. aor. 2 κατεσσύμην: Pass. (κατά, σεύω) to rush down or back into.
 κατα-σήπω, to make rotten, let rot. II. Pass., aor. 2 κατ-εσάτην [ᾗ], with intr. pf. act. κατασῆπηα, to grow rotten, rot away.
 κατ-ασθενέω, f. ἴσω, (κατά, ἀσθενέω) to weaken.
 κατ-ασθμαίνω, to pant or snort against.
 κατα-σιγάω, f. ἴσομαι, to become silent.
 κατα-σικελίζω, f. σω, (κατά, Σικελός) to Sicilise, i. e. make away with.
 κατα-σιτέομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to eat up, feed on.
 κατα-σιώπαω, f. -ἴσομαι, to be silent about a thing: c. acc. rei, to keep silent, pass over. II. trans. to make silent, silence, c. acc. pers.
 κατα-σκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig down, raise to the ground, demolish: aor. 2 pass. κατεσκάφην. Hence
 κατασκάφή, ἡ, a raising to the ground, demolishing.
 II. in plur., burial: also a grave.
 κατασκάφῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κατασκάπτω. Hence
 κατασκάφῆς, ἑς, dug down, deep-dug.
 κατα-σκεδάννυμι and -ῦω, f. -σκεδάω [ᾗ]: aor. I κατεσκέδασα:—to scatter upon or over: also in bad

sense; *κατασκευάσαι φήμην τινός* to spread a report against one.

κατα-σκέλλω, to *parcō* up. II. Pass., with pf. act. *κατέσκημα*, to *wither* away.

κατα-σκέπω, (*κατά, σκέπας*) to *shelter, cover* up. *κατα-σκευάζω*, f. *άσω*, to *prepare, furnish, equip* again or anew. 2. to *get ready, build*:—Med. to *build, construct* a house:—Pass. to be furnished or provided with a thing. 3. to *put in a certain state, render so and so*:—Med. to *prepare oneself* for doing, be ready to do. Hence

κατασκευάσμα, *ατος, τό*, a *contrivance, device*: and *κατασκευασμός, ό*, *contrivance*.

κατα-σκευή, ή, (*κατά, σκενή*) any *artificial preparation*, Lat. *apparatus*: any kind of furniture that is fixed or lasting, opp. to what is movable or temporary (*παρασκευή*); a *building*: also any furniture, as the baggage of an army. II. *the state or constitution* of a thing.

κατα-σκηνάω, f. *ήσω*, = *κατασκηνώ*. *κατα-σκηνώω*, f. *άσω*, (*κατά, σκηνή*) to *pitch one's camp, take up one's quarters, encamp*: to *rest, settle*. Hence

κατασκήνωμα, *ατος, τό*, a *covering, veil*: and *κατασκήνωσις*, *εως, ή*, an *encamping, an encampment*: a *resting-place, a nest*.

κατα-σκήπτω, f. *ψω*, to *rush down or fall upon, light upon, be hurled down upon*: of lightning, of sudden attacks of sickness, etc. II. *λιταίς κατασκήπτειν* to *assail or importune* with prayers.

κατα-σκιάζω, f. *-σκιάζω*, to *overshadow, cover over*.

κατα-σκιάω, poet. for *κατασκιάζω*. *κατα-σκιδνύμαι*, used as Pass. of *κατασκεδάννυμι*. *κατά-σκίος, ον*, (*κατά, σκιά*) *overshadowed*. II. *overshadowing*.

κατα-σκοπέω (tenses formed from *κατα-σκέπτομαι*): f. *-σκέψομαι*: aor. I *-εσκεψάμην*; pf. *-έσκεμμαι*:—to *view closely*: to *spy out*: to *reconnoitre*. Hence *κατασκοπή, ή*, a *viewing closely, spying*.

κατά-σκοπος, ον, (*κατά, σκοπός*) *spying, exploring*: as Subst. a *scout, spy*.

κατα-σκώπτω, fut. *-σκόψομαι*, to *make jokes upon, banter*: to *jeer or mock*.

κατα-σμικρύνω, f. *ώνω*, to *lessen, abridge*:—Pass. to *become less*.

κατα-σμήγω, f. *ξω*:—to *burn with a slow fire*:—Pass. to *smoulder* away.

κατα-σοφίζομαι, f. *-ίσομαι* Att. *-ιούμαι*, Dep. to *conquer by trickery, circumvent, outwit*:—also as Pass. to *be outwitted*.

κατα-σπάρασσω Att. *-ττω*, f. *ξω*, to *pull to pieces*.

κατα-σπαταλάω, f. *ήσω*, to *live wantonly*.

κατα-σπάω, f. *άσω* [ά], to *draw or pull down*; *κατα-σπᾶν τινα τᾶν τριχῶν* to *drag one down by the hair*: of ships, to *haul down, set afloat*. II. to *quaff or swallow down*.

κατα-σπείρω, f. *-σπερώ*: aor. I *κατέσπειρα*:—to

sow or plant thickly: metaph. to *beget, besprinkle*. II. to

κατα-σπένδω, f. *-σπείσω*: aor. I *κατέσπεισα*: pf. *-έσπεικα*:—Pass., aor. I *-εσπεισθη*: pf. *-έσπεισμαι*:—to *pour as a drink-offering or libation*: absol. to *pour drink-offerings*: generally, to *pour upon* one. II. to *honour with libations*.

κατα-σπέρχω, f. *ξω*, to *urge on, stimulate*. *κατα-σποδέω*, f. *ήσω*, (*κατά, σποδός*) to *throw down in the dust, make bite the dust*.

κατα-σπουδίζομαι, Dep., with aor. I pass. *-εσπουδάσθη*, pf. *-εσπουδασμαι*; (*κατά, σπουδάζω*):—to *be earnest about a thing*: absol. to *be very serious*.

κατα-στάζω, f. *ξω*, to *let fall in drops upon, pour upon*: to *let drop, shed*. II. intr. to *drop down, trickle*; νόσω *καταστάζειν πόδα* to *have one's foot running with a sore*. 2. to *bedew, wet, moisten*.

κατασπᾶθεις, aor. I part. pass. of *καθίστημι*. *κατασπᾶς*, aor. I part. of *καθίστημι*.

κατα-σπᾶσιάζω, f. *άσω*, to *form a counter-party*. II. Pass. to *be beaten by party or faction*.

κατάσπᾶσις, *εως, ή*, a *settling, appointing, establishing*: an *appointment, institution*. 2. a *bringing of ambassadors before the assembly, a presentation*. II. intrans. a *standing fast, a fixed or settled condition*: a *state, condition*: the *nature of a thing*: the *constitution of a state*.

κατασπᾶτέον, verb. Adj. of *καθίστημι*, one *must appoint*.

κατασπᾶτής, ον, ό, (*καθίστημι*) an *establisher*.

κατα-στεγάζω, f. *άσω*, to *cover over*. Hence *καταστέγασμα*, *ατος, τό*, a *covering*.

κατά-στεγος, ον, (*κατά, στέγη*) *covered in, roofed*.

κατα-στέβω, f. *ψω*, to *tread on*.

καταστέλλαι, aor. I inf. of *καταστέλλω*.

κατα-στέλλω, f. *-στελώ*, to *put in order, arrange*:

clothe, dress, array. 2. to *keep down, check*.

κατα-στένω, to *sigh over or lament*, c. acc. 2. to *sigh for or about* one, c. gen.

κατα-στέφανός, f. *άσω*, to *crown*.

καταστέφής, ές, *wreathed, crowned*. From *κατα-στέφω*, f. *ψω*: aor. I *κατέστεψα*:—to *wreathe, crown*.

κατα-στηλιτεύω, f. *σω*, (*κατά, στήλη*) to *expose one to infamy by posting up his name*.

κατάστημα, *ατος, τό*, (*καθίστημι*) a *state, condition*.

κατα-στηρίζω, f. *έξω*, to *support, prop, sustain*.

καταστήσαι, κατάστησον, aor. I inf. and imperat. of *καθίστημι*: *καταστήσω*, fut. of same.

κατα-στιζω, f. *ξω*, to *cover with punctures*. Hence *κατά-στικτος, ον*, *spotted, speckled, brindled, dappled*.

κατα-στίλβω, to *beam brightly*.

καταστολή, ή, (*καταστέλλω*) an *arranging, dressing*: *equipment, dress*. II. *quietness, moderation*.

κατα-στονάζω, f. *ήσω*, to *sigh over, bewail*.

κατα-στορννύμι and *-ύω*, fut. *-στορέω*: aor. I *κατεστόρεσα*:—to *spread or cover with a thing*. II. to *spread or strew on the ground*: to *overbrow, lay*

low; καταστρέσαι κυματα to smoothe the waves, Lat. sternere aequor.

κατ-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to burl down lightning, flash lightning: absol., καταστράπτει it lightens.

καταστράπτεδύνω, f. σω, to make to encamp, station:—Med. to take up one's quarters, encamp.

καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn over the soil, Lat. aratro vertere. II. to upset, overturn. 2. Med.

to subject to oneself, subdue:—Pass. to be subdued; κατστραμμαί άκούειν I am compelled to hear. III.

to bring to an end, close: intrans. to come to an end, end.

καταστρέψας, aor. I part. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρέψοντι, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of καταστρέφω.

καταστρηνάω, to behave insolently towards.

καταστροφή, ή, (καταστρέφω) an overturning, overbrowning. 2. a subduing, reduction. II.

a sudden turn: an end, close:—in the drama, the catastrophe or turn of the plot.

κατστρωμα, atos, τόκ, that which is spread upon or over: in a ship, the deck. From

καταστρώννυμι and -ύω, f. -στρώσω: aor. I κατέστρωσα: = καταστορέννυμι.

καταστύγέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 κατέστύγον:—to be horror-struck:—c. acc. rei. to shudder at, abhor.

καταστύφελος, ov, very hard or rugged.

καταστωμίλλω, to have a glib tongue: pf. part. pass. in act. sense κατεστωμυλλένος, a chattering fellow.

κατασύρω, aor. I -έσυρα, to pull down and carry off, to ravage and plunder a country, Lat. diripere.

κατασφάγη, ή, a slaughtering or killing. From

κατασφάζω or -σφάττω: f. ζω: aor. 2 pass.

-εσφάγην [ά]:—to slaughter, murder.

κατασφραγίζω, f. ίσω Att. iw, to seal up, put under seal: pf. part. pass. κατεσφραγισμένος, sealed up, secured.

κατασχεθείν Ep. -είειν, poet. aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατασχείν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέχω.

κατάσχεσις, εως, ή, (κατέχω) a holding back, hindering. II. a holding fast, possession.

κατάσχετος, ov, (κατέχω) held back, kept back. II. possessed.

κατασχιζέω, f. ίσω, to cleave asunder; κατασχιζειν τās πύλας to burst the gates open.

κατασχολάζω, f. άσω, to loiter, tarry: c. acc., χρόνον τι κατασχολάζειν to tarry somewhat too long.

κατασχώμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of κατέχω.

κατασχών, κατασχόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of κατέχω.

κατασώχω, to rub in pieces, bruise, pound, bray.

κατατάμνω, Ion. and Dor. for κατατέμνω.

κατατάνυω, f. ύσω [ύ], = κατατένω.

καταταξείς, Dor. for κατατάξεις, 2 sing. fut. of κατατάξω.

κατατάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to draw up in order, arrange: to put in its proper place, classify, digest. 2. to appoint.

κατατενείη, 3 sing. pf. opt. of καταθήσκω.

κατατεθνείως and -ήως, Ep. gen. ώτος, pf. part. of καταθήσκω.

κατατέθηκα, pf. of καταθήσκω.

κατατένω, fut. -τενώ: pf. -τέτωκα:—to stretch or draw tight: metaph. to strain, force: also to strain or exert. II. intrans. to stretch or strain oneself:

to stretch or extend towards, Lat. tendere in . . . 2. to strain or exert oneself, strive earnestly.

κατατέμνω Ion. and Dor. -τάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 κατέταμιν: pf. κατατέμνηκα, pass. κατατέμμημαι:

—to cut up in pieces, cut up; κατατέμειν τινά καττύματα to cut him into strips; κατατέμμητο τάφροι trenches had been cut.

κατά-τέχνος, ov, (κατά, τέχνη) artificial.

κατατήκω, f. ζω: aor. I κατέτηξα:—to make melt away, to thaw: to dissolve, make liquid. II.

Pass., with pf. act. κατατέθηκα, to melt or be melting away, to thaw: to pine away.

κατατίθημι, v. -θήσω: pf. -τέθηκα: aor. 2 κατέθην, Ep. pl. κάθημεν, κάθητε, κάθησαν; καθάθιομεν,

Ep. subj. for καταθῶμεν; Ep. inf. καθέμεν; and in Med., καθέμεθα, καθάεσθη, καθέμενοι, Ep. for κατέθεμεν, etc., καθάθιομαι, Ep. subj. for καταθῶμαι:—to place, put or lay down; καθάθινα άεθλον

to put down, propose a prize. 2. to pay down: generally, to make good, to perform. 3. καθάθινα τίσι τι ές μέσον to communicate a thing to others,

give them a common share of it. II. Med. to lay down for or from oneself, put down, lay aside:

to put away, get rid of. 2. to deposit, lay up in store: metaph., κατατίθεσθαι κλέος to lay up a store of glory; χάριν κατατίθεσθαι τινι to lay up a store of gratitude for oneself with one. 3. to lay up in memory.

κατατίλω, f. ήσω, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατατιπρώσκω, f. -πρώσω, to cover with wounds, wound mortally.

κατατομή, ή, (κατατέμνω) a cutting into: outward, fleshy circumcision.

κατατοξεύω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατραγείν, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατατραυματίζω Ion. -τρωματίζω: f. ίσω Att. iw:—to cover with wounds, wound all over: of ships, to disable utterly, cripple.

κατατρέχω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατρέχω, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατατρέχω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

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κατατρέχω, f. σω, to strike down with arrows, shoot down, slay with arrows: shoot through.

κατατρέχω, aor. 2 inf. of κατατρώγω.

κατα-τρίξω, to *squeak, scream shrilly*.
 κατα-τροχάζω, f. άσω, to *run down or over*.
 κατα-τρίβω, f. ύσω, to *chatter against*.
 κατα-τρίψω, to *rub down, wear out, exhaust*. [v]
 κατα-τρώγω, fut. -τρώξομαι : aor. 2 κατέτρωγον :—
 to *gnaw in pieces, eat up*.
 κατα-τρωματίξω, Ion. for κατατρανύμ-.
 κατα-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι, to *hit one's mark, reach, gain, obtain* : absol. to *be successful*.
 κατα-αυαίνω, to *dry, parch, or wither up*.
 κατα-αυγάξω, f. άσω, to *illumine or light up* :—Med. to *gaze at*.
 κατα-αυδάω, f. ήσω, to *speal aloud, declare*.
 κατα-αυθί, or better κατ' αυθί, Adv. on the spot.
 κατα-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to *play upon the flute to one* :—
 Pass. to *have the flute played to one* : to *resound with the flute*. II. c. acc. to *overpower by flute-playing* : generally, to *strike dumb*.
 κατα-αυλιζομαι, f. ίσομαι : aor. I med. κατηλιζάμην and pass. κατηλιζέσθην : Dep. :—to *take up one's quarters, encamp, settle, lodge*.
 κατα-αυτίκα, better κατ' αυτίκα.
 κατα-αυτόθι, Adv. on the spot, for κατ' αυτόθι.
 κατα-αυχένιος, a, ov, (κατά, αυχήν) on or over the neck.
 κατα-αυχέω, f. ήσω, to *exult much in*.
 κατα-φαγειν, aor. 2 inf. of κατεσθίω, to *eat up, devour*. 2. to *consume in eating*.
 κατα-φαίνω, f. -φάνω, to *make visible*. II. Pass. to *become visible, appear*. 2. to *be clear or plain*.
 καταφάνηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of καταφαίνω. Hence καταφάνης, ές, *clearly seen, conspicuous*. 2. manifest, clear.
 κατάφαρκτος, ov, old Att. for κατάφρακτος.
 κατα-φαρμακείω, f. σω, to *anoint with drugs* : to *charm, bewitch*.
 κατα-φαρμάσσω, f. ζω, to *poison*.
 κατα-φαυλιζώ, f. σω, to *depreciate*.
 καταφερής, ές, (καταφέρωμαι) *sloping, slanting* ; εϋτε άν καταφερής γίγνηται ό ήλιος when the sun is near setting. II. inclined to a thing.
 κατα-φέρω : f. κατοίσω or κατοίσομαι : aor. I κατήνεγκα :—to *bring down* :—Pass. to *be brought down*, as by a river : to *be weighed down by sleep*. II. to *bring down from the high sea, bring to land* :—Pass. to *be carried or driven down to a place*.
 κατα-φεύγω, f. ξομαι : aor. 2 κατέφϋγον :—to *flee for refuge or betake oneself to, to have recourse to*. Hence
 κατα-φευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must *betake oneself*.
 κατά-φευξις, εως, ή, *flight for refuge*. 2. a *place of refuge*.
 κατά-φημι, to *say yes, assent to*.
 κατα-φημίζω, f. σω and ζω, to *spread a report, announce, proclaim*.
 κατα-φθάτομαι, Dep. (κατά, φθατέω or φθατάω = φθάνω) :—to *take first possession of, occupy*.
 κατα-φθείρω, f. -φερῶ, to *bring to nothing, ruin*.

κατα-φθίνω, = καταφθίω. [v]
 κατα-φθίνω : aor. I κατεφθίγησα : pf. κατεφθίγηκα :—to *waste away, decay, perish*.
 κατα-φθίω, I. Causal in fut. καταφθίσω [r], aor. I κατέφθισα, to *ruin, destroy, kill*. II. intrans. in pf. pass. κατέφθιμαι, Ep. aor. 2 κατεφθίμην [r], inf. -φθίσθαι :—to *be destroyed, ruined, waste away, perish* ; ώς καταφθίσθαι ώφελος O that thou hadst perished : part. καταφθίμενος, *dead, departed*.
 καταφθορά, ή, (καταφθίρω) *destruction, ruin, death* : metaph. *confusion, distraction*.
 κατα-φιλέω, f. ήσω, to *kiss tenderly, caress*.
 κατα-φλέγω, f. ζω, to *burn down, consume*.
 καταφλεξι-πολις, ό, ή, (καταφλέγω, πόλις) *inflamer of cities*.
 κατά-φλεξις, εως, ή, (καταφλέγω) *a burning*.
 κατα-φοβέω, f. ήσω, to *strike with fear or dismay* :—Pass., with fut. med. φοβήσομαι, aor. I κατεφοβήθην, to *be afraid of*.
 κατα-φοιτάω, Ion. -έω, to *come down regularly*.
 κατα-φονεύω, f. σω, to *slaughter, butcher, slay*.
 κατα-φορέω, f. ήσω, to *carry down or along* : of a river, to *carry down with the stream* :—Pass. to *be so carried down*.
 κατα-φράζω, f. σω, to *declare*. II. Med., with fut. -φράσομαι, aor. I med. -εφρασαμην, pass. -εφράσθην :—to *think upon, reflect upon* : to *remark, observe*.
 κατάφρακτος, ov, *covered, decked* : sbut up in. From κατα-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to *cover, fence in*.
 κατα-φρονέω, f. ήσω, to *think slightly of, disdain, despise* : to *scorn, contemn*. II. to *fix one's thoughts upon, think of* : also to *aim at, Lat. affectare*. III. to *think arrogantly, to presume* : and simply to *think, suppose*. Hence
 καταφρόνημα, atos, τό, *contempt of others* ; μη φρόνημα μόνον, αλλά καταφρόνημα not only spirit, but a spirit of disdain : and
 καταφρόνησις, εως, ή, a *low opinion of others* : presumption : and
 καταφρονητής, ου, ό, a *despiser* : and
 καταφρονητικός, ή, όν, *contemptuous, disdainful*. Adv. -κάς, scornfully.
 κατα-φροντιζώ, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to *think or study a thing away*.
 κατα-φρύγω, f. ζω, to *burn away*.
 κατα-φυγάνω, = καταφεύγω.
 καταφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of καταφεύγω. Hence καταφύγη, ή, a *refuge, place of refuge*.
 κατα-φυλάδων, Adv., for κατά φυλάς, in tribes, by tribes or clans.
 κατα-φυλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to *guard well*.
 κατα-φυλλορέω, f. ήσω, to *shed leaves* : to *decay*.
 κατά-φύτος, ov, (κατά, φυτόν) *well-planted*.
 κατα-φωράω, f. άσω [ā], to *catch in a theft* : generally, to *catch in the act, detect, discover*.
 κατα-φωτίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιώ, to *illuminate, light up*.
 κατα-χαίρω, f. -χαρήσω, to *exult over one*.

κατα-χαλαζώ, f. ἦσω, to shower down like hail on one.

κατά-χαλκος, ον, (κατά, χαλκός) covered with brass; κατάχαλκον πεδίον the plain gleaming with brassen armour. Hence

κατα-χαλκός, f. ὦσω, to cover with brass.

κατα-χαρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι; Att. ἰούμαι, to do or give up a thing out of courtesy: generally, to flatter, curry favour.

κατόχαρμα, ατος, τό, (καταχαίρω) a mockery, Lat. ludibrium.

κατα-χέξω, f. -χέσομαι, to befoul, Lat. concacare.

κατα-χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, to vote by show of hands against: generally, to vote against. Hence

καταχειροτονία, ἡ, condemnation by show of hands.

καταχεύαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of καταχέω.

κατα-χέω, Ep. -χέω: fut. -χέω: aor. I κατέχεα Ep. κατέχευα:—Pass., aor. I κατεχύθη [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 κατεχύθη [ῥ], 3 sing. and pl. κατέχου, χατέχωντο:—to pour down, shed upon or over, to shower down: to throw, cast down: to let fall upon. 2. to melt down.

II. Med. to let flow down, esp. of the hair. 2. to have or cause to be melted down; χρυσὸν καταχέασθαι.

καταχίγη, ἡ, (καταχαίνω) derision, mockery.

κατα-χίρηύω, f. σω, to pass in widowhood.

κατ-ἄχης, ἐς, Dor. for κατηχῆς.

κατ-ἄχθωμαι, Pass. to be grieved or distressed.

κατα-χθόνιος, ον, (κατά, χθών) subterranean, infernal.

κατα-χορδεύω, f. σω, to cut in strips.

κατα-χραίνομαι, Dep. to spot or sprinkle.

κατα-χράωμαι, f. -χρήσομαι: Dep.:—to make use of, apply: to use to the uttermost, use up, consume. 2. to misuse, misapply. 3. of persons, to make away with, destroy, despatch. II. the Act. καταχράω is only used impers. in 3 sing., κατάχρα, it is enough, it suffices; so impf. κατέχρα it sufficed; fut. καταχρήσει it will suffice: once with a nom., ἀντὶ λόφου ἡ λοφή κατέχρα the name sufficed, served as a crest.

κατα-χρεῖομαι, Pass. to be ill treated.

κατα-χρέμπτωμαι, Dep. to spit upon or at, in sign of contempt.

κατα-χρηστέον, verb. Adj. of καταχράωμαι, one must use or abuse.

κατά-χρυσος, ον, covered with gold, gilded. Hence

καταχρυσώω, f. ὦσω, to cover with gold, to gild.

κατα-χρώζω, also -χρώννυμι and -ῶω: f. -χρώσω:—to colour, tinge: to soil, tarnish.

καταχύθη, (καταχέω) Adv. pouring down, i. e. profusely, lavishly. [ῥ]

κατάχυσμα, ατος, τό, (καταχέω) that which is poured on or over: in pl. handfuls of nuts and figs, which were showered over a bride, or any new-comer, in sign of welcome.

κατα-χωνεύω, f. σω, to melt down.

κατα-χώννυμι or -ῶω, fut. -χώσω, to cover with a bear or mound, bury, inter.

κατα-χωρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to set or place in, establish in a place or spot.

καταχῶσαι, aor. I inf. of καταχώννυμι.

κατα-ψακάω, Att. for καταψεκάω.

κατα-ψάω, f. -ψήσω, to stroke with the hand.

κατα-ψεκάω Att. -ψακάω, f. ἄσω, to drop down on, bedew.

κατα-ψεύδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to feign, invent; καταψευθεσθαι τινος to tell lies against one: to say falsely, pretend.

κατα-ψευδομαρτύρεω, f. ἦσω, to bear false witness against:—Pass. to be borne down by false witness.

κατάψευστος, ον, (καταψεύδομαι) feigned, fabulous.

κατα-ψηφίζομαι, fut. ἴσομαι Att. ἰούμαι, to vote against or in condemnation of:—as Pass. to be condemned.

κατα-ψήγω, f. -ψήξω, to rub or grate down:—Pass. to crumble away. II. metaph. = καταψάω.

κατα-ψύχω, f. ξω, to cool, refresh. [ῥ]

κατέαγα, pf. of κατάγνυμι:—κατεάγην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass.

κατεάγων, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. pass. of κατάγνυμι. κατέαξα, aor. I of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαξω, late fut. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέαται, Ion. for κἀθηται, 3 pl. of κἀθημαι.

κατέατο, Ion. for ἐκἀθητο, 3 pl. impf. of κἀθημαι.

κατέβα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 of καταβαίω.

κατέβαν, for κατέβησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of καταβαίω.

κατέβην, aor. 2 of καταβαίω.

κατέβηστο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of καταβαίω.

κατεβλήκευμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of καταβλᾶ-κεύω, slothfully, sluggishly.

κατ-εγγυῶ, f. ἦσω: (κατά, ἐγγήη):—to pledge, betroth. II. as Att. law-term, to make responsible, compel to give security or bail.

κατ-εγγυη, ἡ, bail, security given.

κατεγέλω, impf. of καταγελάω.

κατεγέλη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2; see γηράσκω.

κατ-εγχεύω, f. -χεύω, to pour down into.

κατέδησα, aor. I of καταδέω (A).

κατέδομαι, fut. of κατεσθίω.

κατέδραθον, for κατέδραθον, aor. 2 of καταδραθάνω.

κατέδραμον, aor. 2 of κατατρέχω.

κατέδυν, aor. 2 of καταδύνω.

κατέδω, Ep. for κατεσθίω.

κατεηγώς, Ion. pf. part. of κατάγνυμι.

κατέθηστο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατέθηκα, aor. I of κατατίθημι.

κατ-εἴβω, poet. for καταλείβω, to let flow down, shed:—Med. to flow apace, trickle down: metaph., αἰὼν κατέβητο life ebbed or passed away.

κατείδέναι, inf. pf. of *κατείδω.

*κατ-εἶδω, I. in aor. 2 κατέιδον, inf. κατείδν (which serves as aor. 2 of καθοράω), to look down upon, contemplate, observe; so also in aor. 2 med. κατείδωμην, inf. κατείδεσθαι. II. in pf. κἀτοιδα, inf. κατείδέναι, to know well, to be assured of.

κατ-εἰδωλος, ον, (κατά, εἰδωλον) *given to idols*.
κατ-εκάξω, f. άσω, *to liken to*:—Pass. *to be or be-
come like*.

II. *to guess, surmise, conjecture*: of
evil, *to suspect*.

κατ-ειλέω, f. ήσω, *to force into a place, coor up*:—
Pass. *to be cooped up*.

κατέληφα, κατέλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of κατα-
λαμβάνω.

κατ-ειλίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατειλίχαστο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of καθελίσσω.

κατ-ειλύω, f. ύσω [υ], *to cover up, wrap up*.

κάτ-εμ-: Ep. aor. I med. *καταιεμάμν*: (κατά, εἴμ
ίδο) *to go or come down: to go down to the sea; but
also, to sail down from the high sea to land: of a river,
to flow down: of a wind, to sweep down*. II. *to
come back, return: of exiles, to return home*.

κατείναι, Ion. for καθείναι, aor. 2 inf. of καθήμι.

κατ-εἰνύμι, Ion. for καθέννυμι.

κατεῖπα, aor. I = κατεῖπον.

κατεῖπον, inf. *κατειπεῖν*, without any pres. in use:
(κατά, εἶπον): *to speak against, to accuse, charge*. II.
to speak out, declare, tell plainly. 2. *to denounce,
tell, to inform of*.

κατειργαθόμην, poët. aor. 2 med. of κατείρωγ.

κατ-εἰργνύμι and -ύω, = κατείρωγ.

κατ-εἰρωγ Ion. -έρωγ, f. ξω, *to shut in, enclose, con-
fine*:—*to press hard, reduce to straits*. II. *to binder.
κατ-εἰρώω, Ion. for κατερίνω*.

κατ-εἰρωνεύομαι, Dep. *to use irony towards, banter*:
to dissemble.

κατ-εισάγω, f. άξω, *to bring in to one's own loss*. [ᾱ]

κατέκειρα, aor. I of κατακέιρω.

κατέκηα, aor. I of κατακαίω.

κατέκλασα, aor. I of κατακλάω.

κατεκλάσθη, aor. I pass. of κατακλάω.

κατεκλάχθη, Dor. aor. I pass. of κατακλέω.

κατέκλυσα, aor. I of κατακλύζω.

κατέκλωγ, contr. impf. of κατακλάω.

κατεκρίθη, aor. I pass. of κατακρίνω.

κατέκταν, Ep. aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κατέκταθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατα-
κτείνω.

κατέκτανον, aor. 2 of κατακτείνω.

κατέλαβον, aor. 2 of καταλαμβάνω.

κατ-ελαύνω: fut. -ελάσω Att. -ελώ: aor. I *κατή-
λασα*:—*to drive down: to master*.

κατ-ελέγχω, f. -γξω, *to convict of falsehood: to belie*.

κατέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταλέγω.

κατ-ελεύσομαι, fut. of κατέρχομαι.

κατελήφθη, aor. I pass. of καταλαμβάνω.

κατελθείν Ep. -θέμεν, aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατ-ελίσσω, Ion. for καθελίσσω.

κατ-ελκύω, Ion. for καθελκύω.

κατ-ελπίζω, f. ήσω, *to hope confidently*.

κάτεμεν, Ion. I pl. aor. 2 of καθήμι.

κατ-εναίρομαι, Dep., with aor. I med. *κατενηρά-
μην*, and also aor. 2 act. *κατενάρον*:—*to kill, slay,
slaughter*.

κατ-εναντίον, also κατ-έναντι, Adv. (κατά, έναντίος)
over against, opposite, fronting.

κατ-ενάριζω, f. ξω, strengthd. for *εναρίζω*, *to kill*.

κατένασσα, Ep. aor. I of καταναίω.

κατενεχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of καταφέρω.

κατ-ενήνοθε, pf. with no pres. in use, *it was upon, it
lay upon, κόνυς κατενήνοθεν ύμους*: cf. *ἐπ-ενήνοθε,
παρ-ενήνοθε*; the simple *ἐνήνοθε* does not occur.

κατενήρατο, 3 sing. aor. I of καταναίρομαι.

κατενεθίν, Dor. aor. 2 inf. of κατέρχομαι.

κατενούησαν [υ], 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of καταύσσω.

κατ-ένωπα and κατ-ενώπιον, Adv. (κατά, ένωπή)
right over against, right opposite, fronting.

κατ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην,
to rise up against, contend against.

κατέξανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of καταξάινω.

κατέξνομενός, ό, *received as a guest*, pf. part. pass.
of καταξένω.

κατ-εξουσιάζω, f. άσω, *to exercise authority over*.

κατ-επαγγέλλομαι, Med. *to make a contract or en-
gagement with one*.

κατ-επάγω, f. άξω, *to bring down upon, bring one
thing quickly upon another*.

κατεπάλλεμος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of κατεφάλλομαι.

κατέπαλτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπάλλω.

κατ-επείγω, f. ξω, *to press down, oppress*. 2. *to
urge, impel, stimulate, hasten*; τὸ κατεπείγων *urgent
necessity*.

II. intr. *to hurry, make haste*.

κατέπεσον, aor. 2 of καταπίπτω.

κατεπέστη, aor. 2 of κατεπίσθημι.

κατέπεφνον, redupl. aor. 2 of καταφένω.

κατέπηκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπηξα, aor. I of καταπήγνυμι.

κατέπλᾶσα, aor. I of καταπλάσσω.

κατέπλευσα, aor. I of καταπλέω.

κατέπληγην, aor. 2 pass. of καταπλήσσω.

κατέπτῦσα, aor. I of καταπτύω.

κατ-εργάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι: aor. I *κατεργάσθην*:
pf. *κατείργασμαι*: Dep. (but aor. I and pf. are also
used in pass. sense):—*to effect, accomplish, ac-
chieve*.

2. like Lat. *conficere*, *to make an end of,
destroy, despatch*: hence *to overpower, conquer*:—pf.
in pass. sense, *to be overcome*. 3. in good sense,
to prevail upon, persuade, influence:—aor. I in pass.
sense, *to be prevailed on*.

II. *to work in, make*:
κατεργάζεσθαι μέλι *to make honey*: also *to manufac-
ture*.

III. *of things, to earn, to acquire by labour*:
absol. *to go to work*.

κατ-έργω, Ion. for κατείρωγ.

κατερεκτός or -ερικτός, όν, *bruised*. From
κατ-ερίκω, *to tear, rend*:—Med. *to rend one's gar-
ments*.

II. *to bruise or grind down*; metaph.,
κατερέικεν θυμόν *to wear away one's mind*.

κατ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, *to throw or cast down: to de-
molish, dismantle, lay waste*. II. intr. in aor. 2

κατήριπον, pf. *κατηρήριπα*, *to fall down, fall in*.

κατέρεξα, Ep. aor. I of καταρρέω.

κατ-ερεύω, f. ξω, *to belch at or upon*.

κατ-ερέφω, f. ἔω, to cover, roof:—Med. to roof over for oneself.

κατ-ερέω, Ion. for κατερῶ, serving as fut. (with pf. κατέρηκα), of the aor. κατέπιν:—to speak against, accuse, c. gen.: also c. acc. to denounce, impeach, arraign. 2. to say plainly, speak out: Pass., κατερίσεται it shall be declared.

κατερήριπα, intr. pf. of κατερέπω.

κατ-ερητύω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]:—to keep in, detain, confine.

κατ-ερρίβην [ῥ], aor. 2 pass. of καταρίβω.

κατέρωγα, intrans. pf. of καταρῆγγυμι.

κατερύκνω, poet. for κατερύκω. [ῥ]

κατ-ερύκω [ῥ]: f. ἔω, to hold back, detain.

κατ-ερύω Ion. —εἰρύω: f. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I κατεῖρῶσα: Pass., pf. κατεῖρυσμαι:—to draw or haul down: of ships, to draw down to the water, launch, Lat. *deducere navis*.

κατ-έρχομαι, fut. κατελεύσομαι: aor. 3 κατήλυθον contr. κατήλθον, inf. κατελθεῖν: Dep.:—to go down, esp. to the coast: of things, to fall down: of a river, to flow or run down. II. to come back, return: of exiles, to return home.

κατερῶ, v. sub κατερέω.

κατέσβεσα, aor. I of κατασβέννυμι.

κατέσβηκα, κατέσβην, intrans. pf. and aor. 2 of κατασβέννυμι.

κατ-εσθλω, f. κατέδομαι: pf. κατεδήδοκα Ep. κατέδηδα: pf. pass. κατεδήδεσμαι:—to eat up, devour, prey upon.

κατέσκαμμα, pf. pass. of κατασκάπτω.

κατέσκευασμαι, pf. pass. of κατασκευάζω.

κατέσκεψάμην, aor. I med. of κατασκοπέω.

κατέσκηλκα, intr. pf. of κατασκέλλω.

κατέσπειρα, aor. I of κατασπείρω.

κατέσπεισα, aor. I of κατασπένδω.

κατέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of κατασεύομαι.

κατέστανθην, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of καθίστημι.

κατέσταλμαι, pf. pass. of καταστέλλω.

κατέστειλα, aor. I of καταστείβω.

κατεστώς, Ion. pf. part. of καθίστημι.

κατέστην, aor. 2 of καθίστημι: κατέστησα, aor. I.

κατέστησαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of καθίστημι.

κατεστόρεσα, aor. I of καταστορέννυμι.

κατεστράφατο, Ion. for κατεστραμμένοι ἦσαν, 3 pl. plprf. pass. of καταστρέφω.

κατέστρωσα, aor. I of καταστρώννυμι.

κατέστρυγον, aor. 2 of καταστρύγω.

κατετάκετο, Dor. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατατήκω.

κατέτηξα, aor. I of κατατήκω.

κάτευγμα, atos, τό, (κατεύχομαι) a vow, wish, prayer: esp. for evil, an imprecation, curse. II. a votive offering.

κατ-ευθύ or -ευθύς, Adv. straight forward.

κατ-ευθύω, f. ἴνω, to make straight, set right: to guide, direct, conduct.

κατ-εννάζω, fut. άσω, to lull to sleep:—Pass. to lie down to sleep; Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I κατένωσθεν.

κατευνάω, f. ἴσω, to put to sleep, compose to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep.

κατευνησάμην, aor. I opt. of κατευνάω.

κατ-ενυτρεπίξω, f. σω, to get ready, set in order, prepare.

κατ-ευφημέω, f. ἴσω, to praise loudly, extol.

κατ-ευφραίνω, f. ἴνω, to gladden or delight much.

κατευχή, ἤ, a wish, prayer, vow. From

κατ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to pray earnestly: to pray to one: absol. to make a vow, pray. 2. to pray for evil on one, invoke a curse. II. to boast.

κατ-ευωχέομαι, Pass. to feast, make merry.

κατέφαγον, used as aor. 2 of κατεσθίω.

κατ-εφόλλομαι, Dep. to spring down upon, rush upon; κατεπάλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part.

κατέφθιτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταφθίω.

κατ-εφίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. κατεπέστην, pf. κατέφεστηκα, to rise up again.

κατέφυγον, aor. 2 of καταφεύγω.

κατέχυτο, κατέχυντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of καταχέω.

κατ-έχω: fut. καθέξω and κατασχίσω: aor. 2 κάτ-εσχον poet. -έσχθηον: I. trans. to hold, keep back, withhold: to check, restrain:—Pass. to stop, cease.

II. to possess, occupy, keep, dwell in: to seize, take possession of, occupy with soldiers. 2. to cover, encompass: also in Med., πρόσωπα κατέσχετο she covered her face: generally, to hide, keep concealed.

III. intrans. to check oneself: to hold, stop, cease. 2. to come from the high sea to shore, land, touch, put in. 3. to come to pass, happen; εἰ κατασχίσει it will turn out well. 4. of a report, to prevail, be frequent: to have the upper hand.

IV. Med. to keep back from oneself, embezzle: also to blind.

κατήγαγον, aor. 2 of κατάγω.

κατηγγέλην, aor. 2 pass. of καταγγέλλω.

κατηγεμών, κατηγέομαι, etc., Ion. for καθηγ-.

κατήγητο, 3 sing. impf. pass. of κατάγω.

κατ-ηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (κατήγορος) to speak against, to accuse, arraign. 2. to lay a thing to one's charge:—Pass., κατηγορείται τι τινός a charge is brought against him. 3. absol. to be an accuser, appear as prosecutor. 4. generally, to signify, indicate, prove, intimate. Hence

κατηγορία, ἤ, an accusation, charge.

κατήγορος, ὁ, (κατά, ἀγορεύω) an accuser: betrayer.

κατήκισμαι, pf. pass. of κατακίζω.

κατήκοος, ον, (κατακούω) listening to, attentive: as Subst. a listener, spy, eavesdropper. II. bearken-

ing to, obeying: as Subst. a subject. III. bearken-

ing to, giving ear to.

κατ-ήκω, Ion. for καθήκω.

κατήλθον, aor. 2 of κατέρχομαι.

κατήλιψ, ἴφος, ἤ, the upper story of a house: a staircase or ladder. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κατηλλάχθην, κατηλλάγην [ῥ], aor. I and 2 pass. of καταλλάσσω.

κατ-ηλογέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, λόγος) to make of small account, slight, despise.

κατῆλθον, uncontr. form of κατήλθον. Hence

κατήλθις, εως, ἡ, a going down, descent.

κάτῃμαι, Ion. for κάθῃμαι.

κατημελημένος, pf. part. pass. of καταμελέω.

κατηναρίσθη, -ίσμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of καταναρίζω.

κατήνεγκα, aor. I of καταφέρω.

κατηνθρακώθη, -ώμαι, aor. I and pf. pass. of κατανθρακώω.

κατήνυσα, aor. I of κατανύω.

κατήρορος or κατήρορος, ον, Dor. -άρορος, (κατά, αἰ-
αρέω) banging down : banging on or to.

κατ-ηπιώω, f. άσω, (κατά, ἥπιος) to soothe, assuage :

—Er. 3 pl. impf. pass. κατηπιώνω.

κατηράμενος, pf. part. of καταράομαι.

κατηράσω [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. I of καταράομαι.

κατηράτο, 3 sing. impf. of καταράομαι.

κατ-ηρεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to calm, appease, quiet.

κατ-ηρεφής, ές, (κατά, έρέφω) covered over, over-
banging, overarched ; δάφνησι κατηρεφές oversha-
dowed with laurels ; κατηρεφή πόδα τιθέναι to keep
the foot covered by the fall of the robe, of one who
stands still, opp. to ὀρθόν πόδα τιθέναι. 2. c. gen.
covered with, laden with.

κατ-ηρης, ες, (κατά, ὀρεῖν) fitted out, furnished,
supplied : of ships, furnished with oars.

κατηρθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of καταριθμέω.

κατήριπον, aor. 2 of κατερέπω.

κατηρτίσω, 2 sing. aor. I med. of καταρτίζω.

κατήρτισμαι, pf. pass. of καταρτίζω.

κατήστο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κάθῃμαι.

κατήφεια Ion. -είη, ἡ, (κατηφής) a casting the eyes
downwards : dejection, sorrow, shame.

κατηφῶ, f. ἦσω, to be downcast, struck dumb. From
κατηφής, ές, (κατά, φάος) with downcast eyes, de-
jected, downcast, struck dumb. Hence

κατηφών, ὄνος, ὁ, one who causes shame, a disgrace.

κατ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to resound. II. to sound a

thing in one's ears, din it into one :—Pass. to be in-
formed of a thing. 2. to teach by word of mouth,

teach the elements of religion :—Pass. to be instructed
in these elements ; aor. I κατηχῆθη, pf. κατήχημαι.

κατ-ηχής, ές, (κατά, ἦχος) sounding, resounding.

κατήχηθη, aor. I pass. of κατάγω.

κάθᾶνον, Ep. aor. 2 of καταθνήσκει.

καθᾶνούμαι, fut. of καταθνήσκει.

καθᾶψαι, Ep. aor. I inf. of κατάπτω.

κατ-θείην, poet. aor. 2 opt. of κατατίθημι.

καθήμεν, Ep. for καταθέναι, aor. 2 inf. of κατατί-
θημι : but κάθημεν, Ep. I plur. of same.

κάθητε, κάθησαν, Ep. 2 and 3 pl. aor. 2 of κατα-
τίθημι.

καθήμεθα, Ep. and I pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

καθήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. of κατατίθημι.

κάθηε, Ep. for κατάθου, aor. 2 imperat. med. of
κατατίθημι.

καθέσθη, Ep. 2 pl. aor. 2 med. of κατατίθημι.

κατ-ιάπτω, f. ψω, to harm, hurt, damage.

κατιάσι, 3 pl. of κάτειμι (έἰμι ἰδο).

κατιάσι, Ion. for καθιάσι, 3 pl. of καθίημι.

κατιδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of καθοράω.

κατιδέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of καθοράω.

κατ-ίζω, Ion. for καθίζω.

κατ-ίημι, Ion. for καθίημι.

κατ-ιθύνο, Ion. for κατεθύνω.

κατ-ικτεύω, Ion. for καθικτεύω.

κατ-ιλύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], (κατά, ἰλύς) to fill with mud
or dirt.

κατίμεν, Ep. inf. of κάτειμι (έἰμι ἰδο).

κατιπάζομαι, κατιπρόω, κατίστημι, Ion. for καθ-.

κάτισθι, 2 sing. imperat. of κάτοιδα, v. *κατέιδω.

κατ-ισχναίνω, to make to waste away, bring down.

κατ-ισχύω, f. ύσω [ῦ], to have power over, prevail
against, overpower, c. gen. II. intr. to come to
one's full strength, be in full vigour.

κατ-ίγχο, collat. pres. form of κατέχω, to hold
back, hold in, restrain, Lat. detineo :—Med. to keep
by one. II. to possess, occupy. III. to guide
or steer for a place. IV. intr. to light upon ; σέ-
λας κατῆρχε ἐξ οὐρανόυ the light comes down upon
the place from heaven.

κατιών, ὄσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of κάτειμι (έἰμι ἰδο).

κάτ-οδος, Ion. for κάθοδος.

κάτ-οιδα, pf. of *κατέιδω.

κατ-ουκέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in, inhabit :—Pass. to be
dwelt in, inhabited : of persons, to be settled in a
place. 2. of a state, to be administered, regulated.

Hence

κατοίκησις, εως, ἡ, a settling in a place : dwelling.

κατοικητήριος, α, ον, (κατοικέω) fit for inhabiting ;

κατοικητήριον (sub. χωριον), τό, a dwelling-place.

κατοικία, ἡ, (κατοικέω) a dwelling, habitation. II.
a colony.

κατ-ουκίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to bring or remove into
a dwelling persons as colonists :—Pass. to be placed,
settled. II. to colonise a place :—Pass., of places,
to have colonies planted there, to be colonised or estab-
lished. III. to bring home, restore to one's country.

Hence

κατοίκισις, εως, ἡ, a planting with inhabitants, colo-
nisation.

κατ-ουκομέω, f. ἦσω, to build on or in a place.

κάτ-οικος, ον, (κατά, οἶκος) dwelling in, inhabiting :
as Subst., κάτοικος, ὁ, an inhabitant.

κατ-ουκτεῖρω, to have compassion on. II. intr.
to feel compassion, shew pity.

κατ-ουκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to have compassion on
another :—Med., with aor. I pass. κατωκίσθη, to pity
oneself, to bewail, lament. II. to cause or excite
pity.

κατ-ουκτίσις, εως, ἡ, a pitying, compassion.

κατ-ουκτώω, fut. -ώσομαι, to bewail, lament.

κάτ-οινος, ον, (κατά, οἶνος) drunken with wine.

κατόισμαι, fut. of καταφέρω.

κατ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχῆσομαι, Dep. to have gone down; οἱ κατοιχόμενοι, the departed.

κατ-οκνέω, f. ἦσω, to shrink from doing a thing.

κατοκωχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) a being possessed, possession. Hence

κατοκώχμιος, ον, held in possession, detained. II. capable of being possessed, frantic.

κατ-ολισθάνω, f. ἕξω, to slip down.

κατ-όλλυμαι, Pass., with pf. act. -όλωλα: (κατά, ὀλλυμι):—to perish utterly.

κατ-ολοθύω, f. ἕξω, to sbriek over.

κατ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to bewail, lament. [ῦ]

κατ-ομβρέω, f. ἦσω, (κατά, ὄμβρος) to rain upon:—Pass. to be rained upon: to be wet as with rain.

κατ-όμνυμι and -όω: fut. -ομοῦμαι: aor. I -ώμοσα:—to swear to, confirm by oath. 2. c. acc. pers. to call to witness, swear by. 3. c. gen. pers. to take an oath against, accuse on oath.

κατ-ονίμμι, fut. -ονήσω, to be of use, profit, advantage:—Med. to have the benefit of, enjoy. [νῖ]

κατ-όνομαι, Dep. to blame, slight.

κάτ-οξυς, εια, υ, (κατά, ὄξυς) very sharp, piercing.

κατ-οπάξω, f. ἄσω, to follow after.

κατ-όπι, Adv., = κατόπισθε.

κατ-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, (κατά, ὄπισθε) Adv. of Place, behind, after, in the rear. II. of Time, hereafter.

κατ-οπιτεύω, f. σω, (κατόπτης) to spy out, observe.

κατ-οπήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κατά, ὀπήρ) a spy, scout.

κατ-όπτης, ον, ὄ, = κατοπήρ,

κάτ-οπος, ον, (κατά, ὄφομαι) to be seen, visible: c. gen. to be seen from a place, within sight of.

κατοπτρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to shew as in a mirror: Med. to behold oneself in a mirror. 2. in Med. also to reflect as in a mirror. From

κάτοπτρον, τό, (κάτοπτος) a mirror, Lat. speculum, anciently of polished metal.

κατ-οράω, Ion. for καθοράω.

κατ-οργάνιζω, f. ἴσω, to sound with music through.

κατ-ορθόω, f. ὄσω: aor. I κατόρθωσα:—to set upright, erect. 2. metaph. to keep straight, set right: to direct or manage well: absol. to be right in a thing:—Pass. to succeed, prosper: also to be well determined or purposed. II. intr. to be successful, go on prosperously. Hence

κατόρθωμα, ατος, τό, that which is done rightly: a right action. 2. a success.

κατ-ορούω, f. σω, to rush downwards.

κατ-ορρωδέω Ion. καταρρ-, f. ἦσω, to be dismayed at, dread. II. absol. to be afraid.

κατ-ορύσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: fut. I pass. -ορυχθήσομαι, fut. 2 -ορύχῃσομαι:—to bury, inter: to bide in the ground.

κατ-ορχόμαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to dance in triumph over, Lat. insultare: hence to treat spitefully, insult. II. to charm by dancing.

κατ-όσσομαι, Dep. to contemplate, behold.

κατ-ότι, Adv. Ion. for καθ' ὅ τι.

κατ-ουδαίος, ον, (κατά, οὔδας) under the earth.

κατ-ουλόω, f. ὄσω, (κατά, οὔλη) to make to cicatrise or form a scar over:—Pass. to cicatrise, heal over.

κατ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

κατ-ουριζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to waft with a fair wind. II. intr. to sail before the wind, come safe to port.

κατ-ουρόω, f. ὄσω, = κατουρίζω.

κατ-οφρύρομαι, (κατά, ὄφρυς) to contract the eyebrows, frown.

κατοχή, ἡ, (κατέχω) a holding fast, detention. 2. possession by a god.

κατόχμιος, ον, incorrect form of κατονώχμιος.

κάτοχος, ον, (κατέχω) holding fast. II. pass. held fast, overpowered, constrained. 2. possessed, inspired.

κατ-όψιος, ον, (κατά, ὄψις) full in sight, opposite.

κατόψια, used as fut. of καθοράω.

κατ-τά, κατ-τάδε, Dor. for κατὰ τά, κατὰ τάδε.

κατ-τάνυσαν, Ep. for κατετάνυσαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κατατανύω.

καττίτρος, Att. for κασσίτρος, tin.

κάττιμα, καττιώ, Att. for κάσσιμα, κασσύω.

κατ-τώ, Dor. for κατὰ τοῦ.

κατ-υβρίζω, κατ-υπέρθε, κατ-υπέρτερος, Ion. for καθ-.

κατ-υπνός, Ion. for καθυπνός.

κάτω, Adv. (κατά) down, downwards. II. beneath, below, underneath, opp. to ἄνω. 2. ὀ of κάτω, those in the nether world, the dead: also, dwellers on the coast or in the plain, as opp. to those inland or on the hills. 3. ἄνω καὶ κάτω, or ἄνω κάτω upside down. III. c. gen. under, below: down from. IV. Comp. κατωτέρω: Sup. κατωτάτω.

κατ-ώγειος, ον, Att. κατώγειος, ων, gen. ω, = κατώγειος.

κάτωθε, before a vowel -θεν, Adv. (κάτω) from below, up from below. II. below, beneath.

κατ-ώθει, f. -ήσω: aor. I -έωσα, to thrust down.

κάτω-κάρα, Adv. (κάτω, κάρα) head downwards. [κά]

κατώκησα, aor. I of κατοικέω.

κατώκισθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κατοικίζω.

κατ-ωμάδιος, α, ον, (κατά, ὤμος) down from the shoulder, δίσκος κατωμάδιος a quoit thrown down from the shoulder. II. borne on the shoulder.

κατ-ωμάδων, Adv. (κατά, ὤμος) from the shoulder, with the whole arm.

κατωμοσία, ἡ, (κατόμνημι) an oath taken against one, accusation on oath.

κατω-νάκη, ἡ, (κάτω, νάκος) a coarse frock with a border of sheepskin (νάκος). [νῆ]

κατ-ωραΐζομαι, Ion. for καθωραΐζομαι.

κατόρθωσα, aor. I of κατορθόω: but κατόρθωσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass.

κατ-ώρυξ, ὄχος, ὄ, ἡ, (κατορύσσω) imbedded in the earth. II. buried, bidden in the ground, under ground. III. as Subst., κατόρυξ, ἡ, a pit, cavern.

κατώτατος, ὄ, ον, (κάτω) the lowest.

κατωτάτω, Adv. Sup. of κάτω, at the lowest part.
 κατώτερος, α, ον, (κάτω) lower: of Time, later.
 κατωτέρω, Adv. Comp. of κάτω, lower than, further downwards.
 κατο-φάγας, οὐ ἢ δ, (κάτω, φαγῆν) glutton, the name of a bird in Aristophanes.
 κατο-φερίης, ἐς, (κάτω, φέρομαι) banging downwards, precipitous.
 κατ-ωχράω, f. ἤσω, (κατά, ὠχρός) to turn very pale.
 καυάζαις, for καυφάζαις (with the digamma), 2 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of καυάγγυμι.
 καυλίσιος, η, ον, made of stalk or stick. From
 ΚΑΥΛΟΣ, ὅ, a stalk, stem. 2. a bundle, shaft: spear-shaft: the hilt of a sword.
 καῦμα, ατος, τό, (καίω) burning heat, as of the sun; καύματος, absol. in the heat. II. feverish heat. Hence
 καυιδίτιω, f. ἴσω, to scorch, wither by heat.
 καυνάκης, ου, ὅ, a Persian garment. [ᾶ] (Foreign word.)
 ΚΑΥΝΟΣ, ὅ, a lot.
 καυσία, ἡ, (καίω) a heat-shade, name of a broad-brimmed Macedonian hat.
 καυσίμος, ον, (καίω) fit for burning, combustible.
 καύσις, εως, ἡ, (καίω) a burning: burning heat. Hence
 καυσόμοι, Pass. to be on fire, intensely hot.
 καύστερα, fem. Adj. with no masc. in use, burning.
 καυστήριον, see καυτήριον.
 καύσω, fut. of καίω.
 καύσων, ανος, ὅ, (καίω) burning heat: a scorching wind.
 καυτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (καίω) a burner.
 καυτηριάω, f. ἴσω, to sear with red-hot iron:—metaph. in Pass. to be seared in conscience. From
 καυτήριον, τό, (καίω) a branding-iron.
 καύτης, ου, ὅ, = καυτήρ.
 καυτός, by crasis for καὶ αὐτός.
 καυχάομαι, fut. -ήσομαι: pf. κεκαύχημαι: Dep.:—to boast or vaunt oneself. (Akin to αὐχέω, εὐχομαι.)
 καυχᾶσαι, for καυχᾶ, 2 sing. of καυχάομαι.
 καύχη, ἡ, = καύχισις, a boasting, vaunting.
 καύχημα, ατος, τό, (καυχάομαι) a vaunt, boast. 2. a subject of boasting.
 καυχῆμων, ονος, ὅ, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) boastful.
 καύχισις, εως, ἡ, (καυχάομαι) a boasting, cause of boasting.
 κᾶχάζω, f. ἄζω Dor. αζῶ, to laugh loud, Lat. cackinor: to laugh scornfully. (Formed from the sound.)
 κᾶχασμός, ὅ, (καχάζω) a loud or mocking laugh.
 κᾶχ-εταρεία, ἡ, (κακός, εταίρος) ill company.
 καχ-ήμερος, ον, (κακός, ἡμέρα) living sad days, wretched.
 καχλάζω, f. ἄσω, redupl. from χλάζω, to dasb,plash, bubble, of the sound of liquids.
 κάχληξ, ηκος, ὄ, a pebble: collectively, gravel, shingle. (Akin to χάλιξ.)

καχ-ορμισα, ἡ, (κακός, ὀρμίζω) ill barbourage.
 κάχυρις, ὄος, ἡ, = κάχυρος, parched barley.
 κᾶχ-ὑποπτος, ον, (κακός, ὑποπτος) suspecting evil, meanly suspicious.
 ΚΑΨΑ, ἡ, a box, chest, case, Lat. capsula.
 κάω [ᾶ], Att. for καίω, to burn.
 ΚΕ, and before a vowel κεν, Ep. and Ion. for ἄν, Dor. κᾶ: ἄν κε, κεν ἄν, are sometimes found together: κε is always enclit.
 κεάω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐκέασα Ep. ἐκέασσα, κέασα, and κέασα: Pass., aor. I ἐκέασθη Ep. κέασθη: (κέω, κείω):—to split, cleave: of lightning, to shiver, shatter: generally, to sever, separate, divide forcibly.
 κέαρ, ἄρος, τό, Lat. cor, the heart:—contr. κῆρ, q. v.
 κέας, part. of Att. aor. I of καίω.
 κέασα, κέασσα, Ep. aor. I of κεάω.
 κέαται, κέατο, Ep. and Ion. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.
 κέβλη or κεβλή, ἡ, contr. for κεφαλή, the head.
 κεβλή-πύρις, (κεβλή, πύρ) a bird called the redcap.
 κέχυριαιος, α, ον, (κέχυρος) of the size or shape of a grain of millet.
 κέχυριτης [ῖ], ου, ὅ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, (κέχυρος), like millet, full of small grains.
 κέχυρο-βόλος, ον, (κέχυρος, βάλλω) scattering millet.
 ΚΕΤΥΡΟΣ, ὅ, and ἡ, millet, Lat. milium: hence any small grain: also the spawn of fish.
 κέχυρώματα, αν, τά, (κέχυρος) things of the size of millet-grains: eyelet-holes in the rim of the shield.
 κεδάννυμι: f. κεδάσω: Ep. aor. I ἐκέδασσα: aor. I pass. ἐκέδασθη:—poët. for σκεδάννυμι, to scatter, disperse, break up, break in pieces.
 κεδασθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of κεδάννυμι.
 κεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηδος) careful, discreet, trusty. II. pass. cared for, dear: of things, valued, prized.
 κεδρίσιος, η, ον, (κέδρος) of cedar, made of cedar.
 κεδρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κέδρος) the cane of the cedar-tree: also a juniper-berry.
 ΚΕΔΡΟΣ, ἡ, the cedar-tree, Lat. cedrus. II. anything made of cedar; a cedar coffin or chest.
 κεδρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέδρος) made of, or inlaid with, cedar-wood.
 κέσθω, Ion. inf. of κείμαι.
 κέεται, Ion. 3 sing. of κείμαι.
 κεία, Ep. aor. I of κείω.
 κείαμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of καίω.
 κείαντες, Ep. aor. I part. pl. of καίω.
 κείαται, κείατο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. and impf. of κείμαι.
 κείθεν, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθεν, thence.
 κείθι, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείθι, there: thither.
 ΚΕΓΜΑΙ, κείσαι, κείται Ion. κέεται: 3 pl. κείνται, Ion. and Ep. κέσται, Ep. also κείαται and Ion. κέονται: so 3 pl. impf. ἐκείνω Ion. ἐκείατο Ep. κείατο, κέατο; subj. κέωμαι, κή, κήται Ep. κῆται: opt. κείοιμι: inf. κείσθαι Ion. κέεσθαι: part. κείμενος:—fut. κείσομαι Dor. κεισεύμαι. Used as Pass. to τίθημι.

Radice. sense, to be laid, to lie: to lie down, lie asleep. 2. to lie idle or at ease, be inactive: also to lie still, rest; κακὸν κείμενον abated, allayed evil. 3. of many conditions, as to lie sick, lie in weakness or old age: to lie dead, like Lat. jacere: of things, to be destroyed, overthrown, lie in ruins. 4. of a corpse, to lie unburied: also to lie uncares for, neglected.

II. of places, to lie, be situated. 2. of things, to be in or at a place, where continuance is implied. III. generally, to be in a position, be laid or placed, stand.

IV. to be laid up, laid in store: τὰ κείμενα deposits. V. to be fixed, settled, laid down; κέϊται νόμος the law is fixed, laid down; κέϊται ζημία the penalty is fixed; κέϊται ἀεθλον the prize lies ready, is proposed.

2. freq. in Homer, ταῦτα θεῶν ἐν γούνασι κέϊται these things rest on the knees of the gods, i. e. depend upon the gods; κέϊσθαι ἐν τινι to be dependent on a person.

κέϊμάν, Dor. for ἐκείμην, impf. of κέϊμαι. κειμήλιον, τό, (κέϊμαι) anything stored up, a treasure or valuable: heirloom.

κέϊμην, Ep. impf. of κέϊμαι. κείνος, κείνη, κείνο, Ion. and poet. for ἐκείνος, that, he, she, it; dat. fem. κείνη, as Adv. on that road: also in that way or manner.

κεινός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. and poet. for κενός, empty. κείνως, Adv., Ion. for ἐκείνως, in that way.

Κεῖος, ὁ, (Κεῶς) a Ceian, a man from the island Ceos: see Χίος.

κεῖρασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of κείρω. κειρία, ἡ, (κείρω) a bandage, roller, a swabbing-band. II. the cord or sacking of a bedstead.

κεῖρύλος, ὁ, for κηρύλος, a kingfisher. [ῥ]

ΚΕΪΡΩ: fut. κερῶ Ion. κέρω Ep. κέρσω: aor. I ἐκείρα Ep. ἐκείρα:—Med., fut. κερῶμαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐκέρθη: aor. 2 ἐκάρην [ᾱ]: pf. κέκαρμαι:—to clip, cut short, esp. the hair:—Med. to cut off one's own hair or have it cut off:—Pass., κεκάρθαι τὰς κεφαλὰς to have their heads shorn. 2. to cut out, hew off.

II. to ravage, waste a country, esp. by cutting down the fruit-trees. 2. generally, to cut up, devour, waste, consume, destroy.

κέϊς, contr. for καὶ εἰς.

κέϊσε, Adv., Ion. and Ep. for ἐκείσε, thither.

κεῖσέμαι, Dor. fut. of κέϊμαι.

κέϊσο, κέϊσθω, 2 and 3 sing. imperat. of κέϊμαι.

κέϊσομαι, fut. of κέϊμαι.

κέϊω, Ep. Desiderat. of κέϊμαι, to wish to lie down or sleep; βῆ κέϊων he went to lie down.

ΚΕΪΩ, to cleave, radice. form of κείζω.

κεκαδήσομαι, Ep. fut. pass. of κήδω.

κεκαδήσω, Ep. fut. of χάζω.

κέκαδμαι, Dor. for κέκασμα, q. v.

κεκάδοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of χάζω.

κεκαδών, Ep. aor. 2 part. of χάζω.

κεκαλυμένος, pf. part. pass. of καλύπτω.

κεκάλυπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of καλύπτω.

κέκαμον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of κάμνω:—subj. κέκαμω, 3 pl. κέκαμωσι.

κεκάρθαι, pf. inf. pass. of κείρω.

κεκαρμῖαι, pf. part. pass. of κείρω.

κέκασμα Dor. κέκαδμαι, pf. pass. (in pres. sense) of κείνωμαι.

κέκαυμαι, pf. pass. of καίω.

κεκαύχημαι, pf. of πανχάωμαι.

κεκάφθῳς, Ep. pf. part. of κάπτω.

κεκείνωμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of κενόω.

κεκευθει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of κεύθω.

κέκλευμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κέκλεύσονται, Ion. 3 pl. of κέκλυμαι, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλειμαι or -σμαι, pf. pass. of κλείω.

κέκλεισομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of κλείω, to sbute.

κέκλεμμαι, pf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κέκλετο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κέλομαι.

κέκλήατο, Ion. and Ep. for ἐκέκληντο, 3 pl. plqpf.

pass. of καλέω.

κέκληγα, part. κειληγῶς, pf. of κλάζω, whence is

formed a pres. part. κειληγόντες, as if from κειλήγω.

κέκληκα, pf. of καλέω.

κέκλημαι, pf. pass. of καλέω: opt. κειληγήμην, -ῆο,

-ῆτο: inf. κειληθῆσαι: part. κειλημένος.

κέκλημαι, Att. pf. pass. of κλείω, κλήω.

κεκλήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of καλέω.

κεκλήσονται, Ion. and Ep. for κέκλινται, 3 pl. pf. pass.

of κλίνω.

κέκλιμαι, pf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of κλίνω.

κέκλόμενος, poet. aor. 2 part. of κέλομαι, calling

out to one, to cheer him on, c. dat.: but c. acc. calling

on one, calling him for help.

κέκλοφα, pf. act. of κλέπτω.

κέκλυθῆ, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλείω.

κεκλυσμένος, pf. part. pass. of κλύζω.

κέκλυτε, 2 pl. poet. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κέκλυμαι, pf. of κάμνω.

κεκμῶς, gen. ὄτος or ὄτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of

κάμνω.

κέκνασμαι, pf. pass. of κναίω.

κέκομμαι, pf. pass. of κόπτω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. part. part. of κονιάω.

κεκονιμένος, pf. part. pass. of κονιάω.

κεκόνιτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of κονιάω.

κεκοπῶς, pf. part. of κόπτω.

κεκέρχημαι, Ion. for κεικόμεσμαι, pf. pass. of κεικόμεναι.

κεκορηῶς, ὄτος, Ep. and Ion. pf. part. (with pass.

sense) of κεικόμεναι; hence dual κεικορηῶτε.

κεκορυσθῆναι, Ion. and Ep. for κεικορυσθῆναι, pf.

part. pass. of κεικόμεναι.

κεκοτῶς, gen. ὄτος, Ep. pf. act. part. of κοτέω.

κεκράνται, κεικράντο, Ep. 3 sing. pf. and plqpf.

pass. of κεικράω, κεικράωμαι.

κέκράγα, pf. (with pres. sense) of κράζω. Hence

κέκραγμα, atos, τό, (κράζω) a scream, cry.

κεκραγῶς, a screaming, crying.

κεκράκτης, ου, ὁ, (κράζω) a crier, bawler.

κεκράμαι, pf. pass. of κεράννυμι.
 κερραξι-δάμας, αὐτος, ὁ, (κεκράγα, δάμῳ) *he who conquers all in bawling, the blusterer.*
 κερράζομαι, paullo-p. fut. (with act. sense) of κράζω.
 κέρραχθι, imperat. of κέρραγα, pf. of κράζω.
 κέρριγα, pf. 2 of κρίζω.
 κερκρίμενος, pf. pass. part. of κρίνω.
 Κερρόπιδαι, αὐ, οἱ, the sons or descendants of Cecrops, i. e. the Athenians.
 Κερρόπιος, α, ον, (Κέκροψ) *Cecropian*, i. e. Athenian; *Κερροπία* (γῆ), ἡ, *Attica*; οἱ *Κερρῆσιοι*, the Athenians.
 Κερροπίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of Κερρόπιος.
 κερροταμένος, Dor. pf. part. pass. of κροτέω.
 Κέκροψ, οπος, ὁ, *Cecrops*, an ancient king of Athens.
 κερκρυμένος, pf. part. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κερκρυφάλος, ὁ, (κρύπτω) *a woman's head-dress, made of net, to confine the hair, Lat. reticulum.* II. *the pouch or belly of a hunting-net.* III. *part of the headstall of a bridle.*
 κερκρύφαται, Ion. and Ep. 3 pl. pf. pass. of κρύπτω.
 κέκτμαι, pf. of κτάομαι; inf. κεκτῆσαι.
 κέκῳθωσι [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of κεύθω.
 κέκῳλισμαι, pf. pass. of κυλίνδω.
 κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω.
 κελᾶδενός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κελᾶδενός, ἄ, ὄν, (κέλαδος) *murmuting, noisy, boisterous*; also *clear-toned.*
 κελᾶδέω, ἰ. ἦσω also ἡσομαι; Ep. aor. I κελᾶθησα; (κέλαδος):—*to murmur, roar, like the rushing of water.* 2. *to utter a cry or sound.* II. *trans. to sing of, celebrate loudly: to call to, invoke.* Hence κελᾶδημα, ατος, τό, *a murmur, din, roaring.*
 κελᾶδητής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἰδος, (κελαδέω) *loud-sounding, vocal, harmonious.*
 ΚΕ'ΛΛΑΔΟΣ, ὁ, *a noise, as of the wind or of rushing waters: the din or tumult of battle, a shouting: rarely of the sound of music.* Hence
 κελᾶδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to murmur, roar, esp. of water.*
 κελαιν-εγχής, ἐς, (κελαινός, ἔγχος) *with dark, bloody spear.*
 κελαι-νεφής, ἐς, (κελαινός, νέφος) *black with clouds: cloud-warrior.* 2. *cloud-black, livid.*
 κελαινο-βρωτος, ον, (κελαινός, βιβρώσκω) *gnawed black.*
 κελαινός, ἡ, ὄν, cognate form of μέλας, *black, swart: dark, gloomy: murky.*
 κελαινο-φᾶής, ἐς, (κελαινός, φᾶος) *dark-sbining, murky.*
 κελαινο-φρων, ον, (κελαινός, φρήν) *black-bearded.*
 κελαινο-χρῶς, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (κελαινός, χρῶς) *black-coloured.*
 κελαινώω, (κελαινός) *to make black*:—Pass. *to become black.*
 κελαιν-ώπης, ου, Dor. -ώπῆς, ὁ, fem. -ώπις, ἰδος; (κελαινός, ὤψ):—*black-faced, swarthy, gloomy.*
 κελαιν-ώψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = κελαινώπης.
 κελᾶρίζω Dor. -σδω, = κελᾶδέω, *to babble, murmur.*
 κελᾶρσδεν, Dor. 3 sing. impf. of κελᾶρίζω.

κέλαι, Ep. 2 sing. of κέλομαι.
 κελῆβη, ἡ, *a drinking vessel: an urn or pail.*
 κελέοντες, αὐ, οἱ, (κάλον, κῆλον) *the beams in the loom between which the web was stretched.*
 κέλετο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of κέλομαι.
 κελευήτης, ου, ὁ, (κέλευθος) *a wayfarer.*
 κελευθο-πόρος, ὄν, (κέλευθος, ποίω) *road-making.*
 κελευθο-πίρος, ον, (κέλευθος, πῖρος) *a wayfarer.*
 κέλευθος, ἡ, with neut. pl. κέλευθα, but also κέλευθοι:—*a road, way, path, track*, either by land or water; *κέλευθοι νυκτὸς τε καὶ ἡμέρας* the ways of night and day, i. e. night and day. II. *a travelling, journey, voyage: an expedition.* III. *a mode of walking, gait: metaph. a way or walk of life: also a way or course of doing.*
 κέλευσμα ἢ κέλευμα, ατος, τό, (κελεύω) *an order, command: the word of command in war: the call of the κελευστής*, which gave the time to the rowers.
 κελευσμός, ὁ, (κελεύω) *an order, command.*
 κελευσμοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for κελευσμός.
 κελευστής, οὐ, ὁ, (κελεύω) *a commander, fugleman: on board ship, the man who by his call (κέλευσμα) gives the time to the rowers, a boatswain.*
 κελευστός, ὁ, ὄν, (κελεύω) *ordered, commanded.*
 κελεντιάω, *Frequentat. of κελεύω, to be continually bidding or urging on.*
 κέλευω, f. σω; Ep. aor. I κέλευσα; (κέλλω):—*to urge on: to exhort, bid, command, order: to beseech urgently*:—of the κελευστής, *to give time to the rowers by his call.* II. c. dat. pers. *to call to, order.*
 κέλων, ὁ, obsol. sing. of κελέοντες.
 κέλης, ητος, ὁ, (κέλλω) *a courser, race-horse, driven or ridden singly.* II. *a fast-sailing vessel, with one bank of oars, Lat. celes, celox.*
 κελήσομαι, fut. of κέλομαι.
 κελητίω, ἰ. ἦσω, (κέλης) *to ride a race-horse, generally, to ride: esp. of a man who rode two or more horses leaping from one on another.*
 κελήτιον, τό, Dim. of κέλης.
 ΚΕ'ΛΛΩ; f. κέλωσ; aor. I ἐκέλσα: I. *trans. of seamen, to drive on, push ashore; vñη κέλσαι to run a ship ashore.* II. *intr. of ships, to run ashore, put into harbour*:—generally, *to reach a haven.*
 κέλομαι, f. κελήσομαι; aor. 2 κελκλόμην and ἐκεκλόμην, 3 sing. κέλετο, ἐκέλετο, part. κελκόμενος; (κέλλω):—*poët. for κελεύω, to urge on, exhort, cbeer on, command.* II. also like καλέω, *to call, call to: to call by name.*
 κέσαι, aor. I inf. of κέλλω.
 Κελτοί, οἱ, the *Kelts* or *Celts*; later *Κέλται*. Hence *Κελτιστί*, Adv. in *Keltic* or *Celtic, in the language or after the manner of the Kelts.*
 κελῦφος, εος, τό, *a husk, rind, pod, shell: metaph. of old δικασταί, ἀνθρωπισίων κελύφη mere affidavit-busks.* (Deriv. uncertain.)
 ΚΕ'ΛΩΡ, ωπος, ὁ, a son.
 κεμάς and κεμμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *a young deer.*

κέν, before a vowel for κε.
 κεν-αγγής, ές, (κενός, άγγος) emptying vessels, breeding famine, hungry.
 κενανδρία, ή, lack of men, dispeopled state. From κέν-ανδρος, ον, (κενός, άνήρ) empty of men, dispeopled.
 κεν-αυχής or κενε-αυχής, ές, (κενός or κενεός, αυχή) vain-boasting, braggart.
 κενέβρειος, ον, dead: in pl. κενέβρεια, τά, carrion. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 κεν-εμβάτέω, f. ήσω, (κενός, έμβάτης) to step into a hole, stumble.
 κενεός, ή, όν, Ion. for κενός, empty.
 κενεό-φρων, ον, (κενεός, φρήν) empty-minded.
 κενεών, άνος, ό, (κενός) the hollow between the ribs and the hip, the flank. II. any hollow space.
 κεν-οδοντός, ίδος, fem. of κενόδους.
 κενοδοξία, ή, vainglory, vanity. From κενό-δοξος, ον, (κενός, δόξα) vain-glorious.
 κενό-δους, οντος, ό, ή, (κενός, δδούς) toothless.
ΚΕΝΟΨ Ion. κενός, ή, όν; Ep. κενεός:—empty: empty-banded. II. fruitless, vain, idle: κενεά as Adv. in vain. III. exhausted: c. gen. void, destitute, bereft of: absol. of a lioness, bereaved of her young. IV. Comp. and Sup. κενότερος, -ώτατος: but also regular κενώτερος, -ώτατος.
 κενο-τάφέω, (κενός, τάφος) to honour with a cenotaph.
 κενο-τάφιον, τό, (κενός, τάφος) an empty tomb, cenotaph.
 κενό-φρων, ον, (κενός, φρήν) empty-minded.
 κενοφονία, ή, vain talk, babbling. From κενό-φωνος, ον, (κενός, φωνή) empty-sounding, prating.
 κενώ Ion. κενώω: f. ώσω, aor. I. έκένωσα:—Pass., aor. I. έκένωθην: pf. κεκένωμαι: (κενός):—to empty out, drain: forsake, desert:—Pass. to be emptied of a thing, c. gen.: also to be left empty, deserted. II. to make void or of no account:—Pass. to become vain, of none effect.
 κένσαι, Ep. aor. I act. inf. of κεντέω, as if from *κέντω. II. also aor. I med. imperat. of κεντέω.
 κέντασε, Dor. 3 sing. aor. I of κεντέω.
Κενταυρείος, α, ον, (Κένταυρος) Centaurian, of or from Centaurs.
Κενταυρίδης, ου, ό, (Κένταυρος) descended from Centaurs.
Κενταυρικός, ή, όν, (Κένταυρος) like a Centaur: savage, brutal. Adv. -κώς.
Κενταυρο-πληθής, ές, (Κένταυρος, πλήθος) full of Centaurs.
Κένταυρος, ό, (κεντέω) a Centaur, properly a Piercer, Spearman: they were a race of savage horsemen, dwelling between Pelion and Ossa in Thessaly, extirpated in a war with their neighbours the Lapithae. II. later, they were believed to be monsters of double shape, half man and half horse.
ΚΕΝΤΕΨ: f. ήσω: aor. I. έκέντησα; inf. κένσαι as if from *κέντω:—to prick, goad, sting: to wound, stab, pierce.

κέντο, Dor. for έκλετο: cf. γέντο, ήνον.
 κεντώ, false form for κεντρόω.
 κεντρο-ηκεής, ές, (κέντρον, *ένεγκω) goaded on.
 κεντριζώ, f. ίσω, (κέντρον) to prick, goad, spur.
 κεντρο-δήλιτος, ον, (κέντρον, δηλέομαι) goaded. 2. act. goading, stinging.
 κεντρο-μάνης, ές, (κέντρον, μανήναι) spurting to madness.
 κέντρον, τό, (κεντέω) a point, prickle, spike, sting: a horse or ox-goad: a spur: proverb., πρὸς κέντρα λακτίζειν to kick against the pricks. 2. an instrument of torture. 3. metaph. a spur, incentive.
 II. the point round which a circle is described, the centre.
 κεντρο-τύπητής, ές, (κέντρον, τυπήναι) struck by a spur.
 κεντρόω, f. ώσω, to furnish with a sting:—Pass. to be so furnished. 2. to strike with a goad.
 κέντρον, άνος, ό, (κεντέω) a rogue that has been branded, a spur-galled jade.
 κεντρούω, άνος, ό, the Lat. centurio.
 κέντω, οπος, ό, (κεντέω) a goader, driver.
 κενώς, Adv. of κενός, vainly, idly.
 κείμηγ, opt. of κείμαι.
 κείμαι, Ep. and Ion. collat. form of κείμαι, whence 3 sing. κείται, 3 pl. κέονται.
 Κέως, ή, Ion. for Κέως.
ΚΕΨΦΟΣ, ό, a light sea-bird of the petrel kind: metaph. a light-headed simpleton, a noddy.
 κεράσθε, Ep. 2 pl. pres. med. of κεράω.
 κεράσει, Ep. dat. pl. of κεράς.
 κεράα, ή, (κεράς) a horn. II. anything like a horn, a yard-arm, Lat. cornu antennarum: a projecting beam or timber. 2. a horn or promontory of land. 3. a small dot in writing, 'a tittle.' 4. anything made of horn, e. g. a bow.
 κεράζω, f. ίσω, later ίξω: aor. I. έκεράσα: (κεράς):—to lay waste, ravage. II. of persons, to kill, slaughter: to disable ships.
 κεράς, ίδος, ή, (κεράς) a worm that eats horn.
 κεράσιότης, ού, ό, (κεραζώ) a ravager, robber.
 κεράω, Ep. for κεράω, the Root of κεράννυμι, to mix; ζωρότερον κεραει mix the wine stronger.
 κεράμεκός, ή, όν, (κεράμος) earthen.
 Κεράμευκός, ό, (κεραμείος) the Potters' Quarter in Athens, where two places were called Cerameicus, one within and the other without the Thriasian Gate.
 κεράμεος, α, ον, (κεράμος) of clay, earthen.
 κεράμεύς, έως, ό, (κεράμος) a potter:—proverb., κεραμεύς κεραμει κοτρείε potter envies potter.
 κεράμειω, f. ώσω, (κεράμος) to be a potter, work in earthenware: metaph. to botch or patch up the state.
 κεράμησις, η, ον, Ion. and Ep. for κεράμεος.
 κεράμησις, ίδος, pecul. Ep. fem. of κεράμεος.
 κεράμιον, η, ον, and κεραμικός, ή, όν, = κεράμεος, of earthenware or clay.
 κεράμιον, τό, (κεράμος) an earthenware vessel, a pot, jar, pitcher, Lat. testa.

κεραμίς, ἴδος Att. ἴδος [ῖ], ἦ, (κέραμος) a tile: also a tiled roof.

ΚΕΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, *potter's earth, potter's clay*. II. any earthen vessel, a pot, jar: also in collective sense, earthenware, pottery.

III. a tile; collectively, the tiles; τῶ κεραμῷ βάλλειν to strike with tiles, never in plur. IV. χαλκίῳ ἐν κέραμῳ seems to be in a brasen prison.

κεράννυμι and -ύω: fut. κέρασω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκέρασα Ep. κέρασσα:—Med., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I κέρασσο:—Pass., aor. I ἐκεράσθη and ἐκράθη [ᾶ]: pf. κέκερασμαι and κέκεράμην: (κεράω)—to mix, mingle, often of diluting wine: more freq. in Med., as, κρητήρα κέρασσο to mix oneself a bowl; Pass., κύλιξ ἴσον ἴσῳ κεκραμένῃ a cup mixed half and half.

2. to temper or cool. 3. metaph. to blend together, temper, regulate, tone down. II. generally, to mix, compound, Lat. temperare.

κεραο-ξόδος, ον, (κέρας, ξέω) *polishing horn, working in horn*; esp. for bows.

κεράδος, ἄ, ὄν, (κέρας) *horned*. II. made of horn. κεραοῦχος, ον, (έχω) = κερ-οὔχος.

κέρας, τό; gen. κέρατος Ep. κέραος Att. contr. κερῶς; dat. κέρατι, κέραϊ, κέρα:—dual κέραε; κέρα, gen. and dat. κέραον, κερῶν: plur. κέραα, κέρα; gen. κέραων, κερῶν; dat. κέρασι Ep. κέρασι and κέρασσι:—Ion. declension κέρας, κέρεος, κέρεϊ: (akin to κέρα)—the horn of an animal: hence horn, as a material for working. II. anything made of horn; esp. a bow: later, a horn for blowing: also a drinking-horn, or a goblet in the shape of a horn.

III. a horn or guard at the end of a fishing-line, to prevent the fish from biting it. IV. an arm or branch of a river, so called from its shape. V. the wing of an army or fleet; ἐπὶ κέρας Att. ἐπὶ κέρας, in single file, in column, i.e. one after another, not abreast. VI. the sail-yard of a ship. VII. any projection or elevation, as a mountain-peak, horn.

κέρασσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κεράννυμι.

κεραστής, οὔ, ὄ, (κέρας) *horned*.

κεραστός, ἦ, ὄν, (κεράννυμι) *mingled, tempered*.

κερασοφόρος, ον, (κέρας, φέρω) *horn-bearing*.

κερατῆα οἰ-ία, ἦ, (κέρας) *the locust-tree*: its fruit was κεράτιον.

κεράτιον, ἦ, ον, (κέρας) *of horn, made of horn*.

κεράτιον, τό, Dim. of κέρας, a little horn. II. the fruit of the κερατῆα or locust-tree.

κεραυλῆς, ον, ὄ, (κέρας, αἰλέω) *a horn-blower*.

κεραυνεῖος, ον, (κεραυνός) *thundering*.

κεραύνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κεραυνός) *of a thunderbolt*. II. *thunder-stricken*.

κεραυνοβολέω, f. ἴσω, to hurl the thunderbolt: to strike with thunderbolts. From

κεραυνοβόλος, ον, (κεραυνός, βάλλω) *hurling the thunderbolt, smiting with it*.

κεραυνοβρόντης, ον, ὄ, (κεραυνός, βροντάω) *the lightning and thunderer*.

κεραυνομάχης, ον, ὄ, (κεραυνός, μάχομαι) *fighting with the thunderbolt*.

ΚΕΡΑΥΝΟΣ, ὁ, a thunderbolt, *thunder and lightning*, Lat. fulmen: thunder by itself was βροντή, Lat. tonitru, and the flash of lightning ἀστεροπή, στεροπή, Lat. fulgur: plur. κεραυνοί, thunderbolts.

κεραυνοφάης, ἐς, (κεραυνός, φάος) *flashing like the thunderbolt*.

κεραυνός, f. ὠσω, (κεραυνός) *to strike with a thunderbolt*.

ΚΕΡΑΩ, Ep. Radic. form of κεράννυμι, to mix.

Κέρβερος, ὁ, Cerberus, the dog which guarded the gate of the nether world; acc. to Hesiod, the fifty-headed son of Typhaon and Echidna; later, represented with three heads.

κερδαίνω, f. κερδανῶ Ion. -έω: aor. I ἐκέρδανα Ion. ἐκέρθηνα: fut. also κερθήσω, κερθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκέρθησα: (κέρδος)—to gain, make gain or profit from: absol. to gain advantage, be benefited. 2. hence to traffic, make merchandise. II. in bad sense, like ἀπολαύω, to gain a loss.

κερδαλέος, α, ον, (κέρδος) *with an eye to gain, crafty, cunning*: shrēud. 2. of things, gainful, profitable: Adv. κερδαλέως, to one's profit.

κερδαλέοφρων, ον, (κερδαλέος, φρήν) *crafty-minded*.

κερδάνης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of κερδαίνω.

κέρδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κερδαίνω (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, most cunning or crafty. II. most profitable.

κερδαίνω, ον, gen. ονος, Comp. (with no Positive in use), formed from κέρδος, more profitable.

ΚΕΡΠΑΟΣ, eos, τό, gain, profit, advantage: desire of gain. II. in pl. cunning arts, wiles, tricks.

κερδοσύνη, ἦ, (κέρδος) *cunning, craft, shrewdness*: dat. κερδοσύνη as Adv. cunningly, shrewdly.

κερδῶ, ὅς contr. οὗς, ἦ, (κέρδος) *the wily one, or the thief, name of a fox*.

κερδίως, α, ον, (κέρδος) *bringing gain*.

κέρρα, Ion. for κέραα, κέρατα, pl. of κέρας.

κερέω, Ion. for κερῶ, fut. of κείρω.

κερκίω, f. ἴσω, to close the web with the kerκίς. From

κερκίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (κέρκω, κρέκω) = σάθη, a staff or rod to make the web close: the weaver's comb: the shuttle containing the spindle, Lat. radius. II. any taper rod, of wood, ivory, etc., as the quill with which stringed instruments were struck, Lat. plectrum. 2. a measuring-rod, Lat. radius.

ΚΕΡΚΟΣ, ἦ, the tail of a beast, Lat. cauda.

κερκυρος or κερκυρος, ὁ, a boat, pinnace.

Κέρκυρα, ἦ, the island Corcyra, now Corfu: hence

Κερκυραῖος, ὁ, a Corcyraean: Adj. Κερκυραῖκός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for Corcyra.

κέρκω, rarer collat. form for κρέκω.

κέρμα, atos, τό, (κείρω) a slice: in plur. small coin, small change: small wares. Hence

κερματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to mince up. II. to coin into small money: to change large coin for small. Hence

κερματιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a money-changer.
 κερνο-βάτης [ᾶ], οὐ, ὁ, (κέρας, βαίνω) horn-footed, horn-boofed, epith. of Pan.
 κερνο-βόας, οὐ, ἡ, (κέρας, βοάω) sounding with horn, of a flute tipped with horn.
 κερνός, οὐ, (κέρας, δέω) bound with horns.
 κερνέεις, ἔσσαι contr. οὐσσαι, οὐ, (κέρας) horned.
 κερνο-οίαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (κέρας, οίαξ) a rope belonging to the sailors; cf. κέρας vi.
 κερνο-τύπεω, f. ἦσω, (κέρας, τύπτω) to butt with the horn; generally, to dash or knock about.
 κερνο-ουλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέρας, ἔλκω) drawing a bow of horn.
 2. of the bow, drawn by the horns.
 κερνοῦται, (κέρας) to toss the horns or head.
 κερνο-ουχίς, ἴδος, fem. of sq.
 κερνο-ούχος, οὐ, (κέρας, ἔχω) having horns, horned.
 κερνο-φόρος, οὐ, (κέρας, φέρω) horned.
 κέρσας, Ep. aor. I part. of κέρω.
 κέρσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κέρω.
 κερτομέω, f. ἦσω, (κέρτομος) to taunt, to mock or jeer at a person: absol. to sneer, scoff. Hence κερτόμησις, εως, ἡ, jeering, mockery.
 κερτόμια, ἡ, = κερτόμησις.
 κερ-τόμιος and κερ-τομος, οὐ, (κέαρ, τέμνω) heart-cutting, stinging; κερτόμια ἔπη or absol. κερτόμια, stinging, reproachful words. II. mocking, delusive.
 κέρχην, ἡ, (κέρχων) a kind of hawk, so called from its hoarse voice, the kestrel.
 κερχηνίς, ἡ, ἴδος, and κερχηνῆς, ἡ, ἴδος, collat. forms of κέρχην.
 ΚΕΡΧΝΩ, to make rough or hoarse. II. intr. and in Pass. to be hoarse, of the voice.
 κερῶ, fut. of κέρω.
 κερῶν, part. of κεράννυμι.
 κέρωνται, Ep. 3 pl. subj. pass. of κερῶ.
 κές, v. sub κᾶς.
 κέσκετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of κείμαι.
 κεστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κεντέω) worked, embroidered; κεστός ἕμια of the girdle of Venus: hence II. as Subst. κεστός, ὁ, a girdle, Lat. cestus.
 κέστρα, ἡ, (κεντέω) a pickaxe, poleaxe. II. a kind of fish, a pike, or a conger.
 κευθᾶν, poet. for κείθω.
 κευθμα, ατος, τό, and κευθμός, ὁ, = κευθμών.
 κευθμών, ὄνος, ὁ, (κείθω) any secret place, hole, hiding-place, den; the lair of a beast. 2. of the nether world, the abyss. 3. = ἄδντον, the inmost place, sanctuary.
 κευθοῖσα, Dor. for κευθοῦσα, part. fem. of κείθω.
 κευθος, εος, τό, (κείθω) = κευθμών: in pl., κείθεα γαίης the depths of the earth.
 ΚΕΥΘΩ, fut. κεύσω: aor. 2 ἐκύθον, Ep. redupl. subj. κεύθω: pf. κέκευθα: plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν Ep. κευθεῖν—to cover up, hide, conceal, shroud:—Pass. to lie hidden. 2. to keep hidden or secret, conceal, disguise: with dupl. acc., κευθεῖν τινά τι to keep a thing concealed from one. 3. the pf. κέκευθα is used as pres., I keep concealed; and plqpf. ἐκεκεύθειν

as impf., I concealed, contained.

to be concealed, lie hidden.

II. intrans. to

κεφαλᾶ, Dor. dat. of κεφαλή.

κεφάλαιος, α, ον, (κεφαλή) of or belonging to the head: metaph., like Lat. capitalis, principal, chief.

II. κεφάλαιον, τό, as Subst., like κεφαλή, the head, as κεφάλαιον βαφανίδος the head of a radish: the chief or main point: in money, the capital-sum.

2. a summary, the sum of the matter; ἐν κεφαλαίῳ or ἐν κεφαλαίῳ εἰπεῖν to speak summarily.

3. generally, the crown, completion, finish of a thing. Hence κεφαλαιώω, f. ὠσω, to bring under heads, sum up, state summarily.

II. to smite on the head, slay.

κεφαλαιώτης, ες, (κεφαλή, εἶδος) principal, capital.

κεφαλαιόμα, ατος, τό, (κεφαλαίω) the sum total.

κεφαλ-αλγής, ἐς, (κέφαλή, ἄλγος) causing pain in the head. Hence

κεφαλαλγία, ἡ, head-ache.

ΚΕΦΑΛΗ, ἡ, the head, Lat. caput; ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot; ἐπὶ κεφαλῆν head foremost.

2. the head, as the noblest part, for the whole person, just as Lat. caput is used: esp. in salutation, φίλη κεφαλή, Lat. carum caput; in bad sense, ᾧ κακαὶ κεφαλαί.

3. the life, Lat. caput, as we use head; παρθέμενοι κεφαλᾶς setting their heads on the cast; εἰς κεφαλῆν τρέποι? ἐμοί on my head be it!

II. the head or upper part of anything: the coping of a wall: in pl. the head or source of a river.

III. κεφαλή περίβρετος a wig or head-dress.

IV. metaph. the point, sum, conclusion.

κεφαλῆφι, κεφαλῆφι, Ep. gen. and dat. of κεφαλή.

κεφάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κεφαλή, a little head or bulb.

II. a head, chapter, division.

Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, ἴδος, ὁ, a Cephallenian:—hence

Κεφαλληνία, ἡ, Cephallenia, an island in the Ionian sea, now Cefalonia.

κεχάλασμαι, pf. pass. of χαλάω.

κέχανδα, pf. of χανδάνω, whence part. neut. pl. κεχανδότα, 3 plqpf. Ep. κεχάνδει.

κεχαραγμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαράσσω.

κεχάρηκα, pf. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρημαι, pf. pass. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρησμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρησομαι, Ep. paullo-post fut. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρητο, κεχάρητο, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. plqpf. pass. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρηώς, Ep. pf. part. of χαιρώ.

κεχάρησμενος, pf. part. of χαρίζομαι, agreeable, winning, charming: Adv. κεχαρισμένως, charmingly, gracefully.

κεχάρηστο, 3 sing. plqpf. of χαρίζομαι.

κεχαρίτωμένος, pf. part. pass. of χαρίτω. Adv. κεχαριτωμένως, agreeably, welcome.

κέχαρμαι, pf. pass. of χαιρώ.

κεχάροιατο, Ep. for κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. opt. of χαιρώ.

κεχάροντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of χαιρώ.

κέρηνα, pf. of *χαίνω* or *χάσκω*, to *gape*. Hence *Κερηναίοι*, *ov*, *oi*, *Gapers*, comic for *Ἀθηναίοι*.
κεχλαδῶς, pf. part. of *χλάω*: there is also an acc. pl. *κεχλαδούτας*, as if from *κεχλάδω*, like *κεκληγγον-τας* from *κεκληγγῶς*.

κεχλιαγά, pf. of *χλιαίω*.
κεχλιδῶς, pf. part. of *χλλῶ*.
κεχολώσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of *χολῶ*.
κεχολώσομαι, paullo-post fut. of *χολῶ*.
κεχρηματισμένος, pf. part. pass. of *χρηματίζω*.
κεχρημένος, pf. part. of *χράσμαι*.
κέχϋμαι, pf. pass. of *χέω*.
κέχϋτο, *κέχυντο*, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. plqpf. pass. of *χέω*.

κεχωριδαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of *χωρίζω*.
κεχωσμένος, pf. part. pass. of *χώννυμι*.
κείω, Ep. collateral form of *κείω*.
Κέως Ion. *Κέος*, *Ceos*, an island in the Archipelago.
κέωμαι, subj. of *κείμαι*.

κῆ, Ion. for *πῆ* (interrog.): but *κη* enclit. for *πη*.
κῆμαι, Ep. aor. I inf. *καίω*; but *κῆμαι*, 3 sing. opt. *κηάμενος*, Ep. aor. I part. of *καίω*.
κῆγῶ or *κῆγών*, Dor. for *κᾱγῶ*, i. e. *καὶ ἐγῶ*.
κηδεία, ἡ, (*κηδος*) *care for the dead: obsequies*. II. *affinity, connexion by marriage*.

κῆδειος, *ov*, (*κηδος*) *careful for, dear, beloved*. 2. *careful for*. II. *of or for a funeral, sepulchral*.
κηδεμόνεύς, *ἔως*, *ὀ*, (*κηδέω*) = *κηδεμών*.
κηδεμών, *όνος*, *ὀ*, (*κηδέω*) *one that has charge of a person, one who cares for the dead, a mourner:—a protector, guardian*. II. *a relation by marriage, Lat. affinis*.

κῆδεος, *ov*, = *κῆδειος*.
κῆδεσκον, Ion. impf. of *κῆδω*.
κηδέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. pass. of *κῆδω*.
κηδεστής, *οὔ*, *ὀ*, (*κηδος*) *a connexion by marriage, Lat. affinis: a son-in-law, also a father-in-law, brother-in-law*. Hence

κηδεστία, ἡ, *connexion by marriage, affinity*.
κῆδευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*κηδέω*) *alliance by marriage, affinity*. 2. *one who is so connected, a connexion, Lat. affinis*.

κηδέω, *φ*, *σω*, (*κηδος*) *to take charge of, care for, tend*. 2. *to pay the last offices of the dead:—Pass. to have these last offices paid one*. II. *to ally oneself in marriage to a person:—Pass. to be so allied*. 2. *to make a person one's kinsman by marriage*.

κηδήσω, fut. of *κῆδω* (as if from *κηδέω*).
κηδιστος, *η*, *ov*, Sup. formed from *κῆδος*, like *κέρδιστος* from *κέρδος*, *most cared for, dearest, most beloved*. II. *most nearly allied by marriage*.

κηδος Dor. *kādos*, *εος*, *τό*, (*κῆδω*) *care, concern, regard for another*. 2. *trouble, sorrow, affliction, distress:—mourning for one dead: hence a funeral*. 3. *an object of care, a care*. II. *connexion by marriage, Lat. affinitas*.

κηδόσυνος, *ov*, (*κηδος*) *anxious*.

ΚΗΨΩ, *φ*, *κηψήσω*, *to make anxious, give concern: hence to trouble, annoy, distress*. II. in Pass., with Ep. fut. *κεαδῆσομαι*, pf. act. *κέκῆδα*:—*to be troubled, distressed, annoyed*: part. *κηψάμενος*, *η*, *ov*, *distressed, in trouble: c. gen. to be anxious or concerned for; οὐκέτι Δαναῶν κεκαθησόμεθα*.

κηδωκε, by crasis for *καὶ ἔδωκε*.
κῆν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of *καίω*.
κηθάριον, *τό*, *a vessel into which the lots were cast, a ballot-box*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κῆκ, Dor. for *κᾱκ*, by crasis for *καὶ ἐκ*.
ΚΗΚΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, *matter that oozes or exudes from a burnt sacrifice: juice, moisture: ink*. Hence *κηκίω*, Ep. impf. *κηκίων*:—*to gush or ooze forth*: also in Med., *αἱμᾶς κηκιομένα ἐλκίαν* clotted blood oozing from his wounds. [Ἰ Ep., ἴ Att.]
κῆλεος or *κῆλειος*, *ov*, (*καίω*) *burning, blazing*.

ΚΗΛΕΨΩ, *φ*, ἴσω, *to charm, bewitch, fascinate: generally, to wheedle, beguile, seduce*.
ΚΗΛῆ, ἡ, *a rupture, Lat. bernia*.

κηληθμός, *ὀ*, (*κηλέω*) *rapture, fascination*.
κῆλημα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*κηλέω*) *a magic charm, spell*.
κῆλησις, *εος*, ἡ, (*κηλέω*) *an enchanting, charming*.
κηλητήριος, *ov*, (*κηλέω*) *charming: appeasing*.
κηλιδῶ, *φ*, *ῶσω*, (*κηλίσ*) *to stain, sully: metaph. to stain, disbonour, disgrace*.

ΚΗΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, *a stain, spot: a blemish, disgrace*.
ΚΗΛΟΝ, *τό*, *the shaft of an arrow: an arrow*.
κῆλων, *ατος*, *ὀ*, (*κῆλον*) *a swipe or machine for drawing water from a well*.

κηλῶνεον Ion. *-ῆτων*, *τό*, = *κῆλων*.
κῆματόν, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἔματόν*.
κῆμέ, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἐμέ*.
ΚΗΜΟΣ, *ὀ*, *a muzzle or halter, put on a led horse*. 2. *the funnel-shaped top to the voting urn (κάδος) in the Athenian law-courts, through which the ballots (ψῆφοι) were dropped in the urn*.

κημῶς, *φ*, *ῶσω*, (*κημῶς*) *to muzzle a horse*.
κῆν, Dor. for *κᾱν*, i. e. *καὶ ἐν*: but *κῆν* for *καὶ ἄν*.
κῆνθε, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ ἦνθε* (i. e. *καὶ ἦλθε*).
κῆνος, Aeol. for *κᾱίνος*, *εἰκῆίνος*.

κῆννος, *ὀ*, the Lat. *cenus*, *an assessment: tribute*.
ΚΗΞ, *κηκός*, ἡ, *a sea-gull, sea-mew*.
κῆσμεν, Ep. for *κῆσμεν*, I pl. aor. I subj. of *καίω*.

κῆψε, Dor. by crasis for *καὶ εἴπε*.
κῆπέι, *κῆπειτα*, Dor. for *κάπει*, *κάπειτα*, i. e. *καὶ ἐπ-*.
κῆπευμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (*κηπέω*) *that which is reared in a garden, a garden-herb or flower*.

κηπεύς, *ἔως*, *τό*, (*κηπος*) *a gardener*.
κηπεύω, *φ*, *σω*, (*κηπος*) *to rear in a garden: metaph. to tend, cherish, foster*.

κῆπι, Dor. for *κᾱπί*, i. e. *καὶ ἐπί*.
κηπίον, *τό*, Dim. of *κῆπος*, *a small garden, parterre: metaph. a decoration, ornament*.

κηπολόγος, *ov*, (*κῆπος*, *λέγω*) *teaching in a garden*.
ΚΗΨΙΟΣ Dor. *kāptos*, *ὀ*, *a garden, an orchard or plantation: also the enclosure for the Olympic games: οἱ Ἀδώνιδος κῆποι*, cresses and other plants grown

quickly in pots:—hence proverb. of amusements and pastimes.

κηπ-ουρός, ὁ, (κῆπος, οἶπος) a gardener.

ΚΗΨ, ἡ, gen. Κηρός, acc. Κηρα, the goddess of death or of fate: hence doom, death, destruction. 2. the goddess of mischief or evil: hence bane, mischief, evil itself.

II. any evil fate; disease; and, of moral evil, disgrace.

ΚΗΨ, τό, gen. κῆρος, acc. κῆρ, contr. from κέαρ, the heart, Lat. cor. The dat. κῆρι is in Homer freq. used as Adv., like κηρόθι, with all the heart, heartily.

κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κῆρ, ἦ) to barm, hurt, destroy. κηραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (κῆρ, τό) to be alarmed, disquieted. Κηρεσι-φόρητος, ον, (Κῆρ, φορέω) borne on by the Kῆres or fates.

κῆρινος, η, ον, (κηρός) of wax, waxen.

κηριο-κλέπτης, ου, ὁ, (κηρίον, κλέπτω) stealer of honeycombs.

κηρίον, τό, (κηρός) a honeycomb, Lat. favus. II. a waxen tablet.

κηρι-τρέφης, ἐς, (κῆρ, τρέφω) born to die.

κηρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. κηροδέτας, = κηρόδετος.

κηρο-δέτος, ον, (κῆρος, δέω) bound together by wax.

κηρο-δομέω, f. ἦσω, (κηρός, δέμω) to build with wax.

κηρόθεν, Adv. (κῆρ) from the heart.

κηρόθι, Adv. (κῆρ) in the heart, with all the heart, heartily.

κηρο-πάγης, ἐς, (κηρός, παγῆναι) fastened with wax.

κηρο-πλάστης, ου, ὁ, (κηρός, πλάσσω) a modeller in wax.

κηρό-πλάστος, ον, (κηρός, πλάσσω) moulded of wax, waxen. II. = κηρόδετος.

ΚΗΡΟΨ, ὁ, bees-wax, wax, Lat. cera.

κηρο-τρόφος, ον, (κηρός, τρέφω) wax-producing.

κηρο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (κηρός, χιτών) clad with wax.

κηροχτέω, f. ἦσω, to mould in melted wax: to make waxen cells. From

κηρόχυτος, ον, (κηρός, χέω) moulded of or in wax.

κηρύγμα, ατος, τό, (κηρύσσω) a proclamation by herald, public notice; ἐκ κηρύγματος by proclamation.

κηρυκαία, ἡ, fem. of κηρυξ, a female herald.

κηρυκαία Ion. -ῆτη, ἡ, (κηρυξ) the office of herald.

κηρυκείον Ion. -ῆτιον, τό, a herald's wand, Lat. caduceus. [ῆ] Properly neut. from

κηρυκείως, α, ον, (κηρυξ) of or for a herald. [ῆ] κηρυκεσσι, Ep. for κηρυξί, dat. pl. of κηρυξ.

κηρυκεύμα, ατος, τό, (κηρυκεύω) a herald's proclamation, public notice. [ῆ]

κηρυκεύω, f. σω, (κηρυξ) to be a herald, give public notice. II. trans. to proclaim, give notice of.

κηρυκῆτη, -κῆτιον, Ion. for -εῖα, -εῖον.

κηρύλος Att. κειρύλος, ὁ, a sea-bird, the halcyon. [ῆ] κηρυξ, ὄκος, ὁ, (κηρύσσω) a herald or pursuivant,

whose chief duties were to summon the assembly, to separate combatants, to carry to and fro messages between enemies. They carried wands (σηκῆτρα): their persons were inviolable, and they were regarded as the messengers and under the protection of Jove.

ΚΗΡΥΣΣΩ Att. -ττω: f. ξω: pf. κηκῆρῦχα:—Pass., fut. κηρυχθήσομαι, but also fut. med. κηρύξομαι in pass. sense: pf. κηκῆρῦγμα:—to be or act as herald: to make proclamation as a herald, summon, convene as herald. 2. impers., κηρύσσει (sc. ὁ κηρυξ) notice is given, proclamation is made. II. to proclaim, announce: to extol. 2. to put up or advertise for sale. 3. to call on, invoke. III. to preach or teach publicly.

κηρυχθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κηρύσσω.

κῆρωμα, ατος, τό, (κηρώ) anything waxed over: a waxed tablet for writing. 2. an unguent used by wrestlers. Hence

κηρωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, anointed with κῆρωμα.

κηρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κηρώ) waxed:—hence, as Subst., κηρωτών, τό, or κηρωτή, ἡ, a cerate or ointment.

κῆς, Dor. for καὶ εἰς.

κῆται, Ep. for κέηται, 3 sing. subj. of κείμαι.

κῆτειος, α, ον, (κῆτος) of sea-monsters.

Κῆτος, εος, τό, any sea-monster or huge fish: in Odyssey, a seal or sea-calf later a whale, Lat. cete.

κητο-φόνος, ον, (κῆτος, *φένω) killing sea-monsters.

κητώεις, εσσα, εν, only as epith. of Lacedaemon, κολη Λακεδαιμών κητώεσσα, either (from κῆτος as implying hugeness) vast, spacious; or (from κῆτος as if = καίσας, a gulf, abyss) sunken, hollow.

κῆυ, by crasis for καὶ εὔ.

κῆυξ, ὄκος [ῆ], ὁ, (κῆξ) a sea-gull.

κῆφᾶ, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦφῆ.

ΚΗΦΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, a drone-bee, drone, Lat. fucus: metaph. a drone or lazy fellow, who will do nothing for his bread; also of an old, decrepit person.

Κηφῆνες, of, Cephenes, old name of the Persians.

κῆφθα, Dor. by crasis for καὶ ἦφῆ.

Κηφῖσος, ὁ, the Cephissus, a river in Boeotia; hence fem. λίμνη Κηφισός. II. a famous river of Athens: also a river in Argolis and in other places.

κηώδης, ες, (καώ) fragrant, sweet-scented.

κηώεις, εσσα, εν, = κηώδης, fragrant.

κιάθω, Att. lengthd. for κίω, to go. [ᾶ]

κιβδηλεύω, f. σω, (κιβδηλος) to adulterate, alloy. II. metaph. to pass off, palm off.

κιβδηλία, ἡ, (κιβδηλος) alloy, base metal: metaph. fraud, dishonesty.

κιβδηλος, ον, (κιβδος) adulterated, spurious, base. II. metaph. of men, base, false. 2. base-born, bastard. 3. deceitful, ambiguous, of oracles.

ΚΙΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, dross, alloy.

κίβιστις, ἡ, a pocket, wallet, scrip.

κιβωτάριον and κιβώτιον, τό, Dim. of κιβωτός.

ΚΙΒΩΤΟΣ, ἡ, a wooden box, chest, coffin.

κιγκλίω, f. ίωω, (κίγκλος) to wag the tail like the κίγκλος: metaph. to change constantly.

ΚΙΤΚΑΙΣ, ἶδος, ἡ, the Lat. cancelli, a latticed gate or partition, fencing off the courts of justice or council chamber, the bar.

ΚΙΤΚΑΟΣ, ὁ, a water-bird, a kind of wagtail.

κιγχάνω [ᾶ], Att. for κιγάνω [ᾶ].

κιδνάμαι, Pass., poet. for σκεδάννυμαι, to be spread.
ΚΙΘΑΡΑ Ion. —η, also **κίθαρις**, ios, ή, Lat. *cithara*, a lyre, *barp* or *lute*, like the *φόρμιγξ* or *λύρα*.
κίθαρ-αυδός contr. —**ωδός**, ό, (*κίθαρα*, *αυδός*) *one who plays and sings to the lyre or barp, a harper*:—
 Sup. *κίθαροιδότατος*. [α]

κίθαρίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ω*, (*κίθαρις*) to play the lyre or lute: it is also used of the *φόρμιγξ* and *λύρα*, so that the *κίθαρα*, *λύρα*, and *φόρμιγξ* must have been nearly the same.

κίθαρις, ios, ή, acc. *κίθαριν*, = *κίθαρα*: also *music, harping, playing*.

κίθαριστής, ού, ό, (*κίθαρίζω*) a player on the lyre or barp, a harper. Hence

κίθαριστρίς, ίδος, ή, fem. of *κίθαριστής*.

κίθαριστός, ύος, ή, (*κίθαρίζω*) a playing the lyre or barp, the art of playing it.

κίθαρωδικός, ή, όν, of or for barp-playing. From *κίθαρ-ωδός*, ό, contr. for *κίθαροιδός*.

κίθων, ώνος, ό, Ion. for *χιτών*.

κικεύν, inf. of a poet. aor. 2 *έκικον*; see *κίκα*.

κίκα, τό, = *κρόταν*. II. the berry of the *κρόταν*, *castor-berry*.

ΚΙΚΙΝΝΟΣ, ό, a curled lock of hair, a ringlet of hair, Lat. *cincinnus*.

κικκάβαυ, a cry in imitation of the screech-owl's note, *toowbit, toowboo*.

ΚΙΚΚΟΣ, ό, the *busk, shell of fruit*, Lat. *ciccus*.

κικλήσκω, poet. redupl. form of *καλέω*, to call, summon, invite: to call on, invoke: also in Med. II. to accost, address. III. to name, call by name.

κικράω, Dor. for *κεράννυμι*, *κινάω*.

ΚΙΚΥΣ, ή, strength, vigour.

***ΚΙΚΩ**, a verb only found in aor. 2 *έκικον*, inf. *κικεύν*, and Dor. aor. I *έκικα*, med. *έκικάμην*:—to make to go, move, toss. (Akin to *κίω* and *δικεύν*.)

Κιλίκιος, α, ον, *Cilician*. From

Κίλιξ, ύκος, ό, a *Cilician*. [r] Hence

Κίλισσα, ης, ή, a *Cilician woman*. 2. as Adj., fem. of *Κιλίκιος*.

κίλλι-βας, αντος, ό, a *trestle, stand or support* for anything, esp. for a shield. (From *κίλλος*, ass, *βαίω*: so Germ. *esel*, our *easel and borse*.) [r]

ΚΙΓΛΟΣ, ό, an ass. (Dor. word.)

Κιμμέριοι, οι, the *Cimmerians*, a people supposed to dwell in perpetual darkness: later, a people about the *Palus Maeotis*.

Κίμωλία (γή), ή, *Cimolian earth*, a kind of white clay, like *fuller's earth*, from *Cimölus* in the *Cyclades*.

ΚΙΝΑΒΡΑ, ή, the rank smell of a goat. Hence *κίναβρώω*, to smell like a goat.

κίναδος, εος, τό: vocat. *κίναδε*, as if it were masc.:—Sicil. word, a fox: metaph. a wily fellow, a cheat.

κίναθισμα, ατος, τό, a *rustling motion, rustling*. (From *κίναθίζω*, = *κινέω*.) [yā]

κιν-αχύρα, ή, (*κινέω*, *αχύρον*) a kind of bag or sieve for bolting flour.

κινδύνευμα, ατος, τό, a *risk, venture, enterprise*; and

κινδύνευσίν, verb. Adj. *one must venture*; and **κινδύνευσίς**, ού, ό, an *adventurous person*:—from **κινδύνεύω**, f. *σω*, to be daring, venture into danger, run a risk, *bazard*. 2. absol. to make a venture, do a daring thing: so with acc. of the danger, κ. **κινδύνευμα** to venture the risk. II. from the notion of running a risk, **κινδυνεύω** c. inf. comes to mean, to run a risk or chance of doing, be likely to do so and so; **κινδυνεύουσι** of *άνθρωποι* *όδοι γήτες* *είναι* they run a risk of being reputed conjurers: hence **κινδυνεύει** as impers. it seems to be, is likely:—Pass. to be hazarded, exposed to danger. From

ΚΙΝΔΥΤΝΟΣ, ό, a danger, risk, *bazard, venture*, Lat. *periculum*: an experiment, trial; **κίνδυνον** ποιέιν, Lat. *periculum facere*, to make an experiment.

κινέω, Dor. for **κινού**, pres. imperat. pass. of **κινέω**.

κινέω, f. ήσω, (*κίω*) to move, set in motion, set a-going, urge on: to move a thing from its place; hence, to meddle with things sacred: to change, innovate. 2. to set in motion, originate, be the author or contriver of a thing. 3. to stir up, arouse: to move to anger, provoke. 4. **κινέω** *πάν* *χρήμα* to set every engine at work, turn every stone. II. Pass., with fut.

med. **κινήσομαι** and pass. **κινήθησομαι**, aor. I **έκινήθην**: to be put in motion, to be moved, to move; of an earthquake, as, **έκινήθη** *Δήλος*.

κινήθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of **κινέω**.

κινήθμιος, ό, = *κίνησις*, motion.

κίνησις, εως, ή, (*κινέω*) a moving or being moved: motion. II. excitement, commotion: a movement, disturbance. [κί]

κινήτης, ήρος, ό, = *κινήτης*. Hence

κινήτηριος, α, ον, liable to move or excite.

κινήτης, ού, ό, (*κινέω*) a mover, author.

κίνητικός, ή, όν, (*κινέω*) putting in motion: stirring up, exciting.

κιννάμωμον, τό, *cinnamon*, a word introduced by the Greeks from the *Phoenicians*.

κινύγμα, ατος, τό, (*κινύσσομαι*) a floating or hovering body, a phantom. [r]

κινύμαι, Ep. Pass. (from an *obsolet. Act. κίνυμι*), = *κινέομαι*, to be in motion, go move, march. [r]

κίνυτο, Ep. for **έκίνυτο**, 3 pl. impf. of **κίνυμαι**.

κινύρομαι [v], Dep. to utter a plaintive sound, moan, lament: c. acc. cognato, **χαλινού κινύρονται** *φόνον* the bridles ring or clash murderously. From

κινύρος, ά, όν, *wailing, plaintive*. (Formed from the sound.)

κινύσσω, = *κινέω*, to put in motion:—Pass. to waver, be swayed to and fro.

κινώ, ούς, ή, Dor. for *κίνησις*.

κίω-κράνον, τό, = *κιοινόκρανον*.

κίωμεν, Ep. for *κίωμεν*, 1 pl. subj. of *κίω*.

κίον, Ep. for *έκικον*, impf. of *κίω*.

κίονό-κράνον, τό, (*κίων*, *κράνον*) the capital of a column.

κίσις, dat. pl. of *κίων*, a pillar.

Κίρκη, ή, *Circé*, an enchantress who changed

Ulysses' companions to swine, v. Odys. lib. 10, Hor. Epist. I. 2, 23.

κικρήλατος, *ov*, (κίρκος, ἐλαύνω) chased by a hawk. ΚΙΡΚΟΣ, *δ*, a kind of hawk or falcon, which flies in wheels or circles. 2. a circle, ring, mostly in form κίρκος. Hence

κικρώω, *f*. ὥσω, to hoop in, secure by rings. κικινάω and -ημι, poet. forms of κικινάννυμι, to mix wine with water:—from κικινάω comes 3 sing. pres. κικινᾷ, 3 sing. impf. ἐκικίνα: from κικίρηνμι, Ep. 3 sing. impf. κικίρην, part. κικινάς.

ΚΙΣΣ, *δ*, gen. κισός, acc. κίν, a worm in wood or in corn, the weevil, Lat. *curculio*.

κισήρις, *εως*, *ἡ*, (κίσις) the pumice-stone, Lat. *pumex*.

ΚΙΣΣΑ Att. κίττα, *ἡ*, a chattering bird, the jay.

II. the longing of pregnant women, a craving for strange food. Hence

κισσαβίξω Att. κίτταβίξω, *f*. ἴσω, to scream like a jay.

κισσάω Att. κίττάω, *f*. ἴσω, (κίσσαι II) to crave for strange food: generally, to long or yearn after.

κισσήρης, *ες*, (κισσός) ivy-clad.

κισσηρίς, *εως*, *ἡ*, = κισήρις, *q*. v.

κισσίνος, *η*, *ov*, (κισσός) of ivy.

κισσοδέτης, *ου*, *δ*, Dor. -δέτας, (κισσός, δέω) bound or crowned with ivy.

κισσοκόμη, *ου*, *δ*, (κισσός, κόμη) ivy-tressed, crowned with ivy.

ΚΙΣΣΟΣ Att. κίττός, *δ*, ivy, Lat. *bedera*.

κισσοστέφανος, *ov*, and κισσοσστεφής, *ές*, (κισσός, στέφανος, στέφω) ivy-wreathed.

κισσοφόρεω Att. κίττ-, to be decked with ivy. From κισσοφόρος, *ov*, (κισσός, φέρω) wearing ivy, crowned: luxuriant with ivy.

κισσώω Att. κίττ-, *f*. ὥσω, (κισσός) to deck with ivy.

κισσύβιον [ῥ], τό, (κισσός) a drinking-cup either made of ivy-wood or with ivy-leaves carved on it.

κισσωτός, *ἡ*, *όν*, (κισσώω) decked with ivy.

ΚΙΣΤΗ, *ἡ*, a box, chest, Lat. *cista*.

κιστίς, *ίδος*, *ἡ*, Dim. of κίστη, a little chest.

ΚΙΤΡΕ΄Α or κικιρία, *ἡ*, the citron-tree.

κίτρινος, *η*, *ov*, (κίτρον) of citron.

κίτρον, τό, the fruit of the κικιρία, citron.

κίττα, κίτταβίξω, κίττάω, Att. for κισσ-.

κίττός, *δ*, Att. for κισσ-.

κικινάω [ᾶ], used only in pres. and impf. indic., in inf. κικινάειν, and Med. κικινάομαι: most of the other moods and tenses being formed as if from κικίρηνμι:—Ep. subj. κικιείω, opt. κικιέην, inf. κικίηται Ep. κικίημεναι, part. κικιέεις and Med. κικίημενος; so impf. ἐκικίρην, 2 sing. ἐκικίρεις (as if from κικιέω); I pl. κικίρην, 3 dual κικίρην: fut. κικίησομαι: aor. 2 ἐκικίχον Ep. κικίχον, part. κικίχων: aor. I med. ἐκικίχασμην: Att. κικιχάω [ᾶ], *q*. v.:—to light upon, meet with, find: to arrive at.

κικιέην, opt. of κικινάω.

κικιέεις, pres. part. of κικίρηνμι, = κικινάω.

κικιέομεν, Ep. for κικιώμεν, Ep. I pl. subj. of κικίρηνμι.

κικίηλα, *ἡ*, Dor. for κικίλη.

κικίημαι, κικίημενος, v. sub κικινάω.

*κικίημι, v. sub κικινάω.

κικίησομαι, fut. of κικινάω.

κικίχον, aor. 2 of κικινάω.

ΚΙΧΛΗ, *ἡ*, a thrush or fieldfare, Lat. *turdus*.

κικιλίξω, *f*. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to titter, giggle, formed like κικιχλάω from the sound. II. (κικίλη) to eat

κικίλαι, to live daintily.

κικιλίσδοντι, Dor. for κικιλίξουσι, 3 pl. of κικιλίξω.

κικιλισμός, *δ*, (κικιλίξω) a tittering, giggling. II. (κικίλη) dainty living.

κικίρηνμι, fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἐκίρησα: (see χράω c. II): —to lend. II. Mod. κικίρᾶμι, fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I ἐκίρησάμην:—to have lent to one, to borrow.

*ΚΙΓΩ, to go, pres. not used in indic.; subj. κίω, Ep. I pl. κίομεν; opt. κίοιμι, part. κίων, κίουσα: impf. ἐκίον Ep. κίον:—to go: of ships, to sail.

ΚΙΩΝ, *ov*, *δ* and *ἡ*, a pillar, column. II. = στήλη, a gravestone, Lat. *cippus*. [ῥ]

κλαγγάνω, collat. form of κλάω, of hounds, to give tongue: of birds, to scream, screech.

κλαγγεύντι, Dor. for κλαγγούσι, 3 pl. of κλαγγέω, = κλάω, of hounds, to give tongue.

κλαγγή, *ἡ*, (κλάω) any sharp, quick sound, as the twang of the bow, the scream of birds, the hissing of serpents, the barking or baying of dogs: also the grunting of swine. Hence

κλαγγῆδον, Adv. with a clang, noise, din.

κλαγγερός, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάω) screaming, screeching.

κλάγξας, aor. I part. of κλάω.

κλαδάρος, *ά*, *όν*, (κλάω) broken, fragile, brittle.

κλάδας, irreg. acc. pl. of κλάδος.

κλαδᾶς, Dor. for κλαῖδας, acc. pl. of κλαῖς.

κλαδῖ, Dor. for κλαῖδι, dat. of κλαῖς.

κλαδῖον, τό, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλαδίσκος, *δ*, Dim. of κλάδος.

κλάδος, *ου*, *δ*, (κλάω) a young slip or shoot of a tree: a young branch or shoot, esp. an olive-branch, which was wound round with wool and presented by suppliants.

ΚΛΑΖΩ, *f*. κλάγξω: aor. I ἐκλαγξ: Ep. aor. 2 ἐκλαγον, inf. κλαγεῖν: pf. with pres. sense κέκλαγα and κέκλαγα, part. κεκλήγως, ὅτος, also κεκλήγην, ὄντος (as if from a new pres. κεκλήγω):—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλάγομαι:—to make a sharp, quick sound; of arrows in the quiver, to clasp, clang, rattle: of birds, to scream, screech: of dogs, to bark or bay: of the wind, to rustle: of men, to shout aloud, halloo, sbrick forth, cry out.

κλαῖεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλαῖω.

κλαῖς, gen. κλαῖδος, *ἡ*, Dor. for κληῖς, κελῖς, Lat. *clavis* κλαῖτρον, Dor. for κλειστόρον, κλειθρον.

ΚΛΑΙΓΩ Att. κλάω [ᾶ]: *f*. κλαῖσομαι Dor. κλαυσοῦμαι: also κλαῖσω Att. κλαῖσω: aor. I ἐκλαυσα Ep. κλαῖσω:—Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεκλαῖσομαι: pf. κέκλαυμαι and κέκλαυσμα:—to weep, lament, wail: hence Att. phrase, κλαῖσεται he shall weep, i. e. he shall repent it, have cause to rue it: so, κλαῖων at

your *peril*, to your sorrow; κλάεν σε λέγα, Lat. *plorare te jubeo*.

II. transit. to bewail, mourn, deplore:—Pass. to be mourned for or lamented; also κεκλαυμένος bathed in tears, weeping.

κλάξ, ἄκος, ἦ, Dor. for κλείς, a key.

κλαξῶ, Dor. fut. of κλείω, to shut.

κλαπῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλέπτω.

κλάριος, ον, (κλάρω) apportioning by lot. [ᾶ]

κλάρω, κλάρω, κλαρόνω, κλαρόνω, Dor. for κληρ-.

κλάσε, Ep. for ἐκλάσε, 3 sing. aor. I of κλάω.

κλαῦσι-βῶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (κλάω, βῶλαξ) *clod-break-ing*.

κλάσις, εως, ἦ, (κλάω) a breaking. [ᾶ]

κλάσμα, ατος, τό, (κλάω) that which is broken off, a fragment, piece, morsel.

κλάσσε, κλάσσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I act. and med. of κλάω.

κλασταῖω, f. ἄσω, (κλάω) to prune a vine, Lat. *ram-pinare*: metaph. to bring down, humble.

κλαστός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλάω) broken in pieces.

κλαῶω, Dor. for κλάσω, fut. of κλάω.

κλαυθμός, ὁ, (κλαίω), a weeping, wailing. Hence

κλαυθμύριξ, f. σω, to make to weep. Hence

κλαυθμύρισμός, ὁ, a crying like a child.

κλαῖμα, ατος, τό, (κλαίω) a weeping, wailing. II. a trouble, misfortune.

κλαυσάρα, by crasis for κλαύσει ἄρα. [σᾶ]

κλαύσε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κλαίω.

κλαυσιάω, (κλαύσις) to wish to weep; τὸ θύριον φεγγόμενον ἄλλως κλαυσιάω the door is like to weep, i. e. small suffer, for creaking without cause.

κλαυσί-γέλωσ, ατος, and α, ὁ, (κλαίω, γέλωσ) smiles and tears. [ῖ]

κλαυσί-μάχος, ον, (κλαίω, μάχη) parody on the name of *Lamachus*, *Rue-the-fight*.

κλαύσομαι, fut. of κλαίω:—Dor. κλαουσούμαι.

κλαυστός or κλαυτός, ὄν, (κλαίω) wept, bewailed: to be bewailed, mournful.

ΚΛΑΨ: f. κλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐκλάσα Ep. κλάσα, κλάσσα: aor. 2 part. κλάς, as if from κλημί:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλάσθη: pf. κέκλασμαι—to break, break off, break in pieces: of plants, to prune:—metaph. to weaken, enervate.

κλάω, Att. for κλαίω, as κῶω for καίω. [ᾶ]

κλέα, Ep. shortd. form of κλέεα, plur. of κλέος.

κλεινός or κλεηνός, ἦ, ὄν, poet. for κλεινός, famous.

κλειθῶν, Ep. for κληθῶν.

κλεία, contr. of κλέεα, nom. and acc. pl. of κλέος.

κλειδίων, τό, Dim. of κλείς, a little key.

κλειδοῦχος Att. κληδ-, to hold the keys, have the charge or custody of; κλειδοῦχὴν θεᾶς to be priestess of a goddess:—Pass. to be watched. From

κλειδ-οῦχος Att. κληδ-, ον, (κλείς, ἔχω) holding the keys, having charge or custody of: of a goddess, tutelary.

κλειδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (κλείς, φύλαξ) = foreg.

κλείζω, f. κλείζω Dor. for κληζῶ.

κλείθρον Att. κληθρον Ion. κληθρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt or bar for closing a door.

κλεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλέος) famous, renowned, illustrious. κλείζω, aor. I inf. of κλειζῶ, Dor. for κληζῶ.

κλείς, ἦ, γεν. κλειδός: acc. κλείδα Att. κλήϊς: pl. nom. κλείδες, acc. κλείδας contr. κλείς: Ion. κληίς, gen. κληίδος, acc. κληίδα:—a thing to close the door with: I.

a key, by which the bolt (ὄχεύς) was shot or unshot from the outside: if the door was fastened on the inside, there was a latch (ἰμάς) by which the bolt was made fast to the handle (κορώνη). 2. a bar or bolt, commonly of wood, drawn across the door. 3.

metaph. of silence, κληίς ἐπὶ γλώσση a key on the tongue, as if from some weight pressing it down; κληδὰς ἔχειν, like κληδοῦχῆν, to watch, have the charge of. II. the book or tongue of a clasp. III.

the collar-bone, Lat. *jugulum*; κληίς ἀποέργει αὐχένα τε στήθος τε locks the neck and breast together. IV. a bench for rowers. V. a narrow strait or pass, such as we call the key of a country; mostly in pl., as,

Κλείδες τῆς Κύπρου.

κλείς, contr. nom. and acc. pl. of κλείς, κλειδός.

κλειστός, old Att. κληστός, Ion. κληϊστός, ἦ, ὄν, to be shut or closed.

κλειστρον, τό, (κλείω) a bolt, bar, Lat. *claustrum*.

κλειντός, ἦ, ὄν, (κλείω B), renowned, famous: of things, splendid, excellent.

ΚΛΕΙΩ (A); f. κλείσω: aor. I ἐκλείσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλείσθη: pf. κέκλεισμαι and κέκλειμαι:—Ion. and Ep. pres. κληίω: f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκλήϊσα Ep. κληΐσα:—old Att. κληίω, f. κληίω: aor. I ἐκλήϊσα: pf. pass. κέκλημαι:—Dor. fut. κλαξῶ. Lat. *CLAUDO*, to shut, shut up, close, keep fast: to confine:—Pass. to be shut up.

κλείω (B), poet. for κλέω, to celebrate.

Κλειώ, οὖς, ἦ, (κλέος) *Clio*, the Celebrator, the Muse of Epic Poetry and History.

κλέμμα, ατος, τό, (κλέπτω) a thing stolen: a theft. 2. a trick, device, stratagem.

κλέος, τό, only used in nom. and acc.; Ep. pl. κλέα, κλεία for κλέεα:—a rumour, report, common fame, news; σὺν κλέος νέος of thee:—a mere report, opp. to certainty; ἡμῆς δὲ κλέος αἶον ἀκούομεν, οὐδέ τι ἴδμεν we hear a rumour only, but know not anything. II. good report, fame, glory: also *repute*, whether good or bad:—in plur., κλέα ἀνδρῶν αἰεῖδεν to sing the glorious deeds of heroes; κλέος ἀρέσθαι to win honour.

κλέπτω, Dor. for κλέπτην, acc. of κλέπτης.

κλεπτόν, verb. Adj. of κλέπτω, one must withhold.

κλεπτεσκον, Ion. impf. of κλέπτω.

κλεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κλέπτης, ον, ὁ, (κλέπτω) a thief: generally, a rogue, deceiver.

κλεπτίστατος, ἦ, ον, Att. Sup. formed from κλέπτης the most arrant thief.

κλέπτον, v. κλέπτω.

κλεπτοσύνη, ἦ, thieviness, knavery. From

ΚΛΕΠΤΩ: f. ψω, or med. κλέψομαι: aor. I ἐκ-

λεψα: pf. κέκλοφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλέφθη: aor. 2

ἐλατήν [α], inf. κλατήναι: pf. κέκλεμαι:—*to steal, fitch, purloin*: of women, *to carry off*: part. κλέπτων, οὔσα, ον, *thievish*; κλέπτον βλέπει he has a *thief's* look.

II. *to cozen, cheat, beguile, deceive*: hence *to mislead*.

III. *to withhold, conceal, keep secret, disguise*.

IV. generally, *to do a thing stealthily or treacherously*: so c. part., κλέπτων ποιεῖ he does it *secretly*.

κλεψί-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κλέπτω, φρήν) of *deceptive mind, dissembling*.

κλεψί-χολῶς, ον, (κλέπτω, χολῶς) *disguising lameness*. [ῥ]

κλεψί-ὑδρα, ἡ, (κλέπτω, ὕδωρ) a *water-clock*, with a narrow orifice through which the water trickled, (instead of sand, as in our glasses);—used to time speeches in law-courts.

ΚΛΕΨΩ Ep. κλείω (κλέος) = κλήζω, *to tell of, celebrate, glorify, extol*:—Pass. *to be famous*. II. = καλέω, *to call*.

κλήδες, Att. for κλειδες, nom. pl. of κλής. κλήθην, Adv. (καλέω) *by name*.

κλήδονισμα, atos, τό, (κλήδων) a *sign or omen*.

κλήθ-ουχέω, κλήθ-ουχος, Att. for κλειθ-. κλήθων, ὄνος, ἡ, Ep. κληθῶν and κληθῶν: (κλέω): *an omen, presage, boding*. II. a *rumour, report*: reputation, glory.

III. a *calling, invocation*.

κλήζω (A), f. ἤσω, aor. I ἐκλήσα: pf. pass. κέκλησμαι:—Ion. pres. κληίζω Dor. κλειίζω: (κλέος):—*to make famous, to celebrate*.

II. *to name, call*:—Pass. *to be spoken of, be mentioned*.

κλήζω (B), f. σω, late form for κλήω, κλείω, *to shut*.

κληθῶν, Ep. for κληδῶν. κληθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of καλέω.

ΚΛΗΨΩΡΑ Ion. κλήθηρη, ἡ, *the alder*, Lat. *alnus*.

κλήθρον, τό, Att. for Ion. κλήθρον, = κλειθρον.

κλήθροισι, Ep. for κληθῖσι, dat. pl. of κληθῖς.

κλήζω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλήζω.

κλήθρον, τό, Ion. for κλήθρον, κλειθρον.

κλήθης, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for κλειθῖς.

κλήσις, Ep. aor. I of κλήζω, κλείω.

κλήσις, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for κληστός, κλειστός.

κλήω, f. ἴσω, Ion. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλήμα, atos, τό, (κλάω) a *shoot or twig broken off* to be grafted on another tree, a *slip, cutting*: esp. a *vine-twig*, Lat. *palmes*. Hence

κλήματινος, ἡ, ον, *made of vine-twigs*.

κλήματις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλήμα: mostly in pl. *brushwood, fagot-wood*.

κλήριον, τό, Dim. of κλήρος, a *small portion*.

κλήρο-πάλης, ἐς, (κλήρος, πάλλω) *distributed by shaking the lots*.

κλήρος Dor. κλάρος, ον, ὁ, a *lot*: twigs, potsherds, or even a clod of earth was used for the purpose. In Homer each hero marks his own lot, and they are thrown into a helmet: the first which came out was the winning lot.

2. a *casting lots, drawing lots*.

II. an *allotment, portion*, often of conquered land: *an inheritance, estate, property*: generally, *lands*.

III. *the clergy*, as opp. to the *laity*.

κληρουχέω, fut. ἤσω, (κληρούχος) *to possess or hold by allotment, to have allotted to one*. Hence

κληρουχία, ἡ, *the allotment or portioning out of land in a foreign country among the citizens of a state*.

2. *the body of citizens among whom it was divided*.—An Athenian κληρουχία differed from a colony (ἀποικία), in that the κληρουχοὶ were still citizens of the mother-country, instead of forming an independent state.

κληρουχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρουχία) of or for a κληρουχία or apportionment of land.

κληρ-ούχος, ον, (κλήρος, ἔχω) *holding or possessed of an allotment of land*; esp. of land in a foreign country portioned out among the citizens: as Subst., κληρούχος, ὁ, a *portion-holder*.

2. metaph., πολλῶν ἐτῶν κληρούχος *possessed of many years*, i. e. advanced in years.

κληρώ, f. ὦσω, (κλήρος) *to choose by lot, and generally, to choose*: of the lot, *to fall on one, designate*:—Pass. *to be chosen by lot*:—Med. *to cast lots for a thing, to have a thing allotted one*.

II. *to allot, assign, apportion*:—Pass., κληροῦσθαι δούλη *to be allotted as a slave, to have slavery for one's lot*. Hence

κλήρωσις, εως, ἡ, a *choosing by lot*.

κληρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κληρώ) *appointed by lot*.

κλής, κληθός, old Att. for κλειθῖς, κλειθός.

κλήσις, εως, ἡ, (καλέω) a *calling into court, legal summons, citation*: hence an *indictment, impleachment*.

2. a *calling or invitation to a feast*.

3. a *name, appellation*.

κλήσις, εως, ἡ, (κλήω = κλείω) a *shutting up, closing, blockading*.

κλήσω, fut. of κλήω = κλείω:—also of κλήζω.

κλήτεύω, f. σω, (καλέω, κλητός) *to cite or summon into court*.

II. *to be a witness, give evidence*.

κλήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (καλέω) *one who calls, a summoner*.

II. a *witness, called to prove that this legal summons has been served*.

κλήτος, ἡ, ὄν, (καλέω) *called, invited*: *welcome*: called out, *chosen*.

κλήω, old Att. for κλείω, *to shut*.

κλιβάντης, κλιβάνος, v. sub κριβαν-.

κλιθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of κλίνω.

κλίμα [ῥ], τό, (κλίνω) an *inclination, slope*. II. a *region or zone of the earth, climate*: *climate*.

κλιμάκιον, τό, Dim. of κλίμαξ, a *small stair or ladder, a flight of steps*.

κλιμακτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλιμαξ) *the step of a staircase, round of a ladder.*

κλιμαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a ladder or staircase, flight of steps, from its leaning aslant: a scaling-ladder: a ship's ladder.*

II. *An instrument like a ladder, on which persons were tortured.*

III. in Soph. Trach., κλίμακες ἀμφίπλεκτοι seem to be twistings or grapplings of two bodies entangled with each other.

IV. in Rhetoric, a *climax*, a gradual ascent from weaker expressions to stronger, as in Cicero against Catiline, *abit evasit erupit.*

κλίαν, Ep. for ἔκλιαν, 3 pl. aor. I of κλίνω.

κλίνη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *that on which one lies, a couch, bed: also a bier.* [ἴ]

κλίνηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κλίνω.

κλινήρης, ες, (κλίνη, ἀρᾶρειν) *bed-ridden.*

κλινήρη, Ep. aor. I pass. of κλίνω.

κλίνηδιον, τό, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλίνης, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of κλίνη, *a small couch.*

κλίνο-πετής, ες, (κλίνη, πεσεῖν) *bedridden.*

κλίνο-χρήτης, ες, (κλίνω, χαρῆναι) *fond of bed.*

κλινητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch, bed, sofa.*

ΚΛΙΝΩ [ἴ]: fut. κλινῶ: aor. I ἐκλίνα: pf. κέκλικα:

—MED., aor. I ἐκλινάμην:—Pass., aor. I ἐκλινήθη and ἐκλίθη [ἴ], aor. 2 ἐκλίνην [ἴ]: pf. κέκλιμαι:—

to make slope or slant, incline. 2. *to make one thing slope against another, prop or rest it against.* 3.

to turn aside: ὅσσε πάλιν κλίνειν to turn back the eyes. 4. *to make recline or sit down, esp. at meat.*

II. Pass. *to be bent: to bend aside, swerve.* 2. *to lean, rest, support oneself against a thing.* 3. *to lie down, esp. at meals, Lat. discumbere.* 4. *of Places, to be sloping: λίμνη κεκλιμένη sloping towards the lake.* 5. *to wander from the right course.*

III. Med. *to decline, verge: so later in Act., ὁ ἥλιος κλίνει the sun declines: κλίνειν ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον to fall away for the worse.*

κλισία Ion. —ἴη, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a place for lying down: a hut, tent, cot, or cabin, used by herdsmen in time of peace, and by soldiers in time of war: as they were of wood, an army on breaking up did not strike the κλισία, but burned them on the spot: the collected κλισία formed a camp.* II. *a couch, bed.* III. *a company of people sitting at meals.*

κλισιάδες, ὧν, αἰ, (κλίνω) *folded-doors or gates: metaph. an entrance. Prob. better κλεισιάδες, from κλείω to shut.*

κλίστηθεν, Adv. (κλισία) *out of a cot or tent.*

κλίστηνδε, Adv. *to a cot or tent.*

κλίστων, τό, (κλισία) *the outbuildings round a herdsman's lodge.*

κλίσις, εὐς, ἡ, (κλίνω) *a bending, inclination.* II. *a lying down, reclining.* [ἴ]

κλισμός, ὁ, (κλίνω) *a couch or chair for reclining.*

κλίσις, τό, = κλίμα II, *a climate.* [ἴ]

κλίτους, ὄος, ἡ, acc. pl. κλιτύς: (κλίνω) *a sloping place, slope, bill-side, Lat. clivus.*

κλοιός, ὁ, with irreg. pl. κλοιά, as well as κλοιοί:

Att. κλωός: (κλείω)—*a dog-collar: esp. a large wooden collar: hence also a pillory.*

κλονέω, f. ἦσω, (κλόνος) *to drive in confusion, to confound, agitate, distract:—Pass. to flee in confusion, rush wildly: to be beaten by the waves.*

ΚΛΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *any violent motion, esp. the press of battle, the battle-row: generally, a tumult, throng.*

κλοπαίος, α, ον, (κλώψ) *stolen: furtive, stealthy.*

κλοπέυς, εὐς, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief: a secret doer.*

κλοπή, ἡ, (κλέπτω) *theft.* II. *a stealthy act, fraud: ποδοῖν κλοπὰν ἀρέσθαι to steal away on foot.*

κλόπιος, α, ον, (κλοπή) *thievish, artful.*

κλόπος, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief.*

κλοποπέυω, *to deal subtly: a lengthd. form of κλέπτω, κλωπέω.*

κλύδων, ἄνος, ὁ, (κλύζω) *a wave, billow, surge.* II. *metaph., κλύδων κακῶν a flood of ills. Hence κλύδωνίζομαι, Pass. to be tossed by the waves.*

κλύδωνιον, τό, Dim. of κλύδων, *a little wave, ripple: but often like κλύδων, a wave: a surging sea.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ [ἴ]: Ion. impf. κλύζεσκον: fut. κλύσω [ἴ]

Ep. κλύσσω: Pass., aor. I ἐκλύσθη: pf. κέκλυσαι:—

to wash or dash against, break over:—Pass. of the sea, to be stormy, dash high: so intr. in Act., κύματα κλύζεσκον ἐπ' ἡτόνος the waves dashed, broke against the shore. II. *to wash off or away: to wash out.* 2. *κισσύβιον κεκλυσμένον καρῶ a wooden vessel washed or coated with wax.*

κλύθι, aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλύθωρος, η, ον, (κλύω) = κλυτός, *famous.* [ἴ]

κλύσμα, τό, (κλύζω) *a liquid used for washing out: a clyster or drench.* II. *the part washed by the waves, the beach.*

κλυστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλύζω) *a clyster-pipe, syringe.*

κλυτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of κλύω.

κλυτό-δένδρον, ον, (κλυτός, δένδρον) *famed for trees.*

κλυτο-εργός, ὄν, (κλυτός, ἔργον) *famous for work.*

κλυτό-καρπος, ον, (κλυτός, καρπός) *famous with fruit.*

κλυτό-μητις, ι, (κλυτός, μήτις) *famous for skill.*

κλυτό-μοχθος, ον, (κλυτός, μόχθος) *famous for toils.*

κλυτό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ουν, (κλυτός, νόος) *famous for wisdom.*

κλυτό-παις, παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (κλυτός, παῖς) *with famous children.*

κλυτό-πῶλος, ον, (κλυτός, πῶλος) *famous for horses.*

κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (κλύω) *heard of, to be heard of, famous, glorious, renowned.* 2. *of things, glorious, noble, splendid, beautiful.*

κλυτο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (κλυτός, τέχνη) *famous for art, renowned artist.*

κλυτό-τοξος, ον, (κλυτός, τόξον) *famous for the bow, renowned archer.*

ΚΛΥΨΩ: impf. or aor. 2 ἐκλυον, imperat. sing. and pl. (as if from κλύμι), κλυθι, κλυτε, Ep. redupl. κέκλυθι, κέκλυτε:—*to bear, to give ear to, listen to, hearken to: but also a. c. gen. to obey.* 3. *to bear, learn by hearing, ascertain.* 4. *generally, to per-*

ceire. II. *to bear oneself called, be called so and so*, like ἀκούω, Lat. *audio*; κακῶς κλύειν *to be ill spoken of*.

ΚΛΩΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a cage, bird-cage*.

κλωγμός, ὁ, (κλώζω) *the whistle or sound which a rider uses to his horse*.

ΚΛΩΖΩ, f. κλώζω, *to croak, have a hoarse note, properly of jackdaws*.

ΚΛΩ'ΘΩ, fut. κλώσω, *to twist, spin, esp. of the goddesses of fate*. Hence

Κλωθώ, οὖς, ἡ, Lat. *Klotho*, one of the three Μοῖραι or Fates, who span the thread of life.

κλωμαῖοις, εσσα, εν, *stony, rocky, rugged*. From ΚΛΩΜΑΣ, or κρώμαξ, ἄκος, *os, a heap of stones*.

κλών, γεν, κλωνός, ὁ, (κλάω) = κλάδος, *a young shoot, sprout, twig, Lat. surculus*.

κλωνιον, Dim. of κλών.

κλωός, Att. for κλωτός.

κλωπεύω, f. σω, = κλοπεύω, *to steal*.

κλωπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώψ) *thievish, furtive*.

κλωπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (κλώψ, πατήρ) *of a thievish or unknown father*. [ᾶ]

κλωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (κλώθω) *a thread, yarn, line*.

κλωστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κλώθω) *spun, twisted*.

κλώψ, κλωνός, ὁ, (κλέπτω) *a thief, Lat. fur*.

κναίω, = Att. κνάω, like καίω for Att. κάω, etc.

κνάκων, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κνήκων, *the goat*: see κνηκός. κνάμα, Dor. for κνήμη.

κναμός, Dor. for κνημός.

κνάμπτω, old Att. for γνάμπτω.

κνάπτω or γνάπτω: f. ψω: (κνάω): *to scratch*: esp. *to tease, card or comb wool, to full cloth, from the teasel or comb (κνάφος) which was used*. II. *metaph. to mangle, tear, lacerate*.

κνάσαιο, 2 sing. aor. I opt. med. of κνάω.

κνάσω, κνάσαι, Dor. for κνήσω, κνήσαι, fut. and aor. I inf. of κνάω.

κναφέιον Ion. -ήϊον, τό, (κνάπτω) *a fuller's shop*.

κναφέυς or γναφέυς, έως, ὁ, Lat. *fullo*, *a fuller, cloth-carder or dresser, clothes-cleaner*.

κναφέω, f. σω, (κναφέυς) *to full or card cloth*.

κναφήϊον, Ion. for κναφέϊον.

κνάφος, ὁ, (κνάω) *the prickly teasel, Lat. spina fulonica*, a plant used by fullers to card or clean cloth: hence also *a carding-comb*; also used as an instrument of torture.

ΚΝΑ'Ω, Att. 2 and 3 sing. κνής, κνή, inf. κνήν; impf. 3 sing. ἔκνη Ep. κνή (used in the sense of aor. 2): fut. κνήσω: aor. I ἔκνησα:—*to scrape or grate, Lat. radere*: *to scrape off*: metaph. *to wear down, scrape away*:—Med., κνάσθαι τὰ ἄτα *to tickle one's ears*.

κνεφάζω, f. ἄσω, (κνέφας) *to cloud over*.

κνεφαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κνέφας) *dark, gloomy, murky*.

2. *in the dark, either at nightfall or before daybreak*.

κνεφᾶς, τό, Att. gen. κνεφούς; dat. κνέφα ποῖτ. κνέφει: (νέφος) *darkness, dusk at nightfall, also the morning twilight or dawn, Lat. diluculum*.

κνή, Ep. for ἔκνη, 3 sing. impf. of κνάω.

κνήθω, f. κνήσω, (κνάω) *to scratch*.

κνηκίας, ον, ὁ, v. sub κνηκός.

ΚΝΗ'ΚΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. *cnēcus* or *cnicus*, a plant of the *thistle* kind.

κνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, Dor. κναῖός, α, ὄν, (κνήκος) *pale yellow, whitish yellow*, hence the goat is called ὁ κνάκων, and the wolf ὁ κνηκίας.

κνημ-αργος, ον, (κνήμη, ἀργός) *white-legged*.

ΚΝΗ'ΜΗ, ἡ, *the part of the leg between the knee and ankle, the leg, Lat. tibia*.

κνημῖδο-φόρος, ον, (κνημῖς, φέρω) *wearing greaves to protect the leg*.

κνημῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κνήμη) *a greave, leg-armour, reaching from knee to ankle*; the κνημῖδες consisted of two parts, and were fastened with silver clasps (ἐπισφίρις); but βόειαι κνημῖδες are *boots or leg-gings of ox-hide, to protect the legs*.

κνημός, ὁ, (κνήμη) *the slope or shoulder of a mountain*; as it were *the leg, opp. to πούς* (the foot).

κνησιᾶω, f. ἄσω, Desiderat. of κνάω, *to wish to scratch, to itch*.

κνήσμα, τό, (κνάω) *an itching*.

κνησμονή, ἡ, = κνήσμα.

κνήστις, εως and ιος, ἡ; contr. dat. κνήστῃ: (κνάω)

a knife for scraping, a rasp, grater.

κνίδη, ἡ, (κνίζω) *a nettle, Lat. urtica*. [Ὶ]

Κνίδιος, α, ον, *Cnidian, of or from Cnidos*. From Κνίδος, ἡ, *Cnidus*.

κνίξη, ης, ἡ, = κνίδη. From

κνίζω: f. κνίσω: aor. I ἔκνισα Dor. ἔκνιξα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκνίσθην: (κνάω):—*to scrape or grate, rasp*.

II. *to make to itch*: hence metaph. *to nettle, tease, chafe, vex*:—Pass. *to be teased, chafed, fretted*.

κνίπός, ὄν, (κνίζω) *scraping, niggardly, miserly*.

ΚΝΙ'ΣΑ Ep. κνίση, ης, ἡ, Lat. *nidor*, *the smell or savour of a victim, steam of a burnt sacrifice*. II. *the fat-caul, in which the flesh of the victim was wrapped: the fat itself*. Hence

κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for κνισήεις.

κνισάντι, Dor. for κνισάεντι, dat. of κνισάεις.

κνισάω, f. ἡσω, (κνίσω) *to fill with the steam or savour of a burnt sacrifice*. II. intr. *to raise the steam of sacrifice*.

κνισδω, Dor. for κνίζω.

κνισήεις Dor. κνισάεις, εσσα, εν, (κνίσα) *full of the steam of sacrifice, steaming*.

κνίσμα, τό, (κνίζω) *that which is caused by itching: a scratch, scraping*.

κνισμός, ὁ, (κνίζω) *an itching of the skin, tickling, irritation, fretting*.

κνισο-διώκτης, ον, ὁ, (κνίσα, διώκω) *hunting after the smell of roast meat, name of a mouse*.

κνίσσα, κνισσάεις, less correct forms for κνίσα, κνισάεις, etc.

κνισωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κνισώω) *steaming with burnt sacrifice*.

κνήψ, ὁ, also ἦ, gen. κνήπος, pl. κνήπες, (κνήζω) a kind of *emmet*, which gnaws figs.

κνήζα, contr. for κνόζα.

κνήζομαι and -έομαι, Dep. only used in pres., to *wbine, whimper*, of a dog; also of children. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

κνήζημα, ὁ, a *whining, whimpering*.

κνήζητος, τό, = κνήζημα.

κνήζω, f. ὤσω, to *disfigure, make dim and dark*.

κνώω, f. ὕσω [ῥ]: (κνάω) to *scratch or touch gently*.

κνώδαλον, τό, any *dangerous animal, a monster, beast*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κνώδων, οντος, ὁ, (ὀδούς) a *sword*: pl. κνώδοντες, two *projecting teeth* on the blade of a hunting spear; ξίφους διπλοὶ κνώδοντες* a *cross-hilted sword*.

ΚΝΩ/ΣΣΩ, only used in pres. to *nod, slumber, sleep*.

κνούμενος, ὁ, a *stupid fellow, booby*. [ᾗ]

κοάς, Comic word formed to imitate the croaking of frogs βρεκεκεκέξ κοάς κοάς.

κόα, v. κέεα.

κοβαλίκευμα, τό, a *knavisb trick*. From κοβαλίκευμα, to *play the knave*. From κόβαλος, ὁ, an *impudent rogue, an arrant knave*: neut. Adj. κόβαλα, *knavisb tricks, rogueries*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a *muscle or cockle, Lat. concha*: also a *muscle-shell*. II. the *case round a seal attached to documents*: (hence ἀνακογχυλάζω), to *unseal*).

κόγχος, ὁ, also ἦ, = κόγχη, a *muscle or cockle*.

κογχύλη, ἡ, = κόγχη, a *muscle*

κογχυλίτης (sub. λίθος), ου, ὁ, a *shelly marble*. [ᾗ]
κογχύλιον, τό, (κογχύλη) a *muscle or cockle*: also its *shell*, generally, a *bivalve-shell*. [ῥ]

κοδράνης, ου, ὁ, Greek form of the Lat. *quadrans*, = $\frac{1}{4}$ of an *as*, about $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

ΚΟΕ/Ω or κοάω contr. κοῶ, Ion. for νοέω, νοῶ, to *mark, perceive, hear, observe*.

κόθεν, Ion. for πόθεν.

κόθορνος, ὁ, Lat. *cothurnus*, a *buskin or high boot*, covering the whole foot and reaching to the middle of the leg, laced in front, and with thick soles. 2. the *κόθορνος* was worn by tragic actors: thus it became the emblem of Tragedy, as the *soccus* of Comedy. 3. since the buskins might be worn on either foot, ὁ *Κόθορνος* was a nickname for a *trimmer or time-server* in politics.

κόθορος, ου, = κολουρος, *without a sting*.

ΚΟΙ', sound to express the *grunting* of young pigs.

κοῖζω, f. ἴσω, (κοί) to *grunt like a young pig*.

κοίη, Ion. for ποία, dat. sing. of ποῖος, Ion. κοῖος, used as Adv. *how? in what manner? in what respect?*
κοιλαίνω, fut. ἀνω: aor. I ἐκοίληνα, inf. κοιλήναι, Att. ἐκοίλᾱνα, inf. κοιλάνα: pf. pass. κεκοίλασμαι: (κοῖλος):—to *make hollow, scoop, hollow out*.

κοίλη, ἡ, a *hollow*, properly fem. of κοῖλος; the name of a *δήμος* or borough in Attica.

κοιλία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (κοῖλος) the *hollow of the belly,*

the *belly*, Lat. *venter*. 2. the *contents of the belly, the bowels*: *tripe*: *black-puddings*.

κοιλιο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (κοιλία, πωλέω) a *tripe or black-pudding seller*.

κοιλο-γάστρω, ορος, ὁ, ἦ, (κοῖλος, γαστήρ) *hollow-bellied*: hence *hungry, ravenous*.

κοιλό-πέδος, ον, (κοῖλος, πέδον) *lying in a hollow*.

ΚΟΙΛΩΣ, η, ον, *hollow, hollowed*; κοίλα νῆες, for the early ships were hollowed out, like canoes; later, κοίλη ναῦς or κοίλη alone was the *hollow or hold of the ship*: of *Places, lying in a hollow or vale*: of a *road, cut deep, overbung*: κοῖλον, τό, a *hollow place, hollow, recess*; κοῖλος χρυσός *gold made into hollow vessels*, i. e. plate.

κοιλ-ὀφθαλμος, ον, (κοῖλος, ὀφθαλμός) *hollow-eyed*.

κοιλο-χειλῆς, ες, (κοῖλος, χεῖλος) *hollow to the rim*.

κοιλωῶ, f. ὤσω, (κοῖλος) to *make hollow*.

κοιλ-ώτης, ες, (κοῖλος, εἶδος) *hollow-looking*.

κοιλῶμα, ματος, τό, (κοιλῶ) a *hollow*.

κοιλ-ῶνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἦ, (κοῖλος, ὄνυξ) *hollow-hoofed*.

κοιλ-ῶπις, ου, ὁ, feni. κοιλῶπις, ἴδος, = κοιλῶπις.

κοιλ-ῶπός, ὄν, (κοῖλος, ὤψ) *hollow-looking*.

κοιμάτο, Ep. 3 sing. impf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμάω Ion. -έω, fut. ἤσω, (κείμαι) to *lull to sleep, put to sleep, put to bed*. 2. generally, to *lull, still, calm, tranquillise, soothe, assuage*. II. Med. and Pass. fut. κοιμήσομαι, aor. I med. ἐκοιμήσᾱμην, pass. ἐκοιμήθην:—to *fall asleep, go to bed*: of animals, to *lie down*; κοιμήσατο χάλκεον ὕπνον *he slept a brassen sleep*, i. e. the *sleep of death*. 2. to *sleep the sleep of death, be fallen asleep*.

κοιμέω, Ion. for κοιμάω.

κοιμηθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κοιμάω.

κοιμημα, τό, (κοιμάω) *sleep*; κοιμήματα αὐτογέννητα *intercourse of the mother with her own son*.

κοιμήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κοιμάω.

κοιμήσις, εως, ἦ, (κοιμάω) a *sleeping*: also 2. *rest, repose*.

κοιμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, = κοιμάω, to *put to sleep*:—to *lay asleep*, of the *sleep of death*. 2. generally, to *lay to rest, to quench*; to *appease, assuage*. Hence

κοιμιστής, οὔ, ὁ, *one putting to sleep*.

κοινάν, ἄνος, ὁ, Dor. for κοινῶν, κοινῶνος.

κοινάνεω, Dor. for κοινανέω.

κοινάσομαι, Dor. for κοινώσομαι, fut. of κοινῶω.

κοινάσαντες, Dor. for κοινώσαντες, aor. I part. of κοινῶω.

κοιῆη dat. fem. of κοινός used as Adv., *in common, by common consent*. 2. *publicly*.

κοινο-βουλέω, (κοινός, βουλή) to *deliberate in common*.

κοινο-βωμία, ἡ, (κοινός, βωμός) *community of altars, of gods who are worshipped at one common altar*.

κοινό-λεκτρον, ον, (κοινός, λέκτρον) *having a common bed, a bedfellow, consort*.

κοινο-λεχής, ἔς, (κοινός, λέχος) *sharing the same bed, a paramour*.

κοινο-λογέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. I

med. *ἐκοινολογησάμην* and pass. *-ήθην* : pf. *κεκοινολόγημαι* : (*κουνός, λόγος*) :—to take common counsel *with*, to consult together.

κουνό-πλοος, ον, contr. *-πλοος, ονν*, (*κουνός, πλέω*) sailing in common : making a joint expedition.

κουνό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, ποιω, τό, gen. *ποδος*, (*κουνός, πούς*) *with common foot*, coming together.

ΚΟΥΝΟΣ, *ἡ, ὄν*, also *ὄς, ὄν*, common, shared in common.

II. common to all the people, public ; *τὸ κουνόν ἀγαθόν* the common weal. 2. *τὸ κουνόν* the state, Lat. *respublica* ; ἀπὸ τοῦ κουνοῦ by public authority, on the part of the state : also the public treasury ;—*τὰ κουνά* the public moneys, public affairs.

III. of persons, impartial, affable, accessible.

IV. of forbidden meats, common, profane. Hence *κουνότης, ἦτος, ἡ*, a sharing in common, fellowship.

II. affability.

κουνό-τοκος, ον, (*κουνός, τεκεῖν*) born of common parents.

κουνό-φίλης, ἐς, (*κουνός, φιλέω*) loving in common.

κουνό-φρων, ον, gen. *ονος*, (*κουνός, φρήν*) like-minded.

κουνόω, f. ὄσω : Dor. fut. *κουνάσομαι*, aor. I *ἐκουνάσα* : (*κουνός*) :—to make common, communicate, impart : to make a sharer in.

2. to make common or unclean, to pollute : Med. to deem common or unclean.

II. Med. to communicate, like the Act. 2. take counsel, consult.

3. to be partaker or sharer in a thing, c. gen. : also c. acc. rei, to take part or share in.

III. Pass. to hold communion, have intercourse with.

κουνών, ἄνος, Dor. *κουνᾶν, ἄνω*, ὁ, = *κουνώνος*.

κουνωνέω, f. ἦσω, (*κουνώνος*) to be a partaker, have a share of, to take part in ; *κουνωνεῖν τι* to have dealings with a man.

Hence

κουνώνημα, ματος, τό, a communication : and

κουνωνία, ἡ, communion, fellowship, intercourse.

κουνωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, communicative, social. From

κουνωνός, ὁ, also *ἡ*, (*κουνός*) a companion, partner,

fellow, associate.

II. as Adj. = *κουνός*.

κουνῶς, Adv. of *κουνός*, in common, jointly : by common consent.

2. publicly.

κοῖος, η, ον, Ion. for *ποιός*, a, on.

κοιρανέω, f. ἦσω, (*κοίρανος*) to be lord or master, to rule, command.

2. c. acc. to lead, arrange. Hence

κοιρανία Ion. *-ίη, ἡ*, lordship, rule.

κοιρανίδης, ον, ὁ, = κοίρανος.

ΚΟΥΡΑΝΟΣ, ὁ, a ruler, leader, commander, either in war or peace : generally, a lord, master.

Κοισυρόμοι, Pass. (*Κοισύρα*) to live like *Coesura*

(wife of Alcmaeon), i. e. live a gay, fashionable life.

κοιτάω, (κοίτη), to put to bed : Med., with Dor.

aor. I *κοιταξάμην*, to go to bed, sleep.

κοιταῖος, α, ον, (*κοίτη*) lying in bed, abed, asleep, 2.

as Subst., *τὸ κοιταῖον* the lair of a wild beast.

κοίτη, ἡ, (*κείμεαι*) a place to lie down in, bed, couch :

the marriage-bed ; *κοίτην ἔχειν* to be pregnant ;

κοῖται in pl. lewdness. 2. of animals, a lair, den,

nest. II. *sleep, the act of going to bed ; τῆς κοίτης ὥρη* bed-time.

κοῖτος, ὁ, = κοίτη. 2. a going to bed : sleeping, sleep. Hence

κοῖτῶν, ἄνω, ὁ, = (*κοίτη*) a bed-room, bed-chamber.

κόκκινος, η, ον, scarlet, Lat. *coccineus*. From

ΚΟΚΚΟΣ, *ἡ*, a kernel, a berry : esp. the kermes-

berry used to dye scarlet.

κόκκυ, properly of the bird's cry, cuckoo : hence a cry or call to a person ; *κόκυ, μεθεῖτε, quick*, let go.

κοκκύξ Dor. *κοκκύσω* : f. ὄσω : pf. *κεκόκκυκα* ;

(*κόκκυξ*) :—to cry cuckoo : of the cock, to crow. II.

to cry like a cuckoo or cock, give a signal by such cry.

κόκκυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, (*κόκυκα*) a cuckoo, from its cry.

κοκκύσθω, Dor. fut. for *κοκκύω*.

κόκκων, ἄνω, ὁ, (*κόκυκος*) a pomegranate-seed.

κοκῦαι, οἱ, ancestors. (Deriv. uncertain.)

κολᾶ, 2 sing. fut. med. of κολάζω.

κολάζω f. *κολάσω* : aor. I *ἐκόλασα* : also in Med.,

fut. *κολάσομαι*, Att. contr. *κολᾶμαι, κολᾶ* : aor. I

ἐκόλασάμην :—Pass., fut. *κολασθήσομαι* : aor. I *ἐκό-*

λάσθην : pf. *κέκολασμαι* : (*κόλος*, akin to *κολούω*) :

—to prune, retrench : metaph. to hold in check, keep in, confine : then to chastise, correct, punish :—Pass.

to be punished.

Κολαινίς, ἴδος, ἡ, epith of Artemis. (Deriv. and meaning uncertain.)

κολᾶκεία, ἡ, (*κολακεύω*) flattery, fawning.

κολᾶκευμα, τό, (*κολακεύω*) a piece of flattery. [ᾶ]

κολᾶκευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of *κολακεύω*, to be flattered.

κολᾶκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κολακεύω*) flattering, fawning.

κολᾶκω, f. σω, (*κόλαξ*) to flatter, fawn on :—Pass.

to be flattered.

Κολᾶκ-ώνυμος, ὁ, (*κόλαξ, ὄνομα*) parasite-named,

Comic distortion of a real name Kleonymos.

ΚΟΛΛΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a flatterer, fawner.

κολαπτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a chisel, graver. From

ΚΟΛΑΠΤΩ, f. *ψω*, to hew, cut, chisel : of birds

to peck.

κολᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (*κολάζω*) a pruning : a checking,

punishing, correction, chastening.

κόλασμα, τό, (*κόλάζω*) chastisement, punishment.

κόλαστρια, ἡ, fem. of *κολαστήρ*.

κολαστήριος, ον, (*κολαστήρ*) fit for punishing. II.

as Subst., *κολαστήριον, τό*, a prison. 2. a punishment, punishing.

κολαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = κολαστής.

κολαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (*κόλάζω*) a chastiser, punisher.

κολᾶστια, f. ἰσω Att. *ῶ*, (*κόλαφος*) to give one a

box on the ear, buffet, cuff.

κόλαφος, ὁ, (*κόλαπτα*) a box on the ear, cuff.

κόλεον Ion. *κουλεόν, τό, = κολέος*, a sheath.

κολέος, ὁ, or *κόλεον, τό*, *κουλεόν, τό*, (*κοῖλος*) a

sheath or scabbard of a sword.

κολετράω, f. ἦσω, to trample on.

κόλλα Ion. *κόλλη, ης, ἡ*, glue, Lat. *gluten*.

κόλλαβος, ὁ, = κόλλωψ. II. a kind of *unbeaten cake*, named from its shape.

κολλάω, f. ἴσω, (κόλλα) *to glue, cement.* 2. *to inlay* *to weld.* II. *to join together, unite* :—

Pass. *to be joined to, to attach oneself to, cleave to.* κολλῆεις, εσσα, εν, (κόλλα) *glued together, close-joined.*

κόλλησις, εως, ἡ, (κολλάω) *a gluing, cementing* : *κόλλησις σιδήρου* *a welding of iron.*

κολλητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κολλάω) *glued together, cemented, closely joined, well-fastened.*

κολλικο-φάγος, ὄν, (κόλλις, φάγειν) *roll-eating.*

ΚΟ'ΔΔΙΞ, ἴκος, ὁ, *a long roll of coarse bread.*

ΚΟ'ΔΔΟΥΣ, ὄπος, ὁ, *the peg or screw of a lyre, by which the strings are tightened* : metaph., *κόλλουσα ὀργῆς ἀνεύαινα* *to unscrew your passion.*

ΚΟ'ΔΔΥΤΗΣ, οὔ, ὁ, (κόλλυβος) *a money-changer.*

ΚΟ'ΛΛΥΒΟΣ, ὁ, *a small coin.* 2. in plur., *κόλλυβα, τά, small round cakes.* [ὑ]

κολλύρα, ἡ, = κόλλις. [ὑ]

κόλλυρον, τό, Dim. of κολλύρα, *eye-salve*, Lat. *collyrium*, so called because it was made up in *small cakes.* [ὑ]

κολοβός, ὄν, (κόλος) *docked, curtailed*, Lat. *curtus* : of animals, *short-borned* : also *maimed, mutilated.* Hence

κολοβώω, f. ὄσω, *to dock, curtail, shorten*

κοιου-ἄρχος, ον, ὁ, (κοιούσις, ἄρχω) *a leader of jack-daws, a jackdaw-general.*

κοιουάω, f. ὄσω, (κοιούσις) *to scream like a jackdaw.*

κοιούσις, ὁ, *a jackdaw*, Lat. *graculus* : proverb., *κοιούσις ποτὶ κοιούιον* = 'birds of a feather flock together.'

κολοκάσια, ἡ, or κολοκάσιον, τό, *the colocasia or Egyptian bean*, a plant resembling the water-lily, found in the marshy parts of Egypt.

κολό-κύμα, τό, (κόλος, κύμα) *a large heavy wave* before it breaks, *the heavy swell* before a storm.

κολοκύνθη or -κύνθη, ης, ἡ, *the round gourd* or *pumpkin*, Lat. *cucurbita*. Hence

κολοκυνθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, *food prepared from pumpkins.*

κολοκύνθινος, η, ὄν, *made from pumpkins.*

κόλον, τό, *the colon or lower part of the bowels.* From ΚΟ'ΔΟΣ, ὄν, *docked, curtailed, stunted*, Lat. *curtus* ; *κόλον δόρυ* *a spear broken short off* : esp. of oxen, etc., *hornless, short-horned.*

κολοσσός, ὁ, *a colossus, gigantic statue* ; also simply *a statue.* The most famous Colossus was that of Apollo at Rhodes seventy cubits high, made in the time of Demetrius Poliorcetes.

κολοσσηρός, ὁ, *a rabble or noisy crowd* : *uproar.*

κολούω, f. σω : aor. I ἐκόλουσα :—Pass., aor. I ἐκούληθη and -ούθηθη : pf. κεκόλουμαι and -ουσαι : (κόλος) :—*to dock, clip, curtail, cut short, abridge* : metaph., ἔπος μεσηγῆν κολουέειν *to cut short* a word in the middle, Lat. *praecidere*, i. e. *leave it unfinished* ; *δῶρα κολουέειν* *to abridge, limit* gifts : also 2. like *κολάζω*, *to check, restrain, put down.*

κολοφών, ἄνος, ὁ, *a top, finishing, end.*

ΚΟΛΠΙΑΣ, ον, ὁ, (κόλπος) *swelling in folds.*

ΚΟΛΠΟΣ, ὁ, *the bosom, lap* : later also *the mother's womb.* II. *the lap or fold formed by a loose garment, sometimes used for a pocket.* III. *any lap or hollow* ; *θαλάσσης κόλπον ὑποδύναί* *to go under the lap of ocean, i. e. the deep hollow between two waves.*

2. *a bay or creek of the sea.*—It corresponds in all senses to the Lat. *sinus.* Hence

κολπώω, f. ὄσω, *to form into a lap or fold* : *to make a sail belly* or *swell.*

κολπ-ώδης, ες, (κόλπος, εἶδος) *embosomed, embayed.*

ΚΟΛΥΜΒΑ'Ω, f. ἴσω, *to dive* : *to swim.* Hence

κολυμβήθρα, ἡ, *a place for diving, a swimming-bath* : and

κολυμβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and κολυμβητής, οὔ, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) *a diver, swimmer.*

κολυμβίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (κολυμβάω) *a sea-bird, a diver.*

κόλυμβος, ὁ, (κολυμβάω) *a diver, swimmer.* II. = *κόλυμβησις.*

Κόλχος, ὁ, *a Colchian* :—hence Adj. *Κολχικός, ἡ, ὄν, Colchian* ; pecul. fem. *Κολχίς, ἴδος.*

κολωάω Ion. —έω, f. ἴσω, (κολωός) *to brawl, scold.*

κόλωμένος, Att. contr. fut. part. med. of κολάζω.

ΚΟΛΩ'ΝΗ, ἡ, *a hill, mound* : esp. *a sepulchral mound, barrow, cairn*, Lat. *tumulus.*

κολωνία, ἡ, *the Lat. colonia, a colony.*

κολωνός, ὁ, (κολωνή) *a bill* ; *κολωνος λίθων* *a heap of stones.* II. *Colonos, a demos of Attica* lying on and round a hill, sacred to Poseidon, the scene of the Oedipus Coloneüs of Sophocles.

κολωός, οὔ, ὁ, (κοιούσις) *a brawling, wrangling.*

ΚΟ'ΜΑΡΟΣ, ὁ, and ἡ, *the strawberry-tree, arbutus.*

κομᾶρο-φάγος, ὄν, (κόμαρος, φάγειν) *eating the fruit of the arbutus.*

κομάω Ion. —έω, Ep. part. *κομῶων* : fut. ἴσω : aor. I ἐκόμησα : (κόμη) :—*to let the hair grow long, wear long hair* : as long hair was a sign of birth, it meant to *prize oneself, to be proud, haughty, arrogant* ; *οὗτος ἐκόμησε ἐπὶ τυραννίδι* *he aimed at the monarchy.*

Originally the Greeks seem generally to have worn their hair long, whence *κάρη κομῶντες Ἄχαιοί* in Homer. At Sparta the citizens continued to wear long hair ; but at Athens it was worn only by youths until the 18th year. II. of horses, *to be decked with manes.* III. metaph. of trees, plants, etc., *to have leaves or foliage.*

κομᾶσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κομέω.

ΚΟΜΕ'Ω, f. ἴσω, *to take care of, attend to, tend.*

κομέω, Ion. for κομάω.

ΚΟ'ΜΗ, ἡ, *the hair, Lat. coma* ; *κείρασθαι κόμην* *to have one's hair cut close* in sign of mourning.

II. metaph. like *coma, the foliage, leaves, of trees.*

Κομητ-ἄμνυις, ον, ὁ, (κομήτης, Ἄμνυις) *Cocomb-Amynius.*

κομήτης, ον, ὁ, (κομάω) *long-haired* ; *ἰδὸς κομήτης* *a feathered arrow.* 2. *leafy, grassy.* II. *a comet.*

κομιδή, ἡ, (κομίζω) *attendance, attention, care* : also

the management, care of a garden. II. a bringing or carrying of supplies, a procuring of supplies, Lat. *commētus frumenti*, a gathering in of harvest:—also provisions, stores. 2. (from Med. κομίζομαι) a carrying away for oneself, a rescue, recovery.

3. (from Pass. κομίζομαι) a going or coming: a return, means of getting back.

κομιδῆ, dat. of κομιδῆ used as Adv., with care, carefully, exactly: wholly, altogether: absolutely, quite: in answers, κομιδῆ μὲν οὖν very much so indeed, just so, and we were iban that.

κομιεύμεθα, Dor. for κομούμεθα, I pl. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ἐκόμισα Ep. ἐκόμισσα and κόμισσα:—Med., Att. fut. κομιζοῦμαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκομισάμην and κομισάμην:—Pass., f. κομισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκομισθῆν: pf. κεκόμισμαι: (κομῆω):—to take care of, provide for, supply:—Med. to receive hospitably.

2. of things, to take care of, take heed to, mind; τὰ σ' αὐτῆς ἔργα κόμει mind thine own affairs.

II. to carry away, in order to save; νεκρὸν κομίζειν to carry away a corpse:—Med. to carry with one, rescue, save, cf. ἐρύομαι; κόμισαί με convey me away, rescue me. 2. to carry off or away, bear off:—Med. to carry off as a prize: also to get, gain, receive.

3. to bring to a place: to gather in corn: to introduce, import. 4. to conduct, escort. 5. to fetch back, redeem:—Med. to get back, recover.

III. Pass. to be carried, to convey oneself, journey, travel, voyage: to betake oneself. 2. to come back, return.

κομοῦμαι, Att. contr. fut. med. of κομίζω.

κομίσαι, 2 sing. aor. I med. opt. of κομίζω.

κόμισα and κόμισσα, Ep. aor. I of κομίζω.

κομιστός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of κομίζω, to be taken care of, to be gathered in.

κομιστής, ἦρος, ὅ, = κομιστής.

κομιστής, οὐ, ὅ, (κομίζω) one who takes care of, a protector, guardian. II. a bringer, conductor.

κόμιστρα, τά, (κομίζω) rewards or payment for saving.

κομῶ, Att. contr. fut. of κομίζω.

κόμμα, τό, (κόπτω) that which is struck or cut, the stamp or impression of a coin: proverb., πονηροῦ κόμματος of bad stamp. 2. generally, coin. II. a short clause in a sentence, Lat. *comma*. Hence

κομματικός, ἦ, ὄν, framed in short clauses.

ΚΟΜΜΙ, τό, gum, Lat. *gummi*; indecl.

κομμός, οὐ, ὅ, (κόπτω) a striking: esp. like Lat. *placulus*, a beating of the breasts, in sign of lamentation, hence a lament, wail, dirge. II. in the Att. Drama, a song sung alternately by an actor and the chorus, mostly a mournful dirge.

κομῶντε, κομῶντες, Ep. part. dual and pl. of κομάω.

κομῶντι, Dor. for κομῶσι, 3 pl. of κομάω.

κομπάζω, f. ἄω, (κόμπος) to vaunt, boast, brag: c. acc., κομπάζειν λόγον to speak big words; κομπάζειν

τέχνην to boast one's art:—Pass. to be made a boast, be renowned.

Κομπασεύς, ὁ, Comic word, one of the borough Kόμπος, a Bragsman.

κόμπασμα, τό, (κομπάζω) a boast: in pl. boasts, vaunts, braggart words.

κομπῶ, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος) to ring, clash, rattle. II. metaph. to utter high-sounding words, talk by boast, vaunt:—Pass. to be boasted of.

κομπο-λακείω, f. ἦσω, (κόμπος, λακείω) to talk big, be an empty braggart. Hence

κομπολακικήτης, ου, ὅ, braggart, boaster. [ῶ]

ΚΟΜΠΙΟΣ, ὁ, a noise, din, clash, as of a boar's tusks: the stamping of dancers' feet: the ringing of metal. II. metaph. big words, boasting: a boast, vaunt.

κομπός, ὅ, (κομπῶ) a boaster.

κομπο-φάκελορ-ρήμων, ου, gen. ονος, (κόμπος, φάκελος, ῥῆμα) pomp-bundle-worded, epith. of Aeschylus, because of his long compound words.

κομπ-ώδης, es, (κόμπος, εἶδος) boastful.

κομψεία, ἦ, (κομψῆω) elegance, refinement: affectionation.

κομψο-εὐρητικός, Adv. (κομψός, Εὐρητικός) with the pretiness or affectation of Euripides.

κομψεύω, f. ῶ, (κομψός) to make elegant, refine; κόμψειν τὴν δόξαν refine on your suspicion, like Lat. *argutari*:—Med. to refine overmuch:—Pass. to play the exquisite.

κομψο-πρεπής, ἐς, (κομψός, πρέπω) dainty-seeming.

κομψός, ἦ, ὄν, (κομῶ) well-dressed, neat, fine, Lat. *comptus*: hence a pretty fellow, Lat. *bellus homo*. 2. of words and things, elegant, pretty, clever, witty, exquisite, affected.

κομψῶς, Adv. prettily, exquisitely: Comp., κομψοτέρως ἔχειν to be better in health.

κοναβέω, f. ἦσω, (κόναβος) to resound, clash, ring: to re-echo. Hence

κοναβηδόν, Adv. with a clash, ringing.

κοναβίω, f. ἴσω, = κοναβέω.

ΚΟΝΑΒΟΣ, ὁ, a clashing, ringing.

ΚΟΝΑΤ'ΑΟΣ, ὁ, a knuckle: in pl. the knuckles.

κόνεω, f. ἦσω, (κόνις) to raise dust, to dasten.

κονία Ion. and Ep. κονίη, ἦ, (κόνις) dust, a cloud of dust, as stirred up by men's feet; ποδῶν ὑπένευθε κονίη ἴσταρ' ἀεριομένη from beneath their feet the dust stood rising:—freq. in plur. κονίαι, in collective sense, like Lat. *arenae*; πίπτειν ἐν κονίησι, to fall in the dust. 2. dust or sand. II. cinders or ashes, also in plur., like Lat. *cineres*.

III. a fine powder, sprinkled over wrestlers' bodies after being oiled, to make them more easily grasped by the opponent. [τ' in Homer; in Att. mostly ι.] κονιάτος, ἦ, ὄν, plastered, whitewashed. From

κονίαω, pf. pass. κεκονίαμαι: (κονίω):—to plaster with lime, to plaster, Lat. *dealbare*; τάφοι κεκονιαμένοι plastered, whitened sepulchres.

κονίζω, a mistaken form, originating in the wrong forms *ἐκόνισσα, κεκόνισμαι*; see *κονία*.

κονι-ορτός, ὁ, (*κόνις, ὄρνυμι*) *dust stirred up, a cloud of dust: κωνιορτός ἕλης κευκαυμένης* a cloud of wood-ashes.

II. metaph. a *dirty fellow*.

κόνιος, α, ον, (*κόνις*) *dusty*.

ΚΟΝΙΣ, ἰος Att. εως, ἡ: dat. *κόνι* for *κόνυ*: = *κονία, dust*.

II. *the dust of ashes, ashes*.

III. *the powder with which wrestlers were sprinkled after being oiled, cf. κονία: metaph. of toil. [ῥ]*

κονιάλας [ῥ], ὁ, (*κόνις*) *dust, a cloud of dust*.

κονίω: fut. ἴσω [ῥ]: aor. I *ἐκόνισα*:—Pass., pf. *κεκόνισμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *κεκόνιτο* (*κόνις*):—to make dusty, cover, fill with dust:—Pass., *κεκοινμένος* all covered with dust, i. e. in the greatest haste: so in Med., *κόνισαι λαβών* make haste and take.

2. to sprinkle or cover as with dust, strew over.

II. intr. to raise dust, make haste, speed.

κοννώ, contr. *κοννώ*, = *γυγνάσκαω*.

ΚΟΝΝΟΣ, ὁ, *the beard*. 2. *Κόννος*, as the pr. n. of an insignificant person; *Κόννου ψῆφος*, proverb. of something worthless.

κοντός, οὔ, ὁ, a pole, esp. a punting-pole, Lat. *con-tus*. 2. *the shaft of a pike*.

κοντο-φόρος, ον, (*κοντός, φέρω*) carrying a pole or pike: *hurling a pike*.

ΚΟΝΤΥΑ contr. *κοντύα*, ης, ἡ, *fleabane, pulicaria*.

κοπάξω, f. ἴσω: aor. I *ἐκόπασα* (*κόπος*):—to grow tired or weary: generally, to abate, lull.

κόπῆνον, τό, (*κόπῳ*) an instrument for braying, a pestle: also 2. = *κόπις*, an axe.

κοπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of *κόπτω*: *κοπεῖς*, aor. 2 part. pass. *κοπετός*, ὁ, (*κόπτομαι*) a wailing, mourning.

κοπεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) a chisel.

κοπή, ἡ, (*κόπτω*) a striking: a cutting in pieces, slaughter.

κοπιᾶω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ]: aor. I *ἐκοπιᾶσα*: pf. *κεκοπιᾶκα*: (*κόπος*):—to work hard, work till one is weary.

II. to be tired, grow weary; *κοπιᾶν ὑπὸ ἀγαθῶν* to be exhausted by good things.

κόπις, εὐς, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) a babbler, wrangler.

κοπίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (*κόπτω*) a chopper, cleaver, bill-book.

κόπος, ου, ὁ, (*κόπτω*) a striking, beating.

II. toil and trouble, suffering, pain, weariness. Hence *κόπος*, f. ἴσω, to weary:—Pass. = *κοπιᾶω*.

κόππα, τό, a letter of the ancient Greek alphabet, which was not received into the later Athenian alphabet: its sign was ϙ, cf. *κοππαρίας*. In the alphabet *Κορρα* stood between π and ρ, like the Lat. q, and was retained as a numeral = 90, as were also *σταῦ* and *σάμυ*, qq. v. Hence

κοππᾶτις, ου, ὁ, ἵππος, a horse branded with the letter *Κορρα* (ϙ) as a mark. Cf. *σαμφόρας*.

κοπραγγέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung. From *κοπρ-ἄγωγός*, ὄν, (*κόπος, ἄγω*) carrying dung.

κόπρειος, α, ον, (*κόπος*) full of dung, filthy.

κοπρία, ἡ, (*κόπος*) a dung-bill.

κοπρίζω, f. ἴσω Ep. ἴσω, (*κόπος*) to dung, manure. **κοπρο-λόγος**, ον, (*κόπος, λέγω*) collecting dung or manure: hence a *dirty fellow*.

ΚΟΠΡΟΣ, ἡ, dung: manure: fillb, dirt. II. a dung-yard, a cattle-stall or stable.

κοπροφορέω, f. ἴσω, to carry dung: to cover with dung or dirt. From

κοπρο-φόρος, ον, (*κόπος, φέρω*) carrying dung: *κόβανος κοπροφόρος* a dung-basket.

κοπρών, ἄνος, ὁ, (*κόπος*) a place for dung, privy.

κόπτοισα, Dor. for *κόπτοισα*, part. fem. of *κόπτω*.

κοπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κόπτω*) beaten, bruised, rounded.

ΚΟΠΤΩ: κόψω: aor. I *έκοψα*: pf. *έκοεφα*, Ep. part. *κεκοπῶς*:—Pass., aor. 2 *έκοπην*: pf. *έκοεμαι*:—to strike, smite, cut.

2. to knock down, fell, slay.

3. to cut off, chop off; *δένδρα κόπτειν* to cut down, fell trees; hence absol., *κόπτειν τήν χώραν* to lay a country waste by cutting down the trees: to damage, hurt; *φρενῶν κεκομμένος*, deprived of sense or reason.

4. to hammer, forge: also to stamp, coin money, Lat. *percutere nummos*:—Med. to coin oneself money.

5. *κόπτειν τήν θύραν* to knock or rap at the door, Lat. *pulsare*.

6. to cut small, chop up.

7. of birds, to peck at, strike with the beak: of a horse, to jolt, shake: also, to tire, stun, deafen.

II. Med. *κόπτομαι*, to beat or strike oneself, in sign of grief, like Lat. *plangere*: also, *κόπτεσθαι τινα* to mourn for any one, Lat. *plangere aliquem*.

κορᾶκίος, ὁ, (*κόραξ*) a young raven.

ΚΟΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a raven or crow: Proverb., *λευκοὶ κόρακες*, like 'black swans,' of anything unusual; *ἔρρε ἐς κόρακες*, or *ἐς κόρακας* alone, like Lat. *pasce corvos*, go and be hanged! *βάλλ' ἐς κόρακας* hang him! hang it!

II. anything booked like a raven's beak, as, I. an engine for grappling ships.

2. a booked handle of a door, like *κόρῳη*.

3. an instrument of torture.

κοράσιον, τό, Dim. of *κόρη*, a little girl, damsel.

κόραυνα, ἡ, a barbarism for *κόρη*.

κορβάν, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, a gift offered to God, a consecrated offering. 2. the treasury of the Temple.

κορδακίζω, f. ἴσω, (*κόρδαξ*) to dance the *κόρδαξ*.

κορδακισμός, ὁ, the dancing the *κόρδαξ*.

ΚΟΡΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, the cordax, a low dance belonging to the Old Comedy; *κόρδακα ἐλκίσαι* to dance the cordax, from its slow, trailing movement.

ΚΟΡΔΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a cudgel, truncheon: also a swelling.

II. a covering for the head, head-dress; *έγκεκορδυλημένος* wrapt or rolled up.

κορέει, Ep. 3 sing. fut. of *κορέννυμι*.

κορέννυμι: f. *κορέσω* Ep. *κορέω*: aor. I *έκορέσα* Ep. *κορέσσα*:—Med., aor. I *έκορεσάμην* Ep. *έκορεσάμην* and *κορεσάμην*:—Pass., aor. I *έκορέσθη*: pf. *έκορέσμαι* Ion. *έκορέθημαι*; also pf. act. part. with pass. sense, *κορεσμένος*, ὅτος (*κόπος*):—to satisfy, glut, or fill with a thing:—Pass. and Med. to be glutted with a thing,

have one's fill of a thing, c. gen.; φυλόπιδος κορσαί-
σθαι to have one's fill of strife.

κορσαίατο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of κορέννυμι.

κορσθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of κορέννυμι.

κορσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κορέννυμι.

κόρευμα, τό, maidenhood. From

κορεύομαι, f. κορευθήσομαι: Pass.: (κόρη):—to be
a maid, grow up to maidenhood.

ΚΟΡΕΨ, f. ἦσα, to sweep, brush; κορεῖν τὴν Ἐλ-
λάδα to sweep Greece clean, empty her of people.

κορέω, Ep. fut. of κορέννυμι.

κόρη Ion. κόυρη Dor. κόρα, ἡ, fem. of κόρος, κοῦ-
ρος, a maiden, maid, girl, damsel, Lat. puella: some-
times of a newly-married woman, young wife, like

νύμφη, Lat. puella, nympha. 2. with the gen. of
a pr. name added, a daughter, as Νύμφαι, κοῦραι
Διός. II. a puppet, doll, Lat. pupa. 2. the

pupil of the eye from the small images seen in it,
Lat. pupa, pupilla. III. a long sleeve reaching
over the hand.

Κόρη Ion. Κούρη, ἡ, was the name under which
Proserpine was worshipped in Attica, the Daughter
(of Demeter); hence the two are often mentioned

together, as τῇ Μητρὶ καὶ τῇ Κούρῃ.

κόρηθρον, τό, (κορέω) a besom, broom.

κόρημα, τό, (κορέω) sweepings, refuse. 2. a be-
som, broom.

κορθύω, = κορθύω. [ῥ]

κόρθυς, vos, ἡ, (κόρυς) a rising, heap.

κορθύω or -ύνω, (κόρυς) to lift up, raise, shew its
crest:—Pass., κύμα κορθύεται the wave is lifted up,
rears its crest.

ΚΟΡΙΔΙΟΝ, τό, coriander, the plant or seed.

κορίδιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη = κοράσιον.

κορίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, (κόρη, κόριον): Dep.:—to
fondle, caress, coax.

Κορίνθιος, α, ον, also Κορινθιακός, ἡ, ὄν, and fem.

Κορινθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ:—Corinthian. From

Κορινθος, ἡ, Corinth, the city and country: anciently
Ἐφύρη: Adv. Κορινθῶσι, at Corinth.

κόριον, τό, Dim. of κόρη, a little girl.

ΚΟΡΙΣ, ιος Att. εως, ὁ, a bug: pl. κόρεις, οἱ.

κορίσκιον, τό, Dim. of κόρη.

κόρσκος or κόρσπος, ὁ, a poor vegetable, growing
wild in the Peloponnesus, a kind of pimpernel. (De-
riv. uncertain.)

κορκοῦγγη, ἡ, the rumbling or grumbling of the
empty bowels: any hollow sound, din, tumult.
(Formed from the sound.)

κορμός, ὁ, (κείρω) the trunk of a tree with the
boughs lopped off, a log.

ΚΟΡΟΣ, ον, ὁ, one's fill, satiety, surfeit, Lat. satie-
tas; κόρον ἔχειν τινός to have enough or too much of
a thing: in bad sense, satiety, surfeit: hence II.

insolence, petulance; πρὸς κόρον insolently.

κόρος, ον, ὁ, Ion. κόρος Dor. κῶρος, (κείρω) a boy,
lad, youth, stripling. 2. with genit. of pr. names,
a son. Cf. κόρη.

κόρος, ὁ, the Hebrew cor, a dry measure containing
ten Attic medimni, or about 120 gallons.

κόρη, ἡ, later Att. κόρρη Dor. κόρρα, (κάρα) the
side of the forehead; ἐπὶ κόρρης πατάσσειν to slap on
the face. II. the hair on the temples.

Κορυβάντειος, α, ον, (Κορύβας) Corybantian.

Κορυβαντιάω, f. ἄσω, (Κορύβας) to celebrate the
rites of the Corybantes: to start up like a Corybant.

Κορυβαντίζω, f. ἴσω, (Κορύβας) to purify by the
rites of the Corybantes.

Κορυβαντ-ώδης, ες, (Κορύβας, εἶδος) Corybant-like,
frantic.

Κορυβάς, αντος, ὁ, a Corybant priest of Cybelé in
Phrygia. [ῥ]

κορυδαλλή, -αλλίς, -αλλός, = κούδος.

κούδος, ὁ, and κορυδός, ἡ, (κόρυς) the crested or
tufted lark, Lat. alauda cristata.

κορύβα, ης, ἡ, (κόρρη, κόρυς) a cold in the head, a
running at the nose, catarrh, Lat. pituita. II.

metaph. drivelling, stupidity. Hence

κορύβα, to have a running at the nose, to have a cold.

κόρυθα, κόρυθας, acc. sing. and pl. of κόρυς.

κορυθ-αἶξ, ἴκος, (κόρυς, αἶσσω) helmet-shaking, with
waving plume. [α]

κορυθ-αἶολος, ον, (κόρυς, αἶολος) with glancing helm.

κόρυμβος, ὁ, pl. κορύμβα as well as κόρυμβοι: (κό-
ρυς, κορυφή):—the top, peak, summit; κόρυμβα νῆαν
the high prows of the ships. II. the cluster of the
ivy flower: generally, a cluster of fruit or flowers.

κορυνάω, f. ἦσα, to put forth knobs or buds. From

κορύνη, ἡ, (κόρυς) a club, often shod with iron for
fighting, a mace: also a shepherd's staff. [ῥ]

κορυνήτης, ον, ὁ, (κορυνάω) a club-bearer, one who
fights with a club or mace.

κορύνη-φόρος, ον, (κορύνη, φέρω) club-bearing:
κορυνηφόροι, οἱ, club-bearers, the body-guard of Pei-
sistratus, instead of δορυφόροι.

κορυνάω, = κορυνάω: in Ep. part., κορυνάοντα πέ-
τρα sprouting leaves.

κορυπύλος, ὁ, one that butts with the head. [ῥ] From

κορύπτω, f. ψω, to butt with the head. From

κόρυς, ἔθος, ἡ, acc. κορύθα and κορύν, (κάρα) a hel-
met, helm, casque. II. the head.

κορυσσω, fut. κορύσω:—Med., aor. I ἑκορυσσάμην,
part. κορυσσάμενος:—Pass., pf. κεκορύσμαι:—to arm
with a helmet: generally, to arm, equip, array:—

Pass. and Med. to arm oneself: to do battle, fight:
also of things, δοῦρε κεκορυσμένα χαλκῶ spears
beaded with brass. 2. generally, to furnish, pro-
vide.

II. to make crested; κόρυσσε κύμα the
river reared his wave to a crest:—Pass. to come to a
crest or head, rear its head, as a wave does. Hence

κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, a man armed with a helmet, an
armed warrior.

κορυφαία, ἡ, (κορυφή) the head-stall of a bridele.

κορυφαῖον, τό, the upper rim of a hunting-net:—
strictly neut. from sq.

κορυφαῖος, α, ον, (κορυφή) at the head:—ὁ κορυ-

φαῖος the foremost man, leader, chief; in the Att. Drama, the leader of the chorus.

κορυφή, ἡ, (κύριος) the head, top, summit: the crown or top of the head. 2. the top or peak of a mountain.

3. metaph. the highest point, acmé, prime. κορυφῶω, φ. ἴσωω, (κορυφή) to bring to a head, make peaked:—Pass., κύμα κορυφούται the wave rises to a crest. II. like κεφαλαῖος, to bring to an end, sum up.

κορων-εκάβη, ἡ, (κορώνη, Ἐκάβη) an old woman as old as a crow and Hecuba. [ἄ]

κορώνεω, ω, ἡ, of a raven-gray colour. From κορώνη, ἡ, (κορώνης) a kind of sea-fowl, sea-crow. 2. a crow or raven, Lat. corvinus. II.

anything hooked like a crow's bill, as, ἄ, the handle on a door. 2. the tip of a bow, on which the bowstring was hooked. 3. the tip or projection of the plough-beam, upon which the yoke is hooked. Cf. κόραξ.

κορωνιάω, φ. ἴσωω, (κορώνη II) to bend, curve: of a horse, to arch the neck.

κορώνης, ἴδος, ἡ, (κορώνη II) as Adj. crook-beaked: generally, crooked, curved, bent, hooked. 2. of kine, with crumpled horns. II. as Subst. anything curved:

1. a wreath or garland, Lat. corona. 2. a flourish with the pen at the end of a book: generally, the end, completion.

κορωνο-βόλος, ον, (κορώνη, βαλεῖν) shooting crows:—as Subst., κορωνοβόλον, τό, a sling or cross-bow for crow-shooting.

κορωνός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόραξ) curved, bent: of kine, with crumpled horns.

κοσκινήδον, Adv. (κόσκινον) as in a sieve.

κοσκινό-μαντις, ἰος Att. εως, ὁ, and ἡ, (κόσκινον, μάγισ) a diviner by a sieve.

ΚΟΨΚΙΝΟΝ, τό, a sieve.

κοσκυλάτια, ον, τά, (σκύλλω) parings or shreds of leather: metaph. of the scraps of flattery of the tanner Cleon.

κοσμέω, φ. ἴσωω, (κόσμος) to order, arrange: esp. to set an army in array, marshal it; and in Med., κοσμησάμενος πολιγίας having marshalled his countrymen; ὄρπον κοσμεῖν to arrange a repast. II.

to order, rule, govern. III. to deck, adorn, trick out, embellish. 2. of persons, to honour them, adorn, be an honour or ornament to. IV. in Pass. to be assigned to, be classed under.

κόσμηθεν, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κοσμέω.

κοσμήν, Dor. inf. of κοσμέω.

κοσμητήρ, οὐ, ὁ, (κοσμέω) an orderer, arranger. 2. an adorner.

κοσμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (κοσμέω) well-arranged, regular.

κοσμήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κοσμέω) a commander.

κοσμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κόσμος) of the world, earthly, worldly.

κόσμος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κόσμος) well-ordered, moderate, regular: of persons, orderly, well-behaved, modest; τὸ κόσμον order, decorum. Hence

κοσμότης, ητος, ἡ, propriety, decorum, orderly behaviour.

κοσμίως, Adv. of κόσμος, regularly, decently: Comp. κοσμώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

κοσμο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (κοσμέω, κόμη) dressing the hair.

κοσμο-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (κόσμος, κρατέω) ruler of this world. [ἄ]

κοσμο-πλόκος, ον, (κόσμος, πλέκω) framing or holding together the world.

κόσμος, ον, ὁ, (κομέω) order; κατὰ κόσμον or κόσμω in order, duly; οὐδένι κόσμω in no sort of order. 2. good order, good behaviour, decency. 3.

a set form or order: of states, government. 4. the mode or fashion of a thing. II. an ornament, decoration, dress, raiment: plur. ornaments. 2.

an honour, credit. III. the world or universe, from its perfect arrangement, Lat. mundus.

κοσμο-φθόρος, ον, (κόσμος, φθείρω) world-destroying.

κόσος, η, ον, Ion. and Aeol. for πόσος.

κόσσαβος, ὁ, Ion. for κότταβος.

κόσσυφος Att. κόττ-, ὁ, a blackbird.

κοταίνω, = κοτέω, to bear hatred against.

κότε and κοτέ, Ion. for πότε and ποτέ.

κότερον, κότερα, Ion. for πότερον, πότερα.

κοτέω, Ep. aor. I κοτέσα: Ep. pf. part. κεκοτηώς:—Med., κοτέομαι: Ep. 3 pl. impf. κοτέοντο, Ep. fut. κοτέσομαι: Ep. aor. I ἐκοτεσσάμην, κοτεσσάμην: (κότος):—to bear a grudge or spite, bear malice against, envy, Lat. invidio: proverb., κεραμεὺς κεραμεὶ κοτέει, cf. κεραμεὺς.

κοτήεις, εσσα, εν, (κοτέω) angry, wrathful, jealous.

κοτήνη-φόρος, ον, (κότινος, φέρω) producing wild olive-trees.

ΚΟΤΙΝΟΣ, ὁ or ἡ, the wild olive, Lat. oleaster.

κοτίνο-τράγος, ον, (κότινος, τράγειν) eating the wild olive.

κότονος, ὁ, Ion. for κόθορονος.

ΚΟΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, a grudge, spite, rancour, ill-will: also, anger, wrath: later, envy, jealousy.

κοτταβίζω, φ. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (κότταβος) to play at the cottabus.

κότταβος Ion. and old Att. κόσσαβος, ὁ, the cottabus, a Sicilian game, much in vogue at the drinking-parties of young men at Athens. The simplest mode was when each threw the wine left in his cup smartly into a metal basin; if all fell inside the basin, and the sound was clear, it was a favourable sign. The game was played in various ways. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΚΟΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, a small fig, Lat. cottānum.

ΚΟΤΥΨΑΗ, ἡ, a small cup or vessel. 2. a liquid measure containing 6 κθαθοί or a $\frac{1}{2}$ ξέστης, nearly a $\frac{1}{2}$ pint.

II. the cup or socket of the hip-bone. Hence

κοτυληθών, ὄνος, ἡ, any cup-like hollow: in pl. the

suckers on the feelers of the polypus, Ep. dat. κοτυλή-
δονόφι. II. *the socket of a joint*.

κοτυλή-ήριτος, ον, (κοτύλη, ἄριώ) *that can be
drawn in cups*, i. e. *flowing copiously*.

κοτύλις, ἴδος, ἡ, -ἰσκιον, τό, and -ἰσκος, ὁ, Dimi-
natives of κοτύλη, *a small cup*.

κότυλος, ὁ, = κοτύλη.

κοῦ, by crasis for καὶ οὐ.

κοῦ and κου, Ion. for ποῦ and που.

κοῦκέτι, by crasis for καὶ οὐκέτι.

κουλέον, κουλεός, Ion. for κολεών, κολεός.

κοῦμι, Hebrew word, *arise*.

κουρά, ἄς, ἡ, (κείρω) *a clipping or cropping of the
hair or beard, as a sign of mourning*. II. *a lock
cut off*.

κουρείον, τό, (κουρά) *a barber's shop*.

κουρεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (κείρω) *a barber, hair-cutter*, Lat.
tonsor: hence *a taller, gossip*.

κούρη, ἡ, Ion. for κόρη.

II. also Ion. for κουρά.

κουρηῖος, ἡ, ον, Ion. for κούρειος, *youthful*.

κουρητες, ων, οἱ, (κῶρος, κούρος) *young men, young
warriors*.

Κουρήτες, ων, οἱ, *the Curētes*, inhabitants of Pleuron
in Aetolia.

κουρίας, ον, ὁ, (κουρά) *one who wears his hair short*.

κουριαῖω, f. ἄσω, (κουρά) *to wear untrimmed
hair*. 2. *of the hair, to need clipping*.

κουριδιος, α, ον, (κούρος, κόρη) *wedded, lawfully
wedded*; *κουριδιος πόσις* her wedded husband; then,
as Subst., (without πόσις), *κουριδιος φίλος* her dear
husband. 2. more frequently of the wife, *κουριδίη*
ἄλοχος his *lawful, wedded wife*, as opp. to a concu-
bine (*παλλακίς*); so, 3. *κουριδιον λέχος* the bed of
lawful marriage. 4. *nuptial, bridal*; *κουριδιος*
χιτών the *bridal robe*.

κουρίζω, f. ἴσω, (κῶρος, κούρος) intr. *to be a
youth*. II. trans. *to bring up to manhood*.

κούριμος, ἡ, ον, also ος, ον, (κουρά) *fit for cutting
or shaving hair, trenchant*. II. pass. *shorn, crop-
ped, clipped*:—as Subst., *κούριμος, ἡ, a mask with the
hair cut short*.

κουρίζ, Adv. (κουρά) *by the hair*.

κουρο-βόρος, ον, (κούρος, βιβρώσκω) *devouring chil-
dren*; *κουροβόρος πάχνη* the blood of eaten children.

κούρος, ὁ, Ion. for κῶρος, *a boy, youth, son*.

κουροσύνη, ἡ, (κούρος) *youthful prime, youth*: hence
youthful spirits, mirthfulness.

κουρότερος, α, ον, Comp. of κούρος, *younger, more
youthful*.

κουρο-τόκος, ον, (κούρος, τεκεῖν) *bearing boy-child-
dren*.

κουρο-τρόφος, ον, (κούρος, τρέφω) *rearing boys*:
so Ithaca is called *ἀγαθὴ κουροτρόφος* a good nursing-
mother of boys.

κουστοπδιά, ἡ, the Lat. *custodia*, *a watch, guard*.

κουσφιζω, fut. ἴσω Att. ἰω, (κούφος): 1. intr. *to
be light*. II. trans. *to lighten*: *to lift up, raise*:
κουσφιζειν ἄλμα *to make a light leap*. 2. metaph.

to lighten, assuage, relieve: of persons, *to relieve them
from burthens*. Hence

κούφισις, εως, ἡ, *a relief, alleviation*.

κούφισμα, ατος, τό, (κούφις) *that which is lifted
up*. 2. *a lightening, relief*.

κουφολογία, ἡ, *light talking*. From

κουφο-λόγος, ον, (κούφος, λέγω) *lightly-talking*.

ΚΟΥΦΟΣ, ἡ, ον, *light, nimble*: neut. pl. *κούφα* as
Adv., *lightly*. 2. metaph. *easy, light*:—*empty, vain,
idle*. Hence

κούφος, Adv. *lightly*: Comp. *κουφότερον, more
lightly, with lighter heart*: Sup. *κουφότατα, most
lightly*.

ΚΟΨΙΝΟΣ, ὁ, *a basket*.

κοχλιας, ον, ὁ, (κόχλος) *a snail with a spiral shell,
Lat. cochlea*. II. *anything twisted spirally, a
screw: a spiral stair*.

κοχλιον, τό, Dim. of κόχλος, *a small snail*.

ΚΟΨΑΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *a shell-fish with a spiral shell*:
the shell itself, sometimes used as a trumpet, like Lat.
concha.

κοχυδέω, Ion. impf. *κοχυδεσκε*:—*to stream forth
copiously*. (Reduplicated from χέω, χύδην.)

ΚΟΧΩΝΗ, ἡ, dual *κοχωνά, the hams*.

κόψατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of κόπτω.

κόψιχος, ὁ, = *κόσσυφος*, *a blackbird*.

Κῶνδος, Adv. (Κῶς Ep. for Κῶς) *to Cos*.

κράστος, κράτι, κράσα, lengthd. forms of κῶτος,
κράτι, κῶτα, gen., dat., acc. of κῶς = *κῶρα*, *a bead*.

κράββατος, ὁ, *a couch*, Lat. *grābātus*. (Maced. word.)

κῶργον, Adv. (κῶράω) *with loud cries*.

κῶραδαινω, (κῶραδῶ) *to swing, brandish, shake*:—*Pass.
to vibrate, quiver*.

ΚΡΑΪΝΩ, *to brandish, shake*.

κράδη, ἡ, (κῶραδῶ) *the light quivering spray at the
end of a branch*: generally, *a branch*, esp. of a *fig-
tree*: hence *a fig-tree*. [ἄ]

κῶρδία, ἡ, Dor. for κῶρδῆ, κῶρδία.

κῶρδῆ, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for κῶρδία.

ΚΡΑΪΖΩ: fut. κῶρῶ, but Att. in paullo-post
form κῶρῶσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶρῶ: aor. 2 ἐκῶργον: pf.
with pres. sense κῶρῶσα, I pl. contr. κῶρῶσμεν,
imperat. κῶρῶσθε, part. κῶρῶσῶς, inf. κῶρῶσέμεν:—
to croak, properly of the raven: generally, *to scream,
screech, cry*: hence c. acc. *to call out or clamour for
a thing*.

κῶρῶσις, aor. I part. pass. of κῶρῶννυμι.

ΚΡΑΪΝΩ, fut. κῶρῶ: aor. I ἐκῶρῶ Ep. ἐκῶρῶναι:
—*Pass., fut. κῶρῶσσομαι*, but also Ep. fut. inf. in pass.
sense κῶρῶσσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶρῶσθην: Homer mostly
uses the Ep. form κῶρῶναι, 3 sing. impf. ἐκῶρῶνεν:
aor. I imperat. κῶρῶν κῶρῶναι, inf. κῶρῶναι: 3
sing. pf. pass. κῶρῶσαντο, and plqpf. κῶρῶσαντο:—
to accomplish, bring to pass, fulfil, execute:—*Pass. to be
accomplished, brought to pass*; οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῆδὲ
γ' ὀδῶ κῶρῶσσομαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey; κῶρῶσαντο ψῆφος the
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship,

κῶρῶσσομαι, aor. I part. pass. of κῶρῶννυμι.

ΚΡΑΪΝΩ, fut. κῶρῶ: aor. I ἐκῶρῶ Ep. ἐκῶρῶναι:
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accomplished, brought to pass*; οὐ μοι δοκεῖ τῆδὲ
γ' ὀδῶ κῶρῶσσομαι it seems to me that it will not be
accomplished by this journey; κῶρῶσαντο ψῆφος the
vote hath been determined; also of workmanship,

κῶρῶσσομαι, aor. I part. pass. of κῶρῶννυμι.

χρυσῷ ἐπὶ χεῖλεα κεκράνται the edges are finished off with gold.

II. intr. to have the ruling power: later c. gen. to reign over, govern: c. acc. cognato, κρᾶναιν σκήπτρα to sway the sceptre. II. intr. also to come to an end or result in a thing.

ΚΡΑΠΠΑ΄ΛΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a debauch and its consequences, nausea, sickness, and headache, Lat. *crapula*; ἐκ κραπάλης after the debauch was over.

κραιπᾶλό-κωμος, ον, (κραπάλη, κῶμος) rambling in drunken revelry.

κραιπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ᾄρπ-ᾄζω, like rapidus from rap-io) tearing, sweeping, rushing: cf. καρπάλιμος. 2.

swift, rapid. 3. metaph., hasty, hot, impetuous.

κραιπνῶ-σῦτος, ον, (κραιπνός, σέουμαι) swift-rushing.

κραιπνο-φόρος, ον, (κραιπνός, φέρω) swift-bearing.

κραπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (κράζω) clamorous.

ΚΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, cabbage, kail, Lat. *crambé*.

ΚΡΑΤΜΒΟΣ, η, ον, dry, parched, shrivelled. 2. metaph. clear, loud.

κραμβῶ-φάγος, ον, (κράμβη, φάγειν) Cabbage-eater, name of a frog.

κρᾶνᾶ-ή-πεδος, ον, (κραναός, πέδον) with stony soil.

κρᾶναι, Dor. pl. of κρήνη.

ΚΡΑΝΑ΄Ο΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, hard, rugged, rocky, stony, of Athens, from its soil, cf. λεπτόγειος: οἱ Κραναοὶ the people of Attica.

κρᾶνέεσθαι, Ep. fut. inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κρᾶναι.

κρᾶνείᾱ Ion. -εῖη, ἡ, (κράνον) the cornel-tree, Lat. *cornus*: it was used for spear-shafts and bows: hence a spear.

κρᾶνείνος, η, ον, (κράνον) made of cornel-wood, κρᾶνείνον ἄκόντιον, cf. Virgil's *spicula cornea*.

κράνα, ἡ, Dor. for κρήνη. [ᾶ]

κρανήνηαι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρᾶναι.

Κρᾶνιάς, Κρᾶνίς, Dor. for Κρηνιάς, Κρηνίς.

κρᾶνίον, τό, (κᾶρα) the upper part of the head, skull.

ΚΡΑ΄ΝΟΝ, τό, the cornel-tree, Lat. *CORNUS*.

κρᾶνοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make helmets: to talk big and warlike. From

κρᾶνο-ποιός, ὄν, (κράνος, ποιέω) making helmets: as Subst., κρᾶνοποιός, ὄ, a helmet-maker.

κράνος, εος, τό, (κᾶρα) a helmet. [ᾶ]

κράντερρα, ἡ, fem. of κραντήρ.

κραντήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κρᾶναι) one that accomplishes, a doer, performer.

κράντωρ, ορος, ὄ, (κρᾶναι) a ruler, sovereign.

ΚΡΑ΄Σ, ὄ, collat. form of κᾶρα, gen. κρᾶτος (which is sometimes fem.), dat. κρᾶτί, acc. κρᾶτα: plur., gen. κρᾶτων, dat. κρᾶσι Ep. κράτεσφι: in Hom. also a lengthd. gen. and dat., κρᾶτῶς, κρᾶτι, pl. nom. κρᾶ-ᾶτα:—the head: metaph. a top, peak, height.

κρᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing, compounding, blending. II. the temperature of the air, climate, Lat. *temperies*. III. in Gramm., *crasis*, when the consecutive vowels of two words melt into one, e. g. τούνομα for τὸ ὄνομα, ἀνήρ for ὁ ἀνὴρ.

ΚΡΑ΄ΣΠΕΔΟΝ, τό, the edge, border, margin, hem of a thing. Hence

κρασπεδώ, f. ὦσα, to surround with a border or fringe.

κρᾶσσω, ον, Dor. for κρέσσω, κρείσσω.

κρᾶτα, τό, indecl., = κᾶρα:—but also κρᾶτα, τῶν, acc. of κρᾶς.

κρᾶτα-βόλος, ον, (κραταίος, βάλλω) hurled with violence.

κρᾶται-γύαλος, ον, (κραταίος, γύαλον) with strong back and breast piece, strongly arched, of a corset.

κρᾶταις, ἡ, = κρᾶτος, only of the stone of Sisyphus, τότε ἀποστρέψασκε κραταῖς αὔτις then did mighty force turn it back again. II. Κρᾶταις, as pr. n. *Crataeïs*, the mighty one, name of the mother of the sea-monster Scylla.

κρᾶταί-λεως, ων, gen. ω, (κραταίος, λᾶς) stony, rocky, rugged.

κρᾶταίος, ἄ, ὄν, (κρᾶτος) poet. for κρατερός, mighty, strong, resistless.

κρᾶταίω, f. ὦσω, later form for κρατῖνω.

κρᾶταί-πέδος, ον, (κραταίος, πέδον) with hard ground or soil.

κρᾶταί-πους, ὄ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος: also κρα-ταίπους: (κραταίος, ποῦς): stout-footed, sure-footed.

κρᾶταί-ρῖνος, ον, (κραταίος, ρῖνός) strong-shelled.

κρᾶτερ-αίχμης, ον, ὄ, also καρ- (κρατερός, αἰχμή) mighty with the spear, warlike.

κρᾶτερός poet. καρτερός, ἄ, ὄν, (κρατός, κρατέω) strong, stout, mighty, valiant; but also hard-bearded, cruel, harsh, rough: so, χῶρος κρατερός hard, solid, ground. 2. also strong, violent.

κρᾶτερό-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, (κρατερός, φρήν) stout-bearded, dauntless.

κρᾶτερό-χειρ, χειρος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, χεῖρ) stout of hand.

κρᾶτερ-ᾠνύς, ὕχος, ὄ, ἡ, (κρατερός, ὄνυξ) strong-hoofed, solid-hoofed: of lions, with strong claws.

κρατερός, Adv. of κρατερός, strongly, stoutly; sternly, roughly.

κράτεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of κρᾶς. [ᾶ]

ΚΡΑ΄ΤΕΤΤΑΙ, ᾶν, οἰ, the forked stand or frame on which a spit turns.

κρᾶτέω, f. ἴσω: (κρᾶτος):—to be strong and mighty: to rule, bold sway: c. dat. to rule among, ἀνδράσι καὶ θεοῖσι κρατεῖν. 2. c. gen. to lay hold of, become master of, to be lord of, ruler over; also to conquer, subdue: absol. to prevail, get the upper hand; of reports, to prevail, become current. II. c. acc. pers. to prevail against, vanquish, master: also to surpass, excel. III. c. acc. rei, to hold fast, seize, secure. IV. to order, command:—Pass. to obey.

κρᾶτήρ Ion. κρητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κεράννυμι) a mixing vessel, a bowl, in which the wine was mixed with water, and from which the cups were filled; κρητήρα κερᾶσθαι to mix a bowl. II. any hollow, a basin in a rock: the mouth of a volcano, crater.

κρᾶτησί-μᾶχος, ον, (κρατέω, μάχη) *victorious in the fight.*

κρᾶτησί-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (κρατέω, ποῦς) *victorious in the foot-race.*

κρᾶτήσ-ιππος, ον, (κρατέω, ἵππος) *victorious in the horse-race.*

κρᾶτί, dat. sing. of κρᾶς.

κρᾶτιστεύω, f. σω, (κράτιστος) *to be best, most excellent, supreme: to excel.*

κράτιστος Ep. κάρτιστος, η, ον, and as irreg. Sup. of ἀγαθός, being formed from κράτος, as κέρδιστος from κέρδος:—*strongest, mightiest, fiercest.* 2. *best, most excellent.*—The Comp. in use is κρείσσω.

[ᾶ]

ΚΡΑΤΟΣ ποët. κάρτος, εος, τό, *strength, might, prowess: force, violence: πόλις ἐλεῖν κατὰ κράτος* to take a city by open force, by storm; also, κατὰ κράτος with all one's might; so also, ἀνὰ κράτος up to one's full power, with all one's might. II. generally, *might, power, rule, sway, dominion: c. gen. power over.*

III. *mastery, victory.*

κρᾶτός, gen. of κρᾶς.

κρᾶτύνω Ep. καρτύνω: f. ἑνῶ: (κράτος):—*to strengthen, confirm: Med. to strengthen for oneself, ἐκαρτύναντο φάλαγγας* they strengthened their ranks:—Pass. *to become strong, be strengthened.* 2. *to barden.* II. *to rule, govern, c. gen.* 2. *to become master, get possession of: to conquer.* [ῥ]

κρᾶτύς, masc. Adj., only found in nom., (κράτος) *strong, mighty.* [ῥ]

κραυγάω, fut. ἄσω, (κραυγή) *to scream, sbriek.*

Κραυγᾶσιδης, ον, ὁ, (κραυγή) *Croaker, name of a frog.*

κραυγή, ἡ, (κράζω) *a crying, screaming, sbrieking.*

κρε-άγρα, ὁ, (κρέας, ἀγρέω) *a flesh-book.*

κρε-αγρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = κρεάγρα.

κρεᾶδιον, τό, Dim. of κρέας, *a slice of flesh.*

κρεᾶνομέω, f. ἦσω, (κρεανόμος) *to distribute flesh, to divide the flesh of a victim amongst the guests:—Med. to divide among themselves.* Hence

κρεᾶνομία, ἡ, *a distribution of the flesh of a victim amongst the guests, Lat. visceratio.*

κρεᾶ-νόμος, ον, (κρέας, νέμω) *distributing the flesh of victims: as Subst., κρεανόμος, ὁ, a carver, Lat. dispensator.*

ΚΡΕ'ΑΣ Dor. κρῆς, τό; gen. κρέας: plur. κρεᾶ: gen. κρεᾶν Ep. κρεᾶν; dat. κρεᾶσι Ep. κρέεσσι:—*flesh, a piece of meat: meat.* 2. *a carcase: a body, person.*

κρη-δόκος, ον, and κρειο-δόκος, ον, (κρέας, δέχομαι) *containing flesh.*

κρέιον, τό, (κρέας) *a meat-tray, dresser.*

κρείουσα, fem. of κρέϊων, q. v.

κρείσσο-τεκνος, ον, (κρείσσω, τέκνον) *dearer than children.*

κρείσσω, ον, gen. ονος, Att. κρείττων Ion. κρέσσω Dor. κάρρων:—*stronger, mightier: better, braver: used with εἰμί sum and part., as κρείσσω γὰρ ἦσθα μικέτ' ἂν ἦ ζῶν τυφλός* thou wert better

not alive, than living blind.

II. *too great for, exceeding: ὕλος κρείσσω ἐκπηδήματος* a height too great for leaping out; of evil deeds, κρείσσω ἀγχόνης too bad for hanging.

III. *superior to, master of: κρείσσω χρημάτων superior to bribes.*

IV. in moral sense, *better, more excellent.* (κρείσσω is used as irreg. Comp. of ἀγαθός, κράτος being the Root, whence also Sup. κράτιστος.)

κρείττων, Att. form of foreg.

ΚΡΕΙ'ΩΝ, οντος, ὁ: fem. κρείουσα, ἡ:—*a ruler, lord, master: a general title of honour, like ἀναξ.*

κρεῖων, Ep. for κρεῶν, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρεκάδια, ον, τά, (κρέκω) *a kind of tapestry.*

κρεσός, ἡ, ὄν, struck so as to sound, of stringed instruments; *played, sung.* From

ΚΡΕ'ΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐκρέφα:—*to strike, beat: to strike the web with the shuttle, to weave.* 2.

to strike with the plectrum, to play on an instrument. 3. generally, *to make any sharp sound, to rustle.*

κρεμάθρα, ἡ, (κρεμάννυμι) *a basket to hang things up in.*

κρεμάμαι, shortd. pres. pass. of κρεμάννυμι; subj. κρεμάμαι; opt. κρεμαίμην; inf. κρεμασθαι: impf. ἐκρεμάμην: fut. (in pass. sense) κρεμήσομαι.

κρεμάννυμι rarely -ύω: fut. κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. κρεμῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ, Ep. lengthd. κρεμῶω: aor. I ἐκρεμάσα Ep. κρεμάσα:—Med., aor. I ἐκρεμάσασθην:—Pass., κρεμάννυμι: fut. κρεμασθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρεμάσθην:—*to hang, hang up, let hang down: to hang up by a thing, c. gen.*; κρεμάσαι τὴν ἀσπίδα *to hang up one's shield, i. e. give up war: so in Med., πηδάλιον κρεμάσασθαι* *to hang up one's rudder, i. e. give up the sea.*

II. Pass. *to be hung up or suspended, to swing from, hang down from.* 2. metaph. *to be in suspense.*

κρεμάσας, aor. I part. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμασθείς, aor. I part. pass. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρεμαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (κρεμάννυμι) *hung up, hung, hanging: c. gen. hung from or on a thing; κρεμαστός αὐχένος* *hung by the neck.*

κρεμάστρα, ἡ, = κρεμάθρα.

κρεμάω, Root of κρεμάννυμι, *to hang, hang up.*

κρεμβᾶλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (κρεμβάλα) *to keep time with castanets.* Hence

κρεμβᾶλιαστύς, ὄς, ἡ, *a rattling with castanets, to give the time in dancing.*

ΚΡΕ'ΜΒΑ'ΛΑ, τά, castanets.

κρημήσομαι, fut. med. (in pass. sense) of κρεμάμαι.

κρεμῶ, Ep. for Att. κρεμῶ, fut. of κρεμάννυμι.

κρέξ, ἡ, gen. κρεκός, Lat. crex, (κρέκω) *a bird with a sharp notched bill, a rail.*

κρέδ-βοτος, ον, (κρέας, βόσκω) *fed on flesh.*

κρεο-δαίτης, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, δαίω) *the carver at a public meal.*

κρεοκοπέω, Att. for κρεωκοπέω.

κρεο-πώλησ, ον, ὁ, (κρέας, πωλέω) *a butcher.*

κρεουργέω, *f. ἦσω*, (κρεουργός) to cut up meat like a butcher: to butcher. Hence

κρεουργηδόν, Adv. like a butcher: in joints or pieces: and

κρεουργία, *ἡ*, a cutting up like a butcher, butchering. κρεο-ουργός, *όν*, (κρέας, ἔργον) cutting up meat: as Subst., κρεουργός, *ός*, a butcher or a carver:—κρεουργόν ἡμᾶρ a day of feasting.

κρεο-φάγος, *ον*, (κρέας, φάγειν) eating flesh, carnivorous.

κρέσσω, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, Ion. for κρέισσω.

κρέων, *οντος*, = κρέων.

κρέων, gen. pl. of κρέας.

κρήγυς, *ον*, good, agreeable. II. true, real.

κρή-δεμνον Dor. κρᾶ-δεμνον, τό, (κᾶρα, δέω) a sort of head-dress, like a veil or mantilla with lappets. II. metaph. in plur. the battlements which crown the walls. III. the lid of a vessel.

κρήνηναι, aor. I inf. of κραιάινω, Ep. for κρᾶίνω.

κρήνην, aor. I imperat. of κραιάινω, Ep. for κρᾶίνω.

κρήθεν, Adv. (κρᾶς) from the head, from above.

κρημνάς, part. of κρήμημι.

κρημνάω and κρήμημι, = κρεμάννυμι, to let down from a height, cast down, bang down:—Pass. κρήμνάμαι, to bang down, be suspended: to float or hover in air.

κρήμη, for κρήμναθι, imperat. of κρήμημι.

κρημνο-βάτης [ᾶ], *ου, ό*, (κρημνός, βᾶνω) haunter of the steeps.

κρημνο-ποιός, *όν*, (κρημνός, ποίω) talking precipices, using big rugged words, of Aeschylus.

κρημνός, *ός*, (κρεμάννυμι) an overhanging steep, a beetling crag: also the steep bank or edge of a river or trench.

κρημν-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνός, εἶδος) precipitous, steep.

κρήναι, aor. I inf. of κρᾶίνω.

κρηναίος, *α, ον*, (κρήνη) of or from a spring or fountain; κρηναίον ὕδωρ spring water.

ΚΡΗ'ΝΗ Dor. κράνα, *ἡ*, a well, spring, Lat. fons: in pl. water. II. a source, fountain-head. Hence

κρήνηθεν, Adv. from a well or spring; and κρήνηνδε, Adv. to a well or spring.

κρηναίος, *αδος, ἡ*, pecul. fem. of κρηναίος, of or from a well or spring: Dor. Κρᾶνιάδες, Nymphs of a spring: so too Κρᾶνίδες.

κρηνίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, Dim. of κρήνη. [ῖ]

κρήνον, aor. I imperat. of κρᾶίνω.

ΚΡΗΠΙ'Σ, *ιδος, ἡ*, a kind of man's boot: in Theocritus, κρηπίδες poet. for booted men. II. generally, a groundwork, foundation, basement, of a temple or altar: metaph., ἡ ἐγκράτεια ἀρετῆς κρηπίς self-command is the foundation of virtue. 2. the side of a river with a coping to it, a quay, Lat. crepido; generally, an edge. [ῖ]

κρής, Dor. for κρέας.

Κρής, *ός*, gen. Κρητός: pl. Κρήτες, gen. Κρητῶν:—a Cretan: fem. Κρησσα. Hence

Κρητίος, *α, ον*, Cretan.

κρήσαι, Ep. for κέρασαι, aor. I inf. of κεράννυμι. κρησφύγετον, τό, a place of refuge or security, retreat, resort.

Κρήτη, *ἡ*, the island Crete, now Candia. Hence Κρήτηθεν, Adv. from Crete; and Κρήτηνδε, Adv. to Crete.

κρητήρ, Ep. for κρατήρ: dat. pl. κρητήρσι.

Κρητίω, *f. σω*, (Κρής) to lie like a Cretan.

Κρητικός, *ἡ, όν*, (Κρήτη) Cretan, of the island of Crete:—Adv. —κῶς, in Cretan fashion. II. κρητικῶν (sub. ἱματίων), τό, a garment of Cretan fashion. III.

κρητικός (sub. ποῦς), *ός*, a metrical foot, e. g. Ἄντιφών [—] called also amphimacer (ἀμφίμακρος).

κρητισμός, *ός, ό*, (Κρητίω) lying.

κρί, τό, Ep. shorter form for κριθή, barley.

κρίβανίτης [ῖ], *ου, ό*, baked under a pot or pan:—κρίβανίτης (sub. ἄρτος), τό, a loaf so baked. From

κρίβανός, *ός*, Att. for κλίβανος, a covered earthen vessel, a pot, pan or rípkin, in which bread was baked by putting hot embers round it. [ῖ] Hence

κρίβανωτός, *ἡ, όν*, = κριθανίτης.

ΚΡΙΖΩ, *f. ζω*: aor. 2 ἐκρίνον: pf. κέκριγα:—to creak, Lat. stridere: to screech, squeak. (Formed from the sound.)

κρήδον, Adv. (κρίος) like a ram.

κρίθαια, *ἡ*, (κριθή) a mess of barley pottage.

κρίθω, *f. ἦσω*, (κριθή) to be over-fed with barley, to be restive.

κρίθεις, aor. I pass. part. of κρίνω.

κρίθην, Aeol. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΘΗ', *ἡ*, and in plur. κριθαί, αἱ, barley: οἶνος ἐκ κριθέων (Ion. gen. pl.) wine made from barley, i. e. a kind of beer: also roasted barley. [ῖ]

κρίθηναι, aor. I inf. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίθιάσις, *εως, ἡ*, (κριθή) a disease of horses, caused by feeding them with barley, Lat. bordeatio.

κριθίζω, *f. σω*, (κριθή) to feed with barley.

κρίθινος, *ης, ον*, (κριθή) made of barley.

κρίθω-τράγος, *ον*, (κριθή, τρᾶγειν) barley-eating.

κρίθω, aor. I subj. pass. of κρίνω.

κρίκε, Ep. for ἐκρίκε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of κρίζω.

κρίκος, *ός*, = κύκλος, a ring, circle: also an eyelet-hole, a deadeye, in the corner of a sail.

κρίμα, not κρίμα, ατος, τό, (κρίνω) a judgment, sentence. 2. a matter for judgment: an accusation, charge, Lat. crimen.

κρίμων, τό, (κρί, κριθή) coarse barley-meal.

κρημ-ώδης, *ες*, (κρημνον, εἶδος) like coarse meal;

κατανίφε κρημώδη it snobs thick as meal.

κρίνας, aor. I part. of κρίνω.

ΚΡΙΝ'ΟΝ, *α*, a lily: irreg. pl. κρίνεα, dat. κρίνεσι, as if from a nom. κρίνος, eos, τό. [ῖ]

ΚΡΙΝΩ [ῖ]: fut. κρίνω: aor. I ἐκρίνα: pf. κέκρικα:—Med., fut. κρινούμαι: aor. I ἐκρίνάμην:—Pass., fut. κρηθήσομαι: aor. I ἐκρίθην [ῖ], older ἐκρίνθην, whence part. κρηθείς: pf. κέκριμα, inf. κερπίσθαι:—the Lat. CERNO, to separate, divide, put apart: hence to pick out, choose; and in Med. to pick out

for oneself, choose, prefer:—Pass. to be chosen or distinguished.

2. to decide a contest or dispute, e. g. for a prize; *σκολιάς θέμιστας κρίνειν* to judge crooked judgments. i. e. to judge unjustly:—Pass. and Med. *κρίνομαι*, to be at variance, contend, fight: to dispute, quarrel.

3. to judge of, estimate: hence to expound, explain: c. inf. to judge, pronounce that a thing is.

III. to question, examine, bring to trial, accuse, arraign:—Pass. to be brought to trial, tried.

2. to pass sentence upon, to condemn:—Pass. to be judged, condemned.

κριζός, ὁ, Dor. for *κρισός*, *κρισός*.

κρίο-βόλος, ον, (*κρίος*, *βάλλω*) *ram-slaying*.

κρίο-πρόσωπος, ον, (*κρίος*, *πρόσωπον*) *ram-faced*.

ΚΡΙΓΪΨ, ἄ, a ram, Lat. *aries*. 2. a battering-

ram, because it butted like a ram; generally finished in the shape of a ram's head.

Κρίσα, ἡ, ἢ, *Crisa* or *Crissa*, a city in Phocis, not far from Delphi:—Adj. **Κρίσαιος**, α, ον, *Crissaean*.

κρίσις [ῖ], εως, ἡ, (*κρίνω*) a separating, putting apart: hence a picking out, choosing.

2. a deciding, determining; a judgment, sentence.

3. a trial. II. a dispute, quarrel.

III. the event, issue, decision.

κρίτηριον, τό, (*κριτής*) a means for judging or trying, a standard, test.

2. a court of judgment, tribunal.

κριτής, οὔ, ὁ, (*κρίνω*) a discerner, judge, arbiter: at Athens of the judges in the poetic contests.

2. *κριτής ἐνυπνίων*, an interpreter, expounder of dreams. Hence

κριτικός, ὁ, ὄν, able to discern and decide, critical.

κριτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *κρίνω*, picked out, chosen: choice, excellent.

κροαίνω, Ep. for *κρούω*, of a horse, to stamp or strike with the hoof.

κρόκα, heterocl. acc. sing. of *κρόκη*.

κροκάλη, ἡ, = *κρόκη* II: in pl. the sea-shore, beach, strand. [ᾶ]

κρόκος, ον, (*κρόκος*) *saffron-coloured*.

κρόκες, αἱ, heterocl. nom. pl. of *κρόκη*.

κρόκη, ἡ, with heterocl. acc. *κρόκα* and nom. pl. *κρόκες*, as if from a nom. *κρός*: (*κρέκω*):—the woof or weft, Lat. *subtremen*, opp. to *στήνω* the warp: generally, a thread: in pl. wool.

II. a rounded stone or pebble.

κροκήϊος, ἡ, ον, poet. for *κρόκος*, *saffron-coloured*.

κροκό-βαπτος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *βάπτω*) *saffron-dyed*.

κροκο-βάφης, ἐς, (*κρόκος*, *βαφῆναι*) *crocus-dyed*, of *crocus-bue*, i. e. purple, red, not yellow (see *κρόκος*).

κροκόδειλος, ὁ, a lizard. II. name given by the Ionians to the crocodile or alligator of the Nile: in full, ὁ κροκόδειλος ὁ ποτάμιος, called by the natives *χάμψα*.

κροκόεις, εσσα, εν, (*κρόκος*) *saffron-coloured*. II. as Subst., *κροκόεις* (sub. *πέπλος*) ὁ, a robe of saffron.

κροκό-πέπλος, ον, (*κρόκος*, *πέπλος*) *saffron-robbed*.

ΚΡΟΚΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the purple crocus. II. *saffron* (which is made from its stamens).

κροκός [ῖ], ὕδος, ἡ, (*κρόκη*) the flock, nap, pile of cloth: generally, a piece or flock of wool.

κροκατίδιον, τό, Dim. of *κροκατός*, a short, saffron robe.

κροκατός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κροκίω*) *saffron-dyed* or coloured.

II. as Subst., *κροκατός* (sub. *πέπλος*), ὁ, a saffron-coloured robe for state occasions, as for the festivals of Bacchus.

κροκατοφορέω, f. ἴσω, to wear a saffron robe. From **κροκατο-φόρος**, ον, (*κροκατός*, *φέρω*) wearing a saffron robe.

κρομμυ-οξύ-ρεγμία, ἡ, (*κρόμμυον*, ὄξος, ἔρεγμος) a belych of onions and vinegar.

ΚΡΟΜΥΨΙΟΝ or **κρόμμυον**, τό, an onion.

Κρονίδης, ου, ὁ, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, i. e. *Zeus*: cf. *Κρονίω*, *Κρόνος*. [ῖ]

Κρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*Κρόνος*) old-fashioned, antiquated, out of date, cf. sq.

Κρόνος, α, ον, (*Κρόνος*) of *Cronos* or *Saturn*; τὰ *Κρόνα* (sub. *ἱερά*), τὰ, his festival celebrated at Athens on the twelfth of the month Hecatombaeon;

Κρονίω ὄζειν to smell of old times, to smack of antiquity.

Κρόν-ἵπιος, ὁ, (*Κρόνος*, ἵπιος) an old fool, old dotard.

Κρονίων, ὁ, gen. *ἰονος* [ῖ], but also *Κρονίανος*, patronym. from *Κρόνος*, son of *Cronos* or *Saturn*, *Zeus*.

Κρόνος, ὁ, *Cronos*, Lat. *Saturnus*, son of *Uranos* and *Gaia*, husband of *Rhea*, father of *Zeus*: his time was the golden age.

II. a name given at Athens to a superannuated dotard.

ΚΡΟΣΣΑΙ, ᾶν, αἱ, battlements on walls. 2. the courses or steps in which the Pyramids rose from bottom to top.

κροτάλιζω, f. ἴσω, (*κρόταλον*) to rattle castanets: generally, to make to rattle.

κρόταλον, τό, (*κροτέω*) a rattle, castanet. II. metaph. a rattling, chattering fellow.

κρόταφος, ὁ, (*κροτέω*) the side of the forehead: in pl. the temples, Lat. *tempora*: also the sides of the face.

2. metaph. the brow of a mountain.

κροτέω, fut. ἴσω: (*κρότος*)—to make to rattle or clasp.

II. to knock, beat, strike: of a smith, to hammer or weld together, forge:—Pass. to be worked with the hammer, welded, forged; εὐθὺς τὸ πᾶγμα κροτείσθω, let the matter be struck at once, i. e. 'strike while the iron is hot.'

2. to strike together, clap the hands, in token of applause: absol. to clap, to applaud.

III. intr. in Act. to rattle, make a clatter. Hence

κροτησιμός, ὁ, a striking, beating.

κροτητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *κροτέω*, stricken, smitten, sounding with blows.

2. rattled or whirled rattling along.

3. played with the plectrum.

κρότος, ον, ὁ, (*κρούω*) the sound of striking; *κρότος χειρῶν* a clapping of hands: generally, a loud rattling or noise.

κροτών, ἄνος, ὁ, a tick, Lat. *ricinus*. II. the

palma Christi or *ricinus*, which bears the castor-oil berry.

κροῦμα, ατος, τό, (κρούω) a beat, stroke. 2. a sound produced by striking a string, a note.

κρούσιμα, ατος, τό, a gushing or stream. From ΚΡΟΥΝΟΣ, οὔ, ό, a spring, well-head: in pl. streams: metaph. a torrent of words. Hence κρουνο-χυτρο-λήραλος, ό, (κρουνός, χύτρα, λήρος) a pourer forth of weak, wasky twaddle.

κρουσι-δημιέω, f. ήσω, (κρούω, δημος) to play upon the people, impose upon them.

κρούσις, εως, ή, (κρούω) a striking: a playing on a stringed instrument.

κρουστέον, verb. Adj. of κρούω, one must knock at. κρουστικός, ή, όν, fit for striking. II. metaph. striking, astonishing, forcible: τὸ κρουστικόν striking eloquence. From

ΚΡΟΥΩ, f. σω: aor. I. ἔκρουσα:—Pass., pf. κέκρουμαι and -σμαι:—to knock, strike, smite; κρούειν χεῖρας to clap the hands; κρούειν πόδα, to strike the foot against the ground in dancing. 2. to strike with a plectrum; generally, to play any instrument.

3. κρούειν τὴν θύραν to knock at the door. 4. Med. κρούεσθαι πρῦμων to back stern foremost; cf. ἀνακρούω.

κρύβδᾶ, Adv. (κρύπτω) without the knowledge of; κρύβδα Διός, Lat. clam Jove.

κρύβδην Dor. -δαν, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly, covertly:—also, like κρύβδα, without the knowledge of.

κρύβηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of κρύπτω.

κρυέρως, ᾶ, όν, (κρύος) icy, chill, chilling.

κρυμός, ό, (κρύος) icy cold, chill, frost.

κρυμ-ώδης, ες, (κρυμός, εἶδος) icy-cold: frozen, icy.

κρύουσις, εσσα, εν, = κρυερός, icy-cold, chilling.

ΚΡΥΟΣ, τό, icy cold, chill, frost: metaph. an inward chill, shudder, horror.

κρυπάδιος, α, on, also os, on: (κρύπτω) secret, hidden, clandestine.

κρυπάζω, γ. ᾶσω, collateral form of κρύπτω.

κρύπτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of κρύπτω.

κρυπτεῖα, ή, (κρυπτεύω) a secret service or commission; at Sparta intrusted to the young men, to season them again against fatigue.

κρυπτεόν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, one must conceal.

κρυπτεύω, f. σω, (κρύπτω) to conceal, bide. II. to bide oneself, lie concealed. III. Pass. κρυπτεῖομαι, to have snares laid for one.

κρύπτη, ή, a covered place, vault, crypt. From κρυπτός, ή, όν, verb. Adj. of κρύπτω, hidden, secret.

ΚΡΥΠΤΩ: Ion. impf. κρύπτασκον: fut. κρύψω: aor. I. ἔκρυψα: pf. κέκρυφα:—Pass., fut. 2 κρύβησομαι, paullo-p. fut. κεκρύψομαι: aor. I. ἐκρύβην [ῥ]: pf. κέκρυμαι:—to bide, cover, conceal:—Pass. to bide oneself, lie hidden.

II. metaph. to conceal, keep secret or covered over; with dupl. acc., μή με κρύψης τοῦτο do not bide this from me.

κρυσταλλίζω, f. ἴσω, (κρύσταλλος) to be like crystal.

κρυστάλλινος, η, on, (κρύσταλλος) of crystal.

κρυστάλλο-πηκτος, on, or κρυστάλλο-πήξ, ήγος, ό, ή, (κρύσταλλος, πήγνυμι) congealed to ice, frozen.

κρύσταλλος, ό, (κρύος) clear ice, ice, Lat. glacies. 2. extreme cold, torpor. II. ό and ή, crystal, rock-crystal.

κρύφα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secretly from, without the knowledge of, like κρύβδα, c. gen. [ῥ]

κρύφαίος, α, on, and os, on, (κρύπτω) secret, hidden, covert. Adv. -ως.

κρύφη Dor. -φα, Adv. (κρύπτω) secret, in secret. κρύφιδόν, Adv.—foreg.

κρύφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of κρύπτω.

κρύφιος, α, on, also os, on, (κρύπτω) secret, hidden, clandestine. [ῥ]

κρύφος, ό, (κρύπτω) concealment, obscurity. κρύφω, late form of κρύπτω.

κρύψαι, aor. I inf. of κρύπτω.

κρυψι-μέτωπος, on, (κρύπτω, μέτωπον) hiding the forehead.

κρυψί-voos, on, contr. -voos, onv: (κρύπτω, νόος) hiding one's thoughts, reserved, dissembling.

κρύψις, εως, ή, (κρύπτω) a hiding, concealment: the art or means of concealing.

ΚΡΩΒΥΔΟΣ, ό, a roll of hair gathered to a knot on the crown of the head. II. the crest on a helmet. [ῥ]

κρωγμός, ό, (κρώω) the croaking or cawing of a crow.

ΚΡΩΖΩ, f. κρώω, to croak or caw like a crow, Lat. crocitare. II. of men, to croak out. (Formed from the sound.)

κρώσσαι, Ion. for κρόσσαι.

κρωστίον, τό, Dim. of κρωστός.

ΚΡΩΣΣΩΝ, οὔ, ό, a water-pail, pitcher, jar. 2. a cinerary urn.

κτά, for ἔκτα, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω: optat. κταίην; inf. κταίω; part. κτάς.

κταίνο, Dor. for κτείνω.

κτάμενος, κτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω.

κτάνε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of κτείνω. [ᾶ]

κτάνθεν, Aeol. and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of κτείνω.

ΚΤΑΪΟΜΑΙ Ion. κτέομαι: fut. κτήσομαι: paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι: aor. I. ἐκτησάμην: pf. κέκτημαι Ion. ἐκτημαι, subj. κέκτωμαι, opt. κεκτήμην or -ήμην: plqpf. ἐκεκτηίμην: Dep.:—to get for oneself, gain, be in the course of acquiring or procuring: also to bring upon oneself, incur. II. in pf. κέκτημαι or ἐκτημαι, and paullo-p. fut. κεκτήσομαι, to have acquired or got, and so, to possess, to have or hold; ό κεκτημένος an owner, master: hence as Subst. c. gen., ό έμου κεκτημένος my master; ή έμη κεκτημένη my mistress. III. aor. I. ἐκτήθην is used in pass. sense, to be gotten, obtained, acquired.

κτάσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. med. (with pass. sense) of κτείνω; but, II. κτάσθαι, inf. of κτάομαι.

κτέανον, ό, (κτάομαι) = κτήμα: but mostly in pl.

possessions, property; Ep. heterocl. dat. κτεάτεσσι, as if from κτεάτ.

κτεάτερα, ἡ, fem. of κτεάτηρ, she that puts one in possession of. [ᾶ]

κτεάτηρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (κτάομαι) a possessor.

κτεάτιζω, f. ἴσω; Ep. aor. I κτεάτισσα: (κτεαρ):—to get, gain, win: pf. pass. with med. sense, ἐκτεάτισμαι to get for oneself. Hence

κτεάτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, gotten, won, acquired.

κτείνω: Ion. impf. κτείνεσκον: f. κτείνω Ep. κτείνεω or κτανέω: aor. I ἐκτευνα: aor. 2 ἐκτάνον: pf. ἐκτανα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτάνθη: pf. ἐκτάμαι:—the following Ep. forms are freq. in Homer, 3rd sing. and pl. aor. 2 ἐκτᾶ, ἐκτᾶν (as if from κτῆμα); subj. κτέω, I pl. κτέωμεν; inf. κτάμεν, κτάμεναι [ᾶ], for κτάναι; part. κτάς: aor. 2 med. (with pass. sense) ἐκτάμην [ᾶ], inf. κτάσθαι: part. κτάμενος: also Aeol. 3rd pl. aor. I pass. ἐκτᾶθεν:—to kill, slay: of animals, to slaughter.

κτείνωμι, Ep. pres. subj. for κτείνω.

ΚΤΕΪΣ, ὅ, gen. κτενός, a comb. 2. the weaver's comb, Lat. pecten or radius. 3. a rake, harrow. 4. the hand, with the fingers spread open. Hence

κτενέω, Ion. fut. of κτείνω.

κτενίζω, f. ἴσω, to comb: to curry horses:—Med., κτενίζεσθαι κόμας to comb one's hair.

κτενίον, τό, Dim. of κτείς, a small comb.

κτενισμός, ὅ, (κτενίζω) a combing.

κτεόμαι, Ion. for κτάομαι.

κτέρας, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) = κτέανον, κτῆμα.

κτέρεα, τά, (κτάομαι) properly = κτῆματα, possessions, property: but mostly of favourite possessions, such as pieces of armour, burnt with the dead: generally, funeral honours, obsequies; see κτερέζω, κτερίζω.

κτερέζω, f. ἴζω, lengthd. for κτερίζω, to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερέζω to pay funeral honours; see κτερίζω.

κτερίζω: fut. κτερίω: aor. I ἐκτέρισα: (κτέρεα):—to bury with due honours:—with acc. of cognate sense, κτέρεα κτερίζω to pay funeral honours, Lat. *justa facere, exequias facere*.

κτεριοῦσι, 3rd pl. fut. of κτερίζω.

κτερίσματα, τά, (κτερίζω) = κτερέα.

κτέω, κτέωμεν, I sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 subj. of κτείνω.

κτῆθῆναι, aor. I inf. of κτάομαι, used in pass. sense.

κτῆμα, ατος, τό, (κτάομαι) anything gotten, a piece of property, possession:—in pl. κτῆματα, possessions, property, goods. II. a thing, like χρῆμα.

κτῆνηδόν, Adv. (κτῆνος) like beasts.

κτῆνος, εος, τό, (κτάομαι) properly, like κτῆμα, a piece of property; chiefly used in pl. κτῆνεα, contr. κτῆνη, property in herds or flocks, cattle: rarely in sing. of a single head of cattle, an ox or sheep.

κτῆσαιτο, 3rd sing. aor. I opt. of κτάομαι.

κτῆσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κτῆσις) of or from one's property; κτῆσιον βοτόν a sheep of one's own

flock. II. belonging to one's own house, domestic, Lat. *penalibus*; κτῆσιοι θεοὶ household gods.

κτῆσις, εως, ἡ, (κτάομαι) an acquiring, getting. II. (from pf. pass. κέκτημαι) possession:—as collective, possessions, property.

κτῆρός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of κτάομαι, that may be gotten or gained. II. acquired, held as property, possessed.

κτῆρωρ, ορος, ὅ, (κτάομαι) a possessor, owner.

κτίδεος, α, ον, (κτίς) = ἰκτίδεος, of a marten-cat, made of its skin. [ῖ]

ΚΤΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐκτίσα Ep. ἐκτίσσα, κτίσσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐκτίσθη: pf. ἐκτίμαι:—to people or occupy a country: of a city, to found, plant, build:—of a festival, to institute, establish. II. to produce, create. 2. generally, to make or render so and so. 3. to perpetrate a deed.

ΚΤΙΛΩΣ, ον, gentle, tame. II. as Subst., κτίλος, ὅ, a ram. [ῖ] Hence

κτιλόω, f. ὤσω: aor. I med. ἐκτιλωσάμην:—to tame, civilise: to win the affections of.

κτίμενος, η, ον, Ep. part. aor. 2 pass. of κτίζω, built, founded: only in compd. ἐν-κτίμενος. [ῖ]

κτίς, ἡ, = ἰκτίς, a marten-cat, marten.

κτίσις, εως, ἡ, (κτίζω) a founding, settling, foundation. 2. a making, creating: the creation of the universe. II. the world or universe itself. 2. a created thing, creature. [ῖ]

κτίσμα, ατος, τό, (κτίζω) a created thing, creature.

κτίσσεια, Ep. aor. I of κτίζω.

κτίστης, ου, ὅ, (κτίζω) a founder, establisher.

κτύπος, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for κτίσις.

κτύπωρ, ορος, ὅ, = κτίστης.

κτύπηρ [ῖ] ου, ὅ, (κτίζω) a founder, colonist: generally, an inhabitant.

κτύπεω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐκτύπησα ποῖτ. κτύπησα: aor. 2 ἐκτύπον Ep. κτύπον: (κτύπος): I. intr. to crash, as trees falling: to ring, resound, echo. II. trans. to make to resound:—Pass to ring, resound. Hence

κτύπημα, ατος, τό, a sound, a crashing: a clapping of the hands. [ῖ]

κτύπος, ου, ὅ, (τύπω) any loud noise, the crash of thunder, rattling of chariots, clash of arms. [ῖ]

κύθος, ὅ, (κύω) a cup for drawing wine out of the κρατήρ or bowl. II. an Attic measure holding two κόγχα, about $\frac{1}{12}$ of a pint. III. a cupping-glass.

κύβευτός, ἡ, ὄν, (κυαμένω) chosen by beans, i. e. by lot.

κύβευτω, f. σω, (κύματος) to choose by beans or lot.

κύβημα, ατος, α, ον, (κύματος) of the size of a bean.

ΚΥΒΗΜΟΣ, ὅ, a bean. II. the lot by which public officers were elected at Athens; ὁ κύβημ λαχών an officer chosen by lot, = κληροτός.

κύβημο-τρώξ, ὄος, ὅ, (κύματος, τρώγω) bean-eater.

κύβημο-φάγια, ἡ, (κύματος, φαγεῖν) eating of beans, a bean-diet.

κύν-αιγίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (κύανος, αἰγίς) with dark Aegis.

κυᾶν-ἀμπυξ, ὕκος, ὄ, ἦ, (κύανος, ἀμπυξ) with dark blue band or margin.

κυᾶν-αυγής, ἐς, (κύανος, αὐγή) dark-gleaming, murky.

Κύανει (sc. νῆσοι or πέτραι), αἱ, the Dark Rocks, two small islands at the entrance of the Euxine; also, κύανει Συμπληγάδες. [ᾗ]

κυᾶν-ἐμβολος, ον, (κύανος, ἔμβολον) with dark blue prow or peak.

κυᾶνεος, α, ον, (κύανος) dark blue: generally, dark, dusky, murky. [ῦ]

κυᾶνο-βλέφαρος, ον, (κύανος, βλέφαρον) dark-eyed.

κυᾶνο-εἰδής, ἐς, (κύανος, εἶδος) dark blue, deep blue.

κυᾶνό-θριξ, τριχος, ὄ, ἦ, (κύανος, θρίξ) dark-haired.

κυᾶνό-πέξα, ἦ, (κύανος, πέξα) with feet of cyanus.

κυᾶνό-πέπλος, ον, (κύανος, πέπλος) dark-veiled. [κῦ-, metri grat.]

κυᾶνο-πρόφρειος and κυᾶνό-πρωρος, ον, (κύανος, πρόφρα) with dark blue prow, dark-prowed.

κυᾶνό-πτερος, ον, (κύανος, πτερόν) with dark blue or black feathers, dark-winged.

ΚΥΨΑΝΟΣ, ον, ὄ, cyanos, a dark blue substance, used in the Heroic age to adorn works in metal, perhaps blue steel.

II. the blue corn-flower.

κυᾶνο-στόλος, ον, (κύανος, στοπή) dark-robed.

κυᾶνό-όφρυς, υ, gen. υος, (κύανος, όφρυς) dark-browed.

κυᾶνο-χαίτης, ον, ὄ, (κύανος, χαιτή) dark-haired; of a horse, dark-maned.

κυᾶνό-χροος, ον, -χροος, ωτος, ὄ, ἦ, (κύανος, χροά, χρός) dark-looking, of dark colour or complexion.

κυᾶν-ώπης, ον, ὄ, (κύανος, ώψ) dark-eyed: fem. κυᾶν-ώπις, ιδος.

κυᾶνᾶ, Adv. (κύπτω) with the head forwards, stooping.

κυβεία, ἦ, (κυβεύω) dice-playing, dicing, gambling: hence sleight, trickery, deceit.

Κυβέλη, ἦ, Cybelé, a Phrygian goddess, worshipped throughout Asia Minor, also at Greece, and later at Rome, under the name of the *Idaean Mother*.

ΚΥΒΕΡΝΑΨ, fut. ἦσω, Lat. *guberno*, to steer: metaph. to hold the helm of the state, guide, govern.

Hence κυβερνήσις Dor. -ᾶσις, εως, ἦ, a steering, pilotage: metaph. a guiding, governing.

κυβερνήτα, voc. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτειρα, ἦ, fem. of κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ἦρος, ὄ, rarer form for κυβερνήτης.

κυβερνήτης, ον, ὄ, (κυβερνάω) a steersman, helmsman, Lat. *gubernator*: metaph. a guide, governor. Hence κυβερνητικός, ἦ, ὄν, skilled in steering or governing.

κυβεύω, f. σω, (κύβος) to play at dice: to run a bazard, take the chances. 2. trans. to set upon a throw.

κυβιστάω, f. ἦσω, (κύπτω) to throw oneself headforemost, tumble headlong: to plunge headlong into water, dive: to tumble, turn heels over head, turn a summerset, of mountebanks. Hence

κυβίστημα, ατος, τό, a summerset.

κύβιστητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (κυβιστάω) a jumper headforemost, a diver: a mountebank, tumbler.

ΚΥΒΟΣ, ὄ, Lat. *cubeus*, a solid square, a cube. II.

a cubical die, marked on all six sides for the game of dice: the Greeks threw three dice; τρίς ἐξ βαλεῖν to throw three sixes, i. e. to throw the highest throw, have complete success; κρίνειν τι ἐν κύβοις to decide a thing by the dice, i. e. by chances.

κυδάζω, no fut. in use, (κύδος), to revile, abuse:—Pass. to be mocked, insulted. (κυδάζω is used in bad, κυδαίνω in good sense.)

κυδαίνω, f. ἀνά: aor. I ἐκύδανα Ep. κύδηνα: (κύδος):—to honour, do honour to, glorify, praise: also of the outward appearance, to beautify, adorn: to gladden by marks of honour. II. seldom in bad sense, to flatter. See κυδάζω.

κυδάλιμος, ον, (κύδος) glorious, renowned, famous; κυδάλιμον κῆρ noble heart.

κυδάνω [ᾗ], = κυδαίνω, to honour, bold in honour.

II. intr. = κυδαίνω, to vaunt aloud, boast.

κυδήναι, aor. I inf. of κυδαίνω.

κύδηεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of κυδαίνω.

κύδηεις, εσσα, εν, (κύδος) glorious, noble.

κύδι-άνερα, ἦ, (κύδος, ἀνῆρ) fem. Adj. like ἀντι-άνερα, as if from a masc. in -άνωρ, man-ennobling, bringing glory to men.

κυδίωω, Ep. part. κυδιώω, no fut. in use: (κύδος):—to vaunt or pride oneself, Lat. *gloriarī*: hence to exult, rejoice.

κύδιμος, ον, κυδάλιμος.

κυδιών, Ep. part. of κυδίωω.

κύδιστος, η, ον, Sup. of κυδρός (formed from κύδος, as αἰσχιστος from αἰσχος), most glorious, most honoured, noblest: the greatest.

κυδίωω [ῖ], ον, gen. ονος, Comp. of κυδρός (see κύδιστος), more glorious, nobler: generally, better.

κυδρός, ἦ, ὄν, = κυδρός.

κυδοιδοπάω, f. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make a hubbub or uproar.

κυδοιμέω, fut. ἦσω, (κυδοιμός) to make an uproar, spread confusion and alarm. II. trans. to drive in confusion.

ΚΥΔΟΙΜΟΣ, ὄ, uproar, confusion, tumult, hubbub.

ΚΥΔΟΣ, εος, τό, glory, fame, renown, esp. in war: κύδος ἀρέσθαι to win glory; of a hero, μέγα κύδος Ἄχαιών the great glory or pride of the Achaeans, like Lat. *decus*.

κυδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (κύδος) glorious, illustrious, noble: of a horse, proud, stately.

Κύδω or Κύδωνία, ἦ, Cydonia, a city of Crete.

Κυδωνιάω, to swell like a quince. From

Κυδώνιος, α, ον, (Κύδων) Cydonian, i. e. Cretan; ἤλων Κυδώνιον the quince.

II. metaph. swelling like a quince, round and plump.

κυέω, older form for κύω, impf. ἐκύουν: fut. κυήσω: aor. I ἐκήησα:

I. trans. to bear in the womb, to be pregnant of, Lat. *gestare*. II. intr. to be pregnant, to conceive.

κύθη, Ep. for *ἐκύθη*, 3 sing. aor. 2 of *κύθω*.
Κυθήρεια, ἡ, *Cytherea*, surname of Venus, from the city *Κύθηρα* in Crete, or from the island *Κύθηρα*.

Κύθηρα, *ων, τά, Cythera*, an island on the south of *Laconia*, now *Cerigo*.

Κυθηρο-δίκης, *ου, ὁ, (Κύθηρα, δίκη) a Spartan magistrate sent annually to govern the island of Cythera.*

Κυθηρόθεν, Adv. (*Κύθηρα*) from *Cythera*.

κύθηρα, -θρινος, -θρος, Ion. for *χύθη-*.
κύσσω, only used in pres. (*κύω, κνέω*) to *impregnate*:—Pass. to *become pregnant, conceive*.

κύκάνω, collat. form of *κύκω*, to *confound*.

ΚΥ-ΚΑ'Ω, f. ἤσω, to *mix up, beat up and mix*. II. like Lat. *miscere*, to *stir up, mix together*: to *throw into confusion, confound*:—Pass. to *be confounded, panicked*: also of the mind, to *be disquieted, agitated*.

κύκω, ἄνω, ὁ: acc. *κυκώνα*, shortd. Ep. *κυκῶ* and *κυκωιά*: (*κυκώ*):—a *mixture, a mixed drink, refreshing draught, tankard*, compounded of barley-meal, grated cheese and wine.

κύκῆθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *κύκω*.

κύκῆθρον, τό, (*κυκώ*) a *ladle for stirring*: metaph. a *turbulent fellow, agitator*. [v]

κύκῆσι-τέφρος, *ον, (κυκώ, τέφρα) mixed up with ashes*.

κυκλάμινος, ἡ, *cyclamen, sow-bread*, a bulbous plant, with a fragrant flower used for garlands.

κυκλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) *encircling*: αἱ *Κυκλάδες* (sub. *νῆσοι*), the *Cyclades*, islands in the *Aegean sea*, which encircle *Delos*. II. of *Time, circling, revolving*.

κυκλέω, f. ἤσω, (*κύκλος*) to *move a thing round and round, wheel along*; *πῶδα κυκλεῖν* to *walk round and round*:—Pass. to *surround, encircle*. II. intr. to *revolve, come round and round*.

κυκλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*κύκλος*) fem. Adj. *round, circular*.
κυκλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*κύκλος*) *circular*. II. those Epic poets were called οἱ *Κυκλικοί*, whose writings collectively formed a *cycle* or *series* of heroic legends down to the death of *Ulysses*.

κυκλιο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (*κύκλιος, διδάσκαλος*) a *teacher of the cyclic choros, a dithyrambic poet*.

κύκλιος, *α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύκλος) round, circular*: neut. τό *κύκλιον*, as Subst. a *circle*. II. *κύκλιοι χοροί, οἱ, circular* or *cyclic choruses, dancing in a ring round the altar of the god*; chiefly appropriated to those of *Bacchus, dithyrambic choruses*; hence, *κύκλια μέλη dithyrambs*.

Κυκλοβόρω, f. ἤσω, to *roar like the torrent of Cycloborus*.

Κυκλο-βόρος, ὁ, (*κύκλος, βιβρώσκω*) a *mountain-torrent* in *Attica*.

κυκλο-δωκτος, *ον, (κύκλος, δῶκω) driven round in a circle*. [r]

κυκλόεις, *εσσα, εν, (poët. for κυκλικός) circular*.

κυκλόθεν, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in a *circle all around*.

κυκλο-μόλιβδος, ὁ, (*κύκλος, μόλιβδος*) a *round lead-pencil*.

κύκλος-ποιέω, f. ἤσω, (*κύκλος, ποιέω*) to *make into a circle, form like a circle*.

ΚΥ'ΚΛΩΣ, *ου, ὁ*, also with irreg. pl. *κύκλα, a ring, round, circle*: *κύκλω* as Adv. in a *circle, round about*: also like a Prep., c. acc., *κύκλω σῆμα round about the monument*; and c. gen., *κύκλω τοῦ στρατοπέδου*. II. any *circular body*: as, I. a *wheel*. 2. a *place of assembly*: also like Lat. *corona, a crowd of people standing round, a ring or circle of people*. 3. the *vault of the sky: the moon's disk*. 4. the *circle or walls surrounding a city, esp. of Athens*. 5. a *shield*. 6. in pl. the *balls of the eye*. III. any *circular motion, orbit or revolution*.

κυκλόσε, Adv. (*κύκλος*) in or into a *circle, around*.

κυκλο-σοβέω, f. ἤσω, (*κύκλος, σοβέω*) to *drive round in a circle, whirl round*.

κυκλο-τερής, ἔς, (*κύκλος, τείρω*) made *round by rubbing or turning, circular*; *κυκλοτερές τόξον ἔπεινεν* he bent the bow into a *circle*.

κυκλώω, f. ὠσα, (*κύκλος*) to *encircle, surround*; but in this sense mostly in *Med*. II. to *drive round and round, whirl round*. III. to *form into a circle*:—Pass. to *form a circle, be bent round*; also of a fleet *wheeling into a crescent shape*.

κύκλωμα, *ατος, τό, (κύκλω)* anything made into a *circle, as a wheel*. 2. *βυσσότονον κύκλωμα* a *circle with hide stretched over it, i. e. a drum*.

Κυκλώπειος, *α, ον, (Κύκλωψ) Cyclopean, of or befitting the Cyclopes*, commonly used of the ancient architecture attributed to them (also called *Πελασγικός*).

Κυκλωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the *Cyclopes*. Adv. —*κῶς*.
Κυκλώπιον, τό, Dim. of *Κύκλωψ*.

Κυκλώπιος, *α, ον, = Κυκλώπειος*:—pecul. fem. *Κυκλωπίς, ἰδος*.

κύκλωσις, *εως, ἡ, (κυκλώω) a surrounding, enclosing, circumlocution, ἡ, ὄν, (κυκλώω) rounded, round*.

Κύκλωψ, *απος, ὁ, (κύκλος, ὤψ) a Cyclops, i. e. Round-eye*; as *Hesiod* says, *Κύκλωπιες δ' ὄνομι' ἦσαν ἐπ' ἀννυμοι, οὐνεκ' ἀρα σφέων κυκλωτερῆς ὀφθαλμῶς εἰς ἐνέκειτο μετάψω*:—in sing. of *Polyphemus*; but *Hesiod* mentions three *Cyclopes, Brontes, Steropes, and Arges*, who forged the thunderbolts for *Zeus*.

κύκνεις, *α, ον, (κύκνος) of or like a swan*.

κυκνό-μορφος, *ον, (κύκνος, μορφή) swan-shaped*.

ΚΥ'ΚΝΩΣ, ὁ, *a swan, Lat. cygnus*. II. metaph. from the swan's dying song, a *poet*.

κύκν-οψις, *εως, ὁ, ἡ, (κύκνος, ὀψις) like a swan*.

ΚΥ'ΛΑ, *ων, τά, the parts under the eyes*.

κύλινδew, f. ἤσω, late form of *κυλίνδω*. Hence

κύλινδηθρα, ἡ, = *ἀλινδήθρα*: and *κύλινδηθρις, εως, ἡ, a rolling, wallowing*. 2. *exercise, practice*.

ΚΥ'ΛΙΝΔΩ: fut. *κυλίσω* [r]: aor. I *ἐκύλισα*, inf. *κυλίσαι*: aor. I pass. *ἐκυλίσθην*:—older form of *κυλίνδew*, to *roll, roll on or along*. II. Pass. *κυλίνδομαι, to be rolled or roll along, to roll or toss, like*

a ship at sea: to roll or wallow in the dirt. 2. to be circulated, be much talked of, like Lat. *jactari*. 3. to be employed on a thing, like Lat. *versari*.

ΚΥΤΑΙΞ [ῥ], *ίκος, ή, a cup, drinking-cup.*
κυλίση, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I pass. of κυλίω.
κύλιμα, ατος, τό, (κυλίνδω) a roll: also a place to roll in. [ῥ]

κυλίχνη, ή, (κύλιξ) a small cup. Hence
κυλίχνιον, τό, a little cup or box.
κυλίω [ῥ], late form for κυλίνδω.
κύλαστος Ion. κύλληστις, ιος, ό, Egyptian bread made from όλίυρα.

κυλλά, ή, see κυλλός.
Κυλλάγη, ή, *Cyllene, a mountain in Arcadia:* whence Hermes was called Κυλλάγιος, ό.

Κυλλο-ποδίον [ῥ], ονος, ό, (κυλλός, ποίς) maimed of foot, halting, Ep. name of Vulcan.

κυλλός, ή, όν, crooked, crippled, halt. 2. κυλλή χερίς is the band with the fingers bent to make a hollow for alms; *ἐμβαλε κυλλή* (sub. χερί) put it into the hollow of the hand.

κύλ-οιδιάω, (κύλα, οιδάω) to have a swelling below the eye, from blows or from sleepless nights.

κύμα, ατος, τό, (κίω) anything swollen, the swell of the sea, a wave, billow, surge: collectively, *ός τό κύμα ἔστρωτο* when the waves abated. II. like κύημα, the foetus in the womb, embryo.

κύμαίω, f. *άνώ, (κύμα) to swell or rise in waves, surge, seethe:* so also, metaph., of passion. Hence κύματίας, ου, ό, Ion. *ίης, (κύμα) surging, billowy.* 2. act. causing waves, stormy.

κύματο-αγής, ές, (κύμα, αγνυμι) breaking like waves, stormy.

κύματεις, εσσα, εν, poet. for *κυματίας.*
κύματο-πλής, ήγος, ό, ή, (κύμα, πλήσσω) wave-beaten.

κύματώ, f. *ώσω, (κύμα) to drive the waves over:*—Pass. to rise in waves, to swell, of the sea.

κύματ-ωγή, ή, (κύμα, αγνυμι) a place where the waves break, beach, strand.

κύμβαλιζώ, f. *ίσω, (κύβαλον) to play the cymbals.*

κύμβαλον, τό, (κύμβος) a cymbal, Lat. *cymbalum.*
κύμβάχος, ον, (κύπτω) *bead-foremost, Lat. pronus.*

II. κύμβάχος, ό, as Subst. the crown or top of a helmet, in which the plume is placed.

ΚΥΜΒΗ, ό, a hollow vessel: I. a drinking vessel, cup, bowl. II. a boat, Lat. *cymba.* Hence

κύμβιον, τό, Dim. a small cup.
κύμβις, Ion. name of the bird *χαλκίς, the night-hawk;* *χαλκίδα κυκλήσκουσι θεοί, άνδρες όν κύμβινδω.*

κύμινεύω, f. *σω, (κύμιον) to strew with cummin.*

ΚΥΜΙΝΟΝ, τό, cummin, Lat. *cuminum.*
κύμινο-πίριστής, ου, ό, (κύμιον, τρία) a cummin-splitter, i. e. a skinflint, niggard, churl.

κύμινο-πριστο-καρδαμο-γλύφος, ον, (κυμινοπίριστης, καρδαμογλύφος) a cummin-splitting cress-scraper, of an excessive miser. [ῥ]

κύμο-δέγμα, ον, gen. ονος, (κύμα, δέχομαι) receiving or meeting the waves.

κύνα, κύνας, acc. sing. and pl. of κύων.

κυνάγεια, κυνάγείας, Dor. for *κυνηγός, κυν-αγός, ον, Dor. for κυνηγός, but the Dor. form is always used in Att. poets: (κύων, άγω):—dog-leading:* hence as Subst. a hunter, huntsman.

κύν-άγχη, ή, (κύων, άγχομαι) cynanché, a bad kind of sore throat. II. a dog-collar.

κύν-άγωγός, ό, (κύων, άγω) a dog-leader, huntsman.
κύν-άλωπήξ, εκος, ή, (κύων, άλώπηξ) a fox-dog, mongrel between dog and fox: applied as a nickname to Cleon.

κύνάμια, ή, (κύων, μυία) dog-fly, shameless fly.
κύνάριον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog, whelp, puppy. [α]

κύνάς, *δδος, fem. Adj. of a dog, Lat. caninus.* II. as Subst., *κύνάς* (sub. θρίξ), *ή, dog's hair, of a bad fleece.*

κύνάω, f. ήσω, (κύων) to play the Cynic.

κύνή, Att. contr. κυνή, (properly fem. of *κύνεος, sub. δορά*), *ή, a dog's skin, a leather cap or bonnet, a soldier's cap:* a helmet of any kind: a bonnet.

κύνει, Ep. for *έκύνει, 3 sing. impf. of κύνέω.*

κύνεος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (κύων) of a dog.
κύνεος, α, ον, (κύων) of or like a dog: metaph. shameless, unabashed.

κύνες, ον, pl. of κύων.

ΚΥΝΕΪΑ: fut. *κύνήσομαι, but also κύσω [ῥ], poet.*
κύσω: aor. I *έκύνσα* Ep. *κύσα, έκυσσα, κύσσα:*—to kiss: of doves, to bill. 2. to intreat, beseech.

κύνή, ή, Att. contr. for *κυνή.*
κυνηγεία, ή, = *κυνηγείον.*

κύνηγείσιον, τό, a hunting establishment, huntsman and bounds, a pack of bounds. II. the bunt, chase: a hunting-ground. III. that which is taken in hunting, the game. From

κύνηγετώ, f. ήσω, to hunt: to chase, pursue. 2. to persecute, harass. From

κύν-ηγέτης, ου, ό, Dor. *κυνάγεται, (κύων, ήγέομαι):* a hunter, huntsman. Hence

κύνηγετικός, ή, όν, of or for hunting.

κύν-ηγέτις, ιδος, ή, fem. of *κυνηγέτης, a huntress.*

κύνηγια, ή, a hunt, chase. From *κυνηγός, v. sub κυναγός.*

κύνηδόν, Adv. (κύων) like a dog, greedily.

κύνηποδες, οί, (κύων vi, ποίς) the fetlocks of a horse.

Κύνθος, ό, *Cynthus, a mountain in Delos, birthplace of Apollo and Artemis;* whence Apollo is called *Κύνθιος, Cynthian, and Κυνο-γενής, Cynthos-born.*

κύνιδιον, τό, Dim. of κύων, a little dog.

κύνικός, ή, όν, (κύων) of or like a dog, Lat. *caninus.*

κύνισκη, ή, (κύων) a bitch-puppy.

κύνισκος, ό, (κύων) a young dog, whelp, puppy: metaph. a little Cynic.

κύνο-δρομέω, f. ήσω, (κύων, δραμείν) to run down, chase with dogs: metaph. to hunt after.

κύνο-θαρσής or θρασής, ές, (κύων, θαρρέω) impudent as a dog.

κύνο-κέφαλος, *ον*, (κύνων, κεφαλή) *dog-headed*. 2. as Subst., *κυνοκέφαλος, ὁ*, the *dog-headed ape*.

κύνο-κλόπος, *ον*, (κύνων, κλέπτω) *dog-stealing*.

κύνο-κόπew, *ἴ. ἤσω*, (κύνων, κόπτω) *to beat like a dog*.

κύνο-κωμα, = *κινάμια*.

κύνο-πρόσωπος, *ον*, (κύνων, πρόσωπον) *dog-faced*.

κύνο-ραιστής, *οὔ, ὁ*, (κύνων, ραΐω) *a dog-tick*.

κύνος, *γεν. ὁ κύνων*.

Κύνοςαργες, *εος, τό*, *Cynosarges*, a gymnasium outside the city of Athens, sacred to Hercules, for the use of those who were not of pure Athenian blood.

κύνσ-ουρα, *ἡ*, (κύνος, οὐρά) *a dog's-tail*: esp. the *Cynosure*, name of the constellation *Ursa Minor*.

κύνσ-σπάρακτος, *ον*, (κύνων, σπάρασσω) *torn by dogs*.

κυν-οὔχος, *ὁ*, (κύνων, ἔχω) *a dog-bolder, dog-leash, slip*.

II. a *dog-skin sack*, used in hunting.

κύνσ-φρων, *ον, γεν. ονος*, (κύνων, φρήν) *dog-minded, sordid or shameless of soul*.

κύνσ-βάτος, *ἡ*, (κύνων, βάτος) *dog-thorn*, a kind of *wild rose*.

κύντερος, *α, ον*, Comp. Adj. formed from κύνων, *more dog-like*, i. e. *more shameless, more audacious*:—Sup. κύντατος, *ἡ, ον*, *most shameless*.

κυνά, *οὐς, ἡ*, (κύνων) *a sbe-dog, bitch*.

κύν-ώπις, *ου, ὁ*, (κύνων, ὠψί) = *κύνος ὄμματ' ἔχων*, the *dog-eyed*, i. e. *shameless one*:—fem. κύν-ώπις,

ἰδος, *ἡ*, the *shameless woman*; also *fierce-eyed, terrible*.

κύνπαιρος, Dor. for κύνειρος.

κύνπάρισσινος Att. -τύνος, *ἡ, ον*, (κύνπάρισσος) *made of cypress wood*.

ΚΥ-ΠΑΡΙΣΣΟΣ Att. -ττος, *ἡ, α* *cypress*, Lat. *cypressus*.

ΚΥΠΕΙΦΟΝ, *τό, ον* κύνειρος, *ὁ*, a marsh-plant, used to feed horses, *galingal*.

κύνελλο-μάχος, *ον*, (κύνελλον, μάχομαι) *at which they fight with cups*, cf. Horace's *scyphis pugnare*.

κύνελλον, *τό*, (κύνη) *a capacious drinking-vessel, a beaker, goblet*. [ῥ]

κύνερος, *ὁ*, Ion. for κύνειρος.

κύνη, *ἡ*, = *γύπη*, a *hole, hollow*.

Κυπρίδιος, *α, ον*, (Κύπρις) *of or like Cyprus, lovely, tender, delicate*. [ῖδ]

Κύπριος, *α, ον*, (Κύπρος) *of Cyprus, Cyprian*.

Κύπρις, ἰδος, *ἡ*, acc. Κύπριν and Κύπριδα, *Cypris*, a name of *Venus*, from the island of *Cyprus*, where she was most worshipped. II. *love*.

Κυπρο-γενής, *ἑς*, (Κύπρος, γένew) *Cyprus-born*: fem. Κυπρο-γένεια Ep. -γενεία, *ἡ*.

Κυπρόθεν, Adv. *from Cyprus*: and

Κύπρονδε, Adv. *to Cyprus*. From

Κύπρος, *ου, ἡ*, *Cyprus*, a Greek island on the southern coast of *Asia Minor*. (Hence Lat. *cyprum*, our *copper*.)

κυντάζω, *ἴ. ἄσω*: Frequentative from κύντω, *to keep stooping, to go poking or pottering about* a thing.

ΚΥΨΙΤΩ, *ἴ. κύψω*: aor. *ἴ* ἐκύψα: pf. κέκυφα:—*to bend forward, stoop*: to bow down under a burden; κέρεα κεκυφῶτα ἔς τὸ ἔμπροσθεν horns *growing bent*

forward; often in aor. I part. with another Verb, θέει κύψας runs *with the head down*; κύψας ἐσθίει eats *stooping*, i. e. *greedily*.

Κύρβας, *αυτος, ὁ*, shortd. form of Κορύβας.

κυρβάσια, *ἡ*, a *Persian bonnet or hat*, with a peaked crown. The king alone wore it upright.

ΚΥΡΒΕΙΣ or κύρβεις, *γεν. κύρβειων*, dat. κύρβεσι, *triangular tables*, forming a three-sided pyramid turning round on a pivot; the few early laws of Athens were written on the three sides. II. later, any *pillars or tablets with inscriptions*.

III. the sing. κύρβις is used later of a *pettifogging lawyer*.

ΚΥΡΕΩ and ΚΥΡΩ [ῥ]: impf. ἐκύρων [ῥ] and ἐκύρων with Ep. 3 sing. κύρε: fut. κύρησω and κύρωσω: aor. *ἴ* ἐκύρησα [ῥ], inf. κύρησαι, part. κύρησας; and Ep. ἐκύρσα, inf. κύρσαι, part. κύρσας: I. followed by a case, 1. *dat. to hit, light upon, reach, attain: to meet with, fall in with*; as λέων σώματι κύρσας.

2. *dat. with ἐπί or ἐν*, as λέων ἐπὶ σώματι κύρσας = λέων σώματι κύρσας. 3. *gen. to reach to, as far as*: to arrive at, gain, win, obtain. 4. *acc. to reach, obtain*; also *to find by chance*.

II. *intrans. to happen, come to pass, turn out*. 2. *absol. to be right, hit the exact truth*; with part., τὸδ' ἂν λέγων κυρήσας you would be right in saying this. 3. as auxil. Verb, like τυγχάνω with partic. *to turn out, prove, happen to be* so and so; κυρεῖ ὧν *be happens to be*.

κύρηβάζω, *ἴ. ἄσω*, (akin to κύρισσω) *to butt with the horns*: generally, *to strike*. Hence κύρηβάσια, *ἡ*, a *butting*: fighting.

ΚΥΡΗΒΙΑ, *ων, τά*, *chaff, husks, bran*.

Κυρηναίος, *α, ον*, of *Cyrené*. From

Κυρηνή, *ἡ*, *Cyrené*, the name of a Greek colony in Africa, famous for its breed of horses.

κύρια, *ἡ*, the *mistress, lady*.

κύριακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, (κύριος) *of, belonging to a lord or master*; esp. *belonging to the LORD (CHRIST)*:

hence ἡ κυριακή (sub. ἡμέρα), the *Lord's day, dies dominica*: τὸ κυριακόν, the *Lord's house*, whence our *kyrk, church*.

κυριεύω, *ἴ. ἄσω*, *to be lord or master of*. From

κύριος, *α, ον*, also *ος, ον*, (κύριος): I. of men, *having power or authority over, lord or master of*, c. gen.: κύριός εἰμι c. inf., *I have the right or am entitled to do*.

II. of things, *decisive, valid*: *critical*. 2. *authorised, ratified*, 3. of times, *fixed, appointed, regular*: at Athens, κυρία ἐκκλησία an *ordinary assembly*, opp. to σύγκλητος ἐκκλησία (one specially summoned).

4. *principal, chief*. 5. esp. of language, *strict, literal*. III. as Subst., κύριος, *ὁ*, a *lord, master*: an owner, possessor: 2. ὁ Κύριος = Hebr. *JEHOVAH, THE LORD*: in N. T. of *CHRIST*. Hence

κυριότης, *ἡ*, *power, rule, dominion*.

κύρισσω Att. -ττω, fut. ἴξω, (κύρις) *to butt with the horns*: also *to strike or dash against*, of floating bodies.

κύριως, Adv. of κύριος, like a lord or master, authoritatively. 2. rightly, fitly.

κυρικᾶνάω, rare form for κυκιάναω.

κύρμα, ατος, τό, (κύρω) that which one lights upon, a godsend, booty, prey, spoil.

ΚΥΡΟΣ, εως, τό, supreme power, authority. II. validity, security.

the founder of the Persian empire. Hence

κύρω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἐκύρωσα.—Pass., aor. I ἐκυρώθη: pf. κεκύρωμαι:—to make valid or sure, Lat. ratum facere: to settle, accomplish: to confirm, ratify:—Pass. to be ratified, fixed, settled; c. inf., ἐκεκύρωτο συμβάλλειν it had been decided to engage.

κύρσαι, κύρσας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύρω.

κύρσω, fut. of κύρω.

κυρτευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (κυρτή) a fisherman.

ΚΥΡΤΗ, ἡ, a fishing-basket, weel, Lat. nassa.

κύρτος, ὁ, = κύρτη.

ΚΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, curved, bent, arched; ὦμο κυρτός round, bumped shoulders:—convex, opp. ὄ concave.

κυρτός, (κυρτός) to curve, bend, arch.

ΚΥΡΩ, = κυρέω, of which it is the Radic. form.

κύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (κυρώ) a ratification: hence execution, accomplishment. [ῥ]

κύσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω: inf. κύσαι.

κύσαμένη, aor. I part. med. of κύω.

κύσθος, ὁ, (κύω) any hollow.

κύσι, dat. pl. of κύων.

κύσσα, Ep. for ἐκύσα, aor. I of κυνέω.

κύστις, εως and ιος, ἡ, (κύω) = κύστη, the bladder: generally, a bag, pouch.

κύσω, fut. of κυνέω.

ΚΥΤΙΣΟΣ, ὁ, cytisus, a shrubby kind of clover.

κυτήσις, ἰδος, ἡ, a kind of plaster.

κύτο-γαστήρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (κύτος, γαστήρ) with capacious belly, capacious.

κύτος, εως, τό, (κύω) a hollow: a hollow vessel, a vase, jar, pot, urn. II. the body, the skin, Lat. cutis.

κύτρα, κύτρος, Ion. for χύτρα.

κύτταρον, τό, = sq., a pine-cone.

κύτταρος, ὁ, (κύτος) any hollow or cavity; κύτταρος οὐρανοῦ, the vault of heaven, Lat. cavum coeli: the cell of a honeycomb: the cup of an acorn: a pine-cone.

κύψ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (κυψός, ἄγω) with arching neck.

κύψάλεος, α, ον, poet. for κυψός.

κύψός, ἡ, ὄν, (κέκυφα, pf. of κύπτω) bent or bowed forwards, stooping. Hence

κύψων, ανος, ὁ, a crooked piece of wood, esp. the bent yoke of the plough. II. a sort of pillory in which animals were fastened by the neck. 2. one who has been in the pillory, Lat. furcifer.

κύψια, κύψιας, aor. I inf. and part. of κύπτω.

κυψέλη, ἡ, (κύπη) any hollow vessel: a chest, box, bin (whence Cypselus was called).

Κυψελίδαί, οί, the descendants of Cypselus.

ΚΥΩ, to hold, contain:—I c. acc., like κνέω, to carry in the womb, Lat. gestare. 2. absol. to be big with young, to be pregnant, conceive: metaph. to be

in labour with a thought. II. Causal in aor. I act. ἐκύσα, of the male, to impregnate, make to conceive: but in aor. I med. ἐκυσάμην, to conceive.

ΚΥΤΩΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. κυνός, dat. κυνί, acc. κύνα, voc. κύνον:—plur. nom. κύνες, gen. κυνῶν, dat. κυσί Ep. κύνεσαι, acc. κύνας:—a dog or bitch; κύνες τραπέζης house-dogs, that fed while their master was at table; κύνες θρηνηταί bounds, of which the Laconian breed was famous, and later the Molossian. II.

a dog, bitch, as a word of reproach, to denote shamelessness or audacity.

III. this term is often applied to the faithful or watchful servants of the gods; so the eagle is Διός πτηνός κύων; the griffins also are Ζηνός κύνες.

IV. a sea-dog. V. the dog-star.

VI. the fetlock-joint of a horse.

κω, Ion. for πω.

κῶας, later contr. κῶς, τό: irreg. pl. nom. and acc. κῶσα, dat. κῶσει: (κίμαι):—a soft fleece, sheepskin.

κωδάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶδιον. [ᾱ]

κῶδεα, ἡ, the head: the head of a porphy.

κῶδιον, τό, Dim. of κῶας, a fleece, sheepskin.

ΚΩ'ΔΩΝ, ανος, ὁ Att. ἡ, a bell: in fortified towns a bell was passed round at night from sentinel to sentinel to secure their being at their post; τοῦ κῶδανος παρερχόμενος as the bell went its rounds. 2. an alarm-bell: metaph. a noisy rattling fellow. II. the mouth of a trumpet: also the trumpet itself. Hence

κωδωνίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to try or prove by ringing.

κωδωνό-κροτος, ον, (κῶδων, κροτέω) ringing or jingling as with bells.

κωδωνο-φάλαρο-πωλος, ον, (κῶδων, φάλαρα, πῶλος) with bells on his horses' trappings.

κωδωνο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (κῶδων, φέρω) to carry bells: to go the rounds (cf. κῶδων):—so in Pass., ἅπαντα κωδωνοφορεῖται everywhere the bell goes round, i. e. the sentinels are challenged.

κῶσα, κῶσει, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of κῶας.

ΚΩ'ΘΩΝ, ανος, ὁ, a Laconian earthen drinking-vessel: generally, a cup, goblet.

κωθώνιον, τό, Dim. of κῶθων.

κῶλος, α, ον, Aeol. for κοῖλος.

Κῶλιος, α, ον, contr. Κῶος, q. v.

κῶκῦμα, ατος, τό, (κῶκῦα) a sbricket, wail, lament.

κῶκῦτός, ὁ, (κῶκῦα) a sbricket, wailing. II. as pr. n., Κωκῦτός, ὁ, Cocῦτός, the river of wailing, one of the rivers of hell.

ΚΩΚΥΤΩ, f. ἴσω [ῥ] or ἴσομαι: aor. I ἐκῶκῦσα Ep. κῶκῦσα:—to sbricket, cry, wail, lament.

κωλ-αγρέτης or -ακρέτης, ον, ὁ, (so called ἐκ τοῦ ἀγείρειν τὰς κωλᾶς):—the collector of the fragments at a sacrifice, name of an ancient magistracy at Athens, originally entrusted with the charge of the finances: afterwards they only had to see after the public table in the Prytaneum, and the payment of the dicasts.

κωλάριον, τό, Dim. of κῶλον.

κωλή, ἡ, contr. from κωλεᾶ or κωλεᾶ, (κῶλον), the big-bone with the flesh, hind-quarter, ham.

κῶληψ, ἦπος, ἦ, (κῶλον, κωλή) *the hollow or bend of the knees.*

Κωλιάς (sub. ἄκρα), ἄδος, ἦ, *Colias*, a promontory of Attica, with a temple of Venus there.

ΚΩΛΟΝ, τό, *a limb, member of anything.* II. generally, *a member or part of anything.* I. of a building, *the side or front.* 2. *one limb or half of the race-course.* 3. *a member or clause of a sentence.*

κῶλυμα, ατος, τό, (κωλύω) *a hindrance, obstruction, Lat. impedimentum.* II. *a defence or precaution against a thing.*

κωλύμη, ἦ, = κῶλυμα, [ῆ]

κωλύσι-δρόμος, η, ον, (κωλύω, δρόμος) *checking the course.*

κωλύτέον, verb. Adj. of κωλύω, *one must hinder.*

κωλύτης, οὔ, ὁ, (κωλύω) *a hinderer.*

κωλύτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κωλύω) *hindering, preventive.*

κωλύω [ῆ]: *f. ὕσω [ῆ]: aor. i. ἐκάλυσα:—Pass., fut. κωλυθήσομαι, but also f. med. κωλύσομαι in pass. sense: aor. i. ἐκάλυθην: pf. κεκάλυμαι: (κύλος):—akin to κολούω, to cut short: hence to let, hinder: I. c. inf. to hinder one from doing, forbid to do.*

2. c. gen. rei, *to let or hinder one from a thing.* 3. c. acc. rei, *to hinder, prevent a thing.* 4. absol., esp. in part., ὁ κωλύσον *one to hinder, a preventer; τὸ κωλύειν a hindrance;* also οὐ κωλύει *there is no hindrance.* II. Pass. to be hindered.

κῶμα, ατος, τό, (κέμαι, κοιμάω) *a deep, sound sleep, Lat. sopor.* 2. *a lethargy, a trance.*

κωμάζω: fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι; aor. i. ἐκώμασα: pf. κεκάμακα: Dor. pres. κωμάσδω, f. ἄζομαι, aor. i. ἐκώμαξα: (κῶμος):—*to go about with a company of revellers, revel, make merry.* 2. *to celebrate a kῶμος or merrymaking, in honour of the victor at the games, to join in these festivities: to honour or celebrate in or with the kῶμος.* 2. generally, *to visit or break in upon in the manner of revellers: to burst in, force a way in.*

κωμάρχης, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη, ἄρχω) *the head of a village.* κωμάσδω, Dor. for κωμάζω.

κωμαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (κωμάζω) *a reveller, merrymaker:—of Bacchus, the jolly god.*

κωμαστῶρ, ορος, ὁ, ποίητ. for κωμαστής.

ΚΩΜΗ, ἦ, = Lat. vicus, *an unwall'd village or country town,* a Dor. word = the Att. δήμος; κατὰ κῶμας οἰκεῖσθαι *to dwell in villages, as opp. to walled towns.* II. of a city, *a quarter, ward, district.* Hence

κωμηδόν, Adv. *in villages, Lat. vicatim.*

κωμητής, ον, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a villager, countryman.* II. in a city, *one of the same ward, Lat. vicinus: generally, an inhabitant.*

κωμητής, ιδος, fem. of κωμητής.

κωμικέομαι, Dep. *to speak like a comic poet.* From κωμικός, ἦ, ὄν, (κῶμος) *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμῶ-πόλις, εως, ὁ, (κῶμη, πόλις) *a village-town, a town built in a straggling way.*

κῶμος, οὔ, ὁ, (κῶμη) *a revel, carousal, merrymaking, Lat. comessatio, with music and dancing: it ended in the party parading the streets with crowned heads, and with torches, singing and dancing: there were also κῶμοι, festal processions, in honour of several gods, as Bacchus, and also in honour of the victors at the games.* II. *the band of revellers; metaph. any riotous band or company.* III. *the Ode sung at one of these festive processions.*

κωμωδέω, f. ἦσω, (κωμωδός) *to represent in a comedy: to ridicule, caricature:—Pass. to be so satirised.*

κωμωδία, ἦ, (κωμωδέω) *a comedy: a mirthful spectacle or exhibition.* There were three periods of Attic Comedy, the Old, the Middle, and the New. Hence κωμωδικός, ἦ, ὄν, *of or for comedy, comic.*

κωμωδό-γελως, ατος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, γέλωσ) *a comic actor.*

κωμωδο-γράφος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, γράφω) *a comic writer.*

κωμωδοδιδασκαλία, ἦ, *the rehearsing a comedy with the actors: generally, the comic poet's art.* From κωμωδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (κωμωδός, διδάσκαλος) *a comic poet, because he had the charge of teaching and training the actors, chorus, etc.*

κωμωδο-λοιχίω, f. ἦσω, (κωμωδός, λείχω) *to play the parasite and buffoon.*

κωμωδο-ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, and

κωμωδο-ποιός, ὁ, (κωμωδός, ποιέω) *a maker of comedies, comic poet.*

κωμ-ωδός, ὁ, (κῶμη, αἰδός) *a comedian: I. a comic actor.* 2. *a comic poet.*

κωμωδο-τραγῳδία, ἦ, (κωμωδός, τραγῳδία) *a tragic-comedy.*

ΚΩΝΕΙΟΝ, τό, *hemlock, Lat. cicuta.* 2. *hemlock juice, a poison by which criminals were put to death at Athens.*

κωνίον, τό, Dim. of κῶνος, *a small cone.*

κωνίτης [ῆ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, *extracted from pine-cones.*

ΚΩΝΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *a pine-cone, fir-cone:—as fem. a pine or fir tree.* 2. *the cone or peak of a helmet.*

κωνο-φόρος, ον, (κῶνος, φέρω) *cone-bearing, as pines, etc.: also of the thyrsus, which had a pine-cone on the point.*

κωνωπέιον, τό, = κωνωπέων, Lat. conopium.

κωνωπέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (κῶνωψ) *an Egyptian bed or litter with mosquito-curtains.*

ΚΩΝΩΨ, ωπος, ὁ, *a gnat, Lat. culex.*

Κῶος, α, ον, of, *from the island Cos, Coan.* II. ὁ Κῶος, often written κῶος (sub. βόλος), *the biggest throw with the dice, counting six, opp. to Χῖος, which counted one: hence the proverb, Κῶος πρὸς Χῖον.*

κωπέυς, εως, ὁ, (κῶπη) *a piece of wood fit for an oar, a spar for an oar.*

κωπέω, f. σω, (κῶπη) *to propel with oars.* 2. *to fit out with oars.*

κῶπη, ἦ, (from κάπτω, capio, as λαβή from λαμβάνω) *an handle, as the handle of an oar: then, the oar itself.* 2. *the handle or haft of a sword, the*

bili, Lat. *manubrium*. 3. *the bundle of a key*. 4. *the bundle or haft of a torch*. Hence

κοπήεις, εσσα, εν, *bilted*.

κοπηλάτew, f. ήσω, *to row: to move like an oar, move backwards and forwards*. From

κοπη-ηλάτης, ου, ό, (κόπη, ελαύνω) *a rower*, Lat. *remex*.

κοπη-ήρης, es, (κόπη, άραρειν) *furnished with oars*. II. *holding the oar*.

κοπιον, τό, Dim. of κόπη, *a small oar*.

κόρα, Dor. for κούρη, κόρη.

κόριον, Dor. for κούριον, κύριον.

κώρος, κώρος, Dor. for κούρος, κούρη.

ΚΩΡΥΤΩΚΟΣ, ό, *a leathern sack or wallet with provisions: also a large stuffed sack or bag for tilting at*, like the quintain.

Κώρυκος, ό, *Corycus, a promontory of Cilicia, with a famous cavern; there was another at Delphi*.

Κώς Ep. Κώος, ή, gen. Κῶ, the island Cos, in the Aegaeon sea, opposite Caria.

κώς, Ion. for πῶς: but enclit. κῶς, Ion. for πῶς.

κοτυλλοίσαι, Dor. part. pl. fem. of κοτύλλω.

ΚΟΥΤΥΛΛΩ, *to prate, chatter*, Lat. *garrire: to wheedle, coax*. II. *trans. to chatter to, talk over*. Hence

κοτύλος, η, ου, *chattering, prattling: of a swallow, twittering*. II. *coaxing, wheedling*. [r]

κωφάω, f. άσω, (κωφός) *to make deaf or dumb*. II. *to dull, blunt*.

κωφός, ή, όν, (κόπω) *blunt*, opp. to όξύς. II. *of the senses*, 1. *dumb*, Lat. *mutus: κωφόν κύμα* *a noiseless wave, before it breaks; of men, dumb, mute, speechless; also insensate, unmeaning*.

2. *also dull of hearing, deaf*, Lat. *surdus*. 3. *dull of mind, stupid, obtuse*.

κῶχετο, by crasis for καί ῶχετο, impf. of οἴχομαι.

κῶψον, by crasis for καί ὦψον.

Λ

Λ, λ, λάμβδα or λάβδα, τό, indecl., eleventh letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral λ' = 30, but λ = 30,000. The Lacedaemonians bore Δ upon their shields, as the Sicyonians Σ, the Messenians Μ.

Changes of λ: I. Dor. into ν, as ήνων φίντατος for ήλων φίλτατος: whereas the Att. prefers λ, as, λίτρον πλεύμων for νίτρον πνεύμων.

II. Ion., λ beginning a word is dropped, as εἶβω for λείβω, αἰψρός for λαιψρός.

III. Ep. poets use λλ for λ, esp. after the augment, as έλλαβε for έλαβε; and in compds., where the latter part begins with λ, as in τριλλιστος.

IV. Att., λ is sometimes changed into ρ, as κριβανος for κλίβανος, ναύκαρος for ναύκληρος.

V. Aeol., δ is sometimes changed into λ, as Lat. *lacryma* corresponded to δάκρυον, *olere*

to όζειν, όδ-οδέναι. VI. in some words γ and λ are interchanged, as in μόγισ and μόλις. VII. ν before λ becomes λ, as in συλλαμβάνω παλίλλογος έλλείπω.

ΔΑ', insep. Prefix with *intensive* force (like λαί-, λι-, δα-, ζα-), e. g. in λά-μαχος *very warlike*, λα-κατάρατος *much* accursed.

ΔΑ'ΑΣ, ό, gen. λάος, dat. λαί, acc. λάαν: plur., gen. λάων, dat. λάσει Ep. Λάεσσι:—in Att. also contr. nom. λάs, acc. λᾶν:—a gen. λάου also occurs: Lat. *LAPIS*, *a stone*. II. *a rock, crag*.

λαβείν Ion. λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λαβέν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω: but λάβεν, Ep. 3 sing.

λάβεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of λαμβάνω.

λάβη, ή, (λαβείν) *the part to hold by, a handle, haft, bill; λαβήν δούναι* *to give one a grip or hold, metaphorically, to give one a handle, something to lay bold of*, Lat. *ansam praebere*. II. *the act of grasping, a taking, acceptance*.

λαβήν, Dor. for λαβείν, aor. 2 inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάβησι, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of λαμβάνω.

λαβοῖσα, Dor. aor. 2 part. fem. of λαμβάνω.

λαβρ-αγόρης, ου, ό, Att. -αγόρος, (λάβρος, άγορεύω) *a bold, rash talker, braggart*.

λάβραξ, ακος, ό, (λάβρος) *a sea-wolf*.

λαβρεύομαι, Dep. (λάβρος) *to talk boldly, brag, vaunt*.

λαβρο-πόδης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πούς) *rapid of foot, impetuous*.

λαβροποτέw, f. ήσω, *to drink hard*: From

λαβρο-πότης, ου, ό, (λάβρος, πίνω) *a hard drinker*.

ΛΑ'ΒΡΟΣ, ου, *furious, boisterous, blustering, vehement*. 2. of persons, *boisterous, furious, turbulent*: also *gluttonous, greedy*.

λαβροστομέw, (λαβρόστομος) *to talk boldly*. Hence

λαβροστομία, ή, *bold, rash talking*.

λαβρό-στομος, ου, (λάβρος, στόμα) *talking rashly*.

λαβροσύνη, ή, (λάβρος) *boisterousness: also greediness*.

λαβρό-σῦτος, ου, (λάβρος, σέw) *rushing furiously*.

λάβρως, Adv. of λάβρος, *violently, greedily*.

λαβύρινθος, ό, *a labyrinth, maze, a large building with intricate passages intersecting each other: the earliest was that of Crete*. II. *anything of spiral or twisted shape*. (Foreign word.)

λαβύρινθ-ώδης, es, (λαβύρινθος, είδος) *like a labyrinth, intricate*.

λάβω, λαβών, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λαμβάνω.

λαγάρizw, f. σω, (λαγάρός) *to make slack or hollow*:—Med. *to become hollow or graunt from hunger*.

λαγάρός, ά, όν, *slack, hollow, sunken*. II. *slack, pliant, flexible*. (Akin to λαπαρός.) Hence

λαγάρωw, = λαγαρίζw: Pass. *to become slack or loose*.

λάγδην, Adv. (λάζw, λακτίζw) = λάξ, *with the heel*.

λάγειος, ου, also a, ου, (λαγός, λαγός) *of or from a bare*.

λα-γέτης, ου, Dor. λαγέτας, α, ὁ, (λαός, ἡγήομαι) leader of the people.

ΛΑΓΓΗΝΟΣ, ὁ, a flagon, Lat. lagena.

λάγιος, η, ου, (λαγός) of or from a bare.

λαγίον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a leveret.

λαγνεία, lewdness, lust, desire. From

ΛΑΓΓΝΟΣ, ου, lewd, lustful.

λαγο-δαίτης, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, δαίω) hare-devourer.

λαγο-θήρας, ου, ὁ, (λαγός, θηράω) a bare-bunter.

Hence

λαγοθηρέω, to hunt hares.

λαγοκτονέω, f. ἦσω, to kill hares. From

ΛΑΓΓΟΨ, ου, ὁ, collat. form of λαγός, a hare.

λάγιος, ὁ, also ἦ, =λάγηνος. [Later also ὕ.]

ΛΑΓΧΑΝΩΝ, fut. λήξομαι Ion. λάζομαι: aor. 2

ἐλάχων Ep. ἐλλάχων: pf. εἴληχα poët. λέλοχα:—Pass., aor. 1 ἐλήχθην: pf. εἴληγμα:—to obtain by lot or fate: generally, to obtain, get possession of: c. acc. cognato, πάλιν λαχεῖν to have a post assigned one by lot. 2. to have assigned to one, to have for one's share; esp. of the gods, Κῆρ λάχε γενόμενον Fate had him given over to her at his birth: hence to protect as the tutelary deity of a place: also of men, to obtain for one's share: later, to obtain by inheritance, succeed to. 3. absol. to draw lots: to obtain an office by lot, to cast lots for: c. inf., ὁ λαχῶν πολεμαρχεῖν he who had the lot to be polemarch: absol., οἱ λαχόντες those on whom the lot fell. 4.

as Att. law-term, λαγχάνει δίκην τινί to sue one at law: hence, λαγχάνειν τοῦ κληροῦ (sc. δίκην) to sue for one's inheritance. II. with partitive gen., to receive a share of, become possessed of a thing. III. Causal, in Ep. redupl. aor. 2 ἐλάχων, to put in possession of; λαχεῖν τινά πυρός to grant one the right of funeral fire. IV. intr. to fall to one's lot or share: to be assigned by lot.

λαγω-βόλον, τό, (λαγός, βάλλω) a staff for flinging at hares, also used as a shepherd's crook, Lat. peditum: and

λαγωδάριον and λαγωῖδιον, τό, Dim. of λαγός, a leveret.

ΛΑΓΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ἦ, also ὁ, poët. dat. pl. λαγόνεσσι, any hollow: esp. like κενεών, the hollow part below the ribs, the flank: in pl. λαγόνες, the flanks, loins.

λαγω-βόλος, ου, (λαγός, βαλεῖν) biting hares.

ΛΑΓΓΩΨ, ου, ὁ, Ep. for λαγός, λαγός, a hare.

λαγώς, α, ου, contr. for λαγώεις, (λαγός) of or from a hare:—τὰ λαγῶα (sub. κρέα) bare-flesh, roast hare, and generally, dainties, delicacies.

ΛΑΓΓΩΣ, ὁ, gen. λαγώ, acc. λαγών and λαγώ: Ep. nom. λαγώος, ου, Ion. also λαγός:—Lat. LEPUS, a hare.

λάδανον, τό, =λήδανον.

λάε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of λάω, to see.

λάε, dual nom. of λάας a stone.

λάεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of λάας a stone.

λαξεῦ, Dor. imperat. of λάζομαι.

λάζομαι, Dep. poet. for λαμβάνω, to take, seize, grasp, catch, hold; λάζεσθαι τινα ἀγκύας to take one in the arms: metaph., μῦθον πάλιν λάζεσθαι to take back one's words, retract.

λάζυμαι, collat. form of λάζομαι.

λάθα, ἦ, Dor. for λήθη.

λαθ-άνεμος, ου, (λήθη, άνεμος) Dor. for ληθάνεμος, escaping the wind.

λάθε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λανθάνω.

λαθόμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of λανθάνω.

λαθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of λανθάνω.

λαθι-κηδής, ἐς, (λαθεῖν, κηδος) banishing care.

λαθι-πονός, ου, (λήθω, πίνος) forgetful of sorrow, grief; βίσιος ὀδυνᾶν λαθίπινος, a life forgetting, i. e. exempt from, pain.

λαθι-φθογγός, ου, (λαθεῖν, φθογγή) robbing of voice, striking dumb, epith. of death.

λαθοῖατο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of λανθάνω.

λάθος, εος, τό, Dor. for λήθος, =λήθη.

λάθρα, v. sub λάθρη. Hence

λαθραῖος, α, ου, also os, on, secret, hidden, stealthy, covert. Adv. -ως, Sup. λαθραϊότατα.

λάθρη, Ep. and Ion. Adv., Att. λάθρῃ: (λαθεῖν): secretly, by stealth, covertly, insensibly: c. gen. without one's knowledge; καθυμῶν λάθρα without the knowledge of the Cadmeans.

λάθρηδόν, Adv. =λάθρη.

λαθρίδιος, α, ου, poët. for λάθριος. Adv. -ως. [ῖ]

λάθριος, ου, (λάθρα) stealthy, secret, furtive.

λαθρο-βόλος, ου, (λάθρα, βαλεῖν) biting secretly.

λαθρο-δάκνης, ου, ὁ, (λάθρα, δάκνω) biting secretly.

λαθρό-πους, ὁ, ἦ, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, (λάθρα, ποῖς) stealthy-paced, silent-footed.

λάθω, λάθων, aor. 2 subj. and part. of λανθάνω.

λαί-, insep. Prefix with intens. force, like λα- or λι-, found in few compds., as λαί-μαργος.

λαῖγξ, ἴγγος, ἦ, Dim. of λάας, a pebble.

λαίθ-αργός, ου, =λήθαργος.

λαικάζω, f. άσομαι, (ληκω) to wench.

λαικαστής, ου, ὁ, (λαικάζω) a wench: fem. λαϊκάστρια, a harlot.

ΛΑΓΓΑΨ, ἄπος, ἦ, a tempest, storm, hurricane.

λαίμα, τό, Comic word coined as a pun on λῆμα, αἷμα, and λαίμω.

λαί-μαργός, ου, (λαί-, μάργος) greedy, gluttonous. II. talkative.

λαίμασσω Att. -τω, (λαίμω) to swallow greedily, bolt, devour: intr. to be greedy.

λαίμη-τόμος, ου, poët. for λαιμοτόμος.

λαίμη-δάκης, ἐς, (λαίμω, δακεῖν) throat-biting.

λαίμο-πέδη, ἦ, (λαίμω, πέδη) a dog-collar. II.

a spring for catching birds.

λαίμο-ρύτός, ου, (λαίμω, ῥέω) gushing from the throat.

ΛΑΙΜΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the throat, gullet.

λαίμο-τμητός, ου, (λαίμω, τμητός) with the throat cut or severed.

λαίμο-τόμος, ου, (λαίμω, τεμῆν) throat-cutting. II.

pass. λαμρότομος, *ov*, with the throat cut, severed by the throat.

λαῖνεος, *a, ov*, = λαῖνος. [᾿]

λάινος, *η, ov*, (λαῖνος) of stone, stony; λαῖνον ἔσσω χιτῶνα thou hast put on coat of stone, i. e. thou hast been buried in stones, stoned to death.

λαῖον, τό, Dor. for λήιον.

λαῖός, *δ, ov*, left; λαῖός χειρός on the left hand; so πρὸς λαῖά χερί; ἐπὶ λαῖον on the left.

λαιο-τομέω, *f. ἴσω*, (λαῖον, τεμείν) to plough land.

λαιστήιον, τό, (λάσιος) a shield or target lighter than the ἀσπίς, covered with raw hides.

ΛΑΙΓΤΜΑ, τό, the deep sea.

ΛΑΙΓΦΟΣ, τό, a tattered garment, generally, a garment: also a piece of cloth, a sail.

λαυηρό-δρομος, *ov*, (λαυηρός, δρᾶμι) swift-running.

λαυηρός, *ά, ov*, (λαυ-, ψαίρω) light-footed, swift.

λαβάζω, = λακέω, λάσσω, to sbout, bowl.

Λάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of Λάκων, Lat. *Lacaena*, *Laconian*. 2. (sub. γυνή), a *Laconian woman*.

Λακανᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of Λάκαινα.

λακάνη, late form for λεκάνη.

λα-κατοπύων, *ov*, (λα-, κατοπύω) very lustful. [ῠ]

λάκε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of λάσσω.

Λακεδαίμων, *ovos, ἡ*, *Lacedaemon*, the capital of *Laconia*; also *Laconia* itself.

λακεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of λάσσω.

λακέρυζα, ἡ, (λακέω) one that cries; λακέρυζα κορώνη a causing crow; λακέρυζα κνών a yelping dog.

λακέω, Dor. for ληκέω.

λακίησω, fut. of λάσσω.

λακίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, to rend, tear.

λακίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (λάσσω) a rent, tearing, rending; λακίδες πέπλων ragged robes, tatters.

λάκισμα, *ατος, τό*, (λακίζω) that which is torn: in pl. rags, tatters.

λακιστός, ἡ, *ov*, (λακίζω) torn, rent; μόρος λακιστός death by rending.

λακικό-πρωκτος, *ov*, (λάκκος, πρωκτός) a lewd person, an adulterer.

λακκό-πυγος, *ov*, (λάκκος, πυγή) = λακκόπρωκτος.

ΛΑΨΚΟΣ, *δ*, any hollow, a hole, pit: a cistern, tank: also a cellar, storehouse: a pond: also a stew for water-fowl, Lat. *vivarium*.

λάκος, wrong form of λάκκος.

λακ-πάτητος, *ov*, (λάξ, πατέω) trampled under foot, trodden down. [πᾶ]

λακτίζω, *f. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, (λάξ) to kick with the heel or foot, stamp or trample on; λακτίζεν τὸν πεσόντα to trample on the fallen. 2. absol. to kick; λακτίζειν πρὸς κέντρα to kick against the pricks: also to struggle convulsively, throb. Hence

λακτισμα, τό, a kick: a trampling on.

λακτιστής, *ov*, *δ*, (λακτίζω) one who tramples; λακτιστής ληνοῦ a treader of the wine-press.

Λάκων, *ωος, δ*, a *Laconian* or *Lacedaemonian*; and as Adj. *Laconian*: fem. Λάκαινα. Hence

Δακωνίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to imitate the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc.: hence to speak laconically. II.

to be in the *Lacedaemonian* interest. Hence

Δακωνικός, ἡ, *ov*, *Laconian*; τὸ Δακωνικόν the *Laconian* people:—ἡ Δακωνική, I. (sub. γῆ), *Laconia*. 2. (sub. κρηπίς), a kind of man's shoe.

Δακωνίς, *ιδος, fem.* of Δακωνικός, I. (sub. γυνή), a *Laconian woman*. 2. (sub. γῆ), the *Laconian land*.

Δακωνισμός, *δ*, (Δακωνίζω) the imitation of the *Lacedaemonians* in manners, dress, etc. II. a being in the *Lacedaemonian* interest, *Laconism*.

Δακωνιστής, *ov*, *δ*, (Δακωνίζω) one who imitates or takes part with the *Lacedaemonians*, a *Laconizer*.

Δακωνο-μάνεύω, (Δάκων, μανῆναι) to be mad after the *Lacedaemonians*, to have a *Laconomania*.

λαλαγεύντες, λαλαγεύντι, Dor. for λαλαγούντες, λαλαγούσι, pres. part. and ind. of λαλαγέω.

λαλάγγω, *f. ἴσω*, (λαλέω) to prattle, babble: of birds, to chirrup, chirp. Hence

λαλόγημα, *ατος, τό*, (λαλαγέω) a prattling, babbling.

λαλάξω, to prattle, babble, of water. From λάλαξ, (λαλέω) a prattler, babbler.

λαλεῦμες, Dor. pres. ind. of λαλέω.

ΛΑ ΛΕΩ, *f. ἴσω*, to prate, chatter, babble: of birds, to twitter, chirp: properly, to make an inarticulate sound, opp. to articulate speech: but also, generally, to talk, talk of. Hence

λάλημα, τό, talk. II. a talker, prater.

λαλητός, *a, ov*, verb. Adj. of λαλέω, to be talked of.

λαλητής, *ov*, *δ*, (λαλέω) a talker, prater.

λαλητικός, ἡ, *ov*, (λαλέω) given to talking.

λαλητρίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, fem. of λαλητής, a gossip.

λαλιά, ἡ, (λαλέω) talking, chat, gossip. II. a form of speech, dialect.

λάλιος, *a, ov*, poet. for λάλος.

λάλλαι, *αι*, (λαλέω) pebbles, from their babbling in the stream.

λάλος, *ov*, (λαλέω) talkative, chattering: of wings, flapping.—Irreg. Comp. λαλίστερος, Sup. λαλίστατος.

λάμα, Heb. for *what? why?*

Λαμοχ-ίππιον, τό, (Λαμαχος, ίππίον) name for Lamachus, little jockey Λαμαχίος.

λά-μάχος, *ov*, (λα-, μάχη) very warlike, name of an Athenian general.

λαμβάνω: fut. λήψομαι Ion. λάψομαι Dor. λαψούμαι, -εῦμαι:—aor. 2 ἐλάβον Ep. ἐλαβον Ion. λάβεσκον, imperat. λάβε, inf. λαβεν, part. λαβών, οὔσα, ὄν:—pf. εἴληφα Ion. ελεάβηκα: plpf. εἰλήφην:—Med., aor. 2 ἐλαβόμην, Ep. redupl. inf. ελεαβέσθαι: Pass., fut. ληφθήσομαι: aor. I ἐλήφθην Ion. ἐλάμφθην: pf. εἴλημην poet. ἐλήμμαι Ion. ἐλαμμαι.

To take, take hold of, grasp, seize; when this action refers to a part, the part is put in genit., as, τὴν πτερυγὸς λάβειν he caught her by the wing:—metaph., φρενὶ λαβεῖν to grasp with the mind; also, absol. to understand, comprehend:—Med. to keep hold of, grasp tight: also to get hold of, make one's own: metaph., λαβέσθαι τῶν ὀρέων to take to the hills. II.

to catch, come upon, overtake: of things, to take away, carry off. 2. Att. to meet with, find, find out, detect.

III. to take in, receive hospitably, entertain.

IV. to gain, win, procure, acquire.

V. λαμβάνειν τινὰ ὀρκίσει to bind one by oath.

VI. metaph. to take a thing in a particular sense.

VII. to have given one, receive, get: in Med. to have to wife.

2. of a woman, to conceive. 3. δίκη λαβεῖν to receive, i. e. exact, a penalty, Lat. *sumere poenas*: but also in the opposite sense, to suffer punishment, Lat. *dare poenas*.

λάμβδα, τό, indecl., v. sub λ.

Λάμια, ἡ, (λάμος) a fabulous monster said to feed on man's flesh, a vampire, a bugbear to children.

λαμπάδη-δρομία, ἡ, (λαμπάς, δρόμος) the torch-race, an Athenian ceremony at the festivals of Prometheus, Vulcan and Minerva, in which the runners carried lighted torches from the joint altar of these gods in the outer Cerameicus to the Acropolis. After the Persian war Pan received a like honour.

λαμπάδηφορία, ἡ, a carrying of torches, = λαμπάδηδρομία. From

λαμπάδη-φόρος, ον, (λαμπάς, φέρω) torch-bearing: as Subst., λαμπάδηφόρος, ὁ, a torch-bearer.

λαμπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λαμπάς, a small torch. II. a bandage for wounds.

λαμπάδ-ούχος, ον, (λαμπάς, ἔχω) torch-carrying, bright-beaming, flashing.

λαμπάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (λάμπω) a torch: also a light, lantern, lamp. 2. the torch-race, like λαμπάδηδρομία.

II. as Adj., poet. fem. of λαμπρός, gleaming with torches.

λάμπσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λάμπω.

λαμπηρός, poet. for λάμπω, to shine, flash, only in Ep. part. λαμπηρών.

λαμπέτης, ον, ὁ, fem. λαμπέτις, ἴδος, (λάμπω) the lustrous one.

ΛΑΨΙΠΗ, ἡ, the scum or coating which gathers on liquors left to stand.

λαμπηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, (λάμπω) lustre.

Λάμπος, ὁ, (λάμπω) one of the horses of Morn, Bright.

λαμπ-ουρος, ον, (λάμπω, οὐρά) bright-tailed: as a dog's name, Firetail.

λαμπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμπω) bright, brilliant, radiant; λαμπρόν ὕδωρ limpid water. 2. of the voice, clear, distinct. 2. of the wind, fresh, keen. 3. metaph. evident, clear, manifest.

II. of men, illustrious, brilliant, magnificent, splendid. Hence

λαμπρότης, ητος, ἡ, brilliancy, splendour. II. metaph. distinction, splendour: munificence.

λαμπροφονία, ἡ, loudness of voice. From

λαμπρό-φονος, ον, (λαμπρός, φωνή) loud-voiced.

λαμπρύνω, φ. ἴνω: Med., aor. I ἐλαμπρύνωμην:—Pass., 3 sing. pf. λελάμπρυνται:—(λαμπρός):—to make bright or brilliant. II. Med. to pride oneself on a thing: to distinguish oneself in.

III. Pass. to become bright; λαμπρύνεσθαι ὁμασθω to be-

come clear-sighted. 2. to be or become clear, evident, notorious.

λαμπρῶς, Adv. of λαμπρός, brilliantly: Sup. λαμπρότατα.

λαμπρῆος, ον, Ion. for ληπτῆος, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken.

λαμπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λάμπω) a stand or grate for burning wood: in a beacon-light, watch-fire: a torch, lamp.

λαμπτηρ-ουχία, ἡ, (λαμπτήρ, ἔχω) a holding of torches; λαμπτηρουχία the beacon-watches.

λαμπτήροισι, dat. pl. of λαμπτήρ.

ΛΑΨΙΠΗ, f. ψω: aor. I ἐλαψα: pf. λέλαμπα:—to shine, to be bright, brilliant, radiant. 2. of sound, to be clear, ring loud and clear. 3. metaph. to shine forth, be conspicuous or illustrious.

II. trans. to make to shine, light up: Pass. to shine.

λαῦρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λάμος) yawning, profound. II. voracious, gluttonous. III. metaph. bold, wanton:

of women, coquettish: wayward, arch. Hence

λαμυρῶς, Adv. greedily: Comp. λαμυρότερον.

λαμφθῆναι, Ion. aor. I pass. inf. of λαμβάνω.

λάμφομαι, Ion. for λήφομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

λανθάνω or ΔΗΨΩ, whence the tenses are formed: fut. λήσω Dor. λῶσῶ: aor. 2 ἐλάθον: pf. λέληθα:

plqpf. ἐλελήθειν:—to escape or elude notice, to be unseen, unnoticed; c. acc. pers., λάθειν Ἔκτορα he escaped the notice of Hector.

2. with part., λανθάνει κλέπτων he escapes notice while stealing, i. e. he steals without being seen, (where λανθάνω is best expressed by an Adverb, unawares, secretly): also with a pass. part., as, μη διαφθαρείς λάθει lest he perish without himself knowing it; also with the acc. of the pers. pron. added, as, ἕως σταντὸν λάθης διαπραγείσθαι until thou mayest not observe thyself having burst in twain, i. e. mayest burst without being thyself aware of it.

II. Causal, in pres. ληθάνω, aor. I ἐληθα, redupl. Ep. aor. 2 λέῃθω, subj. λεῃθήη:—to make, to forget: hence,

III. Med. and Pass. λανθάνομαι οἷ λήθομαι: fut. λήσομαι Dor. λῶσῶμαι paulo-post fut. λελήσομαι: aor. 2 med. ἐλάθωμην: aor. I pass. ἐλήθησθην: pf. λέλησθαι, Ion. and Ep. λέλασθαι part. λελασμένος:—to forget, lose the memory of.

λανός, λανῶ, Dor. for ληνός, ληνῶ.

ΛΑΨ, Adv. with the heel or foot; λάξ πατεῖσθαι to be trodden under foot.

λαξεύω, ἡ, ὄν, hewn in stone. From

λαξέω, (λάξ, ξέω) to cut stones: to hew in stone.

λάξις, (λάξομαι) an allotment of land.

λάξις, ιος, ὁ, Dor. for λήξις, cessation.

λάξομαι, Ion. for λήξομαι, fut. of λαχάνα.

λαο-δάμω, αντος, ὁ, (λαός, δαμῶ) man-subduing.

λαο-ξέω, ον, (λαός, ξέω) stone-cutting: as Subst., λαοξέω, ὁ, a sculptor.

λαο-πάθης, ἐς, (λαός, παθεῖν) suffered by the people.

λαο-πόρος, ον, (λαός, πόρος) conveying the people.

ΛΑΟΨ, οὔ, ὁ, Ion. ληός Att. λεός:—the people:

—in the II. *the soldiery, host, army*; also a *land-army* opp. to a fleet; also the *common men* opp. to their leaders. II. in plur. λαοί, *the subjects* of a prince.

λάος, irreg. gen. of λάας, *a stone*.
 λάο-σεβής, ές, (λαός, σεβόμεναι) *revered by the people*.
 λάοσ-σός, ον, (λαός, σεύω) *rousing or stirring nations*.

λάο-τέκτων, ονος, ό, (λάας, τέκτων) *a worker in stone, mason*.

λάο-τίνακτος, ον, (λάας, τινάσσω) *stirred by a stone*.

λάο-τρόφος, ον, (λαός, τρέφω) *nourishing the people*.
 λάο-τύπος, ον, (λάας, τύπτω) *cutting stones*: as Subst., λαούτυπος, ό, *a stone-cutter, stone-mason*.

λάο-φθόρος, ον, (λαός, φθέρω) *ruining the people*.
 λάο-φόνος, ον, (λαός, *φένω) *slaying the people*.

λάο-φόρος Att. λεω-φόρος, ον, (λαός, φέρω) *bearing people*; λαοφόρος όδος *a road, highway*.

λαπάρα, f. ξω, = άλαπαρά, *to plunder, spoil, pillage*: also, *to carry off*.

λαπάρα Ion. -ρη, ή, *the soft part of the body* between the ribs and hips, *the flank, loins*, Lat. *ilia*. Properly fem. of λαπαρός.

λαπάρος, ά, όν, (λαπάω) *slack, loose, relaxed*.

ΛΑΠΗ, ή, *pblegm*, Lat. *pituita*: metaph., άηλίω λάπη *in sunless damp*, cf. Virgil's *loca senta situ*. [ά]
 λαπήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of λάπτω.

Λαπίθαι, οί, *the Lapithae*, a Thessalian people in the heroic age, conquerors of the Centaurs. [ε]

λάπτω, fut. ψω: aor. I έλαφα: pf. λέλαφα:—*to lap with the tongue*, like Lat. *lambo*: generally, *to drink, drain, suck*. (Formed from the sound.)

λαρίνος, ή, όν, (λαρός) *fatted, fat*.
 λαρίς, ίδος, ή, = λάρος, *a gull*.

Λαρίσα Ion. Ληρ-, ή, *Larissa*, name of many old Greek cities, esp. of one in Thessaly. Hence

Λαρίσσιος, α, ον, *Larissaeon*, of or from *Larissa*.
 Λαρκιδιον, τό, Dim. of λάρκος. [κί]

ΛΑΨΚΟΣ, ό, *a basket for charcoal, a coal-basket*.
 ΛΑΨΝΑΞ, άκος, ή, *a coffer, box, chest*: *a cinerary urn*: an ark.

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ό, *a ravenous sea-bird, the gull, a cormorant*. [ά, except in one passage.]

ΛΑΨΟΣ, ά, όν, *dainty, sweet, pleasant*:—irreg. Sup. λαΨάτος, *but* the reg. Comp. λαΨότερον occurs as Adv.

λαρρυγιάω, (λαρρυγι) *to scream, screech*.
 λαρρυγιώω, Att. fut. ιώ, (λαρρυγι) *to bawl, bel-low*. II. *to outdo in shouting*.

ΛΑΨΥΓΓΕ, gen. υγγος, ό, *the larynx or upper part of the windpipe* — *also* the *gullet, throat*.

λάς, λάος, ό, *a stone*, Att. contr. for λάας.

ΛΑΨΑΝΟΝ, τό, always in pl. *a trivet or stand for a pot, a gridiron*. II. Lat. *lasanum*, *a night-stool*. [λά]

λάσδεο, Dor. for λάζω, imperat. of λάζομαι.
 λάσεμαι, Dor. for λήσομαι, fut. med. of λαθάνω: I pl. λασεύμεθα, for λησόμεθα.

ΛΑΨΘΗ, ή, *mockery, insult*.
 λασθήμεν, Dor. for λασθῆναι, λησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λαθάνω.

λάστει-αύχην, ενος, (λάσιος, αύχην) *with sbaggy neck*.
 λάστει-θριξί, τριχος, ό, ή, (λάσιος, θριξί) *sbaggy-haired*.

λάσιος, α, ον, Att. *ος, ον*, *sbaggy with hair or wool, bairy*. II. *sbaggy with bushes, bushy*. (Akin to δασύς.) [ά] Hence

λασιό-στερνος, ον, (λάσιος, στέρνον) *with hairy chest*.
 ΛΑΨΚΩ, (the tenses formed from obsol. *λάκίω, λάκω): fut. λάκησμαι: aor. I έλάκησα [ά]: aor. 2 έλάκων, inf. λάκείν: pf. λέλακα Ion. έλέλκα, Ep. part. fem. λελάκεια:—Med., aor. 2 έλάκωμι, Ep. redupl. λελακώμι, whence 3 plur. λελάκοντο [ά]:—*to ring, clash, crash, crackle*: of axles, *to creak*: commonly of things, but also II. of animals, *to sbriek, scream*: of dogs, *to bowl, bay*. III. of men, *to speak loud, shout, shout forth*: rarely *to sing*.

λάσῶ, Dor. for λήσω, fut. of λαθάνω.

ΛΑΨΑΞ, άγος, ή, *a drop of wine*.
 Λατο-γενής, ές, (Λατώ, *γένω) *born of Latona*.

λατομέω, f. ήσω, (λατόμος) *to quarry stones*. Hence λατομία, ή, *a stone-quarry*.

λα-τόμος, ό, (λάς, τέμνω) *a stone-cutter, quarry-man*.
 λατρεία, ή, (λατρεύω) *hired labour, service, servitude*: esp. *the service of the gods, worship*.

λατρευμα, τό, *hired service, servitude*: esp. *service paid to the gods, worship*. II. *a slave*. From λατρεύω, f. σω, (λάτρισ) *to work for hire or pay*. 2. *to serve, be bound or enslaved to*, c. dat. pers.: but also c. acc. pers. *to serve*. 2. *to serve the gods*, c. dat.

λάτρισ, α, ον, *of a servant or service*. From λάτρισ, ιος, ό, ό, ή, *a hired servant*, Lat. *latro*: generally, *a servant, slave*.

ΛΑΨΤΡΟΝ, τό, *pay, hire*; *λατρών άπερθε* without rent or *quittance*.

λαυκάνη, ή, = λαιμός, *the throat*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΛΑΨΥΡΑ Ion. λαύρη, ή, *an alley, lane, narrow passage between houses*: also *a pass between rocks, ravine, defile*. II. *a sewer, drain*.

λαΨυγιώω, ό, (λάψωω) *greediness, gluttony*.
 ΛΑΨΥΡΑ, τά, *spoils taken in war*, Lat. *spolia*.

λαΨυρ-αγωγέω, f. ήσω, *to make booty of*. From λαΨυρ-αγωγός, όν, (λάψυρα, άγω) *carrying off booty*.
 λαΨυρπωλέω, f. ήσω, *to sell booty*. From λαΨυρο-πόλης, ον, ό, (λάψυρα, πωλέω) *a retailer of booty*, Lat. *sector*.

λαΨύσωω Att. -τώ, fut. ξω, (λάπτω) *to swallow greedily, eat up, devour*: of men, *to eat gluttonously, gorge*, Lat. *belluari*. Hence

λαΨύστιος, α, ον, *gluttonous*.
 ΛΑΨΑΙΝΩ, f. άνω: aor. I έλάχηνα:—*to dig*.
 λαΨάνεύω, f. σω, (λάχανον) *to plant with pot-herbs*:—Med. *to gather herbs*.

λαΨάνη-λόγος, ον, (λάχανον, λέγω) *gathering herbs*.

λάχανίζομαι, Dep. (λάχανον) to gather herbs. Hence
 λάχανισμός, ὁ, a gathering of herbs.

λάχανον, τό, (λάχαινω) mostly in pl. λάχανα, τά,
 garden-herbs, opp. to wild plants, pot-herbs, vegetables,
 greens, garden-stuff, Lat. olera. 2. τὰ λάχανα the
 vegetable-market, the green-market.

λάχανο-πώλης, ου, ὁ, (λάχανον, πωλέω) a green-
 grocer: fem. λάχανο-πώλητρια, and λάχανο-πωλις,
 ἴδος, ἡ, a woman who sells garden-stuff.

λάχε, Ep. for ἐλάχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of λαχάω.
 λάχεια, either for ἐλάχεια, fem. of ἐλαχός, small;
 or fem. of an Adj. λαχός (from λαχάω) well-tilled,
 fertile.

λάχεις, aor. 2 inf. of λαχάω.
 Λάχαις, gen. εως Ion. ἰος, ἡ, (λαχεῖν) Lachesis,
 one of the three Fates, the disposer of lots. II.
 lot, destiny, fate.

λάχη, ἡ, (λαχάω) a digging.

λαχνατός, α, ον, woolly, hairy, downy. From
 ΛΑΧΝΗ, ἡ, soft woolly hair, down: the soft nap
 or pile on cloth: sheep's-wool. Hence

λαχνήεις, εσσα, εν, woolly, hairy.

λαχνό-γυιος, ον, (λάχνη, γυῖον) with hairy limbs.

λάχνος, ὁ, = λάχνη, wool. Hence

λαχνόω, f. ὦσα, to make hairy:—Pass. to grow
 downy.

λαχν-ώδης, ες, (λάχνη, εἶδος) like down, downy.

λαχόηνη, Att. for λάχομη, aor. 2 opt. of λαχάω.

ΛΑΧΟΣ, τό, (λαχεῖν) one's lot, fate, destiny. II.
 the portion obtained by lot, a lot, share, portion. [ᾶ]

λαχών, aor. 2 part. of λαχάω.

λαψεύμαι and λαψοῦμαι, Dor. fut. of λαμβάνω.

λάψων, fut. part. of λάπτω.

λαψῆ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. i med. subj. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΑΨΩ, = βλέπω, to see, behold, look at: old Ep.
 word used by Hom. in part. λάων and Ep. 3 sing.
 impf. λάε. [ᾶ]

*ΛΑΨΩ, = θέλω, to wish: see λῶ.

λαίαινα, ἡ, fem. of λέων, a lioness.

λαίαινα, f. λαῖανῶ Ep. λαϊάνω: aor. i ἐλαίηνα Ep.

λέηνα: (λαῖος):—to smooth, polish, work smooth;

λαίαινε κελύθον to smooth the way. II. to

rub smooth, bray or pound in a mortar: to de-

stroy. III. metaph. to smooth away, smooth or

soften down.

λεάντρα, ἡ, fem. of λεαντήρ.

λεαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λαίαινω) a polisher.

λέβης, ὁ, (λείβω) a kettle, caldron. II.

the basin in which the purifying water (χερῖνψ) was

handed round: but also, a sort of basin which was

struck like a cymbal at the funerals of the Spartan

kings. III. a cinerary urn.

λεγών, ἄνωσ, ὁ, Gr. form of the Lat. legio, a legion.

λέγομες, λέγοντι, Dor. for λέγομεν, λέγουσι, I and

3 pl. of λέγω.

ΛΕΓΩ, f. λέω: aor. i ἐλεξα: pf. εἴλοχα:—Med.,

fut. λέξομαι: aor. i ἐλέξαμην:—Pass., fut. λεχθῆσο-

μαι: paulo-post fut. λελέξομαι: aor. i pass. ἐλέχθην,

aor. 2 ἐλέγην: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐλέγημην, 3 sing.
 λέκτο: pf. εἴλεγμαι or ἐλέγημαι: I. Act. ΤΟ

LAY, to lay asleep, lull to sleep:—Pass. and Med.
 ΤΟ ΛΙΕ, to lie down. II. to lay in order, ar-

range, and so to gather, pick up:—Med. to gather
 for oneself: hence to choose, pick out. III. to

reckon, count, tell or reckon up. IV. to recount,

tell, relate: hence to speak, say, utter: also of ora-
 cles, to say, declare: it is used later to express any

communication by word of mouth; λέγειν κατά τιος
 to accuse one: c. inf., λέγειν τιῶ ποιεῖν τί to tell,

bid, command; λέγειν τί, to say something, i. e. to
 speak to the purpose; opp. to λέγειν οὐδέν, to say

nothing to the purpose: also, like Lat. dicere, to speak
 of, mean, refer to, as, εἶσω κομίζου σύ, Κασάνδραν

λέγω, go thou within, I mean Cassandra:—Pass. λέ-
 γεται, it is said, on dit; τὸ λεγόμενον, absol. as the

saying goes.

ληπλάστια, ἡ, a driving off booty, pillaging. From
 ληπλάτω, f. ἦσω, to drive away booty, drive cattle,

to make booty: hence to plunder, despoil. From
 λε-ηλάτης, ου, ὁ, (λεία, ἐλαῖνω) one who drives off

booty, a plunderer, marauder. [ᾶ]

ΛΕΙΓΑ Ion. λήτη, ἡ, booty, plunder, esp. of cattle;
 hence what can be driven off as booty.

λαιάνω, fut. λειάνω, Ion. and Ep. for λαίαινω.

ΛΕΙΒΩ, ψω: aor. i ἐλειψα:—to pour, pour forth:
 mostly like σπένδω, to pour a libation. II. to

let flow, shed:—Med. to flow, run, trickle; λείβε-
 σθαι δακρυῖος to melt into tears: hence to melt or

pine away:—Pass. to be moistened, bedewed.

λειζομαι, Ion. and poet. for ληίζομαι.

λείηνας, Ep. 3 pl. aor. i of λαίαινω.

λείηνας, Ep. aor. i part. of λαίαινω.

λείμαξ, ἄκος, ἦ, = λειμῶν, a meadow: a garden.

λείμμα, ατος, τό, (λείπω) a remnant, remains.

λειμών, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (λείβω) any moist grassy place, a

meadow, mead, Lat. pratium.

λειμωνιάς, ἄνωσ, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος; νύμφη λει-

μωνιάς a meadow-nymph.

λειμώνιος, α, ον, (λειμών) of a meadow.

λειμωνίς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of λειμώνιος.

λειμωνέον or -θε, Adv. (λειμών) from a meadow.

λειο-γένεον, ον, (λείος, γένειον) smooth-binned.

λειο-κύμων, ον, (λείος, κύμα) with gentle waves.

λειό-μίτος, ον, (λείος, μίτος) smoothing the threads

of the warp.

λειοντή, ἡ, poet. for λεοντή, a lion's skin.

λειοντο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (λέων, μάχη) poet. for λεοντ-,

a lion-fighter.

λειοντο-πάλης, ον, ὁ, (λέων, πάλη) poet. for λεοντ-,

wrestler with a lion.

ΛΕΙΓΟΣ, α, ον, or os, ον, Lat. LAEVIS, smooth:
 of the ground, smooth, level, flat; of the sea, smooth:
 c. gen., λείος πετράων level and free from rocks. 2.

with a smooth chin, beardless. 3. metaph. smooth,
 soft, gentle.

λειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, (λείος) smoothness.

λείουσι, poet. for λέουσι, dat. pl. of λέων.

λείπτειν, verb. Adj. of λείπω, *one must leave.*

ΛΕΙΨΙΟ, f. λείψω: aor. 2 act. ἔλιπον, inf. λιπέειν; (aor. I ἔλειψα only in late writers): pf. λέλοιπα:—Med., fut. λέιψομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., fut. λειψθήσομαι, paullo-post. fut. λελείβομαι: aor. I ἐλείβηθη: aor. 2 ἐλίπην [?] : pf. λελειμμαι: plqpf. ἐλελείμην:—Lat. *LINQUO*, to leave, leave remaining: of dying persons, to leave behind, bequeath:—so in Med. to leave behind one, bequeath, leave as a memorial.

2. to desert in danger, abandon, forsake.

II. Pass. to be left, left behind, left remaining. 2. to be left behind in a race: pf. part. λελειμένος, left behind, lingering behind, inferior to: absol. to stay behind. 3. c. gen. to be left without: to come short of. . . be inferior, worse, weaker than another. 4. to be wanting or lacking. III. intr. in Act. to be gone, fail, disappear: to be wanting, cease, Lat. *deficere*.

Λειριόεις, εσσα, εν, (λείριον) of or like a lily, lily-white, delicate.

ΛΕΙΨΙΟΝ, τό, a lily, the white lily, Lat. *lilium*.

λείστός, see ληίστός.

λείτος or λείτος, ον, (λαός, λέως) of the people, Ion. for Att. *δησίος*.

λειτουργέω, f. ἴσω, (λειτουργός) to perform public duties, to do the state service:—at Athens, to serve public offices at one's own cost: cf. *λειτουργία*. II. to minister as a priest, officiate. Hence

λειτουργία, ἡ, a public service:—at Athens a *liturgy*, i. e. a burdensome public office or charge, which the richer citizens discharged at their own expense, properly in rotation, but also voluntarily or by appointment. II. divine service, whence our word *Liturgy*.

λειτουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, performing public service, ministering. From

λειτουργός, ὄν, (λείτος or λείτος, ἔργον) performing public duties, serving the state. II. a priest, minister of God.

ΛΕΙΧΗ'Ν, ἦνος, ὄ, a tree-moss, lichen. II. hence a lichen-like eruption on the skin, scurvy: of the ground, a blight, canker.

ΛΕΙΨΧΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐλεΐξα:—Lat. *LINGO*, to lick: to lick up: hence irreg. pf. part. λελεΐχμότες.

λείψας, aor. I part. of λείβω.

λειψάνη-λόγος, ον, (λείψανον, λέγω) gathering remnants.

λείψανον, τό, (λείπω) a piece left, remnant, relic, wreck: in plur. remains, remnants, Lat. *reliquiae*.

Λειψ-ύδριον, τό, (λείπω, ύδωρ) an ill-watered district near mount Parnes in Attica.

λείων, ὄ, poet. for λέων, hence Ep. dat. λείουσι.

λεκάνη, ἡ, (λέκος) a dish, *pat, pan*. [ᾶ] Hence

λεκάνις, ἡ, λεκάνιον, τό, λεκάνισκη, ἡ, Diminutives of λεκάνη:—a little dish or *pan, platter*.

λεκτιθω-πώλης, ου, ὄ, fem. -πώλις, ιδος, (λέκιθος, πωλέω) a pulse-porridge seller.

ΛΕΚΤΙΘΟΣ, ὄ, pulse-porridge.

ΛΕΨΚΟΣ, εος, τό, a dish, *plate, pat, pan*.

λεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) good at speaking, fluent, eloquent. II. suited for speaking.

λέκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λέγω.

λεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέγω) gathered, chosen, picked out. II. uttered, spoken, said: to be spoken.

λέκτρον, τό, (λέγω) a couch, bed, Lat. *lectus*: λέκτρονδε to bed. 2. in pl. the marriage-bed, marriage.

λελαΐβηθα, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. med. of λαμβάνω.

λελάβηκα, Ion. pf. of λαμβάνω.

λελάθη, 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαθάνω.

λελαθοντο, λελαθέσθω, λελαθέσθαι, 3 pl. indic., 3 sing. imperat., and inf., aor. 2 med. of λαθάνω.

λελάκα, pf. of λάσσω.

λελάκοντο, 3 pl. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of λάσσω.

λελακία, Ep. pf. part. fem. of λάσσω.

λέλαμμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλασμαι, Ion. and Ep. pf. pass. of λαθάνω.

λέλαχον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of λαγχάνω.

λελάχθη, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. of λαγχάνω.

λέλειπτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of λείπω.

λελεΐσθαι, pf. pass. inf. of λείπω.

λελειχμότες, nom. pl. irreg. pf. part. of λείχω.

λέλευσμαι, pf. pass. of λείω.

λελέχσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of λέγω.

λέληθα, pf. of λαθάνω.

λέληκα, Ion. pf. of λάσσω: part. *λεληκός*.

λέλημμαι, poet. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω.

λέλησμαι, Ion. pf. pass. of λαθάνω: but λέλησμαι, pf. pass. of ληΐζομαι.

λελήθην, old Ep. pf. of λιλαιόμαι, (and therefore properly *λελήθημι*), to strive eagerly, long for, be zealous for: part. *λελήθηνος*, zealous, hasty, eager.

λελιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of λίπνω.

λέλογα, pf. of λέγω.

λελογισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of λογίζομαι, *deliberately, advisedly*.

λέλογχα, pf. of λαγχάνω.

λελόγη, poet. for ἐλελόγη, 3 sing. plqpf. of λαγχάνω.

λείουπα, pf. of λείπω.

λελουμένος, pf. part. pass. of λούω.

λελούσασμαι, pf. pass. of λυμáινομαι. [ῥ]

λέλυται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of λύω:—λέλυτο, Ep. for ἐέλυτο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass.

λελύτο, Ep. for ἐέλυτο, 3 sing. pf. opt. pass. of λύω.

λελώθημαι, pf. in pass. sense of λωβόομαι.

ΛΕΜΒΟΣ, ὄ, a small boat with a sharp prow, a *felucca*.

λέμμα, ατος, τό, (λέπω) that which is peeled off, *peel, husk, skin, scale*.

λέντιον, τό, the Lat. *linteum*, a linen cloth, *naphkin*.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I imperat. med. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

λέξις, εος, ἡ, (λέγω) a speaking, *speech*. 2. a way of speaking, *diction, style*.

λέξο, Ep. for λέξαι, aor. I med. imperat. of λέγομαι, to lie down.

Λεοντή contr. Λεοντή (sub. δορά), ἡ, a lion's skin, properly fem. of λέοντες.

Λεόντειος, α, ον, (λέων) of a lion: lion-like.

Λεοντό-διφρος, ον, (λέων, διφρος) in chariot drawn by lions.

Λεοντο-κεφάλος, ον, (λέων, κεφαλή) lion-headed.

Λεοντό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πουν, τό, (λέων, πούς) lion-footed.

Λεοντο-φόνος, ον, (λέων, *φέρνω) lion-killing.

Λεοντο-φόρος, ον, (λέων, φέρω) lion-bearing.

Λεοντο-φύης, ἐς, (λέων, φύη) of lion nature.

Λεοντο-χλαῖνος, ον, (λέων, χλαῖνα) clad in lion's skin.

ΔΕΨΑΔΑΝΟΝ, τό, a broad leather strap or band, fastening the yoke round the neck, and passing between the fore legs to join the girth (μασχάλιστήρ).

Λεπαιός, α, ον, (λέπας) of a scaur or crag: craggy.

Λέπαργος, ον, (λέπος, ἀργός) with white skin or feathers.

Λέπας, τό, (λέπω) a bare rock, scaur, crag.

Λεπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a limpet, Lat. patella, from its clinging to the rock (λέπας).

Λεπαστή, ἡ, (λέπας) a limpet-shaped drinking-cup.

Λεπιδόμοιαι, Pass. (λεπίς) to be covered with scales. Hence

Λεπιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, scaly, covered with scales; λεπιδωτὸς θώραξ scale-armour. II. Subst. a fish with large scales.

Λεπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπας) a scale, husk, shell.

Λέπρα Ion. Λέπρη, ἡ, (λέπρος) the leprosy.

Λεπράς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λεπρός, rough.

Λεπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λέπος) scaly, rough: λεπρός, mangy.

Λεπτακίνος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for λεπταλέος.

Λεπταλέος, α, ον, (λεπτός) fine, slender, delicate.

Λεπτ-επί-λεπτος, ον, thin upon thin, thin as can be.

Λεπτό-γεγος, ον, Att. λεπτό-γεγως, ων, (λέπτος, γαῖα, γῆ) of a thin or poor soil.

Λεπτο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λεπτός, γνώμη) subtle in mind.

Λεπτό-γραμμος, ον, (λέπτος, γραμμή) drawn fine.

Λεπτό-γράφος, ον, (λέπτος, γράφω) written fine.

Λεπτό-δομος, ον, (λέπτος, δέμα) slightly built: slight.

Λεπτολογία, f. ἡσω, to speak subtly, to chop logic, quibble: so too λεπτολογεομαι, as Dep. From

Λεπτο-λόγος, ον, (λεπτός, λέγω) speaking subtly, subtle, quibbling.

Λεπτό-μίτος, ον, (λέπτος, μέτος) of fine threads.

Λεπτόν (sub. νόμισμα), τό, a very small coin, about a fourth of a farthing, a mite.

Λεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λέπω) peeled, cleaned of the husks:—hence, generally, thin, fine, slender, delicate: in bad sense, thin, lean, meagre. II. Strait, narrow.

III. slight, small, insignificant; τὰ λεπτά τῶν προβάτων small cattle, i.e. sheep and goats; λεπτά πλοῖα small craft: of sound, light, slight. IV. metaph. fine, subtle, refined ingenious: of the voice, fine, delicate.

Λεπτοσύνη, ἡ, = λεπτότης.

Λεπτότης, ητος, ἡ, (λεπτός) thinness, fineness, slightness, leanness. II. metaph. subtlety.

Λεπτοργέω, f. ἡσω, (λεπτοργός) to do fine work: hence to refine overmuch, deal subtly, quibble.

Λεπτο-ουργός, ἐς, (λεπτός, ἔργον) finely worked.

Λεπτο-ουράς, ὄν, (λεπτός, ἔργον) producing fine work.

Λεπτο-ὑφής, ἐς, (λεπτός, ὑφαίνω) finely woven. [ὑ]

Λεπτο-ψάμαθος, ον, (λεπτός, ψάμαθος) with fines and.

Λεπτύνω, f. νῶ, (λεπτός) to make thin: to thrash, beat out:—Pass. to grow lean.

Λεπτώς, Adv. of λεπτός, slightly: subtly.

Λεπύριον, τό, Dim. a small husk, thin rind. From λεπύριον, τό, (λέπος) a shell, husk, rind.

ΔΕΨΙΩ, fut. aor. I ἐψέψα:—to strip off the husks or rind, to peel or bark.

Λέρνα, ἡ, Lerna, a marsh in Argolis, the abode of the Hydra:—hence Λερναῖος, α, ον, Lernaean.

Λεσβιάζω, to imitate the Lesbian women. From

Λεσβιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Λέσβος) a Lesbian woman.

Λεσβίζω, = λεσβιάζω.

Λέσβιος, α, ον, (Λέσβος) Lesbian of Lesbos.

Λεσβόθεν, Adv. from Lesbos. From

Λέσβος, ἡ, Lesbos, a large island on the coast of Asia Minor.

Λεσχάζω, (λέσχη) to chatter, gossip.

Λέσχη, ἡ, (λέγω) a place where people resorted to talk and hear the news, a lounge, place of public resort: also a council-hall. II. talking, gossip:

in good sense, conversation, discussion, debate; πρὸς ἐμὴν λέσχην to conversation with me. Hence

Λεσχηγέω, f. σω, to chat or converse with.

Λευγαλέος, α, ον, (ακὴν to λυγρός) in sorry plight, wretched, pitiful, melancholy, dismal.

Λευίτης, ον, ὄ, one of the tribe of Levi (Λεví), a Levite. [ῥ] Hence

Λευιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, Levitical.

Λευκαῖνα, (λευκός) to whiten, blanch, bleach. 2. to make bright or light.

Λευκάν, Dor. for λευκῶν, gen. pl. of λευκός.

Λευκαναίαι, aor. I inf. of λευκαῖνα.

Λευκ-ανθής, ἐς, (λευκός, ἄνθος) white-blossoming, white, blanched, pale; λευκανθὲς κάρα a white head.

Λευκ-ανθίζω, (λευκός, ἄνθος) to have white blossoms: generally, to be white.

Λευκάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of λευκός, white, chalky: hence the promontory of Epirus was called Λευκάς.

Λευκάς, Dor. gen. fem. of λευκός.

Λευκ-ασπισ, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λευκός, ἀσπίς) white-shielded.

Λεύκη, ἡ, (λευκός) the white leprosy. II. the

white poplar, Lat. populus alba, used for chaplets.

Λευκ-ήρετμος, ον, (λευκός, ἔρετμος) with white or foaming oars.

Λευκ-ήρης, ἐς, (λευκός, ἀραρεῖν) white, blanched.

Λευκιπίδες, αἱ, daughters of Leucippus, nymphs worshipped at Sparta.

Λεύκ-ιππος, ον, (λευκός, ἵππος) riding or driving white horses: famous for white horses.

λευκίτης [ῖ], ου, ὄ, = λευκός.
 Λευκο-θέα, ἡ, (λευκή, θεά) *the white goddess*; the name by which Ino was worshipped as a propitious sea-goddess.
 Λευκο-θρίξ, τρίχως, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, θρίξ) *white-haired*.
 Λευκο-θώραξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, θώραξ) *with white cuirass*.
 Λευκο-ῖον, τό, (λευκός, ῖον) *the stock or wall-flower*.
 Λευκο-κύμων, ου, gen. ονος, (λευκός, κύμα) *white with waves, surfy*. [ῦ]
 Λευκο-λίνον, τό, (λευκόν, λίνον) *white flax* for ropes and rigging, used by the Phoenicians.
 Λευκο-λόφος, ου, ὄ, and λευκό-λοφος, ου, (λευκός, λόφος) *white-crested*:—Λευκόλοφον, τό, *a white bill*.
 Λευκο-όπωρος, ου, (λευκός, ὄπαρα) *with white autumn fruits*.
 Λευκο-πάρειος Ion. -πάρηος, ου, (λευκός, παρεία) *fair-cheeked*.
 Λευκό-πέπλος, ου, (λευκός, πέπλος) *white-robed*.
 Λευκό-πηχυς, υ, gen. εως, (λευκός, πήχυς) *white-armed*.
 Λευκο-πληθής, ἐς, (λευκός, πλήθος) *filled with white or with persons in white*.
 Λευκό-πους, ὄ, ἡ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (λευκός, πούς) *white-footed*: barefooted.
 Λευκο-πρετής, ἐς, (λευκός, πρέπω) *white-looking*.
 Λευκό-πτερος, ου, (λευκός, πτερόν) *white-winged*.
 Λευκό-πωλος, ου, (λευκός, πῶλος) *with white horses*: riding *a white horse*.
 ΛΕΥΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *light, bright, brilliant, clear*: of water, *bright*. II. *white, gray, hary*: of the skin, *white, fair*, but also, *blanched, pale, wan*. 2. *λευκός χρυσός, pale* (i. e. *alloyed*) gold, opp. to *ἄπεφθος* or refined. 3. metaph. *fair, happy, joyful, gay*. 4. of sound, *clear*, like *λαμπρός*.
 Λευκο-στεφής, ἐς, (λευκός, στέφω) *white-wreathed*.
 Λευκό-στικτος, ου, (λευκός, στίζω) *speckled with white, grizzled*.
 Λευκό-σφύρος, ου, (λευκός, σφυρόν) *white-ankled*.
 Λευκό-τροφος, ου, (λευκός, τρέφω) *white-growing*.
 Λευκο-φάής, ἐς, (λευκός, φάος) *white-gleaming*.
 Λευκο-φόρος, ου, (λευκός, φέρω) *white-robed*.
 Λεύκ-οφρως, υ, (λευκός, ὄφρως) *white-browed*.
 Λευκο-χίτων, ανος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, χιτών) *white-clothed*. [ῖ]
 Λευκό-χρους, ου, contr. -χρους, ουν, (λευκός, χροά) *white-coloured*: heterocl. acc. *λευκόχροα*.
 Λευκό-χρως, ατος, ὄ, ἡ, (λευκός, χρώς) *white-skinned*.
 Λευκόω, f. ὠσω, (λευκός) *to whiten*: *to paint white*:—Med., *λευκοῦσθαι ἑπλα* *to whiten their shields*. II. *λευκοῦν πόδα* *to bare the foot*.
 Λευκ-ώλενος, ου, (λευκός, ὠλένη) *white-armed*.
 Λεύκαμα, τό, (λευκός, λευκάω) *anything whitened*: *a white tablet* for public notices, Lat. *album*.
 Λευρός, á, ὄν, (λείος) *smooth, level, even*. II. *smooth, polished*.
 *ΛΕΥΤΣ, ὄ, = λάας, *a stone*: hence
 Λεύσιμος, ου, *stoning*; Λεύσιμος θάνατος *death by*

stoning; Λεύσιμοι ἀραί *curses that will end in stoning*; Λεύσιμος δίκη *the penalty of death by stoning*.
 Λεύσιμος, οὔ, ὄ, (Λεύς, Λεύω) *a stoning*.
 Λεύσσω, fut. Λεύσω (only in late authors), *to look or gaze upon, see, behold*. 2. absol. *to look*; ὄ μὴ Λεύσσω, *he that sees not, i. e. one that is dead*.
 Λευστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (Λεύς, Λεύω) *one who stones or deserves stoning*:—as Adj., *Λευστήρ μόρος* *death by stoning*.
 Λεύω, f. σω, aor. I pass. ἐλεύσθην; (Λεύς):—*to stone*.
 Λεχε-ποίη, ἡ, (Λέχος, ποία) *with grassy couch, grassy, meadowy*.
 Λεχ-ήρης, ἐς, (Λέχος, ἀραρεῖν) *bed-ridden*.
 Λεχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of λέγω.
 Λέχος, εος, τό, (Λέγω I) *a couch, bed*. 2. *a bier*. II. *the marriage-bed*: *a marriage*. Hence
 Λέχοσθε, Adv. *to bed*.
 Λέχρους, α, ου, *slanting crosswise, oblique*. From
 ΛΕΨΧΡΙΣΣ, Adv. *slanting, crosswise, abtwart*.
 Λεχώ, ὄος contr. οὖς, ἡ, (Λέχος) *a woman in child-bed*.
 Λεχώσιος, ου, (Λεχώ) *of, belonging to child-bed*.
 Λεω-κόριον, τό, (Λεώς, κόρα) *the temple of the daughters of Leos*.
 ΛΕΨΩΝ, οντος, ὄ, Ep. dat. pl. Λεῖονσι, Lat. LEO, *a lion*: metaph. of Artemis, Ζεὺς σε λέοντα γυναιξὶ θῆκε *Zeus made thee a lion toward women, i. e. their destroyer*.
 Λε-ωργός, ὄν, (Adv. Λεώς, ἔργον) *all-daring, audacious*: as Subst., *λεωργός, ὄ, a knave, villain*.
 Λεός, ὰ, ὄ, Att. for λαός, nom. pl. Λεά, *people*; ἀκούετε Λεά *hear O people*, the beginning of Athenian proclamations.
 Λεώς, Adv., Ion. for λίαν, *entirely, wholly*.
 Λεω-σφέτερος, ου, (Λεώς, σφέτερος) only in Hdt. 9. 33, *λεωσφέτερον ἐπισησαντο* *Τισαμένον* *they made him one of their own people*.
 Λεω-φόρος, ου, (Λεώς, φέρω) *bearing people, frequented*: *λεωφόρος* (sub. ὀδός), ἡ, *a thoroughfare*.
 Λῆ, 3 sing. of *Λάω, λῶ.
 Ληγέμενα, Ληγέμεν, Ep. inf. of λήγω.
 ΛΗΤΩ, f. ξω, τό, LAY, *allay, abate*, like παύω: c. gen., *λήγειν χεῖρας φόνου* *to stay one's hands from murder*. II. more freq. intr., *to leave off, or cease from*, *λήγειν ἔριδος* *to cease from strife*: c. part., *λήγω ἐναρίζω* *I cease slaying*:—also absol. *to cease, make an end*.
 Ληδάνον, τό, (λήδον) *gum ladanum, gum mastic*.
 Ληδάριον, τό, Dim. of λῆδος, *a light dress*. [ᾱ]
 ΛΗΨΔΟΝ, τό, *the mastic*, a shrub on the leaves of which the gum λήδανον is found.
 Λῆδος, εος, τό, (Λεῖος) *a thin cloth, light dress*.
 Λῆζομαι, Att. for ληΐζομαι.
 Ληθαῖος or Ληθαῖος, α, ου, (Λήθη) *of or for forgetfulness, oblivious*. II. *of or from Lethe, Lethean*.
 Ληθάνα, Causal of λανθάω: see λανθάνω II.
 Ληθαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, *stony, stolid*. From
 λήθαργος, ου, (λήθη) *forgetting*, c. gen.: absol. *forgetful, lethargic*.

ληθεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληθάνω) causing forgetfulness.
 ληθεδών, ὄνος, ἡ, ποῖτ. for λήθη.
 λήθη Dor. Λάθα, ἡ, (λήθομαι) a forgetting, forgetfulness, Lat. obliuio. II. Letbé, the river of oblivion in the lower world.

λήθος, τό, Dor. λάθος, = λήθη.
 ΛΗΘΩ, λήθομαι, older form of λανθάνω, λανθάνομαι, whence the tenses are formed; see λανθάνω.

λη-άνερα, ἡ, (λήεις, ἀνήρ) making prey of men.
 ληϊός, ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of ληϊδῖος, captive.
 ληι-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, fem. ληϊ-βότειρα, (λήιον, βόσκω) crop-devouring.

ληϊδῖος, α, ον, (ληϊς) taken as booty, captive.
 ληϊζομαι Att. λήζομαι: fut. ληϊσομαι Ep. ληϊσσομαι: aor. I ἐληϊσάμην Att. ἐληϊσάμην, Ep. 3 sing. ληϊσαστο:—Pass., pf. λέλῆσομαι: Dep.: (ληϊς):—to seize as booty, make spoil of: generally, to get or gain by force. II. to plunder, ravage a country. III. pf. λελήσομαι occurs in pass. signif., to be spoiled, taken as booty.

ληίτη, Ion. for λεία.
 ληι-νόμος, ον, (ληϊόν, νέμω) dwelling among the corn-fields.

ΛΗΙΤΙΟΝ, τό, a crop, crop of corn: later, a corn-field.
 ληϊς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for λεία, booty, spoil. 2. a herd or flock, cattle.

ληϊσαστο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of ληϊζομαι.
 ληιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ληϊζομαι) Ep. for Att. ληιστής.
 ληιστής, οὐ, ὅ, Ion. for ληιστής.
 ληιστωρ, ορος, ὅ, = ληιστήρ.

ληιστός, ὁ, ὄν, (ληϊζομαι) carried off as booty, to be won by force.
 ληιστύς, ὄνος, ἡ, (ληϊζομαι) plundering, spoiling.
 ληϊτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ληϊς) she who makes or dispenses booty, epith. of Athena.

ληϊτον [ῖ], τό, Achaean name for the Athen. πρυτανεῖον, the town-hall. Properly, neut. of λήϊτος.

λήϊτος, η, ον, (λεώς, λαός) of the people, public.
 ΛΗΚΕΩ Dor. Λακίεω, to sound, = λάσκω. Hence Ληκίνδον, Adv. sounding; παίζειν λ. to beat time.

ληκίθειον, τό, Dim. of λήκηθος, a small oil-flask.
 ΛΗΚΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, an oil-flask, oil-bottle = casket. [ῖ]

λήμα, τό, (*λάω, λῶ) wish, will, purpose: in good sense, spirit, courage: in bad sense, pride, arrogance.
 λημᾶλεος, α, ον, (λήμη) bleared, purblind, of the eyes, Lat. lippus.

λημᾶτιάω, (λήμα) to be spirited or resolute.
 λημάω, (λήμη) to be bleared: to be purblind.
 ΛΗΜΗ, ἡ, Lat. grania, a humour that gathers in the eye, rheum: αἱ λήμαι, sore eyes.

λήμμα, τό, (εἰλημμαι) anything received, income, receipts: gain, profit, Lat. lucrum.

Λήμνος, α, ον, of Lemnos, Lemnian. From Λήμνος, ἡ, Lemnos, an island in the north Aegean sea, sacred to Vulcan, because of its volcanic fires.

Ληναϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (Λήναια) belonging to the Λήναια.
 ληναϊός, α, ον, (ληνάος) belonging to the wine-press: I. Δηναϊός, Lat. Lenaëus, epith. of Bacchus

as god of the wine-press. 2. Λήναια (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Lenaëa, an Athenian festival held in the month Ληναίων in honour of Bacchus, at which there were dramatic contests, esp. of the Comic poets. 3. Λήναιον, τό, the Lenaëum, or place at Athens where the Lenaëa were held.

Ληναϊτής, ον, ὅ, = Ληναϊκός.
 Ληναϊών, ἄνω, ὅ, old name of the Att. month Γαμηλιών in which the Athenian Lenaëa were held, the latter part of Jan. and former of Feb.: the seventh month of the Attic year.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λάνος, οὐ, ἡ or ὅ, a trough, Lat. alveus: I. a wine-vat. 2. a trough for watering cattle. 3. a kneading-trough.

ΛΗΝΟΣ Dor. λάνος, εος, τό, Lat. LANA, wool.
 λήξαμι, aor. I opt. of λήγω.

λῆξις, εως, ἡ, (λήγω) a cessation, end.
 λῆξις, εως, ἡ, (λήζομαι appointment) by lot, allotment. II. as law-term, a written complaint lodged with the archons, a plea or accusation. 2. λῆξις τοῦ κλήρον an application for one's lawful inheritance.

λήζομαι, fut. of λαγχάω.

λήος, rare Ion. form for λαός.
 ληπτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken. II. neut. ληπτέον, one must take bold: one must take or accept.

ληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of λαμβάνω, to be taken or comprehended.

ληρῶς, f. ἡσω, (ληρῖος) to be foolish or silly, behave foolishly; ληρεῖ ἔχων he keeps on acting foolishly.

ΛΗΡΟΣ, ὅ, idle talk: frivolousness, nonsense.
 ληρός, οὐ, ὅ, a small trinket, Lat. leria.

ληρῶς, 2 sing. of *λάω, λῶ.
 λησιμ-βροτός, ον, (λήσω, βροτός) taking men unawares, a cheat.

λητισμοσύνη, ἡ, forgetfulness. From λήσω, ον, gen. ονος, (λήθω) forgetting, unmindful.

λήσομαι, fut. med. of λανθάνω.

ληστεία, ἡ, (ληστεύω) a course of plundering, robbery, piracy, Lat. latrocinium.

ληστεύω, f. σω, (ληστής) to be a robber or pirate: c. acc. to plunder, sack.

ληστήριον, τό, a band of robbers. From ληστής Ion. ληϊστής, οὐ, ὅ, (λήζομαι) a robber, plunderer: esp. a pirate.

ληστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ληστής) inclined to rob, piratical: τὸ ληστικὸν piracy. Adv. -κῶς, in the manner of pirates: Comp. ληστικώτερον more after the manner of pirates.

λήσπις, ἡ, (λήθω) a forgetting.

ληστο-κτόνος, ον, (ληστής, κτείνω) slaying robbers.

ληστρικός, ἡ, ὄν, = ληστικός, piratical; τὸ ληστρικὸν a pirate-essel.

ληστρίς, ἴδος, pecul. fem. of ληστρικός.
 λήσω, fut. of λανθάνω.

Λητο-γενής, ἐς, Dor. Λατ-, (Λητώ, *γένω) born of Latona, of Apollo and Diana: fem. Λατογένεια, of Diana.

Λητοΐδης Dor. Λατ-, ον, ὄ, (Λητώ) son of Leto, of Apollo. [γ]

Λητώ, ὄος contr. οὖς, ἡ, Leto, Lat. Latona, mother of Apollo and Diana; gen. Λητούς, dat. Λητοῖ, acc. Λητώ, voc. Λητοῖ.

Λητώδος Dor. Λατ-, α, ον, (Λητώ) of or born of Letona: fem. also Λητωῖς, ἴδος.

ληφθεῖς, aor. 1 pass. part. of λαμβάνω.

λήψις, ἡ, (λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω) a taking, seizing. 2. an accepting, receiving.

λήψομαι, fut. of λαμβάνω.

ΛΙ- insep. Prefix with intens. force, cf. λα-, λαι-, ΛΙΓ'Α'ΖΟΜΑΙ, aor. 1 ἐλάσθην: Pass. —to bend sideways, swerve, withdraw: of the waves, to retire, recede: to vanish, of a vision. II. to bend downwards, slip down, fall; part. λιασθεῖς having fallen; πτερά πικρὰ λιασθεν the thick wings drooped.

λιαν Ion. λιγν, Adv. (λι-) too much, over-much, like the later άγαν, Lat. nimis. II. very much, exceeding, right well. [ι both long and short.]

λιαρός, á, óν, = χλιαρός, warm, lukewarm: generally, soft, mild.

λιασθεῖς, aor. 1 part. pass. of λιάζομαι.

λιασθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of λιάζομαι.

λιβάξω, f. σω, (λιβάς) to let fall in drops:—Med. to run out in drops, trickle.

λιβάνος, ὄ, the frankincense-tree, producing λιβανωτός. II. = λιβανωτός, frankincense.

λιβάνο-φόρος, ον, = λιβανωτοφόρος.

λιβανωτός, οὐ, ὄ, (λίβανος) frankincense, the gum of the tree λίβανος. II. a censor.

λιβαντο-φόρος, ον, (λιβανωτός, φέρω) bearing frankincense.

λιβάς, áδος, ἡ, (λείβω) anything that drops or trickles: a spring, fount or stream: in pl. water; δακρύων λιβάδες streams of tears.

λιβερτίνος, ὄ, the Lat. libertinus, and λιβερτος, ὄ, the Lat. libertus, a freedman.

λιβος, τό, = λιβάς, tears: but λιβός, gen. of λίψ.

λιβρός, á, óν, (λείβω) dripping, wet.

Λίβυη, ἡ, Libya, the north part of Africa, west of Egypt, first mentioned in the Odyssey.

Λίβυς, υός, ὄ, fem. Λίβυσσα, (Λιβύη) a Libyan: also as Adj. Libyan. Hence

Λιβυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for Libya, African.

ΛΙΤΑ, Adv. of λιγύς, as ᾧκα of ᾧκίς, loudly, clearly, thrillingly, shrilly. [γ]

λιγαίνω, (λιγύς) to cry out with clear loud voice: to shriek, scream: also to sound, play, sing.

λιγγω, (λιγύς) only found in Ep. aor. 1, λιγγε βιός the bowstring twanged.

λιγδην, Adv. (λίζω) scraping, grazing, Lat. strictim.

λιγαῖν, poet. for λιγαῖν, gen. pl. fem. of λιγύς.

λιγέως, Adv. of λιγύς, loudly, clearly, shrilly.

ΛΙΓΝΥΨ, υός, ἡ, smoke mixed with flame, murky flame.

λιγξε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 1 of λιγγω.

λιγύ-ηχής, ές, (λιγύς, ἡχή) clear-sounding.

λιγύ-θροος, ον, contr. -θροους, ουν, (λιγύς, θρόος) clear-singing.

λιγύ-μολπος, ον, (λιγύς, μολπή) clear-singing.

λιγύ-μῦθος, ον, (λιγύς, μῦθος) clear-speaking.

λιγύ-πνεῖον, οντος, (λιγύς, πνέω) sbrill-blowing, whistling, rustling.

λιγύ-πνοιος, ον, (λιγύς, πνοή) = λιγυπνεῖον.

λιγύ-πτερύγιος, ον, (λιγύς, πτέρυξ) chirping with the wings, of the cicada.

λιγύριζω, f. σω, (λιγυρός) to sing loud or clear.

λιγυρός, á, óν, (λιγύς) sbrill, sharp, piercing, of sound: also clear, sweet, clear-toned. II. later, pliant, flexible.

λιγυρός, Adv. loudly, clearly.

ΛΙΓΥΨ, λιγεία, λιγύ, of sound, clear, sharp, piercing, sbrill: also clear-toned, sweet: also of grief, clamorous: and of the nightingale, thrilling. [γ]

Λίγυς, υός, ὄ, ἡ, a Ligurian, one who lived in Liguria (north of Genoa).

λιγύ-φθογγος, ον, (λιγύς, φθογγή) clear-voiced, clear-toned.

λιγύ-φωνος, ον, (λιγύς, φωνή) clear-voiced, screaming.

ΛΙΨΩ, f. έω, (akin to λείχω) to graze, scratch, wound slightly: hence λιγδην and επι-λιγδην.

λιγν, Adv., Ion. for λίαν.

λιθάω, f. σω, (λίθος) to throw stones. 2. to stone.

λιθαξ, ακος, ὄ, ἡ, (λίθος) stony, rocky. II. as Subst. λιθαξ, ἡ, a stone.

λιθάς, áδος, ὄ, (λίθος) a stone: collectively, a shower of stones.

λίθος, α, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony.

λιθη-λογής, ές, (λίθος, λέγω II) built of stones.

λιθίδιον, τό, Dim. of λίθος, a small stone, pebble.

λιθίνος, η, ον, (λίθος) made of stone, stony. Adv. -ως, like stone, with stony look.

λιθο-βλητος, ον, (λίθος, βάλλω) stone-throwing, pelting. II. set with stones.

λιθοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to pelt with stones, stone. From λιθο-βόλος, ον, (βαλεῖν) throwing stones, pelting with stones: οἱ λιθοβόλοι stone-throwers, slingers. II.

λιθοβόλος, ον, pass. struck with stones, stoned.

λιθο-γλύφος, ον, (λίθος, γλύφω) carving stone: as Subst., λιθογλύφος, ὄ, a sculptor. [υ]

λιθο-δερκής, ές, (λίθος, δέρκομαι) with stony look, looking one to stone.

λιθο-δημτος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) stone-built.

λιθο-δῶμος, ον, (λίθος, δέμω) building with stone: as Subst., λιθοδῶμος, ὄ, a mason.

λιθο-εργός, ὄν, (λίθος, ἔργω) turning to stone.

λιθο-κόλλητος, ον, (λίθος, κολλάω) wrought with stone, inlaid with precious stones: bard as stone.

λιθο-κτενία, ἡ, (λίθος, κτείνω) death by stoning.

λιθο-λευστος, ον, ὄ, (λίθος, λέω) stoned with stones;

λιθόλευστος Ἄρης death by stoning.

λιθολόγημα, ατος, τό, a stone building. From λιθο-λόγος, ον, (λίθος, λέγω II) picking out stones and laying them together not shaped or hewn; cf.

λογάδην;—as Subst., λιθολόγος, ὁ, a mason, = λιθόδομος.

λιθο-ξόος, ον, (λίθος, ξέω) polishing stone: as Subst., λιθόξοος, ὁ, a marble-mason.

λιθο-ποιός, ὄν, (λίθος, ποιέω) turning to stone.

λιθορ-ρίνος, ον, (λίθος, ρίνος) with stony skin.

ΛΙΘΟΣ [ῥ], ον, ὁ, a stone: of stupid people, λίθοι, blocks, stones: proverb., λίθον ἔχειν to boil a stone, i. e. to lose one's labour. 2. stone as a substance.

II. λίθος, ἦ, mostly of some special stone, as marble or the magnet; ἡ διαφανὴς λίθος a transparent crystal used for a burning-glass. III. at Athens, λίθος was a name for various blocks of stone used for rostra or pulpits, to speak from; as the Bema of the Pnyx.

IV. the piece on a draught-board.

λιθο-σπάδης, ἐς, (λίθος, σπάω) rent in the stone, made by tearing out a piece of rock.

λιθό-στρωτος, ον, (λίθος, στρώννυμι) paved with stones, inlaid with stones: as Subst., λιθόστρωτον, τό, a tessellated pavement.

λιθοτομία, ἡ, a cutting or quarrying of stones: a stone-quarry. From

λιθο-τόμος, ον, (λίθος, τέμνω) cutting stone.

λιθοτρογέω, f. ἦσω, to work in stone: turn into stone.

λιθo-ουργός, ὄν, (λίθος, *εργάω) working in stone: as Subst., λιθοουργός, ὁ, a stone-mason, also a sculptor: hence, σιδηρία λιθοργία a stone-mason's tools.

λιθοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry stones. From

λιθο-φόρος, ον, (λίθος, φέρω) carrying stones.

λιθ-ώδης, ἐς, contr. for λιθοειδής, (λίθος, εἶδος) like stone, stony.

λιμναῖος, α, ον, of or for winnowing. From

λικμάω, f. ἦσω, (λικμός) to winnow corn. 2.

metaph. to scatter like chaff. Hence

λικμητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a winnower of corn.

λικμητός, ὁ, (λικμάω) a winnowing.

ΛΙΚΜΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, = λίκνον.

ΛΙΚΝΟΝ, τό, a wicker fan or basket for throwing the corn against the wind, so as to separate the chaff from the grain, a winnowing-fan. II. a fan-shaped basket, used at the feast of Bacchus, called by Virg. mystica vannus Iacobi.

III. a cradle of wicker-work.

λικνο-φόρος, ον, (λικνον, φέρω) carrying the sacred winnowing-fan in procession.

λικριφίς, Adv. crosswise, sideways, athwart. (From λέκρις, λέκτριος.)

λιλαίωμα, (λι-, λελημαι) Dep. to long, crave; of a lance, λιλαιομένη χροός ἄσαι longing to taste flesh: c. gen. to long or thirst for a thing.

λιμαινός, (λιμός) to hunger, be starved, famished.

λιμένεσιον, Ep. for λιμέσιον, Dat. pl. of λιμήν.

λιμνήτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἴδος, (λιμήν) of the harbour: presiding over the harbour.

λιμεν-ορμίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (λιμήν, ὀρμίζω) stationed in the harbour.

ΛΙΜΗΝ, ἔνος, ὁ, a harbour, haven. 2. metaph.

a haven, retreat, refuge. 3. a gathering-place, receptacle.

λιμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (λιμός) hungry, starved, famished.

Λίμναι, αἰ, (λίμνη) a quarter of Athens near the Acropolis, in which stood the Lenaeum.

λιμναῖος, α, ον, (λίμνη) marsby, of or from the mere, ὀρμηθες λιμναῖοι water-fowl: stagnant.

λιμνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of λιμναῖος.

λιμνάτης [ᾱ], fem. -ᾱτις, Dor. for λιμνήτης, -ῆτις.

λίμνη, ἡ, (λεῖβω) a large pool of standing water: a lake, mere, esp. a marsby lake. 2. in Homer, the sea. 3. a basin or artificial reservoir for water.

λιμνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις Dor. -ᾱτις, ἴδος, (λίμνη) living or growing in marsbes.

λιμο-φύης, ἐς, (λίμνη, φύω) marsb-born.

λιμο-ώδης, ἐς, (λίμνη, εἶδος) like a marsh, marsby.

λιμο-θνής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιμός, θνήσκω) dying of hunger.

ΛΙΜΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, also ἡ, hunger, famine.

λιμο-φορέυς, ὁ, (λιμός, φέρω) a bringer of hunger.

λίμο-ωδης, ἐς, (λιμός, εἶδος) like hunger, famished.

λίμωσσω Att. -πτω, (λιμός) to be famished.

λίνεος, α, ον, contr. -οὔς, ἡ, οὔν, (λίνον) of flax, flaxen, linen, Lat. lineus.

λίνευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (λίνον) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-δεσμος, ον, (λίνον, δεσμός) = λινοδέτος.

λίνο-δέτος, ον, (λίνον, δέω) bound with flaxen bonds or bands. 2. tied by a thread.

λίνο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, θηράω) a bunter with nets.

λίνο-θώραξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for λινοθάραξ, (λίνον, θώραξ) wearing a linen cuirass.

λίνο-κλωστος, ον, (λίνον, κλώω) spinning flax.

λίνο-κροκος, ον, (λίνον, κρέκω) flax-woven.

ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, anything made of flax: a flaxen cord: metaph. the thread spun by the Fates. 2. a net, fishing-net.

3. linen, linen cloth: in pl. sail-cloth; linen garments. 4. the wick of a lamp. II. the plant that produces flax, lint, Lat. linum; λίνον σπέρμα lint-seed. [ῥ]

λίνο-πέπλος, ον, (λίνον, πέπλος) with linen robe.

λίνο-πόρος, ον, (λίνον, πορεύω) sail-wafting.

λινοπτάομαι, Dep. (λινόπτης) to watch the nets.

λίνο-πτερος, ον, (λίνον, πτερόν) sail-winged.

λίνο-όπτης, ον, ὁ, (λίνον, ὄψομαι) one who watches nets to see whether anything is caught.

λινορ-ράφης, ἐς, (λίνον, ῥάπτω) sewed of flax; δόμος λινοραφής a ship having her sails of linen.

Λίνος, ον, ὁ, Linos, a minstrel, son of Apollo and Urania. II. as appellat., Λίνος, ὁ, the song or lay of Linos; in Homer sung by a boy while the vintage is going on. Cf. αἴλιον.

λίνοστασία, ἡ, a laying of nets. From

λινο-στατέω, f. ἦσω, (λίνον, ἵσθημι) to lay nets.

λίνοῦς, ἡ, οὔν, contr. for λίνεος.

λίνο-φθόρος, ον, (λίνον, φθείρω) linen-wasting.

λίπα, τό, an old word used by Homer in the phrases ἀλείψαι and ἀλείψασθαι λίπ' ἐλαίω, probably used as an Adv. unctuously, richly. (Cf. λίπος.) [ῥ]

λιπαῖνον, f. ἄνω, (λίπας, λίπος) to oil, anoint: metaph. to make fat, enrich:—Med. to anoint oneself.

λιπαρ-ἀμπυξ, ὄκος, δ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, ἀμπυξ) with bright fillet or tiara.

λιπαρῶ, f. ἦσω, to persist, hold out, persevere; c. dat. to persist in a thing. II. to beg or pray earnestly, to be importunate, ask pertinaciously: c. inf., λιπαροῖς τυχεῖν thou art earnest to obtain. From

ΛΙΠΑΡῆΨ, ἐς, persisting or persevering in a thing, earnest, pertinacious. II. earnest in praying, importunate.

λιπαρῆτεον, verb. Adj. of λιπαρῶ, one must be importunate, beg hard.

λιπαρία, ἡ, (λιπαρῶ) perseverance, importunity.

λιπαρό-ζωνος, ον, (λιπαρός, ζώνη) bright-girdled.

λιπαρό-θρονος, ον, (λιπαρός, θρόνος) bright-throned.

λιπαρο-κρήδεμος, ον, (λιπαρός, κρήδεμνον) with bright bead-band or fillet.

λιπαρο-πλόκαμος, ον, (λιπαρός, πλόκαμος) with shining locks.

λιπαρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λίπας or λίπος) oily, shining, anointed with oil: later fat, greasy. II. of the skin, shining, sleek, in good case, Lat. nitidus: metaph. sleek, comfortable, easy. III. of things, bright, brilliant, costly: ample. IV. of soil, fat, rich.

λιπαρό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ον, and -χρος, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπαρός, χροά, χρώς) with sleek, shining body or skin.

λιπαρός, Adv. of λιπαρός, sleekly, comfortably.

λιπαρῶς, Adv. of λιπαρῆς, earnestly, importunately.

ΛΙΠΑΡῆΨ, aos, τό, = λίπος, fat, oil. [ῥ]

λιπαυγής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, αὐγή) deserted by light, blind.

λιπάω, (λίπας, λίπος) to be fat and sleek.

λίπε, λιπέιν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of λείπω.

λιπέιν, aor. 2 inf. of λείπω.

λιπερνήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῆτις, ἴδος, (λιπεῖν, φέρνη) without dowry, destitute.

λιπό-γάμος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γάμος) leaving a wife or husband, adulterous: ἡ λιπογάμος the adulteress.

λιπο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (λιπεῖν, γνώμων) of horses, without the tooth which marks their age: hence generally, of unknown age.

λιπό-γυιος, ον, (λιπεῖν, γυῖον) wanting a limb, maimed.

λιποῖσα, λιποῖσαν, Dor. for λιποῦσα, λιποῦσαν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λιπο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, μήτηρ) without a mother, orphan.

λιπό-ναυος Dor. also λιπό-νάς, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, ναῦς) leaving the ship, deserting the fleet.

λιπο-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, (λιπεῖν, ναύτης) leaving the sailors.

λιπό-νεως, αν, = λιπόναυος.

λιπο-πατρις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατρίς) causing to forget one's country.

λιπο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (λιπεῖν, πατήρ) a deserter, forsaker of one's father.

λιπό-πνοος, ον, contr. -πνοος, ον, (λιπεῖν, πνοή) scant of breath, breathless, dead.

ΛΙΠΟΣ, τό, grease, whether animal, as fat, lard, tallow; or vegetable, as oil: metaph., λίπος αἵματος a clot of blood.

λιπο-σαρκής, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, σάρξ) wanting flesh, meagre.

λιπο-στέφανος, ον, (λιπεῖν, στέφανος) falling from the wreath.

λιπο-στράτια, ἡ, and λιπο-στράτιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, στρατία) desertion of the army.

λιπο-ταξία, ἡ, and λιπο-τάξιον, τό, (λιπεῖν, τάξις) a leaving one's post, desertion.

λιπο-τριχῆς, ἐς, (λιπεῖν, θρίξ) scant of hair, bald.

λιπο-ψυχῶς, f. ἦσω, (λιπεῖν, ψυχή) to be lifeless i. e. senseless, to faint, swoon: to die. II. to lack spirit.

λιπόων, Ep. part. of λιπάω.

λιπομαι, Dep. with pf. pass. λέλιμμαι: (formed from prefix λι-)—to be eager: c. gen. to be eager for, long for: in pf. part., λελιμμένοι μάχης eager for battle.

λιπών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of λείπω.

λίς, ὁ, acc. λίν, Ep. for λέων, a lion:—later nom. and dat. plur. λίες, λίεσσι.

λίς, ἡ, Ep. apocopate form for λισσῆ, smooth; λίς πέτρα a bare, smooth rock.

λίσαι, aor. 1 imperat. of λίσσομαι. [ῥ]

λίση, 2 sing. fut. of λίσσομαι. [ῥ]

λίσιος, η, ον, (λίσσός, λείος) smooth, polished.

λίσομαι, Ep. aor. 1 imperat. of λίσσομαι.

λίσσός, ἄδος, peccul. fem. of λίσσός, smooth:—as Subst., λίσσός, ἡ, a smooth bare cliff; cf. λισσός.

λίσσεσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of λίσσομαι.

ΛΙΣΣΟΜΑΙ: aor. 1 ἐλίσάμην Ep. ἐλλίσάμην: aor. 2 ἐλῆτόμην, opt. λιτοίμην, inf. λιτέσθαι: Dep.:—to beg, pray, intreat, beseech, either absol., or c. acc. pers.: c. inf., λίσσεσθαι μὴ προδοῦναι to pray one not to betray.

λίσσός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος, λίσπος) smooth; λισσῆ πέτρα a smooth, bare cliff; cf. λισσός.

λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσομαι) to be moved by prayer.

λιστρέω, f. σω, to dig, boe; φυτὸν λιστρεύειν to dig round a plant. From

λίστρον, τό, (λίσσός) a tool for levelling or smoothing, a shovel, spade, boe.

λίτα, τό, in Homer, smooth, plain clothes; v. sub λίς II.

λιταῖνον, (λιτή) to pray, entreat: supplicate.

λιτανεύομεν, Ep. for -ωμεν, aor. 1 subj. of λιτανεύω.

λιτάνεω, f. σω:—the augm. tenses are used in Ep. with λλ metri grat., impf. ἐλλιτάνεον, aor. 1 ἐλλιτάνεουσα: (λιτή):—to pray, entreat, beseech, conjure, supplicate.

λιτάνος, η, ον, (λιτή) praying, suppliant: as Subst., λίτανα, τό, = λιταί, prayers.

λιταργίζω, f. σω, to hasten, run, hurry. From λιταργος, ον, (λι-, ἀργός) running quick.

λιτέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of λίσσομαι.

λιτή, ἡ, (λίσσασθαι) a prayer, entreaty, supplication. II. λιταί, Prayers, personified as goddesses, in II. q. 502, sq.

λιτοίμην, aor. 2 opt. of λίσσασθαι.

λιτομαι [ῖ], rarer pres. for λίσσασθαι, to pray.

λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείος) smooth, plain, Lat. simplex.

λιτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λίσσασθαι) praying, supplicatory.

λίτρα, as, ἡ, Lat. libra, a pound: as a weight, = 12 ounces. Hence

λιτραῖος, α, ον, worth a λίτρα.

λίτρον, τό, Att. for νίτρον.

Λιτύερσης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -σας, Lityerses, a son of Midas, from whom was named a song sung by reapers; cf. Δίνος, Μανέρως.

λίτυον, τό, the Roman lituus or augur's rod.

λίχανός, ον, (λείχω) licking: as Subst., λίχανος (sub. δάκτυλος), ὁ, the fore-finger.

λιχήν, ἦνος, ὁ, v. sub. λειχήν.

λιχμάζω, f. ἄσω, (λείχω) to lick.

λιχμάσμαι, Dep. (λείχω) to lick, to play with the tongue, esp. of snakes.

λιχνεία, ἡ, daintiness, greediness.

λιχνο-βόρος, ον, (λίχνος, βορά) nice in eating, dainty.

λίχνος, η, ον, (λείχω) dainty, lickerish, greedy. 2. metaph. curious, eager.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβός, (λείβω) the SW. wind, Lat. Africus.

λίψ, ὁ, gen. λίβός, acc. λίβα, (λείβω) any liquid poured forth, a drop, libation, drink-offering.

λό', for λόε; see λούω.

λοβός, οὐ, ὁ, (λέπω) the lobe or lower part of the ear:—the lobe of the liver. 2. a pool.

λογάδην, Adv. (λογάς) picking out, esp. of stones picked out for building, without being squared. [ᾶ]

λογάς, ἄδος, ὁ and ἡ, (λέγω) gathered: picked, chosen, esp. of soldiers.

λογάω, (λόγος, λέγω) to be fond of talking.

λογεῖον, τό, (λόγος) a speaking-place: in the Att. theatre the front of the stage occupied by the speakers or actors, Lat. pulpitum.

λογία, ἡ, (λέγω) a collection for the poor.

λογίδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγος, a little fable. [ῖ]

λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I med. ἐλογισάμην, pass. ἐλογίσθην: pf. λελόγισμαι: Dep. (λόγος):—to count, reckon, calculate, compute; ἀπὸ χειρὸς λογίζεσθαι to calculate off hand. II. to take into account, consider: c. acc. to count or consider as so and so. 2. c. inf. to count or reckon upon doing. 3. to calculate, reason: also, to conclude by reasoning, infer. III. the pres., and the aor. I and pf. ἐλογίσθην, λελόγισμαι, are also used in pass. sense, to be computed or calculated.

λογικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγος) belonging to speech or speaking. II. belonging to the reason, rational. 2. fit for reasoning: hence ἡ λογική (sub. τέχνη), Logic.

λόγιμος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (λόγος) worth mention, remarkable, considerable.

λόγιον, τό, a declaration, oracle: neut. of λόγος.

λόγιος, α, ον, (λόγος) skilled in words: I.

learned, esp. learned in history: as Subst., λόγιος, ὁ, a writer of annals, chronicler, prose-writer, as opp. to ποιητής. II. eloquent.

λογισμός, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) reckoning, computation. II. consideration, reasoning, reflexion: a conclusion.

λογιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (λογίζομαι) a calculator, computer. II. in pl. auditors: at Athens, a board of ten, to whom magistrates going out of office submitted their accounts.

λογιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λογιστής) skilled in calculating. II. skilled in reasoning or arguing.

λογογράφία, ἡ, prose-writing, opp. to poetry. From λογογράφος, ον, (λόγος, γράφω) writing prose: as Subst., λογογράφος, ὁ, a chronicler, annalist. II. writing speeches, esp. for others to deliver.

λογολέσχης, ου, ὁ, (λόγος, λέσχω) a prater.

λογομαχέω, (λογομάχος) to strive about words. Hence

λογομαχία, ἡ, a war about words.

λογομάχος, ον, (λόγος, μάχη) warring about words.

λογοποιέω, (λογοποιός) to make words, invent stories, fabricate reports. Hence

λογοποιία, ἡ, invention of stories, tale-telling.

λογοποιός, ὄν, (λόγος, ποιέω) word-making:—as Subst., λογοποιός, ὁ, a writer of prose, a chronicler, annalist, prose-writer. 2. a writer of fables. II. at Athens, one who wrote speeches for others to deliver. 2. an inventor of stories, tale-teller, news-monger.

λόγος, ὁ, (λέγω) I. the word by which the inward thought is expressed: also II. the inward thought or reason itself.

I. Lat. oratio, vox, that which is said or spoken: I. a word, in pl. words, language; ὡς εἶπεν λόγῳ in a word:—in Att., talk, pretence; τῷ λόγῳ in pretence, opp. to ἐργῳ in reality. 2. a saying, expression: an oracle, maxim, proverb. 3. conversation, discussion; εἰς λόγους ἐλθεῖν, to have a conference or interview. 4. a speaking or talking about a thing; λόγῳ ἀξίως worth talking of, worth mention:—a report, rumour; λόγος ἐστὶ or ἔχει, so the story goes, Lat. fama fert. 5. a tale, story, opp. both to mere fable (μῦθος) and to regular history (ἱστορία): a. fictitious story, fable, such as those of Aesop. b. a story, narrative, mostly in pl., history, chronicles: in sing. one part of the narrative. 6. λόγοι, prose-writing, prose, opp. to ποιήσις, a book. b. at Athens, speeches: a speech; the power of speaking, oratory, eloquence. 7. the right or privilege of speaking, Lat. copia dicendi, λόγον τι διδόναι to give one the right of speaking, i. e. a hearing. 9. like βῆμα, the thing spoken of, the subject of the λόγος.

II. Lat. ratio, thought, reason; κατὰ λόγον agreeable to reason: reflexion, deliberation: λόγον εἶναι διδόναι to allow himself reflexion, i. e. to think over a thing. 2. account, consideration, esteem.

regard; λόγον ποιῆσθαι τινα to make one of account; λόγον τινὸς ἔχειν to make account of a person; opp. to ἐν οὐδενὶ λόγῳ ποιῆσθαι τινα to make one of no account; ἐν ἀνδρὸς λόγῳ ἔχειν to regard in the light of a man. 3. calculation, reckoning: the account or reckoning: λόγον δίδουσι to give an account. 4. relation, proportion, analogy. 5. a reasonable ground, a condition, esp. in the phrase ἐπὶ τῷ λόγῳ or ἐπὶ τοῖς λόγοις upon condition; ὁ λόγος αἰρεῖ τι stands to reason that, Lat. ratio evincit.

III. in N. T., Ὁ ΛΟΓΟΣ, the LOGOS or WORD, comprising both senses of Word and Reason. ΛΟΤΧΗ, ἡ, a spear-head, javelin-head, Lat. spiculum: in pl. the point with its barbs. II. a LANCE, spear, javelin, Lat. lancea. III. a troop of spearmen.

λογχ-ήρης, ἐς, (λόγχη, ἀραρεῖν) armed with a spear. λογχιδιον, τό, Dim. of λόγχη. λόγχιμος, ον, (λόγχη) of or with a spear. λογχο-ποιός, ὄν, (λόγχη, ποιέω) making spears. λογχο-φόρος, ον, (λόγχη, φέρω) spear-bearing:—as Subst., λογχοφόρος, ὁ, a spearmen, pikeman.

λογχωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (λόγχη) lance-headed. λόγως, Dor. acc. pl. of λόγος. λόε, 3 sing. Ep. impf. of λούω.

λοέσσας, λοεσσάμενος, Ep. for λούσας, λουσάμενος, aor. I part. act. and med. of λούω.

λοέσσομαι, Ep. for λούσομαι, fut. med. of λούω.

λοετρόν, λοετρο-χόος, oldest form of λουτρο-.

λοέω, Ep. form of λούω.

λοιβή, ἡ, (λείβω) a pouring: a drink-offering, libation, Lat. libatio.

λοιγώς, ἰον, (λοιγός) pestilent, deadly.

ΛΟΙΠΟΝ, οὐ, ὁ, ruin, mischief, death: plague.

λοιδορέω, f. ἦσσι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσα.—Med. and Pass., f. -ἦσσαι: aor. I ἐλοιδορήσαμην and ἐλοιδορήθην: (λοιδορος):—to rail at, abuse, revile: against the gods, to blaspheme:—Med. to rail at one another; but the med. and pass. forms are commonly used in same sense as Act. Hence

λοιδορησμός, οὐ, ὁ, a railing at, abusing.

λοιδορία, ἡ, (λοιδορέω) railing, abuse, reproach.

λοιδορός, ον, railing, abusive.

ΛΟΙΠΟΝ, οὐ, ὁ, a plague, pestilence, Lat. pestis.

λοιπός, ἡ, ὄν, (λείπω) remaining, surviving, Lat. reliquus; τοῦ λοιποῦ (sub. χρόνου), for the rest of the time, henceforward; οἱ λοιποὶ all the rest, Lat. ceteri; τὸ λοιπὸν the remainder, Lat. quod superest; τὰ λοιπὰ the rest, residue, Lat. cetera.

λοισθήϊος, ον, Ep. for λίσθιος, λίσθος; λουσθήϊον

ἔδελον the prize for the last in the race.

λοίσθιος, α, ον or ος, ον, = λίσθος.

λοίσθος, ον, (λοιπός) left behind, last: Sup. λουσθό-
τατος, last of all.

λόκη (not λόκη), ἡ, a cloak.

Λοκρίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. Locrian. II. as Subst.

(sub. γῆ) Locris. From

Λοκροί, οἱ, the Locrians: the Opuntian Locrians

opp. Euboea; the Epicnemidian, on the Maliac Gulf; the Epizephyrian, in the South of Italy.

Λοξίας, ον, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from λέγειν, λόγος, as being the Interpreter of Zeus.

λοξο-βάτης, ον, ὁ, (λοξός, βαίνω) walking sideways.

ΛΟΞΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, slanting, crosswise, Lat. obliquus:

λοξὸν or λοξά βλέπειν τινὶ to look askance at one, Lat. limis oculis spectare; αὐχένα λοξὸν ἔχειν to hang down the head, Lat. stare capite obstipō.

λοξο-τρήχης, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (λοξός, τρέχω) oblique-running.

λόον, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of λούω.

λοπάδ-αρπάγιδης, ον, ὁ, (λοπάς, ἀρτάζω) a disband-snatcher.

λοπάδιον, τό, Dim. of λοπάς, a little dish, platter. [α]

ΛΟΠΑΪΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a flat dish, plate or platter.

λοπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = λεπίς.

λοπός, οὐ, or λόπος, ον, ὁ, (λέπω) a shell, busk, bark, peel.

λουέω, Ep. for λούω.

λουμαι, Att. for λούομαι, Pass. of λούω.

λουσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of λούω.

λουσεν, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of λούω.

λουσθαι, contr. inf. pass. of λούω.

λουσάω, Dor. fut. of λούω.

λουτιώω, Desiderat. of λούω, to wish to bathe.

λουτριον, τό, (λούω) water that has been used in a bath.

λουτρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (λουτρόν, δαίζω) slain in the bath.

λουτρόν Ep. λοετρόν, τό, (λοέω, λούω) a bath, bathing-place. II. water for bathing; ἐν λουτρῷ

while bathing. III. libations.

λουτρο-φόρος, ον, (λουτρόν, φέρω) bringing water for bathing or washing, esp. at a marriage; λουτρο-φόρος χλιδή the marriage-ceremony.

λουτροχόω, to pour water into the bath. From

λουτρο-χόος, ον, Hom. λοετρ-, (λουτρόν, λοετρόν, χέω) pouring water into the bath, preparing it.

λουτρώων, ἄνος, ὁ, (λουτρόν) a bathing-room, bath.

ΛΟΥΤΩ: fut. λούσω Dor. λουσάω: aor. I ἐλουσα

Ep. λούσα:—Med., f. λούσομαι: aor. I ἐλουσάμην, Ep. 3 pl. λούσαντο:—Pass., aor. I ἐλουσθην:—pf. λέλουμαι.—From the uncontr. form λούω come the

Ep. impf. λούεις, aor. I inf. and part. λούσσει, λούσσειας: Med., fut. λούσσομαι: 3 sing. aor. I ind. and part. λούσσειας, λούσσειας.—Several forms also come from λούω, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. λούεις, λούεις; Ion. and old Att., pl. impf. ἐλούμεν (contr. from ἐλούομεν), pres. med. λούμαι, λούνται; impf. ἐλούτο, ἐλούντο, inf. λούεσθαι, λούσθαι. To wash, esp. to wash the body: Med. and Pass. to wash oneself, bathe; c. gen., λελουμένος Ὠκεανοῖο (of a star just risen) fresh bathed in Ocean. II. to wash off or away.

λοφάω, f. ἦσσι, (λόφος) to have a crest. 2. to be sick, ill of a crest.

λοφείον, τό, (λόφος) a crest-case: any case.

λοφία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (λόφος) *the mane of animals, esp. of horses, the bristly back of boars; ἀντί λόφου ἡ λοφὴ κατέχρα the mane served for a crest.* II. *the ridge of a bill, a bill.*

λοφίτης, ου, ὁ, (λόφος) *a dweller on the hills.*

λοφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (λέπω) *a torch of vine-bark.*

λοφο-ποιός, ὄν, (λοφός, ποιέω) *making crests: as Subst., λοφοποιός, ὁ, a crest-maker.*

ΛΟΨΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *the back of the neck, the neck, esp. of draught-cattle: metaph., ὑπὸ ζυγῷ λόφον ἔχειν to have the neck under the yoke.* II. *a ridge of ground, the brow of a bill, Lat. jugum, dorsum: a bill.* III. *the crest of a helmet, Lat. crista, commonly of horse-hair.* 2. *a tuft of hair on the crown: the crest or tuft on the head of birds, Lat. crista, a cock's comb.*

λόφωσις, ἡ, (λόφος) *the wearing a crest: the crest itself.*

λοχ-ἀγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέτης, = λοχαγός, q. v.

λοχᾶγέω, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγέω, (λοχαγός) *to lead a λόχος or company.* Hence

λοχᾶγία, ἡ, Dor. and Att. for λοχηγία, *the rank or office of λοχαγός.*

λοχ-ἄγος, οὔ, ὁ, (λόχος, ἄγω) Dor. and Att. for λοχηγός, *the leader of a λόχος, the captain of a company, Lat. centurio.*

λοχᾶζω, = λοχάω.

λοχάω, f. -ήσω and -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐλόχησα: 3 pl. Ep. pres. λοχόωσι, part. pl. λοχώντες: (λόχος):—*to waylay, lie in wait, lay wait for, c. acc. pers.* II. absol. *to lie in wait or ambush.* III. c. acc. loci, *to beset with an ambush.*

λοχεία, ἡ, (λοχεύω) *child-birth.* II. *a child.*

λοχεῖος, α, ον, (λόχος) *of or for child-birth.* II. τὰ λοχεῖα (sub. χωρία), *a birth-place.*

λοχεός, οὔ, ὁ, = λόχος, *an ambush.*

λόχευμα, τό, (λοχεύω) *that which is born, a child.* II. *child-birth: metaph., κάλυκος λοχεύματα the bursting of the bud.*

λοχεύω, f. σω, (λόχος II) *to bring forth, bear.* 2. *to attend in child-birth, bring to the birth.* II.

Pass. *to travail, bear children.* 2. *to be brought forth, born.* 3. generally, *to lie imbedded.*

λοχηγέτης, -ηγέω, -ηγός, Ion. for λοχαγ-.

λοχηῖσαι, aor. I inf. of λοχάω.

Λοχία, ἡ, fem. of λόχιος, name of Diana, as the goddess of child-birth.

λοχιζώ, f. ἴσω, (λόχος) *to waylay, lie in wait or lay wait for.* 2. *to place in ambush.* II. *to arrange men in companies, draw up in order of battle.*

λόχιος, α, ον, = λοχεῖος, *of or for child-birth.*

λοχίτης [Ἔ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, (λόχος) *one of the same company, a fellow-soldier, comrade.*

λοχμαῖος, α, ον, *baunting the woods.* From λόχμη, ἡ, (λόχος) *a thicket, lair of wild beasts: generally, copse-wood, a coppice.* Hence

λόχμωσ, ον, also α, ον, *dwelling in the coppice.* 2. as Subst., λόχμη, τά, *a thicket, coppice.*

λοχμ-ᾠδης, ἐς, (λόχημη, εἶδος) *overgrown with copse-wood, bushy.*

λόχωνδε, Adv. *to ambush, for ambushade.* From Λόχος, ὁ, (λέγω I, λέγομαι) *a place for lying in wait, ambush or ambushade: the lair of wild beasts.* 2.

the act of lying in wait or the men that form the ambush; λόχον εἶσαι to place an ambushade; λόχωνδε κρίνειν ἄνδρας ἀριστήας to pick out the best men for an ambushade. 3. *any armed band, a company, commonly reckoned at 100 men:—among the Spartans a λόχος was the fourth or fifth part of a μύρα (q. v.): generally, any body or company of people.* II. *a lying in: child-birth, like λοχεία.*

λοχώντες, λοχέωσι, Ep. pres. part. and 3 pl. ind. of λοχάω.

Λόω, = λούω; from it come several Ion. and old Att. forms; v. λούω.

λύα, ἡ, (λύω) *dissolution: faction, riot, sedition.*

Λυαῖος, ὁ, (λύω) *the looser or deliverer from care, epith. of Bacchus, Lyaeus; cp. Lat. Liber.*

λύδηνη, Adv. (λύζω) *with sobb.*

λυγδίνεος, α, ον, and λυγδίνος, η, ον, *of white marble.* 2. *white as marble, dazzling white.* From

ΛΥΓΓΑΟΣ, ὁ, *a dazzling white stone, white marble.*

ΛΥΓΗ, ἡ, *shadow, darkness, gloom.* [ῥ]

λύγις: f. ἴσω Dor. λυγιζῶ; Pass., aor. I pass. ἐλυγίχθη; pf. λελύγισμαι: (λύγος):—*to bend, twist, to throw in wrestling.* II. Pass. *to bend or twist oneself, to writhe.* 2. *to be thrown or mastered.*

λύγινος, η, ον, (λύγος) *of willow or wisby, Lat. vitetus.*

λυγιεῖν, Dor. fut. inf. of λυγίζω.

λυγισμός, οὔ, ὁ, (λυγίζω) *a bending, twisting: metaph. the winding and twisting of a sophist.*

λύγκειος, α, ον, (λύγξ, ὁ) *lynx-like.*

ΛΥΤΞ, λυγικός, ὁ, a lynx.

λύγξ, λυγρός, ἡ, (λύζω) *a biccough or biccup.*

ΛΥΤΟΣ, ἡ, *any pliant twig or rod, a willow twig, with, Lat. vimen.* II. *a willow-like tree, a withy, Lat. vitex agnus castus.* [ῥ]

λύγο-τευχής, ἐς, (λύγος, τεύχω) *made of withs.*

λύγος, ὄσω, = λυγίζω.

ΛΥΓΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *mournful, sad, gloomy, dismal: φάρμακα λυγρά baneful drugs; εἴματα λυγρά sorry garments; and neut. pl. alone, λυγρά, bane, misery, ruin.* II. *of men, baneful, mischievous.* 2.

sorry, weak, cowardly. Hence

λυγρῶς, Adv. *sadly, sorely.*

Λυδία, ἡ, *Lydia, the kingdom of Croesus in Asia Minor, afterwards a Persian satrapy.*

Λυδίως, f. ἴσω, (Λυδός) *to imitate the Lydians.*

Λυδῖος, α, ον, (Λυδός) *Lydian; ἡ Λυδία λίθος, a stone used to test gold, like βάσανος.*

Λυδιστί, Adv. (Λυδός) *in the Lydian tongue or fashion.*

Λυδο-παθής, ἐς, (Λυδός, παθεῖν) *luxurious as a Lydian.*

Λυδός, οὐ, ὁ, α, *Lydian.*

ΛΥΨΩ, f. ξω, to have the hiccup or hiccup.

to sob, Lat. *singultare*: to *wine, whimper.*

λύθρον, ἄοι, and Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of λύω.

λύθρον, aor. I part. neut. pass.

λύθρῖναι, aor. I pass. inf. of λύω.

λύθρον, τό, ὁ, ἢ, λυθρός, ὁ, *filth, defilement, esp. of blood: gore, impure blood.* (Akin to λύμη.)

λυθρόωδης, ἐς, (λύθρον, εἶδος) *like gore, defiled with gore.*

λύκά-βας, ἄντρος, ὁ, (*λύκη, βαῖνω) *the path of light, the sun's course, the year.* II. as Adj. *making up the year, λυκαβαντίδες ἄραι.*

λύκαινα, ἡ, (λύκος) *a she-wolf.* [ῥ]

Λύκαιον, τό, *Mount Lycaeus in Arcadia.*

Λυκαῖος, α, ον, *Lycaean, Arcadian, epith. of Jupiter.* II. as Subst., Λυκαῖος, ὁ, ὁ, ἢ, Λυκαῖον, τό, a mountain in Arcadia. 2. Λύκαια (sub. ἱερά), τά, *the festival of Lycaean Jupiter*:—also the Roman *Lupercalia.*

Λυκαονιστί, Adv. *in the Lycaonian language.*

λύκ-αυγής, ἐς, (*λύκη, αὐγή) *of or at the gray twilight*: as Subst., λυκαυγές, τό, *early dawn.*

Λυκάων, ονος, ὁ, α, *Lycaonian, inhabitant of Lycaonia, in the South of Asia Minor.*

λύκέη, Att. contr. λυκή (sub. δορά), ἡ, *a wolf's-skin: a helmet of it, cf. κυνέη.*

Λύκειον, τό, *the Lyceum, a gymnasium with covered walks in the Eastern suburb of Athens, named after the neighbouring temple of Apollo Λύκειος.*

Λύκειος, α, ον, (λύκος) *epith. of Apollo, of doubtful meaning, either, 1. from λύκος, wolf-slaying, like λυκοκτόνος; 2. from Λυκία, the Lycian god, like Δικηγγενής; or, 3. from *λυκή (light), the god of day.*

λύκη, ἡ, Att. contr. for λυκέη.

*ΛΥΚΗ, *light*, an obsol. Root, whence come λυκά-βας, λυκόφως, λευκός, Lat. *luceo, lux*, etc.

Λυκή-γενής, ἐς, (Λυκία, γένος) *epith. of Apollo, Lycian-born.*

Λυκήδον, Adv. (λύκος) *wolf-like.*

Λυκία, ἡ, *Lycia, in the South of Asia Minor*:—Λυκίηθεν, Adv. *from Lycia*: Λυκίηδε, Adv. *to Lycia.*

Λυκο-εργής, contr. -ουργής, ἐς, (Λυκία, ἔργον) *of Lycian workmanship.*

Λυκο-εργής, ἐς, (λύκος, ἔργον) *wolf-destroying, Lat. lupos conficiens; πρόβολοι λυκοεργέες javelins for killing wolves.*

Λυκο-θαρός, ἐς, (λύκος, θάρσος) *bold as a wolf.*

Λυκο-κτόνος, ον, (λύκος, κτείνω) *wolf-slaying*: *epith. of Apollo, the wolf-slayer.*

Λυκο-ραίστης, ον, ὁ, (λύκος, ραίω) *a wolf-warrior.*

ΛΥΚΟΣ, ὁ, *a wolf*:—*proverb., λυκὸν ἰδεῖν to see a wolf, i. e. to be struck dumb, as was believed of those at whom a wolf got the first look*; so in Virgil, *Mœrim lupi videre priores.* II. in pl. *spikes on the*

bites of hard-mouthed horses, Lat. lupi, lupata, from their resemblance to the jagged teeth of a wolf.

Λυκό-φως, ἄντρος, ὁ, (λύκη, φῶς) *twilight, both of morning and evening, the gloaming, Lat. diluculum.*

Λυκόω, f. ὠσω, (λύκος) *to tear like a wolf*:—Pass. *to be torn by wolves.*

Λύμα, ματος, τό, *filth or dirt removed by washing*: also *the dirty water, washings, offscourings.* II.

moral defilement, disgrace, infamy. III. *An abandoned man.* (From λύω, Lat. *luo.*)

Λυμαίνομαι, f. λυμαίνομαι: aor. I ἐλυμνήμην: also aor. I pass. ἐλυμάνθην: pf. λελύμασμαι, but 3 sing. λελύμανται: Dep.: (λύμη):—*to treat with indignity or contumely, outrage*:—*to maltreat, maim, mutilate, spoil, destroy*: also, *to persecute.* II. the pres. λυμαίνομαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. are sometimes used in pass. sense, *to be maltreated, destroyed.* Hence

Λυμαντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *a spoiler, destroyer*: and Λυμαντήριος, α, ον, *injurious, destructive*: c. gen., *ruining another.*

Λυμαντής, οὐ, ὁ, = λυμαντήρ.

Λύμασις, ἡ, = λύμη. [ῥ]

Λυμεών, ἄντρος, ὁ, (λύμη) *a destroyer, spoiler.*

ΛΥΨΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *outrage by word or deed, an affront, disgrace*: generally, *maltreatment, maiming, mutilation, destruction*; ἐπὶ λύμη *for the sake of insult.*

Λύμη, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυμνήμενος, aor. I part. of λυμαίνομαι.

Λύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω.

Λυπέω, f. ἡσω, (λύπη) *to give pain to, to pain, distress, grieve, annoy*: of light troops, *to harass, annoy*:—Pass., with f. med. λυπήσομαι, *to be sad, to be grieved.*

ΛΥΠΗ [ῥ], ἡ, *pain, either of body or mind, Lat. dolor*: *grief, distress, suffering, sad plight.*

Λυπήμα, ἄντρος, τό, (λυπέω) *pain, distress.*

Λυπήν, Dor. inf. of λυπέω.

Λυπηρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω) *painful, Lat. molestus.*

Λυπηρόν, verb. Adj. of λυπέομαι, *one must feel pain.*

Λυπρός, ὁ, ὄν, (λυπέω, λυπηρός) *wretched, distressed, poor, sorry.* II. *painful, distressing.*

ΛΥΡΑ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *lyra, a lyre, a Greek musical instrument of seven strings, like the κιθάρα and φόρμιγγ.*

Λύρ-αἰδός, ὁ, (λύρα, αἰδός) *one who sings to the lyre.*

Λύριζω, f. ἴσω, (λύρα) *to play the lyre.*

Λυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (λύρα) *singing to the lyre*: as Subst., λυρικός, ὁ, *a lyric poet.*

Λύριον, τό, Dim. of λύρα.

Λύρο-γηθής, ἐς, (λύρα, γηθῶ) *delighting in the lyre.*

Λύρο-θελγής, ἐς, (λύρα, θέλω) *charmed by the lyre.*

Λύρο-κτύπια, ἡ, (λύρα, κτυπέω) *a sounding the lyre.*

Λύρο-ποιός, ὄν, (λύρα, ποιέω) *making lyres.*

Λύρ-ᾠδης, ἐς, (λύρα, εἶδος) *adapted to the lyre, lyrical.*

Λύρῳδός, ὁ, contr. for λυραῖοδός.

Λύσ-ἄνιας, ον, ὁ, (λύω, ἄνια) *ending sadness.*

Λύσειαι, 3 pl. aor. I opt. of λύω.

λυσι-γάμος, *ov*, (λύω, γάμος) *dissolving marriage*.
 λυσι-ζώνος, *ov*, or *η*, *ov*, (λύω, ζώνη) *loosing the zone*: epith. of Diana, who lightened the pangs of travail.

λυσι-κάκος, *ov*, (λύω, κακόν) *ending evil*.
 λυσι-μάχος, *ov*, or *η*, *ov*, (λύω, μάχη) *ending strife*.
 λυσι-μελής, *és*, (λύω, μέλος) *limb-relaxing*.
 λυσι-μέριμος, *ov*, (λύω, μέριμα) *driving care away*.
 λυσιμός, *ov*, (λύσις) *able to loose or relieve*.
 λυσι-πόθος, *ov*, (λύω, πόθος) *delivering from love*.
 λυσι-πόνος, *ov*, (λύω, πόνος) *freeing from toil*.
 λύσις [ῥ], gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ: (λύω): *a loosing, setting free*, esp. of a prisoner, *release, ransoming: deliverance; λύσις χρεῶν liquidation of debt*. 2. *means or power of releasing or loosing*.

λυσιτελέω, *f. ἴσω*, = λύω τέλος (which is found in Sophocles) *to pay udes or tribute to: to be useful or advantageous to: impers., λυσιτελεῖ, it profits, benefits: with a comp. force, τεθνάναι λυσιτελεῖ ἢ ζῆν* it is better to be dead than alive; οὐ λυσιτελεῖ μοι *it profits me not; neut. part. τὸ λυσιτελοῦν, τὰ λυσιτελοῦντα profit, gain, advantage*. From

λυσι-τελής, *és*, (λύω, τέλος) *paying dues, indemnifying: profitable, advantageous: also, cheap*. Comp. -έστερος, Sup. -έστατος.

λυσιτελοῦντος, Adv. pres. part. of λυσιτελέω, *usefully, profitably*.

λυσι-φλεβής, *és*, (λύω, φλέψ) *opening the veins*.
 λυσι-φρων, *ovos*, *ó, ἡ*, (λύω, φρήν) *setting free the mind*.

ΛΥ΄ΣΣΑ΄ Att. λυττά, ἡ, *rage, fury*, esp. in war, *martial rage: raging madness, raving, frenzy*. Hence λυσσαίνω, *to be raging-mad, to rave*.

λυσσάς, *áδος*, ἡ, (λύσσα) *raging-mad, raving*.
 λυσσάω Att. λυττάω, (λύσσα) *to be raging, furious*, esp. in battle. 2. *to be raging-mad, to rave*.

λυσσημα, τό, (λυσσάω) *a fit of madness: in pl. ravings*.

λυσσην, Dor. inf. of λυσσάω.
 λυσητήρ, ἦρος, and λυσητήδης, οὐ, *ó*, (λυσσάω) *one that is raging or raving-mad: a madman*.

λυσσο-μάνης, *és*, (λύσσα, μανῆται) *raging-mad*.
 λυσσο-ώδης, *es*, (λύσσα, εἶδος) *like madness: raging-mad, raving*.

λυτέον, verb. Adj. of λύω, *one must loose*.
 λυτήρ, ἦρος, *ó*, (λύω) *one who looses, a deliverer, releaser*. II. *an arbitrator, settler*.

λυτήριος, *a, ov*, or *os, ov*, (λύω) *loosing, releasing: c. gen. delivering or setting free from*.

λύτο [ῥ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of λύω; but λύτο, contr. for λύετο, Ep. impf. pass. of λύω.

λύτρον, τό, (λύω) *the price paid: 1. a ransom, price of redemption, mostly in pl. 2. an atonement*.

λυτρόω, *f. ὠσω*, (λύτρον) *release on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom*. 2. Med. *to release by payment of ransom, to ransom, redeem*. 3. Pass. *to be ransomed*.

λύτρωσις, *εως*, ἡ, (λυτρώω) *a ransoming*. 2. *Redemption*.

λυτρωτής, οὐ, *ó*, (λυτρώω) *a ransomer, redeemer*.

λύττα, λυττάω, Att. for λύσσα, λυσσάω.

λύχνα, τά, irreg. pl. of λύχνος.

λυχνεῖον or λυχνίον, τό, (λύχνος) = λυχνία.

λυχνέων, ὠνος, *ó*, (λύχνος) *a place to keep lamps in*.

λυχνία, ἡ, (λύχνος) *a lamp-stand*.

λυχνίδιον, τό, Dim. of λύχνος, *a small lamp*.

λυχνο-καΐα, ἡ, (λύχνος, καίω) *a lighting of lamps, illumination, a festival at Sais in Egypt in honour of Minerva, like the Chinese Feast of Lanterns*.

λυχνο-ποιός, *όν*, (λύχνος, ποιέω) *making lamps or lanterns*.

λυχνό-πολις, ἡ, (λύχνος, πόλις) *city of lamps*.

λυχνο-πώλης, *ov*, *ó*, (λύχνος, πωλέω) *a dealer in lamps or lanterns*.

ΛΥ΄ΧΝΟΣ, *ó*, pl. λύχνοι and λύχνα, *a light, lamp; περι λύχνων ἀφάς* about the time for lamp-lighting, i. e. at dusk.

λυχοφορέω, *f. ἴσω*, (λυχοφόρος) *to carry a lantern: Lacon. part. λυχοφοριόντες*.

λυχο-φόρος, *ov*, (λύχνος, φέρω) *carrying a lamp*.

ΛΥ΄Ω, fut. λύσω [ῥ], aor. I ἐλύσα: pf. ἐλύκα:—

Pass., fut. λυθήσομαι and paullo-post. fut. λελύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐλύθην [ῥ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. λύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. λύτο, 3 pl. λύντο: pf. ἐλύμαι, plqrφ. ἐλύμην [ῥ], 3 sing. Ep. opt. λελύτο, for λελύοιτο.—

To loosen, unfasten, untie, slacken; λύειν ὄφρυν to unbend the brow; *λ. στόμα* to open the mouth; etc.:—

Med. *to loosen or undo for oneself*. 2. of horses, *to unyoke, unbarness*. 3. generally, *to loose, release, set free*. 4. *to release a captive on receipt of ransom, to hold to ransom, release:—*Med. *to release by payment, ransom, redeem*. II. *to loosen, weaken, relax; λύειν γυῖα, γούνατα* to loose the limbs, knees, i. e. *unnerve, enfeeble*, and often in Homer, *to slay, kill*.

III. *to dissolve, break up*. 2. *to break down, lay low, demolish*. 3. generally, *to undo, do away with: of disputes, to put down: of laws, to repeal, annul; λύειν σπονδάς* to break a treaty. 4. *to dismiss, assuage, calm*. 5. *to undo, atone, make up for*, Lat. *luere, rependere*; so *λύειν ἀμαρτίας*.

IV. in Att., τέλη, μισθοῦς λύειν *to pay rates or taxes: hence*, 2. *λύειν τέλη* = λυσιτελεῖν, *to profit, avail; οὐ λύει τέλη* it boots not; also *λύειν*, absol. without τέλη, *to profit*.

Λῶ, contr. from λῶω, *I will, wish or desire*, a Doric defect. Verb. only used in sing. λῶ, λῆς, λῆ, 3 pl. λῶντι; subj. λῆς, λῆ; opt. λῆη; inf. λῆν; also part. dat. τῷ λῶντι.

λωβάομαι Ion. -έομαι: *f. -ήσομαι* Dor. λωβᾶσθαι: aor. I med. ἐλωβήσομαι (but aor. I ἐλωβήθη and pf. λελωβήμαι in pass. sense): Dep.: (λώβη):—

to treat despitefully, to insult, maltreat: to maim, mutilate: to dishonour. 2. absol. *to act outrageously or despitefully*.

II. pf. part. λελωβημένος, in pass. sense, *mutilated*.

λωβέω, f. σω, (λώβη) to mock, make a mock of. ΔΩΒΗ, ἡ, ill-usage by word or deed, disrespectful treatment, outrage, contumely, indignity: mutilation, maiming. 2. of a person, a disgrace, opprobrium.

λωβηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of λωβάομαι.

λωβήτερα, fem. of λωβητήρ.

λωβητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (λωβάομαι) one who treats despitefully, a foul slanderer: generally, a destroyer: mutilator, murderer. II. pass. a worthless wretch.

λωβητής, οὔ, ὁ, = λωβητήρ; λωβητῆς τέχνης a disgrace to his trade.

λωβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (λωβάομαι) ill-treated, outraged, dishonoured. II. act. insulting, abusive: baneful.

λωβήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, = λωβητήρ.

λώια, λωίτερος, v. λωίων.

λώιον, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, λώιον, τό: Att. contr. λώων, λῶον: neut. pl. λωίονα, syncop. λωία: (λῶ to wish):—more desirable; better:—Sup. λωίστος, η, ον, contr. λῶστος.—There is also a second Comp. λωίτερος, ον.

ΛΩΜΑ, ατος, τό, the hem or border of a robe. Hence

λωμάτιον, τό, Dim. a fringe, flounce.

λῶντι, 3 pl. of Dor. verb λῶ, to wish.

λώπη, ἡ, (λέπω, λοιπός) a covering, mantle. 2. a skin, busk, shell.

λωπίω, f. ἴσω, (λώπη) to cover, wrap up.

λωποδιδύεω, f. ἴσω, to steal clothes: hence trans. to rob, plunder. From

λωπο-δύτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, (λώπος, δύω) one who slips into another's clothes or strips him of them, a clothes-stealer: generally, a thief, robber, footpad.

λώπος, ὁ, = λῶπη.

λωπτος, η, ον, Att. contr. from λωίστος, Sup. of λωίων, most desirable, best.

λωτέοντα, Ion. acc. neut. pl. of λωτόεις.

λωτίω, f. ἴσω, (λωτός) to pluck flowers:—Med. λωτίομαι, to cull flowers for oneself, choose the best.

λωτίος, η, ον, (λωτός) of lotus.

λωτίσμα, τό, (λωτίω) a flower: metaph. the flower, choicest, best.

λωτοίεις, εσσα, εν, (λωτός) overgrown with lotus; πεδία λωτέοντα, Ion. for λωτέοντα, lotus-plains.

ΛΩΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, the lotus, name of several plants:—I. the Greek lotus, a kind of clover or trefoil, on which hares fed. II. the Cyrenean lotus or jujube, an African shrub, the fruit of which was eaten by certain tribes on the coast, hence called *Lotopbagi*: the fruit was honey-sweet, μεληθής: in size as large as the olive, and in taste resembling the date. III. the Egyptian lotus, the lily of the Nile. IV. there was also a lotus-tree growing in Africa, distinguished by its hard, black wood, of which flutes were made: hence λωτός is used poet. for a flute.

λωτο-τρόφος, ον, (λωτός, τρέφω) growing lotus. λωτο-φάγος, ον, (λωτός, φάγειν) eating lotus: as Subst., Λωτοφάγοι, οί, the Lotus-eaters, a peaceful nation on the coast of Cyrenaica.

λωτρόν, λωτρο-χός, Dor. for λουτρο-.

λωτώ, Dor. for λωτοῦ, gen. of λωτός.

λωφάω Ion. -έω, f. ἴσω, (λόφος) to rest from toil, take rest: c. gen. to have rest, abate from. 2. to abate, of a disease or of wind. II. trans. to lighten, relieve, release.

λωφήσσει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of λωφάω.

λώφησις, ἡ, (λωφάω) rest from:—remission, cessation.

λωφών, neut. λῶον, Att. contr. for λωίον, λώιον.

M

Μ, μ, μῦ Ion. μῶ, τό, indecl., twelfth letter of the Gr. alphabet: as numeral, μ' = 40, but μ = 40,000.

Changes of μ, esp. in the dialects: I. Aeol. and Lacon. into π, as μετά into πεδά. II. Aeol. μ doubled, e. g. ἄμμες ὕμμες, for ἡμεῖς ὑμεῖς. III.

μ becomes ν, as μίν Dor. νίν μί, Lat. ne. IV. μ is often added or left out, 1. at the beginning of a word, as ἴα μία, ὄσχος μύσχος, ὄχλευς μοχλεύς, Ἄρης Lat. Mars. 2. in the middle of a word, as πίμπλημι πῖπλημι, πίμπρημι πῖπρημι, ἀμβροτος ἄμβροτος, ὄμβριμος ὄβριμος, etc. V. μ sometimes has a or o prefixed, as μέλω γα ἀμέλω, μέρω γα ἀμέρω, μόρηννη ὀμόρηννη. VI. σ is added or left out before μ, as, σμάραγδος μάραγδος, σμάω μάω, σμικρός μικρός, σμυγέρως μογέρως.

μ', apostroph. for με. II. very rarely for μοι.

μά, a Particle used in strong protestation and oaths, either affirmative or negative acc. to the context: I. in affirmation; ναί μά τότε σιγήπτρον γεα by this sceptre. II. in negation; οὐ μά γάρ Ἀπόλλωνα ναί by Apollo. III. Att. μά is used absol., μά Δία, by Zeus! IV. in common discourse, the name of the deity sworn by was often suppressed, ναί μά τόν, οὐ μά τόν (sub. Δία). V. μά is sometimes omitted after οὐ; as, οὐ τὸν Δία, οὐ τὸν θεόν, no by Jove, etc.

μά, Aeol. and Dor. shortd. for μάτηρ μήτηρ, as μᾶ γᾶ for μήτηρ γῆ: cf. βᾶ, δᾶ, λῆ.

μαγάδιον, τό, the bridge of the magadis. [ᾶ] From μάγαδις, ἡ, gen. ἴδος: irreg. dat. μαγάδι: acc. μάγαδιν:—the magadis, a harp with twenty strings.

μαγάνευμα, τό, a piece of jugglery: pl. juggleries, mountebank's tricks: and

μαγγάνευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a juggler, mountebank. From μαγγάνεω, f. σω, (μάγγανον) to cheat by sleight of hand: to bewitch. 2. intr. to play tricks.

ΜΑΤΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, any means for tricking or bewitching, a philtre, drug: a juggler's apparatus. II. = γάγγαμον, a hunting-net.

μάγεία, ἡ, (μαγεύω) the religion of the Magi. 2. magic, art.

μαγειρείον, τό, (μάγειρος) a place for cooking, a cook-shop. II. Maced. a pot, kettle.

μαγειρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μάγειρος) fit for a cook or cookery: ἡ μαγειρική (sub. τέχνη), cookery. Hence μαγειρικῶς, Adv. in a cook-like way, artistically. μάγειρος, ὁ, a cook: also a butcher. (From μάσσω, μάζα, because the baking of bread was originally the chief business of the cook.)

μάγευμα, τό, (μάγεύω) a piece of magic art: in pl. charms, spells.

μάγευω, f. σω, (Μάγος) to be a Magus or a magician: μαγεύειν μέλη to sing incantations. II. trans. to enchant, bewitch, charm.

Μάγνης, ητος, ὁ, fem. Μάγνησσα, a Magnesian, a dweller in Μαγνησία in Thessaly: also Μάγνητης, fem. Μαγνητίς. II. λίθος Μαγνητίς, ἡ, the magnet, also called λίθος Ἑρακλεία.

ΜΑΓΟΣ, ου, ὁ, a Magus, Magian, one of a Median tribe. II. one of the wise men or seers in Persia who interpreted dreams. III. any enchanter, wizard: in bad sense a juggler, quack. [ᾶ]

μάγο-φόνια, τά, (Μάγος, φόνος) the slaughter of the Magi, a Persian festival.

μαγώτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. formed from μάγος, more magical.

μαδάρος, α, ὄν, (μαδάω) of flesh, flaccid, loose: of the head, bald.

μαδάω, f. ἴσω, (μαδός) to be moist or wet, to melt away: of hair, to fall off, Lat. *desfluere*: hence to be bald. μάδα, Dor. for μάζα.

*ΜΑΔΟΣΣ, ἡ, ὄν, the Root of μαδάω, etc., = μαδαρός. μάζα, ἡ, (μάσσω, to knead) barley-bread, a barley-cake, opp. to ἄρτος, wheaten bread: μάζαν μεμᾶχώς having baked him a cake, with a pun on μάχη.

μαϊσκη, ἡ, Dim. of μάζα, a barley-scone.

μαϊσ-νόμος, ὁ, (μάζα, νέμου) a wooden trencher for serving barley-cakes on: generally, a large platter or charger, Lat. *mazonomus*.

ΜΑΖΟΣΣ, οὔ, ὁ, one of the breasts (στέρνον being the whole breast or chest), mostly of women, but also of men. μαστός differs from μαζός only in dialect.

μαθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of μαθάνω.

μαθεύμα, Dor. for μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μάθημα, ατος, τό, (μαθεῖν) that which is learnt, a lesson. 2. learning knowledge:—in pl., τὰ μαθηματα mathematics. Hence

μαθηματικός, ἡ, ὄν, fond of learning. II. belonging to the sciences, esp. to mathematics: ἡ μαθηματικὴ (sub. ἐπιστήμη), mathematics: ὁ μαθηματικός a mathematician.

μάθησις, ἡ, (μαθεῖν) the act of learning, acquiring information. 2. desire or power of learning.

μαθήσομαι, fut. of μαθάνω.

μαθητός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαθάνω, to be learnt. II. neut. μαθητέον, one must learn.

μαθητεύω, f. σω, to be a pupil or scholar. II. trans. to make a disciple of one, instruct. From μαθητής, οὔ, ὁ, (μαθεῖν) a learner, pupil, Lat. *discipulus*: a disciple.

μαθητιάω, Desiderat. of μαθάνω, to wish to become a disciple. II. to be a disciple or pupil.

μαθήτρια, ἡ, ὄν, (μαθεῖν) learnt, that may be learnt. μαθήτρια, ἡ, fem. of μαθητής, a female pupil.

μαθοῖσι, Dor. fem. of μαθόν, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

μάθον [ᾶ], Ep. aor. 2 of μαθάνω.

μάθος [ᾶ], τό, poet. and Ion. for μαθήσις.

μαθών, aor. 2 part. of μαθάνω.

ΜΑΪΑ, ἡ, good mother, dame. II. a nurse,

foster-mother, mother. III. a midwife.

Μαῖα, ἡ, Maia, daughter of Atlas, mother of Hermes: also Μαῖάς, ἄδος, ἡ.

Μαίανδρος, ὁ, Maeander, a river in Caria noted for its windings.

μαῖούμαι, f. σομαι, Dep. (μαῖα III) to serve as a midwife: trans. to hatch.

Μαιμακτηριών, ὄνος, ἡ, the fifth Attic month, answering to the end of November and beginning of December, so called from the festival of Zeus Μαιμάκτης held in it.

Μαιμάκτης, ου, ὁ, (μαίμασσω) epith. of Jupiter, the boisterous, stormy, in whose honour the Maemacteria were kept at Athens in the first winter month, as being the god of storms, etc.

μαίμασσω, = μαίμω, to burst forth.

μαίμω, Ep. 3 pl. μαίμωσι, part. μαίμωον, -ώσασ: f. ὦσω: Ep. aor. 1 μαίμησα: (redupl. of μάω, as παιφάσσω from φάω):—to be very eager, to pant or quiver with eagerness: c. gen. to be eager for.

μαίνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) mad, raving, frantic. 2. as Subst. a mad woman: a Bacchanal, a Maenad. II. act. causing madness.

ΜΑΪΝΗ, ἡ, maena, a small sea-fish, like our herring.

μαίνις, ἴδος [Ὶ], ἡ, Dim. of μαίνη, a sprat.

μαινόλης, ου, ὁ, fem. μαινόλις, ἴδος, (μαίνομαι) raving, frenzied.

μαινόλιος, α, ον, = μαινόλης.

μαίνομαι, fut. μαήθησομαι and μανούμαι: pf. with pres. sense μέμνηται, also (in pass. form) μεμάνηται: aor. 1 med. ἐμνήμημι, aor. 2 pass. ἐμάνην, part. μανέεις, inf. μανήνη: (*μῶω)—to rage, to be furious, in war: also to rave with anger: to be mad with wine, be madly drunk, and of Bacchic frenzy, μανόμενος Διόνυσος the frenzied Dionysus: metaph. of things, to rage, riot—μαίνεσθαι ὑπὸ τοῦ θεοῦ to be driven mad by the god:—Att. phrase, πλεῖν ἢ μαίνομαι, more than madness, i. e. utter distraction. II. Causal in aor. 1 act. ἔμνηται, to make mad, madden.

ΜΑΪΟΜΑΙ, fut. μᾶσομαι [ᾶ], Dep. to endeavour, strive: to seek, seek to compass: cf. ἐπιμαίομαι.

μαῖομαι, f. = ὠσομαι, Dep. = μαειόμαι.

Μαῖρα, ἡ, (μαρ-μαίρω) the Sparkler, i. e. the dog-star.

Μαιωτιστί, Adv. in Maeotic (i. e. Scythian) fashion.

ΜΑΪΚΑΡ [μᾶ], ἄρος, ὁ, fem. μάκαρ or μάκαιρα:—blessed, happy, properly of the gods, opp. to mortal men: absol. μάκαρες, the blessed ones, i. e. the gods. II. of men, supremely blest, fortunate:

but also, *prosperous, wealthy*. III. the dead were esp. called *μάκαρες, the blessed*, as being beyond the reach of pain:—*μάκάρων νήσῳ* the islands of the *blessed*, (placed by the later Greeks in the ocean at the extreme West).—Comp. and Sup., *μακάρτερος, -τατος*.

μακάρεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *μάκαρ*.

μακάρια, ἡ, (μάκαρ) happiness, bliss.

μακάριος, ὁ, ὄν, or os, ov, collat. form of μάκαρ, blessed, happy, fortunate:—in Att. one of the upper classes:—Comp. and Sup. *μακαριώτερος, -τατος*.

μακάριστος, οὐ, ὄ, (μακαρίζω) a pronouncing or esteeming happy, a blessing.

μακάριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μακαρίζω) deemed or pronounced happy by others: absol. enviable. Adv. —*τως*.

μακάριτης (ἴ), ov, ὄ, like μάκαρ III, one in a state of bliss, i. e. one dead: fem. μακάριτις, ἰδος.

μακαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, = μακαριστός.

μακεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (μήκος) tall, taper.

Μακεδονίζω, f. σω, (Μακεδών) to be on the Macedonian side: or, to speak Macedonian.

Μακεδόνιος, α, ov, and -ονικός, ἡ, ὄν, Macedonian. From

Μακεδών, ὄνος, ὄ, a Macedonian.

μάκελλα, poet. also μάκελη, ἡ, (μία, κέλλω, as δίκελλα from εἰς, κέλλω) a pick-axe with one point.

μάκελλον, τό, Lat. macellum, a slaughter-house, shambles, market.

μακεστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (μάκος) used as Adj., μῦθος μακεστήρ a long, tedious tale.

Μακῆδών, ὄνος, ὄ, poet. for Μακεδών.

μάκιστος, Dor. for μήκιστος, (μήκος) irreg. Sup. of μακρός, = μέγιστος, greatest.

μακκοῶω, f. ἄσω, [ᾶ], τοῖβε stupid: pf. part. μεμακκοῶκός, dreaming, mooning.

μάκος, τό, Dor. for μήκος, length: acc. μάκος as Adv., = μακράν, afar.

μακρά (sub. γραμμῆ), ἡ, the long line which the δικαστής drew upon his tablet in token of condemnation, opp. to the short line (*βραχεία*), which was in token of acquittal.

μακρ-αἶων, ὠνος, ὄ, ἡ, (μακρός, αἶων) lasting long: of persons, long-lived: οἱ μακραίωνες the immortals.

μακράν Ion. μακρήν, acc. fem. of μακρός, used as Adv. at a distance, afar off, far: Comp. μακροτέρων, farther, to a greater distance. 2. also of Time, at length, tediously; *μακράν εἰπεῖν* to speak at great length: also long, *μακράν ζῆν* to live long.

μακρ-αὐχην, ενος, ὄ, ἡ, (μακρός, αὐχὴν) long-necked.

μακρ-γορέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρός, ἀγορεύω) to speak at great length. Hence

μακρηγορία Dor. μακραγ-, ἡ, long-windedness, prolixity, prating.

μακρ-ημερία, ἡ, (μακρός, ἡμέρα) the season of long days.

μακρο-βίος, ov, (μακρός, βίος) long-lived: οἱ Μακρόβιοι an Ethiopian people south of Egypt.

μακρο-βίωτος, ov, (μακρός, βίωτος) long-lived, of long duration.

μακρο-γῆρος, ων, gen. ω, (μακρός, γῆρας) very old, in advanced age.

μακρο-δρόμος, ov, (μακρός, δραμεῖν) far-running.

μακρόθεν, Adv. (μακρός) from afar.

μακροθυμέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρόθυμος) to be long-suffering, patient; μακροθυμεῖν εἰς τινα to be forbearing

or long-suffering towards one. Hence *μακροθυμία, ἡ, long-suffering*.

μακρο-θύμος, ov, (μακρός, θυμός) long-suffering, forbearing: patient. Adv. —*μως, patiently*.

μακρολογέω, f. ἦσω, (μακρολόγος) to speak at length: c. acc. rei, to speak long on a subject. Hence

μακρολογία, ἡ, a speaking at length.

μακρο-λόγος, ov, (μακρός, λέγω) speaking at length.

μακρο-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνοους, ov, (μακρός, πνέω) long-breathed: long-lived, lasting long.

μακρός, α, ὄν, (μάκος, μήκος) long, whether of Space or Time: 1. of Space, long, far-stretching. 2.

tall, lofty: also deep. 3. far, far distant; μακρὰ ἐπιβοήθειαι succours from a distance: ἐπὶ μακρὸν far, for a long way; ὅσον ἐπὶ μακρότατον as far as possible.

4. dat. *μακρῷ* is often used, like *πολύ, by far, much; μακρῷ πρώτος* by far the first.

II. of Time, long: *long-lasting, enduring; διὰ μακροῦ* (sc. χρόνου) after a long time; *εἰς μακρὸν* for a long time.

2. long, tedious; *διὰ μακρῶν* at great length.

III. regul. Comp. *μακρότερος; Sup. μακρότατος*. Irreg. Comp. *μάσσων, μᾶσσον; Sup. μήκιστος*. Dor. *μάκιστος*, formed from *μήκος, as αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*.

IV. the neut. pl. *μακρά* is used as Adv., *μακρὰ βιβάζ* taking long strides; *μακρὰ μεινῶκός* loudly bellowing; *μακρὰ προσεύχσθαι* to make long prayers:—so also neut. sing., *μακρὸν αὐτεῖν* to shout aloud.

μάκος, ενος, τό, = μάκος, μήκος, length.

μακρο-τένω, εντος, ὄ, ἡ, (μακρός, τείνω) far-stretched, long drawn out.

μακροτέρων, Comp. of μακράν, q. v.

μακρο-τόνος, ov, (μακρός, τείνω) = μακροτένω.

μακρο-φάρυγξ, υγγος, ὄ, ἡ, (μακρός, φάρυγξ) wide long throat or gullet.

μακρο-φλυαρήτης, ου, ὄ, (μακρός, φλυαρέω) a tedious prater.

μακρο-χρόνιος, ov, (μακρός, χρόνιος) long-enduring

μάκτρα, ἡ, (μάσσω) a kneading-trough.

μάκτρον, τό, (μάσσω) a towel, napkin.

μακύνω, Dor. for μακύνω.

μακῶν, old poet. aor. 2 part. of μακάομαι.

μάκων [ᾶ], ενος, Dor. for μήκων, αυος.

ΜΑ'ΛΛΑ, Adv. *very, very much, exceedingly, quite*: 1. strengthening the word with which it stands; *μάλα πολλά* very many; *μάλ' εὖ* right well; *μάλ' αὐτίκα* quite directly; *μάλα διαμπερές* right through; *οὐ μάλα* by no means, on no account. 2.

strengthening a whole sentence; ἡ μάλα δὴ . . , now in very truth . . ; so, with a part., μάλα περ μεμῶσθ though desiring never so much.

II. Comp. μάλλον, more, more strongly: also rather, Lat. *potius*. 2. *too much, far too much*. 3. μάλλον is sometimes joined to another Comp.; βῆτερος μάλλον more easier; ἐχθίων μάλλον; etc. 4. μάλλον ἢ is often followed by οὐ (where οὐ seems redundant); as, πόλιν ὅλην διαφθερείν μάλλον ἢ οὐ τοὺς αἰτίους; in this case μάλλον ἢ οὐ is preceded by another negat. 5. παντὸς μάλλον more than anything, i. e. by all means.

III. Sup. μάλιστα, most, most strongly: most of all, especially; ἐν τοῖς μάλιστα (sc. οὖσι), Lat. *imprimis, as much as any*; ἐς τὰ μάλιστα for the most part, mostly: μάλιστα is sometimes added to another Sup., as ἐχθιστος μάλιστα. 2. in numbers, μάλιστα is often added to shew that they are not exact, at the most, at most; πενήκοντα μάλιστα fifty at most, where the real number is forty-nine: hence about, pretty near, ἐς μέσον μάλιστα about the middle. 3. καὶ μάλιστα most certainly, Lat. *vel maxime*.

μαλάβαρον or μαλόβαρον, τό, *malobabrum*, the aromatic leaf of an Indian plant, the betel or areca.

μαλόκαϊ-πους, ὁ, ἡ, πονν, τό, gen. ποδος, (μαλακός, ποός) softly treading.

μαλόκκία, ἡ, (μαλακός) softness, tenderness: of men, effeminacy, weakness.

μαλόκκίω, (μαλακία) to be soft or tender.

μαλόκκίζω, f. σω, (μαλακός) to make soft, enervate.

II. Pass. and Med. μαλακίζομαι, f. -ίζομαι Att. -ιούμαι: aor. I med. ἐμαλακισάμην, pass. ἐμαλακίσθημι:—to be soft or tender, weak or effeminate. 2. to be softened or oppressed.

μαλόκκωνος, ὁ, (μαλακός) a darling. [κῆ]

μαλόκκον-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μαλακός, γνώμη) gentle of mood.

ΜΑΛΑΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὅν, Lat. *MOLLIS, soft*; μαλακός λέϊμων a soft, grassy meadow.

II. soft, gentle, mild. 2. in bad sense, soft, effeminate: easy, careless, remiss.

μαλόκκον-χειρ, χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (μαλακός, χεῖρ) soft-banded, soothing.

μαλόκκύνω, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be soft or weakly, to flag.

μαλόκκως, Adv. of μαλακός, softly: easily, carelessly: Sup. μαλακώτατα.

μαλόκκω Att. -τω, fut. ξω, (μαλακός) to make soft, soften: of leather, to make supple, curry: and metaph., μαλόκκωσιν τινά to give one a dressing, curry him.

II. metaph. to soften by entreaties, to pacify: also to relieve.—Pass. to be softened: c. gen. to be relieved from.

μαλόκκῃ, ἡ, (μαλόκκω) a mallow, Lat. *malva*.

μαλόκκός, ἄ, ὅν, (μάλα) very strong, mighty, raging, of fire: metaph. glowing, vehement.

ΜΑΛΗ, ἡ, the arm-pit, Lat. *ala*: only in the phrase ὑπὸ μάλῃς or ὑπὸ μάλῃν, under the arm.

ΜΑΛΘΑ or μάλθη, ἡ, a mixture of wax and pitch for calking ships. 2. the wax laid over writing-tablets.

μαλόκκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ῶ, = μαλακίζω, to soften:—Pass. to be softened: to be remiss.

μαλόκκωνος, ἡ, ον, poet. for μαλοκακός.

μαλόκκιστέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of μαλοκακίζομαι, one must be remiss.

μαλόκκός, ἡ, ὅν, = μαλακός (with θ inserted), soft.

II. soft, gentle, mild: in bad sense, soft, weakly, effeminate.

μαλόκκως, Adv. softly: gently, mildly.

μαλόκκωσσω, f. ξω, = μαλόκκωσσω, to soften, soothe:—Pass., μαλοκακθῆναι ὑπνω to be unnerved by sleep.

μάλιος, α, ον, Dor. for μάλινος.

μάλιον, τό, (μαλόκκω) hair, a lock of hair. [ἄ]

Μαλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for Μηλίς, (μάλον, = μῆλον) a nymph who protects the flocks (μῆλα).

μάλιστα, Adv., Sup. of μάλα: v. μάλα III.

μάλλα, by crasis for μῆ ἀλλά, nay but.

μαλόκκ-δέτος, ον, (μαλόκκω, δέω) bound with wool.

μάλλον, Adv., Comp. of μάλα: v. μάλα II.

ΜΑΛΛΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a lock of wool, the wool of sbcerp, a fleece: of men, a lock or braid of hair.

μαλόκκβαρον, v. μαλόκκβαρον.

μάλον, Dor. for μῆλον v.

μαλόκκ-πάρῃος, ον, Dor. for μηλοπάρῃος.

μάλος, ἡ, ὅν, white. (Origin uncertain.)

μαλόκκ-φόρος, μαλόκκ-φύλαξ, Dor. for μηλοφ-μάμμῃ and μᾶμμη, ἡ, a child's attempt to call to its mother: like ἄππα, ἀπφά, ἄττα, πάππα. II. = μήτηρ, mother.

III. later a grandmoother.

Μαμμάκκῃος, ὁ, proverb. word for a blockhead.

μαμμάκκον αἰτεῖν, to cry for the mother's breast, of young children before they can articulate.

μαμμάκκῃ, ἡ, (μάμμη) a mother.

Μαμμῶνῃος or Μαμμῶνῃος, οὐ, ὁ, Mammon, the Syrian god of riches, = Greek Πλούτος: hence generally, wealth, riches.

μᾶν, affirm. Particle, Dor. and old Ep. for μῆν.

ΜΑΝΔΡΑ, ἡ, a fold, byre, stable, Lat. *mandra*: also 2. the setting of a seal, Lat. *pala, funda*.

μανδράκκῃος, ον, ὁ, mandrake, a narcotic plant.

μᾶνῃος, εἶσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μᾶννομαι.

Μανέρῃος, ὁ, Maneros, only son of the first king of Egypt: also a national dirge named after him, identical with the Greek Δίνος.

μᾶνῃος, Dor. for μῆνῃος, pl. of μῆν.

μᾶνῃναι, aor. 2 inf. of μᾶννομαι.

ΜΑΝΘΑΝΩ: fut. μᾶθησομαι Dor. μᾶθεύμαι: aor. 2 ἐμάθον, in Homer either without augm. μάθον, or with double μ, ἐμμαθες, ἐμμαθε: pf. μεμάθηκα:—to learn by inquiry, to ascertain: in aor. to have learnt, i. e. to understand, be acquainted with.

II. of the attempt, to ask, inquire about.

III. to perceive, understand, comprehend, like Lat. *teneo*; μανθάνεις; do you understand? Answ., πᾶν μανθᾶνω, perfectly!

—c. part., μᾶνθανε ἄν, know that you are. IV.

in Att., *τί μανῶν*; comes to mean *wherefore?* properly, having ascertained what? for what fresh reason? almost = *τί παθῶν*;

μᾶνία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μαίνομαι) *madness, frenzy*. II. generally, *mad passion, rage, fury*. III. *enthusiasm, Bacchic frenzy*.

μανιάς, ἀδός, (μαίνομαι) fem. Adj. *frantic, mad, frenzied*; joined with a neut. pl. Subst., *μανιάσιον λυσσῆμασι* with mad fits of raving, like *victricia arma*.

μανϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, (μανία) *inclined to madness, mad*; **βλέπειν μανϊκόν** to look mad. Hence

μανϊκῶς, Adv. *in mad fashion, madly*.

μᾶνις, ἴδος, Dor. for **μῆνις**.

μανίω, Dor. for **μηνίω**.

μᾶνι-ώδης, es, (μανία, εἶδος) *mad-like, mad*: τὸ μανϊώδες *madness*.

ΜΑΝΝΑ', ἡ, *a morsel, grain*. 2. *manna*.

ΜΑΝΝΟΣ or **μάνος**, ὁ, Lat. *monile, a necklace, collar*.

μαννο-φόρος, ον, (μάννος, φέρω) *wearing a collar*.

ΜΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *rarus, thin, loose, slack, flaccid*. II. of number, *few, scanty*. See **μᾶνός**.

μαντεία Ion. -ήη, ἡ, (μαντεύομαι) *prophesying, power of divination*: also *the mode of divination*. II. *an oracle, prophesy*.

μαντεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (μαντίς) *an oracle, i. e., I. an oracular response*. II. *the seat of an oracle*.

μαντεῖος, α, ον, or os, ον, Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (μάντις) *oracular, prophetic*.

μαντεύμα, ατος, τό, *an oracle*. From

μαντεύομαι, f. -σομαι: aor. I **ἐμαντεύσαμην**: pf. **μεμάντευμαι**: Dep.: (μάντις):—*to divine, prophesy, deliver an oracle*. 2. *to presage, forebode, surmise* of animals, *to scent*. 3. *to seek divinations: to consult an oracle*.

II. aor. I **ἐμαντεύθην**, impers. in pass. sense, *an oracle was given*: and pf. part. τὰ **μεμαντευμένα**, *the oracles delivered*. Hence

μαντευτός, ον, verb. Adj. *one must divine, prophesy*.

μαντευτός, ὁ, ὄν, (μαντεύομαι) *foretold or ordained by an oracle*.

μαντηγία, -τήιον, -τήιος, Ion. for **μαντεία**, etc.

μάντι, voc. of **μάντις**.

μαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a soothsayer or diviner, *prophetic*: as Subst., **μαντική** (sub. τέχνη), ἡ, *the art or faculty of divination*. Adv. -κῶς.

μαντιπολέω, f. ἥσω, *to prophesy*. From

μαντι-πόλος, ον, (μάντις, πολέω) *inspired, frenzied*.

μάντις, ὁ, gen. eos Ion. ios: (μαίνομαι): *a diviner, soothsayer, seer, prophet*: also as fem., *a prophetess*. 2. metaph. *a foreboder*. II. *a kind of locust or grasshopper*.

μαντοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of divination, divining*. [δ]

μαντοσίνος, η, ον, (μάντις) *oracular, prophetic*.

μαντώος, α, ον, = **μαντεῖος**.

μᾶνιώς, μᾶνιυτής, μᾶνιυσις, Dor. for **μην-**.

μᾶνῶς, Adv. of **μᾶνός**, rarely: comp. **μανότερον**, less often.

μάομαι, see **μαίωμα**.

μᾶπτείν, Ep. aor. 2. inf. of **μάρπτω**.

μάραγνα, ἡ, = **σμάραγνα**, *a lash, whip, scourge*. [μᾶ]

μᾶραθον, τό, Dor. and Att. form of **μᾶραθρον**.

Μᾶ'ΡΑΘΡΟΝ, τό, *fennel*, Lat. *maratrum*. [μᾶ]

Μᾶραθῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, *Marathon*, a plain on the east coast of Attica, celebrated for the defeat of the Persians, so called from its being overgrown with fennel (**μᾶραθρον**).

Μᾶραθονο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (**Μαραθῶν**, **μάχομαι**) *one who fought at Marathon*: hence *a brave veteran*.

Μᾶ'ΡΑΨΝΟ, f. ἀνώ: aor. I **ἐμᾶραψα** Att. -ᾶνα:—Pass., aor. I **ἐμᾶράνθη**: pf. **μεμᾶραμμα** or **μεμᾶρασμαι**:—*to put out, quench, extinguish:—Pass. *to die away, burn low*. II. metaph. *to quench*: *to weaken, make to waste or pine away*:—Pass. *to die away, waste away, languish*.*

μαρὰν ἀθά, Syriac, *the Lord cometh*, sc. to judgment.

μαργαῖω, only in pres., (μάργος) *to rage furiously*.

μαργαρίτης [τῆ], ον, ὁ, *a pearl*, Lat. *margarita*.

μαργάω, only in part., (μάργος) *to rage furiously*.

Μαργαίτης [τῆ], ον, ὁ, (μάργος) *Margites*, hero of a mock-heroic poem ascribed to Homer.

Μᾶ'ΡΓΟΣ, η, ον, or os, ον, *raging mad*, Lat. *furius*. 2. *greedy, gluttonous*. 3. *lustful*. Hence

μαργότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *rage, madness*. 2. *greediness, gluttony*. 3. *lust*.

Μᾶ'ΡΗ, ἡ, = **χείρ**, *a hand*. (Hence **εὐ-μαρής**.)

Μᾶ'ΡΥ'ΛΗ, ἡ, *the embers of charcoal*. [τῆ]

μᾶριλο-πότης, ον, ὁ, (μαρίλη, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of **πίω**) *gulper of coal-dust*.

ΜΑΡΜΑΥΡΩ, only in pres. and impf., *to flash, sparkle, glisten, gleam*, mostly of metal; **ὄμματα μαρμαύροντα** *sparkling eyes*. Hence

μαρμῦρος, α, ον, (μαρμαύρω) *flashing, sparkling, glistening*, of metals: also of the sea.

μαρμῦρινος, η, ον, (μαρμαρος) *of marble*.

μαρμῦροεις, εσσα, εν, = **μαρμῦρεος**, *bright, gleaming*.

μᾶρμαρον, τό, = **μάρμαρος**.

μᾶρμαρος, ον, ὁ, (μαρμαύρω) *any stone or rock, with sparkling crystals in it*: also as Adj., **πέτρος μᾶρμαρος** *a sparkling stone*. II. **μάρμαρος**, ἡ, Lat. *marmor*, *marble*: also *a work in marble, a slab or tablet of marble*.

μαρμαῦργη, ἡ, (μαρμαύρω) *a flashing, sparkling*: of any quick motion, **μαρμαυργα ποδῶν** *the quick twinkling of the dancers' feet*.

μαρμαῦρο-σπός, ὄν, (μαρμαρος, ὤψ) *with sparkling eyes*.

Μᾶ'ΡΝᾶ'ΜΑΙ, σσαι, σσαι, imperat. **μάρναο**, subj. **μάρνωμαι**, opt. **μαρνοίμην**, inf. **μάρνασθαι**, part. **μαρνώμενος**; impf. **ἐμαρνάμην**, αο, ατο, dual **ἐμαρνάσθην**: no other tenses in use: Dep.:—*to fight, do battle, contend*:—of boxers, *to contend, encounter*. 2. *to quarrel, wrangle*. 3. metaph. *to struggle, strive*.

μαρναμένουιν, Ep. part. gen. dual of **μαρναμαι**.

μάρνατο, **μάρναντο**, Ep. 3 sing. and pl. impf. of **μάρναμαι**.

μαρπίτις, ὁ, (μάρπτω) *a seizer, ravisber*.

ΜΑΨΠΤΩ, fut. μάρψω: aor. I ἔμαρψα: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 μέμαρπον: and a shortd. aor. 2 ἔμᾶπον, inf. μᾶπένω, whence 3 pl. opt. μεμᾶπομεν: pf. part. μεμαρπός:—to grasp, hold, catch: to lay hold of, seize: to embrace, clasp: to reach, overtake, catch.

ΜΑΨΣΙΠΟΣ, a bag, pouch, Lat. marsupium.

ΜΑΨΤΥΨ, ἦρος, ὁ and ἡ, Aeol. Hence μαρτυρέω, f. ἦσω:—Pass., fut. I μαρτυρήσομαι, but also f. med. in pass. sense, μαρτῦρήσομαι: aor. I ἔμαρτῦρήθη: pf. μεμαρτῦρημαι:—to be a witness: to bear witness: μαρτυρεῖν τινί to bear witness in favour of another: c. acc. rei, to bear witness to a thing, testify to: c. inf. to testify or declare that a thing is:—Pass. to have witness borne to one. II. later, to be or become a martyr. Hence

μαρτύρημα, atos, τό, testimony.
μαρτύρια, ἡ, (μαρτυρέω) a bearing witness. 2. witness, testimony, evidence.
μαρτύριον, τό, a testimony, proof: in pl., μαρτύρια, τά, evidence. [ῥ] From

μαρτύρομαι [ῥ]: f. ὑροῦμαι: aor. I ἔμαρτῦράμην: Dep.: (μαρτυς):—to call to witness, invoke: absol. μαρτύρομαι, I call witnesses, I protest.

μάρτυρος, ὁ, Ep. form of μαρτυς, a witness.
ΜΑΨΤΥΨ, ὁ or ἡ, gen. μάρτύρος, acc. μάρτῦρα, as if from μάρτυρ, but also acc. μάρτύρην: pl. μάρτύρες, dat. μάρτυσι ποῖτ. μάρτυσσι:—a witness.

μαρυνόκομαι, μάρυκημα, Dor. for μηρυκ-, μαρύομαι, Dor. for μηρύομαι.

μάρψαι, aor. I inf. of μάρπτω.
μᾶσσομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep., (μάω, μᾶσσω) to chew.
μᾶσασθαι [ᾶ], aor. I inf. of Root *μάω, to touch.
μᾶσδα, μασδός, Dor. for μάζα, μαζός.

μᾶσθλη, ἡ, = ἱμάσθλη, a leathern thong. Hence μᾶσθλης, ἦρος, ὁ, a leathern thong. II. metaph. a supple, slippery knave.

μασθός, ὁ, a Dor. form of μαστός, μαζός.
μασί, Dor. for μῆσι, dat. pl. of μῆν.

μάσομαι [ᾶ], fut. of *μάω II.

Μασσαλία, ἡ, Lat. Massilia, Marseilles. Hence Μασσαλιώτης, ου, ὁ, a man of Marseilles.

μασσάομαι, etc., = μασάομαι.

μάσσω Att. μάττω: fut. μάξω: aor. I ἔμαξα: pf. μεμᾶχα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμάχθην: pf. μεμαγμαί: (*μάω):—to touch, handle. II. to work with the hands, to knead dough, Lat. pinso:—Pass., σίτος μεμαγμένος dough ready kneaded.

μάσπων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μᾶσπον, gen. μᾶσπονος, irreg. Comp. of μακρός for μακρότερος, longer, larger.

μάσταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (μασάομαι) that with which one chews or eats, the jaws, mouth. II. that which is chewed, a mouthful, morsel.

μαστᾶρύξω or -ίξω, to mumble, of an old man. (Formed from the sound.)

μάστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μαστήρ.

μαστεύω, f. σω, = ματεύω, to seek: to seek or endeavour to do: to seek or search after.

μαστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*μάω) a seeker, searcher. Hence

μαστήριος, α, ον, searching.

μαστιγέω, false form for μαστιγῶ.

μαστιγίας, ου, ὁ, (μάστιξ) one who deserves whipping, a worthless slave, sorry knave, Lat. verbero.

μαστιγο-φόρος, ον, (μάστιξ, φέρω) carrying a whip: as Subst., μαστιγοφόρος, ὁ, a sort of constable.

μαστιγῶ, f. ὥσω: pf. aor. I ἐμαστιγῶσα:—Pass., fut. med. in pass. sense μαστιγῶσομαι: pf. μεμαστιγῶμαι: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog, beat. Hence

μαστιγώσιμος, ον, that deserves whipping.

μαστιγώσιος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μαστιγῶ, to be whipped, deserving a whipping.

μαστίξω, f. ξω: aor. I ἐμάστιξα Ep. μάστιξα: (μάστιξ):—to whip, flog.

μαστίκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μαστίξω) a scourger.

μάστιξ, ἴγος, ἡ, (μάω, μᾶσσω) a whip, scourge; ἔππον μάστιξ a horse-whip. II. metaph. a scourge, plague; μάστιξ Πειθοῦς the lash of eloquence.

μαστίων, Ep. part. of μαστίω.

μάστις, ἴος, ἡ, Ion. for μάστιξ; dat. μαστί.

μαστίδω, Dor. for μαστίξω.

μαστίχῶ, (μάσταξ) to gnash the teeth, only in Ep. part. dat. μαστιχῶντι.

μαστίω, collat. form of μαστίξω, to whip, scourge, beat, lash:—Med., μαστίαια πλειυράσ οὐρή [the lion] lashes his sides with his tail.

μαστό-δετον, τό, (μαστός, δέω) a breast-band.

μαστός, οὔ, ὁ, one of the breasts of a woman, later form for Hom. μαζός. II. metaph. a round bill, knoll. III. a piece of wool fastened to the edge of the nets.

μαστροπεία, ἡ, a pandering. From

μαστροπέω, f. σω, (μαστροπός) to be a pander, play the pander: c. acc. to seduce.

μαστροπός, ὁ and ἡ, (μάω, μαστήρ) a pander, pimp, Lat. leno, lena.

μασχάλη, ἡ, (μάλη) the armpit, Lat. ala, axilla. [χᾶ]

μασχάλίζω, f. ἴσω, (μασχάλη) to put under the armpits: to mutilate a corpse, since murderers fancied, that by cutting off the extremities, and placing them under the armpits, they would avert vengeance. Hence

μασχάλιστρον, ἦρος, ὁ, a broad strap passing behind the horse's shoulders and fastened to the yoke by the

λέπαδνον: generally, a girdle, band.

ματῶξω, (μάτην) to act unmeaningly or foolishly.

ματῶξω, (μάταιος) = ματάξω.

ματῶλογία, ἡ, idle talking. From

ματῶλο-λόγος, ον, (μάταιος, λέγω) idly talking.

μάταιος [ᾶ], α, ον, or os, ον, (μάτη) idle, foolish, unmeaning, trifling. II. thoughtless, rash, wanton, profane. Hence

ματῶιότης, ἦρος, ἡ, folly, vanity.

ματῶιως, Adv. of μάταιος, idly, without reason.

ΜΑΨΑΨ, f. ἦσω, (μάτη) to be idle, to loiter, linger, lag; οὐ ματᾶ τούργον the work lags not. II. to be in vain, fruitless.

ματεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐμάτευσα: (*μάω):—to seek, search: to seek to do. 2. to seek or search after:

to search, explore.

ματέω, rare form for ματέω.

II. Aeol. form

of πατέω, to tread on.

ΜΑΨΗ, ἡ, = μαψία, a folly, a fault. [ᾶ] Hence μάτην Dor. μάταν [ᾶ], Adv. in vain, idly, foolishly, Lat. frustra. 2. senselessly, at random, Lat. temere. 3. idly, falsely, Lat. falso. Originally acc.

of μάτη, hence εἰς μάτην at random. [ᾶ]

μάτηρ, Dor. for μήτηρ, Lat. mater. [ᾶ]

ματῆς, Dor. for ματᾶς.

ματῖα Ion. -ία, ἡ, (μάτην) a vain attempt.

ματρ-αδελφείος, ματρο-δόκος, etc., Dor. for μητρ-

ματτῖα, ἡ, a rich, high-seasoned dish, Lat. mattea

and mattya. (Foreign word.)

ματτυ-λοιχός, ὄν, (ματτῖα, λείχω) licking up dainties.

μάττω, f. ζω, Att. for μᾶσσω.

μαῦλις, ἴδος or ἰος, ἡ, a knife.

μαυρόω, like ἄμαυρόω, to darken: metaph. to make powerless, to make obscure or forgotten:—Pass. to become dark or obscure.

μάχαρα [μᾶ], ἡ, a large knife, worn like a dirk next the sword-sheath. II. as a weapon, a short sword or dagger: a sabre or scimitar, opp. to ξίφος (the straight sword). III. a kind of razor; διπλή

μάχαρα scissors. Hence

μάχαιρίδιον, τό, Dim. a short sword or dagger.

μάχαιρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of μάχαρα, a small knife. 2. a small razor.

μάχαιροποιεῖον, τό, a sword or knife factory. From

μάχαιρο-ποιός, ὄν, (μάχαρα, ποίεω) a cutler.

μάχαιρο-φόρος, ὄν, (μάχαρα, φέρω) wearing a sabre.

μάχαιρός, ὄ, Dor. for μάχητός.

Μᾶχάων [ᾶ], ὄνος, ὄ, Machaon, son of Aesculapius.

μάχειόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μάχομαι, Ion. for μάχομαι.

μάχεόμενος, Ep. part. of μάχομαι.

μαχέσκητο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of μάχομαι.

μάχου, Dor. for μάχον, pres. imperat. of μάχομαι.

ΜΑΨΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, a battle, fight, combat; properly an engagement between armies, but also, a single combat; μάχην νικᾶν to win a battle; but μάχη νικᾶν τινά to conquer one in battle. II. a quarrel, strife, wrangling.

III. an amicable contest, as for a prize in the games. IV. a mode of fighting, way of battle. V. a field of battle. Hence

μάχημων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, warlike.

μάχητής, οὗ, ὄ, (μάχη) a fighter, warrior; as Adj. warlike. Hence

μάχητικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for fighting, pugnacious.

μάχιμος, ἡ, ὄν, (μάχη) disposed for battle, warlike: οἱ μάχιμοι or τὸ μάχιμον the soldiery, the effective force.

μάχιμω-ώδης, ἐς, (μάχιμος, εἶδος) warlike, contentious.

μαχλάς, ἄδος, poet. fem. of μάχλος.

ΜΑΨΛΟΣ, ὄν, lewd, lustful: wanton. Hence

μαχλοσύνη, ἡ, lewdness, lust, wantonness.

μαχλοῦσθαι, Ion. for μαχίοντο, 3 pl. opt. of

μάχομαι Ion. μαχέομαι [ᾶ], Ep. part. μαχειόμενος and μαχεόμενος: fut. μαχέσομαι Ep. μαχέσσομαι or μαχήσομαι Att. μαχοῦμαι: aor. I ἐμαχέσασθην, Ep. inf. μαχέσασθαι or μαχήσασθαι: pf. μεμάχημα: Dep.: (μάχη)—to fight, contend in battle; c. dat. pers. to fight with, i. e. against; but, σύν τινι with the sanction of; κατὰ σφείας μάχεσθαι to fight by themselves: but, καθ' ἑνα μάχεσθαι to fight one against one, in single combat. II. generally, to quarrel, wrangle, dispute: hence, to oppose, withstand one. III. to contend for the prize in the games: to measure oneself with.

ΜΑΨ, Adv. in vain, idly, fruitlessly; μὲψ ὀμόσαι to swear lightly, unmeaningly. II. thoughtlessly, rashly, indecorously.

μαψ-αὔρα, ὄν, αἰ, (μάψ, αὔρα) squalls, gusts of wind. μαψίδιος, ὄν, (μάψ) vain, false, idle, useless. Hence μαψιδίως, Adv., = μάψ, foolishly, thoughtlessly: without reason: recklessly.

μαψι-λόγος, ὄν, (μάψ, λέγω) idly talking.

μαψι-τόκος, ὄν, (μάψ, τεκείν) bringing forth in vain.

μαψι-ὕλακᾶς, ὄν, ὄ, (μάψ, ὕλακᾶ) idly yelping, repeating again and again. [λαΐ]

*ΜᾶΨ, a Root, only used in pf. act. and in Med.:

I. μέμα, pf. with pres. sense, 3 pl. μεμάσσι, often in the syncopate forms, dual μεμάστων, μέμασεν, μέματε; 3 sing. imperat. μεμάτω [ᾶ]; 3 pl. plpf. μεμάσσαν; but most often in part. μεμάσως, μεμάσῃα, μεμάστος, μεμάστες, but also μεμάστες, μεμάσῃα:—to strive after, long for, desire eagerly, mostly c. inf.: also absol., πρῶσσω μεμανῖα pressing forward; μεμαστές ἐγχείρησι pressing forward with their spears. 2. to wish or claim to be. II.

Med., μάομαι, μᾶμαι, part. μᾶμενος, inf. μᾶσθαι, imperat. μᾶεο, to seek after, covet.

μέ, enclit. acc. of ἐγώ.

μέγᾶ, neut. of μέγας.

μεγᾶ-θαρσής, ἐς, (μέγας, θάρσος) very bold.

μεγᾶ-θῆος, Ion. for μέγθεος.

μεγᾶ-θύμος, ὄν, (μέγας, θυμός) high-minded, magnanimous.

μεγαῖρω, aor. I ἐμέγηρα, (μέγας) to look on a thing as too great: hence, to grudge a thing to another as too great for him, and generally, to refuse or deny, withbold from envy: to object, complain.

μεγᾶ-κλήτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κήτος) huge, unworldly.

μεγα-κλής, ἐς, declined (as if from μεγακλήης) μεγκακλῆος, -εῖ, -έα, -έες, cf. εὐκλήης: (μέγας, κλῆος):—very famous. 2. pr. n. of several of the family of the Alcaeonidae at Athens.

μεγᾶ-κύδης, ἐς, (μέγας, κύδος) much renowned.

μεγάλα, neut. pl. of μέγας.

μεγᾶλ-ἄνορα, μεγᾶλ-ἄνωρ, Dor. for μεγαλην-, μεγᾶλ-αυχέω, f. ἦσω, (μέγας, αὐχέω) to boast bigly, speak haughtily:—Med. to boast oneself.

μεγᾶλ-αυχητός and μεγᾶλ-αυχος, ὄν, (μέγας, αὐχέω) very boastful, vaunting, arrogant.

μεγαλείος, α, ον, (μέγας) *magnificent, splendid*: of men, *haughty*. Hence

μεγαλειότης, ἦτος, ἡ, *grandeur, splendour, majesty*.
μεγαλείως, Adv. of μεγαλείος, *magnificently*.

μεγαλληγορέω, f. ἦσω, (μεγαλληγορος) *to talk big, boast*. Hence

μεγαλληγορία, ἡ, *big talking*.

μεγάλ-ἡγορος, ον, (μέγας, ἀγορεύω) *talking big, vaunting, boastful*.

μεγαλληγορία, ἡ, *manliness, courage*. 2. in bad sense, *haughtiness*. From

μεγάλ-ἡνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἀνὴρ) *heroic, big-minded*. 2. in bad sense, *haughty*.

μεγάλ-ἡτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἦτωρ) *great-hearted; magnanimous*.

μεγαλίξω, (μέγας) *to magnify*:—Pass. *to be exalted, to bear oneself haughtily*.

μεγαλογνωμοσύνη, ἡ, *loftiness of sentiment*. From
μεγάλο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, γνώμη) *of lofty sentiments, big-minded*.

μεγάλο-δοξος, ον, (μέγας, δόξα) *very glorious*.
μεγαλοδωρία, ἡ, *munificence, liberality*. From

μεγάλο-δώρος, ον, (μέγας, δῶρον) *making rich presents; munificent*.

μεγάλ-οιτος, ον, (μέγας, οἶτος) *very wretched*.
μεγάλο-κευθίς, ἐς, (μέγας, κεύθω) *concealing much*: hence *capacious*.

μεγάλο-κράτης, ἐς, (μέγας, κράτος) *far-ruling*.
μεγάλο-μητις, ι, (μέγας, μήτις) *of high design, ambitious*.

μεγάλο-μισθος, ον, (μέγας, μισθός) *receiving large pay*.

μεγάλο-πετρος, ον, (μέγας, πέτρα) *on the vast rock*.

μεγάλο-πόλις, ι, gen. ιος Att. εως, (μέγας, πόλις) *joined with the name of a place, as, Ἀθῆναι μεγαλοπόλιες the great city of Athens*.

μεγάλο-πράγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, πρᾶγμα) *disposed to do great deeds, forming great designs*.

μεγαλοπρέπεια, ἡ, *splendour, magnificence*. From
μεγάλο-πρεπής, ἐς, (μέγας, πρέπω) *befitting greatness; magnificence, splendid, sumptuous*. Hence

μεγαλοπρεπῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. *magnificently*:
Comp. μεγαλοπρεπέστερον, Sup. -έστατα.

μεγάλος, v. μέγας.

μεγάλο-σθενής, ἐς, (μέγας, σθένος) *of great strength*.
μεγάλο-σπλαγχνος, ον, (μέγας, σπλαγχνον) *big-spirited*.

μεγάλο-στονος, ον, (μέγας, στένω) *very piteous*.
μεγαλοσύνη, ἡ, = μέγεθος.

μεγάλο-σχημων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέγας, σχῆμα) *of large form, magnificent*.

μεγάλο-τολμος, ον, (μέγας, τόλμα) *greatly daring, enterprising, adventurous*.

μεγαλοφρόνως, Adv. of μεγαλόφρων, *generously, proudly*.

μεγαλοφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (μεγαλόφρων) *to be high-minded*: in bad sense, *to be proud, haughty*. Hence

μεγαλοφροσύνη, ἡ, *greatness of mind*: in bad sense, *pride, haughtiness*.

μεγάλο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, φρήν) *big-minded, noble, generous*: in bad sense, *proud, haughty*.

μεγαλοφωνία, ἡ, *big talking, vaunting*. From
μεγάλο-φώνος, ον, (μέγας, φωνή) *loud-talking*.

μεγαλοψύχια, ἡ, *greatness of soul, magnanimity*: in bad sense, *arrogance*. From

μεγάλο-ψύχος, ον, (μέγας, ψυχή) *big-souled, great-bearded, magnanimous*.

μεγαλύνω, (μέγας) *to make great or powerful*:—
Pass. *to be exalted*. II. *to extol, magnify*. 2.

to exaggerate or aggravate a crime.
μεγάλ-ώνυμος, ον, (μέγας, ὄνομα) *giving a great name, conferring glory*.

μεγάλως, Adv. of μέγας, *greatly*.
μεγάλωστί, Adv. of μέγας, *over a large space*:
greatly, hugely: also *magnificently*.

μεγάλωσση, ἡ, (μέγας), *greatness*.
μέγαν, acc. masc. of μέγας.

μεγ-άνωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέγας, ἀνὴρ) *manly, heroic*. [ἀ]
Μεγάρρα, ον, τὰ, *Megara*:—Μεγαρεύς, ἐως, ὁ, α
Megarian. Hence

Μεγαρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, *to take part with the
Megarians, speak their dialect*: cf. Λακωνίζω.

Μεγαρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μεγάρα) *Megarian*.
Μεγαρίς, ἰδος, fem. Adj. *Megarian*:—as Subst.
(sub. γῆ), *the Megarian territory, Megarid*.

Μεγαρόθεν, Adv. (Μεγάρα) *from Megara*: and
Μεγαροί, Adv. *at Megara*.

μέγαρον, τό, (μέγας) *a large room or chamber, the
ball*. 2. *a woman's apartment*. 3. *a bed-*

chamber. II. *a house, mansion, mostly like Lat.*
aedes, a house in plur. III. *the sacred chamber in
the temple at Delphi, the sanctuary, shrine*: in this sense
always in sing., like Lat. *aedes, a temple*. Hence

μεγάρωνδε, Adv. *homewards, home*.
ΜΕΤΑ-Σ, μεγάλη [ᾶ], μέγᾶ: gen. μέγαλον, ἡς,
ονος: dat. μεγάλῳ, η, ω, acc. μέγαν, μεγάλην, μέγᾶ:
dual μεγάλω, α, ω: plur. μεγάλοι, αι, α, etc., like a
regul. Adj. in ος: but the regul. form ΜΕΤΑΘΑΟΣ is
never used in sing. nom. and acc. masc. and neut.:

large, big, great:—hence, I. *great, vast,*
tall. 2. *spacious, wide*. 3. *long*. II. *of*
degree, great, powerful, mighty: *weighty, impor-*

tant. 2. *strong, violent*. 3. *of sounds, loud*. 4.
in bad sense, *over-great, excessive*: μέγα φρονεῖν *to*
have too high, presumptuous thoughts. III. *besides*
the Adv. μεγάλως and μεγαλωστί, the neut.
sing. and pl. μέγα and μεγάλα are used as Adv., very
much, exceedingly. 2. *of space, far*. 3. *with*
Adjs., far, μέγ᾿ ἄμεινον, far better. IV. *Comp.*
μείζων, neut. μείζον, gen. μείζονος; in Ion. *prose*
μείζων, ον; Dor. *μείζων, Boeot. μέσσαν*: *greater,*
larger: also *too great, more than enough*.—Sup. *μέ-*
γιστος, η, ον, greatest, largest.

μεγα-σθενής, ἐς, (μέγας, σθένος) *very mighty*.
μεγ-αυχής, ἐς, (μέγας, αὐχέω) *vaunting, braggart*.

μέγθος Ion. μέγθος, eos, τό, (μέγας) *greatness*, *beight*: *magnitude*, *bulk*, *size*; *μεγάθει* μικρός *small in size*; *μεγάθει μέγας* *large in size*:—the acc. *μεγάθος* is used absol. as Adv., *in size*, or like *μεγάλας*, *greatly*, *λάμπουρος μέγθος* *shining greatly*: so too in pl., *ποταμοὶ οὐ κατὰ τὸν Νεῖλον ἔοντες* *μεγάθρα* *rivers not bearing any proportion to the Nile in size*.

μεγήρας, aor. I part. of *μεγαίρω*.
 μεγ-ήρατος, ον, (μέγας, ἑρατός) *passing lovely*.
 μεγιστάνες, οἱ, (μέγιστος) *the nobles, chief men*.
 μεγιστό-πολις, ι, gen. ior Att. εως, (μέγιστος, πόλις) *making cities greatest or most blest*.
 μέγιστος, η, ον, Sup. of μέγας.
 μεγιστό-τιμος, ον, (μέγιστός, τιμή) *greatest in honour*.

μεδών, οντος, ὀ, = μέδων, *one that cares for or rules, a guardian, ruler, of guardian gods*; **Ἰθθεν μεδών* *guardian of Ida*. 2. fem. μεδέουσα, = μέδουσα, *always of guardian goddesses: ruling, presiding over*. Properly the part. of an old Verb, μέδω, *to rule*.

μεδήσομαι, fut. of μέδομαι.
 ΜΕΔΙΜΝΟΣ, ὀ, Ion. also ἦ, *the medimnus* or common Attic corn-measure, containing 6 ἔκτεῖς, 48 χοίνας, and 192 κοτύλαι, = 6 Roman modii = nearly 12 gallons.

ΜΕΔΟΜΑΙ, fut. μεδήσομαι: Dep.: *to give heed to, attend to, think on*; c. gen., *πολέμοιο μέδεσθαι, to be thinking of, preparing for battle*. II. *to plan, contrive or devise*.

μέδουσα, fem. of μέδων, like μεδέουσα, *a ruler*: hence as name of the Gorgon, *Medusa*.

μέδων, οντος, ὀ, *one who rules over: a guardian, lord*. Properly part. of an old Verb μέδω, *to rule*.

μέεα, ον, τά, = μήεα, *the genitals*.
 μεζώνος, Ion. Adv. of μέζων.

μέζων, ον, Ion. for μέζων, Comp. of μέγας.
 μεθ-αρίω, aor. 2 μεθείλον Ion. μεθέλεσκον:—*to catch in turn*.

μεθ-άλλομαι: Ep. syncop. aor. 2 part. pass. μετάλλμενος:—*to leap or rush upon*. II. *to rush after, overtake*.

μεθ-ἀμέριος, Dor. for μεθ-ημέριος.
 μεθ-αρμόζω, f. ω: aor. I μεθήρμωσα:—*to dispose differently, to correct, reform*:—Med., with pf. pass. μεθήρμωσμαι, *to alter one's way of life; μεθάρμωσαι* (aor. I imperat.) *νέους τρόπους adopt new habits*.

μεθήκη, Ep. for μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.
 μεθήην, aor. 2 opt. of μεθήμι.

μεθειλον, aor. 2 of μεθαρίω.
 μεθείνα, μεθείς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of μεθήμι.

μεθίω, Ep. for μεθώ, μεθῶ, aor. 2 subj. of μεθήμι.
 μεθεκτέον, verb. Adj. of μετέχω, *one must share in*.

μεθέλεσκε, Ion. for μεθείλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of μεθαρίω.
 μεθέμεν, Ep. for μεθείνα, aor. 2 inf. of μεθήμι.
 μέθεν, Dor. for ἐμέθεν = ἐμοῦ, gen. of ἐγώ.

μεθέξομαι, fut. of μετέχω.

μεθ-έπω, impf. μεθεῖπον Ep. μέθεπον: fut. μεθήσω: ποῖτ. aor. 2 μετέσπον, inf. μετασπείν, part. μετασπών: aor. 2 med. μετεσπόμεν:—*to follow after, follow closely, hard upon, chase*, Lat. *insequi*. 2. *to seek or search after*. 3. *to visit*. 4. metaph. *to manage, dispose*; ἄχθος νότω μέθεπον *disposing a burden on his back*. II. trans., *Τυδείην μέθεπεν ἵππους* *he turned the horses in pursuit of* Tydides.

μεθ-ερμηνεύω, f. ω, *to translate*.

μεθέστηκα, pf. of μεθίστημι.

μέθη, ἦ, (μέθω) *strong drink*. II. *drunkenness*.

μεθήκα, aor. I of μεθήμι.
 μεθ-ήκω, *to have come in quest of*.

μεθή-ημι, properly pf. of μεθ-έξομαι, *to be seated among*.

μεθ-ημερινός, ἦ, ὄν, (μετά, ἡμέρα) *happening by day, in open day-light*, Lat. *diurnus*.

μεθ-ημέριος, ον, = μεθημερινός.

μεθ-ημοσύνη, ἦ, *remissness, carelessness*. From μεθ-ήμων, ον, gen. ενος, (μεθήμι) *remiss, careless*.

μεθήρμωσαι, pf. pass. (in med. sense) of μεθ-αρμόζω.

μεθήσμεναι, μεθήσμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of μεθήμι.
 μεθίεν, Ep. for μεθείσαν, 3 pl. impf. of μεθήμι. [Ὶ]

μεθ-ίημι, inf. μεθίεναι part. μεθίεις: fut. μεθήσοι: aor. I μεθήκα Ep. μεθέκα: aor. 2 inf. μεθείναι part. μεθείς:—Med. μεθείμαι: f. μεθήσομαι: 3 sing. aor. 2 μεθείτο, inf. μεθέσθαι.—Homer uses 2 and 3 sing. pres. μεθείς, μεθίει (as if from μεθίω), Ep. inf. μεθίεμεν, μεθίεμεναι: 2 and 3 sing. impf. μεθείς, μεθίει (as if from μεθίω), 3 pl. μεθίεν (for μεθείσαν): aor. I μεθήκα and μεθέκα: aor. 2 subj. μεθίω for μεθῶ, inf. μεθέμεν for μεθείναι:—Herodotus has 3 sing. pres. μετίει (not μετιεί), and also 3 sing. impf. pass. μετίετο or ἐμετίετο (for μεθείτο); fut. pass. μετήσομαι; pf. pass. part. μεμετιμένος (for μεθειμένος).

I. trans. *to set loose, let go*, I. c. acc. pers. *to let loose, release: to set or leave at liberty*. 2. c. acc. rei, *to let go, let fall, throw*;

μεθείνα χόλον *to let go, give up one's wrath*; μεθείνα δάκρυα *to let tears flow*, i. e. *shed them*; μεθείνα γλώσσαν *Περσίδα to let drop, utter Persian words*. 3. *to release or relieve from*. 4. *to give up, resign*: also c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, *to give up to or for another*. 5. *to neglect, regard lightly*. 6. *to forgive, excuse one a fault*. II. Med. μεθείεσθαι, *to loose oneself from, let go hold of*, παιδὸς οὐ μεθήσομαι; the Act. takes the acc. *to let go, παῖδα οὐ μεθήσω*. III. intrans. in Act. *to relax one's efforts*: in war, *to slacken, be lukewarm*: generally, *to be remiss or careless, to be idle, loiter*. 2. c. gen. rei, *to cease from, abandon*: c. gen. pers. *to abandon or neglect one*. 3. c. part., *κλαύσας καὶ ὀδυράμενος μεθέηκε* *having wept and bewailed he left off*. [Ὶ in Att.; Ὶ in Ep., except metri gratia.]

μεθ-ιστάνω, collat. form of μεθίστημι.

μεθ-ίστημι, I. Causal: in pres. and impf., fut. μετα-στήσω: aor. I act. μετέστησα and med. -εστη-

σάμην:—to place in another way: to substitute, change.

2. to put away, remove: generally, to remove from one place to another: so too in aor. I med. to remove from oneself.

II. intrans. in Med. and Pass., pres. μεθιστάμαι impf. μεθιστάμην; aor. I μετεστάθην [ἄ] and in intr. tenses of Act, aor. 2 μετέστην, pf. μεθέστηκα, plqpf. μεθέστηκην:—to change one's place, withdraw, retire; δαίμων στρατῶ μεθέστηκε fortune bath changed for the army: to go over to another party, to revolt: hence generally to change, either for the better or for the worse.

μεθοδεία, ἡ, craft, artifice. From μεθοδεύω, f. σω, (μέθοδος) to work by method: hence to deal craftily with.

μέθοδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὁδός) a following after: a scientific inquiry or treatise: method, system.

μεθ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to associate with, mix with. μεθ-όριος, α, ον, (μετά, ὄρος) bordering on, forming a boundary; τὰ μεθόρια (sub. χωρία), the borders, frontier.

μεθ-ορμῶω, f. ἦσω, (μετά, ὀρμῶω) to urge in pursuit:—Pass., aor. I μεθωρμήθην, to follow closely, pursue eagerly; μεθωρμηθεὶς following close.

μεθ-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to remove ships from one anchorage to another, properly trans., but often intr. with véas omitted: metaph. to remove from one place to another:—Pass. to sail from one place to another.

ΜΕ'ΟΥ, ὄος, τό, wine, Lat. merum. μεθ-υδριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μετά, ὕδωρ) of or from the water, epith. of Nymphs.

Μεθ-ύδιον, τό, (μετά, ὕδωρ) a place between waters, a place in the heart of Arcadia, whence the waters ran different ways: cf. Lat. Interannia.

μεθύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πίδαξ) gushing with wine.

μεθύ-πληξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέθυ, πλήσσω) wine-struck, drunken.

μεθ-υποδέομαι, Med. (μετά, υποδέομαι) to change shoes, put on another person's shoes.

μεθύσις, ἡ, (μεθύω) drunkenness.

μεθύσσω, f. ὄσω (ῶ), aor. I ἐμέθυσσα:—Causal of μεθύω, to make drunk with wine, to intoxicate:—Pass., in pres. to get drunk; in aor. I ἐμεθύσθην, to be drunk.

μεθύσο-κότταβος, ον, (μέθυσος, κότταβος) drunk with playing at the κότταβος.

μεθύσος, η, ον, also ος, ον, (μέθυ) drunken.

μεθύστερος, α, ον, later, living after; οἱ μεθύστεροι posterity: neut. μεθύστερον as Adv. afterwards, later.

μεθυ-σφαλής, ἐς, (μέθυ, σφαλῆναι) reeling-drunk.

μεθυστής, οὐ, ὁ, (μέθυ) a drunkard.

μεθυ-τρόφος, ον, (μέθυ, τρέφω) producing wine.

μεθύω, only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses being supplied by the Pass. of μεθύσσω: (μέθυ):—to be drunken, be given to drinking.

II. metaph. to be drenched, steeped in any liquid. 2. to be intoxicated with passion: to be stupefied with blows.

μεθῶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 sub. of μεθήμι. με-ἄγωγός, f. σω, (μεῖον, ἀγωγός) to bring too little; μεγαγέειν τὴν τραγῳδίαν to weigh tragedy by scruples, weigh scrupulously: see μεῖον.

ΜΕΙΔΑΩ, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐμείδησα Ep. μείδησα:—to smile: for Σαρδάνιον μείδησαι, see Σαρδάνιος.

μεῖδημα and μειδιάμα, ατος, τό, a smile, smiling.

μειδίω, f. ἄσω [ἄ], collat. form of μειδάω, to smile: Ep. part. μειδίωον.

μεζίνως, Adv. of μεζίνω, in a greater degree.

μεζίνωτερος, later form for μεζίνω.

μεζίνω, ον, irreg. Comp. of μέγας, greater.

μείλανι, Ep. for dat. of μέλας.

μείλια, ἰών, τὰ, (μείλισσω) anything that pacifies or pleases, bridal gifts, a bridal dowry.

μείλιγμα, ατας, τό, (μείλισσω) anything to soothe or gladden; μειλίγματα θυμοῦ σκράψ to appease hunger. 2. in pl. a propitiation offered to the dead, Lat. inferiae.

3. a fondling, darling, Lat. deliciae. 4. a soothing song.

μειλικτήριος, ον, (μείλισσω) able to soothe, propitiatory; μειλικτήρια (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, atonements.

μείλιθος, η, ον, ποῖθ, for μέλιθος, asben.

μείλισσω, f. ξω: (μέλι):—to make mild, to soothe, please: to treat kindly: to appease, propitiate:—Pass. to be soothed, grow calm:—Med. to use soothing words; μηδὲ τί μ' αἰδόμενος μείλισσο μηδ' ἐλεειρῶν extenuate not aught from respect or pity.

μειλίχια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (μείλιχος) mildness, gentleness: but also backwardness, lukewarmness in battle.

μειλίχιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μείλισσω) mild, gentle, soothing: in neut. pl., προσαυδᾶν μειλιχίοισι (sub. ἐπέεσσι) to address with soothing words: cf. κερτόμα.

II. of persons, mild, gracious.

μειλίχό-γηρυσ, υ, (μείλιχος, γῆρυσ) soft-voiced.

μειλίχό-δωρος, ον, (μείλιχος, δῶρον) giving pleasing gifts.

μειλίχος, ον, (μείλισσω) mild, gentle, kind.

μείναι, aor. I inf. of μένω.

μείναν, μείνε, Ep. 3 pl. and sing. aor. I of μένω.

μείων, ονος, τό, neut. of μείωω, less, too small. II.

μείων, τό, name of the lamb which was offered at the Athenian Agraturia; since, if not of a certain weight, it was rejected as μείων, too light! see μεγαγέωω.

μειον-εκτέω, f. ἦσω, (μείων, ἔχω) to have too little, to be poor: c. gen. rei, to be scant of a thing. Hence

μειονεξία, ἡ, disadvantage.

μειόνως, Adv. of μείων, in a less degree; μειόνως ἔχειν to be too mean.

μείωω, f. ὄσω, (μείων) to make smaller, lessen, diminish. 2. to lessen in honour, degrade. 3. to extenuate.

II. Pass. to become smaller, to decrease. 2. to become worse or weaker; c. gen. to fall short of.

μειράκι-εξάπάτης, ον, ὁ, (μειράκιον, ἐξ-απατάω) a boy-cheater. [ἄ]

μειρακνύομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy: to be idle or *miscibueous*, Lat. *adolescuntur*.

μειράκιον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιομαι, Dep. (μείραξ) to be a boy or lad.

μειράκιση, ἡ, Dim. of μείραξ, a little girl.

μειράκισκος, ὁ, Dim. of μείραξ, a lad, stripling.

μειράκιλλον, τό, Dim. of μείραξ, a mere lad.

ΜΕΪΡΑΞ, ὁ, and ἡ, a boy or girl, lad or lass.

ΜΕΪΡΟΜΑΙ: pf. ἔμμορα pass. εἰμαρμαι: Dep. I. in pres. to receive as one's portion or due; c. acc., ἡμισυ μέρει τιμῆς take half the honour as thy due.

II. in pf. ἔμμορα, to have or obtain one's share of a thing; c. gen., ἔμμορε τιμῆς be bath gotten his share of honour.

III. the pf. pass. is used as impers. εἰμαρται, it is allotted or decreed by fate; plqpf. εἰμαρτο it was so decreed:—also in part. εἰμαρμένος, ἡ, *on, allotted, decreed; ἡ εἰμαρμένη* (sub. μοῖρα), *that which is allotted, destiny*, like *πεπωμένη* from *πέπωται*.

μείς, ὁ, Ion. and Aeol. for μῆν, a month.
μείωμα, ατος, τό, (μειώω) a diminution: a fine.
μείων, neut. μείον gen. μείονος, used as Comp. of μικρός and ὀλίγος.

μελάγ-γαιος, *on*, μελάγ-γαιος, *on*, and μελάγ-γεως, *on*, gen. ω, (μέλας, γαῖα = γῆ) with black soil, loamy.

μελάγ-κερως, gen. ω, (μέλας, κέρας) black-borned.

μελάγ-κόρυφος, ὁ, (μέλας, κορυφή) with a black bead: as Subst., μελαγκόρυφος, ὁ, a bird, the blackcap.

μελάγ-κροκος, *on*, (μέλας, κρέκω) woven with black: of a ship, with black sails.

μελαγ-χαίτης, *on*, ὁ, (μέλας, χαιτή) black-haired.

μελάγχεμα, *on*, τά, dark spots in snow. From μελάγχμιος, *on*, black, dark. (Formed from μέλας with termination -χιμος, as *δυσ-χιμος* from *δυσ-*).

μελαγ-χίτων, *on*, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χίτων) with black raiment: hence gloomy, dark-brooding.

μελάγ-χλανος, *on*, (μέλας, χλαῖνα) black-cloaked: οἱ Μελάγχλανοι a Scythian nation.

μελαγχολάω, (μελάγχολος) to be jaundiced or melancholy.

μελάγ-χολος, *on*, (μέλας, χολή) with black bile, jaundiced.

II. dipped in black bile.
μελαγ-χροῖς, ἑς, (μέλας, χροιά) = μελάγχροος.

μελάγ-χροος, *on*, contr. -χροος, *on*, (μέλας, χροά) black-skinned, sun-burnt, bronzed, swarthy: there is an irreg. nom. pl. μελάγχορος.

μελαγ-χρῶς, *on*, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, χρῶς) = μελάγ-χροος.

μελαθρον, τό, (μέλας) the cross-beam or rafter in a room, so called from being blackened with smoke, hence the ceiling: also the projecting beam outside a house, the cornice.

II. generally, a roof: in pl., like Lat. *tecta*, a house.

μελαθρόφιν, ποῖτ. gen. of μελαθρον.

μελαῖων, f. ανῶ:—Pass., 2or. I. ἐμελάνθην: pf. με-μέλασμαι: (μέλας):—to blacken, make black:—Pass. to grow black or dark, turn black.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἑς, (μέλας, βάθος) deep in darkness.

μελαμ-βάθης, ἑς, (μέλας, βαφήναι) dark-dyed.

μελάμ-βωλος, *on*, (μέλας, βῶλος) with black soil.

μελαμ-πῆγής, ἑς, Dor. for μελαμπηγής, (μέλας, πήγνυμι) black-clotted: generally, black, discoloured.

μελάμ-πεπλος, *on*, (μέλας, πέπλος) black-robbed.

μελαμ-πέταλος, *on*, (μέλας, πέταλον) dark-leaved.

μελάμ-πτερος, *on*, (μέλας, πτερόν) black-winged.

μελαμ-φάης, ἑς, (μέλας, φάος) with darkness for light.

μελάμ-φυλλος, *on*, (μέλας, φύλλον) dark-leaved: with dark foliage, dark-wooded.

μελᾶν, ἄνος, τό, (neut. of μέλας) black dye, ink.

μελᾶν-αιγίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, αιγίς) with dark aegis.

μελᾶν-αυγής, ἑς, (μέλας, αὐγή) dark-gleaming.

μελᾶν-δετος, *on*, (μέλας, δέω) bound or mounted with black; σάκος μελᾶνδετον an iron-rimmed shield.

μελαν-δόκος, *on*, (μέλαν, δέχομαι) holding ink; κίστη μελανδόκος an ink-stand.

μελᾶν-δρουν, τό, (μέλας, δρῦς) heart of oak.

μελᾶν-εἰμων, *on*, (μέλας, εἶμα) with black raiment.

μελᾶνει or μελανεῖ, a 3 sing. without any other part of the Verb in use, either to make dark (from μελᾶνω = μελαινω), or to grow dark (from μελανέω).

μελ-ανθής, ἑς, (μέλας, ἄνθος) with black blossoms: generally, black-coloured.

μελᾶνια, ἡ, (μέλας) a black cloud.

μελᾶνῶ-ζυς, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, ζεύγνυμι) with black benches.

μελᾶνω-κάρδιος, *on*, (μέλας, καρδία) black-bearded.

μελᾶν-ὄμματος, *on*, (μέλας, ὄμμα) black-eyed.

μελᾶνω-κεῖο-εἰμων, *on*, gen. *on*ος, (μέλας, νέκυσ, εἶμα) clad in black sbroud.

μελᾶνῶ-πτερος, *on*, and μελᾶνω-πτερυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μέλας, πτερόν, πτερυξ) black-winged.

μελᾶν-οστος, *on*, (μέλας, ὄσσε) black-eyed.

μελᾶν-οστος, for μελᾶνῶστεος, *on*, (μέλας, ὄστέον) black-boned.

μελᾶν-ουρος, *on*, fem. μελᾶν-ουρίς, ἴδος, (μέλας, οὔρα) black-tailed.

μελᾶνῶ-χροος, *on*, = μελάγχροος.

μελᾶνῶ-χρως, *on*, ὁ, ἡ, = μελάγχρως.

μελαν-τειχίς, ἑς, (μέλας, τεῖχος) with black walls.

μελάντερπος, *a*, *on*, Comp. of μέλας.

μελαν-τράγης, ἑς, (μέλας, τραγεῖν) black when eaten.

μελᾶν-ὔδρος, *on*, (μέλας, ὕδωρ) with black water. [ᾶ]

ΜΕ'ΛΑ'Σ, Aeol. μέλας, μέλανα, μελᾶν: gen. μέλανος, μελᾶνις, μέλανος; etc.: cf. *τάλας*:—black, dark, gloomy, dusky, murky.

II. Comp. μελάν-τερος, *a*, *on*.

ΜΕ'ΛΛΩ, only used in pres. to melt, make liquid:—Pass. μέλδομαι, to melt, grow liquid.

μέλε, Ep. 3 sing. impf. of μέλω.

μέλε, ὦ μέλε, as a familiar address, my friend, my dear: voc. from an obsol. nom. μέλος, or contr. from μέλεος, for μέλεε, as ἡλέε for ἡλέε.

μελεδαίω, (μέλω) to care for, be cumbered or anxious about, c. gen.

II. to tend, attend upon, c. acc. Hence

μελέδημα, atos, τό, *care, anxiety, concern*. II. *the thing cared for*. Hence
μελεδήμων, ov, gen. onos, caring for, anxious about.

II. busy.

μελεδών, óνος, ή, = μελεδώνη.
μελεδωνεύς, ό, ποιήτ. for μελεδωνός.
μελεδώνη, ή, like μελεδών, (μελεδαίνω) *care, sorrow*.
μελεδωνός, ό, and ή, (μελεδαίνω) *one who takes care of, a guardian, steward: a keeper or tender*.
μελεω, impers., see μέλω.
μελεΐστί, Adv. (μελεΐζω) *limb from limb*.
μελεο-πάθής, ές, (μέλεος, παθεΐν) *suffering misery*.
μελεό-πονος, ov, (μέλεος, πόνος) *labouring in misery*.
μέλεος, a, ov, also os, ov, (μέλω) *fruitless, vain, empty*: neut. μέλεον as Adv. in vain. 2. *unhappy, wretched*.

μελεό-φρων, onos, ό, ή, (μέλεος, φρήν) *wretched in mind*.
μελεσί-πτερος, ov, (μέλος, πτερόν) *singing with its wings*.

μελεται, 3 sing. pres. med. of μέλω.
μελετάω, f. ήσω:—to care for, c. gen. II. c. *acc. to study, prosecute diligently*, Lat. *excolere: to court: to practise, exercise; μελετᾶν σοφίαν to practise wisdom; also c. dat. rei, μελετᾶν τόξω to practise with the bow: absol. to practise, exercise oneself; ἐν τῷ μὴ μελετᾶντι (dat. part. for inf.) by want of practice: absol. to take heed, take thought.* 2. c. *acc. pers. to exercise or train one*. From
μελέτη, ή, (μέλωμαι) *care, attention* 2. *practice, exercise*. II. *care, anxiety*.

μελήτημα, atos, τό, (μελετάω) *a practice, study*.
μελητήρας, ά, όν, (μελετάω) *practising diligently*.
μελητητέον, verb. Adj. of μελετάω, *one must practise*.
μελέτωρ, opos, ό, (μέλω) *one who cares for, a guardian, avenger*.

μεληδών, óνος, ή, = μελεδών, μελεδώνη.
μέλημα, atos, τό, (μέλω) *an object of care: a beloved object*. II. *a charge, duty: care, anxiety*.
μελησμέν, Ep. for μελήσειν, fut. inf. of μέλω.
μελησιμ-βροτος, ov, (μέλησις, βροτός) *cared for by men*.

Μελητήρις [ή, ov, ό, proverbial name at Athens for a blockhead, as if patronym. from Μελητος.

ΜΕΛ' ΔΙ΄, ήτος, τό, Lat. MEL, *honey*.
μελία Ion. -ή, ή, the ash, Lat. *fraxinus*: from its toughness it was used for spears. II. *a spear*.

μελι-βόας, ό, (μέλι, βοή) *with honey-tone*.
μελι-βρομος, ov, (μέλι, βρέω) *honey-toned*.
μελι-γδουπος, ov, (μέλι, δουπέω) *sweet-sounding*.
μελι-γυρς Dor. -γαυρς, vos, ό, ή, (μέλι, γήρως) *honey-voiced, musical*.

μελι-γλωσσος, ov, (μέλι, γλώσσα) *honey-tongued*.
μελίγματος, atos, τό, (μελίω) *song: a pipe*.
μελίζω Dor. μελίσδω, (μέλος) *to modulate, warble, play: so also in Med., with Dor. fut. μελίζομαι*. 2. *trans. to sing of, celebrate in song*.

μελι-ήδης, ές, (μέλι, ήδύς) *boney-sweet: metaph. sweet to the soul, pleasing*.

μελι-θρεπτος, ov, (μέλι, τρέφω) *boney-fed*.
μελι-θροος, ov, contr. -θρους, ovn, (μέλι, θροέω) *sweet-sounding*.

μελι-κρονον, τό, (μέλι, κρηός) *a honeycomb*.
μελι-κομπος, ov, (μέλι, κομπέω) *sweet-sounding*.
μελι-κράτος Ion. -κρητος, ov, (μέλι, κεράννυμι) *mixed with honey: μελί-κρητον Att. -κράτον, τό, a drink of honey and milk offered as a libation*.
μελικτικής, ου, Dor. μελικτής, ά, ό, (μελίζω) *a singer, player, esp. a flute-player*.

μελι-λωτον, τό, also μελι-λωτος, ό, (μέλι, λωτός) *mellilot, a kind of clover, so called from the quantity of honey it contained*.

ΜΕΛΙΝΗ, ή, millet, Lat. *panicum*: in pl. *millet-fields*. [ή]
μέλινος Ep. μείλινος, η, ov, (μελία) *asben*, Lat. *fraxineus*.

Μελίνο-φάγοι, οι, (μελίνη, φάγειν) *the Millet-eaters, name of a Thracian tribe*.

μελι-παις, παιδος, ό and ή, (μέλι, παΐς) *with honey-children, epith. of the bee-hive*.

μελι-πνοος, ov, contr. -πνουος, ovn, (μέλι, πνέω) *honey-breathing, sweet-breathing*.

μελιρ-ροος, ov, (μέλι, ρέω) *flowing with honey*.
μελιρ-ρϋτος, ov, = μελιρροος.

μελίσδω, Dor. for μελίζω: μελίσδεν, Dor. inf.
μέλισμα, atos, τό, (μελίω) *a song, chant: a tune*.
μέλισσα Att. μελίττα, ης, ή, (μέλι) *a bee*. 2. *a priestess of Delphi*. II. *honey itself*.

μέλισσιος, not μελισσιος, a, ov, (μέλισσα) *of, belonging to bees; μελισσιον κηριον a honeycomb*.

μελισσό-βοτος, ov, (μέλισσα, βόσκω) *fed on by bees*.
μελισσο-νόμος, ov, (μέλισσα, νέμω) *keeping bees*. II. (μέλισσα 1. 2) *a priestess*.

μελισσο-πόνος, ov, (μέλισσα, πονέω) *tending bees*.
μελισσο-σόος, ov, (μέλισσα, σόος) *guardian of bees*.

μελισσό-τοκος, ov, (μέλισσα, τεκείν) *produced by bees, honied*.

μελισσο-τρόφος, ov, (μέλισσα, τρέφω) *feeding bees*.
μελισσών Att. μελιτών, óνος, ό, (μέλισσα) *a beehouse, apiary*.

μελι-σταγής, ές, (μέλι, σταγήν) *dropping honey*.
μελι-στακτιος, ov, = μελιστάγης.

μελίτεια, ή, (μέλι) *a herb, baulm, Lat. aspiastrum*.
μελι-τερπής, ές, (μέλι, τέρπω) *honey-sweet*.

Μελιτήρης, false form for Μελητήρης.
μελιτόεις, εσσα, εν, (μέλι) *honied, sweet*. II.

made of honey: as Subst., μελιτόεσσα Att. μελιτοϋττα (sub. μάζα), ή, a honey-cake.

μελιτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (μέλι, πωλέω) *a dealer in honey*.

μελιτοϋττα, v. μελίτεις.
μελιτόω, f. ώσω, (μέλι) *to sweeten with honey*.

μελίττα, ή, Att. for μέλισσα, *a bee*.
μελίττιον, τό, Dim. of μέλιττα, *a small bee*.

μελιττο-τρόφος, Att. for μελισσοτρ-

μελιττουργός, -ουργέω, -ουργία, ἡ, Att. for μελισσ—

μελιτ-ώδης, es, (μέλος, εἶδος) like honey.

μελιτῶμα, atos, τό, (μελιτῶ) a honey-cake. [τ] μελι-φθογός, ov, (μέλι, φθογγή) honey-voiced, sweet-toned, honied.

μελι-φρών, onos, ό, ἡ, (μέλι, φρήν) sweet to the mind, delicious.

μελι-φύρτος, ov, (μέλι, φύρω) mixed with honey.

μελι-χλωρος, ov, (μέλι, χλωρός) yellow or pale as honey, tawny.

μελι-χροος, ov, contr. -χρους, ov, (μέλι, χροά) honey-coloured, tawny.

μελιχρ-ώδης, es, (μελίχρους, εἶδος) yellow as honey.

μελι-χρος, atos, ό, ἡ, (μέλι, χρώς) = μελίχροος.

μέλλημα, atos, τό, (μέλλω) a delay: in pl. delays.

μέλλησα, Ep. for ἐμέλλησα, aor. I of μέλλω.

μέλλησις, ἡ, (μέλλω) a being about to do, intending or threatening to do: an intention. II. an unfulfilled intention, a delaying, delay.

μελλητέον, verb. Adj. of μέλλω, one must delay.

μελλητής, ου, ό, (μέλλω) a delayer.

μελό-γάμος, ov, (μέλλα, γαμέω) betrothed.

μελλο-δειπνικός, ἡ, όν, (μέλλω, δείπνω) played at the beginning of dinner, of music.

μελλο-νικιάω, (μέλλω, νικάω) to put off conquering; with a pun upon the name of Nicias.

μελλό-νυμφος, ov, (μέλλω, νύμφη) about to be wedded: also, in wider sense, whoever is of marriageable age.

ΜΕΛΛΩ, impf. ἐμελλον: fut. μελήσω: aor. I ἐμέλλησα: in Att. the augm. is doubled, ἤμελλον, ἤμελλησα:—to be on the point of doing, to be about to do or suffer: hence to intend, design, purpose. II. to be fated, destined to do; τὰ οὐ τελέεσθαι ἐμελλον which were not destined to be accomplished. 2. to be likely, to be certain, often best rendered by must: μέλλω που ἀπέχθεσθαι διὰ πατρί τι must be that I am hated by father Zeus. 3. to mark a probability; τὰ δὲ μέλλετ' ἀκούεμεν you are likely to have heard of it; οἱτι που μέλλουσιν ἀριστοὶ βουλὰς βουλευέειν where the best are likely to be holding counsel. III. to be always going to do, meaning to do, without doing: hence to delay, put off, hesitate, scruple. IV. μέλλω often stands without its infin., and so seems to govern an acc., which depends on the inf. omitted; ό τι μέλλετε [sc. πράττειν] εὐθὺς πράττετε, what you are about [to do], do quickly: the part. μέλλων is also used so, as ό μέλλων χρόνος the future time; ἡ μέλλουσα αὐτοῦ δύναμις his future power: esp. in neut., τὸ μέλλον, τὰ μέλλοντα things to come, the issue, result.

μελλώ, ους, ἡ, poet. for μέλλησις. μελογραφία, ἡ, song-writing. From μελο-γράφος, ov, (μέλος, γράφω) writing songs. μελοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (μελοποιός) to make lyric poems. μελοποιητής, ου, ό, = μελοποιός.

μελο-ποιός, όν, (μέλος, ποιέω) making lyric poems: as Subst., μελοποιός, ό, a lyric poet.

ΜΕΛΟΣ, eos, τό, a limb; κατὰ μέλα limb by limb. II. a song, strain; plur. μέλη lyric poetry.

choral songs. 2. the music to which a song is set, an air, melody.

μελο-τύπτεω, f. ἦσω, (μέλος, τύπτω) to strike up a strain, chant.

μέληπθρον, τό, (μέλω) the song and dance, festivity, sport; μέληπθρα κινῶν a sport for dogs.

Μέλπομένη, ἡ, Melpromené, the Songstress, the Muse of Tragedy. From

μέλω, f. ψω: aor. I ἐψέψα: (μέλος)—to sing, celebrate. 2. intr. to sing. II. so also μέλομαι, fut. -ψομαι, as Dep.; μέλπεσθαι κιθαρίζω to sing to the harp; μέλπεσθαι to dance in honour of Mars, i. e. to fight bravely. 2. c. acc. to sing, celebrate.

μελύδριον, τό, Dim. of μέλος, a ditty.

ΜΕΛΩ, fut. μελήσω:—to be an object of care or thought; πᾶσι μέλω I am a care to all. 2. mostly in 3 sing. μέλει, impf. ἐμελε, fut. μελήσει, pres. and fut. inf. μέλειν and μελήσειν:—something is a care to me, an object of thought, anxiety, Lat. curae est mihi; of a pursuit, μέλει μοι πόλεμος war is a care to me: so in inf., σοὶ χρὴ τὰδε μέλειν it is right that these things should be a care to thee. 3. μέλει is often impers.; μέλει μοι τοῦδε there is a care to me for this, I care for this. II. pres. and fut. Med.

μέλεται, μελήσεται, are also used in 3 sing. for μέλει, μελήσει; as ἐμοὶ δὲ κε ταῦτα μελήσεται but these things shall be my care. 2. pf. act. μέμηλε with pres. sense, for Att. μεμήληκε, and the plpf. μεμήλε, with impf. sense, to be a care, be thought of; μεμηλότα ἔργα carefully tended works. 3. Ep. pf. and plpf. pass. μέμβλεται, μέμβλετο, shortd. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, also occur in pres. and impf. sense; ἦ νύ τοι οὐκέτι μέμβλετ' Ἀχιλλεύς surely Achilles is no longer a care to thee; μέμβλετο οἱ τείχος the wall was a care to him. III. the Act. μέλω.

Med. μέλομαι are also found in trans. sense, to care for, take care of, tend, c. gen., μέλειν βροτῶν to take care of mortals; so in pf. part., πτολέμοιο μεμηλῶς busied with war: also in aor. I pass. μεληθῆναι, to care for, take care of.

μελωδέω, f. ἦσω, (μελωδός) to sing. Hence μελωδία, ἡ, a singing.

μελωδός, όν, (μέλος, ᾠδή) singing, musical.

μέμαα, pf. of *μάω: 3 pl. μεμάασι.

μεμάθηκα [μά], pf. of μαθάνω.

μεμάκνυα, Ep. pf. part. fem. of μακάομαι.

μέμαμεν, Ep. for μεμάομεν, 1 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μεμάνημαι [μά], pf. of μαινόμεαι, formed as if from *μανέομαι.

μεμάδοτες, pf. part. pl. of *μάω.

μεμάποιεν [μά], 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 opt. of μάρπω.

μεμαρπῶς, pf. part. of μάρπω.

μέματε, Ep. for μεμάετε, 2 pl. pf. of *μάω.

μέμαχα, pf. of μάσσω.

μεμᾶς, μεμᾶνία, pf. part. of *μάω: μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, lengthd. for μεμαῶτες, μεμαῶτας, nom. and acc. plur.

μεμβλᾶται, μεμβλετο, Ep. for μεμέληται, ἐμεμέλητο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of μέλω.

μεμβλακα, pf. of βλώσκα.

μεμβράνα, ἤ, Lat. membrāna, a parchment, skin.

ΜΕΜΒΡΑΣ, ἄδος, ἤ, a small kind of anchovy. [ᾶ]

μεμέληκα, pf. of μέλω.

μεμένηκα, pf. of μένω.

μεμετημένος, Ion. for μεθειμένος, pf. pass. part. of μεθίημι.

μεμηκῶς, pf. part. of μηκάομαι.

μεμήλε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of μέλω, with pres. sense, also μεμήλει, plqpf. with impf. sense.

μέμηνα, pf. of μαίνομαι.

μεμηχανήμενος, Adv. pf. part. of μηχανάομαι, craftily, by stratagem.

μεμίσσμαι, pf. pass. of μαίνω.

μεμίγμα, pf. pass. of μίγνυμι: inf. μεμίχθαι.

μεμνήμενος, Dor. pf. part. of μνήσκω.

μεμνεο, Ion. pf. pass. imperat. of μνήσκω.

μεμνέωτο, Ion. for μέμνωτο, 3 pl. pf. opt. pass. of μνήσκω.

μεμνημαι, pf. pass. of μνήσκω, inf. μεμνησθαι.

μεμνήμην, μεμνήμην, pf. opt. pass. of μνήσκω.

μεμνηστευμένος, pf. part. pass. of μνηστεύω.

μεμνώμαι, pf. subj. pass. of μνήσκομαι.

Μέμων, ονος, ὁ,

μεμόλυγκα, -σμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μολύνω.

μέμονα, poet. and Ion. pf. with pres. sense, without any pres. in use: (*μάω):—to wish; long, yearn, strive; διχθὰ δέ μοι κραδίη μέμονε my heart longs with a twofold wish.

μεμόρηται, poet. 3 sing. pf. pass. of μείρομαι.

μεμορυγμένος, pf. part. pass. of μορύσσω.

μεμύνομαι, Ion. pf. pass. of μονόω.

μεμπτός, ἤ, ὄν, (μέμφομαι) to be blamed, blameworthy, contemptible. II. act. blaming, bearing a grudge against.

μεμῦκα, pf. of μνκάομαι: also of μύω.

ΜΕΜΨΟΜΑΙ, fut. μεψομαι: aor. I med. ἐμεψάμην, pass. ἐμεψόμην: Dep.:—to blame, upbraid, reproach, find fault with, c. acc. pers. or rei; c. gen. rei, to complain of a thing; c. acc. rei et gen. pers., ὁ μάλιστα μέμφομαι ἡμῶν which is the chief complaint they make against us. II. c. dat. pers. et acc. rei, to object a thing to another: reproach him with it: c. dat. pers. to find fault with.

μεμψί-μοιρος, ον, (μέμφομαι) complaining of one's fate, repining, discontented.

μέμψις, εως, ἤ, (μέμφομαι) a blaming, reproach, reproof. 2. a complaint.

ΜΕΨΝ, conjunctive Particle, used to distinguish the word or clause with which it stands from something that is to follow, and commonly answered by δέ in the corresponding clause. Generally, μέν and δέ

may be expressed by *on the one hand . . . on the other; as well . . . as, while; μέν*, like *δέ*, can never stand first in a clause: μέν is not always answered by δέ, but by other Particles, as by *ἀλλά, ἀτάρ, ἔπειτα, αὐτε, αὐθις*; also by *μέντοι, εἶτα*. Μέν is often found without δέ expressed, as *ὡς μέν λέγουσι* as they say, (*but as I do not believe*). Μέν was orig. the same as μήν, and ἤ μέν is retained in Ion. for ἤ μήν as a form of protestation.

II. μέν before other Particles: 1. μέν ἄρα, Ep. μέν ἄρα, accordingly, and so. 2. μέν γε or μέν . . . γε, yet at least, certainly, Lat. certe. 3. μέν δὲ however. 4. μέν οὖν or μενούν, Lat. imo vero, ay indeed: rather, nay rather: so too, μέν οὖν γε or μενούνγε, yea rather. 5. μέν τοι Ep., Att. μέντοι, certainly, at any rate. 6. to recall what has gone before, now. c. to mark an objection, or exception, yet, however, still, nevertheless.

μεναίχμης, ον, ὁ, (μένω, αἰχμή) sustaining the fight, resolute, unflinching.

μενεαίνω, only used in pres. and impf., (μένος) to desire earnestly, to be bent on doing: c. gen., μενεαίνειν μάχης to long for battle. II. to be angry, rage, be furious:—to be convulsed in death.

μεν-έγχης, ες, (μένω, ἐγχος) steadfast in fight.

μενε-θήϊος, ον, (μένω, θῆϊος) standing one's ground against the enemy, staunch, unflinching.

μενήνδωμ, Ep. I pl. aor. I of μενεαίνω.

Μενέ-λαος, Att. Μενέλεως Dor. Μενέλας, ὁ, pr. n., (μένω, λαός) Menelaus, i. e. withstanding men.

μενε-πτόλεμος, ον, (μένω, πόλεμος) staunch in battle, steadfast, resolute.

Μενεσθεύς, εως, Ion, ἦος, ὁ, (μένω) Menestheus, i. e. the Abider.

μενετόν, verb. Adj. of μένω, one must abide.

μενετός, ἤ, ὄν, (μένω) standing one's ground, steadfast: also patient, longsuffering; οἱ καιροὶ οὐ μενετοὶ opportunities will not wait.

μενε-φύλοπις, ιος, ὁ, ἤ, (μένω, φύλοπις) = μενεπτόλεμος. [ῥ]

μενε-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, and μενε-χάρμος, ον, (μένω, χάρμη) staunch in battle, resolute.

μενο-εικής, ἐς, (μένος, εἰκός from *εἶκω) suited to the desires, satisfying, plentiful: generally, agreeable, pleasant, suiting one's taste.

μενοίνω, f. ἦσω: Ep. impf. μενοίνεον: Ep. pres. μενοίνω, 3 sing. μενοινά: Ep. aor. I μενοινήσα, 3 sing. opt. μενοινήσειε: (μενοινή):—to desire eagerly, long for, to strive for. 2. to purpose, intend.

μενοινή, ἤ, eager desire.

ΜΕΝΟΣΞ, εος, τό, force, strength of body, prowess. 2. of animals, strength, fierceness, spirit. 3. of things, strength, might, force: hence of the blood as giving strength: μέλαν μένος a flow of black blood.

II. spirit, ardour: μένει, dat. with fury, violently. 2. wish, bent, purpose. 3. generally, temper, disposition.

III. μένος is also used in

periphr. like *βίη*, *ἴς*; as *ἐῖρὸν μένος Ἄλκινόιοιο* the sacred *Alcinoüs* himself.

μενούν, μέντοι, etc., v. sub μέν π. 4, 5.

ΜΕΝΩ: Ion. impf. μένεσκον: fut. μεῖω, Ep. uncontr. μενέω: aor. ἰ μένω: pf. μεμένηκα:—to stay, wait, Lat. MANEO: to abide, stand one's ground. 2. to stay at home, tarry. 3. to stay behind, linger, dally. 4. of things, to be lasting, to remain, stand. 5. of condition, to be unchanged, continue, bold good. 6. to abide or stand by an opinion.

II. trans. to await, expect, abide, await steadfastly:—to await for; μένον δ' ἐπὶ ἔσπερον ἔλθεῖν they waited for evening's coming on: also to watch for.

μερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: Dor. μερίσδω, f. ξω: (μερίς):—to divide into parts. II. to divide, distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.

μερίμνᾳ, ἤ, (μερίς, μερίζω) care, thought: anxious care or thought, trouble, disquietude. II. the thought, mind. Hence

μερίμνάω, f. ἴσω, to care for, be anxious about, think earnestly upon; πολλὰ μερίμνᾶν to be cumbered with many cares. Hence

μερίμνημα, ατος, τό, anxious thought, care: and μερίμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who is careful about things.

μεριμνο-τόκος, ον, (μερίμνα, τεκεῖν) giving birth to care.

μεριμνο-φροντιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μερίμνα, φροντίζω) an over-careful thinker.

μερίς, ἴδος, ἤ, (μέρος) a part, portion, share. II. a part, class: a party, faction, Lat. partes.

μερισμός, ὁ, (μερίζω) a partition, dividing, distributing.

μεριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (μερίζω) a divider or distributor.

μερίτης, ον, ὁ, (μερίς) a partaker. [Ὶ]

μέριμος, ον, (μέριμμα) full of care, causing anxiety, mischievous, baneful: neut. pl. μέριμα, mischiefs, troubles. Hence

μέριμρᾶ, ἤ, poet. for μέριμμα, care, trouble. Hence μεριμρῖζω, f. ἴζω: Ep. aor. ἰ μεριμρῖξα:—to be anxious, thoughtful, to ponder, think earnestly: hence, to be perplexed, to besitate. II. trans. to think of, devise.

ΜΕΡΜΙΣ, ἴδος, ἤ, a cord, strand, rope, line.

μεροπῆτος, ον, (μέροψ) human.

ΜΕΡΟΣ, εος, τό, a part, share: a portion, heritage, lot. 2. a share in a thing with others, hence, each person's turn; ἐν μέρει in turn; so, ἀνὰ μέρος or κατὰ μέρος in turn, successively; κατὰ τὸ ἐμὸν μέρος as far as concerns me, Lat. pro rata; but τοῦμόν or τὸ σὸν μέρος as to me, Lat. quod ad me attinet. 3. ἐν μέρει τινὸς τιθεῖναι, to put in the class of . . . , consider as so and so, like ἐν λόγῳ ποιῆσθαι, Lat. in numero babere.

μέρο-ψ, οπος, ὁ, (μείρομαι, ὄψ) dividing the voice, i. e. endowed with speech, articulate-speaking, epith. of human beings.

μέρ, Dor. for μέν.

μέσᾱ-βον, τό, (μέσος, βοῦς) a leather strap, by which the yoke was fastened to the pole, Lat. subjugium.

μεσ-ἀγκύλον, τό, (μέσος, ἀγκύλη) a javelin with a thong for throwing it by.

μεσαι-πόλιος, ον, (μέσος, πολίος) poet. for μεσοπόλιος, half-gray, grizzled, middle-aged.

μεσαίτατος, η, ον, Ion. Sup. of μέσος, the midst, middlemost:—Comp. μεσαίτερος, η, ον, more in the middle.

μέσο-ακτος, ον, (μέσος, ἀκτῆ) midway between two shores, in mid-sea.

μεσο-αμβρίη, ἤ, Ion. for μεσημβρία.

μεσο-αμβρινός, μεσο-αμέριος, Dor. for μεσημ-μεσάτιος, ον, μεσάτος, η, ον, poet. for μέσος: so also Ep. μεσάτος and μεσάτιος.

μέσο-αυλος Ep. μέσσαυλος Att. μέταυλος, ον, inside the aule or ball:—as Subst., μέσσαυλος, ὁ, or μέσσαυλον, τό, the inner court. II. in Att. μέταυλος (sc. θύρα), ἤ, the door between the court-yard and inner part of the house, the inner door.

μέσδων, ον, Dor. for μέζων, μείζων.

μεσηγῆ, and before a vowel -ύς, Ep. μεσσηγῆ, -ύς, Adv. of Space: (μέσος)—in the middle, between. 2. c. gen. in the middle of, betwixt. II. of Time, meanwhile, meantime. III. as Subst., μεσηγῆ, τό, the part between, interval: τὸ μεσηγῆ ἤματος midday, noon.

μεσηεις, εσσα, ἐν, (μέσος) middle, middling.

μεσο-ἡμβρία Ion. μεσο-αμβρίη, ἤ, (for μεσημερία, from μέσος, ἡμέρα) midday, noon, when the sun is at the meridian; μεσημβρία ἴσταται 'tis high noon. II. the country towards the meridian, the South. Hence

μεσο-ἡμβριάζω and -άω, to pass the noon, Lat. meridari.

μεσημβρινός, ἤ, ὄν, commoner form for μεσημεριός, (μεσημβρία) belonging to noon, noontide; θάλλη μεσημβρινῆ noonday heat. II. southern.

μεσημέριος, ον, = μεσημβρινός.

μεσο-ἡρης poet. μεσοῆρης, ες, (μέσος, ἄραρεῖν) set in the middle, midmost; Σείριος ἔτι μεσοῆρης Sirius is still in mid-heaven.

μεσττεύω, f. στω, to be or act as a mediator. From

μεστῆς, ον, ὁ, (μέσος) a mediator, intercessor. [Ὶ]

μεστῆτις, ἴδος, fem. of μεστῆς.

μεσό-γαίος or -γαιος, ον, also α, ον, also μεσό-γαιος, ον, (μέσος, γῆ, γαῖα) inland, in the heart of a country: as Subst., ἡ μεσογεία (sub. χώρα), the interior.

μεσό-δημη, ἤ, (μέσος, δῆμος, as if for μεσοδόμη) properly, something built between; hence the part between two upright beams, a panel. 2. κόλλη μεσοῶμυ the cross-plank of a ship, with a pole through it, for the mast.

μέσοι, poet. μέσσοι, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-λαβίη, ἐς, (μέσος, λαβεῖν) held by the middle, firm-grasped.

μεσό-λευκος, ον, (μένος, λεῦκος) middling white, half white.

μεσ-ὀμφαλος, ον, (μέσος, ὀμφαλός) in mid-*navel*, central, midmost, of Apollo's shrine at Delphi, from the prevalent notion that it was the centre of the earth.

μέσον, τό, see μέσος π.

μεσο-νύκτιος, ον, (μέσος, νύξ) of or at midnight: neut. μεσονύκτιον as Adv., at midnight.

μεσο-πάγης Ep. μεσοσπ-, ἐς, (μέσος, παγήναι) driven to the middle.

μεσο-πᾶλης, ἐς, Ep. μεσοσπ-, (μέσος, παλήναι) swung or poised by the middle.

μεσο-πόρος, ον, (μέσος, πορεύομαι) in the midway, traversing the centre.

μεσο-ποτάμιος, α, ον, (μέσος, ποταμός) between rivers: as Subst., ἡ Μεσοποταμία (sub. χώρα), Mesopotamia, the land between the two rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

μεσο-πύλη, ἡ, = μέση πύλη, the middle gate. [ῥ]

ΜΕΨΟΣΞ Ep. μέσσος, η, ον: I. middle, in the middle, Lat. *medius*; μέσον ἡμῶν mid-day: in Att. also c. gen. *between, midway between*:—proverb. from the wrestling ring, ἔχεται μέσος he is caught by the middle.

II. middle or mean between the two extremes, middling, moderate, of middle rank.

III. as Subst., μέσον, τό, the middle, the space between: also, common ground; ἐς μέσον τιθέναι τινί τι to set a prize before all, in public, Lat. in *medio ponere*; so, ἐς μέσον ἀμφοτέροις δικάζω to judge fairly or impartially for both; ἐκ τοῦ μέσου καθέζεσθαι to remain neutral; διὰ μέσον, between; and, of Time, *meanwhile, in the meantime*.

IV. neut. μέσον, as Adv. in the middle, like μέσως, moderately.

V. ποῖτ. Comp. μεσᾶτερος, Sup. μεσᾶτατος.

μεσο-σχιδής, ἐς, (μέσος, σχίζω) split in two.

μεσότης, ητος, ἡ, (μέσος) a middle, a mean between two extremes, Lat. *mediocritas*.

μεσό-τοιχον, τό, (μέσος, τοίχος, a partition-wall).

μεσοτομέω, to cut through the middle, bisect. From μεσό-τομος, ον, (μέσος, τεμείν) cut through the middle, cut in twain.

μεσο-ουράνημα, ατος, τό, (μέσος, οὐρανός) the meridian or zenith. 2. the mid-heaven.

μεσώ, f. ὄσω, (μέσος) to be in the middle, be half over, to reach the height, culminate; ἡμέρα μεσοῦσα midday, noon; θέσος μεσοῦν midsummer. 2. c. gen. to be in the middle of, μεσοῦν τῆς ἀναβάσιος to be in the middle of the ascent.

ΜΕΨΙΠΛΟΝ, τό, the medlar-tree: a medlar.

μέσαστος, η, ον, = μέσαστος, ποῖτ. for μέσος.

μέσο-αυλος, ὁ, or μέσσο-αυλον, τό, ποῖτ. for μέσσαυλο-μεσσηγύ. μεσσηγύς, ποῖτ. for μεσσηγ-.

μεσο-ἡρπης, es, ποῖτ. for μεσῆρπης.

Μεσσίας, ον, ὁ, Heb. the Messiah, i. e. the Anointed.

μεσσοθεν, Ep. for μεσούθεν, Adv. (μέσος) from the middle.

μεσσοθῆ, Ep. for μεσούθῃ, Adv. (μέσος) in the middle.

μεσο-πᾶλης, μεσο-πόρος, ποῖτ. for μεσοπ-μέσος, η, ον, ποῖτ. for μέσος.

ΜΕΨΤΟΣΞ, ἡ, ὄν, full, filled, filled full:—c. gen. full of, filled with a thing: metaph. sated, disgusted with a thing: c. part., μεστος ἦν θυμούμενος he had his fill of anger.

μεστώ, f. ὄσω, (μεστός) to fill full, glut, cram:—Pass. to be filled or full of.

μέσφᾶ, ποῖτ. Adv. for μέχρι, till, until, c. gen.; μέσφ' ἡούς till morn:—μέσφ' ὅτε until.

μέσως, Adv. of μέσος, middlingly, moderately.

ΜΕΤΑ', ποῖτ. μετᾶί, Dor. πεδῶ or πέδα:—when placed after its Subst., it is written μέτα:—Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.

WITH GEN. in the midst of, among, between. II. in common with, with the help or favour of; μετ' Ἀθηναίων with the help of Athens. III. with, by means of; as μετ' ἀρετῆς προτείνεω.

WITH DAT. only ποῖτ. properly of persons, among, in company with: sometimes, besides, over and above; πύματος μετὰ οἷς ἑταίροισιν last over and above his companions. 2. of things, in the midst of, with, as, μετὰ νηυσί, κύμασι, ἀστράσι; so also, μετὰ πνοῆς ἀνέμοιοι in company with the winds.

WITH ACCUS. of motion, coming into or among, as μετὰ φύλα θεῶν, μετὰ λαόν: generally, after, in quest or pursuit of, either in hostile or friendly sense: hence with a view to, looking to; πόλεμον μέτα θωρήσσαντο they armed for the battle.

II. of Place, after, next after, behind; μετὰ κτίλον ἔσπετο μῆλα the sheep followed after the bell-wether. 2. of Time, after, next to μετὰ ταῦτα thereafter:—also, μεθ' ἡμέραν in the course of the day, Lat. *interdiu*.

3. of order of Rank, next to, next after, after; κάλλιστος ἀνὴρ μετ' ἀμύμονα Πηλεΐωνα the fairest man after the son of Peleus. III. after, according to; μετὰ σὸν καὶ ἐμὸν κῆρ as you and I wish.

IV. among, in, between, as with dat.; μετὰ πάντας ἀριστος best of all, among all.

AS ADV. among them, with them. II. and then, next afterwards.

III. thereafter, afterwards; μετὰ γὰρ καὶ ἄλγεσι τρίτεται ἀνήρ one feels pleasure even in troubles afterwards.

Μέτα is often used for μέτεστι, q. v.

IN COMPOS. μετὰ implies community or participation, as in μετα-διδῶμι. II. interval of space or time, between, during, as in μετ-αἰχμον.

III. succession of time, as in μετ-αυτίκα. IV. towards, in pursuit, following, as in μετ-αδιώκα, μετ-οίχομαι.

V. letting go, as in μεθ-ίημι. VI. after, behind, as in μετὰ-φρονῶ.

VII. backwards, back again, reversely, as in μετὰ-τρέπω, μετα-στρέφω.

VIII. most freq. of change of place, condition, mind, etc. as in μετὰ-βαίνω, μετα-βάλλω, μετα-γυγνώσκω, etc.

μετάβᾶ, for μετάβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 μετέβην: pf. μεταβέβηκα:—to pass over, to pass on: generally, to pass

from one place to another.

II. Causal in aor. I μετέβησα, inf. μεταβήσαι, to carry over or away.

μεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 μετέβαλον: pf. μεταβέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to turn quickly or suddenly; μεταβάλλειν γῆν to turn, i. e. plough, the earth, Lat. novare. 2. to turn about, change, alter, reverse; μεταβάλλειν τὰ ὕδατα to change the course of the water; μεταβάλλειν διαίταν to change one's diet or way of life.

II. intr. to undergo a change, become changed, alter: to change one's purpose.

III. Med. to change for oneself, exchange, traffic. 2. to turn oneself, turn about: to change one's mind or purpose.

3. to turn one's back, turn or wheel round.

μεταβάπτω, f. ψω, to change by dyeing: to stain, dye: metaph. to change one's complexion.

μεταβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβίβω, ἦ, (μεταβαίνειν) a passing over, shifting, changing.

II. change, alteration.

μεταβέβηκα, pf. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβήσομαι, fut. of μεταβαίνω.

μεταβιβάω, f. -βιβάω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μεταβαίνω, to carry or convey over, bring into another place.

μεταβολή, ἦ, (μεταβάλλω) a change, changing: in plur. changes, vicissitudes; but c. gen. change from a thing, as μεταβολή κακῶν: change to another party, μεταβολή ἐς τοὺς Ἕλληνας going over to the Greeks.

2. μεταβολή τῆς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταβουλεύω, or as Dep. μεταβουλεύομαι, to alter one's plans, change one's mind.

μετάβουλος, ον, (μετά, βουλή) changing one's mind, changeable, fickle.

μεταβόη, ἦς, ἦ, aor. 2 subj. of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-ἄγγελος, ον, ὁ and ἡ, a messenger between two parties, a go-between, Lat. internuncius.

Μετα-γεννίων, ὄνος, ὁ, (μετά, γείτων) the second month of the Athenian year, answering to the Lacedaemonian Καρνεῖος, the latter half of August and first of Sept.; so called because then people flitted and changed their neighbours.

μετα-γνώσκω Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: pf. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 μετέγνων:—to ascertain after or too late.

II. to change one's mind: c. acc. to alter, repeal a decree. 2. to repent: c. acc. to repent of a thing.

μετά-γνοιᾶ, ἦ, = μετάνοια, repentance, remorse.

μετάγνως, εως, ἦ, (μεταγνοία) change of mind.

μετα-γράφω, ψω, to write differently: to alter, correct: also, to interpolate, falsify. 2. to translate: Med. to get a letter translated.

μετα-άγω, f. -ἄξω: aor. 2 μετέγαγον:—to convey from one place to another.

II. seemingly intr. to change one's course.

μετα-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίσομαι, Dep. to share the feast: generally, to partake of.

μεταδέδογμα, pf. pass. of μεταδοκέω.

μετα-δέω, f. -δήσω, to tie differently: to untie.

μετα-δήμιος, ον, (μετά, δῆμος) in the midst of or among the people: hence, native, at home.

μετα-διατάω, f. ἦσω, (μετά, διαίτα) to change one's way of life.

μετα-δίδωμι, fut. -δώσω, to give part of, give a share.

II. to give after.

μετα-δίωμι, Dep., = μεταδιώκω.

μεταδιώκτος, ον, chased, overtaken. From

μετα-διώκω, f. -διώξω later -διώξω, to give chase to, pursue closely.

II. intr. to follow close after.

μετα-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα: pf. pass. -δέδογμα:—to change one's opinion: impers. μεταδοκέι, μετέδοξε, one changes, one changed one's plans or purpose: absol. in pf. pass. part., μεταδεδογμένον μοι μη στρατεύεσθαι my purpose is changed so as not to march.

μετα-δέρπτιος, ον, (μετά, δέρπον) during supper, or after supper.

μεταδός, aor. 2 imperat. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετάδοσις, ἦ, (μεταδίδωμι) ibo giving a share, imparting.

μεταδοῦναι, aor. 2 inf. of μεταδίδωμι.

μετά-δουπος, ον, (μετά, δουπέω) falling between, useless.

μετα-δρομάδην, Adv. (μετά, δρόμος) running after, following close upon.

μετα-δρομή, ἦ, (μετά, δραμεῖν) a running after, pursuit, chase.

μετα-δρόμος, ον, (μετά, δραμεῖν) running after, pursuing, hunting down, taking vengeance of.

μέταξ, Adv. (μετά) afterwards.

μετα-ζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to unyoke and put to another carriage.

μετάθεσις, ἦ, (μετατίθημι) transposition: change of opinions, a going over.

II. the power or right of changing.

μετα-θέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run after, chase.

μεταί, poet. for μετά.

μετα-ἵξω, poet. for μεθίζω, to take one's seat beside.

μεταίξας, aor. I part. of μεταίξω.

μετα-αἶρω, to lift up and remove; ψήφισμα μεταίρειν to repeal a statute.

II. intr. (sub. εαυτῶν) to go away, depart.

μετα-αἶσσω, f. ξω, to rush after, rush upon: to rush upon, attack.

μετα-αἰτέω, f. ἦσω, to demand one's share of a thing: to beg. 2. to beg of, ask alms of, τινά.

μετα-αἴτιος, ον, also ος, ον, (μετά, αἴτιος) being in part the cause; μεταίτιος φόνου an accomplice in, accessory to, the murder.

μετα-αἰχμῖος, ον, Aeol. πεδ-, (μετά, αἰχμή) between two armies: μεταίχμιον, τό, the space between two armies; also, a disputed frontier, debatable ground.

2. generally, midway between, in mid air.

μετα-καθέζομαι, f. -εδοῦμαι, Med. to change one's seat or place.

μετα-καίνιζω, f. σω, to model anew.

μετα-καλέω, f. έσω, to call away: to call back, recall.

μετᾶ-κίβω, only used in impf., to follow after: either absol. to give chase, or c. acc. to chase. II. to go to visit, c. acc. III. πᾶν πεδίον μετεκίβον they were marching over the whole field.

μετα-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to remove: to change, alter:—Med. to go from one place to another. Hence μετακινητός, ἡ, ὄν, transposed, changed: to be changed or disturbed.

μετα-κλαῶ, f. -κλαύσομαι, to weep or wail afterwards. 2. to weep for.

μετα-κλάω, to break and so change.

μετα-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to turn in a new direction:—Pass. to take another course, set the other way.

μετα-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to lull to sleep.

μετά-κοινος, ὄν, (μετά, κοινός) sharing in common, partaking.

μετα-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to transport, carry over.

μετα-κύλινω, f. ἦσω, to roll away; μετακυλινοεῖν αὐτόν to roll oneself over.

μετα-κύμιος, ὄν, (μετά, κύμα) between the waves; ἄρας μετακυμίων between two waves of woe, i. e. bringing a short lull or pause from woe. [V]

μετα-λαγχάνω, f. -λήξομαι, to get a share of.

μετα-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: pf. -είληφα: pass. -είλημμαι:—to have or get a share of, to partake in:—Med., μεταλαμβάνεσθαι τινας to claim a thing to oneself, assume. II. to take instead, take in exchange, as πόλεμον ἀντ' εἰρήνης; μεταλαμβάνειν παλτόν to take a fresh dart. 2. to inter-change.

μετ-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to feel remorse, to repent. μετα-λήγω Ep. μεταλλάγω, fut. ξω, to leave off, cease from.

μετάληψις, ἡ, (μεταλαμβάνω) a partaking of, communion in a thing. μεταλλάγη, ἡ, (μεταλλάσσω) a taking in exchange, a changing, change; μεταλλαγή τὰς ἡμέρας an eclipse.

μεταλλακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάσσω, changed, altered. μεταλλάξις, ἡ, = μεταλλαγή, a change. μετα-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I μετήλλαξα: to exchange, to change, alter. 2. to change to, take in exchange. 3. to change from, leave, quit. 4. intr. to undergo a change, change.

μετ-άλλατος, Dor. for μετάλλητος.

μετ-αλλάω, f. ἦσω, (μετ' ἄλλα) to search after other things, to explore, inquire curiously: to question: also to ask about, ask after. Cf. μέταλλον. μεταλλεύω, f. σω, (μέταλλον) to produce by mining: to dig mines. II. = μεταλλάω, to explore.

μετα-λήγω, Ep. for μεταλήγω.

μεταλλῆσαι, aor. I inf. of μεταλλάω.

μετάλλητος, ὄν, verb. Adj. of μεταλλάω, to be searched, sought out.

μεταλλικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for mines. From μέτ-αλλον, τό, a mine, quarry; ἄλως μέταλλον a salt-pit, salt-mine: mostly in pl., χρύσεια καὶ ἀργύρεα

μέταλλα gold and silver mines. (From μετ' ἄλλα, in quest of other things; cf. μεταλλάω.)

μεταλλό-χρῦσος, ὄν, (μέταλλον, χρῦσός) containing gold ore.

μετάλιμος, Ep. aor. 2 part. pass. of μεθάλλομαι. μετα-μάζιος, ὄν, (μετά, μάζος) between the breasts: μεταμάζιον, τό, the part between the breasts, chest.

μετα-μαίωμαι, Dep. to search after, chase. μετα-μανθάνω, f. -μάθῃσομαι: aor. 2 μετέμαθον: to learn differently: to unlearn one thing and learn another, Lat. dediscere.

μετ-ἄμειβω, f. ψω, to exchange, ἀγαθὸν κακοῦ good for evil; also in Med. 2. to change, remove. II. Med. to change one's condition, escape from; μεταμειβόμενοι in turns.

μετα-μέλει, fut. -μελήσει: aor. I μετεμέλησε: I. impers. it repents me, rue me, c. dat. pers. et gen. rei, μεταμέλει μοι τὸ πεπραγμένον, Lat. poenitet me facti: also, μεταμέλει μοι ὅπως ἀπολογησάμεν I repent of having so defended myself: absol., μεταμέλει μοι it repents me; and in part., μεταμελῶ μοι, Lat. quum poeniteat me. 2. also with a nom., τῷ Ἀρίστωνι μετέμελε τὸ εἰρημένον what had been said caused sorrow to Ariston. Hence

μεταμέλεια, ἡ, change of purpose, regret, repentance: and μετα-μέλομαι, fut. med. μεταμελήσομαι, aor. I pass. μετεμελήθη: Dep.: (μετά, μέλω):—to feel repentance, to rue, regret: absol. to change one's purpose.

μετά-μέλος, ὄ, (μετά, μέλομαι) repentance, regret. μετα-μέλομαι, Dep. to sing or dance among. μετα-μελητικός, ἡ, ὄν, full of repentance, repentant. μετα-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω, to mix among, confound with. μετα-μίσγω, = μηταμίγνυμι.

μετα-μορφόμαι, Pass. (μετά, μορφή) to be transformed: to be transfigured. μετ-αμφιάζω, f. σω, to change another's dress, to transform: Med. to change one's own dress.

μετ-ἄμνιος, ὄν, (μετά, ἄνεμος) borne by the wind: vain, idle, bootless; μεταμῶνιά βάζειν to talk idly. μετ-αναγιγνώσκω, to persuade one to change his purpose:—Pass. to be changed in purpose.

μετα-ναιετώ, to dwell with. μετα-ναίετης, ὄν, ὄ, (μετά, ναίω) a settler in a new place, a wanderer.

μετ-ἀνάστᾱσις, ἡ, (μετανίσταμαι) migration. μετα-νάστης, ὄν, ὄ, (μετά, ναίω) one who has changed his home, a wanderer, emigrant, opp. to an original inhabitant. Hence

μετανάστιος, ὄν, like a wanderer, wandering. μετανάστρια, fem. of μετανάστης.

μετανεγνώσθη, aor. I pass. of μεταγιγνώσκω. μετ-ἀνέστηκα, -ἀνέστην, pf. and aor. 2 of μετανίστημι.

μετα-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go over, pass over to the other side. II. trans. to go after, pursue.

μετ-ἀνίστημι, f. -στήσω, to remove another from his country. II. in Pass., with intr. tenses of Act.

αορ. 2 μετανέστην, πφ. μετανέστηκα, to move off elsewhere, to migrate.

μετα-νοέω, f. ήσω, to perceive afterwards or too late. 2. to change one's mind or opinion. 3.

to repent. Hence

μετάνοια, ή, after-thought: change of mind on reflection, repentance.

μετ-αντλήω, f. ήσω, to draw from one vessel into another.

μεταξύ, Adv. (μετά) Adv. of Place, between, between; τὸ μεταξύ the space between:—of Time, between-whiles, afterwards. II. as Prep., with gen., between:—of Time, during.

μετα-παιδεύω, f. σω, to educate differently.

μετα-παύομαι, Pass. to rest between times. Hence

μετα-παυσωλή, ή, rest between times.

μετα-πέιθω, f. σω, to change by persuasion, win over.

μετα-πειράομαι, Dep. to try in a different way.

μεταπεμπτός, α, ον, to be sent for: and μετάπεμπτος, ον, sent for: verb. Adjectives from

μετα-πέμψω, f. ψω, to send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: the Med. is more frequent in same sense.

μετα-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι: αορ. 2 -επτάμην: Dep. to fly away.

μετα-πηδάω, f. ήσομαι, to leap from one to another.

μετα-πίπτω, f. -πεσομαι: αορ. 2 -έπεισον: πφ. πέπτωκα:—to fall differently, undergo a change, change suddenly. 2. of votes, to change sides. 3. of

conditions, to change for the worse, to decline: but also to change for the better.

μετα-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσω [ᾶ], to mould differently, remodel.

μετα-ποιέω, f. ήσω, to remodel, cast anew, alter:—Med. to pretend to, make pretence of a thing, c. gen.

μετα-ποινίος, ον, (μετά, ποινή) punishing afterwards.

μετα-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -εύσομαι: αορ. I pass. μετεπορεύθην: Dep. :—to go after or in quest of: to follow up, punish. II. to emigrate.

μεταπρεπής, ές, distinguished among. From

μετα-πρέπω, only used in pres. and impf. to be conspicuous or distinguished among.

μεταπτάμενος, αορ. 2 part. of μεταπέτομαι.

μετα-πτοιέω, f. ήσω, (μετά, πτοιέω) intr. to cower or crouch from fear.

μετα-πύργιον, τό, (μετά, πυργός) the wall between the towers, the curtain.

μετ-ᾄριθμος, ον, (μετά, ἀριθμός) counted among.

μεταρ-ρίπτω, ψω, to turn upside down.

μεταρ-ρυθμίζω, f. ίσω, to change the form or fashion of a thing, to remodel: esp. to reform, correct.

μεταρσιο-λεσχέω, f. ήσω, (μετάρσιος, λέσχης) to talk on lofty subjects. Hence

μεταρσιολεσχία, ή, a talking on lofty subjects.

μετάρσιος, ον, also α, ον, Dor. πεδάσιος, (μεταίρω) raised aloft, high in air: metaph. scattered to the winds. 2. floating in air, unsteady: also airy, empty. II. like μετῆρος, out at sea. Hence

μεταρσιώω, f. ώσω, to raise aloft, lift up.

μετα-σεύομαι Ep. μετασ-σεύομαι: Ep. αορ. 2 μετεσύμην, 3 sing. μετέσσυτο: Pass. :—to go along with. II. to rush after: c. acc. to rush upon.

μετα-σκευάζω, f. άσω, to fashion differently: to transform: to disguise.

μετα-σπώω, f. άσω [ᾶ], to draw over from one side to another, persuade, convince.

μετασπόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of μεθέπω.

μετασπών, αορ. 2 part. act. of μεθέπω.

μετασσαι, αί, lambs coming midway between the πρόγονοι and έρσαι, the middle-born lambs, summer lambs. (From μετά, as περισσός from περί.)

μετασσεύομαι, Ep. for μετασεύομαι.

μετασθάβω, αορ. I subj. pass. of μεθίστημι.

μεταστάς, άσα, άν, αορ. 2 part. of μεθίστημι.

μετάστασις, εως, ή, (μεθίσταμαι) a removal from one place to another; μετάστασις ήλιου an eclipse. 2. μετάστασις βίου departure from life: absol. de-

cease. II. a changing, change. 2. a change of political constitution, revolution.

μετα-στείχω, to go after or in quest of, pursue.

μετα-στέλλομαι, Dep. to send for, summon.

μετα-στένω, to bewail or lament afterwards: so also in Med.

μεταστήσας, μεταστήσω, αορ. I part., and fut., of μεθίστημι.

μετα-στοιχεί or -ί, Adv. (μετά, στοιχος) in a line one after another.

μετα-στονάζω, to sigh or wail afterwards.

μετα-στράτοπεδεύω, and Med. -εύομαι, to sbift one's camp.

μεταστράφθσομαι, fut. pass. of μεταστρέφω.

μεταστρέφθεις, αορ. I pass. part. of μεταστρέφω.

μετα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn about, turn round:—Pass., αορ. I μετεστρέφθην, αορ. 2 μετεστράφην [ᾶ], to turn oneself round, whether to rally or to flee; often in αορ. I part. μεταστρεφείς. 2. to turn round upon, retort. 3. to change alter. II.

intr. to change one's course. 2. to care for, regard, c. gen. 3. to turn round upon, to visit with vengeance.

μετασχείν, αορ. 2 inf. of μετέχω.

μετάσχεσις, εως, ή, (μετέχω) a participation, sharing in.

μετα-σχηματίζω, f. ίσω Att. ώω, (μετά, σχήμα) to change the form of, alter, transform.

μετα-τάσσω Att. -ττω, f. σω, to change the order of, arrange differently:—Med. to change one's order of battle: to go over to the enemy.

μετα-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: αορ. I μετέθηκα:—to place among. II. to place differently, change, alter:—Med. to change for oneself: to change one's opinion, retract; μετατίθεσθαι την γνώμην to change to a new opinion.

μετα-τίκτω, f. -τέξομαι, to bring forth after.

μετα-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn round:—Med. to turn

oneself round, turn back. 2. to turn and look after, to care for, regard, take care of.

μετα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: aor. 2 μετεδράμω (from obsol. δρέμω):—to run after.

μετα-τροπάζομαι, Pass. (μετά, τρέπω) to keep turning about, in a retreat.

μετατροπή, ἡ, (μετατρέπω) a turning round or back: a visiting, vengeance for a thing.

μετατροπία, ἡ, = μετατροπή.

μετάτροπος, ον, (μετατρέπω) turning round or about: of an enemy, turning round upon; ἔργα μετάτροπα deeds that are visited with vengeance.

μετα-τροπῶν, f. ἦσω, ποῖτ, for μετατρέπω.

μετα-αυγάζω Dor. πεδ-, to look about for.

μετα-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, to address, c. dat. plur. II. later, to accost, address, c. acc.

μετα-αὐθῖς Ion. -αὐτις, Adv. afterwards, thereupon.

μετα-αυτικά, Adv. forthwith, thereupon.

μετα-φέρω, f. μετοίσω, to carry from one place to another, transfer. 2. to change, alter: to pervert:—Pass. to change one's course.

μετά-φημι, impf. or aor. 2 μετέφην, to speak among. μεταφορά, ἡ, (μεταφέρω) a carrying from one place to another.

II. in Rhetoric, a transferring to one word the sense of another, a metaphor, trope.

μετα-φορέω, = μεταφέρω.

μετα-φράζομαι, f. σομαι, Med. to consider after.

μετά-φρονω, τό, (μετά, φρήν) properly, the part behind the midriff (φρένες), the broad of the back.

μετα-φωνέω, f. ἦσω, to speak among, address.

μετα-χειρίζω, f. ἴσω, or more often as Dep. μεταχειρίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι: aor. I μετεχειρίζομαι:—to have in one's hands, handle. 2. to take in hand, manage, Lat. administrare; μεταχειρίζεσθαι πράγμα to conduct an affair. 3. to have in hand, pursue, practice, Lat. exercere. 4. to

bundle, treat in a certain way.

μετα-χρόνιος, α, ον, = μετάχρονος. II. in Poets, = μεταρσιος, aloft, on high.

μετά-χρονος, ον, (μετά, χρόνος) after the time, done afterwards.

μετα-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go to another place, withdraw: to migrate, of birds of passage.

μετα-ψαίρω, to brush against.

μετέασσι, Ep. for μέτεισι, 3 pl. of μέτειμι.

μετέβαλον, aor. 2 of μεταβάλλω.

μετέβην, aor. 2 of μεταβαίνω.

μετα-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or enter on a new register, in fut. 2 pass. μετεγγραφῆσεται.

μετέγων, aor. 2 of μεταγιγνώσκω.

μετέδοξα, aor. I of μεταδοκῶ.

μετέδωκα, aor. I of μεταδίδωμι.

μετέειπε, μετέειπον, Ion. and Ep. for μετέιπε, etc.

μετέθησι, Ion. for μετή, 3 sing. subj. of μέτειμι.

μετέθηκα, aor. I of μετατίθημι.

μετείληφα, -ημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of μεταλαμβάνω.

μέτ-ειμι, f. μετέσομαι Ep. -έσομαι: (μετά, εἰμί

sum):—to be among, live with, associate with. II. impers., μέτεστί τοί τινος I have a share of a thing; part. neut. absol., μετόν there being a share or claim:—sometimes with a nom., μέτεστι πᾶσι τὸ ἴσον equality is shared by all.

μέτ-ειμι, (μετά, εἰμι ἰδο) to go between or among. II. to go after or behind, follow. 2.

to go after or for, fetch. 3. to pursue, visit with vengeance. 4. to go to, approach, draw near to.

III. to pass over, go over to the other side.

μετ-εἶπον Ep. μετέειπον, used as aor. 2 of μετάφημι: (μετά, εἶπον):—to speak among. 2. to speak thereafter, afterwards.

μετείς, Ion. for μεθείς, aor. 2 part. of μεθήμι.

μετεισόμενος, Ep. aor. 1 part. med. of μέτειμι (εἰμι ἰδο).

μετείω, Ep. for μετώ, subj. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετ-εκβαίνο, to step out of one thing into another.

μετεκιάθω, impf. of μετακιάθω.

μετεκιάβω, aor. 2 of μετακλαμβάνω.

μετελάχων, aor. 2 of μεταλαγχάνω.

μετελεύσομαι, fut. of μετέρχομαι.

μέτελθε, μετελθών, aor. 2 imperat. and part. of μετέρχομαι.

μετέμαθω, aor. 2 of μεταμανθάνω.

μετ-εμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go on board another ship.

μετ-εμβιβάζω, f. -βιβῶ Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of μετ-εμβαίνω, put on board another ship.

μετέμελε, μετεμέλησε, impf. and aor. I of μεταμέλει.

μετέμμεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετ-ἐμφύτος, ον, (μετά, ἐμφύω) engrafted afresh.

μετ-ενδύω, f. δύσω, to put other clothes on a person. II. Med., with aor. 2 μετ-ενέδυν, to put on other clothes.

μετενίνοχα, Att. pf. of μεταφέρω.

μετενίσσετο, 3 sing. impf. of μετανίσσομαι.

μετ-εννέπτο, to speak among.

μετ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to take out and put elsewhere.

μετ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. to move from one place to another.

μετ-εξ-έτεροι, αι, α, (μετά, ἐξ, ἕτεροι) some others.

μετέον, Ion. for μετόν, neut. part. of μέτειμι (εἰμί sum).

μετέπειτα, Adv. afterwards, thereafter.

μετέπεσον, aor. 2 of μεταπίπτω.

μετέρχομαι, f. μετελεύσομαι: Dep., with aor. 2 act. -ήλθων, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come among. 2.

to go between the ranks. 3. to go in among, attack. II. to go to another place, go away. III.

c. acc. to go after, to go to seek, go in quest of: hence to seek for, aim at. 2. of things, to go after, attend to, manage. 3. to pursue, visit as an avenger:

in legal sense, to prosecute. 4. to approach with prayers, supplicate. 5. to court or woo.

μετέσσυτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of μετασεύομαι.

μετέσχηκα, pf. of μετέχω.

μετεύχομαι, f. -εύχομαι, Dep. to change one's wish or prayer, to wish something else.

μετέφη, 3 sing. impf. or aor. 2 of μεταφήμ.

μετέχω, f. μετέξω, to partake of, have a share of, c. gen.: also c. acc. rei, μετέχειν ἴσον (sc. μέρος) ἀγαθῶν, τινι to enjoy an equal share of good with another.

μετέω, Ion. and Ep. subj. of μέτεμι (εἰμί sum).

μετεωρίζω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος) to raise to a height, raise, lift up: Pass, μετεωρισθεὶς ἐν τῷ πελάγει keeping out on the high sea. II. metaph. to buoy up or excite: to buoy up with false hopes.

μετεωρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (μετέωρος, κόπτω) to prate about the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λέσχης, ου, ὁ, = μετεωρο-λόγος.

μετεωρολογέω, f. ἴσω, (μετεωρολόγος) to talk of high things, or of the heavenly bodies. Hence

μετεωρολογία, ἡ, a treatise on the heavenly bodies.

μετεωρο-λόγος, ου, (μετέωρος, λέγω) talking or treating of the heavenly bodies.

μετέωρος Ep. μετήρορος, ου, (μετά, ἔωρα or αἰῶρα) suspended in mid air, aloft, raised on high, high in air. 2. of a ship, on the high sea, out at sea. II.

metaph. of the mind, excited, in suspense, Lat. *spe erectus*: hence wavering, fluctuating. III. τὰ μετέωρα, things in the air, the heavenly bodies, meteors, natural phenomena; generally, abstruse, lofty speculations.

μετεωρο-σοφιστής, ὁ, a meteorological philosopher.

μετεωρο-φῆναξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a meteorological quack.

μετήγαγον, aor. 2 of μεταγάω.

μετήλθον Ep. μετήλυθον, aor. 2 of μετέρχομαι.

μετήλλαξα, aor. I of μεταλλάσσω.

μετηνέμιος, ου, (μετά, άνεμος) swift as the wind.

μετήρορος, older Ep. form for μετέωρος.

μετήρα, aor. I of μεταίρω.

μετήσεσθαι, Ion. for μεθήσεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μεθίμω.

μετηύδων, as, a, impf. of μεταυδάω.

μετίει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of μεθίμω; also 3 sing. pres.

μετίετο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med. of μεθίμω.

μετήμι, μετήστημι, Ion. for μεθ-.

μετήσχω, = μετέχω.

μετοικεσία, ἡ, = μετοικία I. 2. the Captivity of the Jews. From

μετοικέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτοικος) to change one's abode, remove to a place, c. acc.: c. dat. loci, to settle in. absol. to be a μέτοικος or settler. Hence

μετοικήσις, εως, ἡ, = μετοικία I: and

μετοικία, ἡ, change of abode, migration. II. a settling as μέτοικος, a settlement: society. 2. the condition of a μέτοικος or sojourner.

μετοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to lead to another abode: —Pass. to be led to another country, to emigrate.

μετοικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μέτοικος) of or for a μέτοικος: τὸ μετοικικόν the list of μέτοικοι or aliens.

μετοίκιον, τό, the tax of twelve drachmae paid by the μέτοικοι at Athens. From

μέτοικος, ου, (μετά, οἶκος) changing one's abode, settling elsewhere. II. at Athens, μέτοικος, ὁ and ἡ, a foreign settler, an alien who was suffered to settle in the city on payment of a tax (μετοίκιον), yet without enjoying civic rights, Lat. *inquilinus*.

μετοικο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, the guardian of the μέτοικοι or aliens at Athens.

μετο-οίχομαι, f. -οιχέσσομαι, Dep. to have gone after, to be gone in pursuit. 2. to have gone among or through.

μετοίσω, fut. of μεταφέρω.

μετο-οκλάζω, f. σω, to keep shifting one's knees, of a coward crouching in ambush.

μετο-ονομάζω, f. σω, to change the name, call by a new name: —Pass. to take a new name.

μετο-όπιν, Adv. = μετόπισθε.

μετο-όπισθε, and before a vowel -θεν, Adv. of Place, from behind, backwards: —of Time, after, afterwards. II. as Prep. with gen. behind.

μετοπωρινός, ἡ, ὄν, of or like the end of autumn, verging on winter, autumnal. From

μετο-όπωρον, τό, (μετά, ὕπαρα) the season after ὕπαρα, late autumn; cp. φθινόπωρον.

μετο-ορμίζω, Ion. for μεθορμίζω.

μετο-όρχιον, τό, (μετά, ὄρχος) the space between rows of vines.

μετο-ουσία, ἡ, (μετοῦσα part. fem. of μέτεμι interestum) participation, communion: possession, enjoyment.

μετοχή, ἡ, (μετέχω) a partaking of, communion.

μετο-οχλίω, f. ἴσω, (μετά, ὄχλος) to remove by a lever, boist out of the way.

μετοχλίσις, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I opt. of μετοχλίω.

μέτοχος, ου, (μετέχω) partaking of: —as Subst. a partaker, partner, accomplice.

μετρέω, f. ἴσω, (μέτρον) to measure: I. of Space, to measure, i. e. pass over, Lat. *metiri, emetiri*: —Med., μετρεῖσθαι ἵχνην to measure the footmarks with the eyes. II. of Number, to count: to measure out, dole out. 2. of Size, Value, etc., to measure, estimate, compute. Hence.

μέτρημα, ατος, τό, that which is measured out: I. a measured distance. 2. a measure, dole.

μέτρσις, ἡ, (μετρέω) a measuring, measurement.

μετρητής, ου, ὁ, (μετρέω) = ἀμφορέύς, Lat. *metrēta*, at Athens the common liquid measure, holding 12 χόες, or 144 κοτύλια, about 9 gallons English: the Roman amphora held $\frac{2}{3}$ of a μετρητής.

μετρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μετρέω) measured, measurable.

μετριάω f. σω, (μέτριος) to be moderate: to be of an even temper, be calm, unruffled. II. trans. to moderate.

μετριοπάθεω, f. ἴσω, to be moderate or merciful towards. From

μετριο-πάθής, ἐς, (μέτριος, παθεῖν) bearing moderately.

μετριο-πότης, ου, ὁ, (μέτριος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a moderate drinker, moderate in potations: Sup. μετριοποτιστάτος.

μέτριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μέτρον) *within measure, moderate*: of Size, of average or ordinary height. II. of Number, few.

III. of Degree, *holding to the mean, moderate*: of middle condition or rank: τὸ μέτριον *the mean*.

2. *tolerable*. 3. of Persons, moderate, temperate: also fair, reasonable. 4. *suitable*.—The neut. μέτριον, μέτρια are often used. Adv. = μετρίως.

μετρίως, see μέτριος.

μετριότης, ητος, ή, (μέτριος) *moderation*.

μετρίως, Adv. of μέτριος, moderately, in due limits or measure.

2. modestly, temperately: *on fair terms*.—Comp. μετρίωτερον, Sup. -ώτατα.

ΜΕΤΡΟΝ, τό, a measure or rule; a standard. 2. *the contents or thing measured, as well as the measure itself*.

3. *any space measured or measurable*; μέτρον ὄρουμ *the size of the harbour*; μέτρον ἡβης *the full measure or prime of youth*.

II. *the mean between two extremes, proportion, due measure*: fitness.

III. *metre*, opp. to μέλος (tune) and ἄρθρος (time).

μετώπισα, aor. I of μετοικίζω.

μετ-ωνύμια, ή, (μέτα, ὄνομα) *change of name*: in Rhetoric, *the use of one word for another, metonymy*.

μετ-ωπιδόν, Adv. (μέτωπον) *with the forebead foremost, fronting*: of ships, in line; opp. to ἐπὶ κέρως, in column.

μετωπίδιος, ον, (μέτωπον) *on or of the forebead*.

μετ-ώπιον, τό, = μέτωπον, *the forebead*.

μετ-ώπων, τό, (μετά, ὄψ) *the space between the eyes, the forebead, front*.

II. *the front or fore part of anything: the front or face of a building: the front of an army*.

μετωπο-σώφρων, ον, gen. ονος, (μέτωπον, σώφρων) *with ingenious countenance*.

μεῦ, ἔρ. and Ion. gen. of ἐγώ.

ΜΕΧΡΙ, rarely μέχρις even before a vowel: I.

Prep. with gen. *until, unto, to a given point*, 1. of Place, μέχρι θαλάσσης *as far as the sea*.

2. of Time, τέο μέχρις *until when?* μέχρις οὐ; μέχρις ὅσον; *until when? how long?* μέχρι τινός *for a space*; μέχρι τοῦδε *until now*.

II. in Ion., μέχρι οὐ is sometimes followed by another gen., as, μέχρι οὐ ὀκτῶ πύργων, *as far as eight towers, instead of μέχρις οὐ ὀκτῶ πύργοι εἰσίν*.

III. Conjunct. *until, with indic., μέχρι ἕως ἐγένετο till morning came*; with ἄν and subj., μέχρι ἄν τοῦτο ἴδωμεν *till we see this*: also, μέχρι οὐ in same sense.

ΜΗ, Adv. *not*, used where the Negation depends on some Condition, either expressed or implied, while οὐ denies absolutely: μή expresses that one *thinks* a thing is *not*, οὐ that it is *not*: hence μή always follows εἰ, ἐάν, ἤ, ὅταν, ἐπειδὴν, ἕως ἄν, because these speak of a thing *not* as a fact, but as a supposition: whereas ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδὴ are joined with οὐ, because they refer to a fact.

2. μή also is used after the final Conjunctions ἵνα, ὡς, ὅπως, ὥστε, because these are in their nature contingent, as, ὡς μή . . . δεικνῆται *that*

they perish not.

3. with infin., as, τὸ μὴ πῦθέσθαι μὴ ἀλγύνειν ἄν *the not-knowing would grieve me*.

4. with the Participle, as, μὴ ἀπεινέικας = εἰ μὴ ἀπήνευκε, *if he had not carried away*.

II. μὴ is freq. in INDEPENDENT clauses containing a command, when, like Lat. *ne*, it stands first in the sentence: I. with the pres. imperat, μὴ λέγε.

2. with the subjunctive aorist, μὴ λέξῃς. 3. with the optat. aor. to express a wish, μὴ γὰρ ὕγ' ἔλθοι ἄνῃρ *O that he may not come!*

B. μὴ, CONJUNCTION, *that not, lest*, Lat. *ne*: I. with aor. subjunct. subjoined to a Verb in pres. or fut., as, φεύγω μὴ ληφθῶ *I flee lest I may be caught*.

II. with optat. after principal Verb in past tense, as, ἔφυγον μὴ ληφθείην *I fled lest I might be caught*.

III. after Verbs expressing fear, as, δέδοικα μὴ γένηται, Lat. *verere ne fiat*, *I fear lest it happen, i. e. I fear it will happen*.—For this subj., the Att. also use indic. fut.

IV. μὴ is used with inf. after vehement negations or affirmations; ἴστω Ζεὺς μὴ μὲν χεῖρ' ἐπενέικαι *Jove be witness that I have not laid on hand: so after negat. wishes, δὸς μὴ Ὀδυσσεῖα οἴκαδ' ἰκέσθαι*.

V. μὴ is used after all Verbs which have a negative sense, such as ἀρνεῖσθαι, κωλύειν, εἶργειν, φεύγειν, as, ἀρνεῖσθαι τὸ μὴ ποιεῖν *to deny the doing a thing*; also after Nouns of like sense, as κάλυμπα; or Adverbs, as ἐμποδῖον.

C. As INTERROGAT., in direct questions, where a negative answer is expected, ἦ μή ποῦ . . . φάσθε; *surely ye did not say?*

2. μὴ is also used with the indicative subjoined to another Verb, when it may be expressed by *whether*, as, δέιδω μὴ δὴ πάντα νημερτέα εἶπεν *I fear as to whether she has spoken all too true, i. e. I fear she has spoken all too true*.

μὴ γάρ, an elliptic phrase, used in emphatic denial, *no certainly*, Lat. *nullo modo*, where an imperat. or optat. Verb must be supplied from the foregoing passage to which the denial refers, as, μὴ λεγέτω τὸ ὄνομα, *let him not say the name*; Answ. μὴ γάρ [λεγέτω], *no, certainly*.

μὴ γε, *not at least*, strengthd. for μὴ.

μηδ-ἄμα and μηδ-ἄμη, Adv. of μηδαμός, *nowhere*.

II. in *nowise, not at all*.

μηδαμόθεν, Adv. (μηδαμός) *from no place*; μηδαμόθεν ἄλλοθεν *from no other place*.

μηδαμόσθι, Adv. *nowhere*: and μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

From μηδ-ἄμός, ἦ, ὄν, for μηδὲ ἄμός, *not even one, not any one, no one, none*. Hence

μηδαμοῦ, Adv. *nowhere*.

μηδαμῶς, Adv. of μηδαμός, *in no way, not at all*.

μη-δέ, Adv. (μή, δέ) *but not, and not, nor*, Lat. *neque, nec*.

2. at the beginning of two following clauses, μηδὲ . . . μηδὲ . . ., *neither . . . nor . . .*, Lat. *neque . . . neque . . .*

II. strengthening the negative, which is always the sense when joined with a single word or phrase, *not even*, Lat. *ne . . . quidem*.

μηδ-εἰς, μηδ-εμιά, μηδ-έν, gen. μηθενός, μηδεμιάς,

μηδένος, etc. :—declined like εἰς μία ἕνα, (μηδέ, εἰς) *not even one, no one, none*, Lat. *nullus*. 2. ὁ or ἡ μηδέν (sc. ὄν, οὐσα), *one who is a mere nothing, a nobody* :—τὸ μηδέν *a nothing, a useless or worthless person*. 3. neut. μηδέν often as Adv., *not at all, by no means*.

μηδέποτε, Adv. *not or nor at any time, never*.
μηδέπω, Adv. *nor as yet or not as yet*.
μηδεπώποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet*.
μηδ-έτερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ἕτερος) *neither of the two*.
μηδ-ετέρωσε, Adv. *to neither side*.
μη δῆ, *may do not*.

Μηδίζω, f. σω, (Μῆδος) *to imitate the Medes in manners, language, or dress*: esp. *to side with the Medes*, opp. to Ἑλληνίζω.

Μηδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Μῆδος) *Median*: τὰ Μηδικὰ (sc. πράγματα) *the Median affairs, esp. the great Median or Persian war*. II. Μηδική ποία, herba Medica, a kind of clover, *Lucerne*.

Μηδία, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of Μηδικός, *a Median woman*.
Μηδιμός, ὁ, (Μηδίζω) *a leaning towards the Medes, the being in their interest*.

Μηδο-κτόνος, ον, (Μῆδος, κτείνω) *Mede-slaying*.
μηδομαί, f. μήσομαι: aor. I ἐμήσαμην: Dep.: (μηδος):—*to devise, resolve, counsel, advise*. 2. *to plot, scheme, bring about, contrive*.

μηδ-οπίτερος, α, ον, (μηδέ, ὄπιτερος) *neither of the two*.

ΜΗΔΟΣ, εος, τό, only used in plur. *μήδεα, counsels, plans, schemes*: *cunning, craft*. 2. like μήτης, *care, anxiety*; σὰ μήδεα *craft* for thee. II. in pl. also, like Lat. *virilia, the genitals*.

μηδ-οσιτικός, neut. *μηδοσιών, for μηδέ ὅστις ὄν, μηδέ ὅ τι οὐν, no one whatever, nothing whatever*.

μηδοσύνη, ἡ, (μηδος) *counsel, prudence*.

Μηδο-φόνος, ον, = *Μηδοκτόνος*.

μηθείς, neut. *μηθέν*, a later form for *μηδείς, μηθέν*.

ΜΗΚΑΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with aor. 2 part. *μῆκων*: Ep. pf. with pres. sense, *μέμηκα, part. μεμηκώς*, shortd. fem. *μεμῆκνία* (so *βέβρηκα, μεμῆκα* from *βρυχάομαι, μυκάομαι*): also impf., formed from pf., *ἐμέμηκον*:—*to bleat, of sheep*: of fawns and hares, *to scream, shriek, cry*.

μηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μηκάομαι) fem. Adj. *bleating*, epith. of she-goats: as Subst. *a bleater, she-goat*.

μηκ-έτι, Adv. (*μή, ἔτι*) *no more, no longer, no further*.
μηκιστος, η, ον, Dor. and Att. *μῆκιστος*, [ᾶ], α, ον, (*μῆκος*), Sup. of *μακρός*, but formed from *μῆκος*, as *αἰσχιστος* from *αἰσχος*, the *longest, tallest*, or generally, *greatest*. II. neut. *μηκιστων*, pl. *μηκίστα*, as *Adv.*, *for a very long time or in the highest degree*: as *very far*:—also *at length, at last*.

ΜΗΚΟΣ, εος, τό, *length*: also *height, tallness, stature*. 2. of Time, *a long space, length*. 3. of Size or Degree, *greatness, magnitude*. II. τὸ μήκος or *μῆκος*, absol. as Adv., *in length or greatness*.

μη-κοτε, Adv., Ion. for *μήποτε*.

μηκύνω, f. -ῦνω Ion. -ῦνέω: Dor. *μῆκύνω*: (*μῆκος*):

—*to lengthen, prolong*. 2. *to protract*: *to delay, put off*; *μηκύνει λόγον* *to speak at length*; also without λόγον, *to be lengthy or prolix*. 3. *μηκύνει βοῆν* *to raise a loud cry*. 4. Med. *ἐμᾶκύναντο κόλλοσσον* *erected a tall statue*.

ΜΗΚΩΝ Dor. *μάκων, avos, ἡ, the berry*. 2. *the bead of a berry*. 3. *berry-seed*, prepared for food.

μηλέα, ἡ, (μηλον) *an apple-tree*, Lat. *malus*.
μηλέος, ον, also α, ον, (μηλον) *of or belonging to a sheep*.

Μηλιακός, ἡ, ὄν, *of or for Melis or Malia*,
Μηλιάδες or Μηλιδης, αἱ, (μηλον α or β) *nymphs of the flocks or of the fruit-trees*. 2. *nymphs of Melis or Malia* in Trachis: cf. *Μηλιεύς*.

Μηλιεύς, ἔως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Melis or Malia* in Trachis. II. as Adj., *Μηλιεύς κόλπος* *the Maliac gulf*.

μηλίνας, η, ον, Dor. *μάλινος, α, ον, (μηλον β)* *of an apple-tree*.

Μήλιος, α, ον, *of or from the island of Melos, Median*.

Μηλις, ἴδος, ἡ, *with or without γῆ, Melis or Malia* in Trachis.

μηλο-βοτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and *μηλο-βότης, ου, ὁ, Dor. -τας, (μηλον, βόσκα)* *a shepherd*.

μηλο-βotos, ον, (μηλον, βόσκα) *grazed by sheep*.

μηλο-δόκος, ον, (μηλον, δέχομαι) *sheep-receiving*.

μηλο-θύτης, [ῦ], ου, ὁ, (μηλον, θύω) *a sacrificer of sheep, a priest*; *βωμὸς μηλοθύτης* *a sacrificial altar*.

μηλολόνη, ἡ, *a kind of beetle or cockchafer*.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ου, τό, (Α) *a sheep or (sometimes) a goat*: ἄρσενα *μηλα* *rams, wethers*: the pl. *μηλα* means *flocks of sheep or goats, small cattle*, opp. to *βόες*.

ΜΗΛΟΝ, ου, τό, (Β) Dor. *ΜΑΛΟΝ*, Lat. *MALUM*, *an apple*; generally, *any tree-fruit*, as, *μηλον Κυδώνιον* *the quince, μηλον Περσικόν* *the peach, μηλον Μηδικόν* *the orange or citron*. II. metaph. in pl. of *a woman's breasts*; or of the *cheeks*, Lat. *malae*.

μηλο-νομεύς, ἔως, or *μηλο-νόμης, ου, Dor. -μας, α, ὁ, (μηλον α, νέμω)* *a shepherd, goatberd, herdsman*.

μηλο-νόμος, ον, (μηλον α, νέμω) *feeding sheep or goats*.

μηλο-πάριος, ον, Dor. *μαλοπάρης, (μηλον β, παρεία)* *apple-cheeked, ruddy-cheeked*.

μηλο-σκοπος, ον, (μηλον β, σκοπέω) *fit for watching sheep from*.

μηλο-σπορος, ον, (μηλον β, σπείρω) *planted with fruit-trees*.

μηλοσ-σός, ον, poet. for *μηλοσός, (μηλον α, σώζω)* *sheep-protecting*.

μηλοσφάγέω, f. ἦσω, *to slay sheep*; *ἱερά* *μηλοσφαγείν* *to offer sheep in sacrifice*. From

μηλοσφάγος, ον, (μηλον α, σφάζω) *slaying sheep*.

μηλο-τρόφος, ον, (μηλον α, τρέφω) *sheep-feeding*.

μηλο-ούχος, ὁ, (μηλον β, η, ἔχω) *a girdle that confines the breasts*.

μηλο-φόνος, ον, (μῆλον λ, *φένω) *sheep-slaying*.
 μηλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry apples. From
 μηλοφόρος, ον, (μῆλον β, φέρω) *bearing apples*.
 μηλο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, and ἦ, (μῆλον λ or β, φύλαξ)
one who watches sheep or apples. [ῆ]

μηλωτή, ἦ, (μῆλον λ) *a sheep's skin*.
 μῆλ-ωψ, οπος, ὅ, ἦ, (μῆλον β, ὦψ) *looking like an
 apple, yellow, golden*.

μη μάν, *say verily*.
 μη μέν, Ion. for μη μάν.

μήν, Dor. and Ep. μάν, a Particle strengthening
 affirmation, *yea, indeed, verily, truly, in sooth*; ἦ μήν
 or ἦ μάν, in *very truth, yea verily*, used at the begin-
 ning of an oath: καὶ μήν, Lat. *et vero, and yet, nay
 more*: ἀλλὰ μήν *yet truly*, Lat. *verum enimvero*: οὐ
 μὴν *assuredly not*, so too μὴ μήν; τί μήν; *what then?*
 i. e. of course.

II. = μέντοι, however.—Μήν was
 orig. the same as μέν, but after the introduction of
 the long vowel η it became the more emphatic form:
 but ἦ μέν, μὴ μέν, were retained in Ep. and Ion., =
 Att. ἦ μήν, μὴ μήν.

ΜΗΝ, ὁ, gen. μηνός: dat. pl. μησί, Aeol. and Dor.
 μέης:—Lat. *MEN-SIS, A MON-TH*: κατὰ μήνα
month by month, monthly. In earlier times the month
 was divided into two parts, μὴν ἰστάμενος, the month
rising, and μὴν φθίνων the month *waning*. The Attic
 division was into three, μὴν ἰστάμενος, μεσῶν, φθίνων:
 the last division was sometimes reckoned backwards,
 as μηνός τετάρτη φθίνοντος the fourth day from the
 end of the month; sometimes onwards, as τῇ τρίτῃ
 ἐπ' εἰκάδι on the three-and-twentieth day of the
 month.

II. = μηνίσκος II.

μηνάς, ἄδος, ἦ, = μῆνη, the moon.
 μήνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of μαίνομαι.
 μήνησι, corrupt form of μησί, dat. pl. of μῆνη, μηνός.
 μῆνη, ἦ, (μῆνη) the moon, Lat. *luna*. Hence
 μηνιαῖος, α, ον, *monthly*.
 μηνιθμός, οὐ, ὅ, (μηνία) *wrath*.
 μῆνημα, ατος, τό, (μηνία) the cause of anger; μῆνημα
 θεῶν the cause of divine wrath. 2. *guilt of blood,
 blood-guiltiness*.

ΜΗΝΙΣ Dor. μᾶνις, ιος, ἦ, Att. gen. μῆνιδος,
wrath, anger: also, *malice*.

μηνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of μῆνη, a crescent, Lat. *lunula*.
 II. a crescent-shaped body, to protect the
 head of statues.

μηνίω Dor. μανίω: f. μηνίσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἐμῆνισα:
 (μῆνις):—to cherish wrath, be wroth against: also to
 declare one's wrath against a person.

μηνο-ειδής, ἐς, (μῆνη, εἶδος) *crescent-shaped*, Lat. *lunatus*:
 of the sun and moon when partially eclipsed.

μῆνημα, ατος, τό, (μηνία) an information.

μηνυτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (μηνύω) an informer, guide.

μηνυτής, οὐ, ὅ, (μηνύω) masc. Adj. bringing to
 light. II. as Subst. an informer, Lat. *delator*.

μηνυτρον, τό, (μηνύω) the price paid for informa-
 tion, reward: almost always used in plur.

μηνύτωρ, οπος, ὅ, = μηνυτήρ. [ῆ] From

ΜΗΝΥΨ Dor. μᾶνύω: f. μηνύσω [ῆ]: aor. I ἐμη-
 νύσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμηνύθην [ῆ]: pf. μεμηνύμαι:—
 to disclose, reveal, make known: betray. II. at
 Athens, to inform or lay public information against
 another: impers. in Pass., μινύεται information is
 laid: but in Pass. also of persons, to be informed
 against.

μη ὅπως (an ellipse for μη ὑπολάβητε ὅπως...),
 followed by ἀλλά, do not suppose that ..., but ...; not
 only not so ..., but ...

μη ὅτι, = μη ὅπως, followed by ἀλλά, not only not
 so ..., but ...; not to mention that ..., let alone, Lat.
 ne dicam.

μη οὐ, are joined I. with the subjunctive, after
 Verbs of fearing, doubting, and the like, as δέδοικα
 μη οὐ γένηται I fear it will not be, opp. to δέδοικα μη
 γένηται I fear it will be. Here both negatives have
 their proper force: but, II. with the Infinitive,
 after Verbs of denying, doubting, etc., as οὐδείς σοι
 ἀντιλέγει τὸ μη οὐ λέξεν no one disputes your right
 to speak (where μη οὐ may be translated by Lat.
quin, quominus, nemo te impedit quin dicas). 2.
 generally, after all clauses in which a negat. is ex-
 pressed or implied, as, after οὐ δύνάμαι, οὐκ ἔστι,
 etc.; as οὐ οὐκ ἔστι Ἀθηναῖος μη οὐ δούναί δικασί
 it is not reasonable that the Athenians should not...
 Lat. *non potest fieri quin...*; so also, with a negat.
 implied, as, δεῖνόν ἐδοκεῖ.. μη οὐ λαβεῖν it seemed
 strange not to take.

III. with a Participle, δυ-
 σάλληγτος γὰρ ἦν, μη οὐ κατοικτείρων for I were un-
 feeling, did I not pity.—In II. and III. μη might stand
 without οὐ.

μη πολλακίς, lest perchance, Lat. *ne forte*.

μη-ποτε, = μη ποτε, I. with subj. that at no
 time, lest ever, Lat. *ne quando*. 2. with infin. never.

μη που, lest anywhere: lest perchance.

μη-πω, = μη πω, not yet, Lat. *nondum*: μήπω γε,
 nay, not yet.

μη πρόποτε, never yet.

μη-πως, = μη πως, lest in any way, lest any how, lest
 perchance. II. in case of doubt, whether or no.

μηρία, τά, = μηρία, thigh-bones.

μηρία, τά, never used in sing., (μηρός) the thigh-
 bones, which by old usage they cut out from the leg
 (ἐκ μηρία τάμων), and wrapped in two folds of fat
 (μηρία κνίση ἐκάλυψαν, δίπτυχα ποιήσαντες): they
 were then laid on the altar and burnt. II. = μη-
 ροί, the thighs.

μηριαῖος, α, ον, (μηρός) of or belonging to the thigh,
 Lat. *femoralis*: ἡ μηριαία, the thigh.

μηρινθος, ου, ἦ, (μηρός) a cord, line, string; prover-
 b., ἡ μῆρινθος οὐδὲν ἔσπασε the line caught nothing,
 i. e. it was of no avail.

ΜΗΡΟΣ, οὐ, ὅ, the upper part of the thigh, the ham.
 μηρο-τραφής, ἐς, (μηρός, τραφήναι) nursed in the
 thigh, epith. of Bacchus.

μηρο-τύπης, ἐς, (μηρός, τυπῆναι) striking the thigh.

μηρυκάομαι, Dep. to chew the cud, Lat. *ruminare*.

ΜΗΡΥΟΜΑΙ, f. -ύσομαι [ῥ]: aor. I ἐμηρυσάμην:—to draw up or furl sails: to draw up an anchor.

2. in weaving, κρόκα ἐν στήμονι μηρυσασθαι to weave the wool into the warp. II. μηρυσομαι is sometimes used as Pass., κισσὸς μηρύεται περὶ χεῖλη ivy is twined around the edge.

μῆσομαι, μῆσατο, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I of μῆδομαι. μῆσαι, Ep. 2 sing. of μῆσομαι, fut. of μῆδομαι.

μῆστο, Ep. 3 sing. contr. aor. 2 of μῆδομαι.

μῆστωρ, ἄσως, ὄ, (μῆδομαι) an adviser, counsellor; μῆστωρ μάχης the adviser or leader of battle.

μῆ-τε, = τῆ τε, and not. II. repeated, μήτε . .

μήτε, neither . . nor.

ΜΗΨΤΗΡ Dor. ΜΑΨΤΗΡ, ἡ, gen. μηΐερος, contr. μητρός: acc. μητέρα, pl. μητέρας:—Lat. MATER, MOTHER, f. of animals, a dam: metaph. of lands, μητῆρ ἡλίκων mother of flocks; γῆ μητῆρ Mother Earth:—ἡ Μητῆρ sometimes Ceres, sometimes Rhea or Cybelé.

μηΐτι, neut. of μή-τις, μήτιος.

μηΐτι, contr. for μήτι, dat. of μήτις, μήτιος.

μητιάσασθαι, μητιάσθε, Ep. for μητιάσθαι, μητιᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. pres. ind. of μητιάω.

μητιάω, f. μητιάσω: (μήτις):—to meditate, intend, plan a thing: absol. to deliberate, and in Med. to debate in one's own mind. II. to devise, contrive, bring about.

μητιέτης Ep. μητιετᾶ, οὐ, ὄ, (μηΐτις) counsellor.

μητιέεις, εἶσα, εν, (μηΐτις) wise in counsel: also, skilful, beingly chosen.

μητιόμαι, f. -ίσομαι [ῖ]: aor. I ἐμητιόσαμην: Dep.: (μηΐτις):—to invent, contrive, devise.

μητιόων, Ep. for μητιῶν, part. of μητιάω.

μητιόωντι, -όωντο, Ep. 3 pl. pres. act. and impf. med. of μητιάω.

ΜΗΨΙΣ, ιος, ἡ; Att. gen. ἴδος; Ep. dat. μήτι for μήτι; acc. μήτιν:—counsel, wisdom, skill, cunning, craft II. a plan, enterprise.

μηΐ-τις, ὄ, ἡ, μηΐτι, τό, gen. μηΐτιος: (μή, τίς):—lest any one, lest anything; that no one, that nothing, Lat. ne quis, ne quid. II. μήτι is freq. as Adv. lest by any means, that by no means: also separately, μήτι: in an indirect question, whether perchance.

μηΐ-τοι, stronger form of μή, in no wise, nay: μήτοι γε, nay upon no account.

μητέρα, ἡ, (μητῆρ) Lat. matrix, the womb.

μητρ-ἄγυρτης, οὐ, ὄ, (μητῆρ, ἀγύρτης) a begging priest of Cybelé, a sort of mendicant friar.

μητρ-ἄδελφέος or μητρ-ἄδελφος, ὄ and ἡ, Dor. ματρ-, (μητῆρ, ἀδελφέος) a mother's brother or sister, an uncle or aunt.

μητρ-ἄλοιος or μητρ-ἄλως, οὐ, ὄ, (μητῆρ, ἀλοίω) striking one's mother, a matricide.

μητῆρ, ἡ, Ion. for μήτρα.

μητρῖδος, ἄδος, ἡ, peculiar fem. of μήτριος.

μητρῖδιος, α, ον, (μήτρα) fruitful, prolific.

μητρῶ-δοκος Dor. ματρ-, ον, (μητῆρ, δέχομαι) received by the mother.

μητροκτόνως Dor. ματρώθεν, Adv. (μήτηρ) from the mother, by the mother's side.

μητρο-κασινγήτη, ἡ, (μήτηρ, κασινγήτη) a mother's sister.

μητροκτονέω, f. ἴσω, to kill one's mother, to be a matricide. From

μητρο-κτόνος, ον, (μήτηρ, κτείνω) killing one's mother, a matricide. II. μητροκτόνος, ον, pass. killed by one's mother.

μητρο-μήτωρ Dor. -μάτωρ [ᾶ], ορος, ἡ, = μητρός μήτηρ, one's mother's mother, grandmother.

μητρο-πάτωρ [ᾶ], ορος, ὄ, = μητρός πατήρ, one's mother's father, grandfather.

μητρό-πολις Dor. ματρ-, εως, ἡ, (μήτηρ, πόλις) the mother-state, from which colonies were sent out. II. generally, a metropolis, a capital. III. one's mother-city, mother-country, home.

μητρο-πόλος, ον, (μήτηρ, πολέομαι) tending mothers.

μητρόρ-ριπτος, ον, (μήτηρ, ῥίπτω) rejected by one's mother.

μητρο-φθόρος, ον, (μήτηρ, φθείρω) mother-murdering.

μητρο-φόνος, ον, also η, ον, (μήτηρ, *φένω) mother-murdering, matricidal.

μητρο-φόντης, ον, ὄ, (μήτηρ, *φένω) a matricide.

μητρυᾶ, ἄς, Ion. μητρυῆ, ἡς, ἡ, (μήτηρ) a step-mother, Lat. noverca: metaph. a rocky coast is called μητρυῖα νεῶν.

μητρῶς Ep. μητρῶσας, α, ον, (μήτηρ) of or belonging to a mother, maternal.

μητρως, ὄ; gen. μήτρως and ω; acc. μήτρωα and ων; (μήτηρ) a maternal uncle. 2. any relation by the mother's side.

μηχανάσθαι, -άσθε, Ep. for μηχανᾶσθαι, -ᾶσθε, pres. inf. and 2 pl. ind. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐμηχανησάμην: pf. μεμηχανῆμαι: Dep.: (μηχανῆ):—Lat. machinari, to make by art, put together, construct, prepare. 2. to contrive, devise, scheme. II. as Med. to procure for oneself.

μηχανάω, = μηχανάομαι, found in act. voice in Ep. part. μηχανάωντας: but perf. μεμηχανῆμαι is used in pass. sense.

μηχανοψῆμην, -όψω, -όψω, Ep. for μηχανοψῆμην, pres. opt. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχανοέομαι, Ion. for μηχανάομαι.

μηχανῆ, ἡ, (μήχος) Lat. machina, an instrument or machine for lifting weights:— 2. an engine of war. II. any artificial means, a contrivance, a device; generally, a way, means:—μηχαναί, arts, wiles: c. gen., μηχανῆ κακῶν a contrivance against ills: μηδέμη μηχανῆ by no means whatsoever, by no contrivance.

μηχανῆμα, ατος, τό, (μηχανάομαι) an engine. II. a subtle contrivance or device, art, trick.

μηχανητέον, verb. Adj. of μηχανάομαι, one must contrive.

μηχανητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανάομαι) = μηχανικός.

μηχανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious, clever*. II. as Subst., ἡ μηχανική (sub. τέχνη), *mechanics*.

μηχανιώτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for μηχανητής.
μηχανο-δίφης, ου, ὁ, (μηχανή, δίφω) *inventing contrivances or artifices, ingenious*.

μηχανόεις, εσσα, εν, (μηχανή) *inventive, ingenious*.
μηχανο-ποιός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ποιέω) *making machines*: as Subst., μηχανοποιός, ὄν, *an engineer, maker of war-engines*.

μηχανορράφος, f. ἡσω, *to contrive craft, deal subtly, craftily*. From

μηχανορ-ράφος, ον, (μηχανή, ράπτω) *contriving devices, crafty-dealing, craft-contriving*.

μηχανο-ουρός, ὄν, (μηχανή, ἔργον) = μηχανοποιός. II. pass. *cunningly contrived*.

μηχανόωνται, -όωντο, 3 pl. pres. and impf. of μηχανάομαι.

μηχαρ, τό, = μήχος, *a means, contrivance*.
ΜΗΧΟΣ, τό, *a means, expedient, contrivance*.

μιά, ἡ; gen. μιάς Ion. μῆς; dat. μᾶ, μῆ; acc. μιάν:—fem. of εἰς, one.

ΜΙΑΙΝΩ, f. μᾶνῶ: aor. I ἐμίηνα Att. ἐμίᾶνα: pf. μεμίηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμίησθην: pf. μεμίησαι or -αμαι:—to *paint over, stain, dye, colour*, Lat. *violare*. 2. *to stain, defile, soil*. 3. metaph. *to taint, defile, pollute*.

μιαίφονος, f. ἡσω, (μιαφόνος):—*to be blood-stained, bloody, murderous*. Hence

μιαφονία, ἡ, *bloodguiltiness*.

μιαί-φόνος, ον, (μιαίνω, *φένω) *blood-stained, bloody: defiled with blood, blood-guilty*:—Comp. -ώτερος; Sup. -ώτατος.

μιάνθην, Ep. for ἐμάνθην, aor. I pass. of μαιώνω.
μιάρῆς, ἡ, (μαρός) *brutality*. II. *defilement*.

μιάρῶ-γλωσσος, ον, (μαρός, γλωσσα) *foul-mouthed*.
μιάρῶς, ἄ, ὄν, (μιαίνω) *defiled with blood*. 2.

generally, *polluted, abominable, foul*, Lat. *impurus*: *brutal, coarse, disgusting*. Adv. *μαρῶς, brutally*.

μιασμα, ατος, τό, (μιαίνω) *a stain, defilement; of persons, a pollution*.

μιασμός, οὔ, δ, (μιαίνω) *pollution*.

μιάστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (μιαίνω) *a guilty wretch, one who brings pollution*, Lat. *homo piacularis*. II. *ἀλάστωρ, an avenger of such guilt*.

μίγα, Adv. (μίγνυμι) *mixed or blended with*.
μιάζομαι, Dep. poet. for μίγνυμαι.

μιάγας, ἄδος, ὅ, ἡ, (μίγα) *mixed up, promiscuous*.

μιάδᾶ and μιάδην, Adv. *promiscuously*.
μιάγειν, aor. 2 opt. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάγεν, for ἐμιάγσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.
μιάγημαι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of μίγνυμι.

μιάγμα, ατος, τό, (μίγνυμι) *a mixture, compound*.
ΜΙΓΝΥΜΙ and -ύω, also ΜΙΣΓΩ: f. μίξω: aor. I ἐμίξα, inf. μίξαι:—Med. and Pass. *μίγνυμαι and μίσσονται*: fut. med. *μίξομαι, fut. I pass. μίχθησομαι*,

f. 2 μίγθησομαι, f. 3 μεμίξομαι: aor. I ἐμίχθην, aor. 2 ἐμίγην [r]; 3 sing. Ep. aor. pass. ἐμίκτο, μίκτο: pf. μέμιγμαι: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. μέμικτο:—Lat. *MIS-CEO, to mix, mix up, mingle*, properly of liquids, e. g. οἶνον καὶ ὕδωρ. 2. generally, *to join, bring together, bring in contact with*. 3. *to make acquainted with, unite with*: also, μίξαι τινα ἀνθεσι *to cover one with flowers*. II. Med. and Pass. *to be brought into contact with, to be mingled with, to reach*; κλισίησι μίγναι *to reach the tents: to come to, to be present at*: hence *to meet, live, associate with*: but also in hostile sense, *to encounter*: more rarely *μίσγεσθαι ἐς Ἀχαιοῦς, to go to join the Achaeans*. 2. *to lie with: to have intercourse with, to be united to*.

μιάγνυω, = μίγνυμι.
μιάηνη, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of μαιώνω.
μιά-φόνος, ον, = μιαφόνος.
μικρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for μικρός, *little*.
μικρ-αἰλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μικρός, αἰλαξ) *with small furrows*: hence *small, scanty*.

μικρ-έμπορος, ὁ, (μικρός, ἔμπορος) *a pedlar*.
μικρολογέομαι, f. -ῆσομαι, Dep., (μικρολόγος) *to examine or discuss with extreme minuteness*. Hence

μικρολογία, ἡ, *minute discussion, frivolity*.

μικρο-λόγος, ον, (μικρός, λέγω) *reckoning trifles: caring about petty expenses, penurious, mean*. 2.

cauillng about trifles, captious.

μικρο-πολίτης [r], ου, ὁ, fem. -ιτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (μικρός, πόλις) *a citizen of a petty town or state*.

ΜΙΚΡΟΣ, Ion. and old Att. *σμηρός* Dor. *μικρός, ἄ, ὄν, small, little: petty, mean, trivial, insignificant*: of Time, *little, short*. II. Adv. usages: gen.

μικροῦ (sub. δεῖ) *it wants but little, almost*:—dat. μικρῷ *by a little*: acc. μικρόν *a little*. 2. *with Preps., ἐπὶ μικρόν for a little, but a little; κατὰ μικρόν little by little, or into small parts; μετὰ μικρόν after a little; παρὰ μικρόν within a little, almost*.—

Besides the regular Comp. and Sup. *μικρότερος, μικρότατος*, the irr. forms *ελάσσων, ἐλάχιστος, μείων μείστος, μείστερος μείστατος* are used.

μικροφιλοτιμία, ἡ, *petty ambition*. From

μικρο-φιλότιμος, ον, (μικρός, φιλότιμος) *ambitious of petty distinctions*.

μικροψυχία, ὁ, *littleness of soul, meanness of spirit*. From

μικρο-ψυχος, ον, (μικρός, ψυχή) *little-souled, narrow-minded, paltry*.

μίκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of μίγνυμι.

μικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μίγνυμι) *mixed, compound*.

μίλαξ, ἄκος, ἡ, Att. for σμίλαξ, *the yew-tree*. II. *a convolvulus*.

Μιλήσιος, α, ον, of or from Miletus. From

Μίλητος, ἡ, Miletus, a famous Greek city in Caria.

μιλιάριον, τό, *a milestone*, the Lat. *milliarium*. II. *a copper vessel for boiling water in*.

μίλιον, τό, *a Roman mile*, Lat. *mille passus*, = 8 stades, = 1680 yards, i. e. 80 yards less than our mile.

μιλιτέιον, τό, a vessel for keeping μίλτος in.
 μιλα-πληφής, ές, (μίλτος, ἀλιφῆναι) painted red.
 μιλο-πάρος, ον, (μίλτος, παρείδ) red-beeked: of ships, with the bows painted red.

ΜΙΛΑΤΟΣ, ή, red earth, red chalk or ochre, ruddle, Lat. rubrica. II. vermilion, Lat. minium.

μιλο-φύρης, ές, (μίλτος, φυρήναι) smeared with ochre.

μιλτώ, f. ώσω: pass. pf. μεμίλωμαι; (μίλτος):—to colour with ochre, paint red; σχοινίον μεμλωμένον a rope smeared with red paint, with which they swept the Agora at Athens, and drove the idlers to the Pnyx.

μιλτ-ώδης, es, (μίλτος, είδος) of the nature or colour of μίλτος.

μίμαρκος, ή, a kind of bare-soup. (A foreign word.) Μίμας, αντος, ατος, τό, a rocky promontory of Ionia.

ΜΙΜΕΨΟΜΑΙ, f. —ήσομαι: aor. I έμμησάμην: pf. μεμίμημαι: Dep.:—to imitate, mimic, copy: pf. part. μεμμημένος, in pass. sense, made exactly like, made in imitation of. II. of the fine arts, to represent by means of imitation. Hence

μιμηλός, ή, όν, imitative.

μίμημα, ατος, τό, (μυέομαι) an imitation, copy.

μίμησις, ή, (μυέομαι) imitation.

μιμητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of μυέομαι, to be imitated. II. μιμητέον, one must imitate.

μιμητής, ου, ό, (μυέομαι) an imitator, copyist.

μιμητικός, ή, όν, (μυέομαι) imitative.

μιμητός, ή, όν, (μυέομαι) to be imitated or copied.

μιμνάω, Frequent. of μίμνω, μένω, to keep staying, to stay, remain. II. trans. to expect, await.

μιμνήσκω, fut. μνήσο: aor. I έμνησα: (μνάω):—to remind, put in mind. 2. to recall to the memory of others. II. Med. and Pass. μιμνήσκομαι, with the older form ΜΝΑΨΟΜΑΙ, μνάμαι, whence the tenses are formed: fut. med. μνήσομαι, f. I pass. μνησθήσομαι, f. 3 μεμνήσομαι: aor. I med. έμνησάμην, pass. έμνησῆναι:—the pf. μέμνημαι is both med. and pass., in Att. with pres. sense like Lat. meminī, 2 sing. μέμνη, shortened from μέμνησαι; imperat. μέμνησο Ion. μέμνεο; subjunct. μέμνημαι; optat. μεμνήμην, but also μεμνήμην, ωο, ωπο, Ion. μεμνέωπο: infin. μεμνήσθαι: a 3 pl. plqpf. έμμενέαστο:—to remind oneself, remember: c. gen. ἀλικής μνήσασθαι to be think one of one's strength: also, c. part., μέμνημαι έλθών I remember having come. 2. to mention, make mention of. 3. to give heed to, judge of.

μιμνοντι, Dor. for μίμνουσι, 3 pl. of μίμνω. 2. dat. pres. part. of the same Verb.

μίμνω, for μι-μένω, redupl. form of μένω, to remain, stay, wait: c. acc. to await.

μίμο-λόγος, ον, (μίμος, λέγω) mocking one's words. II. as Subst. a writer of mimes.

ΜΙΜΟΣ, ον, ό, an imitator, copyist: an actor, mime. II. a mime, a kind of drama.

μίν [r], Ion. acc. sing. of the Pron. of the 3rd pers.

through all genders, for αυτόν, αυτήν, αυτό: always enclitic: Dor. and Att. νω: μίν αυτόν himself; but, αυτόν μιν oneself, for ένανόν. II. rarely as 3 pers. pl., for αυτούς, αυτάς, αυτά. III. = the reflex. Pron. έαυτός.

ΜΙΝΘΟΣ, ό, human ordure, dung. Hence μινθώ, f. ώσω, to besof with dung.

Μίντια, οί, the Μίντιανς, a race of nobles in Orchomenos: Adj. Μίντιεος, α, ον, Ep. Μινυήτιος, of the Μίντιανς.

ΜΙΝΤΨΘΩ [v], Ion. impf. μινυθεςκον, Lat. minuo, to diminish, lessen, curtail, weaken. II. intr. to decrease, decline, fall away, be wasted. Hence

μίνυθα, Adv. a little, very little: of Time, a short time. Hence

μίνυθαίδιος, α, ον, lasting a short time, short-lived: Comp. μινυθαίδιωτερος.

μινυρίζω, f. ίσω, (μινυρός) to moan, wbine: also to bum, chant in a low tone, Lat. minuire. Hence

μινυρίσμα, ατος, τό, a warbling, bumming.

μινυρισμός, ό, (μινυρίζω) a moaning: warbling.

μινυρομαι, Dep. = μινυρίζω, of the nightingale, to warble: generally, to bum a tune, chant in a low tone. [v]

ΜΙΝΥΨΨΟΨ, ά, όν, complaining in a low tone, moaning, wbining, whimpering.

μινύ-ώριος and μινύ-ώρος, ον, (μινύθω, ώρα) short-lived.

Μίνως, ό, Μίνος, king of Crete: gen. Μίνωος and Μίνω; dat. Μίνωϊ; Μίνω; acc. Μίνωα, also Μίνω and Μίναν:—hence Adj. Μίνωϊος Att. Μίνωϊος, α, ον, of Μίνος.

μίξαι, aor. I inf., μίξεσθαι, fut. inf. med. of μίγνυμι.

μίξις, εως, ή, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι), a mixing, mingling. II. intercourse or commerce with others.

μίξο-βάρβάρος, ον, (μίξω fut. of μίγνυμι, βάρβαρος) half barbarian half Greek.

μίξο-θηρ, ό, ή, (μίξω, θήρ) half beast.

μίξο-θροος, ον, (μίξω, θρός) with mingled cries.

μίξο-λευκος, ον, (μίξω, λευκός) mixed with white.

μίξομαι, fut. med. of μίγνυμι.

μίξομ-βροτος, ον, for μιξό-βροτος, (μίξω, βρός) half mortal.

μίξο-νόμος, ον, (μίξω, νέμω) feeding promiscuously.

μίξο-πάρθενος, ον, (μίξω, παρθένος) half a maiden, half woman.

μίξω, fut. of μίγνυμι.

μισαγαθία, ή, hatred of good. From

μισ-άγαθος, η, ον, (μισος, αγαθός) hating good.

μισ-αθηναϊος, ον, (μισος, Αθηναϊός) hating the Athenians.

μισ-αλάζων, ον, gen. ονος, (μισος, αλάζων) hating boasters.

μισο-αλέξανδρος, ον, (μισος, Αλέξανδρος) hating Alexander.

μισο-άμπελος, ον, (μίσος, άμπελος) hating the vine.

κῆ-άνθρωπος, *ov*, (μῖσος, ἄνθρωπος) *hating mankind, misanthropic.*

μισο-ἀγκεια, ἡ, (μισογω, ἀγκος) *a place where several mountain glens (ἀγκη) meet, a meeting of glens.*

μισογεῖσθαι, *pres. inf. pass. of μισγω.*

μισγοῖσθαι, *Dor. pres. part. pl. fem. of μισγω.*

ΜΙ'ΣΓΩ, *see μίγνυμι.*

μῖσο-ἔλλην, ἦνος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, Ἕλλην) *a bater of the Greeks.*

μῖσέω, *f. ἦσω*: *pf. μεμίσηκα*:—*Pass., f. med. in pass. sense μῖσησομαι*: *aor. I ἐμισήθην*: *pf. μεμίσημαι*: (μῖσος):—*to bate*:—*Pass. to be bated.*

μισήθρον, τό, (μισέω) *a charm for producing hatred, opp. to φίλτρον (from φιλέω), which caused love.*

μίσμημα, *ατος, τό, (μισέω) an object of bate.*

μισητέος, *verb. Adj. of μισέω, to be bated.*

μισητήτια, ἡ, (μισέω) *hateful lewdness or greediness.*

μισητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισέω) *bated, hateful, odious.*

μισήτρον, τό, = μισηθρον.

μισθαποδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages, recompense.*

From
μισθ-αποδότης, *ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀποδίδωμι) one who pays wages, a rewarder, recompenser.*

μισθάριον, τό, *Dim. of μισθός, a small fee.*

μισθαρνέω, *f. ἦσω, (μισθαρος) to work or serve for hire, receive pay.*

μισθαρνία, ἡ, *a receiving of wages, hired service.*

μισθ-αρνος, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρνυμι) *a hired servant.*

μισθ-αρχίδης, *ου, ὁ, (μισθός, ἀρχή) a Comic Patronymic, son of a placeman.*

μισθιος, *a, ov, also os, ov, (μισθός) hired, salaried.*

μισθοδοσία, ἡ, *payment of wages. From*

μισθοδοτέω, *f. ἦσω, to pay wages. From*

μισθο-δότης, *ου, ὁ, (μισθός, δίδωμι) one who pays wages, a paymaster.*

ΜΙΣΘΟ'Σ, *οἰ, ὁ, wages, pay, hire*: *μισθός βητός fixed wages*: *ἐπὶ μισθῷ for hire*: *διδόναι τάλαντον μηνὸς μισθόν* to give a talent as a month's pay. 2. at Athens *the pay of the soldiery*: also, *μισθός βουλευτικός the pay of the council of 500, a drachma each for every day of sitting*: *μισθός δικαστικός or ἡλιαστικός the wages of a dicast or juror (at first one obol, from the time of Cleon three) for every day he sat on a jury*: *μισθός σινηγορικὸς the pay of a public advocate, one drachma for every court-day.* 3. generally, *recompense, reward*: in bad sense, *punishment, retribution.*

μισθοφορά, ἡ, (μισθοφόρος) *receipt of wages: wages received, wages, pay, salary.*

μισθοφορέω, *f. ἦσω, (μισθοφόρος) to receive wages, to serve for hire*: *c. acc. rei, to receive as pay.*

Hence

μισθοφορητέον, *verb. Adj. one must keep in pay.*

μισθοφορία, ἡ, (μισθοφορέω) *service for wages or pay, hired service.*

μισθο-φόρος, *ου, (μισθός, φέρω) receiving wages, serving for hire*: *οἱ μισθοφόροι hiring soldiers,*

mercenaries: *μισθοφόροι τριήρεις galleys manned with mercenaries.*

μισθός, *f. ὤσω*: *aor. I ἐμισθωσα*: *pf. μεμισθωκα*: (μισθός):—*to let out for hire, farm out, Lat. locare*: *c. inf., μισθῶν τὸν νηὸν τρηκοσίων τάλαντων ἐξεργάσασθαι to let out the building of the temple for 300 talents, Lat. locare aedem exstruendam.*

II. *Med., f. μισθώσομαι*: *aor. I ἐμισθωσάμην*: *pf. (in med. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to engage or hire at a price, Lat. conducere*: *to retain, as an advocate or physician*: *μισθοῦσθαί τινα τάλαντον to engage his services at a talent*: *c. inf., μισθοῦσθαι νηὸν ἐξοικοδομήσαι to contract for the building of the temple, Lat. conducere aedem aedificandam.*

III. *Pass., aor. I ἐμισθώθην*: *pf. (in pass. sense) μεμισθώμαι*:—*to be hired for pay.* Hence

μισθωμα, *ατος, τό, that which is let for hire, a hired house.*

II. *the price agreed on, the contract-price*: *rent.*

μισθώσιμος, *ου, (μισθός) that can be hired.*

μισθώσις, *εως, ἡ, (μισθώ) a letting for hire.*

II. (μισθόμαι) *a hiring.*

III. = μισθωμα, *rent.*

μισθωτής, *ου, ὁ, (μισθώ) one who pays rent, a tenant.*

μισθωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώ) *mercenary.*

μισθωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (μισθώ) *hired or to be hired*: *as*

Subst. a hiring, mercenary, of soldiers.

μισό-γάμος, *ου, (μῖσος, γάμος) marriage-bating.*

μισό-γέλως, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, γέλως) laugh-ter-bating.*

μισο-γότης, *ου, ὁ, (μῖσος, γότης) hating imposture.*

μισοδημία, ἡ, *hated of democracy. From*

μισό-δημος, *ου, (μῖσος, δήμος) bating the commons, bating democracy.*

μισό-θεος, *ου, (μῖσος, θεός) hating the gods, godless.*

μισό-θηρος, *ου, (μῖσος, θήρα) hating the chase.*

μισο-καίσαρ, ἄρος, ὁ, (μῖσος, Καίσαρ) *hating Caesar.*

μισο-λάκων, *ωνος, ὁ, (μῖσος, Λάκων) a Laconian-bater.* [ᾶ]

μισο-λάμαχος, *ου, (μῖσος, Λάμαχος) hating Lamachus.* [λα]

μισολογία, ἡ, *hated of argument. From*

μισό-λογος, *ου, (μῖσος, λόγος) bating argument.*

μισό-νοθος, *ου, (μῖσος, νόθος) bating bastards.*

μισό-παις, *παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, παῖς) hating children.*

μισο-πέρσης, *ου, ὁ, (μῖσος, Πέρσης) a Persian bater.*

μισό-πολις, *ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόλις) hating the state.*

μισοπονηρέω, *f. ἦσω, to bate the bad.*

μισο-πόνηρος, *ου, (μῖσος, πονηρός) hating the bad.*

μισο-πονία, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόνος) *bated of work.*

μισο-πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῖσος, πόρπαξ) *hating the shield-handle, i. e. bating war*: *Sup. μισοπορπακίστατος.*

μισό-πτωχος, *ου, (μῖσος, πτωχός) bating the poor.*

μισο-ρῶμιος, *ου, (μῖσος, Ρωμαῖος) Roman-bating.*

ΜΙΣΘΟΣ, τό, *bate, bated*: I. *pass. bate borne*

one. 2. *act. a bating, a grudge, strong dislike.*

II. *a hateful object, = μίσμημα.*

μῖσοσύλλας, ου, ὁ, (μῖσος, Σύλλας) *bating Sylla*.
 μῖσοτύραννος, ου, (μῖσος, τύραννος) *tyrant-bating*.
 μῖσοφίλιππος, ου, (μῖσος, Φίλιππος) *bating Philip*.
 μῖσοχρηστος, ου, (μῖσος, χρηστός) *bating the good*.
 μῖσοψευδής, ἐς, (μῖσος, ψεύδης) *bating lies*.

ΜΙΣΤΥΡᾶΛΛω, ἰ. ἰλῶ, *to cut up meat before roasting*.
 μῖτο-εργός, ὄν, (μῖτος, *ἐργῶ) *working the thread*.
 μῖτορ-ράφης, ἐς, (μῖτος, ράφῃαι) *sewn with thread, baving meshes of thread*.

ΜΙΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, *a thread of the warp*, Lat. *tela*:—
 generally, *a thread: a web*. [ῖ] Hence
 μῖτώω, ἰ. ὤσω, *to stretch the warp in the loom*:—
 Med. *to ply the loom*; metaph., φθόγγον μτώσασθαι
to let one's voice sound like a harp-string.

μίτρα, Ep. and Ion. μίτρη, ἡ, (μῖτος) *a linen girdle or band, worn below the θώραξ*: generally *a girle, zone*.
 II. *a headband, a snood*. 2. *a Persian cap*, ἰ. κίρβαστία.

Μίτρα, ἡς, ἡ, the Persian Aphrodité or Venus.
 μῖτρο-φόρος, ου, (μίτρα, φέρω) *wearing a μίτρα, whether girdle or head-dress*.
 μῖτρο-δέτος, ου, (μίτρα, δέω) *bound with a μίτρα*.
 μῖτροφορέω, ἰ. ἴσω, *to wear a μίτρα*. From
 μῖτρο-φόρος, ου, = μῖτροφῆρος.

ΜΙΤΥΛΟΣ or μύτιλος, ὄν, ου, Lat. *mutilus, curtailed*, esp. *hornless*. [ῖ]
 μῖτ-ώδης, ἐς, (μῖτος, εἶδος) *like thread, of linen*.
 μῖτῆθῃαι, αἰ, ὄν, I inf. pass. of μίγγυμι.

μίχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of μίγγυμι.
 μῖχθημεναι, Ep. aor. I pass. inf. of μίγγυμι.
 MNA Ion. μνέα, ἡ; I. a weight, = 100 drachmae = 15 oz. 83 $\frac{3}{4}$ grs. II. a sum of money, also = 100 drachmae, = 4l. Is. 3d.—60 μναῖ made a talent.

μνάμα, μνάμεῖον, μναμοσύνη, Dor. for μνημ—
 MNA'OMAI (A), contr. μνώμαι, used in the contr. forms 3 sing., 1 and 3 pl, μνάται, μνώμεθα, μνώνται; imperat. 3 sing. μνάσθω; inf. μνώσθαι; part. μνώμενος; also in Ep. resolved forms, 2 sing. μνάα inf. μνάασθαι; 3 sing. Ion. impf. μνάσκετο for ἐμνάτο, Ep. 3 pl. μνάοντο, part. μνώμενος:—*to woo to wife, woo, court*. II. generally, *to court, sue for, solicit, canvass for*, Lat. *ambire*.

MNA'OMAI (B), contr. μνώμαι, *to remember*, Ep. and Ion. for μμνήσκομαι.
 μνάσθαι, inf. of μνάομαι *to woo*.
 μνάσθω, 3 sing. pres. imperat. of μνάομαι *to woo*.
 μνάσομαι, Dor. for μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.

μναστήρ, ὁ, fem. μνάστειρα, Dor. for μνηστ—
 μνάστις, ἡ, Dor. for μνήστις, q. v.
 μνέα, Ion. for μνά.

μνεία, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*. II. *mention*; μνείαν ποιέσθαι τινος, Lat. *mentionem facere*.

μνήμα Dor. μνάμα, ατος, τό, (μνάομαι B) Lat. *monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: a memorial of one dead, a monument*. II. = μνήμη, *memory*.

μνημεῖον Ion. -ῆϊον Dor. μνάμεῖον, τό, (μνήμα) Lat. *monimentum, a memorial, remembrance, record of a person or thing: of one dead, a monument*.

μνήμη, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory, recollection*. 2. *the faculty of memory; μνήμης ὑπο from memory*. 3. *a memorial, monument*. II. *mention or notice of a thing*.

μνημῆϊον, τό, Ion. for μνημεῖον.
 μνημονεύω, ἰ. σω, (μνήμων) *to remember, call to mind, recollect*. 2. *to call to another's mind, mention, say, Lat. memorare*. II. Pass., with f. med. -εῖσομαι and pass. -ευθήσομαι: aor. I ἐμνημονεῖσθην:—*to be remembered, bad in memory, mentioned*.

μνημονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μνήμων) *of or for remembrance or memory; τό μνημονικόν = μνήμη, memory*. II. *of persons, of good or ready memory*.
 μνημονικῶς, Adv. *from or by memory, readily*.
 μνημοσύνη, ἡ, (μνήμων) *remembrance, memory, Lat. memoria*. II. as prop. n. Μνημοσύνη, the mother of the Muses; because before the invention of writing memory was the Poet's chief gift.

μνημοσύνον Dor. μνάμ-, τό, (μνήμων) *a remembrance, memorial, record of a thing; also a reminder, refresher*. 2. *honourable mention, fame*.
 μνήμων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. μνήμων, (μνάομαι B) *mindful, remembering*: c. gen. *mindful of*. 2. *ever mindful, unforgetting*.

μνήσκει, aor. I inf. and aor. I med. imperat. of μμνήσκω.
 μνησάται, Ion. for μνήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήσασθαι, aor. I inf. med. of μμνήσκω.
 μνησάσκετο, Ion. for ἐμνήσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of μμνήσκω.
 μνησθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήσῃτη, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. pass. of μμνήσκω.
 μνηστῆ-δωρῶς Dor. μνάσ-, ἰ. ἴσω, (μνήστις, δῶρον) *to bring presents in token of gratitude: to be grateful*.
 μνηστικῶς, ἰ. ἴσω, *to remember old injuries: to bear ill-will or malice; οὐ μνηστικαεὶν to bear no malice, pass an act of amnesty*. II. also c. acc. rei, τὴν ἡλικίαν μνηστικαεὶν *to remind of the ills of age*. From
 μνηστῆ-κάκος, ου, (μνάομαι B, κακόν) *remembering old injuries, bearing malice*.
 μνηστῆ-πῆμα, ου, gen. ονος, (μμνήσκω, πῆμα) *reminding of misery*.
 μνήστις Dor. μνάστις, εως, ἡ, (μνάομαι B) *remembrance, memory*.
 μνήσομαι, fut. med. of μμνήσκω.
 μνήστειρα, ἡ, fem. of μνηστήρ, (μνάομαι A) *a bride*. II. fem. Adj. (μνάομαι B) *reminding of*.
 μνήστειμα, ατος, τό, (μνηστεύω) *courtsbip, wooing*: in plur., *espousals*.
 μνηστεύω, ἰ. σω: aor. I ἐμνήστευσα: (μνάομαι B):—Pass., aor. I ἐμνηστεύσθην:—*to woo, court, seek in marriage; to espouse*: Pass. *to be courted*. II. *to promise in marriage, betroth*: Pass. *to be betrothed*.

μνηστήρ Dor. **μναστήρ**, ἦρος, δ. (μνάμοι A) a wooer, *sutor*; later, a bridegroom. II. (μνάμοι B) calling to mind, *mindful of*.

μνηστήρσειο, Ep. for μνηστήρσι, dat. pl. of foreg. μνήστis Dor. **μνάστis**, ιος, ἧ, (μνάμοι B) a remembering, *remembrance*. II. reputation, *fame*.

μνηστός, ἧ, ὄν, (μνάμοι) *wooed, wedded*. μνηστός, ὄος, ἧ, Ion. for μνηστέα, a wooing, *courtship, seeking in marriage*.

μνήστωρ, ορος, ὄ, (μνάμοι) *mindful of*.

μνήστω, fut. of μνήστω.

μνῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, mossy, *soft as moss*. From

MNĪ'ON, τό, moss, *sea-weed*.

μνός contr. μνοῦς, ὄ, *fine down*.

μνώμενος, part. of μνώμοι, to woo.

μνώνται, 3 pl. of μνάμοι to woo.

μνώμενος, Ep. part. of μνάμοι, to remember.

μνώοντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of μνάμοι A and B.

μογερός, ἄ, ὄν, of persons, *labouring, distressed, wretched*: of things, *toilsome, grievous*. From

μογέω, f. ἦσω, (μόγος) *to toil, labour, be in trouble or distress*: pres. part. μογέων = μόγισ, *with trouble, hardly*; μογέων ἀποκινήσασκε *with much toil he moved, hardly he moved*. II. to labour at.

μογι-λάλος, ον, (μόγισ, λάλεω) *speaking with difficulty, stammering or dumb*.

μόγισ, Adv. (μόγος, μογέω) *with toil and trouble: hardly, scarcely*: like the later μόλις. Hence

ΜΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὄ, *toil, trouble: hardship, pain, sorrow*.

μογοσ-τόκος, ον, (μόγος, τεκεῖν) *helping women in hard travail*.

μόδιος, ὄ, a dry measure, Lat. *modius*, = $\frac{1}{8}$ of a medimnus, = 2 gallons.

ΜΟΨΘΣ, ὄ, *battle, the battle-din*; μόθος ἵππων *the noise or trampling of horses*.

μόθων, ἄνω, ὄ, at Sparta, a name for the *child of a Helot*: such children being brought up as foster-brothers of the young Spartans. 2. from their insolence, μόθων meant an *impudent fellow*: hence invoked as the *god of impudence*. 3. a *rude dance*.

μόι, enclit. dat. sing. of ἐγώ.

μοῖρα, gen. as Ion. ἡς, ἧ: (μείρομαι):—a *part, portion, division*, as opp. to the whole: a *division of an army*. II. a *part or party* in a state, Lat. *partes*.

III. the *part or portion* which falls to one, esp. one's *portion of the spoil*: one's *inheritance, patrimony*. 2. one's *portion in life, lot, destiny*: esp. like μόπος, one's *fate, doom*. 3. *that which is one's due*; generally, *that which is meet and right*; κατὰ μοῖραν εἶπες *thou hast spoken fitly, rightly*; μοῖραν νέμειν *τὴν* to give one *bis due*: hence 4. *due reverence, consideration*; ἐν μοίρῃ ἄγειν *τινά* to hold one in *proper respect*.

Μοῖρα, as prop. n., *Moira, the goddess of fate*: later there were three, *Clotho, Lachesis, Atropos*.

μοιράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ] Ion. ἴσω: (μοῖρα):—to *share, distribute*: Med. *to share among themselves*.

μοιρη-γενής, ἐς, (μοῖρα, γένος) *fated from birth*.

μοριδίος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μοῖρα) *allotted by fate or doom, destined, fated, Lat. fatalis*.

μοιρό-κραντος, ον, (μοῖρα, κρᾶνω) *ordained by fate, fated, destined*.

Μοῖσα, ἧ, Aeol. for Μοῦσα: Μοισᾶν, Aeol. for Μοῦσᾶν, pl. gen.

Μοισαῖος, α, ον, Aeol. for Μοῦσειος.

μοιχ-ἄγρια, τά, (μοιχός, ἄγρια) only in pl. *the fine imposed on one taken in adultery*.

μοιχᾶλις, ἴδος, ἧ, irreg. fem. of μοιχός, an *adulteress*, Lat. *moecba*: as fem. Adj. *adulterous*.

μοιχᾶς, ἄδος, ἧ, fem. of μοιχός, an *adulterer*.

μοιχᾶω, f. ἦσω, (μοιχός) *trans. to commit adultery with*; μοιχᾶν τὴν θάλατταν *to hold dalliance with the sea*. II. *intr. to commit adultery*, Lat. *moecbari*.

μοιχεύω, f. σω, *to commit adultery with, to seduce*, c. acc. II. *intr. to commit adultery*, Lat. *moecbari*.

μοιχίδιος, α, ον, (μοιχός) *born in adultery*.

μοίχιος, α, ον, *adulterous*. From

ΜΟΙΧΟΨ, οὔ, ὄ, an *adulterer, paramour, seducer*, Lat. *moecbus*; κεκάρθαι μοιχὸν μᾶ μαχαῖρα *to have the head shaven with a razor like an adulterer's*; since persons taken in adultery had their heads close shaven by way of punishment.

ΜΟΛΕΓΓΗ, aor. 2 inf. of βλώσκει.

μολιβ-αχθής, ἐς, (μόλιβος, ἀχθος) *loaded with lead*. μόλιβος, ου, ὄ, poet. for μόλυβδος, *lead*.

μόλις, Adv., later form for μόγισ, *hardly, scarcely, with difficulty*; οὐ μόλις *not scarcely*, i. e. *quite, utterly*.

μολοβρός, οὔ, ὄ, a *glutton, greedy beggar*.

μολοῖσα, Dor. for μολοῦσα, fem. of μολών.

Μολοσσός Att. -ττός, ὄν, *Molossian*; κίων Μολοσσικός *the Molossian dog*, a kind of wolf-dog used by shepherds. II. ὄ μολοσσός (sub. ποῖς), in

Prosody, *the Molossus*, a foot consisting of three long syllables, e. g. *πυρμῆτης*.

μολοῦμαι, fut. of βλώσκει.

μολπάζω, (μολπή) *to sing of*, Lat. *canere*. Hence *μολπαστής*, οὔ, ὄ, a *minstrel or dancer*.

μολπή, ἧ, (μέλπω) in Hom. *dancing to music: anything done in time*: generally, *play, sport*, properly when singing and dancing formed part of it. II. generally, *singing, song*, opp. to dancing. Hence

μολπηδόν, Adv. *with singing*.

μολπήτις Dor. -ατις, ἴδος, ἧ, (μολπή) a *songstress*.

μολύβδαινα, ἧ, (μόλυβδος) *a piece of lead, esp. the lead to sink a fishing-line*. 2. a *plummet, a leaden ball or bullet*.

μολύβδιος, η, ον, (μόλυβδος) *leaden, of lead*.

μολυβδός, ἴδος, ἧ, (μόλυβδος) like μολύβδαινα, *the leaden weight on a net*. II. a *leaden ball or bullet*.

ΜΟΛΥΒΔΟΣ, ου, ὄ, *lead*. II. *plumbago*,

black lead: hence a *blacklead pencil*.

μολυβδο-χοεώ, f. ἦσω, (μόλυβδος, χέω) *to fix with melted lead*.

μολύνο-πραγμονέομαι, Pass. (μολύνω, πρᾶγμα):—*to be mixed up in a dirty quarrel*.

ΜΟΛΥΝΩ [ῥ] : f. ὕνω : pf. pass. μεμόλυσμαι :—
to stain, sully, defile, corrupt; also to seduce a woman :—Pass. to be or become vile, wallow.

μολυνμός, ὁ, (μολύνω) defilement, pollution.

μολών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of βλώσκω.

μομφή, ἡ, (μέφομαι) blame, reproof, complaint :—
a cause of complaint.

μόνα, Dor. for μόνη.

μονάζω, f. σω, (μόνος) to be alone, live in solitude.

μοναμπύκία, ἡ, for ὁ μονάμυξ, a race-horse that runs single.

μονάμυξ, ὅκος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ἀμυξ ἢ) having one
fronlet; μονάμυκες πῶλοι horses that run single,
racehorses : also of a bull, having no yokefellow.

μοναρχέω Ion. μουν- : f. ἦσω : (μόναρχος) :—to be
monarch or sovereign; ἐπὶ τούτου μοναρχέοντος in
this king's reign. Hence

μοναρχία Ion. μουν-, ἡ, absolute rule, sovereignty,
monarchy.

μόν-αρχος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, ἀρχω) ruling
alone, sovereign.

μόνας Ion. μονάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (μόνος) properly a fem.
Adj., solitary, single : also masc. of a man, alone, by
oneself. II. as Subst., μόνας, ἡ, a unit.

μονάχη, Adv. properly dat. fem. of μοναχός, in one
way only : singly or alone.

μοναχός, ἡ, ὄν, (μόνος) solitary;—as Subst. μονα-
χός, ὁ, a monk.

μον-ερέτης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ἐρέτης) one
who rows singly, a sculler.

μονή, ἡ, (μένω) a staying, abiding, tarrying. 2.
a place to stay in, mansion.

μον-ημέριον, τό, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) a bunt of one day.
μον-ήρης, ἐς, (μόνος, ἀράρειν) single; ναῦς μονήρης
a ship with one bank of oars.

μόνιμος, ον, or η, ον, (μονή) staying, fixed : of persons,
steadfast, constant. 2. of conditions, abiding,
lasting, Lat. stabilis.

μόν-ιππος, ον, (μόνος, ἵππος) with one horse, a
horseman, opp. to a charioteer.

μονο-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (μόνος, βαίνω) walking
alone : of metre, consisting of one foot. [βᾶ]

μονο-γάμος, ον, (μόνος, γαμέω) marrying one wife.

μονο-γένεια Ion. μουνου-, ἡ, peculi. fem. of sq.

μονο-γενής Ep. and Ion. μουνου-, ἐς, (μόνος, γένος)
only-begotten : born from one and the same mother.

μονο-γλήνος, ον, (μόνος, γλήνη) one-eyed.

μονο-δάκτυλος, ον, (μόνος, δάκτυλος) one-fingered.

μονο-δέρικτης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, δέρομαι) one-eyed.

μονο-δουπος, ον, (μόνος, δοῦπος) of unvaried sound,
monotonous.

μονο-όδους, -όδοντος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, δοῦς) one-toothed.

μονο-δροςπος, ον, (μόνος, δρέπω) plucked from one
stem : cut or carved from one block.

μονο-ειδής, ἐς, (μόνος, εἶδος) of one kind, simple.

μονο-ξυγής, ἐς, and μονοξυξέ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ζυ-
γῆναι) having one horse yoked : generally, single, alone.

μονο-ήμερος, ον, (μόνος, ἡμέρα) lasting but one day.

μονο-κέλης Ion. μουνου-, ἦτος, ὁ, (μόνος, κέλης) a
single horse.

μονο-κερως, ον, gen. -κερω, acc. -κερων, (μόνος,
κέρως) one-horned : as Subst. a unicorn.

μονο-κλαυτος, ον, (μόνος, κλαίω) with one mourner.

μονο-κλινον, τό, (μόνος, κλίνη) a bed for one only,
a coffin.

μονο-κοιτέω, f. ἦσω, (μόνος, κοιτέω) to sleep alone.

μονο-κρηπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, κρηπίς) with but one
sandal.

μονο-κροτος, ον, (μόνος, κροτέω) with one bank of
oars.

μονο-κωλος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, κῶλον) with but
one limb : of buildings, with but one room : περιόδος
μονόκωλος a sentence consisting of one clause.

μονο-κωπος, ον, (μόνος, κωπή) with a single oar :
with a single ship.

μονο-λίθος Ion. μουν-, ον, (μόνος, λίθος) made out
of one stone.

μονο-μάτωρ, ορος, Dor. for μονομήτωρ. [ᾶ]

μονομαχέω Ion. μουν-, f. ἦσω, (μονομάχος) to fight
in single combat : of the Athenians at Marathon,
μοῖνοι μονομαχῆσαντες τῷ Πέρσῃ having fought
single-banded with the Persian. Hence

μονομαχία Ion. μονομαχίη, ἡ, single combat.

μονομάχιον, τό, = μονομαχία.

μονο-μάχος, ον, (μόνος, μάχομαι) fighting in single
combat : wielded in single combat.

μονο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, μήτηρ) left alone by
one's mother, deprived of one's mother.

μονο-νυξ Ion. μουν-, Adv. (μόνος, νύξ) in a single
night.

μονο-ξύλων, ον, (μόνος, ξύλον) made from a single
log. II. made of wood only.

μονο-παῖς, -παῖδος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, παῖς) act. having
but one child. II. pass. = μόνος παῖς, an only child.

μονο-πάλης Ion. μουν-, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, πάλη) one
who conquers alone in wrestling. [ᾶ]

μονο-πέλμος, ον, (μόνος, πέλμα) with but one sole.

μονο-πέπλος, ον, (μόνος, πέπλος) left without a robe,
clad in a tunic only : v. ἀπέπλος.

μονο-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -ποδος, (μόνος,
πούς) one-footed.

μονο-πῶλος, ον, (μόνος, πῶλος) with one horse.

μονο-ορύχης, ον, ὁ, (μόνος, ορυγῆναι) digging with
one point. [ῥ]

ΜΟΝΟΣ Ion. μόνος, η, ον, Dor. μῶνος, α, ον, alone,
left alone, forsaken : c. gen., μόνος σοῦ rest of, de-
prived of thee. II. alone, only : often with gen.

μόνος πάντων ἀνθρώπων alone of all
men.

III. like Lat. unus for unicus, standing
alone, single in its kind, unique. IV. Sup. μονώ-
τατος, the one only person, one above all others, cf.

αὐτότατος. V. neut. μόνον as Adv., alone, only,
merely; μόνον οὐ, Lat. tantum non, all but, well nigh.

μονο-σίδηρος, ον, (μόνος, σίδηρος) made of iron only.

μονοσιτίω, f. ἦσω, to eat but once in the day. From

μονο-σίτος, ον, (μόνος, σίτος) eating but once a day.

μονό-σκηπτος, *ον*, (μόνος, σκηπτρον) *wielding the sceptre alone, absolute.*

μονο-στιβής, *ές*, (μόνος, στιβείν) *walking alone, unaccompanied.*

μονό-στιχος, *ον*, (μόνος, στίχος) *consisting of one verse.*

μονό-στολος, *ον*, (μόνος, στολή) *going alone: generally, alone, single.*

μονο-στόρθυξ, *υγγος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, στόρθυξ) *carved out of a single block.*

μονο-σύλλαβος, *ον*, (μόνος, συλλαβή) *of one syllable, dealing with monosyllables.*

μονό-τεκνος, *ον*, (μόνος, τέκνον) *with but one child.*

μονο-τράπεζος, *ον*, (μόνος, τράπεζα) *at a solitary board, eaten apart.*

μονό-τροπος, *ον*, (μόνος, τρόπος) *solitary, unsocial.*

μονο-ούατος, *ον*, (μόνος, ούς) *one-eared: with one bundle.*

μονο-φάγος, *ον*, (μόνος, φάγειν) *eating alone or once a day: irreg. Sup. μονοφαγίστατος.*

μονό-φθαλμος *Ion.* μονο-, *ον*, (μόνος, όφθαλμός) *one-eyed.*

μονό-φρουρος, *ον*, (μόνος, φρουρά) *watching alone.*

μονό-φρων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (μόνος, φρήν) *single in one's opinion, standing alone, single.*

μονο-φύης *Ion.* μονο-, *ές*, (μόνος, φύη) *of simple nature: made of one piece.*

μονό-χηλος *Dor.* -χαλος, *ον*, (μόνος, χηλή) *solid-boofed.*

μονό-ψηφος *Dor.* -ψαφος, *ον*, (μόνος, ψήφος) *voting alone: singular in one's vote or purpose.*

μονώ *Ion.* μονο-: *f. ώσω: aor. I έμόνωσα Ep. μόνωσα:—Pass., aor. I έμόνωθην, Ion. part. μονωθείς: pf. μεμόνωμαι Ion. μεμούνωμαι: (μόνος):—to make single or solitary; μονοῦν γενεήν to give an only son in each generation:—Pass. to be left alone, to be forsaken: also to be taken apart, without witnesses: c. gen., μεμονωμένοι συμμάχων deserted by allies.*

μονωδέω, *f. ήσω*, (μονωδός) *to sing alone, to sing a monody. Hence*

μονωδία, *ή*, *a song sung alone, a monody, solo, opp. to the song of the chorus.*

μον-ωδός, *όν*, (μόνος, ώδή) *singing alone.*

μονωθείς, *αor. I pass. part. of μονώ.*

μόνωσ, *Adv. of μόνος, only.*

μον-ώψ *poët. μουν-, ώπος, ό, ή*, (μόνος, ώψ) *one-eyed.*

μόρα, *ή*, (μείρομαι) = μοίρα. 2. *one of the six divisions of the Spartan infantry.*

μορία (sc. έλαία), *αι*, *the sacred olives in the Academy, so called because they were supposed to be parted or propagated (μειρόμεναι, μεμορημένοι) from the original olive-stock that grew in the Acropolis. Hence Zeus Μόριος as the guardian of these sacred olives. II. μορία [ῆ], = μορία, folly.*

μόριμος, *ον, poët. for μόσιμος.*

μόριον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόρος, a small piece, generally, a piece, portion.*

μόριος, *α, ον, poët. for μόσιμος.—For Zeus Μόριος, see μορία.*

μορμολυκεῖον, *τό*, *a bugbear, bogoblin. From μορμολύττομαι, Dep. (μορμά) to fright, scare.*

μορμο-ωπός, *όν*, (μορμά, ώψ) *hideous to behold.*

μορμύρα [ῆ], formed from μύρα, as πορφύρα from φύρα, of water, to roar, boil, *Lat. murmurio.*

ΜΟΡΜΩ, *gen. όος*, *contr. οός, ή*, *a hideous sbe-monster, to frighten children with; a bugbear, bogoblin.*

μορμά τοῦ θράσους *a fig for his courage!*

μορβείς, *εσσα, εν*, *skilfully or richly wrought; or glistening, shining. (Deriv. unknown.)*

ΜΟΨΟΝ, *τό*, *the black mulberry.*

μόρος, *ό*, (μείρομαι) *like μοίρα, one's appointed lot, fate, doom, destiny; υπέρ μόνον beyond one's doom, against fate. 2. esp. an unhappy lot, ruin, death, Lat. fatum, in Homer always a violent death.*

μόρσιμος, *ον*, (μόρος) *appointed by fate, doomed, destined, Lat. fatalis: foredoomed, destined to die: hence μόρσιμον ήμαρ the fated day, the day of doom: τὸ μόρσιμον fate, doom, destiny.*

ΜΟΡΥΨΩ, *to soil, stain, defile, sully: pf. pass. part. μεμορυνμένος, soiled, defiled.*

μορφᾶ, μορφάν, *Dor. for μορφῆ, μορφήν.*

μορφάω, (μορφῆ) *to make gesticulations.*

μορφάω, *f. ήσω*, (μορφῆ) *to shape, fashion, mould.*

Μορφεύς, *έως, ό*, *Morpheus, son of Sleep, god of dreams: properly the fashioner, moulder, so called from the shapes he calls up before the sleeper. From*

ΜΟΡΦΗ, *ή*, *form, shape, figure: a beautiful form, beauty, Lat. forma. 2. generally, form, fashion, appearance. 3. a form, kind, sort. Hence*

μορφῆεις, *εσσα, εν*, *formed, fashioned, shaped: well-shaped, comely, Lat. formosus.*

μόρφνος, *ον*, (epith. of the eagle) *of colour, dusky, dark, = όρφνός (from όρφνη), Lat. furvus.*

μορφώω, *f. ώσω*, (μορφῆ) *to form, give shape to. Hence*

μόρφωμα, *ατος, τό*, *form, shape, figure: the outline of a figure.*

μόρφωσις, *ή*, (μορφώω) *a shaping: form, semblance.*

μορφώτηρ, *ήρος, ό*, (μορφώω) *one who shapes:—fem. μορφώτρια; σῶν μορφώτρια changing men into swine.*

μόσσυν or μόσσυν, *υπος, ό*, *a wooden house or tower.*

Μοσσύν-οικοι or Μοσσύν-οικοι, *οί*, (μόσσυν or μόσσυν, οικέω) *an Asiatic race near the Black Sea, neighbours of the Colchians, living in wooden houses.*

μόσχειος, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *of a calf; μόσχειος κυνούχου a calf-skin leash: as Subst., μόσχειον, τό, a calf-skin.*

μοσχεύω, *f. σω*, (μόσχος) *to plant a sucker, propagate.*

μοσχίδιον, *τό*, *Dim. of μόσχος, a young sucker. [ῆ]*

μόσχος, *α, ον*, (μόσχος) *like μόσχειος, of a calf.*

μόσχο-ποιέω, *f. ήσω*, (μόσχος, ποιέω) *to make a calf.*

μόσχος, *ό*, *also ή*, *the young shoot of a plant, a sprout, sucker, scion. II. metaph. of the young of ani-*

mals, a calf: also a young bull: a heifer. 2. a boy: more often a girl, maid, Lat. *juvenca*. 3. any young animal.

μονάξ, Adv. (μόνος) singly, alone.
μουναρχέω, Ion. for μοναρχέω.
μόνος, Ion. for μόνος. For all Ion. forms beginning with μου-, see under μου-.

Μουνηχία, ἡ, *Munychia*, a harbour at Athens, adjoining Piræus. II. epith. of Diana, who was worshipped there. Hence

Μουνηχιάξ, Adv. at *Munychia*: and
Μουνηχιάσι, Adv. at *Munychia*.
Μουνηχιών, ὄνος, ὁ, *Munychion*, the tenth Attic month, in which was held the festival of *Munychian Artemis*,=the latter part of April and beginning of May.

μουνοθείς, Ion. aor. I part. pass. of μονόω.
μουν-ώψ, Ion. for μονάψ.

ΜΟΥΣΑ, ἡς, Aeol. Μοῖσα Dor. Μῶσα Lacon. Μῶα, as, ἡ, the *Muse*, goddess of song, music, poetry, dancing, and the fine arts. There were nine Muses,—Clio, Euterpé, Thalia, Melpoméné, Terpsichōrē, Erátō, Polymnia or Polyhymnia, Urania, and Calliōpē. II. later, music, song: also eloquence; and in pl. arts, accomplishments.

Μουσο-ἄγέτης, ου, ὁ, Dor. for Μουσηγ-, (Μοῦσα, ἡγέμαι), the leader of the Muses, i. e. Apollo.

Μουσεῖον, τό, the temple of the Muses, seat or haunt of the Muses: hence a school of arts and learning, a Museum: metaph., μουσεῖα θρηνημασι ξυνωδά balls resounding with lamentations; μουσεῖα χελιδόνων places where swallows twitter. Properly neut. of Μοῦσειος.

Μούσειος Dor. Μοῦσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (μοῦσα) of or belonging to the Muses, sacred to the Muses.

μουσιζομαι, Dep. (μοῦσα) to sing or play.
μουσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μοῦσα) of the Muses or the fine arts, devoted to the Muses. II. as Subst., I.

μουσικός, ὁ, a musician, poet, a lyric-poet: generally, a man of letters, a scholar, an accomplished person, opp. to ἄμουσος. 2. μουσική (sc. τέχνη), ἡ, any art over which the Muses presided, esp. music or lyric poetry set and sung to music,—one of the three branches of Athenian education, the other two being γράμματα, γυμναστική:—generally, arts, letters, accomplishments.

III. Adv. -κῶς, harmoniously, elegantly: Sup. -κῶτατα.

μουσισδω, Dor. for μουσιζω.

μουσο-δομος, ον, (μοῦσα, δέμω) built by song.

μουσομανέω, f. ἦσω, to be Muse-mad, smitten by the Muses. From

μουσο-μάνης, ἐς, (μοῦσα, μανῆαι) smitten by the Muses.

μουσο-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (μοῦσα, μαντις) of prophetic song.

μουσο-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (μοῦσα, μήτηρ) the mother of the Muses and arts.

μουσο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to write poetry about. From

μουσο-ποιός, ὄν, (μοῦσα, ποιέω) making poetry: μουσοποιός, ἡ, a poetess: also singing or playing.

μουσο-πόλος, ον, (μοῦσα, πολέω) serving the Muses: as Subst., μουσοπόλος, ὁ, a minstrel.

μουσο-πρόσποπον, ον, (μοῦσα, πρόσποπον) musical-looking.

μουσοουργία, ἡ, a making poetry, singing. From μουσο-ουργός, ὄν, contr. for μουσο-εργός, (μοῦσα, ἔργον) devoted to the service of the Muses, playing, singing:—as Subst., μουσοουργός, ἡ, a singing-girl.

μουσο-φίλης, ου, ὁ, and μουσο-φίλος, ον, (μοῦσα, φίλέω) loving the Muses.

μουσο-χαρής, ἐς, (μοῦσα, χαίρω) delighting in the Muses, delighting in music or poetry.

μουσώω, f. ὄσω, (μοῦσα) to devote to the Muses:—Pass. to be well educated, accomplished, elegant.

μοχθεύτας, Dor. part. acc. pl. of μοχθέω.

μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, (μόχθος) to be weary with toil, be sore troubled or distressed, to suffer greatly: c. acc. cognato, μοχθεῖν μόχθους, πόνους to undergo hardships, toils; μοχθεῖν μαθήματα to toil at learning. Hence

μόχθημα, ατος, τό, toil, hardship.

μοχθηρία, ἡ, wretchedness, poor condition: mostly in moral sense, badness, wickedness. From

μοχθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (μοχθέω) in sore distress, wretched. 2. of things, toilsome, laborious: but also in sorry plight. II. in moral sense, knavis, villainous, rascally, Lat. *pravus*. Hence

μοχθηρός, Adv. in sorry plight, miserably.

μοχθητέον, verb. Adj. of μοχθέω, one must labour.

μοχθίζω, f. σω, = μοχθέω, to toil, labour: also to suffer greatly.

μόχθος, ὁ, (μογέω) toil, hardship, distress, trouble: in pl. toils, troubles, hardships:—μόχθος differs from πόνος, in that μόχθος always implies distress, hardship, Lat. *aerumna*, while πόνος is merely work, labour, Lat. *labor*.

μοχλευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who heaves up by a lever; θαλάσσης μοχλευτής he who makes the sea to heave; κανών ἐπὼν μοχλευτής one who heaves up new words. From

μοχλεύω, f. σω, (μοχλός) to prise up, to heave up or wrench by a lever.

μοχλέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for μοχλεύω.

μοχλίων, τό, Dim. of μοχλός.

ΜΟΧΛΑΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a lever or bar for prising or heaving up, a crowbar, Lat. *vectis*. II. any bar or stake:—the bar or bolt of a door, Lat. *obex*.

ΜΥΓ or ΜΥΓ, an imitation of the sound made by murmuring or muttering with closed lips. II. to imitate the sound of sobbing.

μῦ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (μῦς, ἄγρα) a mouse-trap.

μῦάω, (μῦ) to bite or compress the lips.

μῦ-γάλη, (μῦς, γαλέη) the field-mouse, shrew-mouse, Lat. *mus araneus*.

μυγμός, οὔ, ὁ, (μύζω) a moaning, muttering.

μυδαλέος, α, ον, *wet, dripping, soaked.* II. *damp, mouldy.* From

μυδάω, f. ἤσω, (μυδος) to be damp, wet, dripping. II. to be damp or clammy from decay.

ΜΥΨΑΟΣ, ὁ, *damp; clamminess, decay, Lat. sūtus.* [ῥ] μυδροκτύπεω, f. ἤσω, to forge red-hot iron. From μυδρο-κτύπος, ον, (μυδρος, κτύπέω) forging or welding red-hot iron.

ΜΥΨΑΡΟΣ [ῥ], ὁ, *any red-hot mass; μύδρους αἶρων χερσῶν to lift masses of red-hot iron in the hands, as an ordeal: also any lump or mass of metal.*

μυάλινος, η, ον, (μυεῶς) = μυελόεις.

μυελόεις, εσσα, εν, (μυεῶς) full of marrow.

ΜΥΕΛΑΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, Lat. MEDULLA, marrow: metaph. of strengthening food, as wine and barley, which are called μυεῶς ἀνδρῶν. 2. the marrow of the skull, the brain. 3. generally, the inmost part, core. [ῥ in Hom., ῥ in Att.]

μύω, f. ἤσω: aor. I ἐμήσα:—Pass., aor. I ἐμύθησεν: pf. μῆμῆσαι: (μύω):—to initiate into the mysteries.—Pass. to be initiated; c. acc. cognato, μυεῖσθαι τὰ Καβείρων ὄργια to be initiated in the mysteries of the Cabiri; μυεῖσθαι τὰ μεγάλα to be initiated in the great mysteries. 2. generally, to instruct.

μύζω, f. μύξω, (μῦ) to murmur with closed lips, moan: to mutter. II. to drink with closed lips, to suck in.

μυθέομαι, Ep. 2 sing. μυθεῖαι, contr. for μυθεέαι, and omitting one ε, μυθεῖαι: 3 pl. Ion. impf. μυθέσκοντο: f. μυθήσομαι: aor. I ἐμυθησάμην, Ep. 3 sing. μυθήσατο: Dep.: (μύθος):—to say, speak, tell, name. II. to say over to oneself, like φράζομαι, con over, consider.

μυθεῖ, Dor. for μυθοῦ, imperat. of μυθεομαι.

μυθεύμαι, Dor. for μυθεομαι.

μυθεύω, = μυθεομαι:—Pass., to be the subject of a story, to be talked of.

μυθησαίμην, aor. I med. opt. of μυθεομαι.

μυθιάζωμαι, Dep. = μυθεομαι.

μυθίδιον, τό, Dim. of μύθος, a short tale or fable.

μυθίζω Dor. -ίσδω, later form for μυθεομαι.

μυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύθος) mythic, legendary.

μυθίσδω, Dor. for μυθίζω.

μῦθο-λογεῖω, (μύθος, λέγω) to tell word for word.

μῦθο-λογέω, f. ἤσω, (μυθολόγος) to tell mythic tales or legends: also to tell as a legend:—Pass. to be or become mythical. 2. to tell tales, talk. Hence

μυθολογητέον, verb. Adj. one must tell legends.

μυθολογία, ἡ, (μυθολογέω) a telling of mythic tales or legends, mythology. Hence

μυθολογικός, ἡ, ὄν, versed in mythology.

μῦθο-λόγος, ον, (μύθος, λέγω) dealing in mythic legends: as Subst., μυθόλογος, ὁ, a teller of legends.

μῦθο-πλόκος, ον, (μύθος, πλέκω) weaving tales.

ΜΥΨΑΟΣ, ὁ, anything delivered by word of mouth, word, speech: as opp. to ἔργον, a mere word, without the deed: a speech. II. talk, conversation: also,

the subject of conversation, the matter itself. III. advice, a command, order. IV. a purpose, design, plan. V. a tale, story: afterwards, μύθος was the poetic or legendary tale, as opposed to the historical account. 2. a tale, story, fable, such as Aesop's fables.

μῦθ-ώδης, ες, (μύθος, εἶδος) like a fable, legendary, fabulous.

ΜΥΓΓΑ Att. μύα, ἡ, a fly, Lat. musca.

μυλο-σβήη, ἡ, (μυλία, σοβέω) a fly-flap.

μυλο-σόβος, ον, (μυλία, σοβέω) flapping away flies.

ΜΥΨΑΟΜΑΙ, f. -ἤσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 ἐμύκων:

Ep. pf. μέμικα (so βέβρυχα, μέμικα from βρυχάομαι, μηκάομαι): Dep.:—Lat. MUGIRE, of oxen, to bel-

low: also of other animals, as of asses, to bray, of dogs, to growl, etc.: of things, to grate, jar, roar:

also to groan from exertion. (Formed from the sound of oxen, as βληκάομαι, μηκάομαι from that of sheep and goats, βρυχάομαι from that of bulls, etc., βρωμάομαι from that of asses.)

μύκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of μυκάομαι.

μύκηθμός, ὁ, (μυκάομαι) a bellowing: and

μύκημα, ατος, τό, a bellowing: the roar of thunder. [ῥ]

Μύκηναϊος, ον, of or from Mycenae. From

Μύκηνη, ἡ, and Μύκηνη, αἰ, Mycenae, Mycenae, an ancient Pelagic city, superseded by the Doric Argos:

—Adv. Μυκήνηθεν, from Mycenae.

Μύκηνης, ἴδος, ἡ, pecul. fem. of Μυκηναῖος.

ΜΥΚΗΣ, ἦτος, ὁ, also μύκης, ον, ὁ, a mushroom, Lat. fungus. II. any round body, shaped like a

mushroom, as, 1. the cap at the end of a sword's scabbard. 2. the snuff of a lamp-wick, supposed to forebode rain; cf. Virgil's putres concresecere fungos.

μύκητινος, η, ον, (μύκης) made of mushrooms.

μυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (μύζω) the nose, snout: in pl. the nostrils. Hence

μυκτριζέω, f. ἴσω, to turn up the nose or sneer at, Lat. naso adunco suspendere.

μυκτρούθεν, Adv. (μυκτήρ) out of the nose.

μυκτρού-κομπος, ον, (μυκτήρ, κόμπος) sounding from the nostril.

μύλαϊος, ον, (μύλη) working in a mill.

μύλακρῖς, ἴδος, ὁ, (μύλη) of a mill; μυλακρῖς λῆας a millstone.

μύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone, any large round stone.

μύλ-εργάτης, ον, ὁ, (μύλη, ἐργάτης) one who works in a mill, a miller. [ᾶ]

μύλη [ῥ], ἡ, a mill, Lat. mōla, a hand-mill. II. the nether millstone.

μύλη-φάτος, ον, (μύλη, πέφαμαι pf. pass. of *φένω) bruised or crushed in a mill.

μύλιαιω, (μύλη) to gnash or grind the teeth.

μύλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύλη) of or for a mill; λίθος μύλικός a millstone.

μύλλω, (μύλη) to crush, pound, Lat. molere.

μύλο-εἰδής, ες, (μύλος, εἶδος) like a millstone.

μύλος, ὁ, (μύλη) a millstone; Ep. ὄνικος. [ῥ]
 μύλωθρος, ὁ, (μύλη) a miller, a master miller.
 μύλων, ἄνος, ὁ, a mill-house, mill, Lat. *pistrinum*;
 βάλλειν εἰς μύλωνα, Lat. *detrudere in pistrinum*, to
 condemn [a slave] to work the mill.

μύνη, ἡ, (ἀμύνη) an excuse, pretence, pretext. [ῥ]
 μύνομαι, Dep. (μύνη) to make excuses: to put off.
 μύξᾱ, ἡ, (μύξω, μύξω) the discharge from the nose,
mucus, phlegm.

μύξωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = μυκτήρ, a nose, nostril.
 μύο-κτόνος, ον, (μύς, κτείνω) mouse-killing.
 μύραϊνα, ἡ, (μύρος) Lat. *muraena*, a sea-eel or lam-
 prey; also a sea-serpent.

μύριακις, Adv. (μύριος) ten thousand times.
 μύρι-άμφορος, ον, (μύριος ἄμφορεύς) holding ten
 thousand measures (ἄμφορείς).

μύρι-άρχης, ον, ὁ, and μύρι-αρχος, ὁ, (μύριος, ἄρ-
 χω) a commander of 10,000 men.

μύριάδς, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. gen. plur. *μυριάδων*, (μύριος)
 the number 10,000, a myriad:—when μυριάδς, μυρι-
 ἄδες are used alone of money, δραχμῶν must be sup-
 plied; when of corn, μεδίμων.

μύρι-ετής, ἑς, gen. ἑός, (μύριος, ἔτος) lasting ten
 thousand years: of countless years.

μύριζω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. μεμύρισμαι: (μύρον):—to
 anoint.

ΜΥΡΙΚΗ [ῥ], ἡ, Lat. *myrica*, the tamarisk. Hence
 μύρικίνεος, α, ον, of the tamarisk; and
 μύρικίνος, η, ον, of the tamarisk. [ῥ]
 μύριό-βοιος, ον, (μύριος, βοῦς) with ten thousand
 oxen.

μύρι-όδους, ὀδοντες, ὁ, ἡ, (μύριος, ὀδούς) having
 immense teeth.

μύριό-καρπος, ον, (μύριος, καρπός) bearing count-
 less fruit.

μύριό-κράνος, ον, (μύριος, κρᾶνον) with numberless
 heads, many-headed.

μύριό-λεκτος, ον, (μύριος, λέγω) said ten thousand
 times.

μύριό-μορφος, ον, (μύριος, μορφή) of countless shapes.
 μύριό-μοχθος, ος, (μύριος, μόχθος) of endless toil.

μύριό-ναυς, αος, ὁ, ἡ, (μύριος, ναῦς) of numberless
 ships.

μύριοντ-αρχος, ον, = μυρίαρχος.

μύριο-πάλαι, Adv. (μύριος, πάλαι) time out of mind.

μύριο-πλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, (μύριος) ten thousand
 fold: infinitely more than.

μύριο-πληθής, ἑς, (μύριος, πληθός) of infinite num-
 ber, countless.

ΜΥΡΙΟΣ, α, ον, numberless, countless, of Number
 mostly in pl., but often in sing., as μύριον αἶμα, χαλ-
 κός, etc. 2. of Size, huge, vast, immense, infinite;
 ἄχος μύριον infinite sorrow. 3. of Time, endless,
 infinite. II. as a definite Numeral in pl., μύριοι,
 αἱ, α, ten thousand: in some phrases the sing. may be
 used, as, ἵππος μύριη 10,000 horse. [ῥ]

μύριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (μύριος) the 10,000th.

μύριστός, ὄς, ἡ, (μύριοι) a body of ten thousand.

μύριο-τευχής, ἑς, (μύριοι, τεῦχος) with ten thousand
 armed men.

μύριο-φόρος, ον, (μύριοι, φέρω) of ten thousand
 talents burthen.

μύριο-φόρτος, ον, = μυριοφόρος.

μύριό-φωνος, ον, (μύριος, φωνή) with countless voices.

μύρι-πνοος, ον, contr. —πνοος, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguents or essence.

μύρι-ωπός, ὄν, (μύριος, ὤψ) with countless eyes.

μυρμηκία, ἄς, ἡ, (μύρμηξ) an ant's nest, ant-hill.

μυρμηκίας, ον, ὁ, (μύρμηξ) got from ant-hills.

ΜΥΡΜΗΞ, ἦκος, ὁ, the ant, Lat. *FORMICA*. II.
 a beast of prey in India.

III. a sunken rock on the
 Thessalian coast between Sciathus and Magnesia.

Μυρμιδόνες, οἱ, the Myrmidons, a warlike people of
 Thessaly, subjects of Peleus and Achilles.

μύρο-βόστρυχος, ον, (μύρον, βόστρυχος) with per-
 fumed locks.

μύριός, εσσα, εν, (μύρον) anointed, scented.

μύρομαι, v. sub μύρω. [ῥ]

ΜΥΡΩΝ [ῥ], τό, sweet oil extracted from plants:
 generally, sweet oil, an unguent, perfume, bal-
 sam.

II. the place where unguents were sold
 the perfume-market. III. metaph. anything sweet
 or charming.

μύρο-πνοος, ον, contr. —πνοος, ουν, (μύρον, πνέω)
 breathing of unguent.

μύρο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, fem. —πώλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (μύρον,
 πωλέω) a dealer in unguents, a perfumer.

μύρόρ-ραντος, ον, (μύρον, ραίνω) wet with unguent.

μύρο-φεγγής, ἑς, (μύρον, φέγγος) shining with un-
 guent.

μύρο-χριστος, ον, (μύρον, χριστός) anointed with
 sweet oil.

μύρώω, f. ὠσω, (μύρον) to rub with unguent, anoint.

ΜΥΡΡΑ, ἡ, the juice of the Arabian myrtle, Lat.
myrra, myrrha.

μυρρίνη [ῥ], ἡ, later Att. for μύρο-, a myrtle twig
 or wreath. II. μυρρίναι, αἱ, the myrtle-market.

μύρρινος, η, ον, (μυρρίνη) of myrtle, Lat. *myrteus*.

μύρρινον, ἄνος, ὁ, (μυρρίνη) a myrtle-grove, Lat.
myrtetum.

ΜΥΡΣΙΝΗ [ῥ] later Att. μυρρίνη, ἡ, the myr-
 tile. II. a myrtle-branch. [ῥ]

μυρσίνο-ειδής, ἑς, (μυρσίνη, εἶδος) myrtle-like.

μύρτον, ον, τό, the fruit of the myrtle (μύρτος), the
 myrtle-berry, Lat. *myrtum*.

ΜΥΡΤΟΣ, ἡ, the myrtle, Lat. *myrtus*.

ΜΥΡΩΝ [ῥ], only used in pres. and impf., to flow,
 run, trickle, stream. II. Med. μύρομαι, to melt
 into tears: to shed tears, weep. 2. trans. to weep
 for, bewail, lament.

μύρομα, ατος, τό, (μύρω) plaster.

ΜΥΣ, ὁ, gen. μύος, acc. μῦν, voc. μῦ, a mouse, Lat.
MUS: μῦς ἀρουραῖος, a field-mouse. II. a muscle
 of the body, Lat. *musculus*.

μύσαγμα, ατος, τό, (μυσάττομαι) = μύσος.

μύσαν [ῥ], Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of μύω.

μῦσάρῳ, ἄ, ὄν, (μύσος) foul, loathsome, abominable, Lat. *impurus* : τὸ μύσαρον an abomination.

μῦσάττομαι, f. μυσσάθησθαι : aor. I ἐμυσάθηθην : Dep. : (μύσος) :—to loathe, abominate.

μύσος [ῥ], τό, (μύζω) anything that causes disgust : metaph. an abomination, defilement, Lat. *piculum*.

Μῦσός, ὁ, a Mysian.

μῦσο-πολέω, (μῦς, πολέω) to run about like a mouse.

μυστηρίκος, ἡ, ὄν, for mysteries, mystical. From μυστήριον, τό, (μύστης) a mystery, secret rite : mostly in pl. μυστήρια, τά, the mysteries, religious celebrations, the most famous of which were the Eleusinian mysteries of Demeter or Ceres. 2. any mystery or secret thing : a mystic history or dispensation.

μυστηρίς, ἰδος, pecul. fem. of μυστηρίκος.

μυστηριώτης, ου, ὁ, fem. —ῶτις, ἰδος, (μυστήριον) belonging to the mysteries.

μύστης, ου, ὁ, (μνέω) one initiated. Hence

μυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the mysteries : secret, mystical.

μυστιλάομαι, Dep. to sop bread in soup or gravy to eat it with. From

ΜΥΣΤΙΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a crust of bread hollowed out as a spoon, to sup soup or gravy with.

μυστι-πόλος, ον, (μύστης, πολέω) solemnising the mysteries.

μυστο-δόκος, ον, (μύστης, δέχομαι) receiving the mysteries, receiving the initiated.

μυστο-δότης, ου, ὁ, (μύστης, δίδωμι) initiating, introducing into the mysteries.

μυτίλος [ῥ], ὁ, (μῦς) the fish muscle, Lat. *mytilus*.

μυττωπέω, f. σω, to make into mince-meat. From ΜΥΤΤΩΤΟΣ, ὁ, a mess of cheese, boney, garlic beaten up together, mince-meat.

μύχᾶτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of μύχιος, formed from μύχος, as μέσατος from μέσος. [ῥ]

μυχθίζω, f. σω, Dor. μυχθίσθω, (μύζω) to breathe hard through the nostrils, to snort or moan from passion. 2. to make mouths at, sneer. Hence

μυχθισμός, ὁ, a snorting : sneering.

μύχιος, α, ον, (μύχος) inward, inmost, most retired, Lat. *intimus* : irreg. Sup. μύχοίτατος.

μυχμός, ὁ, (μύζω) moaning, groaning.

μύχθεν, Adv. (μύχος) from the inmost part of the house, from the women's chambers.

μύχοίτατος, η, ον, (μύχος) irreg. Sup. of μύχιος ; μύχοίτατος ἴζε her in the fartbest corner.

μύχονδε, Adv. (μύχος) to the far corner.

μύχος, οὔ, ὁ, (μύω) the innermost place, inmost nook or corner, a recess, Lat. *sinus* : the inmost part of a house, the women's apartments, Lat. *penetralia*. 2. a bay or creek running far inland.

ΜΥΤΩ, f. μύσω : aor. ἐμύσα : pf. μέμυκα : I. intr. to be shut or closed, esp. a of the lips and eyes ; but also of wounds ; σὺν δ' ἔλκεα πάντα μέμυκεν all

his wounds have closed. 2. of persons, to shut the eyes, keep one's eyes shut : absol., μύσας with one's eyes shut. 3. metaph. to be lulled to rest, to abate.

II. trans. to shut, close.

μῦών, ἄνω, ὁ, (μῦς) a knot of muscles, a muscular part of the body.

μῦών, gen. plur. of μῦς.

μῦωπάζω, (μῦώψ) to be purblind, to see dimly.

μῦωπίζω, (μῦώψ) to spur, prick with the spur, goad.

II. Pass. to be teased by flies.

μῦ-ωπός, ὄν, (μῦώψ) = μῦώψ 1.

μῦ-ώψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (μῦώψ) closing the eyes, short-sighted. II. as Subst., μῦώψ, ὠπος, ὁ, the horse-fly or gad-fly. 2. a goad, spur. [ῥ]

Μῶα, ἡ, Lacon. for Μούσα.

μάλος, ὁ, a toil, esp. the toil or tug of war : battle, war : a struggle, contest : generally, a quarrel, broil.

ΜΩΛΑΤ, ὄσ, τό, moly, a magic herb with a black root and white blossom, given by Hermes to Ulysses, as a counter-charm to the spells of Circe.

ΜΩΛΩΨ, ὠπος, ὁ, the mark of a blow, a weal, bruise.

μωμάομαι, Ion. —έομαι : f. —ήσομαι : aor. ἐμωμη-σάμην, Dor. poet. 3 sing. μωμάσατο : Dep. : (μῶμος) :—to find fault with, blame, chide, c. acc. :—aor. pass.

ἐμωμήθην in pass. sense, to be blamed.

μωμείω, f. σω, (μῶμος) to blame, chide, find fault with.

μωμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (μωμάομαι) blamed, blamable.

μῶμος, ον, ὁ, (μέμφομαι) blame, censure, disgrace. II. personified, Momus, the god of blame.

μῶν, Adv., Dor. contr. for μῶ ὄν, used in questions to which a negative answer is expected, it is not, is it? Lat. *num?* e.g. μῶν ἔστι ; ; Answ. οὐ δῆρα. Sometimes however it asks doubtfully, Lat. *num forte?* and may be answered in the affirmative.

μῶνος, α, ον, Dor. for μῶνός, μῶνος.

μῶ-νυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, ἡ, (μόνος, ὄνυξ) with single, solid, uncloven hoof, Lat. *solipes*, epith. of the horse.

μῶνυχος, ον = μῶνυξ.

μωραίνω, f, ἄνω : aor. I ἐμωράνα : (μωρός) :—to be silly, foolish, to play the fool : c. acc., πείρα μωραίνειν to make a senseless attempt. II. to make foolish, convict of folly. 2. to make tasteless : Pass.

to become so.

μωρανθείς, aor. I pass. part. of μωραίνω.

μωρία, ἡ, (μῶπος) silliness, folly, absurdity.

μωρολογία, ἡ, a speaking foolishly, idle talk. From μωρο-λόγος, ον, (μωρός, λέγω) speaking foolishly.

ΜΩΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dull, heavy : generally, stupid, silly, foolish. 2. tasteless, insipid.

μωρό-σοφος, ον, (μῶπος, σοφός) foolishly wise.

μῶρος, Adv. of μωρός, foolishly.

Μῶσα, ἡ, Dor. for Μούσα.

μῶσθαι, inf. of μῶμαι, v. sub. *μῶω c.

N

N, ν, νῦ, τό, indecl., thirteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral, ν' = 50, but ν = 50,000.

Changes of ν: I. into γ before the gutturals γ, κ, χ, ξ, as ἐγ-γονος, ἐγ-καιρος, ἐγ-χάριος, ἐγ-ξέω.

II. into μ before the labials β, π, φ, μ, ψ, as σύμ-βιος, συμ-πότης, συμ-φύης, ἐμ-μανής, ἐμ-ψυ-χος.

III. into λ, before λ, as ἐλ-λείπω. IV. into ρ before ρ, as συρ-ράπτω. V. into σ before σ, as σύσ-σιτος.

VI. ν is inserted in aor. I pass. of some pure Verbs, as ἰδρῖνθην from ἰδρῶν.

The νῦ ἐφελεκτυστικόν or final ν is found with dat. pl. in σι, as ἀνδράσιν for ἀνδράσι; 3 pers. pl. of verbs in σι, as εἰλήφασιν for εἰλήφασι; 3 pers. sing. in ε and ι, as ἔκτανεν δέικνουσιν, for ἔκτανε δέικνουσι: with the local termin. -σι, as Ἀθήρησιν Ὀλυμπίασιν; the Epic termin. φι, as δαστέφιν; with the numeral εἰκοσιν for εἴκοσι; the Adv. νόσφιν πέρυσιν, for νόσφι πέρυσιν; with the enclit. Parts. κέν, νύν, for κέ νύ. It is used to avoid hiatus where a vowel follows.

νᾶες, νᾶας, Dor. nom. and acc. pl. of ναῦς.

ναῆτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ναῆτης, ου, ὁ, (ναῖα) an inhabitant, dweller.

Ναζαρηῶς and Ναζωραῖος, ὁ, a Nazarene, inhabitant of Nazareth.

ναί, Adv., used in strong affirm., *yea, verily*, Lat. *nae*: with an affirmative clause: but in answers the Att. use ναί by itself, *yea, yes, aye*.

ναῖ, Dor. and Att. poet. dat. of ναῦς.

Ναῖᾶκος, ἡ, ὄν, (Ναῖάς) of or for a Naiad.

Ναῖᾶς, ἄδος, ἡ, mostly in pl. Ναῖᾶδες Ion Νηῖᾶδες, (νάα) a Naiad, a river or water-nymph.

ναῖεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναῖω.

ναῖεῖτασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ναιεῖτώ.

ναιεῖτώ: Ep. part. fem. ναιεῖτάσσω, Ion. impf. ναιεῖτάσκων: (ναῖω). I. of persons, to dwell, inhabit: generally, to live, be:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit. 2. of places, to be situated, lie: and so in pass. sense, to be inhabited.

ναῖων, Ep. impf. ναῖω v.

ναῖος, α, ον, Dor. for νήος.

ναῖουσα, Dor. for ναῖουσα, pres. part. fem. of ναῖω.

Ναῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. Νηῖς, (νάω) = Ναῖς. [Ὶ]

ναίχι, Adv. for ναί, like οὐχί for οὐ.

ΝΑΙΩ (A): I. intr. in pres. and impf., I. of persons, to dwell:—c. acc. loci, to dwell in, inhabit.

2. of places, to lie, be situated. II. Causal, in Ep. aor. I. ἔνασσα or νάσσα, for ἐνάσσω, to make inhabited, give to dwell in; καί κέ οἱ Ἀργεῖ νάσσα πόλιν I would have given him a town in Argos for his home. 2. to make a person dwell in a place, to settle him:—in Ep. aor. I pass. and med., to settle, dwell; πατήρ μὲν Ἀργεῖ νάσθη my father settled at Argos; νάσσατο ἄρχ' Ἐλικῶνος be settled near Helicon.

ναῖω (B), = νάω, to flow, overflow.

ΝΑΪΚΗ, ἡ, a goat-skin: a sheep's fleece, Lat. *velus*. [ᾗ]

νάκος, τό, later form of νάκη. [ᾗ] νᾶμα, αρος, τό, (νάω) anything flowing, a current, stream, spring; ν. πυρός a stream of fire. Hence

ναμᾶτῆτος, α, ον, flowing, running.

ναμῆρτής, ναμῆρτεια, Dor. for νημ-

νάω, Dor. for ναῦν, acc. of ναῦς.

ΝΑ'ΝΟΣ, ὁ, a dwarf, Lat. *nānus*.

νᾶνο-φύης, ἐς, (νᾶνος, φύη) of dwarfish stature.

Νάξιος, α, ον, (Νάξος) from the isle of Naxos:

Νάξιοι, οἱ, the Naxians: Νάξια λίθος or πέτρα a kind of whetstone, Lat. *cos Naxia*.

Ναξι-ουργής, ἐς, (Νάξιος, ἔργον) of Naxian work.

Νάξιος, ἡ, Naxos, one of the Cyclades, anciently called *Dia*.

νᾶνο-πόλος Ion. νηο-πόλος, ον, (ναός, πολέω) dwelling or busied in a temple: as Subst., ναοπόλος, ὁ, the keeper of a temple, Lat. *aedituus*.

ναός Ion. νηός Att. νεός, ὁ, (ναῖω) the dwelling of a god, a temple, Lat. *aedes* (in sing.).

II. the inner part of a temple, the cell, the shrine in which the image of the god was placed.

ναός, Dor. and Att. poet. gen. of ναῦς.

ναπαῖος, α, ον, (νάπη) of, in a wooded vale or dell.

ΝΑΪΠΗ, ἡ, a woody dell or glen, Lat. *saltus*. [ᾗ]

νάπος, τό, later form of νάπη.

ΝΑΪΠΥ, vos, τό, = σίναισι, mustard.

ναρδο-λίπτης, ἐς, (νάρδος, λίπος) anointed with nard-oil.

νάρδος, ἡ, nard, spikenard, Lat. *nardus*.

II. nard-oil.

ναρθηκο-πλήρωτος, ον, (νάρθηξ, πληρώω) filling the hollow of the νάρθηξ or reed.

ναρθηκο-φόρος, ον, (νάρθηξ, φέρω) carrying a staff of reed (νάρθηξ), = θυροφόρος: a rod-bearer.

ΝΑΪΡΟΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a tall umbelliferous plant, Lat. *ferula*, with a pithy stalk, in which Prometheus conveyed the spark of fire from heaven to earth: a reed. The stalks were used for wands, canes, rods: also, as splints.

ναρκάω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I νάρκησα:—to grow stiff, numb or dead, Lat. *torpere*, to be rigid.

From ΝΑΪΡΚΗ, ἡ, stiffness, numbness, Lat. *torpor*.

νάρκισσος, ὁ, the narcissus. (From ναρκάω, because of its narcotic properties.)

νᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (νάω) flowing, liquid.

νᾶς, ἡ, Dor. for ναῦς.

νᾶσθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ναῖω; v. ναῖω II. 2.

νᾶσιώτας, Dor. for νησιώτης.

νασμός, ὁ, (νάω) a flowing current: a stream, spring.

νᾶσος, Dor. for νήσος.

νάσσα, Ep. for ἐνάσσα, aor. I of ναῖω.

νάσσα, Dor. for νήσσα, νήττα, a duck.

νάσσατο, Ep. for ἐνάσατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ναῖω: v. ναῖω II. 2.

ΝΑ'ΣΣΩ, f. νᾶζω: aor. I ἐνάξα: pf. pass. νένασμαι

ορ *νέναγμα*:—to *press* or *squeeze close*, *stamp down*, *compress*: to *pile up*.

ναστός, ἡ, ὄν, (νάσσω) *close-pressed*, *firm*, *well-kneaded*. II. as Subst., ναστός, ὁ, a *well-kneaded cake*.

νάττω, Att. for *νάσσω*.

ναυᾶγέω Ion. ναυηγ—: *φ. ἦσω*: (ναυάγος):—to *suffer shipwreck*, *be shipwrecked*: to *crash*, *smash*, of *chariots*. Hence

ναυᾶγια Ion. ναυηγίη, ἡ, *shipwreck*, *wreck*.

ναυάγιον Ion. ναυήγιον, τό, a *piece of a wreck*, *wreck*; *νανάγια ἱππικά* the *wreck* of a *chariot*. From ναυ-ᾶγός Ion. ναυηγός, ὄν, (ναύς, ἄγνυμι) *shipwrecked*, *stranded*, Lat. *naufträgus*: generally, *ruined*, *wrecked*.

ναυαρχέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναύαρχος) to *be admiral* of a *fleet*. Hence

ναυαρχία, ἡ, the *command* of a *fleet*, *office* of *admiral*. 2. the *period* of his *command*.

ναύ-αρχος, ὁ, (ναύς, ἄρχω) the *commander* of a *fleet*, an *admiral*.

ναυάτης, ου, ὁ, poet. for ναύτης. [ᾶ]

ναυ-βάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (ναύς, βαίνω) one who *embarks* in a *ship*, a *seaman*. II. as Adj. *nautical*, of *sailors*.

ναύ-δετον, τό, (ναύς, δέω) a *ship's cable*.

ναυηγός, ναυηγέω, ναυηγία, Ion. for ναυᾶγ—.

ναυκληρέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναύκληρος) to *be a ship-owner*, *master* of a *ship*. II. metaph. to *manage*, *govern*. Hence

ναυκληρία, ἡ, the *life* and *calling* of a *master* of a *ship*, a *seafaring life*. 2. poet. a *voyage*: generally, an *enterprise*. 3. also a *ship*.

ναυκληρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναύκληρος) of or for the *master* of a *ship*.

ναύ-κληρος, ὁ, (ναύς, κληρος) the *owner* or *master* of a *ship*, who carried *goods* or *passengers*. 2. poet. a *seaman*.

ναύ-κρᾶρος, ὁ, the same with ναύκληρος. II. at Athens, the *member* of a *division* (*ναυραφία*) of the *citizens*: in Solon's time there were 12 in each of the 4 tribes, 48 in all: when Cleisthenes increased the number of the tribes to 10, there were 5 ναυραφοί belonging to each tribe, 50 in all.

ναυκράτῳ, *φ. ἦσω*, to *have the mastery* at sea, to *command* the sea:—Pass. to *be mastered* at sea. From

ναυ-κράτης, εος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναύς, κρατέω) *having* the *mastery* at sea, *commanding* the sea.

ναυ-κράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ναύς, κρατέω) *commanding* the sea. II. as Subst. the *master* of a *ship*. [ᾶ]

ναύλος, ὁ, or ναύλον, τό, (ναύς) *passage-money*, *fare*, Lat. *naulum*. 2. also a *freight*.

ναυλοχέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναύλοχος) to *lie* in a *harbour* or *creek*: to *lie in wait*, so as to *sally* out upon *ships* passing: *c. acc.* to *lie in wait* for.

ναύ-λοχος, ου, (ναύς, λόχος) *affording safe anchorage*, *having* a *good roadstead*. II. as Subst.,

ναύλοχος, ὁ, with irreg. pl. ναύλοχα, an *anchorage*, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυμάχῳ, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναυμάχος) to *fight* in a *ship*, to *fight* by sea: generally, to *fight* or *contend* with. Hence

ναυμάχια, ἡ, a *sea-fight*.

ναύ-μάχος, ου, (ναύς, μάχομαι) of, for or *sued* to a *sea-fight*; *ξυστά ναύμαχα* *boarding pikes*.

ναυπηγέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναυπηγός) to *build ships*:—Med., ναύς ναυπηγέεσθαι to *build oneself* ships:—Pass. of the ships, to *be built*.

ναυπηγήσμος, ου, (ναυπηγέω) *sued* for *ship-building*.

ναυπηγία, ἡ, (ναυπηγέω) *ship-building*.

ναυπηγιον, τό, a *place* for *ship-building*, a *dock-yard*. From

ναυ-πηγός, ὄν, (ναύς, πήγνυμι) *building ships*: as Subst., ναυπηγός, ὁ, a *ship-builder*, *shipwright*.

ναύ-πορος, ου, (ναύς, πόρος) *traversed* by ships, *naval*. II. parox. ναυπόρος, ου, *propelling* a *ship*.

ΝΑΥΨ, ἡ, Lat. *NAV-IS*, a *ship*; ναύς μακρά, a *long ship*, *ship* of *war*.—Att. declens., ναύς, νεώς, νηΐ, ναῖν; dual gen. νεοῖν; pl. νῆες, νεῶν or ηῶν, ναοῖ, ναύς:—Ion., νῆς, νεός, νηΐ, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νηοῖ, νέας:—Ep. νῆς, νηός, νηΐ, νῆα, pl. νῆες, νηῶν, νηοῖ or ηῆεοῖ, νῆα, (but also gen. and acc. νεός, νέα, pl. νέες, νεῶν, νέεοῖ, νέας):—Dor. ναύς, ναός, ναΐ, ναῖν, pl. νᾶες, νᾶων, ναοῖ or νᾶεοῖ, νᾶας.

ναυσθλώ, contr. for ναυστολέω, to *carry* by sea. Med. to *take* with one by sea: to *hire* a *ship* for oneself:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυσθλώσομαι, to *go* by sea.

ναυσία Att. ναυτία, ἡ, (ναύς) *sea-sickness*, *qualmishness*, *retching*, Lat. *nausea*. Hence

ναυσιάω Att. ναυτιάω, (ναυσία) to *be qualmsish*, to *retch*, *suffer* from *sea-sickness*.

ναυσι-κλειτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ναύς, κλειτός) *renowned* for *ships*, *famous* by sea.

ναυσι-κλιτός, ὄν, = ναυσικλειτός.

ναυσι-πέδη, ἡ, (ναύς, πέδη) a *ship-cable*.

ναυσι-περάτος Ion. νηυσιπέρητος, ου, (ναύς, περάω) to *be crossed* by a *ferry* or *traversed* by *ships*, *navigable*.

ναυσι-πόμπος, ου, (ναύς, πέμπω) *ship-wafting*; ναυσιπόμος αἶρα a *fair breeze*. [ξ]

ναυσι-πόρος, ου, (ναύς, πόρος) = ναύπορος, *traversed* by *ships*, of a *river*, *navigable*. II. parox. ναυσιπόρος, ου, act. *going* in *ships*, *sea-faring*. 2. *propelling* a *ship*, *ship-speeding*.

ναυσι-στονος, ου, (ναύς, στένω) *lamentable* to the *ship*.

ναυσι-φόρητος, ου, (ναύς, φορέω) *carried* in a *ship*, *going* by *ship*.

ναύ-σταθιον, τό, (ναύς, σταθμός) a *harbour*, *anchorage*, *roadstead*, Lat. *statio navium*.

ναυστολέω, *φ. ἦσω*, (ναυστόλος) *trans.* to *carry* or *convey* by sea:—Pass., with fut. med. ναυστολήσομαι, to *go* by sea. 2. to *guide*, *govern*. II. intr.,

like Pass., to *go* by sea, *sail*. Hence

ναυστόλημα, ατος, τό, a voyage.
 ναυστολία, ή, (ναυστολέω) a going by ship.
 ναυ-στόλος, ον, (ναύς, στέλλω) sending by ship. II.
 voyaging, sailing.
 ναυτής, ου, ό, (ναύς) Lat. *navita*, a seaman, sailor. II.
 one who goes on shipboard, a companion by sea.
 ναυτία, ναυτιώ, Att. for ναυσία, ναυσιάω.
 ναυτικός, ή, όν, (ναύς, ναύτης) of or for a ship;
 ναυτικός στρατός a sea-force, opp. to πεζός: also,
 ναυτικόν, τό, a fleet; ναυτικά, τά, naval affairs, naval
 power. 2. of persons, skilled in seamanship,
 nautical.
 ναυτίλα, ή, (ναυτίλος) sailing, seamanship: in pl.
 voyages. Hence
 ναυτίλλομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to
 go by sea, make a voyage, sail.
 ναυτίλος [r], ό, (ναύτης) a seaman, sailor. 2.
 Adj. of a ship, naval. II. the nautilic, a shell-
 fish, furnished with a membrane which serves it for
 a sail.
 ναυτο-λογέω, f. ήσω, (ναύτης, λέγω) to enlist sea-
 men, take on board: generally, to receive.
 ναυφθορία, ή, *shipwreck*, loss of ships. From
 ναύ-φορος, ον, (ναύς, φθέρω) *shipwrecked*; ναύφο-
 ρος σπολή the garb of *shipwrecked* men.
 ναύφι, ναύφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. pl. of ναύς.
 ναύ-φρακτος Att. ναύ-φαρκτος, ον, (ναύς, φράσσω)
ship-fenced, *ship-girt*; ναύφρακτον βλέπειν to look
 like a ship of war.
 — ΝΑΨ, only found in pres. and impf. to flow.
 νέα, Ion. acc. sing. from ναύς.
 νε-άγγελτος, ον, (νέος, άγγέλλω) *newly told*.
 νεά-γενής, ές, (νέος, *γένω) *newly born*.
 νεάζω, only found in pres. (νέος), intr. to be young
 or new: to be the younger of two. 2. to act or
 think like a youth. 3. to grow young, grow young
 again.
 νε-αίρετος, ον, (νέος, αίρώ) *newly caught*.
 νεαίτερος, irreg. Comp. of νέος: νεαίτατος and
 νεάτος, irreg. Sup.
 νε-ακόνητος, ον, (νέος, ακονάω) *newly-wbctted*, *keen-
 edged*.
 νεάλης, ές, (νέος) *fresh with youth*: generally, *fresh*,
vigorous.
 νε-άλωτος, ον, (νέος, άλώναι) *newly caught*. [ά]
 νε-ανθής, ές, (νέος, άνθέω) *new-budding*, *blooming*.
 νεανίας, ου, Ep. and Ion. νεηνίης, έω, ό, (νέος) a
 young man, youth: often with another Subst., as,
 άνδρες νεηνίαί, παίς νεηνίης. II. as masc. Adj.
 youthful: *fresh*, *vigorous*, *impetuous*.
 νεανιεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίας) to be a youth: to act like
 a youth, behave wilfully or impetuously, to make youth-
 ful boasts.
 νεανικός, ή, όν, (νεανίας) *youthful*: *fresh*, *impetuous*,
vigorous. 2. *high-spirited*, *noble*. 3. in bad
 sense, *hasty*, *wanton*, *insolent*. 4. generally, *great*,
mighty, *strong*.
 νεανικώς, Adv. of νεανικός, *vigorously*.

νεάνις Ion. νεήνις, gen. ιδος, acc. νεάνιδα and νεάνιν,
 fem. of νεανίας, a young woman, girl, maiden. II.
 as Adj. *youthful*: *new*.
 νεανισκεύομαι, Dep. (νεανίσκος) to be in one's youth,
 be a stripling.
 νεανίσκος Ion. νεηνίσκος, ό, (νεανίας) a youth,
 young man, so called till the age of 40.
 νε-αοιδός, όν, (νέος, αοιδός) *singing youthfully*.
 νεαρός, ά, όν, (νέος) *young*, *youthful*: *fresh*, *new*,
recent, *late*.
 νεαρο-φάης, ές, (νεαρός, φάος) *coming fresh to light*,
new-appearing.
 νέας, Ion. and Ep. acc. pl. of ναύς.
 νεάτος Ion. νειάτος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of νέος, as
 μέστος from μέσος, the last, uttermost, lowest, ex-
 treme; πόλις νεάτη Πύλου a city lying on the border
 of Pylos. II. of Time, latest, Lat. novissimus.
 νεάτος, ό, the ploughing up of fallow land. From
 νεάω, f. άσω, (νέος) to plough up fallow land, to till
 anew: νεαμένη (sc. γή), ή, land ploughed anew.
 νεβριδό-πεπλος, ον, (νεβρίς, πέπλος) clad in a
 fawn-skin.
 νεβρίζω, f. σω, to wear a fawn-skin, to run about at
 the feast of Bacchus. From
 νεβρίς, ιδος, ή, (νεβρός) a fawn-skin, worn at the
 feasts of Bacchus.
 ΝΕΒΡΟΣ, ου, ό, the young of the deer, a fawn.
 νέος, Ion. and Ep. nom. pl. of ναύς.
 νέεσσι, rarer Ep. dat. pl. of ναύς.
 νέηαι, Ion. for νέη, 2 sing. pres. subj. of νέομαι.
 νεη-γενής Att. and Dor. νεαγενής, ές, (νέος, γένος)
new-born, *just born*.
 νεη-θαλής, ές, (νέος, θαλείν) *fresh-shooting*, *fresh-
 blown*.
 νε-ηκής Dor. νεάκης, ές, (νέος, ακή) *newly whetted*
 or *sharpened*.
 νε-ηκονής, ές, (νέος, ακονη) = νεηκής.
 νε-ήλατος, ον, (νέος, έλαινω) *newly pounded*, *fresh*
ground; as Subst., νεήλατα, τά, cakes of fresh flour.
 νε-ηλύς, ύδος, ό, ή, (νέος, ήλυσις) one newly come,
 a new-comer, Lat. *advēna*.
 νεηνίης, νεήνις, Ion. for νεανίας, νεάνις.
 νεηνίσκος, Ion. for νεανίσκος.
 νεή-φάτος, ον, (νέος, φημί) *fresh-uttered*, *new-
 sounding*.
 νεί, Boeot. for νή.
 νείαί, Ep. 2 sing. pres. of νέομαι.
 νειαρά Ion. νειαρή, ή, irr. fem. Comp. of νέος, as
 νειάτος for νεάτος in Sup., latter, lower; νειαρή εν
 γαστρί in the lower part of the belly.
 νειάτος, η, ον, Ion. for νεάτος, Sup. of νέος.
 νεικέω, νεικέησι, νεικέισκον, v. νεικέω.
 νεικεστήρ, ήρος, ό, (νεικέω) a wrangler, disputer,
 brawler: c. gen. one who wrangles with.
 νεικεῦσι, Aeol. for νεικοῦσι, 3 pl. of νεικέω.
 νεικέω, Ion. and Ep. νεικέω, Ep. 3 sing. subj. νει-
 κέησι, Ion. impf. νεικέοιον and νεικέισκον: Ep. fut.
 νεικέσσω, Ep. aor. I νεικέσσα: (νείκος):—to quarrel.

wrangle, dispute with: also c. acc. cognato, *νείκα νεικέιν*: part. *νεικέων, holding out obstinately, contentiously*. II. trans. *to vex, annoy, esp. by word, to ταυτι, upbraid, to accuse, criminate*.

νείκη, ἡ, = νείκος.

ΝΕΙ ΚΟΣ, τό, *a quarrel, wrangle, dispute: strife: esp. railing, a ταυτι, reproach*. 2. *a strife at law, debate, dispute before a judge*. 3. also, *battle, fight*. II. *the cause of strife, matter or ground of quarrel*.

Νειλαιεύς, ὁ, (Νείλος) a native of the Nile.

Νειλαιός, α, ον, (Νείλος) of or from the Nile.

Νειλο-γενής, ἐς, (Νείλος, γενέσθαι) Nile-born.

Νειλο-θέρης, ἐς, (Νείλος, θέρω) fostered by the Nile.

Νειλό-ρύτος ποῖτ. **Νειλό-ρύτος, ον, (Νείλος, ῥέω) watered by the Nile.**

Νείλος, ὁ, the Nile, the great river of Egypt, called in Homer Ἀίγυπτος.

Νειλῶς, ἴδος, ἡ, (Νείλος) built on or by the Nile.

Νειλῶτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, (Νείλος) living in or on the Nile; χθὼν Νειλῶτις the land of Nile.

νείμας, αορ. I part. of νέμω.

νείμεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I of νέμω: νείμαν, 3 pl.: νείμων 2 sing. imperat.

νείοθεν, Ion. for νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) from the bottom; νείοθεν ἐκ κραδῆς from the bottom of his heart. II. *anew*.

νειόθι, Ion. for νεόθι, Adv. (νέος) at the bottom, in the inmost part.

νειο-κόρος, ὁ, ἡ, Ion. for νεωκόρος.

νείομαι, Ion. for νέομαι.

νειο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (νέος, ποίεω) to let a field lie fallow, or to take a green crop off it, so to prepare it for corn.

νείος, οὔ, ἡ, (νέος) new land, land ploughed up anew, a fallow, fallow ground, Lat. novāle.

νείος, Ion. for νέος: Sup. νειώτατος, η, ον.

νειο-τομεύς, ὁ, (νείος, τεμείνω) one who breaks up a fallow.

νείρα or νείρα, ἡ, contr. for νείαιρα, the belly, stomach. νείται, contr. for νεύται, 3 sing. of νέομαι.

νεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (νέκυσ) a heap of slain: Ep. dat. pl. νεκάδεσσι.

νεκρ-ἄγγελος, ον, (νεκρός, ἄγγελος) messenger to the dead.

νεκρᾶ-γωγέω, f. ἴσω, to conduct the dead. From νεκρ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νεκρός, ἄγω) conducting the dead.

νεκρ-ἀκαδημία, ἡ, (νεκρός, Ἀκαδημία) a school of the dead.

νεκρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νεκρός) of or for the dead.

νεκρο-βάρης, ἐς, (νεκρός, βάρος) laden with corpses. νεκρο-δέγγμων, ον, gen. ονος, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead.

νεκρο-δόκος, Ion. for Att. -δόχος, ον, (νεκρός, δέχομαι) receiving the dead. Hence νεκρο-δοχείον, τό, a receptacle for the dead, cemetery.

νεκρο-θήκη, ἡ, (νεκρός, θήκη) a receptacle for a corpse, coffin.

νεκρο-πομπός, ὄν, (νεκρός, πέμπω) conducting the dead, ferrying the dead over the Styx.

νεκρός, οὔ, ὁ, (νέκυσ) a dead body, carcase, corpse, corse: in pl. the dead. II. as Adj., **νεκρός, ἄ, ὄν, dead.**

νεκρο-στολέω, (νεκρός, στέλλω) to ferry over the dead.

νεκρόω, f. ὤσω, (νεκρός) to make dead:—Pass. to be put to death, become lifeless. 2. metaph. *to deaden, mortify*.

νεκρών, ἄνος, ὁ, (νεκρός) a place for dead bodies, a burial-place.

νεκρῶσις, ἡ, (νεκρῶ) a making dead. II. pass. *a becoming dead, death: deadness.*

ΝΕΚΤΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, nectar, the drink of the gods, as ambrosia was their food: in Homer the nectar is drunk (ἐρῆθρον), poured like wine by Hebe, and like it, drunk mixed with water. Hence

νεκτάρεος, α Ion. η, ον, like nectar, scented, fragrant: generally, divine. [ᾶ]

νεκῦ-ηγός, ὄν, (νέκυσ, ἄγω) = νεκροπομπός, conducting, guiding the dead.

νεκῦο-μαντεῖον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (νέκυσ, μαντεῖον) an oracle of the dead, a place where the ghosts of the dead were called up and questioned.

νεκῦο-στόλος, ον, (νέκυσ, στέλλω) ferrying the dead.

ΝΕΚΥΣ, ὄσος, ὁ, Ep. dat. sing. νεκῦνι: Ep. dat. pl. νεκῦσσι contr. νεκῦσσι: acc. pl. νέκυσ contr. νεκῦς:—a dead body, a corpse: in pl. the dead. II. as

Adj. *dead, lifeless. [ῦ]*

Νεμέα Ion. -ἔη, ἡ, Nemea, a place between Argos and Corinth; cp. Νέμεα, τά.

Νέμεα ποῖτ. Νέμεα, τά, the Nemean games, celebrated in the second and fourth years of each Olympiad.

Νέμεος or Νέμεος, α, ον, of or from Nemea.

νεμέθω, ποῖτ. for νέμω, in 3 pl. impf. med. νεμέθοντο, Ep. for ἐνέμοντο, they grazed, fed.

νεμεσῶ, Ion. impf. νεμέσασκον: fut. ἴσω: Ep. aor. I νεμέσασα:—Ep. pres. νεμεσῶμαι, f. νεμεσῶμαι, etc.:

(νέμεσις):—to feel just indignation, properly at undeserved good fortune, generally, to be angry, vexed.

II. Med. and Pass., **νεμεσῶμαι: f. -ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐνεμεσῆθην Ep. νεμεσῆθην; Ep. aor. I med. opt. νεμεσῆσθαιτο:—to be displeased or vexed with oneself: to be ashamed, be filled with shame.**

2. c. acc. rei, **νεμεσῶται κακὰ ἔργα be shews just displeasure at, visits, punishes evil deeds.**

Νεμέσια, (sub. ἱερά), τά, the feast of Nemea.

νεμεσητός Ep. νεμεσητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νεμεσῶ) causing indignation or wrath, worthy of it; οὔτοι νεμεσητόν it is not a thing fit to raise indignation. II.

to be regarded with awe, awful.

νεμεσίζομαι, Dep. only found in pres. and impf. to become or be displeased with: to chafe or chide at a thing: absol. to be angry, surprised. II. like νεμεσῶμαι, *to be ashamed, feel dread or awe: c. acc.,*

θεοὺς νεμεσίζετο be stood in awe of the gods. From

νέμεσις Ep. νέμεσις, eos, ἡ, (νέμω) just or deserved indignation, anger at anything unjust, righteous resentment. 2. indignation at undeserved good fortune: jealousy, vengeance, esp. of the gods: of men, grudging, envy. II. that which causes or deserves just indignation, the object of just resentment: οὐ νέμεσις [ἔστι] there is not cause for indignation. III. in one's own person, a sense of sin, remorse.

Νέμεσις, ἡ, as prop. n., voc. Νέμεσις: Nemesis, personified as the goddess of Retribution, who brings down all immoderate good fortune.

νεμεσσιτά, Dor. for νεμεσσητή.
νεμέσσα, Ep. for νεμέσα, imperat. of νεμεσάω.
νεμεσσία, f. ἡσω, Ep. for νεμεσάω.
νεμεσσηθείς, Ep. aor. I part. pass. of νεμεσάω.
νεμεσσηθῶμεν, Ep. I pl. aor. I subj. pass. of νεμεσάω.

νεμεσσητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for νεμεσσητός.
νέμεσις, ἡ, Ep. for νέμεσις.
νεμέτωρ, opos, ὁ, (νέμω) a dispenser of justice, a judge, arbiter.

νέμος, eos, τό, (νέμω) a wooded pasture, grove, Lat. nemus.

ΝΕ'ΜΩ: fut. νεμῶ, later νεμήσω: aor. I ἔνεμιμα Ep. νεμία: pf. νεμήκαμα:—Med. νέμομαι: f. νεμοῦμαι, later νεμήσομαι:—Pass., aor. I ἐνεμήθην: pf. νεμήμημαι (but these tenses are also used in med. sense): —to deal out, distribute: to apportion, assign, allot.

II. Med. νεμομαι, c. acc., to distribute among themselves, hence to possess, enjoy, have in use. 2. also to dwell in, inhabit, occupy. III. later also in Act. to hold, possess: Pass. of places, to be inhabited. 2. to sway, manage, wield, control. 3. like νομίω, to esteem, consider.

B. νέμω, of herdsman, to pasture, drive to pasture, Lat. pascere: more freq. in Med. νέμεσθαι, of cattle, to feed, go to pasture, graze, Lat. pasci: hence to eat, feed on: metaph. of fire, to feed on, devour, consume: also Pass., πῦρ χθῶν νέμεται the land is consumed by fire. II. later in Act., ὄρη νέμειν to graze the hills (with cattle): metaph., πῦρ νέμειν πόλιν to waste a city by fire. III. in Med. also of ulcers, to spread.

νενάσμαι, pf. pass. of νάσσω.
νενάσται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of νέω, to hear.
νενήμηκα, pf. of νέμω.

νένηκα, pf. of νέω, to spin.
νένημαι, νένιπται, 1 and 3 sing. pf. pass. of νίζω.
νένομισμαι, pf. pass. of νομίζω.
νένωμαι, νενωμένος, Ion. and Dor. for νενόημαι, νενώμενος, pf. pass. ind. and part. of νοέω.
νεο-άλωτος, ὄν, (νέος, ἀλῶναι) = νεάλωτος.
νεο-αρδής, ἐς, (νέος, ἀρῶω) newly watered.
νεο-γάμος, ὄν, (νέος, γαμέω) new-married: as Subst., νεόγαμος, ὁ or ἡ, a bridegroom or bride.

νεο-γενής, ἐς, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.
νεογιλός, ἡ, ὄν, new-born, young. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νεο-γνής, ἐς, = νεογνός.
νεο-γνός, ὄν, contr. for νεόγονος, new-born.
νεό-γονος, ὄν, (νέος, γενέσθαι) new-born.
νεο-γράφτος and νεο-γράψος, ὄν, (νέος, γράφω) newly painted or written.

νεο-γυιός, ὄν, (νέος, γυῖον) with young, fresh limbs.
νεο-δαμώδης, ἐς, a Spartan word, lately made one of the people (νέος, δάμος = δήμος), newly enfranchised: hence those Helots were called Νεοδαμώδεις, who were set free in reward for services in war.

νεο-δαρτος, ὄν, (νέος, δέρω) newly stripped off, newly flayed.

νεο-δίδακτος, ὄν, (νέος, διδάσκω) newly taught: of a play newly brought out, newly exhibited.

νεο-δμηής, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, and νεο-δμητος, ὄν, (νέος, δαμάω) newly tamed or broken in: metaph. newly-wedded.

νεο-δμητος Dor. -δματος, ὄν, (νέος, δέμω) new-built.

νεο-δρεπτος, ὄν, (νέος, δρέπω) fresh plucked or cropped: wreathed with fresh leaves.

νεο-δρομος, ὄν, (νέος, δρᾶμειν) just having run.
νεο-δροπος, ὄν, = νεόδροπος.

νεο-ζευκτος, ὄν, (νέος, ζεύγνυμι) = νεοζυγής.
νεο-ζυγής, ἐς, and νεο-ζυγος, ὄν, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεο-ζυξ, ὄν, ὄν, and νεο-ζυγος, ὄν, (νέος, ζυγῆναι) newly yoked: metaph. newly married.

νεο-θαλής, ἐς, Dor. for νεοθηλής.
νεόθεν, Adv. (νέος) anew: newly, lately.

νεο-θηλής, ἐς, (νέος, τέθηλα) fresh budding or sprouting: metaph. fresh, cheerful.

νεο-θηλος, ὄν, = νεοθηλής.
νεο-θήξ, ἦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, θήγω) newly sharpened.

νεο-θλιβής, ἐς, (νέος, θλιβῆναι) newly pressed.
νεοίη, ἡ, (νέος) poet. for νεότης, youthful spirit.

νέ-οικος, ὄν, (νέος, οἰκέω) newly built on.
νεο-κατάστατος, ὄν, (νέος, καθίστημι) lately established or settled.

νεο-κηδής, ἐς, (νέος, κηδός) having a fresh grief.
νεο-κληρόνομος, ὄν, having lately inherited.

νεο-κλωστος, ὄν, (νέος, κλώω) newly spun or woven.
νεο-κνήτης, ὄν, (νέος, κύνω) newly shed: νεοκνήτην αἷμα χεροῖν ἔχειν to have newly-shed blood upon his hands.

νεο-κοπτος, ὄν, (νέος, κόπτω) fresh-chiselled.
νεόκοτος, ὄν, (νέος) strange, unheard of:—generally, fresh, new.

νεο-κράς, ἄτος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, κεράννυμι) newly mixed: νεοκράς φίλος a newly made friend.

νεο-κτιστος, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (νέος, κτίζω) newly founded or built: new-made.

νεο-κτονος, ὄν, (νέος, κτείνω) just killed.
νεο-λαία, ἡ, (νέος, λαός) a band of youth, the youth of a nation, Lat. juventus.

νεό-λουτος, ὄν, (νέος, λούω) newly washed.
νεόλουτος, ὄν, (νέος, λούω) just bathed.

ΝΕ'ΟΜΑΙ contr. νεύμαι, 2 and 3 sing. νεύει, νεύεται: inf. νέεσθαι contr. νεῖσθαι: Dep., only used in

pres. and impf.:—to go or come: commonly with a fut. sense, to go away or back: also to go to the war: of a stream, to flow back.

νεο-μηνία contr. νουμηνία, ἡ, (νέος, μῆν) the time of the new moon, the beginning of the month.

νεο-πάθης, ἐς, (νέος, παθεῖν) suffering from a late calamity.

νεο-πενθής, ἐς, (νέος, πένθος) fresh-mourning. II. pass. lately mourned.

νεο-πηγής, ἐς, (νέος, πήγνυμι) newly congealed or frozen.

νεο-πλουτος, ον, (νέος, πλούτος) newly enriched, vainglorious, ostentatious; opp. to ἀρχαιοπλουτος.

νεο-πλύτος, ον, (νέος, πλύνω) newly washed.

νεο-ποκος, ον, (νέος, πέκω) newly shorn.

νεο-πριστος, ον, (νέος, πρίω) fresh-sawn.

Νεο-πόλεμος, ον, (νέος, πόλεμος) New-to-war, surname of Pyrrhus son of Achilles, because he came late to Troy.

νεο-πόλις, ἡ, (νέος, πόλις) newly founded.

νεορ-ραντος, ον, (νέος, βαίνω) newly sprinkled: fresh-reeking.

νεορ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) fresh-flowing.

νεορ-ρύτος, ον, (νέος, βέω) just drawn.

νέορτος, ον, (νέος, ὀρνυμι) newly risen, generally, new, late.

ΝΕΨ, νέα Ion. νέη, νέον, Att. also ος, ον: Ion. νέιος, η, ον:—of men, young, youthful: as Subst., νέοι, young men, youths; ἐκ νέου from a youth, from youth upwards, Lat. a puero. 2. suited to a youth, youthful, Lat. juvenilis.

3. of things, new, fresh, recent: but also, strange, unexpected.

4. of Time, ἐκ νέου and ἐκ νέας anew, afresh, Lat. denuo: hence νέον Ion. νέιον, as Adv., newly, lately, anew: ἡ νέα (sub. σελήνη) the new moon: for ἔφη καὶ νέα, see ἐφη.

III. the degrees of Comp. are νεώτερος, νεώτατος Ion. νεώτατος, v. νέος. Hence

νέος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, fresh land, fallow, Lat. novūle.

νεός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νεο-σίγαλος, ον, (νέος, σιγαλόεις) new and sparkling, glossy.

νεο-σκυλευτος, ον, (νέος, σκυλεύω) newly plundered.

νεο-σμηκτος, ον, (νέος, σμήγω) newly cleaned.

νεο-σπάδης, ἐς, and νεο-σπάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νέος, σπᾶω) newly plucked or gathered.

νεο-σπορος, ον, (νέος, σπείρω) newly sown.

νεοστεινω Att. νεοττεινω or νοττεινω: f. σω: (νεοσός):—to hatch; pf. part. pass. νεοσσευμένος.

νεοσιτιά Ion. —ἡ Att. νεοττιά, ἡ, (νεοσός) a nest of young birds, a nest: the brood of young birds.

νεοσίσιον Att. νεόττιον or νόττιον, τό, Dim. of νεοσός, a young bird, nestling, chicken.

νεοσίσις Att. νοττίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of νεοσός, a chicken.

νεοσσο-κόμος Att. νεοττ-, ον, (νεοσός, κομέω) rearing young birds or chickens.

νεοσσός Att. νεοττός, ὁ, (νέος) a young bird, nest-

ling, chicken. 2. any young animal, as the young of a crocodile: a young child: in pl. a swarm of young bees.

νεοσσός, Dor. for νεοσσοῦς.

νεό-στρέφος, ον, (νέος, στρέφω) newly twisted.

νεο-σφαγής, ἐς, (νέος, σφαγήναι) newly slaughtered.

νεότας, ἄτος, ἡ, Dor. for νεότης.

νεό-τευκτος, ον, and νεο-τευχής, ἐς, (νέος, τεύχω) newly wrought or fashioned.

νεότης, ητος, ἡ, (νέος) youth: also 2. youthful spirit, rashness. II. a body of youth, the youth, Lat. juvenus.

νεό-τμητος Dor.—τμητος, ον, (νέος, τέμνω) newly cut.

νεό-τοκος, ον, (νέος, τεκεῖν) new-born. II.

νεοτόκος, ον, act. having just brought forth.

νεό-τομος, ον, (νέος, τεμνῖν) fresh cut or ploughed;

νεότομα πλήγματα blows newly inflicted. II.

νεότομα cut off, plucked.

νεο-τρεφής, ἐς, (νέος, τρέφω) newly reared, young.

νεοττεινω, νεοττιά, νεόττιον, νεοττίς, Att. for νεοσσο-.

νεοττο-τροφέω, (νεοττός, τρέφω) to rear young birds.

νεοιργέω, f. ἦσω, to make new, renew. From

νεο-ουργός, ὄν, (νέος, *ἔργω) making new, renewing.

νεο-οὐτάτος, ον, (νέος, οὐτάω) lately wounded.

νεό-φοιτος, ον, (νέος, φοιτάω) newly trodden.

νεό-φονος, ον, (νέος, *φένω) lately killed: fresh-sbed.

νεό-φύτος, ον, (νέος, φύω) newly planted. II.

a new covert, neophyte.

νεο-χάρακτος, ον, (νέος, χάρασσω) newly impressed or imprinted.

νεοχμός, ὄν, (νέος) new, fresh. 2. novel, unusual, strange, revolutionary. Hence

νεοχμώω, f. ὦσω, to make new, esp. to make political innovations.

νεό-χνοος, ον, (νέος, χνόω) with the first down.

νέωω, f. ὦσω, (νέος) to renew, renovate, change.

νέποδες, ον, οἶ, children; an old Epic word.

νέρθε and νέρθεν, Adv., = ἐνερθε, under, beneath: also from below. II. c. gen. under, beneath.

νερτέριος, α, ον, (νέρτερος) underground, Lat. inferus.

νερτερο-δρόμος, ον, ὁ, (νέρτερος, δρόμος) the courier of the dead.

νέρτερος, α, ον, = ἐνέρτερος, lower, nether, Lat. inferior, a Comp. without any Posit. in use: but also as a Posit. = νερτέρος, nether, infernal, underground;

οἱ νέρτεροι the dwellers in the nether world, the gods below or the dead, Lat. inferi.

ΝΕΨΤΟΣ, ὁ, a bird of prey.

νεῦμα, ατος, τό, (νεύω) a nod or sign: a command.

νεῦμαι, Ep. and Ion. contr. pres. for νευομαι.

ΝΕΥΤΑΨ Ion. νευρή, ἡ, a sineu, tendon. II. a string or cord of sinew; I. a bow-string. 2.

a musical string or chord.

νευρεῖ, ἡ, poet. for νευρά.

νευρή, ἡ, Ion. for νευρά.

νευρήφι, νευρήφιν, Ep. gen. and dat. of νευρή.

νευρο-λάλος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, λαλέω) *with sounding strings.*

ΝΕΥΡΟΝ, τό, Lat. *nervus*, a *sinew, tendon*: esp. in pl. *νεῦρα*, the *tendons of the feet*; *νεῦρα τέμνειν* to hamstring, disable. 2. metaph. *strength, vigour, nerve.*

II. a *string, cord, lace made of sinew*: a *musical string* or *choard*. 2. a *bowstring*: also *cord of a sling*. 3. a *hence a musical string or choard*.

νευρο-πλεκής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, πλέκω) *plaited with sinews.*
νευρορραφέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to *stitch with sinews*: to mend shoes. From

νευρο-ράφος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, ῥάπτω) *stitching with sinews*: as Subst. a *cobbler*.

νευρο-σπαδής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn or strained back with a sinew or string*; *νευροσπαδῆς ἀτρακτος* the arrow drawn back with the string, i. e. just ready to fly.

νευρο-σπαστος, *ον*, (νεῦρον, σπάω) *drawn by strings*; ἀγάλματα *νευροσπαστα* puppets moved by strings.

νευρο-τενής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, τείνω) *stretched by sinews.*
νευρο-χαρής, *ές*, (νεῦρον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in the bowstring.*

νεύσομαι or νευσούμαι, fut. of νέω β.
νευστάζω, (νεύω) to *nod*, Lat. *nūto*; *νευστάζειν κόρυθι* to nod with the crest, stride with nodding crest; *νευστάζειν κεφαλῇ* to nod with the head, of one fainting; *νευστάζειν ὄφρυνι* to make signs with the eyebrows.

ΝΕΥΨ, *φ*, νέψω, to *nod, beckon*, as a sign or command. 2. in token of assent, to *nod, bow, promise, confirm* by a nod. 3. generally, to *nod, bend forward*; *νεύειν κάτω* to stoop; *νεύειν κεφαλῆς* to bow down, droop the head; *νεύειν εἰς τι* to incline towards a thing. 4. metaph. to *decline, fall away*.

νεφέλη, ἡ, (νέφος) a *cloud, mass of clouds*, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. *the cloud of death*; ἄχρεος *νεφέλη* a cloud of sorrow. II. a *fine bird-net*.

νεφελ-ηγέρτα, Ep. for -της, ὁ, only used in nom. and gen. *νεφεληγέρτασ*, (νεφέλη, ἄγειρα) *cloud-gatherer, cloud-compeller*.

Νεφέλο-κένταυρος, ὁ, (νεφέλη, Κένταυρος) a *cloud-centaur*.

Νεφέλο-κοικυγία, ἡ, (νεφέλη, κόκυξ) *Cloud-cuckoo-town*, built by the birds in Aristoph. *Aves*. Hence

Νεφέλο-κοικυγίενος, ὁ, *citizen of Cloud-cuckoo-town*.
νεφέλω, *φ*, ὡσω, (νεφέλη) to *make cloudy*. Hence *νεφελωτός, ἡ, ὄν*, made of clouds.

νεφο-ειδής, *ές*, (νέφος, εἶδος) *like a cloud*.

ΝΕΨΟΣ, *εος, τό*, a *cloud, mass of clouds*, Lat. *nebula*: metaph. *the cloud of death, θανάτου μέλαν νέφος*; so, *νέφος ὄφρυνων* a cloud upon the brow. 2. metaph. also, a *cloud or dense throng* of men, birds, etc.

νεφρίτις, *ιδος*, (νεφρός) fem. Adj. of or in the kidneys; ἡ *νεφρίτις* (sc. νόσος), a disease in the kidneys.

ΝΕΨΡΟΣ, *ου, ὁ*, mostly in pl. *the kidneys*.

ΝΕΨΩ (Α), to go, v. sub νέομαι.

ΝΕΨΩ (Β), impf. *ένεον* Ep. *έννεον*: fut. *νεύσομαι* and *νευσούμαι*: aor. I *έννεσα*:—to swim, Lat. *nāre*. 2. of shoes that are too large; *έννέν έν έμβάσιν* to swim or slip about in one's shoes.

ΝΕΨΩ (Γ), fut. *νήσω*: Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. *νήσαντο*: aor. I pass. *ένήθην*:—to spin, Lat. *nēre*.

ΝΕΨΩ (Δ), fut. *νήσω*: Ion. *νήω, νηέω*, *νηέω*: pf. pass. *νένημαι* or *νένησμαι*:—to pile, bear, bear up.

νεοκρέω, *φ*, ἴσω, (νεοκρός) to be a *bedel, to have charge of a temple*. II. metaph. to *keep clean and pure*. Hence

νεοκρία, ἡ, *the office of a bedel*.
νεο-κρός, ὁ, (νέως, κρέω) properly *one who sweeps a temple*: hence *one who has charge of a temple, a bedel, verger*, Lat. *aeduitus*. II. a title of cities, which had built a temple in honour of their patron-god: hence Ephesus was called *νεοκρός Ἀρτέμιδος*.

νέως, gen. pl. of νέος: but νεῶν, gen. pl. of ναῦς.
νεῶν, ἄνος, ὁ, (ναῦς) a *dock or basin for ships*.

νε-ώνητος, *ον*, (νέος, ὠνόμα) *newly bought*.

νε-ωρής, *ές*, (νέος, ὠρα) *new, fresh, late*.

νε-ώριον, τό, (νεαρός) a *place where ships are overhauled, a dock-yard, arsenal*.

νέως, ὦ, ὁ, Att. for ναῦς, a *temple*, like λέως for λαός.
νέως, Att. gen. of ναῦς.

νεῶσ-οικος, ὁ, (νέως gen. of ναῦς, οἶκος) literally a *ship's house, a slip or dock in which a ship was built or repaired*: a *store-house*, being a part of the νεώριον.

νεοστί, Adv. of νέος, *lately, just now, recently*.

νέωτα, Adv. of νέος, Aeol. for νέωσσε, νέωτε, *next year, for next year*; also, *eis νέωτα*.

νεώτατος, *η, ον*, Sup. of νέος: Adv. *νεώτατα, most recently*.

νεωτερίζω, *φ*, ἴσω Att. *ιῶ*, (νεώτερος) to make changes or alterations: to make innovations or revolutionary movements.

II. trans. to change entirely; *νεωτερίζειν τήν πολιτείαν* to revolutionise the state.

νεωτερισμός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέος) *natural to a youth, youthful*.

νεωτερισμός, *ου, ὁ*, (νεωτερίζω) *innovation*.

νεωτεροποιία, ἡ, *innovation, revolution*. From νεωτερο-ποιός, ὄν, (νεώτερος, ποιέω) *innovating, revolutionary*.

νέωτερος, *α, ον*, Comp. of νέος, *younger*: *newer, fresher*: in bad sense, *strange, unusual*; τὰ *νέωτερα* or *νεότερα πράγματα*, *revolutionary movements*, Lat. *res novae*. Adv. *νεωτέρως, more recently*.

νη-, insep. Prefix, being a strengthd. form of ἀνα-privat., as in *νη-πυθής*; cf. Lat. *ne-* in *ne-fas*, etc.

ΝΗΨ, Att. Particle affirming strongly, with acc. of the person invoked; *νή Δία* or *νή τόν Δία*, also *νή μά τόν Δία*, *yea by Zeus!*

νηα, νηας, Ion. acc. sing. and pl. of ναῦς.

νηγάτεος, *η, ον*, (for νηγάτος by transposition of ε and η, from νέος, γέγραα) *new-made*.

νή-γρετος, *ον*, (νη-, ἐγίρω) *unwaking*; *νήγρετος* ὕπνος a sleep that knows no waking, a sound deep sleep: later also of death: neut. as Adv., *νήγρετον* without waking.

νήδυια, *ων, τά,* (νήδύς) *the entrails, bowels, Lat. intestina.*

νήδυόφιν, for νηδυόφιν, Ep. gen. of νηδύς.

νήδυμος, *ων,* Homeric epith. of ὕπνος: either like νήγρετος, *sound, deep sleep*; or from ἡδύς, *sweet, delightful*, as if for ἡδυός.

ΝΗΔΥΨ, ὕος, ἡ, *the stomach, or the belly, paunch: the womb*:—also the *bowels, entrails*; ἐξελεῖν τὴν νηδύν *to take out the entrails, disembowel.*

νήσων, Ep. impf. of νηέω.

νήες, nom. pl. of ναῦς.

νήεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of ναῦς.

νηέω, fut. νηήσω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear* or *pile up*. II. *to pile, load.*

νηήσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of νηέω:—νηησάσθω, 3 siug. aor. I imper. med.

νηῖω, (νέω c) *to spin.*

νηί, Ion. dat. sing. of ναῦς.

Νηϊάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναϊάς.

νηϊός, η, *ων,* Dor. ναῖός, α, *ων,* also *ος, ων, of, belonging to a ship*; δόρυ νηϊόν *ship-timber.*

Νηῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for Ναῖς.

νηῖς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νη-, ἰδεῖν) *unknowing, unlearned*: c. gen. *unskilled in a thing.*

νηϊτης, *ου, ὁ,* (ναῦς) *of or belonging to a ship, consisting of ships.* [Ὶ]

νη-κερδής, ἔς, (νη-, κέρδος) *without gain, unprofitable.*

νή-κερωσ, *ωτος, ὁ, ἡ,* Ep. νή-κερος, *ων,* (νη-, κέρας) *not banded, without bords.*

νή-κεστος, *ων,* (νη-, ἀκέομαι) *incurable.*

νη-κουστέω, (νη-, ἀκούω) *to give no heed to, disobey*: Ep. aor. I νηκούσθησα.

νη-λεής, ἔς, dat. and acc. νηλεῖ, νηλεά, as if from νηλῆς, (νη-, ελεος) *without pity, pitiless, ruthless, remorseless*; νηλεές ἡμωρ *the ruthless day, i. e. the day of death.* II. *unpitted.*

νηλεΐης, ἔς, Ep. for νηλεής. Adv. νηλεΐως.

νηλεό-θυμος, *ων,* (νηλεής, θυμός) *of ruthless spirit.*

νηλεό-ποινος, *ων,* (νηλεής, ποινή) *punishing ruthlessly.*

νηλεῶς, Adv. of νηλεής, *without pity.*

νηλῆς, ἔς, see νηλεής.

νηλίπους, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, gen. -πόδος, = ἀν-ηλίπους, *unshod, barefooted*: hence *needy, abject.* [Ὶ]

νη-λιτής, ἔς, (νη-, ἀλιτεῖν) *guiltless, harmless, unoffending.*

νημα, *ατος, τό,* (νέω *to spin*) *that which is spun, thread, yarn*: *the thread of a spider's web*: *the thread of the Fates.*

νη-μερτής, ἔς, (νη-, ἀμαρτεῖν) *unfailing, unerring, infallible*; νημερτές ἐπισπεῖν, νημερτέα εἰπεῖν *to speak infallible truths.*

νηνεμία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, *stillness in the air, a calm*:—γαλήνη ἔπλετο νηνεμίη *there was a calm and perfect stillness.* From

νη-νέμος, *ων,* (νη-, ἀνεμος) *without wind, breezeless, calm, tranquil.*

νηνέω, = νηέω, Ion. and Ep. for νέω, *to bear.*

νήνις, *εως, ἡ,* contr. for νεάνις, *a girl, maiden.*

νήνις, *εως, ἡ,* (νήχω) *a swimming.*

νήξομαι, fut. of νήχομαι.

νηο-βάτης, *ου, ὁ,* Ion. for ναυ-βάτης. [ᾶ]

νηο-πόλος Att. ναο-, *ων,* (νηός = ναός, πολέω) *busyng oneself in a temple*: as Subst., νηοπόλος, ὁ, *a priest, temple-keeper, Lat. aedituus.*

νηο-πόρεω, f. ἴσω, (ναῦς, πόρος) *to go in a ship.*

νηός, *ου, ὁ,* Ion. for ναός, *a temple.*

νηός, Ion. gen. of ναῦς.

νηό-σοος ποῖτ. νηόσ-σοος, *ων,* (ναῦς, σαῶω) *protecting ships.*

νηο-φόρος, *ων,* (ναῦς, φέρω) *bearing ships.*

νη-όχος, *ων,* (ναῦς, ἔχω) *holding ships.*

νη-πενθής, ἔς, (νη-, πένθος) *free from sorrow.* II. act. *soothing or assuaging sorrow.*

νηπία Ep. νηπιά and νηπιέη, ἡ, (νήπιος) *childhood, infancy*: in plur. *childishness, folly.*

νηπιάζω, f. ἴσω, = νηπιαχεύω.

νηπιέχεύω, *to be childish, play like a child.* From

νηπιέχος, *ων,* ποῖτ. for νήπιος, *childish.*

νηπιέη, ἡ, Ion. for νηπία.

νηπίος, a Ion. η, *ων,* Att. also *ος, ων,* (νη-, ἔπος) *properly, not speaking, Lat. infans*; νηπία τέκνα *infant children*: also *withania alone, the young of an animal.* II. metaph. *childish, senseless*: *without forethought, weak, helpless.*

νηπιότης, ητος, ἡ, = νηπία.

νή-πλεκτος, *ων,* (νη-, πλέκω) *not plaited*: *with unbraidied hair.*

νη-πουνέι or -ί, Adv. of νήποινος, Lat. *impune, with impunity.*

νή-ποινος, *ων,* (νη-, ποινή) *unpunished, unavenged, with impunity*: but, φυτῶν νήποινος *without share of, unblest with, fruitful trees.*

νηπύττειομαι, Dep. *to behave childishly.* From

νη-πύτιος, α, *ων,* (νη-, ἀπύω) *childish, infantine*; and as Subst. *a child, like νήπιος, Lat. infans*:—metaph. *childish, thoughtless, heedless.*

Νηρείς Ion. Νηρηΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, *a daughter of Nereus, hence a Nereid or Nymph of the sea, always in pl. Νηρηΐδες*: they were fifty in number. Cf. Ναΐάς.

Νηρεΐς, gen. ἔως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, *Nereus, an ancient sea-god.* He was eldest son of Pontus (*the sea*), husband of Doris and father of the Nereids. Hence

Νηρηΐ, ποῖτ. for Νηρηΐς.

Νηρηΐς, ἴδος, ἡ, Ion. for Νηρείς.

νή-ριθμος, *ων,* (νη-, ἀριθμός) *countless, numberless.*

νή-ρίτος, *ων,* ποῖτ. form of νήριθμος.

νήσαι, aor. I inf. both of νέω (c) *to spin, and νέω (d) to pile up.*

νησαῖος, a Ion. η, *ων,* (νήσος) *of or for an island, insular.*

νησαντων, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of νέω (c) *to spin.*

νησιδιον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet.*

νησίον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet.*

νησίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of νήσος, *an islet.*

νησιότης, ου, ὄ, (νήσος) of or for an island: fem. νησιότης, ἰδος, ἡ. [Ὶ]

νησιώτης, ου, ὄ, fem. -ῶτις, ἰδος, ἡ, (νήσος) an islander.

II. as Adj. of an islander: insular, living, situated on an island. Hence νησιωτικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for an island or an islander; τὸ νησιωτικὸν insular situation.

νησο-μάχια, ἡ, (νήσος, μάχη) an island-fight.

ΝΗΣΟΣ Dor. νᾶσος, οὔ, ἡ, an island, Lat. insula: also, a peninsula, applied to the Peloponnese.

νήσσα Att. νήττα, ἡ, (νέω to swim) a duck, Lat. anas.

νησάριον Att. νηττ-, τό, Dim. of νήσσα, a duckling.

νηστεία, ἡ, (νηστεύω) fasting, a fast.

νηστεύω, f. σω, (νήστις) to fast; νηστεύειν τιὸς to fast from, abstain from a thing.

νήστις, ιος or εως, ὄ, and ἡ: nom. pl. νήστιες or νήστεις: (νη-, ἐσθίω)—not eating, fasting. 2. act. causing hunger, starving.

νηστῆριον, τό, Dim. of νήσος, an islet.

νή-τιτος, ον, (νη-, τίω) unavenged, unpunished.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to bear) heaped up, piled up.

νητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νέω to spin) spun, twisted.

νήττα, ἡ, νηττάριον, τό, Att. for νησσ-.

νηυός, ἡ, Ion. for ναυός.

νηυσί, Ion. dat. pl. of ναυός.

νηυσι-πέρητος, ον, v. ναυσι-πέρατος.

νή-υμος, ον, (νη-, ἀυτμή) breathless.

νηφάλειός, ὄ, =νηφάλιος.

νηφάλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (νήφω) of persons, drinking no wine, sober: of drink, without wine;

νηφάλια μειλίγματα, of the offerings to the Eumenides, which were composed of water, milk, and honey. [ᾶ]

νήφοσι, poet. for νήφουσι, dat. pl. part.

ΝΗΦΩ, f. νήψω, to drink no wine, to be sober, live soberly.

νή-χυτος, ον, (νη-, χέω) not merely poured, full-flowing.

νήχω Dor. νάχω, f. ξω, (νέω) to swim: also as Dep. νήχομαι, f. ξομαι, aor. I ἐνηξάμην.

νηών, Ion. gen. pl. of ναῦς.

νηῶς, Dor. for ναούς, acc. pl. of ναῦς.

νίγλαρος, ὄ, a small pipe, pipe or whistler, used by the κελευστῆς to give the time in rowing.

ΝΙΨΩ, f. νίψω: aor. I ἐνίψα:—Med., f. νίψομαι: aor. I ἐνίψαμην: pf. νένιψαμι:—to wash, esp. the hands and feet; νίψασθαι ἄλως to wash one's hands with sea water: generally, to purge, cleanse, purify. II. to wash off.—νίζω is properly used of washing part of the body, λούομαι of bathing, πλύνω of washing clothes.

νικαῖω Dor. for νικήσω, fut. of νικάω.

νικασέειν, Dor. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικατήρ, ὄ, Dor. for νικητήρ.

νικάτωρ, ορος, ὄ, Dor. for νικητᾶρ.

νικάω, f. ἴσω, (νίκη) to conquer, prevail, get the upper hand; τὰ χερέονα νικάῖ the worse prevails; τὸ εὖ νικάτω let the good prevail; νικᾶν τινι to win in the judgment of another. 2. of opinions, to

prevail, carry the day; ἡ νικῶσα γνώμη the prevailing opinion, vote of the majority. 3. as law-term, to win in a suit, gain a cause. II. trans. to conquer, vanquish, overcome, overpower:—Pass., νικάσθαι to be vanquished, overcome by another: to be inferior to, give way to. III. c. acc. cognato, νικᾶν νικᾶν to gain a victory; ναυμαχίαν ναυμαχεῖν to win a sea-fight.

νικέος, ον, (νίκος) victorious.

ΝΙΚΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, victory, conquest, Lat. victoria: the fruits of victory.

νίκη, Aeol. and poet. for ἐνικά, 3 sing. impf. of νικάω.

νικήεις Dor. νικαίεις, εσσα, εν, (νίκη) victorious, conquering.

νικηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of νικάω.

νίκημι, Aeol. for νικάω. [Ὶ]

νικησέμεν, Ep. for νικήσειν, fut. inf. of νικάω.

νικητέον, verb. Adj. of νικάω, one must conquer.

νικητήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, like νικητής, a conqueror. Hence νικητήριος, α, ον, belonging to a conqueror or to victory.

II. as Subst. νικητήριον (sub. ἄθλον), τό, the prize of victory. 2. νικητήρια (sub. ἱερά), τά, a festival in honour of victory; νικητήριον ἐστῖαν to celebrate the feast of victory.

νικητής, οὔ, ὄ, (νικάω) a conqueror.

νικητικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (νικάω) likely to conquer, conducting to victory.

νικητώρ, ορος, ὄ, poet. for νικητήρ, a conqueror.

νίκηφορέω, f. ἴσω, (νικηφόρος) to carry off as prize. win. Hence

νίκηφορία, ἡ, a conquering, victory.

νίκη-φόρος, ον, (νίκη, φέρω) bringing victory. II. bearing off the prize, conquering, victorious.

νικό-βουλος, ον, (νικάω, βουλή) prevailing in the Council.

νίκο-μάχης, ον, ὄ, (νικάω, μάχη) conqueror in the fight.

νίκος, εος, τό, later form for νίκη, victory.

νικῶεν, Att. contr. for νικάοεν, 3 pl. opt. of νικάω.

νίν, Dor. and Att. enclit. acc. of 3rd pers. Pron., for αὐτόν, αὐτήν, αὐτό, bim, ber, it; never used reflexively: of all genders, both sing. and pl., but the pl. is much more rare: Hom., and Ion. writers use μίν.

νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (νίζω) a washing vessel, basin, laver.

νίπτρον, τό, (νίζω) water for washing: mostly in plur. νίπτω, later form for νίζω.

νίσσομαι, f. νίσσομαι [Ὶ] =νέομαι, to go, to go away.

ΝΙΤΡΩΝ, τό, in Herodotus and Att. λίτρον, carbonate of soda, soda.

νίφα, τήν, snow, irreg. acc. of νιφάς, as if from a nom. *νίφ.

νιφάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (νίφω) a snow-flake: in pl. snow-flakes, a storm of snow. 2. generally, a shower:—metaph., νιφάς πολέμου the storm or sleet of war. II. as Adj., fem. of νιφάεις, snowy, snow-capt.

νιφέμεν, Ep. inf. of νίφω.

νιφετός, οὔ, ὄ, (νίφω) a shower of snow, a snow-storm.

νιφό-βολος, (νίφα, βάλλω) snow-beaten, wintry.

νιφόεις, εσσα, εν, (νίφα) snow-covered, snow-capt.
νίφο-στιβής, ές, (νίφα, στιβείν) thick with snow.
ΝΙΨΩ [Ψ], f. νίψω, intrans. to snow; ὁ θεός νίψει,
or νίψει alone, it snows. II. trans. to cover with
snow: Pass. to be snowed on, covered with snow. Cf.
ῥω, ῥομαι.

νίψαι, νίψασθαι, aor. I inf. act. and med. of νίջω.
νίψω, fut. of νίջω, and also of νίψω.
νοερός, ἄ, ὄν, (νόος, νοῦς) intellectual.
νοέω, f. νήσω: Ion. νόσω: aor. I ἐνόησα Ion.
ἐνώσα: pf. νενόηκα Ion. νένεκα:—Med., Ep, 3 sing.
aor. νοήσατο Ion. part. νοήσας:—Pass., aor. I
ἐνόηθην:—Pass., aor. I ἐνοήθην: pf. νενόημαι Ion.
νένωμαι: Ion. plupf. ἐνένωμην: (νόος):—to see so
as to remark or discern, distinguished from merely
seeing, as, τὸν δὲ ἰδὼν ἐνόησε when he saw him he
perceived who he was: to notice, remark. II. to
think: absol. to be minded: hence, to purpose, intend:
c. inf. to intend to do a thing: in part. νοεῶν,
discreet, thoughful. 2. of words or expressions, to
mean, imply, have a certain sense. III. to think
out, devise, contrive. IV. to think or deem that
a thing is so and so.

νόημα, ατος, τό, (νοέω) that which is thought, a
thought. II. a purpose, design, resolve. III.
generally, thought, understanding, mind. Hence
νοήμων, ον, gen. ovos, thoughful, sensible: also in
one's right mind, opp. to παραφρονέων.
νόησις, εως, ἡ, (νοέω) thought, intelligence.
νοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοέω) intelligent.
νοητός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοέω) perceptible, intelligible.
νοθή-γενής, ές, Dor. for νοθηγενής, (νόθος, γενέ-
σθαι) base-born.

νοθο-καλλοσύνη, ἡ, (νόθος, κάλλος) spurious charms.
ΝΟΨΘΟΣ, η, ον, Att. also os, ον, illegitimate, born
out of wedlock; νόθος υἱός a natural son, opp. to
γνήσιος, Lat. legitimus. II. generally, spurious,
counterfeit, adulterated.

νοΐδιον, τό, Dim. of νόος, νοῦς, a little thought, a
notion.

νομαίος, α, ον, (νομός) roaming, roving, ranging.
νόμαιος, α, ον, (νόμος) customary, conventional: τὰ
νόμια, like νόμιμα, customs, usages, Lat. instituta.
νομ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (νομός, ἄρχω) the chief of an
Egyptian province (νομός): also among the Scythians.
νομάς, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (νόμος) roaming, ranging, wan-
dering from one place to another: Νομάδες, οἱ, pas-
toral tribes that roved about with their flocks, Nomads;
and as prop. n. Numidians, Lat. Numidae. II.
grazing, feeding.

νόμευμα, ατος, τό, (νομεύω) that which is put to
graze, a flock or herd.

νομέυς, ές Ep. ἦος, ὁ, (νέμω, νομός) a shepherd or
herdsman. II. a dispenser, distributor. III.
plur. νομέες = ἐγκόλια, are the ribs of a ship.

νομεῦσι, dat. pl. of νομεύς.
νομεύσω, Dor. for νομισώ, fut. of νομεύω.
νομεύω, (νομεύς) to pasture, feed, drive afield; Βουῖ

νομούς νομεύειν to feed down the pastures with oxen,
Lat. depascere.

νομή, ἡ, (νέμω) a pasture, pasturage: fodder,
food. 2. a feeding, grazing. II. division, dis-
tribution; esp. of an inheritance.

νομήτες, Esp. for νομείς, nom. pl. of νομεύς.
νομίζω: fut. νομισώ Ion. νομιέω Att. νομιῶ:
pf. νενόμικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐνομίσθην: pf. νενό-
μισμαι: (νόμος):—to hold or own as a custom
or usage: said of things recognised by convention or
prescriptive right; νομίζεν τοὺς θεοὺς to recognise
the gods acknowledged by the state; but, νομίζεν
θεοὺς to recognise the existence of the gods gene-
rally:—Pass. to be in esteem; νομίζεται it is the cus-
tom, is customary, is usually recognised; τὰ νομιζόμενα
or νομοισμένα, customs, usages, laws, Lat. instituta.
2. to adopt, practise a custom or usage;
Ἕλληνες ἀπ' Αἰγυπτίων ταῦτα νομοίκασι the Greeks
have adopted these customs from the Egyptians. 3.
to own, acknowledge, recognise as; τοὺς κακοὺς χρη-
στοὺς νομίζεν:—in Pass., τοῦ θεῶν νομίζεται; to
which of the gods is it held sacred? 4. absol. to
be accustomed. 5. Pass. to be governed after old
laws and customs. II. c. dat., like χρῆσθαι, to
be accustomed to a thing, practise it; hence to make
common use of, use; and in Att., to use as a current
coin. III. c. acc. et inf. to expect that a thing
will be.

νομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νόμος) of or for the laws: resting
on the authority of law. II. learned in the law:
as Subst., νομικός, ὁ, a lawyer.

νόμιμος, η, ον, (νόμος) conformable to usage or law:
hence I. conventional, prescriptive. 2. lawful,
legal. 3. in neut. pl. νόμιμα, usages, customs;
νόμιμα ποιεῖν, of funeral rites, to pay the customary
offices, Lat. justa facere. II. of persons, observant
of law. Hence

νομίμως, Adv. according to law: Comp. νομιμώ-
τερον.

νόμος, α, ον, also os, ον, (νομός, νομή) belonging
to shepherds, pastoral.

νόμισις, ἡ, (νομίζω) usage, prescription: also, a
mode of esteeming.

νόμισμα, ατος, τό, (νομίζω) anything recognised by
established usage, viz., 1. the current coin of a
state, Lat. nummus: cf. νομίζω, fin. 2. an estab-
lished weight or measure, legal measure. 3. any
institution or custom.

νομο-γράφος, ον, (νόμος, γράφω) writing laws: as
Subst., νομογράφος, ὁ, a lawgiver.

νομο-δέκτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, δέκνυμι) an explainer
of the laws.

νομο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (νόμος, διδάσκαλος) a teacher
of the law: so, νομο-διδάκτης, ου, ὁ.

νομοθεσία, ἡ, law-giving, legislation. From
νομοθετέω, f. ἦσω, (νομοθέτης) to be a law-giver,
make laws:—Pass. to have a code of laws:—Med. to
make laws for oneself. II. to ordain by law. Hence

νομοθέτημα, ματος, τό, a law, ordinance.
 νομο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (νόμος, τίθημι) a lawgiver.
 νομόνδε, Adv. (νομός) to the pasture.
 νομός, οὔ, ὁ, (νέμω) a pasture, place for cattle to graze; νομός ὕλην a woodland pasture. 2. pasture, herbage: generally, food. 3. metaph., ἐπέων πολὺς νομός ample pasture, a wide range for words.

II. an abode allotted to one, a district, department, province, satrapy, Lat. praefectura.

νόμος, ου, ὁ, (νέμω) anything assigned or appointed, viz., 1. an usage, custom, convention: a positive enactment, law, ordinance, Lat. institutum;

νόμος, conventionally, opp. to φύσει, naturally:—at Athens νόμοι was the name given to Solon's laws, in contradistinction to those of Draco, which were called θεσμοί. 2. χειρῶν νόμος the law of force or might, opp. to δικῆς νόμος; ἐν χειρῶν νόμῳ διαφθείρεσθαι to die in the fight or scuffle; ἐς χειρῶν νόμον ἀπικέσθαι to come to blows. II. a musical strain: a song, ode; νόμοι πολεμικοὶ war-songs.

νομο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, τό, (νόμος, φύλαξ) a guardian of the laws. [ῥ]

νοδ-πληκτος, ου, (νόος, πλήσσω) striking the mind, mind-distracting.

ΝΟΨ, νόου, contr. νοῦς, νοῦ, ὁ; later also gen. νοός, dat. νοί, acc. νόα, nom. pl. νόες;—mind, Lat. mens; νόφ or σύν νόφ mindfully, prudently; πάρεκ νόον without sense; ἀνθρώπων νόος the mood or temper of men; ἐκ παντὸς νόου with all his heart; κατὰ νόον according to one's mind. II. a thought, purpose, resolve.

III. the sense or meaning of a word or expression.

νοσέρῳ, ἄ, ὄν, (νόσος) sickly, ill.
 νοσέω, f. ἦσα, (νόσος) to be sick, ill, sickly, to ail, whether in body or mind. 2. metaph. to be distressed, suffer, be afflicted.

νοσηλεία, ἡ, (νοσηλεύω) matter discharged from a running sore.

νοσηλεύω,*(νοσέω) to tend a sick person.

νόσημα, ατος, τό, (νοσέω) a sickness, disease, plague, malady. 2. metaph. a disease, disorder, affliction.

νοσημαῦ-ώδης, ες, (νόσημα, εἶδος) sickly.

νοσηρῳ, ἄ, ὄν, (νοσέω) unwellthy, unwholesome, of places.

ΝΟΣΟΣ Ion. νοῦσος, ἡ, sickness, disease: a malady, ailment. II. metaph. distress, affliction, evil. 2. disease of mind, esp. madness. 3. generally, a plague, bane, mischief.

νοσο-φόρος Ion. νοσο-, ου, (νόσος, φέρω) bringing sickness or disease.

νοστέω, contr. for νεοστέω, to hatch.

νοσσία, ἡ, and νοσσίον, τό, Att. contr. for νεοσσ-.

νοσσίς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of νοσσίος, Att. contr. for νεοσσίς, a little bird: also a young girl.

νοσσο-τροφέω, contr. for νεοσσοτροφέω.

νοστέω, f. ἦσα, (νόστος) to return, come, or go back, to one's home or country. 2. to return safe after danger. 3. generally, to go, come travel.

νοστήσει, Aeol. 3 sing. opt. aor. I. of νοστέω.
 νοστήσειεν, Ep. inf. fut. of νοστέω.

νόστιμος, ου, (νόστος) of or belonging to a return; νόστιμον ἡμῶν the day of return. 2. returning, that will or may return, surviving, safe, Lat. salvus.

νόστος, ου, ὁ, (νέομαι) a return home or homeward: c. gen. loci, return to a place. 2. generally, travel, journey; νόστος φορβῆς a journey to bring food home, i. e. in search, in quest of food.

νόσφι, before a vowel or metri grat. νόσφιν: I. as Adv. of Place, afar, aloof, apart; hence aside, secretly, furtively: νόσφιν ἀπό, c. gen., like νόσφι η, aloof from. II. as Prep. c. gen. far from, aloof or away from, mostly of Place: hence without, separate from. 2. of mind or disposition, νόσφιν Ἀχαιῶν apart from the Achaeans, i. e. differing from them. 3. besides, except.

νοσφιδιος, α, ου, (νόσφι) taken away, abstracted.

νοσφιζω, f. ἴσω Att. νοσφιῶ, (νόσφι) to put away, remove, part. II. Med. and Pass. νοσφιζομαι, f. -ισομαι: aor. I med ἐνοσφισάμην Ep. νοσφισάμην, Ep. part. νοσφισσάμενος: aor. I pass. ἐνοσφίσθην:—to remove oneself, withdraw, retire: and in act, sense, to leave, forsake, abandon. 2. metaph. of the mind, to become estranged or alienated. III. act. to abstract, steal: c. dupl. acc., to rob one of a thing:—Med. to appropriate. 2. to make away with, kill, despatch.

νοσφισθεῖς, aor. I part. pass. of νοσφιζω.

νοσφισσάμενος, Ep. aor. I part. med. of νοσφιζω.

νοσ-ώδης, ες, (νόσος, εἶδος) sickly, ailing: generally, diseased. II. act. unwholesome, unwellthy.

νοσπερῳ, ἄ, ὄν, (νόστος) wet, damp, moist; νοσπερῳ χειμῶν a storm of rain.

νοτία, ἡ, wet, damp, moisture, rain; νοτία εἰαριναί spring rains.

νοτιζω, f. ἴσω, (νότιος) to moisten:—Pass. to be wet.

νότιος, α, ου, also os, ου, (νότος) wet, damp, rainy; ὑψοῦ δ' ἐν νοτίω τήν γ' ἄρμισαν they moored her [the ship] far from land in the sea, opp. to the beach. II. southern, southerly.

νοτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (νότος) moisture, damp, wet.

ΝΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, the south or south-west wind, Lat. Notus. II. the south or south-west quarter.

νοττεῖω, νοττίον, etc., contr. for νεοττ-.

νου-βυστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νοῦς, βύω) choke-full of wit, crammed with cleverness, clever. Adv. -κῶς, cleverly.

νουθεσία, ἡ, a warning, admonishing: reproof. From νουθετέω, f. ἦσα, (νοῦς, τίθημι) to bring to mind: to remind, warn, advise, admonish, chastise. Hence νουθέτημα, ατος, τό, an admonition, warning.

νουθετήτος, α, ου, verb. Adj. of νουθετέω, to be warned, advised.

νουθητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (νουθετέω) admonitory.

νου-μηνία, ἡ, Att. contr. for νεομηνία, the new moon: the time of the new moon, the first of the month.

νουν-έχης, ἐς, (νοῦς, ἔχω) having understanding, sensible, discreet. Adv. -χῶς, discreetly, prudently.

νοῦς, ὁ, contr. for νόος, *mind*.

νοῦσος, ἡ, Ion. for νόσος.

νοῦσο-φόρος, ον, Ion. for νοσοφόρος.

νύ, see νῦν, νῦν.

νύγδην, Adv. (νύσσω) by *pricking*, Lat. *punctim*.

νύγεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of νύσσω.

νυκτερείσιος, ον, = νυκτερήσιος, *nightly*.

νυκτ-ερέτης, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, ἐρέσσω) *one who roars by night*.

νυκτερευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *fit for watching by night, fit for hunting by night*. From

νυκτερεύω, f. σω, (νύκτερος) *to pass the night: to keep watch, mount guard by night, bivouac: also to hunt, fish, etc., by night*.

νυκτερήσιος, ον, (νύκτερος) *nightly*.

νυκτερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (νύξ) *nightly, by night*, Lat. *nocturnus*.

νυκτερίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (νύξ, νύκτερος) *a night-bird, a bat*, Lat. *vespertilio*.

νύκτερος, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτερ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύκτερος, ὤψ) *night-faced, dusky*.

νυκτ-ηγόρος or in Med. νυκτ-ηγροέμαι, (νύξ, ἀγορά) *to assemble by night*. Hence

νυκττηγορία, ἡ, *a nightly assembly or discourse*.

νυκτ-ηρεφής, ἐς, (νύξ, ἐρέφω) *sbrauded by night, gloomy*.

νυκτι-βρομος, ον, (νύξ, βρέω) *roaring by night*.

νυκτι-γάμος, ον, (νύξ, γαμέω) *marrying by night or clandestinely*.

νυκτι-κλέπτῃς, ον, ὁ, = νυκτοκλέπτῃς.

νυκτι-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (νύξ, κόραξ) *the night-jar, goat-sucker: also the screech-owl*.

νυκτι-λαθραιο-φάγος, ον, (νύξ, λαθραῖος, φάγειν) *eating secretly by night*.

νυκτι-λάλος, ον, (νύξ, ἀλέω) *nightly-sounding, serenading*.

νυκτι-λαμπής, ἐς, (νύξ, λάμπω) *illuminated by night alone, i. e. gloomy, murky*.

νύκτιος, α, ον, (νύξ) *nightly*.

νυκτι-πάται-πλάγιος, ον, (νύξ, πατέω, πλάγιος) *roaming about by night*. [α]

νυκτι-πλαγκτος, ον, (νύξ, πλάζω) *making to wander by night, disquieting, disturbing: also 2. pass. νυκτίπλαγκτος εἰνή a bed from which one wanders by night, a restless bed*.

νυκτι-πλανής, ἐς, and νυκτι-πλάνος, ον, (νύξ, πλανῶ) *wandering, rambling about by night*.

νυκτι-πόλος, ον, (νύξ, πολέω) *roaming by night*.

νυκτι-σεμνος, ον, (νύξ, σεμνός) *solemnised by night*.

νυκτι-φανής, ἐς, (νύξ, φανήναι) *shining or appearing by night*.

νυκτι-φαντος, ον, (νύξ, φαίνομαι) *appearing by night: nightly*.

νυκτι-φρούρητος, ον, (νύξ, φρουρέω) *keeping night-watches*.

νυκτο-θήρας, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, θηράω) *one who hunts by night*.

νυκτο-κλέπτῃς, ον, ὁ, (νύξ, κλέπτω) *a thief of the night*.

νυκτο-μάχῃω, f. ἦσω, (νύξ, μάχη) *to fight by night*. Hence

νυκτομάχια, ἡ, *a night battle, a battle in the dark*.
νυκτο-περιπλάνητος, ον, (νύξ, περιπλανῶ) *rambling about at night*.

νυκτοπορεύω, f. ἦσω, *to go or travel by night*. From

νυκτο-πόρος, ον, (νύξ, πόρος) *travelling by night*.

νυκτο-φᾶης, ἐς, (νύξ, φάος) *giving light by night, shining by night*.

νυκτοφύλακέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep guard by night, to be a night-watch*. From

νυκτο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (νύξ, φύλαξ) *one that keeps watch by night, a warder*, Lat. *excubitor*.

νυκτῶον, τό, (Νύξ) *a temple of Night*.

νυκτ-ωπός, ὄν, (νύξ, ὤψ) *with the look of night, i. e. murky, obscure*.

νύκτωρ, Adv. (νύξ) *by night*, Lat. *noctu*.

νύμφᾶ, ποδῆ for νύμφη, in voc. νύμφα φίλη.

νύμφᾶ, Dor. for νύμφη.

νυμφ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (νύμφη, ἄγω) *the leader of the bride; esp. one who leads her from her home to the bridegroom's house: the friend of the bridegroom*.

νυμφαῖον, τό, *a temple of the Nymphs*, Lat. *Nymphaeum*. From

νυμφαῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *of or sacred to the Nymphs*.

νύμφᾶν, Dor. gen. pl. of νύμφα.

νυμφεῖος, α, ον, (νύμφη) *belonging to a bride, bridal, nuptial*.

II. as Subst., νυμφεῖον (sub. δῶμα), τό, *the bridechamber*. 2. νυμφεῖα (sub. ἱερά), τά, *nuptial rites, marriage:—but, also, the bride herself*.

νυμφευμα, τό, (νυμφεῖον) *marriage, espousal*. II. *the person married, a match*.

νυμφετήριος, α, ον, (νυμφεῖον) *bridal, nuptial*.

νυμφευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (νυμφεῖον) *the friend of the bridegroom, = παρανύμφιος*. II. *a bridegroom, husband*.

νυμφεῦτρα, ἡ, (νυμφευτής) *a bridesmaid*. II. *the bride herself*.

νυμφεύω, f. σω, (νύμφη) *to give a daughter in marriage, to betroth, lead to the bridechamber*. 2. *to marry, mostly of the woman, Lat. nubere: but also of the man, Lat. ducere*. II. Pass., with fut. med.

νυμφεῖσθαι, aor. I both med. and pass. ἐνυμφεῖσάμην, ἐνυμφεῖσθην:—*to be given in marriage, marry, of the woman*. III. Med., of the man, *to take to wife*.

ΝΥΜΦΗ, ἡ, voc. also νύμφα: *a bride*, Lat. *nupta*: hence, 2. *a young wife*. 3. *any married woman, like Lat. nympha*. 4. *a marriageable maiden*.

II. as prop. name, a *Nymph*, a goddess of lower rank, called in Homer θεὰ Νύμφα: they presided over springs, trees, seas, mountains, etc., and were distinguished by special names: *spring-nymphs* were Naiads, Ναιῖδες; *sea-nymphs*, Νηρηίδες; *mountain-nymphs*, Νύμφαι ὄρεστιάδες or ὄρεάδες; *tree-nymphs*, from the oak their favourite tree, Δρυάδες, Ἀμαδρυνάδες, Ἀδρυνάδες; *rain-nymphs*, Νύμφαι ὕαδες; *meadow-nymphs*, Νύμφαι λεωμυιάδες; *rock-nymphs*, Νύμφαι πετραῖαι.

2. The Muses are often called Nymphs: hence all persons in a state of

rapture were said to be caught by the Nymphs, νυμ-

φάληπτοι, Lat. *lymphati*.
pupa of moths.

III. *the chrysalis* or

νυμφίδιος, α, ον, (νύμφη) of or belonging to a bride:
bridal, nuptial.

νυμφικός, ἡ, ὄν, = νυμφίδιος.

νυμφίος, ὁ, (νύμφη) a bridegroom, husband. II.

as Adj., νύμφιος, ἰον, newly-wedded: *bridal*.

νυμφό-κλαυτος, ον, (νύμφη, κλαίω) deplored by
 brides or wives.

νυμφοκομέω, f. ἴσω, to dress oneself as a bride. II.
 to dress a bride, lead home as bride. From

νυμφο-κόμος, ον, (νύμφη, κομέω) dressing or taking
 care of a bride: *bridal*.

νυμφό-ληπτος, ον, (νύμφη, λαμβάνω) possessed by
Nymphs, i. e. rapt, entranced, Lat. *lymphatus*.

νυμφο-στολέω, f. ἴσω, (νύμφη, στέλλω) to escort
 the bride.

νυμφό-τιμος, ον, (νύμφη, τιμάω) honouring the bride;
 μέλος νυμφίτιμον the song in honour of the bride.

νυμφῶν, ἄνω, ὁ, (νύμφη) the bridechamber.

ΝΥΝ, enclit. νυν Ep. νυ, Adv. now, at this very
 time, Lat. *nunc*; οἱ νῦν ἄνθρωποι men of the present
 day; ὁ νῦν χρόνος the time present. 2. with the
 Article, τὸ νῦν or τὰ νῦν, τὸν ὃν or τὰν ὃν, as to the pre-
 sent, i. e. at the present moment, a stronger form of
 νῦν.

II. νῦν also denotes the immediate follow-
 ing of one thing upon another in point of Time, then,
thereupon.

2. also an Inference, then, therefore;
 μὴ νῦν μοι νεμεσήσεται now do not, do not then,
 be wroth with me.

3. in enclit. form νυν, used to
 strengthen a command, as, δεῦρό, νυν quick then!
 φέρε νυν, ἄγε νυν come then.

νῦν Att. νῦν, strengthd. like οὔτως, now,
 at this moment.

νῦν ὅτε, = ἔστιν ὅτε, at times, sometimes.

ΝΥΞ, νυκτός, ἡ, NIGHT, Lat. *NOX*, whether the
 night-season or a night; νυκτός by night, Lat. *noctū*;
 νύκτα during the night, the night long:—so also
 with preps., ἀνὰ or διὰ νύκτα all night long; διὰ
 νυκτός in the course of the night; ἐκ νυκτός just after
 night-fall; so also ὑπὸ νύκτα; πόρρω τῆς νυκτός far
 into the night.

II. gloom, darkness, murk-
 iness. 2. the night of death, i. e. death itself. 3.
 the nether world.

III. Νύξ, as prop. n., the god-
 dess of Night, daughter of Chaos.

IV. pl. νύκτες, the hours or watches of the night: from Homer
 downwards, the Greeks divided the night into three
 watches; μέσαι νύκτες midnight.

V. the quarter
 of night, the evening-quarter of heaven, i. e. the West,
 as opp. to the day-spring in the East.

νύξ, Ep. for ἔνυξ, 3 sing. aor. I of νύσσω.

ΝΥΨΟΣ, οὐ, ἡ, a daughter-in-law: generally, any
 female connected by marriage, as γαμβρός meant a
 man connected by marriage.

II. generally, a
 bride, mistress.

νύσσα, ἡ, ἡ, (νύσσω) a post or pillar on a race-
 course, viz., I. the turning-post so placed at the
 end of the course, that the chariots driving up the

right side turned round it and returned by the left
 side; the same as *καμπτήρ*, Lat. *meta*: as the near
 horse was turned sharp round this post, ἐν νύσση ἐγ-
 χριμθῆναι meant to make a sharp turn, graze the
 turning-post. 2. the starting-post, pillar. 3.
 generally, a partition-wall.

ΝΥΨΩ Att. ΝΥΠΤΩ: f. νύξω: aor. I ἔνυξαι:—
 Pass., aor. 2 ἔνυγην, inf. νύγηναι:—to prick, spur,
 pierce, puncture.

νυστάξω, fut. ἄσω and ἄξω:—to nod, esp. in sleep,
 hence to slumber, sleep: also to sleep, drowsy, Lat.
dormito: also to hang down the head. Hence

νυστατικός, οὐ, ὁ, as Adj. nodding, drowsy.

νύπτω, Att. for νύσσω.

νύχθ, Adv. (νύξ) = νύκτωρ, by night. [ῥ]

νύχ-εγρεσία, ἡ, (νύξ, ἐγείρω) the being roused at
 night, rising by night.

νύγηνμα, ατος, τό, a nightly watch, Lat. *pervigilium*.

[ῥ] From

νύχεύω, f. σω, (νύξ) to watch the night through.

νυχθήμερον, τό, (νύξ, ἡμέρα) a day and night.

νύχιος [ῥ], α, ον, also ος, ον, (νύξ): I. act. doing
 a thing by night: as if asleep. 2. dark as night,
murky.

νώ, for νῶϊ, nom. and acc. dual of ἐγώ, we two.

νω-δός, ἡ, ὄν, (νη-, δδύω) toothless, Lat. *e-dentulus*.

νωδύνια, ἡ, ease or relief from pain. From

νώδυνος, ον, (νη-, δδύνη) = ἀνώδυνος, without pain,
 pleasing, grateful. II. act. soothing pain.

νωε, poet. for νῶϊ.

ΝΩΘΗΣ, ἔς, gen. ἑός, sluggish, lazy, torpid: dull,
stupid. Comp. νωθέστερος.

νωθήτι, Ion. contr. for νωθήτη, aor. I pass. imperat.
 of νωέω.

νωθρός, ἄ, ὄν, = νωθής, sluggish, lazy, dull.

ΝΩΪ, nom. and acc. dual of ἐγώ, we two, us two,
 Att. νώ: poet. νώε: gen. and dat. dual νῶν, of us
 two, to us two; Att. νῶν. Hence

νωίτερος, α, ον, of, from, or belonging to us two. [ῥ]

νωλεμές, Adv. unceasingly, continually, without in-
 termission. (Deriv. uncertain.)

νωλεμέως, Adv. = νωλεμές.

νώμα, τό, Ion. for νήμα.

νωμάω, f. ἴσω, (νέμα) to deal out, distribute, dis-
 pense. II. to direct, guide, control: I. of

weapons, to manage skilfully, wield, sway, ply. 2.
 of the limbs, to ply nimbly. 3. metaph. to revolve
 in the mind: to think on, observe, remark.

νώπ, Att. for νῶν; see νῶϊ.

νώνυμος, ον, Ep. collat. form of νώνυμος, like δι-
 δυμνος for διδυμος, ἀπάλαμος for ἀπάλαμος.

νώνυμος, ον, (νη-, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) without
 name, i. e. unknown, inglorious. II. c. gen. with-
 out the name of, i. e. without knowledge of.

νώροφι, οπος, ὅ, ἡ, only in dat. and acc., νώροφι
 χαλκίω, νώροπα χαλκίον flashing, gleaming brass.

νωσάμενος, νωσασθαι, Ion. aor. I med. part. and
 inf. of νωέω.

νωτ-ἄγωγέω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, ἀγωγός) to carry on the back.

νων-ἄκμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (νῶτον, ἄκμων) with mailed back.

νωτῆαιος, α, ον, (νῶτον) of or belonging to the back; νωτῆαια ἄρθρα the joints of the back, the vertebrae.

νωτίζω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον) to make to turn the back, put to flight. II. intr. to turn one's back, turn and flee.

III. to cover the back of another:—πόντον νωτῆσαι to skim the sea.

νωτο-βᾶτέω, f. ἴσω, (νῶτον, βαίνω) to mount the back. II. to walk on the back or ridge of.

ΝΩ ΤΟΝ, τό, τὰ, the back, Lat. *tergum*; the pl. νῶτα often used for the sing., like Lat. *terga*, e. g. τὰ νῶτα δοῦναι to turn the back, flee, like Lat. *dare terga*; κατὰ νῶτον from behind. II. metaph. any wide surface; εὐρέα νῶτα θαλάσσης the broad back or surface of the sea: also large tracts of land, plains. 2. any back or ridge.

νωτο-φόρος, ον, (νῶτον, φέρω) carrying on the back. νοηλῆς, ἑς, moving sluggishly, slothful, inactive. (Deriv. uncertain.) Hence

νοηλία Ep. -λή, ἡ, laziness, sluggishness.

Ξ

Ξ, ξι, τό, indecl., fourteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral ξ', 60, but ξ, 60,000.—It was a double consonant, compounded of γσ, κσ, χσ. In Att. Greek, ξ came in with the Samian alphabet (see H, η); before this it was represented by χσ. II. ξ in Aeol. and Att. is interchanged with κ and σ, as, κινός ξυνός; and Dor. fut. and aor. κλαξῶ for κλήσω, παῖξαι for παῖσα, etc.

III. ξ also is often interchanged with σσ or ττ, not only in the fut. of Verbs in -σσω and -ττω, e. g. ἀνάσσω, ἀνάξω, but also in words like δισσός τρισσός Ion. διξός τριξός.—ξ was most freq. in Dor. and old Att. dialect. [Vowels before ξ are always long by position.]

ΞΑΙΝΩ, f. ξάνω: aor. I ξήνα:—Pass., aor. I ξέ-ἄνην: pf. ξέαμμα:—to scratch, comb: esp. of wool, to card, so as to make it fit for spinning. 2. of cloth, to full, clean. II. metaph. to treat as in fulling, to thrash, mangle, lacerate.

ξανθᾶς, Dor. for ξανθῆς, fem. gen. of ξανθός.

ξανθίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (ξανθός) to make yellow or brown: to roast or fry brown.

ξανθισμα, ατος, τό, (ξανθίζω) that which is dyed yellow.

ξανθό-γεως, ον, (ξανθός, γῆ) of yellow soil.

ξανθό-θριξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, θρίξ) yellow-haired.

ξανθο-κόμης, ον, ὁ, (ξανθός, κόμη) = ξανθόθριξ.

ξανθός, ἡ, ὄν, yellow of various shades, golden or pale yellow; also red-yellow, chestnut, auburn, Lat. *flavus*; ξανθαὶ τρίχες golden hair; ξανθὰς ἵππους

chestnut mares. II. Ξάνθος paroxyt., as prop. n., I. a stream of the Troad, so called by gods, by men Scamander. 2. a horse of Achilles.

ξανθο-φύης, ἑς, (ξανθός, φύη) yellow by nature.

ξανθο-χίτων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξανθός, χιτών) with yellow coat.

ξανθό-χροος, ον, (ξανθός, χρώς) with yellow skin.

ξανθήτης, ον, ὁ, fem. ξάντριᾶ, (ξάνω) a wool-carder.

ξεῖνο-ἀπάτης, ον, ὁ, Ion. for ξεναπάτης.

ξεῖνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξένη.

ξεῖνη-δόκος, ον, poet. for ξεῖνοδ-.

ξεῖνηον, τό, (ξεῖνος) Ion. for ξεῖνιον, a host's gift, presented on parting, mostly in pl.: also provision made for a guest, and generally, friendly gifts.

ξεῖνίζω, Ion. for ξενίζω.

ξεῖνιή, ξενικός, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξεῖνιον, τό, ξείνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξεν-.

ξεῖνισσα, Ep. for ξενισσα, aor. I inf. of ξενίζω.

ξεῖνισσεν, Ep. for ξέξενισσα, 3 sing. aor. I of ξενίζω.

ξεῖνο-δοκέω, ξεῖνο-δόκος, ον, Ion. for ξεῖνοδ-.

ξεῖνο-κτονέω, Ion. for ξενοκτονέω.

ξεῖνος, η, ον, Ion. for ξένος. Hence

ξεῖνοσύνη, ἡ, Ion. for ξενοσύνη.

ξεῖνώ, Ion. for ξενόω.

ξεῖνο-ἄγέτης, ον, ὁ, (ξένος, ἀγέτης) one who takes charge of guests.

ξεῖνοῦ, f. ἴσω, (ξεναγός) to be a guide of strangers:—Pass. to be conducted to see sights. II. to levy or lead mercenary troops.

ξεῖνο-ἄγος, ὄν, (ξένος, ἡγήομαι) conducting strangers or guests. II. as Subst., ξεναγός, ὁ, the leader of a body of mercenaries.

ξεῖνο-ἀπάτης ον, ὁ, poet. ξειν-, (ξένος, ἀπατάω) one who deceives guests or strangers. [ᾶ]

ξεῖνο-αρκίης, ἑς, (ξένος, ἀρκέω) aiding strangers.

ξένη, ἡ, fem. of ξένος: 1. (sub. γυνή), a female guest: a foreign woman. II. (sub. χώρα or γῆ), a foreign country.

ξενηλασία, ἡ, at Sparta, a measure for keeping foreigners out of the country. From

ξεν-ηλατέω, (ξένος, ἐλαύνω) to banish foreigners.

ξενία Ep. ξενιή Ion. ξενιή, ἡ, (ξένος) the state or privileges of a guest, hospitality: hospitable reception, entertainment. 2. a friendly relation between two princes or states. II. the state or rights of a foreigner, as opp. to a citizen: ξενίας φεύγειν (sc. γραφήν) to be indicted as an alien for usurping civic rights.

ξενίζω Ion. ξενίζω: fut. ξενίσω Ep. ξενίσσω: aor. I ξέξενισα Ep. ξέξενισσα or ξέξενισσα: (ξένος):—to receive a guest or stranger, to entertain hospitably, Lat. *hospitio excipere*:—Pass. to be entertained as a guest. II. to be or speak like a foreigner.

ξενικός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, Ion. ξενικός: (ξένος):—of or for a stranger, foreign. 2. of soldiers, mercenary, hired for foreign service; τὸ ξενικόν, = οἱ ξένοι, a body or army of mercenaries. II. strange, foreign, outlandish.

ξένιος, a, ov, Att. also os, ov, Ion. ξένιος (ξένος, ξένος)—belonging to a guest, hospitable, belonging to hospitality; ξένιος τινι bound to one by ties of hospitality. II. ξένια (sub. δῶρα), τά, a guest's gifts: friendly gifts.

ξένισις, ἡ, (ξενίω) the entertainment of a guest. ξενισμός, οὐ, δ, =ξένισις. ξενίτευς, (ξένος), or ξενιτεύομαι as Dep., to be a foreigner: to be a mercenary in foreign service. ξενοδαίκτης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a murderer of a guest.

ξενοδαίτης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δαίω) a devourer of guests or strangers.

ξενοδοκεῖον and -χείων, τό, a place for strangers to lodge in, an inn: from

ξενοδοχία, ἡ, the entertainment of a guest or stranger. ξενοδόχος, οὐ, Ion. ξενοδόκος, (ξένος, δέχομαι) entertaining guests or strangers: as Subst., ξενοδόκος, δ, the host, opp. to ξένιος, the guest.

ξενοδότης, οὐ, δ, (ξένος, δίδωμι) the lost.

ξενόεις, εσσα, εν, (ξένος) full of strangers.

ξενοκτονέω Ion. ξενοκτ-, f. ἦσω, to slay guests or strangers. From

ξενοκτόνος, οὐ, (ξένος, κτείνω) slaying guests or strangers.

ΞΕΝΟΣ Ion. ξένος, δ, a guest or host, Lat. hospes: either as

I. the friend, with whom one has a treaty of hospitality: in this sense both parties are ξένιοι, and the relation was hereditary. II. in

Homer mostly the guest, as opp. to the host. 2. any stranger, as being entitled to the rights of hospitality.

3. later, ὦ ξένε, O stranger, was a common term of address. 4. from meaning a stranger ξένος came to signify a hireling, who entered into

foreign service, a mercenary soldier, e. g. of the Greeks in Persian pay. 5. simply for βάρβαρος a foreigner.

As Adj. ξένος, η, ov, Att. os, ov, Ion. ξένιος, η, ov, foreign, strange. 2. c. gen. rei, strange to a thing, unacquainted with, ignorant of it.

ξενόσταισις, ἡ, (ξένος, ἵστημι) a lodging for guests or strangers.

ξενοσύνη Ion. ξεν-, ἡ, (ξένος, ξένος) hospitality, the ties or rights of hospitality.

ξενότιμος, οὐ, (ξένος, τιμάω) honouring guests or strangers.

ξενοτροφέω, f. ἦσω, to entertain or maintain guests: esp. to maintain mercenary troops. From

ξενοτρόφος, οὐ, (ξένος, τρέφω) entertaining guests: esp. maintaining mercenaries.

ξενοφόνεω, f. ἦσω, to murder guests or strangers. From

ξενοφόνος, οὐ, (ξένος, φένω) murdering strangers. ξενόω Ion. ξενόω, f. ὦσω, (ξένος) to make or treat as one's guest: to entertain. II. Pass., with fut.

med. ξενώσομαι: aor. I ξενώθη: to enter into a

treaty of hospitality with one. 2. to be lodged as a guest, to be entertained. 3. to be in foreign parts, to be abroad: to go into banishment.

ξενών, ἄνος, δ, (ξένος) a guest-chamber.

ξένος, Adv. of ξένος, strangely: ξένως ἔχειν to be strange.

ξένωσις, ἡ, (ξενώ) estrangement: innovation. ΞΕΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. for ξηρός, dry; ποτὶ ξερῷ to dry land.

ξέσμα, ατος, τό, (ξέω) that which is smoothed, polished: hence=ξέσων, a statue or image.

ξεσμαίω, (ξέω) to rub off, wipe out.

ξέσσε, Ep. for ξέσει, 3 sing. aor. I of ξέω.

ξέστης, οὐ, δ, a liquid and dry measure, corrupted from the Lat. sextarius, nearly = a pint English.

ξέστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ξέω) scraped, planed, smoothed, polished.

ΞΕΩ: f. ξέσω Ep. ξέσω: aor. I ξέσα Ep. ξέσα: —to scrape, to polish by scraping or planing. II. to carve or work in wood or stone.

ξήνας, part. aor. I of ξαίνω.

ξηραίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ξήρανα:—Pass., aor. I ξηράνην: pf. ξήρασαι or ξήραμαι: (ξηρός):—to parch up, dry up:—Pass. to become or be dry, parched. 2. to empty, drain, dry, Lat. siccare.

ξηροαλιφέω, f. ἦσω, (ξηρός, ἀλείφω) to rub with dry unguents, to use oil unmixed with water: a term used by wrestlers.

ξηροαπέλιος, η, οὐ, (ξηρός, ἀπέλιος) of the colour of withered vine-leaves, a sort of scarlet, hence Lat. vestes xerampelinae.

ξηρανθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ξηραίνω.

ΞΗΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dry, parched, of the channel of a river, also of the air: of persons, withered, bag-

gard. II. like Lat. siccus, fasting, sober, austere, harsh. III. generally, drained, exhausted. IV.

as Subst., ξηρά (sub. γῆ), ἡ, dry land, opp. to ὑγρά; so also τὸ ξηρόν.

ξηρότης, ητος, ἡ, (ξηρός) dryness or soundness of timber.

ξηροφαγέω, f. ἦσω, (ξηρός, φαγέω) to eat dry food.

ξίφ-ήρης, es, (ξίφος, ἀράρειν) armed with a sword, sword in hand.

ξίφ-φόρος, οτ, (ξίφος, φέρω) bearing a sword: sword in hand.

ξίφιδιον, τό, Dim. of ξίφος, a small sword, a dagger, dirk. [Υ]

ξίφο-δήλητος, οὐ, (ξίφος, δηλέομαι) slain by the sword: of wounds, inflicted by the sword.

ξίφοκτόνος, οὐ, (ξίφος, κτείνω) slaying with the sword. II. proparox. ξιφόκτονος, οὐ, pass. slain by the sword.

ξίφο-μάχαρα, ἡ, (ξίφος, μάχαρα) a sword slightly curved, between a straight sword and sabre: cf. sq. [ἄ]

ΞΙΦΟΣ Dor. σκίφος, eos, τό, a sword: in Homer described as large and sharp, and two-edged: later, ξίφος was distinguished as the straight sword, from

the sabre, μάχαρα. [Υ]

ξίφ-ουλκός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔλκω) *drawing a sword.*

ξίφ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξίφος, ἔργον) *making swords.*

ξύων, τό, (ξύω) *an image carved of wood: the statue of a god.*

ξύοιο-ποιία, ἡ, (ξύανον, ποιέω) *a carving of images.*

ξύοις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a sculptor's chisel.*

ξύοδο-πτερος, ὄν, (ξύοδος, πτερόν) *having dusky wings.*

ΞΟΥΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, akin to ξανθός, *a colour between ξανθός and πυρρός, yellowish, tawny, dusky, mostly of colour; but also of sound, sbrill, thrilling; τέττιξ ξουθα λαλῶν the cicada with its sbrill note.*

ξύγγ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συγγ-.

ξύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, old Att. for σύγκλησις.

ξύγκληψ, f. ἦσα, old Att. for συγκλέω.

ξύηλη, ἡ, (ξύω) = κνήστις, *a tool for scraping or filing wood, a plane or rasp.* II. *a curved dagger, used by the Spartans.*

ξύηλέω, f. ἦσα, *to carry wood or timber.* From

ξύηλη-γός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἄγω) *carrying wood.*

ξύλιζομαι, Dep. (ξύλον) *to carry or gather wood, Lat. lignari.*

ξύλινος, η, ὄν, (ξύλον) *of wood, wooden.* [ϋ]

ξύλλ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συλλ-.

ξύλο-κόπος, ὄν, (ξύλον, κόπτω) *beaving, felling wood.*

ξύλον, τό, (ξύω) *wood ready for use, firewood, timber,*

etc.: in pl., ξύλα νήμα *ship-timber.* II. *a stick or piece of wood: a stick, cudgel.* 2. *a collar of wood, put on the neck of the prisoner to confine him,*

δῆσαι τινα ἐν ξύλῳ: *the πεντεσύριγγον ξύλον consisted of a wooden collar with stocks to confine the arms and legs.* 3. *a bench, table, esp. a money-changer's table.* 4. *πρῶτον ξύλον, the front bench of the Athenian theatre, and so nearest the actors.*

III. *later, a tree; cp. εἶριον.*

ξύλο-τόμος, ὄν, (ξύλον, τεμείν) *cutting wood: as Subst., ξυλοτόμος, ὁ, a wood-cutter.*

ξύλουργέω, f. ἦσα, (ξύλουργός) *to work wood.* Hence

ξύλ-ουργία, ἡ, *the working of wood.*

ξύλ-ουργός, ὄν, (ξύλον, ἔργον) *working in wood: as Subst., ξυλουργός, ὁ, a joiner, carver of images.*

ξύλοχίζομαι Dor. ξυλοχίσομαι, Dep. *to gather wood.* From

ξύλο-οχος, ἡ, (ξύλον, ἔχω) *a thicket, copse: hence the lair of a wild beast.*

ξύλω, f. ὦσα, (ξύλον) *to make of wood.* Hence

ξύλωσις, ἡ, *the wood-work, framework of a house.*

ξύμβαιή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ξυμβαίω.

ξύμβλημεναι, Ep aor. 2 pass. inf. cf. συμβάλλω;

ξύμβλητο, ξύμβληντο, 3 sing. and pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. ind.

ξύμμ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συμμ-.

ΞΥΤΝ, used in old Att. for the later and more common σύν; ξύν seldom occurs in Homer. For all compds. of ξύν-, v. sub συν-.

ξύναίγειρατο, Ep. for συνηγείρατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of συναίγειρα.

ξύνά, ἄνος, ὁ, = ξυνάων, ξυνήων, q. v.

ξύνάων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. for ξυνήων. [ᾱ]

ξύναεξα, aor. I of συνάγειναι.

ξύν-εικοσι, Ep. for ξυνείκοσι, συνείκοσι, (ξύν, εἴ-κασι) *twenty at a time, twenty together.*

ξύνηκα, Ep. for ξυνήκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξύνηκλον, old Att. impf. of συνηκλέω.

ξύνηλάσαι, aor. I inf. of ξυνηλαίνω.

ξύνης, aor. 2 imperat. of ξυνήμι.

ξύνώων, ἄνος, ὁ, Ion. for ξυνήων.

ξύνη, Adv., = κοινή, *in common, properly dat. fem. of ξυνός.*

ξύνητος, η, ὄν, Ep. for ξυνεῖος, (ξύνός) *public, common: as Subst., ξυνήμα, τά, public property.*

ξύνηκα, aor. I of ξυνήμι.

ξύνηων, ὄνος, ὁ, Dor. ξυνάων [ᾱ], Ion. ξυνώων Dor.

ξύνάν: (ξύνός) *a joint owner, part proprietor, partner: ἅλα ξυνάων, the salt on the common table.*

ξύνιτε, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from *ξύνιω. [r]

ξύνιτε, pres. imperat. of ξυνήμι, as if from *ξύνιέω. [r]

ξύνιον, Ep. for ξυνεῖσαν, 3 pl. impf. of ξυνήμι. [ϋ]

ξύνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ξύν) = κοινός, from which it only differs in dialect, *common, public, general, belonging to all in common; ξυνά λέγειναι to speak for the common good: dat. fem. ξυνή as Adv. = κοινή, in common;*

so too neut. pl. ξυνά. Hence

ξύνό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (ξύνός, φρήν) *like-minded.*

ξύνο-χάρης, ἐς, (ξύνός, χαρήναι) *rejoicing with all alike.*

ξύνωμία, ἡ, = κοινωνία, *partnership, fellowsbip.*

ξύον, Ep. for ξέϋον, impf. of ξύω.

ξύράω or -έω: f. ἦσα: (ξύρον) *—to shave; proverb., ξυρεῖν ἐν χράῳ to shave to the quick.—Med., with pf. pass. ξέξυμαι: to shave oneself or get oneself shaved: also c. acc., ξυρεῖσθαι κεφαλῆν to shave one's head or get it shaved.*

ξύρ-ήκης, ἐς, (ξύρον, ἀκή) *keen as a razor, with a razor's edge.* II. *close-shaven.*

ξύρο-δόκη and ξύρο-δόχη, ἡ, (ξύρον, δέχομαι) *a razor-case.*

ξύρον, τό, (ξύω) *a razor: proverb. of critical situations, ἐπὶ ξυρόν ἴσταται ἀκμῆς . . . ὄλεθρος ἢ ἐ βιῶναι death or life stands on a razor's edge; so, ἐπὶ ξυροῦ τῆς ἀκμῆς ἔχεται ἡμῖν τὰ πράγματα our affairs rest on a razor's edge.*

ξύρο-φέρεω, f. ἦσα, (ξύρον, φέρω) *to carry a razor.*

ξύρρ-, for all words so beginning, v. sub συρρ-.

ξύρω, = ξυράω: aor. I med. ξυράμην.

ξύσαι, aor. I inf. of ξύω.

ξύσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of ξύω.

ξύσμα, ματος, τό, and ξυσμή, ἡ, (ξύω) *that which is scraped or planed off, filings, shavings.*

ξύστηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ξύω) *a graving tool, Lat. scalprum.*

ξύστις, ἴδος, Att. ξύστις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a robe with a sweeping train.*

ξυστοβόλος, ον, (ξυστόν, βαλεῖν) *spear-darting, burling the javelin.*

ξυστόν, τό, (ξύω) *the polished shaft of a spear*, in Homer once mentioned as twenty-two cubits long. 2. like δόρυ, a *spear, dart, javelin*: generally, a *pole, shaft*. (Properly neut. of the Adj. ξυστός.)

ξυστός, ὁ, (ξύω) *a covered colonnade* in gymnasia or schools of exercise, where athletes exercised in winter, serving also for a walking-place, so called from its smooth and polished floor. II. in Roman villas, a *terrace with a colonnade*, also *xystum*. (Properly masc. of the Adj. ξυστός, sub. δρόμος.)

ξυστός, ὄν, (ξύω) *scraped, polished*, Lat. *rasus*.

ξυστοφόρος, ον, (ξυστόν, φέρω) *carrying a spear.*

ξύστρα, ἡ, = ξυστρίς.

ξύστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ξύω) *a tool for scraping or rubbing off, the scraper or strigil* used after bathing.

ΞΥΩ: impf. ἔξυνον Ep. ξύω: f. ξύσω: aor. I ἔξυσα:

—Pass., aor. I ἔξυσθην: pf. ἔξυμαι:—to *scrape, plane, smooth or polish.* 2. generally, to *make smooth or fine, to work finely or delicately.*

ξύσαι ἀπὸ γῆρας ὀλοῖόν τοι *to rub away, get rid of sad old age.*

O

O, ο, ὁ μικρόν, *little*, i. e. *short o*, (in opp. to ὁ μέγα *great*, i. e. *long and double o*, ω being for oo): fiftieth letter in the Greek alphabet: as numeral ο', 70, but ρ, 70,000.

O came very near to diphth. ou, as appears from their frequent interchange; as in Aeol. βόλομαι for βούλομαι, and Ion. μόνους νοῦσος for μόνος νόσος.

Aeol., ο is often changed into ū, as ὄνυμα μύγης for ὄνομα μύγης. II. Dor. often for οι, as ἀγροῖέω πτοίεω πνοιά for ἀγροέω πτοέω πνοά.

III. like α, ο is often rejected or prefixed, as κέλλω ὀκέλλω, ὄρουμαι ὀδύρουμαι.

IV. in compds., esp. Adjectives, ο, if it comes before the second member, is changed by Poets metri grat. into a long vowel, usu. η, as θεογενής θεοδόκος ξιφοφόρος, into θεηγενής (Dor. θεαγενής) θεηδόκος ξιφηφόρος.

O, Η, ΤΟ', is, A. *demonstr. Pronoun*; B. *the definite Article*; C. *accentuated in masc. and fem. sing. and plur. ὅ, ἡ, τό, relative Pronoun* for ὅς, ἡ, ὅ.

Gen. τοῦ, τῆς, τοῦ: dat. τῷ, τῇ, τῷ: acc. τόν, τήν, τό:—dual nom. and acc. τῶ, τᾶ, τῶ: gen. and dat. τοῖν, ταῖν, τοῖν:—plur. nom. οἱ, αἱ, τὰ: gen. τῶν: dat. τοῖς, ταῖς, τοῖς: acc. τοὺς, τὰς, τὰ. Homer has also gen. sing. τοῖο for τοῦ, nom. pl. τοί, ταί, gen. pl. fem. τῶων [ᾶ], dat. pl. τοῖσι, τῆς and τῆσι, as demonstr. Pronouns.

A. ὅ, ἡ, τό, DEMONSTR. PRONOUN, for ὅδε, ἥδε, τόδε, in Homer the usual sense. Homer uses the Pronoun chiefly in two ways: I. joined with a Subst.

not as the Article, but like Lat. *ille*, ὁ Τυδεΐδης *the*

famous son of Tydeus; Νέστωρ ὁ γέρον Nestor, *that aged man*.

II. without a Subst., *he, she, it, as, ὁ γὰρ ἦλθε* for *he came*.

III. peculiar uses as Pronoun: I. before relat. Pronouns ὅς, ὅσος, οἷος, it serves to recall the attention to the foregoing noun, as, ἐφάμην σε περὶ φρένας ἔμμεναι ἄλλων, τῶν, ὅσοι Ἀνκίρην ναεσάουσα I thought that thou wert in sense far above the rest, *namely those who, etc.* 2. ὁ μὲν. . . ὁ δέ. . ., from Homer downwards a very common phrase, *sometimes* in opposition (where ὁ μὲν refers to *the former*, ὁ δέ to *the latter*), sometimes expressing different parts of a thing, *the one. . ., the other. . .*, Lat. *hic. . ., ille. . .*: in neut. τὸ μὲν. . ., τὸ δέ. . ., in adverbial sense, *partly. . ., partly. . .*: also τὰ μὲν. . ., τὰ δέ.—Ο δέ. . . often occurs without ὁ μὲν. . . before. On the other hand οἱ μὲν. . . is often answered by some similar word, as ἀλλά, or by ἕτερος δέ. . ., ἐνιοὶ δέ. . ., etc.

B. ὁ, ἡ, τό, THE DEFINITE ARTICLE, *the*, the indefin. Pron. being τις, τι. The use of ὁ, ἡ, τό, as the Article, is later than its use as the Pronoun, and sprang from it, as τὸν ἀριστον, *him that was bravest*, came to mean simply *the bravest*; φίλους ποιέσθαι to make friends, but τοὺς φίλους ποιέσθαι to make *the friends one does make*.

Peculiar usages of the Article. I. it may stand with prop. names, as ὁ Σακράτης; but not when some attribute with the Article follows, as Σακράτης ὁ φιλόσοφος.

2. before the Infinitive, used as a neut. Subst., in all cases, as, τὸ εἶναι *the being*, τοῦ εἶναι, etc. 3. before Adverbs, which thus take an Adject. sense, as, τὸ νῦν *the present*; οἱ τότε ἄνθρωποι *the men of that time*. The Subst. is often omitted, as, οἱ τότε (sc. ἄνθρωποι), ἡ αὔριον (sc. ἡμέρα) *the morrow*.

4. before any word or phrase cited, the Art. is used in neut. gen., as, τὸ ἄνθρωπος *the word or notion man*; τὸ λέγω *the word λέγω*, etc.; so before a whole sentence, as, τὸ μηδένα εἶναι τῶν ζῶντων ὄλβιον *the fact or statement that no living man is happy*.

5. absol. with Adverbs of time and place, where the Adv. retains its adverbial force, and the Art. only serves to strengthen it, as τὰ νῦν *now*, τὰ πρὶν *formerly*.

6. before the interrog. Pron., τις or ποῖος, mostly in neut. sing., τὸ τί; τὸ ποῖον; to make the question more precise.

II. in elliptic expressions: I. before gen. of a prop. name, ὁ Διὸς *the son of Jupiter*, ἡ Λητοῦς *the daughter of Latona*, where υἱὸς or θυγάτηρ is to be supplied: but this form also includes other persons, which must be supplied from the context, as *brother, wife, etc.* 2. before a neut. gen. it indicates any relation to a thing, and often alters the meaning but little, as τὸ τῆς πόλεως *that which belongs to the state*, nearly the same as ἡ πόλις; so, τὰ τῶν Ἑλλήνων, τὰ τῶν Περσῶν *the affairs or power of the Greeks, Persians, etc.*; τὰ τῶν Ἀθηναίων φρονεῖν to hold *the sentiments of the Athenians*, i. e. be on their side: so, with neut. of possess. Pron., τὸ ἐμόν, τὸ σόν

ubat regards me or thee, my or thy part, often put for ἐγώ, σύ, etc.

ABSOL. USAGE OF SINGLE CASES: I. τῆ of Place, *there, that way, here, this way*, Lat. *hac*. 2. with a notion of motion towards, *thither*. 3. of Manner, *τῆπερ in this way, thus*. 4. repeated τῆ μὲν . . . , τῆ δέ . . . , of Place, *here . . . , there . . .*: also *on the one part . . . , on the other . . .* 5. relative, *where*, for ἧ, only Ep. II. τῶ, dat. neut., *therefore, on this account*. 2. *thus, so, in this wise*, only Ep. III. τό, acc. neut. (like Att. ὄ neut. from ὄς), *wherefore*. IV. τοῦ, gen. neut. *wherefore*. V. with Prepositions, of Time, *ἐκ τοῦ ever since, ἐν τῷ whilst*.

C. ὄ, ἦ, τό, accentuated through all cases, RELATIVE PRONOUN, for ὄς, ἦ, ὄ: very freq. in Homer, also Ion.

D. the enclitic gen. and dat. *του, τω*, are used for *τινός, τινί*, for the INDEFINITE PRONOUN *τίς τί*. So Ion. *τεο*, contr. *τευ*: dat. *τῶ*: gen. and dat. pl. *τεων, τεοις τεοισι*:—but *τοῦ*; Ion. *τέο*; *τεῦ*; for *τινός*; interrog., *wherefore?* dat. *τῶ* for *τινί*; pl. gen. *τέων*; dat. *τέοις, τέοισι*.

ὄ, Ion. and Dor. relat. Pron. for ὄς; v. ὄ, ἦ, τό c. ὄ, neut. of relat. Pron. ὄς.

ὄά, *woe!* Lat. *vae!* [ὄᾶ]
 *ΟΑΡ, ὄραος, ἡ, a consort, mate, wife: gen. pl. ὄρων: contr. nom. ὄρ, with dat. pl. ὄρῃσι. Hence ὄραρίζω contr. ὄρίζω, f. σω, to converse familiarly, bold converse with. Hence ὄρισμός, οὔ, ὄ, familiar converse, fond discourse. ὄριστής, οὔ, ὄ, (ὄριζώ) a companion, mate, bosom-friend.

ὄριστύς, ὄος, ἡ, Ion. for ὄρισμα, (ὄριζώ) familiar converse, fond discourse. 2. generally, intercourse. 3. a band or company.

*ΟΑΡΟΣ, ὄ, = ὄρισμός, familiar converse, fond discourse, and generally, converse, discourse, words, mostly in plur.; but also in sing. talk, discourse.

*ΟΑΣΙΣ, ἡ, Oasis, a name of the fertile spots in the Libyan desert.

ὄβελίσκος, ὄ, Dim. of ὄβελός, a small spit: any pointed instrument, the leg of a compass. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk.

ὄβελός, Aeol. and Dor. ὄδελός, οὔ, ὄ, a spit: also any pointed instrument. II. a pointed pillar, obelisk. (ὄβελός, = βέλος with ο prefixed.)

ὄβολός, οὔ, ὄ, collat. form of ὄβελός, an obol, a coin worth 8 χαλκοί, ½ of a δραχμή, rather more than three halfpence. II. also as a weight, the sixth part of a drachma.

ὄβολοστατής, f. ἡσω, to practise petty usury. From ὄβολο-στάτης, ου, ὄ, (ὄβολός, ἴστημι) a weigher of obols: a petty usurer, pawnbroker. [ᾶ]

*ΟΒΡΙΑ, τά, the young of animals.

ὄβρικία, τά, = ὄβρια. [Γ]
 ὄβριμό-εργός, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, ἔργον) doing deeds of violence or wrong.

ὄβριμό-θυμός, ὄν, (ὄβριμος, θυμός) strong-minded.

ὄβριμό-πάτηρ, ἡ, (ὄβριμος, πατήρ) daughter of a mighty father, epith. of Minerva.

*ΟΒΡΙΜΟΣ, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, strong, mighty.

ὄγδοός, ἄδος, ἡ, (ὀκτώ) the number eight.

ὄγδοάτος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ὄγδοος (like τρίτατος for τρίτος), the eighth:—ἡ ὄγδοάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighth day.

ὄγδοήκοντα, εἰ, αἰ, τά, indecl. (ὀκτώ) eighty.

ὄγδοήκοντα-ετής, ἔς, or ὄγδοήκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, (ὄγδοήκοντα, ἔτος) eighty years old.

ὄγδοήκοστος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄγδοήκοντα) the eightieth.

ὄγδοος, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀκτώ) the eighth, Lat. octavus.

ὄγδώκοντα, οἰ, αἰ, τά, indecl., contr. for ὄγδοήκοντα, eighty, Lat. octoginta.

ὄγδωκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς, contr. for ὄγδοήκονταετής, eighty years old.

ὄ-γε, ἡ-γε, τό-γε, the demonstr. Pron. ὄ, ἡ, τό, made more emphatic by the addition of γε, Lat. *hicce, haecce, hocce, he, she, it*. 2. fem. dat. τῆγε, used as Adv. of place, *here, on this spot*. 3. acc. neut. τόγε on this account, for this very reason.

*ΟΓΚΑῖ, poet. Ὀγκαίη, ἡ, a name of Minerva in Thebes: a gate in that city was called from her Ὀγκαίη or Ὀγκαίδης.

ὄγκάομαι, f. -ἡσομαι, Dep. to bray. Hence

ὄγκηθμός, ὄ, a braying.

ὄγκηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄγκος) bulky, swollen. II. metaph. stately, pompous. 2. grievous, troublesome, Lat. molestus.

ὄγκητής, οὔ, ὄ, (ὄγκάομαι) a brayer, i. e. an ass.

ὄγκιον, τό, (ὄγκος) a case for barbed arrows, etc.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὄ, (Α), (ἀγκος) a bend, curve, hence a hook, barb, esp. of an arrow or spear-head.

*ΟΓΚΟΣ, ὄ, (B), bulk, mass; ὄγκος φρυγάνων a heap or pile of faggots. 2. a particular way of dressing the hair; which was gathered up into a bushy knot or roll, to give the appearance of height to the person. II. metaph. bulk, weight, importance, dignity: but also in bad sense, arrogance, conceit. 2. trouble, difficulty.

ὄγκώ, f. ὤσω: aor. I ὤγκασα:—Pass., aor. I ὤγκάσθην: pf. ὤγκωμαι: (ὄγκος B):—to make bulky, enlarge:—Pass. to be heaped up, swollen. II. metaph. to exalt, raise to honour: but also, to puff up with pride:—Pass. to be puffed up, swollen, elated.

ὄγκύλλομαι, Pass., = ὄγκόομαι.

ὄγκ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὄγκος B, εἶδος) bulky, swollen, rounded: turgid.

ὄγκωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄγκώ) heaped up.

ὄγμῆ, f. -εῖσω, to trace a straight line, of ploughers, reapers, or mowers; of an army, to defile, ὄγμῆνον αὐτῶν they were marching in file before him: metaph., ὄγμῆεν στίβον to trail one's weary way, of a lame man. From

ὄγμος, ὄ, (ἀγώ) anything traced in a straight line; a furrow in ploughing; a swathe in reaping: a row or line: a path; esp. the path of the heavenly bodies.

*ΟΓΧΝΗ, ἦ, a pear-tree.

II. a pear.

ὄδ-αγός, ὄ, Dor. for ὀδηγός.

ὄδαιος, α, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey.
II. ὀδαῖα, τά, goods with which a merchant travels, merchandise.

ὄδαξ, Adv. (δάκνω with ο euphon.) with the teeth, by biting, Lat. mordicus. Hence

ὄδαξ or as Dep. ὀδάξομαι: impf. ὄδαζον: pf. pass. ὄδαγμαi:—to feel a biting pain, feel irritation. II. in act. sense, to bite, nibble, sting.

ὄδῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὀδός) to export and sell, traffic in:—Pass. to be carried away and sold.

ὄ-δε, ἦ-δε, τό-δε, demonstr. Pron., formed by adding the enclit. -δε to the old demonstr. Pron. ὄ, ἦ, τό, and declined like it: Ep. dat. pl. masc. and fem. τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσσαν, as well as τοῖσδε: Att. more emphat. ὀδί, ἦδί, τοδί, etc. [ῖ]:—ὄδε, ἦδε, τόδε is much the same as οὗτος, this, but is more emphatic, this one here, Lat. hicce, haecce, bocce: as opposed to οὗτος, ὄδε marks what is to follow, while οὗτος refers to what has been before mentioned. II. It often seems to stand, like Lat. hic, as Adv. of Place, here, there, but always agreeing with its noun, as, ἔγχος μὲν τόδε κείτα ἐπὶ χηονός here lies the lance upon the ground; Ἀχιλλεύς ἐγγυός ὄδε κλονέων here is Achilles nigh at hand routing. 2. with a pers. Pron., ὄδ' εἰμί, ὄδ' ἐγὼ ἦλυθον here am I. 3. with τίς, τίς ὄδε Ναυσικάα ἔπεται; who is here following Nausicaa? 4. also with Verbs of motion, like δεῦρο, hither. III. to Adv. of Place and Time this Pron. adds precision, just, very; αὐτοῦ τῶδ' ἐνὶ δῆμῳ here amid this very people. IV. ὄδ' αὐτός, stronger form for ὁ αὐτός, the very same, this very; τοῦδ' αὐτοῦ λυκάβαντος this very year. V. in Att. dialogue, the masc. and fem. Pron. often refer to the speaker, ὄδ' ἀνὴρ, or ὄδε alone, this man here, the man before you, i. e. myself, emphatic for ἐγὼ.

VI. ellipt. with gen., ἐς τόδε χρόνου to this point of time.

B. absol. usage of some cases: τῆδε of Place, here, on the spot, Lat. hac. 2. of the Way or Manner, thus. II. acc. neut. τόδε, hither, to this spot. 2. therefore, on this account. III. acc. neut. pl. τάδε, on this account. 2. thus, so. IV. dat. neut. pl. τοῖσδε, τοῖσδε on this wise, after this fashion; also, with these words.

ὄδελος, ὄ, Aeol. and Dor. for ὀβελός and ὀβολός. ὄδευτής, οὔ, ὄ, a wayfarer, traveller. From ὄδεῦω, f. σω, (ὀδός) to go, journey, travel.

ὄδηγέω, f. ἦσω, to lead one upon his way, to shew one the way, guide, act as guide. From ὀδ-ηγός Dor. ὀδ-αγός, ὄ, (ὀδός, ἄγω) a guide.

ὀδί, ἦδί, τοδί, Att. for ὄδε, ἦδε, τόδε, q. v. [ῖ] ὄδιος, ον, (ὀδός) belonging to a way or journey: auspicious for the journey.

ὄδισμα, ατος, τό, (ὀδός) a means of passing, way. ὀδίτης, ου, ὄ, (ὀδός) a wayfarer, traveller: Dor. acc. ὄδιταν. [ῖ]

ὀδμή Ion. ὀσμή, ἦ, (ὄζω) a smell, scent, a sweet odour: also a bad smell, stench, stink.

ὀδοιπλάξω, f. ἦσω, to stray from the road, wander about, lose one's way. From

ὀδοι-πλάξής, ἐς, (ὀδός, πλανάομαι) straying from the road, wandering about, roaming.

ὀδοιπορέω: impf. ὀδοιποροῦν: f. ἦσω: pf. ὀδοι-πόρηκα: (ὀδοιπορός):—to be a wayfarer, to travel, journey, walk. Hence

ὀδοιπορία, ἦ, a journey, way: a journey by land, opp. to a sea-voyage.

ὀδοιπορικός, ἦ, ον, of or for a journey. Adv. -κῶς, like a traveller.

ὀδοιπόριον, τό, provision for a journey. From ὀδοι-πόρος, ον, (ὀδός, πόρος) travelling, journeying: as Subst., ὀδοιπόρος, ὄ, a wayfarer, foot-traveller: also, a fellow-traveller or guide.

ὀδόντα, ὀδόντας, acc. sing. and pl. of ὀδοῦς. ὀδοντο-φόρος, ον, (ὀδοῦς, φέρω) bearing teeth; κόσμος ὄδ. an ornament consisting of strings of teeth.

ὀδοντο-φύής, ἐς, (ὀδοῦς, φύω) sprung from teeth. ὀδοντόω, f. ὤσω, (ὀδοῦς) to furnish with teeth. Hence

ὀδοντωτός, ἦ, ὄν, furnished with teeth. ὀδοποιέω: impf. ὀδοποιῶν: f. ὤσω: pf. pass. ὀδο-ποίημαι: (ὀδοποιός):—to make or level a road: to make a path for oneself:—Pass., of roads, to be made fit for use. 2. to make practicable or passable. 3. to put one in the way, guide, to set forward on a journey:—Pass. to make one's way, advance, Lat. progredi.

ὀδοποιία, ἦ, road-making, the duty of a pioneer. From

ὀδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ὀδός, ποιέω) making roads: as Subst., ὀδοποιός, ὄ, a road-maker, pioneer: a road-surveyor.

ὀδός, οὔ, ὄ, Att. for Ion. οὐδός, a threshold. ὈΔΟΣ Aeol. οὐδός, οὔ, ἦ, a way, path, road, highway: a track, pathway: an entrance, approach: the course, channel of a river: the path of the heavenly bodies: πρὸ ὀδοῦ further on the way; κατ' ὀδόν by the way. II. a travelling, journey, or voyage: also a march or expedition: οἰωνῶν ὀδοί the flight of birds; λογίων ὀδός the way, i. e. meaning, of the oracles. III. metaph. the way, means, or manner of doing a thing. 2. a way or method: also, a way of thinking, mode of belief, esp. used of the Christian Faith.

ὀδοῦρος, ον, (ὀδός, οἶρος) watching or guarding the road: as fem. Subst., ὀδοῦρος, ἦ, a conductress. ὈΔΟΥΣ, in Ion. Prose ὀδών, ὄ, gen. ὀδόντος: dat. pl. ὀδοῦσι:—a tooth, Lat. dens; ἔρκος ὀδόντων, see ἔρκος.

ὀδο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (ὀδός, φύλαξ) a watcher, patrol of the roads. [ῖ]

ὀδῶ, f. ὤσω: aor. I ὤδωσα: (ὀδός):—to lead into the right way: to put in the way: c. inf., ὤδωσε βρο-τούς φρονέειν he guided mortals to be wise; also to

bring, send:—Pass. to be brought on the way, advance, succeed.

ὀδυνᾶσαι, for ὀδυνᾶ, 2 sing. pres. pass. of ὀδυνάω.

ὀδύνῶ, f. ἦσω, to cause pain, to pain, distress:—Pass. to feel pain, suffer. From

᾽ΟΔΥΨΗ, ἡ, Lat. *dolor*, pain of body, but also, 2. of mind, grief, distress. [ῥ]

ὀδύνηρος Dor. -ᾰρός, ᾰ, ὄν, (ὀδύνη) painful. 2. grieved: distressing. Adv. -ῖως.

ὀδύνῃ-φάτος, ὄν, (ὀδύνη, πέφαται, 3 sing. pf. of φέω) killing (i. e. stilling, assuaging) pain.

ὀδυρμα, ἄτος, τό, wailing, lamentation: and ὀδυρμός, ᾰ, a wailing, lamenting. From

᾽ΟΔΥΨΟΜΑΙ, Trag. also δύρομαι: Ion. 3 sing. impf. ὀδυρέσκετο: fut. ὀδυρούμαι: aor. I ὀδυράμην, part. ὀδυράμενος:—to bewail, mourn for, lament, c. acc.:

c. gen. pers. to mourn for, for the sake of: c. dat. pass. to wait to or in answer to another: absol. to wail, mourn. [ῥ] Hence

ὀδυρτός, ἡ, ὄν, mourned for, lamentable: ὀδυρά, as Adv., lamentably.

ὀδύσαντο, Ep. for ὠδύσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀδύσσομαι.

᾽Οδυσεῖα, ἡ, the story of Ulysses, the *Odyssey*. From

᾽Οδυσσεύς, ἔως, ὄ, Lat. *Ulysses* or *Ulixes*, king of Ithaca, whose return from Troy to Ithaca forms the subject of the *Odyssey*: Ep. declens., ᾽Οδυσσεύς, -ῆος, -ῆι, -ῆα: Ep. nom. also ᾽Οδύσεύς: Aeol. gen. ᾽Οδύσεύς.

*᾽ΟΔΥΨΣΟΜΑΙ, Dep., used only in aor. I med. ὠδύψασην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὠδύσσο, ὠδύσατο, Ep. 3 pl. ὠδύσαντο, part. ὠδύψάμενος, and 3 sing. pf. pass. ὠδύψασθαι (redupl. for ὠδύσθαι):—to be grieved or

wroth at, c. dat.

ὀδῶδα, pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδει, 3 sing. plqpf. (with impf. sense) of ὀζω.

ὀδῶδη, ἡ, (ὀζω) smell, scent, odour, also the sense of smell.

ὀδῶδυσται, 3 sing. pf. (with pres. sense) of ὀδύσσομαι.

ὀδῶν, ὄντος, ὄ, Ion. for ὀδοῦς, a tooth.

ὀδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀδῶ) passable: practicable.

ὀεσοι, Ep. dat. plur. of ὄεις, οἷς.

ὀζάλεις, ᾰ, ὄν, (ὀζος) branching.

ὀζήσω, fut. of ὀζω.

᾽Οζόλαι, οἰ, the *Ozoliae*, a tribe of the Locrians.

*᾽ΟΖΟΣ, ὄν, ὄ, a bough, branch, twig, shoot. II. metaph. an offshoot, scion; ὄζος Ἄρηος scion of Mars: cf. ἔρνος, ἅλαος.

ὀζο-στομος, ὄν, (ὀζω, στόμα) with bad breath.

*᾽ΟΖΩ, fut. ὀζήσω: pf. with pres. sense ὀδῶδα: plqpf. with impf. sense ὠδῶδειν, Ep. 3 sing. ὀδῶδει:—to smell, to have a smell, whether pleasant or not: c. gen. to smell of a thing, ὀζειν ἴων to smell of violets: metaph.

to smell or savour of a thing, Lat. *sapere aliquid*; Κρονίων ὀζειν to smell of antiquities: c. dupl. gen., τῆς κεφαλῆς ὀζω μύρον I smell of ointment from the

head. II. often used impers., ὀζει ἡδὺ τῆς χροῆς there is a sweet smell from the skin; ἱματίων ὀζήσει δεξιότητος there will be an odour of wit from your clothes.

ὀθεν, Adv. (ὄς) whence, from whence, Lat. *unde*: also of persons, from whom or which. 2. also like οὐ, as an Adv. of Place, = ὅθι, ὅπου, where, but only as relative to a word implying motion from. II.

in Att. also, wherefore, on which account.

ὀθί, relat. Adv., poet. for οὐ, where, Lat. *ubi*.

ὀθνεῖος, ᾰ, ὄν, also ὄσ, ὄν, (ἔθνος) strange, foreign.

*᾽ΟΘΟΜΑΙ, Dep., only used in pres. and impf., to have a care or concern for, take heed, regard: c. part., οὐκ ὅθετο βέζων he recked not that he was doing: c. gen. pers., οὐδ' ὅθουμι κορέντος I do not heed him when he is angry.

᾽ΟΘΟΨΗ, ἡ, mostly in plur., fine white linen: a fine linen veil, a linen garment: also, sail-cloth, a sail: also, a sheet, a linen cloth. Hence

ὀθόνειος, ἡ, ὄν, made of linen.

ὀθόνιον, τό, Dim. of ὀθόνη, a piece of fine linen, in pl. linen bandages for wounds, or lint.

ὀθόνεκα, ὄν, ὅθου, ἔνεκα, because: sometime also for ὅτι, that, Lat. *quod*.

ὀθριξ, gen. ὀθρίχου, poet. for ὀμόθριξ, ὄ, ἡ, (ὀμοῦ, θριξ) with like hair.

Οἶ', exclam. of pain, grief, pity, astonishment, *oh!* ab! Lat. *heu* or *vae*: sometimes c. nom., οἶ ἔγω: mostly c. dat., οἶ μοι.

οἶ, nom. pl. masc. of Art. ὄ.

οἷ, nom. pl. masc. of relat. Pron. ὄς.

οἶ, dat. sing. of third pers. Pron., masc. and fem., for αὐτῷ αὐτῇ, to him, to her: more rarely used in the reflexive sense *himself*, as the Ep. εἶοι is always used; often also οἶ αὐτῷ, to himself. The Nom. is wanting, gen. οἷ, acc. ἔ.

οἶ, relat. Adv., properly dat. of relat. Pron. ὄς, *whither, how far*, Lat. *quo*: often c. gen., οἶ κακῶν to what a height of miseries.

οἰακίω Ion. οἰηκ-, f. σω, (οἶαξ) to steer, manage.

οἰακισμα, τό, (οἰακίω) the act of steering or governing. [ᾰ]

οἰακο-νόμος, ὄν, (οἶαξ, νέμω) holding the helm, steering: as Subst. a pilot, ruler.

οἰακοστροφέω, f. ἦσω, to turn the helm, steer. From οἰακο-στροφός, ὄν, (οἶαξ, στρέφω) guiding the helm, steering.

Οἶαξ, ἄκος, Ion. οἶηξ, ἡκος, ὄ, the tiller, handle of the rudder, the helm. 2. pl. οἶηκες, the rings of the yoke, through which pass the cords for guiding the oxen.

Οἶατις νόμος, a pasture in the Attic deme Οἶα.

οἶγνυμι or -ύω, lengthd. from ΟἶΓΩ: f. οἶγω: aor. I ὤξα Ep. ὠξα, part. οἶξας:—Pass., Ep. 3 pl. impf. ὠγνυνο: aor. I ὠχην:—to open, unlock: of a cask, to broach.

οἶδα, I know, pf. with pres. sense of *εἶδα, v. εἶδω v. οἶδάνω [ᾰ] or οἶδαίνω, (οἶδew) to make to swell,

swell, Lat. *tumefacere*: Pass. to be swollen, swell, Lat. *tumere*. II. intr. = οἰδέω.

οἶδας, 2 sing. of οἶδα, for the Att. οἶστα.

οἰδέω, f. ἦσα: aor. I ᾤδησα: pf. ᾤδηκα: (οἶδος):—intr. to swell, swell up, become swollen, Lat. *tumere*, *turgere*; οἰδεῖν τῶ πῶδε to swell in the feet, i. e. to have swollen feet. II. metaph. to be inflamed or troubled; πράγματα οἰδέοντα, unsettled, disordered circumstances. Hence

οἰδήμα, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἰδι-πόδης, οὐ, ὄ, properly patronym. of Οἰδίπους, son or descendant of Oedipus: but commonly poet. for Οἰδίπους, Oedipus himself.

οἰδί-πους, ποδός, ὄ: acc. -πόδα and -πουν: voc. -πους, more rarely -που: (οἰδέω, πούς):—Oedipus, i. e. the swollen-footed: poet. Οἰδίπος, οὐ, ὄ. [Ὶ]

οἰδμα, ατος, τό, (οἰδέω) the swell of the sea, a wave, billow. II. the swelling of the wind.

Οἴζαρος, τό, a swelling, tumour.

οἴσος, α, ον, (οἴσιν) of or from a sheep; ἡ οἴη (sub. δόρα) a sheepskin.

οἴεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of οἴς.

οἰ-έτης, ες, (ὄμοσ, ἔτος) contr. for ὄμοέτης, equal in years, of the same age: cf. ὄρηξ.

οἴζυος, ον, = οἴζυρος.

οἴζυρος Att. οἴζυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἴζυς) woful, pitiable, miserable, woe-begone: of things, toilsome, dreary, painful: also sorry, wretched, poor. Ep. Comp. and Sup. οἴζυρότερος, -ώτατος, for -ότερος, -ώτατος.

οἴζυς Att. οἴζυς, νόσ, ἦ, as dissyll.: contr. dat. οἴζυι for οἴζυι: (οἴ):—woe, misery, distress, hardship. [Ὶ in trisyll. cases, in dissyll. Ὶ.] Hence

οἴζυω Att. οἴζυω (as trisyll.): f. ὄσω [Ὶ]: aor. I οἴζυσα:—to wail, mourn, lament. II. c. acc. rei, to suffer: absol. to be miserable, or to suffer.

οἴηθῆναι, aor. I inf. of οἴομαι.

οἴηον, τό, = οἴηξ, οἴηξ, a rudder, helm. [Ὶ]

οἴηκίω, Ion. for οἰακίω.

οἴηξ, ηκος, Ion. for οἴηξ, ἄκος.

οἴησομαι, fut. of οἴομαι.

οἴς, ἴδος, ἦ, poet. for οἴς, a sheep: acc. οἴδα.

οἴκα, ας, ε, Ion. for ἔοικα.

οἴκαδε Dor. οἴκαδης, Adv. (οἴκος) = οἰκονδε, to one's house, home, or country, home, homewards. II. = οἴκοι, at home.

οἰκέαται Ion. for οἰκνται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of οἰκέω. οἰκέας, α, ον, also ος, ον: Ion. οἰκήσιος, η, ον, (οἴκος):—belonging to a house or household affairs, domestic:—τὰ οἰκέα household affairs, a household; also, household goods, Lat. *res familiaris*.

II. belonging to a family, akin, intimate, Lat. *familiaris*; οἰ οἰκεῖοι friends, relations, connexions; Ion. Sup., οἰ οἰκητάτοιοι τινος one's most intimate friends: τὸ οἰκεῖον relationship.

III. belonging to one's house or family, one's own, private: so of possessions, one's own, peculiar; ἡ οἰκέα ἡ οἰκητή (sub. γῆ), one's own land, one's country: hence of corn, home-grown, opp. to imported. IV. proper to a thing,

fitting, suitable: naturally suited to a thing: τὸ οἰκεῖον = τὸ καθήκον, what is suitable, befitting.

οἰκεῖότης Ion. οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἦ, relationship: intimacy, friendship: also marriage.

οἰκεῖω Ion. οἰκηῖω: f. ὄσω: (οἰκεῖος):—to make one's own: hence to make a person one's friend: Med. to make a person one's friend, win his regard. 2. to make one's own, appropriate: Med. to claim, reckon as one's own.

οἰκεῖως, Adv. of οἰκεῖος, in a friendly manner, familiarly; οἰκεῖως ἔχων πρὸς τινα to be intimate with one. 2. as if it was one's own. 3. properly, naturally: dutifully.

οἰκεῖω, poet. for οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖωσις, ἦ, (οἰκεῖω) a taking as one's own, appropriation.

οἰκετεῖα, ἦ, the household, the servants, Lat. *familia*. From

οἰκετεύω, f. σω, to inhabit. From

οἰκέτης, οὐ, ὄ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house: a house-slave, menial, domestic, Lat. *verna*:—in pl. οἰκέται, one's family, women and children.

οἰκέτης, ἴδος, ἦ, fem. of οἰκέτης, a female domestic or slave. II. the mistress of the house, housewife.

οἰκεῖντες, Dor. for οἰκοῦντες, part. pl. of οἰκέω.

οἰκεῖς, ἔως Ion. ηος, ὄ, (οἰκέω) an inmate of one's house. II. a domestic servant.

οἰκέω, impf. ᾤκειον contr. -οῖν Ion. οἰκειον: fut. οἰκήσω: aor. I ᾤκησα: pf. ᾤκηκα:—Med., f. οἰκήσομαι in pass. sense:—Pass., aor. I ᾤκηθην: pf. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι: (οἴκος). I. trans. to inhabit: hence to possess, occupy:—ἡ οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), the civilised world, the whole habitable globe. 2. like οἰκέω, to place or settle persons in a place; in Pass., to be settled: the pf. pass. ᾤκημαι Ion. οἰκημαι is used as pres. to be settled; c. acc. to inhabit; of cities, to be placed or situated. 3. like διοικέω, to manage, govern.

II. intr. to dwell, live, to have as one's abode. 2. of states, to be settled, situated, lie:—also to be managed, governed, ἡ πόλις οἰκεῖ κακῶς the state is ill managed.

οἰκήσας, Ep. for οἰκέας, acc. pl. of οἰκεῖς.

οἰκήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for οἰκέσιος.

οἰκηῖότης, ητος, ἦ, Ion. for οἰκεῖότης.

οἰκηῖω, Ion. for οἰκεῖω.

οἰκημα, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling-place, a dwelling-house, a chamber in a house, the story of a house. 2. a cage or pen for animals. 3. a temple, fane. 4. a prison.

οἰκήν, Dor. for οἰκεῖν, pres. inf. of οἰκέω.

οἰκήσιμος, ον, habitable. From

οἰκήσις, ἦ, (οἰκέω) the act of dwelling. II. a

place for dwelling, a house, dwelling.

οἰκητήρ, ητος, = οἰκητής.

οἰκητήριον, τό, (οἰκέω) a dwelling.

οἰκητής, οὐ, ὄ, (οἰκέω) an inhabitant, dweller.

οἰκητός, ἦ, ὄν, (οἰκέω) inhabited: habitable.

οἰκήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, = οἰκητήρ, -τής, an inhabitant.

οἰκία Ion. -λή, ἡ, (οἶκος) a house, dwelling. II. a household: also the inmates of the house, Lat. familia.

III. a house or family from which one is descended. Hence οἰκῆϊκός, ἡ, ὄν, of one's own house, domestic. οἰκίδιον, τό, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house. οἰκίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I. ᾠκῖσα Ion. οἰκῖσα:—Med., fut. οἰκοῦμαι:—Pass., fut. οἰκοσθήσομαι: aor. I. ᾠκίσθην: pf. ᾠκισμαι Ion. οἰκῖσαι: (οἶκος):—to build a house: to found or establish a new settlement: to people a country, to colonise. II. to settle or fix as a colonist or inhabitant: to remove, transplant:—Pass. to settle or establish oneself in a place: also c. acc. to inhabit.

οἰκόν, τό, (οἶκος) always used in pl. οἰκία, τά, like Lat. aedes, a house, dwelling, abode: esp. a palace containing ranges of buildings. 2. a den, lair, etc., of animals: a nest.

οἰκῖσις, ἡ, (οἰκίζω) the building or settlement of a colony: colonisation.

οἰκίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of οἶκος, a small house or room: a cage, coop, pen.

οἰκίσται, Ion. for ᾠκισταί, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οἰκίζω.

οἰκιστήρ, ἦρος, poet. for οἰκιστής.

οἰκιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (οἰκίζω) a settler, colonist.

οἰκογενής, ἔς, (οἶκος, γενέσθαι) born in the house, home-bred, domestic: of animals, tame.

οἰκοδεσποτέω, f. ἴσω, to be master of a house, to manage the household. From

οἰκοδεσπότης, ον, ὁ, (οἶκος, δεσπότης) the master of a house or family: the good-man of the house.

οἰκοδομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοδόμος) to build a house. 2. generally, to build, construct:—Med., οἰκοδομίσθαι οἰκεῖν to build oneself a house. 3. metaph. to build or found upon. 4. metaph. to edify. Hence

οἰκοδομή, ἡ, = οἰκοδόμησις, the act of building:—a building, edifice. 2. metaph. edification, improvement, instruction.

οἰκοδόμημα, τό, (οἰκοδομέω) a house built, building.

οἰκοδόμησις, ἡ, = οἰκοδομία.

οἰκοδομία, ἡ, (οἰκοδομέω) the building of a house, a way of building, structure. 2. a building, edifice.

οἰκοδομικός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰκοδόμος) skilful in building: ἡ οἰκοδομική (sub. τέχνη) architecture.

οἰκοδόμος, ον, (οἶκος, δέμω) building a house:—as Subst., οἰκοδόμος, ὁ, a builder, an architect.

οἰκοθεν, Adv. (οἶκος) from one's own house, from home. 2. from one's own fortune or means, from one's own nature, of oneself; οὐκ εἶχον οἰκοθεν I had it not of my own.

οἰκοθῆ, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi.

οἰκοί, Adv. (οἶκος) at home, Lat. domi: τὰ οἰκοί one's own affairs.

οἰκόνδε, poet. for οἰκάδε, (οἶκος) homeward, home.

οἰκονομέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκονόμος) to be a householder or steward. 2. c. acc. to manage, order, arrange.

οἰκονομία, ἡ, (οἰκονομέω) the management of a

household or family: generally, administration, government of a state.

οἰκονομικός, ἡ, ὄν, conversant with the management of a household or family: generally, practised in managing, thrifty, economical: ἡ οἰκονομική (sub. τέχνη) domestic economy; also τὰ οἰκονομικά, domestic affairs. Adv. —κῶς. From

οἰκο-νόμος, ον, (οἶκος, νέμω) managing a household or family: as Subst., οἰκονόμος, ὁ, a house-keeper, manager, steward.

οἰκό-πέδον, τό, (οἶκος, πέδον) the site of a house, Lat. area domus. II. the house itself.

οἰκο-ποιός, ὄς, (οἶκος, ποίω) making or constituting a house.

οἰκόριος, α, ον, Dor. for οἰκούριος, Οἰκόριος, ον, ὁ, a house, abode, dwelling: any place to live in; κατ' οἶκον or κατ' οἴκουσ at home. 2.

part of a house, a room, chamber: hence οἶκοι in pl. often stands for a single house, like Lat. aedes. 3. a temple. II. household affairs, house-wifery: household property, house and goods. III. a household, family. IV. a house, race, family.

οἰκός, Ion. for ἐοικός, part. neut. of εἰκοῦα.

οἰκό-σιτος, ον, (οἶκος, σίτος) feeding at home, living at one's own cost. II. living in a house.

οἰκο-τριβής, ἔς, (οἶκος, τρίβηται) ruining a house or family.

οἰκό-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τρίβω) a slave born and bred in the house, Lat. verna.

οἰκο-τύραννος, ὁ, (οἶκος, τύραννος) a domestic tyrant.

οἰκότως, Ion. for εἰκοσίτως, Adv. of εἰκοῦα (part. of εἰκοῦα), reasonably, probably.

οἰκουμένη (sub. γῆ), ἡ, v. sub οἰκία.

οἰκουρέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκουρός) to watch or keep the house: c. acc. to guard, order, govern. II. to keep within doors, stay at home. Hence

οἰκουρήμα, τό, the watch of a house: generally, watch and ward; οἰκουρήμα ξένων watch kept by strangers. II. one who keeps house, a stay-at-home.

οἰκουρία, ἡ, (οἰκουρέω) a keeping at home: inactivity.

οἰκούριος, ον, belonging to housekeeping; hence τὰ οἰκουρία (sub. δῶρα), wages for housekeeping. II. keeping within doors: εἰταῖρα οἰκουρία (Dor. for οἰκουρ-) female house-mates. From

οἰκ-ουρός, ὄν, (οἶκος, οὔρος) watching or keeping the house. II. staying at home, domestic: as Subst., οἰκουρός, ἡ, the mistress of the house.

οἰκοφθорέω, f. ἴσω, (οἰκοφθόρος) to ruin a house or family, consume one's substance:—Pass. to lose one's fortune, to be ruined, undone. Hence

οἰκοφθорία, ἡ, ruin of a house or family.

οἰκο-φθόρος, ον, (οἶκος, φθέρω) ruining a house: as Subst., οἰκοφθόρος, ὁ, a prodigal.

οἰκο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶκος, φύλαξ) a house-guard.

οἰκτερήμα, τό, and οἰκτερήσις, ἡ, pity. From

οἰκτερω: impf. ᾠκτερον Ion. οἰκτερον: fut. οἰκτερώ: aor. I. ᾠκτερα, (οἰκτερος):—to pity, have pity or com-

passion upon, commiserate, c. acc. pers.; οἰκτ. τινά τινός to pity one for or because of a thing.

οἰκτίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω: aor. I φήκισα: (οἰκτος):—to grieve for, pity, commiserate:—Med. to express grief, mourn: to bewail, lament.

οἰκτῖρός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτεῖρω) pity, compassion.

οἰκτῖρων, ον, γεν. ονος, (οἰκτεῖρω) merciful.

οἰκτισμα, ατος, τό, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτισμός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰκτίζω) lamentation.

οἰκτιστός, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of οἰκτρός (formed from οἰκτος, cf. ἀσπρός, ἀσχιστός; but the Comp. is οἰκτρότερος):—most pitiable, miserable, lamentable: neut. pl. οἰκτίστα as Adv. most miserably.

Οἰκτῶς, ον, ὁ, pity, compassion. 2. the expression of pity or grief, weeping, wailing.

οἰκτρό-βιος, ον, (οἰκτρός, βίος) leading a pitiable life.

οἰκτρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἰκτος) pitiable, lamentable: piteous, mournful. Comp. and Sup. οἰκτρότερος, οἰκτρότατος, also irreg. Sup. οἰκτιστός.

οἰκτρο-χέω, (οἰκτρός, χέω) to pour forth piteously,

οἰκτρῶς, Adv. of οἰκτρός, piteously: Sup. οἰκτρότατα.

οἰκῶς, νῆα, ὅς, Ion. for εἰκῶς, part. of εἰκα.

οἰκ-ῶφελής, ἐς, (οἰκος, ῶφελέω) profitable to a house.

οἰκωφελία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (οἰκωφελής) profit to a house: hence thrift or carefulness in household matters, of a home-life, as opp. to the life of a warrior.

οἶμα, ατος, τό, (*οἶω=φέρω) an impetuous attack, the spring of a lion, swoosh of an eagle, Lat. impetus.

οἶμαι, Att. contr. from οἶμαι.

οἶμάω, f. ἦσω, (οἶμα)=ὀρμάω, to dart upon, to pounce or swoop, of a bird of prey.

Οἶμῃ, ἡ, =οἶμος, a way, path: metaph. the course of a tale or poem: the tale or poem itself.

οἶμοι, exclam. of pain, fright, pity, anger, surprise, *woe's me!* οἶμοι is used with a nom., as, οἶμοι ἐγῶ ab me! *woe's me!* or with a gen., as, οἶμοι τῶν κακῶν alas for my misfortunes!

Οἶμος, ον, ὁ, a way, road, course, path. 2. a stripe, layer. 3. a strip of land. 4. metaph.

like οἶμη, οἶμος ἀοιδῆς the course or strain of song, a song, lay.

οἰμωγῆ, ἡ, (οἰμῶζω) properly a crying οἶμοι, weeping and wailing, lamentation.

οἰμωγμα, ατος, τό, a cry of lamentation, wail: and οἰμωγμός, ὁ, a lamenting. From

οἰμῶζω, fut. οἰμῶξομαι later οἰμῶξαι: aor. I ὤμωξα: (οἶμοι):—to cry οἶμοι, (as αἰάω to cry αἰ, αἰ), to wail, lament; οἰμῶξε, as a curse, go bowl! plague take you! Lat. *abi in malam rem!* so, οὐκ οἰμῶξεται; shall he not have to cry out? i. e. shall he not rue it?

II. trans. to pity, bewail, c. acc. οἰμωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἰμῶζω) to be pitted or bewailed.

οἰμῶξε, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of οἰμῶζω. οἰν-άνθη, ἡ, (οἶνη, ἄνθη) the first shoot or bud of the vine: then, like Lat. *rampinus*, the vine-stock, the vine. 2. the down of the vine-leaf: metaph. the down on the cheek, Lat. *lanugo*.

οἰν-ανθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, =οἶνανθη.

οἶνᾶρεον, τό, =οἶναρον.

οἶνᾶρίζω, f. σω, (οἶναρον) to strip off vine-leaves.

οἶνᾶριον, τό, Dim. of οἶνος, weak, poor wine.

οἶνᾶρον, τό, (οἶνη) a vine-leaf, Lat. *rampinus*.

Οἶ'νη, ἡ, the vine, Lat. *vitis*. 2. =οἶνος, wine.

οἶνηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶνος) of wine, addicted to wine, Lat. *vinosus*. II. containing wine. III. of countries, rich in wine.

οἶν-ῆρυστις, ἡ, (οἶνος, ἄρυσ) a vessel for drawing wine.

οἶνίζω, (οἶνος) to smell of wine. II. Med. to procure wine by barter, buy wine.

οἶνο-βαρέων, ὁ, an Ion. participial form (as if from οἶνο-βαρέω) =οἶνοβαρήs. From

οἶνο-βαρήs, ἐς, (οἶνος, βαρύs) heavy or drunken with wine, Lat. *vinu grauis*.

οἶνο-βρεχῆς, ἐς, (οἶνος, βρέχω) soaked in wine, i. e. drunken.

οἶνο-δέκος, ον, (οἶνος, δέχομαι) receiving or holding wine.

οἶνο-δότης, ον, Dor. -δότᾱs, α, ὁ, (οἶνος, δίδωμι) giver of wine, epith. of Bacchus.

οἶνόεις, -οεσσα, -οεν, contr. οἶνοῦs, -οῖσσα Att. -οῖπτα, -οῖν, (οἶνος) made of or with wine. II.

as Subst., οἶνοῦπτα, ἡ, a cake or porridge of pearl-barley, water, oil and wine, esp. for rowers.

οἶνό-μελι, ἴτος, τό, (οἶνος, μέλι) honey mixed with wine, mead.

οἶνο-πέδη, ἡ, and οἶνο-πέδον, τό, (οἶνος, πέδον) land fit for growing wine, a vineyard.

οἶνό-πέδος, ον, (οἶνος, πέδον) fit for the growth of the vine, abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πέτανος, ον, (οἶνος, πεπᾶνω) ripe for making wine.

οἶνο-πίπης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, (οἶνος, διπτεύω) gaping after wine, formed like the Homeric *parhenoπίπης*.

οἶνο-πληθής, ἐς, (οἶνος, πλήθω) abounding in wine.

οἶνο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, πλήσσω) wine-stricken, i. e. drunk.

οἶνοποτάζω and οἶνοποτέω, (οἶνοπότης) to drink wine.

οἶνο-ποτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶνο-πότης, ον, ὁ, fem. οἶνο-πότις, ἴδος, (οἶνος, ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a wine-drinker, wine-bibber.

Οἶ'νος, ον, ὁ, Lat. *VINUM*, wine; ἐν οἶνω, ἐπ' οἶνω, παρ' οἶνω, over wine, Lat. *inter pocula*. 2.

the fermented juice of apples, pears, etc., *cider*, *perry*: οἶνος ἐκ κριθῶν barley-wine, a kind of beer: *palm-wine*, *lotus-wine*, also occur as distinguished from *grape-wine* (οἶνος ἀμπέλινος).

οἶνο-τρόφος, ον, (οἶνος, τρέφω) producing wine. οἶνοῦs, οἶνοῖσσα Att. -οῖπτα, -οῖν, contr. for οἶνοῖs, εσσα, εν.

οἶνο-φάγια, ἡ, (οἶνος, φαγεῖν) a consuming of wine. οἶνοφλύγια, ἡ, a love of drinking, drunkenness. From

οἶνό-φλυξ, ἴγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, φλύω) given to drink-ing, drunken.

οἶνο-φόρος, ου, (οἶνος, φέρω) carrying, holding wine, as Subst., οἶνοφόρος, ὁ, Lat. *oenophorus*, a wine-cask.

οἶνο-χάρης, ἑς, (οἶνος, χάρη) rejoicing in wine.

οἶνο-χάρων, οντος, ὁ, (οἶνος, Χάρων) the Wine-Charon, a nickname of Philip of Macedon, because he killed his enemies by poisoning their wine.

οἶνοχοεύω, Ep. form of οἶνοχέω, to pour out wine.

οἶνοχοέω: 3 sing. impf. ἄνοχοίει Ep. ἔνοχοίει; f. ἦσω: aor. I inf. οἶνοχοῆσαι: (οἶνοχόος);—to be a cup-bearer: to pour out wine or like wine; νεκταρ ἔνοχοίει sbe was pouring out nectar for wine.

οἶνο-χότη, ἡ, (οἶνος, χέω) a cup or can for ladling wine from the bowl (κρατήρ) into the cups.

οἶνο-χόος, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) pouring out wine to drink: as Subst., οἶνοχόος, ὁ, a cup-bearer.

οἶνό-χυτος, ον, (οἶνος, χέω) poured of or with wine; πᾶμα οἶνόχυτον a draught of wine.

οἶν-οψ, οπος, ὁ, = οἶνoψ, wine-coloured, wine-dark.

οἶνώω, f. ὄσω:—Pass., aor. I φῶνάθην: pf. ἠνώμαι Ion. ὀνώμαι: (οἶνος):—to make drunk with wine:—Pass. to get drunk, be drunken.

οἶνώω, ἄνος, ὁ, (οἶνος) a wine-cellar, wine-sbop.

οἶν-ωπός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, and οἶν-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶνος, ὠψ) wine-coloured.

οἶζας, aor. I part. of οἶζνυμι.

οἶο, Ep. for οἷ, gen. of possess. Pron. ὅς, his, her.

οἶό-βᾶτος, ον, (οἶος, βαίνω) walking alone: lonesome.

οἶο-βουκόλος, ον, (οἶος, βουκόλος) herdsman of a single cow.

οἶο-βώτας, ὁ, (οἶος, βόσκω) one who feeds alone; φρενός οἶοβώτας feeding his mind apart, self-willed.

οἶό-γάμος, ον, (οἶος, γαμέω) married only to one.

οἶό-ζωνος, ον, (οἶος, ζώνη) with one girdle, i.e. single-banded, alone.

οἶόθεν, Adv. (οἶος) from one side alone, hence generally, alone; οἶόθεν οἶος all alone.

ΟἶΏΜΑΙ Ep. ὀτομαι: impf. ὀβόμην, Ep. 3 sing. ὀτέτο: fut. οἶήσομαι: aor. I Ep. ὀίστην part. ὀισθείς, Att. ὀήτην inf. οἶηθήναι part. οἶηθείς: Ep. aor. I med. ὀισάμην, 3 sing. ὀισατο part. ὀισάμενος. The Act. οἶω or οἶω is also found: Dor. pres. οἶω. The Att. also use a contr. pres. οἶμαι, impf. ὀμην.

To suppose, think, believe, as opp. to knowing, always of the fut.: of good, to hope, anticipate; of evil, to fear:—often used absol., αἶετ' ὀδεῖν θου art ever suspecting; and so in the sense to deem, believe, expect; θυμὸς ὀισατό μοι my heart foreboded it: it is also once found impersonal, ὀισαί μοι ἀνὰ θυμὸν there comes a boding into my heart. 2. to be minded, to mean, purpose to do a thing. 3. also used parenthetically in first person, ἐν πρώτοισιν (οἶω) κείσεται among the first (metinks) will he be lying: so in Att., the contr. οἶμαι impf. ὀμην, I think, I suppose, I believe, is put without any grammat. construction in the sentence: also in phrase, πῶς οἶει; πῶς οἶσθε; how think you?

[When the diphthong is resolved Ep., the ι is long in all tenses, οἶω, οἶσατο, etc.: only the act,

pres. οἶω has sometimes ι in the middle of the verse.]

οἶον-εἶ, for οἶον εἶ, as if: Dor. οἶον αἶ.

οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶος, νέμω) feeding alone: lonely.

οἶο-νόμος, ον, (οἶς, νέμω) feeding sheep: as Subst. a shepherd.

οἶόν-τε, possible; οὐχ οἶόντε impossible: v. οἶος III.

οἶό-πόκος, ον, (οἶς, πέκω) shorn from a sheep.

οἶοπολέω, f. ἦσω, to roam or haunt alone. From οἶο-πόλος, ον, (οἶος, πέλομαι) being alone: lonely, solitary.

B. (οἶς, πολέω) tending sheep.

οἶορ, Scyth. for ἀνήρ. Hence

οἶορ-παρ, Scyth. word in Herodotus, = ἀνδροκτόνι.

ΟἶΏΣ, οἷ, οἶον, alone, by oneself, lone, lonely: it can often only be rendered by an Adv., alone, only: strengthd., εἰς οἶος, μία οἷη one alone, one only: also in dual, δύο οἶω, and in pl., δύο οἶος. 2. c. gen., τῶν οἶος left alone by them; οἶος θεῶν alone of all the gods; οἶος Ἀτρεϊδῶν apart from the sons of Atreus.

II. singular, peculiar of its kind, unique, Lat. *unicus*.

οἶος, οἶα Ion. οἷη, οἶον, (ὅς) such as, of such sort, manner or kind as . . . Lat. *qualis*; relat. Pronoun, answering to ποῖος interrog. and indef., and to demonstr. τοῖος; ὅστος οἶός τε, Lat. *qualis quantusque*: c. acc., οἶος ἀρετήν what a man for virtue: often only to be rendered by an Adv., as, οἶος μέτεισι πόλεμυδε how he rushes into war.

οἶος in an independent sentence often expresses astonishment, being often strengthd. by δή, οἶον δή τὸν μῦθον εἶπας what a word hast thou spoken!—the neut. οἶον is often used as an Adv., οἶον δή νυ θεοῖς βροτοὶ αἰτιώωνται how do men now find fault with gods!

II. implying a Comparison, the antecd. τοῖος or τοῖσδε being often omitted; οἶος ἀσπῆρ εἶσι like as a star wanders; and so as an exclam., οἶ' ἀγορεύεις what art thou saying! οἶά μ' ἔργας what hast thou done to me!

2. οἶος often introduces a reason for what has gone before, δή being sometimes added to express certainty; οἶος δή, οἶον δή, such as all know.

3. if the Comparison is general, Homer uses οἶός τε, in some such way as, οἶός τε πελώριος ἔρχεται Ἄρης some such one as Ares; so, οἶός τις the sort of person.

4. when a Comparison involves Time, οἶος ὅτε is used, like as when.

5. οἶος is used in many brief Att. expressions, as, οὐδὲν οἶον ἀκούειν αὐτοῦ τοῦ νόμου there's nothing like, i. e. so good as, hearing the law itself:—it adds force to the Superl., χαρίον οἶον χραεπάτατον, in full τοιοῦτον οἶον ἐστι χαρίον, ground the most difficult possible.

III. οἶος c. inf. implies Fitness or Ability, οἶος ἐν τελείᾳ ἔργον τε ἔπος τε how able was he to make good both deed and word; οἶος ἐν βουλευμένῳ ἠδὲ μάχασθαι how able was he to counsel and to fight: in this sense οἶός τε is more usual, οἶός τε εἰμὶ ποιεῖν I am such a man as to do it, i. e. I am able to do it: in neut. sing. and pl., οἶον τε ἐστι and οἶά τε ἐστι, it is possible. 2. absol.

in neut., οἶόν τε ἐστὶ it is possible; οὐχ οἶόν τε ἐστὶ it is impossible.

IV. οἶος is in Att. often repeated in the same clause, as, οἷ' ἔργα δράσας οἷα λαχάνει κακά having done *what kind* of actions, *what kind* of sufferings he receives! οἷαν ἀνθ' οἷων θυμάτων χάριν *what* thanks, *for what* offerings! V. as Adv. in neut. sing. οἶον, also in pl. οἷα, *how*; also with Adj. οἶον ἐκρήσεις *how* fresh. 2. in Comparisons, as, like as, just as: οἶον ὅτε as when. 3. as, like, for instance. 4. about, hard upon, Lat. quasi, οἶον δέκα σταδίου about ten stades.

οἶός, οἶός, gen. of οἶός.

οἶό-φρων, οἶός, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶός, φρήν) single in one's opinion: generally, lonely.

οἶο-χιτών, οἶός, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶός, χιτών) with nothing but a tunic on, lightly clad.

οἶώ, (οἶός) to leave alone: Pass. οἶομαι, Ep. aor. I οἶσθην, to be forsaken.

*Οἶ'Σ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. οἶός acc. οἶν; plur., nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσει Ep. οἶεσσι shortened οἶεσαι; acc. οἶας; contr. nom. and acc. pl. οἶς:—Att. nom. οἶς gen. οἶός, dat. οἶί acc. οἶας; pl. nom. οἶες gen. οἶων, dat. οἶσί acc. οἶας; nom. and acc. pl. also οἶς. Lat. OVIS, a sheep, whether ram or ewe; though sometimes the gender is marked by a word added, as, οἶς ἀρειός or ἀρσην a ram; οἶς θήλυς a ewe.

οἶσατο, οἶσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. of οἶομαι. [I] οἶσε—έτε, —ετε, fut. imperat. of φέρω.

οἶσέμεν, οἶσέμεναι, Ep. for οἶσειν, fut. inf. of φέρω. οἶσέμεν, Dor. for οἶσομεν, I pl. fut. of φέρω.

οἶσθα, *thou* knowest, 2 sing. of οἶδα.

οἶσθεις, aor. I pass. part. of οἶομαι.

οἶσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of φέρω.

οἶσομαι, fut. med., with pass. sense, of φέρω.

Οἶ'ΣΠΗ, ἡ, the grease in unwashed wool, greasy wool.

οἶσ-πῶτη, ἡ, (οἶός, οἶός, πάτος) the dirt on the hinder part of a sheep.

οἶστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of φέρω, to be borne. 2. neut. οἶστέον one must bear.

οἶστυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and οἶστυτής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶστέω) a bowman, an archer.

οἶστέω, f. σω, (οἶστός) to shoot arrows: aor. I part. οἶστέσας. II. trans. to shoot with an arrow.

οἶστο-δέγμα, ον, gen. οἶστος, δέχομαι) holding arrows.

οἶστός, ἡ, ὄν, (οἶσω) that must be borne, enduring.

οἶστός Att. οἶστός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶσω, fut. of φέρω) an arrow, Lat. sagitta.

οἶστρώ or οἶστρέω: f. ἦσω: aor. I act. ὤστρησα inf. οἶστρήσαι:—Pass., aor. I ὤστρησθην inf. οἶστρηθῆναι: (οἶστρος):—properly of a gadfly, to torment by stinging: generally, to sting or goad to madness: Pass. to be driven mad. II. intr. to go mad, run wild, rage.

οἶστρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (οἶστρος, ἐλατών) driven by the gadfly, driven mad.

οἶστρομα, ατος, τό, (οἶστρώ) the smart of a gadfly's sting: a fit of madness, raving.

οἶστρο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (οἶστρος, βαλεῖν) to strike with a sting, esp. of love.

οἶστρο-δίηντος, ον, (οἶστρος, δινέω) driven round and round by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-δόνητος; ον, and -δονος, ον, (οἶστρος, δονέω) driven by the gadfly: driven wild.

οἶστρο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, (οἶστρος, πλήσσω) stung by a gadfly, driven mad.

Οἶ'ΣΤΡΟΣ, ον, ὁ, the gadfly, breeze, Lat. asilus, an insect which infests cattle: in Poets of the fly that tormented Io.

II. metaph. a sting, goad, anything that torments: the smart of pain, agony. 2. any vehement passion: madness, frenzy.

οἶστρο-φόρος, ον, (οἶστρος, φέρω) maddening.

Οἶ'ΣΤ'Α, ἡ, a tree of the osier kind. Hence οἶστυός, η, ον, of osier, made of wicker-work.

οἶστυή, η, = οἶσπη.

οἶστυήρός, ἄ, ὄν, (οἶστυος) greasy, dirty, esp. of unwashed wool, Lat. lana succida.

οἶστυός, ὁ, (οἶς) = οἶσπη, οἶστυή.

οἶσω Dor. οἶσῶ, fut. of φέρω, from Root *οἶω; whence is formed Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσειν.

Οἶ'ΤΟΣ, ον, ὁ, fate, lot, doom: in Homer ill fate, doom, ruin, death; κακὸν οἶτον ἀπόλλυσθαι to die a sad death.

Οἶτόσυρος, ὁ, the Scyth. name of Apollo.

οἶχέομαι, = οἶχομαι, q. v.

οἶχέω, Ion. impf. οἶχεσσκον, = οἶχομαι, to go, come; of birds, to fly:—generally, to walk, live.

Οἶ'ΧΟΜΑΙ, Dep.: impf. φῆχόμεν: fut. οἶχέσομαι: pf. φῆχμαι Ion. οἶχημαι: also pf. med. φῆχκα Ion. οἶχκα: Ion. 3 sing. plpf. οἶχέκε. The pres. οἶχέομαι Ion. οἶχέμαι also occurs: I. of persons, to be gone, to have gone, and so opp. to ἦκω to have come: c. part., οἶχεται φεύγων he has fled and gone; οἶχεται θανάων he is dead and gone: c. acc. cognate, ὀδὸν οἶχεσθαι to be gone on a journey: c. acc. pers. to have escaped from. 2. for θνήσκα, to be gone hence, to have departed, be deceased; Att. part. οἶχόμενος the departed. 3. pf. φῆχκα, like ὄλωκα, to be undone, ruined. II. of things, as of darts, etc., to rush, sweep along. 2. of strength, to be gone, lost, vanished.

οἶω and οἶω, used by Ep. Poets for οἶομαι.

*οἶω, see φέρω.

οἶώθην, aor. I pass. of οἶώω.

οἶωνίζομαι, Att. fut. οἶωμαι: Dep.: (οἶωνός):—to take omens from the flight and screams of birds, Lat. augurium capere. II. to look upon as an omen, forebode, Lat. augurari.

οἶωνισμα, ατος, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) divination by the flight or cries of birds, Lat. augurium.

οἶωνιστήριον, τό, (οἶωνίζομαι) a place for watching the flight of birds, Lat. templum augurale. II. the omen or augury itself.

οἰωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰωνίζομαι) *one who foretells from the flight and cries of birds, an augur, diviner.*

οἰωνο-θέτης, οὐ, ὁ, (οἰανός, τίθημι) *an interpreter of auguries, an augur.*

οἰανό-θροος, οὐ, (οἰανός, θρόος) *of the cry of birds.*

οἰωνο-κτόνος, οὐ, (οἰανός, κτείνω) *killing birds.*

οἰανό-μάντις, εὐς, ὁ, and ἦ, (οἰανός, μάντις) *an interpreter of the flight and cries of birds, an augur.*

οἰωνο-πόλος, οὐ, (οἰανός, πολέω) *observing the flight and cries of birds: as Subst., οἰανοπόλος, ὁ, an augur.*

οἰανός, οὐ, ὁ, (οἶος) *a solitary bird, esp. a bird of prey, such as a vulture or eagle.*

II. *a bird of omen or augury, because the greater birds of prey were observed for the sake of omens; and so distinguished from the common birds, ἄρνυθες.* III. *an omen, presage, Lat. auspiciū or augurium; εἰς οἰανός ἀριστος, ἀμύνεσθαι περὶ πάτρης the one best omen is, to fight for one's country; οἰωνοὶ ἀγαθοὶ good omens.*

οἰωνοσκοπέω, φ. ἦσω, *to watch the flight or cries of birds, to take auguries, practise augury.* From οἰωνο-σκοπέω, οὐ, (οἰανός, σκοπέω) *watching birds, taking omens from their flight or cries: as Subst., οἰωνοσκοπέος, ὁ, an augur, soothsayer.*

οἶσας, Att. Adv. of οἶσος, οἶσος ἂν οἶσας ἔχεις; *being what a man in what a state art thou!*

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ὀκρίωντο, Ep. for ὀκρίωντο, 3 pl. impf. of ὀκρίω. ὀκρίς, ιος, ἦ, like ἄκρις, ἄκρα, *a jagged point, a crag.* II. as Adj. ὀκρίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἦ, *rugged, jagged.*

ὀκρυδύεις, εἶσα, εν, (κρυδύεις, with ο euphon.) = κρυερός, cold, *chilling: fearful, dreadful, horrible.*

ὀκτά-βλωμος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, βλωμός) *consisting of eight mouthfuls; ὀκτάβλωμος ἄρτος a kind of loaf which was served in eight equal parts.*

ὀκτὰ-δάκτυλος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, δάκτυλος) *eight-fingered.*

ὀκτὰ-ἡμέρος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, ἡμέρα) *for eight days: on the eighth day.*

ὀκτάκις, Adv. (ὀκτώ) *eight times.* [ᾶ]

ὀκτάκιο-μύριοι, αι, α, *eighty thousand.*

ὀκτάκιο-χίλιοι, αι, α, *eight thousand: it is also used in sing., ἵππος ὀκτακισχίλη = ὀκτακισχίλιοι ἵπποις, '8000 horse.'*

ὀκτὰ-κνήμιος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, κνήμη) *with eight spokes.*

ὀκτὰ-κόσιοι, αι, α, (ὀκτώ) *eight hundred.*

ὀκτὰ-μηνος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, μήν) *eight months old, in the eighth month.* [ᾶ]

ὀκτὰ-πέδος, οὐ, Dor. for ὀκτάπους.

ὀκταπλᾶσιος, α, οὐ, and ὀκταπλᾶσιών, οὐ, gen. ονος, (ὀκτώ) *eightfold, Lat. octuplus.*

ὀκτὰ-πόδιος, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀκτώ, ποῦς) *eight feet long.*

ὀκτὰ-πους, ὁ, ἦ, πουν, τό, gen. ποδος, (ὀκτώ, ποῦς) *eight-footed.* II. *eight feet long.*

ὀκτάρ-ριδος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, ρίζα) *with eight roots: of a stag's horns, with eight points or tynes.*

ὀκτάρ-ρῦμος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, ρῦμος) *drawn by eight pairs.*

ὀκτὰ-τονος, οὐ, (ὀκτώ, τείνω) *eight-stretched; ἔλικες ὀκτάνοι the eight arms which the cuttle-fish stretches out to catch its prey.*

ὀκτάνοι, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. *eight, Lat. OCTO.*

ὀκτω-δάκτυλος, οὐ, with *eight fingers.*

ὀκτω-καί-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τὰ, indecl. *eighteen.*

ὀκτωκαιδεκά-δραχμος, οὐ, (ὀκτωκαιδεκα, δραχμή) *weighing or worth eighteen drachmae.*

ὀκτωκαιδέκατος, η, οὐ, *the eighteenth: ὀκτωκαιδεκάτη (sub. ἡμέρα), the eighteenth day.*

ὀκτωκαιδεκ-ἔτης, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀκτωκαιδεκα, ἔτος) *eighteen years old:—fem. ὀκτωκαιδεκ-ἔτις, ἴδος.*

ὀκχέω, poet. form of ὀχέω, *to bear, convey, carry.*

ὀχχος, ὁ, poet. form of ὀχος, *a chariot.*

ὀκως, Ion. for ὀσως.

ὀκωχα, old pf. of ἔχω, whence the compd. dual συνοχακότε.

ὀλβίω, φ. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὄλβισα:—Pass., aor. I ὄλβισθην: pf. ὄλβισμαι: (ὄλβος)—*to make happy: to deem or pronounce happy, like μακαρίζω and εὐδαμονίζω.*

ὄλβιο-δαίμων, οὐ, ὁ and ἦ, (ὄλβιος, δαίμων) *of blessed lot or fortune.*

ὄλβιο-δωρος, οὐ, (ὄλβιος, δῶρον) *bestowing bliss, bounteous.*

ὄλβιο-δώτης or -δότης, οὐ, ὁ, fem. -δῶτις, ἴδος, (ὄλβιος, δίδωμι) *bestower of bliss.*

ὄλβιο-εργός, οὐ, (ὄλβιος, ἔργον) *making happy.*

ὄλβιο-μοῖρος, οὐ, (ὄλβιος, μοῖρα) *of happy fate.*

ὀλιβιος, *ov*, or *a*, *ov*, (ὀλιβος) *happy, blest*, esp. with worldly goods, *prosperous, wealthy, rich*, Lat. *beatus*: generally, *happy, blessed*: Homer only uses neut. pl., as ὀλιβια δούναι to bestow rich gifts; δῶρα ὀλιβια ποιεῖν to make gifts blessed: so in Adv. ὀλιβια ζῶειν to live *happily*. Irreg. Sup. ὀλιβιστος, *η*, *ov*, formed directly from ὀλιβος, as αἰσχιστος, κέρδιστος from αἰσχος, κέρδος: the reg. Sup. ὀλιβιώτατος also occurs. Adv. -ίως.

ὀλιβιόφρων, *ovos*, ὁ, *ἡ*, (ὀλιβιος, φρήν) *leaning towards the rich*.

ὀλιβιστος, *η*, *ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλιβιος.

ὀλιβίως, Adv. of ὀλιβιος, *happily, blissfully*.

ὀλιβο-δοτήρ, *ἦρος*, ὁ, and ὀλιβο-δοτής, *ov*, ὁ, fem. ὀλιβο-δοτέτρα, (ὀλιβος, δίδωμι) *giver of bliss or prosperity*.

ὈΛΒΟΣ, *ov*, ὁ, *happiness, bliss, wealth*.

ὀλιβο-φόρος, *ov*, (ὀλιβος, φέρω) *bringing bliss*.

ὀλέσθαι, Ion. for ὀλείσθαι, fut. med. inf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέθριος, *ov*, also *a*, *ov*, (ὀλεθρος) *destructive, deadly*; ὀλέθριον ἦμαρ the day of destruction: *c. gen.*, γάμοι ὀλέθριοι φίλων a marriage destructive to one's friends. II. pass. *lost, undone*.

ὀλεθρος, ὁ, (ὀλλυμι) *ruin, destruction, undoing*; οὐκ εἰς ὀλεθρον (sc. ἐρήσεις); wilt thou not go to perdition? i. e. *ruin* seize thee, answering to Comic phrase οὐκ εἰς κάρakas; II. like Lat. *pernicies*, that which causes destruction, a bane, plague, pest.

ὀλεῖ, ὀλείται, 2 and 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεκράνον, τό, = ἄλεκρανον.

ὈΛΕΪΚΩ, only used in pres. and impf. ὀλεκω (without augm.), collat. form of ὀλλυμι:—to *ruin, destroy, kill*:—Pass. to *perish, die*.

ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσ-ἦνωρ, *ovos*, ὁ, *ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, ἀνὴρ) *man-destroying*.

ὀλέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλεσί-θηρ, *ovos*, ὁ, *ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι, θήρ) *destroying wild beasts*.

ὀλεσιμ-βροτος, *ov*, (ὀλλυμι, βροτός) *man-destroying*. ὀλεσι-τύραννος, *ov*, ποβή. ὀλεσσυτ-, (ὀλλυμι, τύραννος) *destroying tyrants*.

ὀλέσκω, collat. form of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσσαι, ὀλέστας, Ep. for ὀλέσαι, ὀλέσας.

ὀλεσσε, Ep. for ὤλεσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσειε, Ep. for ὀλέσει, 3 sing. fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέσω, fut. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλέτειρα, *ἡ*, fem. of ὀλετήρ, a *murderess*.

ὀλετήρ, *ἦρος*, *ἡ*, (ὀλλυμι) *a destroyer, murderer*.

ὀλέτις, *ιδος*, *ἡ*, = ὀλέτειρα.

ὀληαι, ὀληται, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλιγάκις, Adv. (ὀλιγος) *but few times, seldom*. [ἀ]

ὀλιγάμπελος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, ἄμπελος) *scant of vines*.

ὀλιγανδρέω, (ὀλιγανδρος) *to be scant of men*. Hence

ὀλιγανδρία, *ἡ*, *fewness of men*.

ὀλιγ-ανδρος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, ἀνὴρ) *scant of men*.

ὀλιγανθρωπία, *ἡ*, *scantiness of people*. From ὀλιγ-άνθρωπος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, ἄνθρωπος) *scant of people*. ὀλιγ-αρχομαι, Pass. (ὀλιγοί, ἀρχω) *to be governed by a few, be subject to an oligarchy*. Hence ὀλιγαρχία, *ἡ*, an *oligarchy, government by a few families or persons*. Hence ὀλιγαρχικός, *ἡ*, ὄν, *oligarchical: inclined to oligarchy*.

ὀλιγ-αύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, *ἡ*, (ὀλιγος, αὐλαξ) *having few furrows, having but little land for ploughing*.

ὀλιγαχόθεν, Adv. (ὀλιγος) *from few parts or places*; *c. gen.*, ὀλιγαχόθεν τῆς Ἀσίας *from few parts of Asia*.

ὀλιγηπελών, *εουσα*, (participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγηπελέω), *having little power, powerless*. From

ὀλιγη-πελής, *ές*, (ὀλιγος, πέλομαι) *powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγηπελία Ion. -λή, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγήριος, *ov*, = ὀλιγος, *small, little*.

ὀλιγη-ροστή, *ἡ*, (ὀλιγος, ἀροῖς) *want of arable land*.

ὀλιγη-σίπυος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, σίπυα) *with a small corn-bin: with little corn*.

ὀλιγιοςτος, *η*, *ov*, irreg. Sup. of ὀλιγος, *least*.

ὀλιγογονία, *ἡ*, *ov*, *scantiness of produce, barrenness*. From

ὀλιγό-γονος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, *γένω) *producing little, unfruitful, barren*.

ὀλιγοδρανήων, *εουσα*, participial form, as if from a pres. ὀλιγοδρανέω, *able to do little, feeble, powerless*. From

ὀλιγο-δρανής, *ές*, (ὀλιγος, δραίνω) *of little strength, powerless*. Hence

ὀλιγοδρανία, *ἡ*, *feebleness*.

ὀλιγο-έτης, *ες*, (ὀλιγος, ἔτος) *of few years*. Hence

ὀλιγοετία, *ἡ*, *fewness of years, youthfulness*.

ὀλιγο-ξύλος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, ξύλον) *with little wood*.

ὀλιγό-πιστος, *ov*, (ὀλιγος, πίστις) *of little faith*.

ὈΛΙΓΟΣ, *η*, *ov*, of Number or Quantity, *few, little*, opp. to πολύς.—The governing body in Oligarchies was called οἱ ὀλιγοί, *the Few*, opp. to τὸ πλῆθος or οἱ πολλοί (*the Many, the People*). 2. *c. inf. too few to do a thing*. II. of Size, *small, little*, opp. to μέγας: the neut. ὀλιγον as Adv., *little, a little, in a small degree*: so also dat. ὀλιγῷ. III. special phrases: ὀλιγον δεῖ there wants but little, i. e. almost; *c. inf.*, ὀλιγον ἐδέησε καταλαβεῖν it wanted but little to overtake, all but overtook: hence ὀλιγον alone (δεῖ being omitted), *within a little, all but, nearly, almost*. 2. δι' ὀλιγον, *at a short distance*; or of Time, *after a short space, shortly after*:—but δι' ὀλιγων *in few words*. 3. ἐν ὀλιγῷ, *in a small compass*; and of Time, *in short, briefly*: also, like ὀλιγον, *almost*. 4. ἐς ὀλιγον, = παρ' ὀλιγον. 5. κατ' ὀλιγον *by little and little*: but the Adj. is often put in the gender and number of its Subst., as, οὔτοι κατ' ὀλιγους γυγρόμενοι ἐμάχοντο these fought forming themselves into small parties. 6. παρ' ὀλιγον, *within a little, all but, almost*.

IV. Degrees of Comparison:—μείων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, as also ἐλάσων,

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is used for the Comp. 2. Sup. ὀλιγιστος, η, ον: ὀλιγίστου, genit. used Adv. (see ὀλιγος III) *very nearly*.
 ὀλιγοστυχία, ἡ, *the consisting of few lines*. From ὀλιγό-στιχος, ον, (ὀλιγος, στίχος) *consisting of few lines or verses*.
 ὀλιγοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὀλιγος) *one out of a few*, opp. to πολλοστός.
 ὀλιγότης, ητος, ἡ, (ὀλιγος) *fewness, smallness*.
 ὀλιγοτροφῶ, to give little nourishment. From ὀλιγο-τρόφος, ον, (ὀλιγος, τρέφω) *giving little nourishment*.
 ὀλιγο-φιλία, ἡ, (ὀλιγος, φίλος) *fewness of friends*.
 ὀλιγο-χρόνιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὀλιγος, χρόνιος) *lasting but little time, of short duration*.
 ὀλιγοψυχῆ (ὀλιγοψυχος), to be faint-hearted. Hence
 ὀλιγοψυχία, ἡ, *faint-heartedness*.
 ὀλιγό-ψυχος, ον, (ὀλιγος, ψυχή) *faint-hearted*.
 ὀλιγ-ᾶλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὀλιγαυλαξ.
 ὀλιγῶρῶ, f. ἦσω, (ὀλιγῶρος) to regard lightly, *make small account of*, c. gen. Hence
 ὀλιγῶρία, ἡ, *a regarding lightly, slighting, contempt*.
 ὀλιγ-ῶρος, ον, (ὀλιγος, ᾠρα) *little caring, lightly regarding, slighting, despising; contemptuous*. Hence
 ὀλιγῶρος, Adv. *carelessly; ὀλιγῶρος ἔχειν or διακείσθαι to be careless, heedless*. [γ]
 ὀλίγως, Adv. of ὀλίγος, *a little*.
 ὀλισθάνω and later -αίνω: fut. ὀλισθήσω: aor. I ὤλισθησα: pf. ὤλισθηκα: aor. 2 ὤλισθον, part. ὀλισθῶν, inf. ὀλισθεῖν: (ὄλισθος) —to slip, slide, fall suddenly; νηὸς ὀλισθῶν *having slipped from the ship*.
 ὀλισθε, Ep. for ὤλισθε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὀλισθάνω.
 ὀλισθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὀλισθάνω.
 ὀλισθήεις, εσσα, εν, = ὀλισθηρός.
 ὀλισθημα, ματος, τό, (ὀλισθεῖν) *a slip, fall*.
 ὀλισθηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὀλισθεῖν) *slippery, sliding*.
 ὀλισθο-γῶμωνός (ὀλισθεῖν, γνῶμη), *to make a slip or error in judgment*.
 *ΟΛΙΣΘΟΣ, ὁ, *slipperiness: a slip*.
 ὀλκός, ἄδος, ἡ, (ἔλκω, ὀλκή) *a ship which is towed, a ship of burthen, merchantman, trading vessel*.
 ὀλκή, ἡ, (ἔλκω) *a drawing, trailing, dragging*. II. *a being drawn towards a thing, attraction*.
 ὀλκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἔλκω) *attractive*.
 ὀλκός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔλκω) *as an Instrument, that which draws or hauls; ὀλκοὶ machines for hauling ships on land*. 2. *a strap or trace for drawing*. II. *a track made by drawing, a furrow, track*, Lat. sulcus: *the trail of a serpent*. III. periph., ὀλκοὶ δῖφνης *drawings of laurel*, i. e. laurel-boughs drawn along.
 *ΟΛΛΥΜΙ and ὀλλύω: impf. ὤλλυν: f. ὀλέσω Ep. ὀλέσω Ion. ὀλέω Att. ὀλῶ: aor. I ὤλεσα Ep. ὤλεσσα, ἔλεσσα: pf. ὀλώλεκα:—Med. ὀλλῦμαι, Ion. fut. ὀλέμοι Att. ὀλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ὤλύμην: pf. 2 ὄλωα: plarf. ὤλώειν:—οὐλόμοι, properly aor. 2 part. med. for ὀλόμενος, became a mere Adj., v. sub voce. I. Act. *to destroy, make an end of, to*

kill. 2. *to lose*.—The Act. corresponds in its two senses to Lat. perdere. II. Med. *to perish, come to an end, die*: ὄλωο, ὄλωιτο, ὄλωισθε, etc., *may 'st thou, may be, may ye perish!*—to be undone, ruined. 2. so pf. 2 ὄλωα, *I am undone, ruined; οἱ ὄλωότες the dead*.
 ὀλλῦς, ὕσα, ὄν, pres. part. of ὀλλῦμι.
 ὄλλος, ὁ, (ἔλω, Lat. volvo) *a round smooth stone, a roller*. 2. *a mortar*. 3. *a kneading-trough*.
 ὄλοεις, εσσα, εν, = ὄλωος, *destructive*.
 ὄλοθρευτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄλοθρεύω) *a destroyer*.
 ὄλοθρεύω, f. εὔσω, (ἔλεθρος) *to destroy*.
 ὄλοῖος, ον, ποῖτ. for sq., like ὀμοῖος for ὀμοῖος.
 ὄλοιός, ὄν, ποῖτ. for ὄλωός, *destructive*.
 ὄλοῖ-τροχος or ὄλοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, Ep. ὄλοῖ-τροχος, (prob. from ἔλω volvo, τρύχος) *a rolling stone, a round stone, such as the besieged rolled down on the enemy*: also as Adj. *round, globular*.
 ὄλοκαυτέω, f. ἦσω, to bring a burnt-offering. From ὄλο-καυτος, ον, (ὄλος, καίω) *burnt whole*: as Subst., ὄλοκαυτον, τό, *a burnt-offering*. Hence
 ὄλοκαυτώω, f. ὠσω, to burn whole: to make a burnt-offering. Hence
 ὄλοκαύτωμα, ατος, τό, *a whole burnt-offering*.
 ὄλοκληρία, ἡ, *soundness in all parts*. From ὄλο-κληρος, ον, (ὄλος, κληρος) *complete in all parts, entire, sound, perfect, Lat. integer*.
 ὄλολυγή, ἡ, (ὄλολύζω) *any loud crying, esp. of women, Lat. ululatus: usually a cry of joy; but also of lamentation*.
 ὄλολυγία, ατος, τό, (ὄλολύζω) *a loud cry, usually of joy*.
 ὄλολυγμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄλολύζω) *a loud crying, usually in honour of the gods, expressive of joy*.
 ὄλολυγών, ὄνος, ἡ, *an animal, named from its note, the tree-frog*. From
 ὄλολύξω, f. -ύξομαι: aor. ὤλολυξα:—to cry aloud to the gods, usually of female voices, Lat. ululare. II. *to utter a loud cry, usually in sign of joy*. (Formed from the sound.)
 ὄλόμην, ὄλοντο, Ep. for ὤλ-, aor. 2 med. of ὀλλῦμι.
 ὄλοῖ-τροχος, ὁ, ποῖτ. form of ὄλοῖτροχος.
 ὄλωός ποῖτ. ὄλωός, ὄλωοῖός, η, ον, (ὄλλῦμι) *destructive, destroying, hurtful, deadly; ὄλω φρονεῖν to design ill*:—Comp. and Sup. ὄλωώτερος, ὄλωώτατος. II. pass. *destroyed, lost, undone, Lat. perditus*.
 ὄλωό-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ and ἡ, (ὄλωός, φρήν) *meaning mischievous, baleful*. II. *crofty, sagacious*.
 ὄλόπτω, f. ψω, to pull, pluck out: to strip off. (Akin to λῶπος, λέπω.)
 *ΟΛΟΣ Ep. ὄωλος, η, ον, *whole, entire, complete, Lat. solus, solidus; τὰ ὄλα one's all*. 2. *entire, utter; ὄλον ἀμάρτημα an utter blunder: in neut., as Adv., ὄλον and τὸ ὄλον altogether*. II. *whole, i. e. safe and sound, Lat. integer*.
 ὄλο-σφύρητος Dor. -σφύρατος, ον, (ὄλος, σφύρα) *battered all through, made of solid metal, opp. to cast*.

ὀλο-σχερῆς, ἒς, (ὀλος, σχερός) *whole, entire, sound, complete*, Lat. *integer*. 2. relating to the whole, *important, considerable*. II. Adv. -ῶς, *completely, entirely*.

ὀλο-τελής, ἒς, (ὀλος, τέλος) *quite complete, perfect*. ὀλοῦμαι, fut. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλο-φυγδών, ὄνος, ἦ, (ὀλος, φύνω) *a large pimple, pustule*.

ὀλοφυνδός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὀλοφύρομαι) *lamenting, wailing*:—neut. pl. ὀλοφυνδά, as Adv., *miserably*.

ὀλοφύρομαι, ὄν, ὄ, *a lamenting, lamentation*. From ὀλοφύρομαι [ἦ], Dep.: f. ὀλοφύρομαι: aor. I ὀλοφύραμην, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. ὀλοφύραο, ὀλοφύρατο: aor. I part. pass. ὀλοφυρθείς, in same sense. I. intr. to lament, wail, moan, weep. 2. to lament or mourn for others, to feel pity: c. gen. to have pity upon. 3. to beg with tears and lamentations. II. c. acc. to lament over, bewail, weep for, mourn. 2. to pity. Hence

ὀλόφυρος, ἦ, *lamentation*. ὀλόφωτος, ὄν, lengthd. for ὀλως, ὀλωτός, *destructive, deadly*; ὀλοφώια εἰδώς versed in *pernicious arts*.

ὀλιπῆ, ἦ, *a leather oil-flask*, used in the *palaestra*. ὀλιπῆς, ἴος and ἴδος, ἦ, = ὀλιπῆ.

ὀλυμπία, ἦ, *Olympia*, a district of Elis round the city of Pisa, where the Olympic games were held: properly fem. of Ὀλύμπιος (sub. γῆ or χώρα).

Ὀλύμπια, τά, *the Olympic games*, established by Hercules and renewed by Iphitus, held at intervals of four years in honour of *Olympian Zeus* by the Greeks assembled at *Olympia* in Elis; Ὀλύμπια νικᾶν to conquer at the *Olympic games*: also, Ὀλύμπια ἀνελέσθαι or ἀναερηκέναι to have carried off the prize at the *Olympic games*.

Ὀλυμπιάζει, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἦ) *to Olympia*. Ὀλυμπιάθεν, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἦ) *from Olympia*.

Ὀλυμπιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, pecul. fem. of Ὀλύμπιος, *Olympian*, epith. of the Muses: generally, *a dweller on Olympus, a goddess*. 2. Ὀλυμπιάς ἐλαία the olive-crown of the *Olympic games*. II. as Subst., I. the *Olympic games*. 2. *a victory at Olympia* (sub. νίκη); Ὀλυμπιάδα ἀναερίσθαι, νικᾶν to gain a victory in the *Olympic games*. 3. *an Olympiad*, i. e. the space of four years between the celebrations of the *Olympic games*: the first Olympiad begins 776 B. C.

Ὀλυμπιάσι, Adv. (Ὀλυμπία, ἦ) *at Olympia*: cf. θύρασι.

Ὀλυμπιάσι [ἦ], dat. pl. of Ὀλυμπιάς.

Ὀλυμπιεῖον or Ὀλυμπιεῖον, τό, (Ὀλύμπιος) *the temple of Olympian Zeus*.

Ὀλυμπικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Ὀλυμπος) *Olympic*; ὁ Ὀλυμπικός ἀγών the *Olympic games*.

Ὀλυμπιο-νίκης, ὄν, ὄ, (Ὀλύμπια, νικάω) *a conqueror in the Olympic games*. [ν]

Ὀλυμπιό-νικος, ὄν, (Ὀλύμπια, νικάω) *conquering in the Olympic games*.

Ὀλύμπιος, ὄν, (Ὀλυμπος) *Olympian, dwelling on Olympus*, epith. of the gods above, esp. of Jove, who

is called also simply Ὀλύμπιος; Ὀλύμπια δώματα the mansions of *Olympus*.

Ὀλυμπόνδε Ep. Οὐλ-, Adv. *to or towards Olympus*.

Ὀλυμπος Ep. and Ion. Οὐλύμπιος, ὄ, *Olympus*, a high wall on the Macedonian frontier of Thessaly. It was believed to be the abode of the gods, and that the approach was guarded by a thick cloud.

ὈΛΥΤΘΟΣ, ὄ, *a fig* which grows during the winter, but seldom ripens: *an untimely fig*, Lat. *grossus*.

ὈΛΥΤΡΑ, ἦ, mostly in pl., *a kind of grain, spelt*, mentioned as food for horses along with barley (κῆρ); used in Egypt for *making bread*.

ὀλώτος, collat. form of ὀλοός, ὀλοῖός.

ὀλωλα, pf. med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλώλεκα, pf. of ὀλλυμι.

ὀλως, Adv. of ὀλος, *wholly, altogether, on the whole*: in short, Lat. *denique*; οὐχ ὀλως *not at all*, Lat. *omnino non*.

ὀμά, Adv. Dor. for ὀμή.

ὀμαῖδός, f. ἦσω, (ὀμαδος) *to make a noise or din*.

ὀμαδος, ὄ, (ὀμός) *a noise, din, made by many voices together*. II. *a tumultuous crowd, throng*. III. *the din of battle, the battle-throng*.

ὀμαίμος, ὄν, *related by blood, kindred*. From ὀμ-αἶμος, ὄν, (ὀμός, αἶμα) *of the same blood, related by blood, akin*, Lat. *consanguineus*: as Subst., ὀμαίμος, ὄ, ἦ, *a brother or sister*. Hence

ὀμαίμοσιν, ἦ, *relationship by blood*.

ὀμ-αἰμων, ὄν, gen. ὄνος, = ὀμαίμος:—Comp. ὀμαίμονεστερος, *more nearly akin*.

ὀμαχμία, ἦ, *a fighting together: a defensive alliance, league*. From

ὀμ-αχμος, ὄν, (ὀμός, αἰχμή) *fighting together*: as Subst., ὀμαχμος, ὄ, *an ally*.

ὀμαλής, ἒς, (ὀμαλός) *even, level*: τὰ ὀμαλῆ *level ground*.

ὀμαλλίζω, f. ὄσω, (ὀμαλός) *to make even or level, to level*: to equalise.

ὀμαλός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὀμός) *even, level*; τὸ ὀμαλόν *level ground*. 2. *of equal, like degree*; ὀμαλός γάμος *marriage with one of like degree*. 3. *metaph. middling, average, ordinary*. Hence

ὀμαλότης, ἦτος, ἦ, *evenness, equality*.

ὀμαλῶς (ὀμαλός), Adv. *evenly*; ὀμαλῶς βαίνειν *to march in even line*.

ὀμ-αρτέω: impf. ὀμαρτόν Ion. —ενν: f. ὀμαρτήσω: aor. I ὀμαρτήσα: (ὀμοῦ, ἀρτάω):—to meet; I. in hostile sense, *to meet in fight*:—Med. *to attack in fight*. 2. *to walk together*, esp. in part., βῆσαν ὀμαρτήσαντες they walked in company: *to keep pace, equal in speed*: c. dat. *to walk beside, accompany*. 3. *to pursue*.

ὀμαρτή or ὀμαρτή, Adv. *together, jointly*, another form of ἀμαρτή, ἀμαρτή.

ὀμάρτη, Dor. for ὀμάρτει, 3 sing. impf. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὀμαρτήσαντο, Ep. for ὀμ-, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὀμαρτήσιεν, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὀμαρτέω.

ὁμαρτήτην, Ep. for ὤμ-, 3 dual impf. of ὁμαρτέω.
 ὄμ-ασπισ, ἴδος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμου, ἀσπίς) allied in arms :
 as Subst., ὄμασπισ, ὄ, a comrade, fellow-soldier.

ὄμ-αύλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμου, αὐλαξ) with adjoining
 furrows or lands.

ὄμαυλία, ἦ, a dwelling together, union. From
 ὄμ-αυλος, ὄν, (ὄμου, αὐλή) living together : hence,
 neighbouring.

ὄμ-αυλος, ὄν, (ὄμου, αὐλός) playing together on the
 flute, harmonious, blending, in unison.

ὄμβρέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄμβρος) to rain. II. trans. to
 rain or shower down upon : to bedew, wet.

ὄμβρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄμβρος) rainy, watery.

ὄμβριμος, ὄν, = ὄβριμος.

ὄμβριος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (ὄμβρος) rainy : of or be-
 longing to rain, Lat. *pluvialis*; ὕδωρ ὄμβριον rain-
 water.

ὄμβρο-δόκος, ὄν, (ὄμβρος, δέχομαι) holding or re-
 ceiving rain.

ὄμβρο-κτύπος, ὄν, (ὄμβρος, κτύπew) striking with
 rain.

*OMBPOΣ, ὄ, Lat. *IMBER*, a storm of rain, a
 thunder-shower, rain. 2. generally water. II.

metaph. a storm or shower of tears, darts, etc.

ὄμβρο-φόρος, ὄν, (ὄμβρος, φέρω) rain-bringing.

ὄμειται, 3 sing. fut. of ὄμνυμι.

ὄμ-έστιος, ὄν, (ὄμου, ἐστία) sharing the same hearth.

ὄμ-ευέντης, ὄν, ὄ, fem. δμυνέντης, ἴδος, = δμυνος.

ὄμ-ευος, ὄν, (ὄμου, εὐνή) sleeping together : as Subst.,

ὄμυνος, ὄ, ἦ, a bedfellow, consort.

ὄμ-έψιος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμου, ἐψία) a playmate.

ὄμη or ὄμη, Adv. (ὄμός) poet. for ὄμου.

ὄμ-ηγηρής, ἐς, (ὄμός, ἀγείρω) assembled together.

ὄμηγύριζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to assemble, call to-
 gether. From

ὄμ-ηγύρις Dor. ὄμάγ-, ἴος, ἦ, (ὄμός, ἄγυρις) an as-
 sembly, meeting : a throng, company.

ὄμηλικία Ion. -ἴη, ἦ, (ὄμηλιξ) equality of age :—
 as Collective Subst. those of the same age, one's friends,
 playmates, comrades. II. of a single person, =
 ὄμηλιξ.

ὄμ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμου, ἡλιξ) of the same age, esp.
 of young persons : as Subst. an equal in age, comrade,
 playmate. II. of like stature.

ὄμηρεία, ἦ, (ὄμηρεύω) a giving hostages or securities :
 a security, pledge.

Ὀμηρείος, α, ὄν, (Ὀμηρος) of Homer, Homeric.

ὄμηρεῦσαι, Ion. for ὄμηρούσαι, part. fem. pl. of
 ὄμηρέω.

ὄμηρέω, f. ὄω, (ὄμβρος) to be a hostage, serve as a
 pledge or hostage. II. trans. to give as a hostage,
 pledge or security.

ὄμηρέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄμβρος) to meet. 2. metaph. to
 accord, agree.

Ὀμηρίδης, ὄν, ὄ, mostly in plur. Ὀμηρίδαι, οἱ, the
Homerids, a family of poets in Chios, who pretended
 to trace their descent from Homer, and recited his
 poems : generally, the admirers of Homer.

ὄμ-ηρος, ὄν, (ὄμου, ἀραρεῖν) joined together, united,
 wedded. II. as Subst., ὄμῆρος, ὄ, a pledge to

preserve peace, a surety, security, hostage.

ὄμιλᾶδον, Adv. (ὄμιλος) in groups, bands, Lat. *tur-*
matim : in crowds.

ὄμιλέω, f. ἴσω : aor. I ὄμιλησα : (ὄμιλος) :—to be
 together or in company with ; μετ' Ἀχαιοὺς ὄμιλεῖν
 to associate with the Achaeans ; ἐνὶ πρωτοῖσιν ὄμι-

λεῖν to be in company among the foremost ; περι νε-
 κρὸν ὄμιλεῖν to throng about the corpse. 2. absol.

to come or live together. II. in hostile sense, to
 meet in battle, encounter : absol. to meet one an-

other. III. of social intercourse, to bold converse :
 to live familiarly with, associate with : to have deal-

ings with. 2. absol. to be friends. IV. of
 pursuits or business, to be conversant with, engaged

in, attend to. 2. of things, to be present to one, to be
 at hand. V. of a place, to come into, be in : to

haunt, frequent a spot.

ὄμιληδόν, Adv. = ὄμιλαδόν.

ὄμιλήσειν, fut. inf. of ὄμιλέω.

ὄμιλητής, οὖ, ὄ, (ὄμιλέω) a scholar, bearer.

ὄμιλητός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὄμιλέω) to be conversed with ; οὐχ
 ὄμιλητός unapproachable, savage.

ὄμιλία, ἦ, (ὄμιλος) a being or living together, inter-
 course, converse, dealings with another ; ἦ ἐμὴ ὄμιλία
 converse with me ; ὄμιλία χθονός intercourse with a
 country. 2. instruction. II. a meeting, as-

sembly ; ναὸς ὄμιλία ship-mates.

ὄμ-ἴλος, ὄ, (ὄμου, ἴλη) an assembled crowd, a throng
 of people, mob, multitude. II. the throng of battle,
 tumult.

ὄμῃω, f. ἴσω, = ὄμιχω.

ὈΜΙΧΛΗ Ion. ὄμιχλη Dor. ὄμιχλα, ἦ, misty air,
 a mist, fog. II. also smoke, steam. Hence

ὄμιχλῆεις Ion. ὄμιχλ-, εσσα, εν, misty.

ὈΜΙΧΩ, to make water, Lat. *MINGO*. [r]

ὄμμα, ατος, τό, (ὄμμα, pf. pass. of ὄραω) the eye ;
 ὄμματι λόφῳ ἰδεῖν to look with eye askance at ; opp.
 to ὀρθοῖς ὄμμασιν ὄραν or ἐξ ὀρθῶν ὀμμάτων, Lat.

rectis oculis videre, to look straight at ; κατ' ὄμμα
 face to face, in full sight ; ὡς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων to judge
 by the eye, Lat. *ex obtutu* ; ἐν ὄμμασι, Lat. *in oculis*,

before one's eyes ; so also παρ' ὄμμα, πρὸ ὀμμάτων ;
 ἐξ ὀμμάτων out of sight. II. that which one sees,
 a sight. 2. a phantom, image of fancy. III.

ὄμμα νυκτός, i. e. the moon ; so ὄμμα αἰθέρος, of the
 sun ; generally, light ; ὄμμα φήμης the light of happy
 tidings. IV. metaph. anything dear or pre-

cious. V. periph. of the person, ὄμμα πελείας
 for πελεία, ὄμμα νύμφας for νύμφα ; cf. κάρα.
 Hence

ὄμματιον, τό, Dim. of ὄμμα, a little eye.

ὄμματο-στερής, ἐς, (ὄμμα, στερέω) deprived of
 eyes. II. act. depriving of eyes : blighting, canker-
 ing, esp. the buds of plants.

ὄμματώω, f. ὄσω : pf. pass. ὄμμάτωμαι : (ὄμμα) :—
 to give eyes to :—Pass., φρῆν ὄμματωμένη a mind

quick of sight.
explain.

II. metaph. to make distinct, explain.
ὄμο-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, δ, ἦ, (ὄμοῦ, ἡλιξ) of the same age, Lat. *aequalis*.

ὄμνην, Adv. (ὄμός) from the same place, of the same origin : ὁ δὲ ὄμνην a brother. II. from near at hand, band to band : close upon.
ὄμό-θρονος, ον, (ὄμοῦ, θρόνος) sharing the same throne, partner of one's throne.
ὄμοθυμᾶδόν, Adv. with one accord. From ἑμᾶ-θύμος, ον, (ὄμοῦ, θυμός) of one mind, unanimous.

ὄμοιάω, f. σω, (ὄμοιος) to be like, resemble.
ὄμοίως, Ep. for ὄμοιος. [ἴ Ep.]
ὄμοιο-κατάληκτος, ον, (ὄμοιος, κατάληγω) ending alike, of verses.

ὄμοιοπαθῶω, f. ἴσω, to be in like case, to be similarly affected, sympathise. From.
ὄμοιο-πάθής, ἐς, (ὄμοιος, πάθος) being in like case, having like affections, sympathising.

ὄμοιο-πρεπής, ἐς, (ὄμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ὄμοιος, α, ον, Ion. and old Att. ὄμοϊος, η, ον, Att. also ος, ον; Ep. ἐμοίτιος, ον; (ὄμός):—like, resembling, Lat. *similis*: Proverbs, ὡς αἰεὶ τῶν ὄμοϊον ἀγεῖ θεὸς ὡς τὸν ὄμοϊον 'birds of a feather flock together'; τὸ ὄμοϊον ἀνταποδίδονα, Lat. *par pari referre*, to give like for like, pay tit for tat. 2. shared alike, common, mutual. 3. equal in force, a match for one, Lat. *par*. 4. in unison with, agreeing. 5. ἡ ὁμοία (sub. δικη or χάρις), τὴν ὁμοίαν δίδοναι, ἀποδίδοναι to pay any one like for like, to make a like return; τὴν ὁμοίαν φέρεσθαι to have a like return made one; ἐπ' ἴση καὶ ὁμοίᾳ on fair and equal terms. 6. ἐν ὁμοίᾳ ποιεῖσθαι τὰ to hold a thing in like esteem. II. of the same rank or station : οἱ ὄμοιοι, all citizens with equal privileges: peers.—The person or thing to which another is like is commonly in dat., but also like Lat. *similis* in genit.:—also followed by a Relat., ὄμοιος ὡσπερ . . , like as . . ; ὄμοιος καὶ . . Lat. *aeque ac . . , like as . . ;* cf. ὁμοίως.

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ὄμοιοπρεπής, ἐς, (ὄμοιος, πρέπω) of like appearance with.

ἀμοίωσις, ἡ, (ἀμοίω) a making like, likening. II. a becoming like. 2. a likeness, image.

ὁμό-κλαρος, Dor. for ὁμόκληρος.

ὁμο-κλάω, 3 sing. impf. ὁμόκλα, = ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὁμόκλησα, Ion. 3 sing. ὁμοκλήσασκε:—to call out, shout to, either to encourage, cheer on, or to upbraid, chide; mostly in latter sense: c. inf. to command with a loud shout, call to one to do. From

ὁμο-κλή, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, καλέω) a calling out together, shouting of several persons: the harmony or concert of flutes: any loud calling or shouting, whether to encourage or upbraid.

ὁμό-κληρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλήρος) having an equal lot, share or portion, esp. of an inheritance: as Subst., ὁμόκληρος, ὁ, a coheir, Lat. consors.

ὁμοκλήσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ὁμοκλέω.

ὁμοκλήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὁμοκλέω) one who calls out to, a cheerer on, encourager.

ὁμό-κλινος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, κλίνη) reclining on the same couch at table.

ὁμό-λεκτρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέκτρον) sharing the same bed.

ὁμολογέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ὁμολόγησα: pf. ὁμολόγηκα:—Pass., aor. I ὁμολογήθην: pf. ὁμολόγημαι: (ὁμόλογος):—to speak together, to speak one language. 2. to hold the same language, to agree

with: of things, to be in accordance with. 3. to make an agreement, come to terms, esp. of a surrender; ἐπί τισι on certain terms. 4. to agree to a thing, allow, admit, confess; ὁμολογῶ σοι I grant you. 5. to agree, promise to do. 6. to be connected with, bear affinity to.

II. Med. to agree, assent to; much like the Act.

III. Pass. to be allowed or granted; esp. in part. pres. τὰ ὁμολογούμενα and pf. part. ὁμολογημένα, things granted, acknowledged principles. Hence

ὁμολόγημα, ματος, τό, a thing agreed on, a postulate; and

ὁμολογία, ἡ, agreement. 2. an agreement made, compact: in war, terms of surrender. 3. an assent, admission, confession.

ὁμό-λογος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, λέγω) assenting, agreeing, admitting. 2. of things, suitable, in accordance with:—Adv. -γως, confessedly, avowedly.

ὁμολογούμενος, Adv. pres. part. pass. of ὁμολογέω, agreeably, conformably to: confessedly, avowedly.

ὁμο-μαστιγίας, ον, ὁ, (ὁμοῦ, μάστιξ) one flogged with another, a fellow-slave.

ὁμο-μήτριος, α, ον, (ὁμοῦ, μήτηρ) born of the same mother, an uterine brother or sister.

ὁμό-νεκρος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νεκρός) companion in death. ὁμονοέω, f. ἦσω, (ὁμόνοος) to be of one mind, agree together, have sentiments in common. Hence

ὁμονοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, conducing to agreement.

ὁμόνοια, ἡ, sameness of mind. agreement in sentiments, unity, Lat. concordia. From

ὁμό-νοος, ον, contr. -νοος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, νόος) of one

mind, agreeing in sentiments, unanimous, Lat. concors. Adv., ὁμονοῶς, unanimously.

ὁμο-πάθης, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πάθος) having the same passions.

ὁμο-πάτριος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πατήρ) by the same father.

ὁμο-πλεκτός, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, πλέω) inter-laced.

ὁμό-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλους, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πλόος) sailing together or in company.

ὁμό-πολις ποῖτ. ὁμόπολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, πόλις) from the same city or state.

ὁμό-πτερος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, πτέρον) with the same plumage: of like feather, akin, alike: generally, οἱ ὁμόπτεροι birds of the same feather, comrades; νᾶες ὁμόπτεροι consort-ships, i. e. that sail in company.

ὁμό-πολις, ποῖτ. for ὁμόπολις.

ὁμορράζω, = ὁμόρρυνμι, to wipe off.

ὁμόρρυν, Ep. for ὁμόρρυν, 3 sing. impf. of ὈΜΟΡΡΥΝΤ' ΜΙ, fut. ὁμόρρω:—Med., aor. I ὁμορράξω:—to wipe, to wipe off, dry up:—Med. to dry for oneself; δάκρυα ὁμόρρασαι to dry one's tears.

ὁμορράμενος, aor. I part. med. of ὁμόρρυνμι.

ὁμορέω Ion. ὁμοურέω, to have the same boundaries with, to border on. From

ὁμο-ρος Ion. ἕμορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ὄρος) having the same borders, bordering on, Lat. finitimus:—as Subst., ἕμορος, ὁ, a neighbour, borderer: τὸ ἕμορον neighbourhood.

ὁμορροθέω, f. ἦσω, to row together: generally, to agree with, agree together. And

ὁμορροθίος, ον, rowing or swimming together. From ὁμόρ-ροθος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, ῥοθέω) rowing together: generally, acting together.

ὈΜΟΨ, ἡ, ὄν, one and the same: belonging to two or more jointly, common, joint, Lat. communis. (Akin to ψα: hence ὁμοιος, ὁμάς, ὕμω, ὁμοῦ, ὁμῆ, ὁμόθεν, ὁμόσε.)

ὁμόσια, ὁμόσας, aor. I inf. and part. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμόσε, Adv. (ὁμός) to one and the same place, to the same spot: ὁμόσε ἵεσθαι, in hostile sense, to come to close quarters, Lat. comminus pugnare; ὁμόσε ἵεσθαι τοῖς ἐχθροῖς to go to meet the enemy.

ὁμο-σθενής, ἐς, (ὁμοῦ, σθένος) of equal might.

ὁμοσιτέω, f. ἦσω, to eat or live together with. From

ὁμό-σιτος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σίτος) eating together.

ὁμό-σκενος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκενή) arrayed in the same way.

ὁμοσκηνία, ἡ, a living in the same tent. From ὁμό-σκηνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σκηνή) living in the same tent, Lat. contubernalis.

ὁμο-σκηνώ, f. ὦσα, to live in the same tent with.

ὁμό-σπλαγχνος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπλάγχνα) from the same womb, of the same mother.

ὁμό-σπονδος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπονδή) sharing in the drink-offering, sharing the same cup: bound by treaty.

ὁμό-σπορος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, σπείρω) sown together: sprung from the same parents or ancestors.

ὁμόσσαι, ὁμόσας, Ep. for ὁμόσα, ὁμόσας.

ὁμο-στίχως, ὁμοῦ, (ὁμόσ, στείχω) to walk together with.

ὁμό-στολος, ον, (ὁμοῦ, στέλλω) sent together with,

in company with. II. (ὁμοῦ, στολή) *clad alike* : of the same kind.

ὁμό-τάφος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τάφος) *buried together.*

ὁμό-τεχνος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τέχνη) *practising the same craft* : as Subst., ὁμότεχνος, ὁ, *a fellow-workman.*

ὁμό-τιμος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τιμή) *equally honoured, held in equal honour* : οἱ ὁμότιμοι among the Persians, the chief nobles who were equal among themselves, the piers of the realm.

ὁμό-τοιχος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τοίχος) *having one common wall, separated by a party wall* : metaph. *hardly different from.*

ὁμό-τράπεζος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τράπεζα) *sitting or eating at the same table with.*

ὁμό-τρόπος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τρόπος) *of the same habits* : ὁμότροπα ἤθεα like habits :—as Subst., ὁμότροπος, ὁ, *a comparison.*

ὁμό-τροφος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, τρέφω) *brought up or bred together with* ; ὁμότροφα τοῖσι ἀνθρώποισι θηρία *beasts brought up with men.*

ὁμοῦ, Adv. (properly neut. gen. of ὁμός), *together, of Place* :—also *together, at once* ; γαῖαν ὁμοῦ καὶ πόντον *earth and sea together.* 2. *together with, along with* ; c. dat., ὁμοῦ νεκέσσει *with or among the dead.* 3. *near, hard by* ; nearly, almost. 4.

ὁμοῦ καὶ, *in like manner as, just like as, Lat. aequè ac.*

ὁμοῦμαι, fut. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμοῦρος, ἴμοῦρος, Ion. for ὁμορέω, ὕμορος.

ὁμό-φοιτος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, φοιτάω) *going together with* : as Subst., ὁμόφοιτος, ὁ, *a companion.*

ὁμοφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (ὁμόφρων) *to be of one mind with* ; πόλεμος ὁμοφρονέω *a war resolved on unanimously.*

ὁμοφροσύνη, ἡ, *a being of the same mind, unity.* From ὁμό-φρων, *ovos*, ὁ, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, φρήν) *of one mind, agreeing in sentiments, united.*

ὁμο-φυής, ἑς, (ὁμοῦ, φυή) *of the same age or nature.*

ὁμό-φύλος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, φύλον) *of the same race or people* : as Subst., ὁμόφυλοι, οἱ, *men of the same race* : τὸ ὁμόφυλον *sameness of race.*

ὁμοφωνέω, f. ἦσω, *to speak the same language with.* 2. *to chime in with.* From

ὁμό-φωνος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, φωνή) *speaking the same language with.* 2. *agreeing in tone, in unison with.*

ὁμο-χροία, ἡ, (ὁμοῦ, χροία) *sameness of colour.* II. *smoothness of surface* : the surface, skin.

ὁμοχρονέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep time with.* From ὁμόχρονος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, χρόνος) *of the same time with.*

ὁμό-χρους, *ov*, contr. -χρους, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, χροία) *of the same colour.*

ὁμό-ψηφος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, ψηφος) *having one.* II. *having an equal right to vote with.*

ὁμῶ, f. ὠσω, (ὁμός) *to join together, unite* :—Pass., aor. I ὠμῶθη, *to be united.*

*ΟΜΙΝΗ, ἡ, *corn, food.*

ὁμπνιακός, ἡ, ὄν, = ὁμπνιος.

ὁμπνιος, α, *ov*, (ὁμπνη) *of or from corn, nourishing, thriving, large* :—Ὀμπνιά [ᾶ], ἡ, *a name of Ceres, as the mother of corn.*

ὁμφάκias, *ov*, ὁ, (ὄμφαξ) *wine made from unripe grapes.* II. metaph. as masc. Adj. *harsh, austere, bitter, crabbed.*

ὁμφάκο-ράξ, ἄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄμφαξ, ῥάξ) *with sour or unripe grapes.*

ὁμφάλιος, *ov*, (ὁμφαλός) *belonging to the navel* : as Subst., ὁμφάλιον, τό, = ὁμφαλός. 2. *having a boss, like a boss.*

ὁμφάλοις, ἑσσα, *ev*, (ὁμφαλός) *having a navel or boss* ; ἀσπίς ὁμφαλόεσσα *a shield with a central boss.*

*ΟΜΦΑΛΟΨ, οὔ, ὁ, *the navel, Lat. umbilicus.* II. *anything like a navel* : the raised knob or boss in the middle of the shield, Lat. *umbo.* 2. *a knob on the horse's yoke to fasten the reins to.* 3.

the centre : so Calypso's island Ogygia is called ὁμφαλὸς θαλάσσης, *the navel or centre of the sea* ; and Delphi was called ὁμφαλός *as the navel or centre of Earth.*

*ΟΜΦΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, *an unripe grape.* 2. metaph. *a young girl.*

ὁμφή, ἡ, *a divine voice, opp. to αἰδή* : *a prophecy, oracle, warning voice* : any token conveying divine intimation : later, *tuneful voice, melody.* II. *fame, report* ; σὴ ὁμφή *the report about thee.*

ὁμωθῆναι, aor. I inf. pass. of ὁμῶ.

ὁμ-ῶλαξ, *akos*, ὁ, ἡ, = ὁμῶλαξ.

ὁμῶμοκα, pf. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμῶσμαι, 3 sing. ὁμῶμομαι, pf. pass. of ὁμνυμι.

ὁμ-ἄνυμος, α, *ov*, and ὁμ-ἄνυμος, *ov*, (ὁμός, ὄνομα) *having the same name* :—as Subst., ὁμἄνυμος, ὁ, ἡ, *a namesake.* II. *ambiguous, equivocal.*

ὁμ-ἄροφος, *ov*, and ὁμ-ἄροφος, *ov*, (ὁμοῦ, ὄροφή) *living under the same roof with.*

ὁμῶς, Adv. of ὁμός, *equally, alike, in equal parts, Lat. pariter.* 2. *like ὁμοῦ, together, at once, alike.* II. c. dat. *like as, equally with, Lat. pariter ac* ; ἐχθρὸς ὁμῶς Ἀἰδαο πύλῃσι *hated like the gates of Hell.*

ὁμῶς, Conj. (ὁμός) *nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet, still, Lat. tamen* ; ὁμῶς μὴν or μέντοι *but still, for all that* :—ὁμῶς is in Att. often joined with a part, Lat. *quavis, κλῆθι μου ποσῶν ὁμῶς* *hear me although thou art diseased.*

ὁμ-ἰαχέτης, *ov*, ὁ, (ὁμός, ἔχω) *holding or dwelling together* ; θεοὶ ὁμωχέται *gods worshipped in the same temple.*

ὄν-ἄγος, ὁ, Dor. and Att. for ὄνηγός.

ὄν-ἄγος, ὁ, (ὄνος, ἄγος) *the wild ass.*

ὄναιμη, ὄναιο, ὄναιτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of ὄνιμη.

*ΟΝΑΨ, τό, *a dream, vision in sleep*, opp. to a waking vision (ὕπαρ) : only used in nom. and acc. (ὄνειρος and ὄνειρον being used in the other cases) :—

proverb. of anything fleeting or unreal, σκίῶς ὄναρ *the dream of a shadow.* II. in Att., ὄναρ was mostly used as an Adv., *in a dream, in sleep* ; οὐδὲ ὄναρ *not even in a dream* : often opp. to ὕπαρ, ὄναρ ἡ ὕπαρ *ζῆν to live in a dream or awake.*

ὄνάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄνος, *a young ass.*

ὄνασεῖ, Dor. for *ὄνησει*, 3 sing. fut. of *ὄννημι*.

ὄνασθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. *ὄννημι*.

ὄνασις, Dor. for *ὄνησις*.

ὄναρ, τό, gen. *ὄνεάτος*, (*ὄννημι*) anything that profits or is *helpful, advantage, succour*: a refreshment, refection: plur. *ὄνεάτα*, food, victuals.

ὄνειδεος, ον, (*ὄνειδος*) reproachful: disgraceful.

ὄνειδίζω, f. *ίσω* Att. *ῶ*: aor. I *ἄνειδισα*: pf. *ἄνειδικα*:—Pass., with fut. med. *ὄνειδιούμαι* (*ὄνειδος*):—to throw a reproach upon, cast in one's teeth, object or impute something to one, Lat. *obscire*. 2. to reproach, upbraid.

ὄνειδισμα, τό, (*ὄνειδίζω*) a reproach.

ὄνειδισμός, ὁ, (*ὄνειδίζω*) a reproaching: reproach.

ὄνειδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ὄνειδίζω*) a reproacher, upbraider: as masc. Adj. reproachful.

***ΟΝΕΙΑΔΟΣ**, τό, any report or character, whether good or bad, like Lat. *fama*: but commonly, reproach, blame. 2. matter of reproach, a reproach, disgrace.

ὄνεος, ον, (*ὄνος*) of an ass; *ὄνειον γάλα* ass's milk.

ὄνεράτα, τά, used as pl. of *ὄνειρον*.

ὄνειρειος, α, ον, (*ὄνειρος*) dreamy, of dreams; ἐν *ὄνειρείσι* πύλῃσι at the gates of dreams.

ὄνειρο-κριτής, ου, ὁ, (*ὄνειρος*, *κριτής*) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (*ὄνειρος*, *μάντις*) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρον, τό, collat. form of *ὄνειρος*, a dream: the pl. mostly in use is *ὄνειρατα*, -άτων, -ασι: and from this a sing. gen. and dat., *ὄνειρατος*, -ατι were formed, as if from a nom. *ὄνειραρ*.

ὄνειροπολέω, f. *ήσω*, to be absorbed in dreams: c. acc. to dream of, as, *ἵππους* of horses. II. to cheat by dreams. From

ὄνειρο-πόλος, ον, (*ὄνειρος*, *πολέω*) versed in dreams: as Subst., *ὄνειροπόλος*, ὁ, an interpreter of dreams.

***ΟΝΕΙΡΟΣ**, ὁ, a dream: also the subject of a dream: cf. *ὄναρ*, *ὄνειρον*. 2. as prop. n., ***Ονειρος**, god of dreams.

ὄνειρο-σκοπός, ον, (*ὄνειρος*, *σκοπέω*) an interpreter of dreams.

ὄνειρό-φαντος, ον, (*ὄνειρος*, *φαίνομαι*) appearing in dreams, haunting one's dreams.

ὄνειρό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*ὄνειρος*, *φρήν*) understanding dreams.

ὄνειρώσω Att. -πτω, (*ὄνειρος*) to dream.

ὄνευω, (*ὄνος* II) to draw up with a windlass, to haul up.

ὄν-ηγός Dor. ὄν-αγός, ὁ, (*ὄνος*, *ηγέομαι*) an ass-driver.

ὄν-ηλάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὁ, (*ὄνος*, *ελαίνω*) an ass-driver.

ὄνημενος, aor. 2 part. med. of *ὄννημι*; *ὄνησα*, Ep. for *ὄνησα*, aor. I; *ὄνήσει*, 3 sing. fut.

ὄνήσιμος, ον, (*ὄνησις*) useful, profitable: aiding, succouring.

ὄνησις, εως, ἡ, (*ὄννημι*) profit, advantage, service: enjoyment, delight.

***ΟΝΘΟΣ**, ὁ, dirt, dung.

ὄνια, ἡ, Accl. for *ἄνια*.

ὄνδιον, τό, Dim. of *ὄνος*, a little ass, donkey.

ὄνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ὄνος*) of or for an ass; *ὄνικος μύλος* a mill-stone turned by an ass, larger than the stones of the common hand-mills.

ὄννημι, *ὄνηης*, *ὄνησι*, inf. *ὄννᾶναι* [ᾶ], part. *ὄννας*: fut. *ὄνησῶ*: aor. I *ἄνησα*: as if from obsol. ***ΟΝΕ**/Ω:—Med. and Pass. *ὄννᾶμαι*, impf. *ὄννᾶμην*:

fut. *ὄνησομαι*: aor. 2 *ἄνημην*, -ησο, -ητο, or *ὠνάμην*;

imperat. *ἄνησο*, opt. *ὄναιμην*, inf. *ὄνασθαι*, part. *ὄνήμενος*: aor. I *ἄνήθη*. I. Act. to profit, benefit, help, support; and, like Lat. *juvo*, to gratify, delight.

II. Med. to have profit or advantage, to enjoy help; esp. to have delight or enjoyment: c. gen. to enjoy, have enjoyment or pleasure of a thing. 2. freq. in aor. 2 opt. *ὄναιμην*, αιο, αιτο, to express good wishes, *ὄντως ὄναιμην* so may I thrive! *ὄναιο*, Lat. *sis felix!* mayest thou be happy! also with *χάριν*, *ὄναιο τοῦ γενναίου χάριν* bless thee for thy noble spirit: so also in phrase *ἔσθλός μοι δοκεῖ εἶναι*, *ὄνήμενος* (sub. *εἴη* or *ἔστω*), he seems brave, may be fortunate!—also ironical, *ὄναιο μὲν τῶν εἶ τις ἐκπλυνεῖ σε* you would however be the better for it, if one were to wash you.

ὄνις, ἴδος, ἡ, (*ὄνος*) ass's dung.

ὄνοιτο, 3 sing. pres. opt. of *ὄνομαι*.

***ΟΝΟΜΑ**, ἄτος, τό, Ion. *ὄνομα* Accl. *ὄνῦμα*:—Lat. *NOMEN*, a name; *ὄνομα θεῖναι τι* to give one a name; *ὄνομα φέρεσθαι* to bear a name; *ὄνομα καλεῖν τινα* to call one by a name.

II. name, fame, report, whether good or bad. III. name, as opp. to reality, esp. opp. to *ἔργον*, like *λόγος*. 2. a false name, pretence, pretext; *ἐπ' ὄνομαι* under the pretence.

IV. *ὄνομα* is also used with the names of persons, for the person, like *κᾶρα*, as *ὃ φίλτατον ὄνομα Πολυαἰκούς*.

V. a word, expression: a saying. VI. in Grammar, a noun, Lat. *nomen*, opp. to *ῥῆμα*, Lat. *verbum*, a verb.

ὄνομάζω Ion. ὄνομαῖζω: fut. *ὄνομάσω* Accl. *ὄνομάξω*: aor. I *ἄνομασα*: pf. *ἄνομακα*:—Pass., aor. I *ἄνομασθην*: pf. *ἄνομασμαι* (*ὄνομα*):—to name, speak of, call or address by name. 2. to name or speak of, as opp. to doing, as *ὄνομα* opp. to *ἔργον*.

3. to call one by a name, *ὄνομαζέιν τινα τι*; also *σοφιστῆν ὄνομαζοῦσιν τὸν ἄνδρα εἶναι* they call the man a sophist by name: *ὄνομάζειν ἀπὸ* or *ἐκ τινος* to name or call from or after another; so also *ἐπὶ τινος* or *τινι*:—Med. to have one called by a name, name:—Pass. to be called by a name.

***ΟΝΟΜΑΙ**, 2 sing. *ὄνοσαι*, 3 pl. *ὄνονται*; imperat. *ὄνοσο*, 3 sing. opt. *ὄνοιτο*: fut. *ὄνόσομαι* Ep. *ὄνόσομαι*: aor. I *ἄνοσάμην*, opt. *ὄνοσάμην*, αιο, αιτο, Ep. inf. *ὄνόσοσασθαι*; also aor. I pass. *ἄνόσθη*: Homer has also Ep. 2 pl. pres. *ὄνοσθε*, 3 sing. aor. I *ἄνατο*: Dep. —to blame, reject, find fault, be discontented with, scorn: c. gen., *οὐδ' ὡς σε* *ἔοιλα ὄνόσοσθα* κακόητος not even thus do I fancy that thou wilt be discontented with thy ill fortune.

δομοαῖνω: fut. *δομοῖμαι* Ion. *δομομανέω*: aor. I *δωμόμηναι* Ep. *δωμόμηναι*: (*δομομα*):—poët. for. *δομομάζω*, to name, call by name, Lat. *nomino*: also, to give a name to, call by a name. 2. to promise to do. 3. to name, appoint. 4. to pronounce, utter.

δομομα-κλήδην, Adv. (*δομομα, καλέω*) calling by name, by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

δομομα-κλυτός, *όν*, (*δομομα, κλυτός*) of famous name, renowned. II. act. celebrating.

δομομαστῖ, Adv. (*δομομάζω*) by name, Lat. *nominatim*.

δομομαστός Ion. *όνν*· *ή*, *όν*, (*δομομάζω*) named: to be named, to be mentioned. II. of name or note,

famous, glorious: of things, memorable.

δομοματο-λόγος, *ός*, (*δομομα, λέγω*) one who tells people's names, Lat. *nomenclator*.

δωμόμηναι, Ep. aor. I of *δομοαῖνω*.

ὄνοσος, *ός* and *ή*, an ass, Lat. *asinus, asina*: Proverbs: *περὶ ὄνου σιάδος* for an ass's shadow, like Lat. *de lana caprina*, i. e. for a mere trifle: *ὄνου πόκινα* ass's wool, like *ὄρνιθων γάλα*, of something not existing. II. from the ass being a beast of burden,

the name was applied to, 1. a winlass, crane, pulley. 2. the upper millstone. III. a beaker,

wine-cup, prob. from its shape.

ὄνοσσομένους, Ep. aor. I med. part. of *δομομα*.

ὄνοσσοσθαι, Ep. for *δονοσσεσθαι*, fut. inf. of *δομομα*.

ὄνοστός, *ή*, *όν*, (*δομομα*) to be blamed or scorned.

ὄνοστάζω, like *δομομα*, to blame, rail at.

ὄνοστός, *ή*, *όν*, for *ὄνοστός*.

ὄνο-φορβός, *όν*, (*ὄνος, φέρβω*) an ass-keeper.

ὄντα, *τά*, pl. part. neut. of *εἶμι*, the things which actually exist, the present, opp. to the past and future:—also reality, truth. II. that which one has, property, fortune.

ὄντως, Adv. part. of *εἶμι* *sum*, really, actually.

ὄνυμα, *τό*, Aeol. for *ὄνομα*. Hence

ὄνυμάζω, *δονομαῖνω*, Aeol. for *δομομα*.

ὄνυξ, *ἄχος*, *ός*, dat. pl. *όνυξι* Ep. *ὄνυχου*: I. in pl. the talons of a bird of prey: also in sing., of beasts of prey, a claw of human beings, a nail, Lat. *unguis*; of cattle, a hoof; *ὄνυχας ἐπ' ἀκροῦ στήνης* to stand on tiptoe, Lat. *summis digitis*. 2. ἐξ ἀπαλῶν *ὄνυχων*, Horace's *de tenero ungui*, from a tender age. II.

a gem streaked with veins, an onyx: also any vessel made of it.

ὄνυχου, Ep. dat. pl. of *ὄνυξ*.

ὄξ-άλμη, *ή*, (*ὄξος, ἀλμη*) a sauce made of vinegar and brine.

ὄξαι, Ion. for *ὄξαια*, fem. of *ὄξός*:—ὄξέει, dat. pl. of *ὄξος*, Adv. of *ὄξός*, sharply.

ὄξηρός, *ά*, *όν*, (*ὄξος*) of or for vinegar; κέραμος *ὄξηρός* a jar for vinegar.

ὄξίνης [ῖ], *ου*, *ός*, (*ὄξος*) sour, of wine. 2. metaph. sour-tempered, crabbed.

ὄξίς, *ίδος*, *ή*, (*ὄξος*) a vinegar-cruet, Lat. *acetabulum*. II. a sort of sbrimp.

ὄξος, *εος*, *τό*, (*ὄξός*) sour wine: vinegar, Lat. *acetum*.

ΟΞΥΓΑ or *ὄξυγῆ*, *ή*, a kind of beech. II. a spear-shaft made from its wood: generally, a spear.

ὄξυ-βάφων, *τό*, (*ὄξός*, *βάπτω*) a vinegar-saucer, Lat. *acetabulum*: a shallow dish or saucer.

ὄξυ-βελής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *βέλος*) sharp-pointed: generally, pointed, rough.

ὄξυ-βόας and *ὄξυ-βόης*, *ου*, *ός*, (*ὄξός*, *βοάω*) sbrill-screaming: sharp-buzzing.

ὄξυ-γῶσος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *γῶσος*) sbrill-wailing.

ὄξυ-δερκής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *δέρκομαι*) sharp-sighted, quick-sighted: Sup. *ὄξυδερεκέστατος*.

ὄξυ-δουπος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *δοῦπος*) sharp-sounding, sbrill-sounding.

ὄξυ-έθειρος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *ἔθειρα*) with sharp, pointed hair: irreg. plur. *ὄξυέθειρες*.

ὄξυ-ήκτος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *ήγω*) sharp-edged, sharp-pointed: metaph. sharply goaded.

ὄξυθυμέω, f. *ήσω*, (*ὄξυθυμος*) to be quick to anger, quick-tempered:—also as Pass. to be provoked. Hence

ὄξυθυμία, *ή*, quickness to anger, cholera.

ὄξυ-θυμός, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *θυμός*) quick to anger, quick-tempered, passionate, choleric.

ὄξυ-κάριδος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *καρδία*) quick-tempered.

ὄξυ-κίνητος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *κινέω*) moved quickly. [ῖ]

ὄξυ-κομος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *κόμη*) with pointed hair: of plants, with prickly leaves.

ὄξυ-κωκύτος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *κωκῶ*) loudly wailed.

ὄξυλαβείω, (*ὄξυλαβής*) to seize quickly: to seize the opportunity.

ὄξυ-λαβής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *λαβείν*) seizing quickly.

ὄξυ-λάλος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *λάλέω*) glib-tongued.

ὄξυ-μελής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *μέλω*) clear-singing.

ὄξυ-μέριμος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *μέριμνα*) keenly laboured or studied.

ὄξυ-μήνιτος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *μηνίω*) quickly roused to wrath; *φόνος ὄξυμήνιτος* murder in hot blood.

ὄξυ-μολπος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *μολπή*) clear-singing.

ὄξυ-μωπος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *μωπος*) pointedly foolish:—as Subst., *ὄξυμωρον, τό*, a remark that seems to contradict itself, a paradox, such as, *insaniens sapientia* or *concordia discors*.

ὄξυνθείς, aor. I part. pass. of *ὄξύνω*.

ὄξυντήρ, *ήρος*, *ός*, a sharpener. From

ὄξύνω, f. *ὄνώ*, (*ὄξός*) to make sharp or pointed, to sharpen. 2. metaph. to spur on, simulate, sharpen: also to provoke:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὄξυόεις, *εσσα*, *εν*, poët. for *ὄξός*, sharp-pointed: or from *ὄξαι* with beechen shaft.

ὄξυ-ὄστρακος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *ὄστρακον*) with a sharp jagged shell.

ὄξυ-παγής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *παγῆναι*) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πευκής, *ές*, (*ὄξός*, *πέυκη*) sharp-pointed.

ὄξυ-πούς, *ός*, *ή*, *πουν*, *τό*, gen. *ποδος*, (*ὄξός*, *πούς*) swift-footed.

ὄξυ-πρωπος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *πρόφα*) having a sharp brow: generally, with a sharp front or point.

ὄξυ-ρεπής, *ές*, poët. for *ὄξυρεπής*, = *δξύρροπος*.

ὄξυρ-ροπος, *ον*, (*ὄξός*, *ρέπω*) quick-turning, nicely

poised, of a delicate balance; easily swayed: metaph. easily roused or led on, Lat. *propensus*.

ῶΞΥΣ, δξεία Ion. δξέα, δξύ, *sbarp, keen, pointed*; λίθος δξύς a *sharpened stone for a knife*; ἐς δὲδ ἄπυγ-μένον brought to a point; τὸ δξύ the *sharp point or vertex* of a triangle. II. of impressions on the senses, *sbarp, keen, piercing*; of the sun, like *rapidus sol* in Virgil, *dazzling*. 2. of sight, *keen, piercing*; δξύτατον δέρκεσθαι to be most keen of sight; δξύ ἀκούειν to be quick of hearing. 3. of sound, *sbarp, shrill*, opp. to βαρύς. 4. of taste, *sbarp, pungent*. 5. of pain or grief, *sbarp, piercing*.

III. *quick, sbarp, keen, hasty*, esp. *quick to anger*. IV. of motion, *quick, swift*.—Besides Adv. δξέως, the neut. δξύ, and pl. δξέες, are often used as Adv. *sbarply*, etc. δξύ-στομος, *ov*, (δξύς, στόμα) *sbarp-toothed*; of the gad-fly, *sbarp-stinging*; of a sword, *keen-edged*. δξύ-τενής, *és*, (δξύς, τένω) = δξύτονος. δξύτης, ητος, ή, (δξύς) *sbarpness, pointedness*. II. of sound, *bigbness of pitch or tone*. 2. of taste, *pungency*. III. metaph. *sbarpness, cleverness*. 2. of action, *quickness, haste*.

δξύ-τόμος, *ov*, (δξύς, τεμείν) *sbarp-cutting, keen*. δξύ-τονος, *ov*, (δξύς, τόνος) *stretched to a point*: *sbarp, piercing*; violent. II. *having the acute accent*, i. e. accent on the last syllable, *oxytone*. δξύ-τόρος, *ov*, (δξύς, τέρω) *piercing, pointed, prickly*. δξύ-φθογγος, *ov*, (δξύς, φθόγγος) = δξύφωφος.

δξύ-φρων, *ovos, ó, ή*, (δξύς, φρήν) *sbarp-witted*. δξύ-φωφος, *ov*, (δξύς, φωνή) *with clear, shrill voice*. δξύ-χειρ, *χειρος, ó, ή*, (δξύς, χείρ) *quick of hand*. 2. δξύχειρ κτύπος a sound of *quick-beating with the hands*. δξύ-χολος, *ov*, (δξύς, χόλος) *quick to anger*. δξύ-ωπής, *és*, (δξύς, ὦψ) *sbarp-sighted*.

δου, Ep. for οὐ, gen. of ὄς or ὄ. ὄπα, Dor. for ὄπη. ὄπαδος, ὄπαδός, Dor. for ὄπηδέω: ὄπηδός, an attendant.

ῶΠΑ'ΩΩ, f. ὄπάσω Ep. ὄπάσω: aor. I ὄπᾶσα Ep. ὄπασα:—Med., Ep. fut. ὄπάσομαι, Ep. aor. I ὄπασαμην:—to make to follow, *give as a companion or follower*; πολὺν λαὸν ὄπάειν τινί to give him much people to follow, i. e. *make him leader over many*:—Med. to make another follow one, *take as a companion or follower*. II. of things, *kúdos ὄπάειν τινί to give him glory to follow*:—to add, attach, annex to:—generally, to give, grant, bestow; ἔργον πρὸς ἀσπίδι ὄπάειν to put a work of art on the shield.

III. to follow, pursue, press hard: absol. to force one's way:—Pass., χεϊμόρπου ὄπαζόμενος Διὸς ὄμβρω a torrent forced on (i. e. swollen with) the rain.

ὄπατος, *α, ov*, (ὄπη) *with a hole or opening*: as Subst., ὄπατον, τό, a hole in the roof.

ὄπανικά, Dor. for ὄπηνικά. ὄπάσαιμι, aor. I opt. of ὄπάω. ὄπάσασε, ὄπάσατο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I act. and med. of ὄπάω.

ὄπάσσει, Ep. for ὄπάσει, 2 sing. fut. med. of ὄπάω. ὄ-πατρος, *ov*, for ὄμó-πατρος, (ὄμóς, πατήρ) *by the same father*. ὄπάων [ᾶ], *ovos*, Ion. ὄπέων, -έωνος, ὄ, (ὄπάω) like ὄπηδός, a companion, comrade, esp. in war: later a servant, attendant.

ῶΠΕΑ'Σ, ἄτος, τό, an awl, Lat. *subula*: Aeol. ὕπεας, which is the usual form. ὄπερ, Ep. for ὄσπερ. ὄπέων, *ovos, ó*, Ion. for ὄπάων.

ῶΠΗ', ης, ή, an opening, hole: a hole in the roof, for a chimney. ὄπη Ep. ὄπηη Dor. ὄπᾶ Ion. ὄκη, Adv. of Place, by which way, Lat. *qua*, and so where, like ὄπου, Lat. *ubi*: also like ὄποι, *whither*, Lat. *quo*. 2. c. gen., ὄπη γᾶς, Lat. *quo terrarum? to which part of the land?* also like Lat. *ubi terrarum? where?* II. of Manner, in what way? how?

ὄπηδέω, Dor. ὄπαδέω, to follow, accompany, attend, go with another. From ὄπηδός, ὄν, Dor. ὄπαδός, (ὄπάω) accompanying, attending: and as Subst. ὄπηδός, ὄ, an attendant.

ὄπηνικά, Adv. when, at what time. II. since, Lat. *quoniam*.

ὄπις, *ov, ó*, (ὄπος) *cheese made from milk curdled with fig-juice (ὄπος)*: in full τυρός ὄπις.

ὄπιζομαι, f. -ίσομαι: Dep.: (ὄπις):—to have respect for, care for, regard: to stand in awe of, dread, fear: also to reverence, honour, obey.

ὄπιθε and ὄπιθεν, Adv., poet. for ὄπισθε, ὄπισθεν. ὄπιθόμυβροτος, *ov*, poet. for ὄπισθόμυβροτος, (ὄπιθε, βροτός) coming after a mortal; ὄπιθόμυβροτον αὐχῆμο the glory that lives after men.

ῶΠκοί, *oi*, the Opicians, an ancient people of Italy: Adj. ῶΠκόος, ή, ὄν, ancient, barbarous, Gothic.

ὄπιπτέω, f. σω, (*ὄπιτομαι) to look around after, gaze curiously at: generally, to observe, watch.

ὄπις, ἴδος, ή, acc. ὄπιν or ὄπιδα, (ὄψ) regard paid to a person or thing: I. in bad sense, vengeance, punishment; ὄπις θεῶν the vengeance of the gods. 2. in good sense, reward, favour, regard. 3. awe, veneration, respect, Lat. *reverentia*.

ὄπισθα, Adv., Aeol. and Dor. for ὄπισθε. ὄπισθε, and before a vowel ὄπισθεν, Ep. ὄπιθε, ὄπιθεν: (ὄπις): Lat. *pone*: I. of Place, after, behind, opp. to πρόσθε in front; οἱ ὄπισθε those left behind; οἱ ὄπισθε λόγοι the remaining books; τὸ or τὰ ὄπισθεν the binder parts, rear, back; εἰς τοῦπι-σθεν back, backwards. 2. as Prep. with gen., behind: also inferior, second to. II. of Time, after, in future, hereafter.

ὄπισθιος, *α, ov*, also *os, ov*, (ὄπισθιος) binder, Lat. *posticus*: ὄπ. κέλεα the bind-legs.

ὄπισθο-βάμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (ὄπισθε, βαίνω) walking backwards. [ᾶ]

ὄπισθό-γράφος, *ov*, (ὄπισθε, γράφω) written on the back or cover.

ὀπισθό-δετος, *ον*, (ὄπισθε, δέω) *bound behind or backwards.*

ὀπισθό-δομος, *ὸ*, (ὄπισθε, δόμος) *the back chamber of a temple: at Athens the cella of the old temple of Athena in the citadel, used as the treasury.*

ὀπισθο-νόμος, *ον*, (ὄπισθε, νέμω) *grazing backwards, of certain cattle with large horns slanting forwards.*

ὀπισθο-νύγης, *ἑς*, (ὄπισθε, νυγῆναι) *pricking from behind.*

ὀπισθό-πους, *ὸ*, *ἡ*, *πουν*, *τό*, *gen.* ποδος, (ὄπισθε, πούς) *walking behind, following, attendant.*

ὀπισθοφύλαξ, *ἡ*, *ὄσω*, (ὀπισθοφύλαξ) *to guard the rear, form the rear-guard.* II. *to command the rear-guard.* Hence

ὀπισθοφύλαξια, *ἡ*, *the command of the rear.*

ὀπισθο-φύλαξ, *ἄκος*, *ὸ*, *ἡ*, (ὄπισθε, φύλαξ) *one who watches behind: οἱ ὀπισθοφύλακες the rear-guard of an army.*

ὀπίσσω, *Adv.*, *Ep.* for ὀπίσω.

ὀπίστατος, *ἡ*, *ον*, (ὄπισθε) *bindmost, Lat. postremus.*

ὀπίσω *Ep.* ὀπίσσω, *Adv.* (ὀπισ) of Place, *behind, backwards: τὸ ὀπίσω, contr. τοῦπίσω, also εἰς τοῦπίσω, backwards.* 2. as *Prep.* with *gen.* after, *behind.* II. of Time, *afterwards, hereafter.* III. *over again, again.* [τ]

ὀπλᾶς, *Dor.* for ὀπλῆς, *gen.* of ὀπλή.

ὀπλέω, (ὄπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίω, *to make ready.*

ὀπλή, *ἡ*, (ὄπλον) *a hoof, properly the solid hoof of a horse: but also the cloven hoof of horned cattle.*

ὀπλήεις, *ἑσσα*, *εν*, (ὄπλον) *armed.*

ὄπλητες, *οἱ*, = ὀπλίται, *name of one of the four old tribes at Athens.*

ὀπλίω, *ἡ*, *ἰσώ* *Att. ἰώ:* *aor.* ὤπλισα *Ep.* ὤπλισσα:—*Med.*, *Ep.* *aor.* ἰ ὤπλισσάμην:—*Pass.*, *aor.* ἰ ὤπλισθην, *Ep.* 3 *pl.* ὤπλισθεν: *pf.* ὤπλισμαι:—*to make or get ready: of meats, to dress: so in Med., δόρπον ὀπλίξασθαι to prepare one a meal: of horses, to get ready, harness: of soldiers, to equip, arm, harness: also, to train, exercise.* 2. *to arm as ὀπλίται.* II.

Pass. *to get ready, be ready: to arm, prepare for battle.* Hence

ὀπλίσις, *ἡ*, *a preparing for war, equipment, accoutrement, arming.*

ὀπλισμα, *ατος*, *τό*, (ὀπλίω) *equipment, armour.* II. *an army, armament.*

ὀπλισμός, *ὸ*, *δ*, (ὀπλίω) = ὀπλισις.

ὀπλιστέον, *verb. Adj.* of ὀπλίω, *one must arm.*

ὀπλιστής, *οὐ*, *ὸ*, (ὀπλίω) *of a warrior.*

ὀπλιτ-ἄγωγός, *ὄν*, (ὀπλίτης, ἄγω) *commanding the heavy-armed.*

ὀπλιτεύω, *ἡ*, *ὄσω*, *to be an ὀπλίτης, serve as a heavy-armed soldier.* From

ὀπλίτης [τ], *ου*, *ὸ*, (ὄπλον π. 2) *heavy-armed, armed in full armour: ὀπλίτης στρατός an armed host.* II.

as *Subst.*, ὀπλίτης, *ου*, *ὸ*, *a heavy-armed foot-soldier, who carried a pike (δόρυ), and a large shield (ὄπλον),*

a man-at-arms: opp. to light-armed troops, ψιλοί or γυμνήτες, γυμνήται. Hence

ὀπλιτικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, *of or for a heavy-armed soldier: τὸ ὀπλιτικόν, = οἱ ὀπλίται.*

ὄπλομαι, *Med.* (ὄπλον) *poët.* for ὀπλίζομαι, *to get ready for oneself.*

ὄπλομάνεω, *ἡ*, *ὄσω*, *to be madly fond of arms, have a mania for war.* From

ὄπλο-μάνης, *ἑς*, (ὄπλον, μανῆναι) *madly fond of arms.*

ὄπλομαχία, *ἡ*, *the art of using heavy arms: generally, the art of war, tactics.* From

ὄπλο-μάχος, *ον*, (ὄπλα, μάχομαι) *fighting in heavy arms.* II. *one who drills soldiers.*

ὄπλιον, *τό*, *any tool or implement: I. a ship's tackling, cordage, cables, ropes, cords: ὄπλα χαλκήνια a blacksmith's tools: ἀρούρης ὄπλον a sickle: ὄπλον γερωντικόν a staff.* II. *mostly in plur.*

implements of war, arms whether offensive or defensive, harness, armour: rarely in sing. a weapon: ἐν ὄπλοις μένειν to remain under arms. 2. *in sing., mostly the heavy shield used by Greek foot-soldiers, whence the name ὀπλίται.* 3. *τὰ ὄπλα, = ὀπλίται, heavy-armed soldiers.* 4. *τὰ ὄπλα also, the camp, quarters.*

ὄπλοτερος, *α*, *ον*, and ὄπλότατος, *ἡ*, *ον*, *Comp.* and *Sup.* without any *Posit.* in use: *poët.* for νεώτερος, νεώτατος: (ὄπλα)—*those more or most capable of bearing arms, the youth, the men fit for service, opp. to the old men and children:—then, generally, of age, ὄπλοτερος γενεῆ younger by birth, Lat. minor natu:—also, ἀνδρες ὄπλοτεροι men of later days.*

ὄπλοφορέω, *ἡ*, *ὄσω*, *to bear heavy arms, be a heavy-armed soldier:—Pass.* *to have a body-guard.* From

ὄπλο-φόρος, *ον*, (ὄπλα, φέρω) *bearing arms, armed: as Subst., ὄπλοφόρος, ὸ, an armed man, a warrior.* II. *one of the body-guard.*

ὄποδαπός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, (ποδαπός) *relat. Adj.* *what sort of a person, esp. of what country, Lat. cujus.*

ὄποθεν *Ep.* ὄποπθεν *Ion.* ὀκόθεν, *relat. Adv.* *whence, from what place.*

ὄποθι *Ep.* ὄποπθι, *relat. Adv.* (πόθι) *where.*

ὄποι *Ion.* ὄκοι, *relat. Adv.* of Place, *whither, thither where: ὄποι ποτέ whithersoever: μέχρι ὄποι up to what place, how far.* 2. *c. gen., ὄποι γῆς whither in the world, Lat. quo terrarum.* II. of Manner, for ὄπως, *how, how far.*

ὄποιος, *α*, *ον*, *Ep.* ὄποποιος, *ἡ*, *ον*, *Ion.* ὀκοῖος, *ἡ*, *ον:* (ποῖος) *relat. Adj.* *of what sort, kind, or quality, Lat. qualis.*

II. the *correlat.* of ὄποιος is τοῖος: τοῖος . . ὄποιος such as: ὄποποιόν κ' εἴρησθα ἔπος, τοῖόν κ' ἐπακούσας such word as thou hast spoken, such shalt thou hear again.

III. ὄποιός τις refers to a special subject; ὄποιός τις ἦ what manner of man was he.

IV. ὄποιός οὖν of what kind soever, *Lat. qualiscunque.*

V. *Adv.* ὄποιώς: also in *neut. pl* ὄποῖα, *like as, Lat. qualiter.*

'ΟΠΟΣ, *οὐ*, *ὸ*, *juice, esp. of trees or plants, the milky*

of Adv. ὅπως τάχιστα as quickly as possible, Lat. *quam celerissime*; ὅπως ἄριστα as well as possible.

B. ὅπως as final Conjunction, denoting an end or purpose, *that, in order that, so that*, Lat. *quo, ut*, followed,

I. by the Subjunct. when the anteceded. Verb is of pres. time, as, ὄρᾳ ὅπως γένηται he is looking *that* he may be; πείρα, ὅπως κεν ἴκηται keep trying *that* thou mayest come:—also elliptically (sub. ὄρα, ὄρατε, etc.) to express a caution, usually with μή, as, ὅπως τοῦτό γε μὴ ποιήσης, [see] thou do it not; so also with indicat. fut., ὅπως ἄνδρες ἔσσεσθε see *that* ye be men!

II. by the Optat., as the anteceded. Verb be of past time, whether imperf. or aor., as, ἔλεγον (εἶπον) ὅπως γένοιτο I kept speaking (spoke) *that* it might be done. III. by the Indicat. of fut.; θέλγει ὅπως Ἰθακῆς ἐπιλήσεται she beguiles him *with the view that* he should forget Ithaca: also to convey a caution, δεῖ σ' ὅπως δειξέης.

IV. in Att. occurs the phrase οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλά or ἀλλά καί . . . not only so, but . . ., as, οὐχ ὅπως χάριν αὐτοῖς ἔχεις, ἀλλὰ καὶ κατὰ τουτωνὶ πολιτεύει you not only are not grateful to them, but you are even taking measures against them;—in full, οὐ λέγω ὅπως I do not say *that*, etc.; so, οὐχ ὅπως, ἀλλ' οὐδέ not only not so, but not at all. V. ὅπως μὴ, = the Conjunction μὴ: generally used only with aor. 2 subj., or with indicat. fut.

ὄραός, Ep. for ὄραός, 2 sing. of ὄραω.
ὄραμα, τό, (ὄραώ) *that which is seen, a view, sight*.

ὄραμος, ὁ, later form of ὄροδαμος.
ὄρασις, εὐς, ἡ, (ὄραώ) *seeing, the sense of sight*.
ὄρατός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄραώ) *to be seen, visible*; τὰ ὄρατά *visible objects*.

ὈΡΑΨ, impf. Att. ἑώραν: Ion. ὄρεω impf. ὤρεον: Ep. also ὄρω: pf. ἐώρακα later ἐώρακα, pass. ἐώραμαι later ἐώραμαι. Other tenses are supplied from the Root *ΟΡΠ-ΟΜΑΙ, fut. ὄρωμαι, with a rare aor. I ἀψάμην: Pass., fut. ὀφθήσομαι: aor. I ὤφθην inf. ὀφθῆναι: pf. ὤμμαι, ὤμαι, ὤπται, inf. ὤφθαι: there is also in Ep. a perf. med. ὤππα, plqpf. ὀπώπειν from the same Root. Lastly, from the Root *ΙΔΩ are formed also aor. 2 act. εἶδον inf. ιδεῖν: aor. 2 med. εἶδομην, inf. ιδέσθαι: pf. with pres. sense εἶδα, εἶσθα, I know, etc., inf. εἰδέναι (see εἶδα).

To see, to look; κατ' αὐτοὺς αἰὲν ὄρα (3 Ep. impf.) *be kept looking* continually at them. 2. to have sight, like βλέπειν, opp. to μὴ ὄραν to be blind; ὄσ' ἂν λέγοιμι, πάνθ' ὄραντα λέξομαι my words shall have eyes, i. e. shall have meaning; ἐν σκότει ὀφθαίω may they have sight in darkness, i. e. may they be blind.

3. to see, look to, take heed, beware, mostly in Imperat. ὄρα εἰ . . . 4. c. acc. cognato, ὄραν ἀλκάν to look prowess, look like a warrior.

5. trans. to see, look at, behold, perceive, observe, c. acc.; ὄραν φάος Ἡελίου (Hom.), and φάος ὄραν (Att.) to see the light, i. e. to be alive. II. Pass. to be seen, also to appear; c. part., ὤφθημεν ὄντες ἄλλοι we were

seen to be wretched: τὰ ὄρώμενα *things visible*. III. of the mind, to discern, perceive.

ὄργάζω, f. ὄσω: aor. I ὄργασα: pf. pass. ὄργασμαι: (ὄργάω)—to soften, knead, mould, Lat. *subigo*.

ὄργαίνω, f. ἀνώ: aor. I ὄργάνα: (ὄργή)—to make angry, frigate. II. intr. to grow or be angry.

ὄργάνιον, τό, Dim. of ὄργάνον, a small tool or instrument.

ὄργάνον, τό, (ἔργον) *an instrument, implement, tool, engine*; λαῖνεα Ἀμφίονος ὄργανα, the stony works of Amphion, i. e. the walls of Thebes. II. a musical instrument. III. the material of a work. IV. the work, product itself.

ὄργάνος, η, ὄν, (*ἔργω) *working, fashioning*.

ὄργάς (sub. γῆ), ἄδος, ἡ, (ὄργάω) *a well-watered, fertile tract of land, a meadow*.

ὄργάω, (ὄργῆ) to swell or teem with moisture: of soil, to abound, swell with produce: of fruit, to swell as it ripens; c. inf., ὄργᾷ ἀμᾶσθαι [the crop] is ripe for cutting. II. of animals, to swell with lust, wax wanton, be at heat: to be excited, passionate. 2. c. gen. to yearn or long for.

ὄργέων, ἄνος, Ep. ὄργέων, ὄνος, ὁ, (ὄργια) *a priest*.

ὄργῆ, ἡ, (ὄρέγω) *impulse, feeling: the temperament, disposition, temper*, esp. in pl., ὄργαί αστυνόμοι *social dispositions*. II. any violent emotion or passion, anger, wrath; ὄργῆ χρᾶσθαι to indulge one's anger; ὄργῆν ἄκρος prone to anger, passionate: ὄργῆ as Adv. in anger, in a passion: so also δι' ὄργῆς, κατ' ὄργῆν, μετ' ὄργῆς, πρὸς ὄργῆν. 2. Πανὸς ὄργαί *panic passions, terrors*.

ὄργία, ἰων, τὰ, (ἔργον) only used in pl., *secret rites, secret worship*, practised by the initiated alone at the secret worship of Demeter at Eleusis; also the rites of Bacchus, orgies. II. any rites, worship, sacrifice. 2. any mysteries, without reference to religion. Hence

ὄργιάζω, f. ὄσω, to celebrate orgies. II. to solemnise or celebrate any sacred rites.

ὄργιζα, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I ὄργισα: (ὄργῆ)—to make angry, provoke to anger, irritate. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὄργιοῦμαι, but also pass. ὄργισθήσομαι: aor. I ὄργισθην: pf. ὄργισμαι—to grow angry, be wroth.

ὄργιλος [ῖ], η, ὄν, (ὄργῆ) *prone to anger, passionate*.

ὄργο-φάντης, ὄν, ὁ, (ὄργια, φαίνω) *one who initiates others into orgies*.

ὄργυιᾶ or ὄργυιᾶ, ἡ, (formed from ὄρέγω, as ἀργυιᾶ from ἀργω) *the length of the outstretched arms*. 2. as a measure of length, = 4 πήχεις or 6 feet 1 inch, about our *fatbom*: 100 ὄργυιᾶ make one stadium. Hence

ὄργυιᾶτος, α, ὄν, *a fatbom long or large*.

ὄρεγμα, ἄτος, τό, (ὄρέγω) *a stretching out: a holding out, offering*.

ὄρεγνυμι, = ὄρέγω, whence ὄρεγνός (part. pres.)

ὈΡΕΓΩ, fut. ὄρέξω: aor. I ὄρεξα:—to reach, stretch out, extend, Lat. *porrigo*: to stretch out the

hands in entreaty. 2. to reach out, hand, offer,

give. II. Med. *δρέγομαι*, with aor. I med. *ἀρεξάμην*, and pass. *ἀρέχηθην*: pf. pass. *ἀράρεγαμι*:—to stretch oneself out, reach out; *χερσὶ δρέξασθαι* to reach with the hands; *δρέξασθαι ἔγχει* to lunge, thrust out with the spear; *ποσσὶν ἀραρέχεται* (pf.) *πολεμίζων* of horses, they stretched themselves with their feet (i. e. went at full gallop) to the fight; *δρέξατ' ἰὼν* he stretched himself as he went, i. e. went at full stride.

2. c. gen. to reach at or to a thing, grasp at: to reach at, aim a blow at: metaphor. to reach after, grasp at, desire. 3. c. acc. to reach, gain one's end: also to reach with a weapon, strike, wound: to hand to oneself, reach for oneself.

δρει-άρχης, *ov, δ*, (*ἄρος, ἄρχω*) lord of the mountains. *δρείας, ἄδος, ἡ*, (*ἄρος*) pecul. fem. of *ἄρειος*, of or belonging to mountains.

II. sub. *Νύμφη*, an Oread, mountain-nymph.

δρει-βάτης, *ov, δ*, (*ἄρος, βαίνω*) mountain-ranging.

δρειδρομία, ἡ, a running wild over the hills.

δρει-δρόμος, ov, (ἄρος, δραμεῖν) running on the hills.

δρει-νόμος, ov, (ἄρος, νέμω) feeding on the mountains, mountain-ranging.

δρεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἄρος*) mountainous, hilly.

II. *ov* or of a mountain: as Subst., *δρεινός, δ*, a mountaineer.

δρει-νόμος, ov, = *δρεινόμος*.

δρειος, α, ov, also *os, ov*, Ion. *οὔρειος*, (*ἄρος*) mountainous, hilly: also, living on the mountains.

δρειο-χαρής, ἐς, (*ἄρος, χαρῆναι*) delighting in the hills.

δρει-πλαγκτός, see *δρίπλαγκτός*.

δρει-τύπος, ov, (ἄρος, τύπω) working in the mountains, i. e. felling timber, or quarrying stone.

δρει-φοίτης, ov, (ἄρος, φοιτάω) mountain-ranging.

δρει-χαλκός, δ, (*ἄρος, χαλκός*) Lat. *orichalcum*, fine copper ore and the brass made from it: also, fine brass.

δρειώτης, ov, δ, (*ἄρος*) a mountaineer.

δρεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*ἄρέγω*) stretched out, presented: also, to be presented.

δρεξάμενος, δρέξας, aor. I part. med. and act. of ἄρεγα.

ἄρεξις, εως, ἡ, (*ἄρέγω*) a longing or yearning after a thing, desire for it.

δρεό-κομος, ov, incorrect form of *δρεωκόμος*.

δρεόντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 med. of *ἄρνυμι*.

δρεοπόλεω, to haunt the mountains.

δρεο-πόλος, ov, (ἄρος, πολέω) mountain-haunting.

δρειό-τροφος, ov, (ἄρος, τρέφω) mountain-bred or reared, epith. of the lion.

ἄρε-σκίος, ov, (ἄρος, σκιά) shadowed by mountains.

ἄρε-κοός Ep. *ἄρε-κῶος, ov, (ἄρος, κείμε)* lying on mountains, mountain-bred, wild.

δρέσο-αυλός, ov, (ἄρος, αὐλή) dwelling in the mountains.

ἄρεσι, Ep. for *ἄρεσι*, dat. pl. of *ἄρος*.

ἄρεσσι-βάτης, ov, ὄ, = *δρειβάτης*. [ἄ]

ἄρεσσι-γενής, ἐς, and *ἄρεσσι-γονός, ov, (ἄρος, γένος, γόνος)* mountain-born.

ἄρεσσι-νόμος, ov, (ἄρος, νέμω) Ep. for *δρεινόμος*, feeding on the mountains, mountain-haunting.

Ἄρεστεια, ἡ, the tale of Orestes, the general name for the Agamemnon, Chœphoroe and Eumenides of Aeschylus, being the only extant Trilog.

ἄρεστέρος, α, ov, (ἄρος) poet. for *ἄρεινός, mountainous, dwelling in the mountains*.

ἄρεστιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (*ἄρος*) = *Ἄρειάς*; *Νύμφαι ἄρεστιάδες*, the mountain-nymphs, the Oreads.

ἄρεσφι, -φιν, Ep. gen. and dat. sing. and pl. *ἄρος*.

ἄρεῦς Ion. *οὔρεῦς, εως, δ*, (*ἄρος* a mountain) a mule.

ἄρευς, Dor. for *ἄρεος*, gen. of *ἄρος*.

ἄρεχθέω, f. ἴσω, = *ἄρέγομαι*, to stretch oneself; also, to beat fast, pant, quiver, of the heart, etc.; *βύες ἄρεχθεον σφαζόμενοι* the steers lay stretched, or quivered convulsively, as they were slain: *θάλασσαν ἔα ποτὶ χέρσον ἄρεχθεῖν* (Dor. inf. for *ἄρεχθεῖν*) let the sea stretch itself (i. e. roll up) to the beach.

ἄρεϋ pl. *δρέομεν*, Ion. for *ἄρω*, *ἄραμεν*.

ἄρηαι or *ἄρηαι*, poet. 2 sing. pres. med. of *ἄρω*.

ἄρημι, Acol. for *ἄρω*, inf. *ἄρηῖν*, part. *ἄρείς*.

ἄρητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *ἄρατός*.

ἄρθα, inf. of *ἄρθημι*, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *ἄρνημι*.

ἄρθεύω, f. σω, (*ἄρθός*) = *ἄρθώω*, to set upright: set straight.

Ἄρθια, ἡ, name of Diana in Laconia and Arcadia.

ἄρθια, neut. pl. of *ἄρθιος*: used also as Adv. *aloud*.

ἄρθιάδε, Adv. (*ἄρθιος*) straight up, upwards.

ἄρθιάζω, f. ἄω (*ἄρθιος*) to speak in a high tone of voice or in a high key, speak loud.

II. to set upright.

ἄρθιασμα, ατος, τό, (*ἄρθιάζω*) a high pitch of the voice, a loud shout or cry.

ἄρθιος, α, ov, Att. also *os, ov*, (*ἄρθός*) straight up, rising upwards, steep; *ἄρθιον πορεύεσθαι* or *πρὸς ἄρθιον ἵεναι* to march up hill; τὰ *ἄρθια* the country from the coast upwards.

2. upright: of animals, standing upright, rearing.

3. straight, right.

II. of the voice, high-pitched, loud, shrill, clear; *νόμος ἄρθιος*, a stirring, thrilling air: in neut. pl. as Adv., *ἄρθια ἦνυε* she cried aloud.

III. *ἄρθιοι λόχοι*, Livy's *recti ordines*, as a military term, battalions in column or file, whereas in *φάλαγγ* the men stood in line; *ἄρθιους τοὺς λόχους ἀγειν* to bring the companies up in column.

IV. generally, like *ἄρθός*, straight, opp. to crooked.

ἄρθο-βάτέω, (*ἄρθός, βαίνω*) to go straight on or upright.

ἄρθό-βουλος, ov, (ἄρθός, βουλή) right-counselling.

ἄρθο-δαής, ἐς, (*ἄρθός, δαῖναι*) knowing rightly how to do, c. inf.

ἄρθο-δίκαιος, ov, (ἄρθός, δίκαιος) righteously judging.

ἄρθο-δίκας, Dor. for *ἄρθοδίκης, ov, δ*, (*ἄρθός, δικάζω*) a righteous judge. [Υ]

ἄρθοδρομέω, to run straight forward. From

ὀρθο-δρόμος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, δραμεῖν) *running straight forward*.

ὀρθο-ῥεῖα, ἡ, (ὀρθός, ῥεῖος) *correct language*.

ὀρθο-θρίξ, τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὀρθός, θρίξ) *with hair upstanding, or making the hair stand on end*.

ὀρθο-κραιρος, *a, ov*, (ὀρθός, κραιρά) *with straight or upright horns*, epith. of horned cattle: *with upright beaks*, of the two ends of a galley which turned up so as to resemble horns: Ep. gen. pl. fem. ὀρθο-κραιράων.

ὀρθο-κράνος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, κράνον) *having a high head or crown: with a lofty mound*.

ὀρθομαντεία, ἡ, *true prophecy*. From

ὀρθο-μαντις, *ews Ion ios, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀρθός, μάντις) *a true prophet*.

ὀρθο-πάλη, ἡ, (ὀρθός, πάλη) *wrestling upright*. [ᾶ]
ὀρθο-πλοος, *ov*, contr. —πλους, *ovv*, (ὀρθός, πλέω) *sailing straight before the wind: generally, successful*.

ὀρθοποδέω, (ὀρθόπους) *to walk straight or uprightly*.

ὀρθο-πολις, *ews, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀρθός, πόλις) *upholding cities*.

ὀρθο-πούς, ὁ, ἡ, —πων, τό, gen. —ποδος, (ὀρθός, πούς) *with straight feet: standing upright*. II. *uphill*, steep.

ὈΡΘΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *straight*, Lat. *rectus*: in height, upright, standing erect. II. in line, straight,

straight forward, in a straight line; ὀρθός ἀπ' ἡ-λέου το τετραμῶνος turned straight to front the sun; ὀρθὸν πόδα τιθέναι to put the foot straight out, as in walking, opp. to *κατηρεφής* when it is covered with the robe from not being in motion; βλέπειν ὀρθά to see straight or well.

III. metaph. *right, safe, prosperous*. 2. *right, true, exact*; ὀρθ' ἀκούειν to be rightly called: ὀρθῶ λόγῳ in strict terms, in very truth: so Adv., ὀρθῶς λέγειν to speak true.

3. *true, genuine, real*. 4. *upright, righteous, just*, Lat. *rectus*; κατὰ τὸ ὀρθὸν δικάζειν to judge righteously. 5. *on tiptoe, in eager expectation*, Lat. *erectus animo*.

IV. ἡ ὀρθή (sub. πτώσις) *the nominative*, Lat. *casus rectus*, as opp. to the oblique cases.

ὀρθο-στάδην, Adv. (ὀρθός, στήναι) *standing upright, in a standing posture*.

ὀρθο-στάτης, *ov, ὁ, ἡ*, (ὀρθός, στήναι) *one who stands upright*. II. *an upright shaft, pillar*: as Adj., κλίμακες ὀρθοστάται *upright ladders*. III. a sort of cake used in funeral oblations. [ᾶ]

ὀρθότατα, Adv. Sup. of ὀρθῶς.

ὀρθότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ὀρθός) *straightness, upright posture*.

II. metaph. *rightness, fitness: the right sense*.

ὀρθο-τομέω, (ὀρθός, τέμνω) *to cut straight: handle upright*.

ὀρθῶς, *f. ὦσω*: aor. I ὤρθωσα:—Pass., aor. I ἠρθώθη:—(ὀρθός):—to set straight: I. in height, to set upright, set up: of buildings, to raise, restore, repair: hence, ὀρθῶσις raised up, set on one's legs again:—Pass. to stand or sit upright. 2. in a line,

to set straight:—Pass. to be aimed straight. II.

metaph. to raise up, restore to health, safety, etc. 2.

to exalt, honour, extol. 3. ὀρθῶσα ὕμνον to raise the lofty song. 4. to guide aright. III. Pass.

of actions, to succeed; prosper; τὸ ὀρθούμενον success: of persons and places, to flourish, prosper. 2.

to be right, be true. 3. to be upright, deal justly or uprightly.

ὀρθρεύουσα, Dor. for —εύουσα, part. fem. of ὀρθρεύω, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise or wake early*.

ὀρθρίδιος, *a, ov*, poet. for ὀρθριος. [Ὶ]

ὀρθρίως, *f. σω*, (ὀρθρος) *to rise, wake early*.

ὀρθρινός [Ὶ], ἡ, ὄν, (ὀρθρος) later form for ὀρθριος.

ὀρθριός, *a, ov*, also *ov, ὄν*, (ὀρθρος) *at daybreak, at dawn, in the morning, early*: irreg. Comp. and Sup.

ὀρθραιτερος, —αίταρος:—Neut. τὸ ὀρθριον or ὀρθριον, as Adv. in the morning, early.

ὀρθρο-βόας, *ov, ὁ*, (ὀρθρος, βοάω) *the early caller, Chanticleer*, i. e. the cock.

ὀρθρο-γόη, ἡ, (ὀρθρος, γοάω) *early-wailing*, of the swallow.

ὀρθρο-λάλος, *ov*, (ὀρθρος, λαλέω) *early-twitting*.

*ΟΡΘΡΟΣ, ὁ, *the time about daybreak, dawn, early morn*; τὸν ὀρθρον, absol., in the morning; so, ὀρθρον γενομένον at dawn; and ἅμα ὀρθρῳ, ἐς ὄρθρον, κατ' ὄρθρον, περὶ ὄρθρον; but πρὸς ὄρθρον towards dawn: ὀρθρος βαθύς early morn.

ὀρθρο-φοιτο-σύκοφαντο-δικο-τάλαιπυρος, *ov*, (ὀρθρος, φοιτάω, συκοφάντης, δίκη, ταλαιπυρος) ὀρθ. τρόποι *early-prowling base-informing sad-litigious plaguy ways*.

ὀρθωθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὀρθώω.

ὀρθ-ώνυμος, *ov*, (ὀρθός, ὄνομα) *rightly-named*.

ὀρθῶς, Adv. of ὀρθός, *rightly: uprightly, justly: truly, really*.

*Ορθωσία, ἡ, = Ορθία.

ὀρθωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὀρθώω) *one who sets upright, a restorer*.

ὀρτίβατης, *ov, ὁ*, dub. for ὀρειβατής.

*ΟΡΙΓΑΝΟΝ, τό, and ὀρίγανος, ἡ, an acrid herb, marjoram: ὀρίγανον βλέπειν to look *origanum*, i. e. to look sour or crabbed. [Ὶ]

ὀριγνάομαι, Med., with fut. —ήσομαι, aor. I pass. ὀριγνήθη: (ὀρέγομαι):—to stretch oneself out. 2.

c. gen. to stretch oneself after a thing, reach at, grasp at.

ὀρίζω fut. ὀρίσω Att. ὀριῶ: aor. I ἠρίσα Ion. οὔρισα: pf. ὄρικα:—Med., fut. ὀριοίμαι: aor. I ἠρίσα-μην:—Pass., fut. ὀρισθήσομαι: aor. I ἠρίσθη: pf. ὄρισμαι (sometimes used in med. sense): (ὄρος):—to divide or separate one part from another, to divide as a boundary; ποταμὸς ὀρίζει τήν τε Σκυθικὴν καὶ τὴν Νευριδὰ γῆν a river is the boundary between Scythia and Neuria:—Pass., of a country, to be bounded. 2.

ὀρίζειν τιὰ ἀπὸ γῆς to part, banish one from the land. II. to mark out by boundaries, lay down, mark out: to limit, define:—Med. to mark out for oneself, set up, dedicate. III. generally, to deter-

mine, appoint: to settle. 2. *to define* a word. 3. *to assign*, ὀρίειν ψήφον *to give a vote.* IV. intr. *to border upon.*

ὄρκός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρεός) *of or for a mule.*

ὄρυνθειν, aor. I pass. opt. of ὄρνω.

ὄρνω: aor. I ὄρνω Ep. ὄρνω:—Pass. 3 sing. impf. ὄρυντο: aor. I ὄρυνθην Ep. ὄρυνθην: (ὄρνω):—*to stir, raise, Lat. agitare: metaph. to move, excite, affect the mind:—Pass. to be stirred, roused, disquieted: to be affrighted, thrown into confusion.*

ὄριον, τό, = ὄρος, a bound, goal: ὄρια, τά, boundaries, borders, frontier.

ὄριος, ον, (ὄρος) *of or presiding over boundaries.*

ὄρισμα Ion. οὖρ-, τό, (ὀρίζω) *a boundary: in plur. the borders, frontier.*

ὄριστής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀρίζω) *one who marks boundaries: one who determines.*

ὄρι-τροφός, ον, (ὄρος, τρέφω) *mountain-bred.*

ὄρκάνη, ἡ, = ἐρκάνη, ἔρκος, from ἔργω, εἶργω, *an enclosure, fence: a trap or pitfall.* [ᾶ]

ὄρκ-ᾠπάτης, ον, ὁ, (ἔρκος, ἀπατάω) *an oath-breaker.* [ᾶ]

ὄρκιζω, f. ἴσω, (ἔρκος) *to make one swear, adjure.*

ὄρκιον, τό, (ἔρκος) *an oath: also a pledge, surety.* II. mostly in plur., ὄρκια, τά, *things sworn to, articles of a treaty, a treaty: ἔρκια πιστὰ ταμεῖν to conclude a binding treaty, Lat. foedus ferire, icisse foedus: of two parties, in Med., ἔρκια τάμνεσθαι to make a treaty between them; ἔρκια δηλῆσασθαι, ὑπὲρ ἔρκια δηλῆσασθαι to violate a solemn treaty: so too, ἔρκια συγχεῖναι, ἔρκια ψεύσασθαι, opp. to ἔρκια φυλάσσειν or τηρεῖν.*

2. *the victims sacrificed on taking these solemn oaths, like ἱερά.*

ὄρκιος, ον, more rarely α, ον, (ἔρκος) *of or for an oath: sworn, bound by oath.* 2. *that is sworn by, adjured as witness to an oath; ἔρκιοι θεοί the gods invoked at an oath; ξίφος ἔρκιον a sword which is sworn by.*

ὄΡΚΟΣ, ον, ὁ, *an oath; ἔρκον ὁμοῖα to swear an oath; ἔρκος θεῶν an oath by the gods; ἔρκον λαμβάνειν to accept an oath from another; ἀποδιδόναι to take it oneself.* 2. *the witness of the oath, the power or object adjured, as the Styx by the gods.* II.

ὄρκος, personified, son of Eris, who visits the transgression of an oath. (ἔρκος was orig. equiv. to ἔρκος, as ὄρκουρος to ἔρκουρος.)

ὄρκ-οὔρος, ὁ, = ἔρκουρος.

ὄρκώω, f. ὴσω, (ἔρκος) *to make one swear, bind by oath:—Pass. to be bound by oath, to swear.*

ὄρκωμα, τό, (ὄρκώω) *an oath.*

ὄρκωμοσία, ἡ, (ὄρκωμοτέω) *a swearing, an oath.*

ὄρκωμόσιον, τό, *the place of an oath.* II. in pl. *assertations on oath.* From

ὄρκωμοτέω, f. ἴσω, *to take an oath, swear; ὄρκωμοτεῖν θεοῖς to swear by the gods.* From

ὄρκ-ωμότης, ον, ὁ, (ἔρκος, ὀνομυμ) = ὄρκωτής.

ὄρκωτής, οὐ, ὁ, (ὄρκώω) *one who administers an oath.*

ὄρμαθῆν, an aor. 2 form of ὄρμάω, *to rusb*, whence subj. ὄρμαθῶ: but ὄρμαθῆ is Dor. for ὄρμηθῆ, 3 sing. aor. 1 subj. pass. of ὄρμάω.

ὄρμαθός, οὐ, ὁ, (ἔρκος) *a row, chain, cluster or string of things hanging one from the other.*

ὄρμαινω: impf. ὄρμαινον: aor. I ὄρμηνα: (ὄρμάω):—*to move or stir violently; to turn over or revolve a plan in the mind, to ponder or muse upon it: to debate, consider.* 2. *to long for, desire.* II.

later, 1. trans. *to drive, urge on: to excite, inflame.* 2. intr. *to hasten, hurry, be impatient.*

ὄρμάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὄρμησα: pf. ὄρμηκα: (ὄρμη):

1. trans. *to set in motion, urge on, rouse: to stir up.* II. intr. *to hurry or rush on: c. inf. to be eager to do, to start or essay to do: absol. to be eager or foremost.* 2. *to rush headlong, esp. at one, c. gen.* III. Pass. with fut. med. ὄρμησομαι; aor. I med. ὄρμησασθαι and pass. ὄρμηθῆναι; pf. pass. ὄρμημαι:—in same sense as intr. act.: 1. *to hurry, hasten, start off eagerly: generally, to be eager, to long or purpose to do.* 2. *to set off or proceed from a place, to begin from; of a general, to make a place his base of operations: ἀπ' εὐασσόνων ὄρμαμενος setting out from or beginning with smaller means.*

3. absol. *to rush on, make a desperate attack, to be eager: generally, to make a start, go; ὁ λόγος ὄρμηται the report flies abroad.*

ὄρματο, Ion. for ὄρμητο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὄρμάω.

ὄρμαί, ἡ, = ὄρμά.

ὄρμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ὄρνω.

ὄρμεώ, f. ἴσω, (ἔρκος):—*to be moored, lie at anchor, of a ship: proverbial, ἐπὶ δυοῖν ἀγκυραῖν ὄρμεῖν to ride two anchors, as we say 'to have two strings to your bow': metaph. to anchor one's hopes upon, depend upon.*

ὄρμεῶμενος, Ion. part. pass. of ὄρμάω.

ὄρμη, ἡ, (ὄρνω) *an assault, attack, the first shock or onset in war, Lat. impetus; mostly of things, as, εἴγχεος ὄρμη the force of a spear; πυρὸς ὄρμη the rage of fire; κύματος ὄρμη the shock of a wave.* 2. *the beginning or first start in a thing: a struggle or effort to reach a thing.* 3. *eagerness, violence, passion, impulse; μία ὄρμη with one accord; c. gen. eager desire for a thing.* 4. *a start, setting out on a march, etc.*

ὄρμηθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ὄρμάω.

ὄρμημα, τό, (ὄρμάω) *any violent impulse, passionate desire.*

ὄρμησειε, 3 Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄρμάω.

ὄρμητήριον, τό, (ὄρμάω) *any means of exciting, a stimulant, incentive.* II. *a starting-place, station, head-quarters.*

ὄρμά, ἡ, (ἔρκος) *a fishing-line of horse-hair, Lat. linea.* [ῥ]

ὄρμιζω: fut. -ίσω Ep. -ίσω Att. -ίω: aor. I ὄρμισα: (ἔρκος):—*to bring to anchorage, bring into harbour, to moor, anchor.* 2. generally, *to make fast or sure.* II. Med., with fut. med. ὄρμιουμαι,

aor. I med. ἄρμισάμην and pass. ἄρμισθην : pf. pass. ἄρμισμαι :—to come to anchor, anchor; ὀρμίζεσθαι πρὸς πέδον to come to a place and anchor there. 2. metaph. to be in haven, to reach the harbour, i.e. to be at rest; ὀρμίζεσθαι ἕκ τινος to be dependent on a thing.

ὄρμη-βόλος, ὄνος, (ὄρμιά, Βάλλω) throwing a line, angling.

ὄρμη-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ὄρμος, δίδωμι) a bringer into harbour, a pilot.

ὄρμος, ὄ, (εἶρω) a cord, chain, necklace, collar; στεφάνων ὄρμος a string of crowns. 2. a kind of dance performed in a ring. II. a roadstead, anchorage, Lat. statio navalis: the inner part of a harbour, as opp. to λιμῆν. 2. generally, a haven, place of shelter or refuge.

ὄρνᾶπέτιον, τό, Vocat. for ὄρνεον.

ὄρνεον, τό, = ὄρνις. II. τὰ ὄρνεα, the bird-market. ὄρνεο-φοίτος, ὄν, (ὄρνεον, φοιτάω) haunted by birds.

ὄρνιθ-αρχος, ὄ, (ὄρνις, ἀρχός) king of birds. [Ὶ]

ὄρνιθειος, α, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or belonging to a bird; κρέα ὄρνιθια birds' flesh.

ὄρνιθειυτής, οὔ, ὄ, a bird-catcher, fowler. From ὄρνιθειῶ, f. σω, (ὄρνις) to catch, net, snare birds.

ὄρνιθίας, ὄν, (ὄρνις) masc. Adj., a name given to the north wind in spring, which brought the birds of passage; χειμῶν ὄρνιθίας a storm of birds.

ὄρνιθικός, ὄ, ὄν, (ὄρνις) of or for birds.

ὄρνιθιον, τό, Dim. of ὄρνις, a little bird: a nestling, chicken. [vῚ]

ὄρνιθό-γονος, ὄν, (ὄρνις, *γενῶ) sprung from a bird.

ὄρνιθ-θήρας, οὔ, ὄ, (ὄρνις, θηράω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθό-λόχος Dor. ὄρνιθ-ῶ, ὄ, (ὄρνις, λοχάω) a bird-catcher, fowler.

ὄρνιθομάνης, f. ἦσω, to be mad for birds. From ὄρνιθο-μάνης, ἔς, (ὄρνις, μανῆναι) mad after birds.

ὄρνιθο-πέδη, ἦ, (ὄρνις, πέδη) a snare or gin for birds.

ὄρνιθος, gen. of ὄρνις: Ep. dat. pl. ὄρνιθεσσι.

ὄρνιθο-σκοπός, ὄν, (ὄρνις, σκοπέω) observing the flight and cries of birds, Lat. augur, auspex; θάκος ὄρνιθοσκοπός an augur's seat, Lat. templum augurale.

ὄρνιθο-τροφία, ἦ, (ὄρνις, τρέφω) bird-keeping.

ὄρνιτος, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, poet. for ὄρνιθειος.

*ΟΡΝΙΣ, ὄ, but also ἦ: gen. ὄρνιθος, etc.: acc. sing. ὄρνιθα and ὄρνιν: pl. ὄρνιθες, etc.: Att. pl. ὄρνεις, gen. ὄρνεων, acc. ὄρνεις: Dor. forms, gen. ὄρνιχος, pl. ὄρνιχες, etc., as if from a Nom. ὄρνιξ:—a bird: often added to the names of birds, as ὄρνις ἀηδῶν, ὄρνις πέτριδος, the nightingale, the partridge. II. also like οἰανός, a bird of omen, ὄρνις κακός a bird of evil augury: hence, like Lat. avis for augurium, the omen or prophecy taken from the flight or cries of birds: in bad sense, an omen, fateful presage. III. in Att., ὄρνις, ὄ, a cock; ὄρνις, ἦ, a hen. IV. in pl. sometimes the bird-market, cf. ὄρνεον. V. poet. Μουσῶν ὄρνιθες, the birds of the Muses, i.e. poets. VI. proverb., ὄρνιθων γάλα 'pigeon's milk,' i.e. any marvellous good-fortune.

ὄρνιχος, -χα, Dor. gen. and acc. of ὄρνις: poet. dat. pl. ὄρνιχέσσι.

ὄρνῖθι, ἴτω, pres. imperat. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνύμεν, ὄρνύμεναι, Ep. for ὄρνύναι, pres. inf. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνύμενος, ἦ, ὄν, pres. med. part. of ὄρνευμι.

ὄρνυμι or ὄρνύω [Ὶ], lengthd. form of Root *ΟΡΝ: imperat. ὄρνῖθι, ἴτω, etc.: impf. ἄρνον: fut. ἔρσω: aor. I ἄρσα, part. ἔρσας, Ion. 3 sing. ἔρσασκε: 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 ἔρραρε:—Med. ὄρνύμαι, imperat. ὄρνω, ἴστω, ὤσθε, part. ὄρνύμενος: impf. ὄρνύμι, 3 sing. and pl. ὄρνῖθι, ἄρνοντο: fut. ἔρσομαι, also ὄροῦμαι, 3 sing. ὄρεῖται: aor. 2 ἄρῶμαι, 3 sing. ἄρετο contr. ἄρτο, 3 pl. without augm. ὄροντο also ὄρόντο: 3 sing. subj. ἔρται: imperat. ὄρο or ἔρσο Ion. contr. ἄρσευ: inf. ἔρθαι, contr. for ὄρεσθαι: part. ἔρμενος, ἦ, ὄν, for ἔρόμενος:—pf. ἔρραρα, in intr. sense 3 sing. subj. ὄρῶρη: 3 sing. plqpf. ὄρῶρει, also ὠρῶρει. I. Act., to rouse, stir, stir up: to set on, let loose upon:—Med., with pf. ἔρραρα, to move, stir oneself; εἰσέκε μοι φίλα γούνατ' ὄρῶρη while my limbs have power to move. 2. Act. to make to arise, call forth: of animals, to rouse, put up, start, chase:—Med. to start up, arise: esp. to wake out of sleep, to spring up: also c. inf. to rise to do a thing, set about. 3. Act. to stir up, rouse, encourage, cheer on:—Pass. and Med. to be roused, stirred in mind, excited, inflamed. 4. Act. of things, to call forth, cause, excite, Lat. citare:—Med. to come on, to arise, Lat. oriri.

ὄρνυτο, ὄρνοντο, Ep. for ἄρνοντο, ἄρνοντο, 3 sing. and pl. impf. of ὄρνευμι.

*ΟΡΟΒΟΣ, ὄ, the vetch, Lat. ERVUM.

ὄρογαια, ἦ, poet. for ὄργυιά.

ὄροδαμνίς, ἴδος, ἦ, Dim. of ὄροδαμνος, a sprig.

ὄροδαμνος, ὄ, a bough, branch.

ὄρο-θεσμία, ἦ, (ὄρος, τίθημι) the fixing of boundaries, boundaries.

ὄροθύω: Ep. impf. ὄρόθυνον: also aor. I imperat. ὄρόθυνι:—like ὄρνευμι, to stir up, rouse, urge on.

ὄροφ-τυπος, ὄν, = ὑρέτυπος.

ὄρομαι, Dep. (ὄρος a guard) to watch, keep watch and ward, be on guard.

ὄρο-μῆλιδες, αἰ, (ὄρος, μῆλον) Dor. for ὄρομηλίδες, a kind of wild apples.

*ΟΡΟΣ or ὄρρος, ὄ, whereby, the watery or serous part of milk, Lat. serum. 2. the watery parts of the blood.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, εὖς, τό, a mountain, bill: a range or chain of hills.

*ΟΡΟΣ Ion. οὔρος, ὄν, ὄ, a boundary, limit, frontier, border: esp. a land-mark. 2. οὔροι, plur., are marking or monumental stones bearing inscriptions, tables set up on mortgaged property, to serve as evidence of the debt. II. a rule, standard, limit, measure. III. the definition of a word.

*ΟΡΟΓΑΓΓΑΙ, οἰ, Persian word for the Benefactors of the King, = εὐεργέται.

ὄροῦα, fut. σῶ: aor. I ὄροσα: (ὄρνευμι):—intr. to

rush violently on or forward, to hasten, dart or start forward.

ὄροφή, ἡ, (ἐρέφω) the roof or ceiling of a room: the roof of a house.

ὄροφή-φάγος, ον, (ὄροφή, φαγείν) roof-devouring.

ὄροφή-φόρος, ον, (ὄροφή, φέρω) bearing a roof.

ὄροφίαι, ον, ὁ, living under a roof; μῦς ὄροφίαι the domestic mouse, opp. to μῦς ἀρουραῖος (the field mouse); ὄροφίαι ὄφις a tame snake.

ὄροφος, ὁ, (ἐρέφω) the reeds used for thatching houses. II. a roof: in pl. a house, temple.

ὄρώω, Ep. for ὄραω: part. ὄρώων for ὄρών.

ὄρώωντι, Dor. for ὄρώσι, 3 pl. of ὄράω.

*ὈΡΙΠΗ Att. ὄρηξ, ἦκος, Dor. ὄρηαξ, ἄκος, ὁ:—a sapling, young shoot or plant: a rod or pole: a lance. II. metaph. a scion, descendant.

ὄρρανός, ὁ, Aeol. for οὐρανός.

ὄρρο-πύγιον, τό, (ὄρρος, πυγή) the tail or tail-feathers of birds. 2. the tail-fin of fish. 3. the tail or rump of any animal. [ῥ]

*ὈΡΡΟΣ, ὁ, the end of the os sacrum: the tail, rump.

ὄρρο-ῤ, ὄρως, ubey, serum.

ὄρρωδέω Ion. ἄρρωδ-: f. ἦσω:—to shudder at, shrink from, dread, Lat. horreo, c. acc.: c. gen. rei, to fear for or because of a thing. Hence

ὄρρωδία, ἡ, a shuddering at, shrinking from, affright.

ὄρσας, aor. I part. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρσασκε, Ion. for ἄρσε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρσει, Ep. for ὄσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρσε-κτύπος, ον, (ὄρνυμι, κτύπος) noise-arousing; Zeus ὄρσεκτύπος the rouser of thunder.

ὄρστ-νεφής, ἐς, (ὄρνυμι, νέφος) cloud-raising.

ὄρστί-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι, πούς) raising the foot, light-footed.

ὄρσο, Ep. for ὄσαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὄρνυμι, bestir thee! up! arouse thee!

ὄρσο-θύρη, ἡ, (ὄρνυμι, θύρα) a raised door approached by steps. [ῥ]

ὄρσολοπέω and -έω, to provoke, attack:—Pass., θυμός ὄρσολοπέται my heart is troubled. From ὄρσόλοπος, ον, provoking strife, turbulent. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὄρσος, Lacon. for ὄρδός.

ὄρσο-τρίαίνης Dor. -τρίαίνας, α, ὁ; a poet. nom. -τρίαίνα: (ὄρνυμι, τρίαίνα):—wielder of the trident.

ὄρσω, fut. of ὄρνυμι.

ὄρτάζω, Ion. for ἑορτάζω.

ὄρτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ἐρνῦμι) the young of any animal, Lat. pullus: a young bird, a chicken. Hence

ὄρτάλιχεύς and ὄρτάλιχος, ὁ, a bird, fowl: a domestic fowl, chicken.

ὄρτή, ἡ, Ion. for ἑορτή.

*Ὀρτύγια, ἡ, (ὄρτυξ) properly Quail-island, the ancient name of Delos: also part of the city of Syracuse, called also Νᾶσος or the Island.

ὄρτυγο-κόπος, ον, (ὄρτυξ, κύπτω) playing at knocking down quails.

ὄρτυγο-μήτρα, ἡ, (ὄρτυξ, μήτηρ) a bird which migrates with the quails: applied to Leto the Ortygian mother: cf. *Ὀρτυγία.

*ὈΡΤΥΞ, ὕγος, ὁ, the quail, Lat. coturnix, -icis.

ὄρτυγῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ὄρτυσσω.

ὄρτυγμα, τό, (ὄρτυσσω) a place dug out, a pit, ditch, hole, trench, Lat. scrobs: a mine, tunnel: at Athens = βάραθρον, the pit into which criminals were thrown. II. = ὄρυξις.

ὄρυγμαδός, ὁ, late form for ὄρυμαγδός.

ὄρυκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρτυσσω) dug, formed by digging. II. dug out, quarried, mined.

ὄρυμαγδός, ὁ, a loud noise, rumbling, roaring, any tumultuous sound, not of the human voice.

ὄρυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, (ὄρτυσσω) a kind of gazelle or antelope, in Egypt and Lybia, so called from its pointed horns.

ὄρύξαι, aor. I inf. of ὄρτυσσω.

ὄρυξις, εως, ἡ, (ὄρτυσσω) a digging.

ὄρυς, υος, ὁ, an unknown wild animal in Lybia.

*ὈΡΥΨΣΩ Att. -πτω: fut. ὄρυψω: aor. I ἄρυφα Ep. ὄρυφα: pf. ἄρῶρυχα: plqpf. ἄρῶρυχειν:—Pass., aor. I ἄρῶρυχην: pf. ἄρῶρυγμαί: plqpf. ἄρῶρυγην:—to dig, Lat. fodio. 2. to dig up: Med., λίθος ὄρύσσεισθαι to have stones dug or quarried: Pass., ὁ ὄρυσσόμενος χούσι the soil that was dug up. 3. to dig through, make a passage through, burrow. 4. to bury.

ὄρφάνευμα, τό, orphan state. From

ὄρφάνεω, f. σω, (ὄρφανός) to take care of orphans, tend, rear them:—Pass. with fut. med. -εύσομαι, to be an orphan, be in an orphan state.

ὄρφανία, ἡ, (ὄρφανός) orphanhood: generally, bereavement, destitution.

ὄρφανίζω, f. σω, (ὄρφανός) to make orphan: to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be left an orphan.

ὄρφανικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄρφανός) orphan, fatherless; ἡμερ ὄρφανικός the day which makes one an orphan.

ὄρφανίος, ον, = ὄρφανικός.

ὄρφανιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὄρφανίζω) one who takes care of orphans, a guardian.

*ὈΡΦΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Att. ὄς, ὄν, Lat. ORBUS, left orphan, without father or mother, fatherless. 2. c. gen. ref. or bereft of a thing; ὄρφανοί γενεᾶς ref. of offspring, childless.

ὄρφανο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (ὄρφανός, φύλαξ) the guardian of an orphan. [ῥ]

ὄρφανώω, f. ὠσω, (ὄρφανός) to make orphan:—Pass. to be bereft of a thing.

*Ὀρφεύς, α, ον, of Orpheus. From

ὄρφηος, εως, ὁ, Ὀρφεύς, a famous Thracian bard.

ὄρφναῖος, α, ον, (ὄρφνη) dark, dusky, murky. II. nightly, by night.

*ὈΡΦΝΗ Dor. ὄρφνᾶ, ἡ, darkness, night: gloom. Hence

ὄρφνίνος, η, ον, dark, dusky; ὄρφνινον χρῶμα a colour mixed of black, red and white, between porphyreos and φουκίνος.

ὄρφνίτης, ου, ὄ, (ὄρφνη) *dusky*. [ἴ]
 *ΟΡΦΟΣ Att. ὄρφως, ὄ, a kind of sea-perch.
 ὄρχαμος, ὄ, (ὄρχος) *the first of a row, a file-leader, fugle-man: the Corymbaeus or leader of the chorus.*
 ὄρχατος, ὄ, = ὄρχος, a row of trees. II. a piece of land enclosed and planted, Milton's orchard, an orchard, garden. (From ὄρχος, like μέστος from μέσος.)
 ὄρχομαι, f. ἴσομαι: aor. I ἄρχησάμην: Dep.: (ὄρχος):—to dance: c. acc. to represent by dancing or gestures; ὄρχεῖσθαι Κίκυλῶπα, Lat. Cyclopa moveri, to dance the Cyclops. 2. to leap.
 ὄρχηδόν, Adv. (ὄρχος) *one after another, all in a row, man by man*, Lat. viritum.
 ὄρχηθμός Ion. ὄρχηθμός, ὄ, (ὄρχομαι) *a dancing, the dance.*
 ὄρχημα, τό, (ὄρχομαι) *a dance, dancing.*
 ὄρχησις, ἡ, (ὄρχομαι) *dancing, the dance: pantomimic dancing.*
 ὄρχηθμός, ὄ, Att. for ὄρχηθμός.
 ὄρχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and ὄρχηστής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄρχομαι) *a dancer.* Hence
 ὄρχηστικός, ἡ, ὄν, of, fit for dancing.
 ὄρχηστο-διδάσκαλος, ὄ, (ὄρχομαι, διδάσκαλος) *a dancing-master.*
 ὄρχηστο-μᾶνέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρχομαι, μανῆναι) *to be dancing-mad.*
 ὄρχήστρα, ἡ, (ὄρχομαι) *an orchestra, in the Attic theatre a large semicircular space on which the chorus danced.* II. generally, a place for dancing.
 ὄρχηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of ὄρχηστής, a dancing girl.
 ὄρχηστύς, υός, ἡ, Ion. for ὄρχησις, (ὄρχομαι) *the dance, dancing*; contr. dat. ὄρχηστῷ.
 *ΟΡΧΙΔΟΣ, ὄ, a bird, prob. the wren. [ἴ]
 ὄρχιπέδω, f. ἴσω, (ὄρχιπέδον) *to seize the testicles.*
 ὄρχι-πέδη, ἡ, (ὄρχις, πέδη) *impotence.*
 ὄρχι-πέδον, τό, in pl. ὄρχιπέδα, τά, (ὄρχις, πέδον) *the testicles, Lat. testiculi.*
 *ΟΡΧΙΣ, ιος and εως, ὄ, pl. ὄρχεις or ὄρχις Ion. ὄρχεις, a testicle, the testicles.
 *Ορχομενός, ἡ, the name of several Greek cities, the most famous of which was *Ορχόμενος Μινύειος in Boeotia.
 *ΟΡΧΟΣ, ὄ, a row of trees; cf. ὄρχατος.
 ὄρωρα, pf. of ὄρνυμι.
 ὄρώρει, 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. of ὄρνυμι.
 ὄρώρεται, Ep. 3 sing. pres. pass. of ὄρνυμι, equiv. to ὄρωρε: subj. ὄρώρηται.
 ὄρωρέχεται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὄρέγω.
 ὄρωρέχαστο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of ὄρέγω.
 ὄρώρικτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὄρύσσω.
 ὄρώριχα, pf. of ὄρύσσω.
 *ὈΣ, ἡ, ὄ; gen. ὄ, ἡς, ὄδ, dat. ὄ, ἡ, ὄ; acc. ὄν, ἡν, ὄ; pl., nom. ὄί, αἱ, ἄ; gen. ἄν; dat. οἰς, αἰς, οἶς; acc. οὐς, ἄς, ἄ. There is also an Ion. gen. ὄου, fem. ἔης; and Ep. fem. dat. pl. ἡς and ἡσι.
 A. RELAT. PRONOUN, *who, which or that*, Lat. *qui*: the Relat. Pron. often takes the case of the Anteced.

by attraction, as, τῆς γενεῆς, ἧς Zeus δῶκε, for ἦν Zeus δῶκε: the neut. ὄ is used to refer to sentences where no antecedent is expressed, as, ὄ δὲ πάντων μέγιστον, ὄ δὲ πάντων δεινότατον, etc., but *what* is greatest of all, *what* is most strange of all, etc. The Relat. Pron. also stands for *una*, as in Lat. *qui* for *ut*, to express an end or intention, as, ἀγγελοῦ ἦκαν, ὅς ἀγγεῖλειε γυναικί they sent a messenger to tell, Lat. *nuncium miserunt, qui nunciaret.*
 The Relat. Pronoun is used absol. in some cases: 1. gen. sing., of Time, ἐξ οὗ (sub. χρόνου) *from the time when*, since: also ὄ alone, *when*; ἔστιν οὗ, *sometimes, at times.* 2. of Place, of *which place*, i. e. *where*; ἔστιν οὗ in some places. II. dat. sing. fem. ἡ, of Place, Lat. *qua*, at *which place, where*:—later, of *motion to a place, whither*:—in full τῇ, ἣ . . . there, where . . . thither, whither . . . 2. of the Way or Manner, like ὅπως, as Lat. *quomodo*; ἡ ἔθιμος ἔστιν as is right: *so far as*, Lat. *qua, quatenus.* 3. with Sup. Adv., ἡ μάλιστα, ἡ ἄριστον, etc., like ὡς μάλιστα, etc., Lat. *quam maxime*, etc. III. acc. sing. neut. ὄ, for δι' ὄ, *that, because*, Lat. *quod.* 2. *wherefore*, Lat. *quapropter.*
 The Relat. Pron. is modified by having particles joined with it: I. ὅς γε, Lat. *qui quidem* or *quippe qui*, gives the Relat. a limiting force, *who at least, since it was he who* . . . II. ὅς κε or κέν Att. ὅς ἄν, is used in case of uncertainty, Lat. *quicunque, whosoever, who if any* . . .
 B. *ὈS is also used as a DEMONSTR. PRON., for οὗτος or ὅδε, *this, that*; chiefly in nom. masc. ὅς or οἶ, sometimes in fem. ἡ and neut. ὄ: this is chiefly found in Homer, and later in dialogues of Plato, ἡ δ' ὄς said *be.* II. in opposition, οἶ . . . οἶ . . . these . . . those . . . the one party, the other: Att. ὅς μὲν . . . , ὅς δέ . . . the one . . . , the other: ἂ μὲν . . . , ἂ δέ . . . partly . . . partly . . . III. ὅς καὶ ὅς *such and such a person, so and so.*
 C. There is also a POSSESSIVE PRON., ὅς, ἡ, ὄν, mostly of the third person, for ἐός, *his, her*: Ep. gen. οἶο. II. of the second person, for σός, *thy, thine.* III. of the first person, for ἐμός, *my, mine.*
 ὄσάκι Ep. ὄσάκι, Adv. (ὄσος) *as many times as, as often as*, Lat. *quoties.*
 ὄσάτιος, α, ov, Ion. ὄσάσιος, poet. for ὄσος. [ἄ]
 ὄσάου, Adv. (ὄσος) *in as many places as.*
 ὄσδος, Aeol. for ὄζος.
 ὄσδω, Dor. for ὄζω.
 ὄσ-ἡμέραι, Adv., for ὄσαι ἡμέραι, *as many days as are, i. e. daily, day by day*, like Lat. *quotidie* for *quot dies.*
 ὄσία Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, properly fem. of ὄσιος, *divine law, the law of nature*, answering to Lat. *fas*: hence οὐχ ὄσίη Att. οὐχ ὄσια, c. inf., it is against the law of nature to do; πολλὴν ὄσιαν τοῦ πράγματος νομῖσαι to hold the full *lawfulness* of a thing. II. *the service of God, rites, offering*; ὄσιης ἐπιβῆναι to perform *the due rites.* III. proverb., ὄσίας ἔνεκα

πεισθῆναι τι to do a thing for form's sake, for the sake of the propriety of the thing, Lat. *dicis causa*. [ἴ]

ὄσιος, α, ον, sanctioned or approved by the law of nature, opp. to δίκαιος (established by human law); τὰ ὄσια καὶ δίκαια things of divine and human ordinance.

2. as opp. to ἱερός (sacred, reserved to the gods), ὄσιός means what is not so reserved, i. e. appropriated or permitted to man's use; ἱερά καὶ ὄσια the property of gods and men, Lat. *sacra et profana*; ὄσιον χωρίον a place not set apart to the gods, lawful for man to enter, and so = βέβηλος, Lat. *profanus*. II. more rarely of persons, *pious, devout, scrupulous, religious*; c. gen., ἱερῶν πατρῶν ὄσιος *scrupulous in discharging the sacred rites of his forefathers*; ὄσια χεῖρες *pure, clean hands*.

ὄσιότης, ἥτος, ἡ, (ὄσιος) *observance of divine law, religiousness, piety, holiness*.

ὄσιόω, ἰ. ὄσω, (ὄσιος) to make holy, to bellow, purify, make atonement for, Lat. *expiare*:—Med., στόμα ὄσιούσθαι to keep one's tongue from evil.

ὄσιως, Adv. of ὄσιος, religiously, piously: Comp. ὄσιωτερον, Sup.—ώτατα.

ὄσιόμοιαι, Dep., like ὀσμίομαι, to smell, scent: generally, to perceive. From

ὄσμη, ἡ, (ὄζω) like ὀδμή, a smell, scent, odour, whether good or bad. 2. a scent, perfume.

ὄσον-ων, Ion. for ὄσον ὄν, however little, Lat. *quantulumcunque*.

ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσον, Ep. ὄσος, ὄση, ὄσον, Lat. *quantus*:—of Size, as great as, how great: of Quantity, as much as, how much: of Space, as far as, how far: of Time, as long as, how long: of Number, as many as, how many: of Sound, as loud as, how loud:—its Antecedent is τῶσος, after which ὄσος must be simply rendered as; ὄσα πλείστα or πλεῖστα ὄσα as much as possible. In plur. *all that, as many as*, often after πάντες. 2. of Time, ὄσοι μῆνες, ὄσαι ἡμέραι *every month, day, month, day*, Lat. *quot menses, quot dies*; cf. ὄσημέραι.

3. ὄσος δὴ and ὄσοσδήποτε, *how great soever he be*, Lat. *quantuscunque*; ὄσος ἂν how great soever. II. neut. ὄσον as Adv. as greatly as, as loudly, as, etc. 2. Ep. and Ion., ὄσον τε about as far as; the Noun is often added, ὄσον τ' ὄργυιαν about a fathom; ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ ἡμῖνον to about half.

3. ὄσον μόνον, Lat. *tantum non, all but*; so also, ὄσον οὐ; but Att. ὄσον and ὄσον μόνον only so far as, only just; ὄσον ὄσον only just. 4. ὄσον ἐπὶ and ὄσον τ' ἐπὶ as far as, Att. ἐφ' ὄσον.

5. with Comp. and Sup., ὄσον βασιλευτέρως ἐστί so far as, inasmuch as he is a greater king. 6. ὄσον τάχος as quick as possible: more usu. ὄσον τάχιστα.

7. ὄσον αὐτίκα, also, ὄσον οὐκ ἤδη all but now, instantly. 8. οὐχ ὄσον not only not, Lat. *ne dicam*. III.

ὄση inasmuch as, with Comp. ὄση πλέον, ὄση μᾶλλον the more since, especially since. 2. ὄση with Comp. followed by another Comp. with ποσούτω, the more . . .

so much the more . . ., like Lat. *quo* or *quanto melior, eo . . .*, etc. 3. ὄσηπερ by how much, in so far as.

ὄσσο-περ, ὄση-περ, ὄσον-περ, *however great or much, as great or as much* as.

ὄσ-περ, ἡ-περ, ὄ-περ, (Ep. also ὄπερ masc., as ὄ τε masc. for ὄστε), *who, which, indeed, the very man who* or *thing which*, Lat. *qui quidem*.

ὄσῆριον, τό, *pulse, beans: vegetables*.

ὄσση, ἡ, a rumour, Lat. *fama*: a divine voice or sound. II. generally, a voice. III. a sound, tone, of the harp: the din of battle. IV.

an ominous or warning voice, prophecy, boding: cf. ὀμφή.

ὄσσα, Ion. neut. plur. of ὄσος.

ὄσάκι, Adv., Ion. for ὄσάκι. [ᾶ]

ὄσάστιος, Ion. for ὄσάστιος. [ᾶ]

ὄσση, ἡ, neut. dual, the two eyes, often with pl. Adj., as, ὄσση φαεινά, ὄσση αιματώεστα: the gen. and dat. took the plur. form of 2nd decl., ὄσσαν, ὄσσοις, ὄσσοισι.

ὄσσητις, ἡ, ον, Dim. of ὄσος, ὄσσοις, as little, how little, Lat. *quantulus*.

ὄσσημαί, (ὄσση) Dep., only used in pres. and impf. (without augm.):—to see. II. to see in one's mind's eye, to presage, forebode, foretell.

ὄσσηριον, τό, Dim. of ὄσση, a little bone.

ὄσσηριον, τό, Dim. of ὄσση, a little bone.

ὄσ-τε, ἡ-τε, ὄ-τε, (Ep. also ὄ τε for masc., as ὄπερ masc. for ὄπερ) *who, which*.

ὄσσητις, ἡ, ον, (ὄσση) made of bone, bony.

ὄσσητον, ἡ, ον, (ὄσση) Att. contr. ὄσσητον, τό, pl. ὄσσητα Att. contr. ὄσσητα:—a bone, Lat. *OS, OSSIS*.

ὄσσητις, ἡ, ον, (ὄσση) Att. contr. ὄσσητις, ἡ, ον, (ὄσση) *bone, of bone*: neut. pl. ὄσσητα, τά, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae, bone pipes*.

ὄσσητις, ἡ, ον, (ὄσση) *bone, of bone*: neut. pl. ὄσσητα, τά, as Subst., Lat. *tibiae, bone pipes*.

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white on the other were tossed up, as in our 'heads or tails.'

δοτράκιος, η, ον, (δοτρακον) like earthenware: earthen, made of clay, Lat. testaceus.

δοτράκισμός, ὁ, (δοτρακίζω) banishment by potsherd, ostracism, which was practised at Athens to get rid of a citizen whose power was considered too great for the liberty of the state. Each person wrote on a potsherd the name of him who was to be banished.

δοτράκιδ-δερμος, ον, (δοτρακον, δέρμα) with a skin or shell like a potsherd.

δοτράκεις, εσσα, εν, ποῦτ. for δοτράκιος.

*ΟΣΤΡΑΚΟΝ, τό, a piece of earthenware, a tile, potsherd, Lat. testa: the earthen tablet used in voting. 2. a sort of castanet made of earthenware.

II. the hard shell of testacea, as snails, tortoises.

δοτράκιδ-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ουν, (δοτρακον, χροά) with a hard skin, shell or rind.

δοτρειο-γραφής, ἐς, (δοτρειον, γράφω) purple-painted.

δοτρεον or -ειον, τό, (δοτέον) an oyster, Lat. ostrea.

II. a purple used in dying, Lat. ostrum.

δοτ-ώδης, ἐς, (δοτέον, εἶδος) like bone, bony.

δοφραίνομαι, fut. ὀσφρήσομαι: αορ. 2 ὀσφρόμην, part. ὀσφρόμενος: Dep.: (ὀζω):—to smell, scent, track by scent, c. gen.: c. acc. cognato, ὀσφραίνεσθαι ὀσμην. Hence

δοφραντήριος, α, ον, smelling, that can be smelt. II. act. able to smell, sharp-smelling.

δοσφρέσθαι, αορ. 2 inf. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

δοσφρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὀσφρέσθαι) a smelling, sense of smelling.

δοσφρόμενος, αορ. 2 part. med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

δοσφροντο, 3 pl. αορ. I med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ὈΣΦΥΨ, ὄος, acc. ὀσφύν and ὀσφύα, ἡ, the hip, Lat. coxa.

*ὈΣΧΟΣ, ον, ὁ, = μόσχος I, a sucker, shoot: a vine-branch.

ὄτα, Aeol. for ὄτε, like πότα for πότε.

ὄταν, for ὄτ' ἄν, equivalent to Ep. ὄτε κεν, (ὄτε, ἄν):—Adv. of Time, whenever, Lat. quandocunque, foll. by subj.

ὄτε, Adv. of Time, when, Lat. quando:—the proper Antec. is τότε, sometimes ἔνθα, or any Adv. of Time. 2. sometimes in causal sense, since, seeing that, Lat. quandoquidem.

3. ὄτε μή is used for εἰ μή, unless, except, save when; οὐτέ τω σπένδεσκε θεῶν, ὄτε μή Διὶ πατρὶ nor did he pour a libation to any of the gods, save to father Jove.

III. πρὶν γ' ὄτε ere the time when, before that. 2. εἰς ὄτε κεν against the time when.

IV. εἰσ' ὄτε or ἔστιν ὄτε, like Lat. est ubi, there are times when, sometimes.

V. ὄτε is also used without any conjunctive force in two corresponding clauses, ὄτε μὲν . . . ὄτε δέ . . ., now . . ., now . . .; sometimes . . ., sometimes . . .; at one time . . ., at another time . . .; but

in II. often answered by ἄλλοτε, as, ὄτε μὲν κακός, ἄλλοτε δ' ἔσθλός.

ὄτε, neut. of ὄστε, also Ep. and Ion. masc. of ὄστε. ὄτέουσιν, Ep. for οἰστίσιν, dat. pl. of ὄστις.

ὄτευ, Ion. for οὔτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄτεω, Ep. for ὄτινι, dat. of ὄστις.

ὄτεων, Ep. for ὄντων, gen. pl. of ὄστις.

ὄτι Ep. ὄττι, Conjunction, that, being originally neut. of ὄστις, as Lat. quod, that, of qui. II. Att. ὄτι is used like our that in quoting another's words: and especially in the N. T., often introduces the very words of a speech, when it need not be rendered in English. III. ὄτι in Att. often represents a whole sentence, as in οἷδ' ὄτι (sub. οὕτως ἔχει) I know that it is so; so οἷσθ' ὄτι, οἷσθ' ὄτι: so also δηλονότι as Adv., manifestly, for δηλον ὄτι οὕτως ἔχει. IV.

ὄτι μὴ, unless, except, except that, Lat. nisi, nisi quod, like εἰ μὴ. V. μὴ ὄτι . . . ἀλλά . . ., like μὴ ὄπως and μὴ ἵνα, not that so and so is the case . . ., but . . .; not only so, but . . ., Lat. non modo non . . ., sed ne quidem . . . VI. μὴ ὄτι alone, without an answering ἀλλά, Lat. ne dicam, not to mention that . . ., not to say that . . .

B. ὄτι, as a Causal Particle, for that, because, Lat. quod.

2. in Ep. sometimes for τοῦνεκα, therefore. II. with Sup. of Adv. in Ep. ὄτι τάχιστα as quick as possible, Lat. quam celerrime. 2. in Att. also with Sup. of Adj., as, ὄτι πλείστον χρόνον as long a time as possible; ὄτι πλείστοι, Lat. quam plurimi, as many as possible. 3. with a Subst. only in phrase ὄτι τάχος for ὄτι τάχιστα, as quickly as possible.

ὄ τι, neut. of ὄστις, anything which; often written ὄ, τι, to distinguish it from ὄτι, that.

ὄτι, Conjunction, (ὄτι) because.

ὄτινα, Ep. for ὄντινα and ἄτινα, acc. masc. sing. and neut. pl. of ὄστις.

ὄτινας, Ep. for οὔστινας, ἄστινας, acc. pl. of ὄστις.

ὄ-τις, Ep. and Ion. for ὄστις.

ὄτλεύω, f. -εύσω, or ὄτλέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer, endure. From

ὄ-τλος, ὁ, suffering, distress. (ὄτλος is formed from τλήμι, with ο euphon.)

ὄτοβέω, f. ἦσω, to sound loud, sound wildly. From ὄτοβος, any loud, wild noise, the din of battle: the rattling of chariots: also of the sound of the flute. (Formed from the sound.)

ὄτοτοί, an exclamation of pain and grief, ab! woe! also lengthd. ὄτοτοτοί, ὄτοτοτοτοί.

ὄτοτύζω, (from ὄτοτοί, as αἰάζω from αἰάω) to cry ὄτοτοί, to wail, lament:—Pass. to be bewailed. Hence

*Ὀτοτύζιοι, οἱ, Com. pr. n., the Wailers.

ὄτου, ὄτω, gen. and dat. sing., ὄτων, ὄτους, gen. and dat. pl. of ὄστις.

ὄτραλέως, Adv. of an obsol. Adj. ὄτραλέος = ὄτρηρός, nimbly, actively, zealously.

ὄτρηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄτρήνω) quick, nimble, busy, zealous.

ὄτρίχες, nom. pl. of ὄτριξ.

ὄτρυναι, aor. I inf. of ὄτρύνω.

ὄτρυνεῖα, Ep. aor. 1 opt. of ὄτρύνω.

ὄτρυνέμεν, Ep. pres. inf. of ὄτρύνω.

ὄτρύνεσκον, Ep. impf. of ὄτρύνω.

ὄτρυνέω, Ep. and Ion. fut. of ὄτρύνω.

ὄτρυντός, νόσ, ἦ, Ion. for ὄτρυνω, a stirring up, rousing, encouragement. From

ὈΤΡΥΝΩ [v̄]: impf. ἄτρυνον Ion. ὄτρύνεσκον: fut. ὄτρυνέω Ep. and Ion. ὄτρυνέω: aor. I ἄτρυνά:—to stir up, rouse, prompt, cheer, urge on, encourage: to rouse from sleep, wake up:—Pass. to rouse oneself, bestir oneself, to hasten. 2. of animals, to spur, goad, cheer on. 3. of things, to urge forward, quicken, speed.

ὄττα, ἦ, Att. for ὄσσα.

ὄττεο contr. ὄττεν, Ep. for οὐτινος, gen. of ὄστις.

ὄττι, Ep. for ὄτι, that.

ὄ τι, Ep. for ὄ τι, neut. of ὄστις.

ὄττοβέω, ὄττοβος, wrong forms for ὄτοβέω, ὄτοβος.

ὄττομαι, Att. for ὄσσομαι.

ὄτῳ, Att. for ὄτῳ, dat. of ὄστις.

ὈΥ̅, before a vowel with smooth breathing οὐκ, before one with rough breathing οὐχ: in Att. also οὐχί [χ] Ep. οὐκί [χ]: negat. Adv., not, Lat. non, used in independent clauses, whereas μή is used in dependent; οὐκ ἀγαθόν ἔστι it is not good; οὐ δοκεῖ it seems not.

II. οὐ may be used in dependent clauses, after the definite Relative ὅς, after the Conjunctions ὅτι because, ἐπεὶ, ἐπειδή since, and others which introduce a positive fact.

2. οὐ is joined with a Participle when it can be expressed in English by *though* or *since* with a verb, but μή is used when the Participle is expressed by *if* or *unless*, as, οὐ λέγων = ὅτι οὐ λέγω; but μή λέγων = εἰ μή λέγω. 3. οὐ is often joined to an Adj. or Adv., as, οὐ πάνυ not by any means, οὐχ ἥμιστος not the least, i. e. the greatest.

III. when a negative sentence is strengthened by any, even, anywhere, etc., these words also are compounded with the negative, e. g. οὐκ ἐποίησε τοῦτο οὐδαμῶ οὐδέις no one ever did it.

IV. οὐ is foll. by acc. in solemn asseverations for οὐ μά, as, οὐ τὸν Ὀλυμπον no, by Olympus.

Οὐ in questions expresses a question to which an affirm. answer is expected, as, οὐ νύ καὶ ἄλλοι ἔασι; are there not others too? implying that there are. II. the fut. with οὐ is used interrog. instead of the imperat., as, οὐ δράσεις; wilt thou not do it? i. e. do it.

Οὐ takes the ACCENT, I. when it is the last word in the clause, as, ἦν καλὸς μὲν, μέγας δ' οὐ.

II. when it is repeated singly after a negative clause, and so is emphatic, as, θεοὶς τέθνηκεν οὗτος, οὐ κείνοισιν, οὐ' he is dead to the gods, not to them, no.

III. when οὐ is a simple negat. answer, no.

Prosody:—if the vowel η precede οὐ, the two vowels coalesce into one syllable, as in ἦ οὐ, μὴ οὐ: so also ἐγὼ οὐ.

οὐ, gen. of relat. Pron. ὅς, q. v.

οὐ, Lat. sui, gen. of 3 pers. Pron. masc. and fem. for αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς, and αὐτοῦ, αὐτῆς.

οὐά, exclam. of astonishment or abhorrence, Lat. vab!

οὐαί, exclam. of pain and anger, Lat. vae, ab! woe!

οὐᾶς, ατος, τό, poet. for οὐς, the ear. Hence

οὐᾶτόεις, ἔσσα, ἦ, with ears, long-eared. 2. with ears or handles.

οὐ γάρ, for not.

II. in answers, to express a strong negative; οὐ γάρ, no—why should you?

οὐ γάρ ἄλλα, an ellipt. phrase, expressing a negation and adding the reason, as, μὴ σκώπτέ μ' οὐ γάρ ἀλλ' ἔχω κακῶς, which in full would be μὴ σκώπτέ με' οὐ γάρ σκωπτικῶς, ἀλλὰ κακῶς ἔχω do not jest at me, for I am not in a jesting mood, but badly off.

οὐ γάρ οὖν, a negat. answer, why no, certainly not.

οὐ γάρ ποτε, for never.

οὐ γάρ που, for in no manner.

οὐγῶ, Att. crasis for ὁ ἐγῶ.

οὐδαμὰ and οὐδαμῆ, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere, in no place; to no place, no way. II. in no way, in no wise.

οὐδαμῶθεν, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) from no place, from no side.

οὐδυμῶθι, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) poet. and Ion. for οὐδαμου, nowhere, in no place: c. gen., οὐδαμῶθι τῆς Εὐρώπης in no part of Europe.

οὐδ-ἄμῶς, ἦ, ὄν, for οὐδὲ ἄμῶς, not even one, i. e. none.

οὐδαμῶσε, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) to no place, no way.

οὐδαμου, Adv. of οὐδαμῶς, nowhere: c. gen., οὐδαμου γῆς in no part of the earth; οὐδαμου λέγειν, or οὐδαμου ποιέσθαι τινα to esteem as naughty, Lat. nullo loco habere. II. of manner, in no way, not at all.

οὐδαμῶς, Adv. (οὐδαμῶς) in no wise.

ΟΥ̅^τ ΔΑΣ, τό, gen. οὐδεός, dat. οὐδεῖ, οὐδεῖ:—the surface of the earth, ground; οὐδας ὁδὰς ἔλειν to bite the dust; οὐδάσδε to the ground, to earth. 2. the floor or pavement in houses.—Proverb., ἐπ' οὐδεῖ καθίεν τινὰ to bring a man to the ground, strip him of all he has.

οὐ-δέ, Adv. (οὐ, δέ) but not, and not, nor, connecting two whole clauses. 2. doubled οὐδέ, οὐδέ. . .

at the beginning of two following clauses, not even . . . nor yet . . . ; as, καὶ μὴν οὐδ' ἦ ἐπείχεις οὐδὲ τὸ ναυτικὸν ἄξιον φοβηθῆναι and so not even their building sorts, nor yet their navy, is worth fearing:—οὐδέ often follows the simple negat. οὐ . . . , as, οὐκέτι μένος ἔμπεδον οὐδὲ τίς ἀλκή.

II. strengthening the negat., not even; which is always the sense when attached to a single word or phrase; Homer joins it with Advs., as οὐδ' ἠβαιόν, οὐδέ τυτθόν, οὐδέ μίνυθα, etc. not even a little, not even if for a short space.

οὐδ-είς, οὐδε-μῖα, οὐδ-έν, gen. οὐδένος, οὐδεμᾶς, οὐδενός, etc. declined like εἰς, μία, ἓν: (οὐδέ εἰς):—and not one, i. e. no one, none, no, as Lat. nullus for ne ullus: the neut. οὐδέν is used as Adv., in noibing,

by no means, in no wise. 2. in plur. οὐδένας, gen. οὐδέναν, dat. οὐδέσιν, for οὐδαμοί, none. 3. ὁ and ἡ οὐδέν (sub. ὦν, οὐσα), a good-for-nothing, worthless person: so in masc. οὐδέεις, a nobody, one who goes for nothing. 4. οὐδὲν ὅ τι οὐ, Lat. nihil non, every, all; so in masc. οὐδέεις ὅστις οὐ, Lat. nemo non, every one.

οὐδέ-κοτε, Ion. for οὐδέποτε.
οὐδενόσ-ωρος, ov, (οὐδέεις, ἄρα) not worth notice or regard, contemptible.

οὐδέ πη, Adv. in no wise, by no means.
οὐδέ-ποτε Ion. οὐδέ-κοτε, Adv. and not ever, not at any time, never.

οὐδέ-πω, Adv. and not yet, nor as yet, not yet.
οὐδέ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. not yet at any time, never yet.
οὐδ-έτερος, a, ov, (οὐδέ, ἕτερος) neither of the two, Lat. neuter. II. τὸ οὐδέτερον (sub. γένος), Lat. genus neutrum, the neuter gender.

οὐδ-ετέρως, Adv. of οὐδέτερος, in neither of two ways.
οὐδ-ετέρωσι, Adv. to or towards neither of two sides, nowhither.

οὐδ' ἔτι, Adv. no more, no longer.
οὐ δῆ, Adv. certainly not, Lat. non sane.
οὐ δὴ που or οὐ δῆπου, no I surely imagine not.
οὐδός, ὁ, Ion. for ὁδός (ὁ), the threshold of a house, the threshold or sill of a door: metaph., ἐπὶ γῆρας οὐδῶ on the threshold or verge of old age.
οὐδός, ἡ, Aeol. for ὁδός (ἡ), a way.

ΟΥ*ΘΑΡ, ἄρος, τό, properly of animals, the UDDER: later of women, the breast. II. metaph. fruitfulness, milkiness, exuberance; οὐθαρ ἀρούρης the most fertile land, Lat. uber arvi.

οὐθατα, neut. pl. of οὐθαρ.
οὐθάτιος, a, ov, (οὐθαρ) of the udder.
οὐθ-εἰς, οὐθ-έν, later form for οὐδέεις, οὐδέν.
οὐ θῆν, surely not, certainly not.

οὐκ, for οὐ before a vowel with smooth breathing, and in Ion. (for οὐχ) before a rough breathing.

οὐκ, crasis of ὁ ἐκ.
οὐκ ἄρα, so not, not then: surely not.
οὐκ-έτι, Adv. no more, no longer, no further.
οὐκί, Ion. Adv. for οὐχί, = οὐκί. [r]

οὐκ-ουν, Adv. not therefore, so not, Lat. non ergo. 2. in interrog., not therefore? not then? and so not? like Lat. nonne ergo? is it not?

οὐκ-οὖν, Adv. therefore, then, accordingly, Lat. ergo. When the word has this accent, the negat. sense vanishes, and the force of οὖν only remains.

οὐ-κω or οὐ κω, Ion. for οὐπω, not yet.
οὐκ-ων, οὐκ-ῶν, Ion. for οὐκουν, οὐκοῦν.
οὐ-κως or οὐ κως, Ion. for οὐπως, by no means.

οὐλαί Att. δλαί, αἱ, bruised or coarsely-ground barley, which was sprinkled on the head of the victim before the sacrifice, like the mola salsa of the Romans. (Commonly derived from οὐλος, ὄλος, as if οὐλαί or δλαί were the whole, unground barley-corns.)

οὐλαῖός, οὐ, ὁ, (εἰλέω) a band or throng of warriors.

ΟΥ*ΔΗ', ἡ, a wound healed or scarred over, a scar, Lat. cicatrix.

οὐλος, a, ov, (οὐλος, ὀλεῖν) baneful, deadly.
οὐλό-θρις, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (οὐλος, θρίξ) with curly hair.
οὐλο-κάρηνος, ov, (οὐλος, κάρηνον) with thick, curling hair.

οὐλόμενος, η, ov, properly an Ep. form of δλόμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ὄλλυμι; but commonly used as Adj. destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

ΟΥ*ΔΟΝ, τό, mostly in plur. οὐλα, the gums.

οὐλοός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. for ὀλοός.

ΟΥ*ΔΟΣ, η, ov, Ep. and Ion. form of ὄλος, whole, entire, perfect, complete, Lat. integer; οὐλος ἄρτος a whole loaf. 2. of full force, able, substantial. 3. of sound, continuous, incessant; οὐλον κεκλιγγόντες screaming incessantly. 4. of sight or touch, fine, thick, fleecy; οὐλαι κόμαι a thick head of hair: later, twined, crooked. II. Ep. Adj. of ὄλλυμι, = οὐλόμενος, οὐλοός (for ὀλόμενος, ὀλοός), destructive, baneful, deadly, fatal.

οὐλό-χυται, αἱ, (οὐλαί, χέω) bruised or coarsely-ground barley sprinkled over the victim and the altar before a sacrifice; οὐλοχύτας κατάρχεσθαι to begin the sacred rites by sprinkling the barley.

Οὐλυμπος, ὁ, Ion. for *Ολυμπος: Οὐλυμπόνδε for *Ολυμπόνδε, to Olympus.

οὐλω, (οὐλος 1) to be whole or sound, to be hale or well: imperat. οὐλε, as a salutation, like χάρε, health to thee, hail, Lat. salvé.

οὐ μάν, Dor. for οὐ μῆν, in truth not, assuredly not.
οὐ μὲν, no truly, nay verily; old form for οὐ μῆν.

οὐ μὲν δῆ, in truth not, nay verily.

οὐ-μὲν-οὖν, for οὐ μὲν οὖν, then not.

οὐ μὲν πως, like οὐπως, by no means, in no wise.

οὐ μὲν-τοι, not however.

οὐ μῆν, in independent sentences often used to strengthen the simple negative, mostly with indicat. fut. also with aor. 2 subj.: I. when used with fut. indic., the clause must be interrog.

II. with aor. subj. there seems to be an ellipse of δεινόν ἔστι or the like, as, οὐ μὴ ληφθῶ I shall not be taken, i. e. οὐ δεινόν ἔστι, μὴ ληφθῶ there is no danger lest I be taken.

οὐ μῆν, indeed not, surely not.

οὐ μῆν ἀλλά, also οὐ μῆν ἀλλά καί, nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet still.

οὐ μῆν γε, after a negat., no nor even yet, Lat. nedum.

οὐ μῆν οὐδέ, nay not even.

οὐμός, by Att. crasis for ὁ ἐμός.

ΟΥ*Ν Ion. ὦν, Adv. then, denoting the sequence of one clause upon another. II. therefore, accordingly, consequently, to mark the result or consequence of what has been said, as at the end of a speech.

2. when a speech has been interrupted, οὖν serves to resume. 3. in repetitions οὖν implies the truth of what is repeated, surely, of a truth, as, εἰ δ' ἔστιν, ὥσπερ οὖν ἔστι, θεός if he is, as he surely

is, a god: ἀλλ' οὖν introduces an objection, *certainly, but . . . but still . . .* 4. attached to a relat. Pron. or Adv., οὖν makes it less definite, as, ὅστις *whoever, ὅστιςοὖν whosoever; ὅπως *how, ὅπωςοὖν howsoever.**

οὐνεκα, before a vowel οὐνεκεν, Adv., for οὐ ἔνεκα, *on which account, wherefore.* 2. the anteced. τοῦνεκα being omitted, *therefore since, for that, because.*

3. after certain Verbs, *so far as, how or so that.* 4. *that, like ὅτι.* II. οὐνεκα (in this sense never οὐνεκεν), Prep. with gen., equiv. to ἔνεκα, *on account of*, mostly following its case.

οὐνεσθε, Ion. for ὄνεσθε, 2 pl. pres. of ὄνομαι.

οὐνομα, οὐνομάζω, οὐνομαίω, οὐνομαστός, Ion. for ὄνομα, ὄνομάζω, etc.

οὐξίω, contr. for ὀ ξί.

οὐξιών, by crasis for ὀ ξιῶν, part. of ξίειμι *exibo.*

οὐπᾶ, Dor. for οὐπω.

οὐ περ or οὐ-περ, Adv. *by no means.*

οὐ πη, Adv. *nowhere, in no wise.*

οὐ ποθι, Adv. *nowhere.*

οὐ-ποτε Dor. οὐ-ποκα, Adv. *not ever, never.*

οὐποψ, by crasis for ὀ ποψ.

οὐ-πω, Adv. *not yet, Lat. nondum.*

οὐ-πώ-ποτε, Adv. *not yet at any time, never yet.*

οὐ-πως, Adv. *no how, in no wise, by no means.*

Οὔρ᾽ Ion. οὐρή, ἡ, *the tail, Lat. cauda.* II.

generally, *the hinder parts, the after part of anything; of a ship, the stern.* 2. of an army, *the rear-guard, rear: the rear-rank; κατ' οὐράν in the rear, behind; ὁ κατ' οὐράν the rear-rank-man; ἐπι or κατ' οὐράν to the rear, backwards.*

οὐρα, τά, for οὐροί, ὅροι, *boundaries: see οὐρον.*

οὐρ-ἄγος, ὄν, (οὐρά, ἡγέομαι) *leading the rear of an army: as Subst., οὐρᾶγός, ὁ, leader of the rear-guard.*

οὐραῖος, α, ον, (οὐρά) *in or of the tail; τρίχες οὐραῖαι the hairs of the tail.* 2. generally, *hindward, bindmost, οὐραῖοι πόδες the hind feet; τὰ οὐραῖα the hinder parts.*

Οὐρανία, ἡ, (οὐρανός) *Urania, i. e. the heavenly one, name of one of the Muses, the Muse of Astronomy.*

II. epith. of Aphrodité or Venus, *the heavenly.*

Οὐρανίδης, ον, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *son of Uranus: generally, a dweller in heaven, Lat. coelicola, like Οὐρανίου.*

οὐράνιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (οὐρανός) *heavenly, of or in heaven, dwelling in heaven; θεοὶ οὐράνιοι, or οὐράνιοι alone, like Οὐρανίαντες, Οὐρανίδαι, Lat. coelites, coelicolæ, the dwellers in heaven, heavenly beings.*

II. *coming from heaven, of rain.* III. *reaching to heaven, high as heaven.* 2. *metaph. enormous, awful, stupendous; οὐράνιον ὄσον, like θαυμάσιον ὄσον, Lat. immane quantum:—neut. pl. οὐράνια, as Adv., vebemently, tremendously.*

Οὐρανίων, ἄνω, ὁ, (οὐρανός) *like Οὐρανίδης, the heavenly one: in plur. Οὐρανίαντες θεοὶ or Οὐρανίαντες, the gods, Lat. coelites: fem. Οὐρανιώνια.*

οὐράνιο-γνώμων, ον, (οὐρανός, γνώμαι) *skilled in the heavens.*

οὐρανῶ-δεικτος, ον, (οὐρανός, δείκνυμι) *shewn from heaven, shewing itself in heaven.*

οὐρανῶθεν, Adv. of οὐρανός, *from heaven, down from heaven: properly an old gen. of οὐρανός, and therefore used with Preps., ἀπ' οὐρανῶθεν, ἐξ οὐρανῶθεν.*

οὐρανῶθι, Adv. of οὐρανός, *in heaven, in the heavens: but οὐρανῶθι πρό is for πρό οὐρανοῦ, where οὐρανῶθι is gen. for οὐρανοῦ, as ὄρεσφι for ὄρους.*

οὐράνο-μήκης, ἐς, (οὐρανός, μήκος) *as high as heaven, reaching to heaven.* 2. *enormous, stupendous.*

οὐράνο-νίκος, ον, (οὐρανός, νικάω) *conquering heaven.*

ΟὔΡΑΝΟΣ Dor. ὠρανός Aeol. ὄρανός, ὁ, *heaven, Lat. coelum: in Homer the vault or firmament of heaven, the sky represented as a concave hemisphere, on which the sun performed his course; the stars too were fixed upon it, and revolved with it; οὐρανός ἀστερεῖς the starry firmament.* 2. *heaven, as the seat of the gods, above this vault or hemisphere; πύλαι οὐρανοῦ Heaven-gate, i. e. a thick cloud, which the Hours lifted or put down.* II. *as masc. prop. n. Uranus, son of Erebus and Gaia.*

οὐράν-οἶχος, ον, (οὐρανός, ἔχω) *bolding heaven.*

οὔρεα, τά, nom. and acc. pl. of οὔρος, Ion. for ὄρος, τό, *a mountain.*

οὔρε-θρηπτος, v. l. for οὔρι-θρηπτος, q. v.

οὔρειος, η, ον, Ion. for ὄρειος, (ὄρος, τό) *of the mountain; Νύμφη οὔρειά a mountain-nymph.*

οὔρε-φοῖτος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, φοιτάω) *mountain-roaming:—fem. οὔρε-φοιτάς, ἄδος.*

οὔρεσι-βώτης, ον, ὁ, (οὔρος, τό, βόσκω) *poët. for ὄρεσιβώτης, feeding on the mountains.*

οὔρεσι-οικος, ον, (οὔρος, τό, οἰκῶ) *mountain-dwelling.*

οὔρεσι-φοίτης, ον, ὁ, and -φοίτος, ον, = οὔρεοφοίτος.

οὔρεψ, ἦος, ὁ, Ion. for ὄρεψ, α, mule.

οὔρέω, imprf. εὔρουον: f. οὔρησθ or -ήσομαι: aor. I εὔρησα: (οὔρον):—*to make water.*

οὔρηξ, Ep. acc. pl. of οὔρεψ: οὔρηξων, gen. pl.

οὔρησεῖω, Desiderat. of οὔρέω, *to want to make water.*

οὔρητιάω, = οὔρησεῖω.

οὔριᾶχος, ὁ, (οὔρα) *the hindmost part, lowest part; ἔγχεος οὔριᾶχος the butt-end of a spear.*

οὔρι-βάτας, ον, ὁ, *poët. for ὄρειβάτης, mountain-walking.*

οὔριζω, Ion. for ὄριζω, *to bound, limit.*

οὔριζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (οὔρος) *to waft with a fair wind: to speed on the way, guide prosperously.* II. *intr. to blow fairly, give a fair passage.*

οὔρι-θρηπτος, η, ον, (οὔρος, τό, τρέφω) *poët. for ὄρειθρηπτος, mountain-bred.*

οὔριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (οὔρος) *with a fair wind, Lat. vento secundo, esp. of a ship.* 2. *of a voyage, prosperous, fair: generally, prosperous, successful:—neut. plur. as Adv., οὔρια θεῖν to run before the wind: but ἐξ οὔριων δραμεῖν (sub. πνευμάτων), to run with a fair breeze.* II. *prospering, favouring, propiti-*

ous. 2. οὔρια (sub. πνοή), ἡ, = οὔρος, *a fair wind.*

οὐριο-στάτης, ου, δ, (οὔριος, ἴστημι) *standing pros-
perous or secure.* [ᾶ]

οὐρίω, (οὔριος) *to give to the winds, let flow.*

οὐρισμα, ατος, τό, Ion. for ὄρισμα, *a boundary line.*

οὔρις, by crasis for δ ὄρις.

Οὔρον, τό, Lat. URINA, *urine.*

οὔρον, τό, poet. for οὔρος, ὄρος, δ, *a boundary*;
found in three places of Homer; (1) ὅσα δίσκου οὔρα
πέλονται as far as the boundaries of the quoit reach,
i. e. the distance of a quoit's throw; (2) ὅσον τ' ἐν
νεῖφ' οὔρον πέλει ἡμίονόν τ' ὅσον ὑπεκπροθέων . .
ἴκετο; and (3) ὅσον τ' ἐπὶ οὔρα πέλονται ἡμίονον;
in which two passages, a certain distance is expressed
by οὔρον ἡμίονόν and οὔρα ἡμίονων, and the distance
meant is *that by which mules would beat oxen in
ploughing a furrow of given length in a given time.*

οὔρος, οὐ, δ, (εἶρω) *a trench or channel for hauling up
ships on shore and launching them again.*

Οὔροσ, ου, δ, *a fair wind, right astern; πέμπειν
κατ' οὔρον to send down (i. e. with) the wind, to speed
on its way: metaph., οὔρος [ἔστι], like καιρός [ἔστι],
it is a fair time.*

Οὔροσ, ου, δ, *a watcher, warder, guard.*

οὔρος, ου, δ, Ion. for ὄρος, *a boundary.*

οὔρος, εος, τό, Ion. for ὄρος, *a mountain.*

Οὔροσ, δ, *a wild bull, Lat. URUS.*

Οὔρῳ, τό, gen. ὠτός, dat. ὠτί: pl. nom. ὠτα, gen.
ὠτων, dat. ὠτων: Ion. and Ep. οὔας, οὔατος: Dor.
ᾠς, ᾠτός:—Lat. AURIS, *the ear; eis οὔς, eis ὠτα in
or into one's ear, i. e. secretly.* II. *an ear or
handle, of pitchers, urns, etc.*

οὔσια, ἡ, (οὔσα, part. fem. of εἰμί sum) *that which is
one's own, one's property, substance: state, condition;*
τὰς ἀπαιδὰς ἐς τὸ λοιπὸν οὔσιας *her childless state
for the future, i. e. her bearing no children for the future.*

οὔσι, II. *the being, substance, essence of a thing.*

οὔτᾶ, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, but οὔτᾶ, 3 sing. impf., of
οὔτᾶω.

οὔτᾶε, imperat. of οὔτᾶω.
οὔτᾶω, f. οὔτᾶσθαι: aor. I οὔτᾶσα: pf. pass. οὔτα-
σμαι:—like οὔτᾶω, *to wound; οὔτασεν σάκος they hit,
shattered the shield; c. acc. cognato, ἔλκος, ὃ με βρο-
τῶς οὔτασεν ἀνὴρ the wound which a man struck me
withal.*

οὔτάμεν, οὔτάμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of οὔτᾶω.
οὔτασται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of οὔτᾶω.

οὔτάω, imperat. οὔταε: Ion. impf. οὔτασκον: fut.
οὔτῆσθαι: aor. I οὔτησα Ion. οὔτησασκον: aor. I
pass. οὔτησθην:—Ep. 3 sing. aor. οὔτᾶ (as if from οὔ-
τημι), inf. οὔτάμεναι and οὔτάμεν, part. (in pass.
sense) οὔτάμενος [ᾶ]:—*to wound, to wound by striking
with a spear or sword, opp. to βάλλειν (to strike
with a missile):—Pass., οὔταμένη ἀτελεῆ the wound
inflicted.*

οὔ-τε, Adv., *and not.* II. repeated οὔτε . .
οὔτε . . , neither . . , nor . . , Lat. neque . . , neque . . : but
τε is often used in the second clause answering to
οὔτε in the first, both not . . , and . . .

οὔτερος, Ion. for ὄτερος: neut. τοὔτερον.

οὔτηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of οὔτάω.

οὔτησασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of οὔτάω.

οὔτητεια, ἡ, fem. of οὔτητήρ.

οὔτητήρ, ἦρος, (οὔτάω) *one who wounds.*

οὔ-τι, neut. of οὔτις.

οὔτιδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ὄς, ὄν, (οὔτις) *useless,
worthless, good for naught.*

οὔ-τι-πω, Adv., for οὔ τί πω, like οὔπω, *not at all yet.*

οὔ-τις, gen. οὔτινος, *no one, nobody, Lat. ne ullus,
nullus; neut. οὔ-τι, nothing, Lat. nihil:—neut. also
as Adv. by no means, not at all: hence* II. *with
changed accent, Οὔτις, ὄ, acc. Οὔτιν, Noman, No-
body, a name assumed by Ulysses to deceive Poly-
phemus.*

οὔ-τοι, Adv. (οὔ, τοί) *indeed not, Lat. non sane.*

οὔτος, αὔτη, τοὔτο, gen. τοὔτου, ταὔτης, τοὔτου,
etc., demonstr. Pron., *this, as opp. to ἐκείνος, the
nearer of two things, opp. to the more remote, like
Lat. hic opp. to ille.* II. *when opp. to ὅδε, οὔ-
τος generally refers to what has gone before, ὅδε to
what is to follow.* III. *οὔτος, αὔτη are used to
call a slave or an inferior, generally in a contemptuous
sense, Lat. heus! you there! bollo you! also οὔτος
σύ, heus tu! but also in a solemn call, as to Oedipus,
ὦ οὔτος, οὔτος Οἰδίπους!* IV. *τοὔτο μὲν . . ,
τοὔτο δέ . . , or ταὔτα μὲν . . , ταὔτα δέ . . , stronger
than μὲν . . , δέ . . , on the one hand . . , on the other . . ;
partly . . , partly . . .* V. *καὶ ταὔτα, to add some-
thing with emphasis, and that too, and more than
that, often without a Verb, as, καὶ ταὔτα τηλικούτος
and that too being such an one; τί γὰρ δευνότερον
δικαστοῦ καὶ ταὔτα γέροντος; for what is more to
be feared than a judge, and that too an old one?* VI.
*καὶ ταὔτα μὲν δὴ ταὔτα, like εἶεν, so much for this,
Lat. haec hactenus.* VII. *neut. pl. ταὔτα as
Adv. for this reason, like διὰ ταὔτα, ταὔτ' ἄρα,
ταὔτ' οὔν for this reason then, accordingly.* 2.
*ταὔτα (sub. δράσω), in affirm. answers, ταὔτ', ᾧ δε-
σπῶτα yes, master.* VIII. *dat. fem. sing. ταὔτη
was also used as Adv., I. of Place (sub. χώρα),
in this spot, here.* 2. of Manner, in this way,
so. 3. in this respect, so far, for the matter of
that.

IX. οὔτος is often strengthd. in Att. by
the demonstr. ἰ, οὔτοσι, αὔτηι, τοὔτι, gen. του-
τοῦ, nom. pl. οὔτοι, neut. ταὔτι, etc., *this man here,
Lat. hiecc:—before a vowel i becomes ŷ, as οὔτοσιν:
neut. τουτοσί, ταυτασί.*

οὔτως, before a conson. οὔτω, Adv. of οὔτος, *in this
way or manner, so thus, Lat. sic.* II. *with a
qualifying power, so, only so, simply, no more
than.* III. *in wishes, with optat., εἰ γὰρ ἐγὼν
οὔτω γε Διὸς παῖς εἶην would I were the son of Jove
so [truly] as . . .* 2. *in protestations, as, ἐγὼ γ' οὔ-
τως ὀναίμην τῶν τέκνων, μισῶ τὸν ἄνδρα I, so help
me my children, hate the man.* IV. *οὔτω μὲν . . ,
οὔτω δέ . . , partly . . , partly . . , on the one hand . . , on
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story, οὕτω ποτ' ἦν μὴς καὶ γαλῆ so there were once upon a time a mouse and a marten-cat.

οὕτωςί, οὕτωςίν, = οὕτως. [ἴ]

οὕχι, Adv. for οὐ, not. [ἴ]

οὐχίνος, by crasis for ὁ ἔχινος.

ὀφειλέτης, ου, ὁ, fem. ὀφειλέτις, ιδος, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debtor.

ὀφειλή, ἡ, (ὀφείλω) a debt: one's due.

ὀφείλημα, τό, (ὀφείλω) that which is owed, a debt.

ὀΦΕΙΛΩ, impf. ὀφείλον: fut. ὀφειλήσω: aor. I

ἠφείλησα: aor. 2 ὤφελον Ion. ὀφελον Ep. ὤφελ-

λον, ὀφελλον: pf. ὤφειλκα:—to owe, be indebted

for, have to pay: absol. to be in debt:—Pass. to be

owed, to be due: part. ὀφειλόμενος, bounden, due,

fitting; τὸ ὀφειλόμενον one's due. 2. ζημίαν ὀφεί-

λεν to be liable to, be in danger of a penalty, etc.:

of retribution, βλάβην ὀφείλειν τινί to owe one an ill

turn. II. to be under an obligation, to be bound

to do a thing. 2. aor. 2 ὤφελον, I ought.., of

what one has not done; ὤφελεν ἀθανάτοισιν εὐχε-

σθαι he ought to have prayed to the gods: hence this

aor. comes to express the wish that a thing had hap-

pened which has not, as, τὴν ὀφελ' ἐν νήεσσι κατα-

κτάμεν Ἄρτεμις would that Diana had slain her! Lat.

utinam eam interfecisset! properly, Diana ought

to have slain her: mostly with the Conjunction εἴθε

Ep. αἴθε, as, αἴθ' ὄφελος ἄγονος ξέναι O that thou

hadst been unborn! εἴθ' ὤφελ' Ἄργουὸς μὴ διαπτά-

σθαι σκάφος would that the Argo had not sped

through: also with ὡς, ὡς ὄφελον or ὤφελον O that

I had .! also with negat., μὴ ὄφελος would thou

hadst not..! III. of anything binding upon us,

esp. in Pass.; πᾶσιν ἡμῖν τοῦτ' ὀφείλεται παθεῖν this

is a debt due for us all to pay; so, πᾶσιν ἡμῖν κα-

θανεῖν ὀφείλεται, Horace's debemur morti, we must

all pay the debt of nature.

ὀΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, Ep. for ὀφείλω, impf. ὤφελον or

ὄφελον, to owe: Pass., χρεῖός μοι ὀφέλλεται a debt

is due to me. II. to be obliged, bound.

ὀΦΕ'ΑΛΩ, f. ὀφελῶ: aor. I ὤφειλα, Aeol. 3 sing.

opt. ὀφέλλεεν:—poët. word, to increase, enlarge,

augment, strengthen; μῦθον ὀφέλλειν to multiply

words; ὀφέλλειν τινα τιμῇ to raise one in honour,

Lat. bonore augete: generally, to help, make to

thrive:—Pass. to wax, grow, thrive, increase.

ὀφελον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὀφείλω.

ὀφέλος, τό, (ὀφείλω) advantage, help, profit, usance;

c. gen., τῶν ὀφελος οὐδέν whose use was nothing, i. e.

who were of no use; so, ὅ τι ὀφελος στρατεύματος

what was really serviceable of the army.

ὀφθαλμία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός) a disease of the eyes ac-

companied by the discharge of humours, ophthalmia.

ὀφθαλμιά, (ὀφθαλμία) to have the ophthalmia, to

have sore eyes.

ὀφθαλμίδιον, τό, Dim. of ὀφθαλμός. [ἴ]

ὀφθαλμο-δουλεία, ἡ, (ὀφθαλμός, δουλεία) eye-service.

ὀφθαλμός, οὐ, ὁ, (ὀφθῆναι) the eye; ἐς ὀφθαλμούς

τινος before one's eyes or face; ἐν ὀφθαλμοῖς Lat. in

oculis, before the eyes; ἐξ ὀφθαλμῶν out of sight;

κατ' ὀφθαλμούς to one's face. II. like ὄμμα and

ἄθος, the dearest, choicest, best of anything, as the

eye is the most precious part of the body; ὀφθαλμός

στρατιᾶς the flower of the army, as we say, the apple

of the eye. III. in Persia, ὀφθαλμοὶ βασιλέως,

the king's eyes, were confidential officers, through

whom he beheld his subjects.

ὀφθαλμο-τεγκτος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, τέγγω) wetting

the eyes.

ὀφθαλμο-ῤῥυχος, ον, (ὀφθαλμός, ῥύσσω) tearing

out the eyes.

ὀφθαλμός, Dor. for ὀφθαλμός.

ὀφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of ὄραω.

ὀφθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ὄραω.

ὀφίεσσι, Ep. for ὄφισι, dat. pl. of ὄφις.

ὀφίο-βόλος, ον, (ὄφις, βολέω) serpent-slaying.

ὀφίο-πους, ποδος, (ὄφις, πούς) with snakes for legs.

ὀΦΙ'Σ, gen. eos Ion. ιος, ὁ, a serpent, snake.

ὀφι-ῶδης, ἐς, (ὄφις, εἶδος) of serpent shape, snakey.

ὀφλεῖν, aor. 2 act. inf. of ὀφλισκᾶω.

ὀφλίμα, ατος, τό, (ὀφλεῖν) a debt or a fine incurred

in a lausvii, damages.

ὀφλήσω, fut. of ὀφλισκᾶω.

ὀφλισκᾶω, fut. ὀφλήσω: pf. ὀφληκα: aor. 2 ὤφ-

λλον, inf. ὀφλεῖν, part. ὀφλῶν:—to owe, incur a debt,

but mostly used in the technical phrase δίκην ὀφλεῖν

or ὀφλισκᾶναι, to be cast in a suit, lose one's cause;

as, ὀφλῶν ἀρπαγῆς τε καὶ κλοπῆς δίκην being cast in

a suit of robbery and theft; also, θανάτου δίκην ὀφ-

λισκᾶναι to be found guilty of a capital crime: often

without δίκην, ὀφλισκᾶναι ἀστρατείας (sub. δίκην)

to be found guilty of not serving: absol. to be cast,

be found guilty, convicted: also, ζημίαν ὀφλεῖν to in-

cure a penalty. II. generally, of anything one

brings on oneself; γέλωτα or αἰσχύνην ὀφλεῖν to

bring laughter or shame on oneself, incur them: so

also, δειλῶν ὀφλισκᾶναι to incur the charge of cow-

ardice; μαρῶν ὀφλισκᾶναι τινί to bring on oneself

the imputation of folly in any one's estimation.

ὀφλῶν, ὄσσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὀφλισκᾶω.

ὀΦΡΑ, Conjunction, marking end or intention,

that, in order that, to the end that, Lat. ut. II.

Adv. of Time, like Lat. donec, so long as, while:

until.

ὀφρῆν, ἡ, Ion. for ὀφρῦς, the brow or edge of a

bill. [ῥ]

ὀφρῦός, ἐσσα, ἐν, (ὀφρῦς) on the brow or edge of

a rock, beetling. 2. metaph. towering, pompous.

ὀΦΡΥ'Σ, υος, ἡ; acc. ὀφρῦν later ὀφρῦα; acc. pl.

ὀφρῦας, ὀφρῦς:—the eyebrow, Lat. supercilium, used

in many phrases to denote grief, rage, scorn or

pride; as, τὰς ὀφρῦς ἀναστῆναι to draw up the eye-

brows in token of grief; τὰς ὀφρῦς συνάγειν to knit,

contract the brows, frown; opp. to λύειν and μεθιέ-

ναι τὰς ὀφρῦς to smoothe or unknit the brow. 2.

ὀφρῦς, like Lat. supercilium, gravity, dignity; scorn,

pride, II. metaph. *the brow of a hill, the edge of a cliff, a beelling or overhanging crag.*

ὄφρῦς, contr. for ὄφρῦας, acc. pl. of ὄφρῦς.

ὄξᾶ, (έχω) Ep. Adv. *by far, eminently*, always with Sup. ἄριστος: later έξοχα.

ὄξάνη, ἦ, and ὄξάνων, τό, (ὄχλέω, έχω) *the handle of a shield*, consisting of two bands fastened crosswise on the under side of the shield, through which the bearer passed his arm.

ὄχέεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὄχέω.

ὄχέεσαι, Ep. for ὄχεσαι, dat. pl. of ὄχος.

ὄχέα, ἦ, (ὄχεύω) *a covering*, of the horse.

ὄχεσφι, -iv, Ep. for ὄχεσαι, dat. pl. of τὸ ὄχος.

ὄχετεύω, f. σω, (ὄχετός) *to carry off by a ditch or channel: to divert by a canal or aqueduct*:—Pass., ὕδωρ ὄχετευόμενον *water carried off by a canal.*

ὄχετ-ηγός, ὄν, (ὄχετός, ἄγω) *drawing off water by a conduit or canal.*

ὄχετός, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄχέω) *a conduit, ditch, canal, aqueduct, drain: any channel for water, the bed of a river.* 2. metaph. *a channel or means of escape.*

ὄχεύς, gen. έως Ion. ἦος, ὄ, (έχω) *any fastening*: 1. *the band or strap for fastening the helmet under the chin.* 2. in pl. *the clasps of the belt.* 3. *a bolt which fastened the door within.*

ὄχευτής, οὐ, ὄ, (ὄχεύω) *a stallion: a lewd person.*

ὄχεύω, f. σω, (ὄχέω) *to ride*: of male animals, *to cover.*

ὄχέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχος, ὄ) collat. form of έχω, as φορέω of φέρω, *to bear, endure, support, hold; φρουρὰν ὄχεῖν to keep watch.* 2. *to let ride, mount.* II. in Pass., with fut. med. ὄχῆσομαι, *to be borne or carried*: κύμασιν, νησίν, ἵπποισιν ὄχεῖσθαι *to be carried by the waves, by ships, etc.*: hence without any Subst. after it, like Lat. *vehi, to drive, ride, sail*; ἐπ' ἀγκύρας ὄχεῖσθαι *to ride at anchor.*

ὄχηα, Ep. acc. of ὄχεύς: ὄχηες, nom. pl.

ὄχημα, τό, (ὄχέω) *that which bears or supports, a support, stay.* II. *a carriage, a chariot*, Lat. *vehiculum*: also *a vessel, ship.*

ὄχθέω, f. ἦσω, *to be heavy laden*: metaph. *to be heavy or oppressed in mind, to be vexed at heart; ἀχθησαν they were heavy at heart.* (From ἀχθωμαι, as ὄχέω from έχω.)

ὄΧΘΗ, ἦ, older form of ὄχθος, *any raised ground, natural or artificial, a bill, mound, dyke, dam*: in pl. *the banks of a river or trench, dyke, etc.*: also, *crags by a river.* Hence

ὄχθρός, ἄ, ὄν, *raised, billy.*

ὄχθος, ὄ, later form of ὄχθη, *rising ground, a bill.*

ὄχλέω, = μοχλέω, *to heave or move by a lever*:—Pass. *to be rolled, roll along*; ψηφίδες ἄπασαι ὄχλεῖνται (Aeol. for ὄχλούνται) *all the pebbles are rolled or swept away by the water.*

ὄχλέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος) *to disturb by a mob or tumult*: generally, *to trouble or importune*, c. acc.: *absol. to be troublesome.*

ὄχληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὄχλέω) *troublesome, importunate.*

ὄχλίζω, f. ἴσω, = ὄχλέω, ὄχλεύω, *to move or heave by a lever, generally, to move a great weight, roll it away by dint of strength.*

ὄχλίσσειαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of ὄχλίζω.

ὄχλο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, (ὄχλος, ποιέω) *to make a riot; ὄχλοποιεῖν τὴν πόλιν to set the city in an uproar.*

ὄΧΛΟΣ, ὄ, *a throng of people, an irregular crowd, mob, multitude: the populace, mob*, Lat. *turba*, opp. to δήμος (*the people* in a constitutional sense).

II. *noise made by a crowd, a riot, tumult*, Lat. *turba*:—generally, *disturbance, trouble, annoyance, importunity.*

ὄχλ-ώδης, ές, contr. for ὄχλο-ειδής, (ὄχλος, εἶδος) *like a mob, turbulent, riotous*; τὸ ὄχλῶδες *troublesomeness, turbulence.*

ὄχμα, ατος, τό, (έχω) *a bold, fastening.* Hence

ὄχμάζω, f. ἄσω, *to grip, hold fast: to bind, fetter: of horses, to rein in, make obedient to the bit.*

ὄχνη, ἦ, *a wild pear*, late form of ὄχνη.

ὄχος, eos, τό, (έχω) *a chariot*, always in pl., and mostly in Ep. dat. ὄχεσφι, ὄχεσφιν, for ὄχεσι.

ὄχος ποῖτ. ὄχος, ου, ὄ, (έχω) *that which holds; νηῶν ὄχοι places to hold ships, i. e. harbours, roadsteads.*

II. *that which bears, a carriage, chariot, car*; but, ὄχοι ἀπήνης *bearers of the chariot, i. e. the wheels.*

ὄχυρός, ἄ, ὄν, (έχω) *like έχυρός, firm, lasting, stout, strong*: esp. of places, *firm, secure: strong, tenable*, of a fortress or the like.

ὄχυρώω, f. ἄσω, (ὄχυρός) *to make fast, fortify.* Hence

ὄχύρωμα, ατος, τό, *a stronghold, fortress.*

ὄχυρῶς, Adv. of ὄχυρός, *firmly, strongly.*

ὄχωκα, by metaph. for ὄκωχα, perf. of έχω.

ὄψ, ἦ, gen. ὄπος, dat. ὄπι, acc. ὄπα (εἰπεῖν, έπος) *a voice.* II. *a discourse, word.*

ὄψ-ἀμάτης [μᾶ], ου, ὄ, voc. ὄψᾶματα, (ὄψέ, ἀμάω) *one who mows till late at even*; cf. ὄψαρῆτης.

ὄψᾶνον, τό, (ὄψομαι) = ὄψις, *a sight, vision.*

ὄψάριον, τό, Dim. of ὄψον, esp. fish: *a small fish.*

ὄψα-ἰρότης, ου, ὄ, (ὠψέ, ἄρῶ) *one who ploughs late*; cf. ὄψαμάτης.

ὄΨΕ, Adv. *after a long time, at length, late*, Lat. *sero*; ὄψέ μαθηάειν *to learn too late.* 2. *late in the day, at even*, opp. to πρῶι: *late in the season*;

ὠψέ ἦν *it was late*: c. gen., ὠψέ τῆς ἡμέρας *late in the day*, Lat. *serum diei*: also, ὠψέ τῶν Τρωικῶν *long after the Trojan war*.—Att. irreg. Comp. ὠψιαιτέρον *later*; Sup. ὠψιαιτάτα, *latest.*

ὄψειω, Desiderat. of ὄράω, formed from fut. ὄψομαι, *to wish to see.*

ὄψεισθαι, fut. inf. of ὄράω.

ὄψι, Aeol. for ὠψέ.

ὄψια (sub. ἄρα), ἦ, properly fem. of ὄψιος, *the latter part of the day, evening*, often joined with δέιλῃ: Opp. to ὄρθρος: see δέιλῃ.

ὄψιαιτέρος, -τατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of ὄψιος: see ὠψέ.

ὄψι-γνος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, γενέσθαι) *late-born, after-born, born in a later age.* 2. of a son, *late-born, born in one's old age.* 3. *later-born, i. e. younger.* [Ὶ]

ὄψιςτερος, -τατος, *Comp. and Sup. of ὄψιος.*

ὄψιζω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψέ) *to do, go or come late: to be too late in doing:* *Pass. to be belated, benighted.*

ὄψι-κοιτος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, κούτη) *going late to bed, late watching or wakeful.*

ὄψιμαθέω, *f. ἴσω*, *to learn late or too late.* From ὄψι-μαθής, *és*, (ὄψέ, μαθεῖν) *late in learning, late to learn, Lat. serus studiorum: too late or too old to learn, c. gen.*

ὄψιμος, *ov*, (ὄψέ) *poët. for ὄψιος, late, slow, tardy: τέρας ὄψιμον a prognostic late of fulfilment.*

ὄψι-νοος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, νόος) *late of thought, inobservant.*

ὄψιος, *a, ov*, (ὄψέ) *late, Lat. serus, opp. to πρόσιος.*—*Att. Comp. ὄψιαίτερος, a, ov, Sup. ὄψιαίτατος, η, ov:* *Neut. ὄψιαίτερον, -τατα, Adv. as Comp. and Sup. of ὄψέ.* The forms ὄψιςτερος and ὄψιςτατος also occur.

ὄψις, *gen. εως Ion. ios, η, (ὄψιομαι) a sight, appearance: a vision, apparition:—ὄψις οἰκοδομημάτων a show of buildings.* 2. *outward appearance, look: the face, visage.* II. *the power of sight or seeing, eyesight.* 2. *a viewing, seeing, view, sight, Lat. conspectus; ἀπικέσθαι ἐς ὄψιν τινί to come into one's sight or presence.*

ὄψι-τελέστος, *ov*, (ὄψέ, τελέω) *late of fulfilment, to be late fulfilled.*

ὄψομαι, *fut. of ὄραω*, formed from *ὄπτομαι.

ὄψον, τό, (ἔψω) *properly, boiled meat: generally, meat, flesh.* II. *anything eaten with bread, to give it flavour: hence onions are called ὄψον τοῦ, a zest or relish to drink.* III. *generally, sauce, seasoning: metaph. of hunger or toil, οἱ πόνοι ὄψον τοῖς ἀγαθοῖς labour is a sauce to good things.* IV. *any dainty food, rich fare: in pl. dainties.* V. *at Athens, mostly of fish, the chief dainty of the Athenians.* 2. *the market-place, esp. the fish-market.*

ὄψοποιέω, *Dep. (ὄψοποιός) to dress meat delicately: Med. to eat meat or fish with bread.* Hence

ὄψοποιτα, *η, the art of cookery: and*

ὄψοποιικός, *η, óv, of or for delicate cookery.*

ὄψοποιός, *όν, (ὄψον, ποιέω) cooking food skilfully: as Subst., ὄψοποιός, ó, a cook.*

ὄψο-πόνος, *ov*, (ὄψον, πονέω) *dressing food elaborately.*

ὄψοφαγέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψοφαγός) *to eat or live upon dainties alone, to fare delicately.* Hence

ὄψοφαγία, *η, dainty living: eating delicacies.*

ὄψο-φάγος, *ov*, (ὄψον, φαγεῖν) *eating dainties or delicacies: as Subst., ὄψοφαγός, ó, an epicure, gourmand.—Irreg. Att. Comp. and Sup. ὄψοφαγίστερος, ὄψοφαγίστατος.*

ὄψι-ωνέω, *f. ἴσω*, (ὄψον, ἀνέομαι) *to buy or purvey fish: generally, to buy victuals.* Hence

ὄψωνιον, τό, *properly, provisions, supplies for an army: generally, recompense, wages.*

Π

Π, π, π̄, *indecl.:* sixteenth letter of Gr. alphabet: as numeral π' = 80, but π = 80,000.

Changes of π: it is often interchanged with β, as in πάλλω βάλλω: often also in Ion. for φ, as ἀπικέσθαι for ἀπικ-, ἀπηγέσθαι for ἀπηγ-; and so before an aspirate, π was retained by the Ion., e.g., ἀπ' ἡμῶν, ἐπ' ἡμῶν for ἀφ' ἡμῶν, ἐφ' ἡμῶν. II. in Ion. π, π̄ becomes κ in relatives and interrogatives, e.g. κῶς ὅκως κούος ὀκούος κόσος ὀκόσος for πῶς ὅπως ποῖος ὀποιός ὄσος ὀόσος. III. in Aeol. π is used for μ, as ὄππα for ὄμμα, πεῖθᾶ for μετᾶ. IV. in Aeol. and Dor. π is for τ, as πέμπε for πέντε. V. π is sometimes interchanged with γ, as in λαπαρός λαγαρός. VI. π is often redupl. in relatives, metri grat. esp. in Aeol. e.g. ὄππη, ὄππας, ὄπποῖός, ὄππόσος for ὄπη, etc. VII. Poët., τ is sometimes inserted after π, esp. in πτόλις, πτόλεμος for πόλις, πόλεμος with their derivatives.

πᾶ, πᾶ, Dor. for πῆ, πη.

πᾶα, Lacon. for πᾶσα.

πᾶγᾶ, Dor. for πηγή.

παγενέτερα, *η, mother of all.* From

παγ-γενέτης, *ov, ó*, (πᾶς, γενέσθαι) *father of all.*

παγ-γλυκερός, *ά, óv*, (πᾶς, γλυκερός) *sweetest of all.*

παγ-γλωσσία, *η, (πᾶς, γλώσσα) wordiness.*

πάγεις, *είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγεν [ᾶ], Aeol. and Ep. for ἐπάγησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγετός, *ó*, (πάγος) *frost, ice.*

πάγετ-ώδης, *es*, (παγετός, εἶδος) *frosty, icy-cold.*

πάγη [ᾶ], 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πήγνυμι.

πάγη [ᾶ], *η, (παγήναι) anything that fixes or holds fast: a snare, noose, trap: the toils used in fowling: a fowling-net.* 2. *metaph. a snare, stratagem.*

πάγηται, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of πήγνυμι.*

πάγιδεύω, *f. σω*, (παγίς) *to lay a snare for, entrap.*

πάγιος, *a, ov*, (πάγηται) *fixed, firm, solid, steadfast.*

Adv. -ίως, *firmly, steadily.*

πάγίς, *ίδος, η, (παγήναι) like πάγη, a snare, trap, gin:—ἀγκυρα παγίς νεῶν the anchor which holds ships like a trap.*

παγ-καίνιστος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καινός) *all new or fresh.*

πάγ-κακός, *ov*, (πᾶς, κακός) *quite or utterly bad: most unlucky or unfortunate: in moral sense, utterly bad or depraved: Sup. παγκάκιστος. Adv. παγκάκως, all miserably.*

πάγ-καλός, *ov*, (πᾶς, καλός) *all-beautiful, all-good.*

παγκαρπία, *η, an offering of all kinds of fruit.*

παγ-καρπος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καρπός) *of or consisting of all kinds of fruit: rich in every fruit.*

παγ-κατάρυτος, *ov*, (πᾶς, καταράομαι) *all-accursed.*

παγ-κευθής, *és*, (πᾶς, κεύθω) *all concealed.* II. *act. all-concealing.*

πάγκλαυτος and —κλαυτος, *ov*, (πάς, κλαίω) *all-lamented, most woeful.* II. *act. all-tearful.*

παγκληρία, ἡ, *a sole inheritance, full possession.*

From
πάγκληρος, *ov*, (πάς, κληρος) *beld in full possession.*

πάγκοινος, *ov*, (πάς, κοινός) *common to all.*

παγκοίτης, *ov*, ὁ, (πάς, κοίτη) *giving rest to all;θάλαμος παγκοίτης the chamber in which all must rest, i. e. the grave.*

παγκόνιτος, *ov*, (πάς, κονίω) *covered all over with dust; ἀεθλα παγκόνιτα prizes gained by all kinds of contests.*

παγκράτης, ἔς, (πάς, κράτος) *all-powerful, all-mighty, all-ruling: all-conquering.*

παγκρατιάω, *f. σω*, *to perform the exercises of the pancratium.*

παγκράτιον, τό, (παγκράτης) *a complete contest, i. e. an exercise which combined both wrestling (πάλη) and boxing (πυγμή), the pancratium.*

παγκρότως, *Adv.* (πάς, κρότος) *sounding all at once, of rowers who keep good time.*

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηται) *a firm-set rock: a peak, crag, rocky hill: ὁ Ἄρειος πάγος the Areopagus at Athens.* [ἄ]

πάγος, ὁ, (πάγηται) *anything stiffened or hardened: frozen water, ice, frost.* [ἄ]

πάγουρος, ὁ, (πάγηται, οὐρά) *a kind of crab.*

παγχάλεπος, *ov*, (πάς, χαλεπός) *very difficult and dangerous.* *Adv.* —*πας.*

παγχάλκεος and παγχαλκος, *ov*, (πάς, χαλκός) *all-brasen, all of brass.*

πάγχρηστος, *ov*, (πάς, χρηστός) *good for all work.*

πάγχριστος, *ov*, (πάς, χριστός) *all-anointed; πάγχριστον πειθοῦς the all-anointed of persuasion, of the robe anointed with the blood of Nessus, to be used as a love-charm.*

παγχρύσεος, *ov*, and πάγχρῦσος, *ov*, (πάς, χρυσός) *all gold, of solid gold.* [ῥ]

πάγχϋ, *Adv.* (πάς, πᾶν) *Ion. for πάνυ, quite, wholly, entirely, altogether.*

πάγῳ, *aor.* 2 subj. pass. of πήγημι.

παδάω, *Dor.* for πηδάω.

πάθε [ἄ], *Ep.* for ἔπαθε, 3 *sg.* *aor.* 2 of πάσχω.

παθεῖν *Ep.* παθεῖν, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πάσχω. Hence

πάθη [ἄ], ἡ, *anything that befalls one: suffering, misfortune.*

πάθημα, *atos*, τό, = πάθος, *a suffering, misfortune; τὰ πάθηματα μαθήματα sufferings are lessons to learn by.*

πάθησα, *Ep.* 2 *sg.* *aor.* 2 subj. med. of πάσχω.

πάθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παθεῖν) *having suffered: subject to suffering, destined to suffer.*

πάθος, *eos*, τό, (παθεῖν) *anything that befalls one, a suffering, misfortune, calamity.* 2. *a passive condition: a passion, affection.* 3. *an incident.*

πάθω [ἄ], *aor.* 2 subj. of πάσχω.

πάθῳ, *oσα*, ὄν, *aor.* 2 part. of πάσχω.

παῖ, *Ep.* παῖ, *vocat.* of παῖς.

Παῖν, ἄνος, *Paen* or *Paean*, the physician of the gods; Παῖητος γενέθλη the race of *Paean*, i. e. physicians.

2. later the name was transferred to Apollo, who was invoked by the cry ἰηε Παῖν; also to his son Aesculapius.

3. *a physician: and more generally, a saviour, deliverer.* II. as appellat. παῖν *Ion.* παῖηων, *a paean*, i. e. *a choral song, a hymn or chant, addressed to Apollo, as Παῖ-ἄν.*

2. *a song of triumph* after victory, properly to Apollo: also *a triumphant song* before battle, *a war-song.* 3. *any solemn song or chant.* 4. in pl., παῖηνες *paean-singers.* Hence

παῖωνῖα, *f. σω*, *to chant the paean, sing a song of triumph.*

Παῖων, *onos*, ὁ, *Dor.* for Παῖηων. [ἄ]

παίγμα, *atos*, τό, (παίζω) *play, sport; λωτοῦ π. flute-playing.*

παίγνιά, ἡ, (παίζω) *play, sport, a game, pastime.* II. *a feast, festival.*

παίγνια-γράφος, *ov*, (παίγνιά, γράφω) *writing sportive poetry.*

παίγνιμων, *ov*, *gen. onos*, (παίγνιά) *fond of a joke.*

παίγνιον, τό, (παίζω) *a plaything, toy: impl. of a person, Lat. deliciae, a darling.* II. in Theocritus, the Egyptians are called κακὰ παίγνια, *roguish cheats.* III. *a sportive poem: merry noise.*

παίγνιος, *ov*, (παίγνιά) *sportive, droll, done in play.*

παίγνι-ώδης, *es*, (παίγνιά, εἶδος) *playful, sportive, merry; τὸ παίγνιῶδες playfulness.*

παῖδ-ἄγωγιον, τό, (παῖδαγωγός) *a school-room.*

παῖδᾶγωγέω, *f. ἦσω*, (παῖδαγωγός) *to attend boys: to lead like a child, to train, educate.* Hence

παῖδᾶγωγία, ἡ, *an attending boys, education:—attendance.*

παῖδ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (παῖς, ἄγω) *attending or training boys: as Subst., παῖδαγωγός, ὁ, the slave who went with a boy from home to school and back again: hence generally, a tutor, teacher, instructor.*

παῖδαριον, τό, *Dim.* of παῖς, *a young child, a little boy or girl.* II. *a young slave.*

παῖδω, *παῖδοῦν*, *Lacon.* for παῖω, παίζειν.

παιδεία, ἡ, (παιδεύω) *the rearing or bringing up of a child: teaching, education, discipline, correction.* II. *youth, childhood.* III. *handiwork.*

παιδεῖος, *ov*, (παῖς) *childish, concerning or suited to children; ὕμνοι παιδεῖοι hymns sung by the boys.*

παιδεραστέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to love boys.* From

παῖδ-εραστής, οὔ, ὁ, (παῖς, ἐράω) *a lover of boys.*

παιδερασία, ἡ, (παιδεραστέω) *love of boys.*

παιδεσται, *Ep.* for παῖσι, *dat. pl.* of παῖς.

παιδεσμα, *atos*, τό, (παιδεύω) *that which is reared or educated, a nursling, scholar, pupil.* II. *that which is taught, lesson.*

παιδευσις, ἡ, (παιδεύω) *a rearing, training, education.* II. *a place of teaching, school; ἡ ἡμετέρα*

πόλις Ἑλλάδος παιδευσις our city is the school of Greece.

παιδευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of παιδεύω, to be educated: neut. παιδευτός, one must educate.

παιδευτής, οὔ, ὁ, an educator, instructor. II. a corrector, chastiser. From

παιδεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἔπαιδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευκα:—Pass., aor. I ἔπαιδευσα: pf. πεπαίδευμαι: (παῖς):—to rear or bring up a child: usu. 2. to teach, educate, instruct; ὁ πεπαιδευμένος a man of education, opp. to ἀπαιδευτος:—Med. to have any one taught or educated, applied to parents. 3. to accustom or inure to a thing. 4. to correct, chasten.

παιδῆμος, η, ον, Ion. for παιδεῖος.

παιδιά, ἄς, ἡ, (παῖζω) child's play, sport, pastime: a game.

παιδιά, ἡ, worse form for παιδεία.

παιδικά, ἄν, τά, a darling, love, relating to a single person, Lat. *deliciae*. II. παιδικά (sub. μέλη), songs to or about a beloved boy. Neut. from

παιδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παῖς) of or fit for a boy, childish, boyish, Lat. *puerilis*. 2. playful, sportive. II. belonging to a beloved youth.

παιδιόθεν, Adv. from childhood, from a child. From παιδίον, τό, Dim. of παῖς, a young child. II. a young slave.

παιδισκάριον, τό, Dim. of παιδίσκη, a little girl.

παιδίσκη, ἡ, Dim. of παῖς (ἡ), a young girl, maiden, damsel. II. a young female slave: a courtesan.

παιδίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of ὁ παῖς, a young son, boy, lad.

παιδνός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (παῖζω) childish, silly, playful. II. as Subst. παιδνός, ὁ, = ὁ παῖς, a boy, lad: παιδνή, ἡ, a girl.

παιδο-βόρος, ον, (παῖς, βορά) child-eating.

παιδο-γόνος, ον, (παῖς, *γένω) begetting children. II. making fruitful or prolific.

παιδο-κομέω, (παῖς, κομέω) to take care of a child.

παιδο-κόραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (παῖς, κόραξ) a boy-raven.

παιδοκτονέω, f. ἡσω, to murder children. From παιδο-κτόνος, ον, (παῖς, κτείνω) child-murdering.

παιδο-ολετήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and παιδο-ολέτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παῖς, ὄλλυμι) a child-murderer:—fem. παιδο-ολέτειρα and παιδο-ολετισ, ἰδος, a child-murderess.

παιδο-λύμας, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, λύμη) destroying children. [v]

παιδο-νόμος, ον, (παῖς, νέμω) controlling boys: as Subst., Παιδονόμοι, οἱ, magistrates who superintended the education of youths, at Sparta.

παιδοποιέω, f. ἡσω, (παιδοποιός) of men, to beget children; of women, to bear children: so also in Med., with pf. pass. πεπαιδοποίημαι. Hence

παιδοποιία, ἡ, a begetting or bearing of children.

παιδο-ποιός, ὄν, (παῖς, ποιέω) begetting or bearing children: generative.

παιδο-πόρος, ον, (παῖς, πείρω) through which a child passes.

παιδοσπορέω, f. ἡσω, to beget children. From παιδο-σπόρος, ον, begetting children.

παιδοσπότης, ον, ὁ, ἡ, (παῖς, σπότης) a child-rear-er, a nurse.

παιδοστροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδοστροφός, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοστροφός, ἡ, a mother.

παιδο-τρωτός, ον, (παῖς, τιτρώσκω) wounded by children; of wounds, inflicted by children.

παιδο-υργέω, f. ἡσω, (παῖς, ἔργον) = παιδοποιέω. Hence

παιδουργία, ἡ, a begetting children: also of the wife herself.

παιδοφιλέω, f. ἡσω, to be fond of boys. From παιδο-φίλης, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, φιλέω) fond of boys.

παιδο-φόνος, ον, (παῖς, φένω) killing children: συμφορά παιδοφόνος the calamity of having killed a son; παιδοφόνον αἷμα the blood of slain children.

παιδο-φορέω, (παῖς, φορέω) to waft away a boy.

παῖζω: f. παίζομαι or παίζομαι, rarely παίζω: aor. I ἔπαισα and ἔπαιξα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἔπαιχθη: pf. πέπαισμαι, also πέπαιγμα: (παῖς):—to play like a child, to sport, play: to jest, joke, be merry: to trifle. 2. to dance: also, to sing. 3. to play at a game; σφαῖρη or σφαῖραν παίζειν to play at ball. 4. to play (on an instrument). 5. to make sport of, mock at, to jest upon a thing. 6. transit. to treat jocosely.

Παιήνιος, α, ον, also fem. Παιηονίς, ἰδος, (Παιήων) bealing.

παῖσσω, fut. of παῖω to strike.

Παιών, ονος, ὁ, Ion. for Παιών, Παιών, Paeon, the physician of the gods. II. παῖων as appellat. for παιών, a festal song; cf. Παιάν.

Παῖων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, as Adj. = Παῖηονιος.

παῖκτης, ον, ὁ, (παῖζω) a dancer or player.

παῖξομαι or παῖξομαι, Att. fut. of παῖζω.

παιπάλη, ἡ, (redupl. from πάλη or παλή) the finest flour or meal, Lat. *pollen*: any fine dust: metaph. a subtle rogue. [α] Hence

παιπάλημα, ατος, τό, a subtle fellow.

παιπάλοεις, εσσα, εν, an old Ep. word, steep, craggy, rugged. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΠΑΪΣ, παιδός, ὁ and ἡ; gen. pl. παιδων Dor. παιδῶν; dat. pl. πασίν, παιδῶσι: the Ep. preferred the dissyll. nom. pl. diss., vocat. *πάι*: I. of Descent, a child, a son or a daughter; παῖς παιδός a child's child, grandchild. 2. periph., Λυδῶν παῖδες sons of the Lydians, i. e. the Lydians themselves. II. of Age, a child: παῖς, ὁ, a boy, youth, lad; παῖς, ἡ, a

παιδοτριβέω, to teach boys wrestling: generally, to train, exercise, practise. From

παιδο-τριβῆς, ον, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a training-master for boys, a master of exercises; ἐν παιδοτριβῶν in the house or school of the trainer: generally, a teacher, master. [r] Hence

παιδοτριβικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or fit for a training-master or his art. Adv. —*κῶς*, like a gymnastic master.

παιδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ, (παῖς, τριβῆναι) a slave that attends upon the children.

παιδοτροφέω, f. ἡσω, (παιδοτρόφος) to rear children. Hence

παιδοτροφία, ἡ, the rearing of children.

παιδο-τρόφος, ον, (παῖς, τρέφω) feeding or rearing children: as Subst., παιδοτρόφος, ἡ, a mother.

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maiden, girl:—ἐκ παιδός, ἐκ παίδων from a child, from childhood. III. also like Lat. *puer*, ὁ or ἡ, a slave, servant.

παῖς, ὁ, Ep. for παῖς.

παῖσατε, 2 pl. aor. I imperat. of παίζω.

παῖσθα, Dor. for παῖθα, acc. of παῖς.

παῖσδω, Dor. for παίζω.

παϊφάσσω, (redupl. from ΦΑ-, the Root of φαίνω) to look wildly, stare wildly about; later to quiver, pal-pitate.

ΠΑΙΨΩ, fut. παῖσω and παΐσω: aor. I ἐπαῖσα: pf. πέπαικα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπαῖσθην: pf. πέπαικα:—to strike or smite a person:—Med., ἐπαῖσατο τὸν μηρὸν he smote his thigh. 2. to strike a weapon against a person. 3. to drive away. 4. to hit hard in speaking.

II. intr. to strike against, to dash against or upon, Lat. *illido*.

Παιών, ὄνος, ὁ, like Παιάν, *Paeon*, the god of medicine, of Aesculapius: generally, a physician, healer.

II. like παιάν, a solemn song or chant. III. in Prosody, a *paean*, a foot consisting of three short and one long syll., with four variations, — — — —, — — — —, — — — — and — — — —.

Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, fem. of Παιώνιος, medicinal, healing. παιωνίζω, f. σω, = παιανίζω, to raise the *Paean*.

Παιωνία, α, ον, (Παιών) belonging to *Paeon* or medicine, medicinal, healing. II. as Subst., Παιωνία, ἡ, Παιωνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, and Παιωνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, with and without τέχνη, the healing art, medicine: τὰ Παιωνία a festival of *Paeon*.

παιωνισμός, ὁ, = παιανισμός, a chanting of the *paean*. πακτά, πακτίς, πακτός, Dor. for πικτή, etc. πακτώ, f. ὦσω, (πακτός) to fasten, make fast or close; δῶμα πακτοῦν to make fast the house. 2. to stop, to stop up, caulk. 3. to bind fast.

ΠΑΨΑΨΑΨΑ, ἡ, a sort of cake made of preserved fruit, mostly of figs melted together. [λαΨ]

ΠΑΨΑΨΑΨΑ, Adv. long ago, in olden time, of old. II. formerly, erst, before: also of time just past, opp. to the present: also τὸ παλαι.

παλαι-γενής, ἐς, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) born long ago, aged, full of years.

παλαι-γονος, ον, (πάλαι, γενέσθαι) = παλαιγενής. παλαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, = παλαίω, to wrestle, fight.

παλο-γενής, ἐς, = παλαιγενής. παλαιό-γονος, ον, = παλαιγονος.

παλαιο-μήτωρ Dor. —μάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (παλαιός, μή-τηρ) ancient mother.

παλαίο-πλουτος, ον, (παλαιός, πλοῦτος) = ἀρχαίο-πλουτος, rich of old, rich in hereditary wealth, opp. to νεόπλουτος.

παλαιορ-ρίζος, ον, (παλαιός, ῥίζα) with aged roots. παλαιός, ἂ, ὄν, (πάλαι) old, aged. 2. ancient, of olden time; ὁ παλαιός the ancients; παλαιός χρόνος time long past: τὸ παλαιόν, as Adv., anciently, formerly: ἐκ παλαιού from of old. 3. of things, in good sense, ancient, time-honoured, venerable: in bad sense, antiquated, obsolete, out of date. II.

regul. Comp. and Sup. παλαιότερος, παλαιότατος; more often παλαιέτερος, παλαιάτατος, formed from the Adv. πάλαι: ἐκ παλαιέτερου from the older time. Hence

παλαιότης, ητος, ἡ, age, length of time, antiquity: old-fashioned ways: also *datage*.

παλαιό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (παλαιός, φρήν) old in mind, with the experience of age.

παλαιώω, f. ὦσω, (παλαιός) to make old: hence to abrogate, annul, Lat. *antiquare*:—Pass. to become obsolete.

παλαίσιμα, ατος, τό, (παλαίω) a bout or fall in wrestling: generally, a struggle. II. any trick or artifice, a subterfuge.

παλαισμοσύνη, ἡ, (παλαίω) ποῖτ. for πάλη, wrestling, the wrestler's art.

παλαιστή, ἡ, = παλάμη, the palm of the hand. II. a measure of length, a palm, four fingers breadth (a little more than three inches).

παλαιστής, οῦ, ὁ, (παλαίω) a wrestler: generally, one who contends for a prize, a rival, candidate. 2. metaph. a trickster, cunning fellow.

παλαιστιάδος, α, ον, (παλαιστή) a palm long or broad.

παλαιστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παλαιστής) of or for wrestling.

παλαιστρα, ἡ, (παλαίω) a palaestra, wrestling-school: generally a school. Hence

παλαιστρίτης [ἴ], οῦ, ὁ, presiding over the palaestra.

παλαιτερος and παλαιάτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of παλαιός, formed from the Adv. πάλαι.

παλαί-φάτος, ον, (πάλαι, φημί) spoken long ago, epith. of ancient oracles. II. spoken of long ago, legendary. III. primitive, ancient, olden.

παλαί-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλαι, χθών) long in the land: as Subst., παλαίχθων, ὁ, an old inhabitant, Lat. *indigena*.

παλαίω, f. αἶσω: aor. I ἐπάλαισα: (πάλη):—to wrestle, Lat. *luctare*. II. metaph. to wrestle with, struggle against:—Pass. to be wrestled with. 2. absol. to labour or be distressed in battle, Lat. *laborare*.

παλάμομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.: (παλάμη):—to manage, work, bring about. II. to devise skilfully, contrive cunningly; τὸ λήμμα παλαμήσασθαι to plan a daring deed.

ΠΑΨΑΨΑΨΑ, ἡ, Ep. gen. and dat. παλάμηφι, παλάμηφιν:—the Lat. *PALMA*, the palm of the hand, the band: metaph. force of band, violence, murder. II. metaph. a device, skilful plan or method, means, contrivance. 2. a thing made by art, an instrument.

παλαρμαῖος, ὁ, (παλάμη) a murderer, one defiled by blood, a blood-guilty man: the suppliant not yet purified. II. the avenger of blood.

παλαξέμειν, Ep. for παλάξειν, fut. inf. of παλάσσω.

παλάσιον, τό, = παλάθη.

παλάσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. πεπάλαγμα: (πάλλω):—to besprinkle:—Pass. to be besprinkled, smeared, defiled; but also, ἐγκέφαλος πεπάλακτο (3 plqpf.) the brain was scattered about. II. to shake the lots

in a helmet; and so, to draw lots: hence pf. pass., κλήρω πεπάλαχθε (2 pl. perf. imperat.) *be ye decided by lot, i. e. decide the matter by lot.*

πᾶλαστή, ἡ, and παλαστιαῖος, α, ον, more correct forms for παλαστή, παλαστιαῖος.

ΠΑ'ΑΕΥ'Ω, f. σω, to catch by decoy-birds.

παλέω, Ion. aor. I πάλησα, to be disabled.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) *wrestling*, Lat. *lucta*; generally, a struggle, contest.

πάλη, ἡ, (πάλλω) *the finest meal or flour*, Lat. *pollen*: hence παιπάλη.

παλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of πάλλω.

παλησεῖ, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παλέω.

πάλι, shortd. poet. form of πάλιν. [ᾶ]

παλιγ-γενεσία, ἡ, (πάλιν, γενεσις) *a being born again, new birth, regeneration*. II. *resurrection*.

παλιγ-γλωσσος, ον, (πάλιν, γλώσσα) *double-tongued, contradictory, false*. II. of strange or foreign tongue.

παλικάπηλεύω, to sell over again, sell by retail. From

παλιγ-κάπηλος, ὁ, (πάλιν, κάπηλος) *one who buys and sells again, a retailer, petty dealer, buckster*.

παλιγκοτος, ον, (πάλιν) properly of wounds, breaking out afresh, Lat. *recrudescens*. II. metaph.

malignant, spiteful, inveterate; παλιγκοτος τύχη *adverse fortune*; οἱ παλιγκοτοὶ *adversaries*.

παλιγ-κραιπνος, ον, (πάλιν, κραιπνός) *very swift*.

παλιλλογος, f. ἡσω, to say again, reiterate. From παλὶλ-λόγος, ον, (πάλιν, λέγω) *collected again*.

παλιμ-βᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, βαίω) *going backwards*.

παλιμ-βλαστής, ἐς, (πάλιν, βλαστῆν) *shooting up again*.

παλιμβολία, ἡ, change of mind, repentance: in bad sense, *fickleness*. From

παλιμ-βολος, ον, (πάλιν, βάλλω) *throwing back again*: metaph. *changeable, fickle*.

παλιμ-μῆκης, ἐς, (πάλιν, μήκος) *as long again*: generally, *very long*.

παλιμ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, παῖς) *one who is a child again, in one's second childhood*.

παλιμ-πετής, ἐς, (πάλιν, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) *falling back*: neut. παλιμπετές as Adv. *back, back again*.

παλιμπλεγκτος, ον, *tost to and fro, wandering back again*. From

παλιμ-πλάζομαι, Pass. (πάλιν, πλάζομαι) aor. I part. παλιμπλαγχεῖς: to wander back.

παλιμ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πάλιν, πλάνη) *wandering to and fro*.

παλιμ-πλύτος, ον, (πάλιν, πλύνω) *washed again, vamped up*. II. act. *vamping up old wares*.

παλιμ-ποινος, η, ον, (πάλιν, ποιμή) *requiting, re-vengeing*: τὸ παλιμποινον *requital, retribution*.

παλιμ-πους, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάλιν, πούς) *going back, returning*.

παλιμ-πρυμνηδόν, Adv. (πάλιν, πρύμνη) *stern foremost*.

παλιμ-φημος Dor. -φᾶμος, ον, (πάλιν, φήμι) *dissonant, discordant*.

παλιμ-φύης, ἐς, (πάλιν, φύομαι) *growing again*.

ΠΑ'ΑΙΝ, Adv. *back, backwards*; πάλιν δοῦναι to give back, restore: sometimes c. gen., πάλιν κίε θυγατέρος ἧς she went back from her daughter.

πάλιν also implies opposition, *on the contrary, reversely*; πάλιν εἶπεν to say to the contrary, i. e. *gain-say*; πάλιν ποιῆσε γέροντα she made him reversely an old man, i. e. *transformed him into an old man*. II. of Time, *again, once more, anew*.

παλιν-ἀγρετος, ον, (πάλιν, ἀγρέω) *taken back, to be taken back or recalled*; ἔπος οὐ παλινάγρετον an irrevocable word.

παλιν-αυξής, ἐς, (πάλιν, αὔξω) *growing again*.

παλιν-αντόμολος, ον, *deserting back again*: as Subst. a double deserter.

παλιν-δίνητος, ον, (πάλιν, δινέω) *whirling to and fro, eddying*. [ᾶ]

παλινδρομέω, f. ἡσω, (παλινδρόμος) to run back again. Hence

παλινδρομία, ἡ, a running back, going backwards.

παλιν-δρομος, ον, (πάλιν, δραμεῖν) *running back again, recurring*.

παλι-νημεία, ἡ, (πάλιν, νήμεος) *a returning calm*.

παλιν-ὄρμενος, η, ον, *rusbing back*: cf. sq.

παλιν-ορρος Att. -ορρος, ον, (πάλιν, ὄρρυμαι) *basting or darting back*.

II. *recurring, inveterate*.

παλιν-σκίος, ον, = παλίσκιος.

παλιν-σοος, ον, *safe again, recovered*.

παλιν-στομέω, f. ἡσω, (πάλιν, στόμα) to speak again.

παλιν-τίτος, ον, (πάλιν, τίνω) *requited, repaid: avenged, punished*.

παλιν-τονος, ον, (πάλιν, τείνω) *stretched back*: epith. of the bow, παλιντονα τόξα, I. of the strung or bent bow, when the archer pulls the two ends to him to discharge the arrow with more force.

2. of the unstrung bow, which bends back in the contrary direction.

παλιν-τράπελος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) = παλιντροπος.

παλιν-τριβής, ἐς, (πάλιν, τριβῆναι) *rubbed again and again*: *bardened, obdurate, villainous*.

παλιν-τροπος, ον, (πάλιν, τρέπω) *turned back or away, averted, Lat. reitorus*. II. *turning back*.

III. *turned the contrary way, reverse*.

παλιν-τύχης, ἐς, (πάλιν, τύχη) *with a reverse of fortune*.

παλιν-ωδέω, f. ἡσω, (πάλιν, ᾠδή) *to recant what has been said in an ode*: generally, to recant. Hence

παλινωδία, ἡ, a recantation, palinode.

ΠΑ'ΑΙΟΤΡΟΣ, ἡ, a kind of thorny shrub, rhamnus paliurus.

παλιουρο-φόρος, ον, (παλιουρος, φέρω) *with a bundle of paliurus-wood*.

παλιρ-ρόθιος, α, ον, (πάλιν, ῥόθος) *back-flowing*: κύμα παλιρρόθιον a wave dashing to and fro, ebbing and flowing.

παλιρ-ροθος, ον, (πάλιν, ρόθος) *ebbing and flowing*.
παλιρροια, ή, (παλιρροος) *the reflux of water, back-water, ebb*.

παλιρ-ροιος, η, ον, Ep. for παλιρροος.
παλιρ-ροος, ον, contr. παλιρροος, ον, (πάλιν, βέω) *flowing backwards, reflux: ebbing and flowing*. II. metaph. *returning on one's head, retributive*.

παλιρ-ροτος, ον, (πάλιν, βέω) *sliding back, sinking*.
παλι-σκίος, ον, (πάλιν, σκιά) *shadowed over, gloomy, dusky*.

παλις-σῦτος, ον, (πάλιν, σεύω) *rushing hurriedly back; δρόμημα παλίσσυνον a backward course*.
παλ-ιωξις, ή, (πάλιν, ιωκή) *a pursuit back again, pursuit in turn after a rally*.

παλλάγμα, ατος, τό, (πάλλαξ) *concubinage*.
Παλλάδιον, τό, (Πάλλας) *the statue of Pallas*.
Παλλάδιος, α, ον, (Πάλλας) *of or sacred to Pallas*.
παλλακέομαι, Dep. (πάλλαξ) *to keep as a concubine*.

παλλακή, ή, (πάλλαξ) *a concubine*.
παλλακίς, ιδος, ή, = πάλλαξ, *a concubine*.
ΠΑ'ΛΛΑΞ, άκος, ή, *a concubine*, Lat. *pellex*, opp. to the lawful wife (άκοιτις, άλοχος).

Παλλάς, άδος [ά], ή, (πάλλω) *Pallas*, name of Minerva, in Homer always Παλλάς Ἀθήνη or Παλλάς Ἀθηναία, but later used alone, = Ἀθήνη.

Πάλλας, αντος, ό, *Pallas*, masc. prop. II.
πάλ-λευκος, ον, (πᾶν, λευκός) *all white*.
ΠΑ'ΛΛΩ: aor. I ἔπηλα Ep. πήλα: Ep. aor. 2 part. πεπᾶλῶν (in compd. άμπεπαλῶν):—Pass., pf. πέπαλμα: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. πάλοτο:—*to wield, brandish, sway, whirl, swing: to toss with the arms:—Pass. to make a spring, move swiftly: to leap, bound: to quiver, as fish on land: to quiver or quake for fear or from any kind of agitation: to dash oneself*. 2. κλήρους πάλλειν *to shake the lots together till one leaps forth: hence πάλλειν, absol., to cast lots:—in Med. πάλλεσθαι to draw lots*. II. πάλλω, intr. like πάλλομαι, *to leap, bound: to quiver, quake*.

παλμός, ό, (πάλλω) intr. *a quivering: the beating of the heart or pulse*.

πάλος, ό, (πάλλω) *the lot cast from an helmet, generally, a lot; άρχας πάλω άρχειν to hold public offices by lot*.

πάλοτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πάλλω.
παλτόν, τό, *anything brandished or thrown, a dart or javelin, the jerrerd: properly neut. from παλτός*.

παλτός, ή, όν, (πάλλω) *brandished, hurled*.
παλύνας, aor. I part. of παλύνω.
παλύνω, f. ύνω: aor. I ἐπάλυνα: (πάλλω):—*to strew or scatter upon*. II. *to bestrew, besprinkle*.

πάμα, ατος, τό, (πόμα) *property*.
παμ-βασιλεια, ή, (πάς, Βασιλεια) *queen of all, all-powerful queen*.
παμ-βδελυρός, ά, όν, (πάς, βδελυρός) *all-loathsome or abominable*.

παμ-βίας, ον, ό, (πάς, βία) *all-subduing*.
πάμ-βοτος, ον, (πάς, βοσκω) *all-nourishing*.

παμ-βῶτις, ιδος, ή, fem. Adj. (πάς, βῶτης) *all-feeding, all-nourishing*.

παμ-μάταιος, ον, (πάς, μάταιος) *all-vain, all-useless*.
πάμ-μᾶχος, ον, (πάς, μάχη) *all-conquering, triumphant*. II. = παγκρατιστής.

παμ-μέγας, -μεγάλη, -μεγα, (πάς, μέγας) *very great*.
παμ-μεγέθης, ές, (πάς, μέγεθος) *of enormous size*.
παμ-μέλας, ανα, άν, (πάς, μέλας) *all black*.

παμ-μήκης, ές, (πάς, μήκος) *very long, prolonged*.
πάμ-μηνος, ον, (πάς, μήν) *through every month, through the live-long year*.

παμ-μήτερα, ή, = παμμήτωρ.
παμμήτις, ιδος, ό, ή, (πάς, μήτις) *all-knowing, all-planning*.

παμ-μήτωρ, ορος, ή, (πάς, μήτηρ) *mother of all*. II. *altogether a mother, a very mother*.

παμ-μιᾶρος, ον, (πάς, μιαρός) *all-abominable*.
παμ-μιγής, ές, (πάς, μιγνῆναι) *all-blended, all-founded, promiscuous*.

πάμ-μικρος, ον, (πάς, μικρός) *very small*.
πάμ-μικτος, ον, = παμμιγής.

πάμ-μορος, ον, (πάς, μάρος) *all-barless*.
παμ-μύσαρος, ά, όν, (πάς, μύσος) *παμμίαιος*.
πάμπᾶν, Adv. (πάς) *like πάνυ, quite, wholly, altogether; οὐ πάμπαν not at all, by no means*.

παμ-πειθής, ές, (πάς, πείθω) *all-persuasive*.
παμπήδην, Adv. (πάς) *like πάμπαν, entirely, totally*.

παμ-πησία, ή, (πάς, πέπᾶμαι) *entire possession*.
παμπληθεί, Adv. *with the whole multitude*. From παμ-πληθής, ές, (πάς, πλήθος) *of or with the whole multitude*. II. *very numerous*. III. neut. παμπληθές as Adv. *entirely*.

πάμ-πληκτος, ον, (πάς, πλήσσω) *in which all kinds of blows are inflicted*.

παμ-ποικίλος, ον, also η, ον, (πάς, ποικίλος) *all-variegated, of rich and varied work*.

πάμ-πολις, εως, ό, ή, (πάς, πόλις) *prevailing in all cities, universal*.

πάμ-πολυς, -πόλλη, -πολυ, (πάς, πολύς) *very much, very great, and in pl. very many:—neut. πάμπολυ as Adv. very much*.

παμ-πόνηρος, ον, (πάς, ποιηρός) *all-depraved, utterly base or bad*.

παμ-πόρφυρος, ον, (πάς, πορφύρα) *all-purple*.
παμ-πότνια, ή, (πάς, πότνια) *all-venerable*.

πάμ-πρεπτος, ον, (πάς, πρέπω) *all-conspicuous, splendid, resplendent*.

παμπρόσθη, corrupt word in Aesch. Agam.
πάμ-πρωτος, η, ον, (πάς, πρώτος) *the very first, first of all: πάμπρωτον and πάμπρωτα as Adv., first of all*.

παμ-φαής, ές, (πάς, φάος) *all-beaming, all-blazing; also transparent, translucent*. Adv. -ώς.
παμφαίνω, redupl. form of φαίνω, *to shine or beam brightly*: Ep. 3 sing. pres παμφαίνησι, as if from παμφαίνημι; πρώτων παμφαίνων, of a star first rising.

παμφανών, fem. -ώωσα, gen. -ώντος, Ep. part. of παμφαίνω (as if from παμφανᾶω) *all-shining, brightly-beaming, glistening*.

παμ-φάρμακος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φάρμακον) *skilled in all charms or simples.*
 παμ-φειγγής, *ές*, (πᾶς, φέγγος) *all-shining, resplendent.*

πάμ-φθαρτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φθείρω) *all-destroying.*
 πάμ-φλεκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φλέγω) *all-burnt, all-blazing.*
 πάμ-φορβος, *ον*, also *η*, *ον*, (πᾶς, φορβή) *all-feeding.*
 παμ-φόρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φέρω) *all-bearing, all-productive.*

II. *bearing all things with it.*
 πάμ-φύλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φυλή) *of all tribes or sorts.*
 πάμ-φωνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, φωνή) *with all tones, full-toned: generally, expressive.*
 παμ-ψηφεί, *Adv.* (πᾶς, ψηφος) *with all the votes.*
 πάμψυχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ψυχή) *in all life, in full possession of life.*

πᾶν, *neut.* of πᾶς.
 Πᾶν, *gen.* Πᾶνός, *ὁ*, *Pan*, an Arcadian rural god, drawn with goat's feet, horns, and shaggy hair: at Athens the worship of Pan did not begin till after the battle of Marathon:—*plur.* Πᾶνης, = *Lat.* Fauni.

πᾶν-αβρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄβρός) *quite or very soft.*
 παν-ἄγής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἄγος) *all-ballowed, Lat. sacrosanctus.*

παν-ἄγρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρέω) *all-catching.*
 πᾶν-αγρεύς, *έως*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἀγρέω) *one who catches everything.*

πᾶν-αγρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄγρα) *catching all.*
 πᾶν-ἀγρυπνος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀγρυπνος) *quite sleepless, wakeful, watchful.*

παν-ἀγυρις, *Dor.* for πανήγυρις.
 Πᾶν-ἄθνηα (sub. ἱερά), *τά*, (πᾶς, ἄθνη) *the Panathenaea*, two festivals of the Athenians, τὰ μεγάλα and τὰ μικρά, in honour of Athena or Minerva. Hence Πᾶνᾠθηναϊκός, *ή*, *όν*, *of or for the Panathenaea, Panathenaeic.*

πᾶν-ἄθλιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄθλιος) *all-wretched.*
 πᾶν-αίγλης, *εσσα*, *εν*, (πᾶς, αἶγλη) *all-shining.*
 πᾶν-αἰολος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰόλος) *all-variegated, glittering, glancing.* II. *metaph. manifold.*

πᾶν-αισχρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰσχρός) *utterly ugly or shameful: Sup. παλαισχρῶτος.*

πᾶν-αίτιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, αἰτία) *the cause of all: to whom all the guilt belongs, opp. to μεαίτιος.*

παν-ἀκεια, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἄκος) *a panacea, universal remedy: also πανάκη, ή.*

πᾶν-ἄλαστωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, ἄλαστωρ) *an all-avenging genius.*

πᾶν-ἄληθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀληθής) *quite true: all too true. Adv. -θῶς, all truly.*

πᾶν-ἀλκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀλκή) *all-powerful.*

πᾶν-ἄλωτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀλωτός) *all-catching, all-encompassing. [ᾶ]*

πᾶν-ἄμερος, -αμέριος, *Dor.* for παν-ήμερος, -ημέριος.

πᾶν-ἄμμορος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμμορος) *without any share in. II. all-luckless.*

πᾶν-ἄμωμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄμωμος) *all-blameless.*

παν-ἄοιδιμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄοιδιμος) *sung by all.*

παν-ἀπάλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀπαλός) *all-tender or delicate.*

πᾶν-ἄπενθής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀ πριuat., ἐνθος) *wolly without grief, sorrowless.*

πᾶν-ἄπημων, *ον*, *gen. ονος*, (πᾶς, ἀπήμων) *all-barmless, all free from hurt.*

πᾶν-ἄποτμος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄποτμος) *all-bapless.*

πᾶν-ἄργυρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄργυρος) *all of silver.*

παν-ἄρετος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρετή) *all-virtuous.*

πᾶν-ἄριστος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀριστος) *best of all.*

πᾶν-ἀρκέτας, *gen. fem.* of πανάρκετος, *all-sufficing, all-powerful.*

πᾶν-αρμόνιος, *α*, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄρμονία) *embracing all modes or tones, of full compass. 2. harmonising with all, all-harmonious.*

πᾶν-αρχος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀρχω) *all-powerful, ruling all.*

παν-ατρεκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, ἀτρεκής) *all-exact, infallible.*

πᾶν-ἄφῆλις, *ικος*, *ὁ*, *ή*, (πᾶς, ἀπό, ἦλις) *all away from the friends of one's youth.*

πᾶν-ἄφθιτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφθιτος) *all-imperishable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυκτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυκτος) *all-inevitable.*

πᾶν-ἄφυλλος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀφυλλος) *all-leafless.*

Πᾶν-ἄχαιοί, *οί*, = πάντες Ἀχαιοί, *all the Achaeans.*

πᾶν-ἄχραντος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἀχραντος) *all-unstained.*

πᾶν-ἄωρος, *ον*, (πᾶς, ἄωρος) *all-untimely, doomed to an all-untimely fate.*

παν-δαισία, *ή*, (πᾶς, δαΐς) *a complete banquet, a banquet at which nothing fails.*

παν-δάκρυτος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δακρύνω) *all in tears, all-tearful.* II. *all-beveft, most lamentable.*

παν-δῆμάτωρ, *ορος*, *ὁ*, (πᾶς, δαμάτω) *all-subduer. [ᾶ]*

παν-δαμεί, *Dor.* for πανδημεί.

πᾶν-δεινός, *ον*, (πᾶς, δεινός) *all-dreadful, frightful.*

πανδελέτειος, *α*, *ον*, (Πανδέλετος) *knaveish like Pandeleus.*

παν-δερκέτης, *ον*, *masc. Adj.* and πανδερκής, *ές*, (πᾶς, δέρκομαι) *all-seeing, observing all.*

παν-δημιέ, *Adv.* of πάνδημι, *with the whole people, in a mass or body, en masse.*

πανδημία, *ή*, *the whole people: in dat. πανδημία as Adv., altogether.* From

παν-δήμιος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δήμιος) *of all the people, hence public, general, common.*

πᾶν-δημος, *ον*, (πᾶς, δημος) *of, belonging to all the people, hence public, common, accessible to all; πάνδημος πόλις the whole body of the city.*

Πᾶν-δίτα (sub. ἱερά), *τά*, (πᾶς, Δίς *gen.* Δίος) *a festival of Jupiter in Athens.*

πᾶν-δικός, *ον*, (πᾶς, δίκη) *all-righteous. Adv. πανδίκως, all-justly.*

Πανδιονίς, ἴδος, *ή*, *fem. patronym., daughter of Pandion, i. e. the swallow.* II. (sub. φυλή), *one of the Athen. tribes, named from Pandion.*

παν-δοκείον, *τό*, *a house for the reception of strangers, an inn.* From

παν-δοκείος, *έος*, *ὁ*, = πάνδοκος, *a host: hence fem.*

παν-δοκεῦτρα, *ή*, *a hostess.*

παν-δοκεύω, f. σω, (πάνδοκος) to receive all, to entertain as a host, to keep an inn.

παν-δοκέω, = πανδοκεύω.

πάν-δοκος, ον, (πᾶς, δέχομαι) all-receiving: common to all: esp. receiving guests, hospitable:—as Subst., πάνδοκος, ὁ, an innkeeper, host.

πανδοξία, ἡ, unblemished fame, perfect glory. From πάν-δοξος, ον, (πᾶς, δόξα) all-glorious.

πάν-δουλος, ον, (πᾶς, δούλος) all a slave, an utter slave.

πανδοχείον, πανδοχεύς, etc., v. πανδοκ—

πάν-δურτος, ον, ποιήτ. for πανόδурτος, (πᾶς, δურτος) all-lamentable, all-plainive.

παν-δυσία, ἡ, (πᾶς, δύω) the total setting of a star.

παν-δώρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, δᾶρον) all, epith. of the earth. II. as fem. prop. n., Pandora, a beautiful woman made by Vulcan, who received presents from all the gods.

πάν-δωρος, ον, (πᾶς, δᾶρον) all-giving, all-bounteous.

πάν-ελεύθερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐλεύθερος) entirely free.

Πᾶν-έλληγες, οἱ, = πάντες Ἕλληγες, all the Hellenes or Greeks.

πάν-επήρατος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπήρατος) all-lovely.

παν-επίσκοπος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐπισκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-επι-ὄρφνιος, (πᾶς, ἐπί, ὄρφνῃ) all night long.

πάν-εργέτης, ον, ὁ, (πᾶς, ἐργάτης) all-effecting.

παν-έρημος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐρημος) all-desolate.

πάν-ἔσπερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔσπερα) lasting the whole evening.

παν-ἔστιος, ον, (πᾶς, ἔστια) with the whole household.

πάν-ἔτης, ες, (πᾶς, ἔτος) lasting the whole year: neut. πάτερτες, as Adv., the whole year long.

παν-ευτόνος, ον, (πᾶς, εὔτονος) much-strained, very active.

πάν-εφθος, ον, (πᾶς, ἐφθός) quite boiled: of metals, quite refined or unalloyed.

πάν-ηγυρίζω, f. σω, (πανηγυρίς) to keep or attend a public festival; πανηγυρίζω ἐς πόλιν to go to a city to attend a festival there. II. to make a set speech in a public assembly, to deliver a panegyric.

πάν-ηγυρικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for a public festival or assembly; solemn, festive: ὁ πανηγυρικός (with or without λόγος), a festival, oration, a panegyric, eulogy. Adv. —κῶς, pompously. From

πάν-ἡγυρίς Dor. πανάγυρις, εως, ἡ; Ion. nom. and acc. pl. πανηγυρίς: (πᾶς, ἄγυρις Aeol. for ἀγορά):—an assembly of a whole nation, esp. for a public festival, a high festival, a solemn assembly; πανηγυρίς πανηγυρίζω to hold such festivals.

πάν-ἡμαρ, Adv. all day long, the livelong day.

πανημερεύω, f. σω, (πανήμερος) to spend the whole day in a thing.

πάν-ἡμέριος, α, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) lasting all day, doing a thing all day; νηὺς πανημερία a ship which sails all day; πανημέριος χρόνος all the day long:—neut. πανημέριον as Adv., all day long, the livelong day.

πάν-ἡμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἡμέρα) doing all the day

long; πανήμερος μολεῖν to be a whole day in coming: neut. πανημερόν as Adv., all day long or every day.

παν-θελκτῆρ, ἦρος, ὁ, fem. —κταρα, ἡ, (πᾶς, θέλγω) charmer of all.

παν-θιλήης, ἐς, (πᾶς, τέθλα) growing of all kinds, esp. shooting with all sorts of trees.

ΠΑ'ΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὁ, a panther, Lat. panthēra.

παν-θύμαδόν, Adv. (πᾶς, θυμός) in high wrath.

πάν-θύτος, ον, (πᾶς, θύω) celebrated with all kinds of sacrifices.

Πάνυκος, ἡ, ὄν, (Πᾶν) of or fit for Pan: Πανικόν (sub. δεῖμα), τό, panic fear, such fear being supposed to originate with Pan.

πάν-ἱμερος, ον, (πᾶς, ἱμερος) all-lovely, all-desired. [ἱ]

πάνιδομοι, Dor. for πνιζομαι.

Πᾶν-ἰώνιον, τό, = πᾶν Ἰώνιον, the whole body or community of Ionians: their place of meeting at Mycale, their common temple. II. τὰ Πανιώνια (sub. ἱερά), the festival of the united Ionians.

παν-ἰώβητος, ον, (πᾶς, ἰωβάομαι) all-disfigured, hideous.

παννυχίζω, f. σω, (παννυχίς) to celebrate a festival by night. II. to watch or do anything the livelong night; παννυχίζω τὴν νύκτα to spend the livelong night.

παννυχιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παννυχίς) of or for a virgil.

παν-νύχιος, α, ον, Att. also ος, ον, (πᾶς, νύξ) all night long, lasting or doing something the whole night; παννυχίη νηὺς εἶπε κέλευθον the ship continued her course all night long.

παν-νυχίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πᾶς, νύξ) a night-festival, vigil, Lat. pervigilium. II. a watching, keeping awake all night.

πᾶν νύχος, ον, = παννύχιος: neut. pl., πάννυχα as Adv., the livelong night.

πάν-ὀδурτος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀδύρομαι) all-bewailed, all-lamentable.

παν-οιζύς, ὄ, gen. ὄος, (πᾶς, οἰζύς) all unhappy, most melancholy.

παν-οικειό, Adv., = πανοικία.

παν-οικία Ion. —ἱη, (πᾶς, οἶκος) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανοικία in use, with all the house, household and all.

παν-οἰμοί, Interj. (πᾶς, οἰμοί) oh utter woe!

πάν-ὄλβιος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄλβιος) truly happy, with unalloyed happiness.

πάν-ὀμιλεί, Adv. (πᾶς, ὀμιλος) in whole troops.

παν-ὀμματος, ον, (πᾶς, ὀμμα) all eyes.

πάν-ὀμοιος Ep. —ομοίους [ἱ], ον, (πᾶς, ὀμοιος) exactly like.

πάν-ομφαίος, ὁ, (πᾶς, ὀμφή) author of all ominous voices, all-oracular.

πάνοπλία, ἡ, (πᾶνοπλος) the full armour of a heavy-armed soldier, i. e. shield, helmet, breastplate, greaves, sword, and lance, a full suit of armour, panoply; πανοπλίη in full armour, cap-a-pie. Hence

πάν-οπλίτης, ον, ὁ, a man in full armour. [ἱ]

πάνοπλος, *ον*, (πάς, ὄπλον) in full armour, 'with all his harness on.'

πάν-όπτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πάς, ὄφομαι) the all-seeing.

πάν-ορμος, *ον*, (πάς, ὄρμος) always fit for landing.

πᾶνός, ὁ, Acol. for φανός, (φαίνω) a torch, beacon.

πανουργέω, *φ. ἴσω*, (πανούργος) to play the knave or villain, act like a rogue; ὅσα πανουργεῖν to do a holy deed in an unholy way. Hence

πανούργημα, *ατος*, τό, *α* knavish, roguish act.

πανουργία, ἡ, (πανουργέω) villainy, knavery, trickery: in plur. knavish tricks.

πανουργι-ἵππαρχίδας, *ου*, ὁ, (πανούργος, ἵππαρχος) a captain of rascals: *οι* = πανούργος Ἴππαρχίδης, knave Hipparchides.

πάν-ούργος, *ον*, (πάν, ἔργον) ready to do anything: mostly in bad sense, ready for all crimes, unscrupulous, knavish, villainous, treacherous: as Subst., πανούργος, ὁ, ἡ, *α* knave, villain, rogue; πανούργον, τό, = πανουργία.—Sup. πανουργότατος, most rascally.—Adv. πανούργως, villainously; Sup. -ότατα.

πᾶν-όψιος, *ον*, (πάς, ὄψις) seen by all, epith. of *α* spear.

παν-σᾶγία, ἡ, (πάς, σάγη) = πανοπλία: dat. as Adv. πανοπλία, like πανοπλία, in full armour.

παν-σέληνος, *ον*, (πάς, σελήνη) of the moon, at the full; ὥρα πανσέληνος the time of full moon: ἡ πανσέληνος (sub. νύξ), the time of full moon, the full moon; ἡ αἴριον πανσέληνος to-morrow's full moon.

πάν-σεμνος, *ον*, (πάς, σεμνός) very stately.

πάν-σκοπος, *ον*, (πάς, σκοπέω) all-surveying.

πάν-σοφος, *ον*, (πάς, σοφός) all-wise, very wise.

πάν-σερμος, *ον*, (πάς, σπέρμα) composed of all sorts of seeds.

παν-στρατιῶ *Ion*. -ιῆ, (πάς, στρατός) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανστρατιά in use (but gen. πανστρατιάς occurs), with the whole army.

πᾶνσῦδι *Ion*. -ιῆ, (πάς, σέω) dat. used as Adv., without any nom. πανσυδία in use, with all speed.

πάν-συρτος, *ον*, (πάς, σύρω) swept together from every side, accumulated.

παντᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πάντη.

πάντακῆ, Adv., *Ion*. for πανταχῆ.

παντ-τάλας, *αινα*, ἄν, (πάς, τάλας) all-wretched.

παντάπασι, before a vowel -σιν, Adv. (πάς) entirely, wholly, altogether: in replying it affirms strongly, by all means, undoubtedly.

παντάρβη, ἡ, name of a precious stone.

παντ-ἀρκής, ἔς, (πάς, ἀρκέω) all-prevailing.

παντ-ἀρχας, Dor. for παντάρχης, *ου*, ὁ, (πάς, ἀρχῆ) ruler of all.

πάντ-ἀρχος, *ον*, (πάς, ἀρχω) all-ruling, absolute.

παντᾶχῆ, *Ion*. παντακῆ, Adv. (πάς) of Place, everywhere: in every direction, every way. II. of Manner, by all means, absolutely: in all respects.

παντᾶχόθεν, Adv. (πάς) from all places or sides.

παντᾶχοί, Adv. (πάς) in all directions, every way.

παντᾶχόσε, Adv. (πάς) to all places, every way.

παντᾶχού, Adv. (πάς) everywhere.

παντᾶχός, Adv. (πάς) in all ways.

παν-τέλης, ἔς, (πάς, τέλος) all-complete, all-perfect: entire, absolute. 2. fully accomplished. 3. comprising all, the whole, Lat. universus. II. act. all-accomplishing. Hence

παντελῶς *Ion*. -έως, Adv., also παντελές, completely, entirely, absolutely: outright.

πάντεσι, Ep. for πᾶσι, dat. pl. of πᾶς.

παν-τευχία, ἡ, (πάς, τεύχος) = πανοπλία, complete armour; ζῆν *οι* ἐν παντευχία in full armour.

πάν-τεχνος, *ον*, (πάς, τέχνη) assisting all the arts.

πάντη *Dor*. παντᾶ, Adv. (πάς) everywhere, on every side, every way. II. in every way, by all means; οὐ πάντη not quite.

πάν-τίμος, *ον*, (πάς, τίμη) all-honourable.

παντῶ-γῆρος, *ων*, gen. *ω*, (πάς, γῆρας) making all old, enfeebling all.

παντο-δαής, ἔς, (πάς, *δάω) all-knowing.

παντοδᾶπός, ἡ, ὄν, (πάς) of every kind, of all sorts, manifold. Adv. -πᾶς, in all kinds of ways.

πάντοθεν, Adv. (πάς) from all quarters, from every side, Lat. undique.

πάντοθι, Adv. (πάς) everywhere.

παντοίος, *α*, *ον*, (πάς) of all sorts or kinds, manifold; παντοῖος γενέσθαι to take all shapes, i. e. to try every expedient, turn every stone, in order to effect any object. Hence

παντοίως, Adv. in every kind of way.

παντο-κράτωρ, *ορος*, ὁ, (πάς, κράτέω) all-mighty.

παντ-ολιγοχρόνιος, *ον*, (πάς, ἔλιγοχρόνιος) utterly short-lived.

πάν-τόλμος, *ον*, (πάς, τόλμα) all-daring, shameless.

παντο-μίσῆς, ἔς, (πάς, μίσος) all-bateful.

παντο-πάθης, ἔς, (πάς, παθεῖν) all-suffering.

παντο-πόρος, *ον*, (πάς, πόρος) all-inventive.

παντ-όπτας, Dor. for παντόπτης, *ου*, ὁ, (πάς, ὄφομαι) all-seeing.

πάντοσε, Adv. (πάς) in all ways, every way.

παντῶ-σεμνος, *ον*, (πάς, σεμνός) all-reverend, august.

πάντοτε, Adv. at all times, always.

παντῶ-τόλμος, *ον*, (πάς, τόλμα) all-daring.

παντ-ουργός, ὄν, (πάς, ἔργον) = πανούργος.

παντο-φάγος, *ον*, (πάς, φαγεῖν) all-devouring.

παντῶ-φурτος, *ον*, (πάς, φύρω) all-confused, commingled.

πάν-τροπος, *ον*, (πάς, τρέπω) utterly routed.

παν-τρόφος, *ον*, (πάς, τρέφω) all-nourishing.

πάντως, Adv. (πάς) wholly, altogether: οὐ πάντως in no wise, by no means, not at all, Lat. omnino non. II. in strong affirmation, at all events, at any rate, at least: in answers, yes, by all means.

πάνυ, Adv. (πάς) altogether: at all, in all, Lat. omnino. 2. very, very much, exceedingly. 3. ὁ πάνυ with some Adj. omitted, the well-known, the thorough; οἱ πάνυ τῶν στρατιωτῶν the thorough soldiers, i. e. the veterans; ὁ πάνυ Περικλῆς the famous Pericles.

II. in answers, yes by all means, certainly. [ᾶ]

παν-υπέροχος, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέροχος) *eminent above all*.

πᾶν-ὑπέρτατος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὑπέρτατος) *uppermost; highest of all*.

παν-υστάτος, ον, and πᾶν-ύστᾶτος, η, ον, (πᾶς, ὕστατος) *last of all*.

πᾶνωλεθρία, ἡ, *utter destruction, utter ruin*. From πᾶν-ώλεθρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὄλεθρος, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed, undone*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*.

II. act. *all-destructive, all-ruinous*.

πᾶν-ώλης, es, (πᾶς, ὄλλυμι) *utterly ruined, destroyed*. 2. in moral sense, *utterly abandoned*. II. act. *all-destructive*.

πᾶν-ωπίης, esσα, εν, (πᾶς, ὦψ) *visible to all*.

πᾶν-ωρος, ον, (πᾶς, ὦρα) *in every season*.

πάξ, Lat. *rax!* *husb! still!*

πάξαι, πάξαμι, Dor. for πῆξαι, πῆξαμι, aor. I inf. and opt. of πῆγγυμι.

ΠΑΪΟΜΑΙ, f. πάσσομαι [ᾱ]: aor. I ἐπάσάμην: pf. ἐπέπαμαι, inf. πεπάσθαι: Dep.:—*to get, acquire*, Lat. *potior*:—the pf. is also used as a pres., *to possess, to have in possession*.

παῖαί, Interj. of suffering, Lat. *vae! ob! alas!* II. of surprise, *ab!*

παῖταιξ, lengthd. for παπαῖ.

Παπαῖος, ὁ, a Scythian name of Jupiter.

παπαπαταῖ, an exclam. of surprise.

παππάζω, (πάππας) *to call papa*, as a child: *to coax or wheedle by calling papa*.

ΠΑΪΠΠΑΣ, ον, ὁ, ραφα, childish pronunciation of πατήρ, as μάμμα, μαμμα, of μήτηρ.

παππᾶσις, ον, ὁ, Dim. of πάππας, *dear little papa*.

παππιδιον, τό, = παππίας. [γ]

παππίζω, = παππίζω.

ΠΑΪΠΠΟΣ, ὁ, a grandfather.

παππῶς, α, ον, (πάππος) of or for one's grandfather, *appointed by him*.

πάπρξ, ακος, ὁ, a fish found in the Thracian lake Prasia. (Foreign word.)

παπταίνουσα, Dor. for -νουσα, part. fem. of

ΠΑΠΤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ἀνῶ: aor. I ἐπάπτηνα:—*to look cautiously or timidly round, to peer about: to look eagerly*. II. c. acc. *to look round for, look earnestly after*.

παπτήνας, aor. I part. of παπταίνω.

πάπυρος, ὁ and ἡ, the papyrus, a kind of rush, of which writing-paper was made in Egypt by cutting its inner rind (βύβλος) into strips: it was also used for making ropes.

πάρ, poet. abbrev. for παρά. II. it is also used for παρά in sense of *πάρεστι*.

ΠΑΡΑ' Ἐρ. παρά, παραί, Prep. with gen., dat., et acc.: Radical sense, *beside*:

I. WITH GENIT. *from beside, from alongside of*, whether of Place or Person: *metaph. issuing, derived, proceeding from*; παρ' ἐαυτοῦ δίδοναι *to give from oneself, from one's own means*. In Att. Prose, παρά

is used like ὑπό, Lat. *a* or *ab*, *by*, with pass. Verbs to denote the agent, as, παρά τινος τυφθῆναι *to be struck by any one*.

II. WITH DAT. *by the side of, beside, alongside of, by*, both of Places and Things, as also of Persons, Lat. *apud* and *coram*; παρ' ἐμοί, Lat. *me* *judge, before me*; παρὰ Δαρείῳ κριτῆ *before Darius as judge*; παρ' ἐαυτῶ *at one's home, Lat. apud se*.

III. WITH ACCUS., 1. of Place, *running along, beside*. 2. of Motion *to, to, towards*, mostly of persons.

3. *going by, leaving on one side*; παρὰ τὴν Βαβυλῶνα *παραινάτω* *to go past Babylon: metaph. going by, beyond or beside the mark*; παρὰ δύναμιν *beyond one's strength: contrary to, against*; παρὰ μοῖραν *contrary to destiny*; παρὰ δόξαν *contrary to opinion*.

4. *beside, beyond, except*; οὐκ ἔστι παρὰ ταῦτ' ἄλλα *besides this, there is nothing else*; so, παρὰ ἐν πάλασιμα ἔδραμε *κινῶν* *Olympiáda* *he was within one conflict of winning the Olympic prize*; παρὰ μικρόν, παρ' ὀλίγον *within little*, i. e. *well-nigh, almost*;

παρὰ πολὺ *by much*; παρὰ τοσοῦτον *by so much*; παρ' ὅσον *by how much*, Lat. *quatenus*;—so, παρὰ μικρόν ἦλθεν ἀποθανεῖν *he came within a little of dying*;

παρὰ τοσοῦτον κινδύνου ἐλθεῖν *to come within so great a nearness of danger*, i. e. *to escape danger by so little*.

5. *in comparison with*; αὐτὸς παρ' ἐαυτόν *himself compared with himself*; παρ' οὐδὲν ἔστι *it is compared with (i. e. as) nothing*; παρ' οὐδὲν ἠγέεσθαι *to consider as nothing*:—also, παρ' ἡμέραν *day as compared with day, day by day*; παρὰ τὰ ἄλλα ζῆα ὡς περ θεοὶ ὁ ἄνθρωποι *bioteuousi* *men as compared with all other animals live like gods*;

παρὰ τοὺς ἄλλους *more* *to labour in comparison of all the rest*, i. e. *more than the rest*.

II. of Time, *during*; παρὰ τὸν πόλεμον *in the course of the war*.

Παρά may follow its Subst. in all three cases, but is then written *πára*: so also when it stands for *πάρεμι* or *πάρεστι*.

Παρά absol., as Adv., *near, together, at once*.

IN COMPOS., παρά retains its chief uses as Prep.,

I. *alongside of, beside*, as in *παρά-κειμαι*, *παρ-έξομαι*.

II. *from one to another*, as in *παρ-ίδωμι*, *παρ-έχω*.

III. *passing by*, as in *παρ-έρχομαι*, *παρ-όχομαι*.

2. *metaph. swerving aside*, i. e. *amiss, wrong*, as in *παρ-βαίνω*, *παρ-ακούω*: also, *contrary to, against*, as in *παρ-αίσιος*.

IV. of alteration or change, as in *παρ-φθμι*, *παρ-πέθω*.

ΠΑΡΑΒᾶΘῆΝΑΙ, aor. I pass. inf. of παραβαίνω.

ΠΑΡΑ-ΒΑΙΝΩ, f. -βήσσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα, part. -βεβῶς Ἐρ. *παρβεβῶς*: aor. 2 *παρέβην*:—*to go by or by the side of: to stand beside, c. dat.*

II. *to pass beside or beyond*, i. e. *to overstep, transgress*; ὁ παραβάς *the transgressor*:—Pass., with aor. I *πάρεβᾶθην* [ᾱ], pf. *παρβεβασμαι*, *to be transgressed or offended against*.

III. *to pass over, omit: to let pass, let slip*: οὐ μεν παρέβα *it escaped me not*.

IV. in Comedy, *παραβαίνειν* *ἐς* or *πρὸς τὸ θέατρον* *to step forward to address the spectators*.

παρά-βακτρος, ον, (παρά, βάκτρον) like a staff, as of a staff.

παρά-βακχος, ον, (παρά, Βάκχος) like a Bacchanal.
 παρα-βάλλω, f. -βάλλω: aor. 2 παρέβαλον: pf. -βέβληκα:—Pass., aor. I -εβλήθη: pf. -βέβλημαι:—to throw beside, put before, as fodder before horses, Lat. obijicere, projicere: to hold out as a bait: also to object or cast in one's teeth, Lat. obijicere.

II. to set side by side, to take one thing against another, as in games of chance; then generally, to venture, hazard, stake:—Med. to expose oneself to danger; ἔμην ψυχὴν παραβαλλόμενος πολεμίζειν setting my life upon a cast in war; so, παραβάλλεσθαι τὰ τέκνα to stake one's own children. 2. to set side by side, so as to compare one with another:—Med., παραβαλλόμενοι uying with one another: Pass., ἀπάτα δ' ἀπάταις παραβαλλομένα one piece of treachery set against another.

III. to bring to the side of: esp. in Med., παραβάλλεσθαι τὴν ἄκατον to bring the boat alongside; and absol. in aor. 2 imperat. παραβαλοῦ, put to land.

IV. to throw or turn sideways; ὄμμα παραβάλλειν to cast one's eye askance; παραβάλλειν τῷ ὀφθαλμῷ to cast both eyes sideways, i. e. to squint.

V. to deposit with one, entrust to him. VI. to deceive, betray. VII. intr. in Act. to come near, approach. 2. to pass over by sea, like Lat. trajicio.

παραβάς, ἀσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of παραβαίνω.
 παράβασις Ἐρ. παραιβασις, εως, ἡ, (παραβαίνω) an overstepping, transgression. II. the parabasis or digression, a part of the old Comedy, in which the Chorus came forward and addressed the audience in the Poet's name.

παραβάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (παραβαίνω) one who stands beside: the warrior or combatant who stands beside the charioteer. II. a transgressor, in poet. form παρβάτης.

παραβᾶτος poet. παρβατός, ἡ, ὄν, (παραβαίνω) transgressed. II. to be gone beyond, surpassed.

παραβῆδασμα, pf. pass. of παραβαίνω.
 παραβῆσθαι, pf. inf. pass. of παραβαίνω.

παραβῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραβαίνω.
 παρα-βιάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι: Dep.:—to do a thing by force contrary to law. 2. to use violence towards any one, to constrain, compel.

παρα-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look aside or askance, take a side look; παραβλέπων θατέρῳ to wink with one eye. 2. to see wrong.

παραβλήθη, Adv. (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the side: metaph., παραβλήθη ἀγορεύειν to speak with a side meaning, i. e. maliciously, invidiously.

παράβλημα, ατος, τό, (παραβάλλω) something hung beside, a curtain or skreen used to cover the sides of ships.

παρα-βλώσκω: f. -μολοῦμαι: aor. 2 παρέμολον: pf. παραμέμβλωκα Ἐρ. παρμέμβλωκα:—to go beside, for the purpose of aiding or protecting.

παραβλητέος, α, ον, and παραβλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραβάλλω, comparable.

παραβλώψ, ὄπος, ὁ, ἡ, (παραβλέπω) looking sideways or askance, squinting.

παρα-βοᾶω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call or cry out to.
 παρα-βοηθέω, f. ἦσω, to come to help another: absol. come to the rescue.

παραβολέουμαι, Dep. (παράβολος), to expose oneself to danger, run hazard.

παραβολή, ἡ, (παραβάλλω II) a placing beside, comparison: illustration, parable.

παράβολος, ον, (παραβάλλομαι) staking, risking; hazardous: of persons, venturesome, reckless. 2. of things, hazardous, perilous.

παρα-βουλεύομαι, Dep. to shew disregard.

παρέβυστος, ον, (παρβύω) stuffed in.

παρα-βύω, f. σω, to stuff in, insert. [ῥ]

παραγαγείν, aor. 2 inf. of παράγω.

παραγγέλλω, ἡ, a command issued to soldiers: the word of command. 2. the summoning one's partisans. 3. instruction, doctrine. From

παρ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγεῖω: aor. I παρήγγελα: pf. παρήγγελα: pass. παρήγγεμαι:—to pass an announcement from one to another. II. as military term, to give the watchword, which was passed from man to man, Lat. imperium per manus tradere:—also to give the word of command, give orders:—then

2. generally, to recommend, charge, exhort. 3. c. acc. rei, to order; παραγγέλλειν σιτία to order provisions, like Lat. imperare frumentum: τὰ παραγγελλόμενα orders given. III. also to encourage, cheer on. IV. to summon to one's help, to summon one's partisans or clients. Hence

παράγγεμα, ατος, τό, an announcement passed from one to another. II. an order, word of command. III. instruction.

παράγγελος, ἡ, (παραγγέλω) an announcing. II. in war, a giving orders, giving the word of command.

παρα-γεύω, f. σω, to give just a taste of a thing:—Med. to taste slightly of a thing.
 παρα-γηράω, f. ἄσομαι, to be the worse for old age.

παρα-γίνομαι later -γίνομαι [Γ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 παρεγένον:—to be at hand, by or near, be present: to stand by, to second, support. 2. of things, to be at hand, to come, happen, belong to. II. to come to, arrive at: absol. to arrive at one's destination. 2. to come to maturity.

παρα-γινώσκω later -γινώσκω: fut. -γνώσομαι: aor. 2 παρέγγων:—to decide beside the right, i. e. to decide unfairly, err in one's judgement.

παρ-αγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, (παρά, ἀγκλή) that which is taken in the arms, the object of one's embrace.

παρ-αγκινῶζομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἀγκών) to push aside with the elbows, elbow.

παραγνοῦς, παραγνώναι, aor. 2 part. and inf. of παραγιγνώσκω.

παράγραμμα, ατος, τό, (παραγράφω) that which one writes beside, an additional clause, codicil.

παραγράφῃ, ἡ, (παραγράφω) any thing written beside, a marginal note. II. an exception taken by the defendant to the indictment (γραφῆ).

παρα-γράφω, φ. ψω, to write beside, to add, subjoin, annex a clause or codicil. II. Med., with pf. pass. παραγέγραμμαι, to have a thing written by the side: to have a person registered. 2. παραγράφειν γραφήν to take an exception to an indictment (γραφῆ); absol., παραγράφεσθαι to demur: cf. παραγραφῆ.

παρα-γυμνῶ, φ. ὦσω, to lay bare at the side: metaph. to lay open, disclose.

παρα-άγω, φ. ξω: aor. 2 -ήγαγον:—to lead beside, to lead by or past. 2. as military term, to make the men file off, to wheel them from column into line. II. to lead aside from the way, lead away: absol. to mislead, deceive: generally, to persuade, bring over, but in bad sense. 2. to lead aside, divert, alter the course of, to distort, pervert. III. to bring beside or in front, to bring forward as a speaker, witness, etc. IV. to bring in stealthily. V. intrans. to pass by, pass on one's way: pass away. Hence

παραγωγῆ, ἡ, a leading by or past, carrying across. 2. of soldiers, a wheeling from column into line. 3. a sliding motion of the oars so as to make no splash (πίτυλος) in coming out of the water. II. a leading aside or away, misleading: a fallacy, quibble. III. an alteration, change, variety.

παρα-δακρῶ, φ. ὦσω [ῶ], to weep beside or along with.

παρα-δαρθάνω, φ. -δαρθήσομαι: aor. 2 παρέδαρθον Ep. παρέδραθον, inf. παραδραθέειν:—to sleep beside or by.

παραδείγμα, τό, (παραδείκνυμι) a pattern, model, plan, Lat. exemplar: a copy, representation. 2. a precedent, example; ἐπι παραδείγματος by way of example: also an example, lesson, warning. 3. an illustration, proof from example. Hence

παρα-δειγματίζω, φ. σω, to make an example of, make a show of, put to shame.

παραδειγματώδης, es, (πaráδειγμα, εἶδος) like an example.

παρα-δείκνυμι and -ύω: φ. -δείξω:—to shew by the side of: to exhibit, bring forward. 2. to represent as so and so, to represent, portray. 3. to hand over or assign money.

παρα-δειπνέομαι, Dep. (παρά, δείπνον) to go without one's dinner.

παράδεισος, ὅ, a park or pleasure-grounds; an Eastern word used in the Septuagint for the garden of Eden.

παρα-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: φ. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Dep.:—to take or receive from another, to have by right of succession, as hereditary. 2. c. inf. to take upon oneself or engage to do. 3. to admit, let in: hence to admit, allow.

παρα-δηλώω, φ. ὦσω, to disclose by a side hint.

παρα-διακονέω, φ. ἦσω, to attend and serve.

παρα-διατριβή, ἡ, useless disputation.

παρα-δίδομι, φ. -δώσω, to give or hand over, Lat. tradere: to commit, consign. 2. to give into another's hands as an hostage, Lat. dedere, to deliver up, surrender: to hand over to justice: also to betray. 3. to hand down, transmit to posterity. II. to grant, bestow, offer: c. inf. to grant, allow, concede.

παραδοθῶ, ἦς, ἦ, aor. I pass. subj. of παραδίδομι.

παραδοξο-λογία, ἡ, (παράδοξος, λόγος) a strange story, marvel.

παρά-δοξος, ov, (παρά, δόξα) contrary to opinion, unexpected, strange, marvellous. Adv. -ξως.

παράδοσις, ἡ, (παραδίδομι) a handing down, bequeathing, transmission. 2. a giving up, surrender. 3. the transmission or handing down of legends, doctrines, etc., tradition:—also that which is handed down, a tradition.

παραδοτέος, α, ov, or παραδοτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραδίδομι, to be handed down, etc.:—neut. παραδοτέον or -δοτέα (plur.) one must give up.

παραδούς, aor. 2 part. of παραδίδομι.

παραδοχή, ἡ, (παραδέχομαι) the act of receiving from another. 2. that which has been so received, a custom.

παραδραῖθην Ep. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of παραδραθάνω.

παραδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of παρατρέχω.

παρα-δράω Ep. παρα-δρώω: fut. -δράσω:—to be near as a servant, to serve.

παραδρομή, ἡ, (παραδραμείν) a running beside or by; ἐκ παραδρομῆς cursorily, by the way, Lat. obiter.

παράδρομος, ov, (παραδραμείν) running beside. II. that may be run through; τὰ παράδρομα spaces for getting through, gaps.

παρα-δρώω, Ep. for παραδράω.

παραδύμεναι, Ep. for παραδύναι, aor. 2 inf. of παραδύνω.

παρα-δύναστέω, φ. σω, (παρά, δυνάστης) to govern or reign with one.

παραδύσις, ἡ, a sinking in beside. From παρα-δύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. παρέδυν, inf. παραδύναι Ep. παραδύμεναι:—to creep or sink past. 2. to creep in underhand, slink or steal in.

παραδωσείω, Desiderat. of παραδίδομι, to be disposed or ready to deliver up.

παρ-αείδω, φ. σω, to sing beside or to one.

παρ-αείρω contr. παρλίρω (παρά, αείρω contr. αἶρω), to lift up and set beside:—Pass. to bang on one side; Ep. aor. I pass. παρήρθην Att. παρἄρθην.

παρα-εύνυμι and -ύω, φ. -εΰξω, to yoke beside, couple: to set beside:—Pass. to be joined side by side, coupled together.

παρα-ζήλω, φ. ὦσω, to provoke to jealousy.

παρα-ζώννυμι and -ύω, φ. -ζώσω, to gird to the side, bang to the girdle.

παρα-θαλασσίδιος Att. -ττίδιος, ov, = παραθαλάσσιος.

παρα-θάλασσιος Att. -ττιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (παρά, θάλασσα) beside the sea, lying on the seaside.

παρα-θάλπω, f. ψω, to cherish, comfort.
 παρα-θαρσύνω later -θαρρύνω, to embolden, cheer on, inspire with confidence.
 παραθεΐν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of παρατίθημι.
 παραθείς, παράθεσ, aor. 2 part. and imperat. of παρατίθημι.
 παρα-θελγω, f. ξω, to soften, assuage, soothe.
 παρα-θερμαίνω, to heat or inflame to excess.
 παράθεσις, εως, ή, (παρατίθημι) a putting beside, juxtaposition, comparison. II. suggestion, advice.
 παρα-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run beside. II. to run to one side of, deviate from. III. to run beyond, outrun.
 παρα-θεωρέω, f. ήσω, to observe one thing beside another, compare. II. to overlook, slight.
 παρα-θήγω, f. ξω, to whet or sharpen upon: metaph. to encourage.
 παραθήκη, ή, (παρατίθημι) anything lodged with one, a deposit: of persons, a hostage.
 παραθήσομαι, fut. med. of παρατίθημι.
 πᾶραι, poet. for παρά.
 παραβασίη, ή, poet. for παραβασία, transgression.
 παρα-βάτέω, παρα-βάτης, poet. for παραβ-
 παραίβολος, ον, poet. for παράβολος, (παραβάλλω) thrown in by the way, sneering, malicious: see παραβλήθην.
 παρα-αυθύσσω, f. ξω, to stir up, kindle. II. intr. of words, to fall from one by chance.
 παραινέσις, ή, (παραινέω) advice, counsel.
 παρ-αινέω, f. -έσω or -έσομαι: aor. I παρήνεσα: pf. παρήνεκα: Pass., aor. I παρηνέθην: pf. παρήνημαι:—to advise, recommend, counsel.
 παραιπετίθησιν, παραιπετιθούσα, Ep. for παραπίθη, παραπιθούσα, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj., and part. fem. aor. 2 of παραιπέω.
 παραιρέσις, ή, a taking away from beside, a withdrawing of, curtailing. From
 παρ-αιρέω, f. ήσω: aor. 2 παρείλον: pf. παρήρηκα: Pass., aor. I παρρήρην: pf. παρήρημαι:—to take away from beside. 2. to draw aside on one, to divert to; παραιρέν ἄραν εἰς παῖδα to draw aside the curse on thy son. II. Med. to draw off or away from, draw over to one's own side, detach. 2. generally, to take away from: also to lessen, damp. Hence
 παραιρημα, ατος, τό, that which is taken off from the side, the selvaage of cloth: generally, a band, strip.
 παρ-αίρω, contr. for poet. παρ-αείρω.
 παρ-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι: Dep.:—to bear off by the way.
 παρ-αίσιος, ον, (παρά, αἶσιος) of ill omen, ominous, portentous.
 παρ-αῖσσω, f. ξω: Ep. aor. I παρήξα:—to dart past.
 παρ-αιτέομαι, f. -ήσομαι: pf. παρήτημαι: Dep.:—to beg of or from another: I. c. acc. rei, to obtain by prayer or entreaty. 2. c. acc. pers. to move by entreaty, obtain leave from: also to intercede with, beg

earnestly. 3. to entreat one to do. II. like Lat. deprecari, to avert by entreaty, beg off. Hence
 παραιτήσις, ή, an obtaining by prayer: earnest supplication. II. a deprecating. III. an interceding for, begging off.
 παρ-αῖτος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, αἰτία) being in part the cause: accessory to.
 παρ-αίμενος, η, ον, Ep. for παραφάμενος, pres. med. part. of παραφήμι, exhorting, encouraging.
 παρ-αίφωσις, ή, poet. for παράφωσις, (παραφήμι) encouragement, persuasion: also, a beguiling.
 παρ-αφρονέω, poet. for παραφρονέω.
 παρ-αιώρεω, f. ήσω, to hang up beside:—Pass. to be hung or hang beside.
 παρακάββαλε, Ep. for παρακατέβαλε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παρακαταβάλλω.
 παρακαθεζέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. med. of παρακαθίζω.
 παρα-κάθημαι, inf. -καθήσθαι, Dep. to sit beside or near.
 παρα-καθίζω, f. -καθίζω Att. -καθῶ, to set beside or near. II. Med., fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: aor. 2 -εκαθεζόμεν: also aor. I ἐκαθίσάμην:—to sit down beside.
 παρα-καθήμι, f. -καθήσω, to let down by the side: so also in Med. παρακαθίεμαι.
 παρα-καθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to put, place, set down beside or near. II. in Med. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -κατέστην, pf. -καθέστηκα, to stand beside or near.
 παρα-καιρός and παρά-καιρος, ον, (παρά, καιρός) untimely, ill-timed, unseasonable.
 παρα-καίω, f. -καύσω, to light, kindle, burn beside or near.
 παρα-κάλω, f. -καλώ later -καλέσω: pf. -κέκληκα, pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call to one, i. e., I. to call to aid, send for, summon, Lat. arcessere: to call as witness, to invoke the gods: to invite. II. to call to, cheer on, encourage, exhort: to excite. III. to demand, require.
 παρακάλυμμα, τό, a covering: metaph. a cloak, veil. From
 παρα-κάλυπτο, f. ψω, to cover by hanging something beside, to veil, cloak, disguise.
 παρα-καταβάλλω, f. -καταβάλλω: Ep. aor. 2 παρακάββαλον for παρακατέβαλον:—to throw or put down beside; παραβάλλειν ζώνην τινί to put a girdle beside one, i. e. gird it around one. II. as law-term, to make a deposit, pay a sum into court. Hence
 παρακαταβολή, ή, money deposited in suits for recovery of an inheritance, to be forfeited in case of failure, Lat. sacramentum.
 παρακαταθήκη, ή, (παρακατατίθημι) anything lodged in one's hands, esp. a deposit, trust.
 παρα-καταθήσκω, f. -καταθανοῦμαι: aor. 2 -κατέθανον Ep. -κάτθανον:—to die beside or near.
 παρα-κατάκειμαι, inf. -κατακείσθαι, Pass. to lie beside or near, esp. to sit by at meals, Lat. juxta accumbere.
 παρα-κατακλίνω, f. ἴνω, to lay down beside.

παρα-καταλέγομαι, f. ξομαι, Pass. to lie down beside, to lie with: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 παρατέλεετο.
παρα-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind in one's hands.

παρα-καταπήγνυμι, f. -καταπήξω, to fix or drive in alongside.

παρα-κατατίθημι, f. -καταθήσω, to deposit or lodge in a person's hands:—Med. to deposit one's property with another, give it in trust, entrust to his keeping.

παρα-κατέχω, f. -καθήσω, to keep back, restrain.

παρα-κατοικίζω, f. σω, to make to dwell beside:—Med. to settle another near oneself.

παρα-κατῶ, Att. for παρα-κασῶ, to sew on or to:—metaph. in Med. to set all straight.

παρά-κειμαι, inf. -κέισθαι: 3 sing. Ep. impf. παρεκείσετο: Pass.:—to lie beside, near or before: generally, to be ready, lie close at hand: metaph. to be presented or proposed to one; τὰ παρακείμενα things before one or present.

παρακείμεμα, ματος, τό, = παρακείμεσμα.

παρα-κελεύομαι, Med. to exhort, advise, recommend, prescribe. II. to exhort, encourage, cheer

on by shouting: 3 sing. plpf. παρακείλευστο is used in pass. sense, orders had been given. Hence

παρακείλευσις, ή, a calling out to, cheering on.

παρακείλευσμα, ατος, τό, (παρακελεύομαι) an exhortation, encouragement.

παρακελευσμός, ό, = παρακείλευσις.

παρακελευστός, ή, ύν, (παρακελεύομαι) cheered on, summoned.

παρα-κελητίζω, f. σω, to ride by or past.

παρακινδύνεωσις, ή, a desperate venture. From

παρα-κινδύνεωσις, f. σω, to make a rash venture, to dare recklessly: c. acc. rei, to venture or hazard a

thing: c. inf. to have the hardihood to do: absol. to venture, run the risk, stand the hazard: in Pass.,

έπος παρακεκινδυνευμένον a hardy, venturesome phrase.

παρα-κινέω, f. ήσω, trans. to move aside: to excite, disturb violently, Lat. commovere. II. intr. to shift

one's ground, alter. 2. to be impassioned: to be distraught, mad. 3. to raise troubles or commo-

tions.

παρα-κίω, to pass by.

παρα-κλαίω, f. -κλαύσομαι and -κλαυσούμαι:—to weep beside or at.

παρα-κλέω Ion. -κληω, to bar or shut out.

παρα-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal from the side or in passing, filch underhand.

παρακληθήσομαι, fut. pass. of παρακαλέω.

παρα-κληίω, Ion. for παρακλείω.

παρακλήσις, ή, (παρακαλέω) a calling to one, summons to assist. 2. a calling upon, imploring. 3.

exhortation, encouragement.

παρακλητέος, α, ον, = παράκλητος: neut. παρακλητέον, one must call on.

παρακλητικός, ή, ύν, (παρακαλέω) of or for exhorting, hortatory.

παρακλήτος, ον, verb. Adj. of παρακαλέω, called to

one's aid, esp. in a court of justice, Lat. advocatus: as Subst., παράκλητος, ό, an advocate. 2. generally, a helper; hence in N. T., ό Παράκλητος the Helper, Comforter.

παρακλιδόν, Adv. (παρακλίνω) bending sideways, turning aside, averting.

παρακλίντωρ, ορος, ό, = παρακλίτης. From

παρα-κλίνω [Ὶ], f. -κλινῶ, to turn or bend aside; παρακλίνειν τὴν θύραν to set the gate ajar. 2.

metaph. to make to swerve, distort; ἄλλη παρακλινούσι δίκας they turn righteous judgments aside. II.

Pass. and Med., aor. 2 παρεκλίθην [Ὶ]: pf. παρακέκλιμαι: to lie down beside, lie near, esp. at meals,

Lat. juxta accumbere. III. intr. in Act., to turn

aside, slip away, escape. Hence

παρακλίτης, ου, ό, one who lies beside at meals. [Ὶ]

παρα-κλῶ, to bear beside or amiss: to bear wrong.

παρ-ακμάζω, f. άσω, to be past the prime: to be faded, withered.

παρα-κοάω, Ion. for παρα-νοέω.

παράκοή, ή, (παρακούω) bearing amiss: unwillingness to hear, disobedience.

παρα-κοινοίωμαι, Med. (παρά, άκοίτης) to take counsel with another, Lat. communicare.

παρα-κοίτης, ου, ό, (παρά, άκοίτης) one who sleeps beside, a bedfellow, husband.

παρ-άκοιτις, ίος, ή, acc. ύν: Ep. dat. παρακοίτι:

(παρά, άκοιτις) a wife, consort.

παρ-άκολουθέω, f. ήσω, to follow close or hard upon one: to attend studiously: of rules, to bold good

throughout. II. metaph. to follow in one's mind, to understand.

παρακομιδή, ή, (παρακομίζω) a carrying across, transporting, conveying. II. (from Pass.) a going

or sailing across.

παρα-κομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ: to carry beside or along with, escort: carry across: generally to carry

or convey:—Med. to have a thing brought one:—Pass. to sail beside, coast along.

παρ-άκονάω, f. ήσω, to sharpen or whet besides.

παρ-άκοντιζέω, f. ίσω, to throw the dart with others.

παρακοπή, ή, (παρακόπτω) a striking falsely, a

coining falsely: metaph. madness, frenzy.

παράκοπος, ον, (παρακόπτω) struck falsely, counterfeit: metaph. deranged, mad.

παρα-κόπτω, f. ψω, to strike amiss, esp. of money,

to forge, counterfeit; άνδράρια παρακεκομμένα (pf. pass. part.) men of a false stamp. II. Med. to

cheat, swindle out of a thing, c. gen.: absol. to cheat:—Pass. to be cheated. III. metaph. to drive mad,

derange, distract.

παρ-άκουω, f. -ακούσομαι, (παρά, άκούω) to hear beside or by the way, to hear talk of. II. to hear

or learn underhand. III. to hear wrong, mis-

understand.

παρα-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω Att. -κρεμῶ:—to let hang on the side.

παρακρεμάσας, aor. I part. of παρακρεμάννυμι.

παρακρίνω [ῥ], f. -κρίνω: aor. I παρέκρινα: pf. παραέκρινκα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρίθην [ῥ]: pf. παραέκριμαι:—to separate and place beside:—Pass. to be drawn up along, extend over a space.

παρακροτέω, f. ἤσω, to pat, touch on the side.
παράκρουσις, ἡ, (παρακρούω) a striking beside, striking a false note: an error. II. a cheating, fraud.

παρακρούω, f. σω: pf. παραέκρουκα: Pass., aor. I παρεκρούσθην: pf. παραέκρουσμαι:—to strike beside, esp. to strike a wrong note in music. II. to lead aside, mislead, deceive.

παρακτάομαι, f. ἤσομαι, Dep. to get over and above: in pf. παραέκτεμαι, to have over and above.
παρ-ακτίδιος, ον, and παρ-ακτίος, α, ον, (παρά, ἀκτή) on the seaside, on the shore.

παρακύνπτω, f. ψω: aor. I παρέκνυσα:—to stoop aside, put one's head on one side affectedly. 2. generally, to take a side glance at, look carelessly at. 3. to lean forward and peep out of a door, window, etc.: also to peep in.

παρακοχῆ, see παροκοχῆ.
παραλαμβάνω: f. -λήψομαι Ion. -λάψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον, inf. -λαβεῖν: pf. -έληφα, pass. -έλημμαι:—to receive from another, to succeed to an office or to property. 2. to take possession of, to take in pledge: also to take by force, seize forcibly. 3. to take to oneself, as to wife:—to produce or bring forward as a witness.

II. to receive or entertain as a friend, to invite. III. to receive by hearsay or tradition, to learn, bear, Lat. accipere. IV. to take upon oneself, undertake, Lat. suscipere. V. to wait for, intercept, Lat. excipere.

παραλέγω, f. ξω, to put, lay beside or near:—Med., f. -λέξομαι: aor. I παρελέξαμην: 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρ-έλεκτο: to lie beside or with one, to lie down beside. II. παραλέγεσθαι γῆν to sail by or along the land, to coast along.

παραλείπτον, verb. Adv. one must omit. From παραλείπω, f. ψω, to leave on one side, leave remaining. 2. to leave on one side, leave unnoticed, pass by, Lat. praetermittere. 3. to neglect, Lat. omittere.

παρ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to smear with ointment.
παραλέλυμαι, pf. pass. of παραλύω.
παραλεύσω, = παροιάω.
παραληπτέον, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, one must take to oneself.

παραληπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of παραλαμβάνω, to be accepted.

παραληρέω, f. ἤσω, to talk great nonsense, to be in one's dotage, Lat. delirare.

παραληφθήσομαι, παραλήψομαι, fut. pass. and med. of παραλαμβάνω.

παράληψις, εως, ἡ, (παραλαμβάνω) a receiving from another, succession.

παράλια (sub. χώρα), ἡ, the sea-coast, coastland. From

παρ-άλιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρά, ἄλς) by the sea, on the sea shore.

παραλλάγῃ, ἡ, (παρλλάσσω) a passing from hand to hand, transfer. II. alternation: change, variation.

παράλληλα, ματος, τό, (παρλλάσσω) an exchange.
παρλλάξ, Adv. (παρλλάσσω) alternately: in alternating rows.

παρ-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I παρήλλαξα: Pass., aor. I -ηλλάχθην: aor. 2 -ηλλάχην [ᾱ]: pf. -ήλλαγμα:—to make things alternate. 2. to change or alter a little, esp. for the worse, to corrupt. 3. of Place, to pass by or beyond. II. intr. to pass by one another. 2. to pass aside, turn from the path, to deviate, vary:—hence to slip aside, escape.

παρ-άλληλος, ον, (παρά, ἄλληλοι) beside one another, side by side, parallel.

παραλογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to reckon wrong, misreckon, miscalculate. 2. to reason falsely. II. to cheat by false reasoning. Hence

παραλογισμός, ὁ, false reckoning: a fallacy.
παρά-λογος, ον, (παρά, λόγος) beyond calculation, unexpected, unaccountable. Hence

παρά-λογος, ὁ, as Subst. that which is beyond all calculation, an unexpected issue: miscalculation.

πάρ-ἄλος, ον, (παρά, ἄλς) by or near the sea, naval, maritime.

II. οἱ Πάραλοι in Attica, the people of the sea-coast (Παράλια): opp. to the dwellers on the plain, and the mountaineers. 2. the crew of the ship Paralos.

III. ἡ Πάραλος (sub. ναῦς or τριήρης), the Paralos, one of the Athenian state-galleys, reserved for religious missions, embassies, etc.: the other was called Σαλαμῖνια.

παραλύπew, f. ἤσω, (παρά, λυπέω) to grieve along with something else: οἱ παραλυπώντες, the refractory.

παραλυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (παράλυω) affected with palsy, paralytic.

παραλύω, f. -λύω [ῥ]: aor. I παρέλυσα: pf. -λέλυκα: Pass., aor. I παρελύθην [ῥ]: pf. -έλυμαι:—to loose from the side, loose and take off, detach from. 2. to separate, part from:—Pass. to be parted from. 3. to release or set free from:—Pass. to be exempt from a thing. 4. to discharge, dismiss, depose from command: also to set free. 5. to undo, put an end to. II. to relax at the side:—Pass. disabled on one side, to be palsied; pf. part. παραλελυμένος, like παραλυτικός, palsied, paralytic: generally, to be enfeebled or exhausted, to flag.

παρ-αίβειβω, f. ψω: aor. I παρήμεισα: (παρά, ἀμείβω):—to change or alter a little. 2. to leave on one side, pass by: hence to exceed, excel. II. Med. to pass beside, pass by: outrun. 2. to pass over, omit, make no mention of. 3. of Time, to pass, go by. 4. to change for oneself. 5. to lead aside from the road.

παρ-αμελέω, pf. -ημέληκα: Ion. 3 sing. plqpf. παρμηλήκεε: (παρά, ἀμελέω):—to pass by and disregard, pay no heed to.

παραμέμνημαι, pf. of παραμνήσκομαι.
παρα-μένω, f. -μενῶ: aor. I παρέμεινα:—to stay beside or near, stand by. II. absol. to stand on a given ground, stand fast. 2. to stay at a place, stay beside. 3. to survive, remain alive: of things, to endure, last.

παρ-άμερος, ov, Dor. for παρήμερος. [ἀ]
παρα-μετρέω, f. ἦσω, to measure one thing by another, to compare. II. to measure out.

παρ-άμευα, Dor. = παραμείβω:—Med. παραμεισεῖσθαι τινας μορφῆν to surpass one in beauty.

παρα-μηρίδιος, ov, (παρά, μηρός) at the side of or along the thighs: τὰ παραμηρίδια armour for the thighs, cuisses.

παρα-μίγνυμι and -ύω Ion. -μίσγω: f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμγημαι:—to mingle, intermix with, τινί τε. 2. to mix in, add by mixing.

παρ-άμιλλος, ov, (παρά, ἀμίλλα) vying or racing with.
παρα-μνήσσομαι, fut. -μνήσομαι: pf. -μέμνημαι: Dep.:—to mention besides or by the way, to make mention of one thing along with another.

παρα-μίμνω, poet. for παραμένω absol., to tarry, stay.
παρα-μίσγω, Ion. for παραμίγνυμι.

παρα-μνῶμαι, Ion. for παραμνήσσομαι.
παραμολέιν, aor. 2 inf. of παραβλάσσω.

παραμόνιμος, ov, also η, ov, (παραμένω) abiding by, lasting, steadfast, faithful. Neut. παρμόνιμον, as Adv., steadfastly.

παρά-μονος poet. πάρμονος, ov, (παραμένω) lasting.
παρά-μουσος, ov, (παρά, Μούσα) averse to the Muses or music, discordant with: hence harsh, horrid.

παρ-άμπεχος or -αμπίσχω: f. παραμπέχη: aor. 2 παρήμπεχον: (παρά, ἀμπέχω):—to cover with a cloak or robe; hence to cloak or disguise.

παρ-άμπυκίζω Lacon. -πυκίδω: (παρά, ἀμπυξ):—to bind the hair with a fillet or head-band.

παρα-μυθήομαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. I -εμυθήσάμην: Dep.:—to address with soothing or cheering words: to encourage, exhort, advise. 2. to console, appease. Hence

παραμυθία, ἡ, encouragement: also persuasion.
παραμυθιον, τό, (παραμυθέομαι) an address, exhortation. 2. a consolation, relief, assuagement.

παρα-μυκάομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to bellow beside or near.

παρ-αναγιγνώσκω later -αναγιγνώσκω: f. -αναγνώσομαι: (παρά, ἀναγιγνώσκω):—to read beside or near: to read side by side, compare, collate.

παρα-ναιετάω, to dwell beside or near.
παρ-ἀναλίσκω, f. -ανάλωσα, to spend beside or amiss, to waste, lavish.

παρ-ανατέλλω, to arise beside or near.
παρα-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι and -νευσούμαι, (παρά, νέω to swim) to swim beside or by.

παρανέω, f. -νήσω, (παρά, νέω to hear) to hear or pile up beside: Ion. παρα-νηέω and -νηνέω.

παρα-νήχομαι, f. ζομαι, Dep. to swim beside, to swim along the shore.

παρα-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to corrupt by conquest.

παρα-νίσσομαι, Dep. = παρανέομαι, to pass beside or near.

παρ-ανίσχω, to raise up beside or in answer. II. intr. to stand forth beside.

παρα-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think amiss or wrongly. II. to be deranged, senseless: to go mad. Hence
παράνοια, ἡ, derangement, madness, folly.

παρ-ανοίγνυμι and -ανοίγω: f. -ανοίξω, (παρά, ἀνοίγω) to open at the side or a little.

παρα-νομέω: impf. παρενόμουν: aor. I παρενόμησα: pf. παρανενομίηκα: Pass., aor. παρενομήθην: pf. παρανενομίημαι: (παράνομος):—to transgress the law, act illegally. 2. to commit an outrage: c. acc. pers. to commit an outrage upon one; so in Pass., to be ill-used, maltreated. Hence

παρανόμημα, atos, τό, an illegal act, transgression.
παρανομία, ἡ, (παρανομέω) transgression of law, habitual law-breaking.

παρά-νομος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) contrary to law and custom, unlawful, illegal: generally, lawless, unjust, violent. II. as Att. law-terms, παράνομα γράφειν to propose unconstitutional measures; but, παρανόμων γράφεσθαι τινα to indict one for proposing unconstitutional measures.

παρά-νοος, ov, contr. παρά-νοος, ov, (παρά, νόμος) distraught, frenzied.

πάρ-αντα, Adv. (παρά, ἀντίος) sideways, sidwards.
παρ-αντέλλω, poet. for παρανατέλλω.

παρ-ανυμφος, ἡ, (παρά, νύμφη) the bride's-maid, who conducts her to the bridegroom.

παρ-ανύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to prick beside: metaph. to prick one or stimulate to do a thing.

παρά-ξενος, ov, with a false claim to friendship or hospitality: generally, false, spurious.

παρ-άξω, f. έσω, to scrape beside: to graze in passing.

παρ-αξόνιος, ov, (παρά, άξων) beside or near the axle: παραξόνια, τά, as Subst. rapid whirlings.

παρα-ξίω, f. -ξίσω [ῶ], to shave at the side: metaph. to graze, keep close beside.

παρα-παίω, f. -παίωσω, to strike on the side. II. intrans. strike aside: to fall aside, fall out from, Lat. excidere; παραπαίειν φρενῶν to wander from one's senses, lose one's wits.

παρα-πάλλω, to hurl beside:—Med. to vault or bound aside.

παρά-παν, Adv., for παρά πᾶν, on the whole, altogether, absolutely: in reckoning, ἐπὶ διηκεία τὸ παράπαν up to two hundred altogether, on the average.

παρ-ἄπᾶτάω, f. ἦσω, to mislead, cajole.
παρ-ἄπᾶφίσκω: fut. -απαφήσω: aor. 2 παρήπάφον:—poet. for παραπατάω, to mislead: to persuade one to do a thing by craft or fraud.

παρα-πέιθω, f. -πέισω, to win by persuasive arts, to prevail upon, win over: Homer often uses an Ep. redupl. aor. 2 subj. in 3 sing. παραπειθήσι; part. παρ-πεπθῶν, παραπειθούσα, παρπεπιθόντες.

παρὰ-πειράομαι, f. ἄσομαι [ā], Dep. to make trial of. παρὰ-πέμψω, f. ψω : aor. I παρπέμψα :—to send by or beyond, make to pass through : of sound, to send or echo back. 2. to send by or along the coast : generally to send along. 3. to escort, convoy : so in Med., to convoy ships. II. to send besides or in addition. III. metaph. to let pass, take no heed of, Lat. praetermittere.

παρὰ-πεσών, aor. 2 part. of παραπίπτω. παρὰ-πέτῃμαι, = παραπέτομαι. παρὰ-πετάννυμι and -ύω, f. -πετάσω : pf. -πεπέτασμα :—to stretch a curtain before. Hence παραπέτασμα, atos, τό, that which is spread out before, a curtain, veil.

παρὰ-πέτομαι : f. -πετήσομαι, syncop. -πήσομαι : Dep. :—to fly beside, near, by : to fly along, fly over : to fly to.

παρὰ-πήγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix or plant beside or near :—Pass., with pf. med. -πέπηγα, to be fixed or planted beside.

παρὰ-πηδάω, f. ἴσομαι, to spring by or beyond : c. acc. to overleap, transgress.

παρὰ-πικραίνω, to embitter, provoke. Hence παραπικρασμός, ὁ, provocation : contumacy. παρὰ-πίμπρημι, f. -πρήσω, to kindle, burn beside or near :—Pass. to be inflamed.

παρὰ-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον : pf. -πέπτωκα :—to fall beside. II. to fall in one's way, fall in with :—of things, to befall, happen, offer itself.

III. to fall aside : hence to mistake, err.

παρὰ-πλάγξας, aor. I part. of παραπλάξω. παρὰ-πλάξω, f. -πλάγξω : aor. I παρέπλαξα : Pass., aor. I παρεπλάγχθην :—to make a person wander from the right way, lead astray, to drive out of the course :—Pass. to wander, go astray, wander away from. II. metaph. to mislead :—Pass. to be misled, err, be wrong.

παρὰ-πλευρίδια, τά, (παρά, πλευρά) covers for the sides of war-borses.

παρὰ-πλώω, f. -πλώω : f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι : 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 παρέπλω (as if from a Verb in -μι) :—to sail beside, near or alongside : to sail along a coast : to sail past.

παρὰ-πλήγας, acc. pl. of παραπλήξω.

παρὰ-πληκτος, ov, (παρὰ-πλήσσω), stricken aside : metaph. frenzy-stricken.

παρὰ-πλήξω, ἦγος, ὁ, ἦ, (παρὰ-πλήσσω) struck sideways : ἦγος παραπλήγες a shelving beach, on which the waves break obliquely, and not directly (as against a cliff). II. metaph. = παρὰ-πληκτος, mad.

παρὰ-πλήσιος, ov, also a, ov, (παρά, πλησίος) coming close beside, resembling, near akin to, about the same, about equal :—Sup. -ώτατος.—Neut. παραπλήσιον, παραπλήσια as Adv., but also regul. Adv. παραπλήσιως, nearly, almost ; παραπλήσιως ἀγωνίζεσθαι to fight with nearly equal advantage.

παρὰ-πλήσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to strike on the side :—Pass. to be stricken on one side, to be palsied, derailed, frenzied.

παρὰ-πρόμος, η, ov, coming to a place, Ep. syncop. part. from an obsol. pres. παραπέλομαι.

παρὰ-πλοος contr. -πλους, ὁ, (παρὰ-πλώω) a sailing beside. 2. a passage over the sea, Lat. trajectus.

παρὰ-πλώω, Ion. for παραπλώω.

παρὰ-πλέω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2, as if from a Verb in -μι. παραπνεύσας, aor. I part. of παραπνέω.

παρὰ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow beside or by the side, to escape by the side.

παρὰ-πόδιος, ποῖτ. παρπόδιος, ov, (παρά, ποῦς) at the feet, close by, present.

παρὰ-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make falsely :—Med. to make falsely for oneself, get a thing made falsely.

παρ-ἀπόλλυμι, f. -απολέσω Att. -απολώ, to destroy, ruin beside :—Pass., with fut. med. -απολούμαι, pf., -ἀπόλωλα, plrpf. -ολώλεω, to perish beside or near.

παρὰ-πομπή, ἦ, (παρὰ-πέμψω) a conveying, procuring. II. that which is procured, supplies, provisions.

παρὰ-πόντιος, ov, (παρά, πόντος) by the sea.

παρὰ-πορεύομαι, Pass. to go beside or past.

παρὰ-ποτάμιος, a, ov, (παρά, ποταμός) beside or near a river, situated or dwelling on a river ; οἱ παραποτάμιοι people who live on a river.

παρὰ-πράσσω Att. -πράττω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to do beside or beyond the main purpose. II. to do with another, join or help in doing.

παρὰ-πρεσβεία, ἦ, a false or dishonest embassy. From

παρὰ-πρεσβέω, Act. and Med. to execute an embassy faithlessly or dishonestly.

παρὰ-πρυστα, atos, τό, that which falls off in sawing, saw-dust.

παρὰ-πρίω, f. -πριόυμαι, to saw beside or gently. [ῖ]

παρ-ἄπτω, f. ψω, to fasten beside, near or alongside :—Pass., παραπτομέω χερσὶ πλάτα the oar grasped by the hands :—Med. to touch beside or at the side.

παρὰ-πτωμα, atos, τό, (παρὰ-πίπτω) a fall beside : metaph. a transgression.

παρὰ-πύθια, τά, (παρά, Πύθια) a sickness which prevented one from being victor at the Pythian games (Πύθια).

παρὰ-ραθῆνυμι, παρα-ραίνω, etc., v. παρὰ-πάρ-ἄρος Ion. πάρηρος, ov, like παρήρος, (παρά, αἴρω) deranged in mind.

πάρ-ἄρος, ov, Dor. and poet. for παρήρος, distraught.

παρ-αρπάξω, fut. ἄσω, later ἄξω, to take away from the side, filch.

παρὰ-ράπτω, ψω, to sew beside or along :—Pass. to be sewn on as a fringe or border.

παρὰ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι : pf. παρερρήκα : aor. 2 in pass. form παρερρήην : (παρά, ρέω) :—to flow beside, by or past, c. acc. 2. c. dat., παραρρεῖν τινι to slip off it. II. to slip away, to slip from one's memory.

III. to slip in unawares.

παρὰ-ρήγνυμι, f. -ρήξω : aor. I παρερρηξα : (παρά, ρήγνυμι) :—to break at the side, esp. to break a line of battle :—Pass. of the line, to be broken. II. Pass., with pf. med. παρερρωγα, to break or burst out beside

or from; παρέρρωγεν ποδὸς φλέψ a vein has burst out from his foot.

παραρρητός, ἡ, ὄν, (παρά, ῥητός) of persons, that may be moved by words. II. of words, persuasive.

παραρ-ρίγῳ, (παρά, ῥίγῳ) to freeze beside or near.

παραρ-ρίπτω and -έω, to throw beside, esp. to throw down one's stake: hence to run the risk of doing a thing. II. to throw aside or away, reject.

παραρρητός, aor. 2 opt. of παραρρέω.
παραρ-ρυθμός ποῖτ. παράρρυθμος, ὄν, (παρά, ῥυθμός) out of time or tune: discordant.

παραρρύμα, ατος, τό, anything drawn along the side for shelter: a curtain stretched along the sides of ships to protect the men. From

παραρ-ρύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ῥύομαι) to draw along the side.

παραρτάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: pf. pass. παρήρημαι: —to hang or attach alongside or upon. II. Ion.

παραρτέομαι, I. Med. to fit out, equip, get ready. 2. Pass. to be or get ready, hold oneself in readiness. Hence

παραρτήμα, τό, anything hanging at the side.
παραρτήγης, ὄν, ὁ, a parasang, the Persian farsang, a measure of distance equal to thirty stadia.

παραρσάπτω, f. ξω, to stuff or cram in beside.
παράρσειρος, ὄν, (παρά, σεῖρα) fastened beside with a thong or cord; παράσειρος ἵππος a horse fastened alongside of the regular pair by a rein or trace, an outrigger (σειραφόρος), opp. to ζύγιος:—metaph. a yokefellow, comrade.

παραρσεῖω, f. σω, to swing beside one.
παραρσημαίνω, f. ανῶ, to seal by the side:—Med. to seal for oneself, seal up: to counterseal.

παράρσημον, τό, a mark of distinction; the ensign of a ship: properly neut. of παράσημος.

παράρσημος, ὄν, (παρά, ῥημα) stamped amiss or falsely: of money, base, counterfeit, spurious. II. marked in any way, conspicuous.

παραρσινέω, f. ἦσω, (παράρσιτος) to eat at another's table, to be a parasite. II. to have a seat at the public table.

παραρσιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a parasite or flatterer: ἡ παραρσιτικὴ (sub. τέχνη), the trade of a parasite. From

παράρσιτος, ὄν, (παρά, σίτος) eating at the table of another: as Subst., παράσιτος, ὁ, one who lives at another's table, a parasite, flatterer.

παραρσκευάζω, f. σω: aor. I παρεσκεύασα: Pass., pf. παρεσκεύασμαι: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. παρεσκευάδατο: —to get ready, prepare: to hold ready; also to procure, provide, furnish. 2. to make or render so and so. II. Med. to get ready, prepare or furnish for oneself: absol. to make preparations. 2. to procure by fair means or foul, as witnesses, partisans, etc.: to manage: absol. to form a party: to bring over to one's party.

III. Pass. to get oneself ready, prepare: in pf. παρεσκεύασμαι to be ready, be prepared. 2. of things, to be got ready, prepared,

ὡς παρεσκεύαστο when preparations had been made; παρεσκευάδατο τοῖς Ἑλλησι preparations had been made by the Greeks. Hence

παραρσκευάσμαι, ατος, τό, anything got ready or prepared.

παραρσκευή, ἡ, a getting ready, preparing, preparation, provision: preparation, practice: ἀπό or ἐκ παραρσκευῆς, of set purpose, Lat. ex instituto; δι' ὀλίγης παραρσκευῆς with short practice, i. e. at short notice. 2. a plan, scheme, plot, intrigue. II.

that which is prepared, furniture, garniture, Lat. apparatus: pomp. 2. of warlike preparation, a force, power, equipment: generally, means, resources.

παραρσκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to pitch one's tent beside or near.

παραρσκηνία, τά, (παρά, σκηνή) the space at the sides of the stage, the side scenes; or, the side entrances to the theatre.

παραρσκηνώ, f. ὠσω, (παρά, σκηνή) to throw over one like a curtain or tent.

παραρσκήπτω, f. ψω, to light or fall beside or near.

παραρσκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap beside or near.

παραρσκοπέω, f. -σέψομαι, to look aside from, miss the sense of.

παραρσκόπτω, f. ὠσω, (παρά, σκόπη) to bear, jest beside or indirectly.

παραρσπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to wrest aside, distort:—Med. to draw off or away from a thing: to detach from a party.

παραρσπιζέω, f. ἴσω, (παρά, σπία) to bear a shield beside, to fight or stand by another. Hence

παραρσπιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who bears a shield beside one, a companion in arms.

παραρσπονδέω, f. ἦσω, to act contrary to engagements: to break a treaty. From

παράρσπονδος, ὄν, (παρά, σπονδή) contrary to a compact or treaty. 2. of persons, faithless, forsworn.

παραρσπιδόν, Adv. (παρίσταμαι) stepping beside going up to. II. standing beside or at the side.

παραρσταίην, παραρστάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 opt. and part. of παρίσταμαι.

παραρστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (παρίσταμαι) properly, anything that stands beside, a door-post, pillar: plur. παραρστές, αἱ, pillars that stand in line, a colonnade, the portico of a house or temple, Lat. vestibulum. See the shortened form παρσάς.

παραρστώδεις, ἔως, ἡ, (παρίσταμαι) a putting aside, banishing. II. (παρίσταμαι) a being beside, a position or post near a king.

παραρστώδης, f. ἦσω, to stand by or near. From παραρστάτης, ὄν, ὁ, (παρίσταμαι) one who stands by or near: in line of battle, one's comrade on the flank, as προστάτης is one's front-rank-man, ἐπιστάτης one's rear-rank-man: generally, a comrade in battle. Hence

παραρστάτης, ἴδος, ἡ, a helper, assistant, ally.
παραρστείχω, aor. 2 παρέστίχον, to go by, pass or beyond, pass by: pass into.

παρα-στῆναι, -στήσαι, aor. 2 and I inf. of *παρίστημι*.
παρα-στορέννυμι, f. -στορέσω Att. -στορῶ:—to
stretch beside or along, lay flat.

παρα-στρέφω, f. ψω, to turn or twist aside. 2.
to turn aside, prevent, divert.

παρα-συγγράφω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, συγγραφή) to
bring contract with.

παρα-συλλέγομαι, Pass. without Act. in use, to as-
semble beside or with others.

παρα-σύρω [ῦ], f. -σύρῶ, to drag or sweep away,
hurry along, as a flood. 2. παρασίρειν ἔπος to
drag, force a word in.

παρα-σφάλλω, fut. -σφᾶλῶ: aor. I *παρέσφηλα*:—
to push or thrust off sideways: make to glance or
slide off: of an arrow, to make miss or swerve aside.

παρασχεῖν, -έτω, aor. 2 imperat. of *παρέχω*.

παρασχεῖν Ep. *παρασχέμεν*, aor. 2 inf. of *παρέχω*.

παρα-σχίζω, f. -σχίσω, to rip up lengthwise.

παρασχοῦν, aor. 2 part. neut. of *παρέχω*, used absol.,
see *παρέχω* iv.

παράταξις, ἡ, an arranging soldiers in order of
battle: an army in array; ἐκ παρατάξεως in battle-
array. From

παρα-τάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I *παρέταξα*:
Pass., pf. *παρετάγμαι*: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. *παρα-
τετάχατο*:—to post beside others, esp. in order of
battle:—Med. to draw up one's men in order of
battle:—Pass. to be set or posted beside in array: to
be drawn up in order of battle. II. Med. to meet
one another in battle: absol. to stand side by side in
battle.

παρα-τείνω, fut. -τενῶ: aor. I *παρέτεινα*: pf. *παρα-
τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *παρετάθην*: pf. *παρετάταμαι*:—
to stretch out along, beside or near: to stretch out in
a line; *παρετείνειν τάφρον* to draw a long trench. 2.
of time, to protract, prolong, wear out by delay. 3.
to stretch on the rack, torture:—Pass. of a corpse, to
be laid along, lie dead; *πολιορκία παρετείνεσθαι*
to hold out to the last in a siege. II. intr. to stretch
out, extend along, run along.

παρα-τείχισμα, atos, τό, (πάρω, *τειχίζω*) a wall or
fort built beside: a side or cross wall.

παρα-τεκταίνωμαι, aor. I *παρετεκτηνάμην*: Med.:
—to work into another form: generally, to fashion
anew, transform, alter. 2. to alter from the truth,
falsify.

παρα-τέμνω, f. -τεμῶ ποët. -τᾶμῶ:—to cut off at
the side, cut off.

παρατετάχατο, Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of *παρα-
τάσσω*.

παρα-τηρέω, f. ἦσω, to watch closely or narrowly:
to observe superstitiously. Hence

παρατήρησις, ἡ, an observing closely, observation.

παρα-τίθημι, with 3 sing. pres. *παρτίθει*, and 2 and
3 sing. impf. *παρτίθεις*, -ει (as if from *παρτίθω*):
fut. -θήσω: aor. I *πᾶρτίθηκα*: Med., aor. 2 *παρθέ-
μην*: Pass., pf. *παρτέθειμαι*:—to place beside or be-

fore, set before: generally, to provide, furnish, sup-
ply. 2. to lay before one, represent, declare: to
allege. 3. to place side by side, compare. II.

Med. to set before oneself, have set before one: esp.
to take to oneself. 2. to deposit in a person's hands,
to commit to his charge. 3. to venture, stake,
bazard.

παρα-τίλλω, f. -τίλῶ, to pluck the hair off:—Med.
to pluck hairs from one's own person:—Pass., pf. part.
παρατετιλλμένος with one's hair plucked out.

παράτονος, ον, (*παρτείνω*) stretched out beside or
along, hanging down by the side.

παρατρέψιν, aor. 2 inf. of *παρτρέπω*.

παρα-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω, to turn aside, to turn from
the right way, mislead; *ποταμόν παρτρέπειν* to di-
vert a river from its channel, Lat. *derivare*: metaph.
to pervert, falsify: generally, to alter. 2. to turn
one from his opinion, to mislead:—Pass. to let oneself
be diverted from a thing.

παρα-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear beside or with:—
Pass. to live with or at the expense of another.

παρα-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι or -δράμομαι: aor. 2
παρέδραμον:—to run, rush by or past: c. acc. to
escape. 2. to outrun, overtake, run down. 3.
to run through or over. II. to run up to, run
quickly to.

παρα-τρέω, f. *τρέσω*, to start, swerve aside from fear.

παρα-τρέβω, f. ψω, to rub beside; *παρταρίβειν χρυ-
σόν ἀκήρατον ἄλλω χρυσῷ* (sc. *eis βάσανον*) to rub
pure gold by the side of other gold on the lapis Ly-
dius and see the difference of the marks they leave;
Pass. to be rubbed beside baser metal and so tested. [Ὶ]

παρα-τροπέω, = *παρτρέπω*, to turn aside, turn from
the right way, mislead.

παρτροπή, ἡ, (*παρτρέπω*) a turning off or away,
averting, means of averting.

παράτροπος, ον, (*παρτρέπω*) turned aside, turned
from the right way. II. act. turning away or
averting a thing.

παρα-τροχάζω, ποët. for *παρτρέχω*.

παρα-τρώω, fut. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 *παρέτρωγον*:
—to gnaw at the side, nibble at, take a bite of,
c. gen.

παρα-τρωπάω, ποët. for *παρτρέπω*, to turn away,
divert.

παρα-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 *παρέτυχον*:—
to happen to be by or at hand, come to: to be present
at, Lat. *interesse*: of a thing, to offer or present itself,
Lat. *praesto esse*. 2. ὁ *παρτυχών* whoever chanced
to be by, any chance person; τὸ *παρτύχανον* or τὸ
παρτυχόν, whatever happens. 3. *παρτυχόν*, ab-
sol. like *παρόν*, *πασσχόν*, it being in one's power.

παρά-τύπος, ον, (παρά, *τύπτω*) marked with a false
stamp, base, counterfeit.

παρτύχων, οἶσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of *παρτυχάνω*.

παρα-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak to, address. 2. to
make light of in speaking. 3. to try to persuade
one of a thing, talk over to a thing.

παρ-αυλίξω, or in Med. παρὰυλίξομαι, to dwell or lie near.

παρ-αυλος, ον, (παρὰ, αὐλή) dwelling or lodging beside; generally, neighbouring, near.

παρ-αυλος, ον, (παρὰ, αὐλός) out of tune.

παρ-αυτὰ, Adv. for παρ' αὐτὰ (sc. τὰ πράγματα), like παραχρήμα, immediately, on the spot. II. in like manner, Lat. *perinde*.

παρ-αυτίκᾳ, Adv. (παρὰ, αὐτίκα) immediately, on the instant: with the Art., αἱ παρὰυτίκα ἡδοναί present, momentary pleasures.

παρ-αυχένιος, ον, also α, ον, (παρὰ, αὐχὴν) beside or on the neck.

παρὰφαγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of παρῆσθαι.

παρὰφαίνω poet. παρ-φα- : f. -φᾶνῶ : to shew or make appear beside: to produce, present; παραφαίνειν τὸ σῶμα to give a glimpse of the body. 2. to shew a light at the side, to light one to a place. II. Pass. to shew oneself or appear beside.

παρὰφᾶσις poet. παρὰφασιν and πᾶρφασιν, ἡ, (παράφημι) a speaking to, an address, consolation, assuagement. 2. allurements, persuasion.

παρὰφέρω, f. παρ-οίω:—to bear, bring or carry along to: to hand to, serve up: Pass. to be set on table. 2. generally, to bring forward, produce: to allege, mention; παραφέρει νόμον to propose a law. 3. to turn aside or away: to avert. 4. to carry away: Pass. to be carried away. II. to carry past or beyond:—Pass. to be carried past or round: metaph. to go past or beside the truth, to err.

III. intrans. in Act., like Pass. to go past, pass, of Time. 2. to be beyond, be over and above.

παρὰφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι and οὔμαι, to flee close by, past, beyond.

παρὰφημι, f. -φήσω, to speak to: also to talk over, exhort, persuade. II. to speak deceitfully.

παρὰφθαίνω, aor. 2 opt. of παραφθάνω.

παραφθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of παραφθάνω.

παραφθάνω [ᾶ], f. -φθάσω [ᾶ] and -φθῆσομαι: aor. 2 παρέφθην part. παραφθάς:—to anticipate, overtake, be beforehand with, surpass.

παραφθέγγομαι, f. -φθέγγομαι, to say beside or by the way.

παραφθήησι, Ep. for παραφθῆ, aor. 2 subj. of παραφθάνω.

παραφορά, ἡ, (παραφέρομαι) a being carried aside, distraction, madness.

παραφορέω = παραφέρω, to bring forward, produce, present.

παραφόρος, ον, (παραφέρω) carried aside or out of the way; reeling, staggering.

παραφράγμα, ατος, τό, (παραφράσσω) a fence, breastwork: a low screen: in a ship, the bulwarks.

παραφράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to run a fence beside or round a place: to enclose with a fence.

παραφρονέω, f. ἴσω, to be beside oneself, to be distraught. Hence

παραφρόνησις, εως, ἡ, παραφροναία, ἡ, and παραφροσύνη, ἡ, (παραφρων) derangement of mind.

παραφρόνισμος, ον = παραφρων.

παραφрукτωρέομαι, Dep. (πάρω, φрукτωρός) to make signals to the enemy underhand.

παραφρων, ον, gen. ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πάρω, φρήν) beside one's right mind, out of one's wits. 2. false, foolish.

παραφύλασσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to watch or keep guard beside, to watch narrowly.

παραφύσω, f. ἴσω, to puff up.

παραφύω, f. -φύσω [ῥ], to make grow beside. II. Med., with act. pf. πέφυνκα, aor. 2 παρέφυν, intr. to grow beside or at the side.

παραφάλαω, f. ἄω [ᾶ], to slacken: of a ship, to let in water, to leak.

παραφαιμάω, f. ἄω, to winter at a place. Hence παραφαιμάσια, ἡ, a wintering in a place.

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laie: to enroll illegally among the citizens; παρεγγράφεις, aor. 2 pass. part. illegally registered.

παρ-εγγυάω, f. ήσω, to hand on to one's neighbour; παρεγγυάω τὸ ξύνημα to pass on the watchword or word of command. 2. to command suddenly, to exhort, encourage. 3. to pledge one's word to another.

II. to hand over, commit or commend to another. Hence

παρ-εγγυή, ή, and παρ-εγγύησις, ή, a passing on the watchword or word of command.

παρεδόθη, aor. I pass. of παραδίδωμι.

παρεδράθεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραδράθω.

παρεδράμων, aor. 2 of παρατρέχω.

παρεδρεύω, f. σω, (πάρεδρος) to sit constantly beside, to be ever with or by, Lat. assidēre. II. to be an assessor (πάρεδρος) to one.

παρ-εδρία, ή, (πάρεδρος) a sitting beside. II. the office or dignity of assessor.

παρ-εδος, ov, (παρά, ἔδρα) sitting beside: generally, beside, next to, near. II. as Subst. πάρεδρος, ό, an assessor, assistant:—in Prose, the assessor or coadjutor of a magistrate.

παρέδωκα, παρέδων, aor. I and 2 of παραδίδωμι.

παρ-έξομαι, f. —εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit beside: but παρ-έξω, παρεξόμενος are aor. 2 med. imperat. and part. of παρίζω.

παρεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of παρίημι.

παρεθήκα, aor. I of παρατίθημι.

παρειά, ή, (παρά) the cheek, used by Homer always in plur.; in sing. he uses Ion. form παρήιον. II.

the cheek-piece of a helmet.

παρέλας, ov, ό, = παράλας.

παρ-είδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-οράω being used instead, (παρά, εἶδον) to observe by the way, to remark, notice. II. to overlook, disregard.

παρεῖθην, aor. I pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-είκω, f. ξω: poet. aor. 2 παρείκαθον, inf. —αθῆν: —to yield on one side, give way: to permit, allow.

II. impers., παρῆκει μοι it is in my power, allowable; ὅμη παρῆκει wherever it was practicable; κατὰ τὸ αἶ παρῆκον as it was practicable from time to time.

παρ-εἰλίσσω, poet. for παρελίσσω.

παρεῖμαι, pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρῆναι: impf. παρῆν: f. παρῆσομαι: (παρά, εἰμί sum):—to be by, to be present. 2. to be by or near one, c. dat.: also to be present in or at.

3. to be present to help, to stand by, like Lat. adesse. 4. to have arrived at a place. 5. impers., πάρεστί μοι it is in my power: absol. it is possible, it may be done, it is allowed: part. παρόν Ion. παρόν, it being possible, since it is allowed, Lat. quum fieri possit. 6. τὰ παρόντα present circumstances, the present state or condition; also τὸ παρόν.

παρ-εἰμι inf. παρῆναι: impf. παρῆεν: (παρά, εἰμί ibo):—to go by, beside or near, to pass: to go alongside. 2. to pass by, overtake, surpass. 3. of Time, to pass on, pass. II. to pass on towards,

to go to or near, enter: absol. to approach. III. generally, to come, put oneself forward, present oneself.

παρῆναι, inf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-εἶπον, (παρά, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, παρ-εφημι being used instead: c. acc. pers. to talk over, persuade: hence to overreach. [In Hom., part. πάρειπών, πάρειπούσα, metri grat.]

παρ-εἰρώ, Ion. for παρέρω.

παρ-εἶρω, (παρά, εἶρω) to fasten or attach beside, insert; νόμος παρῆρων seems to mean adding observance of the laws.

πάρεις, 2 sing. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρείς, εἶσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of παρίημι.

παρ-εισάγω, f. ξω, to bring in beside: to bring forward, introduce, exhibit. II. to introduce secretly. Hence

παρεῖσακτος, ov, brought in beside, introduced secretly.

παρ-εισόχομαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to take in besides or along with.

παρ-εισούδομαι, Pass. and Med., with act. aor. 2 —δύν pf. —δέδωκα, and plqpf. —δεδύκειν, intr.:—to get in by the side, to slip or creep in.

παρ-εισέρομαι, Dep. with act. aor. 2 —ήλθον, pf. —ελήλυθα:—to come in secretly or wrongfully.

παρ-εσφέρω, to bring in beside; παρῆσφέρει νόμον to introduce a law inconsistent with another. II. to add or apply besides.

παρῆται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of παρίημι.

παρ-έκ, before a vowel παρ-έξ, (παρά, έκ) as Prep., 1. c. gen. outside, before:—besides, except, exclusive of. 2. c. acc. out along, beyond, alongside of; παρὲκ νόον out of reason, foolishly; also, παρὲξ Ἀχιλλῆα without the knowledge of Achilles. II. as Adv. of Place, out beside, out and away. 2. metaph. beside the mark, senselessly, foolishly. 3. beside, except, παρὲκ ἢ ὅσον.., except so long as..

παρ-εκβαίνω, f. —εκβήσομαι, to step out past or beyond, to deviate from: to overstep, transgress a rule: absol. to deviate, to make a digression. Hence παρὲκβάσις, ή, a stepping out beyond, deviation: also a digression.

παρ-εκδύομαι, Pass. to slip out by the side, steal away.

παρεκσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of παράκειμαι.

παρ-εκκλίνω, to turn a little aside: to deviate.

παρ-εκλέγω, f. ξω, to collect covertly, to embezzle.

παρ-εκπροφεύγω, to flee out away from before, to elude; προεκπροφύγησι, Ep. for —φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.

παρ-εκτάνω, f. τάνω, = παρεκτείνω.

παρ-εκτελώ, f. τενῶ, to stretch out along, to deploy.

παρ-εκτελέω, f. έσω, to accomplish against a wish.

παρ-εκτέος, verb. Adj. of παρέχω, one must furnish.

παρ-εκτός, Adv. (παρά, έκτός) out of, without, besides.

παρ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn aside, divert from the way.

παρ-εκτρέχω, to run out past.

παρῆλαβον, aor. 2 of παραλαμβάνω.

παρ-ελεύω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Ep. -ελάσσω Att. -ελῶ; aor. I παρήλασα Ep. παρελάσσα:—to drive by or past.

II. as if intr. (sub. δίφρον, ἵππους, etc.) to drive past; then with a new acc. to drive past a person, overtake him; also, παρελεύειν ἐφ' ἄρματος, ἐφ' ἵππου to drive on a chariot, or ride on horseback. 2. to row or sail by, past (sub. ναῦν): then with an acc. loci, to sail by, past a person or place. 3. later also to ride by, run by:—to ride to, advance towards:—to ride on one's way.

παρέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παραλέγω. παρελεύοντα, Dor. for παρελώντα, fut. part. acc. of παρελεύω.

παρελύσομαι, rare fut. of παρέρχομαι; πάρεμι (εἶμι ἰβο) being so used in Att.

παρ-έλω: f. παρέλω or παρεκλύσω [ῦ]: aor. I παρέλικισα: pf. pass. παρέλικυσμαι: (παρά, ἔλω):—to draw aside or to the side:—Med. to draw aside for oneself, intercept. 2. to lead alongside, of led horses; of boats, παρέκειν ἐκ γῆς to tow from the bank. 3. to distort, twist. II. to spin out, prolong, put off: intr. to delay.

παρ-εμβάλλω, f. -εμβᾶλω, to put in beside or between, interpolate: hence to throw in by the way, insinuate. II. to draw up troops in battle order, to encamp.

παρ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look askance. παρεμβολή, ἡ, (παρεμβαλεῖν) a putting in beside, insertion, interpolation. II. a drawing up in battle-order: an army so drawn up, a regular camp: hence any fortified place, a castle, camp.

παρ-εμβύω, f. ὕσω [ῦ], to push or stuff in. παρέμμεναι, Ep. inf. of πάρεμι (εἶμι sum).

παρ-εμπίπλημι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill secretly full of. παρ-εμπίπτω, f. -εμπεσοίμαι, to fall in by the way, creep in.

παρ-εμπολέω, f. ἦσω, to traffic underhand in a thing, to smuggle in, bring about fraudulently.

παρεμπόρευμα, atos, τό, an article of small value. From

παρ-εμπορεύομαι, Dep. (παρά, ἔμπορος) to traffic in besides. II. metaph. to yield or afford besides.

παρ-εμφύομαι, Pass. to grow in beside, bang upon. παρενεγκίω, aor. 2 inf. of παραφέρω.

παρ-ενείδον, inf. -ιδεῖν, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to take a side look at.

παρηνήσομαι, impf. of παρηνέω (see παρανέω). παρενθεῖν, παρενθω, Dor. for παρελθεῖν, παρέλθω, aor. 2 inf. and subj. of παρέρχομαι.

παρηνθήκη, ἡ, (παρηνθήκη) something put in beside, an appendix; παρενθήκη λόγου a digression.

παρ-ενοχλέω, f. ἦσω, to trouble or annoy one while about something: Pass., pf. παρηνώχλημαι, to be troubled besides.

παρ-ενοσάλευω, f. σω, intr. to swing to and fro.

παρ-έξ or πάρ-έξ, v. παρέξ.

παρ-εγάγω, f. ξω, to lead out beside or past: hence to mislead.

παρ-εξανύλω, f. ἦσω, to wear out with playing upon: pf. pass. part. παρεξηλημένος worn out by being played upon, generally, worn out, exhausted.

παρεξέβην, aor. 2 of παρεκβαῖνω, παρ-έξιμι, inf. παρεξίναμι, (παρά, ἔξιμι) to go out beside, pass by or alongside. 2. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξ-ειρεσία, ἡ, (παρά, ἐκ, εἰρεσία) the part of the ship out beyond the rowers, either end of the ship, the bows or the stern.

παρ-εξελεύω, f. -εξελάσω Att. -εξελῶ:—seemingly intr. (sub. ἵππων, etc.), to drive out past, to drive past: (sub. ναῦν) to row past: (sub. στρατόν) to march by.

παρεξελεύων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of παρεξέρχομαι. παρεξέμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of παρεξίημι.

παρ-εξέρχομαι, f. -εξελεύσομαι: Dep. with act aor. 2 παρεξήθηον pf. παρεξελήθηα:—to go out beside, to slip past, elude: to pass out over, c. gen.; but also c. acc. to pass by one. II. to overstep, transgress.

παρ-εξετάζω, f. ἴσω, to search out by comparison. παρ-εξευρίσκω, f. -εξευρήσω, to find out besides.

παρ-εξίημι, f. -εξήσω, to let out beside:—of Time, to let pass.

παρεξίμεν [ι], Ep. inf. of παρέξιμι (εἶμι ἰβο). παρ-εξίστημι, f. -εκοτήσω, to remove aside, change:—Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., to undergo a change.

παρεούσα, Dor. fem. part. of πάρεμι (εἶμι sum). παρέπεισα, aor. I of παρεπέω.

παρ-επέλλομαι, Ion. for παρεφάλλομαι. παρ-επιδείκνυμι, f. -επιδείξω, to point out beside. II. Med. to exhibit out of season, make a display.

παρ-επιδήμιος, ov, sojourning at a strange place: as Subst. a stranger, sojourner.

παρ-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέφομαι, to inspect beside. παρεπιστροφή, ἡ, (παρεπιστρέφω) a turning round in passing.

παρεπλάγχθη, aor. I pass. of παραπλάζω.

παρέπλω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of παραπλέω, as if a Verb in -μι.

παρ-έπομαι, f. ψομαι, Dep. to follow by the side, follow close: to follow as an escort.

παρεργάτης, ov, ὁ, (πάρεργον) a doer of trifles, a trifler. [ᾶ]

παρ-εργος, ov, (παρά, ἔργον) beside the main subject, subordinate, incidentally. II. as Subst., πάρεργον, τό, a by-work, subordinate business; ἐν πάρεργῳ as a by-work, as subordinate or secondary, Lat. obiter; ἐκ πάρεργου ποιεῖσθαι to do by the way: hence 2. a useless addition, appendage.

παρέργως, Adv. of πάρεργος, incidentally. παρέρπω, f. παρερπύσω [ῦ]: aor. I παρείρπυσα:—to creep in at the side: to creep up to. II. to pass by.

παρ-ερύω Ion. παρειρύω, f. ὕσω, (παρά, ἐρύω) to draw along the side. [ῦ]

παρ-έρχομαι: fut. -ελεύσομαι, but the Att. fut. is πάρεμι (εἶμι ἰβο): Dep., with aor. 2 -ἦλθον Ep. -ἦλυθον pf. -εἠλύθηα:—to go by, beside or past,

pass by, pass away. 2. of Time, to pass; ὁ παρελθὼν χρόνος time past; τὸ παρελθὼν and ἐν τῷ παρελθόντι in time past, of old. II. to pass by, outstrip, surpass: metaph. to outwit, overreach, circumvent. III. to pass by without beeding, pass over, slight: also of things, to escape one's notice, be passed over. 2. also to transgress. IV. pass on and to come to a place, arrive at: esp. to pass into a house. V. to come forward, esp. to speak in public.

πάρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of πάριμι (εἰμι sum).
παρ-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον, inf. -φάγειν: —to eat besides. II. to eat a piece of, gnaw or nibble at, c. gen.

πάρεσις, ἡ, (παρήμι) a letting pass, a letting go: also remission, forgiveness.

παρεσκευάδαι, παρεσκευάδατο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plpf. pass. of παρασκευάζω.

παρεστάνειν, παρεστάνειναι, Ep. pf. inf. of παρίστημι.

παρέστηκα, pf. of παρίστημι: part. παρεστηκώς, contr. παρεστώς:—neut. παρεστηκός used absol., see παρίστημι, at end.

παρεστήν, aor. 2 of παρίστημι.

παρ-έστιος, ov, (παρά, έστία) by or at the hearth.

παρ-έσχον, aor. 2 of παρέχω.

παρετήρου, impf. of παρατηρέω.

πάρετος, ov, verb. Adj. of παρήμι, relaxed, falsified.

παρέτρεσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 of πατραρέω.

παρ-ευδοκίμω, f. ἦσω, to surpass in reputation.

παρ-ευθύνω, to guide one from the right way, to constrain. [ῥ]

παρ-ευκλήω, f. ἦσω, (παρά, εύκλος) to calm, soothe.

παρ-ευνάζομαι, fut. -άσομαι, Med. to lie or sleep beside.

παρ-ευνος, ov, (παρά, εύνῆ) lying beside or with.

παρ-ευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω: aor. 2 -εύρων:—to find out or discover besides: to invent.

παρ-ευρπτιζώ, f. ίσω, to put in order, arrange. 2. to arrange amiss, neglect.

παρέχον, part. neut. of παρέχω used absol., see παρέχω iv.

παρέχοντι, Dor. for παρέχουσι, 3 pl. of παρέχω. II. pres. part. dat. of παρέχω.

παρ-έχω: f. παρέξω or παρασχίσω: pf. παρέσχηκα: aor. 2 παρέσχον ποët. παρέσχεθον:—to hold beside, hold in readiness: to furnish, supply. II. of things, to afford, grant, cause, render.

III. to offer or present for a purpose: also to make oneself over to another, put oneself at his disposal: also to make or render so and so: to put forward, represent, produce, esp. as parties to an agreement. IV. to allow, grant.

V. impers., παρέχει τινί it is allowed one, is in one's power to do so and so, Lat. licet: hence neut. part. pres. and aor. 2 παρέχον and παρασχόν (used absol. like παρόν, έξόν, etc.), it being or having been in one's power, Lat. quum liceat or

liceret. VI. absol. in imperat., παρέχ' έκποδών get yourself out of the way.

B. Med. παρέχομαι, f. παρέξομαι or παρασχίσομαι: pf. παρέσχημαι:—to offer or supply of oneself or from one's own means: to produce or display on one's own part; παρέχεσθαι τινά μάτρυν to bring forward as a witness.

II. generally, to have as one's own, produce as one's own; παρέχεσθαι τινά άρχοντα to acknowledge as one's general; of an ambassador, παρέχεσθαι πόλιν μεγίστην to represent the greatest city.

III. to make or render so and so. IV. of Numbers, to make up, amount to, give the sum of. παρ-ηβάω, f. ἦσω, to be past one's prime, to be verging towards old age.

πάρ-ηβος, ov, (παρά, ἦβη) past one's prime.

παρήγγελα, aor. 1 of παραγγέλλω.

παρήγον, impf. of παράγω.

παρηγορέω, impf. παρηγόρου, rarely έπαρηγόρου: f. ἦσω: aor. 1 παρηγόρησα: (παρήγορος):—to address, exhort, encourage: to advise, exhort. II.

to console, comfort, soothe.—The Med. παρηγορέομαι is also used like the Act. Hence

παρηγορία, ἡ, an addressing, exhortation, persuasion. 2. a consolation.

παρ-ήγορος, ov, (παρά, άγορεύω) addressing, encouraging, cheering. 2. consoling.

παρηέρθην, aor. 1 pass. of παραιέρω.

πάρηον, τό, used in Homer as sing. for παραιά (which he only uses in plur.), the cheek: the jaw of a wild beast. II. the cheek-ornament of a bridle.

πάρησις, -ἠδος, contr. Att. παρήσις, -ἠδος, ἡ, =παρήιον, the cheek.

παρήκα, aor. 1 of παρήμι.

παρ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come alongside: to lie beside, stretch along. 2. to reach or extend to or towards.

II. to come forth, appear. III. of Time, to be gone by, past.

παρήλασα, aor. 1 of παρελαίνω.

παρήλθον, aor. 2 of παρέρχομαι.

παρ-ήλις, ίκος, ὁ, ἦ, like πάριβος, past one's prime.

παρ-ήμαι, inf. -ἦσθαι: properly the pf. pass. of παρίω, to be seated by, beside, or at, c. dat.: to sit by one: to dwell with one: to be present at or near.

παρ-ήμερος Dor. παράμερος, ov, (παρά, ἡμέρα) coming day by day, daily.

παρήνον, impf. of παραινέω.

παρήξαι, aor. 1 of παραισσω.

παρήξις, ἡ, (παρήκος) the animal alongside, coming to shore.

παρ-ρονίτης, ov, ὁ, fem, -ίτις, ιδος, ἡ, (παρά, ῥών) lying on the shore. [ῥ]

παρηγορία, ἡ, (παρήγορος) the reins by which the outside horse or outrigger was fastened beside a pair of horses in the yoke.

παρ-ήγορος Dor. παρ-άγορος, ov, (παρά, άίρω) hanging beside: παρήγορος (sub. ίππος) a horse which draws by the side of the regular pair (ξυναρίς) an outrigger, also called παράστροφος or σεραφόρος, opp. to ζυγίτης

or ζύγιος. II. *lying along, sprawling, helpless* :

—also *beside oneself, distraught, silly.*

παρήπαφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of παραπαφίσκω.

παρῆς, -ῆδος, ἡ, Att. contr. for παρῆς, -ῆιδος.

παρῆσθα, Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρῆσθευ, Dor. 2 sing. aor. 2 of παραιοθάνομαι.

παρῆτημα, pf. pass. of παραιτέω.

παρθένας, ποэт. aor. 2 med. part. of παρτίθημι.

παρθένα and -ία, ἡ, (παρθεύω) *maidenhood, virgin estate or condition.*

παρθένια, τά, = παρθένια, τά.

παρθέλιος Ion. -ῆλιος, ον, (παρθένος) *maidenly, maiden, virgin.*

παρθένευμα, ατος, τό, (παρθεύω) *virgin estate or condition* : in plur. *the pursuits of a virgin.*

παρθεύω, f. σω, (παρθένος) *to bring up a virgin* : —Pass. παρθεύομαι, *to lead a maiden life, remain a maid.*

παρθένια, ἡ, = παρθένια.

παρθένια (sub. μέλη), τά, *songs sung by maidens to the flute with dancing* :—properly neut. from παρθέλιος.

παρθευική (sub. κόρη), ἡ, ποэт. for παρθένος, a *virgin, maid* : strictly fem. from sq.

παρθευικός, ἡ, όν, (παρθένος) *of or for a maiden, maidenly.*

παρθέλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (παρθένος) *of a maiden or virgin, maiden.* 2. παρθέλιος, ό, as Subst., *the son of an unmarried woman.* II. metaph. *virgin, pure, chaste, unsullied.*

παρθεν-οπίτης [ῆ], ον, (παρθένος, όπιπτεύω) *one who looks after maidens, a seducer.*

ΠΑΡΘΕΝΟΣ, ἡ, a *maid, maiden, virgin*, Lat. *virgo* :—sometimes masc., *an unmarried youth.* 2.

παρθένος, as a name of several goddesses, of Minerva at Athens; of Diana and the Tauric Iphigenia. II. as Adj. *maiden, virgin, pure, chaste.*

παρθενό-σφάγος, ον, (παρθένος, σφαγήναι) *from the sacrifice of a maiden.*

παρθενό-χρως, ωτος, ό, ἡ, (παρθένος, χρώς) *of maidenly, delicate colour.*

παρθενόν, όνος, ό, (παρθένος) *the young women's chamber, in a house, mostly in plur.* II. *the temple of Athena Parthenos in the citadel at Athens, the Parthenon*, rebuilt by Pericles.

παρθεν-ώπος, όν, (παρθένος, ώψ) *of virgin aspect.* πάθεισαν, ποэт. for παρέθεισαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of παρατίθημι.

παρθεσίη, ἡ, (παρτίθημι) *a deposit, pledge.*

παρ-ΐαυω, (παρά, ΐαυω) *to sleep beside or with.*

παριδεῖν, inf. of παρῆδον.

παρ-ΐδρῶ, f. σω, *to set up beside* :—so also in Med. παρ-ΐζω, *to place or make to sit beside.* 2. intrans.

to seat oneself beside, sit beside, but this sense is more common in Med. παρίζομαι, aor. 2 παρεζόμην, inf. παρεζέσθαι.

παρ-ΐημι, fut. παρήσω : aor. I παρήκα : pf. παρείκα : Med., aor. 2 παρείμην : Pass., aor. I παρείθην, inf.

παρῆθηναι : pf. παρείμαι, part. παρειμένος :—*to let drop beside or at the side, let fall.* II. *to let by, past, through.* 2. metaph. *to let pass, disregard, neglect*, Lat. praetermittere. 3. of Time, *to let pass.* III. *to unloose, relax, Lat. remittere.* 2.

c. gen., τοῦ ποδός παρίναί to *let go one's hold of, slack away the sheet* : metaph. *to yield, give way* :—Med. and Pass. *to be relaxed, weakened*, hence pres. part. παριέμενος, aor. 2 παριέμενος, pf. παρειμένος, exhausted, Lat. remissus. 2. *to remit*, Lat. condonare : hence *to forgive, pardon.* IV. *to yield, give up*, Lat. concedere : *to allow, permit* : hence *to admit, let in.* V. Med. παρῆσθαι, *to win a person over* : *to beg off a thing, beg to be excused* : *to ask pardon.*

παρ-ΐκω, old. ποэт. form of παρήκω. [ῆ]

παρ-ΐπτεται, f. σω, *to ride alongside.* 2. *to ride along or over.*

παρ-ΐσος, ον, (παρά, ΐσος) *almost equal, just like.*

παρ-ΐσώ, f. ώσω, *to make just like* :—Pass., aor. I παρῆσάθη, *to measure oneself with, vie with.*

παρῆσάσο, pres. med. imperat. of παρ-ΐσθημι, f. παρῆσῶσθε :

I. trans. in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, *to make to stand beside, to place by, beside, or near, to present, offer to one.* 2. *to set before the mind, present, offer, suggest* :—*to prove, shew.* 3. the Med., esp. fut. -ΐσθησομαι, and aor. I -ΐσθησάμην, have peculiar usages, *to set by one's side, produce* :—*to bring to one's side, to bring over by force, overcome, subdue* : *also to win over, persuade* : hence also *to dispose of one's own views.* II.

intrans. in Pass. -ΐσθαι, with act. aor. 2 -ΐσθη, pf. -ΐσθηκα, plqpf. -ΐσθηκεν, *to stand by, beside, or near* : hence *to stand by, to help or defend.* 2. of events, *to be near, be close at hand* : τὸ παρῆσθαι present circumstances : so too, τὸ παρῆσθαι or παρῆσθαι, contr. pf. part. for παρῆσθηκός. 3. *to come to the side of another* : metaph. *to come over to his opinion* : absol. *to come to terms, surrender, submit.* 4. *to come into one's hands, suggest itself to one.* 5. of events, *to take place, occur, happen* : so too in fut. med. -ΐσθησομαι. 6. *to be in one's power, hence absol., pf. part. παρῆσθηκός, = παρόν, έξόν, it being in one's power to do, Lat. quum liceat.*

παρ-ΐστίδιος, α, ον, (παρά, ΐστός) *by or at the loom.*

παρ-ΐσχω, collat. form of παρέχω, *to have by, hold in readiness* : *to present, offer.*

παρ-ΐτῆτόν and -έα, verb. Adj. of πάρεμι (εἰμί ἴβο), *one must approach or go.*

παρκατέλεκτο, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of παρακατάλεγω, as if from παρακατέλεγμα.

παρκείμενος, Ep. part. of παρῆεμαι.

παρ-κλίνω, Ep. for παρακλίνω.

παρ-κύπτω, Ep. for παρακύπτω ; Dor. part. fem. παρκύπτουσα, for παρακύπτουσα.

παρμέμβλακε, Ep. 3 sing. pf. of παραβλώσκω.

παρ-μένα, Ep. for παραμένα.

παρ-μόνιμος, ποэт. for παραμόνιμος.

πάρμονος, *ov*, *prôt.* for παράμονος.
 Παρνάσιος [ἄ], *a, ov*, Ion. Παρνήσιος, *η, ov*, also *os, ov*, of or from Parnassus: Ion. fem. Παρνησιάς, *ἄδος*, and Παρνησίς, *ἴδος*. From
 Παρνήσιος Ion. Παρνησός, *ὁ*, Parnassus, a mountain of Phocis: later Παρνασσός (with double σ).

Παρνήσιος, *a, ov*, of or from Parnes. From Πάρνης, *ηθος*, *ἡ* or *ὁ*, Parnes, a mountain of Attica.
 Παρνησός, *ὁ*, Ion. for Παρνασός.

ΠΑΨΝΟΥ, *ος*, *ὁ*, a kind of locust.

παροδῆω, *f. σω*, to journey by.

παροδίτης [ῥ], *ov, ὁ*, voc. -ῖτα: fem. παροδίτης, *ἴδος*: (πάροδος):—a passer by, traveller, wayfarer.

πάρ-οδος, *ἡ*, (παρά, *δὸδος*) a way past, passage. 2. a going by or past, passing; ἐν παρῶδῳ in passing.

II. a side-entrance, a narrow entrance or approach. III. a coming forward to speak before the assembly. 2. the first entrance of a chorus into the orchestra, which was made from the side.

παρ-οίγνυμι and παρ-οίγω: *f. -οίξω*: aor. I -έξω: —to open at the side or a little, set ajar: °c. gen., παροίξας τῆς θύρας having opened a little of the door.

παροίθε and before a vowel -θεν, (πάρος) Prep. with gen. before, in the presence of, Lat. ante, coram. 2. of Time, before.

II. Adv. of Place, before, in front. 2. of Time, before this, erst, formerly, heretofore: παροίθε πρὶν, Lat. priusquam.

παρ-οικέω, *f. ἦσω*, to dwell by, beside, or near. II. to sojourn. Hence

παροικησία and παροίκησις, *ἡ*, a dwelling beside or near, neighbourhood.

παροικία, *ἡ*, (πάροικος) a dwelling in a place as pároikos, sojourning.

παροικίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (πάροικος) to place or settle near another:—Pass. to settle or live near.

παρ-οικοδομέω, *f. ἦσω*, to build beside or near, build a wall along or across. II. to keep off by a wall or bank.

πάρ-οικος, *ov*, (παρά, οἰκέω) dwelling beside or near, neighbouring.

II. as Subst., πάροικος, *ὁ*, a neighbour:—also an alien, foreigner, who dwells in the land, a sojourner, Lat. inquilinus.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (παροιμῖος) a by-word, proverb, adage, saw. 2. a parable, in St. John's Gospel; elsewhere in N. T. called παραβολή. Hence

παροιμακός, *ἡ, ὄν*, proverbial:—as metrical term, παροιμακίος (sub. στίχος), *ὁ*, a paroemiac, an Anapaestic dimeter catalectic, mostly at the end of an Anapaestic system.

πάρ-οιμος, *ov*, (παρά, οἶμος) by the way-side.

παρ-οινέω: impf. ἐπαρῶνουν and aor. I ἐπαρῶνησα, with dupl. augm.: pf. πεπαρῶνηκα, with augm. and redupl.: so in Pass., aor. I ἐπαρῶνηθην: pf. πεπαρῶνημαι: (παροίνος):—to behave ill in one's cups, play drunken tricks.

II. trans. to maltreat and abuse, like a drunken man.

παροιμία, *ἡ*, (παροίνος) drunken violence: a drunken frolic.

παροινικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, disposed to drunkenness. From παρ-οίνος, *ov*, and πάρ-οίνος, *ov*, (παρά, οἶνος) drunken with wine, quarrelsome over one's cups.

παρόιτατος, *η, ov*, Sup. of πάροιθε, πάρος, of Place, the foremost.

παρόιτερος, *α, ov*, Comp. of πάροιθε, πάρος, the one before or in front.

παρ-οίχομαι, *f. -οιχήσομαι*: pf. παράχηκα Ion. παροίχωκα, and in late writers pass. παρόχημαι:

Dep.: to have past by, pass on. 2. of Time, to be gone by, spent; ἡ παροιχομένη νύξ the bygone night; ἄνδρες παροιχόμενοι men of bygone times.

II. to be gone, be dead, like οίχομαι. III. c. gen. to shrink from. 2. to wander, depart from; ὄσον μοίρας παροίχη how art thou fallen from thy high estate.

παροικαχῆ, *ἡ*, (παρέχω) Att. redupl. form of παροχή, a furnishing.

παρ-ολισθάνω, later -αίνω: fut. -ολισθήσω:—to slip in secretly.

παρ-ομοιάω, *f. ἄσω*, to be like, to resemble.

παρ-όμοιος, *ov*, also *a, ov*, (παρά, ὁμοιος) nearly like, much alike: nearly equal.

παρόν, ὄντος, τό, pres. part. neut. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum), used absol., see πάρεμι 5.

παροξυντικός, *ἡ, ὄν*, fit for inciting, provoking. From παρ-οξύνω, *f. ἴνω*: aor. I παρώξυνα:—to make keen for a thing; metaph. to urge, prick, or spur on: to provoke, irritate, excite. Hence

παροξυσμός, *ὁ*, irritation: a provoking, inciting.

παρόρασις, *ἡ*, (παροράω) an overlooking: carelessness.

παρ-οράω, *f. παρόρομαι*: aor. 2 παρέϊδον (v. sub ὄραω):—to look at by the way, notice, remark.

II. to look past, overlook: to slight, make light of. III. to look sideways.

παρ-οργίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to provoke to anger:—Pass. to be or be made angry at. Hence

παροργισμός, *ὁ*, provocation to anger.

παρ-ορίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to pass one's own boundaries, encroach on a neighbour. Hence

παροριστής, *οὐ, ὁ*, an encroacher.

παρ-ορμώω, *f. ἦσω*, to put in motion, urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to pass rapidly, rush at.

παρ-ορμίζω, fut. ἴσω Att. -ιῶ, to bring to anchor side by side.

παρ-ορῦς, ἴθος, *ὁ, ἡ*, ill-omened, with evil auspices.

παρ-ορύσσω Att. -πτω: *f. ξω*: aor. I παρόρυφα:—to dig beside or along.

II. to dig one against another, as was done in training for the Olympic games.

παρ-ορχομαι, *f. -ήσομαι*, Dep. to dance amiss, dance the wrong dance.

ΠΑΨΟΣ, Adv., I. of Time, before, erst, formerly: also with the Att., τὸ πάρος or τοπάρος, formerly. 2. with inf., like πρὶν, Lat. priusquam, πάρος ἢν γαίαν ἰκέσθαι before he should reach his

own land. 3. *παρός*, followed by *πρὶν γὰρ* as relat., Lat. *prius* . . . , *quam, rather* . . . , *than*. 4. *too soon*. 5. *rather, sooner*. II. of Place, *before, in front*.

B. Prep., poet. for *πρό*, *before*, both of Time and Place. II. *before, rather than*: also for, *instead of*.

Πάριος, *a, ov, of the island of Paros, Parian*; Πάριος λίθος *Parian marble*. From

Πάρος, *ή, Paros*, one of the Cyclades, famous for its white marble.

παρ-οτρύνω, *f. ὕνω*, to urge or excite to mischief. παρ-ουσία, *ή, (παρών, παρούσα) a being present, presence*; ἀνδρῶν παρουσία = *ἀνδρες οἱ παρόντες*; παρουσίαν ἐχειν = *παρεύναι*. 2. arrival. II. like τὰ παρόντα, *present circumstances*.

παρ-οχτεύω, *f. σω*, to turn off into a side channel: metaph. to turn off or divert an inquiry.

παρ-οχέω, *f. ἴσω*, (παρά, δέχω) to carry by or beside:—Med. to sit beside in a chariot.

παροχή, *ή, (παρέχω) a supplying, furnishing*. παρ-οχλίζω, *f. ἴσω*, to move aside with a lever, remove.

πάρ-οχος, *δ, (παρά, ὄχος) one who rides beside in a chariot*.

παρ-οψίς, *ιδος, ή, (παρά, ὄψων) a dainty side-dish*. παρόψομαι, fut. of παροράω, formed from obsolet. παρόπτομαι,

παρ-οψώνω, *f. ἴσω*, to buy a dainty dish to set before one. Hence

παροψόνημα, *ατος, τό, an additional dainty set before one*: metaph., παροψόνημα τῆς χλιδῆς *a fresh relish to the pleasure*.

παρπεπιθῶν, redupl. aor. 2 part. of παραπέθω.

παρ-ρησία, *ή, (πᾶς, ῥήσις) freedom of speech*: in bad sense, *licence of tongue*. Hence

παρ-ρησιάζομαι, *f. -άζομαι*, Dep. to speak freely.

παρσένος, Lacon. for παρθένος.

παρσταιίν, παρστᾶσα, Ep. for παρσταιίν, παρστᾶσα, aor. 2 opt. and part. fem. of παρίσθημι.

παρστήτων, Ep. for παρσστήτων, 2 dual aor. 2 subj. of παρίσθημι.

παρταμείν, poet. for παραταμείν, aor. 2 of παρατέμνω.

παρτέμνω, poet. for παρατέμνω.

παρτιθεῖ, poet. for παρτιθεῖ, = παρτίθησιν.

παρ-ῥφαίνω, *f. ἀνω*: pf. pass. παρῥφάσμαι:—to weave beside or along, attach to the side or hem: metaph., ὅπλα παρρφασμένα *armed men hemming in a crowd*.

πάρφαινε, poet. pres. imperat. of παραφαίνω.

παρφάμενος, παρφάσθαι, poet. aor. 2 med. part. of παράφημι.

παρ-φάσις, *ή, poet. for παραφασία*.

πάρ-φάσις, *ή, poet. for παράφασις*.

παρ-φέρομαι, poet. for παραφέρομαι.

παρ-φύγείν, poet. for παραφυγείν, aor. 2 inf. of παραφεύγω.

πάρφυκτος, *ov, poet. for παράφυκτος*, verb. Adj. of παραφύκω, to be avoided.

πᾶρώς, *ov, δ, (παρώς) a snake of a colour between red and brown, sacred to Aesculapius*.

παρωδία, *ή, a burlesque, parody*. From

παρ-ωδός, *όν, (ᾠδή) singing a song in a different style, burlesquing a song*. II. *intimating obscurely*.

παρ-ωθέω, fut. -ώσω and -ωθήσω:—to push aside or away, repulse from one: to put on one side, keep secret:—Med. to push away from oneself, reject, renounce.

παρόν, *ουσα, ὄν*, part. of πάρεμι (εἰμί sum).

παρ-ώνυμος, *ov, (πάρα, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) formed by a slight change from a word*.

πᾶρώς, *όν*, reddish brown or bay, of horses.

παρ-ωρείτης, *ov, δ, (παρά, ὄρος) one who dwells on a mountain-side*.

πάρ-ωρος, *ov, (παρά, ὦρα) out of season, untimely*: neut. pl. πάωρα as Adv., *unseasonably*.

παρ-ωροφίς, *ιδος, ή, (παρά, ὄροφή) the part of the roof stretching beyond the wall, the eaves, cornice*.

παρῶχετο, 3 sing. impf. of παροίχομαι.

παρωχημαι, pf. of παροίχομαι; part. παρωχημένος.

ΠΑΣ, *πάσα, πᾶν*: gen. παντός, πάσις, παντός: gen. pl. masc. and neut. πάντων, fem. πᾶσάν Ion. πᾶσέων, Ep. *πάντων*: dat. pl. masc. and neut. πᾶσι poet.

πάντεσσι, fem. πᾶσαι:—all, Lat. *omnis*: of one person or thing, *the whole, entire, all*; of each of a number, *every*; in plur. all: *ή πάσα θάλαβη* she who is all mischief; *ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ* to the uttermost of evil:

—ἄσοι, not οἱ, properly follows πάντες as relat., πάντες, ὄσοι . . . , Lat. *omnes quicumque* . . . , *all whatsoever!* πᾶς τίς *every one* taken one by one, *every single one*:

παντός μᾶλλον *more than anything, above everything*. II. with Numerals it marks an exact number; τὰ πάντα δέκα *ten in all*. III. in dat. pl. masc. πᾶσι, in the judgment of all; *δ πᾶσι κλεινός* the renowned in the judgment of all. 2. πᾶσι as neut., in all things, *altogether*. IV. the neut. is used in various senses:—πάντα γίνεσθαι, like παντοῖος γίνεσθαι, to become all things, to try every expedient: but, πάντα εἶναι τινι to be everything to one. 2. τὸ πᾶν *the whole*, and as an Adv. *altogether*; οὐ τὸ πᾶν, *not at all*; so also εἰς τὸ πᾶν, *ἐπὶ πᾶν*, *on the whole*; *ἐς πᾶν κακοῦ* to every extremity of evil; *περὶ παντός ποιείσθαι τινα* to esteem one above all. 3. πάντα as Adv. for πάντως, *entirely, utterly, wholly*: but, τὰ πάντα in every way, *by all means*. 4. διὰ παντός *continually, always*.

πασάν, Dor. for πασών, gen. pl. fem. of πᾶς.

πάσασθαι [ᾗ], aor. I inf. of πατέομαι.

πάσασθαι [ᾗ], aor. I inf. of πάομαι.

πᾶσι-μέλουσα, *ή, (πᾶς, μέλει) a care to all*: generally, *known to all, famous*.

πάσομαι [ᾗ], fut. of πατέομαι.

πάσομαι [ᾗ], fut. of πάομαι.

πασπάλη [ᾗ], *ή, = παιπάλη, the finest meal*: a

morsel, scrap; ὑπνου οὐδὲ πασπάλη not even a *wink* of sleep.

πασσαλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, *pinned down*. From **πασσάλευ** Att. **πατταλεύω**, f. *σω*, (**πάσσαλος**) to *pin to*. 2. to *drive in like a bolt*.

πασσάλος Att. **πάτταλος**, ὁ, (*πῆγγυμι*) a *peg*, to hang anything upon: often in Ep. genit. **πασσαλόφι**; αἰρεῖν ἀπὸ πασσαλόφι to take down from a *peg*; κρεμῆσαι ἐκ πασσαλόφι to hang upon a *peg*: the form **πασσαλόφης** is also dat. II. a *gag*.

πασσαλόφι, old Ep. gen. and dat. of **πάσσαλος**, **πασσάμενος**, **πάσσασθαι**, Ep. for **πάσαμενος**, **πάσσασθαι**, aor. I part. and inf. med. of **πατέομαι**.

πάσσαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, rarer collat. form of **πάσσαλος**.

πάσσε, Ep. for **ἔπασσε**, 3 sing. impf. of **πάσσω**.

πασσοφός, ὄν, for **πάνσοφος**.

πασσοῦδι, **πασσοῦδι**, Adv. for **πανσοῦδι**, etc.

ΠΑΣΣΩ Att. **πάττω**: f. **πάσω** [ᾶ]: aor. I **ἔπασα**: Pass., aor. I **ἐπάσθην**: pf. **πέπασμαι**:—to *sprinkle upon*:—metaph. to *sprinkle in or upon, interweave, work in embroidery*. II. to *besprinkle with a thing*.

πάσσω, ὄν, gen. **οσος**, irr. Comp. of **παχύς**, for **παχύτερος** and **παχίων**, like **γλύσσω** from **γλυκίς**: *thicker, broader, stouter*.

παστάς, ἄδος, ἡ, shortened from **παραστάς** (q. v.) a *porch in front of the house, a colonnade*, Lat. *porticus*. II. an *inner chamber*: a *bridal chamber*.

παστέος, α, ὄν, verb. Adj. of **πάσσω**, to be *besprinkled*.

πατσός, ὁ, = **παστάς**, a *bridal chamber or bridal bed*: a *shrine*.

Πάσχα, τό, indecl. *the Passover, paschal lamb*: also *the time or feast of the Passover*. (Hebrew word.)

ΠΑΣΧΩ, fut. **πέσομαι**: aor. 2 **ἔπαθον**: pf. **πέπονθα**, 2 pl. **πέποσθε**, Ep. for **πεπόνθατε**: fem. part. pf. **πεπᾶθνῖα**, Ep. for **πεπονθῖα**:—to *suffer* or be *affected by anything* whether good or bad, opp. to acting of oneself; *εἰ τι πάθωμι or ἦν τι πάθω* if aught were to *happen* to me, Lat. *si quid mihi acciderit*, was used to imply death: *τί πάθω*; what is to become of me? so, *τί πάσχω*; *τί πάσχεις*; what is the matter with me or you? so in part. *τί παθών*; implying something amiss, *τί παθόντε* *λελάσμεθα* *θύρίδος ἀλκῆς*; *what ails us* that we have forgotten our impetuous prowess? II. **πάσχειν** with other words; *κακῶς πάσχειν* to be *ill off, in evil plight*; *κακῶς πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος* to be *ill used, evilly entreated* by any one; opp. to *εὖ πάσχειν* to be *well off, in good case*; *εὖ πάσχειν ὑπὸ τινος* to be *well used, well treated* by... receive *kindness* from a person. III. **πάσχειν** is also used of states or conditions; *ἵνα μὴ ταῦτό πάθῃτε τῷ ἵππῳ* that *ye be not in the same case with the horse*: so, of Things, to be *liable to certain affections*; **πάσχειν ταῦτόν** *ἕπερ ἄλλοι* to be *liable to the same as others*; so, **πάσχει** *τοῦτο καὶ κάρδαμα* this is just the way with *creep*.

πατά, Scythian word, = *κτείνειν*.

πατάγῳ, f. ἡσω, (**πάταγος**) to *clatter, clash, crash*,

of the noise caused by the collision of two bodies: of the waves, etc., to *dash, plash*: hence to *chatter, scream*, as sacred birds.

ΠΑΤΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *clattering, clashing, any sharp noise* made by the collision of two bodies; **πάταγος** *ὀδόντων* a *chattering of the teeth*; **πάταγος** *κυμαίων* *the plash of waves*. (Formed from the sound.)

Πάταικοι or **Παταϊκοί**, οἱ, Phoenician deities of dwarfish shape, whose images formed the figure-heads of Phoenician ships.

πατάξαι, **πατάξας**, aor. I inf. and part. of **πατάσσω**, f. ξω: aor. I **ἐπάταξα**:—intr. to *beat, knock, throb*; *Ἐκτορι θυμὸς ἐνὶ στήθεσσι πάτασεν* his heart was *beating, throbbing* in his breast. 2. to *clap the hands*. II. trans. to *strike, wound, beat, smite*.

ΠΑΤΕΟΜΑΙ, f. **πάσομαι** [ᾶ]: aor. I **ἐπάσάμην**, Ep. part. **πασόμενος**: pf. **πέπασμαι**:—to *feed on, eat, taste*.

πατέοντι, Dor. for **πατέουσι**, 3 pl. of **πατέω**: also part. sing. dat.

πατέριζω, f. ἰσω, (**πατήρ**) to *say, call father*.

πατέω, f. ἡσω, (**πάτος**) to *tread, walk, step*. II. trans. to *tread on, tread*; *πορφύρας πατεῖν* to *walk on purple carpets*. 2. to *tread constantly, frequent, traverse* a place: metaph., like Lat. *terere*, to *thumb with using*, as, *πατεῖν Αἴσωπον* to be *always thumbing Aesop*. 3. to *tread under foot, trample on*.

ΠΑΤΗΡ, ὁ, gen. **πατέρος** contr. **πατρός**, dat. **πατέρι** contr. **πατρί**, acc. **πατέρα**: in dual and pl. ε is retained, except that in gen. pl. **πατρῶν** is used as well as **πατέρων**, and dat. pl. is always **πατράσι** [ᾶ]:—a *father*; **πατρός** **πατήρ** a *grandfather*. II. among the gods *Jove is emphatic, called πατήρ*.

πατήρ is used like **ἄμφα**, **ἄττα**, as a mode of address to an older person.

IV. in plur., *forefathers, ancestors*.

πατησεῖς, Dor. for **πατήσεις**, 2 sing. fut. of **πατέω**.

πατήσμος, ὁ, (**πατέω**) a *treading on*.

πάτην, ἡ, Dor. for **φάτην**.

ΠΑΤΟΣ, ὁ, a *trodden or beaten way, path*. [ᾶ]

πατῶρ, as Ion. **πάτηρ**, ἡς, ἡ: (**πατήρ**) *one's fatherland, native land, country*, like **πατρίς**. II. a

body of persons claiming the same race or descent, a house, clan, Lat. *gens*.

πατρ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, poet. for **πατρ-ἀδελφος**.

πατρ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, = **πατρός** **ἀδελφός**, a *father's brother, uncle by the father's side*.

πατῶρθε, Adv., Dor. for **πάτηρθε**.

πατρ-ἄλοιας, gen. a and *ον*, voc. —**αλοῖα**, ὁ, (**πατήρ**, **ἄλοιάω**) *one who strikes or slays his father, a parricide*.

πάτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for **πάτρα**. Hence

πάτηρθε and —**θεν** Dor. **πατῶρθε**, Adv., = *ἐκ πάτρας*, from *one's native land*. II. *from a race or lineage*.

πατρία, ἄς Ion. **πατριή**, ἡς, ἡ, (**πατήρ**) *lineage, descent*. II. a *house, clan*.

πατρι-άρχης, ὄν, ὁ, (**πατρία**, **ἀρχή**) *the father or chief of a family, a patriarch*.

πατρίδιον, τό, coaxing Dim. of πατήρ, daddy, papa. πατρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πατήρ) from one's fathers or ancestors, patriarchal, hereditary.

II. of or from one's father; ἡ πατρική (sc. οὐσία) one's patrimony; so τὰ πατρικά (sc. χρήματα).

πάτριος, α, ον, also os, ov, (πατήρ) of or belonging to one's father, Lat. paternus.

II. of or from one's forefathers, hereditary, customary, national: τὰ πάτρια, the manners, customs, institutions of ancestors, Lat. instituta majorum.

πατρῖς, ἴδος, ποῖτ. fem. of πάτριος, of one's fathers; πατρῖς γαῖα, one's father-land, country; πατρῖς πόλις one's native city:—also as Subst., πατρῖς, ἡ, like πάτρα.

πατριώτης, ου, ὅ, (πάτριος) one of the same country, a fellow-countryman.

πατριώτις, ἴδος, fem. of πατριώτης; πατριώτις γῆ, = πατρῖς, one's native land; πατριώτις στολή a dress of the country.

πατρο-δώρητος, ου, (πατήρ, δωρέω) given by a father.

πατρόθεν, Adv. (πατήρ) from or after a father, by one's father's name; ἀναγραφῆναι πατρόθεν ἐν στήλῃ to have one's name inscribed on a tablet with one's father's name added.

πατρο-κασίγνητος, ὅ, = πατὸς κασίγνητος, a father's brother, uncle by the father's side.

Πάτροκλος, ὁ, Patroclus, the friend of Achilles: the gen. Πατροκλῆος, acc. Πατροκλῆα, voc. Πατρόκλειος in Hom.; but there is no nom. Πατροκλείς.

πατροκτονέω, εἶ ἤσω, to murder one's father. From πατρο-κτόνος, ου, (πατήρ, κτείνω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-νομία, ἡ, (πατήρ, νόμος) a father's authority.

πατρο-παράδοτος, ου, (πατήρ, παραδίδωμι) handed down or inherited from one's fathers.

πατρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὅ, = πατὸς πατήρ, a father's father, grandfather.

πατρο-στερής, ἐς, (πατήρ, στερέω) rest of one's father, fatherless.

πατρ-οὔχος, ου, (πατήρ, ἔχω) having her father's property: as Subst., πατροὔχος (sub. παρθένος), ἡ, a sole-heiress, opp. to a coheiress.

πατρο-φονεύς, ἔως Ep. ἦος, ὅ, (πατήρ, φονεύς) the murderer of one's father.

πατρο-φόνος, ου, (πατήρ, *φένω) murdering one's father, parricidal.

πατρο-φόντης, ου, ὅ, (πατήρ, *φένω) murderer of one's father, a parricide.

πατρώος, η Dor. α, ον, ποῖτ. form of πατρός.

πατρο-ωνύμιος, ου, (πατήρ, ὄνυμα Aeol. for ὄνομα) named after one's father, by the father's side.

πατρός, α, ον, also os, ov, ποῖτ. πατρώος, η Dor. α, ον: (πατήρ):—of a father, coming or inherited from a father, Lat. paternus: transmitted from one's father; ἔχθρα πατρία hereditary feud.

πάτρως, ὅ, gen. ωος and ω, dat. ω, acc. ωα and ων: (πατήρ): = πατροκασίγνητος, πατράδεφος, an uncle

by the father's side, Lat. patruus; opp. to μήτρως, one by the mother's side.

πατῤαλεύω, πάτῤαλος, Att. for πασσ-.

παύεσκον, Ion. impf. of παύω:—παύεσκειτο, Ion. 3 sing. impf. med.

παῦλα, ἡ, (παύω) a resting-point, pause, rest; παῦλα κακῶν rest from ills.

II. a bringing to an end: means of stopping.

παυράκις or -κι [ᾶ], Adv. (παῦρος) like ὀλιγάκις, few times, seldom.

παυρίδιος, α, ον, ποῖτ. for παῦρος, little, very short: neut. παυρίδιον, as Adv., a very little.

παυρο-επής, ἐς, (παῦρος, ἔπος) of few words.

παῦρος, α, ον, little, small: of Time, short, brief.

2. mostly in pl. παῦροι, of Number, few; so with a collective Subst., παῦρος λαός few people:—

Comp. παυρότερος, fewer. 3. neut. pl. παῦρα as Adv. seldom.

παυσ-άνεμος, ου, (παύω, άνεμος) calming the wind. παύσειν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of παύω.

παυσι-κάπη [ᾶ], ἡ, (παύω, κάπη) a projecting collar worn by slaves while grinding or kneading, to prevent their eating any of the corn.

παυσί-λύπος, ἡ, (παύω, λύπη) ending pain or grief.

παυσι-νόσος, ου, (παύω, νόσος) checking sickness.

παυσι-πόνος, ου, (παύω, πόνος) ending toil.

παυστέον, verb. Adj. of παύω, one must stop or put an end to. II. of παύομαι, one must cease.

παυστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (παύω) one who stays or calms, an allayer, assuager. Hence

παυστήριος, ου, fit for allaying or relieving.

παυσώλη, ἡ, like παῦλα, rest.

ΠΑΥ'Ω: f. παύω: aor. I έπαυσα: pf. πέπαυκα: Med. and Pass. fut. παύσομαι, pass. παυσθήσομαι, and paullo-p. fut. πεπαύσομαι: aor. I med. έπαυσάμην, pass. έπαύθην or έπαύσθην: pf. πέπαυκα:—

to make to cease, to stop, bring to an end: of a king, to depose, put down: to stop from a thing, c. gen. 2.

of things, to make an end of: of suffering, etc., to abate, allay. II. Med. and Pass. to come to an end, cease, rest, leave off: also of a magistrate, to be deposed from office: c. gen. to cease from.

III. intr. in Act., like παύομαι or λήγω, but only in imperat., παῦε, stop! have done!

Παφλαγών, ὄνος, ὁ, a Parbلاغonian.

παφλάζω, f. άω: (redupl. from φλάζω, like ποιπνύω from πνέω):—to bubble, froth, foam: of the wind, to storm, bluster. II. metaph. to splutter, fret, fume, cbase, of the angry Cleon, with allusion to Παφλαγών. Hence

πάφλασμα, ατος, τό, a frothing, foaming, of the sea, etc. II. metaph., παφλάσματα spluttering words.

Πάφος, ου, ἡ, Parφος, a town in Cyprus celebrated for its temple of Venus.

πάχετος, irreg. Ep. form for παχύτερος, thicker.

πάχετος, τό, (παχύς) ποῖτ. for πάχος, thickness.

παχῆ, Dor. for πηχῆ, 3 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of πηρηνυμ.

πάχιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of παχύς.

παχίον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of παχύς.

πάχνη, ἡ, (πήρηνυμ) *boar-frost, rime, Lat. pruina.* 2. metaph. *clotted blood.* Hence

παχνῶν, f. ὠών, *to cover with boar frost or rime:—Pass. to be so covered.* II. metaph. *to strike chill, to freeze; ἐπάχυνεν φίλον ἦτορ he made his heart's blood run cold:—Pass. to be struck with chill, to be frozen.*

πάχος, εος, τό, (παχύς) *thickness: acc. πάχος is used absol., in thickness, as μήκος in length, εἶρος in breadth, etc. [ᾶ]*

πάχύν-κνημος, ον, (παχύς, κνήμη) *with stout calves.*

πάχυνω [ῦ], f. ὑνῶ: aor. I ἐπάχυνα: pf. pass. πεπάχυσμαι: *to thicken, to fatten: also to make dull or gross of understanding:—Pass. to become thick: to grow fat, to be swollen: also to look large, of objects seen in a mist: metaph., ὄλβος ἄγαν παχυνθείς wealth 'when it has waxed fat.'*

πάχυν, Dor. for πήχυν.

ΠΑΧΥΤΗΣ, εἰά, ὄ, *thick, large, stout; παχύς λάσας a large heavy stone: of linen, etc., thick, coarse.* 2. of the consistence of a mass, *thick, curdled, clotted.* 3. later, *stout, fat, Lat. pinguis.* 4. generally, *great, large, considerable.* II. οἱ παχέες, opp. to δῆμος, *the men of substance, the wealthy.* III. *thick-witted, dense, stupid, Lat. pinguis.* IV. Comp. πάσσω, ον: also πάχίων, ον, gen. ονος:—Sup. πάχιστος: later the regul. *πάχύτερος* (Ep. *πάχετος*) and *πάχύτατος.*

πάχυτης, ητος, ἡ, (παχύς) *thickness, of the skin, etc.: the sediment or lees of liquor. [ῦ]*

πεδά, Aeol. for μετά.

πεδάα, Ep. 3 sing. pres. of πεδάω.

πεδάασκον, Ion. impf. of πεδάω.

πεδ-αίρω, Aeol. for μεταίρω.

πεδ-αίχιμος, ον, Aeol. for μεταίχιμος.

πεδ-ἄμειβω, Aeol. for μεταμείβω.

πεδ-ἄρορος, ον, Aeol. for μετήρορος. [ᾶ]

πεδ-ἄρσιος, ον, Aeol. for μεταρσιος.

πεδ-αυγάζω, Aeol. for μεταυγάζω.

πεδά-φρων, ον, gen. ονος, Aeol. for μετάφρων, (μετά, φρήν) *wise too late.*

πεδάω, f. ἦσω: Ep. aor. I ἐπέδησα: (πέδη):—*to bind with fetters, to bind fast, make fast: generally, to shackle, trammel, constrain.*

πεδ-έρχομαι, Aeol. for μετέρχομαι.

πεδ-έχω, Aeol. for μετέρχω.

πεδέω, Ion. for πεδάω.

πέδη, ἡ, (πέα) *a fetter, Lat. pedica, compes; ζεύγος πεδῶν a pair of fetters.* II. *a mode of breaking in a horse.*

πεδητής, οῦ, δ, (πεδάω) *one who fetters: a hinderer.*

πεδιάς, ἀδος, fem. Adj. (πέδιον) *flat, even, level;*

ἡ πεδιάς (sub. γῆ), *the plain country.* II. on a

plain or level country: *λόγχη πεδιάς the spear (i. e. battle) on a fair field.*

πεδιεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (πέδιον) *a man of the plain.*

πεδι-ήρης, ες, (πέδιον, ἀραρεῖν) *abounding in plains.*

πέδιλον, τό, (πέδη) mostly in plur. *sandals, a pair of sandals.* II. *any covering for the feet, shoes, slippers; also boots, brogues.* III. *a tie for cows at milking time.* IV. metaph., *Δωρίων πεδίλων φωνάν ἐναρμόβειν* to suit one's voice to the Dorian march, i. e. to write in Doric rhythm.

πεδιόνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πέδιον) *flat, level, even.* II. of, from the plain, living in or on the plain.

πεδιον, τό, (πέδον) *a plain, flat, open country, an open plain, a field, Lat. campus; πεδία πόντου the fields of the sea, Lat. Neptunia arva.* Hence

πεδιονδε, Adv. *to the plain.*

πεδιτο-νόμος, ον, (πέδιον, νέμομαι) *baunting the fields.*

πεδο-βόμων, [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, Dor. for πεδοβήμων, (πέδον, βαῖνω) *walking upon earth, of the earth.*

πεδόθεν, Adv. (πέδον) *from the ground: metaph. from the ground or bottom of the heart.*

πέδου, Adv. (πέδον) *on the ground, on earth.*

πέδουκος, ον, Aeol. for μέτουκος.

πεδο-κοίτης, ον, ὁ, (πέδον, κοίτη) *making one's bed or lair on the ground.*

ΠΕΔΟΝ, ον, τό, *the ground, earth: generally, land, soil.* Hence

πέδονδε, Adv. *to the ground, earthwards.*

πεδόσε, Adv. = πέδονδε.

πεδο-στῆβής, ἐς, (πέδον, στειβῶ) *treading, pacing the earth.* 2. *on foot, opp. to ἱππηλάτης.*

πεδο-τριψ, ἴβος, ὁ and ἡ, (πέδη, τρίβω) *wearing out fetters, of good-for-nothing slaves.*

πεδ-ὄρηχος, ον, (πέδον, ὀρύσσω) *digging the soil.*

πέξᾶ, ης, ἡ, (πέδον) *the foot: metaph. the bottom of anything; ἐπὶ ῥυμφὶ πέξῃ ἐπὶ πρώτῃ on the pole at the very end: the hem or border of a garment.*

πέξ-αρχος, ον, (πέξος, ἀρχω) *leading infantry or a land-army: as Subst., πέξ(α)ρχος, ὁ, a leader of foot.*

πέξ-ἑταῖροι, οἱ, (πέξος, ἑταῖρος) *the foot-guards in the Macedonian army.*

πεζεῦω, f. σω, (πεζός) *to go or travel on foot, walk, opp. to riding or driving.* 2. *to go or travel by land, opp. to going by sea: Pass. to be traversed by travellers.*

πεζῆ, v. sub πεζός.

πεζικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεζός) *on foot or by land; πεζικός λέως foot-soldiers, infantry as opp. to horse, or an army as opp. to a fleet.*

πεζο-βόας, α, ὁ, Dor. for -βόης, (πεζός, βοή) *one who shouts on foot, a foot-soldier, a soldier.*

πεζομαχέω, f. ἦσω, *to fight by land.* From

πεζο-μάχης, ον, ὁ, (πεζός, μάχομαι) *fighting on foot, as opp. to cavalry.* 2. *fighting on land, as opp. to sea.* Hence

πεζομαχία, ἡ, *a battle by land, opp. to ναυμαχία.*

πεζο-νόμος, ον, (πεζός, νέμομαι) *commanding by land.*

πεζοπορέω, to go on foot. 2. *to go by land.* From

πεζο-πόρος, ον, (πέζος, πορεύω) going on foot, walking.

2. going by land.

πέζος, ή, όν, (πέζα) on foot, walking; πεζοί foot-soldiers, opp. to ίππείς; so, πεζός στρατός is sometimes foot-soldiery, opp. to cavalry; but also a land-army, opp. to a sea-force; ό πέζός, and τó πεζόν are also so used. II. on land, going or travelling by land; Dat. fem. πεζή as Adv. (sub. όδός), on foot or by land; πεζή έπεισθαι to follow by land.

πει, Dor. for πη, πού.

πειθ-άνωρ Ion. πειθίνωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (πειθόμαι, άνήρ) obeying men, obedient.

πειθαρχέω, f. ήσω, also Med. —έομαι, (πειθαρχος) to obey one in authority, be obedient. Hence

πειθαρχία, ή, obedience.

πειθ-αρχος, ον, (πειθόμαι, αρχή) obeying one in authority, obedient.

πειθημι, Aeol. for πείθω.

πειθός, ή, όν, (πείθω) =πιανός, persuasive.

ΠΙΕΪΠΑ, fut. πείσω: aor. I έπεισα: aor. 2 έπιθον

Ep. redupl. πέπιθον, I pl. subj. πειθόμεν, opt. πειθόμεν, inf. πειθέειν, part. πειθών: pf. πέπεικα:—

Med. and Pass. πείθομαι: fut. πείσομαι: aor. 2 έπιθόμεν Ep. πιθόμην, imperat. πίθου, Ep. redupl. opt. πειθόιτο, inf. πιθέσθαι: pf. med. πέποιθα; plqpf.

πειποιθεα, contr. I pl. έπέπιθω: pf. pass. πέπεισμαι. Homer has also a fut. πιθήσω and aor. I part. πιθήσας, intr. as if from πιθέω: but the redupl. aor. I subj.

πειθήσω is transit.: I. Act. to prevail upon, win over, talk over, persuade: in bad sense, to mislead, over-persuade, cheat.

2. to prevail on by entreaty, to appease, propitiate; πείθω τινά χρημάσι to bribe one.

3. to impel, stir up. 4. c. dupl. acc., πείθειν τινά τε to persuade one of a thing.

5. c. acc. rei only, to argue a point. II. Med. and Pass. to be won over, prevailed on, persuaded to comply.

2. πείθεσθαι τινι to listen to a person, obey, comply with; γήραι πείθεσθαι to yield to old age.

3. πείθεσθαι τινι to believe or trust in a thing; also c. neut. acc., ταύτ' έγώ σοι ού πειθόμαι I do not take this on your word; c. acc. et inf. to believe that . . .

III. pf. med. πέποιθα, inf. πεποιθέναί, to trust, rely, have confidence in.

IV. pf. pass. πέπεισμαι to be fully persuaded, believe, trust: of things, to be believed.

Hence

Πειθώ, ός contr. ούς, ή, Persuasion personified as a goddess, Lat. *Suada*, *Suadēla*.

II. the faculty of persuasion, eloquence, persuasiveness.

2. a persuasion in the mind.

3. a means of persuasion, inducement; dat. πειθοί by fair means, opp. to βία by force.

ΠΙΕΪΠΑ or πεινή, ή, hunger, famine, Lat. *fames*.

2. metaph. hunger or longing for a thing. Hence

πεινάλεος, α, ον, hungry, empty. [ά]

πεινάμες, Aeol. for πεινώμεν, I pl. of πεινάω.

πεινάμι, Dor. for πεινώμι, dat. pres. part. of πεινώω: also for πεινώσι 3 pl. pres.

πεινάω contr. πεινώ, ής, ή; inf. πεινήν Ep. πεινή-

μενάω; fut. πεινήσω, later πεινάσω [ά]: (πεινά): aor. I έπένησα, later —άσα: pf. πεπένηκα:—to be hungry, suffer hunger, be famished.

II. c. gen. to hunger after: metaph. to hunger after or for, crave after.

πεινώ, Ion. for πεινάω.

πεινή, =πεινά.

πεινήν, inf. of πεινάω; Ep. πεινήμενα.

ΠΙΕΪΠΑ, ή, a trial, attempt, essay, experiment: hence experience; πειράν έχειν to have experience, to make proof of; έπεί τερά by way of test or trial.

II. an attempt, plot or design against one. III. generally, an attempt, plan, enterprise.

πειρα, Ep. for έπειρα, aor. I of πείρω.

πειρά, ή, (πειράω) a point, edge.

πειράζω, f. άσω: Pass. aor. I έπειράσθην: pf. πεπειράσμαι:—like πειράω, to make proof or trial of one:—to tempt, make trial of, seek to seduce.

II. to attempt a thing.

Πειραιεύς or Πειραιεύς, ό, *Peiræeus*, the most famous harbour of Athens, from which it was distant about five English miles: gen. Πειραιεύς or —αίως;

dat. —αίε; acc. —αία.

Πειραιοί, Adv. at or in *Peiræeus*.

πειράνω, f. άνώ: aor. I έπέρινα: (πειράν):—to bind, tie on or to, fasten on by a knot; σειρήν έξ αύτου πειρήναντε tying a rope from or to it.

II. length. for περάνω, to end, complete, finish; in Pass., πάντα πεπειράνται (3 sing. pf.) all has been completed.

πειράν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of πείρω.

ΠΙΕΪΠΑΡ, άρος, τό, poet. for πέρας, an end; in plur., πείρατα γαίης the ends of the earth: the ends of ropes, knotted ropes.

II. the end or issue of a thing: the furthest point, the utmost verge; the chief or most important object.

III. act. that which finishes; a goldsmith's tools are called πείρατα τέχνης, the finishers of art.

πειράσις, ή, (πειράω) a trying: an attempt.

πειρασμός, ό, (πειράω) a tempting, temptation.

πειράτεον, or in plur. —έα, verb. Adj. of πειράω, one must make trial, attempt.

πειράτηρ, ήρος, ό, collat. form of πειρατής.

πειράτηριον Ion. πειρήν-τό, (πειράω) a means of trying or proving, ordeal; φόνια πειρατήρια the murderous ordeal, i. e. torture.

II. a pirate's nest.

πειράτης, ού, ό, (πειράω) one who attempts: a pirate, Lat. *pirāta*.

πειρατικός, ή, όν, piratical.

πειράω, f. άσω Ion. ήσω: more freq. as Dep. πειράομαι, with fut. med. πειράσομαι, Dor. 2 pl. πειρασείθε: aor. I med. έπειρασόμεν Ion. έπειρησόμεν;

pass. έπειράσθην [ά] Ion. έπειρήσθην: pf. pass. πεπειράμαι Ion. πειρήσθην:—to attempt, undertake, try.

2. c. gen. pers. to make trial of a person; to try to persuade him: also to make an attempt on, attack: also c. acc. to make an attempt on.

3. absol. to try one's skill or luck in a thing.

II. the Dep. πειράομαι is mostly used with gen. pers., to make trial

of one, put him to the proof; hence to examine, question: also to try oneself against another, to match oneself with him. 2. c. gen. rei, to make trial or proof of a thing, have experience of. 3. absol. to try one's strength, make a trial: to make a trial or attempt with words; πειρήματι μίθοις I have tried myself, i. e. I am versed or skilled, in words.

πειρηθεῖν, πειρηθῆναι, aor. I opt. and inf. pass. of πειράω, πειράομαι.

πειρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πειρᾶτήριον.

πειρητήριζω, f. ἴσω, = πειράω, to attempt, try, prove.

II. c. gen. pers. to make trial of, put to the proof: also to try another in battle: c. acc. to attempt, attack, assail.

πείρινυς, ἦθος, ἡ: acc. πείρινθα:—the wicker-basket used in Greece as the body of a cart upon the ἄμαξα or carriage.

ΠΕΙΡΩ, fut. περῶ: aor. I ἔπειρα Ep. πείρα: Pass., aor. 2 πέρην [ᾶ] pf. πέπαρμι: (πέπας)—to pierce quite through, to run through, pierce, of meat, to spit; κρέα ἀμφ' ὀβελοῖσιν ἔπειραν they stuck the meat on the spits:—pf. part., ἤλοισι πεπαρμένον stuck close or studded with nails; metaph., ὀδύνησι πεπαρμένον pierced with pain. II. metaph., κύματα πείρειν to cleave the waves; πείρε κέλευθον cleave her way (through the waves).

πέισα, ης, ἡ, (πέιθω) poet. for πειθῶ, persuasion or obedience, subjection.

πέισει, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πείθω.

πειοί-βροτος, ον, (πέιθω, βροτός) persuading or controlling mortals.

πειόμεν, Ep. for πείσειν, fut. inf. of πείθω.

πέισμα, ατος, τό, (πέιθω) the cable by which the ships were secured by the stern to the land: generally, a cable, rope. II. that on which one may trust.

πεισμονή, ἡ, (πέιθω) earnest persuasion, solicitation.

πέισομαι, fut. med. of πείθω.

πέισομαι, irreg. fut. of πάσχω.

πειστέον, verb. Adj. of πείθω, one must persuade. II. (from Pass.) one must obey: cf. ἀρτέον.

πειστήριος, α, ον, (πέιθω) fit for persuading, persuasive, winning.

πειστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πέιθω) persuasive.

πέισω, fut. of πείθω.

πέκος, τό, (πέκω) wool, a fleece.

πεκτώ, f. ἦσω, (πέκω) to shear, clip.

ΠΕ/ΚΩ Ep. πέκω: f. πέξω: aor. I med. ἔπεξάμην, part. πεξάμενος; aor. I pass. ἐπέχθη:—to comb or card wool, Lat. pectere: med., χαιτας πεξαμένη having combed her hair. 2. to shear, clip.

πελάγιζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλαγος) to form a sea or lake: of a river, to overflow: of places, to be flooded, swamped. II. to be out at sea.

πελάγιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πέλαγος) of, on or by the sea: living in the sea, Lat. marinus: out at sea, on the open sea.

πελαγίτης [ἡ], ου, ὅ, fem. -ἴτις, ἴδος, (πέλαγος) of or on the sea.

ΠΕ/ΛΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό: Ep. dat. pl. πελάγεσσι:—the sea, the big sea, open sea, the main, Lat. pelagus: any large expanse of water is so called: metaph. of anything huge or excessive, as, πέλαγος κακῶν a 'sea of troubles.'

πελάζω: f. πελάσω Att. πελῶ: aor. I ἐπέλασα Ep. πέλασα, ἐπέλασσα and πέλασσα: aor. I med. ἐπελάσμεν: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπελάσθη poet. ἐπλάσθη [ᾶ]: Ep. aor. 2 pass. ἐπλήμην, 3 sing. and pl. πλήτο, πλήντο and ἐπλήντο: pf. pass. πέπλημαι part. πεπλημένος:—πελάω, πελάθω, πλάθω are collat. forms: (πέλας): I. intrans. to approach, draw near to any point: absol. to come near, draw near or nigh. II. trans. to bring near or to, make to approach or draw nigh; πελάζειν νευρήν μαζῶν to draw the bowstring to one's breast:—metaph., πελάζειν τιὰ ὀδύνησι to bring him near to anguish; so, ἔπος ἔρέω, ἀδάμαντι πελάσασαι I will speak a word, having made it firm as adamant; φωνᾶ μ' οὐκέτ' ἀπ' αὐλίων πελάτε (sc. ὑμῖν) no more will ye draw me after you in flight from my cave: c. gen. pro dat., πάρα πελάσαι φάος νεῶν thou may'st bring light near the ships. III. in Pass. like the intr. Act. to be brought near or close to, come nigh, approach; ἐπεὶ τὰ πρῶτα πέλασθεν when they first drew near: so in Ep. aor. 2, ἀσπίδες ἐπλήντ' ἀλλήλῃσι: the shields were brought close to each other; πλήτο χθονί he came near, i. e. sank to earth; so also, πελασθῆναι ἐπὶ τὸν θεόν to draw nigh to the god. 2. to approach or wed a woman.

πελάθω [ᾶ], collat. form of πελάζω, always intr. πέλανος, ὅ, any half-liquid mixture, of various consistency; a mixed mass or gruel, applied to oil, honey, foam, clotted blood. II. of a mixture offered to the gods, of meal, honey and oil, poured out. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πελαργίδεῦς, ὅ, (τελαργός) a young stork.

πελαργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a stork. From

τελαργός, ὅ, (πελός, ἀργός) the stork.

ΠΕ/ΛΑΣ, Adv. near, hard by, close, nigh to, mostly c. gen., but also c. dat.: c. gen. it answers to Lat. prope ab aliquo loco, c. dat. to Lat. prope ad aliquem locum. II. absol. near, nigh at hand: οἱ πέλας one's neighbours, fellow-creatures, mankind: rare in sing., ὁ πέλας one's neighbour.

πελασαίω, Ep. for πελάσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I opt. med. of πελάθω.

Πελασγικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the Pelasgians: τό Πελασγικόν name of the northern side of the Acropolis at Athens. From

Πελασγός, ὅ, a Pelasgian; Πελασγοί, οἱ, the Pelasgians, placed in Thessaly by Homer, but among the allies of the Trojans; also in Crete and about Dodona: contrasted by Herodotus with the Hellenes.

πελάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὅ, fem. -ἄτις, ἴδος, (πελάζω) one who approaches or comes near, a neighbour, Lat. acclā: also an invader, intruder. II. a client.

πελάω, shorter form of πελάζω, trans. and intrans., I. to bring near. 2. to come or draw near.

πέλεθος or σπέλεθος, ὁ, (πῆλος) *ordure, dung*.
 πέλεθρον, τό, lengthd. poet. form for πλέθρον.
 πέλεια, ἡ, (πελός) *the wood-pigeon, ring-dove, cushat*,
 from its dark colour. II. πέλειαι, αἱ, name of
 the prophetic priestesses, derived from the prophetic
 doves of Dodona.

Πελεΐδας, ἄδος, ἡ, = πέλεια.
 Πελεΐάδες, αἱ, = Πηλεΐάδες, *the Pleiads*: also in sing.
 Πελεΐάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a *Pleiad*.

πελιο-θρέμμων, ον, (πέλεια, τρέφω) *pigeon-feed-*
ing.

πελεκάν, ἄνος, or πελεκᾶς, ἄντος, Dor. πελεκᾶς, ἄ,
 ὁ, (πελεκᾶω) *the woodpecker, the joiner-bird*. II.
the pelican.

πελεκᾶω, f. ἦσω, (πέλεκυς) *to bew or shave with an*
axe, rougb-bew, Lat. *dolare*.

πελεκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πέλεκυς) *to strike with an axe, to*
behead, Lat. *securi percutere*.

πελεκίνος, ὁ, = πελεκάν II, a water-bird of the *pel-*
ican kind.

πελεκίησε, for ἐπελέκησε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of
 πελεκᾶω.

πέλεκον, τό, (πέλεκυς) *an axe-handle*.
 πελεκῶς, εως Ion. εος, ὁ: dat. pl. πελέκεις Ep. πε-
 λέκεσσι:—*a double-edged axe, an axe*; οὐ δόρασι
 μάχεσθαι, ἀλλὰ καὶ πελέκεις *to fight not with spears*
 only, but also *with axes*, i. e. not soldiers only, but
 every man.

πελεμίξω, fut. ξω: Ep. aor. I πελέμιξα: aor. I pass.
 ἐπελεμίχθη: (πάλλω):—*to swing, shake, to make to*
shake, quiver or tremble:—Pass. *to be shaken, to*
tremble, quake: *to be driven away, flee trembling*.

πελεμιχθην, Ep. for ἐπελεμίχθη, aor. I pass. of
 πελεμίξω.

πέλεσκει, Ion. and Ep. 2 sing. impf. of πέλομαι.

πέλυ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat. of πέλομαι.

πελιτιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Ion. for πελειάς.

πελιδνός or πελιντός, ἡ, ὄν, (πελιός) *livid*.

πελιός, ἄ, ὄν, (πελιός) of the body, *discoloured by a*
bruise, livid.

ΠΕ' ΛΑΑ Ion. ἄλληλ, ης, ἡ, a *wooden bowl, milk-*
pail, Lat. *mulctra*. II. a *drinking-cup*.

ΠΕΛΛΟΣ or πελός, ἡ, ὄν, Lat. *PULLUS*, *dark-*
coloured, blackish, dusky.

πέλομες, Dor. for πέλομεν, I pl. of πέλω.

Πελοποννήσιοι, οἱ, *the Peloponnesians*.

Πελοποννησιῶτι, Adv. *in the Peloponnesian* (i. e.
 Dorian) *dialect*. From

Πελοπόν-νησος, = Πέλοπος νῆσος, *the Pelopon-*
nesus, now the *Morea*.

πελός, ἡ, ὄν, v. πελλός.

Πέλοψ, οπος, ὁ, (πελός, ὄψ) *Pelops*, i. e. *dark-face*,
 son of Tantalus, said to have migrated from Lydia,
 and to have given his name to the Peloponnesus.

πελτάζω, f. σω, (πέλτη) *to serve as a targeteer*.

πελταστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πελτάζω) *one who bears a target*
 or *light shield* (πέλτη) instead of the large shield
 (ὄπλον), a *targeteer*, Lat. *etratus*: they held a place

between the ὀπλίται or heavy-armed infantry, and the
 ψιλοί or light-armed troops. Hence

πελταστικός, ἡ, ὄν, *skilled in the use of the target*:
 τὸ πελταστικόν, = οἱ πελτασταί, *the body of targeteers*.

ΠΕ' ΑΤΗ, ἡ, a *small light shield without a rim*
 (ἴτυς), orig. used by the Thracians. 2. a *body of*
targeteers (πελτασταί), as ἄσπις for ἄσπισταί, ὄπλον
 for ὀπλίται. II. a *shaft, pole*. III. a *horse's*
ornament.

πέλο-φόρος, ον, (πέλτη, φέρω) *bearing a target*.

ΠΕ' ΛΩ, more common as Dep. πέλομαι, only used
 in pres. and impf., which latter is used in syncop.
 forms, as 3 sing. impf., act. ἔπλεν for ἔπελεν; 2 sing.
 impf. med. ἔπλεο, ἔπλε, for ἐπέλου; 3 sing. ἔπλετο
 for ἐπέλετο: the impf. is also lengthd. Ion. in 2 and
 3 sing. πελέσκει, πελέσκετο: imperat. πέλεν: the
 pres. part. is syncop. in the compds. ἐπιπλόμενος,
 περιπλόμενος, for ἐπιπελόμενος, περιπελόμενος, but
 does not occur in the simple form:—orig. *to be in*
motion, to go or come, rise; κλαγγή πέλει οὐρανῷ
 πρὸ τοῦ κρυγοῦσιν to heaven; γῆρας καὶ θάνατος
 ἐπ' ἀνθρώποισι πέλονται *old age and death come upon*
 men. II. *to be*, implying continuance, *to be used*
or want to be: *to become*.

ΠΕ' ΛΩΡ, τό, undeclined, a *monster*, of anything
 huge, but mostly in bad sense. Hence

πελώριος, α, ον, also os, ον, = πελώρος, *monstrous*,
huge, immense; τὰ πρὶν πελώρια *the mighty ones of*
old.

πέλωρον, τό, = πέλωρ, a *monster*; πέλωρα θεῶν *por-*
tents sent by the gods; strictly neut. of

πέλωρος, η, ον, (πέλωρ) *monstrous, prodigious, huge*,
portentous; and so, *terrible*: neut. pl. as Adv., πέ-
 λωρα, *bugely, portentously*.

πέμμα, ατος, τό, (πέπεμαι) *any kind of dressed*
food: esp. in plur. *cakes, sweetmeats*.

πεμματ-ουργός, ὁ, (πέμμα, ἔργον) *a pastry-cook*.

πεμπάδ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεμπάς, ἄρχω) *a commander of*
a body of five.

πεμπάζω, f. ἄσω, *to count on the five fingers, count*
by fives: generally, *to count*. From

πεμπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, Aeol. for πεντάς, *the number five*:
 a *body of five*.

πεμπαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (πεμπάζω) *one who counts by fives*:
 generally, *one who counts*, μύρια πεμπαστής *reviewing*
 by tens of thousands.

πέμπε, Aeol. for πέντε, *five*.

πεμπέμαι, πεμπέμεν, Ep. for πέμπειν.

πεμπτάς, α, ον, (πέμπος) *in five days, on the*
5th day.

πεμπτ-ήμερος, ον, (πέμπος, ἡμέρα) Dor. for πενθ-
 ἡμερος, *of five days*.

πεμπτέον, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *one must send*.

πέμπος, η, ον, (πέντε) *the fifth*; ἡ πέμπτη (sub.
 ἡμέρα) *the fifth day*.

πέμπτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πέμπω, *sent*.

ΠΕ' ΜΠΩ fut. πέμψω: aor. I ἐπέμψα Ep. πέμψα:
 pf. πέπομφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέμψθη: pf. πέπεμαι,

3 sing. πέπεμπται:—to send, despatch. II. to send off or away, dismiss, send home; χρῆ ξείνον παρένθα φιλέει, θέλοντα δὲ πέμπειν 'welcome the coming, speed the parting guest.' 2. of things, to throw from one, of missiles, to shoot, dart, discharge.

III. to convey, attend, escort, conduct; ὁ πέμπων the conductor, of Mercury; πομπὴν πέμπειν to conduct a procession. 2. to send with one, esp. to take on a journey.

IV. to send up: of the earth, to produce. V. Med., πέμπσθαι τινα, to send for one. 2. to send one's own or in one's own service.

πεμπόβλον, τό, (πέμπε, ὀβολός) a five-pronged fork.

πέμψιας, 2 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πέμπω.

πεμπόμεναι, Ep. for πέμψω, fut. inf. of πέμπω.

πέμψις, εὼς, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending: a mission.

πεμψῶ, πεμψεί, Dor. for πέμψω, πέμψει.

πενέστερος, πενέστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πένης.

πενέστης, οὐ, ὁ, a servant, labourer; the πενέσται were the Thessalian serfs or villains, like the Εἰλωταί in Laconia, orig. a conquered tribe, afterwards increased by prisoners of war. II. generally, any

slave, bondsman, poor man.

πένης, ἦτος, ὁ, (πένομαι) one who earns his daily bread, a day-labourer, hence a poor man. II.

as Adj. poor: c. gen., like Lat. *egens*, πένης χρημάτων poor in money.—Comp. πενέστερος, Sup. πενέστατος.

πενητο-κόμος, ον, (πένης, κομέω) tending the poor.

πενθάλεος, α, ον, (πένθος) sad, mourning.

πένθεια, ἡ, collat. form of πένθος.

πενθειέτον, Ep. for πενθείτον, 3 dual of πενθῶ.

πενθερά, ἡ, fem. of πενθερός, a mother-in-law, Lat. *soctrus*.

ΠΕΝΘΕΡΟΣ, ὁ, a father-in-law, Lat. *socer*; also ἐκνρός. II. generally, a connexion by marriage, brother-in-law.

πενθῶ, f. ἦω: Ep. 3 dual πενθειέτον for πενθείετον, πενθείτον: pres. inf. πενθήμεναι for πενθεῖν: (πένθος):—to bewail, lament, mourn for: Pass. to be mourned for. 2. to deplore a thing.

πένθημα, τό, (πενθῶ) lamentation, mourning.

πενθήμεναι, Ep. inf. pres. of πενθῶ.

πενθ-ἡμερος, ον, (πέντε, ἡμέρα) of, lasting five days: πενθήμερον, τό, a space of five days.

πενθ-ἡμῆμερος, ἐς, (πέντε, ἡμῆμερής) consisting of five halves, i. e. of two and a half; hence in Prosody, τομῆ πενθήμερής the caesura after two feet and a half, as in *lamb. Trim.*, opp. to τομῆ ἐφθήμερής the caesura after three feet and a half.

πενθ-ἡμῖποδιαίος, α, ον, (πέντε, ἡμῖποδιον) consisting of five half feet, i. e. of 2½ feet.

πενθῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πενθῶ) mournful, sorrowful, sad.

πενθῆρης, ἐς, (πένθος, ἀρᾶρεῖν) lamenting, mourning.

πενθῆτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πενθῶ) a mourner, wailer.

πενθῆτηριος, α, ον, (πενθῶ) in sign of mourning.

πενθῆτρια, ἡ, fem. of πενθῆτηρ.

πενθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πένθος) of or for grief, mourning, sorrowful. Adv., πενθικῶς ἔχειν τινός to be in mourning for a person.

πένθιμος, ον, in token of grief, mourning, sorrowful. II. mournful, wretched. From

ΠΕΝΘΟΣ, εὼς, τό, grief, sorrow: mourning for the dead. II. a misfortune.

πενία Ion. -ῖη, ἡ, (πένομαι) poverty, need.

πενυχράλεος, α, ον, collat. form of πενυχρός, poor.

πενυχρός, ἄ, ὄν, like πένης, poor, needy.

ΠΕΝΟΜΑΙ, only used in pres. and impf.: Dep. I. intr. to work for one's living, to toil, work, labour:—to be poor or needy: c. gen. to be poor in, have need of. II. trans. to work at, prepare, be busy with.

πενταδραχμία, ἡ, five drachms. From πέντῷ-δραχμος, ον, (πέντε, δραχμή), of the weight or value of five drachms.

πεντ-ἄθλιον, τό, poet. for πένταθλιον.

πεντ-ἄεθλον, τό, poet. for πένταθλον.

πεντ-ἄεθλος, ὁ, poet. for πένταθλος.

πεντάετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, five years, a space of five years. II. as Adj. coming every five years, recurring at intervals of five years. From

πεντᾶ-έτηρος, ον, poet. for πενταετής, five years old. πεντᾶ-ετής, ἐς or πεντα-ετής, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) five year old. II. of Time, lasting five years: hence

πεντάετες, as Adv. for five years. πεντ-ἄθλιον, τό, collat. form of πένταθλον. πέντ-αθλον Ion. πεντ-ἄεθλον, τό, (πέντε, ἄθλον) the contest of the five exercises; πεντάεθλον ἀσκεῖν to practise the five exercises. These were ἄλμα, δίσκος, δρόμος, πάλη, πυγμῆ: but for the last the ἀκόντισις or ἄκων was substituted: the five are comprised in one Pentameter line,—ἄλμα, ποδάκειαν, δίσκον, ἄκοντα, πάλην.

πέντ-αθλος Ion. πεντ-ἄεθλος, ὁ, (πέντε, ἄθλον) one who practises the πένταθλον or five exercises, the conqueror in them. II. metaph. one who tries his hand at everything, a 'jack-of-all-trades.'

πέντ-αιχμος, ον, (πέντε, αἰχμή) five-pointed. πεντάκις, Adv. (πέντε) five times. πεντᾶκις-μύριοι, αἰ, α, five times 10,000 = 50,000. πεντᾶκις-χιλίοι, αἰ, α, five times 1000 = 5000. πεντᾶκόσιοι Ep. πεντηκόσιοι, αἰ, α, (πέντε) five hundred: also in sing. with a collective noun, πεντακοσία ἵππος five hundred horse. II. at Athens, οἱ πεντακόσιοι, = ἡ βουλῆ, the council of 500, i. e. the senate chosen by lot (οἱ ἀπὸ κνάμου), fifty from each of the ten tribes.

πεντᾶκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ον, (πεντακόσιοι, μέδιμνος) possessing land that produced 500 medimni yearly: acc. to Solon's distribution of the Athenian citizens the πεντακοσιομέδιμνοι formed the first class, the other three being the ἱππέεις, ζευγίται, θῆτες.

πεντᾶκοσιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντακόσιοι) the five hundredth.

πεντᾶ-κῦμία, ἡ, (πέντε, κῦμα) the fifth wave, sup-

posed to be larger than the four preceding; cf. *τρι-κνμία, δεκακνμία*.

πεντᾶ-πάλαστος, ον, (πέντε, παλαστή) five hand-breadths wide.

πεντᾶ-πηχυς, υ, gen. εος, (πέντε, πήχυς) five cubits long or broad.

πενταπλάσιος [ᾶ], α, ον, (πέντε) fivefold.

πενταπλήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πενταπλάσιος.

πεντᾶ-πόλις, ἡ, (πέντε, πόλις) a state of five towns, as Τρίπολις was a state of three, Δεκάπολις of ten.

πεντάρ-ραγος, ον, (πέντε, ράξ) with five berries.

πεντα-σπιθάμος, ον, (πέντε, σπιθαμή) five spans long or broad. [ῆ]

πεντᾶ-στίχος, ον, (πέντε, στίχος) of five lines or verses.

πεντᾶ-στομος, ον, (πέντε, στόμα) with five mouths or openings, of the Nile and Danube.

πεντᾶ-τευχος, ον, (πέντε, τεύχος) consisting of five books in one volume: as Subst., πεντάτευχος (sc. Βίβλος), ἡ, the five books of Moses, Pentateuch.

πεντᾶ-φύης, ἐς, (πέντε, φυή) five in nature or number.

πεντᾶχᾶ, Adv. (πέντε) fivefold, five-ways, in five divisions.

πενταχοῦ, Adv. (πέντε) in five places.

ΠΕΝΤΕ Acol. πέμπε, οί, αί, τά, indecl. five, Lat. *quinque*. In Compos. it takes the form *πεντα-* as well as *πεντε-*.

πεντε-καί-δεκα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. fifteen.

πεντεκαίδεκά-ναῦα, ἡ, (πεντεκαίδεκα, ναῦς) a squadron of fifteen ships.

πεντεκαίδεκα-τάλαντος, ον, (πεντεκαίδεκα, τάλαντον) of fifteen talents worth or weight.

πεντε-και-δέκατος, η, ον, fifteenth.

πεντεκαίδεκ-ήρης, ἐς, with fifteen banks of oars.

πεντε-σύριγγος, ον, (πέντε, σύριγξ) with five pipes or holes; ξύλον πεντεσύριγγον a wooden machine furnished with five bores, through which the head, arms, and legs of criminals were passed, a sort of pillory.

πεντε-τάλαντος, ον, (πέντε, τάλαντον) worth five talents: for the recovery of five talents, of a law-suit.

πεντ-ετηρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a term or space of five years; διὰ πεντετηρίδος at intervals of five years, every five years.

II. a festival celebrated every five years, such as the Panathenaea at Athens. From πεντ-έτης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἔτος) of five years, lasting five years.

πεντε-τριάζω, to conquer five times.

πεντήκοντα, οί, αί, τά, indecl. (πέντε) fifty.

πεντηκοντά-ετις, ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of

πεντηκοντᾶ-ετής, ἐς or -έτης, ἐς, contr. -ούτης, (πεντήκοντα, ἔτος) of fifty years, lasting for fifty years.

πεντηκοντᾶ-κάρηνος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κάρηνον) fifty-headed.

πεντηκοντᾶ-κέφαλος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, κεφαλή) = πεντηκοντακάρηνος.

πεντηκοντᾶ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, consisting of fifty children.

πεντηκόντ-αρχος, ὁ, (πεντήκοντα, ἄρχω) the commander of fifty men.

II. one who commands a

πεντηκόντορος, the captain of a penteconter.

πεντηκόντερος, ἡ, = πεντηκόντορος.

πεντηκοντήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πεντήκοντα) the commander of fifty men, a title peculiar to the Spartan army.

πεντηκοντᾶ-γῶος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, γῶα) of fifty acres of corn-land.

πεντηκοντ-όργυιος, ον, (πεντήκοντα, ὄργυια) fifty fathoms deep, high, etc.

πεντηκόντορος, ἡ, with and without ναῦς, (πεντήκοντα) a ship of burden with fifty oars.

πεντηκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, contr. for πεντηκοιταέτης.

πεντηκόσιοι, αἰ, α, Ἐρ. for πεντάκόσιοι.

πεντηκοστῆ, f. σω, (πεντηκοστή) to collect the tax πεντηκοστή or two per cent:—Pass. to pay the tax.

πεντηκοστή, ἡ, see πεντηκοστός.

πεντηκοστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = πεντηκοντήρ.

πεντηκοστο-λόγος, ον, (πεντηκοστή, λέγω) collecting the tax πεντηκοστή: as Subst., πεντηκοστολόγος, ὁ, the collector of the πεντηκοστή.

πεντηκοστό-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πεντήκοντα, παῖς) with fifty children.

πεντηκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πεντήκοντα) fiftieth. II. as Subst., πεντηκοστή, ἡ, I. (sub. μερίς), the fiftieth part, at Athens, the tax of the fiftieth, or two per cent., imposed on all exports and imports.

2. (sub. ἡμέρα), the fiftieth day after the Passover, the day of Pentecost. Hence

πεντηκοστός, ὄνος, ἡ, the number fifty, a number of fifty, as a division of the Spartan army.

πεντ-ήρης, ἐς, (πέντε, ἕρεσσω) with five banks of oars: as Subst., πεντήρης (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a quinquereme.

πέντ-οφος, ον, (πέντε, ὄφος) having five branches or points: Hes. calls the hand πέντοζον, the five-pointed.

πεντ-όργυιος, ον, (πέντε, ὄργυια) of five fathoms.

πεντ-ὄβολος, ον, (πέντε, ὄβολός) of or worth five obols: as Subst., πεντάβολον, τό, a five-obol piece; πεντάβολον ἠλιασασθαι to sit in the court Heliaea at five obols a day.

πεξαμένη, ἡ, I med. part. fem. of πέκω.

πεξῶ, Dor. for πέξω, fut. of πέκω.

ΠΕΨΩΣ, εος, τό, membrum virile, Lat. penis.

πεπαθῆναι, Ἐρ. for πεπονθῆναι, pf. part. fem. of πάσχω.

πεπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπέπανα: Pass., fut. πεπαυθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεπάθην: pf. inf. πεπάθαι: (πέπων)—to ripen, make ripe or mellow: of pain, etc., to soothe, assuage, soften:—Pass. to become ripe, soft, mellow: to be softened.

II. intr. to become ripe, mellow.

πεπαίτερος, πεπαίτατος, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of πέπαν.

πεπάλαγμένος, πεπαλάχθαι, pf. pass. part. and inf. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλακτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of παλάσσω.

πεπάλαισμαι, pf. pass. of παλάω.

πέπαλμαι, pf. pass. of πάλλω.

πεπαλών, Ἐρ. redupl. aor. 2 part. of πάλλω.

πέπαμαι, pf. of πάομαι.
 πέπᾶνος, *ov*, collat. form of πέπων, *ripe, mellow*.
 πεπαῖρεν, an old aor. 2 inf. *to display, manifest*.
 πέπαρμαι, pf. pass. of πέρω: inf. πεπαῖρθαι.
 πεπαρμένος, pf. pass. part. of πέρω.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπάσθαι, pf. inf. of πάομαι, *to possess*.
 πέπασαι, πεπάσμη, pf. and plqpf. of πατέομαι.
 πεπάχυσαι, pf. pass. of παχύνω.
 πεπειῖσθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πέπεκα, pf. of πείθω.
 πέπερος, *ov*, also fem. πέπειρα, = πέπων, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *maturus*: metaph. *mild, softened*.
 πέπεισθι, 2 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of πείθω.
 πέπεισμαι, pf. pass. of πείθω.
 πεπέρασαι, pf. pass. of περαίνω.
 πεπερημένος, Ep. pf. part. pass. of περάω.
 πέπηγα, pf. med. of πήγνυμι.
 πέπῆσαι, pf. pass. of πιέζω.
 πεπιῖσθαι, redupl. aor. 2 med. inf. of πείθω.
 πεπιῖσθω, Ep. fut. of πείθω.
 πέπιθον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of πείθω; πεπιθόμεν I pl. subj.; πεπιθόμεν, πεπιθοῖεν I and 3 pl. opt.: inf. πεπιθεῖν, fem. part. πεπιθοῦσα.
 πεπλάνημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of πλανάω, *roaming, wandering*.
 πέπλασαι, pf. pass. of πλάσσω.
 πέπλευσαι, pf. pass. of πλέω.
 πεπληγμένον, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of πλήσσω.
 πέπληγον, πεπληγόμεν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. and med. of πλήσσω.
 πεπληγώς, pf. part. of πλήσσω.
 πέπλημαι, pf. pass. of πελάω.
 ΠΕΠΛΟΣ, *ὅ*, in Poets also with irreg. pl. πέπλα, *τά*, Lat. *peplum, any woven cloth* used for a covering, a sheet, hanging, curtain. II. a large full robe or shawl worn by women: esp. the robe of Minerva, which was carried in procession at the Panathenaic festival. III. also a man's cloak or robe, of the long Eastern dress.
 πέπλυμαι, pf. pass. of πλύνω: inf. πεπλύσθαι.
 πέπλωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πέπλος) a flowing robe, garment.
 πέπνυμαι, poet. pf. pass. of πνέω, used as pres., *to have breath or soul*; metaph. *to be wise, discreet, prudent, sage*; 2 sing. πέπνυσαι; inf. πεπνύσθαι; 2 sing. plqpf. πέπνυσο:—part. πεπνυμένος used as Adj. *sage, wise, prudent*.
 πεπνυμένος, part. of πέπνυμι.
 πέποιθα, perf. med. of πείθω, *to trust, rely on*. Hence πέποιθεα, Ep. for έπειποιθεν, plqpf. med. of πείθω.
 πεποιθησις, *ή*, *trust, reliance, boldness*.
 πεποιθοῖεν, opt. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθόμεν, Ep. for πεποιθόμεν, I pl. subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεποιθω, subj. of πέποιθα.
 πεπόλιστο, Ep. 3 sing plqpf. pass. of πολίζω.
 πέποιμαι, pf. pass. of πίνω.
 πεπόνητο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of πονέω.

πέπονθα, pf. 2 of πάσχω.
 πέπορθα, pf. med. of πέρθω.
 πέποσθε, Ep. for πεπόνθατε, 2 pl. pf. of πάσχω.
 πεποτήται, Ep. for πεπότηνται, 3 pl. pf. of ποτάομαι: πεποτήσθαι, inf. of same.
 πέπρᾶγα, pf. 2 of πράσσω.
 πέπραγμα, pf. pass. of πράσσω.
 πέπρᾶκα, πέπρᾶμαι, pf. act. and pass. of πιπράσκω.
 πέπρισμαι, pf. pass. of πρίω.
 πέπρωται, πέπρωτο, 3 sing. pf. and plqpf. pass. of an obsol. Verb *πῶρω (from which also comes aor. 2 έπωρω):—it *bas, had been fated*; part. πεπωμένος, *fated*: *ή πεπωμένη* (sub. μοῖρα), *that which is fated, fate, destiny*, like *εἰμαρμένη*.
 πέπῆται, pf. pass. of πετάννυμι: part. πεπαμένος.
 πεπῆται, for πέπτανται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of πετάννυμι.
 πεπεῖστα, for πεπῶστα, pf. part. nom. and acc. neut. of πίπτω.
 πεπηγώς, Ep. for πεπηκώς, pf. part. of πήσσω, *frigidened, timid, shy*.
 πέπτωκα, pf. of πίπτω.
 πέπτως, Att. pf. part. of πίπτω.
 πέπτω, see πέσσω.
 πεπιῖτοτο [ῦ], 3 sing. Ep. redupl. aor. 2 opt. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πεπύκασμένος, pf. pass. part. of πυκάζω.
 πέπυσμαι, pf. of πυνθάνομαι: inf. πεπίσθαι.
 πέπυστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of πυνθάνομαι.
 πέπωκα, pf. of πίνω.
 ΠΕΠΩΝ, *ov*, gen. *ovos*; Comp. and Sup. πεπαίτερος, -τατος:—of fruit, *ripe, mellow*, Lat. *mitis, maturus*. II. metaph. *soft, tender, gentle*: also *softened, assuaged*: often used in addressing a person, *ὦ πέπον*, as Subst., *oh my friend*: so, *κρίε πέπον* my pet ram: in bad sense, *ὦ πέπονες* ye weaklings, ye dastards.
 ΠΕΡ, enclit. Particle, adding force to the word to which it is annexed: *much, very*, often with an Adj. and the part. of εἰμί, *ἐπεὶ μ' ἔτεκές γε μινυθαδῖον* *περ ἔοντα* since you have given birth to me all short-lived as I am: also with an Adj. only, *κρατερός περ* strong as he is; or with an Adv., *μύνυθά περ*, for a very little time; *ὀλιγον περ* little as it is. 2. to call attention to something objected to, *albeit, though, however*; so, *λιγύς περ ἔων ἀγορητής* however loud-tongued a talker he be. 3. also to strengthen a negation, *οὐδέ περ, no, not even, not at all*, where, as in Lat. *ne . . quidem, οὐδέ* is divided by one or more words from *περ*. II. to call attention to one or more things, *however, at any rate, yet*, as, *ἄλλους περ ἔλααρε* pity others at any rate. III. *περ* is often attached to a relat. Pron., Adj. or Adv., as *ὅσπερ, ἧπερ, διόπερ, ὡσπερ, etc.*
 πέρα, Adv. *beyond, across or over, further*, Lat. *ultra*; *μέχρι τοῦ μέσου πέρα δ' οὐ* as far as the middle, but no further. II. of Time, *beyond, longer*: c. gen., *πέρα μεσοῦσής ἡμέρας* beyond midday. III. metaph. *beyond measure, excessively*: c. gen., *πέρα*

δίκης beyond all justice. IV. absol. expressing something greater; ἅπιστα καὶ πέρα κλύων hearing things incredible, and more than that.

περάαν, Ep. for περάν, pres. inf. of περάω. περάσκει, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of περάω. πέραθεν Ion. πέρηθεν, Adv. (πέρα) from beyond, from the far side.

περαῖνω: aor. I ἐπεράνω: Pass., aor. I ἐπεράνην: pf. πεπεράσμαι, inf. πεπεράνθαι: (πέρας):—to bring to an end, finish, complete: to bring about, accomplish:—Pass. to be brought to an end, be finished; to be fulfilled, accomplished. 2. περαίνειν λόγον to end a discourse: hence absol. to conclude, come to an end.

II. intr. to extend, reach, or penetrate. περαῖος, α, ον, (πέραν) being or dwelling beyond, esp. beyond the sea or river. II. ἡ περαῖη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the country beyond the sea or river: the country over against or opposite. Hence

περαιῶ, f. ὄσω: aor. I ἐπεραιῶσα: Pass., f. περαιωθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπεραιώθην: pf. πεπεραιώμαι:—to carry or convey to the opposite country or bank, carry over or across:—Pass. to pass over, cross. II. intr. in Act. to cross, pass over.

περαιτέρως, α, ον, Comp. of πέρα, beyond, further; ὁδοὶ περαιτέραι roads leading further: Adv. περαιτέρω: also neut. περαιτέρων, further, beyond.

πέραν Ion. and Ep. πέρην, Adv. (πέρα) on the other side of, across, Lat. trans, c. gen. 2. absol. over, to or on the opposite side; πέραν εἰς τὴν Ἀσίαν διαβήναι to cross over into Asia.

II. over against, c. gen., as, Χαλκίδος πέραν. III. sometimes =πέρα, out beyond.

περαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (περαῖνω) conclusive. περ-ἄπτω, Aeol. for περιἄπτω.

πέρας, ἄτος, τό, (πέρα) an end, extremity: an end, issue, termination: as Adv., at last. 2. in a race-course, the goal, Lat. meta. II. metaph. accomplishment, the power of accomplishing.

περάσιμος, ον, (περάω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable. [ἄ] πέρασις, ἡ, (περάω) a going beyond, passing; βίου πέρασις passage from life (to death).

πέρατος, η, ον, (πέρα) on the opposite side, Lat. ulterior.

II. ἡ περάτη (sub. γῆ or χώρα) as Subst., the opposite country, also the opposite quarter of the heavens, esp. of the west, as opp. to the east.

περατός Ion. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, (περάω) like περάσιμος, that may be crossed or passed over.

περάω (A), inf. περάν Ep. περάαν: Ion. impf. περάσκων: fut. περάσω [ἄ] Ion. περήσω, Ep. inf. περησέμεναι: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ion. ἐπήρησα: pf. πεπεράκα (πέρα):

I. trans. to drive right across or through. 2. to pass across or through, to pass over, cross, traverse; τάφος ἀργαλή περάω a ditch hard to pass; metaph., κίνδυνον περάω to pass through a danger; περάν ὄρκον to go through or recite the terms of an oath. 2. to let go through. II.

intr. to penetrate or pierce right through: to extend,

reach. 2. to pass right across or through, pass, traverse, go through, or over. 3. c. gen. to exceed, go beyond in.

περάω (B): fut. περάσω [ἄ] Ep. περάσω Att. περάω: aor. I ἐπεράσα Ep. ἐπέρασσα: pf. pass. πεπερήμαι: (πέρα):—to carry beyond seas for sale, hence to sell, mostly to sell as slaves; περάν τινα Δῆμον to sell one to Lemnos.

Περγᾶμια, ἡ, = Πέργαμος. Πέργαμος, ἡ, Pergamos, the citadel of Troy: also in pl. Πέργαμος, τά. II. πέργαμα, τά, as appellat., like ἀκρόπολις, the citadel of any town.

ΠΕΡΔΑΙ, ἴκος or ἴκος, ὀ and ἡ, the partridge, Lat. perdix, -icis.

ΠΕΡΔΟΜΑΙ, Dep., with act. aor. 2 ἐπαρδον, pf. πέπορδα:—to break wind.

περιεμένον, Aeol. for περιεμένον, pf. pass. part. of περιέννυμι.

πέρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πέραθεν. πέρην, Adv., Ion. for πέραν.

περησέμεναι, Ep. for πέρησειν, fut. inf. of περάω. περητός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for περατός.

πέρθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of πέρθω.

ΠΕΡΘΩ, fut. πέρω: pf. πέπορθα: aor. I ἐπερσα: aor. 2 ἐπράθον, inf. πρᾶθέειν Ep. πρᾶθέειν:—Pass. with fut. med. πέρομαι: Ep. aor. 2 inf. πέρθηαι, like δέχθαι from δέχομαι:—to waste, ravage, sack, rase. 2. of persons, to destroy, kill, slay. 3. of things, to destroy. II. to get by plunder.

ΠΕΡΙ, Prep., with gen., dat., et acc.: Radic. sense, all around, about.

WITH GENITIVE: I. of Place, around, about, near. II. Causal, about, concerning, on, of; περί νόστον ἀκουσα I have heard of his return; λέγειν περί τινος to speak of a subject. 2. about, for, on account of; βουλευέν περί φόνου to lay plans for the slaying. 3. of contending for an object; περί θανάτου for the dead; θεῖν περί ψυχῆς to run for one's life; μάχεσθαι περί πτόλιος to fight for the city. 4. of the motive; περί ἐριδος μάριναςθαι to fight for very enmity's sake. 5. with a Subst., as to, in reference to, with regard to, about; ἀριθμοῦ περί as to number.

III. like Lat. praee, before, above, beyond; περί πάντων ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be above or before all the rest: in this sense, the Prep. is often divided from its gen. IV. the following phrases are of common occurrence: περί πολλοῦ ἐστίν ἡμῖν, it is of such consequence to us; περί πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι or ἡγεῖσθαι τι, to reckon a thing worth much; περί πλείονος, περί ὀλίγου, περί οὐδενός ποιείσθαι to reckon a thing of more, of little, of no consequence.

WITH DATIVE of the object, about, or near which a thing is, around, about: I. of Place, around, round about; περί χροῖ close round the skin; χεῖρ περί ἔγχεῖ the hand round, grasping the spear; ἀσπαίρειν περί δουρί to quiver round or on the spear. 2. hard by, near, always of several, as en-

compassing round about one.

II. Causal, of an object for which one fights; μάχεσθαι περί οἷσι κτεάτεσσι to fight for one's own possessions. 2. of anxiety, care, or confidence about a thing, for, about, on account of. 3. by reason of, like Lat. *propter*; περί φόβῳ for fear; περί χάρασι for joy.

WITH Accus. of the object round about which a thing goes or moves: I. of Place, about, around, near, by; ἡ περί Κνίδον ναυμαχία the sea-fight off Cnidus; περί τὰ ἔλα οἰκέουσι they dwell all about the marshes; πλεῖντες περί ἐνα many round about one, many to one. II. of persons who are about one, as attendants, comrades, like of ἀμφί τινα; τὰ περί τι all that belongs to a thing.

III. of the object with which one is occupied, esp. of the place; περί δόρπα πονεῖσθαι to be busy about supper: metaph., ἡ φιλοσοφία περί ἀλήθειάν ἐστι philosophy is occupied about or with truth. 2. in relation or reference to, with regard to; τὰ περί τὸν Κύρον οὕτως ἐγένετο the circumstances relating to Cyrus turned out thus.

IV. of Time, about, Lat. *circa*; περί τούτους χρόνους: also of numbers, περί τριχιλίουσιν about 3000.

IN POSITION, περί may follow its Subst. in all cases, and then it becomes paroxyt. περί.

As Adv., περί, around, about, also near, by. II. also περί, with accent thrown back, before, above, exceedingly, above measure: so in phrases, περί κῆρι, περί θυμῷ beyond measure in heart or soul; where περί must not be taken as Prep. with the dat.

Πέρι sometimes stands for περίστι.

IN COMPOS. all its chief senses recur: around, about, as in περι-βάλλω, περι-έχω, περι-βαίνω. II. a going beyond, exceeding, as in περι-γίγνομαι, περι-εργάζομαι. III. beyond measure, very, exceedingly, as in περι-καλλῆς, περι-δείδω, like Lat. *per-* in *per-multus*, *per-gratus*.

QUANTITY. Though *i* in περί is short, yet it is not properly elided before a vowel.

περι-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce by a message sent round: absol. to send or carry a message round.

II. c. dat. et inf. to send round orders for people to do something; π. παρασκευάζεσθαι to send orders round to make ready; π. ναῦς to order ships.

περι-αῆγής, ἐς, (περί, εἶγα) broken in pieces. II. Dor. for περιηγής.

περι-ἀγνύμι and -ύω, f. -άξω, to break all round, break in pieces:—Pass., ὄψ περιάγνυται the voice is echoed all round.

περι-άγω, f. -άξω, to lead round, drive round; c. acc. loci, περιάγουσι τὴν λίμνην κύκλῳ they drive round the lake in a circle. 2. to lead about with one: so also in Med. 3. to turn round: also to twist or wrench round.

II. intr. to go round; περιάγειν τὰς πόλεις to go round the cities. [ᾶ] Hence

περιάγειν, ἐως, ὄ, a machine for twisting round, a tourniquet.

περιαγωγή, ἡ, (περιάγω) a turning round, revolution. περιαιρέτος, ἡ, ὄν, able to be taken off. From περι-αιρέω: f. περιαιρήσω: aor. 2 περιείλον, inf. περιελείν:—to take away all round, as the walls of a city, or the earthen mould in which gold has been cast: generally, to take off or away: c. gen. pass. to strip a thing off one. II. Med. to take off from oneself; περιαιρέσθαι κνῆν to take off one's helmet; βιβλίον περιαιρέμενος taking the cover off one's letter; but it is often used just like the Act.

III. Pass. to be stripped off or taken away from one: also to have a thing taken away from one.

περι-αλγέω, f. ἦσω, to be greatly distressed.

περι-αλειφῶ, f. ψω, to anoint or smear all over.

περι-ἄλλος, ὄν, (περί, ἄλλος) beyond or before others:—neut. pl. περίαλλα as Adv., before all: exceedingly.

περι-ἄλουργός, ὄν, (περί, ἄλουργός) dyed with purple all round: metaph., κακοῖς περιαιουργός double-dyed in villainy.

περιάμμα, ἄτος, τό, (περιάπτω) anything fastened round one, an amulet.

περι-αμπέχω, f. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 περιήμπεσchon:—to put round about:—Med. to put around one, to put on. II. to cover all round.

περι-αμπίσχω, impf. -ήμπεσchon, = περιαμπέχω.

περιάπτος, ὄν, bung about or upon:—as Subst., περιάπτον, τό, = περιάμμα. From

περι-ἄπτω, f. ψω, to fasten about, attach to:—Med. to put round oneself, to gain for oneself.

περι-αρμόζω Att. -ότω, f. ὄσω, to fasten or fit on all round:—Pass. to have fastened round or fitted on.

περι-αστράπτω, f. ψω, to lighten or flash all round.

περι-ασχολέω, f. ἦσω, to be busy about a thing.

περι-αυχένιος, ὄν, (περί, αὐχῆν) worn round the neck; as Subst., περιανχένιον, τό, a necklace.

περιάχων, Ep. for περιάχων, impf. of περιμάχω.

περι-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 περιέβην: pf. περιβέβηκα:—to go round about or to bestride one who has fallen, so as to defend him: c. gen., περιβήνας ἀδελφεοῦ κταμένοιο to stand over his slain brother: of sound, to float around.

περι-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: aor. 2 περιέβαλον: pf. περιβέβηκα:—to throw round, about, or over, put on or over, invest with; περιβάλλειν τινά χαλκείαμι to fix him round a sword, i. e. to stab him. 2. Med., with pf. pass. περιβέβηθημι, to throw round or over oneself, put on: to throw round oneself for defence, enclose around: c. dupl. acc., τείχος περιβάλλεσθαι πόλιν, to build a wall round a city. II. metaph. to put round or upon a person, invest with. 2. to attribute or ascribe to a person. 3. to surround, encompass, enclose with a thing: metaph. to involve or implicate in evils, etc. 4. c. acc. only, to embrace, encompass, surround; περιβάλλει με σκότος darkness encompasses me. 5. of ships, to fetch a compass round, double. 6. to frequent, be fond of a place.

III. in Med. to embrace for oneself, to compass, aim at, Lat. *affectare*: pf. pass. to be in

possession of. IV. to throw beyond: beat in throwing: generally, to beat, excel.

περι-βαρίδες, αἱ, (περί, βάρις) a sort of women's shoes.

περι-βάρις, υ, gen. εος, exceeding heavy.

περι-βάς, ἄσα, av, aor. 2 part. of περιβαίνω.

περι-βέβλημαι, pf. pass. of περιβάλλω.

περι-βη, Ep. for περιέβη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of περιβαίνω.

περι-βήναι, aor. 2 inf. of περιβαίνω.

περι-βλεπτος, ov, (περιβλέπω) looked at from all sides, gazed at, notable.

περι-βλέπω, f. ψω, intr. to look round about, gaze around.

II. trans. to look at on all sides, look much at: hence to gaze on, survey, admire:—Pass. to be looked at, admired, looked up to.

περι-βλητος, ov, (περιβάλλω) put round or on.

περι-βόητος, ov, (περιβοάω) noised abroad, notorious, in good or bad sense: hence either famous, extolled: or exclaimed against.

II. act. with loud cries.

περι-βόλαιον, τό, (περιβάλλω) that which is put round one, a covering, garment.

περι-βολή, ή, (περιβάλλω) anything thrown or put round; περιβολή ζίφους the sheath of a sword: walls thrown round a town.

II. a space enclosed, compass.

III. a circumference, circuit.

IV. metaph. a compassing, aiming at.

περι-βολος, ov, (περιβάλλω) going round, compassing, encircling.

II. as Subst., περιβολος, ό, = περιβολή, anything thrown round; οι περιβολοι walls thrown round a town.

2. an enclosure, circuit, compass.

περι-βομβέω, f. ήσω, to hum round.

περι-βουνος, ov, surrounded by bills.

περι-βραχιόνιον, τό, (περί, βραχίον) an armlet or piece of armour for the arm.

περι-βρύχιος, α, ov, (περί, βρύχιος) surging all round. [β]

περι-βωτος, ov, Ion. for περιβόητος.

περι-γίγνομαι, Ion. and later form -γίνομαι [γ]: fut. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 -εγενόμην:—to be over or above:

I. to be superior, prevail over, overcome, excel: to be better or more advantageous, c. gen.

II. to live over; to survive, get over, escape from.

2. of things, to remain over and above.

3. also to remain as a result or consequence, to result or proceed from: cf. περίειμι (είμι sum).

περι-γλάγής, ές, (περί, γλάγος) full of milk.

περι-γληνώδαι, Dep. (περί, γληνή):—to turn round the eyeballs, glare around.

περι-γλωσσος, ov, (περί, γλώσσα) eloquent.

περι-γνάμπω, f. ψω, to bend round, fetch a compass round, double a headland.

περι-γογγύω, f. σω, to mutter or whisper round about.

περι-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (περιγράφω) anything marked round by a line, an enclosure, ring.

περι-γραπτός, όν, (περιγράφω) marked round, fenced in, enclosed.

περι-γράφή, ή, a marking round: an outline, sketch: an impression, print. From

περι-γράφω, f. ψω, to draw a line round, mark round, circumscribe; περιγράφειν κύκλον to draw a circle round.

2. to define, determine.

II. to draw in outline, sketch out, Lat. delineare.

III. to enclose within brackets, to strike out, cancel.

περι-δέδαισα, Ep. for περιέδαισα, aor. I of περιδέδω.

περι-δέδρομα, pf. of περιτρέχω.

περι-δέής, ές, (περί, δέος) very timid or fearful: Adv. -ώς, in great fear.

περι-δείδια, Ep. pf. of περιδέδω.

περι-δείδω, f. -δέσσομαι: aor. I περιέδαισα Ep. περιδέισα, part. περιδέεισας: pf. περιδέδοικα Ep. περιδέδια:—to fear very much, be in great fear or dread about one.

περι-δειπνον, τό, (περί, δείπνον) a funeral feast.

περι-δέξιος, ov, like ἀμφιδέξιος, using both hands alike, Lat. ambi-dexter.

II. generally, very dexterous, versatile, or expert.

περι-δέρομαι, Dep. I. intr. to look round about, gaze about.

II. trans. to look earnestly at.

περι-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind, tie round or on:—Med. to bind round oneself, put on.

περι-δήριτος, ov, (περί, δηρίω) fought for, disputed.

περι-δίδωμι, Ion. 2 and 3 sing. -διδοίς, -διδοί: f. -δώσω:—to give round.

II. Med. περιδίδωμι, fut. -δώσομαι: aor. 2 -εδόμην:—to stake or wager, c. gen. rei; τρίποδος περιδώμεθον let us make a wager of a tripod; έμέθεν περιδώσομαι αὐτῆς I will wager for myself, i. e. pledge myself; περιδίδωμι περί τῆς κεφαλῆς I stake my head: absol., περιδου νῦν έμοί come now, lay a wager with me.

περι-δινέω, f. ήσω, to whirl or wheel round:—Pass. to whirl oneself round, run round and round: to spin round, like a top; περιδινθήτην, Ep. 3 dual aor. I.

περι-δινής, ές, (περιδινέω) whirled round.

περι-δίω, old Ep. form for περιδέδω: to be much afraid about one.

περιδου, aor. 2 imper. med. of περιδίδωμι.

περι-δραμον, Ep. for περιέδραμον, aor. 2 of περιτρέχω.

περι-δράσσομαι, Dep. to grasp round with the hand.

περι-δρομάς, ἄδος, fem. of περιδρομος, surrounding, encompassing.

περιδρομή, ή, (περιδρομος) a running round and round, a circuit.

2. a revolution, orbit.

περιδρομος, ov, (περιδραμείν) running round, surrounding: circular.

2. going about, roaming.

3. pass. that can be run round, standing detached.

II. as Subst., περιδρομος, ό, like περιδρομή, that which surrounds or encompasses: as I. the string that runs round a net for closing it.

2. a gallery running round a building.

3. the rim of a shield.

περι-δρύπτω, f. ψω, to tear all round about:—Pass., Ep. 3 sing. aor. I περιδρύφηθ, he had the skin torn off all round.

περι-δύω, f. -ύσω, to pull off from around, strip off.

περιδώμεθον, I dual aor. 2 med. subj. of περιδίδωμι.
 περι-εδέδετο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of περιδέω.
 περι-έζωσμαι, pf. pass. of περιζώνωμι.
 περι-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, περιοράω
 being used instead:—to look about for, await. 2.
 to overlook, neglect, disregard, hence also to let pass,
 allow, suffer. II. pf. περιόειδα with pres. sense;
 plqpf. περιήθειν with impf. sense, Att. περιήθη; inf.
 περιεἶδεναι Ep. περιέμεναι: to know or understand
 better; βουλή περιίδμεναι ἄλλων to be better in
 counsel than others.
 περιελάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (περιείλω) wound round, en-
 circling.
 περι-εἰλίσσω, Ion. for περιελίσσω.
 περιεἶλον, aor. 2 of περιαιρέω.
 περι-εἶλλω or -εἰλέω, to fold or wrap round:—
 Pass. to be wrapped round. 2. to wrap up.
 περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί sum) to be around; τὰ περι-
 όντα circumstances. II. to be better than or su-
 perior to another, surpass. 2. to exceed in number,
 outnumber. III. over-live, outlive: absol. to sur-
 vive: of things, to be extant. 2. of property, to be
 over and above, to remain in hand. IV. to re-
 main as a result or consequence, come about, ensue:
 cf. περιγίνομαι.
 περι-εἰμι, (περί, εἰμί ibo) to go round or about,
 fetch a compass. 2. c. acc. to go round, compass;
 περιμένα φυλακάς to go the rounds of the guards. II.
 to come round to in turn. III. of Time, χρόνον
 περιόντος as time came round.
 περι-εἶρω, to insert or fix round.
 περιεκύρβεν, 3 sing. aor. 2 act. or 3 pl. aor. 2 pass.
 of περικρύπτω.
 περιελάσους, εως, ἦ, a driving or riding round: a
 place for driving round. From
 περι-ελαύνω, fut. -ελάσω: aor. I -ἤλασα: pf. -ελή-
 λαδα:—to drive round, push about, of cups. 2. to
 drive about, harass, distress. II. (sub. ἄρμα, ἵπ-
 πον, etc.) to drive or ride round.
 περι-ελεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιαιρέω.
 περι-ελίσσω Att. -πτω Ion. -εἰλίσσω:—f. ξω:—to
 roll or wind round:—Med. to roll round oneself.
 περι-έλω, f. -ελκύω [ῥ], to drag round or about.
 περι-έννυμι, to put round:—Med. to draw round one.
 περιεπατήκει, 3 sing. plqpf. of περιπατέω.
 περιέπεσον, aor. 2 of περιπίπτω.
 περι-έπω: impf. περιεἶπον: fut. περιέψω: aor. 2
 περιέσπον, inf. περιεσπείν: fut. med. inf. περιέψεσθαι:
 aor. I pass. inf. περιεφθῆναι:—to be busy about, tend
 diligently, take care of: of persons, to treat with at-
 tention; εὖ περιέπειν τινά to treat a man well; but,
 τρηχέως περιέπειν to handle roughly:—so in Pass.,
 τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι ὑπό τινος to be roughly handled
 by one; καλῶς περιέπεσθαι to be well treated:—also,
 περιέπειν τινά ὡς or ἅτε πολέμιον to treat one as an
 enemy.
 περι-εργάζομαι, f. -σομαι: pf. -εἶργασμαι: Dep.:—
 to waste one's labour: to be employed overmuch about

a thing, to be over-officious; τῶ θυλάκῳ περιεργά-
 σθαι (pf. inf.) that they had overdone it with their
 'sack' (i. e. need not have used the word). 2. to
 meddle, interfere, be officious.
 περι-εργός, ov, (περί, ἔργον) over-careful, taking
 needless trouble: τὰ περιεργα curious arts. 2.
 meddling, interfering, officious. II. pass. over-
 wrought, elaborate, expensive. 2. superfluous.
 περι-εργῆ Att. -εἶργω, f. ξω, to enclose all round,
 encompass.
 περι-εργῆν, aor. 2 pass. of περιεργέω.
 περι-έρρω, to wander or ramble about.
 περι-έρχομαι, impf. περιηρχόμην: f. -ελεῦσομαι:
 aor. 2 -ἤλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα:—to go round, go
 about: esp. to go about canvassing, like Lat. ambire:
 c. acc. loci, to go round, visit in succession. 2. of
 Time, to come round. II. to go round and re-
 turn to a spot, to come round to; ἡ τίσις περιήθη
 τὸν Πανιώνιον vengeance came at last upon him.
 III. c. acc. pers., like Lat. circumvenire, to come
 round, overreach, cheat.
 περι-εσθῆναι, f. -έδομαι, to gnaw round about.
 περιεσκεμμαι, pf. pass. of περισκοπέω.
 περιεσπάτω, 3 sing. impf. pass. of περιεσπάω.
 περι-εσσι, Ep. for περι-ει, 2 sing. of περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum).
 περιεστῶς, pf. part. of περιεστήμι.
 περιεσχον, aor. 2 of περιέχω.
 περι-εσχάτος, η, ov, about the last.
 περι-έφθος, ov, (περί, ἐφθός), thoroughly boiled.
 περι-έχω: f. περιέξω and περιεσχῆσω: aor. 2 περιέ-
 σχον, inf. περιεσχέιν: aor. 2 med. περιεσχόμεν, inf.
 περιεσχέσθαι:—to hold around, encompass, embrace,
 surround: of a city, to beleague or blockade. II.
 like περιεἰμι (εἰμί sum) II, to be superior to, surpass,
 overcome: to outnumber, to outflank. III.
 Med. to clasp round, and so to take charge of, to pro-
 tect. 2. to hold fast on by, to cling to, cleave to.
 3. to be pressing, urgent with.
 περι-εζάμενως, Adv. (περί, ζαμενής) very powerfully
 or violently.
 περι-εζέω poet. -ξείω, f. -ξέσω, to boil round about.
 περι-έζυγος, ov, also περιέζυξ, ὄγος, ὅ, ἡ, (περί, ζυ-
 γόν) over and above a pair, more than a pair: so,
 of horses' harness, περίζυγα are spare straps.
 περιέζωμα, atos, τό, an apron. From
 περι-ζώννυμι or -ύω: f. -ζώσω: to gird round:—
 Med. to gird round oneself, put on as a belt or apron.
 Hence
 περιεζώμενος, aor. I med. part.
 περι-ζώστρα, ἦ, (περί, ζώστρον) a girdle, apron.
 περι-ηγέωμαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to lead round, about,
 shew the way round. Hence
 περιηγητής, ἐς, (περιάγω) drawn round, lying in a
 circle, forming a circle: circular.
 περιήγησις, εως, ἦ, like περιγραφή, a sketch, out-
 line: generally, a form, figure.
 περιήδη, Att. plqpf. of περιόειδα: see περιεἶδον.
 περι-ήκω, f. ξω, to have come round to one, to have

arrived at last : c. acc., τὰ σὲ περιήκοντα *that which has come round to thee, fallen upon thee.*

περιήλθον, aor. 2 of περιέρχομαι.

περιήλυσις, ἡ, (περιέρχομαι) *a coming round, revolution.*

περι-ημεκτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be greatly aggrieved or disconcerted at a thing, c. dat. : c. gen. pers. to be greatly aggrieved at or with him.* (The deriv. of ἡμεκτέω is uncertain.)

περιήνεκα, Ion. aor. I of περιφέρω.

περι-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, *to echo or ring all round.*

περι-θαλπής, ἐς, (περί, θάλπος) *very warm or hot.*

περιθεΐς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of περιτίθημι.

περιθεσις, εἰσα, ἡ, (περιτίθημι) *a placing or putting round, putting on.*

περιθετός, ἡ, ὄν, and περιθετός, ὄν, (περιτίθημι) *put round, put on, assumed, of false hair.*

περι-θέω, f. -θέυσομαι, *to run round.*

περι-θεωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to go round and observe.*

περι-θύμος, ὄν, (περί, θυμός) *very wrathful.* Adv., περιθύμως ἔχειν *to be very angry.*

περι-ιάπτω, f. ψω, *to wound all round.*

περι-ιάχω [ᾶ], *to ring around, re-echo* : Ep. 3 sing. impf. περίαχε [ῖ] *for περίαχε.*

περιιδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 περιεἶδον.

περιιδμεναι, Ep. *for περιεἶδεναι*, inf. of περιόιδα.

περι-ίζομαι, Dep. *to sit round about.*

περι-ίστημι, f. περιστήσω : aor. I -έστησα ;—*to place or set round a person or thing* : metaph. *to bring round to a certain state.* 2. aor. I med. περιστήσομαι *is also trans., to place round oneself.*

II. Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην : pf. -έστηκα : plqpf. -έστημεν ;—*to stand round about : to encircle, surround, encompass.* 2. *to come round to, devolve upon* : of events, *to come round to be so and so, turn out, esp. for the worse.*

3. *to go round so as to avoid, to shun.*

περι-ίσχω, = περιέχω.

περιιδόν, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of περιεἶμι (εἶμι)

περι-κάθαρμα, ατος, τό, *an offscouring, defilement* : hence *a polluted wretch.*

περι-καθίζομαι, Dep. *to sit down round about, esp. to invest, beleague a town.*

περι-κάθημαι Ion. -κάτμηαι, inf. -ἦσθαι : (properly pf. pass. of περικαθέζομαι) ;—*to be seated round, to sit round ; περικαθησθαι πόλιω* *to beleague or invest a town* : of ships, *to blockade* : c. acc. pers. *to sit beside one as a companion.*

περι-καίω, fut. -καύσω, *to set on fire, burn round about* :—Pass. *to be scorched all round* : metaph. *to be inflamed.*

περι-καλλής, ἐς, (περί, κάλλος) *very beautiful.*

περι-καλύπτω, f. ψω, *to put round as a covering, trow as a veil over.* II. *to cover all round, cover completely.*

περι-κατάγγνυμι, f. άξω, *to break all round.*

περι-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, *to embrace all round.* 2. *to overtake.* 3. *to constrain, compel.*

περι-καταρρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι, *to fall down all round, go to ruin.*

περι-καταρρήγγνυμι, f. -ρήξω, *to tear down round about, rend off* :—Med. *to rend one's own garment.*

περι-κάτμηαι, Ion. *for περικάθημαι.*

περι-κάω, Att. *for περικαίω.* [ᾶ]

περι-κείμαι, inf. -κείσθαι, used as Pass. of περιτίθημι, with f. med. -κείσομαι ;—*to be put round, to lie round or so as to embrace* : absol., τεῖχος περικείται *a wall is round about.* 2. metaph. *to be over and above, profit* ; οὐ τι μοι περικείται *there is no advantage for me.* II. *to have round one, to have on one ; περικείμενος ὕβριν* *clad in arrogance.*

περι-κείρω, f. -κέρσω, *to shear or clip all round* :—Med., περικείρεσθαι τρίχας *to clip one's hair.*

περικεκλημένοις, Ion. pf. pass. part. of περικλείω.

περι-κεφαλαία, ἡ, (περί, κεφαλή) *a helmet.*

περι-κήδομαι, Dep. *to be very anxious or concerned about one.*

περι-κῆλος, ὄν, (περί, κῆλον) *exceeding dry, well-dried.*

περι-κίδναμαι, Pass. *to spread round about.*

περι-κιάω, f. -κιάσω, *to break around.*

περι-κλεής, ἐς, (περί, κλέος) *far-famed.*

περι-κλειτός, ὄν, *famous all round, far-famed.*

περι-κλήω Ion. -κλήω old Att. -κλήω : f. -κλείσω or -κλήσω : (περί, κλείω) ;—*to shut in all round, enclose, environ* : *to surround, of ships.*

περι-κλύζω, f. -ύσω, *to wash all round* :—Pass. *to be washed all round, of an island.* Hence

περικλυστός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. also ος, ὄν, *washed all round by the sea, sea-washed, sea-girt.*

περι-κλυτός, ἡ, ὄν, *beard of all round, famous, renowned, Lat. inclutus* : of things, *excellent, noble, glorious.*

περι-κνιδιον, τό, *a stalk or sprig.*

περι-κνίζω, f. -ίω, *to scratch all round* :—Med., poet. aor. I περικνεῖσθαι *to gnaw all round.*

περι-κοκύζω, f. σω, *to cry cuckoo all round.*

περι-κομίζω, f. -ίω, *to carry round* :—Pass. *to be conveyed round, hence to go round.*

περικόμμα, ατος, τό, (περικόπτω) *that which is cut off all round, the clippings, trimmings ; περικόμματα*

είς σου σκενύω *I will make minced meat of you.*

περικόμμιον, τό, Dim. of περικόμμα.

περι-κομψός, ὄν, *very elegant, exquisite.*

περι-κονδύλο-πωρο-φιλα, ἡ, (περί, κόνδυλος, πάρος, φιλέω) fem. Adj., epith. of the gout, *exceeding fond of swelled knuckles.*

περικοπή, ἡ, *a cutting all round, mutilation.* From

περι-κόπτω, f. ψω, *to cut all round, clip, mutilate.* 2. *to cut down the fruit-trees in an enemy's country, to lay waste, plunder.*

περι-κράτης, ἐς, (περί, κράτος) *having full command of.*

περι-κρεμάννυμι : f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], Att. -κρεμᾶ :—*to hang up all round* :—Pass. *to be hung about, cling to, c. dat.* Hence

περι-κρεμής, *és*, *hung round with a thing.*
 περι-κρούω, *f. σω*, to strike or knock all round.
 περι-κρύβω [ῥ], late form of περικρύπτω.
 περι-κρύπτω, *f. ψω*, to cover all round, conceal: to hide oneself.
 περι-κτίονες, *όνων, οἱ*, Ep. dat. pl. περικτιόνεσσι, (περί, κτί(ω)) like ἀμφι-κτιόνες, the dwellers around, neighbours.
 περι-κτίται [τ], *ών, οἱ*, = περικτιόνες.
 περι-κυκλώμαι, *f. ἴσομαι*: Dep. to encircle, encompass, enclose.
 περι-κυκλόω, *f. ώω*, to encircle, encompass. Hence περικυκλώσις, *ή*, an encircling.
 περι-κύλινδρώ: *f. -κυλίω [ε]*:—to roll round: Pass. to be rolled about.
 περι-κύμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (περί, κύμα) surrounded by the waves.
 περι-κωμάζω, *f. άσω*, to go about with a party of revellers (κώμος) to carouse around.
 περι-κωμάω, *f. ήσω*, (περί, κώμος) to smear all over with pitch; περικωμείν τὰ ἐμβαδία to black shoes.
 περι-λάλέω, *f. ήσω*, to chatter on all sides or beyond measure.
 περι-λαμβάνω, *f. -λήψομαι*: aor. 2 περιέλαβον:—to seize around, embrace. 2. to encompass, surround: hence to get possession of, catch, secure:—Pass. to be caught. II. to comprehend, take in.
 III. to constrain, compel.
 περι-λάμπω, *f. ψω*, to shine or beam round about.
 περι-λείβομαι, Pass. to be shed all over.
 περι-λείπω, *f. ψω*, to leave remaining:—Pass. to be left remaining, survive.
 περι-λείχω, *f. ζω*, to lick all round: lick clean.
 περιλέξις, *ή*, (περιλέγω) circumlocution.
 περι-λέπω, *f. ψω*, to strip off all round.
 περι-λεσχήμεντος, *ον*, (περί, λεσχηνεύω) talked about on all sides, much discussed.
 περι-λιμνάζω, *f. άσω*, (περί, λίμνη) to surround with water, insulate.
 περι-λιχμάομαι, Dep. = περιλείχω.
 περι-λοιπος, *ον*, left remaining.
 περι-λουώ, *f. σω*, to wash all round, wash carefully.
 περι-λύπος, *ον*, (περί, λύπη) exceeding sorrowful.
 περι-μαίμω, to gaze eagerly round: Ep. part. fem. περιμαίμωσα.
 περι-μαίνομαι, Dep. to rage round about.
 περι-μακής, *és*, Dor. for περιμηκής.
 περι-μάρναμαι, Dep. to fight round about: also to fight for a thing.
 περι-μάσσω Att. -ττω: *f. ζω*:—to wipe all round: metaph. to purify by magic arts.
 περιμάχητος, *ον*, fought about, fought for; and so, to be desired. From
 περι-μάχομαι [ά], Dep. to fight around.
 περι-μένω, to wait for one, await, expect. II. intr. to wait, abide.
 περι-μεστος, *ον*, full all round, very full.
 περι-μετρον, τό, (περί, μέτρον) the circumference.

περι-μετρος, *ον*, (περί, μέτρον) above measure, very large, immense. II. measuring round: as Subst., περιμετρος (sub. γραμμή), *ή*, a circumference.
 περι-μήκετος, *ον*, ποῖετ. for περιμήκης.
 περι-μήκης, *és*, (περί, μήκος) very tall, high or long.
 περι-μηχανάομαι, *f. -ήσομαι*: Ep. 3 pl. impf. -μηχανάωντο: Dep.:—to contrive cunningly, scheme craftily for.
 περι-μυχάομαι, Dep. to bellow around.
 περι-ναιετάω, to dwell round about or near. 2. in pass. sense to be inhabited.
 περιναιέτης, *ον, ό*, a neighbour. From
 περι-ναίω and Med. -ναίομαι, to dwell round.
 περι-νέφελος, *ον*, (περί, νεφέλη) overclouded.
 περι-νέω, *f. ήσω*: aor. I inf. περινήσαι Ep. -νήησαι: (περί, νέω):—to pile round.
 περι-νεως, *ό*, gen. -νεω, nom. pl. περινεω: (περί, νεώς gen. of ναύς): a supernumerary in a ship, a passenger, as opp. to a rower (πρόσκαπος).
 περινήσας Ep. -νήησας, aor. I part. of περινέω.
 περι-νίσσομαι, Dep. to go round: of Time, to recur.
 περι-νοέω *f. ήσω*, to consider on all sides: to contrive cunningly.
 περινοῦά, *ή*, intelligence. II. over-wiseness. From
 περι-νοος, *ον*, (περί, νόος) exceeding wise.
 περι-νοστήω, *f. ήσω*, to go round or about.
 περίξ, strength. for περί. I. Prep. round about, all round; c. gen., but mostly c. acc. II. Adv. round about.
 περι-ξεστός, *ή, όν*, polished all round.
 περι-ξέω, *f. -ξέσω*, to polish all round.
 περι-ξύρω Ion. -έω, *f. ήσω*, to shave all round.
 περι-οδος, *ή*, a going round, the making a circuit round. II. a way round: a circuit, compass; τήν περίοδον absol., in circumference. III. a book of travels, account of countries travelled over: also a map or chart. IV. a going round in a circuit, a cycle of years, a period of time. 2. a course at dinner; περίοδος λόγων table-talk. 3. the orbit of a heavenly body. 4. a fit that recurs at intervals. V. a well-rounded sentence, period.
 περίοδα, pf. of περιείδω: see περιείδω II.
 περι-οικέω, *f. ήσω*, to dwell round about: c. acc. to dwell round a person or slave.
 περι-οικίς, *ιδος, ή*, fem. of περίοικος, dwelling or lying round about, neighbouring. II. as Subst., περιοικίς (sub. γή or χώρα), *ή*, the country round: also the suburbs, outskirts.
 περι-οικοδομέω, *f. ήσω*: pf. pass. -φοκοδόμημαι Ion. -οικοδομμαι:—to build round about. II. to enclose by building round:—Pass. to be built up, walled in.
 περι-οικος, *ον*, (περί, οικέω) dwelling round about or near, neighbouring. II. οἱ περίοικοι were, in Laconia, the free inhabitants of the country-towns, the remains of the original inhabitants, who enjoyed civil but not political privileges, opp. on the one hand to the Spartans, and on the other to the Helots.

περιοίω, fut. of περιφέρω.

περιολισθάνω, f. -ολισθήσω, to slip about.

περιόντα, part. neut. pl. of περίεμι (εἰμι sum).

περι-οπτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of περιοράω (see περιοίωμαι), to be overlooked, suffered or disregarded.

II. neut. περι-οπτόν, one must overlook or suffer.

περι-οπτος, ον, (περιοίωμαι) seen from all sides: admired, admirable.

περι-οράω: impf. περιεώραν Ion. περιώραν: pf. περιεώρακα or -εώρακα: pass. περιεώραμαι:—f. περιόψομαι, from an obsol. verb περιόπτωμαι; whence also aor. I pass. περιώφθην, pf. περιώψαμι:—(for aor. 2 περιείδον, pf. περίοιδα, see περι-είδον):—to look around for, wait for.

II. to overlook, to disregard, suffer to be or do. III. Med. to look about before doing a thing, to be circumspect, delay, wait: to shrink from. 2. c. gen. to look about for, Lat. respicere.

περι-οργής, ές, (περί, οργή) very angry, wrathful: Adv. -οργώς, very wrathfully.

περι-ορθρον, τό, (περί, ορθρος) daybreak, dawn.

περι-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out by boundaries.

Hence περιορισμός, οὔ, δ, a marking out by boundaries. περι-ορμέω, f. ήσω, to be moored or anchor round so as to blockade.

περι-ορμίξω, f. ίσω, to bring round a ship to anchor:—Med. and Pass. to come to anchor round.

περι-ορύσσω Att. -τω, f. ζω, to dig round.

περιουσία, ή, (περίεμι) that which is over and above: a surviving. 2. that which remains over and above, the residue, surplus, abundance, plenty.

3. superiority, advantage. Hence περιούσιος, ον, more than enough, abundant. 2. peculiar, proper.

περιοχή, ή, (περιέχω) the full meaning or contents. II. a section of a book.

περιοίωμαι, used as fut. of περιοράω, formed from *περιόπτωμαι.

περι-παπταίνω, to look timidly round.

περι-πατέω, f. ήσω, to walk round, walk about: to walk, live. Hence

περιπατητικός, ή, όν, given to walking about, esp. while teaching: hence Aristotle and his followers were called Περιπατητικοί, Peripatetici.

περί-πάτος, ό, (περί, πατέω) a walking about, strolling, Lat. ambulatio. II. a place for walking, a covered walk.

III. a conversation during a walk: generally, a philosophical discussion.

περι-πέρω, to put round a spit, to pierce through.

περι-πέλομαι, Dep.: syncop. Ep. part. περιπλόμενος: (περί, πλώω):—to move round, to be round or about. 2. of Time, to come round, revolve, recur.

περιπεμπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of περιπέμπω, sent round.

περι-πέμπω: f. ψω: aor. I pass. περιεπέμφθην:—to send round, despatch in different directions.

περιπέπταμαι, pf. pass. of περιπετάννυμι.

περι-πέσσω Att. -τω: f. -πέψω: aor. I pass. -επέφθην:—to bake all round: metaph. to crust or gloss over: to cajole, aor. I pass. part. περιεφθειέαι cajoled.

περιπεσείν, περιπεσών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of περιπίπτω.

περι-πετάννυμι or -ύω: f. -πετάσω [ά]: pf. pass. -πέπταμαι or -πέπτασμαι:—to spread or stretch around: to spread out. Hence

περι-πεταστός, ή, όν, spread round, outspread.

περιπέτετα, ή, (περιπέτης) a sudden change of fortune, a reverse, on which the plot of a Tragedy turns.

περιπετής, ές, (περιπίπτω) falling round, with arms clasped round. 2. enfolded, encompassed; but, έγχος περιπετές the sword on which he had fallen.

II. falling in with. III. changing suddenly, reversed; περιπετή πρήγματα: a sudden reverse of circumstances.

περι-πέτομαι: f. -πετήσομαι syncop. -πήσομαι: Dep.:—to fly around.

περι-πευκής, ές, (περί, πείκη) very sharp or keen.

περι-πήγνυμι or -ύω: f. -πήξω:—to fix round, to put as a fence round. II. to make to congeal round:—Pass. to grow stiff round: of shoes, to be frozen on the feet.

περι-πηδάω, f. -ήσομαι, to leap round about.

περι-πίπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to fill entirely:—Pass. to be quite filled.

περι-πίμπρημι, to set on fire round about: impf. 3 sing. and pl. περι-επίμπρα, -επίμπρασαι.

περι-πίπτω: f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον: pf. -πέπτωκα:—to fall around, so as to embrace. 2. to fall round or upon a sword. II. to fall in with, esp. of ships: also to fall foul of, be dashed or wrecked against. 2. metaph. to fall into, be betrayed into; έαυτώ περιπίπτειν to be caught in one's own snare. II. of a thing, to be full one.

περι-πίνω, = περιπίπτω, to come over or upon.

περι-πλανάω, to make to wander about:—Pass. to wander or roam about: metaph. to flutter or hover round about: to be in a state of uncertainty. Hence

περιπλάνιος, ον, wandering, roving about.

περιπλέγδην, Adv. closely twined, in close embrace. Form

περι-πλέω, f. ζω, to twine round about. 2. to intertwine, interweave:—Pass., aor. I -επλέχθην, pf. -πέπλεγμα: to fold oneself round, cling to, clasp, c. dat.; ίστώ περιπλεχθείς folded round the mast.

περι-πλευρος, ον, (περί, πλευρά) covering the side.

περιπλέχθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περιπλέκω.

περι-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι and -πλευσοῦμαι: aor. I -έπλευσα: Ion. -πλώω:—to sail or swim round, to circumnavigate, c. acc.

περί-πλεως, αν, nom. pl. -πλεω, -πλεα: Ion. περί-πλεος, ον:—quite full, over-full.

περι-πληθής, ές, (περί, πλήθος) very full: very populous: also very large.

περιπλ. κάδην, Adv. (περίπλοκος) twined round.

περιπλοκή, ἡ, (περιπλέω) a twining round. 2. entanglement, intricacy.

περίπλοκος, ον, (περιπλέω) enfolded: entangled. περιπλόμενος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of περιπέλομαι.

περί-πλοος, ον, contr. -πλοος, ον, (περιπλέω) act. sailing round. II. pass. that may be sailed round.

περί-πλοος, ὁ, contr. -πλοος, gen. -πλου; nom. pl. -πλοι: (περιπλέω): a sailing round, c. gen.: a circumnavigating. 2. the account of a coasting voyage.

περι-πλύνω [ῶ], to wash all round, wash clean.

περι-πλώω, Ion. for περιπλέω.

περι-πνέω, poët. for περιπνέω.

περι-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe round.

περι-πόθητος, ον, (περί, ποθέω) desired on all sides, much beloved.

περι-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make to remain over and above, to preserve, keep safe, protect. 2. to save up, lay by: to lay up in store, procure. II. Med. to keep or get for oneself, to compass, acquire, gain possession of. Hence

περιποίησις, εως, ἡ, a keeping safe: an acquiring, gaining possession.

περιπολ-άρχης, ον, or -αρχος, ον, ὁ, (περίπολος, ἄρχω) a superintendent of guards or patrols.

περι-πολέω, f. ἦσω, to go round, wander about, range about. 2. c. acc. to traverse. 3. to walk round, as a patrol.

περι-πόλιον, τό, a station for περίπολοι, a guard-house. From

περί-πολος, ον, (περί, πολέω) going round, going the rounds. II. as Subst., 1. περίπολοι, οἱ, the patrol: at Athens young citizens between 18 and 20 who were employed on home service, to guard the frontier, Lat. *publici custodes*. 2. generally, περίπολος, ὁ, an attendant, follower.

περι-πόνητος, ον, very villainous.

περι-πόρφυρος, ον, (περί, πορφυρά) edged with purple, Lat. *praetextatus*.

περι-ποτάομαι, poët. for περιπέτομαι, to bower about.

περι-πρό, Adv., = *περὶ πρό*, very, especially.

περι-προχέω, f. -χέω: aor. I -έχεα: pf. -κέχυκα:—to pour forth round or over: Pass. aor. I part., ἔπος θυμὸν περιπροχύθεις ἐδάμασσε love gushing forth over his soul overcame it.

περίπτισμα, ατος, τό, a husk, skin. From περι-πτίσσω, to strip off the husk or skin: pf. pass. part. περιπτισμένος free from chaff, clean winnowed.

περίπτωμα, ατος, τό, (περιπτύσσω) anything folded round, a covering.

περιπτύξας, ασα, αν, aor. I part. of περιπτύσσω.

περι-πτύσσω, f. ξω: aor. I περιέπτυξα:—to enfold, enwrap, ensbroud: to clasp, embrace: as military terms, to outflank. II. to fold round: Pass. to be folded round, coil round. Hence

περιπτύχή, ἡ, something enfolding, a cloak, fence; τευχῶν περιπτυχῶν the fence or circuit of walls; Ἀχαιῶν ναυλοχοῦ περιπτυχῶν the naval fence or bulwark of the Achaeans. 2. an enfolding, embracing.

περιπτύχης, ἐς, (περιπτύσσω) folded round; φασγάνω περιπτυχῆς fallen round (i. e. upon) his sword.

περι-πτώσσω, to fear very much.

περιρᾶγής, ἐς, (περιρραγῆναι) broken or rent round about.

περι-ραίνω, f. ἄνω, to besprinkle or wet round about. Hence

περιρᾶγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of περιρᾶγγνμι. περιρραντήριον, τό, a vessel for sprinkling water at sacrifices: a vessel for lustral water.

περι-ρέω, f. -ρέσομαι: pf. -ερρήκα: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήνι:—to flow round, c. acc.:—Pass. to be surrounded by water. II. to slip from off a thing; ἡ ἀσπίς περιερρήη εἰς τὴν θάλασσαν his shield slipped off into the sea. 2. to overflow on all sides: to run over, to be in abundance.

περιρ-ρήγγνμι and -ύω, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα: Pass., aor. 2 -εράγγν [ᾶ]: intr. pf. -εράραγα:—to break off round: to rend all round, to rend and tear off:—Pass. to be rent and torn off: to be broken or parted all round; κατὰ τὸ ὄξυ τοῦ Δέλτα περιρρηγνυται ὁ Νεῖλος at the apex of the Delta the Nile is broken round it, i. e. breaks into several branches.

περιρρηθῆς, ἐς, (περιρρέω) falling round or upon.

περιρροή, ἡ, (περιρρέω) a flowing round about.

περιρροος, ον, contr. -ρροος, ον, (περιρρέω) like περίρρυτος, surrounded with water.

περίρρυτος, ον, also η, ον, (περιρρέω) surrounded with water, sea-girt. 2. act. flowing round, c. gen., πεδία περίρρυτα Σικελίας the waters that flow round Sicily.

περι-σαίνω Ep. περισ-σαίνω, to wag the tail round, fawn upon.

περι-σεῖω poët. περισσεῖω, f. σω, to shake all round:—Pass. to be shaken all round, wave about, float upon the air.

περί-σεμνος, ον, also η, ον, very solemn.

περί-σεπτος, ον, also η, ον, (περί, σέβομαι) much revered, greatly honoured.

περί-σημος, ον, (περί, σῆμα) very famous or distinguished, Lat. *insignis*.

περισθενέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceedingly powerful, to be strong above measure. From

περι-σθενής, ἐς, (περί, σθένος) exceeding strong or powerful.

περι-σκελής, ἐς, (περί, σκέλλω) dried or hardened all round, rigid. 2. metaph. obstinate, stubborn, unbending.

περι-σκελίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (περί, σκέλος) a band for the leg, a garter or anklet.

περί-σκεπτος, ον, (περί, σκέπτομαι) to be seen on all sides, far-seen, conspicuous: admired.

περισκέψομαι, fut. of περισκοπέω.
 περι-σκιάζω, f. σω, to overshadow.
 περι-σκιρτάω, f. ἦσω, to leap round or about.
 περι-σκοπέω: f. -σκέψομαι: aor. I -σκεψάμην: pf. -έσκεμμαι, formed from *περισκέπτομαι:—to look round. 2. to consider on all sides or well, to look at from all points: to watch and see: to look about one, be circumspect.
 περι-σκυλακισμός, οὔ, δ, (περί, σκύλαξ) a sacrifice in which a ruffly was sacrificed and carried round.
 περι-σπαράζω, f. ἦσω, to rattle all round.
 περι-σμούχω, to consume by a smouldering fire. [ῥ] II.
 περι-σοβέω, f. ἦσω, to chafe or push about. II.
 intr. to run round about, c. acc.
 περι-σοφίζομαι, Dep. to overreach, trick.
 περι-σπάω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to draw off from around, strip off:—Med. to strip oneself of a thing. II.
 to ubeel round. III. Pass. to be drawn different ways, distracted.
 περι-σπέννυμι, aor. 2 inf. of περιέπω. *
 περι-σπερχέω, = περισπερχῆς εἶμι, to be very indignant. From
 περι-σπερχῆς, ἐς, (περί, σπέρχω) very hasty or hurried; περισπερχῆς πάθος an over-hasty death.
 περι-σπλαγχνος, ον, (περί, σπλάγχνον) great-hearted.
 περι-σαίνω, Ep. for περισαίω.
 περι-σσειά, ἡ, (περισσεύω) superfluity, abundance. II. superiority, preeminence.
 περι-σειώ, poet. for περισειά.
 περι-σσευμα, τό, superabundance: that which is left or is over, a remnant. From
 περι-σσεύω later Att. -πτεύω: impf. ἐπερίσσειον: (περισσός):—to be over and above, outnumber, be too many for, c. gen. II. to be more than enough; τὰ περιττεύοντα what remains over, the surplus; τοσοῦτον τῷ Περικλεῖ ἐπερίσσειε such an abundance of reason had Pericles. 2. in bad sense, to be over-much or superfluous. III. to have more than enough of a thing, c. gen. IV. later in causal sense, to make to abound.
 περι-σσο-λογία, ἡ, (περισσός, λόγος) useless talking, wordiness, verbiage.
 περι-σσοός later Att. περιπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (περί) above measure, more than the average, above the common: uncommon: c. gen. beyond, greater than; περισσός ἄλλων πρὸς τι beyond others in a thing. 2. strange, unusual: in bad sense, monstrous; in good, extraordinary. II. more than sufficient; τὸ περισσόν a surplus, residue; περισαῖ σκηναί spare tents. III. in bad sense, superfluous, excessive; περισαῖ δρᾶν to be over-busy; περισαῖ φρονεῖν to be over-wise. 2. of speeches, over-subtle, refined over-much: artificial. IV. of numbers, odd, uneven, Lat. impar, opp. to ἄριστος.
 περι-σσοότης later Att. περιπτότης, ητος, ἡ, (περισσός) superfluity, excess.
 περι-σσο-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (περισσός, φρήν) over-wise.

περισσῶς, Adv. of περισσός, exceedingly: Comp. περισσότερον more abundantly. 2. οὐδὲν περισσότερον, Lat. nihil aliud, nothing else; so, οὐδὲν περισσότερον ἢ εἰ . . no otherwise than if.
 περι-στάδον, Adv. (περίστημι) standing round about.
 περι-στάζω, f. ξω, to drop or trickle round about.
 περιστάθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of περίστημι. [ᾶ]
 περιστάτην, aor. 2 opt. of περίστημι.
 περιστάς, -σάσας, -σάσας, aor. 2 part. of περίστημι.
 περί-στάτος, ον, (περίστημι) surrounded, admired by the crowd.
 περι-σταυρόω, f. ὠσω, to fence about with a palisade, fortify or fence round:—Med. to fortify oneself with a palisade.
 περιστέλλας, aor. I part. of περιστέλλω.
 περι-στείχω, f. ξω, to go round about.
 περιστείωσι, Ep. for περιστάσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περίστημι.
 περι-στέλω, f. -στέλω: aor. I -έστελα:—to dress, clothe, to wrap round: to lay out a corpse, Lat. componere; hence to bury. II. to wrap up, cover, cloak. III. to take care of, protect, maintain; περιστέλλειν αἰδᾶν to uphold minstrelsy; περιστέλλειν ἔργα to attend to agriculture.
 περι-στενάχίζω, f. ἴσω, to sigh, groan about or over, bemoan:—Med. to echo around.
 περι-στένω, to cram full all round: Pass. to be crammed full. II. to groan around.
 περίστυπος, ον, (περιστέφα) crowned, wreathed.
 ΠΕΡΙΣΤΕΡΑΪ, ἡ, a dove, pigeon.
 περιστερέων, ὄνος, ὁ, a dove-cote. From
 περι-στερέφανος, f. ὠσω, (περί, στέφανος) to encircle, surround as with a crown.
 περιστεφής, ἐς, wreathed, crowned; ἀνθέων περιστεφής with a crown of flowers. II. act. twining, encircling. From
 περι-στεφέω, f. ψω, to surround as with a crown, enwreath.
 περίστησαν, Ep. for περιέστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of περίστημι.
 περιεστήσαντο, Ep. for περιεστήσαντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. of περίστημι.
 περιστήωσι, Ep. for περιστάσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of περίστημι.
 περι-στίω, f. ξω: aor. I -έστιξα:—to dot at equal intervals, hence to place round at equal distances. 2. c. dat. to stick round with things.
 περι-στίλβω, f. ψω, to beam or flash round about.
 περι-στίχιζω, f. σω, (περί, στίχος) to put all round.
 περι-στοιχίζω, f. σω, (περί, στοίχος) to surround with tools or nets:—Med. to hedge in.
 περί-στοιχος, ον, (περί, στοίχος) set round in rows.
 περι-στοναχίζω, to groan all round.
 περι-στρατοπεδεύομαι, f. σομαι: aor. I -εστρατοπεδεύομαι: Dep.:—to encamp about, invest, besiege, beleaguer.

περι-στρέφω, f. ψω, to whirl round, of one preparing to throw a stone:—Pass. to be turned round, to spin round. Hence

περιστροφή, ἡ, a turning round: an orbit or revolution.

περι-στρωφάω, f. ἤσω, to turn round often:—Pass. to go round about to; περιστροφόμενος πάντα τὰ χρηστήρια going round to all the oracles.

περί-στύλος, ον, (περί, στύλος) with pillars set round, surrounded with a colonnade:—as Subst., περί-στυλον, τό, a colonnade round a building.

περι-σφάλῃς, ἐς, (περί, σφαλῆναι) very slippery.

περι-σφύριος, ον, (περί, σφύρον) round the ankle:—as Subst., περισφύριον, τό, an ankle.

περί-σφύρος, ον, = περισφύριος.

περισχέμεν, Ep. for περισχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of περιέχω.

περισχεο, Ep. for περισχου, aor. 2 med. imperat. of περιέχω.

περι-σχίζω, f. ἴσω, to slit all round, cut off. II. Pass., of a river, to split into two branches, so as to enclose a space.

περι-σχοινίζω, f. ἴσω, (περί, σχοῖνος) to part off by a rope, as in the Athenian law-courts, to keep the judges apart from the people.

περι-σώζω, f. σω, to save alive, save from death:—Pass. to escape with one's life.

περι-τάμνω, Ion. for περιτέμνω.

περι-ταφρεύω, f. σω, (περί, τάφρος) to dig a trench round, surround with a trench.

περι-τείνω, f. -τενώ, (περί, τείνω) to stretch all round or over.

περι-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω, to wall all round, fortify. 2. to build a wall round, invest, beleaguer, blockade:—Pass. to be built round. Hence

περιτειχίστις, ἡ, a walling round, an investing, beleaguering.

περιτειχισμα, τό, (περιτειχίζω) a wall built round, blockading wall.

περιτειχισμός, ὁ, (περιτειχίζω) a walling round, blockading.

περι-τελέω, f. ἔσω, to finish completely.

περι-τέλλομαι, Pass. (περί, τέλλω) to go or run round; of Time, to revolve.

περιτεμεῖν, inf. fut. of περιτέμνω.

περι-τέμνω Ion. and Ep. περιτάμνω: f. -τεμῶ: aor. 2 -τέμεον:—to cut round, clip round about:—Med., περιτάμνεσθαι τὰ αἰδοῖα to practise circumcision; περιτάμνεσθαι βραχίονας to make incisions all round one's arms.

II. to cut off the extremities: Pass., περιτέμνεσθαι γῆν to be curtailed or cut short of certain land.

III. to cut off, intercept; Med. to intercept for oneself: Pass. to be cut off or intercepted.

περι-τέρμων, ον, (περί, τέρμη) bounded all round.

περι-τέχνησις, ἡ, (περί, τέχνη) eminent art or cunning.

περι-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθηγ, imperat. -θες:—to place round about, put round or on:—Med. to put round oneself, put on. II. to

bestow or confer upon, invest with: also to impose upon.

περι-τίλλω, to pluck or strip all round.

περι-τίμηεις, εσσα, εν, (περί, τιμή) much honoured.

περιτομή, ἡ, (περιτέμνω) circumcision.

περι-τοξεύω, f. σω, to overshoot, outshoot.

περι-τραχήλιον, τό, (περί, τράχηλος) a necklace.

περι-τρέπω, f. -τρέψω: aor. I -έτρεψα:—to turn round about, to turn upside down, to overturn. II.

intr. to turn or go round, revolve.

περίτρεσαν, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I of περιτρέω.

περι-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω: aor. I -έθρεψα:—to make to congeal around:—Pass. to congeal or stiffen round about.

περι-τρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι: other tenses formed from *περι-δρέμω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον: pf. -δέδρομα:—to run round, spin or whirl round. II.

c. acc. to run round about, make the circuit of: to run round in quest of. 2. metaph. to come round, overreach.

περι-τρέω, f. -τρέσω, to tremble round about.

περιτριβής, ἐς, (περιτριβῆναι) worn all round. From

περι-τριβω, f. ψω: aor. I -έτριψα:—Pass., aor. 2 -ετριβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—to wear down all round. Hence

περίτριμμα, ατος, τό, anything worn smooth by rubbing: metaph. a practised knave.

περι-τρομέω, (περί, τρέμω) to tremble or quiver all round: Pass., σάρκες περιτρομέοντο μέλεσσω all the flesh quivered on his limbs.

περι-τροπέω, Ep. collat. form of περιτρέπω, intr. to turn oneself round; of Time, to revolve. 3. c. acc. to drive about, harass.

περιτροπή, ἡ, (περιτρέπω) a turning about, revolution; ἐν περιτροπῇ or ἐκ περιτροπῆς by turns.

περι-τρόχᾶλος, ον, = περίτροχος; neut. pl. as Adv., περιτρόχαλα κείρεσθαι to have one's hair clipped round about.

περι-τροχάω, collat. form of περιτρέχω, to run round: to crowd round about.

περίτροχος, ον, (περιτρέχω) running round, round.

περι-τρώγω, f. -τρώξομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to gnaw round about, nibble, carf at: to nibble off, purloin.

περιτεύω, περιτύος, etc., later Att. for περισεύω, περιστούς, etc.

περι-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτῦχον: pf. -τετύχηκα:—to happen to be about, at or near: to light upon, fall in with, meet with, encounter: also to happen to one, befall.

περι-τύμβιος, ον, (περί, τύμβος) round about the grave.

περι-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to treat with great insult, to insult very wantonly:—Pass. to be wantonly ill-treated.

περι-φαίνομαι, Pass. to be visible all round; ἐν περιφανομένῳ (sc. χώρῳ) on a spot seen far around.

περ. φάνεια, ἡ, a being seen all round: full knowledge, notoriety. [ᾶ] From
 περι-φάνης, ἐς, (περιφάνομαι) seen all round: manifest: Comp. and Sup., περιφανέστερος, -έστατος.
 περιφαντος, ον, (περιφάνομαι) seen all round, manifest: also 2. famous, renowned, Lat. illustris.
 περιφάνως, Adv. of περιφάνης, manifestly.
 περι-φειδομαι, Dep. to spare so that he survives, c. gen.
 περιφέρεα, ἡ, a circumference: a round figure. From
 περιφερής, ἐς, (περιφέρω) carried round about: revolving, rolling: surrounding. 2. surrounded by.
 περι-φέρω, f. περίσσω: aor. I περιήνεκα:—to carry round or about: to carry about with one. 2. to move a thing round in a circle: to band round. II. οὐ με περιφέρει οὐδὲν εἰδέναι τούτων [sc. ἡ μνήμη] my memory does not carry me back to know any of these things. III. to endure, hold out. IV. Pass. to move round, revolve, esp. of time. 2. to wander or range about.
 περι-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι and -φευζοῦμαι:—to flee from, avoid, elude, c. acc. 2. to escape from illness, get over an attack.
 περι-φλέω, pf. pass. περιπέφλευσμαι:—to scorch or burn all round.
 περι-φλοιος, ον, (περί, φλοιός) with bark all round.
 περι-φλύω [ῥ], = περιφλέω.
 περι-φοβοςμαι, Pass. to fear greatly.
 περι-φοβος, ον, (περί, φόβος) in great fear, fearful above measure, terrified.
 περι-φοιτος, ον, (περί, φοιτάω) wandering about.
 περιφορᾶ, ἡ, (περιφέρω) a carrying or banding round: also the meats banded round. II. (from Pass.) a going or turning round, circuit, revolution.
 περι-φορέω, = περιφέρω. Hence
 περιφορητός, ὄν, carried about. II. going or ranging about. III. notorious, infamous.
 περιφράδης, ἐς, very thoughtful, very careful, considerate. Adv. -δέως, carefully. From
 περι-φράζομαι, Med. to think over, consider on all sides.
 περιφρακτος, ον, fenced round:—as Subst., περίφρακτος, τό, an enclosure. From
 περι-φράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to fence round.
 περι-φρονέω, f. ἦσω, to compass in thought, speculate about. II. to have thoughts above or beyond, to contempt, despise.
 περι-φρουρέω, f. ἦσω, to guard on all sides, blockade.
 περι-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, voc. περίφρων, (περί, φρήν) very thoughtful, very careful. II. like ὑπέρφρων, haughty, overweening: c. gen. despising a thing.
 περιφύγη, ἡ, (περιφυγεῖν) a place of refuge.
 περιφύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of περιφύω.
 περι-φύσσητος, ον, (περί, φύσασθαι) blown upon from all sides.
 περι-φύω, fut. -φύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -έφουσα:—trans. to make to grow round or upon, make to cling to or

adhere. II. intr. in Med. περιφύομαι: fut. -φύσομαι [ῥ]: with pf. act. περιπέφουκα: aor. 2 περιέφον, inf. περιφύων, part. περιφύς [ῥ]:—to grow round about or upon, c. dat.: to cling to, clasp, c. dat.
 περι-χάρακός, f. ὦσα, (περί, χάραξ) to surround with a palisade: generally, to fortify.
 περι-χάρασσω Att. -ττω, fut. ζω, to scratch or cut all round.
 περιχάρεια, ἡ, exceeding great joy. From
 περι-χάρης, ἐς, (περί, χαρῆαι) exceeding glad or joyous: τὸ περιχαρές = περιχάρεια.
 περι-χειλώω, f. ὦσα, (περί, χεῖλος) to surround with a rim or border.
 περι-χέω, f. -χεῶ: aor. I περιέχεα: Ep. pres. περιχέω, aor. I περιχέυα: Pass., aor. I -εχύθη [ῥ]: pf. -κέχῃμαι:—to pour round about, over or upon: περιχέειν χρυσὸν κέραςι to put gold round the horns:—Pass. to be poured or spread all about: of persons, to pour or crowd round.
 περι-χθών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, round about the earth.
 περι-χορεύω, f. σω, to dance round or about.
 περι-χρῦσώω, f. ὦσα, to gild all over.
 περι-χόσομαι, f. -χώσομαι: Ep. aor. I περιχωσάμη:—to be exceeding angry or wrath.
 περι-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go round about. II. to come round to, come to in succession.
 περι-χώρος, ον, (περί, χώρος) round about a place; as Subst., περιχώρος (sub. γῆ), ἡ, the country round about.
 περι-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν: fut. -ψῆσω:—to wipe all round: to wipe the eyes. Hence
 περιψήμα, τό, anything wiped off, offscouring.
 περι-ψιλώω, f. ὦσα, (περί, ψιλός) to make bald all round: to strip or peel off all round: Pass., περιψιλώθηνα τὰς σάρκας to have the flesh all stripped off.
 περι-ωδέω, f. ἦσω, (περί, ᾠδή) to subdue by spells.
 περι-ωδύνια, ἡ, excessive pain. From
 περι-ωδύνος, ον, (περί, ὀδύνη) exceeding painful. II. suffering great pain.
 περι-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω, to push or thrust about:—Pass. with pf. περιέωσμαι, to be thrust away or pushed on one side, to be repulsed.
 περι-ωπῆ, ἡ, (περί, ὄψι) a place commanding a wide view: ἐκ περιωπῆς by a bird's-eye view. II. circum-spection, caution.
 περι-ωσιος, ον, Ion. for περιούσιος, immense, vast, as Adv. περιώσιον, exceeding, beyond measure: also as Comp., περιώσιον ἄλλων far beyond the rest.
 περκάζω, f. σω, (περίος) to turn dark, of grapes ripening.
 πέρκη, ἡ, the perch; Lat. perca.
 ΠΕΡΚΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, dark-coloured, of grapes ripening: dark, dusky, name of a kind of eagle.
 πέρκος, η, ον, = περκινός.
 πέρινα, ἡ, a bam, Lat. perna.
 πήρημι, 3 pl. περῶσι, part. περῶς: 3 sing. Ion. impf. πέρνασκε: (περάω):—to carry beyond seas for sale, to export, sell:—Pass. to be offered for sale.

πέρ-οδος, ἡ, Acol. for περίοδος.
 περόναμα, -ατρίς, Dor. for περόνημα, -ητρίς.
 περονάω, f. ἤσω, (περόνη) to pierce, pin: Med.,
 χλαῖναν περονήσασθαι to pin or buckle one's cloak.
 περόνη, ἡ, (πέριω, περάω) anything pointed for
 piercing: a large pin for fastening a cloak, a buckle,
 brooch, Lat. fibula. II. the small bone of the

arm or leg, Lat. radius, fibula.
 περόνη Dor. -αμα, ατος, τό, = περονητρίς.
 περονητρίς Dor. -ατρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (περονάω) a robe
 fastened on the shoulder with a buckle or brooch.

περονίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = περόνη.
 περπερεύομαι, Dep. to boast or vaunt oneself, be a
 braggart. From

ΠΕΡΡΕΠΡΟΣ, ov, vainglorious, braggart.
 πέρρ-οχος, ov, Acol. for περίοχος.
 πέρσα, Ep. for ἔπρσα, aor. I of πέρθω.
 περσέ-πολις ποῖτ. περσέπολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (πέρθω,
 πόλις) destroyer of cities. II. (Πέρσαι, πόλις)
 Persepolis, the ancient capital of Persia.

Περσεύς, εως Ep. ἦος later Ion. εός, ὁ, δ, Perseus, son
 of Jove and Danaë, one of the most famous Grecian
 heroes.

Περσεφόνη, ἡ, ποῖτ. Περσεφόνηα also Περσέφα-
 σα:—Persephoné, Proserpine, Lat. Proserpina, daugh-
 ter of Jupiter and Ceres. Pluto carried her off, and as
 his consort she reigned in the lower world.

Πέρσης, ov, ὁ, acc. Πέρσην or Πέρσα, voc. Πέρσᾶ
 or Πέρση, a Persian, native of Persia. (The Greeks
 derived the name of the people from Perseus.)

Περσίζω, f. σω, (Πέρσης) to side with or imitate the
 Persians. 2. to speak Persian.

Περσικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πέρσης) Persian: hence 1.
 αὶ Περσικά a sort of thin shoes or slippers. 2.

Περσικός ὄρνις the common cock. 3. τὸ Περσικόν
 a Persian dance. 4. ὁ Περσικὸς or τὸ Περσικόν
 (sub. μήλον), the peach.

Πέρσις, ἴδος, ποῖτ. fem. of Περσικός, Persian. II.
 as Subst. 1. (sub. γῆ), Persis, Persia. 2. (sub.
 γυνή), a Persian woman. 3. (sub. χλαῖνα), a Per-
 sian cloak.

Περσιτί, Adv. (Περσίζω) in Persian fashion, in
 the Persian tongue.

Περσο-διώκτης, ov, ὁ, (Πέρσης, διώκω) pursuer of
 the Persians.

Περσο-νομέομαι, Pass. to be governed by the Persian
 laws or by Persians. From

Περσο-νόμος, ov, (Πέρσης, νέμω) ruling Persians.
 πέρυσι or -iv, Adv. (πέρας) a year ago, last year; ἡ
 πέρυσι κωμῳδία the comic play of last year. Hence

περυσίνος, ἡ, ὄν, of last year, last year's.

Πέρφερες, οἱ, the name of the five officers who
 escorted the Hyperborean maidens to Delos.

πεσδᾶ, Adv., Dor. for πείθῃ.
 πῆσε, Ep. for ἔπσε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of πίπτω.
 πεσείν Ep. πεσέειν, aor. 2 inf. of πίπτω.
 πῆσημα, ατος, τό, (πεσείν) a fall: a falling or
 fallen body.

πέσος, τό, = πέσημα, πῶμα, a fall, slaughter.

πεσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πίπτω.
 πεσσεῖα Att. πεπτ-, ἡ, the game of draughts. From
 πεσσεῖν Att. πεπτ-, (πεσός) to play at draughts.
 πεσο-νομέω, f. ἤσω, (πεσός, νέμω) to set the πεσσοί
 in order for playing: to arrange, dispose, adjust.

ΠΕΣΣΟΣ Att. πεττός, ὁ, pl. πεσσοί and πεσσά,
 an oval-shaped stone for playing a game like our
 draughts, mostly in plur. 2. in pl. also the board
 on which the game was played: it was divided by five
 lines both ways, and so into thirty-six squares: the
 middle line was called ἐπὶ γαρμῆ. 3. πεσσοί, οἱ,
 also, the place in which the game was played: the
 game itself.

ΠΕΨΣΩ Att. πέττω, later also πέπτω: fut. πέψω:
 aor. I ἔψα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπέφθην: pf. πέπεμαι,
 inf. πέπέφθαι:—to soften, make soft: of the sun, to
 ripen. II. to boil: generally, to cook, dress:
 also to bake; Med., πέσσεσθαι πέματα to bake one-
 self's cakes. III. of the stomach, to digest, Lat.
 coquere, concoquere. 2. metaph. to stomach or
 digest an affront, or rather to brood over it; so γέρα
 πεσμέν (Ep. for πέσειν) to brood over or dwell on
 one's honours; βέλος πέσειν to nurse or have to heal
 the wound of a dart.

πεσόν, ὄσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίπτω.
 πεταλισμός, ὁ, petalism, a mode of banishing citi-
 zens practised in Syracuse, like the ὀστρακισμός of
 Athens, except that the name of the obnoxious citi-
 zen was written on olive-leaves instead of potsherds.
 From

πέταλον Ion. πέτηλον, τό, a leaf: hence 2.
 used for voting, a vote, ballot; cf. ψῆφος. (Properly
 neut. from πέταλος.)
 πέταλος Ion. πέτηλος, η, ov, (πετάννυμι) spread out,
 unfolded, broad, flat. II. metaph. full-grown.
 πέταμαι, = πέτομαι, q. v.

ΠΕΤΑΝΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: f. πετάσω [ᾶ] Att. πετώ:
 aor. I ἐπέτασα Ep. πέτασα and πέτασα: Pass., aor.
 ἐπετάσθη Ep. πετάσθη: pf. πεπέταμαι Ep. πέπα-
 μαί: Ep. plarf. ἐπετάμην, πεπτάμην:—to spread,
 stretch out, unfold, unfurl, expand: metaph., θυμὸν
 πετάσαι to open one's heart:—pf. pass. πέπταμαι,
 to be spread on all sides, to be widely extended; part. πε-
 πταμένος, η, ov, spread wide, opened wide, of folding
 doors.

πέτασε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of πετάννυμι.
 πέτασμα, ατος, τό, (πετάννυμι) anything spread
 out: in plur. hangings, curtains, carpets.
 πετάσσω, Ep. aor. I part. of πετάννυμι.
 πέτ-αυρον or πέτ-ευρον, τό, (πέδαυρος Acol. for με-
 τέωρος) a pole or perch for fowls to roost on.
 πετεινός, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. πετεινός, Ion. πετηνός and
 πετεινός, able to fly, winged, flying: πετηνά, πε-
 τεηνά winged creatures, fowls of the air. 2. of
 young birds, fledged.

πέτευρον, το, = πέταυρον.
 πέτηλον, τό, Ion. for πέταλον.

πετοῖσαι, Dor. for πεσοῦσαι, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of *πίπτα*.

ΠΕΤΟΜΑΙ: impf. ἐπετόμην Ep. πετόμην: f. πέτησομαι, shortd. πτήσομαι; sync. aor. 2 ἐπτόμην, inf. πτέσθαι, part. πτόμενος; also ἐπτάμην, Ep. 3 sing. subj. πτήται for πτάται, inf. πτάσθαι, part. πτάμενος: Dep.:—but there is also an act. aor. 2 ἐπτην, inf. πτήναι, part. πτάς, as if from ἴπτημι:—there is also a present πέταμαι: ποτάομαι, πατάομαι are lengthd. forms:—to spread the wings in flight, to fly: of any quick motion, to fly, dart, rush, speed: imperat., πέτου fly! i. e. make haste. II. metaph. to be on the wing, flutter, Lat. *volitare*; ὄρνις πετόμενος a bird ever on the wing. 2. to fly abroad, be bruted abroad.

πετόντεσσι, Aeol. and poet. for πεσοῦσι, aor. 2 part. dat. pl. of *πίπτα*.

ΠΕΤΡΑ Ion. πέτρη, ἡ, a rock, crag, Lat. *rufes*, *scorulus*; πέτρος being a stone, Lat. *saxum*: a ledge or shelf of rock (in the sea), λείος πετράων free from a rock or cave with double entrance. Hence πετραῖος, α, ον, rocky, of or belonging to a rock, living among the rocks.

πετρη-γενής, ἐς, (πέτρα, γενέσθαι) rock-born.
πετρηεύς, εσσα, εν, (πέτρα) rocky.
πετρη-εφεής, ἐς, (πέτρα, ἐρέφω) over-arched with rock.

πετρήρης, ἐς, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.
πετρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πέτρα. [ῖ]
πετρίνος, η, ον, (πέτρα) of rock, rocky.
πετροβολία, ἡ, a stoning. From
πετρο-βόλος, ον, (πέτρα, βαλεῖν) throwing stones.
πετρό-κοιτος, ον, (πέτρα, κοίτη) sleeping on rock.
πετρορ-ρίψης, ἐς, (πέτρα, ῥίψηναι) hurled from a rock.

ΠΕΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a piece of rock, a stone; cp. πέτρα.
πετρο-τόμος, ον, (πέτρα, τεμείν) cutting or hewing stones: as Subst., πετροτόμος, ὁ, a stone-cutter.
πετρόω, f. ἴσωω, (πέτρος) to stone:—Pass. to be stoned.
πετρ-ώδης, ἐς, (πέτρα or πέτρος, εἶδος) like rock or stone, rocky, stony.

πέτρωμα, ατος, τό, (πετρόω) a piece of stone or rock. II. a stoning; λευγάμω πετρώματι θανεῖν to die by stoning.

πεττεία, πεττεύω, πεττός, Att. for πεσσ—
πέττω, Att. for πέσσω.
ΠΕΤΤΟΜΑΙ, poet. for the prose πυνθάνομαι: impf. ἐπευθόμην. Hence
πευθός, οὖς, ἡ, tidings, news.

πευκαίης, Dor. for πευκείης.
πευκαλίμος [ᾶ], η, ον, lengthd. Ep. form of πικνός (cf. λευγάλεος, λυγρός), wise, prudent.

πευκεδάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πέυκη) keen, piercing.
ΠΕΤΤΗ, ἡ, the fir, Lat. *picca*. II. anything made from the wood or resin of the fir, a torch of fir-wood. Hence
πευκείης Dor. πευκαίης, εσσα, εν, of or made of fir,

πέυκηεν *σκεῆφος*, a boat of fir-wood. II. metaph. *sharp, keen, piercing*.

πέυκίνος, η, ον, (πέυκη) of or made of fir-wood; πέυκινα δάκρυα tears of the fir, i. e. the gum or resin that exudes from it.

πέυσσομαι Dor. πευσσοῦμαι, fut. of πυνθάνομαι.
πευστήριος, α, ον, of or for enquiry: ἡ πευστήρια (sub. θυσία) a sacrifice for learning the will of the gods.

πέφάνθαι, pf. pass. inf. of φαίνω.
πέφανται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of φαίνω. II. 3 plur. pf. pass. of *φένω.

πέφαργμαι, Att. for πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.
πέφασμαι, pf. pass. of φαίνω and of φημί: part. πεφασμένος, η, ον, brought to light, made manifest.

πεφευγός, pf. part. of φεύγω.
πέφνηγα, pf. of φαίνω.

πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of φαίνω.
πεφήσομαι, poet. paullo-p. fut. of *φένω.
πεφίδεσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of φείδομαι.

πεφιδήσομαι, Ep. paullo-p. fut. of φείδομαι.
πεφιδοίμην, Ep. aor. 2 opt. of φείδομαι.
πεφιλῆμένος, Dor. for πεφιλημένος, pf. pass. part. of φιλέω.

πεφίμωσο, pf. pass. imperat. of φημίω.
πέφνω, πεφνέμεν, πέφνων, etc., v. sub *φένω.
πεφοβήατο, Ep. 3 pl. plpf. of φοβέομαι.

πεφοβημένος, η, ον, pf. part. pass. of φοβέω: Adv. πεφοβημένος, timorously.

πεφορτισμένος, ον, pf. pass. part. of φορτίζω.
πέφραγμα, pf. pass. of φράσσω.

πέφραδον, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 of φράζω: Ep. inf. πεφραδέναι and πεφραδέναι.

πέφρῖκα, pf. of φρίσσω: poet. part. πεφρίκοντες.
πεφύασι, Ep. for πεφύκασι, 3 pl. pf. of φύω.

πεφυγγένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φεύγω.
πεφυγότες, Ep. for πεφευγότες, nom. pl. pf. part. from pres. *φύζω, = φεύγω.

πέφυκα, pf. of φύω.
πέφυκος, Ep. pres. formed from pf. πέφυκα: Ep. impf. πέφυκον.

πεφύλαγμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of φυλάσσω:—Adv. πεφυλαγμένως, cautiously, guardedly.

πεφυρμένος, pf. pass. part. of φύρω.
πεφύυια, Ep. for πεφυκεία, pf. part. fem. of φύω.

πεφύυιotes, Ep. for πεφυκότες, pf. part. pl. of φύω.
πη Ion. κη Dor. πᾶ, enclit. Particle: of Manner, in some way or other, somehow: οὐδέ πη in no way at all, not at all: of numbers, about. 2. of Space, by some way, to some place. 3. πῆ μὲν .., πῆ δὲ .. now one way, now another; partly .., partly .. II. πῆ; Ion. κῆ; Dor. πᾶ; interrog. Particle: 1. of Manner, how? also why? in Att. how? 2. of Space, which way? Lat. qua? also where?

πηγάζω, f. ἴσωω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth. II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγάζω, f. ἴσωω, (πηγή) to spring, well, or gush forth. II. trans. to make to gush forth.

πηγαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πηγή) from a well or spring.

ΠΗΤΑΝΟΝ, τό, *rue*, Lat. *ruta*: proverb., οὐδ' ἐν σελίω οὐδ' ἐν πηγάνω, not even at the parsley nor the rue, i. e. scarcely at the beginning of a thing, because these herbs were planted for borders in gardens.

πηγάς, ἀδος, ἦ, (πήγνυμι) anything congealed or barded: boar-frost, rime.

Πηγάσιον, τό, Dim. of Πηγάσος. [ᾶ]

Πηγάσις, ἴδος, fem. Adj. of Pegasus; Πηγαῖς κρήνη="Ἴππου κρήνη": see Πηγάσος.

Πηγάσος, ὁ, Pegasus, a horse sprung from the blood of Medusa, and named from the springs (πηγαί) of Ocean, near which she was killed. Later he was supposed to be the winged horse which Bellerophon rode when he slew Chimaera, under whose hoof the fountain *Hippocrene* (Ἴππου κρήνη) sprang up on Helicon.

πηγῆσι-μαλλός, ον, (πήγνυμι, μαλλός) thick-fleeced.

ΠΗΓΗ Dor. Παγά, ἦ, a spring, well, Lat. *fons*; in pl. the springs or source of rivers; but also, πηγαὶ ποταμῶν river waters: metaph. of anything liquid, πηγαὶ δακρύων the source or fount of tears, i. e. the eyes; also, πηγή ἀκούουσα the fount of hearing, i. e. the ear; πηγαὶ γάλακτος streams of milk; πηγή πυρός the source of fire; also, πηγή ἀργύρου a well (i. e. rich vein) of silver. 2. metaph. the fount, source, origin of anything.

πηγμα, ατος, τό, (πήγνυμι) anything fastened together: metaph. a bond, obligation.

ΠΗΤΝΥΜΙ or -ύω: fut. πήξω: aor. I ἐπήξα Ep. πήξα: Pass., pres. πήγνυμαι: fut. πᾶγήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήχθην, aor. 2 ἐπάγγην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπηγμαι, but the pf. med. πέπηγα is mostly used in this sense:—to stick or fix in, make firm or fast in: of plants, to set or plant: σκηνὴν πήγνυμαι to fix or pitch a tent; and Med., σκηνὰς πήξασθαι to fix their tents:—Pass. to be fixed: of persons, to be impaled. 2. to stick or fix on: metaph. to fix or fasten upon. II. to fasten together, put together, construct, build: Med., ἀμαζαν πήξασθαι to build oneself a wagon. III.

to make solid, stiff: to congeal, freeze:—Pass. to be or become stiff, be frozen. IV. metaph. to make fast, fix, Lat. *rangere*; ὄρκος παγείς a sure and steadfast oath.

πηγός, ἦ, ὄν, (πήγνυμι) firm, solid: compact, strong.

πηγυλῖς, ἴδος, ἦ, (πήγνυμι) covered with boar-frost, frozen, icy.

πηδάλιον, τό, (πηδόν) a rudder: a Greek ship had two, hence mostly in pl. πηδάλια: they were moved like large oars or sweeps; and the two were often joined by cross-bars or rudder-bands (ζεύγλαι or ζευκτήρια): the upper part with the tiller being called οἶαξ. 2. metaph. of a horse's reins or bridle. [ᾶ]

ΠΗΔΑΩ, ὄν. inf. πηδέειν: fut. ἦσω or -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐπήδησα:—to spring, bound, leap: of things, to dart, spring: c. acc. cognato, πήδημα πηδᾶν to

take a leap; hence πηδᾶν μείζονα (sub. πηδήματα) to take a greater leap: but πεδία πηδᾶν to bound over the plains. II. to leap, throb, beat, esp. of the pulse.

πήδημα, ατος, τό, (πηδᾶω) a leaping, bounding: a beating or throbbing of the heart.

ΠΗΔΟΣ, ὁ, or ΠΗΔΟΝ, τό, the flat or blade of an oar:—an oar.

πηκτίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (πήγνυμι) an ancient sort of harp with twenty strings, mostly used by the Lydians, also called μαγαῖς. 2. a shepherd's ripe.

πηκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πήγνυμι, fixed or fastened in: of trees, planted. II. well put together, compact. 2. ἡ πηκτὴ α sort of cage to catch birds.

3. τὰ πηκτὰ (Dor. πακτὰ) τῶν δωματίων the barriers of the house, the door. III. solid, thick, congealed, curdled: ἡ πηκτὴ Dor. πακτὰ, cream-cheese.

πηλαί, πήλας, aor. I inf. and part. of πάλλω.

Πηλεῖ, Ep. for ἔπηλε, 3 sing. aor. I of πάλλω.

Πηλείδης, ον Ep. ew and ao, ὁ, patronymic of Πηλεῖς, son of Peleus, Achilles.

Πηλεῖων, ὄνος, ὁ, the same as Πηλείδης: Adv. Πηλεῖωνάδε, to the son of Peleus.

Πηλεύς, ἔως Ep. ἦος, ὁ, Peleus, son of Aeacus, husband of Thetis, father of Achilles, prince of the Myrmidons in Thessaly.

Πηληϊάδης, εω, ὁ, Ep. for Πηλείδης.

Πηληϊός, ἦ, ον, Ep. Adj. (Πηληῖος, Ep. gen. of Πηλεῖς) of or belonging to Peleus.

πήληξ, ἦκος, ἦ, (πήλαι) a helmet, casque.

Πηληϊάκος, ἦ, ὄν, of Mount Pelion.

Πηλιάς, ἀδος, ἦ, (Πήλιον) of or from Mount Pelion. Πηλικός [ῆ], ἦ, ον, interrog. of τηλικός, ἥλικός, how great? how much? how old? Lat. *quantus?*

πήλινος, ἦ, ον, (πηλός) of clay, earthen, Lat. *luteus*.

Πήλιον, τό, Pelion, a mountain in Thessaly. Hence

Πηλιώτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ῶτις, ἴδος, of or from Pelion.

πηλο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (πηλός, βαῖνω) mud-walker,

name of a frog.

πηλοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build of clay. From

πηλό-δομος, ον, (πηλός, θέμω) clay-built.

πηλο-πλάθος [ᾶ], ον, (πηλός, πλάσσω) moulding clay: as Subst., πηλοπλάθος, ὁ, a potter.

ΠΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, clay, such as was used by the potter, Lat. *lutum*: also mud, Lat. *coenum*.

πηλο-ουργός, ὄν, (πηλός, ἔργον) working in clay: as Subst., πηλοουργός, ὁ, a worker in clay.

πηλοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to carry clay. From

πηλο-φόρος, ον, (πηλός, φέρω) carrying clay.

πηλό-χυτος, ον, (πηλός, χέω) cast in clay, earthen.

πηλό-ῶδης, ες, (πηλός, εἶδος) like clay, clayey, of the consistency of clay.

πήμη, ατος, τό, (πήσομαι, fut. of πάσχω) suffering misery, woe: also of a person, πήμᾳ τινι a bane or sorrow to . . . Hence

πημαῖνω: f. ἀνώ Ion. ἀνέω: aor. I ἐπήμηνα: Med., fut. πημᾶνούμαι (in pass. sense): Pass., aor. I ἐπη-

μάνθην Ep. πημάνθην:—to make suffer, bring into misery: also to grieve, distress: to harm, injure: absol. to do mischief. Hence

πημαντέος, α, ον, possible to be injured.

πημάνειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of πημάνω.

πημονή, ἡ, poet. for πῆμα, suffering.

πημοσύνη, ἡ, = πημονή, πῆμα, suffering.

Πηνελόπη Ep. Πηνελόπεια, ἡ, Penelopé, daughter of Icarus, wife of Ulysses: (called from her weaving the web, πῆνη).

πηπέλοψ, σπος, δ, a kind of duck.

Πῆ'NH, ἡ, like πῆνος, the thread on the shuttle, the woof; in plur. the web.

πηνίζομαι Dor. πανίδσομαι: Dep.: (πηνίον):—to wind thread off a reel: generally, to wind off.

ΠΗΝΙΚΑ [Ὶ], Adv. at what point of time? at what hour? πηνίε' ἐστὶ τῆς ἡμέρας: what hour of day is it?

πηνίον, τό, Dim. of ἡμίος or ἠνῆ, the thread of the woof: or the quill on which the thread is wound.

πήνισμα, ατος, τό, (πηνίζω) the thread wound on a spindle, the thread of the woof.

πήξαι, aor. I inf. of πήγνυμι.

πήξε, Ep. for ἔπηξε, 3 sing. aor. I of πήγνυμι.

πήσος Dor. πᾶός, οὐ, δ, (πάσμαι) a kinsman by marriage, a connexion, Lat. affinis.

Πῆ'PA Ion. πήρη, ἡ, a leathern pouch, a wallet, scrip, knapsack, Lat. pera.

πηρίδιον, τό, Dim. of πήρα, a little wallet.

πηρό-δετος, ον, (πήρα, δέω) tying a wallet.

ΠΗΡΟΣ, ᾶ, ὄν, disabled in a limb, maimed, Lat. mancus.

πηρώω, f. ὤσω, (πήρος) to maim, disable: metaph. to incapacitate.

πήσομαι, Ion. fut. of πάσχω.

πηχύαιος, α, ον, a cubit long.

πηχύνομαι, Med. to take into one's arms.

Πῆ'X'YΣ, εως, δ: gen. pl. πήχων:—the fore-arm, from the wrist to the elbow, Lat. ulna: generally the arm.

II. the centre-piece, which joined the two horns of the bow. III. in pl., πήχες are the horns or sides of the lyre, opp. to ζυγόν the bridge. IV.

as a measure of length, the space from the point of the elbow to the end of the little finger, Lat. cubitus, a cubit, orig. containing 24 δάκτυλοι, or about 18 inches: the πήχος βασιλῆος was longer by three δάκτυλοι, being = 27 δάκτυλοι or about 20 inches. V. a cubit-rule.

πιάζω, f. ἄσω and ἄζω: aor. I part. πιάζας: Dor. form of πιέζω, to press: to lay hold of, apprehend.

πιταίω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐπιτάω, pass. ἐπιτάσθην: pf. pass. πεπίασμαι: (πίαν) —to make fat, fatten; of the soil, to fatten, enrich: metaph. to increase, enlarge. 2. metaph. to make wanton:—Pass. to become fat, wax wanton.

πιάζας, Dor. aor. I part. of πιάζω.

πιᾶρ, τό, indecl. (πίαν) fat, tallow, suet: also oil, cream: hence fatness: metaph. the fat of the land, the cream of a thing, the choicest, best.

πιᾶρός, ᾶ, ὄν, (πιᾶρ) fat, rich.

πιᾶσμα, τό, (πιᾶνω) that which makes fat or rich, an enricher, fattener, of a river.

πιδάκτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πίδαξ) of the spring or fountain.

πιδάκοίς, εσσα, εν, (πίδαξ) gushing.

πιδάκ-ώδης, ες, (πίδαξ, εἶδος) like a fountain, gushing with spring-water.

ΠΙ' ΔΑΞ, ἄκος, ἡ, a spring, fountain. Hence

πιδήεις, εσσα, εν, rich in springs.

πιδύω, to gush out.

πιέ, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω: but also Ep. for ἔπιε, 3 sing. indic.

πιέειν, Ep. for πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πιέζω, = πιέζω: and hence Ep. impf. πιέζεν and Ion. part. pass. πιεζέμενος.

ΠΙ' Ε' ΖΩ, f. πιέσω: aor. I ἐπίεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπέεσθην or ἐπέεσθην: pf. πεπίεσμαι or πεπίεγμαι: —to press, squeeze, crush, press hard upon. II. to lay hold of.

πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

πίερα [Ὶ], ἡ, pecul. fem. of πίαν, fat, rich: of cities, prosperous, wealthy: δαῖς πίερα a plentiful meal:—

of pine-wood, resinous, juicy, unctuous.

πίεμεν, Ep. for πιεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of πίνω.

Πιέρειδες, αἱ, the Pierides, name of the Muses, from mount Pierus in Thessaly.

Πιερῖθηεν, Adv. from Pieria in Thessaly.

πίεσαι, for πῖε, 2 sing. fut. of πίνω.

πιεσθείς, εἶσα, εν, aor. I pass. part. of πιέζω.

πίτης, εσσα, εν, poet. for πῖαν, fat, rich.

πίθησα, 2 sing. aor. 2 med. subj. of πίνω.

πιθάκη Att. φιδάκη, ἡ, (πίθος) a wine-cask, wine-jar.

πιθάκος, Dor. for πίθηκος, an ape.

πιθάνολογέω, f. ἴσω, (πιθανολόγος) to use probable arguments. Hence

πιθάνολογία, ἡ, the use of probable arguments.

πιθάνο-λόγος, ον, (πιθάνος, λέγω) speaking persuasively, using probable arguments.

πιθάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (πέιθω) act. calculated to persuade: I. of persons, persuasive. 2. of manners, winning. 3. of reports, plausible, credible: hence reasonable, likely. 4. of works of art, producing illusion, natural. II. pass. easy to persuade, credulous. 2. obedient.

πιθᾶνός, Adv. of πιθανός, persuasively: Comp. πιθανώτερον, more persuasively.

πιθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of πέιθω.

πιθέων, ἄνος, δ, (πίθος) a place for casks, a cellar.

πιθηκίζω, f. ἴσω, (πίθηκος) to play the ape. Hence

πιθηκισμός, δ, a playing the ape, aping.

πίθηκος Dor. πίθακος, δ, (πέιθω) an ape, Lat. simius: hence, one who plays ape's tricks, a jackanapes.

πίθηκο-φάγεω, (πίθηκος, φαγεῖν) to eat ape's flesh.

πίθηκο-φόρος, ον, (πίθηκος, φέρω) carrying apes.

πιθήσας, aor. I part. of πέιθω, as if from πῖθω.

πιθί, irreg. 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of πίνω.

πιθ-οιγία, ἡ, (πίθος, οἶγνυμι) an opening of casks.

παιθία, τό, (πίθος, οἶγγυμι) *the cask-opening, a festival on the first day of the Anthesteria.*

πίθωμην, Ep. for ἐπιθώμην, aor. 2 med. of πείθω.

πίθος, ὁ, *a wine-jar made of earthenware.* [Ὶ]

πίθων, ὁ, = *πίθηκος, an ape.* [Ὶ]

πίθων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πείθω.

πικραίνω, f. ἀνώ, (πικρός) *to make sharp or bitter: metaphor. to embitter, anger:—Pass. to grow angry.*

πικρία, ἡ, (πικρός) *bitterness: of temper, bitterness, malice, venom, spleen.*

πικρό-γάμος, ον, (πικρός, γαμέω) *embittered in marriage, unhappily wedded.*

πικρό-γλωσσος, ον, (πικρός, γλῶσσα) *of sharp or bitter tongue.*

πικρό-καρπος, ον, (πικρός, καρπός) *bearing bitter fruit.*

ΠΙΚΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, *sharp, keen, piercing: of taste, sharp, pungent, bitter: of sound, sharp, piercing, shrill.* 2. of persons, words, acts, etc., *bitter, cruel, harsh, stern, morose, severe: also hateful, hostile.* II. Comp. and Sup. πικρότερος, -ότατος, never πικρώτερος, -άτατος. Hence

πικρότης, ητος, ἡ, *bitterness: harshness, cruelty.*

πικρό-χολος, ον, (πικρός, χολή) *with bitter gall: splenetic.*

πικρώς, Adv. of πικρός, *sharply, harshly, bitterly, cruelly.*

πιλέω, = πιλώ:—Pass. *to be close pressed.*

πιλίδιον, τό, Dim. of πῖλος, *a little felt-bat, Lat. pileolus.* [λι]

πι-λιπήξ, ἐς, (πῖ, λιπεῖν) *wanting the letter πῖ.*

πιλνάω, = πελάω, *to bring near to:—Pass. πιλνάμαι, to draw near to, approach, encounter, c. dat.*

ΠΙΓΛΟΣ, ὁ, *wool or hair wrought into felt, felt, felt-cloth.* II. *a felt-cap, bat; πῖλος χαλκοῦς* a brassen bat, i. e. helmet: also *a felt cuirass.*

πίλοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, *used to wear a felt-bat. From πῖλο-φόρος, ον, (πῖλος, φέρω) wearing a felt-bat.*

πιλώω, f. ὦσω, (πῖλος) *to press wool so as to make it into felt, to felt wool: hence to press close, squeeze tight.*

πιμελή, ἡ, (πίων, πῖαρ) *fat, Lat. adeps.* Hence

πιμελής, ἐς, *fat, Lat. pinguis.*

πίμπλαντο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πιμπλάνω, ποῖτ. for πίμπλημι, hence pres. med. *πιμπλάνεται* for πίμπλαται.

πιμπλέω, = πίμπλημι: Ion. part. pl. fem. *πιμπλεῦσαι.*

ΠΙΨΙΛΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπλάνω* [ᾶ]: 3 pl. impf. *ἐπιμπλασαν:* (tenses formed from πλήθω): fut. *πλήσω:* aor. I *ἐπλησα*, med. *ἐπλησάμην:* Pass., aor. I *ἐπλήσθην:* pf. *πέπλησμαι:*—also, Ep. aor. 2 pass. *ἐπλήμην*, 3 sing. and pl. *πλήτο, πλήγτο*, imperat. *πλήσο*, opt. *πλήμην* or *πλείμην:*—*to fill, fill up, fill full* of a thing, c. acc. pers. et gen. rei; or *to fill with* a thing, c. dat. rei. 2. c. acc. pers. only, *to fill full, satisfy, glut.* 3. *to fulfil, discharge* an office. II.

Med. *to fill for oneself, or what is one's own.* III.

Pass. *to become or be full of: to be filled, satisfied, have enough* of a thing.

ΠΙΨΙΡΗΜΙ, inf. *πιμπράνω* [ᾶ]: (tenses formed from πρήθω): fut. *πρήσω:* aor. I *ἐπρησα:* Pass., aor. I *ἐπρήσθην:* pf. *πέπρησμαι:*—*to kindle, burn, set on fire:*—Pass. *πίμπραμαι, to be burnt, set on fire, consumed.*

πῖν, ποῖτ. inf. of ἐπιών, aor. 2 of πίνω.

πῖνάκηδόν, Adv. (πίναξ) *like planks.*

πῖνάκιον, τό, Dim. of πίναξ, *a little tablet, esp. that on which the judges (δικασταί) wrote their verdict of guilty or not guilty, Lat. tabella.*

πῖνάκισκος, ὁ, = πῖνάκιον.

πῖνάκο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πίναξ, πωλέω) *one who sells small birds ranged upon a board.*

ΠΙΨΑΞ, ἄκος, ὁ, a board, plank: *a writing-tablet: a votive tablet.* 2. *a wooden trencher, dish, plate, or platter.* 3. *a board for painting on, a picture, Lat. tabula.* 4. *a plate engraved or written upon: a chart or map.* 5. *a board for public notices: a register, list.*

πῖνᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πίνος) *dirty, squalid.*

πῖνάω, (πίνος) *to be dirty.*

πῖνέμεν, πῖνέμεναι, Ep. inf. of πῖνω.

πῖνεσκον [Ὶ], Ion. impf. of πῖνω.

πῖνηρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for πῖναρός.

ΠΙΨΝΑ and πῖννη, ἡ, a kind of muscle, the pinna.

πῖννο-τήρης, ον, ὁ, (πῖννα, τηρέω) *a small crab that lives in the pinna's shell: metaph. a little parasite.*

πῖνός, εσσα, εν = πῖναρός.

ΠΙΨΝΟΣ, ὁ, dirt, filth, Lat. squalor. [Ὶ]

πῖνύσκω: aor. I *ἐπῖνυσα:* pass. *ἐπῖνυσθην:* (πέ-πῖνμαι, pf. pass. of πνέω):—*to make wise or prudent, admonish, instruct, inform.* Hence

πῖνύτη, ἡ, *understanding, wisdom.*

πῖνύτης, ἡτος Dor. ᾶτος, ἡ, = πῖνυτή.

πῖνυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῖνύσσω) *wise, understanding.*

πῖνυτό-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πῖνυτός, φρήν) *of wise or understanding mind.*

ΠΙΨΝΩ [Ὶ]: fut. *πίομαι:* aor. 2 *ἐπιών*, imperat. *πίε*, also *πῖθι*, inf. *πιεῖν:* from Root ΠΙΟ— come pf. *πέπωκα*, aor. I pass. *ἐπόθην:* pf. pass. inf. *πεπόσθαι:*—*to drink, Lat. bibo:* c. gen. *to drink* of a thing: metaph. *to drink up, absorb:* pf. *πέπωκα, to have drunk, to be drunken.*

πῖν-ώδης, ἐς, (πίνος, εἶδος) *dirty, squalid.*

πίοιμι, aor. 2 opt. of πίνω.

πίομαι, fut. of πίνω: but also used as pres. med. πῖων, Ep. aor. 2 of πίνω.

πίος, α, ον, ποῖτ. for πῖων.

πίότης, ητος, ἡ, (πίος, πῖαν) *fatness, richness.*

πίπίσκω, f. πῖσω [Ὶ]: aor. I *ἐπίσα:* Causal of πίνω, *to give to drink, c. dupl. acc.: πῖσω σφε Δίρκας ὕδωρ I will give them the water of Dirce to drink.*

πίπλω, ποῖτ. for πίμπλημι, impf. *ἐπιπλον, to fill.*

πιπρίζω, f. ἴσω, *to chirp like young birds.* (Formed from the sound.)

πῖπράσσω Ion. πῖπρήσκω, redupl. form of περάω:

pf. *πέπρακα*; Pass., fut. I *πρήθησομαι*, paulo-p. fut. *πεπράσομαι* (ᾶ); aor. I pass. *ἐπρήθην* (ᾶ); pf. *πέπραμαι* Ion. -*ημαι*: (*περάω*):—*to sell beyond seas*, like *περάω*: generally, *to sell*:—Pass. *to be sold*: metaph. *to be bought and sold*, i. e. *betrayed*.

πίπτω, for *πι-πέτω*, redupl. from Root ΠΕΤ-: Ep. impf. *πίπτον*: fut. *πεσοῦμαι* Ion. *πεσέομαι*: aor. 2 *ἔπεσον*, inf. *πεσείν*: pf. *πέπτωκα*, Ep. part. *πεπτηώς* and *πεπτεώς*, -*εώτος* Att. *πεπτός*, -*ώτος*, syncop. from *πεπτωκώς*:—*to fall, fall down*; c. acc. cognato, *πίπτειν* *πάτωκα*, *πεσόμεθα*: absol. in pf. *πέπτωκα*, *to be fallen, lie low*.

II. Special usages: *πίπτειν ἐν τινι* *to fall upon a thing violently, to attack*. 2. *πίπτειν ἐκ τινος* *to fall out of or lose a thing*, Lat. *decidere de*.: *ἐκ θυμοῦ πίπτειν τινί* *to fall out of or lose one's favour*. 3. *πίπτειν μετὰ ποσῶν γυναικῶν* *to fall between the feet of a woman*, i. e. *to be born*. 4. *to fall in fight*. 5. *to fall, sink, leave off*; *ἄνεμος πέσε* *the wind fell*. 6. *πίπτειν ὑπὸ τινος* *to fall by another's hand, to be overthrown, overcome*; *ὁ στρατὸς αὐτὸς ὑπ' ἐωντοῦ ἔπεσε* *the army failed of itself*, Lat. *mole sua corrui*. 7. *to fall short, fail*: of a play, *to fail*, Lat. *cadere*. 8. of the dice, *to fall in a certain position*; *τὰ δεσποτῶν εἶδ' ἐσόντα θήσομαι* *I shall count my master's throws lucky*: generally, *εἶ or καλὸς πίπτειν*, *to be lucky*:—*so also, to fall, turn out, happen*.

πίρωμι, an Egypt. word = *καλὸς κἀγαθός*, *noble*. *πίσινος*, η, ον, (*πίσιος*) *made of peas*, ἔντος *πίσινον* *pea-soup*.

ΠΙΨΩΣ, a kind of *pulse, the pea*, Lat. *pisum*. [Ἰ] *πίσιος*, τό, (*πίσω* fut. of *πιπίσκω*) only in nom. and acc. pl. *πίσσα*, *moist lands, meadows*.

ΠΙΨΣΑ Att. *πίττᾶ*, ἦ, *pitch*, Lat. *pix*: proverb., *μελάντερον ἢ τε πίσσα* *blacker than pitch*. *πισσοήρης*, ες, (*πίσσα*) of or like *pitch, pitchy*. *πίσινος* Att. *πίττινος*, η, ον, (*πίσσα*) *pitched over, coated with pitch*.

πισσῶ Att. *πιττ-*, f. *ώσω*, *to pitch, cover with pitch*. *πίστευμα*, τό, (*πιστεύω*) *a pledge of good faith*. *πιστευτικός*, ἦ, ὄν, (*πιστεύω*) *disposed to trust, confiding*. From *πιστεύω*, f. *σω*, (*πίστις*) *to believe, trust in, put faith in, confide in, rely on a person or thing*: absol., *χαλεπὸν πιστεύειν* *hard to believe*; *πιστεύειν εἰς τινα* *to believe on a person*:—Pass. *to be believed or trusted*. 2. *to believe, comply, obey*. II. c. inf. *to believe that, feel sure or confident that a thing is*: also c. dat. et inf. *to trust to one, rely on one to do so and so*.

III. *to entrust or confide something to another*. *πιστικός*, ἦ, ὄν, (*πίνω*) *drinkable, liquid*. *πιστικός*, ἦ, ὄν, (*πίστις*) *trusty, faithful*. 2. *persuasive*. 3. *pure, genuine*.

πίστις, εως, ἦ, (*πέθω*, *πέθομαι*) *trust in others, faith, belief*; Lat. *fides, fiducia*; *πίστις θεῶν* *faith in the gods*; *πίστις* *persuasion of a thing, confidence, assurance*. 2. *good faith, faithfulness, honesty*, Lat. *fides*. 3. *credit, trust*; *εἰς πίστιν δίδουσι* *to give in trust*. II. *that*

which gives trust or confidence, an assurance, pledge of good faith, warrant; *πίστιν καὶ ὕρκια ποιείσθαι* *to exchange assurances and oaths*. 2. *a means of persuasion, an argument, proof*.

πιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (*πίνω*) *drinkable, liquid*; *τὰ πιστά* *liquid medicines, draughts*.

πιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (*πέθω*) of persons, *faithful, trusty, true*: in Persia *οἱ πιστοὶ* or *τὰ πιστά* *were confidential officers about the court, privy-councillors*; *πιστά πιστῶν*, like *ἔσχατ' ἐσχάτων*, = *πιστότατοι*, *most trusty*. 2. *believed, trusted*. II. of things, *trustworthy, sure, deserving belief*: *credible*. 2. *τὸ πιστόν*, as Subst., *a pledge, security, warrant*; *πιστόν or πιστά δοῦναι καὶ λαβεῖν* *to give and receive pledges*: also *τὸ πιστόν* = *πίστις*, *good faith*.

III. act. *believing, relying on*. 2. *obedient*. Hence *πιστότης*, ητος, ἦ, *good faith, honour, faithfulness*. *πιστώ*, f. *ώσω*, (*πιστός*) *to make faithful or trustworthy, bind by a pledge or engagement*. II. Pass. *to be made trustworthy, give a pledge or warrant*; *ὕρκω πιστωθῆναι* *to pledge oneself by oath*. 2. *to feel trust, to be persuaded*; *πιστωθεῖς*, *trusting, confiding*.

III. Med. *to give one another pledges or guarantees, exchange troth*. 2. *πιστούσθαι τινα ὑφ' ὅρκων* *to secure his good faith, bind him by oaths*.

πίστρα, ἦ, (*πίνω*) *a drinking-trough or cup*. *πίστρον*, τό, (*πίνω*) = *πίστρα*. *πίστωμα*, ατος, τό, (*πιστώω*) *an assurance, guarantee, pledge*. 3. *γυραλάε πιστώματα* = *πιστοὶ γέροντες*, as *πιστὰ Περγάν* is used for *πιστοὶ Περγάνων*.

πιστώω, Adv. of *πιστός*, *faithfully*: *persuasively*. *πιστώσαντο*, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of *πιστώω*. *πίσυνος*, η, ον, (*πέθω*) *trusting on, relying on, depending on, confiding in*, c. dat. *πίσυνος*, οἰ, αἰ, *πίσυρα*, τὰ, Aeol. for *τέσσαρες, τέσσαρα*.

πίσω [Ἰ], fut. of *πιπίσκω*. *πίνα*, Ep. for *ἐπίνα*, 3 sing. impf. of *πίννημι*. *πίνας*, ασα, αν, part. of *πίννημι*. *πίννημι*, collat. form of *πέταννυμι*, *to spread out, extend, expand*.

πίνω, = *πετάννυμι*, *to spread out*: impf. *ἐπιπνον*. *πίνω* [Ἰ], poet. form of *πίπω*, used metri grat. when the penult. is required to be short, as *μίμνω* is used for *μένω*, when the penult. is to be long. *πίττᾶ*, ἦ, Att. for *πίσσα*. *πίττινος*, η, ον, Att. for *πίσινος*. *πιττώω*, Att. for *πισσῶω*.

πίτῶ-κάμπητις, ον, ὄ = *πιτνο-κάμπητις*. *πίτῶλεω*, f. *σω*, (*πίτυλος*) *to ply the plashing oar*. ΠΙΨΥΛΟΣ [Ἰ], ὄ, *the measured plash of oars*; *ἐνι πητόλῳ* with one *stroke*. II. *the plash of falling drops*; *πίτυλος σκύφος* *the plash of wine poured into a cup*. 2. *the noise made by a quick succession of blows*, as, *the beating of the breast, clapping of the hands, repeated blows with the fist, with the spear*. 3. metaph. of any *violent gestures, frantic passion*.

πίτυο-κάμπτης, ου, ὁ, (πίτυς, κάμπτω) *the pine-bender*, epith. of the robber Sinis, who killed travellers by tying them between two pine-trees bent down so as nearly to meet, and then let go.

πίτυο-τρόφος, ου, (πίτυς, τρέφω) *growing pines*.

πίτυρον, τό, (πίσιω) *bran, the husk of corn*: generally, *refuse*, *Lat. furfur, furfura*; mostly used in pl.

ΠΙΤΥΣ, vos, ἡ, ποэт. dat. pl. πίτυσσω: *the pine-tree*, *Lat. pinus*: proverb., *πίτυος δίκη ἐκτριβεσθαί* to be destroyed like a *pine-tree*, i. e. utterly, because the pine-tree once cut down never grows again.

πίτυ-στεπτος, ου, (πίτυς, στέφω) *pine-crowned*.

πιφαύσκω, (redupl. form of φαίνω, akin to φάσκω, as διδάσκω to δαίω), only used in pres. and impf. to *let be seen, shew, reveal by a token*: mostly, *to shew by words, to make known, tell, declare, reveal*. 2. *πιφαύσκομαι* as Dep. to *make manifest, make known, declare*.

πίω, ἄρον 2 sub. j. of πίνω.

ΠΙΨΩΝ [r], ὁ, ἡ, neut. πίων, gen. πίωνος:—*Lat. PIN-GUIS, fat, plump, sleek, of animals: oily, rich*. II. of soil, *fat, rich, fertile*: also *wealthy*. III. Comp. and Sup. *πίωτερος, πίοτατος* (as if from πῖος).

πίων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πίνω.

πλαγά, Dor. for πληγή.

πλάγιαζω, f. άσω, (πλάγιος) to turn sideways or slanting, *turn aside: to tack to and fro*.

πλάγι-αυλος, ὁ, (πλάγιος, αὐλός) *the cross flute, German flute*.

πλάγιος, α, ου, also os, ου, placed sideways, *slanting, athwart*; *eis πλάγιον sideways*; τὰ πλάγια *the sides*, in military sense, *the flanks* of an army; *eis τὰ πλάγια right and left*; *κατὰ πλάγια in flank*; *ἐκ πλαιγιου on the flank*; *πλαιγιος λαβεῖν τοὺς πολεμίου*s to take the enemy in *flank*. II. metaph. *sideways, askance, treacherous*.

πλάγιω, (πλάγιος) to turn or move sideways.

πλαγιός, Adv. of πλάγιος, *aslant*.

πλαγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πλάζω) act. *he that leads astray, a misleader*. 2. pass. *a wanderer, rover*.

πλαγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (πλάζω) *wandering, roaming*. II. metaph. *wandering in mind, distraught, unsettled*. Hence

πλαγκτοσύνη, ἡ, *a wandering, roaming*.

πλάζομαι, fut. med. of πλάζω.

πλαγῆσθηναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πλάζω.

πλάδῶρος, ἄ, ὄν, wet, moist. From

ΠΛΑΪΔΟΣ, ὁ, moisture.

ΠΛΑΪΩΣ: Ep. impf. πλάζων: f. πλάγξω: aor. I ἐπλαγξα:—*to make to wander or roam, drive from the right course, cast away*: metaph. *to lead astray*: generally, *to mislead, seduce*. II. Pass., with fut. med. πλάγξομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπλαγῆσθην Ep. πλάγῃσθην, *to wander, go astray: to glance or slide off*.

πλάθανῆ, ἡ, (πλάσσω) *a platter or mould to bake in*.

πλάθανον, τό, πλάθανος, ὁ, = πλάθανῆ.

πλάθῆναι, -θείς, aor. I pass. inf. and part. of πελάζω.

πλάθω, collat. form of πελάζω, intr. to *approach, draw near, come nigh*. [ᾶ]

ΠΛΑΓΪΣΙΩΝ, τό, an oblong figure or body: *ισόπλευρον πλάσιον a square*: of an army, *ἐν πλαισιώ τετάχθαι* to be drawn up in *square*, *Lat. agmine quadrato*, as opp. to marching order, *agmine longo*.

πλακέεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλέκω.

πλάκερός, ἄ, ὄν, (πλάξ) = πλατύς, broad.

πλάκινος, η, ου, (πλάξ) *made of a board or plank, wooden*. [ᾶ]

πλακοῦς, οὔντος, ὁ, contr. from πλακοῖς, (πλάξ) *a flat cake*.

πλάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Dor. for πλήκτωρ.

πλάν, Dor. for πλήν.

πλανάω Ion. -έω, f. ἦσω, (πλάνη) to lead astray, *lead wandering about*: of ships, *to drive from their course*: generally, *to mislead, lead into error*. II. Pass. *πλανάομαι*, with fut. med. *πλανήσομαι*, aor. I pass. *ἐπλανήσθην*, pf. *πεπλάνημαι*:—*to wander, roam about, stray*: c. acc., *πλανάσθαι χθόνα* to wander over a land, *Lat. oberrare*: *πλανάσθαι ἐν λόγῳ* to be at a loss in one's story: *to wander in mind, be at a loss*.

ΠΛΑΪΝΗ, ἡ, *a wandering or roaming about, straying: erring, error*. [ᾶ]

πλάνημα, ατος, τό, (πλανάω) *a wandering, going astray*.

πλάνης, ητος, ὁ, (πλάνη) *a wanderer, roamer, rover*, *Lat. erro*; *πλάνητες ἀστέρες* wandering stars, planets.

πλάνησις, εως, ἡ, (πλανάω) *a leading astray: a dispersing*. [ᾶ]

πλανητέον, verb. Adj. of *πλανάομαι*, *one must wander*.

πλάνητης, ου, ὁ, fem. -ήτις, ιδος, (πλανάω) = πλάνης, *a wanderer*. 2. *a planet*.

πλάνιος, α, ου, ποэт. for πλάνος.

πλαν-οδία, ἡ, (πλάνος, ὁδός) *a wrong way, by-way*. [πλᾶ— metri grat.]

ΠΛΑΪΝΟΣ [ᾶ], η, ου, also os, ου, act. *leading astray, deceiving*: as Subst., *πλάνος, ὁ, a deceiver*. 2. pass. *wandering, roaming*.

ΠΛΑΪΝΟΣ, ὁ, = πλάνη, *a wandering about, roaming, straying*: *φροντιδὸς πλάνου* wanderings of thought.

πλάνο-στιβῆς, ἐς, (πλάνος, στίβω) *trodden by wanderers*.

πλάνῶτω, = πλανάομαι, *to wander about*.

ΠΛΑΪ, ἡ, gen. πλάκος, *anything flat and broad, flat land, a plain*; *πόντου πλάξ* the ocean plain: *the flat top of a hill, table-land*:—also *a flat stone, tombstone*.

πλάξεν, Dor. for ἐπλήξεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πλήξω.

πλάξ-ιππος, ου, Dor. for πλήξιππος.

πλάσμα, ατος, τό, (πλάσσω) *anything moulded or modelled in clay or wax, an image, figure*; *πλάσματα πηλοῦ* vessels of clay. II. *that which is imitated, a forgery*.

ΠΛΑΪΣΣΩΝ Att. -ττω: f. πλάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐπλάσσα Ep. ἐπλασσα, πλάσσα: pf. πέπλάκα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλάσθην: pf. πέπλάσμαι:—*to form, mould,*

shape, fashion, Lat. *figere*, of the statuary who works in clay or wax:—Pass. *to be moulded, made, fashioned*.

II. generally, *to mould, shape, of the mind and body*:—Med., *πλασόμενος τῇ ὕψει having formed himself in face, i. e. having composed his countenance*.

III. metaph. *to make up, fabricate, forge*: absol., *δόξω πλάσας λέγειν* I shall seem to speak from invention; *κόμπος οὐ πεπλασμένος* no false boast. Hence

πλαστής, οὐ, ὁ, fem. *πλάστειρα*, *one who moulds or models, a modeller*.

πλάστιγξ Ion. *πλήστιγξ*, ἴγγος, ἡ, (*πλήσσω*) *the tongue or scale of a balance*. II. *a pair of scales, a balance*: also *a yoke for horses*. III. *a whip*.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, doubtful form of *πελαστός*.

πλαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (*πλάσσω*) *formed, moulded, modelled*. II. metaph. *made up, forged, counterfeit, unreal*: *πλαστός πατρί* *a supposititious son*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ἴσω, *to clap the hands loudly*: *to clasp, crack*. II. *to beat, so as to make a loud noise*. From

πλάτῳ, ἡ, (*πλάτῳ*) *a rattle*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ἴσω, (*πλάτῳ*) *a clapping*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ἴσω, (*πλάτῳ*) *anything that rattles or cracks*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ἴσω, (*πλάτῳ*) *the broad petal of the rosette*, which they used to lay on the hand and strike smartly; it was a good omen if it burst with a loud crack.

Πλάταια, ἡ, mostly in plur. *Πλαταιαί*, ἡ, αἰ, *Plataea*, a city in Boeotia: adverbial dat., *Πλαταιᾶσι* *at Plataea*. Hence

Πλαταιεύς Ion. —έες Att. —ῆς, οἱ, *the Plataeans*.

πλάτῳ, ἡ, ἴσω, (*πλάτῳ*) *any broad flat body*: *a flat stone, a flat beach*.

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πλείω, Ep. pres. for πλέω, *to sail*.

πλείων or πλέων, ὁ, ἡ, neut. πλείον or πλέον, gen. ονος; Ep. nom. and acc. pl. πλείων πλείας, Dor. πλείς: πλείν, πλείυνος, πλείυνες etc., are Ion. and Dor. for πλέον, πλέονος, etc.: πλείν Att. for πλέον, like δειν for δέον: Ep. dat. pl. πλείονσσι: Comp. of πολύς:—*more*: also *greater, larger*, of size as well as number:—οἱ πλείονες Ion. and Dor. οἱ πλείνες, *the greater number*, and so, like οἱ πολλοί, *the many, the people*, opp. to the chief men; τὸ πλείον *the greater part*; so also agreeing with its Noun, πλέων νύξ *the greater part of night*.

II. the neut. πλέον has various usages, *more* of a thing, Lat. *plus*; τὸ πλέον, Ion. and Dor. τὸ πλείν, as Adv. *mostly*; οὐ τὸ πλέον *not so much*; πλέον ἤ. . . *more than*. . .; but the ἤ may be omitted, πλείω ἑβδομήκοντα *more than seventy*:—πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνώμη *his opinion rather tended*; πλέον ἔχειν *to have the best of it*, opp. to ἔλαττον ἔχειν *to be beaten*:—with Preps., ἐπὶ πλέον as Adv. *more, further*; ἐς πλέον *more*; περὶ πλείονος *of more importance, of higher value*.

πλείων, ἄνω, ὁ, (πλείος, πλέος) *a full space of time, a year*.

πλέκος, εος, τό, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, wickerwork*.

πλεκτᾶνάω, f. ἴσω, *to twist into wreaths, coil*. From πλεκτάνη, ἡ, (πλέκω) *anything twined or plaited, a coil, wreath*; πλεκτάνη καπνοῦ *a wreath of smoke*. [ᾶ]

πλεκτή, ἡ, fem. of πλεκτός, *a coil, wreath*. 2. *a twisted rope, cord, string*.

πλεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *of or for plaiting*.

πλεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέκω) *plaited, twisted, twined*; πλεκταὶ στέγαι *wicker coverings, i. e. cars*; τὰ πλεκτὰ *any plaited instruments, ropes*.

ΠΛΕΚΩ, f. ξω: aor. 1 ἐπλέξα: pf. πέπλεχα: Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλέχθην, and aor. 2 ἐπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. πέπλεγμαι:—*to twine, twist, weave, braid, enfold*, Lat. *plico, plecto*: also *to knit*; Med., πλέεσθαι πείσμα *to twist oneself a rope*. 2. *metaph. to plan, devise, contrive*.

II. Pass. *to be plaited or woven*. 2. *to twist oneself round, and so to clasp, embrace*.

πλέον, neut. of πλέων, *more*: also neut. of πλέος, *full*. πλεονάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλεονᾶκα: (πλέον)—*to be more than enough, to go too far, take or claim too much*: *to presume on*, c. dat. II. *to exaggerate, overstate*.

πλεονάκις, Adv. (πλέων) *more frequently, oftener: too often*. [ᾶ]

πλεονεκέτω, f. ἴσω or ἴσομαι, = πλέον ἔχω *to have or take more than another, to have or claim a larger share; to claim more than is one's due, to be grasping; to gain some advantage*. 2. c. gen. *to have or gain the advantage over another*:—Pass. *to be overreached, defrauded*. 3. c. gen. rei, *to have a greater share of a thing*; πλεονεκεῖν ψύχους *to bear more cold*. Hence

πλεονέκτημα, ατος, τό, *an advantage, gain*: in pl. *gains, successes*.

πλεονέκτης, ου, ὁ, = ὁ πλέων ἔχων, *one who has or claims more than his share, hence greedy, grasping, selfish*: also as Adj., λόγους πλεονέκτης *a grasping, overbearing speech*. And

πλεονεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, *disposed to take more than one's share*. From

πλεονεξία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, *a disposition to take more than one's share, a grasping temper, greediness, covetousness, a claiming more than one's share*. 2. *advantage, superiority*; πλεονεξία τινός *advantage over another*; ἐπὶ πλεονεξίᾳ *for one's advantage or gain*.

πλεόνως, Adv. of πλέων, *too much*.

ΠΑΕΨΟΣ, α, ον, Ion. πλείος, η, ον, Att. πλέως, έα, έων; pl. πλέφ, πλέφ (for πλείαι), πλέᾶ:—*full, filled*, c. gen.: hence *satisfied, cloyed*: of Time, *full, complete*. Comp. πλεῖοτερος.

πλέτο, ποῖτ. for ἐπλετο, 3 sing. impf. of πέλομαι. . .

πλεύν, Ion. and Dor. for πλέον: so πλεύνος, πλεύνες, for πλέονος, πλέωνες, etc.

πλεύνωσ, Adv. Ion. for πλέωνος, *too much*.

ΠΑΕΥΤΡΑ, ᾶς, ἡ, *a rib*, Lat. *costa*: in pl. *the ribs, the side or sides*. II. later, *the page of a book*.

πλευρίτις, ιδος, ἡ, (πλευρά) *pain in the side, pleurisy*.

πλευρόθεν, Adv. (πλευρά) *from the side*.

πλευρο-κοπέω, f. ἴσω, (πλευρά, κόπτω) *to smite the ribs*.

ΠΑΕΥΤΡΟΝ, τό, *a rib*, an older ποῖτ. form of πλευρά: in pl. *the ribs, the side*.

πλευρο-τύτης, ές, (πλευρόν, τύπτω) *striking the sides*.

πλευρώμα, ατος, τό, like πλευρόν, *the side*.

πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι, fut. med. of πλέω.

πλευστοί, verb. Adj. of πλέω, *one must sail*.

πλευστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλέω) *fit for sailing, fair*.

ΠΑΕΨΩ Ep. πλείω: fut. πλεύσομαι or πλευσοῦμαι: aor. 1 ἐπλευσα: pf. πέπλευκα; Pass., aor. 1 ἐπλεύσθην: pf. πέπλευκα: cp. the Ion. form πλώω:—*to sail, go by sea*; c. acc. cognato, ὑγρά κέλευθα πλείν *to sail the watery ways*:—*to swim, float*;—*metaph.*, πλείν κατ' ὀρθόν *to go on prosperously*.

πλέω, Att. nom. and acc. neut. pl. of πλέων, *more*.

πλέων, neut. πλέον, for πλείων, q. v.

πλέως, πλέᾶ, πλέων, pl. πλέφ, πλέᾶ (for πλείαι), πλέᾶ, *full*, Att. for πλέος.

πληγίς, είσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of πλήσσω.

πληγή, ἡ, (πλήσσω) *a blow, stroke, stripe*:—also *a wound*, Lat. *plāga*: also *a beating or fighting with clubs*: *metaph. a blow, stroke, shock*.

πληγμα, ατος, τό, = πληγή.

πλήθος, εος, τό, (πύμπλημι) *a great number, a mass, throng, crowd*: *the greater part, the mass, main body*; hence *the people, the commons*: also *the government of the people, democracy*. II. *number or quantity*: also *magnitude, size, bulk*. III. *sometimes length, duration* of Time.

πληθύνω [ῶ], f. δύνω, (πληθύς) *to make full*: *to increase, multiply*: Pass. *to increase (intr.)*, *to be completed*: of persons, *to be fully resolved*. II. intr. = πληθύω.

πληθύς, ὄος, ἡ, Ep. dat. πληθῦ, Ion. for πλήθος, a throng, crowd.

πληθῦ, (πληθύς) to be or become full; ἀγορῆς πληθουσύης when the market-place becomes full: of rivers, to swell, rise. 2. to abound: to increase in number: to spread, prevail; ὁ πληθύνων λόγος the current story.

πλήθω, πῆ. πέπληθα: (πλέος):—to be or become full; πλήθουσα σελήνη the moon at the full: of rivers, to be full, to swell, rise. 2. to complete a space of time.

πληθώρα, ἡ, (πλήθω) fulness: satiety.

πληκτής, οὐ, ὅ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler, quarrelsome person.

πληκτίζομαι, Dep. (πλήσσω) to fight, combat. II. to beat one's breast for grief, Lat. plangere. III. to engage in dalliance.

πληκτισμός, ὁ, (πληκτίζομαι) dalliance.

πλήκτρον, τό, (πλήσσω) an instrument to strike with, an instrument for striking the lyre, Lat. plectrum. 2. a spear-point. 3. a cock's spur, Lat. calcar. 4. a punting-pole or paddle.

πλήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πλήσσω) a striker, brawler.

πλήμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of πίμπλημι.

πλημμέλεια, ἡ, (πλημμελής) a mistake in music, false note: generally, a fault, error, offence.

πλημμελέω, f. ἴσω, (πλημμελής) to make a false note in music: to err, offend:—Pass. to be neglected, to be ill-treated or insulted. Hence

πλημμέλημα, ατος, τό, = πλημμέλεια.

πλημ-μελής, ἐς, (πλήν, μέλος) out of tune, making a false note: generally, erring, faulty, offending: of things, unpleasant, harsh. Adv. -λῶς.

πλήμμη, ἡ, = πλήσμη.

πλήμμυρα, ἡ, = πλημμυρίς, flood-tide: a flood. Hence

πλημμυρέω, f. ἴσω, to overflow.

πλημμυρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλήμμη) the flow of the sea, the flood-tide; πλημμυρίς ἐκ πόντου the flood setting in towards land: generally, a flood, deluge. [ἕ Ep., ὕ Att.]

πλήμμη, ἡ, (πλήθω) the nave of a wheel.

πλήν, (properly contr. from πλέον, more than), beyond: I. as Prep., with gen. except, save. II. as Adv. besides, unless, save, except; πλήν ὅσον except so far as: it is often followed by some conjunct;

πλήν ὅταν save when; πλήν ὅτι except that; πλήν εἰ or ἐάν, Lat. nisi si, only if; etc.; when apparently followed by an acc., there is an ellipse, οὐκ οἶδα πλήν ἐν (sc. οἶδα) I know not, only one thing (I know).

πλήντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι. II. 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πελάζω.

πλήξα, Ep. for ἐπληξα, aor. I of πλήσσω.

πλήξ-ιππος, ον, (πλήσσω, ἵππος) striking or driving horses.

πληρεῦντες, -εὔμενοι, Ion. part. act. and pass. of πληρόω.

πλήρης, es, gen. eos contr. οὐς, (πλέος) full of, c.

gen.; rarely c. dat. filled with: absol. full, filled to the brim. 2. generally, full, complete, sufficient. 3. of persons, satisfied, satiated, cloyed with a thing.

πληρο-φορέω, f. ἴσω, (πλήρης, φέρω) to bring full confirmation, to fulfil:—Pass. to be fully assured: of things, to be fully believed. Hence

πληροφορία, ἡ, full conviction, certainty.

πληρώω, f. ὠσω: pf. πεπλήρωκα: fut. med. πληρώσομαι mostly used in pass. sense: fut. pass. πληρωθήσομαι: (πλήρης):—to fill, make full: πληρῶν ναῦν to man a ship: πληροῦτε θωρακεία man the walls. 2. to fill full of good, to satiate, satisfy. 3. πληρῶν τῆν χρεῖαν to supply the need. II. of numbers, to make full, complete, make up. III. to fulfil a duty: generally, to perform or discharge a task. IV. intr. to be complete. Hence

πλήρωμα, ατος, τό, that which fills up, a full measure, complement: of the men in a ship, a ship's complement, her crew: of number, the sum. II. a filling up, completing.

πλήρωσις, ἡ, (πληρώω) a filling up, filling: the completing a number: the manning a ship.

πληροῖσται, Ep. for πλήσαιντο, 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσας, aor. I part. of πίμπλημι.

πλήσθεν, Ep. for ἐπλησθεν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησθήσομαι, fut. pass. of πίμπλημι.

πλησιάζω, f. ἄσω: pf. πεπλησίακα: (πλησίος):—to bring near:—Pass. to be brought near, approach. II. intr. to be near: to approach: c. dat. also, to be always near, associate with.

πλησιαιτερος, -αίτατος, Att. Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος: Adv. Comp. πλησιαιτέρω, nearer.

πλησιόστερος, -έστατος, Comp. and Sup. of πλησίος.

πλησίος, α, ον, (πέλας, πελάζω) near, hard by, close to. II. as Subst., πλησίος, ὁ, a neighbour. III. Adv. πλησίον, near, nigh, hard by; ὁ πλησίον (sub. ὄν) one's neighbour: so Dor. ὁ πλάτιον.

IV. Comp. πλησιέστερος, Sup. -έστατος, also πλησιαίτερος, -αίτατος, nearer, nearest.

πλησιό-χωρος, ον, (πλησίος, χώρα) near a country, bordering upon, Lat. finitimus: as Subst. one who lives near, a neighbour.

πλησ-ίστιος, ον, (πίμπλημι, ἰστιόν) filling or swelling the sails.

πλήσμη, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) the swelling or rising of a river.

πλησμονή, ἡ, (πίμπλημι) a filling up or being filled up, satiety: generally, fulness, repletion, plenty.

ΠΑΛΗΨΩ Att. -τω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐπληξα Ep. πλήξα: pf. πέπληγα: Pass., fut. πληγήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. πεπλήξομαι: aor. 2 ἐπλήγγην, in compds. ἐπλάγγην [α]: pf. πέπληγγμαι:—Ep. redupl. aor. 2 act. πέπληγγον, inf. πεπληγγέμεν, med. πεπληγγόμεν:—to strike, smite, wound, of a direct blow, as opp. to βάλλω.

λεω (*to strike with a missile*): of Jove, *to strike with lightning*: *to strike back, drive away*:—Med., *πληξασθαι to smite or beat oneself* in sign of grief:—Pass. *to be struck, stricken, smitten*: also *to be beaten*: *to be stricken* by misfortune: but, *πλησσεσθαι δάροισι to be touched* by bribes.

II. metaph. of violent emotions, *to strike, amaze, confound, stun*; *πληγείς ἔρωτι smitten* with love.

πλήστιγξ, ἡ, Ion. for πλάστιγξ.

πλήτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of πίμπλημι.

3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 of πελάζει, *he came near*.

πλινθέω, f. σω, (πλίνθος) *to make into bricks*. 2. absol. *to make bricks*. II. *to build of brick*.

πλινθηδόν, Adv. (πλίνθος) *in the shape of a brick*.

πλίνθινος, η, ον, (πλίνθος) *made or built of brick*.

πλινθιον, τό, Dim. of πλίνθος, *a small brick*.

πλινθίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of πλίνθος: *a whetstone*.

πλίνθος-ποιεώ, f. ἡσω, (πλίνθος, ποιέω) *to make bricks*.

πλίνθος, ἡ, *a brick*, Lat. *later*; πλίνθιοι ὄπται *baked bricks*; πλίνθους ἐλκύσαι or εἰρύσαι Lat. *ducere lateres*, *to make bricks*: δόμοι πλίνθου *layers of brick*. 2. *anything shaped like a brick, a plinth, an ingot* of metal. 3. *the plinth* of a column.

πλινθουργέω, f. ἡσω, *to make bricks*. From πλινθ-ουργός, ὄν, (πλίνθος, *ἔργω) *making bricks*: as Subst., πλινθουργός, ὄ, *a brick-maker*.

πλινθοφορέω, f. ἡσω, *to carry bricks*. From

πλινθο-φόρος, ον, (πλίνθος, φέρω) *carrying bricks*.

πλινθώω, f. ὠσω, (πλίνθος) *to make of brick*: Med. *to build for oneself*.

πλινθ-ὑφής, ἐς, (πλίνθος, ὑφαίνω) *brick-built*.

ΠΛΙΓΣΣΟΜΑΙ, f. πλιζομαι: pf. πέπλιγμαi: Dep.: *to cross one's legs in walking*: *to walk briskly, trot*.

πλοη-τόκος, ον, (πλόος, τεκέν) *producing navigation*.

πλοῖαριον, τό, Dim. of πλοῖον, *a skiff, boat*.

πλοῖον, τό, (πλέω) *a floating vessel, a ship* of any kind; πλοῖα λεπτά *small craft*; πλοῖα ἱππαγωγὰ *transport-vessels*; πλοῖα μακρὰ *ships of war*, Lat. *longae naues*; πλοῖα στρογγύλα *ships of burthen*, Lat. *naues onerariae*:—as distinguished from ναῦς (*a ship of war*), πλοῖον was a *merchant-ship* or *transport*.

πλοκάμῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πλόκαμος) *a braid, lock, or curl of hair*: also *curly hair*. [Γ]

πλόκαμος, ὄ, (πλέω) *a braid, lock or curl of hair*: in pl. *the locks, the hair*. II. *a twisted rope*.

πλοκή, ἡ, (πλέω) *anything plaited or woven, a web*: metaph. *a web of deceit*.

πλόκος, ὄ, (πλέω) *a lock or curl of hair*. II. *a wreath or chaplet*.

πλόμος, Ep. syncop. pres. part. of πέλομαι.

πλόος Att. contr. πλοῦς, ὄ, plur. πλοῖ, πλῶν, etc.: (πλέω):—*a sailing voyage*: *time or tide for sailing*:—*proverb.*, δεῦτερος πλοῦς *the next best way*.

πλουθ-ὑγεία, ἡ, (πλούτος, ὑγεία) *health and wealth*.

πλοῦς, ὄ, Att. contr. for πλόος.

πλούσιος, α, ον, (πλούτος) *rich, wealthy*: c. gen.

rei, *rich in a thing*, Lat. *dives orum*. II. *ample, abundant*.

III. Adv. -ίως, *like a rich man*.

Πλουτεύς, ἔως, ἡ, ποῖτ. for Πλούταν.

πλουτέω, f. ἡσω, (πλούτος) *to be rich, wealthy*: c. gen. *to be rich, abound in a thing*. Hence

πλουτηρός, ὄ, ὄν, *enriching*.

πλουτίζω, f. ἰσω, (πλούτος) *to enrich, make wealthy*.

πλουτο-γάθης, ἐς, Dor. for πλουτογηθής, (πλούτος, γηθῶν) *delighting by or in riches*.

πλουτο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, and πλουτο-δότης, ον, ὄ, (πλούτος, δίδωμι) *giver of riches*.

πλουτο-κράτια, ἡ, (πλούτος, κρατέω) *an oligarchy of wealth*.

ΠΛΟΥΤΟΣ, ὄ, *wealth, riches*. II. as masc.

prop. n. *Plutus*, god of riches, represented as blind.

πλουτο-χθῶν, ονος, ὄ, ἡ, (πλούτος, χθῶν) *rich in the treasures of the land*.

Πλούτων, ανος, ὄ, *Pluto*, god of the nether world: a name of Ἄιδης, derived from πλούτος, because corn, the *wealth* of early times, was sent from beneath the earth as his gift.

πλοχμός, οὔ, ὄ, (πλέω) mostly in pl. *locks, hair*.

πλύων, Ep. for ἔπλυων, 3 pl. aor. I of πλύνω.

πλύνεσκον [ῥ], Ion. impf. of πλύνω.

πλῦνός, ὄ, (πλύνω) *a trough or pit to wash clothes in*: *a washing trough or tub*.

πλυντήριος, ον, (πλύνω) *of or for washing*: τὰ Πλυντήρια (sub. ἱερά) *a festival at Athens, in which the robes of the statue of Minerva were washed*.

ΠΛΥΝΩ [ῥ]: fut. πλῦνῶ Ion. πλυνέω: aor. I ἔπλυνα Ep. πλύνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπλύην: pf. πέπλυμαι:—*to wash clean*, esp. linen, opp. *to λούομαι (to bathe)*, or νίξω (*to wash the hands or feet*).

2. *to wash off dirt*. II. metaph., πλύνει τινά *to give him a dressing, to beat or cudgel*. Hence

πλύσις, εως, ἡ, *a washing*. [ῥ]

πλώας, ἄδος, (πλέω) fem. Adj. *floating*.

πλωίζω, f. σω, (πλώω) *to sail on the sea, use ships, practise navigation*.

πλώιμος, ον, (πλώω) *fit for sailing*: of a ship, *fit for sea, sea-worthy, serviceable*.

2. of the sea, *to be sailed over, navigable*: in neut., πλωιματέρων γενομένων or ὄντων as circumstances became or were more favourable to navigation.

πλώσιμος, ον, = πλώιμος, *to be sailed over*.

πλωτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (πλώω) *a seaman, sailor*. II. *a swimmer*.

πλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πλώω) *sailing, floating, swimming*.

II. *that can be sailed on, navigable*.

πλώω, f. ὠσω: aor. I ἔπλωσα: pf. πέπλωκα: Ep. and Ion. for πλέω, *to sail, float*: there is also (as if from a Verb in μι) an Ep. aor. 2 ἔπλων, ὠς, ὦ, part. πλώς, gen. πλώντος.

πνέω, Ep. pres. for πνέω, *to breathe*.

πνεῦμα, ατος, το, (πνέω) *wind, air*. II. *breath, pneuma Bion the breath of life*; πνεῦμα ἀφίεμαι *to give up the ghost*:—*spend one's spirit, life*.

2. *spirit, inspiration*. III. *a Spirit, spiritual Being*:—

Πνεῦμα and ἅγιον Πνεῦμα *the Holy Spirit, Holy Ghost*. Hence

πνευματικός, ἡ, ὄν, *belonging to wind or breath*. II. *of the spirit, spiritual*: Adv. -κάως, *spiritually*.

πνευματώω, f. ὤσω, (πνεῦμα) *to turn into wind or air*: *to inflate*. 2. *to agitate with wind*.

πνεύμων common Att. πλεύμων, ονος, ὁ, (πνέω, πνεῦμα) used both in sing. and pl. *the organs of breathing, the lungs*.

πνεύσομαι, fut. of πνέω.

ΠΝΕΩΩ. Ep. πνεύω: f. πνεύσομαι and πνευσσομαι, later πνεύσω: aor. I ἐπνευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπνεύσθη: pf. πέπνυμαι, part. πεπνυμένος (v. sub. πέπνυμαι):—*to blow, breathe, of the wind*. II. *to breathe, send forth an odour, exhale*: c. gen. rei, *to smell of a thing, be redolent of*; rarely c. dat. rei, *to smell with it*.

III. of animals, *to breathe hard, pant, gasp*. IV. *to draw breath, breathe*: *to live*. V. metaph., c. acc. cognato, *μένεα πνέοντες breathing spirit*; Ἄρεα πνέω, Lat. Martem spirare; μέγα πνέω *to be of a high spirit*. VI. *to breathe favourably or graciously on one, Lat. aspirare alicui*.

πνίγεις, ἔως, ὁ, (πνίγω) *an oven*: or 2. *a cover or damper put on coals to smother the flame*.

πνιγήρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *choking, stifling, of throttling or heat*.

πνιγίζω, = πνίγω.

πνίγμα, ατος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling*.

πνιγμός, ὁ, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling heat*.

πνιγόμενος, εσσα, εν, *choking, stifling*. From

πνίγος, τό, (πνίγω) *a choking, stifling, of heat*.

ΠΝΙΤΩ [τ]: fut. πνίξω or med. πνίξομαι: aor. I ἐπνίξα, inf. πνίξαι: Pass., fut. πνιγήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐπνίγην [η]:—*to stifle, choke*: *to seize by the throat, throttle*:—Pass. *to be stifled or choked*: also *to be drowned*. II. *to cook in a covered vessel, to seethe, stew*.

πνιγώδης, ες, (πνίγος, εἶδος) *stifling*.

πνικτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πνίγω) *stifled, strangled*.

πνοή, ἡς, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. πνοή Dor. πνοά, πνοιά: (πνέω):—*a wind, blast, air*; ἅμα πνοῆς ἀέμοιο along with (i. e. swift as) *blasts of wind*; πυρὸς πνοαὶ *blasts of fire*: metaph., πνοαὶ Ἄρεος *blasts of Ares*. II. *a hard-drawn breath, breath*. III. *a breathing odour, fragrance*: *a vapour, exhalation*. IV. *the breath of a wind-instrument*.

ΠΝΥΞ, gen. πνικνός (not πνικτός), ἡ, *the Pnyx, the place at Athens where the ἐκκλησία or meetings of the people were held*: it was cut out of a small hill just west of the Acropolis, of semicircular form like a theatre.

ΠΟΨΑ, ἡ, Ion. πόη and ποίη Dor. ποία:—*grass*: ποία Μηδική, Lat. herba Medica, sainfoin or lucerne. II. *a grassy place, meadow*. III. *grass-time, summer*.

ποδ-αβρός, ὄν, (πούς, ἀβρός) *soft of foot*.

ποδ-αγός, ὄν, Dor. and Att. for ποδηγός, *guiding the foot*: as Subst., ποδαγός, ὁ, *a guide, an attendant*.

ποδ-άγρα, ἡ, (πούς, ἄγρα) *a trap or snare for the feet*.

II. *gout in the feet*, opp. to χειράγρα (gout in the hands). Hence

ποδαγραύω, *to have gout in the feet*.

ποδαγρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *liable to gout, gouty*.

ποδαγρός, ὄν, (ποδάγρα) *gouty*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πούς, νίξω) *a vessel for washing the feet in, foot-pan*.

ποδᾶ-νιπτρον, τό, (πούς, νίξω) *water for washing the feet in*.

ποδάσπός, ἡ, ὄν, interrog. Adj. = ποῦ (or πόθεν) ἄπο: *from what country?* Lat. *cujas?*

πόδ-αργός, ον, (πούς, ἀργός) *swift- or white-footed*.

ποδ-ἀρκής, ες, (πούς, ἀρκέω) *able of foot, swift-footed*.

ποδ-ἐνδύτος, ον, (πούς, ἐνδύω) *drawn upon the foot*. 2. as Subst., ποδένδυτον, τό, *a robe or garment reaching to the feet*.

ποδεών, ἄνος, ὁ, (πούς) in plur. *the ragged ends formed by the feet and tail, in the skins of animals*; δέρμα λέοντος ἀρημμένον ἀκρων ἐκ ποδεώνων *a lion's skin hung round one's neck by the ends*. II. *the neck or mouth of a wine-skin, which was formed by one of these ends, the other being sewn up*. III. *any similar extremity*; ποδεών στενός *a narrow strip of land*. 2. *the lower end or corner of a sail, the sheet*.

ποδ-ηγός, ὄν, see ποδ-ᾶγός.

ποδ-ηνεκτής, ἐς, (πούς, ἑνέγκω) *reaching down to the feet*.

ποδ-ήνεμος, ον, (πούς, ἄνεμος) *swift as the wind*.

ποδ-ήρης, ες, (πούς, ἀρῆναι) *reaching down to the feet*; πέπλος ποδήρης *a robe that falls over the feet*: hence, ποδήρης στύλος *a tall straight pillar*; ποδήρης ἀσπίς *the large shield which quite covered the body*:—τὰ ποδήρη, *the feet*.

ποδιαίος, α, ον, (πούς) *of the measure of a foot, a foot long, broad, or high*.

ποδιζω, f. ἴσω, (πούς) *to bind the feet, tether*:—Pass., of horses, *to have the feet tied, be tethered*.

ποδί-κροτος, ον, (πούς, κροτέω) *fixed on or to the feet*.

ποδιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ποδίζω) *reaching over the feet*; πέπλος ποδιστήρ *a long garment that entangles the feet in it*.

ποδιστρα, ἡ, (ποδίζω) *a strap or snare for the feet*.

ποδοῦν, Ep. gen. and dat. dual for ποδοῦν.

ποδο-κτύπη, ἡ, (πούς, κτύπέω) *a dancing-girl*.

ποδορ-ραγής, ἐς, (πούς, ραγῆναι) *bursting forth at a stamp of the foot*.

ποδο-στράβη, ἡ, (πούς, στράβη) *a snare or trap to catch the feet*.

ποδο-ψητρον, τό, (πούς, ψάω) *a cloth to rub the feet on, a foot-cloth, mat*.

ποδώκεα, ἡ, *swiftness of foot, fleetness*. From ποδ-ώκης, ἐς, (πούς, ὠκέω) *swift-footed, fleet of foot*: generally *swift, quick*.

πόη, ἡ, Ion. for ποά, *grass*.

ποθέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ποθέω.

ποθαινός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (ποθέω) longed for, desired, missed, regretted: hence mourned for.

πόθεν Ion. κότεν, interrog. Adv. *whence?* from *what place?* Lat. *unde?* τίς, πόθεν εἰς ἀνδρῶν; who, *whence* art thou of men? πόθεν τῆς Φρυγίης; from *what part* of Phrygia? II. in Att. to express surprise, *whence can it be? how possibly?* III. for ποῦ; *where?*

ποθέν, enclit. Adv. *from some place* or *other*.

ποθ-έρπω, Dor. for προσέρπω.

ποθ-έσπερος, ov, Dor. for ποθέσπερος.

ποθεύντες, Dor. and Aeol. part. pl. of ποθέω.

ποθεύντι, Dor. 3 pl. of ποθέω.

ποθέω, fut. ποθήσω or ποθέσομαι: aor. I act. ἐπόθησα or ἐπόθησα Ep. πόθησα: pf. πεπόθημα, pass. πεπόθημαι: (ποθή or πόθος) —to desire *what is absent* or *lost*, to desire or regret fondly, yearn after, long for; and so to miss, regret, Lat. desiderare: τὸ ποθεῖν = πόθος, one's desiring, one's desire. 2. c. inf. to long or be anxious to do. II. as Dep., ποθουμένη φρήν the longing soul.

ποθή, ἡ, Ep. = πόθος, fond desire of, regret for; σὴ ποθή a longing after thee.

ποθήμενα, Ep. pres. inf. of ποθέω (as if from πόθημι).

ποθητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποθέω) desired, longed for, regretted. πόθι, interrog. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *where?* II.

for ποῖ, *whither?*

ποθί, enclit. Adv., poet. for ποῦ, *anywhere, somewhere*: also *anyhow, perhaps*. II. of Time, *some time*: at length.

ποθά-βλητος, ov, (πόθος, βάλλω) love-stricken.

ποθ-οδος, ἡ, Dor. for πρόσ-οδος.

ποθ-οράω, ποθ-όρημι, Dor. for προσ-οράω.

ποθορεύσα, for προσορύσα, part. fem. of προσουράω.

ΠΟΘΟΣ, ὁ, desire for *what is absent* or *lost*, fond desire or regret, a yearning after, longing for, Lat. desiderium; ὁδὸς πόθος a yearning after thee: love.

ποι, interrog. Adv. *whither?* Lat. *quo?* c. gen. ποί χθονός: to *what spot* of earth? 2. for ποῦ; Lat. *ubi? where?* II. to *what end?* Lat. *quorsum?*

ποι, enclitic Adv. *somewhither*.

ποιά, ἡ, Dor. for πόα, grass.

ποιούμενος, Ep. pres. med. part. of ποιεῶ.

ποιέμενα, Ep. impf. med. of ποιεῶ.

ποιούντα, Dor. for ποιούντα, pres. part. acc. of

ΠΟΙΕΩ, f. ἴσω: I. to make, produce, execute, esp. of works of art:—Med. to make for oneself, of bees, οἰκία ποιήσασθαι to make themselves houses: also to have a thing made. 2. to bring to pass, bring about, cause, effect; ποιεῖν ἱρά, Lat. *sacra facere*, to do sacrifice, perform the rites of sacrifice; ποιεῖν Ἴσθμια to celebrate the Isthmian games. 3.

to make, shape, create: to beget: of corn, etc., to produce, grow, raise: also to make or render so and so:—Pass. to be made so and so, to become:—Med. to make so and so for oneself, ποιεῖσθαι τινα ἐταῖρον to make him one's friend: ποιεῖσθαι τινα υἰὸν to make

a person one's son, i. e. to adopt him as son; ἐαυτοῦ ποιεῖσθαι τι to make a thing one's own: generally to bold, reckon, esteem a thing as . . . συμφορὰν ποιεῖσθαι τι to take, reckon a thing for a visitation; δεινὸν ποιεῖσθαι τι to esteem it a grievous thing; περὶ πολλοῦ ποιεῖσθαι, Lat. *magni facere*, to esteem a thing of great moment. 4. to compose, write, esp. in verse, to make: also to invent:—also to make, represent in poetry (whence ποιητής a poet): periphr. in Med., ὄρηγν ποιεῖσθαι for ὄρηγνίζεσθαι, θάμνα ποιεῖσθαι for θαυμάζειν: also ποιεῖσθαι δι' ἀγγέλου, for ἀγγέλλειν.

II. to do; Σπартητικὰ ποιεῖν to act like a Spartan: c. acc. dupl. to do something to another, κακά or ἀγαθὰ ποιεῖν τινα to do one good or evil. 2. to put. III. intr. to be doing, to do; ποιεῖν ἢ παθεῖν to do or have done to one. 2. there is also a peculiar usage, ἡ εὔνοια παρὰ πολλὰ ἐποίει ἐν τοῖς Λακεδαιμονίοις, good-will made greatly for or towards the Lacedaemonians. [Att. Poets, esp. Comic, often use the penult. short, ποι-.]

ποιή, ἡ, Ion. for πόα, grass. ποιήεις, εσσα, εν, (ποίη) grassy, rich in grass. ποιήμα, ατος, τό, (ποιέω) anything made or done: I. a work, piece of workmanship. 2. a poetical work, poem. 3. an act, deed.

ποιματίον, τό, Dim. of ποιήμα, a little poem.

ποιηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποίη) grassy.

ποιησάν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ποιεῶ.

ποίησις, εως, ἡ, (ποιέω) a making: a forming, creating. II. the art of poetry. 2. a poem.

ποιητός, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ποιεῶ, to be made or done. II. neut. ποιητέον one must make or do.

ποιητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ποιέω) one who makes, a maker. II. a maker, i. e. a poet.

ποιητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιέω) capable of making, productive: poetical:—ἡ ποιητικὴ (sub. τέχνη) the art of poetry, poetry. Adv. —κῶς.

ποιητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποιέω) made, fabricated, worked. II. made by oneself, invented.

ποιη-φάγειν, (ποίη, φαγεῖν) to eat grass.

ποικιλ-άνιος, ov, Dor. for ποικιλ-ήνιος, (ποικίλος, ἡνία) with brodered reins.

ποικιλ-είμων, ov, gen. onos, (ποικίλος, εἶμα) with party-coloured robe, with spangled garb.

ποικίλλα, ἡ, (ποικίλος) an embroidering, embroidery: a piece of embroidery: metaph. cunning.

ποικίλλα, f. ἰλῶ: ἐποικίλλα: Pass., pf. πεποικίλλα: (ποικίλος):—to broider, work in embroidery.

II. to embroider: to diversify, vary: metaph. to trick out with fair words, embellish. Hence

ποικιλμα, ατος, τό, anything wrought in various colours. 2. brodered work, broderery.

ποικιλδ-βουλος, ov, (ποικίλος, βουλῆ) of changeful or subtle counsel.

ποικιλδ-γηρυσ Dor. —γαρπυς, vos, ὁ, ἡ, (ποικίλος, γῆρπυς) of varied voice, many-toned.

ποικιλδ-δειρος, ov, (ποικίλος, δείρα) with variegated neck.

ποικίλο-δέρων, *ον*, *γεν. ονος*, (ποικίλος, δέρμα) with spotted or dappled skin.

ποικίλο-εργός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, ἔργον) of varied work.

ποικίλο-θρίξ, -θρίχως, *ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, θρίξ) with spotted hair, spotted, brindled.

ποικίλο-μήτις, *ου, ὁ, ἡ*, and ποικίλο-μητις, *ιδος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, μήτις) full of various wiles.

ποικίλο-μηχανός, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μηχανή) full of various devices.

ποικίλο-μορφος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μορφή) of variegated form, variegated.

ποικίλο-μῦθος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, μῦθος) of various discourse.

ποικίλο-νωτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, νῶτος) with back of varied hues.

ποικίλο-πτερος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, πτερόν) with wing of changeful hue.

ΠΟΙΚΙΛΟΣ, *η, ὄν*, many-coloured, spotted, pied, dappled. II. worked in various colours, of varying colour; τεύχεα ποικίλα χαλκῷ arms inwrought with brass.

III. generally changeful, various: hence of various art, elaborate, inlaid, variegated. 2. changeful, varying,—intricate, riddling, ambiguous; hence artful, cunning.

ποικίλο-σάνδαλος *Αεολ.* -σάμβάλος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, σάνδαλον) with broided sandals.

ποικίλο-στολος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, στολή) with variegated robe: of a ship, with painted prow.

ποικίλο-τερπής, *ές*, (ποικίλος, τέρπω) with varied delights: delighted by variety.

ποικίλο-τευκτος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τεύχω) curiously wrought.

ποικίλο-τραυλος, *ον*, (ποικίλος, τραυλός) twittering or singing in various notes.

ποικίλο-φόρμιγξ, *ιγγως, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φόρμιγξ) accompanied by the various notes of the harp.

ποικίλο-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ποικίλος, φρήν) with manifold counsel, wily-minded.

ποικιλτής, *ου, ὁ, fem.* ποικιλτρια, *ἡ*, (ποικίλλω) one who embroiders: a broiderer.

ποικίλ-φδός, *όν*, (ποικίλος, φδή) of riddling song.

ποικίλως, *Adv.* of ποικίλος, variously; ποικίλως ἔχειν to be different.

ποιμαίνω, *φ. ἀνώ*, (ποιμήν) to feed, tend, *Lat. pascere*: absol. to keep flocks, be a shepherd. 2. metaph. to tend, cherish, foster:—to guide, lead, govern:—also to soothe, lull, beguile, like *Lat. pascere*: hence to deceive.

II. *Pass.* to graze, *Lat. pasci*: to range over in grazing, to stray; πᾶς ποιμαίνται τόπος every place has been ranged over, traversed.

ποιμάν, *ὁ*, *Dor.* for ποιμήν.

ποιμαῖνόνιον, *τό*, (ποιμάνωρ) a herd: metaph. an army under its leader.

ποιμανῶ, *fut.* of ποιμαίνα.

ποιμάνωρ [ᾶ], *ορος, ὁ*, (ποιμαίνα) = ποιμήν, a herdsman, shepherd: a shepherd of the people, prince, chief.

ποιμήν, *ένος, ὁ*, (ποιά) a herdsman, a shepherd; ποιμήν λαῶν a shepherd of the people, i.e. a prince, chief.

ποιμήνη, *ἡ*, (ποιμήν) a herd of cattle, a flock of sheep.

ποιμνήνη, *η, ου*, (ποιμήν) of or for a flock or herd.

ποιμνιον, *τό*, *Dim.* of ποιμήν, a little flock.

ποιναίος, *α, ου*, (ποινή) punishing, avenging.

ποιναῖωρ, *ορος, ὁ, ἡ*, an avenger, punisher. [ᾶ]

ποιναῖω, *φ. ἄσω* [ᾶ] *Ion.* ἡσω, to avenge, punish:—*Med.* to avenge oneself on one. From

ποινή, *ἡ*, a ransom paid for the shedding of blood; generally, a price paid, redemption, requital: also the price exacted, vengeance, penalty, *Lat. poena*; ἀνελέσθαι ποινήν τῆς ψυχῆς to take vengeance for his life; ποινήν τίσαι Ξέρξῃ τῶν κηρῶν ἀπολομένω to give Xerxes satisfaction for the death of his heralds: often in phrase, ποιναῖς δοῦναι, like δίκην δοῦναι, to suffer punishment, *Lat. dare poenas*; ποινας λαμβάνειν to inflict it, *Lat. sumere poenas*. 2. in good sense, recompense, reward. II. personified, Ποίνη, *ἡ*, the goddess of vengeance, vengeance.

ποινήτης, *ου, ὁ, fem.* -ἦτις, *ιδος*, one that punishes or avenges, an avenger.

ποινήμιος, *ον*, (ποινή) avenging, punishing.

ποιολογέω, *φ. ἦσω*, to gather herbs: also to put up corn in sheaves. From

ποιο-λόγος, *ον*, (ποιά, λέγω) gathering herbs.

ποιο-νόμος, *ον*, (ποιά, νέμω) feeding on grass or herbs. II. ποιό-νομος, *ον*, (ποιά, νομή) with grassy pastures.

ΠΙΟΓΟΣ *α, ου Ion.* κοῖος, *η, ου*, interrog. *Adj.* of what nature? of what sort? *Lat. qualis?* in Homer expressing surprise and anger; ποῖον τὸν μῦθον ζεῖπες! what manner of speech hast thou spoken! II. in *Att.* also with the *Art.* when it stands alone, ὁ ποῖος; III. *fem. dat.* ποῖα *Ion.* κοῖη (*sub. δῶ*); as *Adv.* = πῶς; *Lat. quomodo?* how? in what manner?

ποιός, *ά, ὄν*, *indef. Adj.* of a certain nature, kind or quality.

ποιότης, *ητος, ἡ*, (ποιός) quality.

ποιπνύω, *φ. ὕσω* [ῦ], (*redupl.* from πνέω), to be out of breath; hence generally, to hasten, hurry, bustle: also to work hard, be busy.

ποιφύγμα, *ατος, τό*, a blowing, snorting. From ποῖφύσσω, *φ. ξω*, (*redupl.* from φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort. II. to blow out, puff up.

ποι-ώδης, *ες*, (ποιά, εἶδος) like grass, grassy.

ποκά or ποκά, *Dor.* for ποτέ or ποτέ.

ποκάς, *άδος, ἡ*, (πόκος) wool, hair.

ποκίζω, *φ. ἴσω Dor.* ἴζω, (πόκος) to shear wool:—*Med.* to shear or clip for oneself.

πόκος, *ὁ*, (πέκω) wool uncombed, a fleece: also a flock or tuft of wool. II. a sheep-shearing. III. an irreg. pl. act. occurs in the proverb εἰς ὄνου πόκας, to an ass-shearing, i.e. to a place where nothing is to be got. Hence

ποκῶω, *φ. ὠσω*, to cover with wool: *Pass.* to be covered or clothed in wool.

πόκως, *Dor.* for πόκως, *acc. pl.* of πόκος.

πολέες, *έων, έεσσι, έας*, *Ep. plur.* of πολύς.

πολεμαδῶκος, Dor. for πολεμηδῶκος.
 πολεμαρχεῖον, τό, *the Polemarch's residence*: and
 πολεμαρχεῖω, f. ἦσω, *to be Polemarch*. From
 πολεμ-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλεμος, ἄρχω) *one who begins or
 leads the war, a leader, chieftain*. II. at Athens
*the Polemarch was the third archon, who originally
 commanded in battle; he was present at the battle
 of Marathon: later he presided in the court in which
 the causes of the μέτοικοι were tried*. 2. in Sparta
the commander of a division or μύρα. 3. at Thebes
 was the name of two officers of chief rank after the
 Boeotarchs.

πολεμέω, f. ἦσω: Pass., aor. I ἐπολεμήθην: (πόλε-
 μος):—*to be at war, wage war with*: also *to fight,
 give battle*: generally, *to quarrel, dispute with*
 one. II. c. acc. *to make war upon, treat as an
 enemy, attack*:—Pass. *to have war made upon one*;
 so fut. med. πολεμήσομαι in pass. sense. III. in
 Pass. also of war, *to be waged or carried on*; ὅσα
 ἐπολεμήθη whatever hostilities were committed.

πολεμη-δῶκος Dor. πολεμα-δῶκος, ον, (πόλεμος,
 δέχομαι) *undertaking war*: warlike.
 πολεμηῖος, ον, Ion. form of πολεμῆμιος, (πόλεμος)
 warlike. II. hostile.

πολεμησεῖω, Desiderat. of πολεμέω, *to wish for war*.
 πολεμητέον, verb. Adj. of πολεμέω, *one must go
 to war*.

πολεμίζω poet. πολ-: fut. ἴσω Dor. ἰζώ: (πόλε-
 μος):—poet. for πολεμέω, *to wage war, fight with or
 against one*; μετά τινι in conjunction with another:
 later *to quarrel, wrangle, dispute*. II. trans. *to
 make war upon, fight with*.

πολεμικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόλεμος) of or for war, warlike;
 τὰ πολεμικά, warlike exercises, warlike usages, *the
 art of war*: so, ἡ πολεμική (sub. τέχνη), *the art of
 war*. 2. τὸ πολεμικόν *the signal for battle*.

II. hostile: also causing hostility. Hence
 πολεμικῶς, Adv. in hostile fashion; πολεμικῶς ἔχειν
 to be hostile.

πολέμιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόλεμος) of or belong-
 ing to war; τὰ πολέμια *the business of war*. 2.
 rarely like πολεμικός, warlike. II. hostile:—as
 Subst., πολέμοι, οἱ, *the enemy*. 2. ἡ πολεμία (sub.
 γῆ, χώρα), *the enemy's country*. 3. τὸ πολέμιον,
 hostility.

πολεμιστά, ὁ, Ep. for πολεμιστής: a warrior.
 πολεμιστήριος, α, ον, also ος, ον, of or belonging to
 a warrior; πολεμιστήρια ἄρματα war-chariots. II.
 τὰ πολεμιστήρια *the business of war*. From
 πολεμιστής Ep. πτολ-, οὐ, ὁ, (πολεμίζω) a war-
 rior, combatant; ἵπποι πολεμισταὶ war-horses.

πολεμό-κλονος, ον, (πόλεμος, κλόνος) raising the
 din of war.

πολεμό-κραντος, ον, (πόλεμος, κραίνω) finishing war.
 πολεμο-λαμ-αἰχαιικός, ἡ, ὄν, compd. of πόλεμος,
 Λάμαχος and Ἀχαιικός, like a Greek Lamachus in war.
 πολεμόνδε Ep. πτόλ-, Adv. of πόλεμος, to the war,
 into the fight.

πολεμο-ποιεῖω, f. ἦσω, (πόλεμος, ποιέω) to stir up
 war.

ΠΟΛΕΜΟΣ Ep. πτόλεμος, ὁ, a battle, fight: ge-
 nerally, war; πόλεμον ἀρῆσθαι τινι to levy war
 against one. II. personified, War, Battle.

πολεμο-φθόρος, ον, (πόλεμος, φθείρω) wasting by
 war.

πολεμῶ, f. ὤσω, (πόλεμος) to make hostile, make
 an enemy of:—Pass. to be made an enemy of.

πολεύω, (πόλος) intr. to go or range about, Lat.
 versari. II. trans. to turn up, till, plough.

πολέω, (πόλος) to go about, range, baunt. II.
 trans. to turn up, to turn the soil with the plough, to
 plough.

πολέων, gen. pl. of πόλις: but πολέων, Ion. for
 πολλῶν, gen. pl. of πολῦς.

πόληξ, ων, as, Ion. for πόλεες, πόλεις, plur. of πό-
 λις: Ion. gen. and dat. sing. πόληξ, πόληρι.

πολαινομαι, Pass. (πολιος) to grow gray or white.

πολιά-οχος, ον, Dor. for πολίηχος, πολιοῦχος, q. v.

πολι-αρχος, ὁ, (πόλις, ἄρχω) prince of a city or state.
 Πολιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (πόλις) guardian of the city, epith.
 of Athena (Minerva) in her oldest temple on the
 Acropolis of Athens, as distinguished from Ἀθηναῖα
 Παρθένος and Ἀθηναὶ Πρύμαχος.

πόλιες, πολίεσσιν, Ep. nom. and dat. pl. of πόλις.

πολιζέω, f. ἴσω, aor. I ἐπόλισα Ep. πόλισσα: Pass.,
 pf. πεπόλισμαι: (πόλις):—to build or found a city:
 generally, to build, found, lay the foundation of. II.
 to colonize by building a city.

πολιή-οχος, Dor. πολιόχος = πολιοῦχος.
 πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, Ion. for πολίτης, a citizen: also a
 fellow-citizen, countryman.

πολιήτης, ιδος, fem. of πολίτης.

πόλινδε, Adv. of πόλις, into or to the city.

πολιο-κρόταφος, ον, (πολιός, κρόταφος) with gray
 hair on the temples, growing gray.

πολιο-οριεῖω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐπολιορκῆσα: Pass., fut.
 πολιορκηθήσομαι, and in med. form πολιορκήσομαι:
 aor. I ἐπολιορκῆθην: (πόλις, εἶργω, or ἔρκω):—to hem
 in a city, blockade, beleaguer, besiege: metaph. to
 besiege, importune. Hence

πολιο-οριετήεις, α, ον, verb. Adj. that must or can be
 taken by siege.

πολιορκία, ἡ, (πολιορκέω) a beleaguering or besieg-
 ing a city, a siege.

ΠΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν:—gray, white: of
 hair, gray or hoary; αἱ πολιαὶ (sub. τρίχες), gray or
 white hair; ἅμα ταῖς πολιαῖς κατιούσας as the gray
 hairs come lower down (i. e. from the head and
 temples to the beard): πολιός absol. a gray-bearded
 man. II. metaph. bright, serene. III.

metaph. hoary, venerable.

πολιο-οῦχος, ον, (πόλις, ἔχω) protecting a city.

πολιό-χρως, ατος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολιός, χρώς) with white
 skin: white.

πολιο-πρόβητος, ον, (πόλις, πέρθω) sacker of cities.

ΠΟΛΙΣ Ep. πτόλις, εως, ἡ; Ion. gen. πόλιος Att.

poët. also πόλεος Ep. πόληος, πόλεως: dat. πόλει Ep. πόλη: acc. πόλιν, Att. Ep. acc. πόληα also occurs:—Plur., nom. πόλεες but πόλεις Ion. πόλεις: gen. πόλιων: dat. πόλισι Ep. πολίεσσι Dor. πολίεσι: acc. πόλιας, πόλεις Ion. πόλις:—a city: πόλις ἄκρα, = ἀκρόπολις, the fortress of the city, citadel, which at Athens was sometimes called πόλις, while the rest of the city was called ἄστν. II. a whole country, state.

III. in ἄστν and ἄστν are joined, πόλις is the body of citizens, ἄστν their dwellings: hence πόλις the state, the citizens who form the state, a free state, republic. 2. the right of citizenship.

πόλισμα, ατος, τό, (πολίω) a collection of buildings, a city, town.

πολισσο-νόμος, ον, (πόλις, νέμω) managing or ruling a city.

πολισσο-σός, ον, (πόλις, σώω) guarding a city.

πολισσο-ούχος, ον, poët. for πολιούχος.

πολιτ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (πολιτής, ἀρχω) a ruler of citizens or a state, a chief magistrate.

πολιτεία Ion. -ητί, ἡ, (πολιτεύω) the relation of a citizen to the state, the condition and rights of a citizen, citizenship, Lat. civitas. 2. the life of a citizen.

II. the life of a statesman, government, administration. III. civil polity, the condition of a state, a state, constitution. 2. a commonwealth: a republic.

πολιτεύμα, ατος, τό, (πολιτεύω) a measure of government, political act. II. a state, community.

πολιτεύω, f. ω, (πολίτης) to be a citizen or free-man, live in a free state. 2. to have a certain form of government, have public affairs administered in a certain way: Pass. to be governed. II. Dep. πολιτεύομαι, fut. med. πολιτεύσομαι: aor. I med. ἐπολιτεύσαμην and pass. ἐπολιτεύθην: pf. pass. πεπολιτεύμαι:—to be a free citizen, have the qualifications of a free citizen: generally, to live in a state. 2. to take part in the government. III. trans. to administer or govern: absol. to conduct the government.

πολιτήτι, ἡ, Ion. for πολιτεία. πολιτής [ἴ], ον, Ion. πολιήτης, εω, ὁ, (πόλις) the member of a city or state, a citizen, freeman, Lat. civis. 2. also a fellow-citizen, fellow-countryman: also used with another Subst., θεοὶ πολιταὶ gods our fellow-citizens, gods of the city. πολιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολίτης) of or for a citizen, befitting a citizen, like a citizen, constitutional, Lat. civilis: τὸ πολιτικόν the body of citizens, the community. II. belonging to or befitting a statesman: as Subst., πολιτικός, ὁ, a statesman. III. belonging to the state or its administration, concerning the body politic: τὸ πολιτικόν the commonwealth; but ἡ πολιτική (sc. τέχνη) the science of politics; τὰ πολιτικά, state-affairs. IV. generally, public, as opp. to private.

πολιτικός, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

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πολιτικός, Adv. of πολιτικός, in a manner befitting a citizen, constitutionally, Lat. civiliter.

πολίχνη, ἡ, (πόλις) a small town.

πολίχτιον, τό, Dim. of πολίχνη, a very small town.

πολλάκι poët. πολλάκι [ἄ], Adv. (πολύς) many times, often, oft. II. in Att. εἰ πολλάκις perbars, perbarce, Lat. si forte; μὴ πολλάκις Lat. ne forte.

πολλαπλάσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πολύς) many times as many, many times more, many times larger; followed by ἡ, ἦ, ἦτερ, or by a gen.: neut. pl. πολλαπλάσια as Adv.

πολλαπλάσιον, ον, gen. ονος, = πολλαπλάσιος: Adv. -ίνων.

πολλαπήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for πολλαπλάσιος.

πολλάχη, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) many ways, many times, often. II. in various manners.

πολλάχθεν, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) from many places or sides: for many reasons.

πολλάχθῃ, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) in many places.

πολλάχθσε, Adv. (πολύς, πολλή) towards many sides, into many parts or quarters.

πολλάχθου, Adv. = πολλαχῆ, many times, often. II. in many places.

πολλο-δεκάκις, Adv. (πολλός = πολύς, δεκάκις) many tens of times. [ἄ]

πολλός, πολλόν, Ion. masc. and neut. for πολύς, πολύ, but used almost entirely in the oblique cases: v. πολύς.

πολλοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (πολλός, πολύς) one out of many, Lat. multesimus: very little, slight, trivial. II.

of Time, πολλοστόν ἔτει in the last of many years, i. e. after many years; πολλοστόν χρόνον after a very long time. Adv. -τως, in a very small degree.

πόλος, ὁ, (πέλω, πολέω) a pivot or axis on which something turns, the axis of the globe, the pole. 2. that which revolves on an axis, the vault of heaven, the sky or firmament, Lat. polus. II. land turned up with the plough.

III. a basin-shaped sundial.

πολύ-αγρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄγρα) catching much game. πολῦ-ἄθλος, ὄν, (πολύς, ἄθλον) conquering in many contests.

πολύ-αιγος, ον, (πολύς, αἶξ) abounding in goats.

πολύ-αἷμον, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, αἷμα) very bloody.

πολύ-αἴνετος, ον, and πολῦ-αἴνεος, ον, (πολύς, αἴνος) much-praised. 2. full of wise discourse.

πολύ-αἴξ, ἴκος [ἴ], (πολύς, αἴσσω) with many shocks, impetuous; κάματος πολιάξ weariness caused by impetuous onsets.

πολυάνδρως, to be full of men, to be populous. From

πολύ-άνδρος, ον, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) of places, with many men, full of men, thick-peopled. II. of persons, numerous.

πολύ-άνθεμος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθεμον) rich in flowers.

πολύ-άνθη, ἐς, (πολύς, ἄνθη) much-blossoming.

πολυάνθρωπία, ἡ, a large population, multitude of people. From

πολύ-άνθρωπος, ον, (πολύς, ἄνθρωπος) full of people, populous: crowded.

πολύ-άνωρ [ἄ], ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀνήρ) = πολυάνωρ: *much frequented*. II. of many husbands.

πολύ-ἄργυρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄργυρος) *rich in silver*.
πολύ-ἄρητος Att. -ἄρατος, ον, (πολύς, ἀράομαι) *much prayed for, much desired*.

πολύ-ἀρκής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἀρκέω) *much-sufficing, supplying many, abundant*.

πολυ-ἄρματος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμα) *with many chariots*.

πολύ-ἄρμινος, ον, (πολύς, ἄρμινια) *many-toned*.

πολύ-ἄρνος, ον, irreg. dat. πολυἄρνη: (πολύς, ἄρνος): *with many lambs or sheep: with many flocks*.

πολυἄρχια, ἡ, (πολύς, ἀρχώ) *the government of many*.

πολύ-αστράγαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἀστράγαλος) *with many joints*.

πολύ-αστρος, ον, (πολύς, ἄστρον) *with many stars, starry*.

πολύ-ἄσχιος, ον, (πολύς, ἄσχιος) *much-busied*.

πολύ-αἶλαξ, ἄκος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, αἶλαξ) *with many furrows: with broad acres, spacious*.

πολύ-αἰχενος, ον, (πολύς, αἰχῆν) *with many necks*.

πολύ-βάφης, ἐς, (πολύς, βαφῆναι) *deep-plunged, drowned*.

πολύ-βενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, βένθος) *very deep*.

πολύ-βοσκος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκει) *much-nourishing*.

πολύ-βότερα Ep. πολυβότερα, ἡ, (πολύς, βόσκει) fem. Adj. *nourishing many, much-nourishing*.

πολύ-βοτος, ον, (πολύς, βόσκει) *much-nourishing*.

πολύ-βότρυς, υος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, βότρυς) *with many clusters, abounding in grapes*.

πολύ-βουλος, ον, (πολύς, βουλή) *much-counselling, exceeding wise*.

πολύ-βούτης, ου, ὅ, (πολύς, βούς) *rich in oxen*.

πολύ-βροχος, ον, (πολύς, βροχός) *with many nooses*.

πολύ-γάθης, ἐς, Dor. for πολυγηθής.

πολύ-γηθής, Dor. -γάθης, ἐς, (πολύς, γηθέω) *much-cheering, delightful, gladsome*.

πολυ-γήρας, ων, (πολύς, γήρας) *exceeding old*.

πολύ-γλευκος, ον, (πολύς, γλεύκος) *abounding in must or new wine*.

πολύ-γληνος, ον, (πολύς, γλήνη) *many-eyed*.

πολύ-γλωσσος Att. -ττος, ον, (πολύς, γλώσσα) *many-tongued: harmonious*.

πολύ-γνάμπος, ον, (πολύς, γνάμπτω) *with many windings, curling*.

πολύ-γνωτος, ον, (πολύς, γινώσκω) *well-known*.

πολύ-γομφος, ον, (πολύς, γόμφος) *fastened with many nails, well-bolted*.

πολυγονόομαι, Dep. (πολύγονος) *to multiply*.

πολύ-γονος, ον, (πολύς, γόνος) *producing many, prolific*.

πολύ-δαιδάλος, ον, (πολύς, δαίδαλος) *much or highly wrought, richly digbt*. II. act. *working with great art, very skilful*.

πολύ-δάκρυος, ον, and πολυδάκρυς, gen. ὕος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, δάκρυ) *of or with many tears: hence much-weepy, tearful*. II. act. *much-weeping*.

πολύ-δάκρυτος, ον, (πολύς, δακρύω) *much wept, very lamentable, tearful*. II. act. *much-weeping*.

πολύ-δάπανος, ον, (πολύς, δαπάνη) *causing great expense: of a person, expensive, extravagant*.

πολύ-δειράς, ἄδος, ὅ, ἡ, (πολύς, δειρά) *with many ridges or necks of land*.

πολύ-δένδρεος and πολυδένδρος, ον, (πολύς, δένδρον) *with many trees, full of trees*.

πολυδένδρεσι, poet. dat. pl. as if from πολυδένδρη.

πολύ-δερκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δέρκομαι) *much-seeing*.

πολύ-δεσμος, ον, (πολύς, δεσμός) *with many bands, strong-bound*.

πολύ-δευκής, ἐς, (πολύς, δεύκος = γλεύκος) *very sweet*. II. Πολυδεύκης, ωος, ὅ, Polydeuces, Lat. Pollux, son of Leda, brother of Castor, one of the Dioscuri, celebrated as a boxer.

πολύ-δίψιος, ον, (πολύς, δίψα) *very thirsty, i. c. ill-watered, afflicted with drought*.

πολύ-δονος, ον, (πολύς, δονέω) *much-driven*.

πολύ-δοξος, ον, (πολύς, δόξα) *very famous*.

πολύ-δρομος, ον, (πολύς, δραμείν) *much-running, much-wandering*.

πολύ-δροσος, ον, (πολύς, δρόσος) *very dewy*.

πολύδωρία, ἡ, *liberality, munificence*. From

πολύ-δωρος, ον, (πολύς, δῶρον) *with rich gifts, well-dowered*.

πολύ-εϊδής, ἐς, (πολύς, εἶδος) *of many kinds, diverse, various*.

πολύ-έλαιος, ον, (πολύς, ἔλαιον) *yielding much oil, abounding in oil*.

πολύ-έλικτος, ον, (πολύς, ἔλισσω) *many-folded, mazy, complicated*.

πολύ-επαίνεος, ον, (πολύς, ἐπαινέω) *much-praised*.

πολύ-επίης, ἐς, (πολύς, ἐπος) *of many words, wordy*.

πολύ-έραστος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) *much-loved*.

πολύ-εργής, ἐς, and πολυ-εργος, ον, (πολύς, ἔργον) *much-working, hard-working*.

πολυ-ετής, ἐς, (πολύς, ἔτος) *of many years, full of years*.

πολύ-ευκτος, and πολυ-εύχεται, ον, (πολύς, εύχομαι) *much wished for, much desired*.

πολύ-ζηλος, ον, (πολύς, ζηλος) *much envied, much desired*. II. *full of envy*.

πολυ-ζήλωτος, ον, (πολύς, ζήλω) *much envied or desired*.

πολύ-ζυγος, ον, (πολύς, ζυγόν) *many-benched*.

πολυ-ήγορος, ον, (πολύς, ἀγορεύω) *speaking much, wordy*.

πολυ-ήρατος, ον, (πολύς, ἐράω) *much-loved, very lovely*.

πολυ-ήχης, ἐς, (πολύς, ἤχος) *many-toned: much-resounding*.

πολυ-ήχητος Dor. πολυάχ-, ον, (πολύς, ἰχέω) *loud- or far-sounding*.

πολυ-θαρσής, ἐς, (πολύς, θάρσος) *very confident, over-courageous, bold*.

πολύ-θεος, ον, (πολύς, θεός) *of many gods, dedicated to many gods: consisting of many gods*.

πολύ-θηρος, ον, (πολύς, θήρ) *with much game, full of wild beasts*.

πολυ-θρέμμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, θρέμμα) of the Nile, *much-fertilising* or *abounding* in *monsters*.
 πολὺ-θρεπτος, *ον*, (πολύς, τρέφω) *much-nourishing*.
 πολυ-θρήνητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρηνώ) *much-bewailed*.
 πολὺ-θρήνος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρήνω) *much-wailing*.
 πολὺ-θρίξ, τρίχος, *ο, ή*, (πολύς, θρίξ) *much with much hair*.
 πολὺ-θροος, *ον*, *contr.* -θρους, *ουν*, (πολύς, θρός) *with much noise, clamorous*.
 πολυ-θρύλητος, *ον*, (πολύς, θρῦλέω) *much talked of, notorious*.
 πολὺ-θύρος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύρα) *with many doors* or *apertures*. 2. *metaph.* *with many leaves*.
 πολὺ-θύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, θύω) *celebrated with much sacrifice: abounding in sacrifices*.
 πολυ-ἴδμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, = πολυῖδρις.
 πολυῖδρεια, *ή*, (πολυῖδρις) *much knowledge, sagacity, cunning*.
 πολὺ-ἴδρις, *Ion. gen. ios Att. εως, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἴδρις) *of much knowledge, very wise or learned*.
 πολὺ-ἵππος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἵππος) *having many horses, rich in horses*.
 πολυ-ἴστωρ, *ορος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, ἴστωρ) = πολυῖδρις.
 πολὺ-ἰχθύος, *ον*, (πολύς, ἰχθύς) *abounding in fish*.
 πολὺ-καγκής, *ές*, (πολύς, *κάγκω = καίω) *very dry* or *barbed*: also *much-parching*.
 πολὺ-κάης, *ές*, (πολύς, καίω) *much-burning*.
 πολὺ-κάμμορος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμμορος) *very ill-fated* or *miserable*.
 πολὺ-καμπής, *ές*, (πολύς, κάμπω) *with many twists* and *turns*.
 πολὺ-κάνης, *ές*, (πολύς, καίνω) *much-slaughtering*.
 πολὺ-καπνος, *ον*, (πολύς, καπνός) *much-smoked: with smoky rafters*.
 πολυ-κάρηνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάρηνον) *many-beaded*.
 πολὺ-καρπία, *ή*, *abundance of fruit*. From
 πολὺ-καρπος, *ον*, (πολύς, καρπός) *with much fruit, rich in fruit, fruitful*.
 πολὺ-κέλαδος, *ον*, (πολύς, κέλαδος) *much-sounding*.
 πολὺ-κέρδεια, *ή*, *great craft* or *cunning*. From
 πολὺ-κερδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κέρδος) *very cunning* or *crafty*.
 πολὺ-κέρως, *ωτος, ο, ή*, (πολύς, κέρας) *many-horned; π. φόνος* the slaughter of *much horned cattle*.
 πολὺ-κεστός, *ον*, (πολύς, κεστός) *much-wrought* *with the needle, well-stitched*.
 πολὺ-κηδής, *ές*, (πολύς, κηδός) *full of care, grievous*.
 πολυ-κήριος, *ον*, (πολύς, κήρ) *very deadly*.
 πολὺ-κήτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κήτος) *full of monsters*.
 πολὺ-κλαυστος or -κλαυτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κλαίω) *much deplored* or *lamented*.
 πολυ-κλεής, *ές*, (πολύς, κλέος) *far-famed*.
 πολὺ-κλειτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κλειτός) *far-famed, of great renown*.
 πολυ-κλήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (πολύς, κλέος) = πολυκλειτος.
 πολυ-κλήις, *ιδος [ι], ή*, (πολύς, κλείς) *with many benches* or *towers, with many banks of oars*.
 πολὺ-κλήρος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλήρος) *with a large lot* or *portion, rich in land*.

πολυ-κλήτος, *ον*, (πολύς, καλέω) *called from many a land*.
 πολὺ-κλυστος, *ον*, (πολύς, κλύζω) *much dashing* or *swelling*. II. *pass.* *washed by many a wave*.
 πολὺ-κμητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κάμνω) *much-wrought*. 2. *later, laborious*.
 πολὺ-κνημος, *ον*, (πολύς, κνημός) *with many shoulders*, of mountains: *mountainous*.
 πολὺ-κοινος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοινός) *common to many*.
 πολυκοιρανία *Ion.* -ἴη, *ή*, *the rule of many*. From
 πολὺ-κοιράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κοίρανος) *wide-ruling*.
 πολὺ-κόλυμβος, *ον*, (πολύς, κολυμβάω) *off-diving*.
 πολὺ-κράνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κράνον) *many-beaded*.
 πολυ-κράτης, *ές*, (πολύς, κράτος) *very mighty*.
 πολὺ-κροτος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κροτέω) *ringing loud* or *clearly*.
 πολὺ-κρουνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κρουνός) *with many springs*.
 πολὺ-κτέανος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτέανον) = πολυκτήμαν.
 πολυ-κτῆμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, κτῆμα) *with many* or *great possessions, very wealthy*.
 πολὺ-κτητος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτάσμαι) = πολυκτήμαν.
 πολυ-κτόνος, *ον*, (πολύς, κτείνω) *much-slaying, murdering*.
 πολὺ-κύδιστος, *ον*, also *η, ον*, (πολύς, κύδιστος) *held in highest honour, most glorious*.
 πολὺ-κύμων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (πολύς, κύμα) *swelling* *with many waves*.
 πολὺ-κώκυτος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωκίω) *much-lamenting, very plaintive*.
 πολὺ-κωμος, *ον*, (πολύς, κῶμος) *much-revelling*.
 πολὺ-κωπος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωπή) *of many oars*.
 πολὺ-κώτιλος, *ον*, (πολύς, κωτίλος) *much-chattering, much-warbling*.
 πολὺ-λήμιος, *ον*, (πολύς, λήμιον) *with many cornfields*.
 πολὺ-λίθος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίθος) *very stony*.
 πολὺ-λιστος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίσσομαι) *much implored* or *entreated*; νηὸς πολὺλλιστος *a temple where many prayers are offered*.
 πολὺ-λίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, λίτομαι) = πολὺλλιστος.
 πολὺ-λογία, *ή*, *much speaking, much talk*. From
 πολὺ-λογος, *ον*, (πολύς, λόγος) *much-talking, talkative*. 2. *much talked of*.
 πολὺ-μάθης, *ές*, (πολύς, μαθεῖν) *having learnt much, knowing much*. Adv. -θῶς, *in a very learned way*.
 πολυ-μανής, *ές*, (πολύς, μανῆμαι) *very furious*.
 πολὺ-μάχητος, *ον*, (πολύς, μάχομαι) *much* or *often fought for*. [ᾶ]
 πολὺ-μέθης, *ές*, (πολύς, μέθη) *very drunk*.
 πολὺ-μελής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέλος) *with many limbs* or *members*. II. *many-toned, musical*.
 πολὺ-μερής, *ές*, (πολύς, μέρος) *consisting of many parts*. Adv. -ρῶς, *in many ways*.
 πολὺ-μετρος, *ον*, (πολύς, μέτρον) *holding many measures: generally, abundant*.
 πολὺ-μηκός, *ἄδος, ο*, (πολύς, μηκίομαι) *much-bleating*.

πολύ-μηλος Dor. -μαλος, ον, (πολύς, ἤλον) *with many sheep*: *rich in flocks*.

πολύ-μηνις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆνις) *very wrathful*.

πολύ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μῆτις) *of many counsels or expedients, ever-ready*.

πολύμηχᾶνία Ion. -ία, ἡ, *fertility of resources, inventiveness, readiness*. From

πολύ-μήχανος, ον, (πολύς, μηχανή) *fertile in resources, inventive, ever-ready*.

πολύ-μίγῃς, ἐς, (πολύς, μιγῆναι) *mixed of many parts, molley*.

πολύ-μισῆς, ἐς, (πολύς, μῖσος) *much-bated*.

πολύ-μισθος, ον, (πολύς, μισθός) *receiving much pay, hired at a high rate*.

πολύ-μίτος, ον, (πολύς, μίτος) *consisting of many threads*; πέπλοι πολύμτοι *pictured or brocaded robes*.

πολυ-μῆστη, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *as fem. Adj. much courted, wooed by many*.

πολύ-μνηστον, ον, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *much-remembering, mindful, grateful*. II. pass. *much-remembered, never to be forgotten*.

πολυ-μνήστωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, μνάομαι) *remembering much, mindful*.

Πολύ-μνια, ἡ, contr. from Πολυ-ύμνια, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *Polymnia, i. e. the Muse of many bymns, one of the nine Muses, goddess of lyric poetry*.

πολύ-μουσος, ον, (πολύς, Μούσα) *with many arts or accomplishments*.

πολύ-μοχθος, ον, (πολύς, μόχθος) *much-labouring, much-enduring*. II. pass. *won by much toil*.

πολύ-μῦθος, ον, (πολύς, μῦθος) *of many words, wordy, talkative*. II. pass. *much-talked-of, famous in story, storied*.

πολύ-ναός, ον, (πολύς, ναός) *with many temples*.

πολύ-ναύτης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, ναύτης) *with many sailors*.

πολύ-νείκης, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νείκος) *much-wrangling*: often as a prop. n. *Polynices*.

πολύ-νέφελος, ον, (πολύς, νεφέλη) *overcast with clouds, very cloudy*: there is also a Dor. form πολυ-νεφέλας, gen. a.

πολύ-νικτής, ου, ὁ, (πολύς, νικάω) *a frequent conqueror*.

πολύ-νιφῆς, ἐς, (πολύς, νιφω) *deep with snow*.

πολύ-ξενος, ον, Ion. for sq.

πολύ-ξενος Ion. -ξενος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, ξένος, ξείνος):—of persons, *entertaining many guests, very hospitable*. II. visited by many guests.

πολύ-ξεοτος, ον, (πολύς, ξέω) *much-polished*.

πολυοινέω, *to be rich, abound in wine*. From

πολύ-οινος, ον, (πολύς, οἶνος) *abounding in wine*.

πολύ-ολβος, ον, (πολύς, ὄλβος) *very wealthy*: *rich in blessings*: *abundant*.

πολύ-ομβρος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμβρος) *very rainy*.

πολύ-ὄμματος, ον, (πολύς, ὄμμα) *many-eyed*.

πολύ-ὄρνιθος, ον, (πολύς, ὄρνις) *abounding in birds*.

πολύοψια, ἡ, *abundance of dainties*: *abundance of food*. From

πολύ-οψος, ον, (πολύς, ὄψον) *abounding in dainties*: *luxurious*.

πολυ-πᾶθῆς, ἐς, (πολύς, παθεῖν) *much-suffering*.

πολύ-παιδία, ἡ, (πολύπαις) *abundance of children*.

πολύ-παίπαλος, ον, (πολύς, παππᾶλη) *exceeding crafty*.

πολύ-παις, -παιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, παῖς) *with many children*.

πολύ-πάμ-φᾶος, ον, (πολύς, πᾶς, φάος) *very bright*.

πολύ-πάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πέπᾶμαι) *with great possessions, very wealthy*.

πολύ-περία, ἡ, *long experience*. 2. *frequent or daring enterprise*. From

πολυ-πειρος, ον, (πολύς, πείρα) *much-experienced*.

πολύ-πεῖρων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πείρας) *with many boundaries*: of οἱ from many countries.

πολύ-πενθής, ἐς, (πολύς, πένθος) *much-mourning, very mournful*. II. pass. *much-mourned*.

πολυ-πένθιμος, ον, = πολυπενθής.

Πολυπημονίδης, ου, ὁ, *son of Polyphemus, in allusion to the meaning of the word*; v. *ποσημῆμαν*.

πολύ-πῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πολύς, πῆμα) *causing manifold woe, baneful*.

πολύ-πηγος, ον, (πολύς, πῆγη) *close-woven*.

πολύ-πίδαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, πίδαξ) *with many springs or fountains*.

πολύ-πικρός, ον, (πολύς, πικρός) *very keen or bitter*; neut. pl. πολύπικρα *as Adv. very bitterly*.

πολυ-πίνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πίνος) *very dirty*.

πολυ-πλαγίctος, ον, (πολύς, πλάζομαι) *much-wandering, roaming far a-field*: *much-erring*. II. act. (πολύς, πλάζω) *leading far astray*: *metaph. beguiling, delusive*.

πολυ-πλάνης, ἐς, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) *roaming far or long*; πολυπλανῆς *κισσός* *the wandering ivy*. 2. *much-erring*.

πολυ-πλάνητος, ον, (πολύς, πλανᾶμαι) *far- or oft-wandering*: of blows, *shot from all sides*.

πολύ-πλάνος, ον, = πολυπλανῆς.

πολυ-πλάσιος, α, ον, = πολλαπλάσιος.

πολυ-πλόσρος, ον, (πολύς, πλέθρον) *many πλέθρα in size*: generally *far-extending*.

πολυ-πλεκτος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) *closely-twined*.

πολυ-πλόκαμος, ον, (πολύς, πλόκαμος) *with many locks*: of the polypus, *with many feelers*.

πολυπλοκία, ἡ, *intricacy, cunning, craft*. From

πολυ-πλοκος, ον, (πολύς, πλέκω) *much-tangled, thick-wreathed*. 2. *metaph. tangled, intricate, complex*. II. act. *entangling, intriguing*.

πολυ-πόδης, ου, ὁ, ποῖτ. πολυπόδες, = πολύπους.

πολυ-ποικίλος, ον, (πολύς, ποικίλος) *much-variegated*.

πολυ-πονος, ον, (πολύς, πόνος) *much-labouring, much-suffering*; also *causing much pain, painful*.

πολύπος, ου, ὁ, see πολύπους.

πολύ-πόταμος, *ον*, (πολύς, ποταμός) *with many or large rivers.*

πολύ-πότνια, ἡ, (πολύς, πότνια) *very venerable.*
πολύπους [ῥ], -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, *acc.* πολύπου, (πολύς, πούς) *many-footed.* II. as Subst. πολύπους *or* more commonly (even in Att.) πολυύ-πους, *ου, ὁ*, *the many-footed one, the sea-polyrus*; *gen.* πολυύποδος; *acc.* πολυύπου *or* πολυύποδα: *plur. nom.* πολυύποδες, *etc.*: *poët. nom.* πολυύπος, *ου*: *Dor.* πάλυπος; *Lat.* *pōlyrus.*

πολυπραγμονέω *Ion.* -πρηγμονέω, *ῥ*, *ῑ*σω, (πολυπράγμων) *to be busy about many things, to be very busy: to be meddlesome or officious: to meddle in public affairs, intrigue.*

πολυπραγμοσύνη, ἡ (πολυπράγμων) *officious interference, meddling: a meddling, active character.* From

πολυ-πράγμων, *ον, gen.* ονος, (πολύς, πράσσω) *busy after many things, officious, meddling, turbulent.*
πολύ-πρᾶος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρᾶος) *very mild.*

πολυ-πρηγμονέω, *Ion.* for πολυπραγμονέω.
πολυ-πρόβατος, *ον*, (πολύς, πρόβατον) *rich in sheep or cattle*: *Sup.* πολυπροβατώτατος.

πολυ-πρώτιστος, *η, ου*, = πολὺ πρότιςτος.
πολυ-πτόητος *Ion.* -πτοίητος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτώεω) *much-scared, timorous.*

πολύ-πτύχος, *ον*, (πολύς, πτυχή) *of or with many olds: with many glens or valleys.*

πολύ-πυργος, *ον*, (πολύς, πύργος) *with many towers.*
πολύ-πυρός, *ον*, (πολύς, πυρός) *rich in corn.*

πολύρ-ραπτος, *ον*, = πολύρραφος.
πολύρ-ράφος, *ον*, (πολύς, ράπτω) *much-worked, highly-wrought.*

πολύρ-ρην, *ηνος, ὁ, ἡ*, (πολύς, *ῥην = ἀμνός) *rich in sheep or flocks: only found in nom. pl. πολύρρηνης, never in nom. sing.*

πολύρ-ρηνος, *ον*, = *πολύρρην.
πολύρ-ρίζος, *ον*, (πολύς, ρίζα) *with many roots.*

πολύρ-ροδος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόδον) *abounding in roses.*
πολύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥόθος) *much-dashing, loud-roaring: very clamorous.*

πολυρ-ροίβδητος, *ον*, (πολύς, ροιβδέω) *much-wibbizing.*

πολύρ-ροος, *ον*, *contr.* -ροος, *ουν*, and πολύρ-ρύτος, *ον*, (πολύς, ῥέω) *much-flowing; of blood, shed in streams.*

ΠΟΛΥ΄ Σ, *πολλή, πολύ*; *gen.* πολλοῦ, ἡς, οὔ; *dat.* πολλῷ, ἡ, ῶ; *acc.* πολύν, πολλήν, πολύ:—*Ion. nom.* πολλός, πολλή, πολλόν, *acc.* πολλόν, πολλήν, πολλόν: *the Ion. declension is retained by the Att. in all cases, except nom. and acc. sing., masc. and neut.* The following are *Ep. forms*: *sing. gen.* πολέος, *pl. nom.* πολέες *contr.* πολεῖς; *gen.* πολέων; *dat.* πολέσι, *πολέσσι*, *acc.* πολέας *contr.* πολεῖς; also *gen. plur. fem.* πολλέων and πολλάων [ᾶ]:—*πουλίς*, *neut. πολυί*, are also *Ep. forms.*

I. *Of Number, many, opp. to ὀλίγος few: also of anything often repeated; πολλόν ἦν τοῦτο τὸ ἔπος*

this word was often repeated. 2. also of *Size or Degree, as, πολλὸν νεφέτας a heavy storm of snow; πολύς ὕπνος deep sleep; of a person, μέγας καὶ πολύς great and large; πολλή κέκλημαι I have been much extolled; πολλὸς λόγος a far-spread report; πολλή ἀνάγκη strong necessity.* 3. of the *Value of a thing; πολλοῦ ἄξιος worth much; πολλοῦ ποιείσθαι τι, Lat. magni facere, to reckon of much consequence.* 4. *car. gen.*, as πολλοὶ Τρώων for πολλοὶ Τρῶες; πολλὸν γενεός for πολλή σάρξ.

5. πολύς is often joined to another *Adj.*, πολέες τε καὶ ἔσθλοί many men and good. 6. in *Att.* with the article, οἱ πολλοὶ the many, a majority; so also, τὸ πολύ; ὡς ἐπὶ τὸ πολύ for the most part. 7. πολύς is often joined with a *Partic.* and εἰμί, as, πολλὸς ἦν λισσόμενος he was urgent in his entreaties. II. of *Space, large, far, wide; πολλή ὁδός a long way.* III. of *Time, long.*

As *Adv.* in *neut. sing. and pl.*, πολύ *Ion.* πολλόν, πολλά, *much, very: also many times, oft-times, often, often strength. by μάλα: of Space, a great way: of Time, long: of Degree, far, very much.* 2. πολύ is joined with a *Comp. Adj.* to increase its force; πολὺ *or* πολλὸν ἀμείνων *much better: with Comp. Adv.*, πολὺ μάλλον *much more: with Sup.*, as πολὺ πρῶτος *much the first.* 3. πολλά many times, often: τὰ πολλά mostly, usually. 4. with *Preps.*; ἐπὶ πολλόν for long; ἐπὶ πολλόν far.

Comp. πλείων *Att.* πλείων; *Sup.* πλείστος.
πολύ-σαρθός, *ον*, (πολύς, σαθρός) *very rotten.*
πολύ-σαρκία, ἡ, (πολύς, σάρξ) *fleshdness, plumpness.*
πολύ-σεβαστος, *ον*, (πολύς, σεβαστός) *most august.*
πολύ-σεμνός, *ον*, (πολύς, σεμνός) *very venerable.*
πολύ-σημάντωρ, *ορος, ὁ*, (πολύς, σημαίνω) *a ruler over many.*

πολύ-σινής, ἡς, (πολύς, σίνωμαι) *very burlful, baneful, mischievous.*

πολύσιτία, ἡ, *abundance of corn or food.* From
πολύ-σίτος, *ον*, (πολύς, σίτος) *abounding in corn.* II. *high-fed, full of meat.*

πολύ-σκαμῶδ, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαμῶδ) *many-oared.*
πολύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκαίρω) *far-springing, swift: bounding.*

πολύ-σκηπτρος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκῆπτρον) *wide-ruling.*
πολύ-σκίος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκιά) *very shady.*

πολυ-σκόπελος, *ον*, (πολύς, σκόπελος) *very rocky.*
πολυ-σπάθης, ἑς, (πολύς, σπάθη) *thick-woven.*

πολυ-σπερής, ἑς, (πολύς, σπείρω) *wide-spread, scattered abroad, numerous.*

πολύ-σπλαγχνος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπλάγγων) *of great mercy or compassion.*

πολύ-σπορος, *ον*, (πολύς, σπείρω) *much-sown, fruitful.*

πολυ-στάφυλος, *ον*, (πολύς, σταφυλή) *rich in grapes.*

πολύ-στάχυς, *υ, gen. vos*, (πολύς, στάχυς) *rich in ears of corn, yielding rich crops.*

πολυ-στέλεχος, *ον*, *with many stems.*

πολυ-στένακτος, ον, (πολύς, στενάζω) *deep-sighing, miserable.*

πολυ-στέφανος, ον, *with many wreaths.*

πολυ-στέφης, ἐς, (πολύς, στέφω) *crowned with many a wreath; πολυστεφής δάφνης thick-crowned with laurel.*

πολύ-στίκτος, ον, (πολύς, στίζω) *much-spotted, dappled.*

πολυστιχία, ἡ, *a number of lines.* From

πολύ-στιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *of or in many lines.*

πολύ-στοιχος, ον, (πολύς, στίχος) *with many rows.*

πολυστομέω, *to speak much.* From

πολύ-στομος, ον, (πολύς, στόμα) *many-mouthed.*

πολύ-στονος, ον, (πολύς, στένω) *much sighing, mournful, melancholy.*

πολυ-στροφία, ἡ, *a turning oneself to and fro.* From

πολύ-στροφος, ον, (πολύς, στρέφω) *much-twisted*

pliant, versatile.

πολύ-σύλλαβος, ον, (πολύς, συλλαβή) *of many syllables.*

πολυ-σφόνδύλος, ον, *many-jointed.*

πολύ-σχιστος, ον, (πολύς, σχίζω) *split into many parts, branching.*

πολύ-σχοινος, ον, (πολύς, σχοῖνος) *many-corded.*

πολύ-σωρος, ον, (πολύς, σωρός) *yielding large heaps of corn.*

πολύ-τάλαντος, ον, (πολύς, τάλαντον) *weighing or worth many talents.*

πολυ-ταρβής, ἐς, (πολύς, τάρβος) *much-frightened.*

πολύ-τεκνος, ον, (πολύς, τέκνον) *bearing many children.*

πολυτέλεια, ἡ, (πολυτελής) *great expense, costliness, expensiveness.*

πολύ-τελής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέλος) *very expensive, costly:—of persons, sumptuous, extravagant:—Comp. and Sup. πολυτελέστερος, -έστατος.*

πολυτελῶς, Adv. of πολυτελής, *expensively:—Sup. πολυτελέστατα, in the costliest manner.*

πολύ-τερπής, ἐς, (πολύς, τέρπω) *much-delighting,*

πολύ-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, or πολυ-τεχνος, ον, (πολύς, τέχνη) *one skilled in many arts.*

πολύ-τίμητος, ον, also η, ον, (πολύς, τίμα) *highly honoured or revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιμος, ον, (πολύς, τιμή) *much revered.* II. *of high value, costly.*

πολύ-τιτος, ον, (πολύς, τίω) *held in high honour: also worthy of high honour.* [i metri grat.]

πολύ-τλας, ατος, ὁ, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *much-enduring.*

πολυ-τλήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τλήμων) *much-enduring, very patient.*

πολύ-τλητος, ον, (πολύς, τλῆναι) *having had much to endure, hence unfortunate.*

πολύ-τμητος, ον, (πολύς, τέμνω) *much-cut, much-lacerated.*

πολυ-τρήρων, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρήρων) *abounding in doves.*

πολύ-τρητος, ον, (πολύς, τρητός) *much-pierced, perforated, full of holes, porous.*

πολυ-τρίπους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, τρίπους) *with many tripods.*

πολυτροπία Ion. -ία, ἡ, *variety of resources, versatility, craft.* From

πολύ-τροπος, ον, (πολύς, τρέπω) *much-turned, i. e. much-travelled, wandering.* II. *turning many ways, versatile, ingenious: changeful.* 2. *manifest.*

Hence

πολυτρόπως, Adv. *in divers manners.*

πολυ-τρέχᾶλος, ον, (πολύς, τρέχω) *running about much, bustling.*

πολυ-ῤύμητος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνω) *much-famed in song, much-renowned.*

πολύ-ῤυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὕμνος) *much sung of, famous: honoured with many hymns.*

πολυ-φάρμακος, ον, (πολύς, φάρμακον) *knowing many drugs or charms.*

πολύ-φᾶτος, ον, (πολύς, φημί) *much spoken of, very famous: also in a high strain.*

πολύ-φημος Dor. -φημος, ον, (πολύς, φήμη) *with many tales or legends: also with loud cries.* II. *wordy, full of the din of voices: ἡ πολυφημος, as Subst., = ἀγορά, the many-voiced, the assembly; ἐς πολυφήμον ἐκφέρειν to bring before the assembly.*

πολυ-φθόρος, ον, (πολύς, φθείρω) *destroying many, baneful, pernicious.* II. *pass., πολυφθόρος, ον, utterly destroyed or ruined.*

πολύ-φίλος, ον, (πολύς, φιλέω) *having many friends, much-beloved.*

πολύ-φίλτρος, ον, (πολύς, φίλτρον) *suffering from many love-charms: deeply enamoured, love-sick.*

πολύ-φλοισβος, ον, (πολύς, φλοῖσβος) *loud-roaring, epith. of the sea.*

πολυ-φόνος, ον, (πολύς, *φέω) *killing many, murderous.*

πολύ-φορβος, ον, also, η, ον, (πολύς, φέρβομαι) *feeding many, bountiful.*

πολυφορία, ἡ, *productiveness.* From

πολύ-φόρος, ον, (πολύς, φέρω) *bearing much; πολυφόρος οἶνος wine which will bear much water; πολυφόρος δαίμων a fortune that wants tempering.*

πολυ-φράδης, ἐς, (πολύς, φράζω) *very eloquent, wise, sagacious.*

πολύ-φροντις, ιδος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φροντίς) *full of care.*

πολυ-φρόντιστος, ον, (πολύς, φροντίζω) *much-thinking, thoughtful.*

πολυφροσύνη, ἡ, *fullness of understanding, great wisdom or understanding.* From

πολύ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, φρήν) *much-thoughtful, very sagacious: also ingenious, inventive.*

πολύ-χαλκος, ον, (πολύς, χαλκός) *abounding in copper or brass: hence rich in copper or brass or money.* II. *wrought of solid brass, all-brasen.*

πολυ-χανθής, ἐς, (πολύς, χανθάνω) *wide-gawning.*

πολυ-χαρμος, ον, (πολύς, χάρμη) *very warlike.*

πολύ-χειρ, -χειρος, ὁ, ἡ, (πολύς, χεῖρ) *many-handed, with many hands: also with many hands or men.*

Hence

πολύ-χειρία, ἡ, a multitude of hands or workmen.

πολύ-χορδος, ον, (πολύς, χορδή) many-stringed: hence many-toned.

πολυχρηματία, ἡ, possession of great wealth. From πολυ-χρήματος, ον, (πολύς, χρήμα) very wealthy.

πολυ-χρόνιος, ον, (πολύς, χρόνος) existing a long time, of the olden time, ancient.

πολύ-χρυσος, ον, (πολύς, χρυσός) rich in gold, adorned with gold.

πολύ-χυστος, ον, (πολύς, χώννυμι) high-beared.

πολυψάμβθος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμβθος), and

πολύ-ψαμμος, ον, (πολύς, ψάμμος) very sandy.

πολυψηφία, ἡ, number or diversity of votes. And

πολυψηφίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, with many pebbles, pebbly, of the beds of rivers. From

πολύ-ψηφος, ον, (πολύς, ψήφος) with many or various votes.

πολύ-ψοφος, ον, (πολύς, ψοφέω) loud-sounding.

πολύ-ώδυνος, ον, (πολύς, ὀδύνη) very painful. II. pass. suffering great pain.

πολύ-ώνυμος, ον, (πολύς, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) of many names, worshipped under many names. II. of great name, famous, renowned.

πολυ-ωπής, ἔς, and πολὺ-ωπός, ὄν, (πολύς, ὠπή) with many boles or cells, close-meshed.

πολύ-ωρέα, (πολύς, ὠρα) to pay much regard or attention to, to esteem highly.

πολύ-ωφελής, ἔς, (πολύς, ὄφελος) very, highly useful, useful in many ways: Sup. πολυωφελέστατος.

Adv. -ᾶως, in a very serviceable manner.

πολύ-ῶψ, ὠπος, ὁ, ἡ, = πολυῶπος.

πόμα, ατος, τό, (πίνω, πέπομαι) a drink, draught.

πομπάιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πομπή) conducting, attending, escorting: of a wind, fair: of Hermes, conducting the souls of the dead to the nether world.

πομπάν, πομπᾶς, Dor. for πομπήν, πομπῆς.

πομπεία, ἡ, (πομπεύω) a leading in procession: any solemn or religious procession. II. jeering, ribaldry, customary in the processions of Bacchus and Ceres.

πομπείον, τό, (πομπή) any vessel employed in solemn processions. II. at Athens, the place where they were kept.

πομπεύς, ἔως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (πομπός) one who attends or escorts, a guide, conductor. 2. one who goes in procession.

πομπεύω, Ion. impf. πομπεύεσκον: f. σω: (πομπή):—to attend, escort, guide, conduct. II. to lead a procession: to swagger or strut: to abuse with ribald jests, as was customary in processions (see πομπεία).

πομπή, ἡ, (πέμπω) a sending, despatching, escorting: guidance, conduct, escort. 2. a sending away, a sending home to one's country. II. a solemn procession, Lat. pompa. III. an inter-

vention, suggestion, guidance.

πομπῆς, ἦας, nom. and acc. pl. of πομπεύς.

πομπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πομπή) of or for a solemn procession: showy, stately.

πόμπιμος, ον, also η, ον, (πομπή) conducting, escorting, guiding: homeward. II. pass. sent, brought.

πομπός, ὁ, (πέμπω) one who attends or escorts, an escort, guide: plur. πομποί attendants, guards. 2. a messenger. II. as Adj. conducting, leading; πῦρ πομπόν the signal or beacon fire.

πομπο-στολέω, (πέμπω, στόλος) to conduct a fleet or ship.

πομφόλυγο-πάφλασμα, τό, (πομφόλυξ, παφλάζω) the noise made by bubbles rising.

πομφόλυξ, f. ξω, (πομφόλυξ) to bubble or boil up: to gush forth.

πομφόλυξ, ὕγος, ἡ, (πομφός) a bubble.

ΠΟΜΦΟΣ, οὐ, ὁ, a bubble, blister.

πονούμενος, Aeol. for πονούμενος, part. pass. or med. of πονέω.

πονέω, (πόνος) used by Hom. mostly as Dep. πονέομαι, with fut. med. -ήσομαι; aor. I med. -ἐπονήσαμην and pass. ἐπονήθην; pf. pass. πεπόνημαι: I. absol. to toil, work hard; πονέεσθαι κατὰ ὑμῖνην to toil in the fight; hence to be worn out, exhausted. 2. metaph. to be in distress or anxiety, feel pain of mind. II. c. acc. to work at, work hard at, to perform zealously.

After Hom. the Act. πονέω is more freq., f. -πονήσω: aor. I ἐπόνησα: pf. πεπόνηκα:—Pass., aor. I ἐπονήθην: pass. πεπόνημαι: I. c. acc. pers. to cause toil or pain to another. 2. c. acc. rei, to gain by toil or labour, to work out: Pass. to be worn by labour and pains. II. intr. to toil, suffer pain or hardship: c. acc. cognato, πονεῖν πόνον, μόχθους to undergo, endure labour. Hence

πόνημα, ατος, τό, that which is wrought out, work.

πονήρευμα, ατος, τό, a knavish trick. From

πονηρεύομαι, Dep. (πονηρός) to be evil or wicked, to deal wickedly.

πονηρία, ἡ, (πονηρός) badness, ill condition, wickedness, knavery, Lat. pravitās: also cowardice.

πονηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (πονώ) causing pain or hardship: hence, 1. painful. 2. distressed, in sorry plight: of things, bad, sorry: useless, in bad state or condition; πονηρὰ πράγματα a bad state of things. 3. in moral sense, bad, worthless, villainous, knavish, wicked. Hence

πονηρός, Adv. ill, miserably; πονηρῶς ἔχειν to be ill off, be in a sorry plight.

πονήσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of πονέω.

πόνος, ὁ, (πένω, πένομαι) task-work, hard work, toil, drudgery, Lat. labor; μάχης πόνος the toil of battle: hence πόνος, = μάχη, a battle, action, the tug of war. 2. a task. II. pain of body or mind, suffering, grief: in plur. pains, distress. III. the fruit or result of labour, a work.

ποντίας, ἄδος, poet. fem. of πόντιος.

ποντίζω, f. ἴσω, (πόντος) to plunge or sink in the sea, Lat. *mergo*.—Pass. to be drowned.

ποντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: esp. of the πόντος Εὐξείνους or Black Sea: cf. πόντος. II. from Pontus, Pontic; Ποντικὸν δένδρον the tree from Pontus, the hazel.

πόντιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (πόντος) of, from or in the sea: ruling the sea.

πόντισμα, ατος, τό, (ποντίζω) that which is cast into the sea.

ποντοθήνη, Adv. (πόντος) from or out of the sea.

ποντοθήρης, ου, ὄ, (πόντος, θηράω) one who fishes in the sea.

ποντομέδων, ουτος, ὄ, (πόντος, μέδω) lord of the sea.

πόντονδε, Adv. (πόντος) into the sea.

Ποντοπόρεια, ἡ, (ποντοπόρος) a Nereid, the Sea-passer.

ποντοπορεύω and —πορέω, to pass over the sea. From

ποντοπόρος, ον, (πόντος, πόρος) passing over the sea, sea-faring.

Ποντο-ποσειδῶν, ἄνωος, ὄ, (πόντος, Ποσειδῶν) Sea-Poseidon, Neptune of the sea.

ΠΟΝΤΟΣ, οὔ, ὄ, ὄ, the sea, esp. the open sea, the high sea. II. Πόντος the Black Sea; in full, Πόντος Εὐξείνους. 2. the country Pontus at the east end of the Black Sea.

ποντο-τίνακτος, ον, (πόντος, τινάσσω) sea-shaken.

ποντοφῖν, Ep. gen. of πόντος.

ποπάνευμα, ατος, τό, = πῶπανον.

πῶπανον, τό, (πέπω) anything baked, a flat cake, used at sacrifices.

πόπαξ, an exclamation of surprise, akin to πόποι.

ποπάς, ἄδος, ἡ, = πόπανον.

ποποί, the cry of the hoopoe.

ποποί, exclam. of surprise, anger, or pain, ob! fie! shame! akin to παπαί!—also ὦ ποποί.

ποποτό, cry of the hoopoe.

ποππύζω Dor. ποππύσδω: fut. ποππύσω: aor. I ἐπόπυσα: Pass., aor. ἐποπύσθην:—to whistle with the lips compressed: to cry bush! also to make a hissing sound in playing the flute, to play ill. Hence

ποππυλάζω Dor. —ἀάδω, = ποππύζω.

ποππύσδω, Dor. for ποππύζω.

ποππυσμα, ατος, τό, and ποππυσιμός, οὔ, ὄ, (ποππύζω) a whistling, esp. in applause.

πόρδαλις, ὄ, ἡ, older form of παράδαλις.

πορδή, ἡ, (πέρδω) crepitus ventris.

πόρε, Ep. for ἔπορε; see *πόρω.

πορεία, ἡ, (πορεύω) a walking, mode of walking, gait, Lat. *incessus*. II. a going, a journey, passage: a march. 2. a crossing beyond seas, crossing a river.

πορευθεῖς, πορευθῆναι, aor. I part. and inf. of πορεύομαι.

πόρευμα, ατος, τό, (πορεύομαι) a passage, way; πόρευμα βρωτῶν a place where men resort. 2. a means of going, carriage, conveyance.

πορεύσιμος, ον, also ἡ, ον, (πορεύω) that may be crossed or traversed, passable.

πορευτός, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πορεύομαι, to be traversed or travelled over. II. neut. πορευτέον, one must go.

πορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (πορεύομαι) travelling, journeying.

πορεύω, f. —εύσω: (πόρος):—to bring, carry, convey, esp. to ferry or convey across a river. 2. of things, to bring, carry: to furnish, supply. II. Pass. and Med. πορεύομαι, fut. med. —εύσομαι, aor. I pass. ἐπορευθῆν: pf. πεπόρευμαι:—to be carried or carry oneself, to go, walk, march, travel. 2. c. acc. loci, to pass over, traverse.

πορθέω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. πεπόρθημα:—collat. form of πέρθω, to destroy, ravage, waste, plunder: to besiege a town: of persons, to slay, kill, destroy:—Pass. to be ruined, undone. Hence

πόρθημα, ματος, τό, (πορθέω) ravage, plunder.

πόρθησις, εως, ἡ, (πορθέω) the sack of a town.

πορθητής, οὔ, ὄ, (πορθέω) a ravager, plunderer.

πορθήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, ποῖτ. for πορθητής, a ravager.

πορθμεῖον Ion. —ἦιον, τό, (πορθμεύω) a place for crossing, a passage over, ferry. II. a passage-boat, ferry-boat. III. the fare of a ferry, Lat. *naulum*.

πορθμεύμα, ατος, τό, (πορθμεύω) a crossing over, passage.

πορθμέως, ἑως Ion. ἦος, ὄ, (πορθμεύω) a ferryman, boatman, Lat. *portitor*: a seaman.

πορθμεύω, f. σω, (πορθμός) to carry or ferry over a strait, river, etc.: to carry over, carry, convey:—Pass. to be carried or ferried over, to be transported from place to place. II. intr. in Act., like Lat. *trajicere*, to pass over, cross over.

πορθμῆιον, τό, Ion. for πορθμεῖον.

πορθμῆις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορθμός) a ferry; a strait. II. a ferry-boat, passage-boat.

πορθμός, ὄ, (πέρω) a ferry: a strait, firth. II. a crossing by ferry, a passage.

πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω: aor. I ἐπόρισσα: Med., f. πορισομαι: Pass., f. πορισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐπορίσθην: pf. πεπόρισμαι: (πόρος):—to bring, conduct, fetch, convey. II. to furnish, provide, supply: to bring about, contrive, devise:—Med. to furnish for oneself, provide, procure, get:—Pass. πορίζεται, impers. it is in one's power to do . . .

πόριμος, ον, (πόρος) able to provide or supply: wealthy, rich. II. full of resources, inventive: c. acc., πόριμος ἄπορα fertile of resource in difficulties. III. of things, practicable.

πόρις, ἰος, ἡ, ποῖτ. form of πόρις.

πορισμός, ὄ, (πορίζω) a procuring: a means of acquiring: also profit, gain.

ποριστής, οὔ, ὄ, (πορίζω) a provider, purveyor: at Athens, the πορισταί were a financial board to raise ways and means. 3. purveyors, conveyancers, as pirates called themselves. Hence

ποριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, fit for purveying: able to procure.
ΠΟΡΚΗΣ, ου, ὄ, a ring or hoop, which ran round the part where the iron head of a spear was fastened to the shaft.

πορνεία, ἡ, (πορνεία) fornication: prostitution.
πορνείον, τό, (πορνεία) a brothel.
πορνεύω, f. σω, (πόρνος) to prostitute:—Pass., of a woman, to be or become a barlot.

πόρνη, ἡ, (περνάω) a barlot.
πορνίδιον, τό, Dim. of πόρνη. [v]r
πορνηκός, ἡ, ὄν, (πόρνη) of or for barlots.

πορνοβοσκία, f. ἡσω, (πορνοβοσκός) to keep a brothel. Hence
πορνοβοσκία, ἡ, brothel-keeping.

πορνοβοσκός, ὄ, (πόρνη, βόσκω) a brothel-keeper.
πόρνος, ὄ, (πόρνη) a fornicator.

πόρος, ὄ, (περῶ) a means of passing a river, a ford or ferry: a strait, frieb. 2. πόροι ἄλλος the paths of the sea. 3. a way through or over, thoroughfare, passage: a way, track. II. c. gen. rei, a way or means of achieving; πόρος ὁδοῦ a means of performing the journey; πόρος χρημάτων a way of raising money. 2. absol. a contrivance, resource. 3. in plur. 'ways and means,' resources, revenue.

πορπακίω, f. ἴσω, (πόρπαξ) to grasp by the handle, to hold a shield by the handle.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, (πορπάω) a garment fastened with a buckle or brooch.

πόρπαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (πόρπη) the handle of a shield.
πορπάω: f. ἄσω [ā] Ion. ἡσω:—to fasten with a buckle, to buckle or clasp down. From

πόρπη, ἡ, (πέρω) like περόνη, the pin or tongue of the buckle, a buckle or brooch.

πόρπημα, ατος, τό, Ion. for πορπάμα.
πόρρω, Adv., Lat. porro, Att. for πρόσω, far, far off: see πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω. Hence

πόρρωθεν, Adv. from afar; and
πόρρωθι, Adv. far.

πορρωτάτος, η, ου, Sup. Adj. (πόρρω) furthest.
πορρωτέρω, -ωτάτω, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρρω, further on or off, furthest off.

πορσαίνω, = πορσύνω, to offer, give: hence to attend to, cherish: to manage, arrange.

πόρσιον, πόρσιστα, Adv., Comp. and Sup. of πόρσω or πρόσω, further, furthest.

πορσύνω [v]: Ep. fut. πορσύνέω, contr. -ύνω: (*πόρω):—to proffer, offer, give, present, furnish: fem. part. fut., κείνου πορσυνέουσα λέχος to prepare his bed. II. generally, to make ready, provide:

—Med. to provide for oneself, get ready. 2. to execute, order, arrange, adjust. III. of persons, to treat with care, to cherish, tend: also to esteem.

πόρσω, Adv., = πόρρω, πρόσω: see πόρσιον, πόρσιστα.

πόρταξ, ἄκος, ἡ, = πόρτις, a calf.
πόρτις, ἴος, ἡ, a young heifer, calf: any young animal: metaph. a young maiden, girl, Lat. juvenca.

πορτι-τρόφος, ου, (πόρτις, τρέφω) breeding calves.
πορφύρα Ion. -ύρη [v], ἡ, (πορφύρα) the purple-fish, Lat. murex. II. the purple dye obtained from it, purple. III. in plur. purple clothes or robes.

πορφύρεος, η, ου, Att. contr. πορφύροῦς, ἄ, οῦν: (πορφύρα):—Lat. purpureus, purple, dark, first of the sea: πορφύρη νεφέλη a dark cloud. 2. dyed with murex or purple-fish, purple, red. 3. rosy, bright, beautiful, like Lat. purpureus.

πορφύρεῦς, ἔως, ὄ, (πορφύρα) a fisher for purple-fish, a purple-dyer, Lat. purpurarius. Hence

πορφύρευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a purple-dyer.
πορφύρις, ἴδος, ἡ, (πορφύρα) a purple garment or covering. II. a red-coloured bird.

πορφύριων, ἄνος, ὄ, (πορφύρα) a red-coloured water-bird.

πορφύρο-ειδής, ἔς, (πορφύρα, εἶδος) purpled, dark.
πορφύρο-πώλης, ου, ὄ, fem. = πώλις, ἴδος, (πορφύρα, πώλις) a dealer in purple, seller of purple.

πορφύρο-στρωτος, ου, (πορφύρα, στρώννυμι) spread with purple cloth.

πορφύροῦς, ἄ, οῦν, Att. contr. for πορφύρεος.
πορφύρω [v], a redupl. form of φύρω, (as μορμίρω of μύρω), to grow dark, esp. of the sea; ὥς ὅτε πορφύρη πέλαιγος μέγα κύματι κωφῶ as when the huge sea grows dark with its dumb swell (i. e. with waves that do not break, opp. to πολλή ἔλας): metaph. to be troubled, disquieted, πολλά δέ οἱ κραδίη πόρρω much was his heart troubled. II. to grow purple.

*ΠΟΡΩ, obsol. pres. of the aor. 2 ἔπορον, and pf. πέπωμαι: I. aor. 2 ἔπορον Ep. πόρον, part. πορόν:—to bring to pass, contrive: to give, offer, bestow, grant; εὐχος πορέν to fulfil a wish. II. pf. pass. πέπωμαι, to be given or assigned as one's portion or lot, only used in 3 sing. pf. pass. πέπωμαι, and 3 sing. plqpf. πέπωρω, it has, had been fated, and part. πεπωμένος, η, ου, allotted or fated to one: hence, ἡ πεπωμένη, an appointed lot, Fate, Destiny; so also τὸ πεπωμένον.

*ΠΟΣ, assumed as the interrog. Pron., answering to the relat. ὅς, whence ποῦ; ποῖ, πῆ, πῶ, also, πόθεν, πόθι, πόσε, πότε, and the Adj. πόσος.

ποσάκις Ep. ποσάκι [ā], Adv. (πόσος) how many times? how often? Lat. quoties?

πόσε, Adv. (*πός) whither? Lat. quo?

Ποσειδάν and Ποσειδάν, ἄνος, ὄ, Dor. for Ποσειδῶν.
Ποσειδάνιος and -ἀνιος, α, ου, Dor. for Ποσειδῶνιος.

Ποσειδειον, τό, a temple of Neptune: neut. from Ποσειδειος, α, ου, = Ποσειδῶνιος.

Ποσειδεῶν, ἄνος, Ποσειδων, ὄ, the sixth month of the Attic year, answering to the latter half of December and first half of January.

Ποσειδῶν, ἄνος, ὄ, acc. Ποσειδῶ: voc. Πόσειδων: Homeric form Ποσειδάων [ā], ἄανος, acc. ἄανα, voc. Ποσειδῶν: Dor. Ποσειδῶν or Πορτιδῶν, ἄνος: Ion. Ποσειδέων, ἄνος:—Poseidon, Lat. Neptunus, son of Cronos and Rhea, brother of Jupiter, god of the sea.

Ποσειδώνιος, α, ον, sacred to Neptune: τὰ Ποσειδώνια (sub. ἱερὰ), the festival of Neptune.

ΠΟΨΘΗ, ἡ, membrum virile.

πόσθων, ἄνωσ, ὁ, (πόσθη) a little boy.

ποσί, dat. pl. of ποῦς: but πόσι, vocat. of πόσις.

Ποσιδίον, τό, Ion. for Ποσειδειον.

Ποσιδίος, η, ον, Ion. for Ποσειδειος, sacred to Poseidon or Neptune.

ΠΟΣΥΣ, ὁ, gen. πόσιος, dat. πόσει Ep. πόσει, voc. πόσιος or πόσι: pl., nom. πόσεις, Ep. acc. πόσιος:—husband, spouse, mate: when opp. to ἀνήρ, πόσιος was a lawful husband, ἀνήρ a paramour.

πόσις, ἰος Att. εως, ἡ, (πίνω) a drinking, drink, beverage: a drinking-bout; παρὰ τὴν πόσιν, Lat. inter pocula, over their cups.

πόσος Ion. κόσος, η, ον, interrog. Adj. of relat. ὅσος and demonstr. τόσος:—how great? how much? of what value? Lat. quantus? II. ποσός, ἡ, ὄν, indef. Adj., of any size or number, Lat. aliquantus: ἐπὶ ποσόν to a certain degree.

ποσσ-ἡμαρ, Adv. (πόσος, ἡμαρ) in how many days? within how many days?

ποσσί or -ίβ, Ep. for ποσί, dat. pl. of ποῦς.

ποσσί-κροτος, ον, (ποῦς, κροτέω) beaten by the foot in dancing.

πόσιος, εως, ὁ, ποῖτ. for πόσις, a husband.

ποσταῖος, α, ον, (πόστος) in how many days? on which day?

πόστος, η, ον, (πόσος) which of a number? Lat. quotus? πόστον δὴ ἔτος ἐστὶν ὅτε . . ; how many years is it since . . ? II. how small? Lat. quantulus.

πότ, shortd. Dor. for ποτί, πρόσ, only before the Article, as πὸτ τῶ, πὸτ τόν, πὸτ τό, etc.

πότα, Aeol. for πύτε.

πόταγε, Dor. for πρόσαγε, imperat. of πρόσάγω.

ποτ-αἴσομαι, Dor. fut. of προσαιίδω.

ποτ-αἴνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ποτί = πρόσ, αἴνος) like πρόσφατος, newly told of, fresh, new, Lat. recens: like unthought, unheard-of.

ποτάμειος, α, ον, = ποταμῖος. [ᾶ]

ποτάμειψατο, Dor. and ποῖτ. for προσημείψατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσαιείβω.

ποταμέλωμαι, Dor. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of προσαιέλω.

ποταμήδον, Adv. (ποταμός) like a river.

ποταμήιος, η, ον, Ion. and ποῖτ. for ποτάμειος.

ποταμήϊς, ἰδος, ποῖτ. fem. of ποτάμειος.

ποταμή-ῥυτος, ον, (ποταμός, ἄρτυω) drawn from a stream or in streams.

ποτάμιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (ποταμός) of or from a river, on a river.

ποταμόνδε, Adv. into, to, towards a river. From ποταμός, οὔ, ὁ, (ΠΟ-, Root of πίνω) a river, stream. II. personified, Ποταμός, ὁ, a river-god.

ποταμο-φορήτος, ον, (ποταμός, φορέω) carried away by a river.

ποτανός, ἄ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) Dor. for ποτηνός, winged, flying, furnished with wings.

ποτάομαι, ποῖτ. for πέτομαι, to fly: fut. med. ποτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐποτήσην Dor. -άθην: pf. πεπότημαι Dor. -αμαι (with pres. sense), Ep. 3 pl. πεποτήσῃται: 3 sing. plqpf. πεποτήγτο:—to be upon the wing, hover, flit about.

ποτάπος, ἡ, ὄν, = ποδαπός. Adv. -πᾶς.

ποτ-αυλέω, Dor. for προσαυλέω.

ποτ-ᾄωσ, α, ον, Dor. for προσηῶσ.

πότε Ion. κότε, (*πος) interrog. Particle, when? at what time? II. ποτέ, enclit. Particle, at some time, at any time, once, erst. In answering clauses,

ποτέ μὲν . . , ποτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another . . ; sometimes . . sometimes; Lat. modo . . modo . . :—in questions it strengthens the interrogation, τί ποτε; Ep. τίποτε; how ever? how possibly?

Ποτειδάν, ἄνωσ, Dor. for Ποσειδών.

ποτεμάξατο, Dor. for προσεμάξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσμάσσω.

ποτέομαι, Ep. for ποτάομαι, to fly.

ποτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πίνω, to be drunk, drink-able. II. ποτέον, neut. one must drink.

ποτ-ερίζω, Dor. for προσερίζω.

πότερος, α, ον Ion. κότερος, ἡ, ον, (*πος, ἔτερος) whether or which of the two? Lat. uter? 2. the neut. πότερον or πότερα is freq. used as Adv. at the beginning of an interrog. sentence containing two contrary propositions, πότερον . . , ἢ . . ; like Lat. utrum . . , an . . ? whether . . , or . . ? II. without interrog., like ὀπότερος, either of the two, Lat. alteruter.

ποτ-έρχομαι, Dor. for προσέρχομαι.

ποτέρωθι, Adv. (πότερος) on whether of the two sides . . ? on which of two sides? at which of two places?

ποτέρως, Adv. of πότερος, in which of two ways? Lat. utro modo?

ποτέρωσ, Adv. (πότερος) to whether of two sides? to which of two places?

ποτ-έχω, Dor. for προσέχω.

ποτή, ἡ, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτ-ἦμεν, Dor. for προσεῖναι, inf. of πρόσσειμι.

πότῃμα, ατος, τό, (ποτάομαι) flight.

ποτήμενα, Dor. for ποτάμενα, part. of ποτάομαι.

ποτηνός, ἡ, ὄν, v. ποτανός.

ποτήρ, ἡρος, ὁ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτήριον, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinking-cup, wine-cup.

ποτής, ἡτος, ἡ, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) drink.

πότης, ον, ὁ, fem. πότις, ἰδος, (ΠΟ- Root of πίνω) a drinker, tippler: with another Subst., πότης λύχνος a tippling lamp:—Comic Sup. fem., ποτιστάτη a bard drinker.

ποτητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ποτάομαι) flying, winged; ποτητά, τα, fowls, birds.

ποτί, Dor. for πρόσ.

ποτ-ιάπτω, ποτ-ί-βάλλω, Dor. for προσιάπτω, προσβάλλω.

ποτι-βλέπω, Dor. for προσβλέπω.

ποτιδόμενος, Dor. for προσδέγμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 of προσδέχομαι.

ποτ-ιδέιν, Dor. for προσιδέιν.

ποτῖ-δέркоμαι, -δέουμαι, -δέρπομαι, Dor. for προσδ-

ποτῖ-ελέω, Dor. for προσελέω.

ποτίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰώ, (πότος) to give to drink: to water.

ποτῖθει, Dor. for πρόσθες, aor. 2 imperat. of προστί-θηναι.

ποτῖκέκλιναι, Dor. for προσέκλ-, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προσκλίνω.

ποτιλέξατο, Dor. for προσελέξατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσελέγω.

πότιμος, ον, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) of water, fit to drink, fresh: opp. to salt: metaph. sweet, pleasant.

ποτῖ-νίσσομαι, Dor. for προσν-

ποτίπεπτηναι, Ep. pf. part. fem. of προσπτήσω.

ποτῖ-πτύσω, Dor. for προσπτύσω.

ποτῖσδω, Dor. for ποτίζω.

ποτῖ-στάζω, Dor. for προ-στάζω.

ποτῖσάτος, Comic Sup. of πότις.

ποτῖ-τέρπω, Dor. for προστέρπω.

ποτῖ-τρόπαιος, ον, Dor. for προστρόπαιος.

ποτῖ-φωνήεις, εσσα, εν, Dor. for προσφωνήεις.

πότιμος, ὄ, (πίπτω) that which befalls one, one's lot, destiny: one's evil destiny; death.

πότινᾶ, ἡ, Ep. for πότινια.

πότινᾶ, ἡ, a title used in addressing females:—as Subst. lady, mistress, queen: c. gen., πότινια θηρών queen of wild beasts:—as Adj. revered, august, awful:—only found in nom. and voc. πότινια, acc. πότινιαν, except that nom. pl. πότινιαί is used of Ceres and Proserpine.

ποτινίδες, αἱ, (πότινια) the shouting, screaming ones, epith. of the Bacchanals. 2. also as pl. to πότινια, awful, used of the Erinyes.

ποτινύομαι, Dep. to call out πότινια, πότινια, to a deity: to invoke with loud cries, cry aloud, sbriek.

ποτ-όδω, Lacon. for προσόζω.

ποτόν, τό, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) that which one drinks, a drink, draught; σῖτα καὶ ποτῖά meat and drink. 2. a spring of fresh water, a well: generally, water.

ποτῖ-οπάζω, Dor. for προσ-οπάζω.

ποτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from Root ΠΟ—(v. πίνω) for drinking, drunk.

πότος, ὄ, (ΠΟ—Root of πίνω) a drinking, a drinking-bout, carousal.

ποτῖ-όσδω, Dor. for προσόζω.

ποττό, ποττόν, ποττώ, ποττώς, ποττᾶν, etc., Dor. for πρὸς τό, πρὸς τόν, πρὸς τοῦ, πρὸς τοῦς, πρὸς τήν, etc.

ποτ-φικεῖ, Dor. for προσ-εφικεῖ.

ποῦ; Ion. κοῦ; interrog. Adv.: (*πός) where? Lat. ubi? c. gen., ποῦ γῆς; ποῦ χθονός; where, in what part of the world? Lat. ubinam terrarum? 2. how? in what manner? II. ποῦ as enclit., anywhere, somewhere.

πολυ-πόδης, Ion. for πολυπόδης.

πολύ-πους, πολυπότος, Ion. for πολύπους, πολύποτος.

πολύ-, neut. πολυ-, Ep. for πολύς, πολύ.

πολυ-βότειρα, ἡ, Ion. for πολυβότειρα.

πολυ-πάθης, ἐς, Ion. for πολυπαθῆς.

πολυ-πλάγητος, ον, Ion. for πολυπλάγητος.

ΠΟΥΨ, ὄ, gen. ποδός: dat. pl. ποσί Ep. ποσσί, πόδεσσι: Ep. gen. and dat. dual ποδοῦν:—Lat. PES, a foot: in plur. also a bird's talons or claws; the arms or feelers of a polyopus:—ξύλινος ποῦς a wooden, artificial foot: in plur. also a foot-race, πῶς . ἡδὲ πόδεσσι in boxing and in the foot-race; ποῦν ἐρίζω to race on foot: but, ἐς πόδας ἐκ κεφαλῆς from head to foot. 2. of close proximity, πρόσθεν πόδος or ποδῶν, προπαροῖθε ποδῶν just before one's feet, i. e. before one;—so also, ἐν ποσί, παρὰ ποδός, πρὸ ποδός, παρὰ ποδί, close before or beside one; παρὰ ποδός straightway, at once: hence, τὰ ἐν ποσί and τὰ πρὸ ποδῶν what lies before one, anything obvious, common; cp. ἐμπόδων, ἐκπόδων. 3. in various phrases: ἐπὶ πόδα backwards, with one's face forwards; ἐπὶ πόδα ἀναχωρεῖν to retreat without turning one's back, at one's leisure:—κατὰ πόδας with all the power of one's feet, at full speed, on the track or trail, Lat. vestigio; ἡ κατὰ πόδας ἡμέρα the very next, following day:—ὡς ποδῶν ἔχει as he is off for feet, i. e. as quick as he can:—ἔξω τινὸς πόδα ἔχειν to have one's foot out of a thing, be clear of it:—ἔξ ἐνὸς ποδός, i. e. alone, singly; ἔξ ἡσύχου ποδός quietly.

II. metaph. of things, the foot or lowest part, the foot of a bill, Lat. radix montis. 2. in a ship, πόδες are the two lower corners of the sail, or rather the ropes by which the sails are tightened and slackened, the sheets; παριέναι τοῦ ποδός to slack the sheet; so χαλᾶν πόδα, opp. to τείνεν πόδα to haul it tight. III. a foot, as a measure of length. IV. a foot in Prosody.

πράγμα Ion. πρήγμα, ατος, τό: (πράσσω):—that which has been done, a deed:—generally, like Lat. res, a thing done, a thing, fact, matter, affair: esp. a thing right or fit to be done, one's business: πρήγμα ἐστὶ μοι, c. inf. it is my duty or business to do: with a negat., οὐδὲν πρᾶγμα it is no matter, of no consequence. 2. an object of consequence or consideration; of a person, ἦν μέγιστον πρήγμα Δημοκρίδης παρὰ βασιλεῖ Democedes was treated with the greatest consideration by the king. 3. of a battle, an action, affair. 4. of something disgraceful, the thing, the business, job.

II. in plur. πράγματα affairs, circumstances. 2. state-affairs, public business, the power of a state; τὰ πράγματα τῶν Ἑλλήνων the affairs or interests of the Greeks, political power; οἱ ἐν τοῖς πράγμασι men in office, ministers. 3. one's private affairs; ἀγαθὰ πράγματα a good condition of affairs, success, good luck. 4. business, esp. in bad sense, troublesome business, trouble, annoyance; πράγματα ἔχειν to have trouble about a thing; πράγματα παρέχειν τινί to cause one trouble.

πραγματεία, ἡ, (πραγματεύομαι) the prosecution of a business, diligent study, diligence: the course or mode

of treating a thing. II. an occupation, business; a trade, calling, way of life: law-business, a lawsuit: in plur. troubles.

πραγματεύομαι Ion. πρηγμ—: Dep. with fut. med. —έσωμαι, aor. I med. ἐπραγματευσάμην, pass. ἐπρηγματεύθην: pf. pass. πεπραγματεύμαι: (πράγμα):—to be busy, take trouble: c. acc. rei, to make a thing one's business, take in hand, treat of, labour to bring it about; esp. to carry on a business, Lat. negotiari: to prosecute a lawsuit: πραγματεύεσθαι τὴν νύκτα to spend the night in business. II. pf. πεπραγματεύμαι also in pass. sense, to be laboured at, worked out.

πραγμάτων, τό, Dim. of πράγμα, a petty lawsuit. πραγμάτο-δίφης, οὐ, ὁ (πράγματα, διφάω) one who hunts up lawsuits, a pettifogger.

πράγως, εὖς, τό, poet. for πράγμα: also = πράγματα, state-affairs.

πραῖως, Adv. of प्राῖς, mildly, gently.

πρᾶθέν, Ep. for πρᾶθῆν, aor. 2 inf. of πέρθω.

πρᾶθείς, aor. I pass. part. of πιπράσκω.

πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πιπράσκω.

πρατώριον, τό, the Lat. praetorium, the tent or hall of the praetor: a judgment-hall: the palace of the chief magistrate.

πρακτέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, to be done.

II. neut. πρακτέον, one must do. πρακτήρ Ion. πρηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πράσσω) one that does, a doer: a trader, merchant. Hence

πρακτήριος, ον, executing, accomplishing.

πρακτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (πράσσω) fit for doing, fit for action or business: active, busy, able, effective, energetic.

πρακτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πράσσω, done, to be done; τὰ πρακτά subjects of moral action, opp. to τὰ ποιητά.

πράκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, poet. for πρηκτήρ, one who does or executes, a worker.

II. one who exacts payment, a tax-gatherer. 2. one who exacts punishment, a punisher, avenger; also as Adj., σὺν δορὶ καὶ χερὶ πράκτορι with avenging hand.

Πράμνειος or Πράμνιος οἶνος, ὁ, Pramnian wine, so called from Mount Pramnē in the island of Icaria.

πρᾶν, Doric Adv., = πρῶν, before: formerly, one time, lately; πρᾶν ποκα a short time ago. [ᾶ]

πρᾶνῆς, εἰς, Dor. and Att. for πρηνῆς.

πράξις, εὖς Ion. πρηξίς, ιος, ἦ, (πράσσω) a doing, transaction, business, affair; κατὰ πρηξίν on business, for purposes of traffic. 2. the progress or result of

a business; οὗ τις πηξίς πέλεται γόοιο no good comes of weeping; πρηξίς χρησμών the issue of the oracles.

II. a doing, acting, action, opp. to πάθος, suffering.

III. intr. a doing (well or ill), a certain state, condition.

IV. the exaction of money or of punishment: revenge.

πρᾶνως, Adv. of πρᾶος, formed from obsol. πρᾶον, temperately.

ΠΡΑΪΟΣ, neut. πρᾶον: the fem. in use is प्राῖα, from प्राῖς (Ion. πρηῖς), which is also used in masc.

and neut. of all the singul. cases: in plur. both πρᾶου and प्राῖς in nom., प्राῖος and प्राῖσι in dat.: neut. nom. and acc. is प्राῖα, rarely प्राῖα:—mild, soft: of persons, meek, gentle: of animals, tame: of sound, gentle, low, soft.

2. soothing, taming.—Comp. πρᾶότερος or πρᾶύτερος Ion. πρηύτερος. Hence

πρᾶότης, ητος, ἦ, mildness, meekness, gentleness.

ΠΡΑΪΠΙΣ, ἴδος, ἦ, mostly used in pl. प्राῖδες, αἶ, = φρένες, the midriff, diaphragm:—then, since this was thought to be the seat of the understanding,

2. like φρένες, the understanding, mind: also the heart. [ῖ]

πρᾶῖα, ἦ, (πρᾶσον) a bed in a garden, garden-plot: प्राῖα प्राῖα by companies.

πρᾶστῖμος, ον, (πρᾶσις) for sale, to be sold, Lat. venalis.

πρᾶσις, εὖς Ion. πρησις, ιος, ἦ, (πιπράσκω) a selling, sale.

ΠΡΑΪΣΟΝ, τό, a leek, Lat. porrum. [ᾶ]

πρᾶσό-κουρον, τό, (πρᾶσον, κέρω) a leek-slice.

Πρασοφάγος, ὁ, Ep. for Πέρσο-φάγος, (πρᾶσον, φάγειν) Leek-eater, name of a frog.

Πρασογαῖος, ὁ, poet. for प्रासाῖος, Leek-green, name of a frog.

πρᾶσσομεν, Dor. for πρᾶσσομεν.

ΠΡΑΪΣΩ Ion. πρησώ Att. πρᾶττω: fut. πρᾶξω Ion. πρηξέω: aor. I πρηξα Ion. ἔπρηξα: pf. πέπρηχα Ion. πέπρηχα, and in intr. sense pf. 2 πέπρηγα:—

Pass., fut. πρηθήσομαι, paullo post f. πεπρήσομαι: aor. I ἐπρήχθην: pf. ἐπρηγμαι:—properly, to pass through, like περᾶω; ἄλα πρησσειν to pass through the sea; ὕδον πρησσειν to pass through, finish a journey:—hence, in common usage, to achieve, bring about, effect, accomplish, to do, work; πρᾶσσειν κλέος, to achieve, win glory: to take charge of a thing.

II. to practise a business, trade, way of life; πρᾶττειν τὰ ἴδια to attend to, mind one's own affairs, opp. to πρᾶττειν τὰ κοινά, τὰ τῆ: πόλεις to manage state-affairs: also absol., ἰκανὸς πρᾶττειν competent to manage public affairs: hence, generally, to transact, manage; πρᾶττειν Θεβαῖοις τὰ πράγματα to manage matters for the interest of the Thebans.

III. to do, practise, Lat. agere: absol. to act, be the doer or agent.

IV. intr. to be in a certain state or condition, fare: esp. εἶ or κακῶς πρᾶττειν to do or fare well or ill; esp. in pf. 2 πέπρηγα.

2. εἶ and κακῶς πρᾶττειν mean also to deal well or ill, to behave well or ill towards.

V. c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, πρᾶττειν τινά τι to do something to one.

VI. c. dupl. acc. in another sense, πρᾶττειν τινά ἀργύριον to exact money from one: metaph., φόνον πρᾶττειν to exact punishment for a murder: and so to avenge:—Pass., πεπραγμένος τὸν φόρον having the tribute exacted:—Med., πρᾶσθαι to exact or extort for oneself.

VII. c. acc. pers., πρᾶττειν τινά to make an end of him, Lat. conficere; pf. pass. part. πεπραγμένος undone, utterly ruined, Lat. confectus.

πρᾶσω, fut. of πιπράσκω. [ᾶ]

πρᾶτήρ Ion. πρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πέ-πρᾶμαι) a seller, dealer.

πρᾶτήριον Ion. πρητήριον, τό, (πέ-πρᾶμαι) a place for selling, a market, mart.

πρᾶτιστος, Dor. for πρᾶτιστος. [ᾶ]

πρᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πιπράσκω, to be sold.

πρᾶτος, α, ον, Dor. for πρᾶτος.

πρᾶττω, Att. for πρᾶσσω.

πρᾶῦ-γέλως Ion. πρηῦγ-, ὠτος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, γέλως) softly-smiling.

πρᾶῦ-μητις, ιος, ὁ, ἡ, (πραῦς, μήτις) of gentle counsel.

πρᾶῦνσις, εως, ἡ, a softening, appeasing. From πρᾶῦνω Ion. πρηῦνω [ῦ]: fut. πρᾶῦνῶ: aor. I ἐπρᾶῦνα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρᾶῦνθην: pf. πεπρᾶῦσμαι: (πραῦς):—to make soft, mild or gentle, to soften, soothe, calm, tame:—Pass. to become gentle, calm down; of passion, to abate.

πρᾶῦ-πάθεια, ἡ, (πραῦς, πάθος) gentleness.

πρᾶῦς, πρᾶεία, πρᾶῦ, Ion. πρηῦς, = πρᾶος. Hence πρᾶῦτης, ἦτος, ἡ, mildness, gentleness.

πρᾶως, Adv. of πρᾶος, mildly, gently.

πρέμνοθεν, Adv. from the stump, root and branch, utterly. From

ΠΡΕΨΝΟΝ, τό, the lowest part of the trunk of a tree, the stump, Lat. caudex: generally, the stem, trunk.

πρεπόντως, Adv. part. of πρέπω, in fit manner, fitly, meetly, becomingly, gracefully.

πρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρέπω) distinguished, eminent.

ΠΡΕΠΩ: fut. πρέψω: aor. I ἐπρέφα: no pf. is found;—to be clearly seen or heard, be conspicuous: to be distinguished in or by a thing: generally, to be plain or manifest. II. to be like, resemble. III. to become, beseem, suit; c. dat. pers., θνατὰ θνατοῖσι πρέπει mortal things beseem mortal men. 2. impers. πρέπει, Lat. decet, it is fitting, it beseems, suits, becomes, c. dat. pers. et inf.: when the acc. follows alone, this depends on an inf. omitted, as, τίσασθαι οὕτω, ὡς ἐκείνου [τίσασθαι] πρέπει to avenge ourselves, as it is fit [to avenge ourselves upon] them: rarely c. gen. pers., πρέπον ἦν δαίμονος τοῦ μοῦ τόδε this was well worthy of my evil genius. 3. part. neut. τὸ πρέπον, τοῦ πρέποντος, that which is seemly, fitness, propriety, Lat. decorum.

πρεπ-ώδης, ες, (πρέπω, εἶδος) fitting, becoming, suitable, proper.

πρέσβᾶ, ἡς, ἡ, old Ep. fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, honoured.

πρέσβεια, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) age, seniority; κατὰ πρεσβείαν by the right of the elder. II. rank, dignity. III. as ambassadors were usually old men, an embassy, embassy, the body of ambassadors.

πρεσβεῖον, Ion. and Ep. -ήιον, τό, (πρεσβεύω) a gift of honour, such as was offered to an elder; mostly in pl. privileges, prerogatives.

πρεσβείος, α, ον Ion. -ήιος, η, ον, (πρέσβυς) venerable.

πρέσβευα, ἡ, = πρέσβα, fem. of πρέσβυς, the august, venerated.

πρέσβευμα, ατος, τό, (πρεσβεύω) one sent on an embassy, an ambassador.

πρέσβευσις, ἡ, (πρεσβεύω) a serving on an embassy, embassy.

πρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (πρεσβεύω) an ambassador.

πρεσβευός, f. εὔω: pf. πεπρέσβευκα: (πρέσβυς):—intr. to be older or eldest. 2. to take place of others, properly, by right of seniority, to take precedence, c. gen.: hence to rule over, sway, c. gen.: absol. to be best. II. trans. to place as oldest, first, to put first in rank: hence to pay honour or worship to:—Pass. to be first or foremost, hold the first place: also to have the advantage, have the best of it, Lat. antiquior esse. III. to be an ambassador, treat or negotiate as one:—Med. to send ambassadors: also to go as ambassador:—Pass., pf. part. τὰ πρεσβευμένα the acts of an ambassador.

πρέσβη, ἡ, Ion. for πρέσβα.

πρεσβήιον, τό, Ion. for πρεσβεῖον.

πρεσβήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρεσβεῖος.

πρεσβής, ἴδος, ἡ, = πρέσβα; πρεσβής τιμὴ the highest or most valued honour.

πρέσβις, ἡ, ποῖτ. for πρεσβεία, age.

πρέσβιστος, η, ον, ποῖτ. Sup. of πρέσβυς.

πρέσβυς, τό, (πρέσβυς) an object of reverence.

πρεσβυγένεια, ἡ, seniority of birth. From πρεσβυ-γενής, ἐς, (πρέσβυς, γενέσθαι) eldest-born.

ΠΡΕΨΒΥΣ, vos and eas, ὁ, an old man, ποῖτ. for πρεσβύτης:—hence, as from an Adj., come the Degrees of Comparison, see πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβύτατος, πρέσβιστος. II. an elder: then, since the elders were preferred to power and dignity, πρέσβεις, οἱ, dat. πρέσβειν, elders, chiefs, princes. 2. an ambassador.

πρεσβύτατος, η, ον, Sup. of πρέσβυς, eldest: hence venerable, reverend, honoured.

πρεσβύτεριον, τό, a council of elders (πρεσβύτεροι). From

πρεσβύτερος, α, ον, Comp. of πρέσβυς, elder: hence superior by birth, and so generally, greater, higher, more important; τὰ τοῦ θεοῦ πρεσβύτερα ποιέσθαι ἢ τὰ τῶν ἀνδρῶν to reckon their duty to the gods superior to their duty to men. II. as Subst., πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, an elder of the Jewish Council: an elder of the Church, a presbyter.

πρεσβύτης [ῦ], ον, ὁ, (πρέσβυς) an old man, Lat. senex: fem. πρεσβύτις, ἴδος, an old woman. Hence πρεσβυτικός, ἡ, ὄν, like an old man, elderly.

πρεσβυτο-δόκος, ον, (πρεσβύτης, δέχομαι) receiving the aged.

πρεμνεῖα, ἡ, kindliness, graciousness. From πρεμνής, ἐς, (πρηῦς, μένος) gentle of mood, kindly, gracious. II. propitiating.

πρῆν, ὄνος, ὁ, = πρᾶν.

πρήγμα, Ion. for πρᾶγμα.

πρηγματεύομαι, Ion. for πραγματεύομαι.

πρηγορεύω or πρηγορών, ἄνος, ὁ, (πρό, ἀγείρω) the crop of a bird, so called because the food is there collected before it passes into the stomach.

πρηθίνα, Ion. for πρᾶθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of πρηθᾶσκω.

ΠΡΗΘΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐπρησα: no perf. in use: (see πίμπρημι):—to blow up, swell out by blowing; ἐπρησεν ὁ ἄνεμος μέσων ἰστίων the wind swelled out the middle of the sail. 2. to blow out, force or drive out by blowing.

πρηκτής, ἦρος, ὁ, Ion. for πρακτήρ.
πρημαίνα, (πρήθω) to blow, blow hard.

ΠΡΗΝΗΣ Dor. πρᾶνῆς, ἑς, gen. ἑος contr. οὐς, Lat. pronus, bent forward, bead-foremost, opp. to ὕπιος. 2. down-hill, downwards, opp. to ὄρθιος (up-hill). Hence

πρηνίζω, f. σω: aor. I pass. ἐπρηνίχθην:—to throw headlong:—Pass. to fall headlong.

πρήξαι, Ion. for πρᾶξαι, aor. I inf. of πράσσω.

πρήξις, ιος, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶξις.

πρήσεν, Ep. for ἐπρησεν, 3 sing. aor. I of πρήθω.

πρήσις, ιος, ἡ, Ion. for πρᾶσις, sale.

πρήσσω, Ep. and Ion. for πρᾶσσω.

πρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρήθω, πρήσω) a flash of lightning, a thunderbolt. II. a hurricane.

πρήστις, εως, ἡ, see πρίστις.

πρήσω, fut. of πρήθω to blow. 2. fut. of πίμπρημι to burn.

πρητήριον, τό, Ion. for πρᾶτήριον, a market.

πρητύνομος, ον, Ion. for πρᾶτύνομος, (πρητύς, νόμος) of gentle manners, gentle, meek. [ῥ]

πρητύων, Ion. for πρᾶτύων: [ῥ] From

πρητύς, εἶα, ῥ, Ion. for πρᾶτύς. [ῥ]

πρητύ-τένων, οντος, ὁ, (πρητύς, τένων) with tamed neck. [ῥ]

πρηών, ἄνος Ep. ονος, ὁ, = πρών, a jutting rock, fore-land, headland, promontory.

πριάμενος, aor. 2 part. of ἀνέομαι.

πριαίμη, aor. 2 opt. of ἀνέομαι.

Πριάμικός, ἡ, ὄν, also fem. Πριάμῆς, ἴδος, of or for Priam.

Πριάμος, ὁ, Priam, king of Troy: properly the Chief, Leader (from περί or πρῖν).

Πριάπιζω Ion. Πρηπιζώ, f. ἴσω, to be like Priapus. From

Πριάπιος Ion. Πρήπιος, ὁ, Πριάπιος, the god of gardens and vineyards, and generally, of agriculture, chiefly worshipped at Lampsacus.

πριάσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἀνέομαι.

πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πριάστο, Ep. 3 sing. of ἐπριάμημι, aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίζω, f. πρίσω, = πρίω, to saw.

Πρήπιος, ὁ, Ion. for Πριάπιος. [ῥ]

ΠΡῖΝ Dor. πρᾶν, Adv. of Time: I. in independent sentences, before, formerly, erst, Lat. prius: also with the Art., τὸ πρῖν or τοπρῖν, formerly. 2. before that, first, sooner; πρῖν δέ κεν οὐτι δεχοίμην beforetime I would not at all receive him; strengthd.,

πρῖν ποτε once on a time; πολλὸ πρῖν long ago. 3. in Att. it is often inserted between the Art. and its Subst., ὁ πρῖν Αἰγέυς (sc. ὁ πρῖν ἄν), ancient Aegaeus; ἡ πρῖν ἡμέρα (sc. ἡ πρῖν οὐσα), the day before. II.

πρῖν is often followed by ἤ, so that πρῖν ἤ is exactly like the Lat. priusquam, before that. . . followed sometimes by the Infin., sometimes by Subj., etc.:—instead of ἤ, πρῖν is often repeated in the relat. clause, as, τίς κεν ἄνῆρ πρῖν τλαίῃ, πρῖν λύσσασθ' ἑτάρους:—πᾶρος and πρόσθε are often also put in the anteced. clause instead of the first prῖν:—but πρῖν is also very often used alone for πρῖν ἤ, so that it becomes a Conjunction, like priusquam.

πρινίδιον, τό, Dim. of πρῖνος.

πρῖνιός, η, ὄν, (πρῖνος) made from the holm or evergreen oak, Lat. ilignus: metaph. oaken, tough, sturdy: ἄνδρες πρῖνιούς hearts of oak.

ΠΡΙΝΟΣΞ, ὁ, the holm-oak, evergreen oak, Lat. ilex. II. the scarlet oak.

πρῖν-ώδης, ες, (πρῖνος, εἶδος) like holm-oak, tough as oak.

πρῖον-ώδης, ες, (πρῖων, εἶδος) like a saw, jagged.

πρισθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I part. pass. of πρίω.

πριστός, εως, ἡ, (πρίω) a sawing.

πριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer: a saw: πριστήρες ὀδόντες the incisors or front teeth.

πρίστις, εως, ἡ, a kind of whale: but the true name is πρήστις, εως, ἡ, the blower (from πρήθω).

πριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρίω, cut with a saw, sawn: that may be sawn.

πρίω, = πριάσο, imperat. aor. 2 of ἀνέομαι.

πρίωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of ἀνέομαι.

ΠΡΙΩΩ, imperat. πρίε: aor. I ἐπρίσα: pf. πέπρικα: Pass., aor. I ἐπρίσθην: pf. πέπρισμαι:—to saw, saw asunder: to sever, cut in twain. II. to grind or gnash the teeth, Lat. stridere or frendere dentibus; esp. with rage; generally, to bite. III. to seize

as with the teeth, grip, hold fast, Lat. stringere. [ῥ]

πρίων, ονος, ὁ, (πρίω) a saw. [ῥ]

πρίων, ανος, ὁ, (πρίω) a sawyer. [ῥ]

ΠΡΟ΄, before, Lat. PRO, PRAE, PREP. WITH GENIT.,

I. of Place, before, in front of; πρὸ οἴκου, πρὸ δόμων, in front of the house, hence outside.

2. of persons, going before another. 3. in front of, so as to defend; στήναι πρὸ Τρώων to stand in front of, i. e. in defence of the Trojans: hence in favour of, for. 3. πρὸ ὁδοῦ further on the road, i. e. forwards.

II. of Time, before, opp. to μετὰ c. acc. (after): often in phrase πρὸ τούτου and πρὸ τοῦ, before this, ere this: but πρὸ ὁ τοῦ, for ὁ πρὸ τοῦ, the one before the other.

III. of Choice, before, sooner or rather than; αἰρᾶσθαι τι πρὸ τινος to choose one thing before another.

IV. of Exchanging, for, in lieu of, instead of; ἐν πρὸ πολλῶν one thing in lieu of many.

V. of Cause, Lat. prae, for, because of; πρὸ φόβου for fear; πρὸ τῶνδε therefore.

POSITION: some words may be put between πρὸ

and its Subst., but it is never put after its case, except after the Ep. gen. in -θι, as, Ἰαλιθι πρό, οὐρανῶθι πρό.

πρό, absol. as Adv., I. of Place, before: in front, forth. II. of Time, before, beforehand, sooner.

IN COMPOS., of Place, before, forth, forward: before the eyes, in one's presence; as in πρό-βαίνω, προ-βάλλω, προ-τίμημι: also defence, as in προ-κινδυνεύω.

II. of Time, before, beforehand, earlier, as in προ-αγγέλλω.

III. of Preference, rather, sooner, as in προ-αίρομαι.

IV. strengthening, as in πρό-πας, πρό-παλαι, πρό-κακος.

προ-αγγέλλω, f. -αγγελῶ, to announce beforehand.

προ-άγγελος, ον, (πρό, ἄγγελος) announcing beforehand: as Subst., προάγγελος, ὁ, a herald, har-

binger.

προάγγελισ, ἦ, (προαγγέλλω) a forewarning, early intimation.

προ-ἄγορεύω, f. σω: aor. I -ἡγόρευσα pf. -ἡγόρευκα: but the Att. fut., aor. and pf. are προεῶν, προείπον, προείρηκα:—to tell beforehand: c. inf. to tell beforehand that . . .: to forewarn.

2. to foretell, prophesy.

II. to tell before others or publicly: to publish or proclaim publicly: to issue a public notice.

προ-άγω, f. ἄξω: aor. 2 προήγαγον: pf. προήγα: Pass., aor. I προήχθην: pf. πρόηγμα:—to lead forward, lead on or onward: also to escort or conduct onward.

2. δάκρυ προάγειν to bring out or shed a tear.

3. to carry forward: to bring on: metaph. to lead on to a thing, induce, persuade.

4. to promote, advance:—Pass. to advance, increase.

II. intr. to lead the way, go before, go onwards, proceed, advance.

προάγωγία, ἦ, a leading on.

II. a pandering, procuring. From

προάγωγός, f. σω, (προαγωγός) to lead on to prostitution, of a procurer.

προ-ἄγωγός, ὁ, (πρόγω) a pander, pimp, procurer.

προ-ἄγων, ἄνω, ὁ, (πρό, ἄγων) a preliminary contest.

προ-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. to fight before. 2. to fight for or in defence of.

προ-ἄδικέω, f. ἴσω, to wrong another first: to commit the first wrong.

προ-ᾄδω, to sing before, make a prelude.

προ-αἰδέομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -έσομαι, aor. I pass. προήδεσθην, pf. pass. προήδημαι, Ion. 3 προήδεατο for -ἦντο:—to owe one special respect, be under great obligations to one.

προ-αἰρέομαι, v. sub προαίρω.

προαίρεσις, εως, ἦ, (προαίρομαι) a choosing one thing before another, deliberate choice, purpose; ἐκ προαίρεσεως, Lat. ex instituto, of set purpose, advisedly; κατὰ προαίρεσιν, in same sense. 2. προαίρεσις βίου a purpose or plan of life. 3. προαίρεσις πολιτείας a mode of government, a policy.

προ-αἰρετόν, verb. Adj. of προαίρομαι, one must choose or prefer.

προαιρετικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προαίρομαι) disposed to prefer.

προαιρετός, ἦ, ὄν, chosen before, preferred. From

προ-αἰρέω, f. ἴσω: aor. 2 προείλον: pf. προήρηκα:—to take away before or first.

2. to bring forward or forth, produce publicly.

II. Med. προαίρομαι: f. -ἴσομαι: aor. 2 προειλόμην: pf. pass. (in med. sense) προήρηκα:—to take or choose before or sooner than another, prefer one thing to another.

2. absol. to choose deliberately, prefer.

3. to purpose or intend a thing: to determine previously; to undertake.

προ-αἰσθάνομαι, Dep. with fut. med. -αἰσθήσομαι, aor. 2 -αἰσθήσομαι, pf. pass. προήσθημαι:—to perceive, learn or observe beforehand.

2. to learn before.

προ-αἰτιάμαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to accuse beforehand.

προακήκω, pf. of προακούω.

προ-ἄκοντιζω, f. ἴσω, to throw a javelin beforehand:—Pass. to be darted before.

προ-ἄκούω, f. -ακούσομαι: pf. -ἄκήκω:—to hear beforehand.

προ-ἄλῃς, ἔς, (πρό, ἄλλομαι) springing forward: overhanging, abrupt.

προ-ἄλλοσκομαι, Pass., with fut. med. (in pass. sense) -ἄλλώσομαι, and (in same sense) aor. 2 and pf. act. -εἰλῶν, -εἰλώκα:—to be taken or convicted beforehand.

προ-ἄμαρτανόω, f. -ἄμαρτήσομαι: pf. -ἡμαρτηκα:—to fail or sin before.

προ-ἄμυνομαι, f. -ἄμύνουμαι, Med. to ward off or repeal beforehand: absol. to defend oneself.

προ-αναβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go up to or mount before, so as to preoccupy.

προ-αναβάλλομαι, Med. to sing or play by way of prelude (αναβολή).

προ-ἀνάγω, f. ἴσω, to lead up before; προανάγειν ναῦν to put out into the high sea before:—Pass. to put to sea before.

προ-αναίρω, f. ἴσω, to remove before.

προ-ἀνασιμῶω, f. ἴσω, to use up, spend before:—Pass., (Ion. part. pf. προανασιμωμένος for προανησιμωμένος), to be spent, consumed, used up before.

προ-ανακτένω, f. ἴσω, to stir up before.

προ-ανᾶλισκω, fut. -ανᾶλώσω: aor. I -ανᾶλωσα:—to use up, spend, consume before:—Pass. to throw away one's life before.

προ-αναρπάξω, f. -ἴσομαι, to arrest beforehand.

προ-αναχωρέω, f. ἴσω, to go away before. Hence προαναχώρησις, ἦ, a former departure.

προ-ανέχω, f. ἴσω, to hold up before. 2. intr. to jut out beyond.

προ-ἀνύτω [ῶ] and -ἀνύω: f. -ἀνύσω [ῶ]:—to accomplish or complete first.

προ-ἀπαγορεύω, f. σω, to give in or fail beforehand.

προ-απαλλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ζω, to remove beforehand:—Pass. to depart or die before.

προ-απαντάω, f. ἴσω, to go forth to meet, meet beforehand, be beforehand with.

προ-ἄπειμι, to go away first.

προ-απέπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (cp. προ-αγορεύω) : pf. προαπέπηκα : Med., aor. I προαπειπάμην :—to renounce first.

προαπελθεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προαπέρχομαι.

προ-ατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι : aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον : Dep. :—to go away, depart first.

προ-απεχθάνομαι, f. -απεχθήσομαι : Pass. :—to be hated beforehand.

προ-απηγέομαι, for προαφηγέομαι.

προ-απικνέομαι, Ion. for προαφικνέομαι.

προ-αποδεικνύμι, f. -δείξω, to prove or shew first.
προ-αποθνήσκω, f. -θνήσκω, to die before or first : of a coward, to die beforehand.

προ-αποθρήνέω, f. ἦσω, to bewail beforehand.

προ-αποκληρώω, f. ὄσω, to assign away beforehand.

προ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill beforehand.

προ-απολαύω, f. -σομαι, to enjoy beforehand.

προ-απολείπω, f. ψω, to abandon beforehand. II. intr. to fail before or first.

προ-απόλλυμι, to destroy first :—Pass., with fut. med. -ολοῦμαι, pf. 2 act. -όλωλα, to perish first.

προ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away, dismiss or disband first.

προ-αποστᾶλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ἀποστέλλω.
προ-αποστέλλω, f. -αποστελῶ, to send away or despatch in advance :—Pass. to be sent in advance.

προ-αποσφάζω, f. ξω, to slay or butcher before.

προ-αποτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn away beforehand :—

Med. to turn oneself away from, to leave off doing.

προ-αποχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to go away before.

προ-αρπάζω, f. ἄξω and ἄσομαι, to snatch up first.

προ-ἄστειον Ion. -ἦιον, τό, (πρό, ἄστυ) the space in front of a town, a suburb, the environs, Lat. *pomoerium*.

προ-ἄστιον, τό, = προἄστειον.

προ-αυδάω, inf. προαυδᾶν, contr. for προαυδᾶν, f. ἦσω, to declare before or first.

προ-αυλίον, τό, (πρό, αὐλή) a place before a court, vestibule, porch. II. (πρό, αὐλός) a prelude on the flute.

προ-αφηγέομαι Ion. προαπηγ- : f. -ἦσομαι : Dep. :—to relate, detail, or explain before.

προ-αφικνέομαι, f. -ίξομαι : Dep. :—to arrive or come to first.

προ-αφίσταμαι, Pass., fut. med. -αποστήσομαι, aor. 2 and pf. act. -απέστην, -αφίστηκα :—to revolt beforehand. II. to desert before.

πρόβα, for πρόβηθι, aor. 2 imperat. of προβαίνω.

προβαδῆν [ᾶ], Adv. (προβαίνω) as one goes along : going on, straight forward.

προ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 προέβην contr. προύβην, inf. προβήναι, part. προβάς : Ep. pres. part. προβίβας, ἄσα, ἄν (as if from προβίβημι), and προβιβάν-ἄντος (as if from προβίβω) :—to step forward, go on, advance, make progress ; ἄστρα προβέκηκε the stars are far gone ; προβήναι πόρρω μοχθηρίας to be far gone in knavery : of Time, to go on, wear away, ἡ νύξ προβαίνει the night is

wearing fast ; but also, to be gone by, past. 2. to go before, hence to be before, be superior to another. II. Causal, in fut. προβήσω, aor. I -έβησα, to move or put forward, advance, promote. III.

The pres. and aor. 2 are sometimes used with an acc. of the instrument of motion, as, προβαίνειν πόδα, κῶλον to advance one's foot or leg.

προ-βακχίος, ὁ, Ion. for προβακχίος, (πρό, βάκχίος) leader of the Bacchanals.

προβάλεσκον, Ion. aor. 2 of προβάλλω.

προ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ : aor. 2 προύβαλον : pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβλημαι :—to throw or cast before, throw to : to put forth beyond. II. to throw forward, throw away. III. to expose or give up to a thing ;

προβάλλειν ἑαυτόν to give oneself up for lost. IV. to put forward, put in the foreground : to propose :—also hazard, venture, stake, pledge. 2. to put forward an argument : also to allege, plead an excuse.

Med. to throw before one, throw away. II. to throw beyond, beat in throwing : hence, to surpass, excel. III. to set before oneself, propose to oneself.

IV. to put forward, propose for election, Lat. *designare* : also to bring forward, cite, quote, produce on one's own side : to quote as an example : to use as an excuse or pretext. V. to hold before oneself, to put forth as a shield or defence : absol. in Pass. to stand on guard :—hence also, προβάλλεσθαι συμμαχίαν to put forward the plea of an alliance : so in pf. pass. part., προβεβλημένος τινός put before another as a cover or shield ; προβεβλημένος, η, ον, defensive. VI. to denounce or accuse

of a thing :—Pass. to be publicly impeached.

προβάλομαι [ᾶ], aor. 2 opt. of προβάλλω.

προβάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of προβαίνω.

προ-βαῶσανίζω, f. ἴσω, to try or torture before.

προβᾶσις, ἡ, (προβαίνω) a stepping forward. II. as a Collective noun, things that walk, cattle.

προβᾶτεία, ἡ, (προβατεύω) sheep-keeping, a shepherd's life.

προβατευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited to the breeding of cattle : ἡ -κῆ (sub. τέχνη), the art of breeding or keeping cattle, esp. sheep, Lat. *pecuaria*. From

προβατεύω, f. σω, (πρόβατον) to keep sheep, be a shepherd.

προβατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πρόβατον) of or for sheep : ἡ προβατικῆ (sub. πύλη), the sheep-gate.

προβατίον, τό, Dim. of πρόβατον, a little sheep : προβατίον βίος the life of a poor sheep, i. e. a lazy, slothful life.

προβατο-γνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (πρόβατον, γνώμη) a good judge of cattle : metaph. a good judge of character.

προβάτων, τό, (προβαίνω) anything that goes forward : mostly used in plur. πρόβατα, animals in general, esp. cattle, a drove or flock : mostly of small cattle, esp. sheep.

προβατο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (πρόβατον, πωλέω) a sheep-dealer.

προβέβηκα, pf. of προβαίνω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. of προβάλλω.
 προβέβηκα, pf. 2 of προβούλομαι.
 πρόβημα, ατος, τό, (προβαίω) a step forward.
 πρόβησομαι, fut. of προβαίω.
 προ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to obtain by force, force through before.
 προ-βιβάζω: f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβά:—Causal of προβαίνω, to make to go forward, bring forward. II. to carry on further, to lead on, induce.
 προβιβάς, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίω.
 προβιβών, ώντος, Ep. pres. part. of προβαίω.
 προ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to foresee, to provide for one.
 πρόβλημα, ατος, τό, (προβάλλω) anything that juts out or projects; πρόβλημα πόντου a headland that juts into the sea. II. anything held before one, a guard, a barrier, fence, armour: c. gen., πρόβλημα πετρών a defence against, a shelter from, stones. III. anything put forward as an excuse, a screen, cloak. IV. that which is proposed as a task, a task: a problem.
 πρόβληξ, ήτος, ό, ή, (προβάλλω) thrown forward, jutting, projecting:—προβλήτες absol. as Subst., forelands, headlands.
 πρόβλητος, ον, (προβάλλω) thrown forth or away, cast out, Lat. projectus.
 προ-βλώσκω: aor. 2 προύμολον, inf. προμολείν: pf. προμύβλωκα:—to go or come forth, to go out of the house.
 προ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to shout before, cry out.
 προβόλαιος, ον, ό, (προβάλλω) a spear held out before one. 2. as Adj. outstretched, couched.
 προβολή, ή, (προβάλλω) a putting forward, esp. of a weapon for defence; τὰ δόρατα εις προβολήν καθιέναι to bring the spears to the rest, couch them: of a boxer, a lunging out with the fist. II. anything held out before one, a guard, defence: c. gen. a defence against. III. a jutting rock, foreland. IV. as Att. law-term, προβολαί, αί, a vote of the Ecclesia authorising a public prosecution, a vote for impeachment.
 πρόβολιον, τό, Dim. of προβολή, a weapon held out for attack or defence, a spear.
 πρόβολος, ον, (προβάλλω) anything that is held forward: a jutting rock, foreland. II. a weapon held out for defence, a hunting-spear. 2. a defence, bulwark: of a person, a protector, guardian.
 πρό-βοσκος, ό, (πρό, βόσκα) one who drives the herd to pasture, a herdsman.
 προβούλευμα, ατος, τό, (προβουλεύω) a preliminary decree or order of the Senate.
 προβουλεύατιον, τό, Dim. of προβούλευμα.
 προ-βουλεύω, f. σω, to contrive before, concert measures before or first: Med. to debate or consider first. 2. of the Senate (βουλή) at Athens, to frame a decree. 3. to act as πρόβουλος. II. to have the chief voice in passing decrees. III. προβουλεύειν τινός to deliberate for one, provide for his interest.

προ-βουλή, ή, (πρό, βουλή) forethought: malice *prepens*.
 προ-βούλομαι, pf. 2 προβέβουλα in pres. sense: Dep.:—to wish rather, to prefer one before another.
 προβουλό-παις, -παιδος, ή, (πρόβουλος, παίς):—προβουλόπαις Ἄτης, = πρόβουλος παίς Ἄτης, the crafty child of Atē.
 πρό-βουλος, ον, (πρό, βουλή) debating beforehand or for others:—as Subst., πρόβουλοι, οί, preliminary counsellors, a committee to examine measures before they were proposed to the people:—also, deputies or representatives elected by the people.
 προ-βύω, f. ύω [ύ], to push forwards; πρ. λύχνον to push up the wick of a lamp, to trim it.
 προ-βωθέω, Ion. for προβωθῆω.
 προ-βωμιος, ον, (πρό, βωμός) at or in front of the altar: as Subst., προβώμια, τά, the space in front of an altar.
 προ-γαστρίδιον, τό, (πρό, γαστήρ) a piece of armour for the belly, as προστέρνιον for the breast.
 προ-γύστωρ, ορος, ό, (πρό, γαστήρ) having a paunch in front, pot-bellied.
 προ-γένεσις, ον, (πρό, γένειον) with prominent chin.
 προ-γενής, (πρό, γένος) of old time, ancient:—Comp. προγενέστερος, α, ον, earlier in birth, elder, older:—Sup. προγενέστατος, η, ον, earliest in birth, eldest, oldest.
 προ-γενήτωρ, ορος, ό, a forefather, an ancestor.
 προ-γίνομαι, Ion. and later γίνομαι [γ]: f. -γενήσομαι: aor. 2 προύγενόμην: pf. 2 act. προγέγονα and pass. προγεγέννημαι: Dep.:—to come forwards: present oneself before. II. of Time, to be, happen, come to pass before or earlier; οί προγεγονότες men of former times; τὰ προγεγενημένα things that occurred of old.
 προ-γινώσκω, Ion. and later προγιν-: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. act. προέγνωκα, pass. προέγνωσμαι:—to know, perceive, learn or understand beforehand: to foreknow. II. to judge or decide beforehand.
 πρόγνωσις, ή, (προγιγνώσκω) a perceiving beforehand, foreknowledge.
 πρόγονος, ον, (πρό, γενέσθαι) earlier born, elder, older:—as Subst., πρόγονος, ό, an ancestor; οί πρόγονοι forefathers, ancestors. II. πρόγονοι are early lambs, cp. μετασσαι.
 πρό-γραμμα, ατος, τό, (προγράφω) a public proclamation or notice, programme.
 προγραφή, ή, (προγράφω) a public notice, advertisement. 2. also used for the Lat. proscriptio.
 προ-γράφω, f. ψω, to write before or first. II. to write in public, give public notice of:—also to appoint by public notice. 2. also used for the Lat. proscribo.
 προ-γυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise beforehand.
 προδαίης, aor. 2 pass. part. from Root προδᾶω: see προδαίηναί.
 προδαίηναί, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προδᾶν with act. signf., from the root *δᾶω, to know beforehand.

προδεδωκα, pf. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δέιδω, f. σω, to fear or dread beforeband.

προ-δείλω, on, (πρό, δείλος) happening or doing before evening.

προ-δαινύμι and -ύω: f. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω:—to shew beforeband, point out, esp. by way of example: to make known or publish beforeband: to foresbew. II. to point before one; σκήπτρω προδαινύμι to feel one's way with a staff: also c. acc. to put out before one.

III. χερσὶ προδαινύμι to make a feint with the hands, Lat. *praeludere*: also in war, to make a demonstration.

προ-δειμαίνω, to fear or dread beforeband.

προ-δέκτωρ, opor, ὁ, Ion. for προδεκτωρ, (προδέννυμι) one who foresbews: a foresbewer.

προ-δέρομαι, f. -ζομαι, Dep. to see beforeband.

πρό-δηλος, on, (πρό, δηλος) clear beforeband; ἐκ προδήλου manifestly. Hence.

προ-δηλώω, f. ὤσω, to make clear beforeband.

προ-διαβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go across before others.

προ-διαβάλλω, f. -βῶλω, to raise prejudices against beforeband.

προ-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to understand or know thoroughly beforeband. II. to resolve or decree beforeband.

προ-διαιτάω, f. ἤσω, to prepare by diet. Hence

προδιαίτησις, ἡ, preparation by diet.

προ-διαλέγομαι, f. -λέξομαι, Med. with aor. I pass.

-διελέχθην:—speak or converse beforeband.

προ-διασύρω, to jeer or ridicule beforeband. [v]

προ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερώ: aor. I -έφθειρα: pf. act.

-έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι:—to ruin or destroy beforeband: to corrupt or seduce beforeband.

προ-διδάσκω, f. ἀξω, to teach beforeband: to teach

thoroughly:—Pass. to learn beforeband.

προ-δίδωμι, f. -δώσω: pf. act. -δέδοκα, pass. -δέδομαι:

—to give beforeband, pay in advance. II. to give

up to the enemy, betray, Lat. *prodo*. 2. to forsake,

abandon: absol. to desert, turn traitor; ἡ χάρις προ-

δοῦσ' ἀλίσκεται gratitude is convicted of proving

traitor. 3. of things, to betray, fail one:—intr.

to fail, give up, like ἐνδιδόνα, Lat. *desicere*. 4. to

give up, surrender, lose.

προ-διεξέρχομαι, f. -διεξέλυσμαι, Dep. to go out

through before, pass through first.

προ-διερυνάω, f. ἤσω, to discover by searching be-

foreband. Hence

προδιερυνητής, οὔ, ὁ, one sent out to march be-

foreband.

προ-διέρχομαι, f. -ξελεύσμαι, aor. 2 -ἦλλον: Dep.:

—to go through, detail, narrate before.

προ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to relate before-

band, premise. Hence

προδιήγησις, ἡ, a detailing beforeband.

πρό-δίκος, ὁ, (πρό, δικη) an advocate, defender; an

avenger. 2. at Sparta, a young king's guardian,

a regent.

προ-δουκέω, f. ἤσω, to regulate, order, manage be-

foreband.

προ-διδώω, f. ζω, to pursue further or to a distance.

προδοθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of προδίδωμι.

προ-δοκέω: pf. pass. προδέδογμα, 3 sing. plqpf.

προδεδόκτο:—to think beforeband:—only used in

Pass., προδεδόκτο ταῦτά μοι this was my former

opinion; τὰ προδεδογμένα previous resolutions.

προ-δοκίη, ἡ, (πρό, δέχομαι) a place where one lies

in wait, a lair, ambush; πέτρης ἐν προδοκίῳν in the

lurking holes of the rock.

πρό-δομος, ὁ, the fore-house, i. e. the room entered

from the court (αὐλή), the ball, vestibule.

πρό-δομος, on, being before the house.

προ-δοξάζω, f. ἄσω, to form an opinion beforeband.

προδοσία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) a giving up, be-

trayal, treachery, treason.

πρόδοσις, ἡ, (προδίδωμι) payment beforeband. II.

a giving up, betrayal.

προδοτής, ου, ὁ, (προδίδωμι) a betrayer, traitor:

one who abandons in danger.—Fem. προδοτίς, ιδος,

a traitress. Hence

προδοτικός, ἡ, ὄν, disposed to betray, traitorous.

πρόδοτος, on, (προδίδωμι) betrayed, abandoned.

πρό-δουλος, on, serving for a slave.

προδοῦναι, προδοῦς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-

δίδωμι.

προδραμῆν, προδραμῆν, aor. 2 inf. and part. of

προτρέχω, formed from obsol. *δρέμα.

προδρομή, ἡ, (προδραμῆν) a running forward, a

sally or sudden attack.

πρόδρομος, on, (προδραμῆν) running before, speed-

ing forward. II. as Subst., πρόδρομοι, οἱ, men

sent on before to reconnoitre, scouts.

προ-δυστύχῳ, f. ἤσω, to be unhappy beforeband.

προεδρῆμον, aor. 2 of προτρέχω: cf. προδραμῆν.

προεδρεύω, f. ἴσω, (πρόεδρος) to be president;

προεδρεύει τῆς βουλῆς to be president of the council.

προεδρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προεδρεύω) the seat or dignity

of president (πρόεδρος), the first seat, presidency. 2.

the privilege of the front seats at a theatre; at Athens

a public honour. 3. the front seat itself, chief place:

at Athens, the seats of the πρόεδροι in the Ecclesia.

πρό-εδρος, on, (πρό, ἔδρα) sitting in front or in the

first place. II. as Subst., πρόεδρος, ὁ, a president:

in the assembly (ἐκκλησία) at Athens, nine of the

πρωτάεις in office were so called; see πρωτάεις.

προ-έργω, Ep. for προείργω, to stop by standing

before, to obstruct.

προεΐκα, Ep. for προήκα, aor. I of προήμι.

προ-ετίξω, f. ἴσω, to accustom or injure beforeband.

προ-εἶδον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use, προοράω

being used instead, part. προιδών, inf. προιδείν:—to

look forward, keep a look out ahead: to see from

afar: to foresee. II. to have a care for, provide

against.

προειλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προαίρω.

πρό-εἰμι, (πρό, εἶμι ἰβο) serving in Att. as fut. of

προ-έρχομαι, to go forward, go on, advance; προ-
όντος του χρόνου as time went on: to go first, go
in advance. 2. to go forth. 3. προίεμαι εἰς τι
to pass on to, proceed to another thing. 4. also of
a thing, to go on well, succeed.

προ-είπον, aor. 2 with no pres. in use (προαγορεύω
being used instead), inf. προειπεῖν, part. προειπών:—
to foretell, say before: to premise. II. to order or
bid beforehand, proclaim. III. to proclaim pub-
licly, give notice or warning of a thing.

προείρηκα, see προερέω.
προ-εισάγω Ion. προ-εσάγω: f. ξω:—to bring in,
introduce before:—Med. to bring in for one's own
use before, import before.

προεισενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προεισφέρειω.
προ-εισέρχομαι, Dep. to come or go in before.
προεισοίσω, fut. of προεισφέρειω.

προ-εισπέμπω, f. ψω, to send in before.
προ-εισφέρειω, to bring in before. 2. to pay the
property-tax (εἰσφορά) in advance for others. Hence
προεισφορά, ἡ, money advanced to pay the property-
tax (εἰσφορά) for others.

προ-εκθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run out before, rush
bastily on.

προ-εκομίζω, f. σω, to carry out beforehand.
προ-εκλέγω, f. -εκλέξω: pf. pass. -εξείλεγμαι:—to
collect money or taxes in advance, τὰ προεξελεγμένα
taxes collected in advance.

προ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out beforehand.
προ-εκπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out beforehand.
προ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω, to terrify beforehand.

προ-εκπονέω, f. ἦσω, to work out or finish before.
προ-εκφοβέω, f. ἦσω, to terrify before. Hence
προεκφοβήσις, ἡ, a previous panic.

προελάσῃς, ἡ, a going or riding forward. From
προ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω: pf. act. -ελήλακα, pass. -ελή-
λαμαι:—to drive before or forward:—intrans. (sub.
ἵππων), to ride on, ride forward; c. gen. to ride be-
fore one: generally, to advance:—Pass., ὡς πρῶσω
τῆς νυκτὸς προελήλατο (3 sing. plqpf.) when the
night was far advanced.

προελθεῖν, προελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προ-
έρχομαι.

προ-ελπίζω, f. ἴσω, to hope before.
προελών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προαιρέω.
προ-εμβάλλω, to project so as to strike in: of ships,
to make the charge (ἐμβολή) first.

προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι, aor. 2 inf. of προῖημι.
προέμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of προῖημι.
προ-εμπλήθω, to be quite full.

προ-ενάρχομαι, fut. -ξομαι, Dep. to begin before.
προενεγκεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προφέρειω.

προ-εννέπω, contr. προῖννέπω, to announce before
or publicly.

προ-ενοικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell in before. Hence
προενοικήσις, ἡ, a dwelling before in a place.
προ-εξαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to announce beforehand.

προ-εξάγω, f. ξω, to bring out beforehand or first:

to lead out before: intrans. to move out before or in
front:—Pass. to go out first. [ᾶ]

προ-εξαίσσω Att. -αίσσω, f. ξω, —to dart out before.

προ-εξαμαρτάνω, to fail, do wrong before.

προ-εξανίσταμαι, Pass. with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην,
pf. -ανέστηκα, plqpf. -ανεστήκειν:—to rise and go
out before; προεξανίστασθαι ἐς τοὺς βαρβάρους to rise
before others and march against the barbarians: in a
race, to start before the signal is given, start too soon.

προ-εξέδρα Ion. -η, ἡ, a raised seat, chair of state.

προ-εξέμι, (πρό, ἐξ, εἶμι ἴβο) to go out before, to
sally forth before.

προ-εξεπίσταμαι contr. προῦξ-: fut. med. -επι-
στήσομαι, aor. I pass. προῦξεπιστήθην: Dep.:—to
know exactly, thoroughly understand beforehand.

προ-εξερεύναω contr. προῦξ-, to investigate or
search out before. Hence

προεξερευνητής contr. προῦξ-, οὐ, an explorer
sent before.

προ-εξέρχομαι: aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον: pf. -εξέλη-
λυθα: Dep.:—to go out or forth before: to go for-
ward.

προ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine or search out before.

προ-εξεφίεμαι contr. προῦξ-, Dep. to enjoin before-
hand.

προ-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to set out or start beforehand.

προ-επαγγέλλω, f. ελῶ, to announce before:—Med.
to promise before.

προ-επανέω, f. ἴσω, to praise beforehand, or in the
presence of others.

προ-επανασείω, f. σω, to raise the band against be-
fore: generally, to set in motion before.

προ-επαφίημι, to send forward against.

προεπεπιούλο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of προποιέω.

προ-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to plot against beforehand.

προ-επιξενόομαι, Pass. (πρό, ἐπιξενόω) to be received
as a guest before, abide in one's house first.

προ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass.
προῦπεστήθην: Dep.:—to know or understand before-
hand.

προ-επιχειρέω, f. ἦσω, to undertake or attack before.

προ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. προεργασμαι: Dep.:
—to do or work at beforehand: esp. of the ground,
to till, work first:—the pf. is also used in pass. sense,
τὰ προεργασμένα former performances; ἡ προεργασ-
μένη δόξα glory achieved before.

προ-ερέσσω, f. ἴσω, to row forwards.

προ-ερεύναω, f. ἦσω, to search out before:—Med.,
οἱ προερευνόμενοι ἵππεῖς the horse reconnoitring in
advance.

προ-ερέω Att. contr. προερέω, serving as fut. to
προείπον, (the pres. in use being προαγορεύω: from
the same root come pf. προ-είρηκα, pass. -είρημαι;
aor. I pass. προερήθην contr. προῦρήθην:—to fore-
tell.

II. to order beforehand or publicly, give
public notice:—pf. pass. part. προειρημένος, fore-
ordained, appointed.

προέρυσα, Ep. aor. I from

προ-ερίω, f. ὕσω [ῥ], to draw on or forward; προ-ερίσαι νῆα to move a ship forward.

προ-έρχομαι, f. -εἰσομαι (cp. πρόειμι): aor. 2 -ἦλλον: pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to come or go forward, to go on, advance; τὰ Περσέων πρήγματα ἐς τοῦτο προελθόντα the power of the Persians having advanced to this height; προελθούσως ἡλικία, Lat. *proventus aetate*, advanced in age. 2. to go before or first.

πρόες, πρόετω, aor. 2 imperat. of προΐημι.

προέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of προΐημι.

προεστήατε or προεστήατε, Ion. for προεστήκατε, 2 pl. pf. of προΐημι.

προεστώς, contr. from προεστηκώς, pf. part. of προΐημι.

προέσχον, aor. 2 of προέχω.

προετέον, verb. Adj. of προΐημι, one must throw away, throw up.

προετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προΐημι) disposed to throw away, lavish, prodigal.

προ-ετοιμάζω, f. ἄσω, to get ready before:—Med. to prepare for one's own use.

προ-ευαγγελίζομαι, Dep. to bring glad tidings beforehand, esp. to preach the gospel beforehand.

προ-εὐλαβέομαι, fut. med. ἦσομαι, aor. I pass. προ-εὐλαβήσῃν: Dep.:—to take heed, be cautious beforehand.

προέφθασα, aor. I of προφθάνω.

προ-έχω contr. προΐχω: f. προέξω:—to hold before, esp. so as to shield or protect:—Med. προέχομαι contr. προΐχομαι, impf. προΐχούμην, to hold before oneself: metaph. to put forward or hold out as a pretext. 2. to hold forth, proffer, offer. 3. to have before or in preference to. 4. to have before or first: hence to know beforehand. II. intr. to be before, come forth, project, jut out: to be the first, have the start; ἡμέρης ὁδῶ προέχεν τινός to keep a day's march ahead of him. 2. of rank, c. gen. to be chief or head of anything: generally, to be eminent or distinguished; οἱ προΐχοντες the chief men. 3. to surpass, exceed. 4. impers., οὐ τι προέχει it is not at all better, it naught avails.

προεώρακα, pf. of προοράω.

προ-ηγεμῶν, ὄνος, ὄ, one who goes before as a guide.

προ-ηγέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to go first and lead the way: generally, to go before, guide, conduct: to be the leader. Hence

προηγητήρ, ἦρος, and προηγητής, οὐ, ὄ, one who goes before to shew the way.

προηγόρεω, f. ἦσω, (προήγορος) to speak for others.

προ-ήγορος, ὄ, (πρό, ἀγορεύω) one who speaks for others, a defender, advocate.

προ-ηγουμένως, Adv. of pres. part. of προηγέομαι, antecedently.

προήκα, aor. I of προΐημι.

προ-ήκης, ἐς, (πρό, ἀκή) pointed in front.

προ-ήκω, f. ξω, to have gone before, to be the first:

to have advanced.

II. to jut forward, reach beyond.

προήκα, pf. of προΐημι.

προ-θάλής, ἐς, (πρό, θαλεῖν) growing, flourishing before the time, precocious.

προθéis, εἶσα, ἐν, part. aor. 2 of προτίθημι.

προ-θέλυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θέλυμον) by the roots; προθέλυμους ἔλεκετο χαιτας he tore his hair out by the roots; προθέλυμα χαμά βάλε δένδρεα he threw to earth trees uprooted; but, σάκος σάκει προθέλυμων φράξαντες fencing shield upon shield close-compact:—θέλυμα being the several layers or coats of the shields; and so προθέλυμος means, with layer upon layer.

προθέσις, ἡ, (προτίθημι) a placing before, setting forth; ἄρτοι τῆς προθέσεως the bread of the setting forth, i. e. the shew-bread. II. a purpose, resolve, design.

προ-θέσιμος, α, ὄν, (πρό, θεσιμός) laid down before, appointed, fixed: ἡ προθεσιμία (sub. ἡμέρα), a day fixed for anything, a limited period, within which proceedings must be taken.

προ-θεσιπίζω, f. ἴσω, to foretell.

προ-θέω, Ion. impf. προθέσκον: pf. -θέσομαι:—to run before. 2. to run forward or forth. II. c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

προ-θέω, old form of προτίθημι, to put forward, permit; τοῦνεκά οἱ προθέουσαι ὀνειδέα μνησσοσθαι; do they therefore let him speak reproachful words?

προ-θνήσκω, f. -θάνομαι, to die before. II. to die for one.

προθοράν, aor. 2 part. of προθράσκω.

προθρύλω, f. ἦσω, to bruit abroad beforehand.

προ-θράσκω, f. -θοροῦμαι: aor. 2 προΐθορον, inf. προθορεῖν, part. προθοράν:—to spring before or forward, to dart in front.

προ-θύελλα, ἡ, a storm the harbinger of another.

προθύμα, ατος, τό, (προθύω) a preparatory or preliminary sacrifice.

προθυμέομαι: Att. impf. προθυμούμην: fut. med. προθυμήσομαι, also pass. προθυμηθήσομαι: aor. I προθυμήσῃν: Dep.: (προθύμος):—to be ready, willing, eager to do a thing: c. acc. to be earnest for a person or thing, desire eagerly: absol. to be earnest, zealous, shew zeal. Hence

προθυμητέον, verb. Adj. one must desire eagerly.

προθύμια Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (προθύμος) readiness, willingness, zeal, earnestness; πάση προθυμίᾳ with all zeal. II. good will, ready kindness.

πρό-θυμος, ὄν, (πρό, θυμός) ready, willing, eager, zealous, earnest: c. gen. rei, eager for.

II. bearing good will, wishing well to one, well-disposed. III. Adv. προθύμως, readily, actively: Comp. -ότερον, more readily: Sup. -ότατα, most readily.

προ-θύριαιος [ῥ], ὄν, (πρό, θύρα) before the door: τὰ προθύρια the space before a door.

πρό-θρον, τό, (πρό, θύρα) a front door. 2. the space before a door, a porch, Lat. vestibulum.

πρό-θω, to sacrifice before or first. II. to sacrifice in behalf of.

προϋάμι, aor. 2 med. subj. of προτίθημι. προϋ, Adv. (πρό)=πρωί.

πρό-ιάλλω, to send forth or away, dismiss. II. to send before.

προ-ιάπτω, f. ψω: aor. I προίαψα:—to send forward, send before the time.

προϊδων, οὔσα, ov, aor. 2 part. of προείδων. προϊεν, εις, ει, Ion. and Att. impf. of προϊήμι.

προίεις, εἶσα, έν, pres. part. of προϊήμι. προϊζω, to set or place before:—Med. to sit before, take the first seat.

προ-ίημι, 3 sing. προϊεί and opt. προϊοί (as if from προ-ίω): Att. impf. προϊεν, εις, ει: fut. προήσω: aor. I προήκα Ep. προήκα: aor. 2, 3 pl. πρόσαν, imper. πρόσ, προέτω, inf. προέμεν, Ep. for προείναι:—Med., aor. 2 προηκάμην: aor. 2 opt. προείμην or προοίμην:—Pass., pf. προείμαι: plqpf. προείμην:—to send before, send on or forward; generally, to dismiss, let go: also to send on to another. 2. to let fall, let slip; έτος προέηκε be let drop a word: an inf. is often added, αἰετῶ προέηκε πέτεσθαι he sent his eagles forth to fly; προέηκε οὐρον ἀήναι he sent forth the breeze to blow. 3. to throw before, throw away: of missiles, to shoot forth, dart, hurl, discharge. 4. to give up, deliver over: also to devote oneself, exert oneself upon a thing. II. Med. to send forward from oneself, give up, betray: also to desert, forsake, throw overboard. 2. of things, to give freely: in bad sense, to throw away, squander, lavish; λόγους προέσθαι to throw words away: also to let go, let slip. 3. to give over to one. 4. to drive forward, force on. 5. to allow or suffer a person to do a thing. III. Pass. to be thrown away, be neglected.

προίητι, Dor. for προήσι.

προίκα, Adv: freely, gratis: properly acc. of προίξ.

προίκτης, ov, ό, (προίξ) one who asks for a free gift, a beggar.

προίξ Att. προίξ, ή, gen. προικός, dat. προικί, acc. προίκα:—a gift, present; προικός γένεσθαι to enjoy a free gift:—hence gen. προικός is used as Adv. freely, without return. Lat. gratis: also with impunity; so also acc. προίκα. II. later a marriage-portion, dowry, Lat. dos. From

ΠΡΟΨΣΣΟΜΑΙ: f. προΐξομαι Att. προΐξομαι: Dep.:—to ask a gift, to beg.

προ-ΐστημι, f. προστήσω: aor. I προΐστησα, inf. προστήσαι, part. προστήσας: aor. 2 προΐστην, inf. προστήναι, part. προστάς: aor. I pass. προεστάθην, προστάθην, part. προστάθεις, εἶσα, έν: pf. προέστηκα, Ion. 2 pl. προεστάτε, part. προεστηκός Ion. προεστώς or προεστώς. I. Causal in pres., impf., fut. and aor. I, to set before or in front. 2. so also in Med. προϊσταμαι, aor. I προεστησάμην, to

put before one, put in front. 3. to put before oneself, choose as one's leader. 4. in Med. also to put forward, put out: to put forward as an excuse or pretence. II. intrans. in Pass., with aor. 2, pf. and plqpf. act.:—to stand before or forward, come forward: to stand near. 2. c. acc. pers. to approach. 3. c. gen. to be set over, be at the head of, be the chief; προστήναι φόνου to be the author of slaughter: οι προεστώτες Ion. —έωτες, the leading men, chiefs:—hence to manage, regulate, govern. 4. to stand before so as to protect any one; hence to protect, guard.

προ-ίσχω, = προέχω, to bold before, bold out. II. Med. προίσχομαι, to bold out before oneself, stretch forth. 2. to put forward, propose, offer. 3. to put forward, allege, plead.

προϊών, οὔσα, έν, aor. 2 part. of πρόειμι (έμι ibo).

προ-ίωξις, ή, (πρό, ίώκω=διώκω) a driving before or onwards, opp. to παλιώξις.

πρόκω or πρόκατε, Ion. Adv. (πρό) forthwith, straightway, suddenly.

πρό-καυθῶ, f. —καυθήσω, to sleep before or first. II. to sleep in front of.

πρό-κάθημι Ion. προ-κάθημι, properly perf. of προκαθίζομαι:—to sit before or in front of; τοσούτο πρό της άλλης Ελλάδος προκαθήσθαι to be situated so far in front of the rest of Greece: also to protect, defend.

πρό-καθίζω Ion. προ-καθίζω, f. ίσω; also Med. προκαθίζομαι:—to sit down before or in front. II. to sit in public, sit in state.

πρό-καθήμι, f. —καθήσω, to let down beforehand: metaph. to involve in. II. to put forward.

πρό-καθίστημι, f. —καταστήσω, to post before: Med. to post before oneself. II. in Pass. and intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 —κατέστην; pf. —καθέστηκα; plqpf. —εστήκειν:—to be set or posted before.

πρό-καθοράω, f. —καθίρομαι, to view or examine beforehand.

πρό-καίω, f. —καύσω, to burn before.

πρό-κάκοπαθέω, f. ήσω, to suffer ills before.

πρό-κάκος, ov, very bad, exceeding bad.

πρό-κάλέω, f. έσω, to call forth, call on:—Med. to call forth to one: to call out to fight, challenge, defy, Lat. provoco. 2. to invite beforehand. II. c. acc. rei, to offer or propose. III. to call up or forth, rouse.

πρό-καλίξομαι, Dep. only used in pres. and impf., = προκαλέομαι, to call forth, challenge, defy.

πρό-καλινδῶ, to make roll forward or in front:—Pass. to fall prostrate before another.

προκάλυμμα, atos, τό, anything hung in front to cover: a covering, curtain: metaph. a screen or blind. From

πρό-καλύπτω, f. ψω, to hang before as a covering:—Med. to put something over oneself, to veil or screen oneself; of a woman, οὐ προκαλυπτομένα [τι] παρη-

ἴδος putting no veil over her face.
over, veil.

προ-κάμνω, f. -κάμνομαι: aor. 2 προύκαμον: pf. -κέικηκα:—to work or toil before.

προ-κάρηνος, ον, (πρό, κάρηνον) head-foremost.
προκάς, ἀδος, ἦ, = πρός, the roe-deer.

προ-καταγγέλλω, to announce or declare beforeband.
προ-κατάγεις, ἴδος, ἦ, Ion. form, (πρό, καθηγέομαι)

a woman who goes before, a female leader.
προ-καταγιγνώσκω, Ion. and in late Gr. -γινώσκω: f. -γνώσομαι: pf. -έγνωκα:—to vote against beforeband, condemn by a prejudgement: also c. inf.

to give a verdict of murder against: also c. inf. to judge against one that . . .

προ-κατάγω, f. ξω, to bring to land before.
προ-καταθέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run down beforeband.
προ-κατακαίω, f. -καίω, to burn before: of a country, to ravage by fire all before one.

προ-κατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down in front.
προ-κατακλίνω, to make to recline at table before.

προ-καταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι:—to seize upon or occupy beforeband: to take possession of before another: metaph. to prevent, anticipate.

προ-καταλέγω, to detail or describe beforeband.
προ-καταλύω, to break up or annul beforeband:—

Med. to adjust or compose beforeband: προκαταλύσθαι τὴν ἔχθρην to end their mutual enmity before.

προ-κατάρχομαι, Dep. to begin first: but mostly in technical sense, to offer the first of the sacrifice.

προ-κατασκευάζω, to make ready beforeband.
προ-καταφεύγω, to escape to a place of refuge before: προκαταφεύγειν ἐς τόπον to escape before to a place.

προ-καταφάρομαι, Dep. to use up beforeband.
προ-κατεσθίω, f. -κάτεδομαι, to eat up beforeband.
προ-κατέχω, aor. 2 -κατέσχον:—to gain possession of or occupy beforeband, preoccupy:—Med. to hold before for oneself.

προ-κατηγορέω, to accuse beforeband. Hence προκατηγορία, ἦ, previous accusation.

προ-κάττημαι, Ion. for προκάθημαι.
προ-κατίζω, Ion. for προκαθίζω.
προκατόψομαι, fut. of προκαθοράω.

προ-καίω, impf. προύκειμην, Ion. inf. προκέεσθαι: fut. -κέεσομαι:—used as Pass. of προτίθημι, to be set before, lie before or in front of: to stretch forward, jut out.

II. to be set before one: metaph. to be proposed or laid before one, mooted; πρόκειται περί σωτηρίας the question is concerning safety; ἀεθλος προκείμενος a task proposed; τὸ προκείμενον πρῆγμα the matter in debate.

III. to lie before one, lie exposed; to lie dead, δ προκείμενος the corpse.

IV. to be held out, set forth.
προ-κέλευθος, ον, (πρό, κέλευθος) forerunning.

προ-κελευσματικός, ὁ, (πρό, κέλευσμα) a proceleumatic, a foot consisting of four short syllables, e. g. κατέβαλε.

προ-κενόω, f. ὦσω, to empty beforeband.
προ-κήδομαι, Dep. to take care of, take thought for.

προ-κηραίνω, (πρό, κήρ) to be anxious for one.
προ-κηρύσσομαι, f. εύσομαι, Med. to have proclaimed by herald, to give public notice.

προ-κηρύσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to proclaim by herald, proclaim publicly.

προ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to run the first risk, bear the brunt of battle.

προ-κινέω, f. ἦσω, to move forward: to urge on:—Pass. with fut. med. -κινήσομαι, to come on, advance.

προ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω, fut. -κλαύσομαι, to weep beforeband or openly. II. trans. to bewail beforeband.

προκληθείς, aor. I pass. part. of προκαλέω.
πρόκλησις, gen. eaw Ion. ιος, ἦ, (προκαλέω) a calling forth:—a challenging to combat; ἐκ προκλήσιος in pursuance of a challenge. II. an invitation, proposal. III. as law-term, a formal challenge offered by either party for the purpose of bringing disputed points to issue.

προ-κλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lean forward.
προκλύτος, ον, heard formerly: legendary. From προ-κλύω, to hear or learn beforeband.

προ-κόλιον, τό, (πρό, κόλπος) a robe falling over the breast.
προ-κομίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring forward. II. to carry on before:—Pass. to be carried away.

προ-κόμιον, τό, (πρό, κόμη) the front hair: the forelock of a horse.

προκοπή, ἦ, progress on a journey. II. metaph. progress, advancement, improvement. From προ-κόπτω, impf. προύκοπτον: f. ψω, to cut away before one, or clear the way in front: hence to forward or promote a work:—Pass. to advance, thrive, prosper.

II. intr. in Act. to make one's way forward, to make progress: of time, to be far gone, far advanced.

προκρίμα, atos, τό, preference, partiality. From προ-κρίνω [r], f. -κρινῶ: to choose before others, pick out, prefer before:—Pass. to be preferred before, or be superior to others. II. to judge beforeband, decide.

πρόκριτος, ον, (προκρίνω) preferred.

προ-κροσσοσ, η, ον or os, ον, (πρό, κροσσαί) with projecting battlements: ranged like battlements or in rows: so of ships, νέες πρόκροσσαι ἐς πόντον ἐπὶ δεκτώ, ranged in rows turned sea-wards eight deep: also of a cup, περίξ αὐτοῦ γρυπῶν κεφαλῶν πρόκροσσοσ ἦσαν the heads of griffins were set at regular distances round it.

προ-κύλινδew, f. -κυλίω [r]:—to roll forth, set rolling forward:—Pass., προκυλινδεῖσθαι τινι to grovel or prostrate oneself before one.

προ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to stoop forward and peep out.

προ-κυρόω, f. ὦσα, to confirm or ratify before.
 προ-κυών, -κυῶνος, ὁ, the star that rises before the Dog-star, Procyon. II. one who snarls like a dog, a snarling critic.

προ-κῶμος, ον, (πρό, κῶμος) before the festival revel : τὸ προκῶμον ἔμνον the prelude of a hymn.

πρό-κωπος, ον, (πρό, κώπη) grasping the bill, sword-in-hand. II. pass. grasped by lot beforehand.

προ-λαγχάνω, to obtain by lot beforehand.

προ-λάξυμαι, Dep. to receive beforeband.

προ-λάβω, f. ἦσα, to prate before.
 προ-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι : aor. 2 προῦλαβον : pf. -είληφα, pass. -είλημαι :—to take beforeband : to receive as an earnest or deposit. 2. to take before or sooner than another : to take away before. 3. to obtain first, procure. II. to outstrip, get the start of ; προλαμβάνειν τῆς ὁδοῦ to get a start on the road. 2. to be beforeband with, anticipate, claim or take before the time : hence to prejudice. III. to repeat from the beginning.

προ-λέγω, f. ξω :—pf. pass. προλέλεγμαι :—to pick out or choose before others, prefer. II. to say beforeband : to foretell, prophesy, of an oracle. 2. to tell publicly, proclaim : to warn : to profess, declare : to order.

προ-λείπω, f. ψω : pf. προλέλοιπα :—to leave by going forth, to leave behind, forsake ; μήτις σε προλέλοιπε prudence forsook thee : also to quit beforeband ; χῶραν προλείπειν to abandon one's post. 2. to omit to do a thing. II. intr. to cease or fail beforeband : absol. to faint, fall into a swoon.

προ-λεκτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προλέγω) foretelling, prophetic.

προλέλοιπα, pf. of προλείπω.

προ-λεσχνηθῆναι, pf. pass. προλελεσχῆναι : Dep. :—to converse with one before, arrange by word of mouth before.

πρό-λεσχος, ον, (πρό, λέσχη) prating, chattering.

πρό-λεύσσω, to see before or in front.

προλιπεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προλείπω.

προλιπος, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προλείπω.

πρόλογος, ὁ, (προλέγω) a prefatory speech : in Trag. and old Com., the prologue was all of the piece that came before the first chorus : after Euripides, it was a narrative of facts introductory to the main action, opp. to ἐπίλογος.

προ-λοχίζω, f. ἴσω : pf. pass. προλελόχισμαι :—to lay an ambush before :—Pass., αἱ προλελοχισμέναι ἐνέδρα the ambush that had before been laid. II. to beset with an ambushade.

προμᾶθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of προμανθάνω.

προ-μᾶλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften beforeband.

προ-μανθάνω, f. -μᾶθήσομαι : aor. 2 προμᾶθον :—to ascertain or find out beforeband.

προ-μαντεία Ion. -ητή, ἦ, the right of consulting the oracle first. From

προ-μαντεύομαι, Dep. to foretell, prophesy.
 προ-μαντηγή, ἦ, Ion. for προμαντεία.

πρό-μαντις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ὁ, ἦ, a prophet or prophetic : ἦ πρόμαντις was the title of the Pythia or Delphic priestess. II. as Adj. prophetic, presaging.

προ-μαρτύρομαι, Dep. to witness beforeband. [ῥ]

προ-μάτωρ, ορος, ἦ, Dor. for προμήτωρ.

προ-μᾶχέω, = προμαχιζέω.

προμᾶχέων, ἄνος, ὁ, (προμάχομαι) a bulwark, rampart, Lat. *frugnaculum*.

προμᾶχίζω, f. σω, (πρόμαχος) to fight before or in front of : also to fight with another as champion.

προ-μάχομαι : f. -μᾶχίσομαι Att. -μᾶχούμαι : Dep. :—to fight before, fight in the front rank, fight in the van. II. to fight before or in defence of.

πρό-μᾶχος, ον, (πρό, μάχομαι) fighting before, fighting in front : as Subst., mostly in plur., the foremost fighters, champions. II. fighting for, τινός.

προ-μελετάω, f. ἦσω, to practise beforeband.

Προμείθεια, ἦ, name of a prophetess of Dodona.

προ-μεριμνάω, f. ἦσω, to take earnest thought beforeband.

προ-μετωπίδιος, ον, (πρό, μέτωπον) worn or being on the forehead. II. as Subst., προμετωπίδιον, τό, the skin of the forehead. 2. a front-piece, frontlet for horses.

προμηθεῖα Dor. προμάθεια [ᾶ], ἦ, (προμηθῆς) foresight, forethought : consideration.

Προμηθεῖα, τά, (Προμηθεύς) the festival of Prometheus.

Προμηθεῖος, α, ον, of or from Prometheus.

προμηθήσομαι, fut. med. -μηθήσομαι : aor. I pass. προμῆθησθην : Dep. : (προμηθῆς) :—to take care beforeband, to provide for : to shew forethought for, Lat. *cavere* : c. acc. pers. to shew regard or consideration for.

Προμηθεύς, gen. εως Ion. ἦος, ὁ, (προμηθῆς) Prometheus, Forethought, son of the Titan Iapetus, brother of Epimetheus or Afterthought : inventor of many arts, esp. of working in metal and clay, whence he is said to have made man from clay, and to have furnished him with the ἔντεχρον πῦρ, stolen from Olympus. II. as appellat. forethought, caution.

προ-μηθῆς Dor. προμᾶθῆς, ἐς, (πρό, μήτις) forethinking, cautious, wary : caring about a thing.

προμηθεῖα Ion. -ίη, ἦ, = προμηθεῖα.

προμηθικός, ἦ, ὄν, (προμηθῆς) inclined to forethought, wary. Adv. -κῶς, warily.

προ-μηνύω, f. ἴσω [ῥ], to inform of or denounce beforeband.

προ-μήτωρ Dor. προμάτωρ, ορος, ἦ, (πρό, μήτηρ) the first mother, ancestress of a race.

προμῖγῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προμίγνυμι.

προ-μῖγνυμι, f. μίξω, to mingle beforeband :—Pass., aor. 2 inf. προμῖγῆναι, to have intercourse with beforeband.

προ-μυσθόω, f. ὦσα, to hire beforeband.

προ-μνάομαι, Dep. to woo for another : generally, to endeavour to obtain, solicit : to plead with, c. dat. II. to forebode, presage.

προ-μηστῖνοι, αι, α, one by one, one after the other.

(Deriv. uncertain.)

προμηστρία and προμηστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (προμῆσ-μαι) a woman who woos for another, a match-maker.

πρό-μοιρος, ον, (πρό, μοῖρα) before the destined term, untimely.

προμολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προβλάσκει. Hence

προμολή, ἡ, an approach, vestibule. II. in plur. the jutting foot of a mountain: the mouth of a river.

προμολών, aor. 2 part. of προβλάσκει.

πρόμος, ὁ, (πρό) the foremost man, a champion, like

πρόμαχος:—a chief, Lat. princeps.

προ-μοχθέω, f. ἦσω, to work beforehand.

πρό-ναός or προ-νάιος, α, ον Ion. προ-νήιος, η, ον, (πρό, ναός) before or in front of a temple: as

Subst., I. προνήιον, τό, the court before a temple. II. Προναία Ion. Προνήη, ἡ, a name of

Minerva at Delphi, because she had a chapel or statue there before the great temple of Apollo. III.

πρίναος, ὁ, the ball or vestibule of a temple, through which was the way to the temple itself.

προ-ναυμαχέω, f. ἦσω, to fight at sea for or in

defence of, τινός.

προ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to assign beforehand: to hold

forth, present. II. Med. προνέμομαι, of cattle, to go forward in grazing: to stop to gain ground,

spread.

προ-νεύω, f. σω, to nod or stoop forwards.

προ-νήιος, η, ον, Ion. for πρίναος.

προ-νηστεύω, f. σω, to fast beforehand.

προ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to gain a victory beforehand.

προ-νοέω, f. ἦσω; also Med. προ-νοέομαι, f. ἦσσομαι, with aor. I med. and pass. προνοήσασθην, προ-

νοήσθην:—to perceive or observe beforehand. II.

to plan or devise beforehand: to provide. 2. c. gen. to provide for, take thought for. 3. absol. to be provident, act warily. Hence

προνοητέον, verb. Adj. one must take care.

προνοητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προνοέω) disposed to practise

foresight, provident, cautious, wary. II. of things, shewing forethought or design. Adv. -κῶς, with forethought.

πρόνοια Ion. -νόη, ἡ, (πρόνοος) a perceiving or

knowing beforehand. II. foresight, forethought, forecast; ἐκ προνοίας with forethought, advisedly,

Lat. ex consilio, and of crimes, with malice prepense.

2. the providence of the gods.

προνομία, ἡ, (προνόμομαι) a proboscis.

προνομία, ἡ, a foraging, plundering. From

προ-νομέω, f. σω, to go out foraging, to forage.

προνομή, ἡ, (προνόμομαι) a foraging, foray, raid.

πρόνομος, ον, (προνόμομαι) going forward to feed,

grazing forward.

πρό-νοος, ον contr. πρό-νοος, ονν, (πρό, νόος) think-

ing beforehand, wary:—Comp. προνοούστος.

προ-νωπής, ἐς, (πρό, ὤψ) bent or bending forwards:

drooping, sinking. 2. metaph. inclined, ready.

προ-νώπιος, ον, (πρό, ἐνώπια) before or without the

walls: generally, in front of, outside a place. II. as Subst., προνώπιον, τό, a hall or court.

ΠΡΟΨ, gen. προκός, ἡ, a kind of deer: the gazelle or perh. the roe: also προκάς.

πρό-ξενος, ὁ, Ion. for πρόξενος.

πρόξενέω, impf. προὔξενον: f. ἦσω: aor. I προὔξενσα: (πρόξενος):—to be any one's πρόξενος, to be

one's protector or patron. II. to negotiate, manage, effect anything for another: to supply, furnish, present, grant. 2. c. dat. et inf. to contrive

for one that . . : also to advise, give directions. 3. to introduce one person to another.

πρόξενία, ἡ, a treaty or compact of friendship

between a state and a foreigner, public friendship, Lat. hospitium. II. the rights and privileges of a

πρόξενος or public friend, esp. of an ambassador. From

πρό-ξενος Ion. πρό-ξενος, ὁ, (πρό, ξένος) a public

ξένος, i. e. a public guest or host: the word expressed the same relation between a state and an individual

of another state, that ξένος did between two individuals of different states: the πρόξενος possessed

great privileges in the state to which he was allied; the relation usually passed on from father to son.

II. one who represented a foreign state, a sort of consul or agent. III. generally, a patron, as-

sistant, defender, guardian. 2. as Adj. assisting, relieving.

προ-ξυράω, f. ἦσω, to shave beforehand.

προ-ογκάομαι, Dep. to bray beforehand.

προ-οδεύω, f. σω, to travel before.

προ-οδοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to prepare the way before, pave the way. II. metaph. to prepare before-

band.

προ-οδοιπορέω, f. ἦσω, to travel before.

πρό-οδος, ον, (πρό, ὁδός) going before or in advance:

as Subst., πρόοδοι, οἱ, a party of soldiers in advance.

πρό-οδος, ἡ, (πρό, ὁδός) a going on, advance.

πρό-οιδα, inf. προείδεναι, part. προειδώς: plqpf.

προήδειν: fut. προείσομαι: (with no pres. in use):—to know beforehand. Cf. προείδον.

προ-οιμιάζομαι Att. contr. φροιμιάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep. :—to make a preamble or prelude:—the

pf. πεφροιμιάσμαι is used in pass. sense, to be stated by way of preamble. From

προ-οίμιον Att. contr. φροίμιον, τό, (πρό, οἶμος) an opening or introduction to a thing: in Music, a

prelude, overture: in speeches, a preface, exordium: of laws, a preamble: metaph. any beginning. 2. a hymn.

προ-οίχομαι, fut. -οιχθήσομαι: Dep. :—to have gone on before.

προ-οίνυμι and -ῶ, to swear before or beforehand: to testify on oath before.

προοπτέον, verb. Adj. of προοπάω, one must look

beforehand, take care of: cf. sq.

πρόσπος Att. contr. προῦπτος, ον, verb. Adj. of

προοπάω (as if from *προόπτομαι), foreseen: manifest.

προροατός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of προροαίω, foreseen, to be foreseen.

προ-ροαίω, f. προροαίωμαι: aor. 2 προρέιδον: pf. προεώρακα:—to foresee: absol. to look forward, be provident.

2. to look forward at, see before one: also to see from afar.

3. c. gen. to provide for a person or thing.

II. also in Med. προροαίωμαι, to foresee.

2. to look before one.

3. to provide for, to provide, Lat. cavere.

προ-ροαίω, f. ῶ, to mark out beforehand, to predetermine.

προ-ροαίω, f. ῶ, to drive forward or onward:—Pass. to rush or start on.

II. intr. in Act. to start forward.

προ-ροαίω, f. ῶ, to moor before or in front.

προ-ροαίω Att. contr. προρροαίω: f. -ροαίω:—to owe beforehand:—Pass. to be due beforehand or before, to remain as a debt.

προ-ροαίω, εως, ἡ, (πρό, ὄψις) a foreseeing.

II. a seeing before one.

προ-ροαίω, fut. of προροαίω (as if from *προροαίωμαι).

προ-ροαίω, ες, (πρό, πᾶγηναι) fixed in front, prominent.

προ-ροαίω, aor. 2 inf. of προροαίω.

προ-ροαίω, f. ῶ, to teach beforehand.

πρό-πᾶλαι, Adv. very long ago.

πρό-πᾶρ, (πρό, παρά) Prep. with gen. before.

II. Adv. before, sooner.

προ-ροαίω, to put beside or along beforehand.

προ-ροαίω, f. ῶ, to prepare beforehand:—Pass. to be prepared beforehand.

προ-ροαίω, to supply beforehand: to offer before.

προ-ροαίω and before a vowel -θεν: Prep. with gen., before, in front of; προπαρούθε ποδῶν before one's feet, close at hand; προπαρούθε θυράων before the door.

II. Adv., I. of Place, in front, forward, before.

2. of Time, before, formerly.

πρό-πᾶς, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν, (πρό, πᾶς) strengthd. for πᾶς, πᾶσαν ἡμῶν all day long; νῆας προπάσας all the ships together: neut. πῶτας as Adv. utterly.

προ-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to suffer before or beforehand: to be ill-treated before.

προ-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (πρό, πᾶτήρ) the first founder of a family, forefather: in plur. προπάτορες, οἱ, ancestors, forefathers.

προ-πέιθω, f. ῶ, to persuade beforehand.

πρό-πειρα, ἡ, a previous trial or venture; πρόπειραν ποιέσθαι, Lat. experimentum facere, to make a trial.

προ-πειράω, to attempt beforehand: also as Dep. προ-πειράωμαι, with aor. I and pf. pass. προπεπειράθην [α̅], προπεπειράμαι.

προ-πέμπω, f. ψω: aor. I προπέμψα:—to send before or beforehand: to send away, dismiss: to send on: to send forth; προ-πέμπειν ἰούς to shoot forth arrows: also to afford, furnish.

II. to conduct,

accompany; esp. to conduct in procession, to follow a corpse to the grave, Lat. efferre.

III. to pursue.

προ-πέσων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προπίπτω.

προ-πετάννυμι, f. -πέτᾶσω [α̅], to spread out before.

προπέτεια, ἡ, rashness, reckless haste.

From προπετής, ες, (προπίπτω) falling forwards, bending forward, Lat. prociidius, proclivus: drooping, at the point of death.

II. metaph. being on the verge of, ready for, prone to a thing.

2. precipitate, sudden, rash, hasty, reckless.

Hence προπετῶς, Adv. forwards.

II. in headlong haste.

προπεφάνται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of προφαίω.

προπεφραδμένος, η, ον, pf. pass. part. of προφράζω.

προ-πηδάω, f. ῆσομαι, to spring out before: to spring forward from.

προ-πηλακίζω, f. ἰσώ Att. ῶ, (πρό, πηλός):—to cover with mud: to treat with indignity, to abuse foully:—also to throw in one's teeth, reproach one with.

Hence προπηλακισίς, εως, η, and προπηλακισμός, ὁ, contumelious treatment.

προ-πίνω [ι], impf. προῦπινον: f. προπίωμαι: aor. 2 προῦπιον: pf. act. προπέπωκα, pass. προπέπομαι:—to drink before or to one, to drink to another's health, pledge him, Lat. propinare, because the Greek, as also the Roman, custom was to drink first oneself, and then pass the cup to the person pledged.

2. as the cup was often given as a present, προπίωμαι came to signify to give away, make a present of, to compliment away: προπίνειν τὴν ἐλευθερίαν Φιλίππου, to pledge away liberty to Philip: so, προπέπομαι τὰ τῆς πόλεως πράγματα the interests of the state have been complimented away.

προ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 προῦπεσον, inf. προπεσεῖν: pf. προπέπτωκα:—to fall or throw oneself forward: to rush forward, rush headlong.

προ-πίπτω, f. ῶ, to trust or believe beforehand.

προ-πίτνω, poet. for προπίπτω (v. πίτνω):—to fall down before, fall prostrate, of suppliants.

πρό-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail before.

πρό-πλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ον, sailing before, in front or at the head.

προ-πλώω, Ion. for προπλέω.

προ-ποδηγός, ὄν, going before to shew the way, guiding.

προ-ποδίζω, f. ἰσώ, (πρό, ποῦς) to put the foot forward, stride forward.

προ-ποιέω, f. ῆσω, to do beforehand, take the first step:—Pass. to be made or prepared beforehand.

προ-πολεμέω, f. ῆσω, to fight before or in front of.

προπόλευμα, ατος, τό, service rendered.

From προπόλεω, f. ῶ, (πρόπολος) to serve as a priest.

πρό-πολος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, πολέω) a servant that goes before one: an attendant, minister: a rower.

2. one who serves a god, a priest or priestess: a temple-servant.

II. as Adj. ministering to a thing, devoted or dedicated to it.

προπομπή, ἡ, (προπέμπω) a sending on before. II. *an attending, escorting, conducting.*

προπομπία, ἡ, (πρό, πομπή) the first place in a procession, like προεδρία.

προπομπός, ὁ, (προπέμπω) escorting in a procession: c. acc., προπομπὸς χόας carrying drink-offerings in procession. II. as Subst. a conductor, escort.

προπονέω, f. ἴσω, to work or take pains beforehand. II. to labour for or instead of another.

III. c. gen. rei, to work for a thing, i. e. to obtain it.

IV. c. acc. rei, to obtain by previous labour: hence in pf. pass. part., τὰ προπεποιημένα things formerly pursued with zeal. V. Med. προπονέομαι, to grow weary or tire too soon.

πρόπονος, ο, very toilsome, exceeding toilsome.

Προποντίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (πρό, πόντος) the name of the Sea of Marmora, so called because it leads into the Pontus or Black Sea.

προπορεύω, f. ὦ, to conduct forward:—Pass. with fut. med. —πορεύσομαι, and pass. —πορευθήσομαι, to go before or forward.

προπορίζω, f. ἴσω, to provide beforehand:—Pass. to be provided beforehand.

πρόποσις, εως, ἡ, (προπίνω) a drinking before or to one: a pledging. II. a drink.

προπότης, ὁ, (προπίνω) one who drinks healibs.

πρόπους, —ποδος, ὁ, the projecting foot of a mountain.

προπράσσω Att. —ττω, f. ξω to do before. II. to exact beforehand.

προπρέων, ἄνω, ὁ, inclining forward: metaph. forward, ready, willing.

προπρηγής, ἐς, inclined or bent forwards: swaying forwards:—neut. προπρηγές as Adv., forward.

προπρο-, strengthened form of πρό, right before.

προπρο-κυλίνδομαι, Pass. strengthd. for προκυλίνδομαι, to roll on and on, to keep rolling oneself before another's feet: to be driven about from place to place.

πρόπρυμα, Adv. (πρό, πρύμα) stern-foremost, properly of a ship on the point of sinking: hence on the brink of ruin, utterly cast away.

προπταίω, f. ὦ, to stumble before.

προπύλαιος (ῦ), ον, (πρό, πύλη) before the gate. II. neut. pl. as Subst., προπύλαια, τὰ, a gateway, entrance: at Athens the Propylaea, the entrance to the Acropolis, built by Pericles.

πρόπυλον, τό, (πρό, πύλη) a portico, vestibule.

προπυνθάνομαι, f. —πέυσομαι: aor. 2 προπυνθάνω: Dep.:—to learn by inquiry before, hear or ascertain beforehand.

πρόπυργος, ον, before or for towers; θυσία πρόπυργου offerings made for the city.

προρέω, f. —ρέσομαι, to flow forward, flow amain, Lat. profluere.

πρόρησις, ἡ, (πρό, ῥησις) a foretelling. 2. previous instructions or orders. II. a proclamation, public notice.

πρόρητος, ον, (πρό, ῥητός) foretold. II. proclaimed, commanded.

πρόρριζος, ον, (πρό, ῥίζα) by the roots, root and branch: neut. πρόρριζον or πρόρριζα as Adv., up by the roots, Lat. radicitus.

ΠΡΟΣ, Prep. with gen., dat., and acc.: with gen. implying motion from or from the side of a place; with dat., abiding at a place; with acc., motion to a place:—Dor. προτί and ποτί [ωω], contrd. πότ.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from forth: hence from or on the side or quarter of; πρὸς Νότον on the side of the South, i. e. in the direction of the South; φυλακαὶ πρὸς Αἰθίοπων garrisons on the side of, i. e. against, the Ethiopians; Ἄβδηρα ἴδρυνται πρὸς τοῦ Ἑλλησπόντου, μάλλον ἢ τοῦ Στρυμόνος Abdera is situated on the side of the Hellespont rather than of the Strymon, i. e. is nearer to it. 2. metaph., πρὸς πατρός on the father's side: also on the part of, at the hand of, ἔχειν τιμὴν πρὸς Ζηνός to have honour at the hand of Jove: so, πρὸς Διὸς εἰσι ξεῖνοί τε πτωχοὶ τε strangers and the poor are sent by Jove.

3. in presence of, before, whence its use in oaths and protestations: μάρτυροι πρὸς θεῶν, πρὸς ἀνθρώπων witnesses before gods and men: in which case the Att. insert σέ before the prep. and acc., πρὸς σε θεῶν αἰτῶ I beseech thee by the gods, Lat. per te deos oro. II. with a passive Verb = ὑπό, as, διδάσκεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be taught by one; ἀτιμάζεσθαι πρὸς τινος to be dishonoured by one.

III. from the local sense on or from the side of comes the sense suiting, becoming; οὐ πρὸς τοῦ ἀπαντος ἀνδρός not befitting every man; πρὸς δίκης agreeable to justice; πρὸς γυναικὸς ἐστί it is like a woman.

WITH DAT., generally, bard by, near, in the presence of, at, on; βάλλειν ποτὶ γαίῃ to dash upon earth; πρὸς ἀλλήλησιν ἔχεσθαι to cling close to each other. II. in addition to, besides; πρὸς τούτοις in addition to this; πρὸς τοῖς ἄλλοις κακοῖς in addition to all other evils. III. of close engagement in a thing, γίγνεσθαι πρὸς τῷ σκοπεῖν to be employed upon considering.

WITH ACCUS., it expresses motion, I. of Place, towards, to, upon; πρὸς ἡῶ towards the East; κλαίειν πρὸς οὐρανόν to cry to heaven. 2. in hostile sense, against: in the titles of speeches, πρὸς τινα in reference or reply to, in answer to, Lat. adversus; not in accusation of, which is properly κατά with gen., Lat. in. 3. without hostile sense, εἰπεῖν πρὸς τινα to address oneself towards or to one.

II. of Time, towards, near, hard upon. III. generally, of Relation, with a view to, in regard or relation to; πρὸς ταῦτα in regard to this, therefore; τὰ πρὸς τὸν πόλεμον things relating to war; τὰ πρὸς τοὺς θεοὺς our relations to the gods. 2. according to, suitable to, at, upon; πρὸς τὴν φήμην at the news; so, πρὸς τι; to what end? 3. in proportion to, in comparison of; πρὸς τὸν πατέρα Κύρον in comparison of his father Cyrus; πρὸς πάντας τοὺς ἄλλους in com-

parison of all the rest, implying superiority, Lat. *prae aliis omnibus*.

IV. in Att., *πρός* with acc. is often put for Adv., as, *πρός βίαν*, *πρός ἀνάγκην* by force, forcibly; *πρός καιρόν* in season; *πρός χάριν τῷ* to please one; *πρός τὸ βίαιον* = *βίαιως*.

ABSOL. AS ADV., *πρός*, *besides*, *over* and *above*.

IN COMPOS. it implies I. motion towards, as in *προσάγω*.

II. addition, *besides*, as in *προσκέτομαι*.

III. a being by or *besides*: a *remaining beside*, as in *πρόσ-εἰμι* (*εἰμί sum*).

προσάββατος, *ον*, (*πρό*, *σάββατα*) *before the Sabbath*: as Subst., *προσάββατον*, *τό*, *the eve of the Sabbath*.

προσ-αγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, *to announce*: *to denounce*. *προσαγόρευσις*, *εως*, *ἦ*, *an addressing*. From

προσαγορευτός, *α, ον*, *verb. Adj. to be called or named*. From

προσ-ἄγορεύω, *φ. σω*: *αορ.* -*ηγόρευσα*: *pf.* -*ηγόρευκα*: but the Att. fut., *αορ.* and *pf.* are *προσερῶ*, *προσείπον*, *προσείρηκα*:—*to address*, *accost*. II. *to name*, *call by name*.

προσ-άγω, *φ. ξω*: *αορ.* 2 *προσῆγάγον*, rarely *αορ.* I. *προσῆγα*: fut. med. in pass. sense *προσάξομαι*:—*to bring to or upon*: *to supply*, *furnish*. 2. *to put to*, *add*. 3. *to bring to*, *move towards*, *apply*, *employ*.

4. *to bring in*, *introduce*. 5. *to lead on*, *induce*. II. intr. *to draw near*, *approach*; *πρόσαγε*, *come on!*

III. Med. *to attach to oneself*, *bring over to one's side*. 2. *to embrace*, *salute*. 3. *to induce to do a thing*.

4. *to get for oneself*, *procure*, *import*: hence in Pass., *τὰ προσαχθέντα imports*. Hence

προσᾶγωγός, *έως*, *ὅ*, *one who brings to*, *an introducer*.

προσᾶγωγή, *ἦ*, (*προσάγω*) *a bringing to or towards*: *acquisition*.

II. (from the intr. sense of *προσάγω*) *approach* or *access to*, *the privilege of entrance*.

προσαγωγός, *όν*, (*προσάγω*) *bringing to*, *attractive*, *persuasive*.

προσ-ᾄδω, Dor. f. *ποτ-αείσομαι*:—*to sing to*; *τὴν ποταείσομαι*, Dor. for *σοὶ προσάσομαι*, *to thee will I sing*.

2. *προσάδειν τραγῳδίαν* *to sing the songs in a Tragedy to music*. II. *to harmonise* or *combine in with*, Lat. *concinere*.

προσαίξας, *αορ.* I part. of *προσαίσσω*.

προσ-αἰρέομαι, Med. *to choose to oneself*, *attach to oneself*. II. *to choose or elect in addition to*.

προσ-αἴσσω Att. -*αἴσσω*, *φ. ξω*, *to spring or rush to*: *to come quickly upon or over*.

προσ-αἰτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to ask besides*: *to demand in addition*. II. *to continue asking*, *to beg of one*: *absol. to beg hard*. Hence

προσ-ακοντίζω, *φ. σω*, *to shoot like a javelin*.

προσ-ακτέον, *verb. Adj.* of *προσάγω*, *one must bring to*.

προσαίτης, *ου*, *ὁ*, *a beggar*.

προσ-ᾄκούω, *φ.* -*ακούσομαι*, *to hear besides*.

προσ-ἄλειψω, *φ. ψω*, *to rub or smear upon*.

προσ-ἄλίσκομαι, *Pass.* *to be taken besides*, *to be cast in a lawsuit besides*.

προσ-ἄλλομαι, *φ.* -*αλοῦμαι*: *αορ.* I -*ἠλάμην*: *Dep.*:—*to jump up*, *at or upon one*.

προσ-ἀμείβομαι, *λογ.* *poët.* *αορ.* I *ποταμειψάμην*, *to answer*.

προσ-ἀμέλω, *φ. ξω*, *to milk besides*: *Dor. fut. med.* (in pass. sense) *ποταμέλξεται will yield milk besides*.

προσ-ἀμπέχομαι, (*πρός*, *ἀμπέχω*), *Pass.* *to be held fast in a thing*.

προσ-ἄμυνω [ῶ], *φ. ὕνω*, *to come to aid one*.

προσ-ἀμφέννυμι, *Att. fut.* -*αμφῶ*, *to put on over*.

προσ-αναβαίνω, *φ.* -*βήσομαι*, *to climb up to*: of riders, *to mount besides*. Hence

προσανάβαστος *poët.* *προσάμβ-*, *ἦ*, *a going up to*, *approach*; *κλίμακος προσαμβάσεις approach and ascent by means of a ladder*, i. e. a scaling-ladder.

προσανάβηθι, *αορ.* 2 *imperat.* of *προσαναβαίνω*.

προσ-αναγιγνώσκω, *to read besides*.

προσ-ἀναγκάζω, *φ. ἄσω*, *to force or constrain besides*.

2. *to bring under command*, *discipline*. II. *to force one to do a thing*.

προσ-αναγορεύω, *to announce besides*.

προσ-αναγράφω, *φ. ψω*, *to write or note down besides*.

προσ-αναερέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to lift up besides*: *Med.* *to take upon oneself* or *undertake besides*. II. of an oracle, *to give an answer besides*.

προσ-ἀναισχύω, *φ. ῶσω*, *to spend or consume besides*.

προσανακλίμα, *τό*, *that on which one leans*. From

προσ-ανακλίνομαι, *Pass.* *to lean on*. [ῶ] Hence

προσανακλίσις, *ἦ*, *a leaning or lying on*.

προσ-αναλαμβάνω, *φ.* -*λήψομαι* *to take up or receive besides*. 2. *metaph.* *to recruit* or *refresh besides*.

προσ-ἀναλώσκω, *φ.* -*ανῶλωσω*, *to spend or consume besides*:—*αορ.* I part. *προσανῶλωσας*.

προσ-αναπληρῶω, *φ. ὦσω*, *to fill up by pouring into*, *fill up the measure of*.

προσ-αναρτῶω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to hang up besides* or *upon*.

προσ-αναπέλω, *to hold in check besides*.

προσ-ανατέλλω *poët.* *προσαντ-*, *to rise up towards*.

προσ-ανατίθημι, *φ.* -*θήσω*:—*to offer* or *dedicate besides*:—*Med.* *to take something additional on oneself*: *to contribute besides*: also II. *to confer* or *consult with*.

προσ-ανδραποδίζω, *φ. ἴσω* Att. *ῶ*, *to enslave besides*.

προσ-ἀνεμι (*ἀνά*, *εἶμι ibo*), *to go up to*.

προσ-ἀνεῖπον, *αορ.* 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-αναγορεύω* being used instead) *to announce*, *publish* or *order besides*.

προσ-ἄνης, *ές*, Dor. for *προσηνής*.

προσ-άντης, *ες*, gen. *eos*, (*πρός*, *ἄντην*) *rising up against* or *so as to meet one*, *up-hill*, Lat. *arduus*. II. *metaph.* *steep*, *arduous*: *irksome*, *displeasing*, *painful*. III. of persons, *adverse*, *hostile*.

προσ-απαγγέλλω, *φ. ελῶ*, *to report besides*.

προσ-απαγορεύω, *to forbid besides*.

προσ-απαίτέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to demand besides*.

προσ-ἀπειλέω, *φ. ἦσω*, *to threaten besides*.

προσ-απέπον, *αορ.* 2 without pres. in use (*προσ-*

απαγορεύω being used instead), to forbid, renounce besides.

προσ-αποβάλλω, f. -βαλῶ, to throw away or lose besides.

προσ-απογράφω, f. ψω, to enroll or register besides.

προσ-αποδείκνυμι, f. -δείξω, to prove besides.

προσ-αποδίδωμι, to pay as a debt besides.

προσ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. to answer besides.

προσ-αποκτείνω, f. -κτενῶ, to kill or slay besides.

προσ-απολαύω, f. σω, to enjoy besides.

προσ-απόλλυμι and -ύω : f. -ολέσω :—to destroy, despatch, kill besides : to lose besides :—Med., with pf. 2 act προσπόλλω, to perish besides or with others.

προσ-αποπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away or off besides.

προσ-αποστέλλω, f. -στελῶ, to send off besides.

προσ-αποστέρω, f. ήσω, to defraud besides.

προσ-αποτιμάω, f. ήσω, to value or estimate besides.

προσ-αποφέρω, f. -αποίσω, to carry off besides : to return or report in besides.

προσ-άπτω Dor. προτι-άπτω, f. ψω, to fasten to or upon, attach to, confer upon : in bad sense, to fix or impose upon, saddle with. 2. to apply to to deliver, commit to. II. intr. to be added. III.

Med. προσάπτωμαι, to touch, lay bold on, meddle with.

προσ-αραρίσκω, f. -άρσω : aor 2 -ήραρον :—to join, fit, fasten to, c. dat. II. intrans. in pf. 2 προσ-άρρα Ion. -άρρα : 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. προσάρηται :—to be fitted, attached or closely joined to.

προσ-αράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to dash against.

προσ-άρηρα, Ion. pf. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσ-ἄρθηται, 3 sing. Ep. pf. pass. of προσαραρίσκω.

προσ-αρκέω, f. έσω, to lend sufficient aid, to succour, help, assist, c. dat. II. to afford, yield, present, c. acc. rei.

προσ-αρμόζω later Att. -αρμόττω : f. όσω : pf. pass. -ήρμωμαι :—to fit to, put or attach closely to : metaph. to adapt. II. intr. to suit or agree with a thing.

προσ-αράω, f. ήσω, to fasten or attach to :—Pass. to be attached to, accrue or belong to : to be devoted to.

προσ-άσσω, Att. for προσ-αίσσω.

προσ-ἄπιμόω, f. ώσω, to dishonour or deprive of civil rights besides, to degrade besides.

προσ-αυαίνωμαι, Pass. (πρός, αυάινω) to become dried up, waste or pine away upon.

προσ-αυδάω, f. ήσω : impf. προσήυδων, 3 sing. -ήυδα, 3 dual -ηυδήτην :—to speak to, address, accost.

προσ-αύλειος, ov, (πρός, αύλή) near a farm-yard, rustic.

προσ-αυλέω, f. ήσω, to accompany on the flute.

προσ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase besides :—Pass. to grow or wax larger.

προσ-αύω, to burn by touching.

προσ-αφαιρέω, f. ήσω, to take away besides :—Med. to take away for oneself besides :—Pass. to have a thing taken away besides.

προσ-αφικνεύομαι, f. -αφίξομαι, Dep. to arrive at.

προσ-αφίστημι, f. -στήσω, to cause to revolt besides :

—Pass., with aor. 2 act. -απέστην, pf. -αφέστηκα, to revolt besides.

προσ-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι : pf. -βέβηκα : aor. 2 -έβην, aor. I med. -εβησάμην :—to go towards, step up on : to mount or ascend. 2. to come near : to come upon, attack.

προσ-βάλλω, fut. -βαλῶ : aor. 2 -έβαλον : pf. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι :—to throw to or upon, to apply or affix. 2. to assign to, add or attach to : of the Sun, άρούρας προσβάλλειν to strike the earth with his rays : to strike or reach the senses. 3.

metaph., προσβάλλειν τί to lay a thing to heart, attend to it :—Med. to throw oneself upon, attack.

II. intr. to strike against, make an attack or assault upon, engage : also to attack, assail : to approach, come to. 2. to put in with a ship, come to land or port.

προσβάς, άσα, άν, aor. 2 part. of προσβαίνω.

προσβάσις, ή, (προσβαίνω) a means of approach, access.

προσβατός, ή, όν, (προσβαίνω) accessible.

προσ-βιάζομαι, f. -άσσομαι, Dep. to force, compel, constrain to a thing. II. in aor. I pass. προσ-βιασθήναι, to be forced or hard pressed.

προσ-βιβάζω : f. -βιβάσω Att. -βιβῶ :—Causal of προσβαίνω, to bring or convey to : metaph. to bring over, persuade.

προσ-βλέπω, f. ψω, to look at or upon.

προσ-βλώσκω, f. -μολοῦμαι : aor. 2 -έμολον :—to come or go to, to reach, arrive at : to approach.

προσ-βοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to call to :—Med., Ion. aor. I προσβησάμην, to call to oneself, call in.

προσ-βοηθέω Ion. -βωθέω, f. ήσω, to come to aid, come up with succour : to bring succour or support to.

προσβολή, ή, (προσβάλλω) a putting to or upon ; applying. II. a falling upon, an attack, assault ; προσβολή Άχαιών an attack of the Achaeans. 2. generally, a going towards, a means of approaching : an approach. 3. of ships, a place to touch at, harbour.

πρόσ-γειος, ov, (πρός, γέα = γή) near the earth : near land.

πρόσ-βορρος, ov, (πρός, βορέας) exposed to the north wind.

προσ-γελῶω, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], to look with a smile upon, to gladden, Lat. arridere.

προσ-γίγνομαι, later προσ-γίν- [ε] : fut. -γενήσομαι : pf. -γεγένημαι : Dep. :—to come or go to, attach oneself to. 2. generally, to be added, accrue, Lat. accedere. 3. to arrive : of things, to come to, happen to.

προσ-γράφω, f. ψω : pf. -γέγραφα, pass. -γέγραμμαι :—to write besides, annex a clause or codicil ; τὰ προσγεγραμμένα conditions added to a treaty.

προσγυμνάζω, f. άσω, to exercise at or with.

προσ-δανείζω, f. σω, to lend in addition to :—Med. with pf. pass. προσδεδάνεισμαι, to have lent one, borrow in addition.

προσ-δᾶπανάω, f. ἴσω, to spend besides.
 πρόσδεξις, atos, τό, (προσδέχομαι) reception.
 προσ-δεῖ, impers. there is still wanting. 2. c. gen. there is still need of.
 προσ-δέκομαι, Ion. for προσδέχομαι.
 προσ-δέχομαι Dor. ποῖτ. ποτι-δέχομαι: f. -δήσω: aor. I pass. -εδέθησθην: Dep.:—to be in want of, stand in need of besides: absol. to be in want. II. to beg or ask of another: to beg one to do.
 προσ-δέρομαι Dor. ποτι-δέρομαι: fut. med. -δέρομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέρχθην; and in same sense aor. 2 act. -έδραον, pf. -δέδορκα: Dep.:—to look at, behold.
 πρόσδετος, ov, (προσδέω) tied to a thing.
 προσ-δέουμαι, ποῖτ. for προσδέομαι, Dor. ποτιδ-
 προσ-δέχομαι Ion. προσ-δέκομαι: fut. -δέξομαι: pf. -δέδεγμαι: Ep. aor. 2 προσεδέγμην, with Dor. part. ποτιδέγμενος:—to accept or receive favourably: to admit into one's presence: generally to admit. II. to wait for or expect a thing: absol. to wait patiently, abide.
 προσ-δέω (A), f. -δήσω: pf. pass. προσδέδεμαι:—to tie, bind, or fasten to or on.
 προσ-δέω (B), f. -δήσω, to need besides.
 προσ-δηλέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to injure or ruin besides.
 προσ-διαβάλλω, to calumniate besides. II. to insinuate besides.
 προσ-διαιρέομαι, Dep. to distinguish further.
 προσ-διαλέγομαι, aor. I pass. -διελέχθην, Dep. to converse besides with.
 προσ-διαμαρτυρέω, f. ἴσω, to testify in addition.
 προσ-διανέμω, to distribute:—Med. to divide among themselves.
 προσ-διαπασσάλλω, to fasten to with nails.
 προσ-διαπράσσω, f. ξω, to achieve or accomplish besides:—Med. to achieve for oneself besides.
 προσ-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ: pf. -έφθαρκα, pass. -έφθαρμαι: aor. 2 pass. -εφθάρην [ᾶ]:—to destroy besides:—Pass. to perish besides.
 προσ-δίδομι, f. -δώσω, to give besides or in addition.
 προσ-διηγέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to narrate besides.
 προσ-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to award as a judge to a person:—Med. to be engaged in a lawsuit.
 προσ-διορθῶ, f. ὄσω, to ordain besides:—Med. to correct oneself besides.
 προσ-διορίζω, f. σω, to define or specify besides.
 προσ-διώκω, f. ξω, to pursue besides.
 προσ-δοκάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἴσω: aor. I -εδοκῆσα:—to expect, look for: to await.
 προσ-δοκέω, f. -δόξω: aor. I -έδοξα:—to seem or be thought besides.
 προσδοκῆτος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected.
 προσδοκία, ἡ, (προσδοκάω) a looking for, expectation, anticipation, whether of good or bad; πρὸς προσδοκίαν according to expectation.
 προσδόκιμος, ov, (προσδοκάω) expected, looked for,

or to be expected; ἐπὶ Μίλητον προσδόκιμος expected to come against Miletus.
 προσ-δότης Dor. ποτιδότης, ov, (πρός, δότην) belonging to or serving for supper.
 προσ-δράκειν, aor. 2 inf. of προσδέρκομαι.
 προσδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of προστρέχω: προσδραμών, part.: formed from obsol. δρέμω.
 προσ-έαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to suffer to go further.
 προσεβήτησθαι, aor. 2 of προσβαίω.
 προσεβήσατο, Ep. for -ατο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of προσβαίω.
 προσ-εγγίζω, f. σω, to bring near. II. intr. to approach, draw near.
 προσ-εγγράφω, f. ψω, to inscribe besides upon a pillar: esp. to add a limiting clause.
 προσ-εγγυάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Med. to become surety besides.
 προσ-εγχρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ] to smear on besides: to besmear or bedaub besides.
 προσ-εδαφίζω, f. σω, to fasten to the ground: generally to make fast.
 προσεδρεία or -ία, ἡ, a sitting by or near: esp. a sitting down before a place, besieging, blockade, Lat. obsessio. 2. close attention to a thing, Lat. assiduitas:—esp. a sitting by a sick-bed. From
 προσεδρεύω, f. σῶ, (πρόσεδρος) to sit beside or near, be near to, Lat. assidere. 2. to attend constantly.
 προσεδρία, ἡ, = προσεδρεία.
 πρόσ-εδρος, ov, (πρός, ἔδρα) sitting or abiding near; πρόσεδρος λιγνύς the surrounding smoke.
 προσεῖπτε, Ep. for προσεῖπε: see προσεῖπον.
 προσεῖθη, aor. I of προσεῖθημι.
 προσ-εθίζω, f. σω, to accustom or inure one to a thing:—Pass. to accustom or inure oneself to a thing.
 προσ-εἰδάναι, -δῶς, inf. and part. of πρόσoida.
 προσ-εἶδον, inf. προσιδέειν, part. προσιδῶν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use, προσοράω being used instead: inf. med. προσιδέσθαι:—to look at or upon. II. Pass. προσείδομαι, to appear beside or near to, to be like.
 προσεῖκα, Att. for προσεοικα, q. v.
 προσ-εἰκάω, f. σω: aor. I -ἠκάσα:—to make like to, liken to, make to resemble:—Pass. to be like, resemble. II. metaph. to compare.
 προσ-εἰκέλος, ἡ, ov, also os, ov, somewhat like.
 προσ-εἰλέω Dor. προτι-εἰλέω, to press or force upon or against, compress.
 προσεἰληφα, -εἰλημμαι, pf. act. and pass. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσεἰλόμην, aor. 2 med. of προσαιρέω.
 πρόσ-εἰλος, ov, (πρός, εἶλη) towards the sun, sunny, warm, light.
 πρόσ-εἰμι, inf. προσιέναι: impf. προσ-ἦεν Ion. -ἦια Att. -ἦα: aor. 2 part. προσιάν: (πρός, εἰμι ibo):—to go to or towards: to approach one. 2. in hostile sense, to go or come against, attack. 3. to come forward to speak. II. of Time, to come on.
 III. to come in; τὰ προσιόντα χρήματα or

τὰ προσόντα alone, *the public income, revenue*, Lat. *reditus*.

πρόσ-εμι, inf. προσεῖναι: impf. προσῆν: (πρός, εἰμί sum):—to be at, near or by, to be against. II.

to be added to, attached to: to belong to, be in: absol. to be there, be offered.

προσ-εἶπον, inf. προσεῖπῶν: aor. 2 without any pres. in use (προσαγορεύω being used instead):—to speak to one, to address or accost: to salute. 2. to call so and so: to name.

προσ-εισπράσσω, f. ἴσω, to exact payment of besides.

προσ-εἶω, f. σω, to hold out and shake; προσεῖεν χεῖρα to shake one's hand with a threatening gesture: to hold out as a bugbear, menace one with.

προσ-εκβάλλω, to cast out or expel besides.

προσ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away besides.

προσ-εκπύρῳ, f. ὦσω, to kindle, set on fire besides.

προσ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of προσέχω, one must apply: absol. one must attend.

προσεκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προσέχω) attentive.

προσ-εκτίλλω, to pluck out besides.

προσέκρυσσα, aor. I of προσκυρέω.

προσ-εκχλευάζω, f. σω, to ridicule besides.

προσ-ελαύνω, f. -ελάσω [ᾶ], Att. -ελάω: aor. I -ἤλαῖσα:—to drive towards. II. intr., I. (sub. ἵππων or ἄρμα), to ride towards, ride up to, Lat. *adequitare*.

2. (sub. στρατόν), to march up, proceed, arrive.

προσέλεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of προσλέγω.

προσελέω, false form for προσυλέω.

προσελθεῖν, προσελθών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-έλκω, f. -έλξω or -ελκίσω [ῶ]: aor. I -ἐλκίσσα:—to draw to or towards, draw on:—Med. to draw towards oneself, attract.

προσ-ελλείπω, f. ψω, to be still wanting.

προσ-εμβαίνω, f. -εμβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ενέβην:—to step upon: to trample upon, Lat. *insultare*.

προσ-εμβλέπω, f. ψω, to look into besides.

προσ-εμπικραίνωμαι, Pass., with fut. med. -ανούμαι, to be angry with besides or further.

προσ-εμφερέης, ἐς, resembling.

προσ-ἐνάχε, Dor. for προσ-ένηχε, 3 sing. impf. of προσνήχω.

προσ-ενδείκνυμι, f. -ενδείξω, to declare besides:—Med. to shew oneself off to another.

προσ-ενεχῦράζω, f. σω, to seize as an additional pledge for payment.

προσ-ενθυμέομαι: fut. med. -ενθυμήσομαι and pass. -ενθυμηθήσομαι: Dep.:—to think on or take into consideration besides.

προσ-ενέπω, to address, accost. 2. to intreat or command to do, c. inf. 3. to call by name.

προσ-ενοέω, f. ἴσω, to think on or observe besides.

προσ-εντίω, f. -εντώ, to inflict besides.

προσ-εντέλλομαι, Dep. to enjoin or command besides.

προσ-εξαιρέομαι, Med. to choose out for oneself or select besides.

προσ-εξᾶμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι, to fail still more.

προσ-εξανδραποδίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι: Dep.:—to enslave utterly besides.

προσ-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand forth besides:—Pass., with aor. 2 act. to rise up to.

προσ-εξεργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: Dep.:—to work out or accomplish besides: the pf. προσεξείργασμαι is used in the depon. sense, but also takes a pass. sense, to have been achieved or effected besides: cf. ἐργάζομαι,

προσ-εξετάζω, f. σω, to examine, search into besides.

προσ-εξευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to find out besides.

προσ-εῴκα, pf. with pres. sense, Att. προσεῴκα, inf. προσεῴκεναι: there is also a pass. form of pf., προσήγγεμαι:—to be like or resemble in a thing. II. to seem fit.

III. to seem to do.

προσ-επαινώ, f. ἴσω, to praise besides.

προσ-επαιτιόομαι, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to accuse besides.

προσ-επεμβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, = προσεμβαίνω.

προσ-επεφευρίσκω, f. -ευρήσω, to invent or devise for any purpose besides.

προσ-επέσον, aor. 2 of προσπίπτω.

προσ-επιβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to throw upon besides, to add over and above.

προσ-επιγράφω [ᾶ], f. ψω, to write upon besides.

προσ-επιτίκειμαι, Pass. to press or bear hard upon.

προσ-επιπικτόομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to gain or acquire besides: to make additions to.

προσ-επιλαμβάνομαι, Med. to help to take hold of a thing: to help or succour, esp. in war.

προσ-επιπορέω, f. ἴσω, to swear a false oath besides.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow against still.

προσ-επιπνέω, f. ἴσω, to trouble oneself still more.

προσ-επιπικώπτω, f. ψω, to jest at besides.

προσ-επίσταμαι, fut. med. -επιστήσομαι, aor. I pass. -ἠπιστήθη: Dep.:—to understand or know besides.

προσ-επιστέλλω, f. -στελώ: to notify, enjoin, charge besides: esp. by letter.

προσ-επισφραγίζομαι, Att. fut. -ιοῦμαι:—Med.:—to set one's seal to besides: hence to confirm or ratify besides.

προσ-επιτέρπομαι, Pass. to enjoy oneself besides or still more.

προσ-επιτροπεύω, f. σω, to act as guardian to one further:—Pass. to be subject to as guardian, be the ward of another.

προσ-επιφώνέω, f. ἴσω, to say by way of addition.

προσ-επιχαρίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to gratify besides.

προσ-επιτάμη [ᾶ], aor. 2 of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to work or effect besides.

πρόσ-εργος, ον, (πρός, ἔργον) industrious.

προσ-ερεύομαι, Dep. to vomit forth against: metaph., κύματα προσερεύεται πέτρην the waves break foaming against the rocks.

προσερέω Att. contr. προσερῶ, fut. to προσείπον: —to speak to, to address.

προσ-ερίζω, f. σω, to strive, vie with or against.

προσ-ερόμαι, f. -ερήσομαι: aor. -ηρόμην, inf. -ερέσθαι: Dep. —to ask besides.

προσ-έρπω Dor. ποθέρω: f. ψω: aor. I προσείρ-
πισα:—to creep or steal on, approach, draw nigh; ὁ
προσέρπων χρόνος the coming time; τὸ πρόεργον the
coming event, the future.

προσέρρηξα, aor. I of προσήγγιμι.

προσ-ερυγάνω, = προσερεύνομαι.

προσ-έρχομαι, impf. -πρόχουμι, f. -ελεύσομαι (but
the Att. impf. and fut. are προσήεν, πρόσσειμι): Dep.
with act. aor. 2 -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα:—to come or
go to: to come forward: absol. to approach, draw
nigh; also to be nigh at hand. 2. to visit, asso-
ciate with. 3. in hostile sense, to go or march
against.

II. to come in, of revenue, Lat. redire.

προσ-ερωτάω, f. ἴσω, to ask or question besides.

προσ-εσπερος Dor. ποθ-έσπερος, on, verging to-
wards evening: neut. pl. τὰ ποθέσπερα as Adv.,
towards evening.

προσ-εταίριζομαι, Med. to take to oneself as a friend,
choose as one's comrade, attach to oneself. Hence

προσεταιριστός, ὄν, joined with as a comrade, at-
tached to a party.

προσ-ετί, Adv. over and above, besides.

πρόσευξαι, aor. I imperat. of προσεύχομαι.

προσ-ενπορέω, f. ἴσω, to procure or supply besides:
be provided with.

προσ-εuriσσω, f. -ευρήσω, to find besides.

προσ-ευχή, ἡ, prayer. II. a place of prayer. From
προσ-εύχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to offer prayers or
vows: absol. to worship: also c. acc. to pray for a
thing.

προσέφην, ης, η, aor. 2 of πρόσφημι.

προσεχίς, ἐς, (προσέχω) of place, adjoining, bor-
dering upon, close to, next.

προσ-έχω, f. ξω: aor. 2 προσέσχω: pf. προσ-
έσχηκα:—to have besides or in addition. II. to
hold to, bring to or near: προσέχων ναῦν to bring a
ship to port or to land; and without ναῦν, to put in
or touch at a place; προσέχων τῇ γῇ, τῇ νήσῳ to
touch at: to land: sometimes also ναυσι προσ-
έχων. III. προσέχων τὸν νοῦν, to turn one's
mind, thoughts, attention to a thing, Lat. animum
advertere: also without τὸν νοῦν, to attend; προσ-
έχων ἑαυτῷ to give heed to oneself. 2. to devote
oneself to a thing. 3. to pay court to. IV.

Med. to attach oneself to a thing, cling, cleave to it:
also to devote oneself to the service of any one. V.
Pass. to be held fast by a thing: to be implicated in.

προσ-έως, on, (πρός, ἐώς) towards dawn or morn-
ing.

προσ-ξεύνομαι, f. -ξεύω, to yoke or fasten to:—
Pass. to be bound or yoked to.

πρόσ-ἡβος, on, (πρός, ἡβη) near manhood.

προσήγανον, aor. 2 of προσάγω.

προσηγορέω, f. ἴσω, (προσήγορος) to address kindly:
to console. Hence

προσηγόρημα, atos, τό, the object of an address.

προσηγορία, ἡ, (προσηγορέω) an addressing kindly,
friendly greeting. II. a naming, name.

προσ-ήγορος, on, (πρός, ἀγορεύω) addressing, ac-
costing: αἱ προσηγοροὶ δρύες the speaking oaks: c. gen.,
εὐγμάτων Παλλάδος προσηγορος addressing prayers
to Pallas: generally, affable. II. pass. addressed,
accosted:—as Subst. προσηγορος, ὁ, an acquaintance.

προσηγάφισμαι, pf. pass. of προσεδίφισω.

προσήξαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of προσέοικα.

προσηκάνην, aor. I med. of προσήμι.

προσηκόντως, Adv. pres. part. of προσήκω, suitably,
fitly, becomingly.

προσήκον, part. neut. of προσήκω used absol., it
being fit or becoming, Lat. quum conveniat or con-
veniret.

προσ-ήκω, to have come to, to have arrived at a
place: to be near, be at hand. 2. metaph. to be-
long to.

II. impers., προσήκει πρὸς τινα it con-
cerns, has reference to one; c. dat., προσήκει μοι it is
my business. 2. it belongs to, befits, befits: see
προσηκόν.

III. the Partic. προσήκων, ουσα, on,
is very common, belonging to, befitting, befitting;
and of persons, related, akin: οἱ προσήκοντες (in full
οἱ προσήκοντες γένει), one's kinsmen, relatives: τὸ
προσηκόν or τὰ προσήκοντα that which belongs to
one, all that is proper to oneself; τὴν προσήκουσαν
σωτηρίαν ἐκπορίζεσθαι to devise means for one's own
safety; τὰ προσήκοντα what is fit or seemly, one's
duties.

προσ-ήλιος, on, (πρός, ἥλιος) towards the sun, ex-
posed to the sun, sunny.

προσ-ηλόω, f. ὦσω, to nail, pin, or affix to. II.
to nail up, shut close up.

προσήλυθον, aor. 2 of προσέρχομαι.

προσ-ηλύτος, on, (προσήλυθον) come to, arrived at:
—as Subst., προσήλυτος, ὁ, a new comer, stranger,
Lat. advēna: hence, one who has come over to ju-
daism, a convert, proselyte.

πρόσ-ημι, properly pf. of προσέζομαι: Pass. —to
sit upon or close to: to remain close to.

προσ-σημαίνω, f. ανῶ: aor. I προσήμηνα:—to give
previous or public intimation: to foretell, an-
nounce. II. to proclaim, publish.

προσηνεγκα, used as aor. I of προσφέρω.

προσ-ήνεμος, on, (πρός, ἄνεμος) towards the wind,
windward.

προσηνέσθην, used as aor. I pass. of προσφέρω.

προσ-ηνής Dor. προσ-ανής, ἐς, (πρός, ἐὺς) soft,
gentle, kindly: well-disposed: hence inclined, suit-
able to. Adv. προσηνῶς.

προσήρτημα, pf. pass. of προσαρτάω.

προσηύδα, 3 sing. impf. of προσαυδάω.

προσ-ἠώς, on, (πρός, ἠώς) Ion. for προσέως, to-
wards morn: neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ ποτ-αῶνον,
towards morning.

πρὸς-θᾶκῶ, f. ἦσω, to sit beside, near or upon.
πρὸςθε, Ion. and ποῖτ. for πρὸςθεν.

προσθεῖναι, προσθεῖς, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προστίθην.

πρὸςθεν Ion. and ποῖτ. πρόσθε: (πρό).

As Prep. with gen.: I. of Place, before, in front of, in defence of. II. of Time, before.

As Adv.: of Place, before, in front, to the front, forwards: with the Art., εἰς τὸ πρόσθεν forward, further, to the front.

II. of Time, before, formerly, of old: also c. Art., ἢ πρόσθεν ἡμέρα the day before: also τὸ πρόσθεν as Adv., formerly.

III. also before, in sense of sooner, Lat. potius; πρόσθεν ἀποθανεῖν ἤ. . . to die sooner than . . .

προσθεῖτο, Ion. for προσθεῖτο, aor. 2 med. opt. of προστίθην.

πρόσθε, aor. 2 imperat. of προστίθην.

πρόσθεσις, ἡ, (προστίθην) a putting to, application. II. an adding, an addition.

προσθητέον, verb. Adj. of προστίθην, one must add: also one must teach.

πρόσθετος, ον, or η, ον, verb. Adj. of προστίθην, added, fitted or adapted to: put on, of false hair.

προσ-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run towards or to.

προσθήκη, ἡ, (προστίθην) an addition, appendage, supplement. 2. something added, a mere accident.

II. aid, help, assistance.

πρόσθημα, ατος, τό, (προστίθην) an addition.

προσ-θιγγάνω, f. -θίξω: aor. 2 προσθίγγων, inf. προσθίγγειν:—to touch.

πρόσθιος, α, ον, (πρόσθεν) the foremost; οἱ πρόσθιοι πόδες the fore feet.

προσθό-δομος, δ, (πρόσθε, δόμος) the chief of a house.

προσθού, aor. 2 med. imperat. of προστίθην.

προσ-θροέω, f. ἦσω, to call to, address.

προσ-θύμιος, ον, (πρός, θῦμός) according to one's mind, agreeable, welcome.

προσιδεῖν, προσιδών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of προσείδω.

προσ-ιγάνω, to sit by or near. II. to be always near, cleave to, follow close, Lat. instare.

προσ-ίζω, f. -ιζήσω, to sit by or near.

προσ-ίημι: fut. προσήσω, med. -ήσομαι: aor. I προσήκα, med. -ηκάμην:—to send to or towards, let come to: to apply.

II. Med. προσίεμαι, to let come to or near one, suffer to approach, admit. 2. to admit, allow, accede to, believe: to approve.

3. to accept, submit to, put up with. 4. c. inf. to undertake to do, venture: c. acc. pers. to please one; ἐν οὐ προσίεται με one thing pleases me not.

προσ-ικνεόμαι, f. -ίξομαι, Dep. to come to, arrive at, reach: c. gen. to reach so far as, come up to. 2. to come to as a suppliant. Hence

προσικτωρ, οπος, δ, one that comes to the temples, a suppliant. II. pass. be to whom one comes as a suppliant, a protector, guardian.

προσ-ιππεύω, f. σω, to ride up to, charge.

προσ-ίστημι, f. -στήσω: to place near, bring

near.

II. Pass. προσίσταμαι, with intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to stand near to, beside or at: also to come to, arrive at.

2. metaph., προσίσταται τί μοι something occurs to me. 3. to set oneself against: hence to offend, give offence to.

προσ-ιστορέω, f. ἦσω, to narrate besides.

προσ-ίσχω, = προσέχω, to bold towards or against: intr. to put to land, put into port:—Med. to stick or cleave to.

προσιντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of πρόσσειμι (εἶμι ἰδο), approachable.

προσιντός, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of πρόσσειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

προσ-καθέζομαι, f. -καθεδούμαι: aor. 2 -καθεζόμεν: Dep.:—to sit by, near, beside. II. to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-κάθημι Ion. -κάτημι, properly pf. of προσκαθέζομαι: Pass.:—to sit by or near, to sit beside one, to live with. II to sit down before a town, besiege it, Lat. obsidere.

προσ-καθέλω, aor. I -καθείλω, to haul down besides.

προσ-καθίζω, f. σω, to sit down by or near: also c. acc. cognato, θάκον προσκαθίξω, to sit on a seat.

προσ-καθίστημι, f. στήσω, to appoint besides.

προσ-καθοπλιζώ, f. σω, to arm or equip besides.

προσ-καρος, ον, lasting but for a time, transitory.

προσ-καίω, f. -καύσομαι, to set on fire besides:—Pass., pf. προσκέκαυμαι, to be burnt through; σκεῖη προσκεκαυμένα pots burnt through: also to be inflamed with love, to be in love with.

προσ-καλέω, f. έσω, to call to, call on, summon:—Med. to call to oneself, call to one's aid. 2. in Att. of a prosecutor, to call into court, summon, accuse, lay an indictment against; in full, δίκην ἀσεβείας

προσκαλεῖν πρὸς τὸν βασιλέα to bring an action for impiety against . . . but commonly without δίκην;

προσκαλεῖν τινα ἀνανδρίας (sub. δίκην) to bring an action for cowardice against:—Pass., ὁ προσκληθεῖς the party summoned.

προσ-κάρδιος Dor. ποτι-κ-, ον, (πρός, καρδία) on or at the heart.

προσ-καρτέρω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in a thing. 2. to adhere firmly to a man. Hence

προσκαρτέρησις, ἡ, perseverance.

προσ-καταβαίω, f. -βήσομαι, to go down to besides.

προσ-καταβάλλω, f. -βαλώ, to pay so as to make up a deficiency. Hence

προσκατάβλημα, ατος, τό, that which is paid in addition, a sum paid to make up a deficiency in the revenue.

προσ-καταγιγνώσκω, f. -γνώσομαι, to condemn besides.

II. to adjudge or award to.

προσ-κατασχύνω, f. ἰνώ, to disgrace still further.

προσ-καταλέγω, f. ξω, to enroll in addition to.

προσ-καταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave behind, bequeath besides: also to leave, lose besides.

προσ-κατανέμω, f. -νεμῶ, to allot or assign besides.

προσκαταριθμέω, f. ἦσω, to count besides.
 προσκατασκευάζω, f. σω, to furnish or prepare besides:—Pass. to be furnished or prepared besides.
 προσκαταστύρω [ὑ], to pull down besides.
 προσκατατίθημι, f. καταθήσω, to pay down besides, pay as a further deposit.
 προσκατηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to lay to one's charge besides:—Pass., as logical term, to be predicated besides.
 προσκάθημαι, Ion. for προσκάθημαι.
 προσκειμαι Ion. προσκέομαι, f. κείσομαι, serving as Pass. of προστίθημι, to be placed or laid beside or upon, lie by, near, or upon; τῇ θύρᾳ προσκεισθαι to keep close to the door. 2. to lie with. II. to be joined with, involved in. III. to be attached or devoted to; προσκεισθαι τῷ λεγομένῳ to put faith in, subscribe to a story: to devote oneself to: also in bad sense, to be given or addicted to. IV. to press upon, solicit: to press close or hard. V. of things, to fall to one, belong to: also to be laid upon, imposed, inflicted: also to be added.
 προσκέκλημαι, pf. pass. of προσκαλέω.
 προσκερδαίνω, f. δῆσω, to gain besides.
 προσκεφάλιον, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow: also a cushion for sitting on, a boat-cushion.
 προσκηδής, ἐς, (πρός, κηδος) attached to, affectionate. II. akin to, allied with.
 προσκηρῦκεύομαι, Dep. to send a herald to one.
 προσκηρύσσω Att. -τω, f. ξω, to summon by herald.
 προσκιγκλιζώ, (πρός, κίγκλος) to move to and fro, wag the tail at:—Pass., εἶ ποτεκιγκλίσθην (2 sing. Dor. impf. for προσκιγκλίζου) nimbly didst thou twist or writhe about.
 προσκλάω, f. άσω [ά], to shatter or shiver against.
 προσκληρώ, f. άσω, to assign by lot:—Pass. to be associated with.
 πρόσκλησις, ἡ, (προσκαλέω) a judicial summons.
 προσκλινῶ, f. -κλινῶ: pf. pass. προσκέκλιμαι, Dor. 3 sing. ποτικέκλιται:—to make to lean against, to put to or against:—Pass. to lean against, to be turned towards. Hence
 πρόσκλισις, εως, ἡ, inclination, bias, partiality.
 προσκλύζω, f. ύσω, to wash with waves: to dash against, of the waves.
 προσκνάω, f. -κνήσω, to rub against:—Med. to rub oneself against.
 προσκοιμίζομαι, Pass. to go to sleep beside.
 προσκοινῶ, f. άσω, to communicate to, give a share of a thing to another.
 προσκολλάω, f. ἦσω, to glue on or to:—Pass. to be fastened to, to cleave to.
 προσκομίζω, f. ίσω Att. ιῶ, to carry or convey to a place:—Med. to bring with one, bring home: to import.
 πρόσκομμα, ατος, τό, (προσκόπτω) a stumble: an occasion of stumbling, cause of offence or sin.
 προσσκοπέω: fut. προσκέξομαι and aor. I προσκεψά-

μην (as if from προ-σέπτομαι, which does not occur): pf. προσέκειμαι:—to see beforehand, look out for: to provide against:—Med. to watch, take care of. II. to spy or reconnoitre beforehand. Hence
 προσσκοπή, ἡ, a spying or reconnoitring beforehand.
 προσκοπή, ἡ, (προσκόπτω) = πρόσκομμα.
 πρόσκοπος, ον, seeing beforehand, foreseeing. II. as Subst., πρόσκοποι, οἱ, outposts, scouts.
 προσκόπτω, f. ψω, to strike or dash against; πρὸν ποῦν to strike one's foot, i. e. to stumble, against, Lat. offendere. II. metaph. to mistake, err. 2. to take offence, be angry at.
 προσκορής, ἐς, (πρός, κορέννυμι) causing satiety, palling, disgusting.
 πρόσκρανος, ον, (πρός, κράνον) on or for the head:—as Subst., πρόσκρανον Dor. ποτικρ-, τό, a cushion for the head, pillow.
 προσκρούω, f. σω, to strike against: to have a collision with, quarrel with.
 προσκτάομαι, f. -κήσομαι: pf. -κέκτημαι: Dep.:—to gain, get or win besides: to win over to one's side or party: pf. part. also in pass. sense, τὰ προσκεκτημένα things acquired besides.
 προσκύλιω, f. -κυλίω [ἴ]: aor. I -εκύλισα:—to roll to or against.
 προσκύνέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I προσεκύνησα ποῖτ. προσέκυσα:—to prostrate oneself before in token of respect, to do obeisance to. 2. of the gods, to worship: also to deprecate the wrath of the gods, disarm them by worship. Hence
 προσκυντήης, οὔ, ὁ, a worshipper.
 προσκύπτω, f. ψω: pf. -κέκυφα:—to stoop to or over one, to stoop and whisper to him.
 προσκύρω, f. ἦσω: with three irreg. tenses, impf. προσέκυρον, f. προσκύρωσα, aor. I προσέκυρσα:—to reach, arrive at, c. dat.: to be at or near: to befall, betide: c. acc. to meet with.
 προσκύσαι, πρόσκυσον, aor. I inf. and imper. of προσκύνέω.
 πρόσκωπος, ον, (πρός, κώπη) working at the oar: as Subst., πρόσκωπος, ὁ, a rower.
 προσλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαβών, προσλαβόμενος, aor. 2 part. act. and med. of προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαγχάνα, f. -λήξομαι: aor. 2 -έλαχον: pf. -έληχα:—to obtain by lot besides; προσλαγχάνειν δικην to obtain the right of bringing an action besides.
 προσλάζυμαι, Dep. = προσλαμβάνω.
 προσλαλέω, f. ἦσω, to talk to or with.
 προσλαμβάνω, fut. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 -έλαβον: pf. -έληφα:—to take or receive besides or in addition to: to get over and above, to gain or win besides:—so also in Med. 2. to take another to help one, take with one. II. to take hold of: to take part in:—to take hold of a thing besides:—so also in Med., c. gen. rei, to be accessory to, take part in a work; and c. dat. pers. to help, assist.
 προσλέγω, f. ξω, to lay to or near:—Pass. to lie

near or by; 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. προσέλεκτο. II. to speak to, address, accost:—Med. to meditate.

προσλεύσω, to look at or upon.

προσληψις, ἡ, (προσλαμβάνω) a taking or assuming besides: an assumption.

προσ-λιπᾶρέω, f. ἦσω, to persevere in. II. to importune, c. dat. Hence

προσλιπάρησις, ἡ, importunity.

προσ-λογίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἰοῦμαι, Dep. to reckon or count in addition to. II. to impute to. Hence

προσλογιστέον or plur. -έα, verb. Adj. one must count besides, reckon in.

προσμάθητόν, verb. Adj. one must learn besides. From

προσ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι, to learn besides.

προσ-μαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to bear witness besides, bear additional witness: to confirm by additional evidence.

προσ-μάσσω, f. ἔω: aor. I -έμαξα:—Pass., aor. I προσεμάχθην: pf. -μέμαγμα:—to knead or plaster against, to attach closely to; προσμάσσειν τὸν Πειραιᾶ τῇ πύλει to knead or stick on Peiræus to the city:—Pass. to be stuck fast to; πλευραῖσι προσμαχθέν stuck close to his sides: so aor. I med. with pass. sense, ποτιμαζόμενος, stuck or sticking close to (the hand).

προσ-μάχομαι [ᾶ]: f. -μαχέσομαι Att. -μαχοῦμαι: Dep.:—to fight against: esp. to assault a town.

προσμέναι, προσμένιας, aor. I inf. and part. of

προσ-μένω, f. -μένω, to abide or wait still longer; προσμένειν τινί to remain or wait for some one. II. trans. to await, c. acc.: to abide one in battle, stand one's ground against.

προσ-μεταπέμπομαι, Med. to send for besides.

προσ-μηχανόμαι, f. ἴσομαι, Med. to contrive besides for oneself. II. Pass. to be cunningly fastened to.

προσ-μῖγγνυμι and -ῶ: fut. -μίξω:—to mingle or join with, unite to, bring to. II. intr. to come into contact with, come or go to a place: also to land, arrive at. 2. of persons, to hold intercourse with, meet with:—in hostile sense, to go against, to meet in battle, engage with.

πρόσμιξις, ἡ, (προσμίγγνυμι) a mixing or mingling with. II. a coming to, approaching. 2. an attacking, assault.

προσ-μίσσω, Ion. form of προσμίγνυμι.

προσ-μίσω, f. ἦσω, to hate besides.

προσ-μισθώ, f. ὦσω, to let out for hire or interest besides:—Med. to take into one's hire, hire.

προσ-μολεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσβλάσσω.

πρόσ-μορος, ov, doomed to woe, ill-fated.

προσ-μυθεῖται, f. ἴσομαι: Dor. ποτι-μ-: Dep.:—to address, accost.

προσ-μυθολογέω, f. ἦσω, to chatter in.

προσ-μύρομαι, Dep. to flow to or with. [v]

προσ-ναυπηγέω, f. ἦσω, to build ships in addition.

προσ-νάχω [ᾶ], Dor. for προσνήχω.

προσ-νέμω, f. -νεμῶ: aor. I -ένεμα:—to allot, assign, devote or dedicate to: to add:—Pass. to be assigned:—Med. to grant on one's own part, to devote, dedicate. 2. προσνέμειν ποίμνας to drive flocks to pasture.

προσ-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim to or towards.

προσ-νήχω, also as Dep. προσ-νήχομαι, to swim towards. II. of water, to dash upon.

προσ-νίσσομαι Dor. ποτιν-, Dep. to come or go to. II. to come against.

προσ-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to perceive besides.

προσ-νωμίω, f. ἦσω, to put to one's lips.

προσ-ξυν-: for all words so beginning, see προσ-συν-.

προσ-όδιος, ov, (πρός, ὄδιος) belonging to a solemn procession, professional: τὸ προσόδιον (sub. μέλος) a solemn thanksgiving, Lat. supplicatio.

πρόσ-οδος, ἡ, a going or coming to, an approach, advance: in pl. πρόσοδοι, onsets, attacks. 2. a solemn procession to a temple. 3. a coming forward to speak, leave to speak. II. income, rent, esp. the public revenue; mostly in plur. revenues, returns, profits, Lat. reditus, proventus.

πρόσ-οἶδα, pf. without any pres. in use, (πρός, οἶδα) to know besides. 2. προσεῖδεναι χάρις to owe thanks beside.

προσ-οικεῖω, f. ὦσω, to assign to a person as his own.

προσ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell by or near; of towns, to lie near or next. II. trans. to dwell in or near a place.

προσ-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build in addition or near.

πρόσ-οικος, ov, (πρός, οἰκέω) dwelling near to, bordering on, neighbouring: as Subst., πρόσοικος, ὁ, a neighbour.

προσοιστέος, a, ov, verb. Adj. of προσφέρω, to be added to. 2. neut. προσοιστέον one must add.

προσ-οῖσω, used as fut. of προσφέρω.

προσ-οίχομαι, Dep. to go to a place.

προσ-οκέλλω, aor. I -όκελα, to run ashore.

προσ-ολοφύρομαι, Dep. to utter one's sorrows to.

προσ-ομαρτέω, f. ἦσω, to go along with.

προσ-ομιλέω, f. ἦσω, to hold intercourse or converse with, associate with. II. c. dat. loci, to remain at or cling to a place. III. to busy oneself with, be engaged with a thing.

προσ-όμνυμι, to swear besides or in addition.

προσ-όμοιος, ov, nearly like, resembling. Hence

προσομοίω, f. ὦσω, to make like to.

προσ-ομολογέω, f. ἦσω, to concede or grant besides: to acknowledge a further debt. 2. to promise besides.

3. to give in, surrender, come to terms. Hence

προσ-όμουρος, ov, adjoining, adjacent.

προσ-ονομάζω, to call by a name; προσονομάζειν θεούς to give them the name θεοί.

προσ-οπάζω Dor. ποτι-, poet. for προσοράω.

προσ-οράω, f. -όρομαι : aor. 2 -εἶδον :—to look at :
—so also in Med. προσοράομαι.

προσ-ορέγομαι, Med. to reach out after : c. dat. to
be urgent or pressing with.

πρόσ-ορθρος, ov, (πρός, ὄρθρος) towards morning :
neut. as Adv. in Dor. form τὸ πτόρθρον, at dawn.

προσ-ορίζω, f. σω, to mark out besides :—Med. to
mark out for oneself besides ; προσορίζεσθαι οἰκίαν to
have a house marked in proof of a mortgage.

προσ-ορμίζω, f. σω, to bring to anchor at or near
a place :—Pass. and Med., f. -ορμούμαι, aor. 1 -ωρ-
μισάμην and -ωρμίσθην, to come to anchor near a
place. Hence

προσορμίζω, ἦ, a coming to anchor or to land.

προσ-ουδίζω, f. σω, (πρός, οὔδας) to dash to earth.

προσ-ουρέω, f. ἦσω, to make water upon.

πρόσ-ουρος, ov, Ion. for πρόσουρος, (πρός, ὕρος) ad-
joining, bordering on, adjacent ; τὰ πρόσουρα the ad-
jacent parts ; ἵν' αὐτὸς ᾗν πρόσουρος where he was his
own neighbour, i. e. lived in solitude.

προσ-οφείλω, f. ἦσω, to owe yet more, be in debt
besides :—Pass. to be still owing, be still due.

προσ-οφλισκάνω, f. -οφλήσω : aor. 2 -ῶφλον, inf.
-οφλεῖν :—to owe besides, to incur as a further debt :
generally, to incur or deserve besides : as law-term, to
lose one's suit and incur a penalty besides.

προσ-οχθίζω, f. σω, to be wroth with : to be offended at.
πρόσ-οψις, ἦ, appearance, aspect, look ; σὴ πρόσ-
οψις thy presence, i. e. thine own self, thou. II. a
seeing, beholding, sight.

προσ-παίζω, f. -παίζομαι : aor. 1 -έπαισα :—to play,
sport or jest with. 2. to laugh at, banter, mock.

πρόσ-παίος, ov, (πρός, παῖω) striking upon : sudden,
new, fresh, recent : ἐκ προσπαίου as Adv., suddenly,
newly.

προσ-πᾶλαιω, f. σω, to wrestle or struggle with one.

προσ-παραγάφω, to write beside or in addition.

προσ-παρακαλέω, f. ἔσω, to call in besides, invite.

προσ-παραμένω, to remain near besides.

προσ-παρασκευάζω, f. σω, to prepare besides.

προσπαρδεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of προσπέρω.

προσ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to furnish or provide besides.

προσ-πασσάλευω Att. -παττάλευω, f. σω, to nail
fast on or to. II. to nail up or bang upon a peg.

προσ-πάσχω, f. -πέισομαι, to be affected be-
sides. II. to be passionately in love with.

πρόσ-πεινος, ov, (πρός, πείνα) hungry, a-hungered.

προσ-πελάζω, f. ἄσω, to bring near to, drive
against. II. intr. and Pass. to approach, come
nigh to.

προσ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send to : conduct or convoy to.

προσ-πέρδομαι, with aor. 2 act. -έπαρδον, oppedere.

προσ-περιβάλλω, to throw or put around besides :
—Med. to put round oneself :—Pass. to be put or
drawn round. II. Med. to compass, seek to
obtain.

προσ-περιγίγνομαι, Dep. to remain over and above.

προσ-περιλαμβάνω, to embrace besides.

προσ-περιποιέω, to lay by or preserve besides.

προσ-περονάω, f. ἦσω, to fasten with a pin to or on.

προσ-πεσών, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of προσπίπτω.

προσ-πέτομαι, f. -πτήσομαι : aor. 2 -επτάμην [ᾗ],
for which an aor. 2 act. προσέπτην is often used : Dep. :
—to fly to or towards : to come or light upon one
suddenly.

προσ-πέθομαι, poet. for προσπυθάνομαι.

προσ-πήγγνυμι and -ύω, f. -πήξω, to fix to or on :
affix to the cross.

προσ-πέζω, f. ἔσω, to press or oppress besides.

προσ-πείλάμαι, Dep. to approach quickly.

προσ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι : aor. 2 -έπεσον :—to
fall upon or against : strike against. 2. to fall
upon, attack, assault. 3. to fall upon a person,
embrace him, join him. 4. to run or rush up to :

to embrace : to join. 5. to fall in with, light upon,
encounter. II. of events, to fall upon, befall one :
to happen, occur. 2. to come suddenly to one's
knowledge. III. to fall down to or before, to
prostrate oneself : c. acc. to fall down to, suppli-
cate.

προσ-πίτνω, poet. for προσπίπτω, to fall upon :
to embrace. II. to fall down to or before, supplicate.

προσ-πλάζω, shortd. for προσπελάζω, intr. to come
near, draw nigh, approach.

προσ-πλάσσω Att. -πτω : f. -πλάσω [ᾗ] : pf. pass.
-πέπλασμα :—to form or mould upon.

πρόσπλατος, ov, (προσπλάζω) approachable.

προσ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι : Ion. pres. προσπλώω :
—to sail towards or against.

προσ-πληρώω, f. ὤσω, to fill up or complete a number :
to man ships besides, man more ships ; and in
Med. to get them manned.

προσπλωτός, ἦ, ὄν, to or on which one may sail,
navigable. From

προσ-πλώω, Ion. for προσπλέω.

προσ-πνέω Ep. -πνεύω : f. -πνεύσομαι :—to blow
or breathe upon, inspire : impers. with gen., προσπνέ
μοι κρέων there is a smell of meat.

προσ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make over to, attach or add
to. II. Med. προσποιέομαι, to add or attach
oneself : of persons, to bring over to one's own side,
win or gain over. 2. of things, to take to oneself,
pretend to, lay claim to, Lat. affectare. 3. gene-
rally, to pretend, feign, affect ; c. inf. to pretend
to do : also to use as a pretence, allege, adduce : δὲ μὴ
προσποιεῖσθαι one must make as if it were not, pre-
tend it is not so, Lat. dissimulare. Hence

προσποίησις, ἦ, a gaining for oneself, an acqui-
sition. 2. a taking to oneself, pretence or claim to
a thing.

προσποιητός, ὄν, (προσποιέω) taken to oneself, as-
sumed, adopted.

προσ-πολεμῶ, f. ἦσω, to carry on war against, be
at war with : also to attack or harass in war.

προσ-πολεμῶ, f. ὤσω, to make hostile besides :—
Med. to go to war with besides.

προσ-πολέω, f. ἤσω, to attend or wait upon:—Pass. to be attended, ministered to. From
 πρόσ-πολος, ον, (πρός, πολέω) serving:—as Subst., πρόσπολος, ὁ and ἡ, a servant, esp. a ministering priest or priestess; πρόσπολος φόνου minister of death.

προσ-πορεύομαι, f. εἴσομαι, Dep. to go to, approach.
 προσ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to procure besides.
 προσ-πορπάτός, ἦ, ὄν, (πρός, πορπάω) fastened on or to with a pin, close-fastened.

προσ-πράσσομαι, f. -πράξομαι: aor. I -επραξάμην: Med.: (πρός, πράσσω):—to exact or demand besides.

πρόσπταισμα, ατος, τό, a stumble. From
 προσ-πταῖω, f. σω, to strike against: esp. to strike one's foot against, and absol. to stumble, to limp, halt. II. metaph. to fail: to suffer a disaster or defeat.

προσπτήναι, inf. of προσέπτην, aor. 2 act. of προσπέτομαι.

προσ-πτήσσω, f. ξω, to crouch or cower towards; ἄκται λιμένος ποτιπεπτηνῆναι (Ep. and Dor. for προσπεπτηνῆναι, pf. part. pl. fem.) headlands verging towards the harbour, i. e. closing it in.

πρόσπτυγμα, ατος, τό, that which is embraced, the object of one's embrace or caress. From

προσ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, aor. I -έπτυξα:—to embrace. II. as Dep., προσ-πτύσσομαι Dor. ποτι- or προτι-πτύσσομαι: f. -πτύσομαι: pf. -έπτυγμα:—of a garment, to fold itself close to, cling close round. 2. of persons, to fold to one's bosom, clasp, embrace: hence to greet warmly, welcome. 3. of a festival, to celebrate.

προσ-πτύω, f. -πτύσω [ϋ]:—to spit upon: aor. I part. προσπτύσας, spitting in sign of contempt.

προσ-πυνθάνομαι, f. -πυέσομαι: aor. 2 -επυθόμην:—to enquire or learn besides.

προσ-ραίνω, to sprinkle besides or about.

προσραπτέω, verb. Adj. one must sew on. From

προσ-ράπτω, f. ψω, to sew on.

προσ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: aor. 2 pass. (in act. sense) -ερρήν:—to flow to or towards, flow in a stream to, hence to gather, assemble.

προσ-ρήγγνυμι, f. -ρήξω: aor. I -έρρηξα:—to dash or beat against.

πρόσ-ρημα, ατος, τό, an address, salutation: a name, designation.

πρόσ-ρησις, ἡ, an addressing, accosting: a name.

προσ-ρήσσω, = προσρήγγνυμι.

προσ-ρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw to.

προσ-σαίνω, to fawn upon, of dogs: metaph. to wheedle, flatter: of things, to please, Lat. arriideo.

προσ-σέβω, to worship or honour besides.

πρόσσοθεν, poet. for πρόσωθεν, forwards, onwards.

προσσοτέρω, Adv., poet. for προσωτέρω.

προσ-σπαίρω, to pant for a thing.

προσ-στάξω Dor. ποτι-, to drop on, shed over.

προσ-σταυρώ, f. ὄσω, to draw a stockade along or in front of a place, c. acc.

προσ-στείχω, aor. 2 -έστιχον:—to go to or towards.

προσ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω, to compress in small compass: pf. pass. part. προσσεταλμένος, tight-drawn, tucked up, Lat. adstrictus. II. to fit to: Med.

to keep close to.

προσ-συκοφαντέω, f. ἤσω, to slander besides.

προσ-συμβάλλομαι, Med. to contribute to besides or at the same time, c. gen.

προσ-συνίστημι, f. -συστήσω, to recommend further.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἤσω, to settle with others in a place, make a joint settlement with.

πρόσσω, Adv., poet. for πρόσω.

προσ-σωρεύω, to bear up besides.

προστάκεις, προστάκῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of προστάχω.

προσθάβεις, aor. I pass. part. of προϊστήμι.

προσ-σθάω or -σθάπτω, f. ξω, to slay at or near. πρόσταγμα, ατος, τό, (προστάσσω) an order, command: ἐκ προστάγματος by command.

προσ-τᾶθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of προστείνω.

προστακτέον, verb. Adj. of προστάσσω, one must order.

προσ-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἤσω, to persist or persevere still further.

πρόσταξις, ἡ, (προστάσσω) an ordaining, ordinance; πρόσταξιν ποιέσθαι to make an assessment.

προ-στάσια, ἡ, (προΐστημι) a being at the head of, presidency, chieftainship, leadership: patron-ship. 2. partisanship, party, faction. II. a place before a building, a court, area.

προσ-τάσσω Att. -ττω: fut. ξω: aor. I -έταξα: Pass., aor. I -ετάχθη: pf. -τέταγμα:—to place or post at a place. 2. to ascribe, assign, award to a class or party; plqpf. pass., Ἰνδοὶ προστετάχαστο the Indians had been assigned to . . . 3. to appoint as commander.

II. to enjoin or give orders, to order to do; τὰ προσταχθέντα orders given.

προστέα, ἡ, (προστάτης) = προστασία, presidency, authority: patronage, protection.

προ-στάτεω, (προστάτης) to be leader: absol. to exercise authority: πρ. ὅπως . . ., to provide or take care that . . .

προ-στάτεω, f. ἤσω, (προστάτης) to stand before or at the head of, be ruler over, be president or leader of; ὁ προστατῶν be that acts as chief:—Pass. to be ruled or led by one. II. to stand before, protect, guard, c. gen.; in Att. to be a patron or guardian.

III. ὁ προστατῶν χρόνος time that is close at hand. Hence

προστατήριος, α, ον, standing before, protecting, guarding. II. standing before or close to, hovering or flitting before one.

προστάτης (ᾶ), ον, ὁ, (προΐσταμαι) one who stands in front, a front-rank man. II. a chief, ruler, leader: the leader of a party.

III. one who stands before and protects, a protector, patron, guardian:—at Athens, a citizen, whom a μέτοικος chose

as his patron, standing to him in much the same

relation as the Roman *cliens* to his *patronus*; γράφασθαι προστάτου to register oneself by one's patron's name; in Pass., γεγράφομαι προστάτου I will be enrolled under the name of a patron.

IV. one who stands before a god, a suppliant.

προ-στάτις, ἰδος, fem. of προστάτης, a protectress.

προ-σταυρῶ, f. ἴσω, to draw a stockade along.

προσ-τεθήσομαι, fut. pass. of προστίθημι.

προσ-τευχίζω, f. σω, to add to a wall, include within the walls.

προσ-τείχω, to advance, go before.

προσ-τεκταίνομαι, Med. to add of one's own device.

προσ-τελέω, f. ἴσω, to pay or spend besides.

προσ-τέλλω, f. -στελέω, to guard or cover in front, shelter:—Med., προστέλλεσθαι τινα to send one forth equipped:—Pass., aor. 2 προύστάλην [ᾶ], to equip oneself for a journey, go forth, start.

προσ-στενάζω, f. ξω, and προσ-στένω, to sigh or grieve beforeband.

προσ-στερνίδιος, ον, (πρό, στέρνων) before the breast: as Subst., προσστερνίδιον, τό, a covering or ornament for the breast of horses.

πρόσ-στερνος, ον, (πρό, στέρνων) before or on the breast.

προσ-τέρτω Dor. ποτι-τέρπω, to delight beside.

προσ-τεταγμένως, pf. pass. part. of προστάσσω.

προσ-τεχνάομαι, Dep. to devise besides.

προσ-τήκω, f. ξω, to melt into besides. II.

intrans. in pf. act. προστέτηκα, aor. 2 pass. προσετάκην [ᾶ], to stick fast to, to cleave to.

προσ-τίθημι, aor. I part. of πρόσθημι.

προσ-τίθημι, fut. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην:—to put to, apply, fit. 1. to put to, add.

3. to bestow or confer upon, to give: in bad sense, to impose, inflict. 4. to attribute or impute to.

5. to hand over, to deliver over, consign to. II.

Med. προστίθεμαι: aor. 2 -έθημι, imperat. -θοῦ, subj. -θῶμαι:—to add or associate oneself to, join: to agree with, consent to, to be well-inclined towards:

absol. to come over, submit. 2. to take to oneself besides or to take as one's friend or ally: προστιθεσθαι πολέμιον to make one's enemy besides: προστιθεσθαι δάμαρτα to take to wife. 3. to apply to oneself, bring upon oneself. 4. to exhibit, declare.

προσ-τίλω, f. ἴσω, to befool with dung.

προσ-τίμω, f. ἴσω, to award a further penalty:—Med. to propose an additional penalty:—Pass. to be imposed as an additional penalty. Hence

προστιμῆμα, ατος, τό, that which is awarded over and above the regular penalty, an additional penalty.

προσ-τόμιον, τό, a mouth of a river.

προσ-τρέπω, f. ψω, to turn to or towards in prayer or supplication, to supplicate:—so also in Med. to turn oneself towards, supplicate.

προσ-τρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to bring up in.

προσ-τρέχω, f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—to run to, towards or against: absol. to run up. 2.

in hostile sense, to run at, make a sally or sudden attack.

προσ-τριβῶ [ῖ]: f. ψω: Pass., aor. 2 -ετριβην [ῖ]: pf. -τέτριμαι:—to rub on or against:—Med. to rub oneself against: to inflict or cause to be inflicted on a person: to attach the reputation of a thing to him:—Pass. to be inflicted. II. in Pass. also to have intercourse with. Hence

πρόστριμμα, τό, that which is rubbed on or inflicted upon one: a brand, disgrace, affliction.

προσ-τρόπαιος Dor. ποτι-τρ-, ον, (προστροπή): I. act. turning oneself towards or to a god to obtain purification after being stained by crime, a suppliant: as Adj., προστρόπαιοι λιταί suppliant prayers. 2. also of one who has not yet been purified, a polluted person, Lat. homo piacularis: as Adj., προστρόπαιον αἷμα, polluting blood, blood-guiltiness. II. pass. be to whom one turns; θεὸς προστρόπαιος the god to whom one turns for vengeance, the avenger:—as Adj. visiting with vengeance, implacable.

προστροπή, ἡ, (προστρέπω) a turning oneself towards in prayer or supplication: in plur. prayers, conjurings; πόλεως προστροπήν ἔχειν to address a petition to the city. 2. προστροπή γυναικῶν a suppliant band of women.

πρόστροπος, ον, (προστρέπω) turning towards: hence, like προστρόπαιος, a suppliant.

προσ-τυγχάνω, f. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -ετύχων:—to hit or light upon, meet or fall in with, obtain, c. gen. 2. of events, to befall one. 3. ὁ προστυγχάνων, ὁ προστυχόντα ἔξια the gifts that come to one's share.

προσ-υβρίζω, f. ἴσω, to insult or treat with indignity besides.

προσ-υγγίγνομαι Att. προ-ξυγγ-, Dep. to be with beforeband, converse with beforeband.

προσ-συμίσχω, to intermix first.

προσ-συνοικέω, f. ἴσω, to live together before.

προσ-υπάρχω, f. ξω, to exist or happen besides.

προσ-υπέχω, f. -υπέξω, to be accountable also, stand surety for.

προσ-υποσχέομαι, Dep. to promise besides.

προσ-φάγιον, τό, (πρός, φάγειν) anything eaten with other food: something to eat.

πρόσ-φαγμα, ατος, τό, that which is sacrificed to or before, a victim. 2. a sacrifice, slaughter. From

προσ-φάξω later -ττω, to sacrifice beforeband. II. to sacrifice for or in behalf of.

προσ-φαίνομαι, Pass. to appear besides.

προσ-φάσθαι, inf. med. of πρόσφημι.

πρόσ-φάτος, ον, (πρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) lately slain, fresh-slaughtered: generally, fresh, new, late, Lat. recens:—neut. πρόσφατον as Adv., lately: also regul. Adv. προσφάτως, lately.

προσφέρῆς, ἑς, (προσφέρειν) brought to or near, approaching. 2. like, resembling. II. = πρόσφορος, serviceable, conducive.

προσ-φέρω Dor. ποτι-φέρω: f. πρόσφω: aor. I pass. προσ-ενέγχεσθην Ion. -ενείχθην:—to bring to, near or upon: to apply to, lay to or upon. 2. to

present, offer: also to set before one, offer meat or drink: and in Med. to take meat or drink to oneself. 3. to give besides, to add. 4. to bring forward, produce as authority. 5. to contribute to, to bring in, yield. II. Pass., with fut. med. προσίσομαι, to be borne or carried towards: of ships, to put in. 2. to rush against or upon, attack, make an onset:—to rush. 3. to approach, converse with, to have dealings with. 4. absol. to behave or bear oneself. 5. to come near, be like, resemble: cp. προσφερής, ἐμπερής. 6. to be put or imposed upon one.

προσ-φένγω, f. -φένξομαι, to flee for refuge to. Hence

προσφευκτέον, verb. Adj. one must be defendant in an action besides: cf. φένγω iv.

πρόσ-φημι, to speak to, address: impf. or aor. 2 προσέφην, ης, η; inf. med. προσφάσθαι.

προσ-φθέγγομαι Dor. ποτι-φθέγγομαι: f. -φθεγγομαι: Dep.:—to call to, address, accost, salute. II. to call by name, call. Hence

προσ-φθείρομαι, Pass. to be ruined besides: to go to ruin, meet in an evil hour, esp. in aor. 2 part. προσφθάρεις.

προσφθεγκτός, όν, addressed, saluted. II. act. saluting.

πρόσφθεγμα, atos, τό, (προσφθέγγομαι) an address, salutation; in plur. words, accents.

πρόσφθογγος, ον, (προσφθέγγομαι) addressing, saluting.

προσ-φθονέω, f. ήσω, to oppose through envy.

προσφίλεια, ή, (προσφιλής) kindness, good will.

προσφίλεστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of προσφιλώς.

προσ-φιλής, ές, (πρός, φιλέω) dear, beloved, friendly: of things, dear, pleasing, grateful, Lat. gratus. II.

of persons, kindly affectioned, grateful.

προσ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ήσω, to study philosophy besides, to speculate further upon.

προσφιλώς, Adv. of προσφιλής, kindly; προσφιλώς έχειν to be kindly affectioned.

προσ-φοιτάω, f. ήσω, to go regularly to, as to a school, to shops, and the like: see φοιτάω.

προσφορά, ή, (προσφέρω) a bringing to, applying: a presenting, offering. II. that which is brought to a person, an addition, increase: also a kindness, benefit.

προσ-φορέω, = προσφέρω to put up, apply. 2. to present, offer. Hence

προσφόρημα, atos, τό, that which is taken to one, food, victuals.

πρόσφορος Dor. ποτιφ-, ον, (προσφέρω) serviceable, useful, profitable. 2. convenient, suited to, fit or meet for: c. inf. fit or meet to do:—τά πρόσφορα what is fit or meet, fitting service; τὰ πρόσφορα as Adv., fitly.

προσφύεω, Ion. Adv. of προσφυής: see προσφύω.

προσφύης, ές, (προσφύω) growing upon, banging to, attached to, devoted. II. naturally fitted, suitable.

προσφύς, aor. 2 part. of προσφύω.

πρόσφύσις, ή, (προσφύομαι) a growing to or upon, a clinging to.

προσ-φύω, f. -φύσω: aor. I προσέφύσα:—to make to grow to or upon, to hang upon, fasten to. II.

Pass., with intr. tenses of Act., viz. aor. 2 προσέφυν, part. προσφύς, ύσα, ύν; pf. προσπέφυκα:—to grow to or upon: to hang upon, cling to, be attached to.

προσφύωσις Ion. -έως, Adv. of προσφυής, with natural fitness, suitably, ably.

προσ-φώνέω, f. ήσω, to call or speak to, address, accost. 2. to call by name, to name, speak of.

3. to address or dedicate a thing to another.

προσφώνησις Dor. ποτιφ-, έσσα, εν, (προσφωνέω) addressing, capable of addressing.

προσφώνημα, atos, τό, (προσφωνέω) that which is addressed to another, an address.

προσφώνησις, έως, ή, (προσφωνέω) an addressing. 2. a dedication.

προσ-χάσκω, f. -χάνομαι: aor. 2 προσέχων: pf. (in pres. sense) προσέχηνα:—to gape or stare open-mouthed at one, Lat. inbiare.

προ-σχεθίειν, poet. for προσχέειν, aor. 2 inf. of προέχω:—Med., προεσχέθωην, I warded off from myself.

προσ-χέω, f. χέω, to pour to or on.

πρόσχημα, atos, τό, (πρόσχω) that which is held before, hence, I. a screen, cloak, pretence, pretext; πρόσχημα του πολέμου the ostensible cause for the war. II. outward show, ornament; chief

Miletus is called πρόσχημα της Ίωνης the chief ornament of Ionia.

προσ-χόω, old form of προσχώννυμι, to damp up.

προσ-χρηζέω, f. ήσω: Ion. προσχρηζέω, f. ήσω:—to require or desire besides; προσχρηζέω ύμείων πέθεσθαι I desire you also to obey.

προσ-χρυσίς, ή, (προσχέω) a pouring upon.

προσ-χώννυμι and -ύω: f. -χώσω (from προσχώω): aor. I προσέχωσα:—to heap up besides: of water, to deposit mud, silt, etc.; προσχώννυμι χωρία to form new lands by deposition. 2. to choke up with mud, silt up. II. to throw earth against: Pass. to have earth thrown against.

προσ-χωρέω, f. ήσω or ήσομαι, to go to, approach, c. dat. II. to come or go over to, join another: to surrender, give oneself up to. 2. to accede, assent or agree to: to concur in: to believe. 3. to approach, be near to, agree with, be like. 4. to put faith in, believe.

πρόσ-χωρος, ον, (πρός, χώρα) lying near, adjoining, adjacent:—as Subst., πρόσχωρος, ό, a neighbour.

πρόσχωσις, ή, (προσχώννυμι) a heaping up besides: deposition of mud, etc. II. a bank or mound raised against a place.

προσ-ψάω Dor. ποτιψάω, to touch upon, touch.

προσ-ψηφίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to vote besides: to grant by a majority of votes.

προσ-ψιθυρίζω, f. σω, to whisper, chirp or whistle to.

πρόσω poet. πρόσσω Dor. and Att. πρόσω later πόρρω, like Lat. *porro*, Adv.: (πρό, πρόσ): I. as Adv.,

1. of Space, *forwards, onward, further on*; opp. to ἐγγύς, *far off, afar*: also with the Art., τὸ πρόσσω *forward*. 2. of Time, *forward, before*.

II. c. gen. *far towards or to*; πρόσσω τοῦ ποταμοῦ *far into the river*; προβαίνειν πόρρω τῆς μοχθηρίας *to be far gone in wickedness: far from, οὐ πρόσσω Ἑλλησπόντου not far from the Hellespont*. 2. of Time, πρόσσω τῆς νυκτός *far into the night*.—Comp. and Sup. *προσώτερος, -άτω*.

προσ-ωφία, ἡ, (πρός, ᾧδή) *a song sung to or accompanied by music*. II. *the tone or accent of a syllable*.

προσ-ωδός, ὄν, (πρός, ᾧδή) *singing or sounding to, in harmony with*.

πρόσωθεν Adv. Att. πόρρωθεν Ep. πόρροθεν (πρό-) *from afar*. II. *from long ago*.

προσ-ώνομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. *to buy besides*. προσώπατα, τά, Ep. plur. of πρόσωπον.

προσωπεῖον, τό, (πρόσωπον) *a mask*. προσωποληπτέω, *to be a respecter of persons*. From προσωπο-λήπτῆς, ου, ὄ, (πρόσωπον, λέληπται 3 sing. pf. pass. of λαμβάνω) *a respecter of persons*.

προσωποληψία, ἡ, (προσωποληπτέω) *respect of persons*.

πρόσω-ωπον, τό: pl. πρόσωπα Ep. προσώπατα, Ep. dat. προσώπαισι: (πρός, ᾧψ):—*a face, visage, countenance*; κατὰ πρόσωπον *in front, face to face*. II. also *one's look, countenance, Lat. vultus*; τὸ σὺν πρόσωπον, *periphr. for σὺ*.

III. = *προσωπεῖον, a mask, Lat. persona*:—*hence like πρόσχημα, show, outward appearance*. IV. *later, a person*.

προ-σωρεύω, f. σω, *to pile or bear up before*. προσώπαιτος, η, ου, Sup. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, *furthest*:—*hence Adv. προσωπάτω, or neut. plur. προσώπατα as Adv., furthest*.

προσώτερος, α, ου, Comp. Adj. formed from Adv. πρόσσω, *further off*: *hence Adv., προσωτέρω or τὸ προσωτέρω, further*.

προσ-ωφέλει, f. ἦσω, *to help or assist besides, contribute one's help to*: *absol. to be of use or assistance*. Hence

προσωφέλημα, ατος, τό, *assistance in a thing*: and προσωφέλησις, ἡ, *a helping, aiding, advance*.

προσωφελήτεον, verb. Adj. of προσωφέλει, *one must assist*.

προτακτέον, verb. Adj. of προτάσσω, *one must place or post in front*. 2. *one must prefer*.

προ-τάμειν, (πρό, ταμίαι) *to lay in beforehand*. προ-τάμνω, Ion. for προτέμνω.

προτάμοιμν, aor. 2 med. opt. of προτέμνω. προτάμων, aor. 2 part. of προτέμνω.

προ-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, *to fear beforehand*. II. *to fear or be anxious for one*.

προ-ταρχέω, f. σω, *to salt or pickle beforehand*: generally, *to preserve or prepare for keeping*.

πρότασις, ἡ, (προτάσαι, 2 sing. pf. pass. of τείνω)

a stretching forward. II. *that which is put forward*: in Logic, *a proposition assumed, a premiss*.

2. in Gramm., *the antecedent clause of a sentence, answered by the ἀπόδοσις*.

προ-τάσσω Att. —ττω: f. ἔω: aor. I —έταξα: pf. —τέταχα: Pass., aor. I —ετάχθην: pf. —τέταγμαi:—

to place or post in front: Med., προτάξατο τῆς φάλαγγος τοὺς ἰππέας *he posted his horse in front of the phalanx*:—Pass. *to be stationed first, take the lead*;

τὸ προταχθῆν or οἱ προτεταγμένοι, *the front ranks, van*.

II. generally, *to determine or arrange beforehand*.

προ-τένω, f. —τενώ: aor. I —έτεινα: pf. —τέτακα: Pass., aor. I —ετάθην [ᾶ]: pf. —τέταμαι:—*to stretch out, put forward*: *to expose to danger*. 2. *metaph. to hold out, put forward as a pretext or excuse*.

II. *to stretch forwards or forth, hold out, as a suppliant*. 2. *to offer, tender, proffer*: also *to hold out, show at a distance, Lat. ostentare*. III.

Med., μισθὸν προτείνεσθαι *to claim or demand as a reward*. IV. *intr. to stretch or project forward*.

προ-τερίζω, f. σω, *to protect by a wall*. Hence προτέλιγμα, τό, *an advanced work, outwork*.

προ-τέλειος, α, (πρό, τέλος) *before a solemnity or religious rite*. II. προτέλεια (sc. ἱερά), τά, *sacrifices or rites usual before any solemnity*;

προτέλεια γάμων *the sacrifice before the marriage-rite*;

θύνειν τὰ προτέλεια *to perform an initiatory sacrifice in behalf of*. 2. προτέλεια, generally, *a beginning, outset*.

προ-τελέω, f. ἔσω, *to pay as toll or tribute, give, pay, or expend beforehand*.

προ-τελίζω, f. ἴσω, (πρό, τέλος) *to present as a previous sacrifice or offering, esp. before marriage*.

προ-τεμένισμα, ατος, τό, (πρό, τέμενος) *the precincts or entrance of a τέμενος or sacred place*.

προ-τέμνω, f. —τεμῶ: aor. 2 προῦτάμων:—*to cut up beforehand*. II. *to cut off in front, cut short, Lat. praecidere*. III. *to cut forward or in front of one*: hence, in aor. 2 med. opt., εἰ δῖκα διηγεκέα προταμοίμην *if I were to cut a long furrow in front of me*.

προτενεύω, f. σω, *to pick out the dainty bits beforehand, to help oneself first to anything*. From

προ-τένης, ου, ὄ, *one who picks out dainty bits beforehand, a gourmand, epicure*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

προτεραῖος, α, ου, (πρότερος) *on the day before, like δευτεραῖος, τριταῖος, etc.*: ἡ προτεραία (sub ἡμέρα), *the day before*; τῆ προτεραία, Lat. *pridie, on the day before*; c. gen., τῆ προτεραία τῆς καταστάσιος *on the day before the audience*.

προτεραίτερος, α, ου, Comp. of προτεραῖος, *for πρότερος, very long before, much earlier*.

προτερέω, f. ἦσω, (πρότερος) *to be before, in front, at the head*; προτερεῖν τῆς ὁδοῦ *to be forward on the way*. 2. of Time, *to be beforehand, get the start*.

πρότερος, η, ου, Comp. without any Posit. in use (the Sup. being πῶτος), answering to Lat. *prior*: of

Place, *before, in front, forward*; *πῶδες πρότεροι* the fore-feet. II. of Time, *before, sooner, earlier, older*; in full, *πρότερος γενεῆ* *elder* in age; *πρότεροι παῖδες* *children of a former marriage*; *τῆ πρότερῃ* (sc. *ἡμέρᾳ*), *on the day before, like προτεραία*. 2. as Comp. c. gen., *ἔμεο πρότερος* *sooner, earlier than* I. 3. the neut. *πρότερον* was used as Adv., *before, sooner, earlier*; *πρότερον ἢ* or *ἤπερ*, Lat. *priusquam*: also with Artic., *τὸ πρότερον*: *πρότερον* is often put between Art. and Subst., e. g. *ὁ πρότερον βασιλεὺς* *the former king*.

III. of Rank or Precedence, *superior*. *πρότερω*, Adv. of *πρότερος*, *further towards, further, forward*. *πρότερωσε*, Adv. (*πρότερω*) *towards the front, forward*. *προ-τεύω*, f. *ξω*, *to make or do beforehand*: pf. pass. inf. *προτετύχθαι*, *to have been done beforehand, to be past*.

πρότι, old Ep. form for *πρός*. [?] *πρότι-άπτω*, Dor. for *προσάπτω*. *πρότι-βάλλομαι*, Dep. for *προσβάλλομαι*. *προτιδεγμένος*, Dor. part. of Ep. aor. 2 pass. of *προσδέχομαι*. *προτιελείν*, Dor. of *προσειλέω*. *προτιείποι*, Dor. for *προσείποι*, opt. of *προσείπον*. *πρότιθεν*, Ep. for *προετίθεισαν*, 3 pl. impf. of *προτίθημι*.

προ-τίθημι, f. *-θήσω*: aor. I *προέθηκα* Att. *πρόθηκα*: aor. 2 *πρόεθην* contr. *προέθην*, inf. *προθείνειν*: — *to place or set before, set out*: *to hand to, present to*: — Med. *to have meat set before one*. 2. *to put forth or expose a child*: *to expose to danger*. 3. *to set before, set up as a mark or prize, propose*: also *to set as a penalty*: generally, *to set, fix*. II. Med. *put forth on one's own part, to display*: also *to propose to one's mind, entertain*. III. *to set forth, put out publicly*; *προθείνειν νεκρόν* *to lay out a dead body, let it lie in state*: also *to make a show of, expose for view*. IV. *to put forward*: *to hold forth, offer, tender*. 2. *to hold out as a pretext*. V. *to put before or over*. VI. *to put before, to prefer one to another*.

πρότι-μάσσω, Dor. for *προσιμάσσω*. *προ-τίμω*, f. *ήσω*, *to honour before or above another, to prefer to another*. — 2. *to prefer in honour*: *to hold in esteem or regard*: — Pass. *to be preferred in honour*; *προτιμάσθαι ἐς τὰ κοινά* *to be preferred to public honours*. 3. c. gen. *to take heed of, care for*. 4. c. inf. *to wish rather, prefer*: also *to wish greatly, wish much*. Hence *προτίμησις*, ἡ, *a preferring in honour, preference*. *προτιμητέος*, α, *ον*, verb. Adj. of *προτιμάω*, *to be preferred*. *προ-τίμων*, τό, (*πρό*, *τιμή*) *money paid in advance, earnest-money*. *πρό-τιμος*, *ον*, (*πρό*, *τιμή*) *honoured before, worth more than*.

πρότι-μύθομαι, Dor. for *προσ-μύθομαι*. *προ-τίμαρέω*, f. *ήσω*, *to help beforehand or first*: — Med. *to revenge oneself before*. *πρότι-οπτος*, *ον*, Dor. for *πρόσ-οπτος*. *πρότι-όσομαι*, Ep. Dep., only used in pres. and impf.; (*πρότι* Dor. for *πρός*, *όσομαι*): — *to look at or upon, behold*. II. of the mind, *to foresee, forbode, presage*. *προ-τίω*, f. *-τίσω* [?], *to honour before another, prefer*; *προτίειν τινὰ τάφου* *to deem one more worthy of the honour of burial than the other*. *πρότιμησις*, ἡ, (*προτέμνω*) *the waist: the loins*. *προ-τολμάω*, f. *ήσω*, *to venture before or more*: — Pass. *to be first ventured or risked*. *προτομή*, ἡ, (*προτέμνω*) *the upper part of anything: a half-length figure, a bust*. *προτονήϊα*, f. *σω*, *to haul up with ropes*. From *πρότονος*, ὁ (*προτένω*) *a rope from the mast-head to the bow of a ship, the forestay of the mast*. 2. *a balyard*. *προ-τού*, for *πρὸ τοῦ*, = *πρὸ τούτου*, *formerly, before now, erst*. *πρσ-τρέπῆσθαι*, aor. 2 med. inf. of *προτρέπω*. *προτρεπτικός*, ἡ, *όν*, *fitted for urging on, persuasive*. Adv. *-κῶς*, *persuasively*. From *προ-τρέπω*, f. *ψω*, *to turn or urge forwards, urge on, exhort or persuade to do a thing*: so too in Med., *to persuade, exhort to*: also c. dupl. act., *τὰ κατὰ τὸν Τέλλον προτρέψατο ὁ Σόλων τὸν Κροῖσον* *Solon prompted Croesus to inquire as to what concerned Tellus*. III. Pass., with aor. 2 med. *προτρέπ-όμην* in pass. sense, *to turn forwards, turn in headlong flight*: metaph., *ἄχει προτραπέσθαι* *to give oneself over to grief*. *προ-τρέχω*, f. *-δράμωμαι*: aor. 2 *προῦδράμων* (formed from obsol. *δρέμω*): — *to run forward or forth*. II. *to outrun, run past, overtake*. *πρό-τρίτα*, Adv. (*πρό*, *τρίτος*) *three days before or for three successive days*. *προ-τροπάδην*, Adv. (*προτρέπω*) *turned forwards, head-foremost, headlong, with headlong speed*. [α] *προ-τυγχάνω*, f. *-τεύσομαι*: aor. 2 *-ετύχον*: — *to happen before or beforehand*: also *to meet with first*; *τὸ προτύχόν* *the first thing that came to hand*. *προ-τύπτω*, f. *ψω*, intr. *to strike forwards, break forth, burst out*; *Τρῶες προτύπταν* *the Trojans burst forward*. II. trans. *to drive, force on*; aor. 2 pass. part. *προτύπεις*, *driven, urged on*. *προτύχων*, *ουσα*, *όν*, aor. 2 part. of *προτυγχάνω*. *προτύβων*, *προτύβην*, for *προεβ-*, aor. 2 of *προβάλλω*, *προβαίνα*. *προτύραφον*, for *προέγραφον*, impf. of *προγράφω*. *προυδιδάξατο*, *προυδωκα*, *προυθετο*, for *προεδ-*. *προυθήκε*, for *προέθηκε*, 3 sing. aor. I of *προτίθημι*. *προυθύμθη*, for *προεθ-*, aor. I of *προθυμέομαι*. *προυθύμωσιν*, impf. of *προθυμέομαι*. *προυκάμων*, for *προέκαμων*, aor. 2 of *προκάμνω*. *προυλάβον*, for *προελ-*, aor. 2 of *προλαμβάνω*.

προὔκειτο, προὔκινδύνευε, for προεκ-.
 προὔμεινον, for προεμ-, aor. 2 of προμανθάνω.
 προὔμηθηθῆναι, for προεμ-, aor. 1 of προμηθέομαι.
 προὔμολον, for προέμολον, aor. 2 of προβλάσκειν.
 προὔνοησάνην, for προεν-, aor. of προνοέομαι.
 προὔννεψω, v. sub προενν-.
 προὔξενήσε, for προέξ-, aor. 1 of προξενέω.
 προὔξ-ἐπίσταμαι, προὔξ-ερευνάω, for προέξ-.
 προὔξερύσταμαι, for προέξερύναω.
 προὔξερύμαι, for προέξερύμαι.
 προ-ὑπάγω, f. ξω, to lead on gradually:—Med. to reduce first under one's power.
 προ-ὑπάρχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. προὔπηργμαι: (πρό, ὑπάρχω):—to be beforehand in a thing, begin with: c. gen. to be the first to do a thing. II. intr. to exist before; προὔπάρχοντα things that happened before, past events; τὰ προὔπηργμένα a man's antecedents.
 προὔπεμψα, for προέπεμψα, aor. 1 of προπέμψω.
 προ-ὑπέξ-οριμάω, f. ἦσα, to go out secretly before.
 προὔπεσον, for προέπ-, aor. 2 of προπίπτω.
 προ-ὑπηργμένος, pf. pass. part. of προὔπάρχω.
 προὔπιπον, προὔπιον, for προεπ-, impf. and aor. 2 of προπίνω.
 προὔπιστήθην, for προεπ-, aor. 1 of προεπίσταμαι.
 προ-ὑπισχνέομαι, Dep. to promise before.
 προ-ὑποβάλλω, to put under as a foundation.
 προ-ὑπόκειμαι, f. -κείσομαι, Pass. to exist before.
 προ-ὑπολαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to assume beforehand.
 προὔπτος, ov, contr. for πρόστος.
 προὔπιθύωην, for προεπ-, aor. 2 of προπυθάνομαι.
 προὔργιαίτερος, a, ov, see προὔργω.
 προὔργω, contr. for πρό ἔργω, for a work or object: hence worth while, profitable, useful, good for anything; προὔργω τι δρᾶν to do something of use: also as Adv. serviceably, conveniently.—Comp. προὔργιαίτερος, a, ov, more serviceable, useful, important; προὔργιαίτερον ποιέσθαι to deem of more consequence:—Sup. προὔργιαίτατος, η, ov, most serviceable, etc.
 προὔρρηθῆναι, aor. 1 pass. of προερέω.
 προὔσελέω, to maltreat, outrage. (Deriv. uncertain.)
 προὔστάλην, for προεστ-, aor. 2 pass. of προστέλλω.
 προὔστησα, προὔστην, for προεστ-, aor. 1 and 2 of προϊστήμι.
 προὔτιθει, προὔτιψα, for προεστ-.
 προὔφαινε, for προέφαινε.
 προ-υφαίρω, f. ἦσω, to withdraw from one before.
 προὔφειλω, for προοφείλω.
 προὔχω, προὔχουσι, προὔχοντο, for προέχ-.
 προ-φαίνω, f. -φᾶνω: aor. 1 -έφηνα:—to bring forth to light, shew forth, manifest, display. 2. to shew forth by word, to declare:—Pass. aor. 2 προὔφάνην [ᾶ], part. προφανείς, εἶσα, ἐν, to be shewn forth, come forth and appear, come into sight, come to light; προὔφάνη κτύπος the sound was clearly heard. II. to shew beforehand, foreshew: metaph. to hold out a prospect beforehand, promise:—Pass. and Med. to

shew itself or appear before, be revealed before. III. intr. to shine forth: bold a light before.
 προφᾶνῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of προφαίνω.
 προφᾶνῆς, ἐς, (προφανῆναι) shewing itself from afar: quite plain or clear; ἀπό or ἐκ τοῦ προφανοῦς openly.
 προφᾶντος, ov, (προφαίνω) shewn or seen from afar, far-famed. II. foreshewn, disclosed beforehand.
 προφᾶσιζομαι, impf. προφᾶσιζόμεν: f. ἴσομαι Att. ἴομαι: aor. 1 προφᾶσιζάμεν: Dep.: (πρόφασις):—to set up as a pretext, allege by way of excuse, c. acc.: absol. to make excuses: the aor. 1 pass. προφᾶσιζήσθαι takes a pass. sense, to be pretended, be made a pretence.
 προφᾶσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (προφαίνω) an apparent cause, reason, motive, pretext: mostly in bad sense, a mere pretext, a pretence, excuse, evasion: absol. in acc. προφᾶσιν, as one pretends, ostensibly: also in dat. προφᾶσει, absol. for appearance, for a show or pretence; ἐπὶ προφᾶσεως and ἐπὶ προφᾶσει by way of excuse; πρόφασιν προτείνειν or παρέχειν to put forward an excuse: elliptically, μή μοι πρόφασιν [make] me no excuse: προφᾶσιος ἔχθεσθαι to lay hold of a pretext.
 προφᾶτος, ov, (προφαίνομαι) shewn forth, renowned.
 προ-φᾶτεω, προ-φᾶτης [ᾶ], Dor. for προφητ-.
 προφερέης, ἐς, placed before or in front, preferred, excellent: Comp. and Sup. προφερέστερος, a, ov, προφερέστατος, η, ov, more, most excellent: the Sup. also signifies most advanced in age, oldest. There is also a contr. Comp. and Sup., προφέρτερος, προφέρτατος.
 προφέρησι, Ep. for προφέρη, 3 sing. subj. of προφέρω.
 προ-φέρω, f. προείσω: aor. 1 προφήνεκα: aor. 2 προτηνεγκον:—to bring before one, bring to, present. 2. of words, to throw in one's teeth, bring forward, object to one, Lat. objicere, exprobrare: also simply to utter, assert, declare: to bring forward, quote, produce. 3. of an oracle, to propose, command. II. to bring forward, display; πόλεμον προφέρειν to declare war. III. to bear on or away, to carry or sweep away. IV. metaph. to put forward, further, assist, Lat. proferre, promovere; προφέρειν τινά ὁδόν to further one on the road. V. intr. to surpass, excel.
 προ-φεύγω, f. -φεύσομαι: aor. 2 προὔφυγον:—to flee forwards or away, flee. II. c. acc. to flee from, shun, avoid.
 πρό-φημι, to say beforehand, foretell.
 προφητεία, ἡ, (προφητεύω) the gift of interpreting the will of the gods. 2. the gift of expounding of scripture, public instruction, preaching.
 προφητεύω Dor. προφᾶτ-: f. σω: aor. 1 ἐπροφήτευσα: (προφήτης):—to be an interpreter of the gods, interpret or expound their word. II. to expound publicly, preach.
 προφήτης, ov, δ, Dor. προφᾶτης: (πρόφημι) one who speaks for another: an interpreter of the will of a god, Διὸς προφήτης ἐστὶ Λογίας πατρός Λογίας

is the *interpreter* of his father Jove: so Poets are called *Μουσῶν προφῆται*, *interpreters of the Muses*: generally, an *interpreter*, *proclaimer*.

II. an *interpreter of scripture*, *inspired teacher*, *preacher*. III. a *foreteller*, *prophet*.

προφητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (προφήτης) *oracular*.
προφήτις, ἰδος, fem. of προφήτης, a *prophetess*.
προφθάνω, f. -φθάσω and -φθήσομαι: aor. 2 προϋφθην:—to *outrun*, *anticipate*, *be beforehand with*.

προφθάς, aor. 2 part. of προφθάνω.

προφθίμενος, η, ον, *dead or killed before*. [ἴ]

προφοβέω, f. ἦσω, to *frighten beforehand*:—Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to *fear beforehand*.

προφορέω, to *bring forward*:—Med. προφορέω to *pass the weft to and fro*: metaph. to *run to and fro*.
προφράζω, f. σω: pf. pass. -πέφραδμαι: to *foretell*.

πρόφρασσα, irreg. Ep. fem. of πρόφρων, *having forethought*, *thoughtful*.

προφρόνως Ep. -έως, *graciously*, *willingly*, *readily*, *gladly*: Adv. of πρόφρων.

πρόφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρό, φρήν) *with forward mind*, i. e. *earnest*, *heartly*, *kindly*, *willing*, *ready to do a thing*.

προφύγειν, aor. 2 inf. of προφεύγω,
προφύγισθα, Ep. for προφύγοις, 2 sing. aor. 2 opt. of προφεύγω.

προφύλακῆ, (προφυλάσσω) a *guard in front*, *outpost*, *advanced guard*: αἱ προφυλακαὶ *outposts*, *picquets*: διὰ προφυλακῆς *on guard*.

προφύλακίς, ἰδος, ἡ, fem. Adj. of sq.; ναῦς προφυλακίς a *look-out ship*.

προφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, an *advanced guard*. [ῥ]

προφύλασσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to *keep guard before or in front*, to *guard*, c. acc.: προφυλάσσειν ἐπὶ τινι *to keep guard over a person or place*: absol. to *be on guard*, *be on the look-out*, *keep watch*:—Med. to *guard oneself*: to *guard against*, *be on one's guard against*, Lat. *cavere*, c. acc.

προφύλαχθε, irreg. 2 plur. imperat. of προφυλάσσω.

προφύραω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. προπεφύραμαι:—to *knead beforehand*. II. metaph. to *concoct*, *brew*.

προφύτεύω, f. σω, to *plant before*: metaph. to *produce*, *give birth to*.

προφύω, f. σω, to *generate before*. II. Pass. with aor. 2 act. πρόσφω, pf. προπέφυκα, to *be born before* another.

προφωνέω, f. ἦσω, to *utter or declare beforehand*. II. to *command publicly*.

προχαίρω, to *rejoice beforehand*: 3 sing. imperat. προχαρέτω, *far be it from me!* *away with it!* cf. χαίρε, χαίρετω, sub χαίρω.

προχαλκεύω, f. σω, to *forge beforehand*.

προχειρίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰω, to *put into the hand*, *deliver up*:—Pass., aor. I part. προχειρισθείς, and pf. προκχειρισμένος, to *be taken in hand*, *undertaken*: also to *be arranged*, *made ready beforehand*. II, as Dep. προχειρίζομαι, Att. fut. -ισού-

μαι, to *take into one's hand*, to *make ready*, *make use of*. 2. to *choose*, *select*, *appoint*.

πρό-χειρος, ον, (πρό, χεῖρ) *at hand*, *close to*, *convenient*: *bandy*, *ready*. 2. *easy*, *common*. 3. of persons, *ready or inclined to do*.

προχειροτόνω, f. ἦσω, to *elect before*.
προχειρώς, Adv. of πρόχειρος, *offhand*, *readily*: Comp. -οτέρως.

προ-χέω, f. -χῶ: aor. I προέχαι: pf. -κέχῃκα: Pass., aor. I προεχίθην [ῥ]: pf. -κέχῃμαι:—to *pour forth* or *forward*:—Pass., metaph. of a crowd of men; ἐς πεδίον προέχοντο *they poured or streamed on to the plain*.

πρόχῃ, Adv. (πρό, γόνυ) *kneeling*, *on one's knees*; πρόχῃν δέσσεια, to *perish in a kneeling state*, i. e. *in wretched plight*.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) a *pouring out* or *forth*: in plur. προχόαι, *the mouth of a river*.

προχόη, ἡ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος.

προ-χοῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πρόχοος, a *pot*.

πρόχοος Att. contr. -χούς, ἡ: irreg. dat. pl. πρόχοισι: (προχέω):—a *vessel for pouring out*, a *jug*, *pitcher*, *vase*, *urn*: also *the flagon* or *wine-flask* from which the cup-bearer pours into the cups.

προ-χορεύω, f. σω, to *lead a chorus*; προχορεύειν κῶμον *to lead a band of revellers*.

πρό-χους, Att. for πρόχοος: πρόχοισι, irreg. dat. pl.

προ-χρίω, f. ἴσω [ῖ], to *smear or anoint before*.

πρό-χρονος, ον, *previous*, *prior*.

πρόχῃσις, ἡ (προχέω), a *pouring* or *spreading out*; πρόχῃσιν ποιείσθαι οὐλὰς κριθῶν = προχέειν οὐλὰς κριθῶν, to *pour forth* the *sacrificial barley*: also a *deposit*, *alluvial soil*.

προχύται (sub. κριθαί), αἱ, properly fem. pl. of προχῆτος, the *barley cakes thrown forth* at the beginning of a sacrifice.

προχύτης, ον, ὁ, (προχέω) = πρόχοος, a *jug* or *pitcher*: (an *urn*, *vase*). [ῥ]

προχῦτός, ἡ, ὄν, (προχέω) *poured forth*.

πρό-χῶλος, ον, *very lame* or *halt*.

προ-χωρέω, f. ἦσω, to *go or come forward*, *advance*, *go on*. II. metaph. of Power, to *advance*, *become greater*, προχωρεῖν ἐπὶ μέγα: of an enterprise, to *go on*, *succeed*; εἰδὲ προχωρεῖν to *go on well*: impers., προχωρεῖ ἰτι goes *on well*; ὡς οἱ δόλω οὐ προχωρεῖ when it did not go on well for him by craft, i. e. when he did not succeed by craft. III. to *come forward* to *speaking*.

προ-ωθέω, f. -ωθήσω and -ώσω: aor. I προέωσα:—to *push forward*, *push* or *urge on*; προωθεῖν αὐτόν to *urge oneself on*, *rush on*. II. to *push off* or *away*, in wrestling.

προ-ώλης, ες, (πρό, ἄλλυμι) *ruined beforehand*.

προώρισα, aor. I of προορίζω.

προ-ωρος, ον, (πρό, ὦρα) *before the time*, *untimely*.

προωφειλόμη, impf. pass. of προοφείλω.

πυλῆες, ον, οἱ, *soldiers*, *combatants on foot*: opp. to chiefs fighting from chariots. (Deriv. uncertain.)

πρύμνα Ion. and poet. πρύμνη, ἡ, properly fem., of πρυμνός (sub. ναῦς), the bindmost part of a ship, the stern, poop, Lat. *ruppis*: ἐπὶ πρύμνῃ ἀνακρούεσθαι (see ἀνακρούω); ἀνεμος ἐπείγει κατὰ πρύμνῃ the wind impels us right astern: ships were generally fastened to land by the stern, hence πρύμνας λύσαι mean to loose the cable. II. metaph., πρύμνα πόλεως the Acropolis; πρύμνα Ὀσσα the foot of Mount Ossa.

πρυμναῖος, α, ον, (πρύμνα) of a ship's stern. πρύμνη, ἡ, Ion. and poet. for πρύμνα.

πρύμνηθεν, Adv. of πρύμνη, from the ship's stern: generally, from behind.

πρυμνήσιος, α, ον, (πρύμνη) of or from a ship's stern:—as Subst., πρυμνήσια (sub. σχοινία), τά, ropes from a ship's stern to fasten her to the shore, stern-cables, Lat. *retinacula*.

πρυμνήτης, ου, ὁ, (πρύμνη) the steersman, helmsman: metaph. the pilot of the state. II. as masc. Adj. attached or fastened to a ship's stern.

πρυμνόθεν, Adv. (πρύμνη) from the stern. II. from the lowest part, Lat. *funditus*: utterly, root and branch.

πρυμνόν, τό, the lower part, end: properly neut. of πρυμνός.

πρυμνός, ἡ, ὄν, the bindmost, undermost, endmost: in Homer used of different limbs, where it means the end next the body, as, πρυμνός βραχίον the end of the arm (where it joins the shoulder): hence, πρυμνήν ἔλκν ἐκτάμνεν to cut off the wood at the root.—Sup. πρυμνότατος, at the lowest end.

πρυμνοῦχος, ον, (πρύμνα, ἔχω) holding the ship's stern. II. detaining the fleet.

πρυμνώρεα, ἡ, (πρυμνός, ὄρος) the bottom or foot of a mountain.

πρυτάνεια Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) the prytanea or presidency, at Athens a period of 35 or 36 days, during which the prytanes of each φυλή in turn presided in the βουλή or Council of 500, and in the ἐκκλησία or popular Assembly:—κατὰ πρυτανείαν by presidencies, i. e. every 35 or 36 days. II. any public office held by rotation for given periods: πρυτανεία τῆς ἡμέρης the chief command for the day.

πρυτάνειον Ion. —ἡ, ἡ, (πρυτανεύω) the presidents' hall, town-hall, a public building in Greek cities, consecrated to Vesta, to whom a perpetual fire was kept burning in it, which in colonies was originally brought from the Prytaneion of the mother-city: the Prytanes for the time being had their meals there, and entertained foreign ambassadors; citizens also who had deserved well of the state, and the children of those who fell in battle, were rewarded with a seat at this public table. II. a law-court at Athens.

III. pl. πρυτανεῖα, a sum of money deposited by the parties to a lawsuit before the suit began, Lat. *sacramentum*; τιθέναι πρυτανεῖα τινι to make a deposit against one, i. e. bring an action against him.

πρυτάνεύω, f. σω, (πρυτανεύω) to be πρυτανεύω or pre-

sident, hold sway.

II. at Athens, to hold office as Prytanis, to put to the vote as Prytanis, propose or lay before the assembly: the φυλή or tribe, whose 50 βουλευταῖ were πρυτάνεις for the time being, was called φυλή πρυτανεύουσα, (see πρυτανεύω, πρυτανεία): ὁ πρυτανεύουσα be who put a question to the vote. III. generally, to manage, regulate, administer.

πρυτάνη, —ἡ, ἡ, Ion. for πρυτανεία, —εἶον.

πρυτάνης, εως, ὁ, pl. πρυτάνεις, as if from πρυτανεύω: (πρό, πρότερος): a prince, ruler, lord. II. a Prytanis or President: at Athens the πρυτάνεις were a committee of 50, being the deputies of one of the ten φυλαί, and so forming $\frac{1}{10}$ part of the βουλή or Council of 500: out of these fifty πρυτάνεις one was chosen by lot as chief-president (ἐπιστάτης); he chose nine πρόεδροι: and these, with a secretary (γραμματεὺς) out of their own body, formed the Presidency (πρυτανεία). The φυλή which first entered office every year was determined by lot, and their term of office was called πρυτανεία: during this time all public acts ran in their name, in this form; Ἀκαμαντὶς [φυλῆ] ἐπρυτάνει, Φαινίππος ἐγραμμάτευε, Νικαῖδης ἐπεστάται, 'the tribe of Acamas were πρυτάνεις, Phae-nippus was secretary, Niciades was chief-president.' See πρυτανεία, πρυτανεῖον.

πρῶ or πρῶ, Adv., Att. for πρῶί.

πρῶν Dor. πρῶν, (πρῶί) lately, just now, not long ago, Lat. *nuper*. II. the day before yesterday;

proverb., μέχρι οὖ πρῶν τε καὶ χθές till yesterday or the day before, i. e. till very lately.

πρῶθ-ἡβης, ου, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) a youth in his first bloom.

πρῶθ-ἡβος, ον, also η, ον, (πρῶτος, ἡβη) in the bloom or flower of youth.

πρῶί [ἔ], Att. shortd. πρῶ: Adv.: (πρό):—early, early in the day, at morn, Lat. *mane*: c. gen., πρῶί ἐτι τῆς ἡμέρης still early in the day; ἡμέρας τὸ πρῶί the early part of the day; ἄμα πρῶί at early morn; ἀπὸ πρῶί from morn. 2. generally, betimes, early, in good time, Lat. *mature, tempestive*. II. Comp. πρῶϊαίτερον, earlier, Sup. πρῶϊαίτατα, earliest, formed from πρῶϊος.

πρῶϊα (sub. ὥρα), ἡ, fem. of πρῶϊος, morning. [ἔ] πρῶϊαίτερον, πρῶϊαίτατα, Comp. and Sup. of πρῶί.

πρῶϊφος, ον, = πρῶϊος, early, timely, in good time: Adv. πρῶϊα, like πρῶν, the day before yesterday: but also too early, before the time.

πρῶϊμος, ον, (πρῶί) early.

πρῶϊός, ἡ, ὄν, = πρῶϊος. [ἔ]

πρῶϊος Att. πρῶος, α, ον, (πρῶί): early, early in day, at morn; δέλιη πρῶία the early part of the afternoon, opp. to δέλιη ὄψια, the latter part; πρῶϊας, absol. as Adv., early. II. early in the season;

πρῶα τῶν καρπίμων early fruits.

πρωκτό-πεντητηρίς, ἰδός, ἡ, (πρωκτός, πεντητηρίς) five years of debauchery.

πρωκτός, ὁ, (πρῶγω) the anus, the binder parts, back, tail.

πρῶν, πρῶνος, ὁ, contr. from πρῆν, πρῆνος; nom. pl. πρωνοες, as if from πρῶν:—anything that juts forward, a foreland, headland, Lat. promontorium; ἄλιος πρῶν ἀμφοτέρας κοινὸς αἴας the jutting ridge of the sea (i. e. the bridge) which joined both lands.

πρῶος, α, ον, Att. for πρῶιος.

πρῶρα, ας Ion. ης, ἡ, (πρό) the fore-part of a ship, a ship's head, prow, bows, Lat. prora: also (as if from an Adj. πρῶρος) νηὺς πρῶρη the prow of a ship, like νηὺς πρῆμη; πνεῦμα τοῖς πρῶρα a head-wind, opp. to πνεῦμα κατὰ πρῆμην, a stern-wind. II. generally, any front: hence a head, face.

πρῶρᾶθεν, or before a consonant -θε, Adv. (πρῶρα) from the ship's head, from the front.

πρῶρατεύω, f. σω, to be a look-out man, look out ahead. From

πρῶράτης [ᾱ], ον, ὁ, (πρῶρα) a man who stood at the ship's head to give signals to the steersman, a look-out man.

πρῶρεῦς, ἑως, ἡ, (πρῶρα) = πρῶράτης.

πρῶρηθεν, Adv., Ion. for πρῶρᾶθεν.

πρῶσαι, πρῶσας, πρῶσον, contr. for προ-ῶσαι, etc., aor. I inf., part., and imperat. of προῶθέω.

πρῶτα, neut. pl. of πρῶτος, as Adv. first of all, in the first place.

πρωτ-ᾄως, οὐ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἄγω) leading in advance; οἱ πρωταγῶι, the vanguard.

πρωτ-ἀγρια, τὰ, (πρῶτος, ἀγρία) the first-fruits of the chase.

πρωτ-ἀγωνιστής, οὐ, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀγωνιστής) one who plays the first part, the chief actor, Lat. primarium partium actor; the other two actors being called respectively δευτεραγωνιστής, τριταγωνιστής: generally, the chief personage.

πρωτ-αρχος, ον, (πρῶτος, ἀρχω) first-beginning, primal, originating.

πρωτεῖον, τό, (πρωτεύω) the chief rank, first place: esp. in pl., τὰ πρωτεῖα the first prize or place.

πρωτεύω, f. σω, (πρῶτος) to be the first, to excel, be preëminent. 2. to be the first among, be superior to, c. gen.

πρωτ-πρότης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἀρότης) one who ploughs earliest or first.

πρῶτιστος, η, ον, also ος, ον, poet. Sup. of πρῶτος, the first of the first, first of all, very first; neut. πρῶτιστον and -τα as Adv., first of all.

πρωτ-βολος, ον, (πρῶτος, βαλεῖν) first thrown at or struck. II. paroik. πρωτο-βόλος, ον, act. striking first.

πρωτο-γλύψης, ἐς, (πρῶτος, γλύπτω) newly-carved.

πρωτό-γονος, ον, (πρῶτος, γενέσθαι) firstborn. 2. of rank, high-born, illustrious. 3. first-ordained.

πρωτό-ζυξ, ὄνος, (πρῶτος, ζυγῆναι) newly married.

πρωτό-θρονος, ον, filling the first seat: irreg. pl. πρωθῆρονες (as if from πρωθῆρων).

πρωτο-καθεδρία, ἡ, (πρῶτος, καθέδρα) the first seat, chief place.

πρωτο-κλισία, ἡ, (πρωτός, κλίνω) the first place or seat at table.

πρωτο-κτόνος, ον, (πρῶτος, κτείνω) slaying first, committing the first murder.

πρωτο-κύων, ὁ, (πρῶτος, κύων) the first dog, i. e. the chief of the Cynics.

πρωτό-λεια, τὰ, (πρῶτος, λεία) the first spoils in war, the firstfruits:—as Adv. in the first place.

πρωτολογία, ἡ, the right of speaking first. From πρωτο-λόγος, ον, (πρῶτος, λέγω) speaking first.

πρωτό-μάντις, εως, ὁ, (πρῶτος, μάντις) the first prophet or seer.

πρωτό-μορος, ον, (πρῶτος, μόρος) dying or dead first.

πρωτο-παγής, ἐς, (πρῶτος, παγῆναι) first put together, i. e. newly made.

πρωτο-πήμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (πρῶτος, πήμα) burting first: the first cause of ill.

πρωτό-πλους, ον, Att. contr. -πλους, ουν; (πρῶτος, πλούς) making the first voyage, going to sea for the first time. II. sailing first or foremost.

πρωτόρ-ριζος, ον, (πρῶτος, ρίζα) being the first root or origin.

πρῶτος, η, ον, Sup. of πρό, as if contr. from πρότατος, πρώατος, Dor. πρώατος (the Comp. being πρότερος):—first, foremost, front, of Number or Place; of Time, first, earliest, Lat. primus; ἐν πρώτοις, μετὰ πρώτοις among the first fighters, i. e. in front. 2. neut. pl. τὰ πρῶτα (sub. ἄθλα) the first prize; τὰ πρῶτα φέρεσθαι to carry off the first prize; ἐς τὰ πρῶτα to the highest degree: of persons, ἐὼν τὰ πρῶτα τῶν Ἐρετριέων being the first or foremost man among the Eretrians; τὰ πρῶτα τῆς ἐκεῖ μοχθηρίας the chief of the rascality there. 3. τὴν πρώτην, as Adv., first, at present, just now: so with εἶναι; τὴν πρώτην εἶναι, like ἐκὼν εἶναι, at first. 4. neut. sing. and plur. πρώτον, πρῶτα as Adv., first, in the first place, Lat. primum: first of all, above all. 5. after a Relative, πρώτων means once, once for all, as, ὄντα πρώτων λάβουσαν ἑλλάμι whom storms may catch for the first time, i. e. once for all. 6. ἐν πρώτοις, Lat. in primis, among the first, chiefly, especially; ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις, as if shortd. for ἐν τοῖς πρώτοις πρώτοις, first among the first.

II. πρῶτος is sometimes found as a Comp. c. gen., before, sooner than: also πρώτων ἢ . . . = πρὶν ἢ . . ., Lat. priusquam.

πρωτό-σπορος, ον, (πρῶτος, σπείρω) first sown or begotten.

πρωτο-στάτης, ον, ὁ, (πρῶτος, ἵσταμαι) one who stands first, the first man on the right of a line: but also, οἱ πρωτόσταται the front-rank men. II. a chief, leader. [ᾱ]

πρωτοτοκία, ἡ, a bearing her firstborn: and πρωτοτοκία, ον, τὰ, the privilege of the first-born, birthright. From

πρωτο-τόκος, ον, (πρῶτος, τεκεῖν) bearing her firstborn. II. paroik. πρωτότοκος, ον, pass. first-born.

πρωτό-τομος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, τεμῆν) *first cut off*.

πρωτό-φυτος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, φύω) *firstborn*.

πρωτό-χνοος, *ον* contr. -χνοος, *ον*, *with the first down*.

πρωτό-χυτος, *ον*, (πρῶτος, χέω) *first-flowing*.

πρωθῦαν, *contr.* for προ-αυθῦαν, *inf.* of προαυθαῖν.

πρώων, *ονος*, *δ*, *Ep.* lengthd. form for πρῶν.

πταίσα, *Dor.* pres. part. fem. of πταίω.

ΠΤΑΙΨΩ, *f.* πτῶρῶ: *aor.* 1 ἔπτῶρα: *aor.* 2 ἔπτῶρον:—*to sneeze*; μέγ' ἔπτῶρε *be sneezed aloud*, which was taken for a good omen:—*metaph.* of a lamp, *to sputter*.

πταίσμα, τό, (πταίω) *a stumble, false step*: *metaph.* *a mistake, blunder*. II. *a failure, misfortune*.

ΠΤΑΙΨΩ, *f.* πταίσω: *aor.* 1 ἔπταισα: *Pass.*, *aor.* 1 ἔπταίσθη: *pf.* ἔπταισμα:—*to make to stumble*. *Lat.* *offendere*.

II. *intrans.* (*sub.* πῶδα), *to strike the foot, stumble*; πταίειν πρὸς τινα *to stumble against*; *also*, περί τινι, *as*, μὴ περὶ Μαρδονίῳ πταίσῃ ἢ Ἑλλάς *lest Hellas should get a fall over him*. 2. *metaph.* *to make a false step or mistake, to fail*.

πτάμενος, *η, ον*, *aor.* 2 part. of πέταμαι. [ᾶ]

πτανός, *Dor.* for πτηνός.

πτάξ, *gen.* πτάκος, *δ, ἡ*, (πτήσσω) *the cowering animal, i. e. the hare*.

πταμόσ, *δ*, (πταίρω) *a sneezing, sneeze*.

πταρνύμαι, *Dep.* = πταίρω, *to sneeze*.

πτάσ, part. of ἔπτῃν, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτάσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέταμαι.

πτάτο, *Ep.* for ἔπτᾶτο, 3 *sing.* *aor.* 2 of πέταμαι.

ΠΥΤΕΛΕ΄Α *Ion.* -ἐη, ἡ, *the elm*, *Lat.* *ulmus*.

πτερίνος, *η, ον*, *also* *ος, ον*, (πτερόν) *made of feathers*; πτερίνος κύκλος *a fan of feathers*. II. *feathered, winged*.

πτερίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, (πτερόν) *a kind of fern*, so called from its leaves being like feathers.

ΠΥΕ΄ΡΝΑ *Ion.* -ρη, ἡ, *the bee*.

II. = πέρνα,

a ham.

Πτερο-γλύφος, *δ*, (πτέρνα, γλύφω) *Ham-scraper*. name for a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερο-τρώκτης, *ου, ὅ*, (πτέρνα, τρώγω) *Ham-nibbler*, the name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

Πτερο-φάγος, *δ*, (πτέρνα, φάγειν) *Ham-eater*, name of a mouse in the Batrachomyomachia.

πτερο-δόνητος, *ον*, (πτερόν, δονέω) *moved with flapping wings*: *metaph.* *high-soaring, high-flown*.

πτεροίεις, *εσσα, εν*, *contr.* fem. πτερούσσα, *gen.* πτερούστος: (πτερόν):—*feathered, winged*: *also light as a feather*: used by Homer mostly in phrase ἔπεια πτερόεντα, *winged words*.

πτερόν, τό, (πέτομαι, πτέσθαι) *a feather*, mostly in plur. *feathers*. 2. *wings*; ὑπό πτεροῖς εἶναι *to be under their mother's wings*. II. *a winged creature*.

2. for οἰωνός, *an augury, omen*. III. *of anything like wings or feathers*, such as oars, ἔρεμα, τὰ τε πτερά νηυσὶ πέλονται *which are the wings of ships*. 2. ἀέθλων πτερά *the prize which wafts the Poet as it were to heaven*. 3. *the leafage of trees*,

like κόμη. 4. in Architecture, *the rows of columns along the sides of Greek temples*, whence the terms ἀπτερος, διπτερος, περίπτερος.

πτερο-ποικύλος, *ον*, (πτερόν, ποικίλος) *motley-feathered, of pied plumage*.

πτερό-πους, -ποδος, (πτερόν, πούς) *wing-footed*.

πτερο-ροέω and -ρούω, *f. ἴσω*: (πτερόν, ῥέω):—*to shed the feathers, lose feather, moult*: *metaph.* *to be plucked, fleeced, pigeoned*.

πτερο-φόρος, *ον*, (πτερόν, φέρω) *feathered, winged*; πτεροφόρα φύλα *the feathered tribes*.

πτερο-φύω, (πτερόν, φύω) *to grow feathers or wings*.

πτερώω, *f. ὠσω*, (πτερόν) *to furnish with feathers or wings, to feather*; πτεροῦν βιβλίον *to tie a letter to a feathered arrow and shoot it off*:—*Pass.* *to be feathered*. 2. *of ships, to furnish with oars*.

πτερύγεσσι, *Ep.* dat. pl. of πτέρυξ.

πτερύγιζω, *f. ἴσω*, (πτέρυξ) *to flutter or flap the wings*.

πτερύγιον [ῦ], τό, *Dim.* of πτέρυξ, *a little wing*. II. anything like a wing, as, a turret or battlement; or, a pointed roof, a pinnacle.

πτερύγ-ακῆς, *ές*, (πτέρυξ, ἄκως) *swift of wing*.

πτερύγωτος, *η, ὄν*, (πτερυγία) *fledged, winged, wing-shaped*.

πτέρυξ, ὄγος, ἡ, (πτερόν) *a wing*. II. *anything like a wing*, as I. a rudder. 2. in plur. the skirts of a coat of mail. 2. *the wing of a building*. III. *anything that covers or protects like wings, a fold, flap or cape*.

IV. *metaph.*, πτέρυγες γένων *the wings, i. e. the flight or flow, of grief*.

πτερύσσομαι, *f. ξομαι*, *Dep.* = πτερυγιζω.

πτέρωμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτερίω) *that which is feathered, a feathered arrow*.

πτέρωσις, ἡ, (πτερώω) *a feathering, plumage*.

πτερωτός, ἡ, ὄν, *also* ὄς, ὄν, (πτερώω) *feathered*: *winged*.

πτέσθαι, *aor.* 2 *inf.* of πέτομαι.

πτήναι, *inf.* of ἔπτῃν, *aor.* 2 act. of πέτομαι.

πτην-ολέτις, *ιδος, ἡ*, (πτηνός, ὀλλυμι) *bird-killing*.

πτηνός, ἡ, ὄν *Dor.* πτανός, *ά, ὄν*, (πτήναι) *feathered, winged*: πτηνά, τά, *fowls, birds*. II. *of young birds, fledged*. III. *metaph.*, πτηνοὶ μῖθοι, *like ἔπεια πτερόεντα, winged, passing words*; πτηναὶ ἐλπιδες *fleeting hopes*.

πτήξαι, *aor.* 1 *inf.* of πτήσσω.

πτήσις, ἡ, (πτήναι) *a flying, flight*.

πτήσομαι, *fut.* of πέτομαι.

ΠΤΗ΄ΣΣΩ, *fut.* πτήξω: *aor.* 1 ἔπτῃχα *Ep.* πτήξα: *aor.* 2 ἔπτᾶκον, only found in compd. καταπτᾶκόν: *pf.* ἔπτῃχα, *Ep.* part. πεπτήως, ὄτος:—*to frighten, scare, alarm, terrify*, *Lat.* *terrere*.

II. *intr.* *to crouch down or cower for fear*; πτήσσειν βωμῶν *to flee cowering to the altar*. 2. *c. acc.* *to crouch for fear of a thing*.

πτήται, *Ion.* for πᾶται, 3 *sing.* *aor.* 2 subj. of πέτομαι.

ΠΥΓΙΛΟΝ [γ], τό, *a feather*: *plumage*: *esp.* *of the under feathers, down*. II. *a wing*.

πιλόνωτος, *ον*, (πίλον, νῶτον) *with feathered back*.
 πτισάνη [ἄ], ἡ, (πίσσω) *peeled barley*. II. *a drink made from it, barley-water, barley-gruel*.

ΠΤΥΨΩΩ, fut. πτίωσι: aor. I ἐπίτσα: Pass., aor. I ἐπίτσην: pf. ἐπίτσημαι:—*to husk, peel or winnow grain*: also *to grind coarsely, to pound*.

ΠΤΩΟ Ion. πτοίη, ἡ, (πτοέω) *fear, terror*.

ΠΤΟΕΨΩ, f. ἡσω: aor. I ἐπτόσην ποῖτ. ἐπτοίσησι:—Pass., aor. I ἐπτόσην ποῖτ. ἐπτοίσην: pf. ἐπτόσημαι ποῖτ. ἐπτοίσημαι:—*to frighten, scare away*:—Pass. *to be scared or dismayed*. II. metaph. *to flutter, excite, agitate*:—Pass. *to be in a flutter, be agitated: to be wild, distracted*; τὸ πτοηθέν *distraction*. Hence πτόσησι or πτοίσησι, *εως, ἡ, terror: any vehement passion, excitement*.

πτοίεω, πτοίησις, πτοίητός, *v. sub πτοέω*.

πτολεμίζω, πτολεμιστής, etc., Ep. for πολεμ—.

πτολεμος, ὁ, Ep. for πόλεμος, *war*.

πτολί-αρχος, *ον*, Ep. for πολιάρχος.

πτολίεθρον, τό, Dim. of πτόλις, but used like πόλις, *a city*.

πτολί-πορθος and πτολι-πόρθιος, *ον*, (πτόλις, πέρθω) *sacking or wasting cities*: also πτολι-πόρθης, *ου, ὁ*.

πτόλις, Ep. for πόλις.

πτόλισμα, Ep. for πόλισμα.

πτόρθος, ὁ, *a young branch, shoot, sucker, sapling*. II. *a sprouting, shooting, budding*.

πτύγμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύσσω) *anything folded, a fold*.
 πτυκτός, ὁ, ὄν, (πτύσσω) *folded*; πτυκτός πίναξ, *folded tablets, consisting of two thin plates of wood, one folding upon the other*.

πτύξ, πτύχος, ἡ, later πτύχη, ἡς, ἡ, (πτύσσω):—*anything in folds, a fold, leaf, layer, plate, ptyches* *σάκεος plates forming a shield*. II. *of the clefts or breaks in the side of a hill, which at a distance look like folds*; *a cleft, dell, coomb*: so also of the sky, *folds or clouds*.

III. in form πτυχή, *a folding tablet*. IV. in Comedy, *wrinkles*.

πτύον, τό, Ep. gen. πτύδιον, (πτύω) *a winnowing-s shovel or fan, Lat. vannus*.

ΠΤΥΨΩΩ [ψ], f. πτύρω:—*to frighten, scare, terrify*:—Pass. πτύρομαι, aor. 2 ἐπτύρην [ψ]: *to be frightened*.

πτύσμα, *ατος, τό*, (πτύω) *spittle*.

ΠΤΥΨΩΩ, f. ξω: aor. I ἐπτύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐπτύχην: pf. ἐπτύχημαι:—*to fold or double up, fold and lay by*. II. Pass. *to be folded or doubled up*: of spear-points, *to be folded or bent back*. 2. *to fold or cling round or to*. III.

Med. *to fold round oneself*. Hence

πτύχη, ἡ, see πτύξ.

ΠΤΥΨΩ, f. πτύσω [ψ]: aor. I ἐπτύσα: pf. pass. ἐπτύσμαι:—*to spit out*: *to spit, Lat. spuo*. II. *to disgorge, cast out, throw up, vomit forth*. III.

metaph., *πτύσας having spat, with an expression of disgust*: *πτύσας προσωπῶ with loathing in his face*.

πτωκός, ἄδος, ἡ, (πτῶξ, πτώσσω) *shy, timorous, fearful*.

πτῶμα, *ατος, τό*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a fall: a misfortune, calamity, disaster, Lat. casus*. II. *that which has fallen, a corpse, carcase*.

πτῶξ, ὁ, ἡ, gen. πτωκός, (πτῶσσω) *the cowering animal, i. e. the hare*.

πτῶσιμος, *ον*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *fallen, slain*.

πτῶσις, *εως, ἡ*, (πίπτω, πέπτωκα) *a falling, fall*.

πτωσκᾶλω, ποῖτ. for πτώσσω, *to crouch or cower*.

ΠΤΩΨΩΩ, like πτήσσω, intr. *to crouch or cower from fear*: also *to go cowering about, like a beggar, to visit like a beggar*. 2. *to flee affrighted*: c. acc. *to flee from*.

πτωχία Ion. -ῆιη, ἡ, (πτωχεύω) *begging, beggary*.

πτωχεύω, Ion. impf. πτωχεύεσκον: f. σω: (πτωχός):—*to be a beggar, beg*. II. trans., I. c. acc. rei, *to get by begging*. 2. c. acc. pers. *to beg or ask an alms of*.

πτωχηίη, Ion. for πτωχία.

πτωχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πτωχός) *of or for a beggar, beggary*.

πτωχίστερος, irreg. Comp. of πτωχός.

πτωχο-ποιός, ὄν, (πτωχός, ποιέω) *drawing beggarly characters, of a poet*.

πτωχός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (πτῶσσω) *one who crouches or cringes*; as Subst., πτωχός, ὁ, *a beggar*: also πτωχός ἀνήρ *a beggarman*. II. as Adj. *beggarly, mean, sorry*:—later also *poor*.—Comp. and Sup. πτωχότερος, -ότατος; irreg. Comp. πτωχίστερος.

Πυᾶνεψια (sub. ἱερά), τά, (πύανος, ἔψω) *the Pyanepsia, an Athenian festival in the month πνανεψιών, in honour of Apollo*: said to be so called from *a dish of beans then eaten*. Hence

Πυᾶνεψιών, ἄνος, ὁ, the fourth month of the Attic year, so named from the festival Πυανέψια: corresponding to the latter part of October and former of November.

ΠΥΨΩΩ, ὁ, *a bean*.

πυγαίος, *α, ον*, (πυγή) *of or on the rump*: τὸ πυγαῖον ἄκρον *the tip of the rump*.

πύγαρος, *ον*, (πύγη, ἄργός) *white-rump*, name of a Libyan antelope; also of the sea-eagle.

ΠΥΓΗ, ἡς, ἡ, *the rump, buttocks*. Hence

πυγίδιον, τό, Dim. *a thin, narrow rump*. [γ]

πυγμαῖος, *α, ον*, (πυγμή II) *about a foot long or tall*. II. Πυγμαῖοι, οἱ, *the Pigmies, a fabulous race of dwarfs on the upper Nile, said to have been attacked and destroyed by Cranes*.

πυγμαχέω, f. ἡσω, *to practise boxing, be a boxer*. And

πυγμαχία, ἡ, *boxing, Lat. pugilatus*. From

πυγμάχος, *ον*, (πυγμή, μάχομαι) *fighting with the fist*: as Subst., πυγμάχος, ὁ, *a boxer, Lat. pugil*.

πυγμή, ἡ, (πύξ) *a fist, Lat. pugnis*: also *a battle with fists, boxing-match*; πυγμὴν νικᾶν *to be conqueror in the contest of boxing*. II. *a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the knuckles,*

= 18 δάκτυλοι, about 1 ft. 1½ inches. III.

πυγῆ, dat. used as Adv., either = *πύκα*, often, frequently; or *up to the elbow*.

πυγο-στόλος, ον, (πυγή, στολή) *with sweeping train, with trailing robe*.

πυγόσιος, α, ον, about 15 inches long. From ΠΥΓΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the elbow. II. as a measure of length, the distance from the elbow to the first joint of the fingers, = 20 δάκτυλοι or 5 παλασάται, about 15 inches.

πυθαρίζω, f. ἴσω, to hop, jump, dance.

ΠΥΕΛΟΣ, ἡ, a tub, trough or vessel for feeding animals: a *bathtub*: a *vat, boiler, copper*.

Πυθαγόρας, ου Dor. α, ὁ, the philosopher Pythagoras. Hence

πυθαγορίζω, f. ἴσω, to be a disciple of Pythagoras.

Πυθαγοριστής, ου, Dor. -κράς, ἄ, ὁ, (πυθαγορίζω) a Pythagorean, follower of Pythagoras.

πυθέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of πυθάνομαι.

πύθει, Dor. for πύθει, aor. 2 med. imperat. of πυθάνομαι.

Πύθια (sub. ἱερεία), ἡ, fem. of Πύθιος, the Pythia or priestess of Pythian Apollo at Delphi, who uttered the responses of the oracle.

Πύθια (sub. ἱερά), τά, neut. pl. of Πύθιος, the Pythian games, celebrated every four years at Pytho (see Πυθώ) in honour of Pythian Apollo.

Πυθιάς, ἄδος, pecul. fem. of Πύθιος; Πυθιάς βοά a song to Apollo. II. (sub. περίοδος), a Pythiad, period of four years, after which the Pythian games were celebrated, like Ὀλυμπιάς. 2. the celebration of the Pythian games.

Πυθικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Πυθώ) of or for Pytho, Pythian, Delphic.

Πύθιον, τό, the temple of Pythian Apollo at Delphi.

Πύθιο-νίκης, ου, ὁ, (Πύθια, νικάω) a conqueror in the Pythian games.

Πυθιό-νικος, ον, (Πύθια, νικάω) of or belonging to a victory in the Pythian games.

Πύθιος, α, ον, (Πυθώ) Pythian, of or belonging to Pytho, Delphian. II. Πύθιοι, οἱ, at Sparta, four persons whose office it was to consult the Delphic oracle on affairs of state.

πυθμῆ, ἔνος, ὁ, (βυθός) the hollow bottom or stand of a drinking-cup, Lat. *fundus*; πυθμῆν θαλάσσης the bottom of the sea: metaph. the base or foundation of anything: in pl. the depths, foundations. II.

the bottom, root of a tree: generally, a root: metaph. the original stock or stem of a family.

Πυθοῖ, Adv., properly dat. of Πυθώ, at Pytho or Delphi.

πυθόιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of πυθάνομαι.

Πυθοῖδε, Adv., = Πυθώδε, to Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθό-κραντος, ον, (Πυθώ, κραίνω) confirmed by the Pythian god: τὰ Πυθόκραντα the Pythian oracles.

Πυθό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (Πυθώ, μάντις) a Pythian prophet. II. used as Adj., of the Pythian prophet; Πυθόμαντις ἔστια the prophetic hearth of Pytho.

Πυθό-χρήστης, ου, Dor. -τας, α, ὁ, (Πυθώ, χράω) a consulter of the Pythian god.

Πυθό-χρηστος, ον, (Πυθώ, χράω) delivered by the Pythian god. II. consulting the Pythian god.

ΠΥΘΩ [ῶ]: fut. πύσσω: aor. I ἐπύσσα Ep. πύσα:—to rot, decay, moulder.—Pass. to become rotten, to rot, decay, moulder.

Πυθώ, gen. οὐδ., dat. οἰ, ἡ, Pytho, old name of that part of Phocis at the foot of Parnassus, in which lay the town of Delphi: also the oldest name of Delphi itself. Hence

Πυθώδε, Adv. to Pytho or Delphi; and

Πυθώθεν, Adv. from Pytho or Delphi.

Πυθών, ὄνος, ἡ, older form for Πυθώ.

Πυθωνόθεν, Adv., = Πυθώθεν, from Pytho.

ΠΥΚΑ, poet. Adv. from same Root as πυκνός, πυκνός, thickly, frequently. 2. wisely, prudently.

πύκάζω old Dor. -άσω: f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐπύκασα Ep. πύκασα: Pass., aor. I ἐπυκάσθη: pf. πεπύκασμαι: (πύκα):—to make thick or close, cover up closely, envelop; πυκάζειν στεφάνους to cover thick with crowns: hence to cover so as to protect, to shelter: absol. to crown:—aor. I and pf. pass. part. πυκασθείς and πεπυκασμένος, thickly covered, well clothed. 2. metaph. to overcloud, cast a shadow over:—Med. to prepare, fit, make ready for one. II. to close fast, shut up.

πυκάσω, Dor. for πυκάζω.

πύκι-μῆδης, ἐς, (πυκνός, μῆδος) of close or cautious mind, discreet.

πύκινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. lengthd. form for πυκνός: neut. πυκνόν and πυκνά as Adv. closely, thickly: sbrudly.

πύκινό-φρων, ονος, (πυκνός, φρήν) wise-minded. Πυκνός, Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v.

πυκνά, neut. pl. used as Adv. of πυκνός; see πυκνός v. πυκνότης, ου, ὁ, = πυκνότης, (Πυθί) assembling in the Pryx. [r]

πυκνόν, neut. used as Adv. of πυκνός: see πυκνός v. πυκνό-περος, ον, (πυκνός, πτερόν) thick-feathered.

πυκνό-ροξ, -ράξ, -ράγος, (πυκνός, ῥάξ) or πυκνό-ροξ, -ωγος, ὁ, ἡ, (πυκνός, ῥάξ) thick with berries.

πυκνός Ep. lengthd. πύκινός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύξ):—close, compact: of substance, close, solid: thick, close-packed, dense, crowded: of foliage or plumage, thick, close. 2. frequent, thick, rapid, Lat. creber, frequens; πυκνά βέλεα a thick shower of darts. II. well put together, well made, compact, fast, strong: hence well-concerted: well-guarded. III. great, excessive. IV. metaph. of the mind, close, guarded, cautious; hence sbrud, discreet, wise. V. besides the regular Adverbs πυκνός and πυκνός, Homer also uses neuter πυκνόν and πυκνά, πυκνόν and πυκνά as Adv., I. closely, firmly, fast. 2. much, often, excessively. 3. wisely, sbrudly.

πυκνός, gen. of πύξ.

πυκνό-στικτος, ον, (πυκνός, στίξω) thick-spotted, dappled, brindled.

πυκνότης, ητος, ἡ, (πυκνός) closeness, thickness,

X 5

denseness. II. *frequency.*

wisdom, sbrewness, discretion.

πυκνῶ, f. ὦσω, (πυκνός) to make close or solid : to pack close, roll into small compass, condense :—Pass. to be filled out with a thing. Hence

πύκνωμα, ατος, τό, a close covering, veil.

πυκνῶς, Adv. of πυκνός : see πυκνός v.

πυκτάλιζω, f. σω, = πυκτεύω, to box, spar.

πυκτας, Dor. for πύκτης, a boxer.

πυκτεύω, f. σω, to be a boxer, practise boxing, box, spar : to strike with the fist. From

πύκτης, ου, ὁ, (πύξ, πυγμή) a boxer, Lat. pugil.

πυκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πύκτης) skilled in boxing.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (πύσσω) a writing tablet.

πυκτίς, ἰδος, ἡ, an animal mentioned in Aristophanes, supposed to be the beaver.

Πύλ-ἀγόρας or Πυλ-ἀγορος, ου, ὁ, (Πύλαι, ἀγείρω) one sent as an orator to the Amphibtyonic Council at Pylae, the deputy of a Greek state at the Amphibtyonic Council. Hence

πύλαγορέω, f. ἦσω, to be a Πυλαγόρας, to be sent as a deputy to the Amphibtyonic Council.

Πύλ-ἀγορας, see Πυλαγόρας.

Πύλαι, αἱ, see πύλη II. 2.

Πύλαια (sub. σύνοδος), ἡ, fem. of πυλαῖος, the meeting of the Amphibtyons at Pylae; generally, the Amphibtyonic Council : also the right of sending deputies to the council.

πυλαι-μάχος, ον, (πύλος or πύλη, μάχομαι) fighting at the Gate, or fighting at Pylas.

πυλαῖος, α, ον, (πύλη) at or before the gate. 2.

(Πύλαι) at Pylae; v. Πυλαία. [ῥ]

πύλ-άρτης, ου, ὁ, (πύλη, ἀραρίσκω) he that keeps the gate of hell : Aeol. gen. πυλάρταο.

πύλα-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὦρα) Ep. for πυλωρός, keeping the gate : as Subst., πυλάωρος, ὁ, a gate-keeper, Lat. janitor.

ΠΥΛΗ, ἡ, a gate : in plur. the gates of a town, opp. to θύρα (a house-door) : but also = θύρα, the door of a house. II. generally, an entrance, inlet. 2. an entrance into a country through a mountain-pass was called its gate, πύλαι, e.g. Πύλαι, αἱ, the shorter name for Θερμοπύλαι, Pylae, the pass under the mountains from Thessaly to Locris, considered the Gates of Greece; so too of the pass from Syria into Cilicia. 3. also

of narrow straits. [ῥ]

Πύλ-ηγόρης, ου, ὁ, Ion. for Πυλαγόρας.

πύλη-δόκος, ὁ, (πύλη, δέχομαι) watching at the gate.

πύλις, ἰδος, ἡ, Dim. of πύλη, a little gate, postern.

Πύλοθεν, Adv. (Πύλος) from Pylas.

Πύλου-γενής, ἐς, (Πύλος, γενέσθαι) born or sprung from Pylas.

Πύλονδε, Adv. (Πύλος) to or towards Pylas.

πύλος, ὁ, = πύλη, a gate.

Πύλος, ὁ or ἡ, Pylas, a town and district of Triphylia in Peloponnesus, where Nestor ruled : there were two other towns of the same name in Elis and Messenia. [ῥ]

III. *metaph.*

πύλ-ουρός, ὁ, (πύλη, οὔρος) a gate-keeper.

πύλω, f. ὦσω, (πύλη) to furnish or enclose with gates :—Pass. to be furnished with gates.

πύλωμα, ατος, τό, a gate, gateway.

πύλωμα, ὄνος, ὁ, (πύλη) a gateway, gate-house : also a porch or vestibule.

πύλωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὦρα) a gate-keeper.

πύλ-ωρός, ὁ, (πύλη, ὦρα) a gate-keeper, warder.

πύματος, η, ον, (πυθμήν) the bindmost, uttermost, last : πύματος and πύματα as Adv. at the last, for the last time.

πύνδαξ, ακος, ὁ, (πυθμήν) the bottom of a vessel.

πυνθάνομαι, lengthd. from πεύθομαι : f. πεύσομαι

Dor. πευσοῦμαι : aor. 2 ἐπύθωμην, imperat. πυθού

Dor. πύθευ, inf. πύθεσθαι, Ep. 3 sing. opt. πεπύθοιτο : pf. πέπυσμαι, 2 sing. πέπῦσαι Ep. πέπυσσαι : plqpf.

ἐπεπύσθην, Ep. 3 sing. πέπυστο, Ep. 3 dual πεπύσθην :

—to ask, inquire, hence to learn, ascertain by asking or inquiry : to bear, learn, understand : c. gen. to bear of, bear news of : also c. acc. to inquire about :

c. inf. to bear or learn that . . .

ΠΥΞ, Adv. with clenched fist ; πύξ ἀγαθός good at the fist, i. e. at boxing.

πύξινοσ, α, ον, and πύξινος, η, ον, (πύξος) made of box-wood.

ΠΥΞΟΣ, ἡ, Lat. BUXUS, the BOX-tree : also its wood.

ΠΥΟΣ or πῦος, ὁ, the first milk after the birth, Lat. colostrum.

πύπασξ, an exclamation of surprise, bravo !

ΠΥΡ, πύρος, τό, fire ; πῦρ Διός the fire of Jove, i. e. lightning. II. metaph. fever-beat, also feverish

bope. III. to express things terrible ; κρείσσον

ἀμαμακέτου πύρος stronger than invincible fire ; διὰ

πύρος ἰένα to go through fire and water. Hence

πύρα, ὦν, τά, watch-fires, only in pl.

πύρα, ἄς, Ion. πύρη, ἡς, ἡ, the place where fire is kindled : a funeral-pyre : also a burial-place. 2.

an altar for burnt-sacrifice : also the fire burning upon the altar.

πύρ-ἄγρα, ἡ, (πῦρ, ἀγρέω) a pair of fire-tongs.

πύρ-αγρέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυράγρα.

πύρ-αἶθω, (πύρα, αἶθω) to light a watch-fire, keep it burning.

πύρ-αιτέω, f. ἦσω, (πῦρ, αἶγω) to turn in the fire, to barden in the fire, char.

πύραμινος, η, ον, (πύρος) = πύριμος, of wheat, wheaten.

πύραμῖς, ἰδος, ἡ, a pyramid :—an Egyptian word.

πύραμους, ὄντος, ὁ, contr. for πυραμοῖς, (πύρος) a cake of roasted wheat and honey ; given as a prize to him who kept awake best during a night-watch :

generally, the meed or prize of victory.

πύρ-αυγής, ἐς, (πῦρ, αὔγη) fiery bright.

πυργηδόν, Adv. (πύργος) like a tower. II of

soldiers, in masses or columns, in close array.

πυργηρέω, f. ἦσω, to shut up in a tower :—Pass. to be beleaguered, besieged. From

πυργίης, es, (πύργος, ἀρᾶρειν) *shot up in a tower, beleaguered: besieged.*

πυργίδιον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πύργινος, η, ov, (πύργος) *strong as a tower.*

πυργίον, τό, Dim. of πύργος, a turret.

πυργο-δαΐκτος, ov, (πύργος, δαΐζω) *destroying towers: [ἀ]*

πυργο-μάχew, (πύργος, μάχομαι) *to assault or batter towers.*

ΠΥΡΓΟΣ, ὁ, a tower: in plur. walls and towers: generally, any fortification, a fortress, castle: also a moveable tower for storming towns. 2. metaph. a tower of defence, rampart, bulwark: πύργος θανάτων a bulwark against death. 3. the highest part of any building. III. a division of an army drawn up in close order, a column: see πυργηδόν.

πυργο-φόρος, ov, (πύργος, φέρω) *tower-bearing.*

πυργο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (πύργος, φύλαξ) a tower-guard, warder. [ῥ]

πυργώω, f. ὦσα, (πύργος) *to gird or fence with towers:—Med. to build towers:—Pass. to be furnished with a tower.* II. to raise up to a towering height: metaph., πυργῶσαι ῥήματα σεμνά 'to build the lofty rhyme: ' hence to exalt, extol, exaggerate:—Pass. to exalt oneself, to overbearing, haughtily.

πυργώδης, es, (πύργος, εἶδος) *like a tower.*

πυργώμα, ατος, τό, (πυργώω) a place furnished with towers, a fenced city: in plur. towers and walls.

πυργώτης, ιδος, fem. Adj. (πυργώω) *towering.*

πυρ-δαής, ἐς, (πύρ, δαίω) *burning with fire, incendiary.*

πυρέιον Ion. πύρηιον, τό, (πύρ) plur. πυρήια, *pieces of wood rubbed one against another till they caught fire: generally, any means of kindling fire.*

πυρέισσα Att. —ττω: fut. πυρέξω: aor. I ἐπύρεξα: (πυρετός):—to be feverish, be sick of a fever.

πυρετός, ου, ὁ, (πύρ) *burning heat, fiery heat.* II. esp. *feverish heat, a fever; πυρετός τριταῖος, τεταρταῖος* a tertian, quartan fever.

πυρεύς, ἐως, ὁ, (πύρ) a fire-proof vessel.

πύρη, ἦς, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for πυρά.

πύρηιον, τό, Ion. for πυρεῖον.

ΠΥΡΗΝ, ἦνος, ὁ, the stone of stone-fruit, as olives, dates, pomegranates, etc.

πύρ-ἡμενος, ov, (πύρ, ἀνεμος) *fanning fire.*

πύρη-τόκος, ov, (πυρός, τεκείω) *wheat-producing.*

πύρη-φάτος, ov, (πυρός, πέφαται 3 sing. pf. pass. of *φένω) *wheat-slaying, epith. of a millstone.*

πύρη-φόρος, ov, poet. for πυροφόρος, (πυρός, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύρια, ἡ, (πύρ) a vapour-bath, consisting of an airtight covering, within which fragrant substances were thrown on hot embers to produce steam.

πύριατή [ᾶ], ἡ, (πύρος) a pudding made with beestings, i. e. the first milk after calving.

πύριατήριον, τό, a vapour-bath. From

πύριαω, (πύρια) to put into a vapour-bath.

πύρι-βλήτος, ov, (πύρ, βάλλω) *striking with fire.*

πύρι-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, = πυριγενής.

πύρι-γενής, ἐς, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *born of fire: wrought or forged by fire.*

πύρι-γόνος, ov, (πύρ, γενέσθαι) *fire-producing.*

πύρι-δαπτος, ov, (πύρ, δάπτω) *devoured by fire.*

πύριδιον, τό, Dim. of πυρός.

πύρι-ήκης, es, (πύρ, ἀήκη) *pointed in the fire, Lat. praustus.*

πύρι-κάης, ἐς, = πυρικαστος.

πύρι-καυστος, ov, (πύρ, καίω) *burnt in the fire.*

πύρι-κοίτης, es, (πύρ, κοίτη) *wherein fire lies asleep.*

πύρι-λαμπής, ἐς, (πύρ, λάμπω) *brigt with fire.*

πύρινος [ῥ], η, ov, (πύρ) *of fire, fiery: sparkling.*

πύρινος [ῥ], η, ov, (πυρός) *of wheat, wheaten.*

πύρι-πνέων, ουσα, ov, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing.*

πύρι-πνοος, ov contr. —πνους, ουν, (πύρ, πνέω) *fire-breathing: glowing, fiery.*

πύρι-σπαρτος, ov, (πύρ, σπειρω) *sowing fire, inflaming.*

πύρι-σπειρτος, ov, (πύρ, σπειρώω) *swathed in fire.*

πύρι-στακτος, ov, (πύρ, στάζω) *streaming with fire.*

πύριτης [ι], ου, ὁ, fem. πύριτις, ιδος, (πύρ) *of or conversant with fire.*

πύρι-τρόφος, ov, (πύρ, τρέφω) *cherishing fire.*

πύρι-φάτος, ov, (πύρ, πέφαται) *slain by fire.*

Πύρι-φλεγέθων, οντος, ὁ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *one of the rivers of hell, literally Fireblazing.*

πυρι-φλεγής, ἐς, and πύρι-φλέγων, οντος, ὁ, (πύρ, φλέγω) *blazing with fire, flaming.*

πύρι-φλεκτος, ov, (πύρ, φλέγω) *burnt or blazing with fire: fiery.*

πυρίχη, ἡ, poet. for πυρρίχη.

πυρ-καεύς, ιδος, ὁ, (πύρ, καίω) a fire-kindler.

πυρκαῖά Ion. —ιή, ἡ, (πύρ, καίω) *any place where fire is kindled, a funeral-pyre.* 2. a fire, conflagration. 3. metaph. the flame or fire of love. II. an olive-tree which has been burnt down to the stump, and grows up again a wild-olive.

πυρναῖος, α, ov, (πύρνον) *fit to eat, ripe.*

πύρνον, τό, shortd. for πύρνον (sub. σπύριον), neut. of πύρνος (πυρός), *wheaten bread.* 2. anything fit to eat, food generally.

πύρο-γενής, ἐς, (πυρός, γενέσθαι) *made from wheat.*

πύροεις, εσσα, ev, (πύρ) *fiery.* II. ὁ πύροεις the planet Mars, from his fiery colour.

πύροκλοπία, ἡ, the fire-theft. From

πύρο-κλόπος, ov, (πύρ, κλέπτω) *fire-stealing.*

πύρο-λόγος, ov, (πυρός, λέγω) *reaping wheat.*

πύροπαλέω, f. ἦσω, to deal in wheat. From

πύρο-πώλης, ov, ὁ, (πυρός, πωλέω) a wheat-merchant, corn-merchant.

πύρορ-ραγής, ἐς, (πύρ, ραγναι) *bursting or splitting in the fire: as Adv. πυροραγές, cracked.*

πυρός, ὁ, *wheat: in plur. grains of wheat.* (From πύρ, because of its flame colour when ripe?)

πύρο-φόρος, ov, (πύρ, φέρω) *fire-bearing.*

πύρο-φόρος, ov, (πύρος, φέρω) *wheat-bearing.*

πύροω, f. ὦσα, (πύρ) *to set on fire, to burn: to burn*

as a burnt-sacrifice. 2. metaph. to inflame. II. to fumigate.

πυρ-πάλαιμάω, f. ἴσω, (πῦρ, παλαμάομαι) to bandle fire: to play tricks with fire, play mischievous pranks.

πυρ-πάλαμος, ἡ, ον, (πῦρ, παλάμη) wrought of fire.

πυρ-πνός, ον, (πῦρ, πνέω) fire-breathing.

πυρπολέω, f. ἴσω, (πυρπόλος) to light or make a fire, esp. to keep up a fire, watch a fire; πυρπολεῖν τὸν ἄνθρακα to stir up or fan the fire. II. to waste with fire, burn to the ground, burn down. Hence

πυρπόλασμα, ατος, τό, a watch-fire, beacon.

πυρ-πόλος, ον, (πῦρ, πολέω) busied with fire: wasting with fire, scorching.

πυρράζω, f. σω, (πυρρός) to be fiery-red.

πυρρίας, ον, ὄ, (πυρρος) name of a slave, used of the red-haired slaves from Thrace.

πυρρίχη (sub. ὄρχησις), ἡ, the Pyrrhic dance, a kind of war-dance, a violent movement or contortion: proverb., πυρρίχην βλέπειν 'to look daggers.' (Called from Πύρριχος, the inventor.) [r]

πυρρίχιακός, ἡ, ὄν, (πυρρίχιος) in the Pyrrhic metre.

πυρρίχιζω, f. ἴσω, (πυρρίχη) to dance the Pyrrhic dance.

πυρρίχιος, ὄ, (πυρρίχη) of or belonging to the Pyrrhic dance; πυρρίχιος ὄρχημα the Pyrrhic dance. II. ποὺς πυρρίχιος a pyrrhic, i. e. a foot consisting of two short syll., as μετά, which was much used in the Pyrrhic song: also called πορλαμβος.

πυρρίχιστής, οὔ, ὄ, (πυρρίχιζω) a dancer of the Pyrrhic dance.

πύρριχος, ἡ, ον, Dor. πυρρός, red.

πυρρο-γένειος, ον, (πυρρός, γένειον) red-bearded.

πυρρο-θριξ, τρίχος, ὄ, ἡ, (πυρρός, θρίξ) red-haired.

πυρρο-ὀπίτης [r], ον, ὄ, (πυρρός, ὀπιπτεύω) one that ogles boys, with an allusion to πῦρ-ὀπίτης ogling wbeat, i. e. dinner in the Prytanæum.

πυρρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion. ἡ, ὄν, old Att. πυρρός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῦρ) flame-coloured, red, Lat. rufus, darker than ξανθός: generally, reddish, red, tawny.

πυρρο-τρίχος, ον, = πυρρόθριξ.

πυρσαίνω, (πυρσός) to make red, tinge with red.

πυρσέω, (πυρσός) to set on fire, light up with beacon-fires. II. to kindle torches (πυρσοί), make signals by torches or beacon-fires.

πυρσο-βόλος, ον, (πυρσός, βαλέω) fire-shooting.

πυρσό-κομος, ον, (πυρσός, κόμη) red-haired.

πυρσό-νωτος, ον, (πυρσός, νῶτος) red-backed.

πυρσός, οὔ, ὄ: iteg. pl. πυρσά, τά: (πῦρ): a firebrand, torch. II. a beacon or signal-fire.

πυρσός, ἡ, ὄν, old Att. and Dor. for πυρρός.

πυρσο-τόκος, ον, (πυρσός, τεκεῖν) fire-producing.

πυρσο-ώδης, es, (πυρσός, εἶδος) like a firebrand, bright-burning.

πυρσο-ώρος, ὄ, (πυρσός, ὥρα) a watchman who makes signals by fire.

πυρφορέω, f. ἴσω, to be a torch-bearer: to set on fire. From

πυρ-φόρος, ον, (πῦρ, φέρω) fire-bearing, charged

with fire: ὁ Πυρφόρος the Fire-bringer, name of Prometheus in a play of Aeschylus; πυρφόροι οἰστοί arrows with combustibles tied to them. II. θεὸς

πυρφόρος the fire-bearing god, i. e. who produces plague or fever.

III. πυρφόρος, in the Lacedaemonian army, was a priest who kept the sacrificial fire: hence proverb. of a total defeat, εἶδει μὴδὲ πυρφόρον περιγενέσθαι it was fated that not even a fire-guarding priest should survive.

πῦρ-ωπός, οὔ, (πῦρ, ὄψ) fiery-eyed.

πύρωσις, εως, ἡ, (πυρῶω) a setting on fire, burning.

πύστις, εως, ἡ, (πυνθάνομαι) an asking, inquiring, ascertaining: a question. II. what is learnt by asking, news, tidings.

πύσω, fut. of πύθω.

πῦτιζω, f. ἴσω, (πτύω) to spurt out water from one's mouth.

πῦτινάω, α, ον, plaited with willows. From

ΠΥΤΙΝΗ, ἡ, a flask covered with plaited willow twigs. [r]

πύτισμα, ατος, τό, (πυτίζω) that which one spits out. ποῖ Ion. κω, enclit. Particle, up to this time, yet, ever yet, hitherto, mostly with negate. II. πῶ; Sicilian

for ποῦ; as interrog. where?

ΠΩΓΩΝ, ἄνος, ὄ, the beard; πάγων πυρὸς a beard or tail of fire. Hence

παγωνίας, ον, ὄ, bearded; ἀστῆρ παγωνίας a bearded star, i. e. a comet.

παγώνιον, τό, Dim. of πάγων, a little beard.

παγωνο-φόρος, ον, (πάγων, φέρω) wearing a beard. πῶεα, τά, pl. nom. of πῶῦ.

πῶεα, ἡ, (πῶεα) a breeding of foals.

πωλέομαι Ion. πωλεῖμαι, whence part. πωλεύμενος, impf. πωλεύμην; also Ion. 3 sing. impf. πωλέσκειτο: fut. πωλήσομαι: Dep.:—Frequent. of πῶεα, to go up and down in a place, frequent, wander about, Lat. versari in loco: to go or come frequently to a place:

c. gen., ἀγγελίης πωλεῖσθαι to go on a message. II. to pursue a walk or line of life.

πωλεύμην, Ep. for ἐπωλούμην, impf. of πωλέομαι.

πῶλευσις, ἡ, (πῶεα) horse-breaking.

πωλέω, (πῶλος) to break in a young horse.

πωλέω, Ion. impf. πωλέεσκον: f. ἴσω; (*πῶλαω, which occurs in ἐμ-πῶλόμαι):—to sell, opp. to ἀνεῖσθαι πῶλεῖν πρὸς τινα to deal with one:—πῶλεῖν τέλη, to let out the taxes, Lat. locare:—Pass. to be sold: of persons, to be bought and sold, betrayed; cf. πιαράσκω.

πῶλης, ον, ὄ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

πῶλησις, ἡ, (πωλέω) a selling, sale.

πωλητήριον, τό, a place where wares are sold, a mart, warehouse, shop. II. the place where the taxes were let to the highest bidder: see πωλητής.

πωλητής, οὔ, ὄ, (πωλέω) a seller, dealer.

II. at Athens the πωληταί were ten officers, who used to let out (ἐπῶλον, Lat. locabant) the taxes and other revenues to the highest bidders.

πωλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (πῶλος) of foals or fillies: generally,

of or for horses; ἀπήνη παλική a chariot drawn by horses. II. poet. virgin, maidenly.

παλιόν, τό, Dim. of πάλως, a pony.

πολοδαμένω, f. ἴσω, to break young horses. 2.

metaph. to train up, rear. From παλο-δάμνησ, ου, δ, (πάλως, δαμάω) a horse-breaker. παλο-μάχος, ου, (πάλως, μάχομαι) fighting on horse-back or in a chariot. [ᾶ]

ΠΩΛΩΣ, ὁ and ἡ, a foal, whether colt or filly: generally, a young animal. II. poet. as fem. a young girl, maiden, like μόσχος, πόρτις, Lat. juvencā: more rarely as masc. a young man, a son.

πώλυ-πος, ὁ, Aeol. and Dor. for πολύπους.

πῶμα, ατος, τό, a lid, cover. (Deriv. unknown.)

πῶμα, ατος, τό, (ΠΟ- Root of some tenses of πίνω) a drink, a draught, potion.

πῶ-μᾶλα, Adv. for πῶς μάλα; how in the world? hence in Att. without any question, = οὐδαμῶς, not the least, by no means.

πῶ-ποτε, (πα, ποτέ) ever yet, mostly with a negat.

πῶρινος, η, ου, (πῶρος) made of tufa or tuff-stone. πῶρος, ὁ, tuff-stone, Lat. topbus, Ital. tufa, friable and porous.

παρώω, f. ὠσω, (πῶρος) to petrify, turn into stone. II. generally, to harden, make callous.

III. metaph. in Pass. to become hardened or callous, of the heart.

πῶρως, εως, ἡ, (παρώω) a turning into stone: metaph. from Pass. παρώομαι, hardness of heart, callousness.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, interrog. Adv. how? in what way or manner? Lat. quomodo? in Att. sometimes c. genit., πῶς ἀγῶνος ἤκομεν; how are we come off in the contest?

II. at the beginning of a speech, How now? πῶς γάρ . . ; as if something had gone before, How should that be, for it cannot be that . . ? so also πῶς δῆ; πῶς γὰρ δῆ; III. πῶς ἄν with the opt. expresses a wish, O how might I . . ? would that I could! πῶς ἄν ὀλοίμην; would that I could perish!

IV. καὶ πῶς; introducing an objection, yet how can that be? but how? V. πῶς οὐ; Lat. quidni? why not? certainly. VI. πῶς δοκεῖς; how think you? i. e. you cannot think how.

πῶς Ion. κῶς, enclit. Adv. in any way, at all, by any means, Lat. aliquo modo. by chance. (Strictly speaking, πῶς is Adv. of *πός; quis? whence ποῦ, πῶ, ποί, etc.)

πῶτάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Ep. for πέτομαι, ποτάομαι, to fly. Hence

πῶτσημα, ατος, τό, flight.

ΠΩΤ'Τ', εως, τό, pl. πῶσα, τά, a flock of sheep, with or without οἰῶν, opp. to βοῶν ἀγέλαι.

P

P, ρ, ρῶ, τό, indecl., seventeenth letter of Greek Alphabet: as numeral ρ' = 100, but ρ = 100,000.

Dialectic changes of ρ: I. Aeol. at the end of words σ passed into ρ, as, ὄστωρ μάρτυρ for ὄστος μάρτυς: so in Lat. arbor arbos, honor honos. II.

in later Att., the Ion. and old Att. ρσ passed into ρρ, as ἄρρηρ θάρρος, for ἄρρηρ θάρσος. III. Att., ρ

was often put for λ, as κέριβανος ναύκαρος σιγγήρος, for κλίβανος ναυίλληρος σιγγήλος. IV. in Poets,

ρ is transposed, as κάρτος Ep. for κράτος, θάρσος for θράσος. V. ρ is doubled after a Prep. or a privat.,

and commonly after the augment, as ἀπορ-ρίπτω, ἀρρωστός, ἔρριψε. VI. ρ at the beginning of a word

sometimes makes a short vowel at the end of foreg. word long by position, as, ψυχρῆ ὑπὸ ριπῆς, σπεῦδειν ἀπὸ ρυτήσος.

VII. ρ was called by the ancients littera canina, — irritata canis quod 'rr' quam plurima dicat, Lucil.

ρά, enclit. Particle, Ep. for ἄρα, q. v. [ᾶ]

ΡΑ' or ρᾶ, Adv. easily: see ῥέα, ῥεῖα.

ραββί, ὁ, indecl., Hebrew word, Rabb-i, i. e. my master: — so also ραββονί or ραββουνί, ὁ, Rabb-oni, my master, a term of higher honour than Rabb-i.

ραβδίωω, f. σω, (ράβδος) to beat with a stick, cudgel: to thrash out corn.

ραβδίον, τό, Dim. of ράβδος, a small wand.

ραβδονομέω, f. ἴσω, to sit as umpire. From

ραβδο-νόμος, ου, (ράβδος, νέμω) holding a rod or wand: as Subst., ραβδονόμος, ὁ, = ραβδοῦχος, the Roman Lictor.

ΡΑΒΔΟΣ, ἡ, a rod, wand, stick, switch. 2. a magic wand, as that of Circé or Hermes. 3. a fishing-rod. 4. a spear-staff or shaft. 5. a wand

or staff of office: a sceptre. 6. in pl. ράβδοι are the fasces of the Roman lictors.

ραβδοῦχέω, f. ἴσω, (ραβδοῦχος) to carry a rod or wand of office. 2. to carry the fasces, to be a lictor: — Pass. to be attended by lictors. Hence

ραβδοῦχια, ἡ, the office of lictor.

ραβδοῦχος, ου, (ράβδος, ἔχω) carrying a rod: — as Subst., ραβδοῦχος, ὁ, one who bears a staff of office, a judge, umpire. 2. a magistrate's attendant, a sort of constable or beadle: — at Rome, a lictor.

ραβδο-φόρος, ου, = ραβδοῦχος.

ραβδοσῶτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ράβδος) striped, streaked, Lat. virgatus.

ράγας, ἄδος, ἡ, (ράγηαι) a rent, cink.

ράγηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ράγηναι.

ραγαῖος, α, ου, (ράσσω) tearing, furious.

ραγιζέω, f. ἴσω, (ράξ) to gather grapes.

ραγο-λόγος, ου, (ράξ, λέγω) gathering berries or grapes.

ραδιώνκη, ἡ, Persian name for a black ill-smelling petroleum found at Ardericca near Susa.

ΡΑΔΙΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, Aeol. βραδινός, ἄ, ὄν, slender: taper, slim, delicate, tender.

ράδιος, α, ου, Att. also ος, ου, Ion. ρηιδίος, η, ου [r], or ρηιδίος, η, ου (ῥᾶ, ῥέα, ῥεῖα), easy, easy to make or do: ὁμος ρηιδίη an easy road: c. inf., ράφρος ρηιδίη περιῆσαι a trench easy to cross: — also light,

simple, little-beeded.

II. of persons, easy, ready, willing to oblige, complaisant, affable, Lat. *facilis, commodus*.

2. in bad sense, *heedless, reckless*.—The degrees of Comparison are irreg., being formed from the Root ῥα:—Comp. ῥάων, neut. ῥάων Ion. ῥήτων, ῥήτων Ep. ῥήτερος contr. ῥάτερος:—Sup. ῥάστος, ῥ, ov Ion. ῥήστος Dor. ῥάιστος Ep. ῥήτατος.

ῥαδιουργέω, f. ῥάω, (ῥαδιουργός) to do with ease.

II. in bad sense, to act thoughtlessly, recklessly: to misbehave. 2. to lead an easy, lazy life.

Hence

ῥαδιούργημα, τό, a thoughtless, reckless action: and ῥαδιουργία, ἡ, doing or acting easily, a ready way of doing a thing, facility.

II. in bad sense, recklessness. 2. indolence, laziness.

ῥαδι-ουργός, ὄν, (ῥάδιος, ἔργον) doing things easily, ready.

II. in bad sense, acting lightly or carelessly, thoughtless, reckless.

ῥάδιος Ep. and Ion. ῥηιδίως, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, readily; ῥάδιως φέρειν to bear lightly, make light of a thing.

ῥαθάμιγξ, ιργος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) a drop. II. of solids, a grain, bit.

ῥαθῦ-πυγίζω, (ῥάσσω, πυγή) to slap one on the back.

ῥαθῦμέω, f. ῥάω, (ῥάθυμος) to be easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. to slacken work, be idle.

Hence

ῥαθῦμία, ἡ, easiness of temper: thoughtlessness, carelessness. II. a taking things easily, indifference, sluggishness, laziness. III. relaxation, amusement, pastime.

ῥα-θύμος, ov, (ῥάδιος, θυμός) easy-tempered, thoughtless, careless. II. sluggish, lazy, slothful.

ῥαθύμως, Adv. with easy temper, carelessly; ῥαθύμως φέρειν to take easily, to shew indifference to a thing.

ῥαιβό-κράνος, ov, (ῥαιβός, κράνιον) crook-headed.

ῤΑΙΒΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked, bent, bandy.

ῥαιβο-σκελής, ἐς, (ῥαιβός, σκέλος) crook-legged.

ῥάϊζω Ion. ῥήϊζω, f. ῥάω, (ῥάδιος) to grow easy: to find relief, recover: to take one's rest.

ῤΑΙΝΩ, fut. ῥάνω: aor. I ἔρραινα, Ep. 2 pl. imperat. ῥάσσετε (as if from *ῥάω): pf. pass. ἔρρασμα (also from *ῥάω), Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. ἔρραδαται, -ατο:—to sprinkle, besprinkle, of water: of solids, to strew, bestrew, scatter: metaph. to bedew, besprinkle, bespatter.

ῥαισμέναι, Ep. for ῥαίσειν, fut. inf. of ῥαίω.

ῥαίση, 3 sing. aor. I subj. of ῥαίω.

ῥαιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (ῥαίω) a breaker, crusher: a bammer.

ῤΑΙΩ, f. ῥάω: aor. I ἔρραισα:—to break, smash, shiver, shatter:—Pass. to be shivered, shattered, crushed. II. to crush, destroy:—Pass. to be broken down, crushed.

ῥακά, ὅ, a worthless, wicked man. (Hebrew word.)

ῥάκιον, τό, Dim. of ῥάκος, a rag, sbred, patch: in plur., rags. [ᾶ]

ῥάκο-συρραπτάδης, ov, ὅ, (ῥάκιον, συρράπτω) a rag-stitcher, patcher of tatters, of Euripides.

ῥάκο-δύτος, ov, (ῥάκος, δύω) clad in rags: ragged.

ῥάκοεις, ἐσσα, ev, ragged, tattered. II. wrin-

kled. From

ῤΑΚΟΣ [ᾶ], eos, τό, a ragged, tattered garment: in plur. ῥάκα, ῥάκη, rags, tatters: generally, a strip or sbred of cloth. 2. in plur. wrinkles. 3.

metaph., σώματος ῥάκος a sbred of life, of an old man.

ῥάκος, f. ῥάω, (ῥάκος) to tear in strips. Hence ῥάκωμα, ατος, τό, = ῥάκος, a rag: in pl. rags. [ᾶ]

ῤΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, a thorn or prickly shrub. Hence

ῤαμνούς, οἴωνος, ὅ, *Rhamnús*, a demus or borough in Attica: properly contr. from ῥαμνούς, ἐσσα, ev, thorny. Hence

ῤαμνούσιος, α, ὄν, of *Rhamnús*: ἡ ῤαμνούσις, the *Rhamnúsian* goddess, name of Nemesis from her temple at Rhamnús.

ῤΑΜΦΟΣ, eos, τό, the crooked beak of birds, esp. of birds of prey: a beak, bill.

ῥάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥαίνω) anything sprinkled: a drop of rain, etc.

ῥαντήριος, α, ov, (ῥαίνω) sprinkled: reeking.

ῥαντίζω, f. ῥάω, (ῥαίνω) to sprinkle, moisten: hence to cleanse by sprinkling.

ῥαντισμός, ὅ, (ῥαντίζω) a sprinkling, purification.

ῥάξ, gen. ῥάγος, ἡ, a grape; cp. Lat. *racemus*.

ῥάων, neut. of ῥάων, often used as comp. Adv., more easily.

ῥάωνος, Adv. of ῥάων, more easily.

ῥάπιζω, f. ῥάω: pf. pass. ῥεράπισμα: (ῥαπίς):—to strike with a stick, to thrash, cudgel. II. to slap in the face, box on the ear, cuff.

ῥάπις, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥάβδος) a rod, stick.

ῥάπισμα, ατος, τό, (ῥάπιζω) a blow with the palm of the hand, a slap on the face, cuff.

ῥαπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥάπτω) sewn, stitched, patched: generally, strung together. II. worked with the needle, embroidered; ῥαπτή σφαίρα a ball patched of divers colours.

ῤΑΠΤΩ, f. ῥάω: aor. I ἔρραισα Ep. ῥάσα: Pass., aor. 2 ἔρραψα [ᾶ]: pf. ἔρραμμα:—to sew or stitch together:—Med. to stitch, sew, patch for oneself. II. later, to work with the needle, embroider. III. metaph. to devise, contrive, concert, plot:—proverb., τοῦτο τὸ ὑπόδημα ἔρραψας μὲν σύ, ὑπέδησατο δὲ Ἀρισταγόρης this shoe you indeed stitched, but Aristagoras put it on, i. e. you planned the plot, but he executed it. IV. to link or string together.

ῤάριος, α, ov, from *Raros*, *Rarian*: ῤάριον (sub. πέδιον), τό, the *Rarian plain* near Eleusis, sacred to Demeter: whence the goddess was herself called ῤαρίδις. From

ῤάρος, ov, ὅ, *Raros*, father of Triptolemus.

ῥάσσετε, Ep. aor. I imperat. of ῥαίνω (as if from *ῥάω).

ΠΑΨΣΩ, f. ζω: aor. I ἔπραξα:—like ἀράσσω, to strike, smite, dash down: akin to Ion. ῥήσσω, ῥήγγυμι. ῥάστω, neut. pl. of ῥάστος, as Adv., most easily. ῥάστος, η, ov, irreg. Sup. of ῥάδιος, contr. of ῥάϊστος, most easy.

ῥαστυνεύω, = ῥαθυμέω, to be idle, listless. From ῥαστώνη Ion. ῥηστώνη, ἡ, (ῥάστος) easiness of doing anything, facility. II. easiness of temper, good nature, Lat. facilitas; ἐκ ῥηστότητος τῆς Δημοκλήδους from kindness to Democedes. III. relief, rest, cessation from a thing: absol. rest, leisure, ease: indolence.

ῥάτερος, α, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥάφινιδιώω, (ῥαφανίς) to punish as an adulterer. ῥάφάνις, ἴδος, ἡ, the radish, Lat. rapbanus. From ΠΑΦΑΝΟΣ, ἡ, cabbage. [πα] ῥάφεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (ῥάπτω) a stitcher, sewer. II. metaph. a plotter, contriver, planner. ῥάφῃ, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a seam; ῥαφή κραινίον the suture of the skull.

ῥάφῃναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of ῥάπτω. ῥάφιδεύς, εὐς, ἡ, = ῥαφεύς. ῥάφίς Dor. ῥαπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ῥάπτω) a needle, pin. ῥάχια Ion. ῥήχλη, ἡ, (ῥάσσω) like ῥηγγίμν, the breaking of the sea on the shore, breakers, surf: the flood-tide, opp. to ἀμπωτίς the ebb: generally, a high tide, flood. II. an edge of the sea, the beach, on which the waves break. 2. a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχιζω, f. ἴσω, (ῥάχίς) to cut through the spine: to cleave in twain, hew in pieces.

ῥάχιν [ᾱ], gen. 10s Att. εως, ἡ, the back of men or animals, the chine: also the backbone, Lat. spina dorsi; ὑπὸ ῥάχιν παγγῆναι to be impaled. II. anything like the backbone, a mountain-ridge.

ῥάχός Ion. ῥήχός, οὐ, ἡ, a thorn-bush, briar. 2. a thorn-bedge. 3. a thorn-stick, a twig.

ῥάψαι, aor. I inf. of ῥάπτω. ῥάψιδέω, f. ἡσω: (ῥαψιδός):—to recite poems:—Pass. of the poems, to be recited. 2. to repeat by heart or rote, declaim: to reiterate, keep saying that . . . II. c. acc. pers., to sing of one. Hence

ῥαψωδία, ἡ, recital of Epic poetry: Epic composition, opp. to Lyric.

ῥαψωδός, ὁ, (ῥάπτω, φῶδῃ) one who stitches or strings songs together: one who recited Epic poems, a rhapsodist; sometimes of the bard who recited his own poem, but mostly of a class of persons who got their living by reciting the poems of Homer: hence the poems of Homer came to be divided into certain lengths called rhapsodies, i. e. lays or cantos, which were recited at one time. II. the Sphinx is called ῥαψωδὸς ἰώνω, from proposing her riddle.

ῥάω, ov, irreg. Comp. of ῥάδιος, more easy. ῥέα, Ep. Adv. for ῥᾶ (whence ῥάδιος), easily, lightly. [ο υ, but also contr. as one long syll.]

ῥέα, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. ῥείη or ῥέν, Rhea, wife of Saturn and mother of Jupiter. (Deriv. by transpos. from ῥεα, Earth?)

ΠΕΤΚΩ, f. ῥέγω, to snore: of horses, to snort. (Formed from the sound.)

ΠΕΤΟΣ, εος, τό, = βήγος, a rug, coverlet.

ῥέγω, = βέγω, q. v.

ῥέδη, ἡ, a wagon, from the Lat. rbeda.

ῥέεθρον, τό, Ion. and poet. for ῥείθρον, a stream.

ΠΕΖΩ, Ion. impf. βέζεσκον: fut. βέξω: aor. I ἔφεξα and ἔφερα: of Pass. only aor. I βεχθήναι is used:—like ἔρδο, to do, act: absol., but mostly transit., to do, accomplish, make, effect: c. dupl. acc. to do something to one: also c. Adv., κακῶς βέξειν τινά to maltreat one. II. ἐπερ βέξειν θεῶ to fulfil or accomplish a sacrifice to a god, Lat. sacra facere: hence to sacrifice: but also absol. to do sacrifice, like Lat. operari, facere.

ΠΕΘΟΣ, εος, τό, a limb. II. the face, countenance.

ῥεῖα, another Ep. form of ῥέα, Adv. of ῥάδιος, easily, lightly, carelessly.

ῥείη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ῥέα.

ῥείθρον, τό, Att. contr. from Ion. ῥέεθρον, (ῥέω) a river, stream. 2. later, the bed of a river: also a channel, stream.

ῥέκτρα, ἡ, fem. of βεκτήρ.

βεκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ῥέξω) a doer, agent.

ῥέμβομαι, Dep. to roam, rove, roll about: to act at random.

ῥέξαι, ῥέξας, aor. I inf. and part. of βέξω.

ῥέος, τό, (ῥέω) a stream.

ΠΕΠΩ, f. ψω, properly of the descending scale, to incline downwards, to sink, fall, verge, Lat. vergere, inclinare: hence simply to fall or turn downwards. 2. of one of two parties, to preponderate, prevail, outweigh. 3. of persons, to incline towards a thing. 4. of duties, to fall or devolve upon one. 5. of events, to incline, fall, happen in a certain way: to incline, conduce towards . . . II.

trans. to make the scale incline one way or the other: hence in Pass., ἴσως βέπεσθαι to be equally balanced or poised.

ῥερούμενος, pf. pass. part. of ῥυπόω.

ῥεῦμα, ατος, τό, (ῥέω) that which flows, a flow, stream, a river: also a stream of lava: metaph. a stream, flood or tide of men. 2. a flood.

ῥεύσομαι, fut. of ῥέω, to flow.

ῥεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of βέξω.

*ΠΕΩ, to say, root of some tenses given under ἔρέω, ἔπον.

ΠΕΩ, f. ῥεύσομαι: Att. fut. ῥήσομαι and aor. 2 ἔρρηγν, in pass. form but with act. sense: pf. ἔρρηγκα:—to flow, run, stream, gush; ῥέειν αἵματι γαῖα the ground streamed with blood: also c. acc. cognato, βίτω χωρα γάλα, μέλι let the land flow with milk, honey; ῥέειν ἀπὸ χύνους to flow from melted snow. 2. metaph. of a flow of words, to stream, run glibly. 3. to fall, drop off. 4. to flow or melt away. II. trans. to let flow, make stream, pour.

ρήγμα, ατος, τό, (ρήγνυμι) a fracture, breakage, crash, downfall.

ρήγμαίν or -μεις, gen. ἠνος, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι) the sea breaking on the beach, or the edge of the shore on which the sea breaks: the breakers, surf. 2. metaphor, the verge or edge of a thing.

ΡΗΤΝΥ ΜΙ or -ῶς: 3 sing. impf. ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἐρρήγνυ: fut. ρήξω: aor. I ἐρρήξα: pf. 2 ἐρρωγα (in the sense of the Pass.):—Med., f. ρήξομαι: Ep. aor. I ρηξάμην:—Pass.: fut. 2 ράγγσομαι: aor. I ἐρρήχθην, more usu. aor. 2 ἐρράγγην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐρρηγμαι:—to break, burst, break asunder or in pieces, shiver, shatter: of garments, to tear, rend, esp. in sign of grief. 2. as a term of war, to break a line of battle; τὸ μέσον ρήξαι to break through the centre:—also in Med, ρήξασθαι στίχας to break oneself a way through the ranks:—also absol. both in Act. and Med., ρήξαι, ρήξασθαι, to break or force one's way through. 3. to let break loose, to unchain, let loose; ρήξαι φωνήν to let loose, give utterance to the voice, properly of persons speaking for the first time; then to speak freely, speak out, like Virgil's rumpere vocem: so, ρήξαι βροντήν to let loose the thunder; ρήξαι δάκρυα to burst into tears. 4. in form ρήσσω, absol. to beat the ground, to dance. 5. of boxers, to fell, knock down. II. Pass. to break, burst: to break asunder: to break open, yaw, as the earth in an earthquake. 2. to burst forth, like lightning. 3. of ships, to be wrecked, shattered. III. intr. chiefly in pf. ἐρρωγα, to break or burst forth: of a river, to break its banks:—metaph. to burst or gush forth.

ρήγνυσκε, Ion. for ἐρρήγνυ, 3 sing. impf. of ρήγνυμι.

ΡΗΓΟΣ, εος, τό, a rug or blanket, used as a coverlet for a bed, for a seat, or as a garment.

ρήδιος, ἡ, ov, Ion. contr. from ρηιδιός, easy. ρηθείς, aor. I part. pass. of ἐρέω, ἐρῶ: ρηθῆναι inf. ρηιδιός, ἡ, ov, Ion. for ράδιος, easy. ρήματος, ἡ, ov, Ion. for ρᾶματος, Sup. of ράδιος. ρηίτατος, ἡ, ov, Ep. Sup. of ράδιος. ρηίτερος, ἡ, ov, Ep. Comp. of ράδιος. ρηκτός, ἡ, ov, (ρήγνυμι) broken, rent: to be broken or rent, vulnerable, made of penetrable stuff.

ρήμα, ατος, τό, (*ρέω = ἐρῶ) that which is said or spoken, a word, saying, expression, phrase. 2. also the thing spoken of, a thing. II. in Gramm. a Verb, opp. to ὄνομα (a noun).

ρημάτιον, τό, Dim. of ρήμα, a little word, a pet phrase.

ΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. ρήνως, acc. ρήνα, a sheep, lamb.

ρήνο-φορέας, ὁ, (ρῆν, φέρω) wearing sheepskin.

ρήξαι, ρήξας, aor. I inf. and part. of ρήγνυμι.

ρήξθηνορία, ἡ, might to break through ranks of warriors. From

ρήξ-ήνωρ, οπος, ὁ, (ρήγνυμι, ἀνὴρ) breaking through ranks of warriors.

ρήξ-κέλευθος, ov, (ρήγνυμι, κέλευθος) forcing a path, clearing the way.

ρήξι-voos, ov, (ρήγνυμι, νόος) breaking the spirit. ρήξις, εως, ἡ, (ρήγνυμι) a breaking. II. a rent, cleft. 2. a bursting or breaking forth of the entreats of victims.

ρήσις, gen. εως Ion. ιος, ἡ, (*ρέω = ἐρῶ) a saying, speaking; a word, speech; καταπλέξει τὴν ῥῆσιν to bring one's speech to an end. II. a tale, legend. III. an expression or passage in an author, a speech in a play.

ρήσσω, rarer collat. form of ρήγνυμι: ῥήσσειν τύμπανα to beat drums. 2. absol. to strike the earth in dancing, to dance, Lat. tripudiare.

ρήστωνη, ἡ, Ion. for ραστώνη.

ρήτεον, verb. Adj. of *ρέω, one must say.

ρήτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (*ρέω = ἐρῶ) like ῥήτωρ, a speaker.

ρήτορεύς, f. σω, (ῥήτωρ) to be a public speaker, practise oratory, speak in public:—Pass., of a speech, to be spoken.

ρήτορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ρήτωρ) fit for a public speaker or public speaking, oratorical, rhetorical:—ἡ ῥητορικῆ (sub. τέχνη), rhetoric, the art of speaking.

ρήτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *ρέω = ἐρῶ, said, spoken: named, specified, settled, Lat. ratus; ἐπὶ ἰητοῖς γέραςι with specified prerogatives; ἐπὶ ῥητοῖσι on set terms. 2. spoken of, known, famous.

ρήτρα Ion. ῥήτηρ, ἡ, (*ρέω = ἐρῶ) a word, saying, maxim. 2. an unwritten law, whence the laws of Lycurgus were called ῥήτραι. 3. a verbal agreement, covenant.

ρήτωρ, οπος, ὁ, (*ρέω = ἐρῶ) a public speaker, pleader, orator, Lat. orator. II. a rhetorician, Lat. rhetor.

ρήτῶς, Adv. of ρητός, in express terms.

ρήχιη, ἡ, Ion. for ραχία.

ρήχος, ἡ, Ion. for ράχος.

ριγεδανός, ἡ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, making one shudder, chilling; ριγεδανῆ Ἑλένη Helen at whose name one shudders. From

ρίγέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐρρίγησα Ep. ρίγησα: pf. ἐρρίγα, Dor. 3 pl. ἐρρίγαντι (for -ᾶσι), Ep. 3 sing. subj. ἐρρίγησι, Ep. dat. part. ἐρρίγοντι, in pres. sense: (ρίγος):—to shiver or shudder with cold: metaph. to shudder with fear or horror: c. inf. to shudder or fear to do a thing. 2. to grow cold, cool, slacken in zeal. II. trans. c. acc. to shudder at anything. Hence

ρίγηλός, ὄν, making one shiver, chilling.

ρίγιον, Comp. Adv. formed from ρίγος, more chilly. II. metaph. more horribly.

ρίγιστος, ἡ, ov, Sup. formed (like Comp. Adv. ρίγιον) from ρίγος, most chilly. II. metaph. most horrible.

ρίγο-μάχης, ov, ὁ, (ρίγος, μάχομαι) fighting with frost or cold. [ᾶ]

ΡΙΤΟΣ, εος, τό, Lat. FRIGUS, frost, cold. II. shivering from cold, shuddering, Lat. horror.

ρίγος, f. ὠσω, (ρίγος) like ριγέω, to be cold, shiver from frost or cold, be chilled.—This Verb sometimes

contracts into ω instead of ov (as if it were $\beta\rho\gamma\acute{\omega}\mu$), as, part. $\beta\rho\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu$, $\beta\rho\gamma\acute{\omega}\sigma\alpha$, dat. $\beta\rho\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu\tau\iota$; also opt. $\beta\rho\gamma\acute{\omega}\nu\eta\eta$.

‘ΡΙΖΑ, a root: in plur. the roots: metaph. the roots of the eye; the roots or foundations of the earth, of a mountain, etc.

II. *that from which anything springs*; metaph. a root, stem, stock of a family, Lat. stirps: a race, family. 2. the root or origin of anything.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\iota\omicron\nu$, τό, Dim. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, a little root.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\theta\epsilon\nu$, Adv. ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$) from the root or roots.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron$ -τομῶς, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, $\tau\epsilon\mu\epsilon\acute{\iota}\nu$) cutting roots, esp. for purposes of medicine or witchcraft.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\omega}$, f. ὄσω: pl. pass. $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\alpha\iota$: ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$):—to make strike root, plant: metaph. to plant, fix firmly; τυραννὶς $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omega\mu\epsilon\nu\eta$ a firmly rooted tyranny:—Pass., of trees and plants, to take root: also to be rooted or made fast.

II. in Pass. also, of a place, to be planted with trees.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\omicron\mu\alpha$, ατος, τό, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\omega}$) a root: II. metaph. a root, stem, stock, race, lineage.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\acute{\omega}$ -ῤῥῶχος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\zeta\alpha$, ὄρυσσω) digging for roots.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\acute{\nu}\omicron\varsigma$, ἡ, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\gamma\omicron\varsigma$) stiff or stark with cold: withered, sbrivelled.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\acute{\nu}\omicron$ -ᾠδης, ἐς, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\kappa\acute{\nu}\omicron\varsigma$, εἶδος) sbrivelled-looking.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}$, Adv. ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$) lightly, swiftly, fleetly.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi$ -ἄρματός, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$, ἄρμα) of a swift chariot; $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\alpha}\rho\mu\alpha\tau\omicron\iota$ ἄμυλλαι swift racing of chariots.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$, ἡ, later form for $\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omega}\mu$, f ἡσω, to file down or off: Pass. to be filed off: to be the result of filing. From

‘ΡΙΝΗ, ἡ, a file, rasp. [7]
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\eta\lambda\acute{\alpha}\tau\epsilon\omega$, f. ἡσω, to track by the nose, follow by scent, hunt down. From

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu$ -ἡλάτης, ὄν, ὁ, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$, ἐλαίνω) one who tracks by the nose or scent.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omega}$ -βολος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\varsigma$, βάλλω) forced through the nostril, snorting.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omega}\nu$, τό, a hide, skin. 2. an ox-hide, a shield.

‘ΡΙΝΟΣ, ὄν, ὁ, ἐπ ἡ, the skin of a man. II. the hide of a beast, esp. an ox-hide: a wolf's skin. 2. an oxhide shield.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\omicron$ -τόπος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omega}\nu$, τοπέω) piercing shields.
‘ΡΙΟΝ, τό, the peak of a mountain. 2. the end of a promontory, a headland, foreland.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\epsilon\sigma\sigma\iota$, Ep. pl. dat. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\eta$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$, ἡ, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$) the force with which a thing is thrown, rushing motion, flight, sweep, swing, Lat. impetus; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$ πνύς the rush or blast of fire. 2.

a rushing sound, flapping, fluttering of wings; the buzzing of a gnat; also the quivering notes of a lyre: of time, a twinkling of the eye. 3. any quivering motion, a quivering or twinkling light, as of stars:—also the quick glancing of feet.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\omega}$, f. ἰσω, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\varsigma$) to blow up or fan the flame, Lat. confflare.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\varsigma$, ἰδος, ἡ, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\eta}$) a fan for raising the fire, used for bellows. 2. a lady's fan.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\iota\sigma\mu\alpha$, ατος, τό, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\omega}$) the air or wind of a fan.
 $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\omicron\varsigma$, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi$) a mat or wicker burdle.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\alpha}\zeta\omega$, f. ἰσω, Frequentative of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, to throw to and fro, throw or toss about, Lat. jactare:—Pass. to toss oneself about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\alpha\sigma\kappa\omicron\nu$, Ion. impf. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\epsilon}\omega$, a form of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, used only in pres. and impf. to throw or toss about.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\omega$, thrown, cast, hurled; $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\tau\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$ μόρος death by being thrown down a precipice.

‘ΡΙΠΤΩ f. $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$: aor. I $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$ Ep. $\epsilon\mu\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$: pf. $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$: Pass., fut. I $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\theta\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$, fut. 2 $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\eta\sigma\omicron\mu\alpha\iota$, paullo-p. fut. $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega\mu\alpha\iota$: aor. I $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\theta\eta\nu$, and aor. 2 $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\eta\nu$ [7]: pf. $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\mu\alpha\iota$: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\pi\tau\omicron$:—to throw, cast, hurl; $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\tau\epsilon\omega$ χθονί to throw on the ground: to cast a net, $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\pi\tau\alpha\iota$ ὁ βόλος the cast has been made. 2. to cast out. 3. to cast away: to throw away, waste. 4. to throw about. 5. to throw forth, let drop, utter, of words; $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\tau\epsilon\omega$ τί τινος to throw a thing at one. 6. to cast down; β. ἐναντίον. 7. $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\tau\epsilon\omega$ κίνδυνον to make a venture or hazard, run a risk.

II. intr. to throw or cast oneself, to fall.

‘ΡΙΣ, ἡ, gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, acc. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\alpha$: plur. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\epsilon\varsigma$, Ion. gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\nu\acute{\epsilon}\omega\nu$:—the nose:—in pl. the nostrils, Lat. nares.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\epsilon}\omega\varsigma$, $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\acute{\epsilon}\iota\varsigma$, aor. I and 2 pass. part. of $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$.

‘ΡΙΨ, ἡ, gen. $\rho\acute{\iota}\pi\acute{\omicron\varsigma}$, mat-work of osiers or rushes, wicker-work: a mat, or wicker burdle, Lat. crates.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\psi\alpha$, Ep. for $\epsilon\rho\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\alpha$, aor. I of $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\psi$ -ασπῖς, ἰδος, ὁ, ἡ, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$, ἀσπῖς) throwing away a shield in battle, a dastard, recreant.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\psi\iota\varsigma$, εως, ἡ, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$) a throwing: a casting. II. a being thrown, falling.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\psi\omicron$ -κίνδυνος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$, κίνδυνος) running needless risk, foolhardy; see $\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$ 7.

$\rho\acute{\iota}\psi$ -οπλος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\iota}\mu\phi\omega$, ὄπλον) throwing away one's arms, panic-struck.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha$, ἡ, see $\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha$.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu$, ἡ, the thread spun, woof, web. From

$\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu$, ἡ, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\alpha\delta\acute{\alpha}\nu$) waving, quivering.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\alpha$ contr. $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\eta$, ἡ, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$) a rose-bush, rose-tree.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\epsilon\omicron\varsigma$, α, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$) of roses, Lat. roseus.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\eta$, ἡ, contr. for $\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\epsilon}\alpha$.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\acute{\omicron}\nu\omicron\varsigma$, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$) made or twined of roses.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\iota\omicron\varsigma$, α, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$) Rhodian, of or from Rhodes.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -δάκτυλος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, δάκτυλος) rosy-fingered.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -ειδής, ἐς, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, εἶδος) rosy-like, rosy.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\epsilon\upsilon\varsigma$, εσσα, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\varsigma$) of roses.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -κισσος, ὁ, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, κισσός) rose-ivy.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -μῆλον Dor. —μαλον, τό, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, μήλον) a rose-apple: metaph. a rosy cheek.

‘ΡΟΔΟΝ, τό, the rose, Lat. rosa.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -πηχυσ Dor. —παχυσ, v, gen. vos, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, πῆχυσ) rosy-armed.

$\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron$ -πνοος, ὄν contr. —πνοος, ὄν, ($\rho\acute{\rho}\delta\omicron\nu$, πνέω) breathing of roses.

‘Ρόδος, ὄν, ἡ, the island of Rhodes, Lat. Rhodus.

ροδόχρως, ὤτος, ὄ, ἡ, (ρόδον, χρώς) rose-coloured, of rose complexion.

ρόδιον, ἡ, (ρόδον) a rose-bed, garden of roses, rosary, Lat. *rosarium*.

ροή Dor. ροά, ἡ, (ρέω) a river, stream, current, flow; ἀμπέλου ροή the juice of the grape;—metaph., ροαὶ *throughs of events, the tide of affairs*.

ροθέω, f. ἤσω, (ρόθος) to dash, splash, esp. of the stroke of oars. 2. to murmur, sound hoarse or loud.

ροθιάζω, f. ἄσω, (ρόθιος) to dash with the oar. 2. of pigs eating, to make a guttling noise.

ροθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, poet. fem. of ρόθιος, roaring, dashing.

ρόθιον, τό, a dashing wave, a breaker: surge, surf. 2. a loud roar or shout of applause: generally, a tumult, uproar. Properly neut. from

ρόθος, ὄν, also α, ὄν, (ρόθος) rushing, roaring, dashing.

ῬΟΨΟΣ, ὄ, a rushing noise, the roar or the dash of waves, the dash of oars; ἐξ ἐνός ῥόθου with one stroke, all in time. 2. a hoarse or tumultuous noise, din. II. a rushing motion. (Formed from the sound.)

ροιά or ρόα Ion. ροίη, ἡ, a pomegranate-tree. II. the fruit, a pomegranate.

ροιβδέω, f. ἤσω, (ροιβδος) to swallow greedily down: also to make rustle.

ροιβδήσειεν, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt. of ροιβδέω.

ροιβδησις, ἡ, (ροιβδέω) a whistling, piping.

ροιβδος, ὄ, any rushing noise or motion, the whirring or flapping of wings, the rushing of the wind.

ροΐζασκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ροιζέω.

ροιζέω, f. ἤσω, (ροίος) to make a whistling or rushing sound, whistle, burble, whiz, Lat. *stridere*. Hence

ροιζήδον, Adv. with a rushing noise or motion.

ροιζήμα, ατος, τό, (ροιζέω) a rushing noise or motion, the flapping of wings.

ῬΟΙΖΟΣ, ὄ, Ion. ἡ, any whistling or rushing sound, the whizzing of an arrow, the flapping of wings, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

ῬΟΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crooked.

ρομβητός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβέω) spun round like a top, whirled about.

ρόμβος, ὄ, (ρέμβω) anything that may be spun or whirled round: a top, Lat. *turbo*. 2. a magic wheel, Lat. *rhombi rota*. II. a spinning, whirling motion; ῥόμβος αἰετός the eagle's wheeling flight. III. a rhombus, i. e. a four-sided figure with all the sides, but only the opposite angles, equal.

ρομβόω, f. ὤσω, to make into the shape of a rhombus.

ρομβωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (ρομβόω) panelled in lozenge.

ρομφαία, ἡ, a large sword or scymitar, used by the Thracians: generally, a sword. (Foreign word.)

ῥόος Att. contr. ῥοῦς, οὐ, ὄ, (ρέω) a stream, current; κατὰ ῥόον, Ep. κὰρ ῥόον, down stream, with stream; ἀνὰ ῥόον up stream, against stream.

ρόπαλος, τό, (ρέπω) a club, a stick or cudgel which is thicker at one end: a war-club or mace of brass.

II. a knocker on a door.

ροπή, ἡ, (ρέπω) inclination downwards, a sinking, falling, verging: the sinking of the scale, fall or turn of the scale. 2. metaph. the turn of the scale, the critical moment; ἐπὶ ῥοπῆς μᾶς ἐστὶ it is just on the turning-point; ῥοπή βίου the turning-point, verge of life.

II. the weight which makes the scale turn; σμικρὰ παλαιὰ σώματ' εὐνάζει ῥοπή a slight weight thrown in puts aged frames to rest.

ροπτόν, τό, (ρέμβω) a club, mace, cudgel. 2. the wood in a trap which strikes the mouse. 3. the knocker on a house-door. 4. a kettle-drum or tambourine.

ῥοῦς, ὄ, Att. contr. for ῥόος.

ῥοφέω, f. ἤσομαι, (ρόφος) to sup greedily up, gulp or bolt down.

ῬΟΨΟΣ, ὄ, a swallowing or gulping down. 2. that which is gulped down.

ροχθέω, f. ἤσω, to roar; of the waves. From ῬΟΨΟΣ, ὄ, a roaring, esp. of the sea.

ρο-ώδης, ἐς, (ῥόος, εἶδος) fluid, liquid: also surging, billowy, rough.

ρύαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (ρέω) a stream that bursts forth, a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rains: a stream of lava.

ρύατο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 of ῥύομαι.

ῤύχ-ελέφας, ατος, ὄ, (ῤύχος, ἐλέφας) with an elephant's trunk.

ῤύχλιον, τό, Dim. of ῤύχος, a snout, muzzle.

ῤύχος, εος, τό, (ῤύξ) a snout, muzzle, of a swine: of birds, a cock, bill, neb.

ῤύδην and ῤύδόν, Adv. (ρέω) flowingly, abundantly, copiously.

ῤύεσ, αοι. 2 pass. part. of ῤέω.

ῤύσομαι, Att. fut. of ῤέω.

ῤΥΨΩ, to grouch, snarl. (Formed from the sound.)

ῤύη, Ep. for ἔρρηη, 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of ῤέω.

ῤυθμός, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐρῤυθμισμαι: (ῤυθμός): —to bring into measure or proportion, to set to time.

II. generally, to order, arrange, control, train; ὡδ' ἐρῤυθμισμαι thus have I been controlled.

ῤυθμός Ion. ῤυσμός, οὔ, ὄ, (ρέω) measured motion, time, Lat. *numerus, rhythm*, in prose as well as verse;

ἔν ῤυθμῷ in time, Lat. *in numerum*; ῤυθμὸν ὑπάγειν to keep time; θάρτωνα ῤυθμὸν ἐπάγειν to introduce a quicker time (in playing).

II. proportion or symmetry of parts: hence form, shape. III. generally, proportion, arrangement, order, method. 2. the state or condition of anything: of a man, temper, disposition: the manner or fashion of a thing.

ῤΥΚΑΝΗ, ἡ, a plane, Lat. *runcina*. [α]

ῤύμα, ατος, τό, (*ῤύω = ἐρίω) that which is drawn, a drawing; τόξου ῤύμα the drawing of the bow, i. e. men that draw the bow (the Persians), opp. to λόγῃς ἰσχύς the might of the spear (the Greeks); ἐκ τόξου ῤύματος within bow-shot.

II. (ῤύομαι) deliverance, protection.

ῤύμβος, οὐ, ὄ, Att. for ῤόμβος.

ῤύμη [ῤ], ἡ, (*ῤύω = ἐρίω) the force, swing, rusb of a

body in motion, Lat. *impetus*; *περιρύγων ῥύμη* the *rush* of wings: absol. an onset, *charge*, attack: dat. *ῥύμη* with a swing, with a run. II. a quarter of a city, street, Lat. *vicius*; also a lane, alley.

ῥύμμα, ατος, τό, (*ῥύπτω*) anything used for washing, soap.

ῥύμῶς, ὄς, ὄ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) the pole of a car.

ΡΥΨΟΜΑΙ: f. *ῥύσομαι* [ῥ]: aor. I *ἔρρυσάμην* Ep. *ῥύσσομαι*: aor. 2, 3 sing. *ἔρρυτο* Ep. *ἔρρυτο*, 3 pl. *ἔρρυντο* Ep. *ῥύρατο*; inf. *ῥύσθαι*: Dep. —to draw to oneself, draw out of harm's way: hence to rescue, save: c. inf., *ῥύσθαι τινα θανάην* to rescue one from death: —absol. to cure, heal. II. to free, redeem, deliver.

III. to shield, guard, protect, defend: of armour, to shield, cover: also to conceal. IV. to draw back, hold back, check. V. to draw down the scale, outweigh, counterbalance.

ῥύπα, τά, irreg. plur. of *ῥύπος*. *ῥύπαινα*, f. *αῶδ*: aor. I *ἔρρῦπᾶνα* (*ῥύπος*): —to cover with dirt: —Pass. to be or become dirty.

ῥύπᾶρία, ἡ, dirt, filth. From *ῥύπᾶρός*, ἄ, ὄν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty: metaph. sordid, mean. Adv. *-ῥᾶς*.

ῥύπᾶω Ep. *ῥύπῶω*: impf. *ἔρρῦπῶν* (*ῥύπος*): —to be foul or dirty.

ῥύπῶεις, *εσσα*, εν, (*ῥύπος*) foul, dirty. **ΡΥΨΙΟΣ**, ὁ, dirt, filth, uncleanness: irreg. pl. *ῥύπα*, τά, but also regul. *ῥύποι*, οἱ. II. Att. sealing-wax. [ῥ] Hence

ῥύπῶω, f. ὥσω, pf. pass. *ῥεῤῥῶμαι*: —to make dirty: —Pass. to be dirty or filthy.

ῥύπῶω, Ep. for *ῥύπᾶω*.

ῥυπᾶπαί, ἄ, ὄν, a cry of the Athenian rowers, *βοῶ*! τὸ *ῥυπᾶπαί* is put for the rowers, the crew.

ῥύπτω, f. ψω, (*ῥύπος*) to remove dirt, to cleanse, wash: —Pass. to wash oneself.

ῥύσαινομαι, Pass. (*ῥύσος*) to be wrinkled.

ῥύσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of *ῥύσομαι*.

ῥύσάξω, f. ἄσω, (*ῥύσσω*) to seize as a pledge: to seize as one's own property: hence to drag away, carry off by force.

ῥύσι-βωμος, ον, (*ῥύσομαι*, *βωμός*) defending altars.

ῥύσι-δίφρος, ον, (*ῥύσομαι*, *δίφρος*) preserving the chariot.

ῥύσιον [ῥ], τό, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) that which is seized and dragged away: booty, plunder, prey, mostly of cattle. II. that which is seized as a pledge or surety, a pledge, security; *ῥύσια*, τά, pledges entrusted to a god, i. e. suppliants. III. that which is seized by way of reprisals, reprisals. 2. *ῥύσια*, τά, claims to things alleged to have been seized, Lat. res *reputandae*. 3. in plur., *ῥύσια*, τά, deliverance.

ῥύσιος, ον, (*ῥύσομαι*) delivering, rescuing. [ῥ]

ῥύσι-πόλις, εως, ὄ, ἡ, (*ῥύσομαι*, *πόλις*) saving the city.

ῥύσι-πόνος, ον, (*ῥύσομαι*, *πόνος*) setting free from toil and trouble.

ῥύσις, ἡ, (*ῥέω*) a flowing: a river, stream. [ῥ]

ῥύσομαι, collat form of *ῥύσομαι*, Dep. to save, rescue: hence *ῥύσκειν*, Ep. 2 sing. impf.

ῥυσμός, ὁ, rarer form for *ῥυθμός*.

ῥύσος, ἡ, ὄν, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) drawn, drawn up: wrinkled, sbrivelled.

ῥυστάξω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of **ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*, to drag along violently, drag to and fro: *πολλά ῥυστάξσκε* (3 sing. Ion. impf.) *περὶ σῆμα* be dragged it many times round the grave of Patroclus. Hence *ῥυστακτής*, υός, ἡ, a dragging violently: generally, violent treatment or behaviour.

ῥυσ-ώδης, ες, (*ῥύσος*, *εἶδος*) wrinkled-looking.

ῥυτ-ἄγωγός, ἔως, ὄ, (**ῥύω*, *ἀγωγός*) the rope of a horse's halter.

ῥυτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) one who draws or stretches. 2. a rope to draw with, a trace: —the *thong* by which one holds a horse, a rein; *ἄπο ῥυτήρος* with loose rein, at full speed. II. (*ῥύσομαι*) a saviour, defender.

ῥυτιδῶ-φλοιός, ον, (*ῥυτίς*, *φλοιός*) with sbrivelled rind.

ῥυτίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) a wrinkle, Lat. *ruga*.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) dragged along. II.

as neut. Subst., *ῥυτά*, τά, poet. for *ῥυτήρ*, a rein.

ῥυτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (*ῥέω*) flowing, running, fluid, liquid.

ῥυτῶρ [ῥ], ορος, ὁ, (**ῥύω* = *ἔρύω*) one who draws; *ῥυτῶρ τόξου* a bowman, archer. II. (*ῥύσομαι*) a saviour, deliverer, defender.

ῥύψις, ἡ, (*ῥύπτω*) a cleansing, purifying.

***ΡΥΨΩ**, = *ἔρύω*, to draw, not used in Act.; see *ῥύσομαι*.

ῥωγᾶλέος, α, ον, (*ῥᾶξ*) broken, rent, torn, ragged.

ῥωγᾶς, ἄδος, ὄ, ἡ, (*ῥᾶξ*) fem. Adj. rent, ragged; *ῥωγᾶς πέτρα* a cloven rock.

ῤωμαϊκός, ἡ, ὄν and *ῤωμαῖος*, α, ον, (*ῤώμη*) Roman: as Subst., a Roman. Adv. *-κῶς*, in Roman fashion. Hence

ῤωμαῖστῖ, Adv. in the Roman or Latin language.

ῥωμαλέος, α, ον, (*ῥώμη*) strong of body: generally, powerful, mighty, strong.

ῥώμη, ἡ, (*ῥόμομαι*) bodily strength, might: generally, strength, force. II. a force, i. e. army. III. *ῤώμη*, ἡ, Roma, Rome.

ῥώννυμι ον —*ῶω*, f. ῥῶσω, aor. I *ἔρρωσα*: (*ῥόμομαι*): —to strengthen, make strong: to confirm. II.

Pass. *ῥώννυμαι*, but the pf. *ἔρρωμαι* is generally used as pres., and the plqpf. *ἔρρωμην* as impf.: aor. I *ἔρρωσθη*: —to be strong or vigorous: pf. imperat. *ἔρρωσο*, fare-well, Lat. *vale*, the usual way of ending a letter; also, *φράξω* τινὶ *ἔρρωσθαι*, like Lat. *jubeo valere*: —see *ἔρρωμένος*.

ῥῶξ, ἡ, gen. *ῥωγός*, (*ῥήγγυμι*) a cleft, narrow passage; *ῥῶγος* *μεγάροιο* the narrow entrance of a room.

ΡΥΨΟΜΑΙ, 3 pl. impf. *ἔρρῶντο* Ep. *ῥῶντο*: 3 pl. aor. I *ἔρρῶσαντο*: Dep.: —to move violently, to dart or rush on; *ῥῶσθαι* *περὶ πυρῆν* to move rapidly round the pyre; c. acc. cognato, *χορὸν ἔρρῶσαντο*

they plied the lusty dance; of hair, ἐρρώνοντο μετὰ πνοιῆς ἀνέμιοι it streamed on the wind.

ῥωπήιον τὸ, (ῥῶψ) Ep. and Ion. for ῥωπειόν (which is not used), a *thicket*, *copse*: in plur. *bushes*, *brush-wood*, *underwood*.

ῥωπικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (ῥῶπος) of or like small wares: hence *cheap*, *wortless*.

ῥῶπιος, ὁ, any small wares, *frippery*, *trumpetry*.

ῥωσθέϊς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of ῥώννυμι.

ῥωχμή, ἡ, = ῥωχμός.

ῥωχμός, ὄν, ὁ, (ῥῶξ) like ῥήγμα, a *cleft*; ῥωχμός γαίης a *gutter* or *channel* worked out in the earth.

ῥῶνΨ, ἡ, gen. ῥωπόσ, a *low shrub*, *bush*; in plur. *underwood*, *brushwood*.

Σ

Σ, σ, σίγμα, τό, indecl., eighteenth letter of the Gr. Alphabet: as numeral σ' = 200, but σ = 200,000.

The final σ was written s. This s must not be confounded with σ, *stau*, which was in fact the digamma, *F*, *vau*, and occupied the sixth place in the old Greek alphabet: hence σ' = 6. There was another form, *san* or *sanpi*, Ϻ, which was retained as a numeral, = 900.

Changes of σ in the dialects: I. Aeol., Dor. and Ion. into δ, as ὀδμή ἴδμεν for ὀσμή ἴσμεν. II.

Dor. into θ, as σιὸς ἀγασὺς παρσένος for θεὸς ἀγαθὸς παρβένος. III. Aeol. and Dor. into τ, as in τὴ τέ φατι for σὺ σέ φησί. 2. also in later Att.,

as μέτ-αυλος τήμερον τῦκον for μέσ-αυλος σήμερον σῦκον:—so σ passed into ττ, as πράττω τάττω for πράσσω τάσσω; θάλαττα διττύς for θάλασσα δισσός. IV. Aeol. and Ep., σ was often doubled, as ὄσσος μέσσος for ὄσος μέσος, and in the Ep. fut. and aor. forms ἄσω ἔσω ἴσω, as δαμάσσω ὀλέσσω κομισσώ for δαμάσω ὀλέσω κομισώ, so ὀπίσσω for ὀπίσω.

V. σσ and πτ were sometimes interchanged, as πέσσω πέπτω, ἐνίσσω ἐνίπτω. VI.

Dor. σ becomes ξ in fut. and aor. I of Verbs, as θεσπιξῶ for θεσπίσω: so, διξός τριξός for δισσός τρισσός.

2. in old Att., the Prep. σύν was written ξίν.

VII. σ took the place of the aspirate, esp. in Aeol., with which the Lat. agrees, vs, svs sus, als sal, ξξ sex, ἐπτά septem, ἔρω serpo. 2. σ was added to words beginning with a conson., esp. μ and τ, as μάρραδος σμάρραδος, μύραινα σμύραινα, μικρός σμικρός, τέγος στέγω Lat. tego. 3. σ was inserted by Poets in the I pers. pl. pass. and med., as τυπτό-μεσθα for τυπτόμεθα metri grat.: so too in the Adv. in-θεν, as, ὄπισθεν for ὀπισθεν. VIII. σ is changed into ρ when another ρ precedes, as ἄρρην χερρός θάρρος for ἄρρην χερρός θάρσος. IX. σ is added to οὐτω ἄχρι μέχρι before a vowel.

σά μάν; Dor. for τί μήν;

Σαβάβιος, ὁ, (Σαβός) a Phrygian deity, afterwards taken as a name of *Bacchus* himself.

σαβάρκτης, ον, ὁ, (σαβάζω) a *scatterer*, *destroyer*, name of a *mischievous goblin who broke pots*.

σαβαχθα-νί, Chaldaean form, *ibou-bast-forsaken me*, or *bast-ibou-forsaken me?*

σαβαῶθ, Hebrew plur. noun, *hosts*, *armies*.

Σάββασι, irreg. dat. pl. of Σάββατον.

Σαββατίζω, f. ἴσω, (Σάββατον) to *keep the Sabbath*.

Σαββατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάββατον) cf or for the Sabbath. 2. for a *Jew*.

Σαββατισμός, ὁ, (Σαββατίζω) a *keeping of the Sabbath*: *rest on the Sabbath*.

Σάββατον, τό, the Hebrew *Sabbath*, i. e. *Rest*: hence the *seventh day* or *day of Rest*:—also in plur., τὰ σάββατα; irreg. dat. pl. σάββασι, as if from a nom. σάββας. 2. a *week*.

σάγαρις, ἰος, ἡ; pl. σαγάρεις, Ion. -ῖς:—a weapon used by the Scythian tribes; also by the Persians, Amazons, etc.: a *single-edged axe* or *bill*.

σάγη or σαγή, ἡ, (σάγτω) the *housings*, *harness*, of a horse or mule; (σάγε of a man, *furniture*, *equipment*: esp. *armour*, *harness*.

σαγήναϊος, α, ον, (σαγήνη) *belonging to a drag-net*.

σαγήνεύς, ἔως, ὁ, = σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνευτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, one who fishes with a *drag-net*: hence a *comb* is called τριχῶν σαγηνευτήρ.

σαγηνεύω, f. σω, (σαγήνη) to *enclose fish* in a *drag-net*: metaph. of men, to *sweep* as with a *drag-net*.

ΣΑΤΗΝΗ, ἡ, a *large drag-net* for taking fish, a *seine*.

σαγήνο-βόλος, ον, (σαγήνην, βαλεῖν) *throwing the drag-net*: as Subst. a *fisherman*.

σαγήνό-δετος, ον, (σαγήνην, δέω) *attached to a net*.

σάγμα, ατος, τό, (σάττω) the *housings* of a horse, a *saddle*, *packsaddle*. II. of persons, a *covering*, *clothing*, a *large cloak*. III. the *covering* or *case* of a *shield*. IV. a *heap* or *pile*.

Σαδδουκαῖος, ον, ὁ, a *Sadducee*, one of the *Sadducees*, name of a Jewish sect who did not believe in a *Resurrection*, nor in the existence of *Spirits*.

σαθρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σαπρός, *rotten*, *decayed*, *unsound*, *cracked*. II. metaph. *unsound*, *decayed*, *rotten*, *perishable*.

ΣΑΙΝΩ, f. σαῶν: aor. I ἔσηνα Dor. ἔσανα:—to *wag the tail*, *fawn*. II. metaph. to *fawn upon*, *caress*, *wheedle*; σαίνει μίρον to *deprecate*, *sbrink* from death. 2. absol. to be *gentle*, *kind*: of a summer sea, to *smile*. III. to *cheer*, *please*.

ΣΑΙΡΩ, f. σαῶν: pf. (with pres. sense) σέσηρα, part. σεσηρῶς Dor. σεσαῶς, νία, ὄς, Ep. fem. σεσαῶνυα:—to *shew the teeth*, *grin* like a dog, Lat. ringi; esp. in scorn or malice: but also in good sense, to *smile*. II. to *sweep clean*: to *sweep* away.

σάκεο-πᾶλος, ον, (σάκος, πάλω) *wielding* or *brandishing* a *shield*.

σάκεο-φόρος, ον, (σάκος, φέρω) *shield-bearing*.

σᾶκλον, = σακκίον.

σακίτας, α, Dor. for σηκίτης, ον.

σακκέω, (σάκκος) to *strain*, *filter*.

σακκίον Att. σακίον, τό, Dim. of σάκκος or σάκος, a small bag.

σακκο-γένειο-τρόφος, ον, (σάκκος, γένειον, τρέφω) *cherishing a large beard.*

ΣΑΪΚΟΣ or σάκος, δ, a coarse cloth of hair, esp. of goats' hair, Lat. *cilicium*: sackcloth. II. anything made of this cloth: I. a sack, bag. 2.

a sieve, strainer. III. a sbaggy beard.

σάκος, δ, v. sub σάκκος.

σακός, δ, Dor. for σηκός.

σάκος [ᾶ], gen. σάκεος Ion. σάκευς, τό, (σάττω) a shield, made of wickerwork or wood, covered with one or more ox-hides: it was concave, and was sometimes used as a vessel to hold liquid.

σάκτας, ον, δ, (σάττω) a sack.

σάκτωρ, ορος, δ, (σάττω) one who crams or fills up; Ἄιδον σάκτωρ one who crowds the nether world, i. e. a slayer of many.

σακχ-ὑφάντης, ον, δ, (σάκκος, ὑφαίνω) a weaver of sackcloth or canvas, a sailmaker.

σαλάκων [ᾶ], υνος, δ, (σαλάσσω) one who walks in a swaggering fashion, a swaggerer, roysterer.

σαλακωνεύω, f. σω, (σαλάκων) to play the swaggerer, to swagger.

σαλάμανδρα or -μάνδρα, the salamander, a kind of lizard, supposed to put out fire. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σαλαμίην-ἄφέτης, ον, δ, (Σαλαμίς, ἀφήμι) betrayer of Salamis.

Σαλαμίνιος [μί], α, ον, also ος, ον, (Salaminiian, of or from Salamis. II. ἡ Σαλαμινία (sub. ναῦς or τρήρης), the Salamina, one of the two state galleys of the Athenians, used for special missions; cf. παράλος. From

Σαλαμίς, gen. ἴνος, ἡ, Salamis, an island opposite Athens. II. a town of Cyprus founded by Teucer of Salamis.

σάλασσα, Dor. for θάλασσα.

σαλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ζω: pf. pass. σεσάλαγμαi: (σάλος):—to cram full, stuff.

σαλέω, f. σω: aor. I ἐσάλευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσαλεύθη: pf. σεσάλευμα: (σάλος):—to shake much: to make to totter:—Pass. to be shaken, to totter, reel.

II. intr. to move to and fro, to roll or toss like a ship at sea: metaph. to toss, be in sore distress.

σάλος, δ, (ἄλλομαι) the tossing or rolling swell of the sea, the surge: hence the open, exposed sea. 2. a roadstead, anchorage. II. of ships, a rolling about, tossing on the sea: hence sea-sickness: metaph. restlessness, disquiet.

σαλπυγο-λογχ-ὑπηνάδαι, οἱ, (σάλπιγξ, λόγχη, ὑπήνη) bearded-lance-trumpeters.

σαλπυγικός, οὔ, δ, (σαλπίζω) a trumpeter.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγρος, ἡ, a war-trumpet, trump: the σαλπίζω was called Tuscan, Τυρσηνική: ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος, by sound of trumpet. II. a signal by trumpet, trumpet-call. From

ΣΑΛΠΙΖΩ, fut. -ιγξω, aor. I ἐσάλπιγξα: later fut. σαλπίσω, aor. I ἐσάλπισα:—to sound the trumpet,

give signal by trumpet: to peal like a trumpet-call, of thunder:—impers., ἐπεὶ ἐσάλπιγξε (sc. ὁ σαλπυγικός) when the trumpet sounded:—c. acc. to proclaim, announce. Hence

σαλπυγικός, οὔ, δ, = σαλπυγικός.

σάλπιγξ, ἱγρος, ἡ, poet. for σάλπιγξ.

σαλπυστής, οὔ, δ, = σαλπυγικός.

σάμα, τό, Dor. for σήμα.

σαμαῖον, Dor. for σημαῖον.

Σαμαρείτης, ον, δ, a Samaritan, inhabitant of Samaria, a district lying between Judea and Galilee formerly inhabited by part of the 12 Tribes: the Samaritans were bitter enemies of the Jews. Fem.

Σαμαρείτις, ἴδος, ἡ, a Samaritan woman.

σάμβαλον, τό, Aeol. for σάνδαλον.

σάμερον, Dor. for σήμερον, to-day.

Σάμη, ἡ, Samé, the older name of Κεφαλληνία, σημήιον, τό, Dor. for σημεῖον.

Σάμος, α, ον, (Σάμος 3) of Samos, Samian.

Σάμο-θρακία Ion. -θρηκία, ἡ, = Σάμος Θρακία, Samothrace, an island near Thrace.

Σάμο-θρακίος, α, ον, -θρηκίος η, ον, Samothracian.

Σάμο-θραξ Ion. -θρήξ, ἱκος, δ, a Samothracian.

Σάμος [ᾶ], ἡ, Samos, the name of several Greek islands: I. an old name for Κεφαλληνία: also called Σάμη. 2. Σαμος Θρηκίη, = Σαμοθράκη. 3. the large island over against Ephesus.

σαμπί, an old letter, see Σ, σ, σίγμα.

σαμ-φόρος, ον, δ, (σάν, φέρω) a horse branded with the letter σάν (v. σίγμα): cf. κοππατίας.

σάν, Dor. for σίγμα, q. v.

σανδάλιον, τό, Dim. of σάνδαλον, a small sandal or slipper.

σανδάλισκος, δ, Dim. of σάνδαλον, = σανδάλιον.

σάνδαλον Aeol. σάμβαλον, τό, a wooden sole, bound on by straps round the instep and ankle, a sandal.

σανδάρακη, ἡ, a bright-red mineral: hence scarlet, Lat. *sandaraca*. [ρᾶ] Hence

σανδεράντιος, η, ον, of or like σανδάρακη, bright-red.

σανίδιον, τό, Dim. of σανίς, a panel: a trencher.

σανίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a board, plank: anything made of board or plank: a door, in plur. folding doors. 2. a wooden scaffold or stage. 3. a wooden floor: a ship's deck. 4. in plur. wooden tablets for writing on, tablets covered with gypsum, on which were written public notices. 5. a plank to which offenders were bound or nailed as to a cross.

σαοῖ, 3 sing. of σαῶω.

ΣΑΪΟΣ, as posit., found only in contr. form σῶς, safe: Comp. σῶώτερος.

σαο-φρονέω, σαο-φροσύνη, σαο-φρων, poet. for σωφρονέω, σωφροσύνη, σῶφρων.

σαῶω Ep. σῶω, = σώω, to save:—3 sing. pres. σαοῖ, 3 pl. σαοῦσι: 3 sing. impf. ἐσῶω Ep. σῶω: 2 sing. imperat. σῶσον or σῶω: fut. σώσω: aor. I act. ἐσῶωσα, pass. ἐσῶωθην: fut. med. σώσωμαι.

σαπίειν, aor. 2 pass. opt. of σήπω.

σαπίεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σήπω.

σάπῃη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of σήπω.

σάπῃων, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σήπω.

σαπρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σαπῆναι) rotten, putrid: diseased, Lat. tabidus: decayed, unsound. II. generally, worthless, useless. III. old, obsolete, musty.

σαπίφειρος, ἦ, the sapphires or the lapis lazuli, a precious stone.

Σαπφώ, οὖς, vocat. Σαπφοῦ, ἡ, Sappho. Hence

Σαπφῶς, α, ον, of Sappho, Sapphic.

σαπών, aor. 2 part. of σήπω.

σαργάνη, ἡ, like ταργάνη, wickerwork, a basket: a plait, band. [ᾶ]

σαρδάνιον, α, ον, (σαίρω) in phrase σαρδάνιον [sc. γέλωτα] γελᾶν, to laugh a bitter laugh, laugh bitterly, from anger or secret triumph; μέιδισε δὲ θυμῷ σαρδάνιον μάλα τοῖον but he laughed in his soul a very bitter laugh. It was also written σαρδόνιος, α, ον, as if from σαρδόνιον, a plant of Sardinia (Σαρδῶ), which was said to distort the face of the eater.

Σάρδεις, εων, Ion. Σάρδιες, ἰων, αἱ, Sardis, the capital of Lydia:—hence Adj., Σαρδιῶνός Ion. -ίητος, and Σαρδιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sardis; βάμμα Σαρδιανικόν a Sardinian, i.e. scarlet, dye, hence, of a sound thrashing.

σαρδῖον [ἶ], ἡ, or σαρδῖνος, ὁ, the sardine.

σάρδιον, τό, (Σάρδεις) the Sardinian stone.

σαρδ-όνυξ, ἄγος, ὁ, (σάρδιον, ὄνυξ) the sardonynx, a kind of onyx, so called when the different colours were disposed in layers, or intermingled.

Σαρῶ, gen. ὅος contr. οὖς, ἡ, Sardinia: hence Adj., Σαρδῶς, α, ον, Σαρδωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, Σαρδόνιος and Σαρδόνιος, α, ον, of or belonging to Sardinia, Sardinian.

ΣΑΡΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the upper edge of a hunting-net. σάρισσα or rather σάρισα, ἡ, the sarissa, a long pike used in the Macedonian phalanx.

σαρκάζω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to rend off flesh like dogs.

σαρκασμο-πίτυο-κάμπτης, ον, ὁ, (σαρκάζω, πίτυς, κάμπτω) sneering-pinebender.

σαρκίξω, f. σω, (σάρξ) to strip off the flesh; σαρκίξεν τὸ δέρμα to draw off the skin, to flay.

σαρκικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, of the flesh, carnal, sensual, opp. to πνευματικός.

σαρκίνος, η, ον, (σάρξ) of flesh. II. fleshy, fat.

σαρκο-λίπης, ἐς, (σάρξ, λιπὴν) forsaken by flesh, lean.

σαρκο-πάγης, ἐς, (σάρξ, παγῆναι) with compact flesh.

σαρκοφάγῳ, f. ἦσω, to eat flesh: devour. From

σαρκο-φάγος, ον, (σάρξ, φάγειν) eating flesh. II.

λίθος σαρκοφάγος a lime-stone which like slacked lime consumed animal substances, wherefore coffins were often made of it:—hence as Subst., σαρκοφάγος, ὁ, a sarcophagus, coffin.

σαρκῶ, f. ὦσα, (σάρξ) to make fleshy, make into flesh.

σαρκ-ώδης, (σάρξ, εἶδος) like flesh, fleshy; θεοὶ ἐναῖοι καὶ σαρκώδεις gods of flesh and blood.

ΣΑΡΞ, ἡ, gen. σαρκός, flesh: in plur. all the flesh or muscles in the body: hence the flesh, body. 2.

flesh, human nature, human kind.

σάρων, τό, (σαίρω) a besom, broom.

σαῖρος, f. ὦσα, (σαίρω) to sweep with a besom, cleanse.

Σαττηδόν, ὄνος, also ὄντος, ὄντι, ὁ; voc. Σαττηδόν:—pr. n. Sarpedon.

σαῖρόν, fut. of σαίρω.

Σατάνῶς, ᾶ and Σατᾶν, ὁ, indecl. Satan; a Hebr. word meaning the adversary, enemy.

σατήνη, ἡ, a war-chariot; generally, a chariot, car.

σάτων, τό, a Hebrew measure, about a modius and half.

σατραπεία Ion. -ἡτή, ἡ, a satrapy, the office or province of a satrap. From

σατραπέω, f. σω, intr. to be a satrap. II.

trans. to rule as a satrap, c. acc. or gen. From

σατραπῆς, ον, ὁ, a satrap, Lat. satrāpa, title of a Persian viceroy or governor of a province. (Persian word.)

ΣΑΤΥΡΩ, fut. σάξω: aor. ἰ ἔσαξα: Pass., aor. ἰ

ἔσάχθην: pf. σέσαγμα: Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. pass. ἔσε-

σάχατο:—to pack or load, properly of beasts of burden:—hence of warriors, to load with full armour, harness: Pass. to be armed or harnessed. 2. to load, furnish, equip, fit out. II. to load heavily:

in pf. pass., πημάτων σεσαγμένους laden with woes; σεσαγμένους πλοῦτου overloaded with riches. III.

to pack close, press down, stamp down.

Σατύρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σάτυρος) fit for or like a Satyr.

Σατύρικός, ὁ, Dim. of Σάτυρος, a little Satyr.

ΣΑΤΥΡΟΣ [ῆ], ὁ, a Satyr, companion of Bacchus,

represented with long pointed ears, and a goat's tail: later, goats' legs were added. The Satyr differed from Pan or the Faun in having no horns. 2. a lewd, goatish fellow. II. a kind of play, in which the Chorus consisted of Satyrs, the Satyric drama.

σαυλόομαι, Pass. (σαῦλος) to be affected or effeminate in one's gait.

σαυλο-πρωκτιῶ, (σαῦλος, πρωκτός) to walk in a swaggering, affected way.

ΣΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ον, conceited, affectionate, effeminate.

ΣΑΥΡΑ Ion. σαύρη, ἡ, a lizard, Lat. lacerta.

ΣΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, = σαύρα, a lizard, Lat. lacertus.

σαυρωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a spike at the butt-end of a spear, by which it was stuck into the ground, the butt-end.

σαυτοῦ, σαυτῆς contr. for σεαντοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σαφᾶ, poet. Adv. of σαφής, clearly, plainly, assuredly;

σάφα εἰδώς knowing of a surety: also truly, σάφα

εἰπεῖν to tell plainly, speak truth. [σᾶ]

σαφάνης, ἐς, Dor. for σαφηνῆς.

σαφέστερος, -ατος, Comp. and Sup. of σαφής.

σαφέως, Ion. for σαφῶς.

σαφ-ηγορίς, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (σάφα, ἀγορεύω) speaking truth.

σαφήνεια, ἡ, (σαφηνῆς) clearness, plainness: the truth.

σαφηνέως, Ion. for σαφηνῶς.

σαφηνής Dor. σαφανής, ές, (σαφής) *clear, plain, open, manifest: true: τὸ σαφανές the whole truth.*

σαφηνίζω, f. ἰω, (σαφηνής) *to make clear or plain, to explain, clear up.*

σαφηνῶς, Adv. of σαφηνής, *clearly, plainly.*

ΣΑΦΗΣ, ές, gen. έος contr. οὖς, *clear, distinct, plain, sure, certain; τὸ σαφές the truth: of seers, sure, unerring. Comp. and Sup. σαφέστερος, -έστατος.*

σαφῶς Ion. σαφέως, like σάφα, *clearly, plainly, surely: Comp. σαφέστερον: Sup. σαφέστατα.*

σαχθείς, aor. I part. pass. of Σάπτω.

ΣΑΨ, Root. of σήψω, *to sift, bolt: 3 pl. σᾶσι.*

σάω, Ep. pres. imperat., and 3 sing. impf. of σαώω.

σαωθεῖς, -θήναι, aor. I pass. part. and inf. of σαώω.

σαωσόμεν, Ep. for σαώσκειν, fut. inf. of σαώω.

σᾶώσω, fut. of σαώω.

σᾶώτερος, Comp. of σᾶός.

σᾶώτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for σωτήρ, *a saviour, deliverer.*

σᾶώτης, ου, ὁ, (σαώω) poet. for σωτήρ, *a saviour.*

σβείην and σβείς, aor. 2 opt. and part. of σβέννυμι.

σβέννυμι and -ύω, fut. σβέσω: aor. I ἔσβεσα Ep.

σβέσαι, Ep. inf. σβέσαι:—*to quench, put out, Lat. extinguere.*

2. generally, *to quench, quell, put out, put down.*

II. Pass. σβέννυμαι: aor. I ἔσβεσθην: pf. ἔσβεσμαι: with intrans. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσβην Dor. ἔσβᾶν, opt. σβείην, inf. σβήναι: pf. ἔσβηκα:—*to be quenched, be put out, go out, Lat. extinguere: to die.*

2. of liquids, *to become dry, be exhausted.*

3. generally, *to become still, lull, cease.*

σβέσαι, Ep. for σβέσα, aor. I inf. of σβέννυμι.

σβεστήριος, α, ov, (σβέννυμι) *servicing to quench or put out.*

σβῆθι, aor. 2 imperat. of σβέννυμι.

-σε, adverbial termin., denoting *motion towards, as, ἄλλο-σε to some other place, etc.*

σβουτού Ion. σβουτού, -τής, -τού, reflexive Pron. of 2nd pers., of *thyself*, only used in sing. gen., dat., acc., masc. and fem.: in plur. separated, ὑμῶν αὐτῶν, etc.: so also in sing. in Homer, who uses σοὶ αὐτῷ, σ' αὐτόν.

σεβάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἔσεβασάμην, Ep. 3 sing. σεβάσατο: also aor. I pass. ἔσεβάσθην: Dep.: (σέβας):—*to feel awe of, to dread.*

σέβας, τό, (σέβομαι) *reverential awe, a feeling of awe; generally reverence, worship, honour, respect, awe.*

II. *the object of reverential awe, majesty.*

2. *an object of wonder, a wonder.*

III. *an honour conferred on one.*

σεβασμα, ατος, τό, (σεβάζομαι) *an object of awe or worship.*

Σεβαστία, ἄδος, ἡ, special fem. of Σεβαστός, *Augusta*, title of the Roman Empresses.

σεβαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σεβάζομαι) *reverenced, awful, august.*

II. the Lat. *Augustus*, as a title applied to the Roman Emperors, was rendered by Σεβαστός.

σεβίζω, f. ἰσω: aor. I ἐσέβισα:—*to worship, honour.*

ΣΕΒΟΜΑΙ: aor. I ἐσέβην: Dep.:—*to feel awe*

or fear, to feel shame, be ashamed, be afraid.

2. *to worship, pay high regard or respect to.*

ΣΕΒΩ, f. σέβω, = the earlier form σέβομαι, *to worship, honour: absol. to worship, be religious:—hence σέβομαι also as Pass., to be revered.*

σέθεν, old poet. form of σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

Σειληνός, ὁ, *Silenus*, a companion of Bacchus, the most famous of the Satyrs.

σεῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σὺ.

σειός, σεῖα, σείον, Lacon. for θεῖος, α, ov.

σειρά Ion. σείρη, ἡ, (είρω) *a cord, rope, string, thong: also a chain.*

II. *a cord with a noose, a lasso, used by the Sagartians to entangle and drag away their enemies.*

σειραῖος, α, ov, (σειρά) *joined by a cord or band: of a horse fastened on by a rope outside, an outrigger; see σειραφόρος.*

σειρῶ-φόρος Ion. σειρη-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) *having a rope attached, led by a rope: ὁ σειραφόρος (sub. ἵππος), the horse which draws by the trace only, an outrigger, whereas the ζύγιον drew by the yoke or collar:—metaph. a partner, coadjutor.*

A quadriga (τέθριππος) had four horses abreast, two ζύγιοι in the middle, and two σειραφόροι—one on each side.

Σειρήν, ἦνος, ἡ, *a Siren: in pl. Σειρήνες, αἱ, the Sirens, nymphs who allured sailors by their sweet songs and then slew them.*

II. *metaph. a Siren, deceitful woman.*

σειριό-καυτος, ov, (σειριός, καίω) *scorched by the heat of the dog-star.*

σειριός, α, ov, (σειρός) *hot, scorching: epith. of the heavenly bodies which cause this heat, σείριος ἀστήρ the sun: but, ὁ Σείριος (sub. ἀστήρ) the dog-star, Lat. Sirius, also called Κύνος σείριος or Κύνω.*

ΣΕΙΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, *hot, scorching, of summer-heat.*

σειρο-φόρος, ov, (σειρά, φέρω) = σειραφόρος.

σειάσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of σείω.

σεισ-άχθεια, ἡ, (σειώ, ἄχθος) *a shaking off of burdens, the name given to the disburdening ordinance of Solon, by which all debts were lowered, answering to the Lat. novae tabulae.*

σειαί-χθων, ονος, ὁ, (σειώ, χθών) *earth-shaker.*

σεισμός, ὁ, (σειώ) *a shaking, shock: the shock of an earthquake, an earthquake.*

σειστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σειώ) *shaken.*

-σειώ, ending of Verbs expressing desire or intention, *Desideratives*, like Lat. -urio. They are formed from the fut. of the orig. Verb, as δράω, δράσω, δρασειώ: γελᾶω, γελᾶσω, γελᾶσειώ.

ΣΕΙΩ, f. σείσω: aor. I ἔσεισα: Pass., aor. I ἐσείσθην: pf. σείσειμαι:—*to shake, move to and fro, brandish.*

2. absol., *σειεί there is an earthquake (see σεισμός), like ἕει it rains, etc.*

3. Pass. and Med. *to be shaken, shake, heave; generally, to move, sway to and fro: of places, to feel the shock of an earthquake.*

II. in Att. *to harass, annoy with accusations, so as to extort money.*

σέλα, for σέλαϊ, dat. of σέλας.

σελαγέω, f. ἦσω, (σέλας) to enlighten:—Pass. to beam brightly, blaze, flash. II. in Act. to shine, to beam.

σελαή-γενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σέλας, *γένω) father of light.

σελάνα, σελαναία, Dor. for σελήνη, σεληναία.

ΣΕΨ'ΛΑΣ, aos, τό: Ep. dat. σέλαϊ contr. σέλα: bright light, brightness, a bright flame, blaze, flash: a flash of lightning, lightning: a torch.

σελασ-φόρος, ου, (σέλας, φέρω) light-bringing.

σελάχος, τό, a shark.

Σεληναίη, ἡ, Ion. and Ep. for Σελήνη Att. Σεληναία:—the Moon.

σεληναίος, α, ον, lighted by the moon; σεληναία νύξ a moonlight night. From

σελήνη, ἡ, (σέλας) the moon; σελήνη πλήθουσα the full-moon; πρὸς τὴν σελήνην by the light of the moon. II. a moon, month; δεκάτη σελήνη in the tenth moon.

σεληνώζομαι, Dep. (σελήνη) to be moon-struck or lunatic.

σελιθη-φάγος, ου, (σελίς, φάγειν) devouring leaves of books.

ΣΕ'ΛΙΝΟΝ, τό, parsley, Lat. *apium*: the victors at the Isthmian and Nemean games were crowned with chaplets made of its leaves.

ΣΕΛΙ'Σ, ἴδος, ἡ, the space between two rowing-benches (σέλαμα). II. the space between two columns in the page of a book: generally, a page or column: a book.

Σελλοί, οἱ, the Selli, original inhabitants of Dodona, among whom was the oracle of Jove.

σέλαμα, ατος, τό, the upper framing of a ship, the deck. 2. pl. σέλαματα, τά, the rowing-benches, Lat. *transtra*. 3. generally, a seat, throne. II. any timberwork, a platform, scaffold.

σεμιδάλις, ἰος and εως, ἡ, the finest unbeaten flour, Lat. *simila*, *similago*.

σεμνό-θεσμος, ου, (σεμνός, θεσμός) worshipped with solemn rites.

σεμνολογέω, f. ἦσω, to speak gravely and solemnly:—Dep. σεμνολογέομαι, to talk in solemn speech. From

σεμνολόγος, ου, (σεμνός, λέγω) speaking solemnly.

σεμνό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (σεμνός, μάντις) a reverend seer.

σεμνομυθέω, f. ἦσω, to talk in solemn speech, assert gravely. From

σεμνό-μυθος, ου, (σεμνός, μυθέομαι) talking solemnly.

σεμνοπροσωπέω, f. ἦσω, to assume a grave, solemn countenance. From

σεμνο-πρόσωπος, ου, (σεμνός, πρόσωπον) of a grave countenance.

σεμνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σέβομαι) august, holy, solemn, awful: at Athens, esp. of the Furies or Erinyes, who were called σεμναὶ θεαί or Σεμναί. II. of men, grave, solemn, stately, majestic: in bad sense, haughty, pompous, grand; σεμνὸν βλέπειν to look grave and solemn. III. of things, stately, solemn, august, grand.

σεμνό-στομος, ου, (σεμνός, στόμα) solemnly spoken.

σεμνότης, ητος, ἡ, (σεμνός) solemnity, dignity, majesty: in bad sense, pomposity.

σεμνό-τίμος, ου, (σεμνός, τιμή) revered with awe.

σεμνώω, f. ὤσω, (σεμνός) to make grand or pompous, to dignify: esp. in a tale, to embellish, amplify.

σεμνώω [ῆ], f. ἦνω, (σεμνός) to make pompous or majestic, to dignify, magnify:—Med. σεμνώομαι, aor. I ἔσεμνωμαι, to be pompous or haughty: to affect a solemn air: hence, to vaunt oneself or be proud of a thing.

σεμνώω, Adv. of σεμνός, solemnly, grandly.

σέο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

σεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σέβομαι, august, holy.

ΣΕΨ'ΡΙΣ, εως or ἴδος, ἡ, endure or succory.

σέσφαρος, ὁ, a small winged insect, a gnat or ant.

σέσαγμα, pf. pass. of σάττω.

σεσάρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of σαρώω.

σεσάρως, υἱά, ὄς, Dor. for σεσηρῶς, pf. part. of σαίρω:—σεσάρυια, Ep. fem.

σέσεισμα, pf. pass. of σείω.

σέσηπα, pf. of σήπω.

σεσηρῶς, pf. part. of σαίρω.

σεσοφισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σοφίζω, cunningly, cleverly.

σεσύληγμα, pf. pass. of συλάω.

σέσυρκα, σέσυρμαι, pf. act. and pass. of σίρω.

σέσωσμαι, pf. pass. of σάωω.

σεσωφρονισμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of σωφρονίζω, temperately, soberly.

σέτω, Lacon. for θέτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imp. of τίθημι.

σεῦ enclit. σευ, Ion. and Dor. gen. of σύ.

σεῦα, Ep. for ἔσσενα, aor. I of σείω: part. σεύας.

σεύμαι, contr. for σείομαι, pres. pass. of σείω: 3 sing. σεῦτα.

σεῦ-λον, τό, Ion. for τεῦτλον.

ΣΕΨ'Ω, with σσ in augm. tenses, impf. ἔσσενον, pass. and med. ἔσσεύομαι: aor. I ἔσσενα, med. ἔσσεύομαι; also Ep. without augm. σεῦα, σεῦε, σεῦατο:

pf. pass. ἔσσυμαι, part. ἔσσύμενος: plqpf. (in aor. sense) ἔσσύομαι [ῆ], 2 sing. ἔσσυτο for ἔσσυσο, 3 sing. ἔσσυτο Ep. σύτο; part. σύμενος: aor. I pass. ἔσσύοθην [ῆ]. There is also 3 sing. σεῦται from a contr. pres. σεύμαι: also σοῦμαι, 3 pl. σοῦνται: imperat. σοῦ, 3 sing. σοῦσθε, 2 pl. σοῦσθε: inf. σοῦσθαι. To put in quick motion, drive, hunt, chase. 2. to set on, let loose at. 3. to drive or chase away. 4. of things, to throw, hurl: also to bring forth, cause to spring: αἷμα ἔσσενα I made blood spout forth:—Med., αἷμα σύτο blood spouted forth. II.

Pass. and Med. to be in quick motion, to run, dart, or shoot along; συθείς having started, gone. 2. c. inf. to hasten, speed; ὅτε σεύαιτο διώκειν when he hastened to pursue. 3. metaph. to be eager, yearn after, long for.

σεφθείς, aor. I pass. part. of σέβω.

σέω, Dor. for θέω, to run.

σεωυτοῦ, fem. σεωυτῆς, Ion. for σεαυτοῦ, σεαυτῆς.

σηκάζω, f. -άσω, (σηκός) to drive into a pen, corral up, sbut up.

σηκάσθην, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I. pass. of σηκάζω.

σηκίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (σηκός) a housekeeper, portress.

σηκίτης, οὐ, ὁ Dor. σακ-, (σηκός) a stall-fed animal: σακίταν ἄρνα a house-fed lamb.

σηκο-κόρος, ον, (σηκός, κορέω) cleaning a stable or pen: as Subst., σηκοκόρος, ὁ, a herdsman.

ΣΗΚΟΨ Dor. σακός, ὁ, a pen or fold, for sheep and goats. 2. any dwelling. II. any enclosure: a sacred enclosure, a chapel, shrine: also a sepulchre sacred to the dead. III. the trunk of an olive-tree. Hence.

σηκῶ, f. ὦσω, το weigh, balance. Hence σηκῶμα Dor. σάκωμα, ατος, τό, a weight in the balance, a counterpoise. II. like σηκός, a chapel, sacred enclosure, shrine.

ΣΗΜΑ Dor. σᾶμα, ατος, τό, a sign, mark, token: the mark or star on a horse's forehead. 2. a sign from heaven, an omen, portent: also, 3. a battle-sign, signal. 4. a mound, barrow, Lat. tumulus, to mark a tomb by: generally, a grave, tomb. 5. in plur. written characters: the σήματα λυγρὰ of Bellerophon in the Iliad were not written letters, but pictorial tokens or devices. 6. the device or bearing on a shield: also the device on a seal, a seal. 7. a constellation: in plur. the heavenly bodies, Lat. signa.

σημαίνουσα, Dor. pres. part. fem. from σημαίνω; fut. -ἄνω Ion. -ἄνεω; aor. I. ἐσήμηνα or ἐσημᾶνα, inf. σημήνα; Pass., aor. I. ἐσημάνθην; pf. σεσήμαμαι, but 3 sing. σεσήμανται, inf. σεσημάνθαι: (σημα):—to shew by a sign or token, point out: absol. to give a sign or token. II. to give a sign or signal to do a thing: hence to bear command over, rule: absol., σημαίνων a commander. 2. in battle, to give the signal of attack: impers. σημαίνει (sc. ὁ σαλπικτής), like σαλπίζει, signal is given: τοῖς Ἑλλήσι ὡς ἐσήμηνε when the signal was given for the Greeks to attack. III. to signify, announce, intimate: with a part., to signify that a thing is. IV. to stamp with a sign or mark, to seal, Lat. obsignare: pf. pass. σεσημασμένα, things sealed, opp. to ἀσημαντα. V. Med. σημαίνουμαι, to infer or conclude for oneself from signs. 2. to mark for oneself, note down.

σημαντήριον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal set upon a thing.

σημαντρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (σημαίνω) fem. Adj. suited for sealing; σημαντρίς γῆ clay used for sealing.

σημαντρον, τό, (σημαίνω) a seal.

σημαντωρ, ορος, ὁ, (σημαίνω) one who gives a sign or signal: a leader, commander: also of animals, a driver, a herdsman.

σημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σημα. [ᾶ]

σημαῖοις, εσσα, εν, (σημα) full of tombs.

σημαῖ-ουργός, ὄν, (σημα, *ἔργω) making devices for shields.

σημειο-γράφος, ον, (σημεῖον, γράφω) writing in cipher. [ᾶ]

σημεῖον Ion. -ήιον, τό, (σημα) a mark, sign or token by which something is known: a trace, track. 2. a sign from the gods, an omen. 3. a sign or signal to do anything: the signal for battle. 4. a flag or ensign on the admiral's ship, or on the general's tent: generally, a standard, ensign. 5. a device upon a shield: also on a seal: a seal itself.

II. in reasoning, a sign or proof.

σημεῖός, f. ὦσω, (σημεῖον) to mark:—Med. to mark for oneself, remark: also to give notice of.

σήμερον Dor. σάμερον Att. τήμερον, Adv. (ἡμέρα with σ prefixed) to-day: so also ἡ σήμερον (sub. ἡμέρα), and τὸ τήμερον.

σημήιον, τό, Ion. for σημεῖον.

σημηνα, Ep. for ἐσήμηνα, aor. I. of σημαίνω.

σημι-κίβητον, τό, the Lat. semi-cinctum, an apron.

σημδ-θετος, ον, (σημα, τίθημι) made for ruling lines.

σηπεδών, ὄνος, ἦ, (σήπω) decay, putrefaction: of quick flesh, mortification.

ΣΗΠΙΨΑ, ἦ, the sepia or cuttle-fish, which when pursued troubles the water by ejecting a dark liquid.

ΣΗΠΠΩ, f. σήψω; aor. I. ἔσηψα:—to make rotten or putrid: to make fester or mortify. II. Pass.

σήπομαι: aor. 2. ἐσάπην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. subj. σάπηη, for σάπη; pf. act. (in pass. sense) σέσηπα:—to be or become rotten, to moulder, putrefy: of diseased flesh, to mortify.

Σήρ, Σηρός, ὁ, mostly in pl. Σῆρες, the Seres, an Indian people, from whom silk was first brought: hence, II. the Seric worm, silkworm.

σήρ, ὁ, Lacon. for θήρ.

σήραγξ, αγλλος, ἦ, (σαίρω, σέσρα) a hollow rock, a cleft, cave hollowed out by the sea.

σηρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Σήρ) Seric: silken.

σηρο-κτόνος, ον, Lacon. for θηροκτ-.

ΣΗΨ, ὁ, gen. σεός, nom. pl. σέες, gen. σεών; later also gen. σητός:—a moth, Lat. tineæ: a book-worm.

σῆς, Ion. for σαῖς, dat. pl. fem. of σός, σῆ, σόν.

σησαμῆαιος, α, ον, made of sesamé. From σησαμή, ἦ, sesamé, an eastern leguminous plant. [ᾶ]

σησαμίη, ἦ, a mixture of sesamé-seeds roasted and pounded with honey, a sesamé-cake.

σησαμίνοιο, η, ον, (σησαμή) made of sesamé; σησαμίον ἔλαιον sesamé-oil. [ᾶ]

σησαμῶεις, εσσα, εν, (σησαμή) of sesamé; ὁ σησαμῶις (sub. ἄρτος) a sesamé-cake.

σησαμόν, τό, (σησαμή) the seed or fruit of the sesamé-tree (σησαμή).

σησαμό-τύρον, τό, (σησαμή, τυρός) sesamé-cheese. σησαμῶις, ούντος, contr. from σησαμῶεις.

Σηστός, ἦ, ἄλλο δ, Sestos, a town on the European side of the Hellespont, over against Abydos.

σήτες Att. τῆτες, (ἔτος) this year: see σήμερον.

σητό-βρωτος, ον, (σῆς, βιβρώσκω) fretted by moths, moth-eaten.

σητόκοπος, ον, (σῆς, κοπήναι) fretted by moths.

σθεναρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σθένος) strong, mighty.

ΣΘΕΝΟΣ, eos, τό, strength, might, prowess: mostly of men, but also of things, as of a river; σθένος ἡλίου the strength of the sun; σθένει by force; παντὶ σθένει with all one's might. 2. might, power, force. II. a force of men. III. periph., like βίη, ἴς, μένος with a gen., as, σθένος Ἐκτορος Hector himself.

σθένος, f. ὤσω, (σθένος) to strengthen, make strong. σθένω, only used in pres. and impf.: (σθένος):—to be strong or mighty, have power; σθένειν χειρὶ, ποσί to be strong in hand, in foot; οἱ κάτω σθένοντες they who rule below. 2. c. inf. to have strength or power to do, be able or competent to do.

σιά, Lacon. for θεά.

ΣΙ' Α' ΤΩ' Ν Ion. σιγῶν, ὄνος, ἦ, the jaw-bone, jaw.

ΣΙΑ' ΛΟΝ Ion. σιέλον, τό, spittle, foam from the mouth, Lat. saliva (Engl. slaver).

ΣΙΑ' ΛΟΣ, ὄ, a fat hog: also with another Subst., σὺς σιάλος, like σὺς κάπριος, etc. II. fat, grease.

Σίβυλλα, ἦ, a Sibyl, prophetess. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ῥ] Hence

Σιβύλλειος, α, ον, Sibylline.

Σιβυλλιάω, (Σίβυλλα) to play the Sibyl: metaph. to be like a Sibyl, i. e. credulous or silly.

Σιβυλλιστής, οὔ, ὄ, a believer in the Sibyl, diviner.

ΣΙ' Β' Τ' ΝΗ, ἦ, σιβύνης, ον, ὄ, a hunting-spear. [ῥ]

σιγᾶ, Adv. (σιγή) silently, stilly, noiselessly: as an exclam., σίγα hush! be still!

σιγᾶ, imperat. of σιγάω, hush! be still!

σιγᾶ, Ep. for εἰσίγα, 3 sing. impf. of σιγάω.

σιγᾶ, 3 sing. of σιγάω, or Dor. dat. of σιγή.

σιγᾶζω, f. ἄσω, (σιγή) to bid one be silent, force or constrain to silence.

σιγᾶλέος, α, ον, (σιγάω) silent, still.

σιγᾶλόεις, εσσα, εν, (σίαλος) smooth, glossy, shining, glittering, esp. of horses' reins. 2. rich, splendid, sumptuous.

σιγᾶλός, Dor. for σιγηλός.

σιγᾶς, ἄδος, ἦ, (σιγή) silent.

σιγᾶω, f. ἤσομαι, later ἤσω: pf. σεσίγηκα: Pass., aor. I εἰσγήθην: pf. σεσίγημαι: (σιγή):—to be silent or still, to keep silence:—imper. σίγα, hush! be still!—Pass. to be passed over in silence, Lat. taceri; but the pf. σεσίγημαι is also used in act. sense, to be silent.

σιγῆν, Lacon. for θιγῆν.

σιγῆ Dor. σιγά, ἦ, (σίγω) silence, a being silent;

σιγῆν ἔχειν to keep silence, to hold one's peace; σιγῆν ποιεῖσθαι to make silence. II. dat. σιγῆ as Adv., in silence, silently: also like σίγα, as an exclam., σιγῆ νυν silence now! σιγῆ ποιεῖσθαι λόγον to carry on a conversation in an under tone. 2.

secretly: also as a Prep, σιγῆ τινος, Lat. clam aliquo, like κρύφα τινός, unknouin to him.

σιγηθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σιγάω.

σιγηλός, ἦ, ὄν Dor. σιγαλός, ὄν, (σιγή) silent, still, mute, hushed:—τὰ σιγηλά silence.

σιγῆρός, ἄ, ὄν, = σιγηλός.

σιγῆτέον, verb. Adj. of σιγάω, one must be silent. σίγλος or σέκλος, ὄ, the Hebrew shekel = 2 drachmae: a Persian σίγλος is mentioned by Xenophon as worth $7\frac{1}{2}$ or 8 oboli, about 1 shilling English.

σίγμα, (σίζω) the letter sigma, see Σ, σ.

σιγύνης, ον, ὄ, Cyprian word for δόρυ, a spear. II. among the Ligyes near Marseilles used for κάπηλος.

III. the Σιγύναι were a people on the Danube, see Herodotus 5. 9.

σιγῶντι, Dor. 3 plur. of σιγάω: also dat. sing. pres. part.

σιδάρος, ὄ, Dor. for σίδηρος: for σιδάρεος and other Dor. forms, v. sub σιδῆρ--.

ΣΙ' Δ' Η, ἦ, a pomegranate tree: also the fruit. [ῥ]

σιδήρεα, ἦ, (σιδήρεω) a working in iron.

σιδήρεος, α Ion. η, ον, Att. contr. σιδηροῦς, ἄ, οὔν, Ep. σιδήρεος, η, ον, Dor. σιδάρεος [ᾶ], α, ον: (σιδήρος):—made of iron or steel, iron; σιδήρεος οὐράνος the iron sky: metaph., σιδήρεος θυμός, a mind of iron; σιδήρειον ἦτορ an iron heart. II.

σιδάρεοι, α, ον, a Byzantine iron coin.

σιδήρεῦς, εὐος, ὄ, (σιδήρος) a worker in iron, a smith.

σιδήριον, τό, (σιδήρος) a tool of iron or steel, an iron: a sword or knife.

σιδήριτης, [ῥ], ον, ὄ, fem. -ῖτις, ἴδος, Dor. σιδᾶρίτας, α, ὄ, (σιδήρος) of iron.

σιδηρο-βριθής, ἐς, (σιδήρος, βριθω) iron-loaded.

σιδηρο-βρώς, ἄτος, ὄ, ἦ, (σιδήρος, βιβρώσκω) iron-eating, epith. of a whetstone.

σιδηρο-δάκτυλος, ον, (σιδήρος, δάκτυλος) iron-fingered.

σιδηρό-δετος, εν, (σιδήρος, δέω) iron-bound, sbod with iron.

σιδηρο-κμής, ἦτος, ὄ, ἦ, (σιδήρος, κάμνω) slain by iron, slain by the sword.

σιδηρο-μήτωρ, ορος, ὄ, ἦ, (σιδήρος, μήτηρ) mother of iron, epith. of the earth.

σιδηρο-νόμος, ον, (σιδήρος, νέμω) distributing by the sword, or swaying the sword.

σιδηρό-νωτος, ον, (σιδήρος, νῶτον) iron-backed.

σιδηρό-πλακτος Dor. for -πληκτος, ον, (σιδήρος, πλήσσω) smitten by iron or by the sword.

σιδηρό-πλαστος, ον, (σιδήρος, πλάσσω) moulded of iron.

ΣΙ' Δ' ΗΡΟΣ Dor. σίδαρος, ὄ, iron: it was of high value, in Homer's time, since pieces of it were given as prizes: it mostly came from the north and east of the Euxine.

II. like Lat. ferrum, anything made of iron, an iron tool or implement, a sword, spear, axe: also a knife, sickle.

III. a place for selling iron, a cutter's shop.

σιδηρό-σπαρτος, ον, (σιδήρος, σπείρω) sown or produced by iron.

σιδηρο-τέκτων, ονος, ὄ, (σιδήρος, τέκτω) a worker in iron.

σιδηρο-τόκος, ον, (σιδήρος, τεκείν) iron producing.

σιδηροτομέω, f. ἤσω, to cleave with iron. From

σιδηροτόμος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, τεμεῖν) *cutting with iron*.

σιδηροφορέω, *φ. ἴσω*, to wear iron arms, wear arms: so also as Dep. —έομαι. From

σιδηροφόρος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, φέρω) *wearing iron, bearing arms*.

σιδηρόφρων, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, (σίδηρος, φρήν) *of iron heart*.

σιδηρόχαλκος, *ον*, (σίδηρος, χαλκός) *of iron and copper*.

σιδηροχάρμης, *ον, ὁ*, (σίδηρος, χάρμη) *fighting in iron*, epith. of mailed war-horses.

σιδηρώ, *φ. ὦσα*, (σίδηρος) to make of iron, overlay with iron.—impers. in plqpf. pass. ἐσεσίδήρωτο ἐπὶ μέγα καὶ τοῦ ἄλλου ξύλου *iron had been laid over a great part also of the rest of the wood*.

σίδιον, τό, (σίδη) *pomegranate-peel*. [στ]

Σιδονίηθεν, Adv. *from Sidon*. From

Σιδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *Sidon*, one of the oldest cities of Phoenicia. Adj. Σιδώνιος or Σιδώνιος, *α, ον, of or belonging to Sidon*; fem. also Σιδωνιάς, ἄδος.

Σιδών, ὄνος, ὁ, *a man of Sidon*.

ΣΙΖΩ, impf. ἔσιζον Ep. σίζον: no fut. in use:—to *biss*, of hot iron plunged into water; σίζῶ ὀφθαλμὸς ἐλαϊνέω περὶ μοχλῶ the eye of the Cyclops *bissed when the burnt stake was thrust into it*. II. to *set a dog on*.

Σιθωνία, ἡ, *Sithonia*, a part of Thrace, generally for the whole country: Adj. Σιθώνιος and Σιθόνιος, *α, ον, Thracian*: Σιθών, ὄνος, ὁ, *a Sitbonian*; and Σιθωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, *a Sitbonian woman*.

Σικανία, ἡ, *Sicania*, properly a part of Sicily near Agrigentum, used generally for the *whole of Sicily*.

Σικανός, οὐ, ὁ, *a Sicanian* (see Σικανία): Adj. Σικανικός, ἡ, ὄν, *Sicanian*.

σικαρίος, ὁ, the Lat. *sicarius*, *assassin*. [ᾱ]

Σικελία, ἡ, (Σικελός) *Sicily*: Adj. Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, *Sicilian*. Hence

Σικελίζω, *φ. ἴσω*, to do or speak like the Sicilians: to favour the Sicilians.

Σικελικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Σικελός) *of or like a Sicilian*.

Σικελιώτης, *ον, ὁ*, *a Sicilian Greek, a Greek settler in Sicily*, as distinguished from the Σικελιοί or Siculi, the more ancient inhabitants: cf. *Ἰταλιώτης*.

Σικελός, ἡ, ὄν, *Sicilian, of or from Sicily*, Lat. *Siculus*: the Σικελιοί originally migrated from Italy to Sicily; the Σικελιωταί were the later Greek settlers.

σικερα [Ὶ], τό, gen. σίκερος, *a sweet fermented liquor, strong drink*. (Hebr. *sbakar*, to be intoxicated.)

σικιννίς or σικίνις, ἰδος, ἡ, *the Sicinnis*, a dance of Satyrs used in the Satyrical drama, named from its inventor *Sicinnos*.

σίκλος, ὁ, = σίγλος.

σίκυα Ion. σικύη, ἡ, a fruit like the cucumber or gourd, but eaten ripe. II. a *cupping glass*, from its shape, Lat. *cucurbita*. [ῖ]

σίκυος, ὁ, the common gourd or cucumber.

Σικύων, ὄνος, ἡ, *Sicyon*, a town and district on the

north of the Peloponnesus: Adj. Σικυώνιος, *α, ον, Sicyonian*: Adv. Σικυώνοθε, *of or from Sicyon*.

σικχαῖω, to *loathe*. From

ΣΙΚΧΟΣ, ὁ, *a squeamish, fastidious person*.

Σιληνός, ὁ, see Σειληνός.

σίλι, τό, the *palma Cbristi*, called also σιλλικύπριον.

σίλλαϊον, (σίλλος) to *insult, mock, jeer*.

σιλλικύπριον, τό, = σίλι. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ΣΙΛΛΟΣ, ὁ, *one who looks askance: a satirist*.

II. a *satire, satirical poem*.

ΣΙΛΑΟΥΤΡΟΣ, ὁ, a river-fish, prob. the *shad*, Lat. *silurus*.

ΣΙΛΑΦΗ, ἡ, a kind of grub or beetle, Lat. *blatta*. II. a *book-worm*.

ΣΙΛΑΦΙΟΝ, τό, Lat. *laserpitium*, a plant, the juice of which was used in food and medicine, and was reckoned a valuable specific; according to Bentley, the *asa-foetida*. Hence

σιλφιατός, ἡ, ὄν, *prepared with silphium*.

σιμβλαεύω, *φ. ἴσω*, (σίμβλος) to form or grow in the *bive*, of honey.

ΣΙΜΒΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *bee-bive*: metaph. *any store or board*.

σιμ-κίνθιον, less correct form of *σημ-κίνθιον*.

Σιμοῖς, —όντος contr. Σιμοῦς, —ούντος, ὁ, the *Simois*, a river near Troy:—Adj. Σιμοῖντιος contr. Σιμουντίος, *α, ον, of, near the Simois*: fem. also Σιμουντίς, ἰδος.

ΣΙΜΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *snub-nosed, flat-nosed*:—generally, *flat*. II. of other things, *steep, up-hill*, Lat. *acclivis*; πρὸς τὸ σιμόν διώκειν to pursue *up hill*. 2.

bent in, hollow, concave.

σιμότης, ητος, ἡ, (σιμός) *the shape of a snub-nose; flatness*.

Σιμοῦς, —ούντος, ὁ, contr. form of Σιμοῖς.

σιμόω, *φ. ὦσα*, (σιμός) to turn up the nose, bend *upwards*. Hence

σιμόωμαι, ἄτος, τό, anything bent *upwards*. From σινάμωρος, *φ. ἴσω*, to damage wantonly: generally, to handle roughly. From

σινάμωρος [ᾱ], *ον*, (σίνος, μῶρος) *mischievous, hurtful*: c. gen. rei, τῶν ἐουτοῦ σινάμωρος *ruining his own affairs: wanton, lewd*.

σινάπι, εως, and σινᾶπι, ὦος, τό, (νᾶπι) *mustard*, Lat. *sinapi*: the better Att. form was νᾶπι.

σινδῶ, οὖς, ἡ, Att. for σινδών.

σινδών, ὄνος, ἡ, *sinдон*, a *fine Indian cloth, muslin*.

II. a garment or napkin made of this cloth.

σινέομαι, Ion. for σίνομαι.

σίνηπτι, ιος, and σίνηπτu, vos, τό, Ion. for σίναπι, σίναπι. [στ]

σινιάω, *φ. ἴσω*, (σινίον) to sift, fan, *winnow*.

ΣΙΝΙΟΝ, τό, a *sieve*.

σίνυς, ἰδος, ὁ, acc. σίνυν, (σινόμαι) a *destroyer, ravager, robber*: as Adj. *destroying, ravening*. II. as prop. n., Σίνυς, ὁ, *Sinnis*, the *Destroyer*, a famous robber of early Greece. [Ϸ Ϸ]

ΣΙΝΟΜΑΙ [Ὶ] Ion. σινέομαι: Ion. impf. σίνεσκό-

μῆν; aor. 1 ἐσάναμην: Dep.:—to plunder, spoil, pillage: to harry, ravage: hence of wild beasts, to tear in pieces, devour. II. in more general sense, to damage, distress. 2. also to hurt, wound. Hence σίνος [ῖ], εὖος, τό, hurt, harm, mischief, damage. II. anything hurtful, a mischief, plague.

σίντης, ου, ὄ, (σίνομαι) tearing, ravenous, devouring. σίντης, ιος, ὄ, = σίντης, only as plur. in prop. n., Σίντιες, the Sintians, the early inhabitants of Lemnos, who were pirates.

σίντωρ, οπας, ὄ, = σίντης.

Σίνωπη, ἡ, Sinopé, a town of Papblagonia, on the Black Sea:—Σίνωπίτης, ου, ὄ, an inhabitant of Sinopé: Adj. Σίνωπικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or belonging to Sinopé.

ΣΙΩΝ, τό, a marsh or meadow plant.

σίος, Lacon. for θεός.

σίπυξ, ἡ, a flour-bin, meal-jar.

ΣΙΠΑΪΟΝ, τό, new wine boiled down, Lat. defrutum.

σίπρος, ὄ, a pit or hole sunk in the ground, for keeping corn in: also a pitfall.

σίσμβριον, τό, = σίσμβρον.

ΣΙΣΥΜΒΡΟΝ, τό, a sweet-smelling plant, mint or thyme.

σίσυρα [ῖ] or σίσυρα, ἡ, a shaggy goatskin worn as an outer garment: a rough outer garment, with a coarse nap.

σίσυρνο-φόρος, ου, (σίσυρα, φέρω) wearing a σίσυρα or cloak of goatskin.

Σισύφειος, α, ου, of Sisyphus, Corinthian: fem. also Σισύφειος, ἰδος. From

Σί-σῦφος [ῖ], ου, ὄ, an ancient king of Corinth, punished for bad faith in the shades below. (Redupl. from σοφός, the Wise or Cunning.)

σίτα, τά, irreg. pl. of σῖτος.

σίτᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (σιταγωγός) to transport corn to a place. Hence

σίτᾶγωγία, ἡ, conveyance of corn to a place.

σίτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (σῖτος, ἄγω) transporting corn to a place; σιταγωγὰ πλοῖα vessels engaged in conveying corn, corn-ships.

σιτάθην, Dor. for ἐσθήθην, aor. I pass. of σιτέω.

σίτευσμος, η, ου, (σιτεύω) well-fed, fattened.

σίτευτός, ἡ, ὄν, fattened, stalled, Lat. allūlis. From σιτεύω, f. σω; Ion. impf. σιτεύεσκον: (σῖτος):—to feed, fatten:—Pass. to be fed, to eat.

σίτέω, f. ἦσω, (σῖτος) to feed:—Pass. σιτέομαι, Ion. 3 pl. impf. σιτέεσκοντο: fut. med. σιτήσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσθήθην:—to be fed, to eat, take food: to feed on, eat a thing, c. acc.

σίτηγέω, f. ἦσω, (σιτηγός) to convey or transport corn: to import corn. Hence

σιτηγία, ἡ, the conveyance or importation of corn.

σίτ-ηγός, ὄν, (σῖτος, ἄγω) conveying corn.

σίτηρέσιον, τό, (σίτηρός) provisions, victuals: forage-money, of soldiers.

σίτηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σῖτος) of or belonging to corn.

σίτησις, εως, ἡ, (σιτέω) an eating, feeding: also

food, provisions; σιτήσις ἐν Πρυτανείῳ public maintenance in the Prytanæum.

σίτιζω, f. ἴσω, (σῖτος) to feed, fatten:—Pass. to feed upon, eat.

σίτια, τό, (σῖτος) mostly in plur. σιτία, food made of corn, bread: generally, food, victuals, provisions, diet: σιτία τριῶν ἡμερῶν three days' provision; τὰ ἐν Πρυτανείῳ σιτία public maintenance in the Prytanæum, like σιτήσις.

σίτιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σιτίζω, like σιτευτός, fed, fatted: as Subst. a fattening.

σίτο-δέια Ion. -δήτη, ἡ, (σῖτος, δέομαι) want or scarcity of corn: dearth, famine.

σίτο-δόκος, ου, (σῖτος, δέχομαι) holding food.

σίτοδοτέω, f. ἦσω, to furnish with corn, victual:—Pass. to be provisioned or victualled. From

σίτο-δότης, ου, ὄ, (σῖτος, δίδωμι) a furnisher of corn. σίτο-μέτριον, (σῖτος, μετρέω) a measured allowance of corn.

σίτο-νόμος, ου, (σῖτος, νέμω) dealing out corn or food; σιτονόμος ἐλπίς the hope of getting food.

σιτοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σιτοποιός) to prepare corn for food, to make bread: to prepare, purvey food or victuals:—Med. to prepare food for oneself: to take food. Hence

σίτοποία, ἡ, bread-making, preparation of food. Hence

σίτοποιικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for bread-making.

σίτο-ποιός, ὄν, (σῖτος, ποιέω) preparing corn for food: as Subst., σιτοποιός (sub. γυνή), ἡ, a woman that ground the corn in the hand-mill: generally, a maker of bread, baker. 2. σιτοποιός ἀνάγκη the task of grinding corn.

σίτο-πομπία, ἡ, (σῖτος, πέμπω) the conveyance of corn: also provision for its safe convoy, an escort, a convoy.

σίτο-πώλης, ου, ὄ, (σῖτος, πωλέω) a corn-merchant, corn-factor.

ΣΙΤΟΣ, ὄ, irreg. pl. σῖτα, τά, wheat, corn, grain: also meal, flour, bread: hence generally, food, victuals, provisions; but properly of bread, as opp. to meat: but also of anything eaten as opp. to drink; σῖτος ἦδὲ ποτὴς meat and drink.

σίτο-φάγος, ου, (σῖτος, φάγειν) eating corn or bread.

σίτο-φόρος, ου, (σῖτος, φέρω) carrying corn.

σίτο-φύλακες, οἱ, (σῖτος, φύλαξ) corn-watchers, corn-inspectors, Athenian officers, originally three in number, but afterwards ten in the city and five in Peiræus, who superintended the importation and sale of corn.

σίτιτᾶ and σίτιτε, a cry of drovers to their flocks, st! when ἀπό follows, to drive them off; when πρὸς follows, to call them on.

σίτ-ἄνης, ου, ὄ, (σῖτος, ἀνέομαι) a buyer of corn.

σίτανια, ἡ, (σίτανης) a buying of corn, purchase of corn.

ΣΙΦΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, crippled, maimed: also lame, limping; of the eyes, blind. Hence

σπιφλόω, f. ὤσω, to maim, cripple: to hurt, confound, ruin: σπιφλόσειε, 3 sing. Aeol. aor. I opt.

Σίφνος, α, ον, of or from Siphnus, Siphnian. From Σίφνος, ἦ, Siphnos, one of the Cyclades. σίφωv, αvος, ὄ, a reed, straw, any tube, esp. the siphon, used to draw wine out of the cask. 2. a sucker, as of a pump. Hence

σπιφώνίζω, f. σω, to tap a cask with a siphon, to draw off wine.

σιωπάω, fut. -ήσομαι: aor. I ἐσιώπησα: pf. σεσιώπηκα:—to be silent or still, to keep silence; σιωπᾶν τιvι to keep silence towards one: imperat., σιωπά bushes! be still!

II. transit. to keep in silence, keep secret, Lat. tacere:—Pass. to be kept silent or secret, Lat. taceri. From

ΣΙΩΠῆ, ἦ, silence, a being silent: dat. σιωπῆ, in silence. 2. silence, stillness, a calm.

σιωπηλός, ἦ, ὄν, (σιωπάω) silent, still.

σιωπηρός, ἄ, ὄν, collat. form of σιωπηλός.

σιωπησειαν, 3 pl. Aeol. aor. I opt. of σιωπάω.

σιωπητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σιωπάω, to be passed over in silence. II. σιωπητέον, one must pass over in silence.

ΣΚΑΪΩ, f. ἄσω, to limp, halt. II. σκάζωv, also χωλίαμβος (sub. ποίς), ὄ, the iambic verse of Hipponax, which was a regular iambic senarius, except that a spondee or trochee was substituted for the iambus in the last place.

ΣΚΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, Lat. scaevus, left, on the left hand or side, like ἀριστερός:—ἡ σκαία (sub. χεῖρ), the left hand.

II. western, westward, for the Greek *auspex* turned towards the north, and so had the West on his left; Σκαία πύλα the West-gate (of Troy).

2. unlucky, ill-omened, because birds of ill-omen always appeared on the left of the Greek *auspex*, or in the West; birds of good omen on the right, or in the East; (cf. δεξιός).

III. metaph. like French *gauche*, left-handed, awkward, clumsy, uncouth. Hence

σκαιοσύνη, ἦ, = σκαιώτης.

σκαιότης, ητος, ἦ, (σκαίος) leftbandedness, awkwardness, clumsiness, stupidity.

σκαυοργέω, f. ἦσω, (σκαίος, ἔργον) to be left-banded in work, to behave rudely or indecorously.

ΣΚΑΙΪΡΩ, to skip, dance, bound.

σκαίως, Adv. of σκαίος, in a left-banded manner, awkwardly.

σκαλάθурμα, ατος, τό, (σκαλαθύρω) a subtle question: generally, trifling, nonsense.

σκαλάθурμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκαλάθурμα, a trifling subtlety, petty quibble.

σκαλάθурω, = σκάλλω, to dig: metaph. to explore over-subtly or cunningly. [ῥ]

σκάλευς, έως, ὄ, (σκάλλω) one who boes: a boer or a boe.

σκάλευω, = σκάλλω, to stir, boe; σκαλεύειν, άνθρακας to stir or poke a coal-fire.

σκαληνός, ἦ, ὄν, or ὄς, ὄν, (σκάζω) limping, halt-

ing. II. *uneven*; ἀριθμὸς σκαληνός an odd number; τρίγωνον σκαληνόν a triangle with unequal sides.

ΣΚΑΪΛΩ, to stir up, boe, barrow. σκαλμός, ὄ, (σκάλλω) the pin or thole to which the Greek oar was fastened by the τροπατήρ, Lat. *scallmus*, *raxillus*.

σκάλοψ, οπος, ὄ, (σκάλλω) the digger, i.e. the mole.

Σκάμανδρος, ὄ, the Scamander, a river of Troy, ὄν Ξάνθον καλέοντι θεοὶ άνδρες δὲ Σκάμανδρον:—Adj. Σκάμανδριος, α, ον, Scamandrian; whence Hector called his son Σκαμάνδριος.

σκαῖνά, Dor. for σιγή.

σκανδάληθρον, τό, the stick or support in a trap on which the bait is placed, and which, when touched, makes the trap shut, the trap-spring: metaph., σκανδάληθρ' ιστάς ἐπάνω setting word-traps, i.e. words which one's adversary will catch at, and be caught himself. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκανδάλιζω, f. σω, to make to stumble, give offence or scandal to any one, throw difficulties in his way. From

σκανδάλον, τό, = σκανδάληθρον, a trap laid for an enemy:—a stumbling-block, offence, scandal.

σκανδικο-πώλης, ον, ὄ, (σκανδιξ, πωλέω) a dealer in *chervil*.

ΣΚΑΝΔΙΞ, ικος, ἦ, *chervil*, Lat. *scandix*.

σκάπάνη, ἦ, (σκάπτω) a spade or boe. [πᾶ]

σκάπετος, ὄ, (σκάπτω) = κάπετος.

σκάπτειρα, ἦ, fem. of σκαπήρ, a woman that digs. σκάπηρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (σκάπτω) a digger, delver.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

σκαπτός, ἦ, ὄν, (σκάπτω) dug: that may be dug. II. Σκαπή ὕλη a country in Thrace, named after a forest in which mines had been worked.

σκάπτρον, τό, Dor. for σκήπτρον.

ΣΚΑΪΤΩ, fut. σκαίω: Pass. aor. 2 ἐσκάφηv [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσκαμμα:—to dig; σκάπτειν τάφρον to dig a trench: also Med. σκάπτομαι, like Act.

σκαρδᾶ-μύσσω Att. -ττω, fut. ξω: (σκαίρω, μύω):—to blink, wink.

σκαριψισμός, ὄ, ᾶ scratching or scraping up: σκαριψισμοὶ λήρων a raking up of trifles. From

σκάριφος, ὄ, = κάρφος: also a stile for drawing outlines: an outline, sketch.

σκατός, genit. of σκάρ.

σκάτο-φάγος, ον, (σκάτος, φαγεῖν) dung-eating.

σκάφεις, έως, ὄ, (σκαφήναι) a digger, delver, ditcher.

σκάφη, ἦ, (σκαφήναι) any thing dug or scooped out, a hollow vessel, a tub, trough, basin, bowl. 2. a light boat, skiff, Lat. *scapha*.

σκαφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of σκάπτω.

σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, basin, or bowl: a small boat or skiff. II. a fashion of hair-cutting (borrowed from the Scythians), in

which the hair was cut off all round the head, leaving only the hair on the crown, which then looked like a bowl. 2. the crown of the head.

σκαφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, like σκάφιον, Dim. of σκάφη or σκάφος, a small tub, bowl, pail. 2. a small boat, skiff. II. a digging-tool, a spade, mattock.

σκάφος, εὐς, τό, (σκαφήναι) a digging: also the time or season for digging. II. that which is dug or scooped out, any hollow vessel, a tub: esp. the hull of a ship, Lat. *alveus*, and generally a ship, boat. III. a digging-tool, spade. [ᾶ] σκεδάννυμι and -ῶ, lengthd. from obsol. *σκεδάω: fut. σκεδάσω [ᾶ] Att. σκεδῶ, ᾶς, ᾶ: aor. I ἐσκεδάσα Ep. σκεδάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐσκεδάσθη: pf. ἐσκεδάσθη:—to scatter, disperse: generally, to scatter, spread abroad: to shiver, break a thing. II. Pass. to be scattered, to disperse: of the rays of the sun, to be shed abroad: of a report, to be spread about, bruited abroad.

σκέδασα, Ep. aor. I of σκεδάννυμι. σκεδάσις, ἡ, (σκεδάννυμι) a scattering, dispersing. σκεδῶ, Att. fut. of σκεδάννυμι. σκεθρός, ἄ, ὄν, τίγθι, exact, careful. Adv. σκεθρῶς, thoroughly, exactly. (From σθεθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.)

Σκείρων, ἄνος, ὁ, Sciron, a robber who infested the coast between Attica and Megara: Σκείρωνος ἀκταί, i. e. the coast of Megara; also called Σκειρανίδες πέτραι; Σκειρανικὸν οὐδμα the sea off this coast.

σκελίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = Att. σχελίς. σκελίσκος, οὐ, ὁ, Dim. of σκέλος, a small leg. ΣΚΕ'ΑΛΩ: fut. σκελῶ Ion. σκελέω: aor. I ἔσκηλα:—to dry, dry up, parch, wither. II. Pass. σκέλλομαι: fut. σκελούμαι: with. intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἔσκηλην, inf. σκλήναι (as if from *σκήλημι): pf. ἔσκηληκα with pres. signif.:—to be parched, lean, withered.

ΣΚΕ'ΑΛΟΣ, εὐς, τό, the leg; ἐπὶ σκέλος ἀνάγειν to retreat with the face towards the enemy, retire leisurely. II. τὰ σκέλη the legs, i. e. the two long walls, between Athens and the Peiræus.

σκέμμα, ματος, τό, (ἔσκεμμα, pf. pass. of σκέπτομαι) a subject of reflexion, a question.

σκένος, Aeol. for ξένος. σκέπᾶ, poet. nom. and acc. pl. of σκέπας. σκεπάζω, f. ἄσω, (σκέπας) like σκεπάω, to cover, shelter, screen. Hence

σκέπᾶνον, τό, (σπέπας) a covering. σκεπᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκέπας) covered, sheltered.

ΣΚΕΠΑΡΝΟΝ, τό, or σκέπαρνος, ὁ, a carpenter's axe or adze.

ΣΚΕΠΑΣ, εὐς, τό, a covering, shelter; ἐπὶ σκέπας in or under shelter; σκέπας ἀνέμοιο shelter from the wind.

σκέπασμα, ατος, τό, (σκεπάω) = σκέπας. σκεπάω Ep. σκεπέω, to cover, shelter.

ΣΚΕΠΗ, ἡ, like σκέπας, a covering, shelter: metaph., ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ πολέμου under shelter from war; ἐν σκέπῃ τοῦ φόβου under shelter from fear.

σκεπέω, Ep. for σκεπάω, 3 pl. pres. from σκεπάω. σκεπέον, one must look or consider: verb. Adj. of

σκέπτομαι, fut. σκέπομαι: aor. I ἐσκεπάμην: pf. ἔσκεμαι: Dep.:—the pres. and impf. σκέπτομαι, ἐσκεπτόμην, are seldom found in Att., σκοπῶ or σκοπούμαι being used instead: I. intr. to look about, look carefully at, look after, watch. II. of the mind, to look to, view, examine, consider.

ΣΚΕ'ΠΩ, rare radic. form of σκεπάω.

σκερβόλος and σκερβόλλω, (σκερβόλος) to scold, abuse, revile. From σκέρβολος, like κέρτομος, scolding, abusive. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκευᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to remove one's goods and chattels. From

σκευᾶγωγός, ὄν, (σκευός, ἄγω) conveying or moving one's goods and chattels:—as Subst., σκευαγωγός, ὁ, the officer who looks to the baggage, baggage-master.

σκευάσω, f. ἄσω: aor. I ἐσκεύασα: Pass., ἐσκεύασμαι, Ion. 3 pl. ἐσκευάδαται; Ion. 3 pl. plqpf. ἐσκευάδατο: (σκευός, σκευή):—to prepare, make ready: esp. to prepare or dress food: generally, to provide:—Med. to prepare for oneself, to procure, devise. II. of persons, to furnish or supply with a thing. 2. to dress up, disguise: pf. pass. part. ἐσκευασμένος, dressed up.

σκευάριον, τό, Dim. of σκευός or σκευή, a trifling part of one's dress or equipment. [ᾶ]

σκευαστέον, verb. Adj. of σκευάζω, one must prepare.

σκευαστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκευάζω) prepared, artificial.

σκευή, ἡ, (σκευός) equipment, attire, dress, Lat. apparatus: the properties or dress of an actor, etc. 2. a fashion in dress. II. an implement of any kind, like σκευός: the tackling of a ship.

σκευοθήκη, ἡ, (σκευός, θήκη) a storehouse for all kinds of dress or equipments, an armoury, arsenal.

σκευοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοποιός) to make arms or implements, to manufacture. Hence

σκευοποίημα, ματος, τό, the dress of an actor. σκευοποιός, ὄν, (σκευός, ποιέω) making arms or implements: making masks and stage-dresses.

ΣΚΕΥ'ΟΣ, εὐς, τό, a vessel or implement of any kind. 2. in plur. σκευή, τά, implements, tools: the baggage of an army, Lat. impedimenta: the trappings of horses; the tackling of ships, naval stores: the dresses of actors. II. the body, as the vessel or instrument of the soul.

σκευοφόρεω, f. ἦσω, (σκευοφόρος) to carry baggage:—Pass. to have one's baggage carried.

σκευοφορικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the carrying of baggage: βάρος σκευοφορικόν the load of a beast of burthen. From

σκευοφόρος, ὄν, (σκευός, φέρω) carrying baggage: οἱ σκευοφόροι the sutlers, camp-followers: σκευοφόροι κάμηλοι the baggage-camels; τὰ σκευοφόρα the beasts of burthen.

σκευοφυλάκεω, f. ἦσω, to watch the baggage. From σκευο-φύλαξ, ακος, ὁ, (σκευός, φύλαξ) a storekeeper.

σκευωρόμαι, Dep. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, pf. pass.

ἐσκευώρημαι; (σκευωρός):—to watch or look after the baggage. 2. to examine thoroughly. II. to contrive cunningly:—intr. to act knavishly. Hence

σκευώρημα, ατος, τό, a cunning trick.
σκευωρία, ἡ, (σκευωρέωμαι) care in looking after baggage: great care, diligence. II. cunning, knavery.

σκευωρός, ὄν, (σκευός, ὄρα) looking after baggage. σκεψάμενος, αογ. I part. of σκέπτομαι or σκοπέω. σκέψις, εως, ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) perception by the senses. II. examining: consideration, reflexion. σκήλαι, αογ. I inf. of σκέλλω: σκήλει, 3 sing. opt. σκηνώμαι, Dep., with pf. pass. ἐσκήνημαι, τό, dwell, live. II. also as Med. to build for oneself.

σκηνέω, f. ἦσω, (σκηνή) to be or dwell in a tent, to be encamped: to be quartered or billeted: generally, to dwell, stay, lodge in a place.

ΣΚΗΝΗΉ, ἡ, a tent, booth: a tabernacle: in plur. a camp, Lat. castra. 2. a dwelling-place, house: a temple.

II. a wooden stage or scaffold for actors to perform on:—hence the stage, the part on which the actors performed, opp. to the θυμέλη (where the Chorus danced and sang). III. the tilted cover of a wagon or carriage: also a bed-tester. IV. an entertainment given in tents, a banquet.

σκήνημα, ατος, τό, (σκηνέω)=σκηνή, a dwelling-place, nest, abode.

σκηνίδιον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή, a little tent. [νῆ]

σκηνίς, ἴδος, ἡ, =σκηνή.
σκηνίτης, ου, ὁ, (σκηνή) a dweller in tents: on a tent. [τ]

σκηνοπηγέω, (σκηνόπηγος) to put up a tent or booth. Hence

σκηνοπηγία, ἡ, a pitching of tents. II. the feast of tabernacles, which lasted for eight days in the month Tisri, to commemorate the dwelling in tents in the wilderness: also σκηνοπήγαι, τά.

σκηνόπηγος, ον, (σκηνή, πήγνυμι) fixing a tent. σκηνοποιός, ὄν, (σκηνή, ποιέω) making tents: as Subst., σκηνοποιός, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκηνογράφος, ον, (σκηνή, γράφω) stitching tents: as Subst., σκηνογράφος, ὁ, a tent-maker.

σκήνος Dor. σκάνος, εως, τό, like σκηνή. 2. a body.

σκηνοφύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκηνή, φύλαξ) a guard or watcher in a tent.

σκηνώω, f. ὤσω, (σκήνος) to pitch tents, encamp. II. to live or dwell in a tent: generally, to lodge, take up one's abode.

σκηνώδριον, τό, Dim. of σκηνή.
σκήνωμα, ατος, τό, (σκηνώω) a tent, tabernacle: a habitation: in pl. soldiers' cantonments.

σκηπάμιον, τό, =σκήπτρον, a sceptre, staff.

σκηπτοβάμων [ᾶ], ον, gen. ονος, (σκήπτρον=σκήπτρον, βαίω) sitting, perched on the sceptre.

σκήπτρον, τό, =σκήπτρον, only in Dor. form σκᾶπτρον, and a few compds.

σκηπτρός, ὁ, (σκήπτω) a gust or squall of wind that

comes down suddenly: a thunderbolt. II. metaph. a sudden visitation or calamity.

σκηπτουχία, ἡ, the bearing a staff or sceptre: chief command. From

σκηπτ-ούχος, ον, (σκήπτρον, ἔχω) bearing a staff, baton or sceptre as the badge of command. 2. as Subst., σκηπτούχος, ὁ, the wand-bearer, an officer in the Persian court.

σκηπτοφόρος, ον, =σκηπτοφόρος.
σκήπτρον Dor. σκᾶπτρον, τό, (σκήπτω) a staff or stick to lean upon: a walking-stick. II. a staff or baton, as the badge of command, a sceptre, borne by kings, chiefs, and heralds: speakers on rising received a σκήπτρον from the herald. 2. the sceptre, to express royalty or kingly power.

σκηπτοφορέω, f. ἦσω, to bear rule over. From

σκηπτοφόρος, ον, (σκήπτρον, φέρω) bearing a sceptre, kingly, princely.

ΣΚΗΠΤΩ, f. ψω: αογ. I ἐσκηψα: I. trans. to prop, support, stay: hence to let fall upon, hurl, shoot: also in Med. 2. intr. to fall or dart down, light. II. Pass. and Med., to prop or support oneself by a staff, to lean upon: metaph. to depend or rely upon. 2. σκήπτεσθαι c. acc. to put before oneself as a prop or support, to pretend, allege by way of excuse: c. inf. to pretend to be. 3. absol. to excuse or defend oneself; σκήπτεσθαι πρὸς τινα, to excuse oneself towards another.

σκήπων, ανος, ὁ, (σκήπτω) like σκήπτρον and σκίπων, a staff.

σκηρίπτω, like σκήπτω, to prop, stay:—Med. to support oneself, to lean or press against.

σκήψις, εως, ἡ, (σκήπτω) a pretext, excuse, pretence, reason alleged.

ΣΚΙΑ΄, ᾶs Ion. σκιά, ἡς, ἡ, a shadow, shade: the shade or ghost of one that is dead, Lat. umbra: of things, a mere shadow, phantom, spectre. 2. the shade of trees; πετραία σκιά the shade of a rock; ἐν: σκιά indoors.

σκιαγράφω, f. ἦσω, (σκιαγράφω) to paint in light and shade, to paint slightly, sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

σκιαγράφια, ἡ, (σκιαγράφω) painting in light and shade, rough painting.

σκιά-γράφος, ον, (σκιά, γράφω) painting in light and shade (without colours). [γρᾶ]

σκιάδειον, τό, (σκιά) anything that shades: an umbrella or parasol.

σκιάδισκη, ἡ, =σκιάδειον, an umbrella, parasol.

σκιάζω, f. σκιάσω Att. σκιάω: αογ. I ἐσκιάσα: (σκιά)—to shade, overshadow, darken: to throw a shadow on. II. to cover, veil.

σκιά-μάχεω, f. ἦσω, (σκιά, μάχη) to fight in the shade (i.e. in the school, not in real battle), to spar. II. to fight with a shadow: hence to fight in vain.

Σκιά-ποδες [ᾶ], οί, (σκιά, πούς) the Shadow-footed, a fabulous people in Libya.

σκιαρό-κομος, ον, (σκιαρός, κύμη) sbady with leaves.

σκιάρος, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for σκιερός.

σκιάς, ἄδος, ἦ, (σκιά) any shady covering, a canopy, pavilion.

σκιάσμα, ματος, τό, (σκιάζω) a shadow.

σκιά-τροφέω Ion. σκιητρ-, f. ἦσω: (σκιά, τρέφω):—to rear in the shade, to bring up tenderly:—Pass. to keep in the shade, shun heat and toil, live effeminately.

II. intr. to wear a covering, keep one's head covered.

σκιάω Ep. σκιάω, = σκιάζω: only in Pass. to be shaded, become dark.

σκιδναμαι, like κιδναμαι, Pass., only used in pres. and impf.:—to be spread or scattered, scattered abroad, dispersed; σκιδναμένης Δημήτερος ἦ συνιούσης when the corn is scattered abroad or gathered in, i. e. at seed-time or at harvest; ἄμα ἠλίω σκιδναμένω as the sun begins to scatter his beams, spread his light.

σκιερός Dor. σκιαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκιά) shady, shaded. σκίη, ἦ, Ion. for σκιά.

ΣΚΙΓΓΑΛΑ, ἦς, ἦ, a sea-onion or squill, Lat. squilla.

σκιαλίξω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to give one a tap or fillip, generally, to insult. (Deriv. unknown.)

σκίμπους, —ποδος, ὁ, (σκίμπω) a small couch, low bed, pallet, Lat. grabbātus.

σκίμπω, f. ψω, = σκίπτω.

σκινδάλαμος, ὁ, contr. σκινδαλμός Att. σκινδάλαμος contr. σκινδαλμός: (σχίζω): a piece of cleft wood, a splinter, Lat. scindula: metaph., λόγων ἀκριβῶν σκινδάλαμοι straw-splittings, quibbles.

σκινδάλομο-φράστης, ου, ὁ, (σκινδάλαμος, φράζω) a straw-splitter.

σκινδαλμός, ὁ, contr. for σκινδάλαμος.

σκιο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκιά, εἶδος) like a shadow, fleeting like a shadow, shadowy.

σκιοίς, εσσα, εν, (σκιά) shady, shadowy: gloomy, dark.

σκιδνωτο, Ep. 3 pl. impf. pass. of σκιάω.

σκίπων, ἄνος, ὁ, (σκίπτω) a staff, Lat. scipio. [τ]

Σκίρα, τά, (σκίρον) = Σκιροφόρια.

Σκίρας, ἄδος, ἦ, epith. of Athena, see Σκιροφόρια.

σκιράφειον, τό, a gambling-house. From σκιράφος [τ], ὁ, a dice-box. 2. metaph. trickery, cheating. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Σκίριται, οἱ, the Scirites, a division of the Spartan army, consisting of 600 foot: they came from the Arcadian district Σκιρίτις.

ΣΚΙΡΟΝ [τ], τό, like σκιάδειον, the parasol borne, at Athens, by the priestesses in a festival of Athena Σκίρας, thence called τὰ Σκίρα or τὰ Σκίροφόρια, giving name to the month Σκίροφοριών.

σκίρον, τό, the hard rind of cheese, cheese-parings.

ΣΚΙΡΟΣ, ὁ, also σκίρρος, gypsum, stucco.

Σκίρο-φόρια, τά, (σκίρον, φέρω) the festival of Athena Σκίρας, celebrated in the month Σκιροφοριών.

Σκίρο-φοριών, ἄνος, ὁ, (Σκιροφόρια) Scirophorion, the 12th Attic month, answering to the latter part of June and former part of July.

ΣΚΙΡΤΑΪΩ, f. ἦσω, to spring, leap, bound.

σκίρτημα, ἄτος, τό, a bound, leap.

σκιρτητής, οὔ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω) a leaper, jumper.

σκιρτο-πόδης, οὔ, ὁ, (σκιρτάω, ποῦς) spring-footed, with bounding foot.

σκιρτῶεν, 3 pl. pres. opt. of σκιρτάω.

Σκί-ἄλοι, οἱ, fellows invoked among the powers of Impudence by Aristophanes (Eq. 634).

σκίβιξω, Dor. for ξιβίξω.

σκίφος, τό, Dor. for ξίφος, a sword. [τ]

σκι-ώδης, ἐς, = σκοιοειδής, shady: gloomy.

σκλη-ῶν, inf. aor. 2 of σκέλλω.

σκληρ-ἄγωγέω, (σκληρός, ἀγωγή) to bring up hardy.

σκληρο-καρδία, ἦ, (σκληρός, καρδία) bardness of heart.

σκληρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σκληρῆναι) dry, hard, Lat. durus. 2. of sound, hoarse, harsh, rough. 3. of taste and smell, harsh, rough. 4. stiff, stark, Lat. rigidus: sturdy, tough.

II. metaph., 1. of things, hard, austere. 2. of persons, hard, harsh, stern, also stubborn.

σκληρότης, ἦτος, ἦ, (σκληρός) hardness, harshness, roughness.

σκληρο-τράχηλος, ον, (σκληρός, τράχηλος) stiff-necked. [ᾗ]

σκληρῶν [ᾗ], f. ἴνω: aor. 1 ἐσκήρῆνα: pf. pass. ἐσκήρῆνμαι: (σκληρός):—to harden, esp. to harden the heart: to make thick, gross, stupid.

σκληρῶς, Adv. of σκληρός, in hard or rough fashion.

σκιόπαιος, α, ον, (κινέφας) of or in the twilight.

σκολιό-θριξ, —τρίχος, ὁ, ἦ, (σκολιός, θρίξ) with curled, twining hair or leaves.

σκόλιον, τό, neut. of σκολιός (sub. μέλος), a song at banquets, sung to the lyre; said to have been introduced by Terpander, and so called from the irregular way it was passed on: each guest who sung held a myrtle-branch (μυρρίνη) in his hand, which he passed on to any one he chose.

ΣΚΟΛΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, crooked, bent: twisting, winding. II. metaph. crooked, tortuous, unjust.

σκολιῶς, Adv. crookedly.

σκολόπεσι, Ep. dat. pl. of σκόλοψ.

σκολοπίξω, f. σω, (σκόλοψ) to impale.

ΣΚΟΛΟΥΨ, οτος, ὁ, a pale, stake: in plur. σκόλοπες, οἱ, pales, a palisade, stockade: in Persia, used for impaling or fixing heads on, whence σκολοπίξω, ἀνασκολοπίξω. II. a tree.

ΣΚΟΛΥΤΜΟΣ, ὁ, an eatable kind of thistle: an artichoke.

ΣΚΟΜΒΡΟΣ, ὁ, a kind of fish, of which the θύνος and πηλαμύς were varieties.

σκοπ-ἄρχης, ου, ὁ, (σκοπός, ἄρχω) leader of the spies or of a party of videttes.

σκοπελο-δρόμος, ὁ, (σκόπελος, δραμεῖν) running over rocks.

σκόπελος, ὁ, (σκοπέω) a look-out place, a crag or headland, Lat. scopulus: generally, a high rock, peak.

σκοπέω, = σκοπέω.

σκοπέω, also σκοπέομαι as Dep.: only used in pres. and impf., the other tenses, fut. σκέψομαι, aor. I ἐσκεψάμην, pf. ἔσκεμμαι, being supplied by σέπτομαι: (σκοπός):—to look at or after a thing: to behold, contemplate, survey: generally, to look: to look out.

II. metaph. to look to, consider, pay regard to: σκοπεῖν τὰ ἑαυτοῦ to look to one's own affairs.

III. to inquire, ascertain. Hence

σκοπή, ἡ, a look-out place, watch-tower.

σκοπιᾶ Ion. -νῆ, ἡ, (σκοπός) a look-out place, mountain-peak. 2. a watch-tower, Lat. specula.

II. a looking out, keeping watch: σκοπιῦν ἔχειν to keep watch. Hence

σκοπιάζω, to look about or spy from a watch-tower: generally, to spy, explore. II. transit. to spy out, search out, discover.

σκοπιᾶω, later poet. form for σκοπιάζω.

σκοπνήτης, ου, ὅ, (σκοπιᾶ) a spy, scout. II. a mountaineer, epith. of Pan.

σκοπι-ωρέομαι, f. ἴσομαι: Dep.: (σκοπιᾶ, ὥρα):—to spy or observe from a look-out place.

σκοπέω, ὁ and ἡ, (σκέπτομαι) one that watches or looks out: in bad sense, one who lies in wait for another. 2. of gods, the guardian, protector, tutelary god of a place. 3. a look-out man or watcher in war, Lat. speculator: also one who marks game: a spy, scout: a messenger. II. the mark or object on which one fixes the eye, a mark, Lat. scopus: ἀπὸ σκοποῦ away from the mark.

σκορδινάομαι Ion. -έομαι: f. ἴσομαι: Dep.:—to stretch one's limbs, yawn, gape, feel tired or lazy. (Deriv. uncertain.)

σκοροδ-άλλημ, ἡ, (σκόροδον, ἄλλημ) a sauce or pickle composed of brine and garlic.

σκοροδίω, f. ἴω: pf. pass. ἐσκοροδίσαμι: (σκόροδον):—to feed with garlic: to train game-cocks on garlic for fighting: ἐσκοροδισμένον primed with garlic.

σκοροδίων, τό, Dim. of σκόροδον: in pl. sprouts or stalks of garlic.

ΣΚΟΡΟΔΟΝ contr. σκόρδον, τό, garlic, Lat. allium: often mentioned with the onion (κρόμμον), and leek (πράσον). Hence

σκοροδο-πανδοκευτρι-αρτόπωλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (σκόροδον, πανδοκεῦτρια, ἀρτόπωλις) a garlic-breadselling-bossess.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΖΩ, f. ἴωω, to scatter, disperse, spread abroad: to be lavish: cf. σκεδάννυμι.

ΣΚΟΡΠΙΟΣ, ἡ, a scorpion.

σκοταῖος, α, ου, (σκότος) dark, in the dark: before daybreak or after nightfall.

σκοτεινός, ἡ, ὄν, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark, blind. II. metaph. dark, obscure:—Adv. -νῶς.

σκοτία, ἡ, (σκότος) darkness, gloom, dusk.

σκοτιζω, f. ἴωω, (σκότος) to make dark:—Pass. to be dark, darkened.

σκότιος, α, ου, also ος, ον, (σκότος) dark, dusky: in the dark: of love, secret, stolen.

σκοτο-δάσϋ-πικνὸ-θριξ, -τρίχος, ὁ, ἡ, (σκότος, δάσϋς, πικνός, θρίξ) with dark rough thick hair.

σκοτο-δινέω, (σκότος, δίνος) to grow blind and dizzy, to have a dizziness or vertigo. Hence

σκοτοδινία, ἡ, dizziness, vertigo.

σκοτοδινίωω, = σκοτοδινέω.

σκοτο-ειδής, ἐς, (σκότος, εἶδος) dark-looking.

σκοτίος, εσσα, εν, poet. for σκότιος, (σκότος) dark, gloomy.

σκοτο-μείνα, ἡ, Att. for σκοτομήνη.

σκοτο-μήνη, ἡ, (σκότος, μήνη) a moonless night.

σκοτομήνιος, ον, (σκοτομήνη) moonless, dark.

ΣΚΟΤΟΣ, ου, ὁ, darkness, gloom: in Homer often of the darkness of death in the phrase, τὸν δὲ σκότος ὄσσε κάλυψεν: of blindness, σκότον βλέπειν to look on darkness, i. e. to be blind: metaph., σκότω κρύπτειν to hide in darkness.—The neut. form σκότος, εος, τό, also occurs, but rarely in Attic Greek. Hence

σκοτόω, f. ὠσω, to make dark, darken, to blind.

σκοτώδης, ἐς, = σκοτοειδής.

σκύβαλον, τό, dung, filth, refuse. (Said to be derived from ἐς κύνια βαλεῖν.)

σκυδιῶω, = σκύζομαι, to be angry with one.

ΣΚΥΖΟΜΑΙ, Dep. to be angry or wroth with one.

Σκύθαινα, ἡ, fem. of Σκύθης. [ῥ]

Σκύθης, ου, ὁ: voc. Σκύθα:—a Scythian: proverb.,

Σκυθῶν ἐρημία a Scythian wilderness. 2. as Adj. Scythian. II. at Athens, one of the city-guard, which was mostly composed of Scythian slaves. [ῥ] Hence

Σκυθίζω, f. ἴωω, to be or behave like a Scythian: to side with the Scythians. 2. to drink like a Scythian. 3. since the Scythians scalped their enemies, hence to shave the head.

Σκυθίστι, Adv. (Σκυθίζω) in the Scythian fashion, in the Scythian tongue.

Σκύθο-τοξότης, ου, ὁ, (Σκύθος, τοξότης) a Scythian bowman.

σκυθράω, f. ἄωω, (σκυθρός) to be angry or sullen.

ΣΚΥΘΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, angry, sullen, gloomy.

σκυθρωπάω, f. ἄωω, (σκυθρωπός) to look angry or sullen, be of a sad countenance.

σκυθρ-ωπός, ὄν, also ἡ, ὄν, (σκυθρός, ὤψ) sullen, angry-looking: of a sad countenance. Adv. σκυθρωπῶς ἔχειν to be of a sad countenance.

σκυλάκαινα, ἡ, fem. of σκύλαξ, a she-welp.

σκυλάκειμα, ατος, τό, a welp, cub. From

σκυλάκεω, f. σω, (σκύλαξ) to pair dogs for breeding: generally, to breed dogs.

σκυλάκ-ώδης, ἐς, (σκύλαξ, εἶδος) like a young dog: neut. τό σκυλακῶδες as Subst., the nature of puppies.

σκύλαξ, ἄικος, ὁ and ἡ, like σκύμνος, any young animal, esp. a young dog, a welp, puppy.

σκύλευμα, ατος, τό, plunder, booty, spoil. From

σκυλεύω, f. σω, (σκύλον) to strip or spoil a slain enemy of his arms, Lat. spoliare: c. acc. pers. et rei, Κύκνον τεύχεα ἀπ' ὤμων σκυλεύσαντες having stripped the arms of Cygnus from off his shoulders.

σκυλη-φόρος, ον, = σκυλοφόρος.

Σκύλλα ἢ Σκύλλη, ἡ, *Scylla*, a female monster inhabiting a cavern in the Straits of Sicily, who *rended* her prey in pieces: (hence called Σκύλλα from σκύλλω.)

ΣΚΥ'ΛΛΩ, aor. ἱ σκύλα:—properly to *slay*: generally, to *rend, mangle, tear*: metaph. to *trouble, annoy*, Lat. *vescare*. Hence

σκύλλα, ατος, τό, a *piece plucked out*.

σκυλμός, ὁ, (σκύλλω) a *rending, mangling*: metaph. *trouble*.

σκυλοδεψέω, ἡ, ἴσω, to *tan hides*. From σκύλο-δέψης or -δέψος, ου, ὁ, (σκύλον, δέψω fut. of δέψω) a *tanner of hides*.

σκύλον, τό, (σκύλλω) mostly in plur. σκύλα, the *arms stript off a slain enemy, spoils*, Lat. *spolia*; σκύλα γράφειν to *write one's name on arms gained as spoils*: rarely in sing. *booty, spoil, prey*.

σκύλος [ῥ], εος, τό, (σκύλλω) the *skin of an animal, a lion's hide*.

σκύλο-φόρος, ον, (σκύλον, φέρω) *receiving the spoil*. σκύλο-χαρήεις, ἐς, (σκύλον, χαρῆναι) *delighting in spoils or booty*.

ΣΚΥ'ΜΝΟΣ, ὁ, like σκύλαξ, any *young animal*; but properly a *lion's whelp*, as σκύλαξ was a dog's whelp, puppy. Hence

σκύμνω, Dor. for σκύνου, acc. pl. of σκύνου.

Σκύρος, ἡ, the *isle of Scyros*, one of the Sporades, not far from Euboea: Σκυρόθεν, Adv. from Scyros.

σκυτάλη [ᾶ], ἡ, (akin to ξύλον) a *stick, staff, cudgel*: at Sparta, a *staff*, used by way of a cipher for writing despatches: a strip of paper was rolled spirally round it, on which the despatches were written, so that when unrolled they were unintelligible: generals abroad had a similar staff, round which they rolled these papers, and so were able to read the despatches. Hence σκυτάλη meant a *Spartan despatch*, and metaph. a *message*.

σκυτάλον, τό, Dim. of σκυτάλον, a *cane*. [ᾶ]

σκυτάλις, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of σκυτάλη.

σκυτάλον, τό, = σκυτάλη, a *cudgel, club*. [ῥ]

σκυτεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σκυτός) a *shoemaker, cobbler*.

σκυτεύω, ἡ, σω, (σκυτεύς) to *be a shoemaker*.

ΣΚΥ'ΤΗ Dor. σκυτά, ἡ, the *neck*.

σκυτίνας, ἡ, ον, (σκυτός) *leathern, made of leather*; τὸ σκυτίον a *leathern ornament or appendage*.

σκυτός, τό, (κύτος, whence Lat. *cutis*) a *skin, hide*, esp. a *dressed or tanned hide, leather*. II. *anything made of leather, a whip, thong*.

σκυτοτομέιον, τό, a *shoemaker's shop*. From σκυτοτομέω, ἡ, ἴσω, (σκυτοτόμος) to *cut leather for shoes, to be a shoemaker*.

σκυτοτομικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *shoemaker*. From σκυτο-τόμος, ον, (σκυτον, τεμείν) *cutting leather*: as Subst., σκυτοτόμος, ὁ, a *worker in leather, shoemaker*.

σκυτο-τρᾶγέω, (σκυτον, τραγείν) to *consume leather*.

σκύφος, ου, ὁ, and σκύφος, ἑος, τό, (akin to κύπελλον, κύπη) a *cup, beaker, can, flagon*.

σκοληκό-βρωτος, ον, (σκόληξ, βιβρώσκω) *eaten of worms, worm-eaten*.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΗΞ, ηκος, ὁ, a *worm*, Lat. *lumbricus*.

ΣΚΩ'ΛΟΣ, ὁ, a *pointed stake: a thorn, prickle*.

σκάμμα, ατος, τό, (σκάπτω) a *jest, joke, gibe, scoff*.

σκαωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σκάμμα, a *jesty joke*.

σκαωπότης, ου, ὁ, (σκάπτω) a *mock, jester*.

ΣΚΩ'ΠΤΩ, fut. σκάψομαι: aor. ἱ σκαῶσα: aor. ἱ pass. ἐσκάφθην:—to *mock, jeer, scoff at, jest at*:—absol. to *jest, joke, be in fun*.

ΣΚΩ'Ρ, τό, gen. σκάτος, *dung*.

σκόψ, ὁ, gen. σκαπός, nom. pl. σκώπες: (from σκέπτομαι, as κλάψ from κλέπτω) a *kind of owl*.

σμάνος, Dor. for σμῆνος; dat. pl. σμάνεσι.

σμάραγδιος, η, ον, of *emerald*. From

ΣΜΑ'ΡΑΓΔΟΣ ἢ μάραγδος, ὁ and ἡ, Lat. *smaragdus*, a *precious stone of green colour*: prob. not the *emerald*.

ΣΜΑ'ΡΑΤΕ'Ω, ἡ, ἴσω, to *crash* of the sea, to *roar*: of birds, to *scream*, etc. (Formed from the sound.)

Σμαράγος, ὁ, (σμαραγέω) a *brawling goblin*.

σμάω, ἡ, σμήσω Dor. σμάσω: aor. ἱ ἔσμησα: in the pres., the Att. contr. is σμῶ, σμῆς, σμῆ, inf. σμῆν: (μάω):—to *smear, rub*: to *anoint*: Med., σμᾶσθαι τὴν κεφαλὴν to *anoint one's head*. 2. to *rub, wipe, wash off, cleanse*. Cp. σμήχω.

σμερδάλεις, ἑα Ion. ἑῶν, *terrible, fearful, awful*:—neut. σμερδαλέον as Adv. *terribly*.

σμερδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = σμερδάλεις.

σμέω, Ion for σμάω.

σμηνο-δόκος, ον, (σμῆνος, δέχομαι) *holding a swarm of bees*.

σμηνος, εος, τό, (from ἔσμός) a *bee-bive*. II. a *swarm of bees* (generally, a *swarm, crowd, throng*).

σμήχω, ἡ, ἴσω: aor. ἱ pass. ἐσμήχθην:—collat. form of σμάω, to *rub, wipe off or away*. 2. to *wipe clean*. See σμάω.

σμικρο-, for words beginning thus, see μικρο-.

σμικρός, ἄ, ὄν, Ion, and old Attic for μικρός. [ῥ]

σμικρότης, σμικρόνω, v. sub μικρ-.

σμίχρος, Adv. of σμικρός, but *little*.

σμίλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, = Att. μίλαξ, the *yew*, Lat. *taxus*.

σμίλευμα, ατος, τό, (σμίλειω) *carved work*: metaph., σμιλεύματα ἔργων finely *carved works*.

σμιλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σμιλεύω, *carved*.

σμίλευσι, ἡ, ἴσω, to *cut out, carve finely*. From ΣΜΙ'ΛΗ [ῥ], ἡ, a *knife for cutting or carving*, Lat. *scalprum*: a *graving tool, chisel*: generally, a *knife*.

Σμινθεύς, ἑως, ὁ, epith. of Apollo, from Σμίνθη a town in the Troad, the *Sminthian*.

σμίνυη, ἡ, a *two-pronged hoe or mattock*, Lat. *bidentis*.

σμίγερός, Adv. -ρῶς, poet. for μογερός, -ρῶς.

σμίψαι, aor. ἱ inf. of σμίχω.

σμίρνα Ion. -νη, ἡ, (μύρρα) *myrrh*, the resinous gum of an Arabian tree, used for *embalming the dead*. Hence

σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of myrrh. II. Σμυρναῖος, α, ον, of Smyrna, an inhabitant of Smyrna.

σμυρνίζω, f. ἴσω, (σμίρνα) to flavour with myrrh. ΣΜΥΡΨΩ [ψ], f. ξω: aor. I ἔσμιρξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσμιρχθην: pf. ἔσμιρμαι:—to burn in a smouldering fire, to make smoulder away: Pass. to smoulder away.

ΣΜΩΓΔΙΞ, σμώδιγγος, ἡ, a weal or swollen bruise caused by a blow, Lat. *vibex*.

σμήχω, f. ξω, = σμήχω, to rub: to rub to pieces, grind down.

σπαρέουμαι, Dep. (σπαρός) to stalk about in a haughty way, to strut pompously.

σπαρό-βλέφαρος, ον, (σπαρός, βλέφαρον) with haughty eyebrows, in pompous fashion.

σπαρός, α, όν, (σπεύω) scaring people away: hence bustling, swaggering, pompous, haughty, insolent. 2. of things, stirring, bustling, violent.

σπεύω, f. ἴσω, to make the noise σού, σού (shoo! shoo!), to scare away birds: generally, to drive away, knock off. II. to excite, agitate. III. intr.

in Act. to walk in a pompous manner, to strut, swagger, bustle along.

σπί, dat. of σπ.

σπίο, Ion. gen. masc. and neut. of σός.

σολοικία, ἡ, = σολοικισμός.

σολοικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σόλοικος) to speak or write incorrectly, commit a solecism; φωνῆ Σκυθικῆ σολοικίζεν to speak bad Scythian. Hence

σολοικισμός, ό, incorrectness in the use of language, an ungrammatical mode of speaking, a solecism.

σολοικιστής, ού, ό, (σολοικίζω) one who speaks incorrectly, one who commits solecisms.

σόλοκος, ον, speaking incorrectly; using barbarisms or solecisms.—hence barbarous. II. metaph.

awkward, clumsy, offensive. (Derived from the corruption of the Attic dialect among the Athenian colonists of Σόλοι in Cilicia.)

ΣΟΨΑΟΣ, ό, a mass of iron used as a quoit, spherical in shape, and so distinguished from the flat round δίσκος.

σός, η, ον, Ep. form of σώος, safe and sound in body, whole, unurt, Lat. *integer*.

σορο-πηγός, ό, (σορός, πήγνυμι) a coffin-maker.

ΣΟΡΟΣ, ἡ, a vessel or urn to hold the ashes of the dead: a coffin.

σός, ἡ, όν, possessive Adj. of the 2nd pers. pron. σού, thy, thine, of thee, Lat. *tuus, tua, tuum*: also objective, σός πόθος regret for thee. Earlier Ep. and Dor. form τεός, τεῆ (Dor. τεά), τέον.

σού, gen. of σού; also of σός.

σού, σού, shoo! shoo! a cry to scare away birds. Properly imperat. of σούμαι: see σπεύω.

σουδάριον, τό, the Lat. *sudarium*, a napkin or cloth to wipe off sweat with.

σούμαι, contr. for σόομαι, = σέω, σεόομαι.

σούεκα, by crasis for σού ἔνεκα, on thy account.

Σούνι-άρατος, ον, (Σούνιον, ἀράομαι) invoked or worshipped at Sunium.

Σουνιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, of Sunium, epith. of Minerva, from her temple at Sunium.

Σουν-ιέρακος, ό, (Σούνιον, ἰέραξ) hawk of Sunium. Σούνιον, τό, Sunium, the southern promontory of Attica.

σούσθα, inf. of σούμαι: σούσθε, σούσθα, imperat. Σουσι-γενής, ές, (Σούσα, γενέσθαι) born at Susa.

σούσον, τό, the lily, Persian word:—hence Σούσα, τά, Susa, the royal city of the Persians, in the province of Susiana or Shushan: also Σούσιος, ό, a man of Susa: fem. Σούσις, ἴδος (sub. γυνή) a woman of Susa; or (sub. χώρα), the province of Susiana.

σούστῆ, by crasis for σοῖ ἔστι.

σοφία Ion. -τή, ἡ, (σοφός) cleverness or skill in art. 2. cleverness, skill, wisdom in common things, prudence: also cunning, shrewdness, craft. 3. perfect scientific knowledge, wisdom, philosophy.

σοφίζω, f. ἴσω, (σοφός) to make σοφός, to instruct, make wise or learned. II. Pass. to become or be wise: to be clever or skilled in a thing. 2. to play the sophist: to deal subtly or cunningly. 3. aor. I inf. σοφισθῆναι in a strictly pass. sense, to be cleverly devised or contrived.

II. σοφίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, pf. σεσόφισμαι, as Dep.: to devise, contrive skilfully, shrewdly. 2. to deceive, beguile. Hence

σόφισμα, ατος, τό, any clever or cunning contrivance, a device, invention, trick: an artifice: also a stage-trick. 2. a captious argument, a quibble: so a person is called σόφισμ' ὄλον, a trick all over.

σοφιστεύω, to act as a sophist, give lectures. From σοφιστής, ού, ό, (σοφίζω) a master of one's craft, used of poets and musicians. 2. generally, one who is clever or shrewd in matters of life, a prudent man; so the seven Sages are called σοφιστραί: hence a wise man, philosopher.

II. at Athens, one who professed to make men wise, a Professor of arts and sciences, a Sophist: from their extravagant assumptions they fell into disrepute, esp. from being attacked by Socrates and Plato, as also by Aristophanes: hence, 2. a sophist, quibbler, cheat.

σοφιστικός, ἡ, όν, (σοφιστής) of or for a sophist: τό σοφιστικόν the body of the sophists.

Σοφοκλής contr. -κλής; gen. -κλέους and -κλέος; acc. -κλέα: (σοφός, κλέος): Sophocles, the tragic Poet.

σοφός-νους, ον, contr. -νους, ον, (σοφός, νός, νούς) clever, wise of mind.

ΣΟΦΟΣ, ἡ, όν, clever or skilful in any art, cunning in one's craft: esp. one who has natural abilities for anything: c. inf., σοφός λέγειν clever in speaking, etc. 2. clever in common matters, prudent, shrewd, cunning. 3. skilled in the sciences, learned, wise: hence ironically, abstruse. II. of things, cleverly devised, prudent, wise. Hence

σοφός, Adv. cleverly, wisely: Comp. -ώτερον, Sup. -ώτατα. Hence

σοφ-ουργός, όν, (σοφός, *έργω) working skilfully.

σός, Ep. for σόςω.

σπαδίζω, f. ἴζω, (σπάω) to draw off.

σπάδιξ [ᾶ], ἴκος, ἦ, (σπάω) a bough or branch torn off: a palm-branch, frond. 2. as Adj. of palm colour, bay, Lat. *spadix*.

σπαδονίζω, f. σω, (σπάω) to tear in pieces. Hence σπαδόνισμα, ατος, τό, a tearing, rending.

σπαδῶν [ᾶ], ὠνος and οντος, ὄ, (σπάω) an eunuch, Lat. *spado*.

σπαθῶ, f. ἦσω, (σπάθη) to strike down the woof with the σπάθη (q. v.); λίαν σπαθῶν to weave at a great rate, go fast, a phrase for throwing away money. II. metaph. to weave, contrive, devise, Lat. *texere*: see *ράπτω*, *ύφαίνω*.

ΣΠΑΨΘΗ [ᾶ], ἦ, any broad blade: a broad flat piece of wood used by weavers, for striking the threads of the woof home, so as to make the web close. 2. a spatula for stirring or mixing anything. 3. the stem of a palm-leaf. 4. a broadsword.

σπάθιον, τό, Dim. of σπάθη, a little spatula. [ᾶ]

ΣΠΑΙΡΩ, = *σπαίρω*.

σπάκα, Persian for κύνα.

σπαλεῖς, Aeol. for σταλεῖς, aor. 2 pass. part. of στέλλω.

σπάνιζω, f. ἴω, (σπάνις) of things, to be rare, scarce, few or scanty. 2. of persons, to lack or be in want of a thing: so also pf. pass. *ἐσπάνισμα*.

σπάνιος, α, ον, like σπανός, rare, few, scarce, scanty: —dat. fem. *σπανία*, as Adv. = *σπανίως*. II. of persons, lacking, needy, in want.—Comp. and Sup. *σπανιώτερος*, —*ώτατος*. Hence

σπανιώτης, ητος, ἦ, want, lack, need. σπάνις, εως, ἦ, (σπάνις) of things, scarceness, rareness; οὐ σπάνις [ἐστί], c. inf., 'tis not hard to do a thing. II. of persons, lack, want, need, c. gen.

σπάνιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπανίζω) of things, wanted, scarce, needed, lacking: hence poor, mean.

σπανίως, Adv. of σπάνιος, seldom: Comp. —*ώτερον*, Sup. —*ώτατα*.

ΣΠΑΨΘΗΣ, ἦ, ὄν, of things, scarce, rare. II. of persons, in want of, lacking. [ᾶ]

σπάνιο-σίτια, ἦ, (σπανός, σίτος) lack of corn or food.

σπάραγμα, ατος, τό, (σπαράσσω) a piece torn off, a torn body, a sbrud. II. a rending, tearing.

σπάρραγμός, ὄ, (σπαράσσω) a rending, tearing, mangling. II. a convulsion, spasm.

σπαράσσω Att. —*ττω*: f. ἔω: aor. I *ἐσπάραξα*; (σπάω):—to tear or rend in pieces, mangle, Lat. *lacerare*; Med., *σπαράσσεσθαι κόμας* to tear one's hair. 2. generally, to rend, cleave: metaph. to attack savagely.

σπαργάνιζω, f. ἴω, (σπάργανον) to swathe, wrap up. σπαργάνωτης, ου, ὄ, a child in swaddling-clothes.

σπαργάνων, τό, (σπάργω) a swaddling or swathing band: in pl. swaddling-clothes; as, in Tragic, remembrances of one's childhood, tokens by which a person's extraction is discovered, Lat. *monumenta*, *crepundia*. Hence

σπαργάνω, f. ὤσω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

ΣΠΑΡΓΑΩ, f. ἦσω, to be full to bursting, to teem, swell, be ripe, Lat. *turgere*.

ΣΠΑΨΘΗ, f. ἔω, to swathe in swaddling-clothes.

σπαρέεις, σπαρήναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of σπείρω.

σπαρών, ἦ, ὄν, ποῖε, for σπανός, σπάνιος.

σπάρτη, ἦ, a rope made from the sbrud σπάτος.

Σπάρτη, ἦ, Sparta in Laconia:—Adv., Σπάρτηθεν, from Sparta: Σπάρτηνδε to Sparta. Hence

Σπαρτιάτης [ᾶ], ου, ὄ, a Spartan: fem. Σπαρτιάτις, ιδος, (sub. γυνή), a Spartan woman; or (sub. χώρα) the Spartan land, Laconia. Adj. Σπαρτιατικός, ἦ, ὄν, Spartan.

σπαρτίον, τό, Dim. of σπάρτον, a small cord or rope.

σπάρτον, τό, a rope, cable; properly one made from the shrub σπάτος.

σπαρτός, ἦ, ὄν, (σπείρω) sown, scattered: metaph. begotten. II. at Thebes, Σπαρτοί, οἱ, the Sown-men, those who claimed descent from the dragon's teeth sown by Cadmus: hence Σπαρτοί generally = *θηβαῖοι*.

ΣΠΑΨΤΟΣ, ὄ and ἦ, *spartum*, a kind of broom, growing in Spain, used for making cords or ropes.

σπασθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. of σπάω.

σπασσάμενος, Ep. for σπασ-, aor. I med. part. of σπάω.

σπασμός, ὄ, (σπάω) a convulsion, spasm. II. *tension*.

σπατάλα, f. ἦσω, to live riotously. From

σπατάλη, ἦ, (σπαθῶ) wantonness, riot.

σπατάλημα, ατος, τό, (σπατάλα) = *σπατάλη*.

σπατάλιον or σπαθάλιον, τό, a kind of bracelet.

σπατάλος, ὄν, (σπατάλη) wanton, riotous.

σπατίλη [ἰ], ἦ, excrement, dung. (From *σκατός*, gen. of *σκάπ*, and *τιλάω*.)

ΣΠΑΨΩ, f. σπάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I *ἐσπάσα* Ep. *σπάσα*: pf. *ἐσπάκα*: Med., aor. I *ἐσπασάμην* Ep. *σπασάμην*, Ep. part. *σπασσάμενος*: Pass., aor. I *ἐσπάσθη*: pf. *ἐσπασμαι*:—to draw, draw out or forth, of a sword, etc. II. to pluck off or out. 2. to tear, rend. 3. to tear or drag away: metaph. to draw or drag aside, pervert.

III. to draw in, suck in: to drain, quaff. IV. to draw tight, pull the reins. 2. of angling, to pull up, catch; hence proverb., οὐκ ἔσπασε ταυτή γε 'be took nothing by his motion.' V. in Pass. to be wrenched, dislocated, of a bone.

σπέιν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔπω.

σπέω, Ep. for σπέο, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔπομαι.

σπεῖος, τό, Ep. for σπέος.

ΣΠΕΙΡΑ, ἦ, Lat. *spira*, anything wound or wrapped round a thing. 2. in plur. the twisted folds or coils of a serpent (which Milton calls *spires*). 3. in pl. also, the twists or coils of a net. 4. σπείραι βόεια *ibongs* or straps of ox-hide to strengthen the blow of the fist, the *caestus*. II. a body of soldiers, the Roman *manipulus*, = two centuries: but also a cohort.

σπειράμα, Dor. and Att. for σπειρήμα.

σπειρέσκον, Ion. impf. of σπειράω.

σπειρηδόν, Adv. (σπειρά) in coils or spires.

σπειρήμα, Dor. and Att. -άμα, ατος, τό, (σπειρά) a wreath folded round, a fold, coil, spire.

σπειρίον, τό, a light, thin garment: Dim. of

σπειρόν, τό, (σπειρά) a cloth for wrapping about, a wrapper, cloth, garment. 2. sail-cloth, canvas.

σπειρ-οῖχος, ὄ, (σπειρά, ἔχω) containing a spiral figure or a circle, circular.

ΣΠΕΙΡΩ, f. σπερῶ: aor. I ἔσπειρα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπάρην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσπαρμαι:—to sow: I. to sow seed or grain. 2. to sow or plant a field; ἡ σπειρομένη Αἴγυπτος the arable part of Egypt; πόντος σπείρειν to sow the sea, proverb. of lost labour, like Lat. *serere arenam*. II. metaph. to engender or beget children:—Pass. to spring to light, or be born. III. to scatter like seed, fling, throw about: to spread a report:—Pass. to be scattered or dispersed.

σπέισαι, σπέισας, aor. I inf. and part. of σπένδω.

σπέισασκε, Ion. 3 sing. aor. I of σπένδω.

σπέισω, fut. of σπένδω.

σπεκιδάτωρ, ορος, ὄ, the Lat. *speculātor*, a guard.

ΣΠΕΝΔΩ, f. σπέισω: aor. I ἔσπεισα Ep. σπέισα: Pass., aor. I ἐσπέισθη: pf. ἔσπειραι:—there are also Ion. forms of the impf. and aor. I σπένδσκε, σπέισασκε, and an Ep. 2 sing. pres. subj. σπένδησθα:—to pour out or offer a drink-offering to a god before drinking wine, Lat. *libare*, mostly with dat. of the god to whom the libation was made, σπένδειν θεοῖς, Δίῃ, etc.—The religious sense was not always retained, and sometimes it means simply to pour: to sprinkle. II. Med., f. σπέισμαι: pf. ἔσπειραι (which is also used in pass. sense):—to pour libations one with another, and since this was the custom in making treaties, to make a treaty, make peace: also absol. to make a treaty: c. acc., σπέισασθα εἰρήνην to conclude a formal peace; σπέισασθα ἀναίρειον τῶν νεκρῶν to make a truce so as to allow of taking up the dead.

ΣΠΕΥΩ, τό; Ep. forms: nom. σπέιος, gen. σπέιους, dat. σπήϊ, gen. pl. σπέιων, dat. σπέεσι and σπήεσι:—Lat. *SPECUS*, a cave, cavern, grot.

σπέρμα, ατος, τό, (σπειρά) that which is sown, seed, the seed or germ of anything; in plur. seeds. 2. also of animals, seed, Lat. *semen*. II. metaph. seed, offspring, issue: also origin, descent, family.

σπερι-ἄγοραιο-λεκίθο-λάχανο-πῶλις, ἶδος, ἡ, (σπέρμα, ἄγοραῖος, λέκιθος, λάχανον, πωλέομαι) a green-grocery market-woman.

σπερμαῖνω, (σπέρμα) to sow: metaph. to beget.

σπερμολογέω, f. ἦσω, (σπερμολόγος) to pick up seeds: to babble. Hence

σπερμολογία, ἡ, babbling, gossip.

σπερμολόγος, ον, (σπέρμα, λέγω) picking up seeds. II. as Subst., σπερμολόγος, ὄ, a crow that picks up seeds, rook. 2. metaph. one who picks up scraps of knowledge, an idle babbler.

σπέρμο-φόρος, ον, (σπέρμα, φέρω) bearing seed.

Σπερχειός, ὄ, the *Spercheios* or *Spercheüs*, a river of Thessaly, the *Rapid* (from σπέρχω).

σπερχνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπέρχω) *hasty, rapid*: generally, *hasty, hot, violent*.

ΣΠΕΡΧΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I pass. ἐσπέρχθη:—to drive, hasten, hurry on:—Pass. to move rapidly or hastily, to haste; σπέρχεσθαι ἐρετούς to ply rapidly with oars:—pres. pass. part. σπερχόμενος is used as Adj., *hasty, rapid*; of the mind, *eager, vehement*:—of temper, to be *hasty, hot*; σπέρχεσθαι τινι to be angry with one. II. intr. in Act. = Pass., to rush or be driven rapidly.

σπέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of ἔσπαιμι, at σχέσθαι of ἔχομαι. σπέσει, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

ΣΠΕΥΓΩ, f. σπέισω: aor. I ἔσπεισα, Ep. subj. I pl. σπέισομεν (for -ομην): pf. pass. ἔσπεισμαι: I. trans. to urge on, press on, hasten, quicken: also to seek eagerly, strive after: to promote or further zealously, to advance or forward a thing. II. intr. to press on, hasten: to exert oneself, strive eagerly: to be eager or anxious to do a thing: also in Med. to haste, hurry.

σπεύδωμες, Dor. I plur. pres. subj. of σπέιδω. σπευστέος, verb. Adj. of σπεύδω, one must hasten.

σπήσσει, Ep. dat. pl. of σπέος.

σπήϊ, Ep. dat. sing. of σπέος.

σπήλαιον, τό, (σπέος) a grotto, cave, pit, Lat. *spelaeum*.

σπήλυξ, υγρος, ἡ, (σπέος) = σπήλαιον, Lat. *spe-lunca*.

ΣΠΓΔΗΣ, ἐς gen. ἐός, only in Il. II. 754, διὰ σπιδέος πεδίου through the far-stretched, broad plain.

ΣΠΙΖΩ, to pipe, chirp, of the shrill note of small birds, Lat. *pipio*.

ΣΠΓΘΑΜΗ, ἡ, the space one can span between the thumb and little finger, a span, Lat. *doctans*:—as a measure, about 7½ inches.

ΣΠΓΑΑΣ, ἄδος, ἡ, a rock or crag against which the sea dashes:—generally, a stone: a hollow rock, cave.

ΣΠΓΛΟΣ, ὄ, a stain, spot: metaph. a stain, blemish. Hence

σπιλόω, f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσπίλωμαι:—to stain, spot, contaminate.

σπινθάρηξ, ιγρος, ἡ, and σπινθᾶρίς, ἶδος, ἡ, = σπινθάρη, a spark.

ΣΠΙΝΘΗΡ, ἦρος, ὄ, a spark, Lat. *scintilla*.

σπίνος [ῖ], ὄ, (σπίω) a small bird, so called from its shrill piping note, commonly eaten at Athens, a kind of finch.

σπλαγχνέω, f. ἴσω, (σπλάγχνα) to eat the inwards or flesh of a victim after a sacrifice.

σπλαγχνίσομαι, f. -ισθήσομαι: aor. I ἐσπλαγχνίσθη: Dep.: (σπλάγχνον):—to feel bowels of pity, have pity, compassion or mercy. Hence

σπλαγχνισμός, ὄ, a feeding the inwards of a victim, Dat. *visceratio*. II. compassion.

σπλάγχνον, τό:—mostly in plur. *σπλάγχνα*, τά, Lat. *viscera*, the inward parts, inwards, esp. the heart, lungs, and liver, and such inward parts as are fit for eating. 2. a sacrificial feast, Lat. *visceratio*. 3. any of the inward parts, the bowels, also the womb. 4. metaph. the heart, the seat of the feelings: as also in sing., ἀνδρὸς σπλάγχνον ἐκμαθεῖν to learn a man's inward nature.

ΣΠΛΗΝ, ὁ, gen. *σπληνός*, the milt, spleen.

σπογγία, ἡ, = σπόγγος, a sponge, Lat. *spongia*.

σπογγίζω, f. ἴσω, (σπόγγος) to wipe with a sponge.

σπογγίον, τό, Dim. of σπόγγος, a small piece of sponge.

ΣΠΟΤΓΟΣ Att. σφόγγος, ὁ, a sponge.

σποδά, ἡ, Lacon. for σπουδή.

σποδο-ευνής, ἐς, (σποδός, εὐνή) sleeping on ashes.

σποδέω, f. ἴσω, (σποδός) to beat off ashes or dust, to dust: hence to knock, smite, beat: Pass., σποδοῦμενος *πίδα* pelted by the storm; σποδοῦμενος *πρὸς πέτρας* dashed against the rocks; absol., στρατὸς *κακῶς σποδοῦμενος* an army handled roughly. II. to eat greedily, devour, gulp down.

σποδιά Ion. -ιη, ἡ, (σποδός) a heap of ashes: ashes.

σποδιζώ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, (σποδός) to roast or bake in the ashes. II. to burn to ashes.

ΣΠΟΔΟΣ, ἡ, ashes: wood-ashes, embers: the ashes of the dead. II. dust. III. metaph., σποδὸς *κυλικῶν* a soaker of cups, i. e. a drunkard. Hence

σποδῶ, f. ὠσω, to burn to ashes:—Med. to strew with ashes.

σπολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, a leathern garment, buff jerkin. (For *σολάς*, from *στέλλω*.)

σπόμενος, aor. 2 part. med. of ἔσμαι.

σπονδ-αρχία, ἡ, = σπονδῆς ἀρχή, the beginning of the drink-offering or libation, the right of beginning it.

σπονδειός, α, ον, (σπονδή) of, belonging to a drink-offering or libation. II. σπονδειός (sub. πούς), ὁ, in metre, a spondee, a foot consisting of two long syllables, as *τιμή*, so called because at *σπονδαί* slow solemn melodies were used.

σπονδή, ἡ, (σπένδω) a drink-offering, libation, the wine which was poured out to the gods before drinking, Lat. *libatio*: the libation made in concluding treaties of peace, covenants, etc. 2. in plur. *σπονδαί*, αἰ, a solemn treaty or truce, because such treaties were made with libations; *σπονδαί ἀκριτοί* a truce made by pouring unmixed wine; *σπονδὰς τέμνειν* (like *ὄρκια τέμνειν*) to conclude a treaty.

σπονδο-φόρος, ον, (σπονδή, φέρω) bringing drink-offerings: as Subst., σπονδοφόρος, ὁ, one who brings proposals for a truce or treaty of peace. II. a herald or officer who published the sacred truce of the Olympic and other games.

σπονδύλη, ἡ, Att. σφονδύλη, q. v. [ῦ]

σπορά, ἡ, (σπείρω) a sowing: a begetting of children: generation, birth. 2. seedtime. II.

σπορά, ἡ, 2. that which is born, seed, off-

spring, issue: in plur. *young ones*; *θηλὸς σπορά* the female race.

σποράσθην, Adv. (σποράς, σπείρω) spread or scattered about, Lat. *passim*. [ᾶ]

σποράς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σπείρω) scattered, spread about: αἱ *Σποράδες* (sub. νῆσοι) the group of islands off the west coast of Asia Minor.

σπορεὺς, ἑως, ὁ, (σπορά) a sower.

σπορητός, ὁ, (σπορά) a sown field, corn-field: a crop. 2. a sowing.—See ἀμητός.

σπόριμος, ον, (σπείρω) sown, fit for sowing: τὰ *σπόριμα* the corn-fields: μέτρον *σπόριμον* a measure of seed-corn.

σπέρω, ὁ, (σπείρω) a sowing. 2. seed-time. II. seed, produce, a crop.

σπού, in Scythian, an eye.

σπουδαίω, f. -άσομαι: aor. I ἔσπουδασα: pf. ἔσπουδακα: Pass., aor. I ἔσπουδάσθην: pf. ἔσπουδάσμαι: (σπουδή): I. intr. to make haste, to be busy, zealous or earnest: absol. to speak seriously, to be serious or earnest. II. trans. to do hastily or earnestly: to pursue or follow up zealously:—Pass. to be earnestly or zealously pursued.

σπουδαιολογέω, f. ἴσω, to speak seriously, talk on serious subjects:—Pass. to be treated or discussed seriously. From

σπουδαιο-λόγος, ον, (σπουδαίος, λέγω) speaking seriously.

σπουδαίος, α, ον, (σπουδή): I. of persons, busy, zealous, in earnest, serious. 2. good, excellent. II. of things, serious, grave, earnest, weighty: generally, excellent; *σπουδαίος εἰς δῆμον* goodly, comely to look on.—Comp. and Sup. *σπουδαιότερος*, -ότατος:—also irreg. Comp. and Sup. *σπουδαιέστερος*, -έστατος. Hence

σπουδαίως, Adv. seriously, earnestly, carefully:—Comp. *σπουδαιότερον*, Sup. *σπουδαιότατα*.

σπουδ-αρχής, ον, ὁ, (σπουδή, ἀρχή) one who canvasses eagerly for offices of state, a placeman. Hence

σπουδ-αρχίδης, ον, ὁ, a comic Patronymic of σπουδ-αρχής, Son of a Placeman, a mock prop. n.

σπουδαίωμα, ατος, τό, (σπουδάω) a thing eagerly pursued, a study.

σπουδαστέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of σπουδάω, to be sought for zealously. II. *σπουδαστέον*, one must be anxious, be in earnest.

σπουδαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σπουδάω) a zealous supporter. **σπουδή**, ἡ, (σπένδω) haste, speed, eagerness; σπουδή in haste, hastily; so also, διὰ σπουδῆς, κατὰ σπουδῆν. II. zeal, pains, earnestness; σπουδῆς ἄξιος worth pains: dat. σπουδῆς as Adv. with great trouble, i. e. scarcely, hardly. 2. σπουδαί in plur. heart-burnings, rivalries. III. earnestness, seriousness; ἀπὸ σπουδῆς, μετὰ σπουδῆς, or σπουδῆ, in earnest, seriously. IV. zeal, regard for a person; κατὰ σπουδὰς through regard of persons, through party influence.

σπυρίδιον, τό, Dim. of σπυρίς, a hand-basket. [Ὶ]

σπυρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (σπείρα) a round plaited basket : a fish-basket.

σπάγγα, aor. 2 inf. pass. of στάζω.

στάγμα, ατος, τό, (στάζω) a drop, a liquid; στάγμα τῆς ἀνθρομοῦ, periph. for honey.

στάγων, ὄνος, ἦ, (στάζω) a drop.

στάδιος, α, ον, (στάδην) standing erect or upright; ἔγχε σταδαία spears for close fight.

στάδην, Adv. (ἴστημι) in a standing posture, upright. [ἄ]

στάδιοδρομοῦμαι, irreg. fut. of

στάδιοδρομέω, to run in the stadium, run a race.

From

στάδιο-δρόμος, ον, (στάδιον, δραμεῖν) running in the stadium, running for a prize.

στάδιον [ἄ], τό; in plur. στάδιοι, οἱ, or στάδια, τά;—a fixed standard of length, a stade, = 100 ὄργυιαί, i. e. 600 Greek or 606½ English feet, about ½ of a Roman mile; ἑκατὸν σταδιοῖσιν ἄριστος, 'a hundred miles best'; so, πλεῖν ἢ στάδιον λαλιότερος more talkative by a mile and more. II. a race-course, because that of Olympia was exactly a stade long: hence, ἀγωνίζεσθαι στάδιον to run a race; στάδιον νικᾶν to win a race: ξύλιον στάδιον, a kind of chess-board.

στάδιος [ἄ], α, ον, (ἴστημι) standing firm, standing fast: steady; σταδίη ὄσμην a close fight, a battle fought hand to hand, Lat. pugna stataria.

ΣΤΑ΄ΖΩ, fut. στάξω: aor. 1 ἔσταξα Ep. στάξα: I. trans. to let drop, to fall drop by drop, distil. II. intrans. to drop, fall in drops, drip; στάξεν χεῖρας αἵματι to have one's hands dripping or reeking with blood; στάξεν κέρα ἰδρωτί to have one's head dripping with sweat. 2. to fall off, e. g. of ripe fruit.

στάθεν, Aeol. for ἐστάθησαν, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of ἴστημι:—but σταθέν, aor. 1 pass. part. neut. [ἄ]

στάθερός, α, Ion. ἦ, ὄν, (ἴστημι) standing fast, fixed, steady: of liquids, congealed: also calm, still, of the sea; σταθερὰ μεσημβρία high noon, when the sun seems to stand still in the meridian:—ἡ σταθερά (sub. γῆ), the solid earth.

στάθευτός, ἦ, ὄν, scorched, burnt, fried. From σταθεύω, f. σω, (σταθερός) to scorch, burn, roast, fry.

στάθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of ἴστημι.

στάθῆ, Dor. for στήθῆ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἴστημι.

στάθμω, f. ἦσω, (στάθμη):—to measure by rule: Pass., with fut. med. in pass. sense σταθμήσομαι, to be measured. II. σταθμόμαι, f. -ήσομαι: aor. 1 ἐσταθμῆσάμην: Dep.:—to measure, prove by rule: hence to calculate, estimate. 2. metaph. to measure, estimate, judge of a thing.

στάθμη, ἦ, (ἴστημι) a carpenter's line or rule:—proverb., παρὰ στάθμην along the rule, by rule, straight, Lat. ad amussim; also in bad sense, beside the rule, wrongly:—κατὰ στάθμην νοεῖν to guess aright. II. like γραμμή, the line which bounds the race-course, the goal. III. metric. order, law, Lat. norma.

σταθμόνδε, Adv. to the standing-place, to the stall: homewards. From

σταθμός, ὄ, with irreg. pl. σταθμά, τά, but also σταθμοί, οἱ: (ἴσταμι):—a standing-place, of farm-yard buildings, a stable, stall, fold, like Lat. stabulum from stare: generally, a dwelling, abode. 2. quarters, lodgings for travellers or soldiers, Lat. statio:—in Persia, σταθμοί were stations or stages on the royal road, where the king rested in travelling. 3. generally, a day's journey, day's march, mostly about 5 parasangs or 15 miles.

II. an upright standing-post, the bearing pillar of the roof, the roof-tree; also the door-posts.

III. a balance, pair of scales: also, weight by the balance; σταθμὸν ἔχειν τάλαντον to be a talent in weight; absol. σταθμὸν διτάλαντα two talents in or by weight.

σταθμόω, f. ὠσω, (σταθμός) to bring to the scale. II. Med., esp. in aor. 1 ἔσταθμῶσάμην, to conjecture, conclude or infer by or from a thing.

σταῖην, ης, η, aor. 2 opt. of ἴστημι.

σταῖεν, σταῖτε, σταῖεν, Att. for σταίημεν, σταίητε, σταίησαν, aor. 2 opt. plur. of ἴστημι.

ΣΤΑΙ΄Σ or σταῖς, τό, gen. σταιωτός, u wheaten flour mixed and made into dough. Hence

σταίτινος, η, ον, of wheaten flour or dough.

στακτός, ἦ, ὄν, (στάζω) oozing out in drops, trickling, dripping.

στάλα, ἦ, Dor. for στήλη.

στάλαγμα, ατος, τό, (σταλάζω) that which drops, a drop. [σῳ]

στάλαγμός, ὄ, (σταλάζω) a dripping, dripping: also = στάλαγμα, a drop.

στάλασσω, f. ξω, and στάλαω, to fall in drops, drop, drip. II. trans. to let fall in drops, let drop, let fall.

στάληναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of στέλλω.

στάλις, ἴδος, ἦ, Dor. στάλιξ, (ἴστημι) anything set up; a pole or stake to which nets were fastened.

σταλ-ουργός, ὄν, Dor. for στήλ-, (στήλη, ἔργον) marked, furnished with a gravestone.

*σταῖν or σταῖς, ἴνος, ἦ, only found in Ep. dat. pl. σταμίνεσαι: (ἴστημι): anything set upright: in plur. the ribs of a ship standing up from the keel, Lat. statumina; ἱκρια ἀπαρὸν θαμέσι σταμίνεσαι having fitted planks to the close-set ribs.

σταμνίον, τό, Dim. of στάμνος, a wine-stoup.

στάμνος, ὄ, also ἦ, (ἴστημι) an earthen jar or bottle for racking off wine, a jar, vase.

στάν, Aeol. for ἔσαν, ἔστησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ἴστημι. 2. aor. 2 part. neut. of ἴστημι.

σταξέυμεν, Dor. for στάξομεν, fut. of στάζω.

στάξις, εως, ἦ, (στάζω) a dripping.

στάς, στάσας, σταν, aor. 2 part. of ἴστημι.

σπασιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στάσις) intr. to rebel, revolt, rise in rebellion, τινὶ ἀγανέ one: generally, to quarrel, dispute; σπασιάγειν μετὰ τινος to side with one against another: of states, to be divided into factions, be distracted by party strife.

σπασί-αρχος, ὄ, (στάσις, ἄρχω) the chief of a band or company: the head of a faction, leader of a sedition party.

στᾶσιασμός, ὁ, (στασιάω) a raising of sedition.
 στᾶσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στασιάω) seditious.
 στάσιμος, ον, (στάσις) standing, stationary, stable, steady, fixed. 2. ἄσιμον, τό, in Tragedy, a continuous song of the Chorus.
 στάσις [ᾶ], εως, ἡ, (ἵσταμαι) a standing, the posture of standing. 2. a position, post, station: a point of the compass, as, στάσις τοῦ νότου, τῆς μεσημβρίας. 3. the state or condition in which a person is, Lat. status. II. a party, company: esp. a party formed for political purposes, a faction, party. 2. sedition, faction.

στᾶσι-ώδης, ες, (στάσις, εἶδος) seditious.
 στᾶσι-ῶρον, τό, = στάσις ἐν ὄρει, a mountain-fold; but better στασι-ῶρος, ὁ, (στάσις, ὄρα) watcher of the station or fold.

στᾶσι-ώτης, ον, ὁ, (στάσις II) one of a party or faction, a partisan: in plur. the members of a party or faction in a state, partisans, conspirators. Hence
 στᾶσιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, inclined to faction, seditious.

στάσκε, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἵστημι.
 στασιῶ, Dor. for στήσω, fut. of ἵστημι.

στάτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ἵστημι) any weight. II. a coin of a certain weight, a stater, at Athens of silver, called also τετραδραχμος, worth about 3s. 3d.

2. later, a gold stater was current at Athens, worth 20 Att. drachmae, = 16s. 3d.: the oldest were struck by Croesus in Lydia: Darius Hystaspis struck them of very pure gold, called from him *Darics*, στατήρες Δαρεικοί, worth about 1l. 1s. 10d.

στατίξω, poet. for ἵστημι, to place: Pass. ἵσταμαι, to stand. II. intr. also in Act., to stand.

στατικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ἵστημι) causing to stand. II. skilled in weighing: ἡ στατική (sub. τέχνη), Statics, the science which treats of the properties of bodies at rest, opp. to Dynamics.

στάτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ἵστημι, placed, standing: στατός ἵππος a stalled or stall-fed horse; στατόν ὕδωρ standing water.

σταυῖ, see Σ, σ.
 σταυρός, ὁ, (ἵστημι) an upright pale, stake or pole; in plur. a palisade. II. the Cross.

σταυρο-φάνης, ἐς, (σταυρός, φανῆναι) appearing like a cross. Adv. -νῶς.

σταυρο-φόρος, ον, (σταυρός, φέρω) bearing the cross.
 σταυρώ, f. ὦσα, (σταυρός) to fence by driving in pales, to make a palisade round a place. II. to crucify. Hence

σταυρωμα, ατος, τό, a place fenced with a palisade: a palisade, stockade, Lat. vallum.

σταυρωσις, ἡ, (σταυρός) a palisading. II. crucifixion.

στᾶφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a dried grape, raisin, also ἀσταφίς. (Akin to σταφυλή.)

ΣΤΑΦΥΛΗ, ἡ, a bunch of grapes. II. parox., σταφυλή, the plummet of a carpenter's level, the level itself; ἵπποι σταφυλή ἐπὶ νῶτον εἶσαι horses matched in height by the level.

στάφυλλίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = σταφυλή, a bunch of grapes.
 σταφυλο-κλοπίτης, ον, ὁ, (σταφυλή, κλοπή) a grape-stealer.

στάχυν-τόμος, ον, (στάχυν, τεμείν) cutting ears of corn, reaping.

στάχυν-τρόφος, ον, (στάχυν, τρέφω) nourishing ears of corn.

στάχυν-φόρος, ον, (στάχυν, φέρω) bearing ears of corn.

στάχυν-μήτηρ, ορος, ἡ, (στάχυν, μήτηρ) mother of ears of corn.

στάχυν-θριξ, -τριχος, ὁ, ἡ, (στάχυν, θρίξ) with leaves like ears of corn.

στάχυν-στέφανος, ον, (στάχυν, στέφανος) crowned with ears of corn.

ΣΤΑΧΥΣ, vos, ὁ: pl. nom. and acc. στάχυες, -as, contr. στάχυν:—an ear of corn, Lat. spica. II. generally, a plant: metaph. a scion, child. [σ-]

στέαρ, τό, gen. στέατος [as trochee], contr. στήρ, στήτος: (ἵστημι):—hard fat, tallow, suet, Lat. sebum, sebum; opp. to πιμελή soft fat, Lat. adeps.

στεγάω, f. ἄσω, = στέγω, to cover, protect:—Pass. to be covered; of a ship, to be decked.

στεγάνη, ἡ, (στεγανός) a covering. [ᾶ]

στεγανός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέγω) covered, sheathed: roofed over. 2. close-covered or close-covering, waterproof.

II. covering: confining, enclosing. Hence

στεγανῶς, Adv. closely, through a covered or confined passage: Comp. στεγανώτερον, more closely.

στέγ-αρχος, ὁ, (στέγη, ἀρχω) master of the house.

στέγασμα, ατος, τό, (στέγασμα) anything which covers or shelters, a covering, roof, Lat. tectum.

στέγαστέον, verb. Adj. of στέγασμα, one must cover.

στέγαστρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (στέγασμα) fem Adj. that covers or serves for covering.

στέγαστρον, τό, (στέγασμα) a cover, wrapper.

στέγη, ἡ, (στέγω) a roof, Lat. tectum. II. a covered place, a chamber, room: a tent. 2. in plur., like Lat. tecta, a house, dwelling, abode; κατὰ στέγας at home.

στεγνός, ἡ, ὄν, contr. from στεγανός, covered, close, water-tight.

στεγνο-φυής, ἐς, (στεγνός, φυή) of a thick nature.

στέγος, εος, τό, = στέγη, a roof: a house. 2. an urn for the dead.

ΣΤΕΓΩ, f. ξω, to cover closely, so as to keep out wet: absol., νῆες οὐδὲν στέγονται ships not water-tight. 2. generally, to keep off, fend off:—Med.,

στέγεσθαι ὀμβροῦς to keep off rain from oneself. II. to cover, shelter, protect: to contain, hold. 2. to bide, to keep secret:—Pass. to be kept secret. III.

to hold water; τὸ μὴ στέγον α leaky vessel. IV. metaph. to sustain, bear, endure.

ΣΤΕΪΒΩ, fut. στείψω: aor. 2 ἐστῖβον:—to tread, tread on, tread under foot; στείβον ἐν βύθροισιν εἴματα they trod on the clothes in pits, to wash

them. 2. c. acc. cognato, *to tread, walk*; χορὸν στέβειν *to tread a measure, dance*: *to tread, walk on a road, etc.*:—Med. *to go upon any one's track, to trace or hunt out.*

στεῖλα, Ep. for ἔστειλα, aor. I of στέλλω. στελειά Ion. -ειή, ἡ, (στέλλω) *the bole for the handle of an axe.* Hence

στελειόν, τό, *the handle or helve of an axe fitted into the στελειά.*

στειν-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός Ion. for στενός, αύχὴν) *narrow-necked.*

στεινό-πορος, ov, Ion. for στενό-πορος. στεινός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, *narrow.*

στείνος, εος, τό, (στείνω) *a narrow, close or confined space, a strait*; στείνος ὄδοϋ *a narrow part of the way, a pass.* II. metaph. *press, straits, distress, Lat. angustiae.*

στείνω, (στενός) Ion. for στενώω, = στείνω. στείνω, (στενός) *to make strait, narrow or close, to straiten* :—Pass. *to become strait, to be narrowed*: *to be straitened for room.* 2. *to be full, be thronged.* 3. metaph. *to be straitened, hard pressed, distressed.*

στειν-ωπός, Ion. for στενωπός. στέιομεν, Ep. for στῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι.

στεῖρα Ion. -ρη, ἡ, (στεῖρος) *the stout beam of a ship's keel, the cutwater, Lat. carina.*

στεῖρα, ἡ, peculiar. fem. of στεῖρος, *barren.*

στεῖρος, α, ov, also os, ov, (στερρός, στερέός) *barren, Lat. sterilis.*

ΣΤΕΙΧΩ, f. στείχω: aor. I ἔστειχα: aor. 2 ἔστίχον:—*to walk, go or come*: *to approach*: *to go in line or order, to march.* 2. sometimes c. acc. cognato, στείχειν ὄδον *to go a journey*; also, ἀνὴρ ὄπλιτης κλιμακος προσαμβάσεις στείχει *an armed man advances scaling-ladders.*

στεῖω, Ep. for στῶ, aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι. στελεά Ion. εή, ἡ, = στειλειή.

στελεόν, τό, = στειλειόν, *a handle.* Hence

στελεός, f. ὄσω, *to fit with a handle or haft.*

στελεχη-τόμος, ov, (στέλεχος, τεμείν) *cutting stems or trunks.*

ΣΤΕΛΕΧΟΣ, τό, *the crown of the root whence the trunk springs, the stump, Lat. codex*: generally, *a trunk, log, Lat. fustis.* Hence

στελεχῶ, f. ὄσω, *to form a stem, to shoot out with.*

στελίδιον, τό, Dim. of στελέω.

στέλω: fut. στέλω Ep. στελέω: aor. I ἔστειλα: pf. ἔσταλκα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐστάλην [ᾶ]: pf. ἔσταλμαι: plqpf. ἐστάλην:—*to set in order, arrange, array*: *to furnish, equip, get ready*: of a ship, *to rig or fit out*: στόλον στείλω *to fit out an armament*:—Med., στείλασθαι *to equip oneself, to put on clothes*:—Pass. *to fit oneself out, get ready, prepare*: also *to be dressed, decked.* II. *to despatch on an expedition, to despatch, send*: Pass. *to get ready for an expedition, start, set off*: hence *to go, depart, travel.* 2. intr. in Act. *to start, set forth.* III.

to fetch, bring, conduct a person to a place:—so in Med. sometimes, στέλλεσθαι τινα *to send for one.* IV. as a nautical term, ἰστία στέλλειν *to take in sail, shorten sail*: generally, *to contract, draw in, withhold*: Med. *to avoid.*

στελμωνία, αἰ, (τελαμών) *broad belts or girths, put round dogs when used to hunt wild beasts.*

στέμμα, atos, τό, (στέφω) *any thing to crown with, a wreath, garland, chaplet, from wool being chiefly used, it came to mean the wool itself*: in plur. στέμματα, τά, *a shrine decked with chaplets.*

στεμματώω, f. ὄσω, (στέμμα) *to furnish, adorn with a wreath or chaplet.*

στέμφυλον, τό, mostly used in plur. στέμφυλα, (στέμβω = στείβω) *olives already pressed, the mass of pressed olives, oil-cake.*

στενάγμα, atos, τό, (στενάω) *a groan, the moaning.*

στεναγμός, ἡ, (στενάω) *a groaning, moaning.*

στενάξω, f. ἄξω, Frequentat. of στένω, *to sigh much or deeply, to groan, moan.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail.* Hence

στενακτέον, verb. Adj. *one must groan.*

στενακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στενάω) *to be sighed for, to be mourned*: mournful.

στεν-αύχην, ενος, ὁ, ἡ, (στενός, αύχὴν) *narrow-necked.*

στενᾶϊζω, f. ἴσω, = στενάχω, *to sigh, groan, moan.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail, lament.*

στενάχω [ᾶ], lengthd. form for στένω, *to sigh, groan, moan*: metaph. of a torrent, etc., *to roar*: of horses galloping, *to breathe loudly*; στοὰ στενάχουσα *the magazine groaning from fulness.* II. trans. *to bemoan, bewail, lament.*

στενολεσχέω, *to talk subtly, raise nice points.* From

στενο-λέσχης, ov, ὁ, (στενός, λέσχη) *a quibbler.*

στενό-πορθμός, ov, (στενός, πορθμός) *at or on a strait.*

στενό-πορος Ion. στεν-, ov, (στενός, πόρος) *with a narrow pass or outlet*:—τὰ στενόπορα *narrow passes, defiles*; or in the sea, *straits, narrows.*

ΣΤΕΝΟΣ Ion. στενός, ἡ, ὄν, *narrow, strait, Lat. angustus*: ἐν στενῷ *in a narrow compass*: τὸ στενόν *the strait* (i. e. the Hellespont); τὰ στενά *the straits, narrows*: στενή, ἡ, *a narrow strip of land.* II. metaph. *close, cribbed, confined, scanty.*—Comp. and Sup. στενότερος, -ότατος, Ion. στενώτερος, -ότατος: but the regular forms στενώτερος, -ώτατος, also occur. Hence

στενός Ion. στέινος, εος, τό, *a strait, difficulty, trouble.*

στενώτερος, Comp. of στενός, ἡ, ὄν.

στενότης Ion. στεν-, ἡ, (στενός) *narrowness, strictness.*

στενο-χωρέω, f. ἴσω, (στενός, χωρέω) *to crowd, straiten for room.* II. intr. *to be straitened or pressed for room.* Hence

στενοχωρία, ἡ, *narrowness of space, a confined space, want of room.* II. metaph. *straits, difficulty, distress.*

στενῶ, f. ὥσω, (στενός) to make narrow.
 Στένωρ, ὀπος, ὁ, Stentor, a Greek at Troy, famous for his loud voice: hence proverbially, a Stentor.
 στενωγρός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for στενός, narrow.
 στενω, only used in pres. and impf., (στενός) to sigh, groan, moan. 2. transit. to bemoan, bewail, lament, deplore.
 στενωπός Ion. στενωπός, ὄν, (στενός, ὤψ) made narrow, straitened, strait, confined, Lat. arctus. 2. as Subst., στενωπός, ἡ, a narrow way, by-way, Lat. angiportus.
 στεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (στέφω) crowned.
 στερήγηθρον, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm. II. love, affection, regard.
 στέργημα, atos, τό, (στέργω) a love-charm.
 στέργουσα, Dor. for στέργουσα, part. fem. of ΣΤΕΡΓΩ, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔστεργα: pf. 2 ἔστρογα: Pass., aor. I ἔστερχθην: pf. ἔστέρχημαι:—to love, of the mutual love of parents and children: of any natural affection, as, between king and people. II. to be fond of, like, be pleased with. III. to be content or satisfied, acquiesce; c. acc., στέργειν τὰ πάντα to be content with, acquiesce in the present state of things; στέργειν τὴν τυραννίδα to bear with tyranny; also c. dat., στέργειν τοῖς παροῦσι, etc. IV. to pray, beg, entreat that . . . c. acc. et inf.
 ΣΤΕΡΕΟ΄Σ, ἄ, ὄν, stiff, stark, firm, solid, Lat. rigidus. 2. metaph. stiff, stubborn, unrelenting, cruel. II. of bodies and quantities, solid, cubic; στερεός ἀριθμὸς a cubic number. Hence
 στερεότης, ἡτος, ἡ, stiffness, firmness.
 στερεό-φρων, onos, ὁ, ἡ, (στερεός, φρήν) hard or firm of soul, stubborn-bearded.
 στερεῶ, f. ὥσω, (στερεός) to make firm or strong: to confirm.
 στερεῶσαι, aor. I inf. of στερέω.
 ΣΤΕΡΕ΄Ω, fut. στερήσω Att. στερῶ: aor. I ἔστέρησα, Ep. inf. στερῶσαι:—Pass. στερέομαι, στερῶμαι, with collat. form στέρομαι: fut. med. στερήσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστέρηθην, ἐστέρημαι:—to deprive, bereave, or rob a person of anything:—Pass. to be deprived, bereaved, or robbed of anything. II. to take away a thing: Pass. to have a thing taken away.
 στερεῶμα, atos, τό, (στερεῶ) a solid body. 2. a foundation, basis: metaph. steadfastness. 3. the firmament of heaven.
 στερεῶς, Adv. of στερεός, firmly, strongly, fast.
 στέρημα, atos, τό, (στερέω) that which is taken away, plunder, booty.
 στερήσις, ἡ, (στερέω) privation, loss.
 στερήσομαι, fut. med. (with pass. sense) of στερέω.
 στερίσκω, Att. collat. form of στερέω.
 στερίφος, η, on, = στερεός, στερρός, firm, bard, solid. II. unfruitful: of women, barren.
 στερκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στέργω, to be loved, lovely.
 ΣΤΕΡ΄ΝΟΝ, τό, the breast, chest. 2. the breast as the seat of the affections, the heart.

στερνο-τύπης, ἐς, (στέρνον, τυπῆναι) of a beaten breast, caused by beating the breast. Hence
 στερνοτύπια, ἡ, a beating of the breast for grief, Lat. planctus.
 στερνο-ὄχος, on, (στέρνον, ἔχω) with broad bosom, broad-swelling, of the plain at Athens.
 ΣΤΕ΄ΡΟΜΑΙ, Pass., aor. 2 ἐστέργην:—collat. form of στερέομαι, to be deprived of, to be without, to be wanting in, to lack, want, Lat. carere.
 στεροπή, ἡ, = ἀστεροπή, ἀστραπή, a flash of lightning: generally, any flashing, dazzling light, glare.
 στεροπ-ηγερῆτά, ὁ, (στεροπή, ἀγέρω) Aeol. for στεροπηγερῆτης, collector of lightning.
 Στερόπης, ου, ὁ, (στεροπή) Lighter, name of one of the three Cyclopes.
 στέροψ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (στεροπή) lightning, flashing, dazzling.
 στεροῦ-γυιος, on, (στερρός, γυῖον) strong-limbed.
 στερρός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, = στερεός, stiff, firm, solid: also strong, stout: of water, frozen. II. of countries, hard, stony, barren, Lat. sterilis. III. stiff with age. IV. metaph. stiff, stubborn, obstinate, cruel. Hence
 ΣΤΕ΄ΡΦΟΣ, τό, a hide, skin.
 ΣΤΕ΄ΡΩ, see στέρομαι.
 στερῶς, Adv. stiffly, obstinately.
 στεύμαι, Epic Dep., used only in 3 sing. pres. and impf. στεύται, στεύτο, and in 3 pl. pres. στεύνται: (ἴστημι):—to stand on the spot:—c. inf. to make gestures or a show of doing something, to promise, engage or threaten to do.
 στεφανεύνται, Ion. for στεφανοῦνται.
 στεφάνη [ᾶ], ἡ, (στέφα) anything that encircles the head: the brim of the helmet, a helmet. II. part of a woman's head-dress, a diadem, coronal: generally, a head-dress. III. the brim or border of anything, brow of a hill, edge, verge: also the parapet or battlement of a wall.
 στεφᾶνηπλοκέω, f. ἦσω, (στεφανηπλόκος) to plait wreaths or chaplets.
 στεφανηπλόκιον, τό, the wreath-market. From
 στεφᾶνη-πλόκος, on, (στεφᾶνη, πλέκω) plaiting wreaths or chaplets.
 στεφᾶνηφόρος, f. ἦσω, (στεφανηφόρος) to wear a wreath or chaplet. Hence
 στεφᾶνηφορία, ἡ, the wearing a wreath of victory. II. the right of wearing a crown.
 στεφᾶνη-φόρος, on, (στεφᾶνη, φέρω) wearing a crown or wreath, crowned, wreathed; ἀγὼν στεφανηφόρος a contest in which the prize was a crown. II. στεφανηφόροι, οἱ, certain magistrates in the Greek states who had the right of wearing crowns when in office, as the Archons at Athens.
 στεφᾶνίω, f. ὤω: Dor. aor. I ἐστεφάνιξα: (στέφανος):—to crown.
 στεφάνιον, τό, Dim. of στέφανος.
 στεφᾶνίσκος, ὁ, Dim. of στέφανος.
 στεφᾶνίτης [ι], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἰδος, (στέφανος) of

or *consisting of a crown or wreath*; στεφανίτης ἀγών a contest in which the prize was a crown or wreath.

στεφάνος, ὁ, (στέφω) *that which encircles*; στέφανος πολέμοιο the circling crowd of war.

II. a crown, wreath: *the conqueror's wreath* at the public games, crown of victory: hence *the prize*, Lat. palma. These crowns were of leaves, viz., of wild thyme (κότινος) at the Olympic games, laurel (δάφνη) at the Pythian, parsley (σέλινον) at the Nemean, ivy (κίσσος) at the Isthmian.

III. a crown as a badge of office, public honours: hence a crown conferred on a citizen in token of public services.—Cf. στεφάνη.

στεφάνω, f. ὦσα: pf. act. ἐστεφάνωκα, pass. ἐστεφάνωμαι: (στέφω) *round as a crown*: Pass. to be so put round; περί νήσον πόντος ἐστεφάνωται the sea lies round about the island. II. to wreath with a crown, to crown: c. acc., στεφανοῦν εὐαγγέλια to crown one for good tidings:—Pass. to be crowned or rewarded with a crown:—Med. to crown oneself, win a crown. 2. to crown, honour.

III. in Pass. also to wear a crown, as persons sacrificing, or magistrates in office.

στεφᾶν-ᾶδης, ἐς, (στέφανος, εἶδος) like a crown or wreath, wreathing, twisted.

στεφάνωμα, ατος, τό, (σπεφάνω) *that which surrounds or encompasses, a circlet*. II. a crown or wreath, as the prize of victory. 2. generally, a reward, honour, glory.

στεφάνως, Dor. acc. pl. of στέφανος.

στέφος, εος, τό, (στέφω) poet. for στέφανος, a crown, wreath.

ΣΤΕΦΩ, ψω: aor. I ἐστεφα: Pass., aor. I ἐστέφην: pf. ἐστεμει:—to put round as a crown. II. to surround, encompass, encircle, to crown, wreath:—Med. to crown oneself:—Pass. to be crowned, wreathed, garlanded. 2. generally, to crown, to honour.

στέωμεν, Ion. for στᾶμεν, I plur. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι.

στή, Ion. for ἔστη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ἴστημι.

στήης, στήη, Ep. for στήης, στή, 2 and 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι.

στήθεσφι, Ep. dat. pl. of στήθος.

στήθι, aor. 2 imperat. of ἴστημι.

στίθο-μελής, ἐς, (στήθος, μέλος) *singing with or from the breast*.

ΣΤΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, the breast, chest, Lat. pectus.

II. metaph. the breast, the heart, i. e. the feelings, affections: cf. στήρνον.

στίκω, formed from ἔστηκα, pf. of ἴστημι, used only in pres., to stand.

ΣΤΗΛΗ Dor. στάλα, ἡ, an upright stone, a post: a block or post, Lat. cippus.

II. a post or slab bearing an inscription, a monument, a grave-stone. 2. a post or slab set up in a public place, inscribed with treaties, decrees, etc.: hence, κατὰ τὴν στήλην according to treaty. III. a boundary-post; the

turning-post at the end of the race-course, Lat. meta:—Στήλαι Ἡρακλείαι the pillars of Hercules.

στηλίδιον, τό, Dim. of στήλη, a small monument. [Υ] στηλιτεύω, f. σω, to inscribe on a στήλη, to post or placard publicly. From

στηλίτης [Υ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, (στήλη) of or like a block or pillar. II. inscribed on a pillar, placarded as infamously.

στήμενα, στήμεν, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of ἴστημι.

στημορ-ράγω, f. ἦτω, (στήμων, ῥαγῆναι) to tear or undo the threads of a warp. II. intr. to be torn to shreds.

στήμων, ονος, ὁ, (ἴστημι) the warp in the upright loom: the wool was called κρόκη. 2. a thread spun.

στίνα, αο, 2 inf. of ἴστημι.

στήρ, τό, gen. στητός, contr. for στέαρ, στέατος, as κῆρ for κέαρ: see στέαρ.

στίριγμα, ατος, τό, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay. 2. = Lat. furca.

στηριγμός, ὁ, (στηρίζω) a setting firmly, propping, supporting. II. pass. a standing still, fixedness: steadfastness.

στήριγξ, ἰγγος, ἡ, (στηρίζω) a support, prop, stay.

ΣΤΗΡΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐστήριξα Ep. στήριξα: Pass., aor. I ἐστηρίχθην: pf. ἐστήριγμα: 3 sing. plqpf. ἐστήρικτο:—to set fast, make fast, prop, fix: metaph. to confirm, establish. II. Pass. to be firmly set or fixed, to stand fast, have a footing, be rooted to a spot, tarry, linger.

III. the Act. also is intrans. to stand fast or firm: to be joined or fastened to.

στήσα, Ep. for ἔστησα, aor. I of ἴστημι.

στήσομαι, fut. med. of ἴστημι.

στήση or στήτα, ἡ, Dor. for γυνή.

στήσει, Ep. for στᾶσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of ἴστημι.

στιβάρως, ἄ, ὄν, (στείβω) close pressed, compact: thick, stout, sturdy: Comp. στιβαρώτερος. Adv. -ρως, closely.

στιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στείβω) a bed of straw, rushes or leaves, a litter: also a mattress, pallet.

στείβειν, aor. 2 inf. of στείβω.

στείβω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. ἐστίβημι: (στείβω):—to tread, walk upon; πᾶν ἐστίβηται πέδον all the plain has been traversed, searched.

στίβη [Υ], ἡ, (στείβω) frozen dew, rime, hoar-frost.

στίβος [Υ], ὁ, (στείβω) a trodden or beaten way, a track, foot-path.

II. a track, footstep; κατὰ στίβον on the track or trail. III. a going, gait.

στιγεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (στίζω) a brander.

στίγμα, ατος, τό, (στίζω) a prick or puncture of a pointed instrument, a brand-mark, a brand: generally, a mark, spot.

στιγματτηφορέω, to bear brand-marks. From

στιγματ-φόρος, ον, (στίγμα, φέρω) bearing brand-marks.

στιγματίας, ου, ὁ, (στίγμα) one who has been branded: a runaway slave.

στιγμή, ἡ, (στίζω) a prick, mark, puncture: a ma-

ibematical point, Lat. *punctum*.

jet, tittle: of time, a moment.

ΣΤΙ'ΖΩ, *στίξω*: aor. I ἔστιξα: pf. pass. ἐστίχθαι, inf. ἐστίχθαι:—to prick, puncture, Lat. *pungere*: hence to tattoo: to burn a mark in, to brand, of runaway slaves: also to brand cattle with a distinctive mark: *στίγματα στίξεν τινά* to brand one with a mark.

2. to make spotted: *βακτηρία στίξεν* to beat black and blue:—Pass. to be spotted. 3. to mark with a full stop, Lat. *interpungere*.

στικτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στίξω, pricked, branded: hence marked, spotted, dappled.

στικτό-χρῶος, ον, contr. -χρῶος, ον, (στικτός, χρῶος) with spotted skin.

ΣΤΙΓΛΑΒΩ, *στίγλω*, to shine, glitter, glisten: *στίγλαβεν ἀστραπὰς* to flash lightning. 2. metaph. to shine, to be bright or brilliant.

ΣΤΙΓΛΗ [γ], ἡ, a drop, Lat. *stilla*: metaph. a moment.

σπιλπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπίλω) glittering, glistening.

*στίξ, ἡ, only used in gen. sing. *στιχός*, and in nom. and acc. plur. *στίχες, στίχας*: see *στίχος*.

σπιπτός or σπειπτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σπίβω) trodden down: close-pressed, close, firm, solid, Lat. *stipatus*: hence sturdy, tough, stout.

σπίφος, εὐς, τό, (σπίβω) a close, compact body: a body of men in close array: *νεῶν στίφος* the close array of the ships: *στίφος ποιήσασθαι* to form a close column.

σπιφρός, ἄ, ὄν, (σπίβω) close-pressed: close, compact, solid, tough, stout.

στίχ-αοιδός, ὄ, (στίχος, αἰεῶ) a verse-maker, poet.

στίχας, acc. pl. of *στίξ.

στίχάω, (στίχος) to set, range, place in ranks:—Med. *στιχάομαι*, Ep. 3 sing. impf. *ἐστιχῶντο*, to march in rows or ranks.

στίχες, αἰ, pl. nom. of *στίξ.

στίχο-γράφος, ον, (στίχος, γράφω) writing verses.

στίχος [γ], ὄ, there is also a gen. sing. *στιχός*, and a nom. and acc. pl. *στίχες, στίχας*, as if from an old nom. *στίξ*: (στίχων):—a row, line, rank: a line of soldiers, a row of trees. II. a line of writing, a verse.

στίχός, ρῆς, gen. from *στίξ.

ΣΤΑΕΡΙΠΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a sort of scraper, Lat. *strigil*, to remove the oil and dirt from the skin in the bath.

στοά or στοιά, ἄς, ἡ, (ἴστημι) a place enclosed by pillars, a colonnade, piazza, cloister, Lat. *porticus*. II. at Athens this name belonged to various public buildings, a storehouse, magazine, warehouse, for com. 2. ἡ βασιλείου στοά the court where the ἄρχων βασιλεὺς sat. 3. the *Pocilé*, or painted Stoa:—since Zeno of Citium and his successors taught in this piazza, this school of philosophers was called

οἱ ἐκ τῆς στοᾶς or Στωικοί, Stoics.

στοιά, ἡ, see στοά.

στοιβάξω, *στίβω*, f. ἄω, (στοιβή) to pile or heap up.

στοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στίβω) anything trodden or pressed

down, a bed of leaves, etc.: hence *boughs* or *branches* strewn on the ground.

στοιβή, ἡ, (στίβω) a stuffing, filling up. II.

metaph. anything stuffed in, an expletive.

Στοιικός, ἡ, ὄν, = Στωικός.

στοιχεῖον, τό, Dim. of *στοίχος*, a small upright post: the *gnomon* of the sun-dial, or the shadow thrown by it. II. a first beginning, first principle or element: a simple sound of the voice, as the first element of language. 2. τὰ στοιχεῖα the simplest component parts: in physics, the primary matter, elements.

2. the elements of knowledge, rudiments.

στοιχέω, *στίχω*, (στοίχος) to stand in a line or rank, to stand in battle-order. II. to walk straight.

στοιχ-ηγούμεν, *στίχομαι*, f. ἡσω, (στοίχος, ἀγούμεν) to tell in regular order.

στοιχίζω, *στίχομαι*, f. ἰσω, (στοίχος) to set a row of poles with nets to drive the game into: to set in order.

στοίχος, ὄ, (στίχων) a row, line, rank: ἐπὶ στοίχων or κατὰ στοίχων all in a row: of soldiers, a file. II. a line of poles with hunting-nets into which the game was driven.

στολ-ἀρχης, ον, ὄ, (στόλος, ἀρχω) a commander of a fleet, admiral.

στολάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (στέλλω) gcing in a body. II. as Subst., *στολάς*, ἡ, a horseman's cloak.

στολή, ἡ, (στέλλω) a fitting out, equipping. II. clothing, dress, equipment: a garment, robe, Lat. *stola*.

στολιδῶ, *στίχομαι*, f. ὤσω, (στολίσ) to draw on, put on:—Med. to put on oneself, dress oneself in.

στολιδῶμα, ατος, τό, (στολιδῶ) a fold of a robe.

στολιδωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *στολιδῶ*, folded, hanging in folds.

στολιζέω, *στίχομαι*, f. ἰσω, (στολίσ) to make ready, trim, equip, deck:—Pass. to be equipped, armed.

στόλιον, τό, Dim. of *στολή*, a small or scanty garment.

στολίσ, ἰδος, ἡ, (στολή) a garment, robe: *νεβρῶν στολίδες* garments of fawn-skin.

στολισμα, ατος, τό, (στολιζέω) an equipment, dress: garment, mantle.

στολμός, ὄ, (στέλλω) a clothing, dressing: in plur. *στολμοί*, folds.

στόλος, ὄ, (στέλλω) an equipment for warlike purposes, an expedition by land or sea, a journey, voyage: ἰδίω στόλω in a journey privately undertaken: opp. to *κοινῶ* στόλω in a journey on behalf of the state. 2. the purpose or cause of a journey. 3. that which is sent on an expedition, an army, a fleet, band, troop, company: *πρόπας στόλος* all the people. II. a ship's beak.

στόμα Aeol. *στύμα*, ατος, τό, the mouth, Lat. *os, oris*: also the whole face: sometimes used in pl. *στόματα*, like Lat. *ora*, of one person: ἐπὶ στόμα on one's face: κατὰ στόμα face to face: metaph., στόμα πολέμοιο the very jaws of battle. 2. the mouth, tongue: *σπέεω*, words, language: ἀπὸ στόματος εἰπεῖν to speak by word of mouth, i. e. by memory:

ἀνὰ στόμα or ἐν στόματι ἔχειν to have always in one's mouth; διὰ στόμα εἶναι to be in people's mouths; ἔξ ἐνὸς στόματος, with one voice, all at once.

II. *the mouth of a river, bay or sea, Lat. ostia, fauces: also a chasm or cleft in the earth: any outlet or entrance.*

III. *the foremost part, front; of weapons, the point: the edge, point of a sword, Lat. acies: also the front ranks of the battle, the front; οἱ ἀπὸ στόματος the front ranks; ἄκρον στόμα πύργων the utmost verge of the towers.*

στόμ-αργος Att. στόμαλγος, ον, (στόμα, ἀλγέω) grievous with the tongue, long-tongued, noisy, babbling, wearisome.

στομαῖτ-ουργός, ὄν, (στόμα, *ἔργω) making with the mouth, word-coining.

στόμαχος, ὁ, (στόμα) the throat, gullet.

στόμιον, τό, Dim. of στόμα, a small mouth. II. *the mouth of a vessel; mouth of a cave, a cave, vault: the socket of a bolt.*

στομῶν, f. ὤσω, (στόμα) to stop the mouth, to muzzle, gag. II. *to furnish with a mouth or opening.* III. *to furnish with a point or edge, to make into steel: metaph. to steel, harden.*

στομφάζω, f. ἄσω, (στόμφος) to rant, mouth: metaph. to talk big, vaunt.

στόμφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἦ, (στόμφος) one who uses bombastic turgid words.

στόμφος, ὁ, (στόμα) lofty phrases, bombast, rant.

στόμωμα, ατος, τό, (στομῶν) a mouth, inlet.

στόμωσις, εως, ἦ, (στομῶν) a giving an edge to a thing, a hardening of iron into steel; στόμα πολλήν στόμωσιν ἔχον a mouth that has much moulbing or sharpness of tongue.

στοναῶ, f. ἦσω, (στοναχῆ) to groan, sigh, moan. II. trans. to sigh, groan over or for, lament.

στοναχῆ, ἦ, (στανάχω) a groaning, sighing, wailing: in plur. groans, sighs.

στονέις, εσσα, εν, (στόνος) causing groans or sighs: generally, mournful, sad, wretched.

στόνος, ὁ, (στένω) a groaning, sighing, wailing.

στόνυξ, ὄχος, ὁ, like ὄνυξ, a sharp point: a sharp instrument, knife, scissors.

στοργή, ἦ, (στέργω) love, affection, the natural affection of parents and children.

ΣΤΟΡΕΝΝΥΜΙ shortd. στόρνυμι, by metath. στῶρνυμι and στρωνύω: fut. σπορέω Att. σπορῶ, also σπῶσω: aor. I ἐσπῶρεσα, also ἐσπῶρωσα: pf. pass. ἐσπῶρωμαι:—to spread, spread out, stretch out, strew; λέχος σπορέσαι, Lat. lectum sternere, to spread or make up a bed; to strew with a thing, δδὸν μωσίνησι σπορέσαι to strew the road with myrtle-boughs. 2. to spread smooth, level; δδὸν σπορέσαι to make a level road, Lat. viam sternere:—metaph. to level, lay low; also to lie down, calm, assuage.

σπορέσαι, aor. I inf. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορέσονται, Dor. for σπορέουσι, 3 pl. fut. of σπορέννυμι.

σπορεστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σπορέννυμι) one who lays low, a calmer.

σπορνύμι, a later form of σπορέννυμι.

στοχάζομαι, f. —άσομαι: aor. I med. ἐστοχασάμην: pf. pass. ἐστοχασμαι: Dep.: (στόχος):—to aim or shoot at, c. gen.: metaph. to aim at, seek after. 2. to guess, c. acc.: to surmise, conjecture.

στόχασμα, ατος, τό, (στοχάζομαι) a missile aimed at a mark, an arrow, javelin.

στοχαστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (στοχάζομαι) able to hit: able to guess, sbread, sagacious. Adj. —κῶς.

ΣΤΟΧΟΣ, ὁ, an aim, shot. 2. a guess, conjecture.

στραγγέω, f. σῶ, (σπράγγω) to twist, wind:—Med. στραγγέομαι, to turn oneself about, waver, loiter.

στραγγ-ουρία, ἦ, (σπράγγε, οὐρέω) retention of the urine, strangury. Hence

στραγγουρία, to suffer from strangury or retention of the urine.

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΝ, fut. σπράγξω, Lat. stringo, to draw tight, bind tight, squeeze, compress.

στράγγε, ἦ, gen. στραγγός, (σπράγγω) that which oozes or is squeezed out, a drop.

στράπτω, f. ψω, for ἀστράπτω, to lighten.

στράτ-άρχης, ου, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄρχω) the general of an army, a commander.

στράτ-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης.

στρατώ, (στρατός) to encamp:—Pass. to lie encamped; Ep. 3 pl. ἐστρατώντο.

στρατιά Ion. —ἡ, ἦ, (στρατεύω) an expedition, campaign; ἐπὶ στρατίας εἶναι to be on foreign service; οἰκοὶ καὶ ἐπὶ στρατίας, Lat. domi et militiae, at home and abroad: in pl. campaigns, military service, warfare.

στρατιά, ἦ, fem. Adj. the Warlike, epith. of Minerva.

στράτευμα, ατος, τό, (στρατεύω) an expedition. II. an armament, army: a company.

στράτεύσιμος, ον, (στρατεύω) belonging to or fit for military service, serviceable.

στράτευσις, ἦ, (στρατεύω) an expedition.

στρατευτέον, verb. Adj. one must march. From

στρατεύω, f. σῶ, (στρατός) to serve in war, serve as a soldier: to take the field, march. II. Dep.

στρατεύομαι, f. med. στρατεύσομαι: aor. I and pf. pass. ἐστρατεύθην, ἐστράτευμαι: to take the field, serve as a soldier; pf. pass. part. ἐστρατευμένος, having been a soldier.

στρατηγέον, τό, incorrect form of στρατήγιον.

στράτηγέω, f. ἦσω, (στρατήγος) to be a general: c. gen. to be general of an army, command. II.

c. acc. rei, to do a thing as general. Hence

στράτηγῆμα, ατος, τό, the act of a general, esp. a stratagem, piece of generalship.

στράτηγια Ion. —ἡ, ἦ, (στρατήγος) the office, dignity, post of a general, command. 2. the qualifications of a general, generalship. 3. the time of a general's command.

στράτηγιάω, Desiderat. of στρατηγέω, to wish to be general.

στρατηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρατηγός) of or fit for a general: ἡ στρατηγική (sub. τέχνη), or τὰ στρατηγικά, generalship, Lat. scientia rei militaris. II. fitted for command, versed in generalship, skilled in military matters. Adv. -κώς, like a general.

στρατήγιον, τό, (στρατηγός) the general's tent, Lat. praetorium: at Athens, the place where the ten generals held their sittings. II. = στρατόπεδον, a camp.

στράτηγος, ἴδος, fem. Adj. (στρατηγός) of a general; πύλαι στρατηγίδος the door of the general's tent; ναῦς στρατηγίς the admiral's ship, the flag-ship; and so, ἡ στρατηγίς alone. II. as Subst. a female commander or general.

στράτ-ηγός, ὁ, (στρατός, ἄγω) the leader or commander of an army, a general: also the commander of a fleet, an admiral. II. at Athens, οἱ στρατηγοί were ten general officers elected by yearly vote to command the army and navy, and conduct the war-department. III. στρατηγός ὑπατος the Roman Consul; στρατηγός alone, the Praetor.

στρατήγη, ἡ, Ion. for στρατεία.
στρατήλασία Ion. -λή, ἡ, an expedition, campaign. II. the army itself. From

στράτ-ηλαῖω, f. ἦσω, to lead an army into the field: to take the field. II. trans. to lead, command, c. gen.; also c. dat. From

στράτ-ηλάτης [ᾶ], οὐ, ὅ, (στρατός, ἑλαίνω) a leader of an army, a general, commander.

στράτιά Ion. -ία, ἡ, (στρατός) an army, armament: generally, a company, band. II. στρατεία, an expedition. Hence

στράτι-αρχος, ὁ, = στρατάρχης, a general.
στράτιος, ον, (στρατός) of, belonging to an army or expedition, warlike: στρατίον as Adv., valiantly.

στρατιώτης, ον, ὁ, (στρατιά) a citizen on military service: a soldier. Hence

στρατιωτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for soldiers: τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. ἀργύριον), the pay of the forces; τὸ στρατιωτικόν (sub. πλῆθος) the soldiery; τὰ στρατιωτικά (sub. πράγματα) military affairs. II. fit, suited for a soldier or military service. Hence

στρατιωτικός, Adv. in military style, like soldiers; Comp., στρατιωτικώτερον παρεσκευάσθαι to be fitted out more like transport-ships.

στρατιώτις, ἴδος, fem. of στρατιώτης, a female soldier: as fem. Adj. martial. 2. στρατιωτίς (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a troop-ship, transport.

στρατό-λογέω, f. ἦσω, (στρατός, λέγω) to levy an army, enlist soldiers.

στρατό-μαντις, εως, ὁ, (στρατός, μάντις) a prophet to the army.

στρατοπέδ-άρχης, ον, ὁ, (στρατόπεδον, ἄρχω) the commander of the praetorian guards at Rome.

στράτο-πεδεία, ἡ, and
στράτο-πέδευσις, ἡ, an encamping: an encampment: also the station of a fleet. From

στράτοπεδεύω, also as Dep. στρατοπεδεύομαι, (στρατόπεδον) to encamp, take up a position.

στρατό-πέδον, τό, (στρατός, πέδον) the ground on which soldiers are encamped: Στρατόπεδα, τά, as pr. n. a part of Egypt held on a military tenure. 2. generally, a camp, encampment, army encamped: an army. 3. a squadron of ships, fleet.

ΣΤΡΑΤΟΣ, ἡ, ὁ, a camp, encamped army: generally, an army, host, armament. II. the soldiers as opp. to the chiefs, hence the commons, people.

στρατόφι, Ep. gen. of στρατός.
Στρατ-ονίδης, ον, ὁ, Comic patronymic as if from Στρατ-ώνης (στρατός, ἄνεσμα) a dealer in armies.

στράφει, στραφῆναι, aor. 2 pass. part. and inf. of στρέφω.

στραφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.
στρέβλη, ἡ, (στρεβλός) an instrument for winding, a windlass; a screw, press. II. an instrument of torture, rack.

στρεβλός, ἡ, ὄν, (στρέφω) twisted, bowed, distorted.
στρεβλώω, f. ὦσω, (στρεβλός) to strain with a windlass, to screw up, tighten, make taut. II. to wrench, dislocate: hence to stretch on the rack, wrench, rack, torture:—Pass. to be racked, wrenched, tortured.

στρέμμα, ατος, τό, (στρέφω) that which is twisted or dislocated: a sprain.
στρέπ-αιγλος, η, ον, (στρέφω, αἴγλη) whirling-bright.

στρεπτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (στρέφω) anything which turns, one of the vertebrae of the neck: also a socket.
στρεπτός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of στρέφω, easily bent or twisted, pliant; στρεπτός χιτῶν a flexible coat, i. e. a shirt of chain-armor or mail: pliant, supple. 2. as Subst., στρεπτός (sub. κύκλος), ὁ, a collar of twisted or linked metal, Lat. torques: στρεπτά, τά, necklaces. II. metaph. to be bent or turned, to be wrought upon; στρεπτή γλώσσα a glib, pliant tongue. III. bent, curved.

στρεπτο-φόρος, ον, (στρεπτός, φέρω) wearing a collar or necklace, Lat. torquatus.

στρεύομαι, Pass. (στράγγω) to be squeezed or pressed out: to be drained of strength, exhausted, grow weary, to be worn out.

στρεφε-δινέω, f. ἦσω, (στρέφω, δινέω) to spin or whirl a thing round:—Pass. to be whirled, to spin round and round.

στρεφθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of στρέφω.

ΣΤΡΕΨΩ, f. ψω, aor. I ἐστρεψα Ep. στρέψα: pf. ἐστροφα:—Pass., aor. I ἐστρέφθην Dor. ἐστράφθην: aor. 2 ἐστράφην [ᾶ]: pf. ἐστραμμα.

A. Act. to twist, turn, bend; ἵππους στρέφειν to turn or guide horses: to wheel soldiers round. II. to turn about: to change, alter: also to pervert. III. to twist a rope: to twist, torture, torment:—also of wrestlers, to twist the adversary back. IV. metaph. to turn over in one's mind, revolve. V. to divert from the right course, ebbelize, intercept. VI. intrans., in same sense as Pass., to turn or wheel about.

B. Pass. and Med. to twist or turn oneself, to turn round about, toss to and fro: absol. to turn back; to

turn and flee: of the heavenly bodies, *to revolve, circle*.

2. metaph., *στροφὰς στρέφεσθαι to twist about*, like a wrestler trying to elude the grasp of an adversary, *to shuffler, evade*; *πάσας στροφὰς στρέφεισθαι to twist every way*, practise every kind of evasion.

3. c. gen., *στρέφεσθαι τινος to turn oneself to, attend to*. II. *to attack oneself, stick close, adhere*.

III. of limbs, *to be twisted, dislocated*.

IV. *to roam about*: of things, *to be rife*.

στρέψασκον, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of *στρέφω*.

στρέψις, εως, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) a turning, twisting.

στρεψο-δικία, f. ἡσω, (*στρέφω, δικη*) *to twist or pervert justice*.

στρεψοδικο-πᾶνουργία, ἡ, (*στρεψοδικεῖω, πανουργία*) *cunning villany in the perversion of justice*.

ΣΤΡΗΝΗΨ, ἐς, rough, barsh, grating.

στρηνώω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], (*στρήνω*) *to riot, to wax wanton*.

στρήνος, εος, τό, (*στρηνῆς*) *excess of strength: insolence, wan onness*.

στρίβιλικίς, Comic word, *the very least fraction or particle*.

ΣΤΡΙΨΩ, collat. form of *τρίψω*, *to cry in a shrill tone, to scream*.

στροβέω, f. ἡσω, (*στρόβος*):—*to spin or whirl about like a top: to make giddy, dizzy*:—Pass., with fut. med. *στροβήσομαι, to spin round and round*. Hence

στροβητός, ἡ, ὄν, *whirled round or about*.

στροβιλίζω, f. ἴσω, (*στρόβιλος*) *to twist about*.

στρόβιλος, ὁ, (*στροβέω*) *anything which whirls round or spins: a top: hence, from likeness of shape, a fir-cone, pine-cone*. 2. *a whirlwind*. 3. *a whirling dance, pirouette*.

στροβιλός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στροβέω*) *spinning, whirling*.

στροβιλώδης, ἐς, (*στρόβιλος, εἶδος*) *like a pine-cone*.

στρόβος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a whirling round*.

στρογγύλλω, (*στρογγύλος*) *to round off: to twirl*.

στρογγύλος [ῥ], η, ὄν, (*στράγγω*) *round, rounded*;

στρογγύλη ναῦς a merchant ship, *from its round shape*, opp. to the long ship of war (*μακρὰ ναῦς*), Lat. *navis longa*. II. metaph. *well-rounded, neat, terse*.

στρομβέω, f. ἡσω, (*στρόμβος*) = *στροβέω*, *to whirl*.

στρομβηδόν, Adv. (*στρομβέω*) *spinning like a ball*.

στρόμβος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *anything whirled round, a top*.

2. *a spiral shell*.

στρουθίος, α, ὄν, (*στρουθός*) of or for small birds: *στρουθειον μῆλον* a quince.

στρουθόν, τό, Dim. of *στρουθός*, *a young sparrow*.

ΣΤΡΟΥΘΟΣ, ὁ, also ἡ, *any small bird, esp. a sparrow*.

II. *any bird, as an eagle*:—ὁ μέγας *στρουθός* the large bird, the ostrich, called *στρουθός κατάγειος* from its running along the ground: also simply *στρουθός* (ἡ).

στροφαῖος, α, ὄν, (*στροφή*) *cunning, versatile*; also (*from στροφεύς*) *standing at the door-post*:—name of Mercury, in both senses.

στροφαλίγξ, ἰγγος, ἡ, (*στροφαλίξω*) *a whirl, eddy*. [ᾶ]

στροφαλίξω, a lengthd. form of *στρέφω*, *to turn quickly*; *ἡλάκασα στροφαλίξω* *to whirl the spindle*.

στροφάδς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *whirling, circling*; ἀρκτου *στροφάδες κέλευθοι* the Bear's circling paths.

στροφέιον, τό, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted noose, cord*. 2. *a wooden windlass*.

στροφεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *one of the vertebrae*. II. *the socket in which the pivot of a door moves*; cf. *στροφίγξ*.

στροφέω, = *στρέφω*: esp. *to have the colic*.

στροφή, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a turning: a turning round, circling, rolling*. 2. *a twist, a slippery trick*. 3.

in Music, a twist or turn. II. *the dancing of the Chorus towards one side of the ὀρχήστρα*: hence also *the song sung during this evolution, the strophé*,

to which the ἀντιστροφή answers.

στροφίγξ, ἰγγος, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *the pivot or axle on which a body turns*. 2. *στροφίγγες* were pivots sunk in sockets, which served as hinges; cf. *στροφεύς*. 3.

στροφίγξ γλώττης, of a well-bung tongue.

στρόφιον, τό, Dim. of *στρόφος*, *a band or girdle worn by women round the head or round the breast*.

στροφίς, ἰος, ἡ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisting, slippery fellow, a shuffler*.

στροφίς, ἴδος, ἡ, = *στρόφιον*, *a band, girdle*.

στροφο-δίνεομαι, Pass. (*στρόφος, δίνεομαι*) *to wheel eddying round, of birds*.

στροφός, ὁ, (*στρέφω*) *a twisted band, a belt: a cord, rope*. 2. *a swaddling-band*. II. *a twisting of the bowels, colic, Lat. tormina*.

Στρυμόνιας Ion. -ίης, ὁ, *a wind blowing from the Thracian river Strymon, i. e. a NNE. wind*.

Στρυμόνιος, α, ὄν, *of the Strymon*. From

Στρυμών, ὄνος, ὁ, *the Strymon, a river in Thrace*.

στρυφνός, ὄν, (*στρέφω*) *sour, barsh, rough to the taste*.

II. metaph. *sour, barsh, austere, morose*.

στρώμα, ατος, τό, (*στρώννυμι*) *anything spread out for lying or sitting upon*: in pl. *the bed and bed-clothes, mattress, bedding, Lat. vestis stragula*.

στρομωτό-δεσμον, τό, (*στρώμα, δεσμός*) *a sack in which slaves tied up the bed-clothes*.

στροματο-φύλαξ, ατος, ὁ, (*στρώμα, φύλαξ*) *one who has the care of the bedding*.

στρομνή, ἡ, *a bed spread out: a bed, mattress, bedding*. From

στρώννυμι and **στρωννύω**, f. *στρώσω*, formed by metaph. from *στρώννυμι, σπορέννυμι*: v. *σπορέννυμι*.

στρώσον, aor. I imperat. of *στρώννυμι*.

στροτός, ἡ, ὄν, (*στρώννυμι*) *spread, laid, covered, Lat. stratus, of bed-furniture*.

στροφάως, Ion. Frequent. of *στρέφω*, as *τρωπάω* for *τρέπω*:—*to turn constantly, keep whirling or winding*—

Pass. *to turn oneself about, like Lat. versari, to stay or dwell in a place*.

στυγ-ἄνωρ [ᾶ], ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, (*στυγέω, ἀνὴρ*) *bating the man or men in general*.

στούγερός, ἄ, ὄν, (στύγιω) *bated, abominated, hateful, loathsome*: c. dat. *bearing malice or hatred towards a man.*

στύγερ-ώπιος, ες, and στύγερ-ωπός, ὄν, (στουγερός, ὄψ) *with hateful look*: *batel.*

στουγερός, Adv. of στουγερός, *to one's sorrow, miserably.*

στύγιω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἔστύγησα: also (as if from στύγω), aor. I ἔστυξα, opt. στύξαιμι: aor. 2 ἔστύγον: fut. 2 pass. στύγήσομαι: (στύγος):—*to hate, abominate, abhor, loathe*: stronger than μισέω, *to express abhorrence.* II. *to make hateful or horrid.*

Hence

στύγμα, atos, τό, a *bated object, abomination.* [ῥ]
στύγητός, ὄν, (στουγιώ) *bated, abominated, loathed: hateful.*

Στύγιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (Στύξ) *of the Styx or the nether world, Stygian.* II. = *στουγητός.* [ῥ]

στυγιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στύγος) *to be sad or gloomy, to be of sad countenance.*

στυγιός, ἦ, ὄν, (στουγιώ) *bated, abhorred, hateful, hostile.* II. *sad, gloomy, Lat. tristis*:—neut., *στυγνόν* as Adv., *gloomily.*

στυγνώω, f. ὄσω, (στυγνός) *to make sad or gloomy*:—Pass. *to be or become gloomy.*

στυγῶ-δεμνος, ον, (στουγιώ, δέμνιον) *hating the marriage-bed.*

στύγος, eos, τό, (στύγιω) *hatred, abhorrence: gloom, horror.* II. *an object of hatred, an abomination.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΛΟΣ, ὄ, a *pillar*: also, 2. a *post, pale, a beam or mast of a ship.*

στυλόω, f. ὄσω, (στύλος) *to support with pillars.*

στύμα [ῥ], atos, τό, Aeol. for στόμα.

ΣΤΥΓΞ, ἦ, gen. Στύγος, *the Styx, i. e. the Hateful, Horrible, a river of the nether world, by which the gods in Homer swore their most sacred oaths.* II. *that which is bated, an abomination.*

στύξαιμι, aor. I opt. of στυγιώ.

στυπέω or στυπιπέω, τό, like στύπη, *tow, coarse flax or hemp*: a *rope or halter made of it.*

στυπειο-πώλης or στυππ-, ον, ὄ, (στυπέω, πωλέω) a *memp or rope-seller.*

ΣΤΥΠΗ, ἦ, *tow, the coarse part of flax or hemp.* [ῥ]

στύπος, eos, τό, (στύφω) a *stem, stump, Lat. stipes*: also a *sick.* [ῥ]

στυπηρία Ion. -ίη (sub. γῆ), ἦ, an *astringent salt, alum*: strictly fem. of

στυπήριος, α, ον, (στύφω) *binding, astringent.*

στυράκιον, τό, Dim. of στύραξ. [ᾶ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ὄ, *the spike at the butt end of a spear-shaft.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥΡΑΞ, ἄκος, ἦ, *the shrub or tree which yields the gum called storax.* [ῥ]

στυφελγμός, ὄ, a *striking, beating, pushing about*; generally, *ill-usage.* From

στυφελίζω, f. ξω, (στυφελός) *to thrust or push*

rudely, shake, smite: of the wind, *to scatter the clouds*: generally, *to treat roughly, maltreat.*

στυφελός, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (στυφω) *close, solid, tough*: of *flavour, sour, acid.* 2. metaph. *harsh, crabbed, cruel.*

στυφλός, ὄν, also ἦ, ὄν, shortd. from στυφελός, *hard, rugged.* 2. *rough, stern.*

στυφο-κόπος, ον, (στύπος, κόπτω) *striking with a stick.*

στυφω, f. ψω, *to contract, draw together*: of an astringent taste, in Pass., *χείλεα στυφθεῖς* *having one's lips drawn in.* [ῥ]

στοά, ἦ, Dor. for στοά.

στοαίος, ἦ, ὄν, (στοά) *of or like a colonnade or portico.* II. *Stoic, of or belonging to the Stoics or their system*: Στωικός, ὄ, a *Stoic.*

στοαῦλλω, = στοαῦλλω. Hence

στοαῦλλία, ἦ, *wordiness, chattering, gossip.*

στοαῦλλο-συλλεκτάδης, ον, ὄ, (στοαῦλλία, συλλέγω) a *gossip-monger.*

στοαῦλλω or as Dep. στοαῦλλομαι, (στοαῦλλος) *to be talkative, to chatter, prate*: in good sense, *to talk, converse.*

στοαῦλλμα, atos, τό, = στοαῦλλία, *chattering*: of persons, a *gossip, chatterer.*

στοαῦλλος, ον, (στόμα) *mouthy, wordy, talkative, gossiping*: also *fluent.* [ῥ]

ΣΤΥ' Dor. ΤΥ', Lat. ΤΥ, THOU; subst. Pron. of 2nd pers.: Ep. nom. *τύνη*:—gen. σου, dat. σοί, acc. σέ, enclit. σοο, σοι, σε. There are also Ep. forms of gen. σεῦ, σεο, σεῖο, σέθεν, enclit. σευ, σεο: Dor. τεῦ, rarely τέο, lengthd. τεοῦ and τεοῖο: Aeol. and Dor. τεῦς, τεοῦς.—Ion. and Ep. dat. τοί; Dor. τείν and τίν.—Dor. acc. τέ, enclit. τυ.—Dual σφῶι, σφῶ: gen. and dat. σφῶν, σφᾶν: pl. ὑμέεις, ὑμῶν, ὑμῖν or ὑμῖν, ὑμᾶς, Ep. ὑμεας.

συ-αγρεσία, ἦ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) a *boar-hunt.*

συ-αγρος, ὄ, (σῦς, ἄγρα) *one who hunts wild boars.*

Συβαρίζω, f. ἴσω, *to live like a Sybarite, i. e. luxuriously, effeminately.* From

Σύβαρις [ῥ], gen. εως, Ion. ιος, ἦ, *Sybaris, a city of Magna Graecia, on a river of the same name, noted for luxury.*

Συβαρίτης [ῥ], ον, ὄ, (Σύβαρις) a *Sybarite: a luxurious liver, voluptuary.*

Συβαρίτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Σύβαρις) *of or like to Sybaris.*

Συβαρίτις, ἴδος, fem. of Συβαρίτης, a *woman of Sybaris.*

σῦβῆνη, ἦ, a *flute-case.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

σῦ-βόσιον, or rather σῦ-βόσειον, τό, (σῦς, βόσκω) a *herd of swine.* II. a *pigsty.*

Σύ-βοτα [ῥ], τά, (σῦς, βόσκω) *the name of some islets near Corcyra, and spots on the mainland opposite*; originally, *swine-pastures.*

σῦ-βότης and σῦ-βώτης, ον, ὄ, (σῦς, βόσκω) a *swineherd.*

σύγ-γάμος, ον, (σύν, γαμέω) *united in marriage, married, wedded*: as Subst., *σύγγαμος, ὄ, ἦ, a bus-*

band or wife. 2. sharing the marriage-bed; in plur. of rival wives.

συγγείτων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, γείτων) bordering on. συγγελάω, f. -άσομαι, (σύν, γελάω) to laugh with or together.

συγγένεια, ἡ, (συγγενής) connexion by descent or family, relationship, kin. 2. kinsfolk, kin, family.

συγγενέσθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγίγνομαι.

συγγενέτρα, ἡ, a common mother: fem. of

συγγενέτης, ου, ὁ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) a common father.

συγγενής, ἐσ, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. II. of the same stock, descent

or family, akin: οἱ συγγενεῖς kinsfolk, kinsmen; τὸ συγγενές, = συγγενεῖα, kin, relationship. 2. metaph.

of the same sort or kind, resembling: fitting, proper, natural.

συγγενικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγενής) becoming or like kinsmen. Adv. -κῶς, like kinsfolk.

συγγέρον, οντος, ὁ, (σύν, γέρον) a fellow in old age.

συγγεωργέω, f. ἦσω, to be a fellow-labourer. From

συγγεωργός, ὁ, (σύν, γεωργός) a fellow-labourer in the fields.

συγγηθῶ, f. ἦσω, to rejoice with.

συγγηράσκω, f. -άσομαι [ᾶ], to grow old together with.

σύγγηρος, ον, (σύν, γῆρας) growing old together.

συγγίγνομαι later -γίνομαι [ῖ]: fut. -γενήσομαι:—to be with, hold communication or associate with, live with, hold intercourse with, converse with. 2. to come to assist. 3. absol. to come together, meet.

συγγιγνώσκω later -γινώσκω: f. συγγνώσομαι: aor. 2 συνέγνων: pf. συνέγνωκα:—to think with, agree with, hold the same sentiments with; absol. to consent, agree. II. to yield, concede, own, allow, acknowledge, confess: also in Med. to grant, allow.

III. συγγνώναι εαυτῷ, to be conscious. IV. to have a fellow-feeling with another, to make allowance for another, excuse, pardon:—Pass. to obtain pardon or forgiveness.

σύγγνωια, ἡ, = συγγνώμη.

συγγνώμη, ἡ, (συγγνώναι) fellow-feeling with another, allowance for him: pardon, forgiveness: also a claim to forgiveness, excuse.

συγγνωμονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συγγνώμων) inclined to make allowance, indulgent. II. of things, pardonable.

συγγνωμοσύνη, ἡ, fellow-feeling, forgiveness. From συγγνώμων, ον, gen. ονος, (συγγνώμων) disposed to pardon or forgive: indulgent. II. pass. pardoned, forgiven, deserving pardon, allowable.

συγγνώναι, aor. 2 inf. of συγγιγνώσκω.

συγγνωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of συγγιγνώσκω, to be pardoned, pardonable, allowable.

σύγγονος, ον, (σύν, γενέσθαι) born with, congenital, natural, inborn. 2. connected by blood, akin, Lat. cognatus: as Subst., σύγγονος, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

σύγγραμμα, ατος, τό, (συγγράφω) that which is noted or written down, a written paper or document: a writing, book: a prose work.

συγγραφέυς, ἔως, ὁ, (συγγράφω) one who writes down, one who collects historical facts, an historian: generally, a prose-writer, author. II. συγγραφείς, οἱ, commissioners appointed at Athens in the Peloponnesian war to consider any suggested alterations of the Constitution.

συγγραφή, ἡ, (συγγράφω) a writing or noting down. II. that which is written, a book, a history. 2. a written contract, a covenant, engagement. III. work done by contract.

συγγραφικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to writing history. From

συγγράφω, f. ψω, to write or note down, Lat. conscribere:—to describe. II. to compose or compile a work, Lat. componere: c. acc., πόλεμον συγγράφειν to write the history of the war: generally, to compose or write in prose. III. to draw a written contract: Med. to settle by written contract. 2. to draw up a resolution. IV. to paint by contract.

συγγυμνάζω, f. ἄσω, to exercise with.

συγκαθαίρω Ion. -καταίρω, f. ἦσω: aor. 2 συγκαθέλκω:—to pull down together, to join in pulling down or subduing: generally, to accomplish with any one.

συγκαθαριμύζω, f. σω, to join in arranging or burying.

συγκαθέζομαι, fut. -καθεδοῦμαι: Med.:—to sit with or together.

συγκαθίρω Ion. συγκατείρω, to shut up or enclose with others.

συγκαθέλω, f. -ελκύσω [ῦ]: aor. I -εἰλκῦσα: fut. pass. -ελκυσθήσομαι: (see ἔλκω):—to drag down, destroy with.

συγκαθεύω, f. ἦσω, to sleep with.

συγκάθημαι, properly pf. of συγκαθέζομαι, to be seated with or by the side of: to meet together in a council or assembly.

συγκαθίζω, f. ἦσω, to make to sit or place together:—Med. to sit together, meet for deliberation. II. intr. also in Act. to sit with.

συγκαθήμι, f. -καθήσω, to let down with or together:—Pass. to let oneself down, stoop, condescend.

συγκαθίστημι, f. -καταστήσω, to establish with or together, to join in establishing, settling, managing.

συγκαίω Att. -κάω [ᾶ]: fut. -καίω:—to set on fire with or at once, burn up, consume, Lat. comburo.

συγκάκοπαθέω, f. ἦσω, to suffer with or together. II. to feel with or for any one in suffering.

συγκάκουχόμαι, Pass. (σύν, κακουχέω) to endure trouble or suffering with.

συγκάλέω, f. ἔσω: pf. -κέκληκα pass. -κέκλημαι:—to call or summon together, call to council:—Med. to call to oneself. 2. to call together, invite to a feast.

συγκάλυπτός, α, ον, to be covered or veiled: and

συγκάλυπτός, ἡ, ὄν, covered, enwrapped. From

συγκάλυπτο, f. ψω, to cover or veil completely, sbroud:—Med. to wrap oneself up, cover one's face.

συγκάμνω, f. -κάμνομαι: aor. 2 -έκῆμον:—to labour or suffer with, sympathise with. 2. to labour or travail with.

συγκαμπή, ἡ, (σγκαμπω) a joint.

συγκάμπω, f. ψω, to bend together, bend the knee:—Pass. to bend oneself.

συγκάσσητή, ἡ, one's own sister.

συγκάσις, ιος, ὅ, and ἡ, (σύν, κάσις) one's own brother or sister.

συγκαβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι: aor. 2 -κατέβην: pf. -καταβέβηκα: to go or come down with: to come to one's aid, come down to the contest with. 2. to descend.

συγκαβάλλω, f. -καταβάλλω: aor. 2 -κατέβαλον:—to lay down together.

συγκατάβασις, ἡ, (συγκαταβαίνω) a going down with. 2. condescension, submission, accommodation.

συγκαταγήρασκω, f. -γήρασομαι [ᾶ]:—to grow old with or together.

συγκατάγω, f. ξω, to lead down with; to join in bringing back.

συγκαταδάρθάνω, aor. 2 -κατέδαρθον, to sleep with.

συγκαταδώσκω, f. ξω, to pursue with or in company.

συγκαταδούλω, f. ὦσω, to join in enslaving.

συγκαταδύνω and -δύω: aor. 2 -κατέδυν:—to sink or set together with.

συγκαταζεύγνυμι, f. -ζεύξω, to join together by the yoke, join in marriage, marry: metaph., συγκαταζευξάι τινα ἄτην to make him a yoke-fellow with misery.

συγκαταθάπτω, f. ψω, to bury along with.

συγκατάθεσις, ἡ, (συγκατατίθημι) agreement, approval, assent. II. submission.

συγκαθεῖω, to make an inroad with another.

συγκαθαθνήσκω, to die along with.

συγκαθαίθω, to burn all together.

συγκαιαίνεω, f. έξω or ήσω, to agree with, favour, assent to.

συγκάταινος, ov, agreeing, approving, assenting to.

συγκαιαρέω, Ion. for συγκαθαίρεω.

συγκακαίω Att. -κάω [ᾶ]: f. -καύσω:—to burn down along with:—Pass. to be burnt with.

συγκατάκειμαι, Pass. to lie down with, lie with.

συγκατακλίω Ion. -κλήϊω, to shut in or enclose with or together.

συγκατακλίω, to make lie down with:—Pass. to recline on the same couch with another at table.

συγκατακόπτω, to cut up together.

συγκατακτάομαι, f. ήσομαι: Dep. to get or gain with, to join in acquiring.

συγκατακτάς, ἄσα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of

συγκατακτείνω, f. -κτενώ, to slay with or together.

συγκαταλαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι, to seize or occupy with or together.

συγκαταλείπω, f. ψω, to leave all together.

συγκαταλύω, f. σω, to join in undoing or putting down: to help to depose.

συγκ-καταμίγνυμι and -ύω, f. -μίξω, to mix in with, mingle with: metaph. to absorb in a thing.

συγκ-καταμύω, f. σω, to be shut close.

συγκ-καταναυμάχew, f. ήσω, to assist in conquering.

συγκ-κατανέμω, to allot jointly:—Med. to share among themselves.

συγκ-καταπίμπλημι, f. πλήσω, to fill up with at the same time.

συγκ-καταπλέκω, f. ξω, to intertwine with.

συγκ-καταπράσσω, f. ξω, to join in effecting.

συγκ-καταρρίπτω, f. ψω, to throw down together.

συγκ-κατασκάπτω, f. ψω, to demolish with another or utterly.

συγκ-κατασκεδάννυμι, f. -σκεδάσω [ᾶ], to pour over at the same time:—Med. to pour over oneself at the same time.

συγκ-κατασκευάζω, f. σω, to help in making or setting up. 2. to furnish completely.

συγκ-κατασκηνόω, f. ὦσω, to bring into one tent with.

συγκ-κατασκήπτω, f. ψω, to dart down together.

συγκ-κατασπῶ, f. -σπῶσω [ᾶ], to pull down together. II. to gulp down together.

συγκ-καταστρέφω, f. ψω, to bring to an end together:—to make subject together or at the same time.

συγκ-κατατάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to arrange or draw up with or together.

συγκ-κατατεθεμίνος, pf. pass. part. of

συγκ-κατατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to lay down or deposit at the same time. II. Pass. συγκατατίθεμαι, pf. συγκατατίθεμαι, to agree with, assent to.

συγκ-κατατρόγω, aor. 2 -έτράγον, to eat up together.

συγκ-καταφάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συγκαταεσθῶ.

συγκ-καταψευδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to join in a lie against another.

συγκ-καταψηφίζομαι, f. ίσομαι, Dep. to condemn with or together. II. Pass. to be reckoned along with.

συγκ-κάτεμι, (σύν, κατά, έιμι ιβο) to go down with.

συγκ-κατέργω, Ion. for συγκαθείργω.

συγκ-κατεργάζομαι, f. άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι: Dep.:—to help or join in accomplishing a work: to cooperate with. II. to help in subduing. III. to kill with or together, help in slaying.

συγκ-κατέρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ήλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep. to come or go back together.

συγκ-κατεσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat up with or together.

συγκ-κατεύχομαι, f. -εύξομαι, Dep. to pray for with or together.

συγκ-κατηγορέω, f. ήσω, to accuse together.

συγκ-κάτημαι, Ion. for συγκάθημαι.

συγκ-κατοικέω, f. ήσω, to dwell with or together.

συγκ-κατοικίζω, f. ίσω, to colonise jointly with another, join or assist in colonising. II. to settle in a place along with. III. to establish at the same time.

συγκ-κατοικτίζω, f. ίσω, to pity with or together:—Med. to bewail with or together.

συγ-κατοῦσσω Att. -τω, f. ω, to bury with.
 συγ-κατῦω, to patch up, cobble, furbish up.
 συγκέαις, aor. I part. of συγκαίω.
 σύγ-κειμαι, Pass. to lie with or together. II. to have been put together, to be composed or compounded of.
 III. to be agreed on: ὁ συγκείμενος χρόνος, or τὸ συγκείμενον χωρίον, the time or place agreed upon; κατὰ τὰ συγκείμενα according to the terms of the agreement. 2. impers. σύγκειται, it is agreed on: so absol. in neut. gen., συγκειμένου σφι since it had agreed by them.
 συγκαταλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκαλύπτω.
 συγκεκλήμαι, Att. pf. pass. of συγκαλέω: Ion. συγ-κεκλημαι.
 συγκεκομμένος, pf. pass. part. of συγκόπτω.
 συγκεκράμαι, pf. pass. of συγκεράννυμι.
 συγκεκράμηνος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκεράν-νυμι, in a tempered manner.
 συγ-κεροτημένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συγκρο-τέω, as if welded together, i. e. firmly, closely.
 συγκεκῦρηκα, pf. of συγκῦρέω.
 συγκεκῦφα, pf. of συγκύπτω.
 συγ-κελεύω, f. σω, to join in ordering or bidding.
 συγ-κεντέω, f. ἤσω, to pierce or stab together.
 συγ-κεράννυμι or -ύω: f. -κεράσω [ᾶ]: pf. -κέ-κράκα pass. -κέκράμαι: aor. I pass. -εκράβην [ᾶ] Ion. -εκρήθη:—to mix together, mingle: to blend together, temper by mixing:—Med., συγκεράσασθαι φι-λίαν to form a close friendship. II. Pass. to be mixed with, become united, blend, coalesce. 2. to become deeply involved or implicated in.
 συγ-κεραυνώω, f. ὦσω, to strike with a thunderbolt, shiver in pieces:—Pass. to be thunder-stricken, as-tounded.
 συγ-κεφάλαιόω, f. ὦσω, to bring under one head or summary, to sum up, reckon up.
 συγκεχῦμαι, pf. pass. of συγχέω.
 συγ-κέχωσμαι, pf. pass. of συγχώννυμι.
 συγ-κινδυνεύω, f. σω, to incur danger along with others: to be partners in danger.
 συγ-κινέω, f. ἤσω, to move or put in commotion with.
 συγ-κλαίω Att. -κλάω [ᾶ]: f. -κλαύσομαι:—to weep or lament with.
 συγ-κλάω, f. -κλάω [ᾶ]: pf. pass. -κέκλασμαι:—to break or shiver together, break in pieces, crush.
 σύγκλεισις Att. σύγκλησις, εως, ἡ, a shutting up, closing up. From
 συγ-κλείω, f. κλείσω, Ion. συγκλήω, f. ἤσω, old Att. ξυγκλήω, f. ἤσω: Pass., aor. I συνεκλείσθη old Att. ξυνεκλήσθη: pf. -κέκλεισμαι or -ῆμαι Ion. -κεκλήσμαι or -ῆμαι:—to shut up, to hem in, enclose. 2. to shut, close. 3. to close up; συγ-κλείειν τὰς ἀσπίδας to lock their shields. II. Pass. to be shut in, enclosed, surrounded. 2. to be closely united.
 συγ-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal along with.
 συγ-κλήω, Ion. of συγκαλέω.
 συγ-κληρονόμος, ov, a joint-beir.

σύγ-κληρος, ov, having one's lot together, having a neighbouring lot, neighbouring. II. assigned by the same lot. Hence
 συγ-κληρώω, f. ὦσω, to embrace in one lot. II. to assign by the same lot.
 σύγ-κλησις, Att. for σύγκλεισις.
 σύγκλητος, ov, (συγκαλέω) called together, convened. II. σύγκλητος (sub. ἐκκλησία), ἡ, a specially convened assembly; a senate.
 συγκλήω, Att. for συγκαλέω.
 συγκλίβια, ἡ, a meeting of slopes, a defile. From
 συγ-κλίβω [ῖ], f. ἱνῶ, to lay together:—Pass. to lie with.
 συγ-κλονέω, f. ἤσω, to shake up together, confound.
 σύγ-κλύς, ὕδος, ὄ, ἡ, (σύν, κλύω) washed together by the waves: θρωπὸν together, promiscuous.
 συγ-κοιμόμαι, Pass. with fut. med. -κοιμήσομαι, pf. pass. -κεκοίμημαι:—to sleep with another, lie with. Hence
 συγκοίμημα, atos, τό, a sleeping together. II. the partner of one's bed, consort: and
 συγκοίμησις, ἡ, a sleeping together.
 συγ-κοιμίζω, f. σω, to put to bed together, join in wedlock.
 συγ-κοινόμαι, Dep. to make common with, impart, give a share of.
 συγκοινωνέω, f. ἤσω, to have a joint share of a thing, c. gen. rei. II. to partake in a thing, c. dat. rei. From
 συγ-κοινώνος, ἡ, ὄν, partaking jointly of a thing.
 σύγ-κοιτος, ov, (σύν, κοίτη) sharing one's bed. II. of or belonging to the marriage-bed.
 συγ-κollάω, f. ἤσω, to glue or stick together. Hence
 συγκολλητής, οὔ, ὄ, one who glues or sticks together: metaph. a fabricator, concocter.
 σύγ-κολλος, ov, (σύν, κόλλα) glued together, closely joined:—Adv. συγκόλλως, in accordance with.
 συγκομιδή, ἡ, a bringing together: esp. of harvest, a gathering in, housing. From
 συγ-κομίζω, f. -ίσω Att. -ιῶ, to carry or bring together: of harvest, to gather it in, house it; in Pass., ὄργᾶ συγκομίζεσθαι it is ripe for carrying:—Med. to get together or gather in for oneself, supply oneself with: to send for; συγκομίζεσθαι πρὸς ἑαυ-τόν to claim as one's own. 2. in Pass. also to be gained together. II. to help in burying.
 συγκοπή, ἡ, a cutting into small pieces. II. a retrenching, cutting away: in Gramm. syncopé, i. e. a striking out one or more letters in a word. III. a fainting fit, swoon. From
 συγ-κόπτω, f. ψω, to beat together. 2. to knock in pieces, cut up. II. to trashes soundly, maltreat.
 συγ-κοσμέω, f. ἤσω, to set in order together, arrange. II. to confer honour on.
 συγ-κοφίζω, f. ἴσω, to help to lighten.
 σύγκρασις, εως, ἡ, (συγκεράννυμι) a mixing to-gether, blending, tempering.

σύγκρατος, *ον*, (συγκεράννυμι) mixed together, blended: closely united.

συγκρίνω [Ὶ], *φ*, -κρίνω, to compound, put together.

II. to compare: to estimate. Hence σύγκρισις, *ῆ*, a putting together, compounding. II. a comparing, comparison.

συγκροτέω, *φ*, ἴσω: *πφ*. pass. -κεκρότημαι:—to strike together; συγκροτεῖν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands: *absol.* to clap, applaud. II. to beat, bammer, or weld together.

2. metaph. to weld into one; of soldiers, to drill, discipline:—*Pass.* to be well trained, in good discipline. 3. metaph. also, to concoct.

σύγκρουσις, *εωσ*, *ῆ*, a collision. II. a quarrel.

From συγκρούω, *φ*, *σω*, to strike together; συγκρούειν τῷ χεῖρει to clap the hands. II. to bring into collision, to wear out by collision. 2. to confound, throw into confusion.

συγκρύπτω, *φ*, *ψω*, to cover up completely, envelope: to conceal utterly, to bide.

συγκτάομαι, *φ*, -κτῆσομαι, *Dep.* to gain along with, help to acquire.

συγκτίσσω, *φ*, *ίσω*, to join in colonising. Hence συγκτίστης, *ον*, *ὄ*, a joint founder or coloniser.

συγκύβευτις, *οὔ*, *ὄ*, a person with whom one plays at dice, a fellow-gamster. From

συγκύβευω, to play at dice with.

συγκύβωω, *φ*, ἴσω, to throw into an utter ferment.

συγκύλινδνέομαι, *Pass.* to roll about or wallow together.

συγκύνηγός Dor. and Att. συγκυνᾶγός, *ὄ*, *ῆ*, a fellow-hunter, fellow-huntress.

συγκύπτω, *φ*, *ψω*: *πφ*. -κέκυφα:—to bend forwards so as to meet, to stoop and lay heads together, to conspire; τούτου δ' ἐς ἔν ἐστι συγκεκυφός this comes all to one point. II. to be bowed down, bent double.

συγκύρσω, *φ*, -κυρήσω or -κύρσω: *aor.* I -εκύρσα or -έκυρα: *πφ*. -κεκύρηκα:—to come together or encounter by chance: to meet with, light upon. II.

of events, to happen at the same time: also to come to pass: *impers.*, συνεκύρησε γενέσθαι it came to pass that... Hence

συγκυρία, *ῆ*, a coincidence.

συγκύρσειαν, 3 pl. *aor.* I opt. of συγκυρέω.

σύνκωλος, *ον*, (σύν, κῶλον) with limbs united: standing close together.

σύνκωμίζω, *φ*, ἴσω Dor. ἄζω, to march together in a kōmos or band of revellers, to revel with.

σύνκωμος, *ον*, (σύν, κῶμος) a partner in a kōmos, a fellow-reveller.

σύνκωμωδέω, *φ*, ἴσω, (σύν, κομωδέω) to play with in a comedy.

σύνχαίρω, *φ*, *med.* -χαρήσομαι: *aor.* 2 pass. -εχάρην [ᾶ]:—to rejoice with, join in one's joy. II.

to wish one joy, congratulate.

σύνχαῖρητις, 2 pl. *aor.* 2 pass. subj. of σύνχαίρω.

σύνχῆας, *aor.* I part. of σύνχέω.

σύν-χεμάζω, *φ*, ἴσω, to winter with or at the same time:—*Pass.* to weather the same storm.

σύν-χειρουργέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to bear a hand at the same time, to perform together.

σύνχευαί, *Ep.* *aor.* I inf. of

σύνχέω, *φ*, -χέω: *aor.* I συνέχεα *Ep.* συνέχευα, inf.

σύνχευαί: *πφ*. -κέχυκα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I -εχύθην [Ὶ], and 3 sing. *Ep.* *aor.* 2 pass. σύγχυτο: *πφ*. -κέχυμαι: to pour together, mix by pouring: hence to throw into disorder or confusion: to confound, disturb, trouble, disquiet: of things, to frustrate, make of none effect: esp. of treaties, etc., to confound, break through, violate.

σύνχορευτής, *οὔ*, *ὄ*, a partner in a dance. From

σύν-χορεύω, *φ*, *σω*, to dance with.

σύνχορηγέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to assist in supplying. From

σύν-χορηγός, *όν*, acting as choregus with one: generally, helping to defray expenses.

σύν-χορτος, *ον*, (σύν, χόρτος) properly with the grass joining; overlying upon, adjacent to.

σύν-χώω, *Ion.* for σύνχώννυμι.

σύν-χράομαι, *φ*, -χρήσομαι, *Dep.* to join with in using: hence to have dealings with.

σύν-χροος, *ον* contr. -χρους, *ον*, (σύν, χρία) of like colour, of one colour.

σύν-χύνω [Ὶ], late form of σύνχέω.

σύνχυσις, *εωσ*, *ῆ*, (σύνχέω) a mixing together, blending; confounding: a breaking through, violating.

σύνχυτο, 3 sing. *Ep.* *aor.* 2 pass. of σύνχέω.

σύνχυνέωω, *φ*, *σω*, to melt together, to melt down.

σύν-χώννυμι and -ύνω: *Ion.* pres. σύνχώω, inf.

σύνχουσιν: *φ*. σύνχώωω: *aor.* I συνέχουσα: *πφ*. pass.

συνέχουμαι:—to heap all together, to heap up with earth, bank up. II. to make into ruinous heaps, dismantle, demolish.

σύν-χωρέω, *φ*, ἴσω and ἴσομαι:—to come together, unite. II. to give place, give way: metaph. to make concessions, compromise matters: in bad sense, to be in collusion with, connive at. 2. c. acc. rei,

to concede, give up, yield. 3. to accede or agree to, assent, acquiesce in: c. inf. to agree to do: *absol.* to agree, acquiesce. 4. *impers.* συγχωρεί, it is agreed, it is possible. Hence

σύνχωρητέον or plur. -έα, verb. *Adj.* one must agree to, concede.

σύδην [Ὶ], *Adv.* (σέω) with rushing motion, hurriedly.

σύνειος, *α*, *ον*, (σύν) of swine, Lat. suillus; χρίσμα σείειον hog's-lard.

σύν-ζάω, inf. συζήν: *φ*. -ζήσω;—to live with, live together.

σύν-ζεύγνυμι and -ύνω: *φ*. -ζεύξω *Pass.*, *aor.* 2 συνεζύγην [Ὶ]:—to yoke together, couple, unite, esp. in marriage:—*Pass.* to be yoked or coupled with:—*Med.* to yoke for oneself.

σύν-ζητέω, *φ*, ἴσω, to seek or examine together with, to join in seeking out. Hence

σύνζητησις, *ῆ*, joint inquiry: a disputation; and

συζητητής, οὐ, δ, a fellow-inquirer : a disputer.
 συζοφόμαι, Pass. (σύν, ζόφος) to grow dark together.
 συζύγια, ἡ, (συζεύγνυμι) union : a joint. II. a
 yoke or pair of animals.
 συζύγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συζεύγνυμι.
 συζύγιος [ῦ], α, ον, poet. for σύζυγος, yoked together,
 joined, united.
 σύζυγος, ον, (συζυγήναι) yoked together, paired,
 united, esp. wedded :—as Subst., σύζυγος, ἡ, a wife :
 but also, σύζυγος, ὁ, a yoke-fellow, comrade, friend.
 σύζυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύζυγος.
 σύζωμα, ατος, τό, a girding together. II. a
 girdle. From
 συζώννυμι, f. —ζῶσω, to gird together, gird up :—
 Med. to gird oneself, gird up one's loins.
 συζωοποιέω, f. ἤσω, to quicken at the same time.
 συθείς, aor. 1 pass. part. of σεύω.
 συθεν, Aeol. for ἐσύθησα, 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of σεύω.
 συκάκις, f. ἄσω (συκῆ) to gather ripe figs.
 συκάμινον, τό, the fruit of the συκάμινος, a mul-
 berry, Lat. morum.
 συκάμινος, ἡ, the mulberry-tree, Lat. morus.
 συκάεα, εἰς, Ion. and Ep. συκέη, ἐης contr. συκῆ,
 ἡ, ἡ; Ion. gen. pl. συκέων : (σύκον) :—the fig-tree,
 Lat. ficus.
 συκίδιον, τό, Dim. of σύκον, a small fig.
 συκίξω, f. ἴσω, (σύκον) to fatten with figs.
 συκίνιος, η, ον, (σύκον) of or belonging to the fig-tree
 or figs; σύκινον ξύλον the wood of the fig-tree. II.
 metaph. from the spongy nature of this wood, σύκινος
 ἄνδρες weak, good-for-nothing fellows : also with allu-
 sion to συκοφάντης, false, treacherous.
 συκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (συκῆ) a slip or cutting from a fig-
 tree, a young fig-tree.
 συκόλογέω, f. ἤσω, to gather figs. From
 συκό-λόγος, ον, (σύκον, λέγω) gathering figs.
 συκό-μορος, ἡ, = συκόμορος.
 συκό-μορος, ἡ, (σύκον, μόρον) the fig-mulberry, an
 Egyptian kind, called also συκάμινος ἡ Αἰγυπτία.
 ΣΥΤ ΚΟΝ, τό, a fig, Lat. ficus.
 συκο-πέδιλος, ὁ, (σύκον, πέδιλον) with sandals of
 fig, a parody on Homer's χρυσοπέδιλος.
 συκο-πράγιέω, f. ἤσω, (σύκον, τραγείν) to eat figs.
 Hence
 συκοπράγιδης, ον, δ, a fig-nibbler.
 συκοφαντέω, f. ἤσω, (συκοφάντης) to be an informer :
 c. acc. pers. to inform against, accuse falsely, slan-
 der. 2. c. acc. rei, to lay information against a
 thing : but, συκοφαντεῖν τράκοντα μνᾶς to extort 30
 minae by laying informations ; συκοφαντεῖν τί τινος
 to extort money from another by false informations.
 Hence
 συκοφάντημα, ατος, τό, false accusation, slander,
 misrepresentation.
 συκο-φάντης, ον, δ, (σύκον, φαίνω) properly a fig-
 shewer, i. e. one who brings figs to light by shaking
 the tree ; or a fig-informer, i. e. one who informed
 against persons exporting figs from Attica : but used

in the sense of a common informer, a false accuser,
 slanderer.
 συκοφαντία, ἡ, (συκοφαντέω) the behaviour of a
 sycophant, false accusation, slander. Hence
 συκοφαντίας, ον, δ, the Sycophant-wind.
 συκοφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συκοφάντης) like a sycophant,
 slanderous. Adv. —κῶς.
 συκοφάντρια, ἡ, fem. of συκοφάντης, a female
 informer.
 συκοφᾶσις, εως, ἡ, poet. for συκοφαντία.
 συκοφορέω, f. ἤσω, to carry figs. From
 συκο-φόρος, ον, (σύκον, φέρω) carrying figs.
 συκόω, f. ἴσω, to feed with figs.
 σύλα, Ep. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 σῦλ-ἀγαγέω, f. ἤσω, (σῦλον, ἀγω) to carry off as
 booty or plunder. II. to rob, despoil.
 σύλασκε, Ion. for ἐσύλα, 3 sing. impf. of σῦλάω.
 ΣΥΤ ΛΑΪΩ, f. ἤσω : aor. I ἐσύλησα : Pass. aor. I
 ἐσύληθην : pf. σεσύλημαι :—to strip off the arms of
 a slain enemy : c. acc. pers. et rei, to strip off arms
 from a person, or to strip him of his arms : so also c.
 acc. pers. et gen. rei :—Pass. c. acc. rei, to be robbed
 or deprived of a thing. 2. c. acc. pers. only, to
 strip, despoil, pillage, plunder. 3. c. acc. rei only,
 to strip off : hence to take away, carry off :—Pass. to
 be taken away or carried off as spoil : generally, to be
 taken away.
 συλειόμενος, Dor. for συλούμενος, pres. pass. part.
 of συλέω.
 συλεύω and σῦλέω, collat. forms of συλάω, to de-
 spoil. 2. to rob secretly, defraud : to trick, cheat.
 σύληη, ἡ, or σῦλον, τό, only used in plur. σύλαι, αἰ,
 or σύλα, τά, (συλάω) the right of seizing the ship or
 cargo of a foreign merchant : the right of seizure,
 right to make reprisals in case of war, answering to
 modern letters of marque.
 σῦληθείς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 1 pass. part. of συλάω.
 σῦλητήρ, ἦρος, and σῦλητήρ, ορος, ὁ, (συλάω) a
 robber :—fem. σῦλητειρα.
 συλλαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβεῖσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of συλλαμβάνω.
 συλλαβῆ, ἡ, (συλλαβεῖν) that which holds to-
 gether. II. (from pass.) that which is held together,
 esp. several letters forming one sound, a syllable ; ἐν
 γραμματάων ξυλλαβαῖς in written words.
 συλλαβίζω, f. σω, (συλλαμβάνω) to read in syllables.
 συλ-λαβέω, f. ἤσω, to talk or converse with.
 συλ-λαμβάνω, f. —λήψομαι : aor. 2 συνελάβον, inf.
 συλλαβεῖν : pf. —είληφα, pass. —είλημμαι : cf. λαμ-
 βάνω :—to bring together or collect into a body, to
 rally troops. II. to put together, close the
 mouth and eyes (of a corpse). III. to take to-
 gether, lay hold of, seize, apprehend, arrest. IV.
 to comprehend, comprise : of the mind, to comprehend,
 understand. V. to receive all together, to en-
 joy. VI. of a woman, to conceive. VII. c.
 dat. pers. to take part with another, to assist one in a
 thing : absol. to assist : so also in Med. συλλαμβά-

νομαι, to help to take hold of a thing, and so to help, assist.

συλ-λέγω, f. ζω : aor. I συνέλεξα : pf. συνέειλοχα : Pass., fut. 2 συλλεγήσομαι : aor. I συνελέχθην, aor. 2 συνελέγην : pf. συνέειλεγμα and συλλείλεγμα :—to gather, collect, bring together : of persons, to call together, also to raise or levy an army, Lat. conscribere :—Pass. to come together, assemble. 2. of things, to gather, collect :—Pass., of things, to become customary.

συλ-λεκτρον, ον, (σύν, λέκτρον) sharing one's bed : as Subst., σύλλεκτρον, ὁ, ἡ, the partner of one's bed, husband or wife.

συλλήβδην, Adv. (συλλαμβάνω) taken together, collectively, in sum, in short.

συλ-λήγω, f. ζω, to cease or come to an end together. συλληπτέον, verb. Adj. of συλλαμβάνω, one must lay hold of together.

συλληπτρια, ἡ, fem. of συλληπτήρ.

συλληπτήρ, ὁρος, ὁ, (συλλαμβάνω) one that takes hold of with, a partner, sharer, assistant, coadjutor.

συλληφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of συλλαμβάνω. σύλληψις, εως, ἡ, (συλλαμβάνω) a taking or putting together. II. a seizing, laying hold of, apprehending.

III. a grasping with the mind, comprehension. IV. conception in the womb.

συλληψομαι, fut. of συλλαμβάνω.

συλλογή, ἡ, (συλλέγω) a gathering, collecting. 2. a raising, levying of soldiers, Lat. conscriptio. II. an assembling, an assembly, concourse, meeting.

συλ-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι, Dep. to reckon all together, to sum up, reckon up. II. to collect or conclude from premises : to infer by way of syllogism.

συλλογίμαίος, α, ον, (συλλέγω) collected from different places.

συλλογισμός, ὁ, (συλλογίζομαι) a reckoning all together, reckoning up. II. a collecting from premises, reasoning :—a syllogism, inference or conclusion drawn from premises.

σύλλογος, ὁ, (συλλέγω) a gathering together, an assembly or meeting of persons ; σύλλογον ποιήσασθαι to convene an assembly. II. metaph. power of collecting oneself, presence of mind.

συλ-λούομαι, Pass. to bathe together.

συλ-λοχιτής [τ], ου, ὁ, (σύν, λόχος) a soldier of the same λόχος or company.

συλ-λήπτω, f. ἦσω, to hurt together :—Pass. with fut. -λυπηθῆσομαι and med. -λυπήσομαι, to sympathise or console with.

συλ-λυσσόμαι, Pass. to be mad in company with.

συλ-λύω, f. ύσω [ύ], to help in loosing or setting free.

σῦλον, τό, see σύλην.

σῦλ-δόνυξ, ὕχος, ὁ, ἡ, (συλάω, ὄνυξ) praring the nails.

συμ-βαίην, aor. 2 opt. of συμβαίω.

συμ-βαίω, f. -βήσομαι : aor. 2 συνέβην, inf. συμβήναι : pf. -βέβηκα, syncope, 3 pl. -βεβᾶσι, Ion. inf. συμβεβάναι, part. -βεβῶς : Pass., 3 sing. aor. I subj. συμβᾶθῃ : pf. inf. ζυμβεβάσθαι : (cf. -βαίνω) :—to

stand with the feet together.

II. to stand with or beside, hence to assist. III. to come together, meet : hence, like συμμίσγω, to reach to or be at a place, c. dat. ; συμβαίνειν κακοῖς to fall in with evils. 2. to agree with, Lat. convenire ; to come to an agreement, make an agreement ; generally, to be or make friends with : in perf. inf. συμβεβάναι, of the terms, to be agreed on. 3. to suit, fit, be like : to coincide or correspond with : to be fitting. IV. to fall to one's lot.

V. of events, to come to pass, fall out, happen, Lat. contingere : impers. συμβαίνει, συνέβη ἢ happens or happened that . . . ; so, συμβαίνει εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι :—τὸ συμβεβηκός, a chance event, contingency ; κατὰ συμβεβηκός by chance. 2. to turn out in a certain way, whether well or ill : absol. to turn out well, succeed, ἦν ζυμβῆ ἢ ἡ πείρα if the attempt succeed. 3. of consequence, to come out, result, ensue : of conclusions, to follow.

συμ-βακχεύω, f. σω, to join in the feast of Bacchus or Bacchic revelry.

σύμ-βακχος, ὁ, ἡ, joining in Bacchic revelry.

συμ-βάλλω : f. -βᾶλῶ : aor. 2 συνέβαλον, inf. συμβάλειν : pf. -βέβληκα : Med., fut. -βλήσομαι : Pass., aor. I συνεβλήθην :—Homer uses Ep. aor. 2 pass. συνεβλήην in forms ζύμβλητο, -βλήτην, -βληντο, subj. σύμβληται, inf. -βλήμεναι, part. -βλήμενος :—to throw or dash together : to bring together, esp. of rivers, to unite their streams ; to throw together, collect :—συμβάλλειν ἀσπίδας, to lock, join closely their shields ; συμβάλλειν βλέφαρα to close the eyes : generally, to join, unite : of contracts, to conclude, to lend money on bond :—Med. to contribute of one's own property, to pay a share : generally, to contribute, bear a part in ; ζυμβάλλεται πολλά τοῦδε δειμάτος many things contribute [their share] of this fear, i. e. join in causing it ; συμβάλλεσθαι ξενίαν to contract friendly relations ; συμβάλλεσθαι λόγους, or absol. συμβάλλεσθαι, to hold a conference with, converse, confer : generally, to do one's part, be useful. II. to bring men together, to set them together, match them to fight, Lat. committo ; so also, συμβάλλειν μάχην to engage in, join battle ; ἐχθραν, ἔριν συμβάλλειν to contract enmity, etc. 2. Med. to fall in with one, meet him by chance. III. to put together, to compare, reckon, compute : Pass. to correspond ; τὸ Βαβυλωνίων τάκωντον συμβαλλέμενον πρὸς τὸ Εὐβοικόν the Babylonian talent being reduced to the Euboic. 2. to conclude from a comparison of facts, to conclude, infer : c. acc. to guess or make out by conjecture, to interpret, understand. IV. Med. to agree upon. V. intr. to come together : to meet, join. 2. to engage, encounter.

συμ-βάσιν, ασα, ἄν, aor. 2 part. of συμβαίω.

συμ-βάσις, Desiderat. of συμβαίω, to wish to make a league or covenant with.

συμ-βᾶσιλευ, f. σω, to rule conjointly with.

σύμβισις, εως, ἡ, (συμβαίω) an agreement, arrangement, convention, treaty.

συμβατήριος, *ov*, and συμβατικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβαίνω) tending to agreement, conciliatory.

συμβεβάναι [α], Ion. for συμβεβηκέναι, perf. inf. of συμβαίω.

συμβεβασθαι, pf. inf. pass. of συμβαίω.

συμβεβηκα, pf. of συμβαίω.

συμβήναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμβαίω.

συμβιάζω, f. άσω, to extort by force at the same time.

συμβιβάω, f. -βιβάω, Att. -βιβώ:—Causal of συμβαίω, to bring together, put together: metaph. to bring to terms, reconcile:—Pass. to come to terms with another.

II. to compare, contrast. III. to prove.

IV. to teach, instruct.

συμβίω, f. -βιώσομαι: aor. 2 συνεβίω, inf. συμβιώναι: pf. συμβεβίωκα:—to live with.

συμβιώτης, *ου, ό*, one who lives with, a companion.

συμβλήσεις, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συμβάλλω.

συμβληθείς, Ep. 2 sing. fut. pass. of συμβάλλω.

συμβλητός, *ή, όν*, verb. Adj. of συμβάλλω, com-parable.

συμβοάω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry aloud or shout together with, *τινί*: c. acc. pers. to shout to, call on at once.

συμβοηθεία, *ή*, joint aid or assistance. From συμβοηθέω, f. ήσω, to render joint aid, join in giving aid.

συμβόλαιον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a mark or sign to conclude from, a token: a symptom. II. plur.

συμβόλαια, τά, a contract, covenant or bond: acknowledgment for money lent. 2. intercourse.

συμβόλαιος, *α, όν*, (σύμβολοι) of or referring to bargains or contracts, esp. in trade.

συμβολέω, f. ήσω, (συμβάλλω) to fall in with.

συμβολή, *ή*, (συμβάλλω) a bringing together. II.

(from Pass.) a coming together, meeting, joining: the part that meets, the joining, end. 2. a meeting, in hostile sense, an engaging, encountering. 3. a contribu- tion, subscription:—plur. συμβολαί, *αί*, contribu- tions to provide a common meal: δειπνῆν ἀπὸ συμ- βολῶν, Lat. *de symbolis esse*; also the meal or enter- tainment itself. Hence

συμβολικός, *ή, όν*, of or for a contribution or com- mon meal.

σύμβολον, τό, (συμβάλλω) a sign or mark to infer a thing by, a signal, token; σύμβολα λαμπάδος a beacon-fire, signal. 2. σύμβολα were also the two pieces of a coin, etc., which two contracting parties broke between them and each preserved one part, tallies, Lat. *teserae hospitalitatis*. 3. at Athens, σύμβολον was a ticket or cheque, Lat. *tesera*, which the dicasts had given them on entering the court, and on presenting which they received their fee: also given on other occasions, as to persons who took part in a common meal: also a permit or licence. II.

σύμβολα, τά, also denoted a covenant or treaty be- tween two states for mutual protection of commerce; σύμβολα ποιῆσθαι πρὸς πόλιν to make a commercial treaty with a state.

σύμβολος, *ov*, (συμβάλλω) coming together: acci- dental. II. σύμβολος (sub. *olivos*), *ό*, an augury, omen.

συμβούλευμα, *ατος, τό*, (συμβουλεύω) advice given. συμβουλευτέος, *α, ov*, (συμβουλεύω) to be delibe- rated upon. 2. to be advised.

συμβουλευτικός, *ή, όν*, (συμβουλεύω) deliberative.

συμβουλεύω, f. *σω*, to advise, counsel, c. dat. pers., as in Lat. *consulere alicui*; c. inf. to advise one to do: c. acc. rei, to recommend a thing. II. Med. to take counsel with a person, Lat. *consulere aliquem*: absol. to consult together, deliberate.

συμβουλή, *ή*, (σύν, βουλή) advice or counsel given. II. a taking counsel, consultation.

συμβουλία, *ή*, = συμβουλή 1.

συμβούλιον, τό, (σύν, βουλή) advice, counsel. II. a council.

συμβούλομαι, fut. -βουλήσομαι, Dep. to will or wish together with: to agree with.

συμβουλος, *ος*, (σύν, βουλή) an adviser, counsellor.

συμβύω, f. ύσω [v], to cram together.

συμμαθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of συμμαθάνω.

συμμαθητής, *ου, ό*, (συμμαθάνω) a fellow-disciple, a school-fellow, Lat. *condiscipulus*.

συμ-μαίνομαι: pf. 2 συμέμεννα: aor. 2 pass. συνε- μάην [α]:—to rave or be mad along with or together.

συμ-μανθάνω, f. -μάθησομαι: aor. 2 συνέμαθον:—to learn along with one:—*ό* συμμαθόν one who has learnt thoroughly, i. e. is used to a thing.

συμ-μάρπτω, f. *ψω*, to grasp together.

συμμαρτῆρω, f. *ρω*, to bear witness with or in ac- cordance with, to testify to a thing with another. And

συμμαρτύρομαι [v], Dep. = συμμαρτῆρω. From συμαρτός, *υπος, ό, ή*, a fellow-witness.

συμμαχέω, f. ήσω, (σύμαχος) to be an ally, be in alliance with: and so generally, to help, aid. Hence

συμμαχία Ion. -ίη, *ή*, in war, an alliance offensive and defensive (whereas *ἐπιμαχία* is a defensive al- liance):—generally, aid, succour, help. II. = *oi* σύμμαχοι, the body of allies: also an auxiliary force. Hence

συμμαχικός, *ή, όν*, of or for alliance; θεοί ξυμμα- χικοί the gods invoked at the making of an al- liance. II. τὸ συμμαχικόν, = *oi* σύμμαχοι, the auxiliaries, allied forces. 2. a treaty of alliance.

συμ-μάχης, *ιδος*, pecc. fem. of σύμμαχος, allied: *ή* ξυμμαχίς (sub. *πόλις*), an allied state. II. the body of allies.

συμ-μάχομαι, f. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep. to fight along with, to be an ally: generally, to take part with.

σύμ-μάχος, *ov*, (σύν, μάχη) fighting along with, allied with, auxiliary:—as Subst., σύμμαχος, *ό*, an ally, auxiliary in war: an assistant, helper, supporter.

συμμέγγυμι, pf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμ-μετέπω, to sway jointly with.

συμ-μελετώ, f. ήσω, to practise with or together.

συμ-μένω, f. -μενώ, to stay together, keep together. 2. to hold together, abide, continue.

συμμερίζω, f. σω, (σύν, μέρος) to give a share of a thing with others:—Med. to receive a share of a thing jointly with others; c. dat.

συμμεταβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go over or away along with.

συμμεταβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to join in changing:—Pass. to change sides and take part with.

συμμεταχειρίζομαι, f. -σομαι: Dep.: also Act. συμμεταχειρίζω:—to manage or take charge of along with.

συμμετέχω, f. -μετέχω, (σύν, μετέχω) to take part in or partake of along with.

συμμετίσχω, = συμμετέχω.

συμμετόχος, ov, (συμμετέχω) partaking in jointly.

συμμετρέω, f. ήσω, to make commensurate with or proportional to a thing:—Med. to compute, ascertain: to make an estimate of a thing:—Pass. to be commensurate, measured out along with; ήμαρ συμμετρούμενον χρόνῳ this day being measured with the time of his absence. Hence

συμμετρήσις, ή, a measuring by a standard, admeasurement.

συμμετρία, ή, symmetry, due proportion. From συμμετρος, ov, (σύν, μέτρον) measured or commensurate with: of like measure or size with. II. in due proportion, symmetrical, fitting, meet. 2. resembling, like: of like age with, keeping measure with.

II. Adv., συμμέτρως έχω to be in proportion: Comp. -ότερον, in a manner better fitted.

συμμητιόομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to take counsel with or together.

συμμηχανάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to contrive together, to help to bring about.

συμμίγναι, Adv. confusedly, all together with. From συμμίγηται, aor. 2 inf. pass. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμίγής, ές, (συμμιγήται) mixed up together, blended, mingled, promiscuous: common.

συμμίγνυμι or -ύω: fut. συμμίξω: Ep. and Ion. pres. συμμίσγω:—to mix or mingle one thing with another, commingle, blend: metaph. to bring in connexion with, unite: to communicate a thing to a person.

II. Pass., with fut. med. συμμίξομαι, to be commingled or blended: to be formed by combination: of rivers, to join, unite: to be brought in contact or collision with.

III. intrans. in Act., to have dealings or intercourse with: to converse with: to treat or negotiate with: also 2. to engage, encounter, come to blows. Hence

συμμηκτός, ov, commingled, promiscuous. II. mingled, confounded.

συμμιμέομαι, Dep. to join in imitating. Hence συμμιμητής, ov, δ, a joint or fellow imitator.

συμμνησκόομαι, pf. -μέμνηται, Dep. (σύν, μμνήσκω) to remember, bear in mind along with.

συμμίξαι, aor. I inf. of συμμίγνυμι.

συμμίξις, έως, ή, (συμμίγνυμι) a mixing together, commixture. II. intercourse.

συμμίσγω, Ep. and Ion. for συμμίγνυμι.

συμμόλποιος, ov, (σύν, μολπή) in harmony or unison with, harmonious.

συμμορία, ή, (σύν, μέρος) a joint division: at Athens, the 1200 wealthiest citizens were divided into 20 συμμοριαί or companies, two in each tribe (φυλή), each company being in turn liable to discharge extraordinary expenses.

σύμμορος, ov, (σύν, μόρος) contributing or rated along with: οι ξύμμοροι the confederate states of Boeotia.

συμμορφίζω, = συμμορφώ. From συμμορφος, ov, (σύν, μορφή) like-shaped, conformed to. Hence

συμμορφός, f. ώσω, to form or fashion alike:—Pass. to be conformed to.

συμμοχθέω, f. ήσω, to share in toil with.

συμμούω, f. ύσω [v]: intrans. to be shut up close, be closed; of wounds; also of the eyelids and lips. II. trans. to shut, close.

συμπάθεια, ή, (συμπάθής) fellow-feeling, sympathy.

συμπάθω, f. ήσω, to feel with or together, to sympathise with a person, sympathise in a thing. From συμπαθής, ές, (σύν, παθών) of like feelings, sympathetic: sympathising with.

συμπάθια, ή, poet. for συμπάθεια.

συμπάθως, Adv. of συμπαθής, sympathetically.

συμπαϊνίζω, f. ίσω, to raise the paean with another: to shout out together.

συμπαιδεύω, f. σω, to teach together:—Pass. to be educated with others.

συμπαίζω, f. -παίζομαι, to play or sport with: absol. to play together: c. acc. cognato, συμπαίξωιν έορτήν μετά τυνος to keep holiday with. Hence

συμπαίκτης, ov, δ, = συμπαιστής: fem. συμπαίκτηρια.

συμπαίκτηρ, opos, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίσδεν, Dor. for συμπαίξωιν.

συμπαιστής, ov, δ, (συμπαίξω) a playmate, play-fellow: fem. συμπαίστρια, ή.

συμπαίστωρ, opos, δ, = συμπαιστής.

συμπαίω, f. -παίω: aor. I -έπαυα:—to beat, strike, dash one thing against another. II. intrans. to dash or beat against.

σύμπαν, τό, neut. of σύμπας, q. v.

συμπαρβύω, f. ύσω [v], to cram in along with.

συμπαργίνομαι, Dep. to come in or come to hand at the same time. II. to come in to assist.

συμπαρθέω, f. -θέσομαι, to run along with.

συμπαραινέω, f. έσω, to exhort together: to join in recommending or approving.

συμπαρκαθίζω, f. ίσω, to set beside with another: Med. to set beside or with.

συμπαρκαλέω, f. έσω, to call upon or exhort together: to invite at the same time. II. to ask for at the same time.

συμπαρκαλεούμαι, Med. to join in exciting.

συμπαρρακολουθῶ, f. ήσω, to follow along with, follow close, stick to.

συμ-παροκομίζω, f. σω, to conduct alongside together; of ships, to convey along shore.

συμ-παροκίπτω, f. ψω, to bend oneself along with.

συμ-παρολαμβάνω, f. -λήβομαι, to take along with.

συμ-παρομένω, to stay along with or among, c. dat. συμ-παρομιγνύμι or -ύω, f. -μίζω, to mix in together.

συμ-παροναύω, f. σω, to nod assent, incline both ways, of ambiguous oracles.

συμ-παρονήχομαι, f. -νήχομαι, Dep. to swim beside together.

συμ-παροπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort along with others.

συμ-παροπόλλυμι, f. -ολέσω, to destroy along with:—Pass. and Med., with pf. 2 -όλωλα, to perish along with or besides.

συμ-παροσκευάζω, f. σω, to get ready or bring about along with others: to join in preparing or providing for.

συμ-παροσπᾶτέω, f. ήσω, to stand by one so as to help or support. From

συμπαροστάτης, ου, ό, (συμπαρίσταμαι) one who stands by to aid, a joint helper or assistant.

συμ-παροτάσσομαι Att. -πτομαι, Pass. to be set in array with others, be drawn up in battle order along with.

συμ-παροτηρέω, f. ήσω, to watch alongside of or together.

συμ-παροτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to feed or nurture along with.

συμ-παροφέρω, f. -παροίω, to carry forth along with:—Pass. to rush forth or along with.

συμ-παροδρεύω, f. σω, to sit beside or along with.

συμ-παρέμμι, inf. παρίναί, (είμι sum) to be present along with: to be present together or at the same time.

συμ-παρέμμι, inf. παρίναί, (είμι ibo) to go along at the same time: to go on together.

συμ-παροεισέρχομαι, fut. -παρλεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -παρήλθον, pf. -παρλήλυθα: Dep.:—to go or slip into along with.

συμ-παρέπομαι, Dep. to go along with, accompany.

συμ-παρέχω, f. ξω, to offer or present along with.

συμ-παρίπταμαι, Dep. to fly along with.

συμ-παρίστημι, to place together by the side of:—Pass. and Med., with aor. 2 act. -παρέστην, pf. -παρέστηκα, to stand beside so as to assist.

συμ-παρομαρτέω, f. ήσω, to follow together with, to accompany closely.

συμ-παροξύνω, f. ύνω, to provoke together with.

σύμ-πᾶς Ep. and Att. ξύμ-πας, -πᾶσα, -πᾶν: all together, all at once, all in a body: in sing. the whole together. II. τὸ σύμμαν the whole together, the sum of the matter:—τὸ σύμμαν also as Adv., altogether, on the whole, in general.

συμ-πάσχω, f. -πέσομαι, to feel or be affected along with: to have a fellow-feeling, sympathise with.

συμ-πᾶτόσω, f. ξω, to strike along with or together.

συμ-πᾶτέω, f. ήσω, to tread together, tread clothes in washing. 2. to trample under foot.

συμ-πατριώτης, ου, ό, a fellow-countryman. συμ-πεδάω, f. ήσω, to bind together, bind hand and foot; metaph. of frost, to benumb, cramp.

συμ-πειθω, f. σω, to persuade along with or together, to join in persuading:—Pass. to be persuaded at the same time.

συμ-πειρος, ου, (σύν, πείρα) acquainted with a thing. συμ-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send or despatch along with or together. 2. to help in conducting.

συμ-πενθέω, f. ήσω, trans. to mourn for or bewail along with others. II. intr. to mourn together with.

σύμ-πεντε, (σύν, πέντε) five together, by fives.

συμ-περαίνω, f. άνω, to finish along with or at the same time, to join in finishing: to secure or conclude firmly:—in Logic, συμπεραίνεται it is concluded, the conclusion is so and so. II. Med. συμπεραίνομαι, to join fully in a thing with.

συμ-πέρθω, f. σω, to destroy with, help to destroy.

συμ-περιάγω, f. ξω, to lead about along with or together:—Med. to lead about with oneself.

συμ-περιέμμι, inf. -ίναί, (είμι ibo) to go about along with.

συμ-περιλαμβάνω, f. -λήβομαι, to embrace or comprehend together with: to comprehend in a treaty with others.

συμ-περιστέω, f. ήσω, to go to and fro, travel about with.

συμ-περιφέρω, f. -φέρω, to carry about with. II. Pass. συμπεριφέρομαι, to be carried round about with: to revolve with. 2. to have intercourse or associate with one: to accommodate or adapt oneself to.

συμ-πέσσω Att. -πτω: fut. -πέψω:—to help in cooking: to digest entirely.

συμπέφρασμαί, pf. of συμφράζομαι.

συμπέφυρμαι, pf. pass. of συμφύρω.

συμ-πήγνυμι and -ύω: fut. -πήξω:—to put together, frame, construct. 2. to make solid, congeal. II. Pass., with pf. 2 act. συμπέπηγα, to be compounded. 2. to congeal or become frozen together. Hence

σύμ-πηκτος, ου, joined together, framed, constructed.

συμ-πίεσω, f. ήσω, to press or squeeze together, to grasp closely, squeeze hard:—Pass. to be squeezed up.

συμ-πίνω [τ], f. -πίομαι: aor. 2 συνέπιον, inf. συμπιέν:—to drink with or together, join in a drinking-bout with.

συμ-πίπτω, f. -πεσούμαι: aor. 2 συνέπεσον: pf. συμπέπτωκα:—to fall together, meet violently, Lat. concurrere: to meet in battle, to encounter, come to blows. 2. generally, to fall in with, meet with. 3. of accidents, to fall or light upon, happen to. 4. absol. to happen or fall out at the same time, occur. 5. impers. συνέπιπτε, συνέπεσε it happened, fell out, came to pass. II. to coincide, agree or be in accordance with: absol. to agree exactly. III. to fall together, fall in, collapse, Lat. concidere; σώμα συμπεσόν a frame fallen away by sickness.

συμ-πίτνω, ποεή for συμπίτω, to fall together, dash together. II. to agree.

συμπλακῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συμπλέω.
 συμ-πλάνος, ον, (σύν, πλάνος) wandering or roa-
 ming about together.

συμπλάσας [ᾶ], aor. I part. of συμπλάσσω.
 συμ-πλάσσω, f. -πλάσσω [ᾶ]: aor. I συνέπλάσα:
 —to mould or fashion together, γαίης out of clay. II.
 metaph. to fabricate together.

συμ-πλάτῳ γέω, f. ἦσω, to clap together.
 συμ-πλεκτος, ον, twined together, interlaced. From
 συμ-πλέω, f. ἦω: aor. I συνέπλεξα: Pass., aor. 2
 συνεπλάκην [ᾶ]: pf. συμπέπληγμαi:—to twine or
 plait together: also to twist, force together. II.
 Pass. to be twined together, plaited: of persons wrest-
 ling, to be locked together, to be engaged in a close
 struggle: of a ship, to be entangled with her oppo-
 nent: metaph. to be entangled in; ἵχνη συμπελεγ-
 μένα a maze of footsteps.

συμ-πλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail, float, swim along
 with or together.
 συμ-πληγᾶς, ἄδος, fem. Adj. (συμπλήσσω) striking
 or dashing together. II. Συμπληγάδες (sc. πέ-
 τραι), αἱ, the clashing or jostling rocks, the Κύναια
 νῆσοι, which were supposed to close on all who sailed
 between them: also συνδρομάδες.

συμπληγῆναι, Adv. (συμπλήσσω) by beating or
 dashing together.
 συμ-πληθύνω [ῶ], to multiply together.
 συμ-πληθύνω, to help to fill, swell, increase.

συμ-πληρώω, f. ὠσω, to help to fill, fill completely:
 of ships, to man with a full complement.

συμπλοκή, ἡς, ἡ, (συμπλέω) an intertwining. II.
 a close struggle.
 συμπλοκος, ον, (συμπλέω) entwined, interwoven.

σύμπλοος, ον contr. -πλους, ονν: (συμπλέω):—
 sailing with one on board ship:—as Subst., ξύμπλους,
 ὁ, a shipmate: metaph. a partner or comrade in a thing.
 συμ-πλώω, Ep. and Ion. for συμπλέω.

συμ-πνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to blow or breathe toge-
 ther. II. metaph. to agree with, Lat. conspire: a
 συμπνεῖν ἐμπαίους τύχαις to blow with, i.e. be carried
 along with, sudden blasts.

συμ-πνίγω [ῖ], f. -πνιξομαι, to throttle: to choke up.
 συμ-ποδίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to tie the feet together,
 bind hand and foot: metaph. to entangle, involve.

συμ-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to help in doing.
 συμ-ποιμαίνομαι, Pass. (σύν, ποιμαίνω) to feed to-
 gether: to herd together.

συμ-πολεμέω, f. ἦσω, to take part in a war with.
 συμ-πολιορκέω, f. ἦσω, to join in besieging, besiege
 jointly.

συμπολιτεύω, f. ὠω, to be a fellow-citizen, be a
 member of the same state: so also in Med. συμπολι-
 τεύομαι; οἱ συμπολιτεύομενοι one's fellow-citizens.
 From

συμ-πολίτης [ῖ], ον, ὁ, a fellow-citizen, Lat. concivis.
 συμ-πομπεύω, f. ὠω, to accompany in a procession.
 συμ-πονέω, f. ἦσω, to work with or together, to help,
 or relieve in work.

συμ-πονηρέομαι, Dep. to join in villainy, play the
 knave together.

συμ-πορεύομαι, fut. med. -πορεύσομαι: aor. I pass.
 συνεπορεύθην: Dep.:—to go or journey together.

συμ-πορέω, f. ἦσω, like συμπερῶω, to help to de-
 molish or lay waste.

συμ-πορίζω, f. ἴσω, to help in procuring or providing.
 συμποσία, ἡ, (συμπίνω) a drinking together.

συμ-ποσί-αρχος, ὁ, (συμπόσιον, ἀρχω) the president
 of a drinking-party, toastmaster, Lat. magister bi-
 bendi.

συμπόσιον, τό, (συμπίνω) a drinking-party, enter-
 tainment, Lat. convivium.

συμπότης, ον, ὁ, (συμπίνω) a fellow-drinker, boon-
 companion. Hence

συμποτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or suited for a συμπόσιον or
 drinking-party, convivial:—as Subst., συμποτικός, ὁ,
 a jolly fellow.

συμ-πράκτωρ Ion. -πρήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, a helper, as-
 sistant: συμπρακτῶρ ὁδοῦ a fellow-wayfarer. From
 συμ-πράσσω Att. -πρω Ion. συμπρήσσω: fut. ξω:
 aor. I συνέπραξα:—to do with another, to help in
 doing: to act with, assist. 2. to be in the interest
 of another, side with another. II. Med. συμπράσ-
 σομαι, to help in exacting a debt.

συμ-πρετής, ἐς, (σύν, πρέτω) beseeching, befitting.
 συμπρεσβευτής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-ambassador. From
 συμ-πρεσβεύω, to be a fellow-ambassador, be asso-
 ciated with on an embassy:—Med. to join in sending
 an embassy.

σύμ-πρεσβυς, εως, ὁ, a joint-ambassador.
 συμ-πρεσβύτερος, ὁ, a fellow-presbyter or elder.

συμ-πρήκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, Ion. for συμπράκτωρ.
 συμ-πρήσσω, Ion. for συμπράσσω.

συμ-πρίασθαι, aor. 2 inf. of συνᾰέομαι (no pres.
 συμ-πρίαμαι in use), to buy together, buy up.

συμ-προθύμιομαι: f. med. -ἤσομαι: aor. I pass.
 -προθύμηθην: Dep.:—to join zealously in promot-
 ing, to have equal zeal for a thing: absol. to share
 one's eagerness.

συμ-προξενέω, f. ἦσω, to help in furnishing with
 means.

συμ-προπέμπω, f. ψω, to escort together, join in
 escorting.

σύμπυκτος, ον, folded together, fitted together.
 From

συμ-πτύσσω, f. ξω, to fold together, fold up and
 lay by.

συμπυθῶν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of συμπίπτω.
 συμπτώμα, ατος, τό, (συμπίπτω) anything that has
 befallen one, a chance, mischance, calamity.

συμ-πυκνος, ον, (σύν, πυκνός) compressed.

συμ-πυνθάνομαι, Dep. to ascertain along with.
 συμ-πύρω, f. ὠσω, to burn up or consume along
 with or together.

συμ-φάγειν, aor. 2 inf. of συν-εσθίω.

σύμφερον, τό, see συμφέρω π. 3. Hence
 συμφερόντως, Adv. profitably, with expediency.

συμφερτός, ἢ, ὄν, (συμφέρω) brought together,

united, banded.

συμ-φέρω, f. συνοίω: aor. I συνήνεγκα Ion. -ἦνεκα: aor. 2 συνήνεγον: pf. συνεήνοχα: (cf. φέρω):—to bring together, gather, collect: to contribute. 2. to match together. 3. to bear along with or jointly, help to bear; συμφέρειν κακά to bear evils with others: hence to bear with, excuse. II. intr. to be useful or profitable, conduce to one's advantage. 2. impers. συμφέρει, it is of use, profitable expedient. 3. part. συμφέρων, οὔσα, ov, useful, expedient: neut. συμφέρω, οντος, τό, that which is useful, an advantage, expediency. 4. to agree with: to assist: to come to terms with, give way to. 5. of events, to happen, take place, turn out. III. Pass. συμφέρομαι, fut. med. συνοίσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηρέχην Ion. συνηρέχθην: pf. συνήνεγμα:—to come together, meet in hostile sense, to meet in battle, engage, Lat. congregari. 2. to agree together, agree with, allow, assent to: to bear with. 3. generally, to be acquainted, versed in. 4. of events, to happen, turn out: also impers., it happens, falls out; οὐδέν σφι χρηστὸν συνεφέρετο no good came of it to them.

συμ-φεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee along with: to be banished or be in exile along with.

σύμ-φημι, to assent, say yes to, approve fully: to agree with, τυλί: c. inf. to agree that . . .

συμ-φθέγγομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to accord with.

συμ-φθέρω, to destroy along with or entirely.

συμ-φθίνω [Ὶ], to perish along with: so in aor. 2 pass. συνέφθίτο.

σύμ-φθογος, ov, sounding together.

συμ-φίλω, f. ἦσω, to love mutually, join in loving.

συμ-φιλονεικέω, f. ἦσω, to be emulous along with: to take zealous interest in.

συμ-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire together, burn to ashes.

συμ-φιλοσοφέω, f. ἦσω, to join in philosophic study.

συμ-φιλοτιμέομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. to join in emulous efforts.

συμ-φοβέω, f. ἦσω, to frighten along with:—Pass. to be afraid at the same time.

συμ-φοιτάω Ion. -έω: fut. ἦσω:—to go regularly to a place together: to go to school together. Hence συμφοιτήσις, ἡ, a going to school together. And συμφοιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a schoolfellow.

συμ-φονεύω, f. σω, to kill along with or together.

συμφορά Ion. -ρή, ἡ, (συμφέρω) a bringing together. II. an event, circumstance, chance, either in good or bad sense, but commonly the latter, a mishap, mischance, misfortune, disaster, calamity: but also good luck, a piece of good fortune.

συμφορέυς, ὁ, (συμφέρω) a Lacedaemonian officer, a kind of aide-de-camp.

συμ-φορέω, f. ἦσω, to bring together, gather, heap up.

συμφορήσις, εως, ἡ, (συμφορέω) a bringing together.

συμφορητός, ἡ, ὄν, (συμφορέω) brought together, promiscuous.

σύμφορος, ov, (συμφέρω) happening with, accom-

panying. II. useful, profitable, expedient: suitable, proper, convenient. Hence

συμφόρος, Adv. profitably: συμφόρος ἔχειν to be expedient: Comp. συμφορώτερον; Sup. -ώτατα.

συμφράδμων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, giving good counsel: as Subst. a counsellor. From

συμ-φράζομαι, f. -άσομαι: aor. I συνεφράδάμην, Ep. 3 sing. συμφράσαστο: pf. pass. συμπέφρασμα: Dep.:—to take counsel with: to debate, consider, contrive together.

συμ-φράσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: aor. I συνέφραξα: to press or pack closely together. II. to force into an enclosed space.

συμ-φροντίζω, f. ἴσω, to have a joint care for.

σύμ-φρουρος, ov, (σύν, φρουρά) keeping ward together; μέλαθρον ξύμφρουρον ἐμοί the chamber that keeps watch with me, i. e. in which I lie without sleeping.

σύμ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φρήν) of one mind, agreeing, brotherly: favouring, propitious.

συμ-φύγας, ἀδος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, φύγη) a fellow-exile.

συμφυείς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συμφύω.

συμ-φύης, ἐς, (συμ-φύομαι) growing together, attached to, congenital.

συμ-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, a fellow-watchman, warder, or guard. [Ὶ]

συμ-φύλασσω, f. ξω, to keep guard along with or together. 2. c. acc. to guard together.

συμ-φυλέτης, ov, ὁ, ὅ, of or from the same tribe, Lat. contribūlis: generally, a countryman.

σύμ-φυλος, ov, (σύν, φυλή) of the same tribe or race: οἱ σύμφυλοι his congeners.

σύμφυρος, ov, kneaded or mixed together: metaph. confounded, confused. From

συμ-φύρω [Ὶ]: pf. pass. συμπέφυρμαι:—to knead or mix together, to blend, combine: metaph. to confound, confuse.

συμ-φυσάω, f. ἦσω, to blow together, make up, Lat. conflare. II. metaph. to agree exactly, harmonise.

συμ-φύτεύω, f. σω, to plant in together: metaph. to contrive or concoct with.

σύμφυτος, ov, (συμφύω) planted together with, congenital, innate, inborn; σύμφυτος αἰών one's natural age; ἐς τὸ σύμφυτον according to one's nature.

συμ-φύω, f. ἴσω: aor. I συνέφῦσα:—to make to grow together. II. Pass., with act. pf. συμπέφῦκα, aor. 2 συνέφῦν, aor. 2 pass. part. συμφυείς:—to grow together, to grow into one.

συμ-φώνεω, f. ἦσω, to agree in sound, be in harmony or unison. II. generally, to agree with, to make an agreement or engagement with. Hence

συμφώνησις, ἡ, an agreeing in sound, agreement.

συμφωνία, ἡ, (σύμφωνος) an agreeing in sound, harmony. II. symphony or unison of voices or instruments in concord.

σύμ-φωνος, ov, (σύν, φωνή) agreeing in sound, harmonious: as Subst. a musician. II. metaph. in unison or concert with, friendly.

συμ-ψάω, f. σω, to touch one another.

συν-ψάω, inf. -ψῆν; f. -ψῆσω; aor. I συνέψισα:—to scrape together, to wipe out, sweep away, as a torrent. συμ-ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἴω, to reckon together, count up, compute. II. Med. to vote with.

σύν-ψηφος, ov, voting with another. σύν-ψυχος, ov, (σύν, ψυχή) of one mind, unanimous. ΣΥΝ old Att. ζύν, Prep. with dat., Lat. cum:—along with, in company with, together with. 2. with collat. notion of help, σύν θεῷ with God's help, (the God being conceived as standing with or by one); σύν τινι εἶναι to be with another, on his side. 3. furnished with, endowed with; σύν ὅπλοις with arms. 4. in connexion, conjunction with; σύν τῷ σῷ ἀγαθῷ with advantage to you; σύν τοῖς νόμοις in accordance with the laws. 5. more rarely of the instrument or means with or by which a thing is done, with, by means of; σύν νεφέεσσι κάλυψεν γαῖαν καὶ πόντον he covered earth and sea with clouds.

σύν as Adv., together, at once, jointly. 2. besides, moreover, furthermore, too.

συν- in Compos., with, along with, together, at the same time. With ἄ transit. Verb it may mean two things, e. g. σύν in συ-κτείνειν may mean to kill one person as well as others, or to join with others in killing. 2. of the completion of an action, quite, thoroughly, completely. 3. with numerals it has a separate force, σύνδύο two and two together, by twos. II. συν-, before β, μ, π, φ, ψ, changes into συμ-; before γ, κ, ξ, χ, into συγ-; before λ, into σιλ-; before σ into συσ-

σύν, acc. of σὺς. συναΐγειν, aor. 2 act. inf. of συναΐγω. συναΐγων, Dor. for συνήγαγον, aor. 2 of συναΐγω. συν-ἄγγελος, ὁ, a fellow-messenger. συν-ἄγειρω; f. -αγέρω; aor. I συνήγειρα Ep. ξυνάγειρα; Pass., aor. I συνηγέρθη, Ep. 3 pl. συνάγερθεν:—to gather persons together, assemble or collect them: Med. and Pass. to gather themselves together or be gathered together, to come together, assemble; συναγρόμενοι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part., those assembled. II. to collect things: and in Med. to collect for oneself.

III. συναΐγειν ἑαυτὸν to collect oneself: Pass. to recover one's strength, rally. συν-αἰνέω, f. ἴσω, to bring together, to collect. συν-αγκεία, ἡ, (σύν, ἀγκος) = μισγαγκεία. συν-ἀγγύμι, f. -ἄξω; aor. I συνἄεξα:—to break together, break in pieces, shiver. συν-ἄγορεύω, f. σω, to speak with another, join in advising or recommending: to agree to, concur in. II. to speak with or in behalf of a person, support, advocate his cause.

συν-αγρεύω, (σύν, ἄγρα) to join in the chase. συναγρόμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συναΐγω. συν-ἄγω, f. -ἄξω; aor. I σύνηξα; aor. 2 συνήγαγον: Att. pf. συνήξα, later συναγήσοχα; pf. pass. σύνηγμαί:—to lead or bring together, to gather together, assemble; συναΐγειν Ἀρηα, πόλεμον to join battle: also

to set to fight, match one against the other: also intr. to engage. II. to bring together, unite, combine; συναΐγειν γάμους to contract a marriage. 2. metaph. to bring together, reconcile. III. to draw together, straiten, narrow, contract. IV. to gather from premises, collect, infer. Hence

συνἄγωγός, ἴσως, ὁ, one who brings together, a uniter. συνἄγωγή, ἡ, (συνἄγω) a bringing together, a gathering, uniting, collecting; συναγωγή πόλεμον a levying war. 2. a place of meeting or assembling: among the Jews after the captivity, a synagogue. II. a drawing together, contracting.

συν-ἄγωνίζομαι, f. -ἴσομαι Att. -ιοῦμαι; Dep. —to contend along with, to share or take part in a contest: to help in a contest. Hence

συνἄγωνιστής, οὔ, ὁ, one who contends along with, a fellow-combatant: generally, an assistant.

συν-ἄδελφος, ov, one that has a brother or sister.

συν-ἄδικέω, f. ἴσω, to join in doing wrong or injury.

συν-ἄδω Ion. συν-αείδω; f. -ἄσομαι:—to sing with or together, to accompany in a song. 2. generally, to accord with, agree with. II. c. acc. to sing of or celebrate together.

συν-αίρω, aor. I -ἔηρα, poet. form of συναίρω. II. yoke together: Med. to yoke together for oneself.

συν-ἄξω, poet. for συναΐξω.

συν-αθλέω, f. ἴσω, to contend along with, share or take part in a contest.

συν-ἄρθοιζω, f. σω, to gather together, assemble.

συν-ἄϊγδην, Adv. (σύν, ἄϊσσω) pressing violently together.

σύν-αιμος, ov, (σύν, αἷμα) of common blood, kindred; νεῖκος ξύναιμον strife between kinsmen; Ζεὺς ξύναιμος Jove the protector of kin:—as Subst., σύναιμος, ὁ, ἡ, a kinsman or kinswoman, a brother or sister. συναΐμιων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, = σύναιμος.

συν-αινέω, f. ἴσω, to join in praising or approving: to agree or come to terms with a person. II. to agree to a thing, grant it at once.

συν-αίνυμαι, defect. Dep. to take bold of together, to gather up: Ep. 3 sing. impf. συναίνυτο.

συν-αίρω, fut. ἴσω; fut. 2 συνελῶ; aor. 2 συνελον Ep. σύνελον, part. συνελών; (cf. αἰρέω):—to grasp or seize together, seize at once. 2. to bring into small compass, compress, comprehend; hence, ξυνελών λέγω I say briefly. II. to help to conquer or subdue: metaph. to cut short, make an end of, destroy.

συν-αίρω poet. συναίρω (q. v.), to raise, lift, or take up together; συναίρειν λόγον to cast up accounts. II. Med. to take part in a thing, c. gen. rei: to help bear or support, undertake jointly. III. Pass. to be joined, knitted together.

συν-αισθάνομαι, f. -αισθήσομαι, to perceive or feel together.

συν-αίτιος, ov, also α, ov, (σύν, αἰτία) being the joint cause of a thing, helping towards: sharing in the guilt, accessory to:—as Subst., συναίτιος, ὁ, ἡ, an accomplice, τινὸς in a thing.

συν-αιμαξω, f. άσω, to fight along with.
 συν-αιμαλωτος, ov, a fellow-prisoner.
 συν-αιωρομαι, Pass. to be held in suspense with.
 συν-ακμαξω, f. σω, to blossom or or flourish together.
 συν-ακολασταινω, to live dissolutely together.
 συν-ακολουθεω, f. ησω, to follow along with or together closely: to follow an argument, understand.
 συν-ακοντιζω, f. ισω, to throw a javelin together or at the same time.
 συν-ακουστω, f. -ακουσομαι, to bear along with or at the same time. 2. to bear one another.
 συνακτεον, verb. Adj. of συνάγω, one must bring together.
 συνακτικός, η, όν, (συνάγω) able to bring together: τὸ συνακτικόν power of accumulation in oratory.
 συν-αδλδάζω, f. άσω, to cry aloud with.
 συν-αλγέω, f. ησω, to share in suffering or grieving for. II. to feel with, sympathise in: absol. to share in sorrow.
 συν-αλγηδών, όνος, η, joint pain or grief:—in plur. = αι συναλγούσαι, partners in grief.
 συν-αλειφω, f. ψω, to smear together, daub over: to help to anoint.
 συν-αλιάζω, f. ξω, (σύν, άλία) = συναλίζω.
 συν-αλιζω, f. ισω: aor. I Ion. συνάλισα: to gather together, collect, assemble:—Pass. to come together, meet.
 συναλλάγη, η, (συναλλάσσω) an interchange; λογων ξυλλαγαί interchange of words: absol. a making up of strife, reconciliation; pl. ξυλλαγαί, a treaty of peace. 2. commerce, intercourse. II. intervention, interference, interposition; νόσου ξυλλαγαή by the intervention of disease. 2. a contingency, result.
 συνάλλαγμα, ατος, τό, (συναλλάσσω) a mutual agreement, covenant, contract.
 συν-αλλάσσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω: aor. I συνήλλαξα:—Pass., aor. I συνηλλάχθην: pf. συνήλλαγμα:—to interchange with: to exchange. 2. intr. to deal, associate, have intercourse with. II. to bring into association or union with: to reconcile:—Pass. and Med. to be reconciled with, come to terms: make a league or alliance with: make peace.
 συν-αλοάω poet. -αλοάω: f. ησω: aor. I συνηλοήσα:—to thresh with or together: to dash to pieces, smash.
 συν-άμα, Adv. for σύν άμα, together.
 συν-αμιλλάομαι, f. med. ησομαι: aor. I pass. -ημιλλήθην: Dep.:—to race or contend together.
 συν-αμπέχω: fut. -αμφέξω: aor. 2 -ήμεπεσχω, inf. -αμπεσχειν:—to cover up entirely, wrap closely: metaph. to shroud.
 συν-αμπίσχω, = συναμπέχω.
 συν-αμφότερος, α, ov, both together: used both in sing. and plur.
 συν-αναβαίνω: f. -αναβήσομαι: aor. 2 -ανέβη:—to go up along with or together, esp. of going up into central Asia from the coast.

συν-αναβίω, f. -βοήσομαι, to cry out together.
 συν-αναγκάζω, f. άσω, to compel or constrain at the same time, c. inf.:—Pass. to be compelled at the same time. II. to extort by force.
 συν-ανάγω, f. ξω, to carry up along with:—Pass. to go to sea together.
 συν-αναδιδωμι, to give up along with or together.
 συν-αναδیرهω, f. ησω, to take away or destroy along with or together. II. to give the same answer.
 συν-ανακείμαι, Pass. to recline together at table.
 συν-ανακλινομαι, Pass. to lie down along with, to recline along with at table. [i]
 συν-ανάλισκω, f. -ανάλωσω, to spend or waste along with. II. to help by furnishing money.
 συν-αναμίγνυμι, f. -αναμίξω, to mix up with at the same time:—Med. and Pass. to associate with.
 συν-αναπαύομαι, Pass. to take rest together, to refresh oneself or receive comfort together with.
 συν-αναπειθω, f. σω, to join in persuading.
 συν-αναπέμπω, f. ψω, to send up together.
 συν-αναπλέκω, f. ξω, to entwine together.
 συν-αναπράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to join in exacting payment.
 συν-αναρριπτέω, f. ησω, to throw up together.
 συν-ανάσσω, to rule as king with another.
 συν-αναστρέφω, f. ψω, to turn back together:—Pass. to live along with or among.
 συν-ανατήκω, f. ξω, to melt with or together.
 συν-ανατρέχω, f. -θρέξω, to run up along with.
 συν-ανατίθημι, f. -θήσω, to set up along with.
 συν-αναφθέγγομαι, Dep. to cry out together.
 συν-αναφύρω [φῦ], to knead or mix up together:—Pass. and Med. to have constant intercourse with, to associate constantly with.
 συν-αναχρέπτομαι, Dep. to cough up together.
 συν-ανίστημι, to make to stand up or rise together. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2 -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, to rise at once or together. 2. to help in setting up again or restoring.
 συν-αντώ Ion. -έω: f. ησω: aor. I -ήνητσα:—to meet face to face: generally, to meet together, assemble. II. to meet with. III. of things, to happen to one. Hence
 συν-άντησις, η, a meeting.
 συναντήτην, 3 dual Ep. impf. of συναντάω.
 συν-αντιάζω, f. άσω, = συναντάω, to encounter.
 συναντιλάβηται [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of συν-αντιλαμβάνομαι, Dep. to lay hold of along with: to take part with, help.
 συν-αντλέω, f. ησω, to drain along with or together; συναντλέω πόνουσιν τινί to join him in bearing all his sufferings, Lat. una exaurire labores.
 συν-άντομαι, Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = συναντάω, to come to meet, fall in with: also to engage in battle.
 συν-αντιώ [ῶ], to come to an end together with.
 συν-αξιόω, f. άσω, to join in thinking fit: generally, to approve, allow.

συν-αοιδός, ὄν, = συνφδός.
 συν-αόρος, ὄν, Dor. for *συνήρος*.
 συν-απάγω, φ. ξω, to lead away with:—Pass. to be led away together with or besides.
 συν-άπας, ἄσα, ἄν, like *σύμπας*, all together, the whole together.
 συν-άπειμι, inf. -απέναι, (εἰμι *ibo*) to go away together.
 συν-απεργάζομαι, φ. ἄσομαι, Dep. to help in finishing.
 συν-απίσταμαι, Ion. for *συναφίσταμαι*.
 συν-αποβαίω, φ. -βήσομαι, to go away along with or together: to disembark along with.
 συν-αποδιδράσκω, φ. -δράσομαι [ᾶ]: aor. 2 -απέδραν: to run away or escape along with.
 συν-αποδοκίμάζω, φ. σω, to join in reprobatng or disapproving.
 συναποθάνειν, aor. 2 inf. of *συναποθνήσκω*.
 συν-αποθνήσκω, φ. -αποθάνομαι: aor. 2 -απέθανον: to die together with.
 συν-αποικίζω, φ. ἴσω, to go as colonists together.
 συν-αποκάμνω, to be tired or worn out together.
 συν-αποκτείνω, to kill along with or together.
 συν-απολαμβάνω, φ. -λήψομαι: to receive from another with or together: to take or receive in common.
 συν-απολάμπω, φ. ψω, to shine forth together.
 συν-απόλλυμι, fut. -απολώ: to destroy with or together; *συναπολλάναι τοὺς φίλους* to involve one's friends in one's own ruin:—Pass., with pf. 2 -ἀπόλωλα, to perish along with or together.
 συν-απολογέομαι, φ. ἴσομαι, Dep. to join or help in defending.
 συν-απομαραίνω, to make to wither away together:—Pass. to fade away or wither together.
 συν-απονεύω, φ. σω, to swerve away from a blow together.
 συν-αποπέμπω, φ. ψω, to send away together.
 συν-απορηγγνυμι, φ. -ρήξω, to break off together.
 συν-αποστέλλω, to send off or despatch together with.
 συν-αποστερέω, φ. ἴσω, to help to strip or cheat, join in robbing.
 συν-αποφαίνομαι, Med. to declare together.
 συν-αποφέρω, to carry off along with or together.
 συναπτός, ἦ, ὄν, ἄλο, ὄν, verb. Adj. joined together, fastened, tied: *continuos*. From
 συν-ἄπτω, φ. ἄψω: aor. I *συνήψα*: Pass., pf. *συνήμμαι*: to tie or join together, unite; *συνάπτειν πόδα* to meet; *συνάπτειν βλέφαρα* to close the eyes; *συνάπτειν στόμα* to join lips, to kiss; *συνάπτειν μηχανήν* to frame, concert a plan; *ξυνάπτειν τινὶ κακὰ* to fasten evil upon him. II. to make persons engage or encounter, bring into action; *συνάπτειν μάχην* to join battle. 2. in friendly sense, to join, attach oneself to a person; *συνάπτειν ἑαυτὸν ἐς λόγους τινὶ* to enter into conversation with a person; so *συνάπτειν μῦθον*, etc.; also *συνάπτειν λόγους* or *εἰς λόγους τινὶ* (sub. ἑαυτὸν); *συνάπτειν γάμοις* to form an alliance by marriage.
 III. intrans., of lands, to border on, *lie next to*: to be joined to, 2. of Time, to be nigh

at hand. IV. Med. to reach, attain to: to take part with, contribute towards.
 συνάραϊ, aor. I inf. of *συναίρω*.
 συν-ἄραρίσκω, to join together. II. intr. in pf. *συνάρηρα* Att. *συνάραρα*, to be well fitted, suit well together.
 συν-ἄρασσω Att. -τρω, φ. ξω, to dash together: to dash in pieces, crush, destroy:—Pass. to be dashed in pieces; but, *συναράσσειται κεφαλὰς* to get their heads broken.
 συν-ἄρέσκω, φ. -ἄρέσω: to please or satisfy together. II. impers., like Lat. *placet*, *συναρέσκει μοι* I am content also, c. inf.
 συνάρηρε, 3 sing. pf. 2 of *συναραρίσκω*.
 σύν-ἄρθρος, ὄν, (σύν, ἄρθρον) linked together: in accordance with.
 συναριθμέω, φ. ἴσω, to count along with.
 συν-ἀριθμός [ᾶ], ὄν, (σύν, ἀριθμός) included in a number. II. of like or equal number.
 συν-ἀριστάω, φ. ἴσω, (σύν, ἀριστον) to take breakfast or luncheon with.
 συν-ἀριστεύω, φ. σω, to do feats of bravery together.
 συν-ἀριστος, ὄν, (σύν, ἀριστον) breakfasting with. [ᾶ]
 συν-αρμόζω Att. -τρω: φ. ὄσω Dor. ὄξω: Pass., aor. I *συν-ηρμόσθην*: pf. -ἠρμωσμαι: to fit together, close, join exactly; *συναρμόζειν βλέφαρα* to close the eyelids; *εὐχερέϊα συναρμόσαι βροτοὺς* to adapt mortals to recklessness. 2. to join together, unite. 3. to put together, compact, construct. II. intr. to agree together, fit, suit.
 συν-αρμολογέω, φ. ἴσω, to frame accurately together.
 συναρμωστής, οὐ, ὁ, (συναρμωστής) one who joins together; *συναρμωστής πολιτείας* a remodeller of a state.
 συναρμόττω, Att. for *συναρμόζω*.
 συν-αρπάξω, fut. ἄσω or ἄσομαι: aor. I *συνήρπασα*: to carry off or away with one:—Pass. to be seized and carried off. 2. to hold fast together:—Med. aor. I *ξυναρπάσασθαι*, of a wrestler, to seize and hold one fast. 3. metaph. to seize with the mind, catch at.
 συν-αρτάω, φ. ἴσω: aor. I *συνήρτσα*: to bang up with: to fasten on along with, knit together:—Pass. to be closely engaged or entangled with.
 συν-ἄρχω, φ. ξω, to rule jointly with: to be a colleague in office; ὁ *συνάρχων* a colleague.
 συν-ἄρωγός, ὄν, a joint-helper.
 συν-ἄσεβέω, φ. ἴσω, to join in impiety.
 συν-ασκίεω, φ. ἴσω, to practise together, join in practising.
 συν-ἄσοφέω, φ. ἴσω, (σύν, ἄσοφος) to be unwise or foolish along with.
 συν-ασπίδω, φ. ὤσω, (σύν, ἀσπίς) to keep the shields locked close together.
 συν-ασπίζω: fut. ἴω Att. ἰῶ: (σύν, ἀσπίς): to bold the shields together: generally, to fight together, be comrades; *συνασπίειν τινὶ* to be his messmate.
 συν-ασπιστής, οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-soldier, comrade.
 συν-ασχαλάω, to feel joint indignation at a thing.

συν-ἄτυχέω, f. ἦσω, to be unlucky with or together, to share a person's ill luck.

συν-αυαίνω, f. ἄνω, to dry quite up: Pass. to wither away.

συν-αυδάω, f. ἦσω, to speak together: to agree, consent, allow.

συν-αυλέω, f. ἦσω, to accompany on the flute. Hence

συναυλία, ἡ, a playing on the flute together, a concert; ξυναυλιαν κλάειν Οὐλύμπον νόμον to sob one of Olympus' pieces in concert. 2. any concert, agreement, fellowship.

συν-αυλίσομαι, f. med. ἴσομαι: aor. I pass. συνηυλίσθη: Dep.:—to lodge, dwell together, take up one's abode with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλός) playing the flute together: in concord or union with, harmonious: metaph. agreeing with, in harmony with.

σύν-αυλος, ον, (σύν, αὐλή) dwelling together or with; σ. μαρία associated with madness, i. e. mad.

συν-αυξάνω and συν-αύξω, f. -αυξήσω, to increase, enlarge, augment with or together:—Pass. to increase or grow with, grow larger together.

συν-αφαιρέω, f. ἦσω, to take away together:—Med. to assist in rescuing.

συν-αφίστημι, to make to revolt together, draw into a revolt. II. Pass., with act. aor. 2—ἔστην

pf. -έστηκα, to fall off or revolt along with.

συναχθῆναι, aor. I inf. of συνάγω.

συν-ἄχθομαι: fut. med. -αχθήσομαι Att. -αχθήσομαι: aor. I pass. -ηχθέσθη: Dep.:—to be troubled or grieved along with or together, to mourn with.

συν-δαίρω, f. ξω, to kill together with another.

συν-δαίνυμι, f. -δαίω, to feast along with or together; συνδαΐσαι γάμους τῷ to share a marriage feast with one. Hence

συνδαίτωρ, οπος, ὁ, a companion at table, messmate.

συν-δάκνω, f. -δήξομαι, to bite or champ together, bold fast between the teeth.

συν-δακρύνω, f. ὕω [ῥ], to weep with or together.

συν-δειπνέω, f. ἦσω, to dine or sup with: to dine or eat together.

σύν-δειπνον, τό, a common meal or banquet.

σύν-δειπνος, ον, (σύν, δείπνον) dining together: as Subst., σύνδειπνος, ὁ, a companion at table, Lat. conviva.

συν-δεκάξω, f. ἄσω, to bribe in a lump, to bribe all together.

συν-δέομαι, fut. med. -δεήσομαι: aor. I pass. -εδέθη: Dep.:—to beg along with, to join in begging.

σύν-δεσμος, ὁ, irreg. plur. σύνδεσμα, τά:—that which binds together, a band, bond: a cramp. 2. in Surgery, a ligament. 3. in Grammar, a conjunction: a particle.

συν-δεσμώτης, ον, ὁ, a fellow-prisoner.

συν-δερός, ὄν, (συνδέω) bound together, bound band and foot, Lat. constrictus. II. as Subst., σύνδερον, τό, a band, bond.

συν-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind together; συνδέσαι τινα to bind him band and foot: to bind up a wound.

συν-διαβαίνω, to go through or cross over together.

συν-διαβάλλω, to convey over together: and intrans. to cross over together, Lat. trajicio. II. to accuse along with or together: Pass. to be accused.

συν-διαγιγνώσκω, f. -διαγνώσομαι, to decide along with, join in decreeing.

συν-διαιτάομαι, f. -διατήσομαι: Dep.: (σύν, διατάω):—to live with or together.

συν-διαιτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a joint arbitrator.

συν-διακινδύνεω, f. σω, to meet danger along with, incur danger jointly.

συν-διακοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to set in order together.

συν-διάκτορος, ὁ, a co-mate of Mercury.

συν-διάλω, f. -λύσω [ῥ], to help to reconcile:—Med. to help to pay.

συν-διαμένω, f. -μενῶ, to continue with throughout.

συν-διαμνημονεύω, f. σω, to bring to remembrance along with.

συν-διαπολέμω, f. ἦσω, to join in carrying on a war to the end or throughout.

συν-διαπράσσω Att. -τρω, f. ξω, to carry through or effect together: Med. to negotiate with.

συν-διασκοπέω, f. -διασκέψομαι, to examine along with.

συν-διασώζω, f. σω, to help in preserving.

συν-διαταλαιπώρω, f. ἦσω, to endure hardships with or together.

συν-διατελέω, f. -τελέσω, to continue with throughout or to the end.

συν-διατίθημι, f. -διαθήσω, to help in arranging.

συν-διατριβή [ῆ], f. ψω, to pass one's time with or together; esp. with a master, οἱ τῷ Σωκράτει συνδιατριβόντες the disciples of Socrates. II. of things, to occupy oneself with.

συν-διαφέρω, f. -διόσω, to carry through or over with. II. to bear throughout along with or together, to help in sustaining.

συν-διαφθείρω, f. -φθερῶ, to destroy with or together:—Pass. to perish along with.

συν-διαφύλασσω, f. ξω, to guard along with or together.

συν-διαχειρίζω, f. ἴσω, to take in hand together, assist in managing.

συν-διέξιμι, inf. -διεξίεμαι (εἶμι ἴβο) to go through in detail along with.

συν-διημερεύω, f. σω, to spend the day with.

συνδιήνεκα, Ion. for -ήνεγκα, aor. I of συνδιαφέρω.

συν-δικάζω, f. ἄσω, to help to judge: act as assessor to a judge.

συν-δικαστής, οὔ, ὁ, a fellow-dicast or jurymen.

συνδικέω, f. ἦσω, (σύνδικος) to defend one accused, to be the defendant's advocate: generally, to speak for or support of anything.

σύν-δικος, ον, (σύν, δίκη) helping one in a trial or lawsuit: as Subst., σύνδικος, ὁ, an advocate, esp. at Athens, the defendant's advocate, opp. to συνήγορος the prosecutor's: generally, an advocate, supporter, backer. 2. at Athens after the thirty Tyrants, σύν-

δικοί were the *syndics* or *judges* appointed to determine on confiscations. II. *belonging to, befitting in common*: Adv. *συνδικώς, jointly.*

συν-διοικέω, f. ήσω, to administer or arrange together.

συν-διωράω, f. -διώφομαι, to see through or examine together.

συν-δικεύω, to play at quoits with.

συν-διώκω, f. -διώξω or -ώφομαι, to chase away along with. II. as law-term, *to join in a prosecution.*

συν-δοκέω, f. -δόξω and -δοκήσω, to seem alike to several: to seem good to another also: συνδοκεί, imper. like Lat. placet, συνδοκεί ήμιν we are all agreed:—the neut. part. is also used absol., συνδοκοῦν άπασιν ήμιν since it seems good to all of you, since you all agree; σύνδοξαν πατρι since it seemed good to the father also.

συν-δοκιμάζω, f. άσω, to test or examine along with.

συν-δοξάζω, f. άσω, to agree in opinion. II. *to glorify or extol jointly.*

συν-δοξάν, aor. I part. neut. of συνδοκέω.

σύν-δουλος, ό, ή, serving with: as Subst., σύνδουλος, ό, a fellow-slave.

συν-δράω, f. άσω [ά], to do along with or together, help or concur in doing; αίμα συνδράν to assist in shedding blood.

συν-δρομάς, άδος, fem. of σύνδρομος; αί συνδρομάδες πέτρα, = συμπληγάδες.

συν-δρομή, ή, (σύν, δρόμος) a running together: a concourse of people.

σύν-δρομος, ον, (σύν, δραμείν) running together, meeting; σύνδρομοι πέτραι = συμπληγάδες. II.

running along with, following close. Hence

συνδρόμως, Adv. close upon the track.

συν-δυάζω, f. άσω, (σύν, δύο) to join two together, to couple, pair, unite in wedlock.

συν-δυάς, άδος, ή, (σύνδυο) two together, paired, wedded.

σύν-δυο, οί, αί, τά, (σύν, δύο) two together, two and two, by pairs, Lat. bini.

συν-δυστυχέω, f. ήσω, to be unlucky along with or together, to be in like misfortune.

συν-δώδεκα, οί, αί, τά, every twelve, by twelves or dozens.

συνέβαλον, aor. 2 of συμβάλλω.

συνέβαν, Dor. for συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

συνέβην, aor. 2 of συμβαίνω.

σύν-εγγύς, Adv. quite near, close to, hard upon.

συν-εγείρω, f. -εγερῶ, to awaken together: esp. to raise from the dead with another:—Pass. to rise together.

συνεδράμω, aor. 2 of συντρέχω.

συνεδρεύω, f. σω, (σύνεδρος) to sit together in council, sit in consultation: οί συνεδρεύοντες the members of a council.

συνεδρία, ή, (σύνεδρος) a sitting together, ofregarious birds. II. *a sitting in council, a council.*

συνεδριον, τό, (σύνεδρος) a number of persons as-

ssembled in council, a council-board, council:—in N. T. the Sanhedrim. 2. *a council-chamber, senate-house, Lat. curia.*

σύν-εδρος, ον, (σύν, έδρα) sitting together or with, assembled in council. II. as Subst., *σύνεδρος, ό, one who sits with others in council, a councillor, senator.*

συν-εέκοσι, Ep. for συνείκοσι.

συν-εέγγαθον, Ep. lengthd. impf. of συνείργω.

συν-εέργω, Ep. for συνείργω.

συνείνευα, aor. I of συνείνυμι.

συνήκα, Ion. for συνήκα, aor. I of συνήμι.

συν-εθέλω poet. συν-θέλω, to wish with or together, to concur in a wish.

συνεθνήστο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of συντίθημι.

συνεθηκάμην, aor. I med. of συντίθημι.

συν-εθίζω, f. ίσω, to accustom, inure, make habitual:—Pass. to become used or inured to.

*συνειδέαι, inf. of σύννοιδα; v. *συνείδω. Hence συνειδησις, ή, a joint knowledge, consciousness. 2. conscience.*

**συν-είδω, in aor. 2 συν-είδον, inf. -ιδέιν:—to see together, see in one view, see plainly: understand: in this sense, the pres. in use is συν-εράω, fut. συν-ίψομαι, pf. συν-εόρακα.*

II. pf. *σύννοιδα* in pres. sense, inf. *συνειδέαι*: plqpf. with impf. sense *συνηδειν* Att. *συνήδη*, Ion. 2 plur. *συνηδέατε*: also fut. *συνείσομαι:—to share in the knowledge, be cognisant of a thing, privy to it: part. συνειδώς an accomplice: τὸ συν-ειδός = συνειδησις.*

2. c. dat. pers. *to know the same as another; συνειδέαι έαυτώ οὐδ' ότιοῦν σοφός ών I am conscious to myself not being in the least wise; or in the dat., σύννοιδα έμαυτώ οὐδέν έπισταμένην I am conscious to myself of knowing naught: also to be in a person's confidence, be privy to his plans or opinions.*

συν-είκοσι Ep. συνείκοσι, twenty together, by twenties, Lat. viceni.

συνειλεγμένος, pf. part. of συλλέγω.

συν-ειλω, f. ήσω, to crowd or throng together:—of persons, to bind firmly together:—Pass. to be crowded or pressed together.

συνείληφα, pf. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνείληχα, pf. of συλλαγχάνω.

συνείλικτα, aor. I of συνέλκω.

συνείλοχα, pf. of συλλέγω.

σύν-ειμι, f. -έσομαι, (σύν, είμί sum) to be with, be joined or united with, be conversant with; συνείναι νόσῳ = νοσείν; συνείναι μερίμναις to be acquainted with cares; συνείναι πράγμασι to be engaged in business.

2. of persons, *to have intercourse, associate, live with: of a woman, to live with her husband: generally, to associate with, have to do with, take part with, follow; οί συνόντες partisans, disciples.*

σύν-ειμι, (σύν, είμι ίβο) to go or come together, hence to assemble, meet.

2. in hostile sense, *to meet in battle, engage with: of states, to engage in war.*

3. in peaceable sense, *to come together, meet*

to deliberate. 4. of revenue, to come together, to come in.

συν-είπον, inf. -ειπέν, aor. 2 of συναγορεύω or σύμφημι, there being no pres. in use:—to speak with any one, agree with, confirm: to advocate a person's cause: generally, to help, further. 2. to tell along with one, help one to tell.

συν-είργνυμι, = συνείργω.
συν-είργω Ep. -εέργω old form -έργω: Ep. impf. συνείργον: Ep. aor. 2 συνείργαθον: f. συνείργω:—to shut in or enclose together: to bind together: generally, to join together, fasten together, unite.

συνείρηκα, used as pf. of σύμφημι.
συν-είρω, to string together, join one after another, add on without stopping. II. intr. to string words together, to speak on and on, go on continuously.

συνείσας, είσα, έν, part. aor. 2 of συνήμι.
συν-είσάω, f. ξω, to bring in with or together.
συν-είσβαίνω, f. βήσομαι, to embark together with.
συν-είσβάλλω, intr. to make an inroad into a country together, join in an incursion or invasion.

συν-είσέρχομαι, aor. 2 act. -είσθηλον, pf. -είσεληλυθα: Dep.:—to enter along with or together.

συνείσομαι, fut. without any pres. in use; v. *συνείδω II.

συν-είσπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι: aor. 2 -έπεσον:—to fall or be thrown into along with. II. to rush in along with or together, to burst or break in together.

συν-είσπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail into together.
συν-είσπράσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to help in exacting money from others.

συν-είσφέρω, to join in paying the war-tax (είσφορά).

συν-είσβαίνω, f. -βήσομαι, to go out together.

συν-εκβάλλω, f. -βάλω, to cast out along with: to assist in casting out.

συν-εκβιβάζω, f. -εκιβιβάζω Att. -εκιβιβῶ, Causal of συνεκβαίνω, to help in bringing out.

συν-έκδημος, ov, travelling with: as Subst. a fellow-traveller.

συν-εκδίδωμι, f. -εκδώσω, to give out together: to help a poor man in portioning out his daughter.

συν-εκδύω, f. -εκδύσω [ῥ], to strip off together:—Med. to strip oneself of or put off together.

συν-εκθνήσκω, f. -εκθάνομαι, to die along with or together: metaph. to fail or be exhausted together.

συν-εκαίδεκα, sixteen together, by sixteens.

συν-εκκλέπτω, f. ψω, to help to steal away; συνεκκλέπτει γάμους to help in frustrating a marriage.

συν-εκκομίζω, f. σω, to help in carrying out. II. to help in bearing or supporting.

συν-εκκόπτω, f. ψω, to help to cut out or away.

συνέκλεισα, aor. I of συγκλείω.

συν-εκλεκτός, ή, όν, chosen along with or together.

συν-εκλύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ], to dissolve with or together.

συν-εκμάχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, εκ, μάχομαι) to march out to fight together.

συν-εκμοχλεύω, f. σω, to join in forcing with a lever.

συν-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send out together.

συν-εκπεράω, f. άσω [ά], to pass out together.

συν-εκπίνω [ῥ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off together.

συν-εκπίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, to rush out along with.

II. of the votes taken out of the voting urn, to fall out in agreement with each other, to concur: c. dat. to come out equal to another, run a dead beat with.

III. to fall out, be thrown out, fall together.

συν-εκπλέω Ion. -πλώω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to sail out along with.

συν-εκπνέω, f. -πνεύσομαι, to breathe out one's breath along with another.

συν-εκπνέω, f. ήσω, to help in working out or achieving: to cooperate with.

συν-εκπορίζω, f. σω, to help in supplying or providing.

συν-εκποτέον or -έα, verb. Adj. of συνεκπίνω, one must drink out or off together.

συν-εκπράσσω Att. -πτω Ion. -πρήσσω, f. ξω, to exact money with or together:—Med. to help a person in taking vengeance for a thing.

συν-εκστάω, f. σω, to help in preserving or delivering.

συν-εκτάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to arrange in line or battle order along with others.

συν-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of συνέχω, one must keep with one or together.

συν-εκτίνω [ῥ], f. -τίσω [ῥ], to pay along with, to help in paying.

συν-εκτρέφω, f. -θρέψω, to rear up along with:—Pass. to grow up with.

συν-εκτρέχω, f. -εκδραμούμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμον:—to run out along with, to sally out together.

συνεκύρησα and συνέκυρσα, aor. I of συγκυρέω.

συνέκυψα, aor. I of συγκύπτω.

συν-εκφέρω, f. -εξοίσα, to carry out together to burial: to attend a funeral.

συνελάβον, aor. 2 of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελάβου, impf. of συλλάβω.

συν-ελαύνω: f. -ελάσω [ά]: aor. I -ήλασα Ep. -έλασσα: pf. -ελήλακα:—to drive, force or bring together; συνελαύνει δόντας to gnash the teeth together, to set together, match in combat, set to fight.

2. intr., έριδι συνελαύνειν to meet in quarrel.

συνελεύω, σύνελεν, Ep. inf. and 3 sing. aor. 2 of συναίρω.

συν-ελευθερώ, f. άσω, to join in freeing from: absol. to join in freeing or delivering.

συνελεύσομαι, fut. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήλυθα, pf. of συνέρχομαι.

συνελήφθην, aor. I pass. of συλλαμβάνω.

συνελθειν, aor. 2 inf. of συνέρχομαι.

συν-ελκυστέον, verb. Adj. of aor. I of συνέλκω, one must draw together.

συν-έλκω, f. ξω: aor. I συνείλεκθα (as if from συνείλικω):—to draw together or to a point. 2. to draw up, contract. II. to help to draw out.

συνελών, aor. 2 part. of συναίρω.
 συν-εμβάλλω, f. -βάλλω, to put in along with, help in putting in. II. intr. to fall in or upon together, join in attacking: to make a joint inroad. Hence συνεμβολή, ἡ, a throwing in together; συνεμβολή κώπης the regular dip of all the oars together.
 συνήμεν, poet. for συνείμι, aor. 2 inf. of συνίημι.
 συνέμιξα, aor. I of συμμίγνυμι.
 συνέμιχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 1 pass. of συμμίγνυμι.
 συν-εμπίπρημι, fut. -εμπήρῃσω: aor. I -ἐνέπρησα:—to burn along with or together.
 συν-έμπορος, ov, travelling with: as Subst., συν-έμπορος, ὁ, a fellow-wayfarer, fellow-traveller, companion, attendant; συνέμπορος χορείας a partner in dancing.
 συνεμπήρῃσαι, aor. I inf. of συνεμπίπρημι.
 συνενείκωντες, aor. I part. pl. of συμπέρω.
 συν-ενείκομαι, Ep. for συμφέρωμαι, Pass. to be carried so as to meet, to strike or dash against.
 συν-ἐνούσιάω, to be inspired together with.
 συν-εξάγω, f. ξω, to lead out together: Pass. to be carried away with.
 συν-εξαίρω, f. ἦσω, to take out together, to help in removing: to help in taking or capturing:—Med. to take away forcibly from one.
 συν-εξάκουσά, f. -ακούσομαι, to bear of a thing all together.
 συν-εξάμαρτάνω, f. -αμαρτήσομαι to err along with, to commit a joint error, have part in a fault.
 συν-εξανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to stand up together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέστην, pf. -εξανέστηκα:—to rise and come forth together.
 συν-εξάπατάω, f. ἦσω, to cheat along with or together.
 συν-εξέιμι, (εἶμι ἴδο) to go out along with or together.
 συν-εξελάνω, f. -εξέλασω, to drive out along with or together. II. (sub. στράτων, ἵππων) to march or ride out together.
 συν-εξέρω, f. σω, to draw out with or together.
 συν-εξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξῆλθον, pf. -εξεήλθθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι):—to go or come out with.
 συν-εξετάω, f. άσω, to search out or examine along with or together:—Pass. to be reckoned with or among.
 συν-εξεύρισκω, f. -εξεύρῃσω, to find out together.
 συν-εξορμάω, f. ἦσω, to help to urge on. II. intr. to sally forth together: to shoot up along with.
 συν-εουχμός, ὁ, poet. for συνοχμός.
 συν-επάγω, f. ξω, to join in bringing against another, join in inviting.
 συν-επάδω poet. -αείδω, to join in celebrating.
 συν-επαινέω, f. έσω Ep. ἦσω, to approve or advise together: to join in advising or recommending: to approve, agree to. II. to join in praising.
 συν-επαίνομαι, ov, joining in, consenting to a thing, being a consenting party to it.
 συν-επαίρω, f. -επαρῶ, to raise or lift at the same time. II. to urge on together or also:—Pass. to rise together with.

συνέπαισα, aor. I of συμπαίω.
 συν-επαυιάομαι, f. -άσομαι [ā], Dep. to accuse together, involve in a common charge with.
 συν-επάκολουθέω, f. ἦσω, to follow together, follow close.
 συν-επαῦνω, f. -αῦνῶ, to join in repelling.
 συν-επανίστημι, f. -στήσω, to make to rise or rebel along with or together. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα:—to join in a revolt or rebellion.
 συν-επανορθώω, f. άσω, to join in re-establishing.
 συν-επάξω, Dor. aor. I of συμπήγνυμι.
 συν-επάπτομαι, Ion. for συνεφέπτομαι.
 συνεπέδησα, aor. I of συμπεδάω.
 συν-έπειμαι, (σύν, ἐπί, εἶμι ἴδο) to go with against, join in attacking.
 συν-επεισφέρωμαι, Med. to join in bringing in.
 συν-επεκλίω [τ], f. -πίομαι, to drink off quickly.
 συν-επελαφρύνω [ϋ], to help to make light, to help to bear or sustain.
 συν-επερίω, f. ἴσω, to contend with.
 συνεπερον, aor. 2 of συμπίπτω.
 συνεπεσπόμην, aor. 2 of συνεφέπομαι.
 συνεπέστην, aor. 2 of συνεπέστημι.
 συν-επέυχομαι, f. -εύσομαι, Dep. to join in a prayer: to vow at the same time.
 συν-επηγέω, f. ἦσω, to join in singing, join in a chant or chorus.
 συν-επιβάω, f. -βήσομαι, to mount together upon. II. to enter upon along with.
 συν-επιβουλεύω, f. σω, to join in plotting against.
 συν-επιγραφέυς, ὁ, a fellow-registrar, fellow-clerk.
 συν-επιθυμέω, f. ἦσω, to desire along with.
 συν-επίκειμαι, f. -κέσομαι, Pass. to press upon together, join in attacking.
 συν-επικοσμέω, f. ἦσω, to help to array or adorn.
 συν-επικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to join as an ally, help to support or relieve.
 συν-επικουφίζω, f. ἴσω, to lighten at the same time.
 συν-επικράδαίνω, to move backwards and forwards together with.
 συν-επιλαμβάνομαι, f. -επιλήσομαι, Dep. to take part in a thing together, have a share in: to take part with a person, support him.
 συν-επιμαρτύρω, f. ἦσω, to join in attesting or ratifying: to confirm.
 συν-επιμελέομαι, Dep., with fut. med. -ήσομαι, aor. 1 pass. -επιμελήθην:—to join in taking care of: to have joint charge of: to join in providing.
 συν-επιμελητής, ου, ὁ, one who joins in taking care of, an associate, coadjutor.
 συνέπιον, aor. 2 of συμπίνω.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. ξω, to help to twine or plait.
 συν-επιπλέω, f. -πλεύσομαι, to join in sailing against together, to make a naval expedition in concert.
 συν-επιρρύνωμι, f. -επιρρώσω, to help to strengthen.
 συν-επισκοπέω, f. -επισκέψομαι: pf. -επέσκεμμαι:—to examine along with or together.
 συν-επιστάω, f. άσω [ā], to draw on together:—

Med. to draw along with or together: to draw to oneself, draw over to one's own views.

συνεπισπένεσθαι, συνεπισπόμενος, aor. 2 inf. and part. of συνεπέποιμα.

συν-επισπείδω, f. ω, to join in urging forward.

συν-επιστάμαι, Dep. to know along with, be privy to.

συν-επιστέλλω, f. -στέλω, to send with or together.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ω, to make war together with.

συν-επιστρέφω, f. ψω, to assist in turning a person to a thing.

συν-επισχύω, f. ἴσω [ῦ], to help to strengthen or support.

συν-επιτελέω, f. έσω, to join in performing or accomplishing.

συν-επιτίθημι, f. -επιθήσω, to throw upon together:—Med. to set on or attack jointly: to apply oneself to a thing together.

συν-επιτριβή [ῖ], f. ψω, to wear away or destroy utterly.

συν-επίτροπος, ὁ, a joint-guardian.

συνέπλευσα, aor. I of συμπλέω.

συνέπλεξα, aor. I of συμπλέω.

συν-έπομαι, aor. 2 -εσπόμην, Dep. to follow close upon, to keep up with; ποίμαις συνέπεισαι to follow the flocks. II. to follow with the mind, understand.

συν-επόμενυμι, to swear to in addition or besides.

συνέπνιξα, aor. I of συμπνίγω.

συνέπρηξα, Ion. aor. I of συμπράσσω.

συν-εραστής, οὐδ, ὁ, a fellow-lover, joint-lover. From συν-εράω, to love jointly or in concert:—Med., συν-εράσθαι τι to return love for love.

συν-εργάζομαι, f. -άσομαι: pf. -είργασμαι (used both in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work or labour together with another, to help, assist or contribute to a thing: pf. part. in pass. sense, λίθοι ξυνειργασμένοι stones wrought for building.

συν-εργάτης [ᾶ], οὐ, ὁ, a fellow-worker, partner, colleague, coadjutor.

συν-εργάτινός [ῖ], οὐ, ὁ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συν-εργάτις [ᾶ], ἴδος, ἡ, fem. of συνεργάτης.

συν-εργᾶω, impf. συνήργουν, (συνεργός) to work together with, to join or help in work: to cooperate with, assist, do service to one.

συν-εργήτης, οὐ, ὁ, poet. for συνεργάτης.

συνεργία, ἡ, (συνεργός) a joint-work, assistance, cooperation; in bad sense, conspiracy, collusion.

συν-εργός, ὄν, (σύν, ἔργον) working together with another, joining or helping in work: taking part in a thing, contributing towards it:—as Subst., συνεργός, ὁ or ἡ, an associate or partner in a work, a fellow-workman, a coöperator, coadjutor.

συνέργω, old form of συνέργω.

συν-έρδω, f. έω, to join in a work, coöperate with.

συν-ερέδω, f. ω: aor. I. συνήρεισα:—to set firmly together: to bind or fasten close together, to clench:—Pass., aor. I συνήρεισθην: pf. συνήρεισμαι or -ερήρισμαι:—to be fast bound or set firmly together.

συν-ερέω Att. συν-ερώ, fut. without any pres. in

use (συναγορεύω or σύμφημι being used instead):—I shall speak with or in support of, advocate, support.

συν-έριθος, ὁ, also ἡ, a fellow-worker, helpmate.

συνερκτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνέργω) of a speaker, driving his opponent into a corner, cogent, forcible.

συν-έρπω, f. ψω, to creep together.

συνέρραξα, aor. I of συρράσσω.

συνέρρηγμα, pf. pass. of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρηξα, aor. I of συρρήγνυμι.

συνέρρωγα, pf. 2 intr. of συρρήγνυμι.

συν-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον, pf. -ελήλυθα: Dep.:—to go along with or together. II.

to come together, meet: to have dealings or intercourse with. 2. in hostile sense, to meet in battle, encounter, Lat. concurrere: of a battle, to be engaged in. 3. c. acc. cognato, στρατείας συνελθεῖν to join in an expedition; συναλθεῖν λέχος σὺν to share thy bed.

III. of things, to be joined in one, be united. IV. of events, to concur, coincide, happen together.

συν-ερωτάω, f. ήσω, to ask questions with or at the same time. II. to establish a point by questioning:—Pass. to be established by questioning.

σύνες, aor. 2 imperat. of συνήμι, mind! mark!

συν-εσθίω, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat together with.

σύνεισις Att. ζύνεισις, εως, ἡ, (συνήμι) a joining, meeting together. II. the faculty of apprehension, judgment, understanding, intelligence. 2. conscience, = συνείδησις.

συνεσπάραξα, aor. I of συσπάρασσω.

συνεσπόμεν, aor. 2 of συνεπέμοι.

συνέσταλαι, pf. part. of συστέλλω.

συνεσταότες, Ep. pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνεσταυρωμένος, pf. pass. part. of συσταυρόω.

συνεστάλην [ᾶ], οὐ, 2 pass. of συστέλλω.

συνεστέλα, aor. I of συστέλλω.

συνέστην, aor. 2 of συνίστημι.

συν-εστίαω, f. ἴσω [ᾶ], to entertain in one's house:—Pass. to feast along with or together.

συν-εστίη, ἡ, (σύν, ἐστία) a common feast.

συν-έστιος, οὐ, (σύν, ἐστία) sharing one's hearth or home, living or dwelling together: as Subst., συν-έστιος, ὁ, ἡ, an inmate, guest. 2. of Jupiter, the guardian of the hearth.

συνεστώς, pf. part. of συνίστημι.

συνέσχοι, aor. 2 of συνέχω.

συν-έταιρος, ὁ, (σύν, εταῖρος) a companion, partner, comrade.

συνετάραχθην, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of συνθάρπω.

συνετάρηθην, aor. I pass. of συνταράσσω.

συνετέθειντο, 3 pl. plqpf. pass. of συντίθημι.

συνέτλαν, Dor. aor. 2 of συντλάω.

σύνετο Ep. ζύνετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ζύνημι.

συνετός, ἡ, ὄν, (συνήμι) quick at apprehending, understanding, intelligent, sagacious. II. pass. easy

to be comprehended, intelligible: neut. pl. *συνετά* as Adv. intelligibly.

συνετρίβην [Ὶ], aor. 2 pass. of *συντρίβω*.

συνετῶς, Adv. of *συνετός*, intelligently.

συν-ευδαιμονέω, f. ἦσω, to share in happiness with.

συν-ευδοκέω, f. ἦσω, to approve of, be well pleased with or together, to consent.

συν-εἶδω, f. -εἶδησω, to sleep or lie with; ὁ ξενεῦδων χρόνος the time which sleeps with one, i. e. which passes while one is asleep.

συν-ευιάζω, f. σω, to make to sleep together, to marry to each other:—Pass. to lie with.

συν-ευέτης, ου, ὁ, a bedfellow, husband, consort: fem. *συνευέτις*, ιδος, a wife, mate.

σύν-ευνος, ου, (σύν, εὐνή) sharing one bed: as Subst., σύνευνος ὁ, ἡ, a bedfellow, consort, husband or wife.

συν-ευπάσχω, f. -πέισμαι, to be well treated with, to receive favours along with.

συν-ευπορέω, f. ἦσω, to help to provide, contribute, c. acc. rei: c. gen. rei, to provide a part of, contribute towards:—c. dat. pers. to assist, help.

συν-ευτύχῳ, to be fortunate along with or together.

συν-εύχομαι, f. -ζομαι, Dep. to pray with or together, to join in making a prayer.

συν-ευχόεσμαι, to feast with or together.

συνεβᾶγον, used as aor. 2 of *συνεσθίω*.

συν-επάπτομαι Ion. -επάπτομαι: f. -επάφομαι: Dep.:—to lay hold of, put hand to along with or together, c. gen. rei. 2. c. gen. pers. to join in attacking.

συν-εφέλω, f. ἔω: aor. I -εφέιλκσσα:—to draw after or towards along with.

συν-εφέπομαι, aor. 2 -εφεσπόμην Ion. -επεσπόμην: Dep.:—to follow along with or together.

συν-έφηβος, ου, at the age of youth together.

συν-εφίστημι, to place over together: metaph. to make attentive: also (sub. τὸν νοῦν) to attend to.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -επέστην, pf. -εφέστηκα:—to be placed over, superintend along with or together. 2. to rise up against, attack jointly.

συνέφραξα, aor. I of *συνφράσσω*.

συνεχάρην [ᾶ], aor. 2 pass. of *συχχαίρω*.

συνέχεια, aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνέχεια, ἡ, (συνεχής) a continuous series of things, continuity. II. continued attention, perseverance.

συνέχεια, Ep. aor. I of *συχχέω*.

συνεχέως, Ion. for *συνεχῶς*.

συνεχής, ἐς, (συνέχω) keeping or bolding together: continuous, in an unbroken line: c. dat. continuous with, next to, adjacent. II. of Time, continuous, continued, unceasing, unintermitting: the neut. *συνεχές* is used as Adv., = *συνεχῶς*.

συν-εχθαίρω, to hate along with, join in hating.

συν-έχω, poet. for *συνεχθαίρω*.

συνεχύθη [Ὶ], aor. I pass. of *συχχέω*.

συν-έχω Att. ξυν-: f. -έξω: aor. 2 *συνέσχον*:—to hold or keep together:—*συνέχων τὴν εἰρησίαν* to keep the rows together. 2. to contain, comprise. 3.

to constrain, oppress: Pass. to be constrained, distressed, affected by. 4. in Pass., *συνέχεσθαι* αἰχμηῆσι to engage with spears.

συνεχῶς Ion. -έως, Adv. of *συνεχής*, continually, unceasingly.

συν-εψιάω, (σύν, ἐψύδομαι) to play together.

συνεώνημαι, pf. of *συνανέομαι*.

συν-ηβίω, f. ἦσω, to pass their youth together: to be young together.

συν-ηβολέω, to fall in with.

σύν-ηβος, ου, (σύν, ἦβη) young at the same time: as Subst., σύνηβος ὁ, ἡ, a young friend or comrade.

συνηγᾶγον, aor. 2 of *συνάγω*.

συνηγμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συνάγω*.

συνηγορέω, f. ἦσω, (συνήγορος) to plead another's cause, to be an advocate for, esp. for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*; *συνηγορεῖν τῷ κατηγορῷ* to second the accuser. Hence

συνηγορία, ἡ, advocacy of another's cause, pleading for another, esp. for the prosecutor.

συνηγορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, of or for a *συνήγορος* or advocate; τὸ *συνηγορικόν*, the advocate's fee, being a drachma per diem paid to the public *συνήγοροι* while the court sat.

συν-ἡγορος, ου, (σύν, ἀγορεύω) speaking with, agreeing with. 2. supporting, on one's side, esp. in a court of justice: as Subst., *συνήγορος*, ὁ, an advocate, counsel for the prosecution, opp. to *σύνδικος*.

συνῆδεν Att. ξυνῆδη, plqpf. of *σύννοια*.

συνῆδέατε, Ion. 2 pl. plqpf. of **συνείδω*.

συν-ἡδομαι: fut. -ἡσθήσομαι: aor. I -ἡσθην: Dep.:—to rejoice together; *συνῆδασθαι τινι* to rejoice with one, to congratulate: also c. dat. rei to rejoice at a thing, to be pleased or gratified, to sympathise with one's good fortune.

συνῆθεα, ἡ, a dwelling or living together, intercourse, intimacy, Lat. *consuetudo*. II. use, custom, habit, usage. From

συν-ἡθης, ἐς, gen. eos contr. οὐς: gen. pl. *συνηθέν* contr. *συνηθῶν*: (σύν, ἦθος):—dwelling or living together, of like habits or customs, akin, well suited to; *συνῆθης τινι* well-acquainted or intimate with him; *χειρὶ συνῆθης* = *χειροθήτης*, tame. II. habitual, customary: familiar.

συνῆθροισμένος, pf. pass. part. of *συναβροῖζω*.

συνήθως, Adv. of *συνῆθης*, customarily.

συνῆκα, aor. I of *συνήκω*.

συν-ἦκω, to have come together, to be assembled.

συνῆλᾶσα, aor. I of *συνελαῖνω*.

συνῆλθον, aor. 2 of *συνέρχομαι*.

συν-ἠλικιώτης, ου, ὁ, = *συνῆλιξ*.

συν-ἠλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, ἠλιξ) of like or equal age, Lat. *aequalis*: as Subst., *συνῆλιξ*, ὁ, ἡ, an associate of one's own age, a comrade.

συνῆλυστή and *συνῆλυσις*, ἡ, (συνέρχομαι, *συνελεύσομαι*) a meeting, assembly.

συν-ημερεύω, f. σω, (σύν, ἡμέρα) to pass the day with or together, to live with.

συνημοσύνη, ἡ, *union, connexion*: in plur. *covenants, solemn promises*. From

συνήμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (συνήμι) *joined together, united: a companion*.

συν-ἄρκος *Dor.* and Att. συν-ἄρκος, *ov*, (σύν, αἰωρέω) *hanging together, linked with, wedded to*: as Subst., συνήρκος, ὁ, ἡ, *a consort, a husband or a wife*.

συν-ηπεροπέω, *f. σω*, *to join in cheating or tricking*.

συν-ηρετέω, *f. ἦσω*, (σύν, ἔρετής) = *συνηρετέω*.

συν-ηρεμέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to row with*: generally, *to work or ply with, be friends with*.

συνηρέφειν, *f. ἦσω*, *to throw a shade over*. From συν-ηρέφης, *ἑς*, (σύν, ἔρέφω) *thickly shaded, covered over*.

συν-ἥριμος, *ov*, *poët.* for συνἄριμος.

συνήρπακα, *pf.* of συναρπάξω.

συνήρπασα, *aor. 1* of συναρπάξω.

συνήρτημαι, *pf. pass.* of συναρτάω.

συνηυλίσθη, *aor. 1* of συναυλίζομαι.

συνήρω, *impf.* of συνερῶ.

συν-ησάομαι Att. -ττάομαι, *Pass.* *to be conquered or overcome together*.

συν-ἠέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to sound or ring together*.

συνήχθη, *aor. 1* *pass.* of συνάγω.

συνήψα, *aor. 1* of συνάπτω.

συνθακέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to sit with or together, to sit in council with, take counsel with*. From

σύν-θακος, *ov*, *sitting with or together*. 2. *sharing in, partaking of*.

συν-θαμβέω, *to be astounded along with*.

συν-θάλλω, *f. ψω*, *to warm with or together*: *metaph.* *to soothe by flattery*.

συν-θάπτω, *f. ψω*, *to bury with or together*:—*Pass.* *to be buried with or together*.

συν-θεάομαι, *f. -άσομαι* [ᾶ], *Dep.* *to view together, to see a spectacle together*. 2. *to examine together, examine carefully*. Hence

συνθεατής, *οὐ, ὁ*, *a fellow-spectator or looker on*.

συν-θεάτρια, ἡ, *fem.* of συνθεατής.

συνθεῖς, *aor. 2* part. of συντίθημι.

συν-θέλω, *poët.* for συνθέλω.

σύνθημα, *ατος, τό, ποῖ.* for σύνθημα.

συνθέμενος, *aor. 2* med. part. of συντίθημι.

σύνθεο, *Ep.* for σύνθου, *aor. 2* med. imperat. of συντίθημι.

συνθεσία, ἡ, (συντίθημι) *a placing together, an arrangement, covenant, treaty*: in plur. *injunctions, instructions*.

σύνθεσις, ἡ, (συντίθημι) *a putting together, composing, composition*; σύνθεσις *γραμματῶν* *a combination of letters*. II. *metaph.* *an agreement, treaty, covenant*: cf. συνθήκη.

συνθετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (συντίθημι) *skilled in putting together*.

σύνθετο, *Ep.* for συνέθετο, 3 *sing.* *aor. 2* med. of συντίθημι.

σύνθετος, *ov*, also *η, ov*, (συντίθημι) *put together, compounded of parts, compound: complex*. II.

put together, feigned, forged. III. *metaph.* *agreed upon, concanated*; ἔκ συνθέτου *by agreement, Lat. ex compacto*.

συν-θέω, *f. -θέσομαι*, *to run along with, to run together*: of things, *to go along with, to go smoothly with, concur with one's wishes*: *to run together, meet*.

συν-θεωρέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to contemplate together*: *to go to a spectacle together*.

συνθήκη, ἡ, (συντίθημι) *a putting together*. II. *an agreement, arrangement*: in plur. *articles of agreement, a covenant, contract, treaty*.

σύνθημα, *ατος, τό*, (συντίθημι) *that which is put together*. II. *anything agreed upon, a preconcerted signal*: generally, *a token, sign*. 2. *a watchword, Lat. tessera*.

3. *an agreement, covenant, engagement*. Hence

συνθηματίας, *ος, ov*, *agreed upon: bargained for*.

συνθηράτης, *οὐ, ὁ*, *a fellow-hunter*. From

συν-θηράω, *f. ἄω* [ᾶ], *to hunt with or together*:—*Med.* *to catch together*:—*Pass.* *to be caught and bound together*.

συνθηρευτής, *οὐ, ὁ*, = *συνθηρατής*. From

συν-θηρεύω, = *συνθηράω*, *to hunt together*:—*Pass.* *to be found out to be*.

σύν-θηρος, *ov*, (σύν, θήρα) *hunting with or in company: joining in chase or pursuit of*.

συν-θηδότης, *ov, ὁ*, *a partner in the θάσος or sacred company*: generally, *a fellow, comrade*.

συν-θλάω, *f. ἄω* [ᾶ], *to crush along with or together*.

συν-θλίβω [ῖ], *f. ψω*, *to press together, compress*.

συν-θνήσκω: *f. -θνάομαι*: *aor. 2* -έθανον, *inf.* -θανεῖν:—*to die with or together*.

συν-θινάω [ᾶ], *oros, ὁ*, (σύν, θινάω) *a partaker of the same feast, a fellow-banquet*.

συν-θρανόω, *f. ὄω*, *to break in pieces, shiver*.

συν-θραύω, *f. σω*, *to break in pieces, crush, shiver*.

σύν-θρηνος, *ov*, *mourning with or together*.

σύν-θρονος, *ov*, *sitting on the same seat or throne with: ruling jointly*.

σύν-θροος, *ov*, *sounding with, in harmony with*.

συν-θρύπτω, *f. ψω*, *to break in pieces, crush: metaph.* *to enervate, weaken*.

συν-θύω, *f. -θύσω* [ῖ], *to offer sacrifice along with*.

συνιδεῖν, *aor. 2* *inf.* of *συνείδω.

συνίει [ῖ], *imperat.* and 3 *sing. impf.* of συνίημι.

συνίεν, *Ep.* for συνιέναι, *inf. pres.* of συνίημι.

σύνιεν, *Ep.* 3 *pl. impf.* of συνίημι.

συν-ιεροποιέω, *f. ἦσω*, *to join in sacrifice with*.

συν-ιζάνω, *to settle down, collapse, shrink*. 2. *to sink, fall*, of the wind.

συν-ίζω, *f. -ιξήσω*, *intr.* *to sit together, to hold a sitting*.

συν-ίημι Att. ξυνίημι [for the quantity, see ἴημι]: *impf.* *σύνιην* or *σύνιεν*: *f.* *συνήσω* or *συνήσομαι*: *aor. 1* *συνήκα*: *pf.* *συνείκα*:—also (as if from *συνίω*) 3 *pl. pres.* *συνιούσι*, *inf.* *συνιεύει*, *imperat.* *ξυνίει*, *inf.* *συνιέμεν*; 3 *sing. impf.* *συνιείει*, 3 *pl.* *ξυνιέσαν* *Ep.* *ξυνιέν*; also (as if from *συνίω*) *impf.* 3 *pl.* *ξύνιον*; *aor. 1* *ξυνέμεκα*: *aor. 2*

imperat. ξύνεσ; aor. 2 med. 3 sing. ξύνετο, 3 pl. subj. συνάμεθα:—to send, bring or set together, Lat. *committere*.

II. metaph. to perceive, bear: to take notice of, observe, understand, know.

III. Med.: to come to an understanding about a thing.

συνίμεν, Ep. for συνίεμαι, inf. of σύνειμι (εἰμι ἰδο). [Ὶ]

συνιούσι, 3 pl. pres. of συνίημι, as if from συνίεω.

συν-ἰππαρχος, ὁ, a joint commander of horse.

συν-ἰππεύς, ἑως, ὁ, a fellow-rider or horseman, a fellow-knight.

σύνισάω, Ep. 3 pl. impf. of σύνειμι (εἰμι ἰδο), they went together.

II. Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. of σύνιδα, they shared in the knowledge.

συνιόσῃσι, 3 pl. of σύνιδα.

σύνισθι, imperat. of σύνιδα.

σύνισμεν, I pl. of σύνιδα.

συν-ἰστήμι, impf. συνίστην: f. συστήσω: aor. I συνέστησα:—to place or set together, to combine, unite: to associate, band together; also to annex, attach to.

2. to put together, organise, compose, create, frame: hence to arrange, contrive, concert together.

3. to bring together as friends, introduce, recommend: to advise one to do.

4. to produce, exhibit, represent to one.

5. to make firm or solid, barden.

II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. συνέστην; pf. συνέστηκα, part. συνεστηκός contr. συνηστώς, ὦσα, ὤσ, Ion. συνηστώς, ἑώρα, ἑώς:—to stand together, stand in close order: also to stand one's ground.

2. to meet or come together: in hostile sense, to join battle, to engage, encounter, and of the battle, to be joined, to begin: absol., συνεστηκῶτων τῶν στρατηγῶν when the generals were in dispute.

3. of friends, to form a league or association, to club, league together; τὸ ξυνιστάμενον or τὸ συνηστώκός, a conspiracy: then generally, to be connected or allied.

4. to be engaged, involved, implicated in a thing.

5. to be put together, to be composed, framed: to hold together, endure, continue.

6. to be contracted, condensed: to be gloomy, sullen.

συν-ἰστωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, knowing also or along with, conscious of a thing; θεοὶ συνιστορες the gods are witnesses.

συν-ισχνάλω, to help dry up: metaph. to join with in diminishing or reducing.

συν-ισχυρίζω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, to help to strengthen.

συνίω, Ion. for συνίεσι, pres. part. of συνίημι.

συν-ἰνάω, to dwell along with or together.

συν-ἰνάσσω, f. ἰνω, to pack tight together.

συν-ἰναυβάτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate. [ἄ]

συν-ἰναυκλῆρος, ου, a joint owner of a vessel.

συν-ἰναυμάχῳ, to engage in a sea-fight along with.

συν-ἰναυστολέω, f. ἰνω, to be shipmate with another.

συν-ἰναύτης, ου, ὁ, a shipmate.

συν-ἰνεῖω, f. ἰνω, to spend one's youth or be young with.

συννεῖσθαι, 3 pl. pf. pass. of συννέω.

συν-ἰνεῖω, f. ἰνω, to bend together: also,

2. intr. to incline to the same point, converge.

II. to assent to or approve by a nod, consent.

συν-νέφελος, ου, (σύν, νεφέλη) cloudy, overcast.

συννεφέω, f. ἰνω, to collect clouds.

II. intr. to be clouded over: impers. συννεφεῖ, it is cloudy.

III. metaph. to be under a cloud, in adversity. From

συν-νέφης, ἑς, (σύν, νέφος) overcast with clouds, clouded.

συν-νέω, f. -νήσω: pf. pass. συννένημαι, Ion. 3 pl. συννεῖσθαι:—to pile or heap together, heap up.

συν-νέω, f. -νεύσομαι, to swim together.

συν-νήχομαι, f. -ξομαι, Dep. to swim together with.

συν-νικάω, f. ἰνω, to have part in a victory with.

II. transit. to help in conquering.

συν-νόω, f. ἰνω, to think upon together, to think over, meditate or reflect on: also in Med. Hence

σύννοια Ion. -οίη, ἡ, meditation, thought: anxious thought, trouble.

2. consciousness.

συν-νομιοθεῖω, f. ἰνω, to be a joint-lawgiver.

σύν-νομος, ου, (σύν, νέμος) feeding or herding together, consorting:—metaph. consorting with.

2. partaking or sharing in a thing: hence,

3. as Subst., σύννομος, ὁ, ἡ, one who lives with, a consort; of birds, a mate; generally, a partner, fellow, companion, congener.

σύν-νοος, ου Att. contr. -νοος, ου, thinking deeply, thoughtful, anxious.

συν-νοσέω, f. ἰνω, to be ill together or along with.

σύν-νοος, ου, contr. for σύννοος.

συν-νυμφοκόμος, ου, helping to deck a bride.

συν-οδεύω, f. ἰνω, to journey along with. Hence

συνοδία, ἡ, a journey in company.

II. a party of travellers, a caravan.

συν-οδίτης, ου, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

συνοδοπιπέω, f. ἰνω, to travel together. And

συνοδοπορία, ἡ, a travelling together. From

συν-οδοιπόρος, ὁ, a fellow-traveller.

σύν-οδος, ὁ, ἡ, = συνοδοιπόρος.

σύν-οδος, ἡ, a coming together, assembly, meeting; also an association.

2. in hostile sense, a meeting of two armies, engagement, Lat. *concursum*.

3. of things, a coming together; χρημάτων σύνοδοι a coming in of money, income, like πρόσσοι.

4. a meeting, joining, junction.

σύν-οιδα, pf., with pres. sense, of *συνείδω, q. v.

συν-οικεῖω, f. ἰνω, to bind one to another by ties of friendship.

συν-οικέω, f. ἰνω: pf. -ἔκηκα:—to dwell or live together: of the scattered inhabitants of a country,

to dwell together, form a community: of persons, to live together as man and wife: absol. to marry, wed:

metaph. to be wedded or yoked to misery.

II. to make to dwell in together: in Pass., of a country,

to be thickly peopled. Hence

συνοικίωμα, atos, τό, that with which one lives; σ.

ἀχρητίωτατος a most unpleasant house-mate.

συνοίκησις, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a dwelling or living together: wedded life, marriage.

συνοικίτωρ, opos, ὁ, ἡ, (συνοικέω) one that lives with.

συνοικία Att. ἔσυνοικία, ἡ, (συνοικέω) a living to-

gether. 2. a body of people living together, a community.

II. a place where people live together: a house in which several families live, a house divided into chambers or flats, opp. to οἰκία, as Lat. *insula to domus* (a house occupied by one family). 2. a room built on to a house, an out-house.

συνοικία (sub. ἱερά), τὰ, (συνοικίω) an annual feast at Athens to commemorate *Theseus uniting all the towns of Attica under the government of Athens, celebrated on the 17th of Boëdromion.*

συν-οικίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to make to live with: to give in marriage. 2. to make to live together, to join in one city; ξηνοικίσασι τὴν Δέσβον ἐς τὴν Μυτιλήνην to concentrate all the people of Lesbos at Mytilenê. II. to join in peopling or colonising a country. Hence

συνοικίσις, ἡ, a making to live together, joining under one city as a capital.

συνοικιστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (συνοικίζω) one who joins in peopling, a fellow-colonist.

συν-οικοδομέω, f. ἴσω, to build with or together:—Pass. to be built up with other materials.

σύν-οικος, ον, (σύν, οἰκέω) living with or together, inhabiting jointly: as Subst. a joint inhabitant, a denizen:—metaph., ξήνοικος ἀλλαγῆ βίον associated with change of life.

συν-οικουρός, ὄν, keeping house together: metaph., συνοικουρός κακῶν a partner in mischief.

συν-οικτιζῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to pity along with or together.

συνοίσις, fut. of συμφέρω, med. συνοίσομαι.

συν-ολιθάω, to slip and fall together with.

συν-όλλυμι: f. —ολέω Att. —ολῶ: to destroy along with or together:—Med., with pf. 2 —όλωλα, to perish along with or together.

συν-ολολύζω, f. ζω, to raise a loud cry together, properly of women, and usually to raise a shout of joy.

σύν-ολος, ον, also η, ον, all together: τὸ σύνολον the whole together. Hence

συνόλωσ, Adv. on the whole, at once.

συν-ομαίμων, ον, gen. ονος, (σύν, ὄμαιμος) of the same blood, kindred: as Subst., συνομαίμων, ὁ, ἡ, a brother, sister.

συν-ομάλιξ, Dor. for συν-ομήλιξ.

συν-ομαρτέω, f. ἴσω, to follow along with, attend upon.

συν-ομήλιξ Dor. —ομάλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, a friend of the same age, a fellow, comrade.

συν-ομιλέω, f. ἴσω, to converse or associate with.

συν-ὀμνῆμι or —ῶ: f. —ομῶσα: aor. I —ῶμσα:—to swear along with or together, to join in a league or confederacy, to form league or conspiracy. II.

to swear to one, promise by oath; συνομῶσαι θανάτον τι to join in swearing death against a man.

συν-ομολογέω, f. ἴσω, to say the same thing with, agree with: to agree mutually. II. to agree to do, promise, make a covenant with.

συν-ομορέω, f. ἴσω, (σύν, ὄμορος) to border or abut on.

συν-οπαδός, ὄν, following along with, attending on.

σύν-οπλος, ον, (σύν, ὄπλον) armed together, allied.

συν-οράω, f. συνόρωμαι (as if from συνόπτομαι): aor. 2 συνέιδον, inf. συνιδέναι (as if from συν-εἶδω):—to see together or at the same time. II. to see all at once, take in all at a glance: to take a view of a thing.

συν-οργίζομαι, fut. med. —ίσομαι: aor. I pass. συν-ωργίσθη: Dep.:—to be angry along with or together.

σύν-ορθρος, ον, dawning together with.

συν-ορίνω [ῖ], to stir up together or violently:—Pass. to be moved or urged on together.

σύν-ορκος, ον, (σύν, ὄρκος) bound by oath.

συν-ορμάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (σύν, ὄρμη) clashing together.

συνόρμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. of συνόρνω.

συν-ορμίζω, f. ἴσω, to bring to anchor together.

συν-ὄρνυμι, = συνορίνω: Ep. aor. 2 pass. part. συν-ὄρμενος, having started or set forth together.

σύν-ορος Ion. σύνορος, ον, bordering on; κόνης πηλοῦ κάσις ξήνουπος dust twin-brother of mud.

συν-οροφῶ, f. ὦσα, (σύν, ὄροφή) to roof all over, cover completely.

σύν-ουρος, ον, Ion. for σύνορος.

συν-ουσία Ion. —ίη, ἡ, (from σύνων, συνοῦσα, part. of σύνειμι) a being with or together: a living together, social intercourse, association, society. II.

a society, meeting of friends, party.

συνουσιαστής, οὔ, ὁ, (συνουσία) one who lives with, a companion: a disciple. Hence

συνουσιαστικός, ἡ, ὄν, suited for society, sociable.

συν-οφρῦομαι, f. med. ὠσομαι: pf. pass. —οφρῦωμα: Dep.: (σύν, ὄφρῦς):—to knit the brow, frown.

συν-οχή Att. ξηνοχή, ἡ, (συνέχω) a holding or being held together, a meeting, joining. 2. metaph. straitness, distress, anguish. Hence

συνοχηδόν, Adv. holding together.

συν-οχμός, ὁ, Ep. συνεοχμός, = συνοχή, junction.

σύνοχος, ον, (συνέχω) held together: metaph. agreeing with, suiting.

συνόχωκα, for συνόκωχα, Ep. intr. pf. of συνέχω, to be held together, come together; ἄνω ἐπὶ στήθος συνοχώκτε shoulders contracted over the chest.

συνόψομαι, fut. of συνοράω.

σύνταγμα, ατος, τό, (συντάσσω) that which is put together in order: a body of troops drawn up in order, a squadron, corps, contingent. 2. the constitution of a state.

συντάκῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of συντήκω.

συντακτέον, verb. Adj. of συντάσσω, one must arrange.

συν-τάλαιπωρέω, f. ἴσω, to endure hardships together, to share in misery.

συν-τάμνω, Ion. for συντέμνω.

συν-τάνω, = συντέλω, to bring together into one.

σύνταξις, εως, ἡ, (συντάσσω) a putting together in order: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, a complete array: hence 2. order, arrangement: organisation, system. 3. a body of troops. 4. in Gramm.

the combination of words and sentences, syntax. II. a covenant, contract. 2. a contribution, quota. 3. = σύνταγμα, a contingent of soldiers. 4. a settled rate of remuneration.

συν-πάρσσω Att. -πτω : f. ζω : aor. I -ετάραια : Pass., aor. I -εταράχθην : pf. -τετάραγμαι : —to throw into utter confusion, to disturb, Lat. conturbare : to trouble, confound, perplex, disquiet : —Pass. to be thrown into utter confusion : to be much disturbed, troubled, disquieted, vexed.

συν-τάσσω Att. -ττω : f. ζω : aor. I -έταξα : Pass., aor. I -ετάχθην : pf. -τέταγμαι : —to put together in order, to draw up in order of battle, put in array : also to draw up or bring into line along with others. 2. to arrange, organise, Lat. constituere : to regulate, ordain : to command. II. Pass. to be drawn up in order of battle. 2. to be joined to, drawn up with. 3. metaph. to be collected or firm. 4. to be assessed for taxation. III.

Med. to put themselves in order of battle, form in line. 2. to arrange for oneself. 3. to agree together, bargain. 4. to take leave of, bid farewell.

συν-τᾶχύνω [ῥ], to help to urge on, hurry. II. intr. to hasten, hasten to an end.

συνθεραμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρέφω.

συν-τείνω, pf. -τέτακα, pass. -τέταμαι : —to stretch together, strain, draw tight : metaph. to exert, strain : Pass. to exert oneself, use all one's endeavours. II. intr. to exert oneself, strive, Lat. contendere. 2. to direct one's powers to one object, tend towards, Lat. tendere ad.

συν-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, to help to build a fortification.

συν-τεκμαίρομαι, aor. I -ετεκμηράμην : Dep. to conjecture, guess, calculate.

συν-τεκνοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to breed children with another.

συν-τεκνώνω, f. ὦσω, to help in breeding : also to breed.

συν-τελέθω, = συντελέω intr., to belong to.

συντέλεια, ἡ, (συντελής) a joint payment, a contribution to the public burdens, subscription. II. at Athens, a party of 5, 6, 10, or more citizens, who equipped a ship at their joint expense, and were called συντελείς. III. an union or partnership formed for bearing public burdens, a club or company. IV. an accomplishment, completion, end, consummation.

συν-τελέω, f. ἔσω : pf. pass. συντετέλεσμαι : —to bring to an end together, bring quite to an end, complete, finish off. II. to pay joint taxes, contribute equally ; συντελεῖν εἰς τὸν πόλεμον to pay all alike towards the war. 2. συντελεῖν εἰς τοὺς ἵππους to be rated or assessed as belonging to the knights ; hence to belong to or be counted in a class or body : esp. of a number of small states tributary or confederate with a larger.

συν-τελής, ἔς, (σύν, τέλος) paying joint taxes, contributing one's share ; συντελής πόλις the city which

had to pay its share of the penalty. 2. belonging to the same συντέλεια or company. 3. tributary to another's state.

συν-τέμνω Ion. -τάμνω : fut. -τεμῶ : aor. 2 -έτεμον : —to cut in pieces, to chop up. II. to cut down, cut short, Lat. concidere : metaph. to cut short, abridge, curtail. III. intr. (sub. δδόν), to make a short cut : (sub. λόγον), to cut the matter short, speak briefly, concisely : τοῦ χρόνου συντάμωντος as the time became short.

συν-τερεῖζω, to whistle an accompaniment. συν-τέρω, on gen. ovos, (σύν, τέρμα) bordering on. συντεταγμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντάσσω, in an orderly manner, in set terms.

συντεταμένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of συντείνω, earnestly, eagerly, vigorously.

συντετάραγμαι, pf. pass. of συνπάρσσω.

συντετέλεσμαι, pf. pass. of συντελέω.

συντέτηκα, pf. with intrans. sense of συντήκα.

συν-τετραίνω : f. -τρήσω : aor. I -έτρησα : pf. pass. -τέτρημαι : —to bore through so as to meet, to perforate : —Pass. to be connected by openings or channels.

II. metaph., συντετραίνειν μύθον δι' ὠτων to let words pierce through the ears, sink deeply.

συντετριμμένος, pf. pass. part. of συντρίβω.

συντετριφάω, pf. pass. inf. of συντρίβω.

συν-τεχνος, ὁ, ἡ, (σύν, τέχνη) practising the same art : as Subst., σύντεχνος, ὁ, a fellow-workman.

συν-τήκω, f. ζω : aor. I -έτηξα : —to melt together, melt or fuse into one mass. II. to melt down, dissolve by melting, make to waste away. 2. Pass. συντήκομαι, aor. I συντέτήχθην : aor. 2 συνετάκην [ᾶ] : with pf. act. intrans. συντέτηκα : —to melt away, dissolve, disappear.

συν-τηρέω, f. ἴσω, to watch closely ; to preserve, keep safe : keep in mind. 2. to watch one's opportunity.

συν-τίθημι, f. -θήσω : —to place or put together, to add together. 2. to put together so as to form a whole, frame, construct : to compose. 3. to compose a book. 4. to contrive, devise. 5. to put together in one, unite, comprehend. II. Med.

συντίθεμαι : aor. I συνθεθήκαμην : aor. 2 συνθέμην : —to put together for oneself, perceive, observe, take heed to ; σὺ δὲ σύνθεο do thou take heed. 2. to set in order, organise. 3. to agree on, conclude : to covenant or contract to do a thing.

συν-τιμᾶω, f. ἴσω, to value together : —Med. to fix an estimate : —Pass. to increase in value, rise in price.

συν-τινάσσω, f. ζω, to shake together, shake to the foundations, shake violently, Lat. concutere : to confuse, confound.

συν-τιρώσσω, f. -τρώσω, to wound in many places. *συν-τλάω, aor. 2 συνέτλην, to venture together.

σύντομος, ον, (συντεμείν) cut off, cut short : metaph. abridged, shortened, esp. of a road, σύντομος ὁδός a short cut ; συντομώτατον or τὰ συντομώτατα, by the shortest cut. 2. concise, brief, short. Hence

συντόμως, Adv. *concisely, shortly*: Comp. -ώτερον and -ώτερος: Sup. -ώτατα and -ωτάτως.

σύντονος, *ov*, (συντρέινω) *on the stretch, strained tight*.

2. metaph. *intense, excessive*: of persons, earnest, serious, vehemence: neut. pl. σύντρονα as Adv. earnestly, vehemently.

II. (σύν, τόνος) *in harmony or unison with*.

συν-τραγῳδῶ, *f. ἴσω, to act tragedy together*.

συν-τράπεζος, *ov*, (σύν, τράπεζα) *eating at the same table*: as Subst., συντράπεζος, *δ, ἡ, a messmate*.

σύν-τρεις, *οἱ, αἱ, σύν-τρια, τά, (σύν, τρεῖς) three together, three and three*.

συν-τρέφω, *f. -θρέψω, to feed besides, help to feed*: —Pass. *to grow up together, live together*.

II. of liquids, *to congeal*: —Pass. *to be congealed, freeze*.

συν-τρέχω, *f. -θρέξομαι, or more commonly -δρά-μοῦμαι*: aor. 2 -έδραμον:—*to run together, gather together*: *to commingle*.

2. of enemies, *to rub together, meet in battle, encounter*, Lat. concurrere.

3. as friends, *to come together, agree*: generally, *to concur, coincide*.

4. *to meet with*.

5. *to run or sbrivel up*.

συντρήσαι, aor. I inf. of συντρεπῶ.

συν-τριανῶ, *f. ὡσα, (σύν, τρίανα) to overthrow with a trident*: generally, *to overwhelm in ruin*.

συντριβήσομαι, fut. pass. of συντρίβω.

συν-τρίβω [τ]: *f. ψω*: aor. I -έτριβα: Pass., aor. 2

-έτριβην [τ]: pf. -τέτριμμα:—*to rub together*.

II. *to crush, grind down, shiver to atoms*, Lat. conterere; συντρίβειν τὰς ναῦς *to stave the ships in*: Pass., συντριβήρα *τῆς κεφαλῆς to have one's head broken*.

III. metaph. in Pass. *to run against, clash with*.

συντρηραρχέω, *f. ἴσω, to be a συντρηραρχος*. From συντρηραρχος, *δ, a partner in fitting out a trireme*.

σύντριμμα, *ατος, τό, (συντρίβω) a fracture, destruction*.

II. *a stumbling-block, offence*.

σύντριψ, ἴβος, *δ, ἡ, (συντρίβω) shattering, smashing*: of a lubber-fiend that breaks the pots in the kitchen.

συντροφία, *ἡ, a being reared together*: a brood. From

σύντροφος, *ov*, (συντρέφω) *brought up together with*: of the same origin as.

2. generally, *living with*: familiar, ordinary, common: of animals, brought up together.

3. natural, usual, common.

II. act., σύντροφος *(ωῆς) helping to preserve life*.

συν-τροχάξω, = συντρέχω.

συν-τυγχάνω, fut. -τεύξομαι: aor. 2 -έτῃχον:—*to meet with, fall in with*: to converse, speak with: *δ συντυχῶν, like δ τυχῶν, the first that meets one, any one*: τὸ συντυχῶν *the first thing that comes to hand, anything common or mean*.

II. of accidents, *to happen to, befall*: absol. *to happen, fall out, chance*; εὖ ξυντυχόντων *if things should go well*: impers., συνετύχανε, συνέτυχε *it happened that . . .*

συν-τυμβωρῆξέω, *f. ἴσω, to help in robbing graves*.

συν-τύραννοκτονέω, *f. ἴσω, to join in slaying tyrants*.

συν-τύρῳ, *f. ὡσα, (σύν, τυρός) to make into cheese together, hence to concoct*, Lat. concoquere.

συντύχειν, aor. 2 inf. of συγγυχνῶ.

συντύχη (α Ion. -λή, ἡ, (συντυχεῖν) *an occurrence, incident*: a conjuncture, happy chance, happy event: also a mischance, accident.

συν-υποκρίνομαι, Dep. *to play a part along with*: to help in maintaining a character.

συν-υποτίθημι, *f. -θήσω, to help in putting under*: Med. *to help in composing*.

συν-υπουργέω, *f. ἴσω, to join in serving or assisting*.

συν-ὑφαίνω, aor. I -ὑφήνα [ῥ]: aor. I pass. -ὑφάνθην:—*to weave together*: metaph. *to combine as in one web, frame cunningly*.

συν-ωδίνω [τ], *to be in travail together*: to share in any agony.

συν-ωδός, *όν, (σύν, ᾠδή) singing or sounding in unison*: echoing or responsive to: metaph. *according with, in unison with*.

συνώκησα, aor. I of συνουέω.

συνώμεθα, I pl. aor. 2 med. subj. of συνήμμι.

συναμοσία, ἡ, (συνόμνυμι) *a being leagued by oath, a conspiracy*: confederacy.

συνωμότης, *ov, ὁ, (συνόμνυμι) one who is leagued by oath, a fellow-conspirator, confederate*.

συνωμότος, *ov*, (συνόμνυμι) *leagued or banded by oath*: confederate.

συν-ωνέομαι, *f. ἴσομαι*: pf. pass. -έωνημαι: Dep.: —*to buy together*: to collect by offering pay, take into one's pay.

II. *to buy up, Lat. coemere*: pf. also in pass. sense, *δ συνεωνημένος σίτος corn bought up*.

συν-ώνυμος, *ov*, (σύν, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) *of like name or meaning*.

συναριστής, *οὔ, ὁ, (συναρίς) one who drives a pair-horsed chariot*.

συναρίζω, *f. σω, (συναρίς) to yoke together*: —Med. *to link with oneself*.

συναρῖκέομαι, Dep. *to drive a συναρίς*. From συναρίς, *ιδος, ἡ, (συνάριος) a pair of horses or mules, a two-horse chariot*.

II. generally, *a pair or couple of anything, Lat. biga*.

III. *that which binds together, a pair of fetters*.

συν-ωφελέω, *f. ἴσω, to join in helping*: absol. *to be of use, assist together*: —Pass. *to derive profit together*.

συνωφρωμένους, pf. part. of συνοφρῶομαι.

συν-ωχάδων, Adv. (συνέχω) *of Time, perpetually, continually*: continuously.

σῦο-κτᾶσία, ἡ, (σῦς, κτείνω) *a slaying of swine*.

σῦο-φόντης, *ov, ὁ, (σῦς, *φένω) a slayer of swine*.

συο-φόντις, *ιδος, ἡ, fem. of σφοφάντης*.

Σύρα, ἡ, fem. of Σύρος, *a Syrian woman*.

Συράκουσαι [ᾶ], *αἱ, Ion. Συρηκουσαι Dor. Συράκουσαι, Syracuse*. Hence

Συράκουσιος, *α, ov*, Ion. Συρηκ-, Dor. and Att. Συρᾶκούσιος, *Syracusan*.

σῦρ-γαστρος, *δ, (σῦρομαι, γαστήρ) trailing the belly, of a worm or snake*.

σύρδην, Adv. (σύρω) *rushing furiously*. 2. in a long line.

Σύρια, ἡ, (Σύρος) *the land of the Syrians, Syria*.
 σύριγμα, ατος, τό, (σίριπτω) *the sound of a pipe, a piping or whistling sound*.

σύριγγός, ὁ, (σίριπτω) *the sounding of a pipe, a piping, whistling*.

σύριγξ, ἰργος, ἡ, *a shepherd's pipe, Pan's-pipe*. II. anything in shape like a pipe, as, 1. a spear-case.

2. the box or hole in the nave of a wheel. 3. metaph. of the nostrils or wind-pipe. From

ΣΥΡΙΨΩ Att. σίριπτω Dor. σιρίσσω: fut. -ίξω Att. -ίξομαι: aor. I ἐσίριξα later ἐσύρισα, inf. σιρίσαι —to play on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ).

II. to make a piping, whistling sound: hence to hiss an actor, Lat. *explodere*.

Συρία-γενής, ἐς, (Συρία, γένος) *Syrian-born*.

συριακός, α, ὁ, Dor. for *συριστής*, οὔ.

Σύριος, α, ον, (Σύρος) *Syrian*.

σύρισσος, σύρισδες, Dor. for *σιρίξω*, *σιρίξεις*.

σύρισμα, ατος, τό, = *σύριγμα*.

συριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = *συριστής*.

σύριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σιρίξω) *a player on the Pan's pipe (σύριγξ), a piper*.

Σύριστι, Adv. (Σύρος) *in the Syrian language*.

σύριπτω, f. ἴξω, = *σιρίξω*, q. v.

σύριμα, ατος, τό, (σύρω) *anything which is drawn or trailed along: a robe with a long train*.

συρμαία Ion. -αίη, ἡ, (συρμός) *an emetic or purgative draught*, used by the Egyptians, chiefly consisting of the juice of the radish and salt-water, whence the radish itself is called *συρμαίη*. Hence

συρμαΐω, f. σω, *to take an emetic or purge*.

συρμάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, rubbish*.

συρμός, ὁ, (σύρω) *any sweeping or trailing motion*, Lat. *tractus*, the track of meteors, etc. II. that which is dragged along, a trail. III. a vomiting, purging.

συρούσα, Dor. for *σύρουσα*, part. fem. of *σύρω*.

Σύρος, ὁ, Syros, one of the Cyclades: also called Σύρα, ἡ, and in the Odyssey Συρίη.

Σύρος, ὁ, a Syrian. [ῥ]

Συρο-φοίνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, (Σύρος, Φοινίκη) *a Syroboe-nician: fem. Σύροφοίνισσα, a Syroboe-nician woman*.

συρ-ράπτω, f. ψω, *to sew or stitch together, sew up*.

συρ-ράσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, = *συρρήγνυμι* in intr. sense, *to dash together, clash together, fight with*, Lat. *confligere*.

συρ-ρέξω, f. ξω, *to sacrifice together*.

συρ-ρέω, f. -ρεύσομαι: pf. -εργήκα: aor. 2 in pass. form -εργήην: —to flow together or in one stream: metaph. of men, to flow or stream in together.

συρ-ρήγνυμι or -ῶω: f. -ρήξω: aor. I *συνέρρηξα*: Pass. aor. 2 *συνεργήην* [ῥ]: pf. *συνέρρηγμα*, but also pf. 2 intr. *συνέρρωγα*: —to break to pieces: *συρ-ρήξαι εἰς ἐν* *to break up and make into one*: metaph. in Pass. *to be broken down by sufferings*. II. Pass.

and intr. in Act. (esp. in pf. 2 *συνέρρωγα*): *to break or fall to pieces, to be broken up and run together*: of rivers, *to run into one another*: of war, *to break out*.
 συρ-ρίζομαι, Pass. (σύν, ριζώω) *to have the root, united: to take root together with*.

Σύρτις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σύρω) *a sand-bank in the sea: of the sand-banks on the coast of Africa, of which there were two, the Syrtis Major and Minor*.

σύρφαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (σύρω) = *συρφετός*. II. as Adj. *swept together like refuse, vulgar, promiscuous*.

συρφετός, ὁ, (σύρω) *anything swept together, refuse, litter, rubbish*, Lat. *quisquiliae*. II. metaph. *a mixed crowd, mob, rabble*.

ΣΥΨΩ [ῥ]: f. σῦρῶ: aor. I ἐσῦρα: pf. *σέσυρκα*: Pass., aor. 2 ἐσῦρην [ῥ]: pf. *σέσυρμαι*: —to draw, drag, trail along: *to drag by force, force away, hale: generally, to sweep away*.

ΣΥΨΩ, ὁ and ἦν, gen. σῦος, acc. σῦν: nom. pl. σῦες, acc. σῦας contr. σῦς, dat. σῦσί Ep. σῦεσσι: —Lat. *SUS*, = *ūs*, a *swine, pig*, whether *hog or boar, or sow; σῦς κάπριος* a wild boar.

συ-σκεδάδάννυμι, f. -σκηδάσω, *to toss all about*.

συ-σκευάζω, f. ἄσω, *to put baggage or furniture together, to pack up: generally, to make ready, prepare, to contrive, concert*. II. Med. *to pack up one's own baggage, and generally to pack up*: part. pf. pass. *συνεσκευασμένος* or *συνενασάμενος* *all packed up, in marching order*. 2. *to prepare, make ready, provide*. 3. *to contrive, concert*. 4. generally, *to bring together, scrape together for one's own use: to band together*. Hence

συσκευασία, ἡ, *a packing up, getting ready, for a journey or march*.

συ-σκευοφόρεω, f. ἦσω, *to carry baggage together*.

συ-σκευορέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. *to contrive, devise, concert*.

συ-σκηνώ, f. ἦσω, *to live in the same tent or house with another, to lodge together: to mess with any one*. Hence

συσκηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, *one who lives in the same tent, a messmate*, Lat. *contubernalis*.

συσκηνητήρια, ἡ, fem. of *συσκηνητήρ*.

συσκηνία, ἡ, (σῦσκηνος) *a dwelling in one tent: of soldiers, a messing together*.

συσκήμιον, τό, *a common meal*, of the Lacedaemonians. From

σῦ-σκηνος, ον, (σύν, σκηνή) *living in one tent*: as Subst., *σῦσκηνος*, ὁ, *a messmate, comrade*, Lat. *contubernalis*. Hence

συ-σκηνώω, f. ἄσω, = *συσκηνώ*.

συ-σκέδω, f. ἄσω, *to throw a shade quite over, to cover entirely*.

σῦ-σκιος, ον, (σύν, σκιά) *shaded over, shaded*.

σῦ-σκοπέω, *to contemplate along with or together*.

συ-σκοτάζω, f. ἄσω, *to grow or become dark: impers., σκοτατάει* *it grows dark*.

συ-σκυθρωπάζω, f. σῶω, *to look sad or gloomy together*.

συ-σπάρσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to rend in pieces.
συ-σπάω, f. άσω [ά], to draw or squeeze together : of skins, to sew together.
συ-σπειράομαι, Pass. (σύν, σπέτρα) to be coiled up together : of soldiers, to be formed in close order : to march in close order.
συ-σπείρω, to sow or sprinkle together.
συ-σπένδω, f. -σπέω, to join in making a libation :—Med. to join in making a peace, treaty, etc.
συ-σπείδω, f. σω, to join in hastening or promoting, to lend a helping hand.
συ-σπλαγχνεύω, f. σω, (σύν, σπλάγχνα) to help to the flesh of the victim at a sacrifice.
σύ-σπονδος, ον, (σύν, σπονδή) making a libation with : joining in the same treaty.
συ-σπουδάζω, f. άσω, to make haste along with or together, to be in earnest about a thing. II. trans. to pursue or manage zealously together.
συ-σσειώ, f. σω, to shake together : to make to quiver or tremble.
συ-σσημαίνομαι, Dep. (σύν, σημαίνω) to join in sealing and signing.
σύ-σσημος, ον, (σύν, σήμα) marked in common : as Subst., σύσσημον, τό, a fixed sign or signal.
συ-σσιτέω, f. ήσω, (σύσσιτος) to eat or mess with : to eat or mess together. Hence
συ-σσίτησις, εας, ή, = συ-σσιτία : and
συ-σσιτία, ή, a messing together or in common. II. a club or mess.
συ-σσίτιον, τό, (συ-σσιτέω) : I. in pl. a common meal, esp. at Sparta where all dined together according to the institution of Lycurgus. II. a dining-room, ball.
σύ-σσιτος, ον, (σύν, σιτέω) eating together with or in common : as Subst., σύσσιτος, ό, a messmate.
συ-σώζω, f. σω, to help to save or deliver.
σύ-σσωμος, ον, (σύν, σώμα) united in one body.
συ-σσωφρονέω, f. ήσω, to be a partner in temperance.
συ-στυδών, Adv. (συνίσταμαι) standing close together : of fighting, at close quarters, Lat. *cominus*.
συ-στυθεΐς, aor. I pass. part. of συνίστημι.
συ-στυλαΐς, aor. 2 pass. part. of συστέλλω.
συ-στυδασιάω, f. άσω, to join in sedition, be factious with. Hence
συ-στυδασιαστής, ου, ό, one who takes part in a sedition, a fellow-rioter.
σύ-στυδαις, ή, (συνίσταμαι) a standing together, meeting : in hostile sense, close combat, conflict, battle : σύστασις γνώμης a conflict of mind. 2. an union, association, club. 3. metaph. sternness, harshness, rigour.
συ-στυδωστής, ου, ό, (σύν, στασιώτης) a member of the same party, a partisan.
συ-στυπτικός, ή, όν, (συνίστημι) of or for bringing together, introductory, commendatory ; ή συ-στυπτική έπιστολή a letter of introduction.
συ-σταυρώω, f. ώσω, to crucify along with.

συ-στυγάζω, f. άσω, to cover together or entirely.
συ-στέλλω, f. -στέλω : aor. I—έστελα : pf. act.—έσταλα, pass.—έσταλαμι :—to draw together, draw in : hence to shorten sail. 2. to draw in, contract, compress, condense :—Pass. to be contracted, get smaller ; συ-στέλλεσθαι εις εύτελειαν to be drawn in towards economy, i. e. to retrench : so also in pf. pass. part. *συνεσταλμένος*, drawn in, brought into narrow compass, moderate. 3. metaph. to lower, bumble, abase :—Pass. to be lowered or cast down. II. to wrap closely up, shroud, veil :—Med., συ-στέλλεσθαι θοΐμάτιον to wrap one's cloak close round one ; συ-στέλλεσθαι έαντών to gird up one's loins ; so aor. 2 pass. part. *συσταλεις ready for action*. III. in Gramm. to use a syllable short.
συ-στυνάζω, f. ξω, to sigh or groan with.
συ-στυεφανώω, f. ώσω, to crown along with or together.
σύστημα, ατος, τό, (συνίστημι) that which is put together, a composite whole : a composition : a college, assembly.
συ-στοιχέω, f. ήσω, (σύν, στοιχος) to stand in the same row or line with : to be coördinate or in conformity with, to correspond to.
συ-στολιζέω, f. ίσω, = συ-στέλλω, to put together, fabricate. II. to unite.
συ-στρατεΐα, ή, a common campaign or expedition. From
συ-στρατεύω, f. -εύσω ; also as Dep. *συ-στρατεύομαι*, f. -εύσομαι :—to make a campaign, serve along with or together, to join or share in an expedition.
συ-στρατήγιώ, f. ήσω, to be the fellow-general of. From
συ-στράτηγος, a fellow-general, joint commander.
συ-στρατώντης, ου, ό, a fellow-soldier.
συ-στρατοπεδεύομαι, Dep. to encamp along with.
συ-στρέφω, f. ψω : Pass., aor. 2 *συνεστράφην* [ά] : pf. *συνέστραμμαi* :—to twist or coil up together, roll into a mass, Lat. *conglobare* ; generally, to collect in one, combine : of soldiers, to rally, form into a solid body ; *συστρέφειν έαυτών* to rally or collect oneself :—Pass. to be united in one body, combine : to club together, conspire. 2. of sentences, to compress, condense, make terse or concise ; *συνεστραμμένη λέξις* is a rounded, periodic style. II. to twist or whirl round, whirl away, carry off. III. to turn all together, to make wheel round. Hence
συ-στροφή, ή, a rolling up together, winding into a ball. II. any dense or compact mass : a body of men, a crowd, Lat. *globus* : a coming together, gathering.
συ-σφάζω, f. ξω : aor. 2 pass. *συνεσφάγην* [ά], inf. *συσφαγήναι* :—to slay along with or together.
συ-σφιγγω, f. γξω, to lace or bind close together.
συ-σχηματίζω, f. σω, to conform one thing to another :—Pass. to be conformed to another's example.
συ-σχολάζω, f. σω, to pass one's leisure with or together.

ούτο [ϋ], Ep. for ἔσσυτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. (with aor. sense) of σεύω.

σϋφειός, ὁ, lengthd. form for συφεός.

σϋφεός, ὁ, (σϋς) a hog-sty; συφεόνδε = εἰς or πρὸς συφεόν, to the sty.

σϋ-φορβιον, τό, (σϋς, φέρβω) a herd of swine.

σϋ-φορβός, ὁ, (σϋς, φέρβω) = ἔφορβός, a swine-herd.

σϋφος, α, ον, Aeol. for σοφός.

ΣΥΧΝΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, of Time, long; with plur. nouns, many together. 2. of Number and Quantity, many, much, frequent, great: with singular nouns, much, numerous, frequent.

3. the dat. συχνῶ is often joined with a Comp. Adj., like πολλῶ, as, συχνῶ βελτίων far better. 4. neut. συχνόν and συχνά as Adv. often, much.

σφάγιον, τό, (σφαγήναι) a bowl for catching the blood of the victim in sacrifices. II. like σφάγιον, the victim itself.

σφάγεις, aor. 2 pass. part. of σφάζω.

σφάγεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (σφάζω) a slayer, butcher: a murderer: ὁ σφαγεύς ἔστηκε the slayer is set, of the sword on which Ajax is about to throw himself: a sacrificial knife.

σφάγη, ἡ, (σφαγήναι) slaughter, butchery, sacrifice: the victim itself: σφαγαί πρὸς the sacrificial fire. 2. a wound. II. the throat, Lat. jugulum, mostly in plur.

σφαγίζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. (σφάγιον) to slay a victim, to sacrifice. II. more rarely an Act.

σφαγιάζω occurs in the same sense, whence aor. I part. σφαγιασθεῖς as Pass., having been sacrificed. Hence

σφάγιασμός, ὁ, a slaying, sacrificing.

σφάγιον, τό, mostly in plur., σφάγια, τά, a victim: δούλα σφάγια the sacrifice of a slave. Properly neut. from sq. [ἄ]

σφάγιος, ον, also α, ον, (σφάζω) slaying, sacrificing: killing, deadly.

σφάγεις, ἴδος, ἡ, (σφάζω) a sacrificial knife: generally, a knife.

ΣΦΑΔΑΖΩ, f. σω, to struggle, plunge, like a restive horse: to writhle or struggle convulsively. Hence

σφάδασμός, ὁ, a spasm, convulsion.

ΣΦΑΔΩ Att. σφάπτω: f. σφάζω: aor. I ἔσφαξα: Pass., aor. I ἔσφάχθην: aor. 2 ἔσφάχην [ἄ]: fut. σφάχσομαι: pf. ἔσφαγμαi:—to slay by cutting the throat, Lat. jugulare: to slay, slaughter, sacrifice, immolate.

ΣΦΑΙΡΑ, as, ἡ, a ball, esp. a ball to play with; σφαίρη παίξεν to play at ball; σφαίραν ρίπτειν to toss the ball about. 2. a sphere, globe.

σφαιρηδόν, Adv. (σφαίρα) like a globe or ball.

σφαιρίζω, f. ἴσω, (σφαίρα) to play at ball.

σφαιριστός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαίρα) like a ball, spherical: τὰ σφαιρικά the science of the spheres, astronomy.

σφαιριον, τό, Dim. of σφαίρα, a small ball.

σφαιριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σφαιρίζω) a ball-player.

σφαιροειδής, ἑς, (σφαίρα, εἶδος) ball-like, globular, spheroidal: rounded, blunted.

σφαιρώω, f. ὠσω: pass. pf. ἐσφαιρωμαι, plqpf. ἐσφαιρώμην: (σφαίρα):—to make globular or spherical:—Pass., στήθεα δ' ἐσφαιρωτο his chest was round and arched. II. to tip with a ball or button;

ἀκόντια ἐσφαιρωμένα spears tipped with buttons.

σφαιρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφαιρώω) rounded, made globular. II. tipped with a ball or button.

σφάκελιζω, f. σω, to be gangrened, mortify; ἐσφακέλισέ τε τὸ δόστέον καὶ ὁ μῦρος ἐσάπη the bone became gangrened and the thigh mortified. From

σφάκελος, ὁ, gangrene, mortification. 2. a spasm, convulsion: convulsive fury. [ἄ]

ΣΦΑΚΟΣ, ὁ, the plant sage, Lat. salvia. [ἄ]

σφακτός, ἡ, ὄν, (σφάκω) slaughtered, sacrificed.

σφάλλεις, aor. 2 part. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφάλλερός, ὁ, ὄν, (σφάλλω) making to fall, totter or stagger: metaph. slippery, perilous, precarious, Lat. lubricus. II. intr. ready to fall, tottering, staggering. Adv. —ρῶς.

σφάλῃναι, aor. inf. pass. of σφάλλω.

σφάλλοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΑΛΛΩ: f. σφᾶλῶ: aor. I ἔσφηλα, inf. σφήλαι: Pass., with fut. med. σφᾶλῃσομαι, σφᾶλοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἔσφᾶλην [ἄ]: pf. ἔσφαλμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ἔσφαλτο:—to make to fall; properly, to trip up in wrestling: to make to stumble, throw down, overthrow: to make to totter or reel. 2. metaph. to baffle, foil, balk, disappoint, disappoint. II. Pass. to be tripped up, to stumble, stagger, reel: to fall, esp. by disasters. 2. to be baffled, foiled, disappointed: to be defeated, to fail, be unsuccessful; οὐ τι μὴ σφᾶλῶ γ' ἐν σοί ποτε I shall never be disappointed in thee:—c. gen. rei, to be balked or disappointed of a thing. 3. to fail, err, be deceived, blunder. Hence

σφάλμα, ατος, τό, a stumble, false step. II. metaph. a failure, defeat, disaster. 2. a fault, failing, trespass.

σφᾶξ, Dor. for σφήξ, a wasp.

σφᾶξες, aor. I part. of σφάζω.

σφᾶραγγομαι, Dep. (σφάραγος) to burst with a noise, to crack, crackle, hiss. 2. to groan with fulness, be full to bursting.

σφᾶραγίζω, f. σω, to stir up with a loud noise. From ΣΦΑΡΑΓΓΟΣ, ὁ, a bursting with a noise, cracking, crackling. (Formed from the sound.) [σφᾶρᾱ]

σφᾶς, enclit. acc. of σφείς.

σφᾶς [ἄ], acc. pl. fem. of σφός.

σφάπτω, Att. for σφάζω.

σφε, Ep. and Ion. enclit. acc. pl. masc. and fem. of σφείς, them. II. in Attic and later Poets, also acc. sing. him, her.

σφεῖς, nom. and acc. pl. neut. of σφείς.

σφεῖς, Ep. and Ion. acc. pl. for σφᾶς.

σφεδᾶνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of σφοδρός, eager, vehement, earnest: neut. σφεδανόν as Adv. eagerly, vehemently.

ΣΦΕΓΓΣ, nom. pl. masc. and fem. of the personal Pron. of 3rd person, *they*, neut. σφέα: gen. σφῶν: dat. σφίσι: acc. σφᾶς, neut. σφέα. The Ep. and Ion. forms are,—nom. σφέεις: genit. σφέων Ep. also σφέϊων: dat. σφί and σφῖν, very rarely used also for dat. sing.: accus. σφέας Ep. also σφέϊας, also σφε (both sing. and pl.). There are also some Aeol. and Dor. forms,—nom. σφές, dat. φῖν and ψῖν, acc. ψε. In Homer this Pron. is always personal, and therefore he uses no neut., which first occurs in Herodotus. The notion is often strengthened by αὐτός, as in σφῶν αὐτῶν, σφέας αὐτούς. II. there is a rare usage of σφέεις for 2nd pers. pl., μετὰ σφίσιον for μεθ' ὑμῖν.

ΣΦΕ'ΛΑΣ, ατος, τό, a footstool: Ep. contr. plur. σφέλα, for σφέλατα, σφέλαα.

σφενδάμνινος, η, ον, of maple wood, Lat. *acernus*: metaph., ἄνδρες σφενδάμνινι 'hearts of maple.' From ΣΦΕ'ΝΔΑΜΝΟΣ, ἡ, the maple, Lat. *acer*.

σφενδονάω, f. ἴσω, to sling, to use the sling. II. to throw as from a sling, hurl violently. 2. to move like a sling, to swing, brandish. 3. to smite with a sling. From

σφενδόνη, ἡ, a sling, Lat. *funda*, being a strip of leather broad in the middle and narrow at each end. II. anything like a sling in shape; the hoop of a ring in which the stone was set as in a sling, the outer or broader part round the stone, Lat. *funda* or *pala annuli*.

III. the act of slinging, a throw, cast. IV. that which is slung, the stone or bullet of the sling.

σφενδονήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφενδονάω) a slinger.

σφές, Aeol. and Dor. for σφέεις.

σφετερίζω, f. ἴσω Dor. ἴζω, (σφέτερος) to make one's own, appropriate, usurp: also as Dep. σφετερίζομαι, whence Dor. aor. I part. σφετεριζάμενος.

σφέτερος, α, ον, possessive Adj. of the 3rd pers. Pron. σφέεις, their own, their, belonging to them:—also of the 3rd pers. sing., his, hers. II. sometimes also used of others than the 3rd pers., as: I. of the 2nd pers. pl., = ὑμέτερος, your own: and of the 2nd pers. sing., = σός, thy, thine own. 2. of the 1st pers. pl., = ἡμέτερος, our own; and of the 1st pers. sing., = ἐμός, my own, mine.

σφέων, Ep. and Ion. for σφῶν, gen. of σφέεις.

σφή, dat. fem. of σφός.

σφηκιά, ἡ, (σφήξ) a wasp's nest.

σφηκίσκος, ὁ, (σφήξ) a piece of wood pointed like a wasp's sting, a pointed stick or stake.

σφηκο-εἰδής, ἐς, (σφήξ, εἶδος) = σφηκώδης.

σφηκώω, f. ὥσω, (σφήξ) to make like a wasp, to pinch in at the waist: generally, to pinch in, bind tightly:—Pass., πλοχοῖ μοι χρυσῶ τε καὶ ἀργύρῳ ἐσφῆκωντο (3 pl. plrpf.) the braids of hair were tight bound with gold and silver.

σφηκώδης, ἐς, contr. for σφηκοειδής, (σφήξ, εἶδος) wasp-like, pinched in at the waist like a wasp.

σφήκωμα, ατος, τό, (σφηκώω) the point of a helmet in which the plume is fixed.

σφήλαι, aor. I inf. of σφάλλω.

σφήλα, Ep. for ἐσφῆλα, aor. I of σφάλλω.

ΣΦΗΝ, σφηρός, ὁ, a wedge, Lat. *cuneus*.

σφηνο-πώγων, ανος, ὁ, (σφήν, πώγων) with a wedge-shaped or peaked beard, as Mercury is represented: in Comedy old men were thus brought on the stage.

σφηνώω, f. ὥσω, (σφήν) to wedge up, close.

ΣΦΗΞ, ηκός, ὁ, a wasp, Lat. *vespa*.

Σφηττός, ὁ, an Attic deme: Adv. Σφηττοί at Spbttus: Adj. Σφήττιος, α, ον, a Spbttian.

σφί, σφῖν, Ep. and Ion. dat. pl. of σφέεις: also, but very rarely, as dat. sing.

σφιγγιον, τό, (σφίγγω) a band, a bracelet or necklace.

ΣΦΙΓΓΙΩΝ, f. σφίγγω: aor. I ἐσφίγγα: Pass., aor. I ἐσφίγγηθη: pf. ἐσφιγαμ:—to bind tight, bind in or together: to squeeze, throttle, hence to torture: to shut close: also to straiten, compress. Hence

σφιγκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, a tight binder, a lace, band.

σφιγκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of σφίγγω, tight-bound: θάνατος σφιγκτός death by strangling.

σφιγκτωρ, οπος, ὁ, poet. for σφιγκτήρ.

Σφίγξ, ἡ, gen. Σφίγγος, the Spbinx, a she-monster, who proposed a riddle to the Thebans and murdered all who failed to guess it; Oedipus guessed it, and thereupon she killed herself: in works of art she is represented with a woman's bust on the body of a lioness. (From σφίγγω, so the Spbinx properly means the Throttler.)

σφῖν, v. σφί.

σφίστι, σφίστιν, dat. of σφέεις.

σφογγία, σφόγγιον, σφόγγος, Att. for σπογγ-.

σφοδρά, Adv., properly neut. pl. of σφοδρός, very, very much, exceedingly, with vehemence.

ΣΦΟΔΡΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, vehement, violent, excessive. II. of men, violent, impetuous: also active, zealous.

σφοδρῶω, (σφοδρός) to make vehement:—Pass. σφοδρῶμαι, to be violent or overbearing: σφοδρῶνεσθαι τι to put overweening trust in a thing. [ῶ]

σφοδρῶς, Adv. of σφοδρός, violently: Sup. σφοδρῶτατον.

σφονδύλη, ἡ, Att. for σπονδύλη, an insect which lives on the roots of plants, a kind of beetle.

σφονδύλιος, ὁ, like σφόνδυλος, a vertebre.

σφονδύλο-δίνητος, ον, (σφόνδυλος, δινέα) twirled on a spindle.

σφόνδυλος, ὁ, Att. for σπίνδυλος, a vertebre, Lat. vertebra. II. any round body; the round weight which twirls a spindle.

σφός, σφή, σφόν, (σφέ) sing. masc., his, his own; fem., her, her own. II. (σφέεις) plur. masc. and fem., their, their own, like σφέτερος.

σφραγίδιον, τό, Dim. of σφραγίς.

σφραγίδο-ονύξ-αργο-κομήτης, ου, ὁ, (σφραγίς, ὄνυξ, ἀργός, κομήω) Comic name for a coxcomb, a lazy long-haired fellow that wears an onyx signet-ring.

σφραγίζω Ion. σφρηγ-: f. ἴσω: pf. pass. ἐσφρά-

γισμαί : (σφραγίς) :— to seal : to seal up, sbut up.
 II. generally, to mark as with a seal, stamp.
 III. metaph. to seal or stamp with approval, limit, define, determine.

ΣΦΡΑΓΪΣ Ion. σφρηγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a seal to mark anything with : a seal, signet-ring : generally, a ring : also the gem or stone for a ring. II. the impression of a signet-ring, a seal. III. anything sealed or marked with a seal, a token, ticket, passport, permit.

σφράγισμα, ατος, τό, (σφραγίζω) an impression of a signet-ring, a seal.

σφρηγίζω, σφρηγίς, Ion. for σφραγ-.
 σφριγιάω, f. ἦσα, to be full to bursting, to be plump and full, Lat. turgere, turgescere : esp. of horses, to be in full health and strength, Lat. vigere. II. metaph. to swell with pride ; σφριγῶν μῦθος an over-weening speech.

σφρυμός, ὁ, (σφύζω) the throbbing pulse in inflamed parts : also the beating of the heart, the pulse.
 σφύζω, f. ζω, to throb, beat violently : of the pulse, to beat ; τὰ σφύζοντα, the veins or arteries.

ΣΦΥΤΡΑ, ἡ, a hammer. II. an implement of husbandry, a beetle, mallet, for breaking clods of earth.

σφύρας, ἄδος, ἡ, Att. for σφυράς, σφυραθος, the dung of goats and sheep.

σφύρ-ἡλάτος, ον, (σφύρα, ἐλαίνω) wrought or beaten out with the hammer. II. metaph. wrought as out of iron, rigid.

ΣΦΥΤΡΟΝ, τό, the ankle : metaph., ὀρθῶ στήσαι ἐπὶ σφυρῶ to set upon upright ankle, i. e. to set upright. II. metaph. the lowest part or base.

σφύσσω, Dor. for σφύζω.
 σφῶ, apocopate Att. nom. and acc. for σφῶν : gen. and dat. σφῶν for σφῶν.

ΣΦΩΕ', dual masc. and fem. nom. and acc. of person. Pron. of 3rd pers. ; gen. and dat. σφῶν :—they two, both of them.

ΣΦΩΓΙ', nom. and acc. dual masc. and fem. of person. Pron. of 2nd pers. ; gen. and dat. σφῶν :—you two, both of you.

σφωίτερος, α, ον, possess. Adj. of 2nd person dual σφῶν, of or belonging to you two. 2. as possess. Adj. of 3rd pers. dual σφῶε, of or belonging to them two or both of them. II. also used as possess. Adj. of 2nd pers. sing., thy, thine. 2. of 3rd pers. sing., his, her.

σφῶν, contr. Att. for σφῶν, gen. and dat. of σφῶν.

ΣΧΑΔΩΝ, ὄνος, ἡ, the larva of the bee or wasp. II. the cell of a honeycomb, the honeycomb, Lat. favus.

ΣΧΑΖΩ, f. ἄσω : aor. I ἔσχασα :—to slit, cut open ; σχάζειν φλέβα to lance or open a vein. II. to let fall, let drop, let down : metaph., σχάζεσθαι τὴν ἰππικὴν to give up one's love for horses, to cut the turf. 2. to check, stop, master. 3. to let go ; σχάζειν τὴν φροντίδα to let the mind go free.

ΣΧΑΛΙΣ, ἴδος, ἡ, a forked stick, used as a ladder, Lat. scala :—a forked stick, used as a prop for nets.

σχάω, impf. ἔσχων, rare Att. form of σχάζω.

σχέ, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω, for σχές.

σχεδία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a light boat or craft, raft, float ; σχεδία διφθερίνη a raft of hides : poet. a boat, ship. 2. a light bridge, a bridge of rafts or pontoons.

σχεδιάζω, f. ἄσω, (σχεδιος) to make or do a thing off-hand : to speak or write off-hand.

σχεδίων, Ep. Adv. formed from the fem. of σχεδιος, near, nigh, Lat. cominus. II. at once.

σχεδῖος, α, ον, (σχεδόν) near, at close quarters ; σχεδία μάχη a close fight, hand to hand.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεδόν) from near, from nigh at hand : also nigh at hand, near.

σχεδόν, Adv. (σχεῖν) of Place, near, nigh, close, Lat. cominus : also used as Prep., c. dat. and c. gen. 2. of Motion, into the neighbourhood of, towards. 3. of Degree, nearly, hard upon, all but ; σχεδόν πάντες nearly all ; σχεδόν ἐπίσταμαι I am pretty well assured.

σχεθόν, Ep. for ἔσχεθον, poet. aor. 2 of ἔχω.

σχεθεῖν Ep. σχεθεῖω, poet. aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω : see ἔσχεθον.

σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχελῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, Att. for σκελῖς, mostly in plur. σχελῖδες, ribs of beef.

σχεῖμεν, σχέμεναι, Ep. for σχεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ἔχω.

σχενδύλα or σχενδύλη, ἡ, (σχεῖν) a carpenter's tool, a pair of pincers or tongs.

σχέ, Ep. for σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

Σχερία, ἡ, Scberia, the island of the Phaeacians : later Κέρκυρα, Lat. Corcyra, now Corfu.

σχερός, ὁ, used only in the phrase ἐν σχερῶ, in a row or line, one after another, successively. Compare ἐπισχερά.

σχές, aor. 2 imperat. of ἔχω.

σχεσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ἔχω.

σχέσις, εως, ἡ, (σχεῖν) state, condition, habit of body : the nature or fashion of a thing ; βίου σχέσις a way of life.

σχετήριον, τό, (σχεῖν) a check, a remedy.

σχετλιάζω, f. ἄσω, (στέγλιος) to complain of hardship, to inveigh bitterly. Hence

σχετλιασμός, ὁ, angry complaining, invective.

στέγλιος, α, ον, also ος, ον : (σχεῖν) :—properly, able to bear : I. of Persons, hardhearted, merciless, cruel, savage. 2. much-suffering, unflinching, hardy. 3. miserable, unhappy. II. of Things, cruel, shocking, horrid, abominable. Hence

σχετλίως, Adv. cruelly, abominably : Sup. σχετλιώτατα.

σχετό, Ep. for ἔσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ἔχω.

σχῆμα, ατος, τό, (σχεῖν) form, shape, outward appearance, the figure, person. 2. the form, outside, opp. to the reality : a mere show, pretence. 3. the bearing, look, mien : stateliness, dignity : in plur.

gestures. 4. *the fashion, manner, way of a thing*; σχῆμα στολής *fashion of dress*. 5. *the state, nature, constitution of a thing*. 6. *a figure in dancing*; in plur. *steps*. Hence

σχηματίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, *to form, fashion, shape, arrange*: so in Med., σχηματίζεσθαι κόμην *to dress her hair*, Lat. *figere*. 2. intr. *to assume a certain form or position: to make steps or figures, to dance*. II. Pass. σχηματίζομαι, *to be fashioned, dressed out, adorned in a certain way*. 2. *to demean oneself in a certain way, hence to pretend*; σχηματίζονται ἀμαθεῖς εἶναι *they pretend to be unlearned*. 3. *to gesticulate*.

σχημάτιον, τό, Dim. of σχῆμα in plur. *the figures of a dance*; σχημάτια Λακωνικά *Laconian figures*. σχημάτο-ποιέω, f. ἴσω, (σχήμα, ποιέω) *to form, shape or fashion a thing*:—Pass. *to adopt a certain shape or appearance, to gesticulate*.

σχήσω, fut. of ἔχω.

σχιδάξ, ἄκος, ὄ, (σχιζώ) = σχίζω.

σχιζα Ion. σχίζη, ἦ, (σχιζώ) *a cleft piece of wood, splinter, latb, splint*, Lat. *scindula*: in plur. *wood cleft small, firewood*. II. *an arrow, spear*.

ΣΧΙΖΩ, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἔσχισα: Pass., aor. I ἔσχισθην: pf. ἔσχισμαι:—*to split, cleave, Lat. scindo: to rend asunder: generally, to part asunder, separate, divide*:—so in Pass., Νείλος σχίζεται τριφασίας ὀδοῦς *the Nile branches into three channels*; ἔσχιζοντό σφρων αἰ γνῶμαι *their opinions were divided*. Hence

σχινώδαλμος, Att. for σκινδάλαμος.

ΣΧΙΝΟΣ, ἦ, *the mastich tree*, Lat. *lentiscus*. II. *a squill*.

σχινο-τρώκτης, ου, ὄ, (σχινος, τράγω) *one who chews mastich-wood*.

σχισθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of σχιζώ.

σχισις, εως, ἦ, (σχιζώ) *a cleaving, parting, division*.

σχισμα, ατος, τό, (σχιζώ) *that which is cleft or parted: a rent, cleft, division*. II. generally, *division, schism*.

σχιμός, ὄ, (σχιζώ) *a cleaving, splitting, rending*.

σχισσα, poet. for ἔσχισα, aor. I of σχιζώ.

σχιστός, ἦ, ὄν, (σχιζώ) *split, cleft, parted, divided*;

σχιστη ὄδος *a road that branches off*.

σχοῖατο, poet. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίην, aor. 2 opt. of ἔχω.

σχοίνους, ἦ, ον, (σχοῖνος) *of rushes, made of rushes*.

σχοῖνιον, τό, (σχοῖνος) *a rope twisted of rushes*: generally, *a rope, cord, line*.

σχοῖνίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (σχοῖνος) = σχοῖνιον.

σχοινίτης [ι], ου, ὄ, (σχοῖνος) *made of rushes*: fem. σχοινίτις, ἴδος.

σχοινο-βάτης [α], ου, ὄ, (σχοῖνος, βαίνω) *a rope-dancer*, Lat. *scoenobátēs*.

ΣΧΟΙΝΟΣ, ὄ, also ἦ, *a rush*, Lat. *juncus*. 2. *a sharp, tough rush or reed, used as an arrow*; also as a spit. 3. *a place where rushes grow, a rush-bed*. II. *anything twisted or plaited of rushes, a*

rope, cord; πλεκτή σχοῖνος *a wicker basket*. III. in Greece, the schoῖνος was a *land measure*, = 2 Persian parasangs, or 60 stades.

σχοῖνο-τενής, ἐς, (σχοῖνος, τείνω) *stretched out like a measuring-line: in a straight line, straight*. II. *twisted or plaited of rushes*.

σχολλάω, f. ἴσω, (σχολή) *to have leisure or spare time, be at leisure: also to have rest or respite from a thing*: c. inf. *to have leisure or time to do a thing*. 2. *to act leisurely, linger, delay, loiter*. II. σχολάζειν τινί, Lat. *vacare rei*, *to have leisure, time or opportunity for anything, to devote one's time to anything*: also c. dat. pers. *to devote oneself to one*.

σχολαῖος, α, ον, (σχολή) *at one's leisure or ease, leisurely, slow*:—Comp. σχολαίτερος. Hence

σχολαότης, ητος, ἦ, *slowness, laziness*. σχολαῖως, Adv. of σχολαῖος, *leisurely*:—Comp. σχολαίτερον or -αίτερα: Sup. σχολαίτατα:—formed like παλαιτερος.

σχολαστικός, ἦ, ὄν, (σχολλάω) *being at leisure, leisurely, at ease, Lat. otiosus*. II. *devoting all one's leisure to learning, learned: hence pedantic*.

ΣΧΟΛΗ, ἦ, *leisure, spare time, ease, Lat. otium*; σχολῆν ἄγειν *to be at leisure*; σχολῆς ἔργον *a work for leisure*; ἐπὶ σχολῆ *at leisure*; so, ἐπὶ or μετὰ σχολῆς, κατὰ σχολῆν.

II. dat. σχολῆ absol. as Adv., (1) *leisurely, slowly*: (2) *at one's leisure, by leisure, hardly, scarcely, scarcely at all*.

III. c. gen. *leisure, rest from a thing*. IV. *idleness*.

V. *a work of leisure, esp. a learned discussion, disputation, Lat. schola*. VI. *the place where such lectures were given, a school*.

σχολή, dat. of σχολῆ, used as Adv.: *in a leisurely way, slowly, late*. 2. *scarcely, hardly, not at all*.

σχοῖλιον, τό, (σχολή) *a scholium, note, comment*.

σχοῖμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of ἔχω.

σχοῦ, aor. 2 med. imperat. of ἔχω.

σχω, aor. 2 subj. of ἔχω: I plur. σχῶμεν.

σχω, aor. 2 part. of ἔχω.

σῶ, Att. nom. pl. contr. for σώοι.

σώεσκον, Ion. impf. of σώω.

σώζω, lengthd. from ΣΑΪΝ, ΣΑΟΪΝ, ΣΩΪΝ: f. σώσω: aor. I ἔσωσα: pf. σέσωκα: Pass., aor. I ἔσῳθην: pf. σέσωσμαι Att. σέσωμαι. From the obsol. σώω are formed fut. σώσω, aor. I act. ἐσάωσα [ἄ]: fut. med. σῶσσομαι: aor. I pass. ἐσῶσθην. 2. from contr. pres. σώω we have part. σώοντες, Ion. impf. σώεσκον.

3. from σώω, subj. σῶη, σῶης, σώωσι:—*to save, keep*: esp. *to keep alive, preserve*:—Pass. *to be saved, preserved*; σώζωε, Lat. *salvus sis! vale! God be with you!* 2. of things, *to keep safe, preserve*.

3. of the laws, *to keep, observe*. 4. *to keep in mind, remember, opp. to διαλύναι* to forget; mostly in Med. II. σώζω is often used with the additional sense of motion to a place, *to bring one safe to*:—Pass. *to get safe or escape to a place*; ἐς οἶκον σαθῆναι *to be brought or get safe home*.

σώζωε ἄνθρωποι, *to carry off safe, rescue from war*;

ἐχθρῶν σῶσαι χθόνα to rescue a country from the enemy.

σωθῆναι, aor. I inf. of σώζω.

σωκέω, f. ἦσω, like ἰσχύω, to have power or bodily strength: to be able to do, c. inf. From

ΣΩΚΟΣ, ὁ, stout, strong.

Σωκράτειν, f. ἦσω, to do like Socrates, to imitate his dress, gait, speech, etc. From

Σωκράτης, gen. eos contr. ous: acc. Σωκράτη or Σωκράτην: vocat. Σώκρατες:—Socrates, the philosopher. Hence

Σωκράτιδιον, τό, Dim. dear little Socrates. [τῖ]

Σωκρατικός, ἡ, ὄν, Adj. of Σωκράτης, of or befitting Socrates, Socratic: οἱ Σωκρατικοί the philosophers of his school, Socraticus.

ΣΩΛΗΝ, ἦπος, ὁ, a channel, gutter, pipe.

σῶμα, ατος, τό, the body: in Homer the dead body of man or beast, a corpse, carcase, whereas the living body is δέμας: but later either of the living or dead body.

2. body, as opp. to soul (ψυχή): τὰ τοῦ σώματος ἔργα bodily labours; αἱ τοῦ σώματος ἡδοναὶ pleasures of the body, sensual pleasures.

3. one's bodily existence, life. II. any material body. III. a person, human being: esp. of slaves, as opp. to other goods.

σωμ-ασκέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, ἀσκέω) to exercise the body, train, to practise wrestling. Hence

σωμασκία, ἡ, bodily exercise, training.

σωματικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σῶμα) of or for the body, bodily, Lat. corporeus. Hence

σωματικῶς, Adv. in bodily form.

σωμάτιον, τό, Dim. of σῶμα, a small body. [ᾶ]

σωμᾶτο-εἶδής, ἔς, (σῶμα, εἶδος) of the nature of a body, corporeal.

σωμᾶτο-φθορέω, f. ἦσω, (σῶμα, φθείρω) to corrupt or enervate the body.

σωμᾶτο-φύλακτιον, τό, (σῶμα, φυλακή) a place where a body is kept, a grave, sepulchre. [ᾶ]

σῶος, α, ον, contr. σῶς, acc. σῶν; v. σῶς.

σωπάω, Dor. for σιωπάω, to be silent.

σῶρευμα, ατος, τό, (σῶρεῦν) that which is heaped up: a heap, pile.

σῶρεῦμα, f. σω, (σῶρεῦν) to pile or heap one thing on another. II. to heap with, cover over with.

ΣΩΠΡΟΣ, ὁ, a heap, Lat. cumulus: a heap of corn: generally, a heap, quantity, store: a heap or mound of earth.

ΣΩΣ, ὁ, σῶν, τό, acc. sing. σῶν, acc. pl. masc. and fem. σῶς: defect. Adj. σῶος=σῶος, qq. v.: (the radic. form ΣΑΟΣ was found only in the Homeric comp. σαῶτερος):—safe and sound, in good case, healthy, Lat. salvus: of things, sound, whole, entire, Lat. integer. 2. metaph. safe, sure, certain.

σωσι-πολις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (σῶζω, πόλις) saving the city or state. [τ]

σωστέον, verb. Adj. of σῶζω, one must save.

σῶστρον, τό, mostly in plur. σῶστρα, τά, (σῶζω) like ζωάγρια, a reward for saving one's life, a thank-

offering for deliverance from a danger; ὠσπρα τοῦ παῖδος θύειν θεοῖς to offer a sacrifice in thanksgiving for his son's deliverance.

II. the reward for bringing back a runaway slave.

σῶτερα, ἡ, fem. of σωτήρ, she that saves. II. epith. of protecting goddesses, as of Τύχη.

σωτήρ, ἦπος, ὁ, vocat. σῶτερ, (σῶζω) a saviour, deliverer, preserver; c. gen. subjecti, σωτήρ Ἑλλάδος a saviour of Greece; also c. gen. objecti, σωτήρ νόσου a preserver from disease.

2. as epith. of protecting gods, esp. of Jupiter, to whom, under the name of Ζεὺς Σωτήρ, the third cup of wine was dedicated: generally, a guardian or tutelary god: also instead of σῶτερα, as epith. of Τύχη. II. poet.

as Adj. saving, preserving: even with a fem. noun, σωτήρες τιμᾶν the office of saving. Hence

σωτηρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, a saving, deliverance, means of safety, safety, Lat. salus.

2. a safe return; ἡ οἰκῶδε σωτηρία a safe return home.

3. a keeping safe; ἐπὶ σωτηρίᾳ for safeguard.

σωτήριος, ον, (σωτήρ) saving, delivering: neut. pl., σωτήρια, τά, like σωτηρία, ἡ, deliverance, safety.

2. σωτήρια (sc. ἱερά), τά, an offering in return for safety. II. pass. saved, delivered, preserved.

σῶτρον, τό, (σῶζω) the wooden circumference of the wheel, the felloe: the iron hoop or tire being ἐπίσωτρον.

σωφρονέστερον, -έστατα, Comp. and Sup. of σωφρόνως.

σωφρονέω, f. ἦσω; poet. σοοφρονέω: (σώφρων):—to be of sound mind, be in one's sound senses: to practise self-control, to be discreet, temperate, moderate.

2. to learn moderation, to recover one's senses. Hence

σωφρόνημα, ατος, τό, an act of self-control, an instance of temperance, act of moderation: and

σωφρονητέον, verb. Adj. one must be temperate.

σωφρονητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σωφρονέω) disposed to temperance, moderate, under self-control.

σωφρονίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (σώφρων) to moderate, control, chasten. 2. to chastise, correct.

σωφρονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (σώφρων) disposed to temperance, moderate, sober. Adv. -κῶς.

σωφρονισμός, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) a making temperate: chastening.

σωφρονιστής, οὔ, ὁ, (σωφρονίζω) one that makes temperate, a chastener, chastiser, censor.

σωφρόνως, Adv. of σώφρων, temperately, moderately, soberly: Comp. σωφρονέστερον: Sup. σωφρονέστατα.

σωφροσύνη Ep. σοοφροσύνη, ἡ, the character or conduct of the σώφρων, moderation, discretion: self-control, temperance, chastity, sobriety, Lat. temperantia. From

σώ-φρων Ep. σαόφρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ: neut. σώφρων: (σῶς, φρήν):—of sound mind, discreet, prudent, moderate: esp. self-controlling, temperate, chaste, sober. Comp. and Sup., σωφρονέστερος, -έστατος.

σῶχω, Ion. form for ψῶχω, *to rub to pieces*.
σῶω, Ep. for σῶζω.

T

Τ, τ, ταῦ, τό, indecl., nineteenth letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral, τ' = 300, but τ = 300,000.

Changes of τ: in Aeol. and Dor., τ into σ, as τυ (Lat. tu), τοί, τέ, τύκον, φατί, etc. for σύ, σοί, σέ, σίκον, φησί, etc.

2. in new Att., ττ for στ, as πράττω, τάττω, for πράσσω, τάσσω. 3. in Ion., τ for θ, as αὔτις for αὔθις: in the substantive termin. -τρον for -θρον, as in κόμητρον, φόβητρον, for κόσμητρον, φόβητρον. 4. τ is inserted in some words metri grat., as πόλις, πύλεμος, for πόλις, πόλεμος. 5. in Dor. and Ion., τ is omitted in the oblique cases of some neut. nouns of 3rd decl., as κέραος, τέραος, for κέρατος, τέρατος.

τ', apostroph. for τε, *and*. 2. the particle τοι is joined by crasis with other particles beginning with a vowel, as τάν, τᾶρα, μεντάν, for τοι άν, τοι ἄρα, μεντοι άν. 3. the Artic. τό, τά, is never elided, though joined with another word by crasis, as τὰγαθόν for τὸ ἀγαθόν.

τά, neut. pl. of ὁ, ὅ, and ὅς.

ταβέρνη, ης, η, the Lat. *taberna*, a *tavern, inn*: τρεῖς ταβέρναι the *Three Taverns*, a place on the Appian Road.

τάγαθά, Att. contr. for τὰ ἀγαθά.

τάγεια, ἡ, (ταγείω) the *office or rank of Tagus*: generally, *command, rule*.

ταγείς, εἶσα, έν, aor. 2 pass. part. of τάσσω.

τάγευω, f. σω, (ταγός) to be *Tagus*: generally, to *command, rule*:—Pass. to be *united under one ταγός*.

ταγέω, f. ἦσω, (ταγός) to be *commander or ruler*.

ταγή, ἡ, = τάξις, an *ordering, arraying*.

ταγή, ἡ, (ταγός) *authority*: as Collective Noun, the *commanders*.

τάγηνον, τό, like τήγανον, a *frying-pan*.

τάγκλημα, ατος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐγκλημα.

τάγμα, ατος, τό, (τάσσω) an *ordinance, command*. 2. a *regular body of soldiers, a corps, division*.

ταγός, ὁ, (τάσσω) an *orderer, commander, ruler*: esp. as title of the *Chief of Thessaly*.

ταγ-οὔχος, ὁ, (ταγή, ἔχω) *he that has the command or rule, a commander, ruler*.

τάδελοφου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἀδελφοῦ.

τάδικον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀδικον.

τᾶθείς, εἶσα, έν, aor. I pass. part. of τείνω.

τάθην, Ep. aor. I pass. of τείνω. [ᾶ]

ταί, Ep. and Ion. for αἰ, nom. pl. fem. of the Art. ὁ.

Ταῖνᾶρος, ὁ, ἡ, also Ταῖνᾶρον, τό, *Taenarus*, a promontory and town at the southern extremity of *Laconia*.

ταῖνια, ἡ, (τείνω) a *band, riband, fillet*, Lat. *taenia*: esp. a *riband or headband worn in token of victory*.

ταῖνιό-πωλις, ἡ, (ταῖνια, πωλέω) a *dealer in ribands*.

ταῖνιόω, f. ὤσω, (ταῖνια) to *bind with a ταῖνια or head-band*, esp. as conqueror:—Med. ταῖνιόμαι, to *wear a head-band or fillet*.

ταῖτιον, crasis for τὸ αἷτιον.

τάκει, τάκείνων, crasis for τὰ ἐκεῖ, τὰ ἐκείνων.

τακέρως, ἄ, ὄν, (τακῆραι) *fluid, melting, soft, tender*: metaph. *melting, languishing*.

τακῆραι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τήκω.

τακτικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τάσσω) *fit for ordering or arranging, of or fit for military tactics*; τὰ τακτικά *military tactics*.

τακτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τάσσω, *ordered, arranged, fixed, stated*; τακτὸν ἀργύριον a *stated sum*.

τάκω, Dor. for τήκω.

τᾶλᾶ-εργός, ὄν, (τᾶλῶ, ἔργον) *enduring labour, painful, drudging*: generally, *much-enduring*.

τᾶλαινα, fem. of τᾶλας.

τᾶλαιπωρέω, f. ἦωω: pf. τεταλαιπώρηκα: also as Dep. ταλαιπωρέομαι, with f. med. -ἦσομαι, aor. pass. ἐταλαιπώρηθη: (ταλαίπωρος):—to *endure hardship, do bard work*: *suffer hardships or distress*. II. trans. *to weary, wear out, annoy grievously*. Hence

τᾶλαιπωρία Ion. -τη, ἡ, *bard work, severe labour*: in pl. *bodily hardships or exertions*. 2. *bodily pain, suffering*: *affliction, misery*.

τᾶλαιπῶρος, ὄν, (τᾶλας) *enduring toil, laborious*. II. *suffering hardships, miserable*. Adv. -ρως.

τᾶλαί-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τᾶλῶ, φρήν) *patient of mind, wretched*: also *stout-bearded, daring*.

τᾶλᾶ-κάρδιος, ὄν, (*τᾶλῶ, καρδία) *patient of heart, stout-hearted*. 2. *much-enduring, miserable*.

τᾶλάντερος, α, ὄν, τᾶλάντατος, ἡ, ὄν, Comp. and Sup. of τᾶλας.

τᾶλαντεύω, f. σω, (τάλαντον) *to balance*: Pass. *to sway to and fro, oscillate*. 2. *to weigh out, measure out by weight*.

τᾶλαντιαῖος, α, ὄν, (τάλαντον) *worth a talent*. 2. *weighing a talent*.

ταλαντίξω, = ταλαντεύω, q. v.

ΤΑ'ΔΑΝΤΟΝ [τᾶ-], τό, a *balance*: in plur. a *pair of scales*. II. *anything weighed*: but mostly used of a *fixed weight, a talent*: in the post-Homeric times it had a double sense: 1. *the talent of weight*: the *Euboic or old Attic talent* weighed about 57 lb. avoird., and the *Aeginetan* 95. 2. *the talent of money*, i.e. a *talent's weight of silver, or a sum of money equivalent to this*, which would make the *Euboic or old Attic talent* worth in our money 243*l.* 15*s.* The talent contained 60 minae, and each mina 100 drachmae.

3. *that which is weighed out or apportioned to one*.

τᾶλαντ-οὔχος, ὄν, (τάλαντον, ἔχω) *holding the scale or balance*: metaph. *turning the scale of battle*.

τᾶλᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, (*τᾶλῶ) = τᾶλας, *patient, enduring*: hence *hard-fated, wretched*.

τᾶλᾶ-πείριος, ὄν, (*τᾶλῶ, πείρα) *one who has suffered much*, epith. of *Ulysses*: hence later *rambling, vagabond*.

τᾶλᾶ-πενθής, ἐς, (*τᾶλᾶ, πένθος) *enduring great woe, patient in woe.* 2. of things, *toilsome.*

ΤΑΪΛΑΨΡΟΣ [τᾶ-], ὁ, a basket, Lat. *qualus*: a cheese-basket, through which the whey ran off.

τάλαρος, Dor. acc. pl. of τάλᾶρος.

τάλας, τάλαια (sometimes τάλας), τάλαν: gen. ἄνος, ἀνής, ἄνος: voc. τάλᾶν or τάλας: (*τᾶλᾶ):—*suffering, wretched, Lat. miser*: *enduring, patient*: also *fool-bardly, headstrong*; τάλαν Ὁ wretch! Comp. τάλαντερος, α, ον: Sup. τάλαντατος, η, ον. [τᾶλᾶς: Dor. also τᾶλᾶς.]

τάλασιος, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. τᾶλᾶσήμος, η, ον, (ταλασία) of wool-spinning.

τάλασία, ἡ, (τᾶλᾶ) wool-spinning.

τάλασιουργέω, f. ἡσῶ, (ταλασιουργός) to spin wool: generally, to spin.

τάλασιουργικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for wool-spinning. From τᾶλᾶσι-ουργός, ὄν, (ταλασία, *ἔργω) spinning wool: as Subst., ταλασιουργός, ὁ, ἡ, a wool-spinner.

τάλασι-φρον, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (*τᾶλᾶ, φρήν) patient of mind, stout-hearted, of enduring spirit.

τάλασση, -ση, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. aor. I subj. of *τᾶλᾶ.

τάλαυ-ρίνος, ον, (*τᾶλᾶ, ῥινός) with shield of tough bull's-hide: neut. as Adv., ταλαύρινον πολεμίζειν to fight on toughly, stoutly.

τάλα-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, shortd. for ταλασιφρον.

τάληθές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

ταλιθά, Syrian word, a damsel, maiden.

ΤΑΪΑΪΣ, ἰδος, ἡ, a marriageable maiden, bride.

τάλλα or τᾶλλα, crasis for τὰ ἄλλα.

τάμά, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐμά.

τάμε [ᾶ], Ion. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τέμνω.

τάμειν Ep. τάμειν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τάμειον, τό, = ταμείον, a chamber, closet.

τάμείσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέμνω.

τάμεισί-χρως, οος, ὁ, ἡ, (τάμνω, χρῶς) cutting or penetrating the skin, wounding.

τάμια, Ep. -ἡ, ἡ, fem. of ταμίας, a housekeeper, housewife; also γυνή ταμίη.

τάμις Ep. ταμῆς, ον, ὁ, (τάμνω) one who cuts up and distributes, a distributor, dispenser: a manager, overseer. II. a steward, receiver, treasurer; ταμῆς τοῦ ἱεροῦ the comptroller of the sacred treasure in the citadel of Athens. 2. = Lat. quaestor.

τάμεια, ἡ, (ταμείω) the office of steward, house-keeping, management. II. = Lat. quaestura, the quaestorship.

τάμειον, τό, (ταμείω) a magazine, storehouse, treasury.

τάμειμμα, ατος, τό, (ταμείω) management, house-keeping.

ταμειτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for housekeeping. II. = Lat. quaestorius, of the quaestor or the quaestorship. From

τάμειω, f. σῶ, and Dep. τάμειόμαι, f. σομαι: (ταμίας):—to be a housekeeper, manager or steward;

οὐκεί ταμείσεις μοι thou shalt no longer be my steward. 2. to be quaestor. II. trans. to

serve out stores, dispense. III. to regulate, manage. 2. to husband, save, store up: metaph.

to turn to good account.

τάμιη, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμία.

τάμιης, ον, ὁ, Ep. and Ion. for ταμίας.

τάμνω, Ion. for τέμνω.

τάμος, Dor. for τήμος.

τάμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔμπαλιν.

τάμών, Ion. aor. 2 part. of τέμνω.

τάν or τᾶν, indecl., only used in the Att. phrase τᾶν or τᾶ τᾶν, as a form of address, sir, my good friend.

τᾶν, Att. crasis for τοι ἄν.

τᾶν, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐν.

Τάναγρα, ἡ, Tanagra, a town of Boeotia. Hence Ταναγραῖος, α, ον, of or from Tanagra.

τᾶνᾶ-ηκής, ἐς, (τανᾶς, ἀκή) with long point or edge, cutting far or deep.

τᾶνᾶι-μύκος, ον, (τανᾶς, μυκάομαι) bellowing so as to be heard far off, loud-bellowing.

τᾶναντία, crasis for τὰ ἐναντία.

τᾶνᾶό-δερος, ον, (τανᾶς, δερή) long-necked.

τᾶνᾶός, ἡ, ὄν, also ὅς, ὄν, (τανᾶ, τεινώ) stretched, outstretched, tall, taper, long.

τᾶνᾶύ-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τανύπους.

τᾶνδον or τᾶνδον, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔνδον.

τᾶνδρί, τᾶνδρός, Att. crasis for τῶ ἀνδρί, τοῦ ἀνδρός.

τᾶνη-λεγής, ἐς, (τανᾶς, λέγω) stretching one at length, epith. of death.

τᾶνθένδε, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐνθένδε.

τᾶνίκα, Dor. for τήνικα.

Ταντάλειος or Ταντάλεος, α, ον, of or for Tantalus: and

Ταντάλις, ἰδος, ἡ, daughter of Tantalus. From Τάνταλος, ον, ὁ, Tantalus king of Phrygia, ancestor of the Pelopidae.

ταντᾶλώ, f. ὦσα, (τάλαντον) quasi ταλαντώ, to swing:—aor. I pass. part. τανταλωθείς, swung, hurled, dashed down.

τανῦν-γλώσσοσ, ον, (τανῦν, γλώσσα) long-tongued, chattering, noisy.

τανῦν-γλώχις, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανῦν, γλωχίς) with long point or head.

τανῦν-δρομος, ον, (τανῦν, δρόμος) running at full stretch.

τανῦν-ἔθειρος, ον, (τανῦν, ἔθειρα) long-haired, with flowing hair: fem. also ταννέθειρα.

τανῦν-ἡκής, ἐς, like ταναηκής, (τανῦν, ἀκή) with a long point or long edge. II. far-stretching.

τανῦν-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (τανῦν, ἡλιξ) of extended age.

τανῦν-θριξ, -τρίχως, ὁ, ἡ, (τανῦν, θριξ) long-haired, sbaggy.

τανῦν-κραιρος, ον, (τανῦν, κραιρα) long-horned.

τανῦνμαι, Pass. = τανύομαι, to be stretched, extend.

τανῦν-μήκης, ἐς, (τανῦν, μήκος) long-stretched, long drawn out, tall and tapering.

τανῦν, Adv., = τὰ νῦν, now at present.

τανύ-πεπλος, *ον*, (τανύω, πέπλος) *with flowing robe*.

τανύ-πλεκτος, *ον*, (τανύω, πλέκω) *in long plaits*.

τανύ-πλευρος, *ον*, (τανύω, πλευρά) *long-sided, enormous*.

τανύ-πους *Ερ*. ταναύ-πους, -ποδος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (τανύω, ποῦς) *stretching the feet, long-striding, long-shanked*.

τανύ-περος, *ον*, (τανύω, περὸν) *shorter form for τανυσίπερος*.

τανύ-πτερύγος, *ον* and τάνυ-πτερύξ, ὄγος, *ὁ, ἡ*, (τανύω, πτέρυξ) = τανύπτερος, τανυσίπερος.

τανύρ-ριζος, *ον*, (τανύω, ρίζα) *with spreading roots*.

τανύσειεν [ῥ], 3 *sing.* *Aeol.* *aor.* I *opt.* of τανύω.

τανυσθείς, *aor.* I *pass. part.* of τανύω.

τανύσθην, *Ερ.* *aor.* I *pass.* of τανύω: *Ερ.* 3 *pl.* τάνυσθεν.

τανυσί-περος, *ον*, (τανύω, περὶν) *with extended wings, long-winged*.

τάνυσσα, *Ερ.* *aor.* I of τανύω.

τάνυστύς, ἴος, ἡ, (τανύω) *a stretching, straining: τανυστός τόξον a stringing of the bow*.

τανύ-σφύρος, *ον*, (τανύω, σφύρον) *with taper ankles*.

τανύ-φλοιος, *ον*, (τανύω, φλοιός) *with extended bark: of trees, of tall or slender growth*.

τανύ-φύλλον, *ον*, (τανύω, φύλλον) *with long-pointed leaves, of the olive*. II. *with thick foliage, leafy*.

τάνυω [ῥ]: *fut.* ὕσω, *Ερ.* also -ύω: *aor.* I ἐτάνυσα

Ερ. ἐτάνυσσα *ο* τάνυσσα: *Pass.*, *aor.* I ἐτανύσθην: *pf.* τετάνυμαι:—*Ερ.* form of τείνω, *to stretch, strain, stretch out; τανύειν τόξον to draw a bow: in Med., τόξον τανύσασθαι to stretch one's bow, i. e. to string it; ἱμάσι τανύειν to pull or guide with the reins*. 2. *to stretch out, to lay along, lay out, stretch at full length*.

3. *metaph.* *to strain, make more intense*.

II. *Pass.* *to be on the stretch, to expand, be filled out*. 2. *to lie stretched out, to extend; aor.* I *pass. part.* τανυσθείς, *stretched on the ground*.

3. *metaph.* *to strain or exert oneself, to run at full stretch*.

ταξιαρχέω, *ἴ. ἴσω*, *to be a taxiarach or commander of a division*.

From

ταξι-άρχης, *ου, ὁ*, = ταξιαρχος.

ταξι-αρχος, *ὁ*, (τάξις, ἀρχα) *a taxiarach, the commander of a brigade or division, a brigadier*. II.

at Athens, *the commander of the τάξις or quota of infantry furnished by each of the ten φυλαί*.

ταξι-λόχος, *ον*, (τάξις, λόχος) *commanding a division of an army*.

ταξιόω, *ἴ. ὥσω*, (τάξις) *to arrange, set in order*.

τάξις, *εως* *Ion.* *ιος, ἡ*, (τάσσω) *an arranging: of soldiers, a drawing up in order, the disposition of an army*. 2. *battle-array, order of battle, Lat. acies*.

3. *a single rank or line of soldiers, Lat. ordo*. 4. *a post or place in the line of battle, Lat. statio; ἐκλείπειν τὴν τάξιν to desert one's post*. 5. *like τάγμα, a division of an army, a brigade: at Athens, the quota of infantry furnished by each φυλή: also of smaller bodies, a company, cohort: generally, a band, company*. II. *an arranging, ar-*

range*ment*. 2. *an assessment of tribute*.

order; ὑστερον τῇ τάξει later in order.

IV. *the post, rank or position one holds; ἐν ἐχθροῦ τάξει in the light or position of an enemy*. 2. *one's duty towards another; ἡ εὐνοίας τάξις the duty of good-will*. V. *an order, class of men*.

ΤΑΨΕΩΣ, *ὁ*, *the yew tree, Lat. taxus*.

ΤΑΨΕΝΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, *low*, *Lat. humilis: of Place, lying low: of stature, low*. 2. *of Condition, Rank, etc., brought down, humbled, lowly*. 3. *humbled, humiliated: in bad sense, mean, abject; in good sense, lowly, humble*. Hence

τᾶπεινότης, ἡ, *lowness of stature*. 2. *of condition, lowliness, low estate, abasement*. 3. *lowness of spirits, dejection, baseness, vileness: in good sense, lowliness, humility*.

τᾶπεινόφροσύνῃ, ἡ, *lowliness of mind*. From

τᾶπεινό-φρων, *ονος, ὁ, ἡ*, (ταπεινός, φρήν) *low-minded, base*. 2. *lowly in mind, humble*.

τᾶπεινός, *ἴ. ὥσω*, (ταπεινός) *to make low, lower, humble, base: also to make light of a thing*. 2. *to cast down, discourage*. 3. *to make lowly or humble*.

ταπεινός, *Adv.* of ταπεινός, *humblly, poorly*.

τᾶπεινότης, ἡ, (ταπεινώω) *alowering, humbling*. 2. *lowliness, humility*.

ΤΑΠΗΣ, ἡ, *Lat. TAPES, a carpet, rug, made of wool*. [ᾶ]

τάπι, *Att.* *crasis* for τὰ ἐπί.

τάπεικῆ, *Att.* *crasis* for τὰ ἐπεικῆ.

ταπίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, *later form of τάπηξ*.

τάπό, *Att.* *crasis* for τὰ ἀπό.

τα-πρῶτα, *Adv.* for τὰ πρῶτα, *at first*.

τᾶρα, *Att.* *crasis* for τοῖ ἀρα.

τᾶραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (τᾶράσσω) *disquietude, trouble*.

τᾶραγμός, *ὁ*, (τᾶράσσω) = τᾶραξις.

τᾶρακτρον, *τό*, (τᾶράσσω) *a thing to stir with: a ladle*.

τᾶράκτωρ, *οπος, ὁ*, (τᾶράσσω) *a disturber, disquieter, agitator*.

Τᾶραντινίδιον, *τό*, (Τάρας) *a fine Tarentine garment*.

Τᾶραντίνος, *ἡ, ον*, (Τάρας) *Tarentine*.

τᾶραξι-κάριδος, *ον*, (τᾶράσσω, καρδία) *heart-troubling, vexing the heart*.

τᾶραξι-ἱππό-στράτος, *ον*, (τᾶράσσω, ἵππος, στρατός) *troubling troops of horse*.

τᾶραξις, ἡ, (τᾶράσσω) *disturbance, confusion, disquietude, tumult*.

Τάρας, *αντος, ὁ*, also ἡ, *Tarentum, a town of Magna Graecia*.

ΤΑΡΑΨΣΩ *Att.* —*πτω*, *Att.* also *contr.* θᾶράσσω: *fut.* τᾶράξω *contr.* θᾶράξω: *aor.* I ἐτᾶραξα: *Pass.*, *fut.* παραχθήσομαι, but also *fut. med.* τᾶράξομαι *in pass. sense: aor.* I ἐτᾶραχθην: *pf.* τετᾶραγμα:—*to stir, stir up, disturb, trouble, disquiet; τᾶράσσειν τὸν θίνα to stir up the sand: metaph. to stir up, rouse, provoke*. 2. *to trouble the mind, to confound, alarm, frighten: generally, to disturb, throw into disorder:—*

Pass. *to be in disorder*. 3. *of political matters, to*

agitare, distract:—Pass. to be in a state of disorder or anarchy.

II. to this Verb belongs the intrans. pf. *τέρηχα*, to be in disorder or confusion, be in an uproar: plqpf. Ep. 3 sing. *τερήχει*: part. *τερήχως*, *via*, *troubled*, *disturbed*, *confused*. Hence

παράχη, ἡ, *trouble*, *disorder*, *confusion*: *commotion*, *tumult*.

παράχος, ὁ, (*παράσω*) = *παράχη*.
παράχ-ώδης, ες, (*ταραχή*, *εἶδος*) *troubled*, *fond of troubling* or *perplexing*. II. *troubled*, *disordered*: *confused*:—Adv. —*δus*, in *confusion*.

παρβάλειος, α, ον, (*τάρβος*) *frighted*, *fearful*.
ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, (*τάρβος*) to be *frightened* or *alarmed*, to *fear*: τὸ *ταρβεῖν* the being *frightened*, a *state of fear*: also to *feel awe*. 2. c. acc. to *stand in awe of*, *fear*, *dread*.

ΤΑΨΒΟΣ, εος, τό, *fright*, *alarm*, *terror*: also *awe*, *reverence*. II. an *object of alarm*, a *cause of dread*.

ταρβοσύνη, ἡ, poet. for *τάρβος*.
ταρβόσυνος, η, ον, (*τάρβος*) *affrighted*.
τάργα or *τάργα*, Att. crasis for τὰ ἔργα.
τάργυριον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἀργύριον.
τάρχη α Ion. —*ήτη*, ἡ, (*ταριχέω*) a *preserving*, *pickling*, *salting*: *ταριχηῖαι* were places in Egypt where *fish* was *salted*.

τάρχευσις, ἡ, (*ταριχέω*) = *ταριχεία*, an *embalming*.
τάρχευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (*ταριχέω*) a *salter*, *pickler*, *embalmer*.

τάρχευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. *salted*, *pickled*. From *τάρχιεύω*, f. —*έσω*, (*τάριχος*) to *preserve the body by artificial means*, to *embalm* as in the case of the Egyptian mummies.

II. to *preserve meat*, *fish*, etc. by *smoking*, *salting*, *pickling*: *τεμάχη τεταριχυμένα* *preserved*, *pickled* meat. III. metaph. in Pass. to *waste away*, *wither*, *pine*.

τάρχιον, τό, Dim. of *τάριχος*. [ρῆ]
τάρχιποωλείον, τό, the *salt-fish* market. From *τάρχιπο-πωλέω*, f. ἦσω, (*τάριχος*, *πωλέω*) to *sell dried or salt fish*. II. to be *engaged in the embalming of corpses*.

τάριχος, ον, ὁ, or *τάριχος*, εος, τό, anything *preserved* or *pickled by artificial means*: a *dead body preserved by embalming*, a *mummy*.

II. generally, *meat preserved by smoking*, *salting* or *pickling*, *dried* or *smoked fish*.

ταρπηναί Ep. —*ήμεναι*, aor. 2 pass. inf. of *τέρπω*.
ταρρός, ὁ, Att. for *ταρσός*.

Ταρσεύς, εώς, ὁ, a *native of Tarsus* in Cilicia.
Ταρσός Att. *ταρρός*, ὁ, (*τέρσομαι*) a *stand or frame of wicker-work*, a *crate*, *flat-basket*, Lat. *crates*, for *drying cheeses* on: also a *mat of reeds*, such as were built into brickwork to bind it together: also, a *wicker-basket*, like *τάλαρος*.

II. any *broad, flat surface*: *ταρσός ποδός* the *flat of the foot*, the *part between the toes and the heel*. 2. *ταρσός κοπέας* the *flat end*, *blade of an oar*, Lat. *palmula*: generally, an *oar*. 3. *τορσός πτέρυγος* the *flat of the wing*,

when stretched out, then generally, a *wing*:—from the fabled fall of *the wing of Pegasus* there, the city of *Tarsus* was so called.

Ταρτάρειος, α, ον, of or like *Tartarus*, *Tartarean*. From

Τάρταρος, ὁ, also ἦ: irreg. pl. *Τάρταρα* (as in Lat., *Tartarus*, *Tartara*):—*Tartarus*, a *dark abyss*, as deep below *Hades*, as earth below *heaven*, the *prison of the Titans*, etc. Later, *Tartarus* was either the *netter-world* generally, or a *place of torment and punishment*, as opp. to the *Elysian fields*.

Ταρτάρω, f. ὄσω, to *hurl into Tartarus*.
ταρφέες, αἰ, *ταρφέα*, τά, pl. of *ταρφή*.

ταρφέος, ἄ, ὄν, = *ταρφή*, *thick*, *close*, *frequent*.
τάρφθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.

τάρφθη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I pass. of *τέρπω*.
τάρφος, εος, τό, a *thicket*. From

ΤΑΡΦΥΨ, εἰα or *ύς*, *ύ*, *thick*, *close*, *frequent*, *dense*: neut. pl. *ταρφέα* as Adv., *ofttimes*, *often*. The Ep. fem. *ταρφέαι* belongs to *ταρφέως*: if referred to *ταρφή*, it must be written *ταρφέαι*.

ταρχύω, f. ὄσω, shortened form of *ταριχέω*, to *bury solemnly*, *inter*.

τάσις, εως, ἡ, (*τείνω*) a *stretching*, *straining*. [ἄ]

ΤΑΣΣΩ Att. —*ττω*: fut. *τάξω*: aor. I *έταξα*: pf. *τέταχα*: Pass., fut. *ταχθήσομαι*, and *παυλο-ψ*.
τάτξομαι: aor. I *έτάχην*: aor. 2 *έτάγγην* [ἄ]: pf.

τέταγμα:—to *arrange* or *put in order*, esp. in military sense, to *draw up in line*, *array*; so in Med., ἐπὶ *τεσσάρων ταξάμενοι τὰς ναῦς having drawn up their ships* in four lines; and *absol.*, *τάξασθαι* to *draw up*, *form in order of battle*:—Pass. to be *drawn up in order of battle*. 2. to *post*, *station*. 3. to *appoint*: to *appoint one to do a thing*:—Pass. to be *appointed to do*, τοῦτο *τετάγμεθα* this *we have been charged to do*. 4. to *order*, *command*, *give instructions*. 5. to *assign to a class*. 6. to *fix* or *assess payments* to be made:—Med. to *agree to pay* a sum, *χρήματα ἀποδοῖναι ταξάμενοι having covenanted* to return the money: *absol.* in part. *ταξάμενος*, *paying at intervals* or *by instalments*. 7. to *assign* or *impose* punishments. 8. generally, to *fix*, *settle*, ὁ *τεταγμένος χρόνος* the *appointed time*.

τατάω, Dor. for *τητάω*.
τάτιον, Att. crasis for τὸ αἴτιον.

τάττω, Att. for *τάσσω*.
ταύρειος, α, ον, also *ος*, ον, (*ταῦρος*) of *bulls*, *oxen* or *cows*, Lat. *taurinus*: in Homer, of *bull's-bide*.

ταυρ-ελάτης, ον, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *ελαίνω*) a *bull-driver*; a *bull-fighter*.

ταῦρος, α, ον, (*ταῦρος*) = *ταῦρειος*.

ταυρηδόν, Adv. (*ταῦρος*) like a *bull*: *savagely*, Lat. *torvo vultu*.

ταυρο-βόλος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βαλεῖν*) *striking* or *slaughtering* *bulls*.

ταυρο-βόρος, ον, (*ταῦρος*, *βορά*) *devouring* *bulls*.

ταυρο-γαστήρ, οπος, ὁ, (*ταῦρος*, *γαστήρ*) with the *paunch* or *body of a bull*: *enormous*.

ταυρο-δέτης, ου, ὁ, (ταῦρος, δέω) *binding bulls*: fem.

ταυρο-δέτης, ιδος.

ταυρο-κέρας, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, κέρας) *with bull's horns*.

ταυρο-κράνος, ου, (ταῦρος, κρᾶνον) *bull-beaded*.

ταυροκτονέω, φ. ἦσω, *to slaughter or sacrifice bulls*;

with cognate acc., *ταυροκτονεῖν βοῦς*. From.

ταυρο-κτόνος, ου, (ταῦρος, κτείνω) *bull-slaying*. II.

προπαροχ. ταυροκτονος, *slain by a bull*.

ταυρο-μορφος, ου, (ταῦρος, μορφή) *bull-formed*.

ταυρο-πάτωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πᾶτήρ) *sprung from a bull*.

ταυρο-πόλος or ταυρο-πόλη, ἡ, (ταῦρος, πολέω) *hunting bulls*, epith. of Diana.

ταυρο-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (ταῦρος, ποῦς) *bull-footed*.

ΤΑΥΡΟΣ, ὁ, *a bull*: joined with another Subst., *ταῦρος βοῦς*, like *σὺς κάπρος*.

ταυροσφάγει, φ. ἦσω, *to cut a bull's throat*; *ταυροσφαγεῖν ἐς σάκος* *to cut its throat* (so that the blood runs) *into a hollow shield*. From

ταυρο-σφάγος, ου, (ταῦρος, σφάπτω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*. [ᾶ]

ταυρο-φάγος, ου, (ταῦρος, φάγειν) *bull-eating*: *a beef-eater*.

ταυρο-φόνος, ου, (ταῦρος, *φένω) *bull-slaughtering*: *sacrificial*.

ταυρώ, φ. ὦσω, (ταῦρος) *to change into a bull*:—

Pass., *ταυρόμαι*, *to be or become savage as a bull*, *to look savagely at*, *eye savagely*.

ταῦτα, neut. pl. of οὗτος.

ταῦτά, Att. crasis for τὰ αὐτά, *the same*.

ταῦτη, also ταυτηί, dat. fem. of οὗτος, freq. as Adv. *in this way or manner*.

ταυτί [ῆ], strengthd. Att. for ταῦτα.

ταυτό Ion. ταυτό, Att. also ταυτόν, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό, *τὸ αὐτόν*, *the same*.

ταυτόγε, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτό γε.

ταυτο-λόγος, ου, (τὸ αὐτό, λέγω) *repeating the same that has been said*, *tautologous*.

ταυτομάτον, Att. crasis for τὸ αὐτόματον, *what falls out by accident*, *a hap, chance*; ἀπὸ ταυτομάτου, *for ἀπὸ τοῦ αὐτομάτου of itself, by chance*: cf. αὐτομάτος.

τάφε, in Pindar for ἔταφε, 3 sing. aor. 2 with no pres. in use: see *τέθηπα*.

τάφειος, α, ου, see *ταφήος*.

τάφεύς, ἑως, ὁ, (θάπτω) *one who buries the dead*, *a burier*.

ΤΑΦΗ, ἡ, (θάπτω) *burial*, Lat. *sepultura*: *a mode of burial*: in plur. *a burial-place*.

τάφημος, η, ου, Ep. and Ion. for ταφειος, (ταφή) *of a burial or a grave*; φάρος ταφήιον) *a burial-cloth*, winding-sheet, shroud.

τάφῆνα, aor. 2 pass. of θάπτω.

τάφιος [ᾶ], α, ου, (τάφος) *of a grave*; *τάφιος λίθος* *a gravestone*.

τάφῆδια, Att. crasis for τὰ ἐφῆδια.

ΤΑΦΟΣ [ᾶ], ὁ, (θάπτω) *a burial*, Lat. *funus*: also a

funeral-feast, wake; τάφον τυχεῖν *to obtain the rites of burial*. II. *the grave, tomb*: in plur. *a burial-place*.

ΤΑΨΟΣ [ᾶ], τό, (τέθηπα) *astonishment, amazement*.

Τάφος, ἡ, old name of one of the small islands between Acarnania and Leucadia: the Taphians were famous as seamen and pirates.

ταφρεῖω, φ. σω, (τάφος) *to make a ditch*.

τάφρη, ἡ, Ion. for τάφος.

ΤΑΨΡΟΣ, ἡ, *a ditch, trench*; τάφρον ἐλαύνειν *to draw a trench*.

τάφωρ, part. of aor. 2 ἔπαφον: see *τέθηπα*.

τάχα, Adv. (τάχως) *quickly, soon*, Lat. *statim*. II. in prose and Att., τάχα is often joined with ἄν, when it means, *probably, perhaps*, like ἴσως:—Sup. τάχιστα; see τάχος, ταχύς.

τάχως, Adv. of ταχύς, *quickly*.

τάχινός, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for ταχύς, *swift, speedy*.

τάχιον, ονος, neut. of ταχίων, Comp. of τάχως, often as comp. Adv. of τάχα.

τάχιστα, sup. Adv.: see τάχως.

τάχιστος, η, ου, Sup. of ταχύς, *quickest, swiftest*.

τάχλων, ονος, neut. τάχλιον, Comp. of ταχύς. [ῆ]

ΤΑΧΟΣ, εος, τό, (ταχύς) *swiftness, speed, quickness, fleetness*; τάχος ψυχῆς *quickness of mind*. II.

τάχος is often used as Adv. for ταχέως, *quickly, with speed*; so also with a Prep., ἀπὸ τάχους, διὰ τάχους, ἐν τάχει, κατὰ τάχος, σὺν τάχει: also ὡς or ὅ τι

τάχος, like ὡς or ὅ τι ταχιστα, *with all speed*; ὡς εἶχον τάχους as they were for speed, i. e. as quickly as they could.

ταχυ-άλωτος, ου, (ταχύς, ἀλίσκομαι) *conquered or captured quickly*.

ταχύ-βουλος, ου, (ταχύς, βουλή) *quick or hasty of counsel*.

ταχύ-δακρυς, υ, gen. vos, (ταχύς, δάκρυ) *soon moved to tears*.

ταχυ-δρόμος, ου, (ταχύς, δραμεῖν) *fast-running*.

ταχύ-εργία, ἡ, (ταχύς, ἔργον) *quickness in working*.

ταχύ-ήρης, ες, (ταχύς, ἐρέσσω) *fast-rowing*.

ταχύ-μήνις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήνις) *quick to anger*.

ταχύ-μήτωρ, ορος, ἡ, (ταχύς, μήτηρ) *being quickly a mother*.

ταχύ-μορος, ου, (ταχύς, μύρος) *quick-dying, short-lived*.

ταχύ-ναυτέω, (ταχύς, ναύτης) *to sail fast*.

ταχύνω [ῆ], φ. ἴνω, (ταχύς)—*to make quick, to hasten, to urge on*. II. intr. *to make haste, speed*.

ταχύ-πειθής, ἐς, (ταχύς, πείθω) *soon persuaded, credulous*.

ταχύ-πομος, ου, (ταχύς, πέμπω) *quickly-sending, quick-sailing*.

ταχύ-πορος, ου, (ταχύς, πόρος) *quick-passing, quick of motion*.

ταχύ-ποτμος, ου, (ταχύς, πύτμος) *quick-fated, short-lived*. [ῆ]

ταχύ-πούς, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (ταχύς, ποῦς) *swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, ου, (ταχύς, πτέρνα) *with swift beels, swift-footed*.

ταχύ-πτερος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πτερόν) *swift-winged*.
 ταχύ-πωλος, *ον*, (ταχύς, πῶλος) *with swift, fleet*
bores. [ῥ]

ταχύρ-ροθος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥοθέω) *rushing rapidly*.
 ταχύρ-ρωστος, *ον*, (ταχύς, ῥώομαι) *borne quickly*
along, quick-rushing.

ΤΑΧΥΨ, *εἶα*, *υ*, *quick, swift, fast, fleet*. 2. of
 events, *quick, speedy*. II. Comparison: 1.

regul. Comp. ταχύτερος, *α*, *ον* only in Ion. 2.
 irreg. Comp. θάσσων Att. —των, neut. θάσσον, gen.
 ονος; neut. θάττων, also used as Adv. *more*
quickly. 3. another Comp. is ταχίων [ῖ], neut. *ιον*:
 Sup., τάχιστος, *η*, *ον*; neut. pl. τάχιστα as Adv.,
most quickly, most speedily; ὅτι τάχιστα as soon as
may be, as soon as possible; also in Prose, τὴν ταχί-
 στην (sub. ὀδόν), as Adv. *by the quickest way*, i. e.
most quickly.

ταχύ-σκαρθμος, *ον*, (ταχύς, σκαίρω) *quick-springing*.
 ταχύτης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ταχύς) *quickness, swiftness, speed*.
 ταχύ-χειλῆς, *ές*, (ταχύς, χείλος) *over which the lips*
run quickly, of a flute.

τάων, Dor., and Aeol. gen. pl. fem. of the Article.
 ΤΑΩΨ, *ὄ*, gen. ταῶν, acc. ταῶν; nom. pl. ταῶ:
 another form of the nom. is ταῶν, gen. ταῶνος; pl.
 ταῶνες, dat. ταῶσι:—Lat. PAVO, a peacock: metaph.
 of coxcombs.

TE, enclitic Particle, *and*, answering to Lat. *que*, as
καί answers to *et*. When it stands before another
 τε or before *καί*, it takes the sense of *both*: εἰδὸς τε
 μέγεθος τε, *both in form and in size; αὐτοὶ τε καὶ*
ἵπποι, both themselves and their horses. II. in
 Ep. and Ion., τε is attached to Relatives, without
 altering their sense, as, ὅστε, ὅσος τε, etc., which is
 to be explained from the fact that the Relative Pro-
 nouns were originally Demonstratives, and required
 to be joined by a Conjunction: afterwards when they
 gained a relative force the Conjunction was retained
 as a mere affix, as in ὥστε, οἷός τε, ἐφ' ὧτε. It is
 also joined in like manner with many relat. Advs. as
 ἐνθα τε, ὅτε τε, ὡσεὶ τε, ἕνα τε, ἀλλὰ τε, etc.

τέ, Dor. for σέ, acc. sing. of σύ.
 τέ', apostroph. for τεά, neut. pl. of σῦ.

ΤΕΤΓΩ, fut. τέγξω: aor. ἰτέγξα: aor. I pass.
 ἐτέγχθην:—to wet, moisten, esp. *with tears: to bedew*
with tears. 2. with cognate acc., τέγγειν δάκρυα
 to shed tears: Pass., ὄμβρος ἐτέγγετο a shower was
 poured, fell. II. to soften, melt: metaph. to

soften, move to compassion, make to relent. III.
 to dye, stain, Lat. tingere: metaph. to stain or mix
 with anything else.

Τεγέα Ion. —έη, ἦ, Tegea, in Arcadia. Hence
 Τεγεάτης [ᾶ] Ion. —ήτης, ὄ, a man of Tegea, a
 Tegeate: fem. Τεγεάτις, ιδος, (sub. γῆ) the land of
 Tegea. Hence

Τεγεατικός Ion. —ητικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for a Tegeate.
 τέγεος, *ον*, (τέγος) *with a roof, roofed, or near the*
roof.

ΤΕΤΟΣ, *εος*, τό, like στέγος, a roof, covering of a

house or room, Lat. tectum. II. a room, chamber,
 garret: a brotbel.

τέθαια, τεθαῖλος, ὄτος, Dor. for τέθηλα, etc.
 τεθαῖλεια, Ep. for τεθηλῖα, pf. part. fem. of θάλλω.
 τεθάλφθαι, pf. pass. inf. of θάλλω.

τέθαμμα, —ψαι, —πται, pf. pass. of θάπτω.
 τεθάφθαι, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of θάπτω.

τεθάψομαι, paullo-p. fut. pass. of θάπτω.
 τεθάται, for τεθινται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of τίθημι.

τέθεικα, τέθειμαι, pf. act. and pass. of τίθημι.
 θεμελιώτω, 3 sing pass. plqpf. of θεμελιώω.

τέθηγμα, pf. pass. of θήγω.
 τέθηλα, pf. of θάλλω: 3 sing. plqpf. Ep. τεθήλει.

τεθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τίθημι.
 τέθηπα, pf. with pres. sense, without a pres. in use:

—intr. *to be astonished, astounded or amazed*, chiefly
 used in part. τεθηπῶς: also in Ep. plqpf. as impf.
 ἐτεθήπεα. II. from same root comes aor. 2 ἐτᾶ-

φον, with part. ταφῶν, *astonished or amazed*.
 τεθῆσομαι, fut. pass. of τίθημι.

τεθλασμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλάω.
 τεθλιμμένος, pf. pass. part. of θλίβω.

τέθμιος, *α*, *ον*, Dor. for θέσμιος, *fixed, settled, stated*,
regular, Lat. solennis: generally, *due, fitting*.

τεθμός, ὄ, (τίθημι) Dor. for θεσμός, *that which is*
fixed, a law, custom, ordinance.

τεθνάθι, pf. imperat. of θνήσκαω.
 τεθναίην, pf. opt. of θνήσκαω.

τεθνάκαμεν, Dor. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκαω.
 τεθνάμεν, τεθνάμεναι [ᾶ], Ep. pf. inf. of θνήσκαω.

τέθναμεν, Att. for τεθνήκαμεν, I pl. pf. of θνήσκαω.
 τεθνάνα [ᾶ], rarely τεθνάναί, pf. inf. of θνήσκαω.

τεθνάσι, for τεθνήκασι, 3 pl. pf. of θνήσκαω.
 τεθνεώς, Dor. and Ep. for τεθνεός.

τεθνεός, —ῶτος, ὄ, Att. part. pf. of θνήσκαω; fem.
 τεθνεῶσα; neut. τεθνεός and τεθνεός.

τέθηγκα, pf. of θνήσκαω.
 τεθνήξομαι, Att. fut. of θνήσκαω.

τεθνήγως, —ῶτος, Ep. for τεθνεός, masc. and neut.
 part. pf. of θνήσκαω: Ep. gen. τεθνηότος, acc. —ῶτα:

but the fem. is τεθνηκυία formed from the orig.
 τεθνηκῶς.

τεθνήσως, ποῖθ. for τεθνεός.
 τεθορεῖν, redupl. for θορεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of θρώσκαω.

τέθραμμαί and τέθρεμμαί, pf. pass. of τρέφω.
 τεθρ-ήμερον, τό, (τέτταρα, ἡμέρα) *a time of four*
days.

τεθριππο-βάμων [ᾶ], ονος, ὄ, (τέθριππος, βαίμων)
driving a four-horsed chariot: a driver of four horses.

τεθριππο-βάτης, *ου*, ὄ, (τέθριππος, βαίμων) *driver of*
a four-horsed chariot. [βᾶ]

τέθρ-ιππος, *ον*, (τέτταρα, ἵππος) *with four horses*
yoked abreast: as Subst., τέθριππον (sub. ἄρμα), τό,

a four-horsed chariot; τέθριππων ἵππων a team of four
horses abreast.

τεθριπποτροφέω, f. ἦσω, *to keep a four-horsed*
chariot. From

τεθριππο-τρέφος, *ον*, (τέθριππον, τρέφω) *keeping*

a four-horsed chariot; *τεθριποτρόφος οἰκία* a family that could furnish such a chariot in the games.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θύω*.

τεθυμένος, pf. pass. part. of *θυόω*.

τέϊ, poet. for *τέ*, which is Dor. for *σέ*, acc. sing. of *σύ*.

τέϊν, Dor. for *σού*, dat. of *σύ*. [Ὶ]

τέϊδε, Dor. for *τῆδε*, *this way, here*.

τέϊνα, Ep. for *έτεινα*, aor. I of *τείνω*.

ΤΕΙΝΩ: f. *τενώ*: aor. I *έτεινα*: pf. *τέτακα*: Pass., aor. I *ετέηρον* [ᾶ]: pf. *τέταμαι*: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. *τέταρο*, 3 dual *τέτασθι*; 3 pl. *τέταντο*:—to stretch, strain, extend, to draw tight; *τόξον τείνειν* to stretch the bow to its full compass:—Pass. to be stretched to the full; *ίστία τέτατο* the sails were stretched taught; *ναὸς πόδα τείνειν* to keep the sheet taught; *νύξ τέταται βροτοῖσιν* night is spread over mankind. II. to lay along, stretch out, stretch on the earth, lay prostrate; *ταβῆς ἐπὶ γαῖῃ* stretched upon the ground. III. metaph. to strain to the utmost, make earnest or intense:—Pass. to be strained to the utmost, to be intense: also, to be stretched on the rack: also to exert oneself, be anxious. IV. to extend, lengthen, of Time. 2. to aim at, direct towards a point; hence to design.

B. intr. to stretch out or extend towards . . : absol. to stretch, extend. II. to aim at, strive to reach a thing: generally, to reach. III. to tend, refer, belong to, Lat. *spectare, pertinere ad* . . ; *τένει ἐς σέ* it has reference to you.

τέϊος, Adv., Ep. for *τέϊως*, *τέϊως*.

τέϊρεα, Ep. pl. of *τέρας*, the heavenly bodies, signs.

ΤΕΙΡΩ, impf. *έτειρον*; only found in pres. and impf.:—to rub, rub away: metaph. to wear away, wear out:—Pass. to be worn away, worn out, distressed. II. intr. to suffer greatly. W

τεϊχεσι-πλήτης, ου, ὁ, (τέϊχος, πελάζω) *approacher, assailer, stormer of walls*.

τεϊχέω, f. ἦσω, (τέϊχος) to build walls: to build. II. to wall, fortify, c. acc.

τεϊχ-ήρης, ἐς, (τέϊχος, ἀραρεῖν) *enclosed by walls, beleaguered, besieged*.

τεϊχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ: aor. I *έτειχισα*: pf. *τετείχισα*: Pass., pf. *τετείχισμαι*: 3 sing. Ion. plqpf. *τετείχιστο* (τέϊχος):—to build a wall, generally, to build; *τεϊχος τεϊχίσασθαι* to build oneself a wall: 3 sing. plqpf. pass. *τετείχιστο*, impers., *there were buildings*. II. to wall or fortify:—Pass. to be walled, fenced or fortified with walls.

τεϊχίοις, ἐσσα, ἐν, (τέϊχος) *walled*.

τεϊχίον, τό, Dim. of *τέϊχος*, a wall, mostly of the walls of private buildings, as opp. to those of a town (*τέϊχος, τεϊχη*).

τεϊχίστος, ἦ, (τεϊχίζω) *the work of walling, building a wall*.

τεϊχίσμα, atos, τό, (τεϊχίζω) *a wall or fort, a raised fortification*.

τεϊχισμός, ὁ, (τεϊχίζω) = *τεϊχίσις*.

τεϊχοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build a wall or fort. From *τεϊχο-δόμος*, ου, (τέϊχος, δέμω) *building a wall*.

τεϊχομαχέω, f. ἦσω, to attack the walls, to assault or besiege a fortified place; *τεϊχομαχεῖν* δυνατοί skilled in conducting sieges. From

τεϊχο-μάχης, ου, ὁ, (τέϊχος, μάχομαι) *assaulting walls or fortified places: an engineer*. [ᾶ]

τεϊχομαχία Ion. -ίη, ἦ, (τεϊχομαχέω) *an assault of walls, a siege*: this was the name of Il. 12.

τεϊχο-μελής, ἐς, (τέϊχος, μέλος) *raising walls by music*, of Amphion's lyre.

τεϊχο-ποιός, ου, (τέϊχος, ποιέω) *building walls or forts: οἱ τεϊχοποιοί*, at Athens, officers charged with repairing the city walls.

ΤΕΙΧΟΣ, εος, τό, a wall, esp. a wall round a city, city-wall; *τεϊχων* *κιθῶνες* coats of wall, i. e. walls one within the other; *τεϊχεα βήξασθαι* to make a breach in the wall.—It differs from *τοῖχος, τεϊχίον*, as Lat. *murus*, *moenia* from *paries*, or city-walls from a *bouse-wall*. II. any fortification, a castle, fort: a walled town or city: a fortified post.

τεϊχο-φύλαξ, ἄκος, ὁ, (τέϊχος, φύλαξ) *one that guards the walls, a sentinel, warder*.

τεϊχῦδριον, τό, Dim. of *τέϊχος*, a small wall or fortified place.

τέϊως, Adv. Ep. and Ion. for *τέϊως*.

τέκε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *τίκτω*.

τεκεῖν, τεκεῖσθαι, aor. 2 act. and med. inf. of *τίκτω*.

τεκμαίρομαι: fut. *τεκμαίρομαι*: aor. I *έτεκμηράμην*: Dep.: (τέκμαρ):—to fix by a mark or boundary, to ordain, decree: generally, to enjoin, appoint: to mark out. II. to perceive from certain signs and tokens, to infer, conclude, judge; *τεκμαίρεσθαι τὰ καινὰ τοῖς πάλαι* to judge of new by old events: to conjecture.

III. the Act. *τεκμαίρω* is rare, to shew by a sign or token.

ΤΕΚΜΑΡ Ep. *τέκμωρ, τό*, a fixed mark or boundary, a goal, end; Ἰλίου *τέκμωρ* the end of Troy: generally, a finishing, accomplishment: metaph. an end, purpose. II. a fixed sign, sure sign or token, a solemn pledge.

τέκμαρσις, ἦ, (τεκμαίρομαι) *a concluding from signs or tokens: generally, a proving, shewing, a way or mode of shewing*.

τεκμηράμην, Ep. aor. I of *τεκμαίρομαι*.

τεκμηριον, τό, (τεκμαίρομαι) *a sure sign or token, a positive proof*; *τεκμηριον δέ* is sometimes put in an independent clause, *here is the proof*. II. in Logic, a demonstrative or certain proof, opp. to the fallible *σημεῖον*. Hence

τεκμηριόω, f. ὠσω, to give a token or proof, to shew or prove by evidence:—Med. to conclude from a sure sign or token.

τεκνίδιον, τό, = *τεκνίον*.

τεκνίον, τό, Dim. of *τέκνον*, a little child.

τεκνογονέω, (τεκνογόνος) to bear children. Hence

τεκνογονία, ἦ, *child-bearing*.

τεκνο-γόνος, ου, (τέκνον, *γίγνομ) *begetting or bearing children*.

τεκνο-κτόνος, ου, (τέκνον, κτείνω) *child-murdering*.

τεκνολητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τέκνον, ἄλλυμι) *losing or having lost one's children*: fem. τεκνολήτρια, of the nightingale, *having lost her young*.

τέκνον, ου, τό, (τεκνύν) *that which is borne or born, a bairn, child*, whether son or daughter: but often used in addresses from elder to younger persons, τέκνον ἔμον, *my son*: sometimes with masc. Adj., φίλε τέκνον. 2. of animals, *the young*.

τεκνοποιέω, f. ἦσω, (τεκνοποιός) *to bear children, of the mother*;—Med. *to beget children, of the father*; but Med. also of both parents, *to breed children*. Hence

πεκνοποιία, ἡ, *a bearing or begetting of children*.

τεκνό-ποιος, ου, (τέκνον, ποιή) *child-avenging*.

τεκνο-ποιός, ὄν, (τέκνον, ποιέω) *bearing or begetting children*.

τέκνο-σπορία, ἡ, (τέκνον, σπείρω) *a begetting of children*.

τεκνο-τροφέω, f. ἦσω, (τέκνον, τρέφω) *to bring up or rear children*.

τεκνοῦς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τέκνον) *contr. from τεκνοῦεις, οἴσσα, οἶν, having children*.

τεκνο-φάγος, ου, (τέκνον, φάγειν) *eating children*.

τεκνοφόνος, ου, (τέκνον, φονή) *murder children*. From

τεκνο-φόνος, ου, (τέκνον, *φονή) *child-murdering*,

τεκνώω, f. ὠσω (τέκνον), *to furnish with children*.

II. *to beget children, of the father*:—Med. of the mother, *to bear children*; metaph., *χθῶν ἐτεκνώσατο τέκνα* the earth gave birth to her children: also of wealth, etc.—Pass. *to be born*.

τέκνωσις, εως, ἡ, (τεκνώω) *a begetting or bearing of children*.

τέκοιεν, 3 pl. aor. 2 opt. of τίκτω.

τέκον, Ep. aor. 2 of τίκτω.

τέκος, εος, τό, Ep. dat. pl. τέκασσι, τεκέέσσι: (τεκύν):—poët. for τέκνον, a child.

τεκταίνομαι, Dep. (τέκτων) *to make, build, frame*:—metaph. *to devise, plan, contrive*. II. later also in Act.: whence in Pass. *to be built, contrived*.

τεκτῆνατο, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτῆνατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of τεκταίνομαι.

τεκτονέιον, τό, (τέκτων) *a carpenter's shop*.

τεκτονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέκτων) *of or for a carpenter or builder, skilled in building*: as Subst., τεκτονικός, ὁ, *a good carpenter*; ἡ τεκτονική (sub. τέχνη) *carpentry*.

τεκτοσύνη, ἡ, *the art of a carpenter or builder: carpentry, building*. From

τέκτων, ονος, ὁ, *a worker in wood, a carpenter, joiner, builder*; νηῶν τέκτων *a ship-carpenter, ship-builder*.

2. *any craftsman or workman, a master of any art*; hence of the art of poetry, τέκτονες ὕμων *makers of songs*. II. *a planner, contriver, plotter*: generally, *an author*.

τέκον, aor. 2 part. of τίκτω.

ΤΕΛΑ-ΜΟ'Ν, ἄνος, ὁ, *a broad band or strap for bearing or supporting anything, a leather strap or belt for carrying either the shield or sword*. 2. a

broad linen bandage or roller for wounds; also for swathing mummies.

τελέως, εσσα, εν, shortened form of τελείως.

ΤΕΛΕ'ΘΩ: 3 sing. Ion. impf. τελέθεσκε:—*to come forth, come into being, arise*: hence *to be, become*.

τέλειον, τό, *a complete feast, a royal feast*. From τέλειος or τέλεος, α, ου, in Att. also ος, ου: (τέλος):—*complete, perfect, entire*; of victims, *without spot or blemish*: but, ἱερά τέλεια *are perfect sacrifices, performed with full rites*. 2. of animals, *full-grown*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a full-grown man*, Lat. *adultus*: hence *perfect in his or its kind*.

3. of numbers, etc., *full, complete*. 4. of actions, *ended, finished*: of vows, etc., *fulfilled, accomplished*: also *fixed, resolved upon*. II. act. *bringing to pass, accomplishing*; ἀρά τέλεια *a curse working its own fulfillment*. 2. *able to do or bring about*; τέλειος ἀνὴρ *a man who has full rule or authority*.

τελειότης, ητος, ἡ, (τέλειος) *completeness, perfection*. τελειώω or τελέω, f. ὠσω, (τέλειος):—*to make perfect*: *to inaugurate, consecrate*. II. *to complete, bring to accomplishment*: *to make successful*. 2. generally, *to fulfil, accomplish, effect*.

τελείται, 3 sing. pres. pass. and fut. med. of τελέω.

τελέω, Ep. for τελέω.

τελείως, doubtful form for τελέως.

τελείωσις, ἡ, (τελείω) *a becoming perfect, completion, accomplishment, consummation*.

τελειώτης, οὔ, ὁ, (τελείω) *a perfecter, finisher*.

τελεό-μηνος, ου, (τέλεος, μήν) *revolving with full completion of months*; ἄροτος τελεόμηνος, i. e. *a full twelve-month*.

τέλεον, Ep. impf. of τελέω.

Τελέοντες, οί, one of the four original Attic tribes, (τέλεω II) *Payers, Farmers*; or (τέλεω III), *Priests*.

τέλεος, α, ου, (τέλος)=τέλειος.

τέλεσσα, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελέω.

τελεσθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τελέω.

τέλεσμα, ατος, τό, (τελέω) *a payment, outlay*.

τέλεσσα, Ep. aor. I of τελέω.

τελεσοῦ-δότερα, ἡ, ροῖ, for τελεσιδ-, (τέλος, δί-δωμι) *she that gives completeness or accomplishment*.

τελεσοσί-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, Ep. for τελεσιφρων, (τέλεω, φρήν) *working its complete will*.

τελεστήριον, τό, (τελέω) *a place of initiation*. II. plur. τελεστήρια, τά, *a thank-offering for success*.

τελέστωρ, ορος, ὁ, poët. for τελεστής, (τελέω) *a magistrate*.

τελεσφόρος, f. ἦσω, *to bring fruit to perfection*: generally, *to bring to perfection*. II. *to pay toll or custom*. From

τέλεσ-φόρος, ου, (τέλος, φέρω) *brought to an end, coming to an end*; τελεσφόρον εἰς ἐνιαυτόν *for the space of a complete year*. 2. *brought to an end or fulfilment, accomplished*. II. act. *bringing to an end, accomplishing*; πεσείν ἐς τὸ μὴ τελεσφόρον *to fall with fruitless result, i. e. powerless, idle*. 2.

bearing fruit in due season. 3. bearing rule, having the control or management of.

τελετή, ἡ, (τελέω) a making perfect: initiation in the mysteries, the celebration of mysteries. II. in plur. mystic rites, any religious rites, a festival.

τελεύμενος, Ion. part. fut. med. (in pass. sense) of τελέω.

τελεύντι, Dor. for τελοῦσι, 3 pl. of τελέω.

τελευταῖος, α, ον, (τελευτή) at the end, last, Lat. ultimus, extremus. 2. the last, worst, extreme. II. neut. τὸ τελευταῖον, as Adv. the last time, last of all. 2. last, in the last place.

τελευτώ, f. ἦσω: pf. τετελεύτηκα: fut. med. τελευτήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., aor. I ἐτελεύτησα: pf. τετελεύτημαι: (τελευτή):—to bring to an end, complete, accomplish, Lat. perficere: to fulfil, ratify:—Pass. to be fulfilled, to come to pass, happen. II. τελευτᾶν τὸν βίον, τὸν αἰῶνα to bring one's life to an end, i. e. to die: absol. τελευτᾶν, to die, be deceased; τελευτᾶν ὑπὸ τινος to die by another's hand: c. gen., τελευτᾶν βίον to make an end of life. 2. intrans. to come to an end, finish; αἱ ἐντυχία ἐς τοῦτο ἐτελεύτησαν his good fortune came to this end. 3. the part. pres. τελευτᾶν, ὄσα, ὄν, was used with Verbs like an Adv., at the end, lastly, at last; as, κὰν ἔγγιγνετο πληγὴ τελευτῶσα there would have been blows at the last.

τελευτώ, Ion. for τελευτῶω: part. τελευτέοντες. τελευτή, ἡ, (τελέω, τέλος) a bringing to an end, fulfilment, accomplishment. II. a finish, end: βίον τελευτῆ the end, finish of life: absol. the end of life, death; so, θανάτιο τελευτῆ the end that death brings, Lat. mortis exitus: ἐς τελευτῆ at the end, at last: in plur. the boundaries or extremities, esp. of countries: metaph. the issues or events of things.

τελευτήσῃα, Aeol. aor. I opt. of τελευτῶω.

τελέω, Ep. also τελέϊω: f. τελέσω Ep. τελέσσω, Ion. τελέω contr. τελῶ; aor. I ἐτέλεσα Ep. ἐτέλεσσα: pf. τετέλεκα:—Pass. τελέσομαι Ep. εἰομαι: fut. med. in pass. sense τετέλομαι Ep. τετέλομαι contr. τελοῦμαι: aor. I ἐτέλεσθην: pf. τετέλεσμαι:—(τέλος):—to complete, fulfil, accomplish: generally, to perform, execute, Lat. perficere: to fulfil or keep one's word: with dat. pers. to fulfil for one, grant one the accomplishment of anything: generally, to work out, accomplish one's end:—Pass. to be completed, fulfilled, accomplished: to come to pass, happen: part. pf., τὸ καὶ τετελεσμένον ἔσται which shall also be accomplished.

2. to make perfect, bring to maturity.

3. bringing to an end, finish, end: in Pass. to come to one's end. 4. sometimes intr. like τελευτᾶω, to come to an end, be fulfilled, turn out: also, τελεῖν εἰς τόπον to finish (one's course) to a place, i. e. arrive at it. II. to pay one's dues or taxes, to pay as tax, duty, due: generally, to lay out, spend:—Pass. of money, to be paid, spent: of persons, to be liable to pay tax. 2. since at Athens the citizens were distributed into classes and rated according to

their property, τελεῖν meant to be rated or assessed in a certain class, to belong to, be classed among, as, τελεῖν εἰς ἱππέας to be rated among the knights; so of states, τελεῖν ἐς Ἑλλήνας, ἐς Βοιωτοὺς to belong to, be rated among the Greeks, the Boeotians; εἰς ἀστούς τελεῖν to be rated among the citizens. III. to consecrate, initiate, esp. in the mysteries:—Pass. to have oneself initiated, Lat. initiari; Διονυσίω τελεσθῆναι to be initiated in the mysteries of Bacchus; c. acc., τελεσθῆναι Βακχεία to be initiated in the rites of Bacchus. 2. τελεῖν ἱερά to perform sacred rites.

τελέω, Adv. of τέλειος or τέλειος, at last. II. completely, perfectly. Comp. τελεώτερον, Sup. —ώτατα.

τελής, εσσα, εν, (τελέω) perfect, complete, of full tale or number; ῥέζειν τεληέσας ἑκατόμβας to offer hecatombs of full number or without blemish; τεληέντες οἰωνοὶ birds of sure augury; ἔπεα τελέεντα sure predictions (from shortened form τελέεις). II. Τηλής ποταμός, of Ocean, the last river, in which all others end.

ΤΕΛΑΩ: f. τελῶ; aor. I ἔτειλα: pf. τέταλμαι: plqpf. ἔτετάλμην:—Med. τέλλομαι, aor. I ἔτειλάμην:—to make to arise: generally, to accomplish:—Pass. to come forth, arise. 2. intr. to arise; ἡλιὸν τέλλοντος at sun-rise.

τέλμα, ατος, τό, (τέλλω) water which has accumulated, standing water, a pool, pond. II. the mud of a pool: mud or clay to build with, mortar.

ΤΕΛΟΣ, εος, τό, an end accomplished: the completion or fulfilment of anything, Lat. effectus: τέλος ἔχειν to have reached the end, to be finished or ready; also of wishes, prayers, etc., to have their accomplishment, be fulfilled; also in Att. to have full powers, of ambassadors. 2. a complete state, full condition, as, τέλος γάμοιο; τέλος ἡβης manhood:—generally, an end, issue, Lat. eventus, exitus; τέλος βίου the end of life, then like τελευτή, without βίου, the end of life, death: but also, τέλος θανάτου the end or completion of death, i. e. death itself: so, νόστιο τέλος the end or accomplishment of return, i. e. a safe return.

3. τέλος is often used adverbially; τέλος for κατὰ τὸ τέλος, at the end, at last: so also, ἐς τὸ τέλος, εἰς τέλος:—in dat. τέλει, at all, Lat. omnino:—διὰ τέλους, throughout, for ever, in perpetuity. II. the end proposed, chief matter.

III. a body of soldiers, κατὰ τέλεα in regular bodies, in divisions or troops, Lat. turmatim; τέλη νεῶν squadrons of ships; ὀρνίθων τέλεα flocks of birds.

IV. the highest station, the possession of full power, a magistracy, office; οἱ ἐν τέλει men in authority; so, οἱ τὰ τέλη ἔχοντες; in Att., τὸ τέλος the government, τὰ τέλη the magistrates.

V. that which is paid to the state (cf. τελέω II), a tax, duty, toll, due; τέλος πρίασθαι to farm a tax; λύνει τέλη to pay dues or tolls, hence to be profitable, advantageous, like λυσίτελέω.

2. at Athens, the property at which a citizen was as-

essed: hence a class or order of citizens. VI. consummation by being admitted to mysteries, initiation, esp. into the Eleusinian mysteries: in pl. also, the mysteries themselves. 2. generally, any religious ceremony, a solemnity, esp. of marriage.

τέλοσδε, as Adv. towards the end or term.

τέλοσν, τό, collat. form of τέλος, a boundary, limit, τέλοσν ἀρούρης a piece of corn land marked off.

Τελχίν, ἴνος, ὁ, (θέλγω) one of the Telchines, the first workers in metal: also a mischievous elf:—as Adj., τελχίνες σήτες mischievous moths.

τελωνέω, f. ἦσω, to be a farmer of tolls, be a tax-gatherer, to farm the taxes. From

τελ-ώνης, ου, ὁ, (τέλος, ἀνέμομαι) one who farms the tolls, customs or taxes of a state, a tax-gatherer, Lat. publicanus.

τελωνία, ἡ, (τελωνέω) the office of a farmer of the customs, the farming of the taxes.

τελωνιάς, ἀδος, ἡ, (τελώνης) of tax-gatherers.

τελωνικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τελώνης) of or for tax-gathering.

τελώνιον, τό, (τελωνέω) a toll-house, custom-house.

τέμαχος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a slice cut off, a slice of salt-fish.

τεμεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τέμνω.

τεμεῖνος, α, ον, (τέμενος) of or in the sacred precincts; φυλλάς τεμεῖνία the grove in the sacred precincts.

τεμενίτης [ἴ], ου, ὁ, (τέμενος) the God of the sacred precincts, epith. of Apollo: at Syracuse, whence a quarter of the city was called Τεμενίτης: fem., ἡ ἀκρα ἢ Τεμενίτης the height on which stood the temple of Apollo Temenites.

τέμενος, εος, τό, (τέμνω) a piece of land cut off and allotted for any purpose: a portion of land, esp. of corn-land.

II. a piece of land sacred to a god: the precincts of a temple: hence, from the worship offered to the Nile, the valley of the Nile is called τέμενος Νείλιο.

ΤΕΜΝΩ Ion. τάμνω: fut. τεμῶ: aor. 2 ἔτεμον Ep. and Ion. ἔταμον, Ep. inf. ταμέειν: pf. τέτμηκα: Med., fut. τεμοῦμαι: aor. 2 ἐταμόμην, inf. ταμέσθαι: Pass., aor. I ἐτέμηθην: pf. τέτμημαι:—to cut or hew in battle, to wound, maim. 2. of the surgeon, to cut, use the knife, as opp. to cautery.

II. of animals, to cut up, cut in pieces: to slaughter, sacrifice:—since truces, covenants, and the like were solemnised with sacrifices, ὅρκια τάνεμεν came to mean to conclude, ratify oaths, as in Lat. foedus ferire, foedus ictum.

III. of timber, to cut, cut down, fell, hew, lop: in Med. c. acc., δούρα τάνεμεσθαι to fell oneself timber; λίθους τάνεμεσθαι to have stone wrought or hewn.

2. φάρμακον τέμνειν to cut or chop up a plant for medicinal purposes: metaph., πύρον τέμνειν to contrive a means.

3. τέμνειν γῆν, πείδιον, to lay waste a country by felling fruit trees, cutting the corn, etc.

IV. to cut off, sever: to part off, mark off: to divide.

V. to cut or draw a line, τέμνειν ἀρουραν to plough corn land; τέμνειν ὀχέτους to cut

trenches: also, τέμνειν ὁδοῦς to cut or make roads: τέμνειν ὁδόν to cut or cleave one's way, go on, advance (cf. προκόπτω); μέσον τέμνειν to hold a middle course.

2. of ships, to cut through or cleave the waves, Lat. secare mare: so too of birds, to plough or cleave the air: absol., τέμνειν to go.

VI. to cut short, bring to a crisis.

Τέμπεα contr. Τέμπη, τά, Tempé, the valley between mounts Olympus and Ossa, through which the river Peneius flows into the sea.

τεμῶ, fut. of τέμνω.

τενᾶγίτης [ἴ], ου, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ἴδος, used as Adj., sballow. From

ΤΕΝΑΤΟΣ, εος, τό, a shoal, sballow, Lat. vadum.

ΤΕΝΔΩ Att. τένω, to gnaw, nibble at. Hence

τενθεία, ἡ, a nibbling: epicurism, gluttony.

τένων, οντος, ὁ, (τένω) a sineu, tendon: usually, a tendon of the foot: hence the foot itself.

τέξω, τέξομαι, fut. act. and med. of τίκτω.

τέο, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of interrog.

τίς. II. τεο, enclit., Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of enclit. τίς.

τέο, Dor. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεοῖο, Ep. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τέοισι, Ion. for τισί, dat. pl. of τίς.

τέος, ἡ, ὄν, Ep. and Ion. for σός, Lat. tuus.

τεοῦς, Dor. and Aeol. for σοῦ, gen. of σύ.

τεράξω, f. ἄσω, (τέρας) to interpret portents or prodigies, to bode.

τέραμον or τέρεμον, τό, anything closely shut, a room, chamber: only used in plur.

ΤΕΡΑΣ, gen. ατος Ep. aos Ion. eos, τό: plur., nom. τεράτᾱ Ep. τεράᾱ contr. τερά; Ep. gen. τεράων, dat. τεράσι Ep. τερέοισι.—a sign, wonder, marvel, portent.

II. anything that serves as an omen: a monster, strange creature, Lat. monstrum. 2. like Lat. signum, a sign in the heavens, a constellation, meteor; cf. τείρεα.

τερα-σκόπος, ον, poet. for τερατο-σκόπος (τέρας, σκοπέω) boding, prophetic.

τεράστιος, α, ον, (τέρας) of portents, portentous.

τεράτεια, ἡ, (τερατεύομαι) a dealing in the marvellous, imposture, quackery.

τεράτευμα, ατος, τό, a juggling trick, quackery. From

τεράτεύομαι, Dep. (τέρας) to talk marvels, Lat. portenta loqui: to deal in the marvellous, be an impostor.

τερατολογέω, f. ἦσω, (τερατολόγος) to tell of marvels.

τεράτολογία, ἡ, (τερατολογέω) a telling of marvels.

τεράτο-λόγος, ον, (τέρας, λέγω) telling of marvellous sights or portents.

II. pass. of which marvellous things are told, marvellous.

τεράτο-σκόπος, ον, (τέρας, σκοπέω) observing portents: as Subst., τερατοσκόπος, ὁ, a soothsayer.

τεράτοουργία, ἡ, a working of wonders. From

τεράτ-ουργός, ὄν, (τέρας, ἐργω) wonder-working.

τερᾶτ-ώδης, ἐς, (τέρας, εἶδος) like a prodigy, marvellous, wondrous.

τερᾶτ-ώπης, ὄν, (τέρας, ὤψ) with a marvellous face; τερατωπὸς ἰδέσθαι marvellously to behold.

τερεβινθίνος, ἡ, ὄν, made or taken from the turpentine-tree, made from turpentine. From

ΤΕΡΕΒΙΝΘΟΣ, ἡ, the terebinth or turpentine-tree: also the resin that flows from it, turpentine.

τερεβινθ-ώδης, ἐς, (τερέβινθος, εἶδος) like turpentine: full of turpentine-trees.

ΤΕΡΕΙΝΑ, fem. of τέρην.

τέρεμνον, τό, = τέραμνον.

τέρενος, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τέρην.

τερετίζω, f. σω, to whistle. (Formed from the sound.)

Hence

τερετίσμα, ατος, τό, a whistling, trilling.

τέρετρον, τό, a borer, gimlet, Lat. *terebra*. From

τερέω, f. ἴσω and ἔσω, (τέρω) to bore, pierce, perforate. Hence

τερηδών, ὄνος, ἡ, the wood-worm, Lat. *teredo*.

τέρην, εὐᾶ, εν, gen. τέρενος, εἰνης, ενος, etc.: (τέρω):—worn smooth, smooth, soft, delicate, Lat. *tener*:—

Comp. *τερενώτερος*.

τερηρέωμαι, Dep. = τερατεύομαι, to practise juggling tricks, use rhetorical artifices.

τέρθριος, ὁ, (τέρθρον) the rope from the end of a sail-yard (τέρθρον), the brace.

ΤΕΡΘΡΟΝ, τό, an end, extremity: properly, the end of a sail-yard.

τέρμα, ατος, τό, an end, boundary, Lat. *terminus*: the goal round which horses and chariots had to turn at races, Lat. *meta*.

2. a mark for throwing or shooting at. II. an end, limit: in plur. the boundaries.

2. metaph. the finishing point: the acmé, height, summit.

τερμίνθινος, ἡ, ὄν, = τερεβινθίνος.

τέρμινθος, ἡ, = τερέβινθος.

τερμίδεις, ἐσσα, εν, (τέρμα) reaching to the end; ὡςτις τερμίδεσσα a shield that covers one from top to toe; χιτῶν τερμίδεις a tunic reaching to the ground.

τέρμιος, α, ὄν, (τέρμα) at or coming to the end, last, final: of time, *τερμία ἡμέρα* the day of death.

τερμίνιος, α, ὄν, (τέρμων) at the far-end.

τέρμων, ὄνος, ὁ, = τέρμα, a boundary. II. an end.

τερπί-κέραννος, ὄν, (τέρπω, κερανός) delighting in thunder.

τερπνός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέρπω) delightful, pleasant, agreeable, cheering. II. pass. delighted, pleased.—

Comp. and Sup. *τερπνότερος*, -ότατος. Hence

τερπνῶς, Adv. agreeably, pleasantly.

ΤΕΡΠΙΩ, f. ψω: aor. I. ἔτερψα:—Pass., aor. I. ἔτερψθην or ἐτάρψθην: aor. 2. ἔαρπην, inf. *ταρπῆναι* Ep. *ταρπῆμεναι*, Ep. I sing. and pl. subj. *ταρπείω*, *ταρπείομεν*:—Med. aor. I. ἔτερψάμην: aor. 2. ἔταρπόμην, Ep. redupl. *τεταρπόμην*, τεταρπέτο, I pl. subj. *τεταρπόμεθα*, part. *τεταρπόμενος*:—to delight, please. II.

in Pass. and Med. to be cheered, enjoy oneself, make

merry:—absol., *πῖνε καὶ τέρπον* drink and be merry. 2. c. gen. rei, to have enough of, have one's

full enjoyment of, be content with. 3. rarely c. acc., *τέρπεσθαι ὄνησιν*, to enjoy profit. Hence

τερπῶλη, ἡ, poet. for τέρψις, delight.

τεραίνω: aor. I. ἔτερσηνα Ep. *τέρσηνα*: (τέρσομαι):—to dry, dry up, wipe up; *αἶμα μέλαν τέρσηνε* be dried up the black blood. Cp. *τέρσομαι*.

τερσιά, ἡ, like *ταρσιά*, *τρασιά*, a frame for drying anything on, a frame of wickerwork. From

ΤΕΡΨΟΜΑΙ: aor. 2. inf. *τερσῆναι* Ep. *τερσήμεναι* (but no indic. ἔτερσην occurs):—to be or become dry, to dry, dry up, be stunched: also to be parched or dried up: c. gen., ὅσπερ *δακρυφῶν τέρσοντο* his eyes became dry from tears.

II. the Act. *τέρσω* occurs in Alexandr. poets, = *τερσαίνω*.

τερφθείη, 3 sing. aor. I. pass. opt. of *τερπομαι*.

τερψίμ-βροτος, ὄν, (τέρπω, βροτός) gladdening the heart of man.

τερψί-νοος, ὄν, (τέρπω, νόος) gladdening the heart.

τέρψις, ἐως, ἡ, (τέρπω) enjoyment: gladness, delight.

Τερψι-χόρη Att. -χορά, ἡ, (τέρπω, χορός) she that delights in the dance, *Terpsichoré*, one of the nine Muses.

τερψί-χορος, ὄν, (τέρπω, χόρος) delighting in the dance.

τέσσαρα, neut. of *τέσσαρες*.

τεσσαρά-βοιός, ὄν, (τέσσαρα, βοῦς) worth four steers.

τεσσαρά-καί-δεκα, τά, see *τεσσαρεσ-καί-δεκα*.

τεσσαράκαιδεκά-δωρος, ὄν, (τεσσαραιδεκα, δῶρον) fourteen handbreadths long, broad or high.

τεσσαράκαιδεκ-έτης, ὄν, ὁ, (τεσσαραιδεκα, ἔτος) fourteen years old: fem. -έτις.

τεσσαράκοντα Att. τεττάρκοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. (τέσσαρες) forty, Lat. *quadraginta*. [ρά]

τεσσαράκοντᾶ-έτης, ὄν, ὁ, and -έτης, ἐς, (τεσσαραικοντα, ἔτος) forty years old.

τεσσαράκοντ-όργυιος, ὄν, (τεσσαράκοντα, ὄργυια) forty fathoms high, deep, etc.

τεσσαράκοντ-ούτης, ὄν, ὁ, contr. for *τεσσαρακονταέτης*.

τεσσαράκοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (τεσσαράκοντα) fortieth, Lat. *quadragagesimus*.

II. ἡ *τεσσαρακοστή* (sub. μόλις): I. a tax of one fortieth, i. e. 2½ per cent. 2. a fortieth, a coin of Chios.

ΤΕΣΣΑΡΕΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τέσσαρα, τά; gen. *τεσσαρών*; dat. *τέσσαρι* poet. *τέρρασι*:—Att. *τέτταρες*, *τέτταρα*: in Ion. prose *τέσσερες*, *τέσσερα*, dat. pl. *τέσσερι*: Dor. *τέττορες* or *τέτορες*: Aeol. *πίσυρες*:—four, Lat. *quatuor*.

τεσσαρεσ-καί-δεκα Ion. *τεσσερεσ-*, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl. = *τέσσαρες καὶ δεκά*, fourteen: in the neut. form *τεσσαρα-καί-δεκα* is very rare. Hence

τεσσαρεσκαιδέκατος, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. *τεσσερεσκ-*, the fourteenth.

τεσσαράκοντα, Ion. for *τεσσαράκοντα*.

τέσσερες, τέσσερα, Ion. for *τέσσαρες*, *τέσσαρα*.

τεσσερήκοντα, f. l. for τεσσεράκοντα.
 τεταγμένος, pf. pass. part. of τάσσω: hence Adv.
 τεταγμένως, in set order, regularly.
 τεταγών, όντος, ό, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 part. with no
 pres. in use; βίβη ποδός τεταγών he threw him taking
 him by the foot.
 τέτακα, pf. of τέτω.
 τέταλμαι, pf. pass. of τέλλω.
 τέταλτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τέλλω.
 τέταμαι, pf. pass. of τέτω.
 τετάνός, όν, (τένω) stretched, strained, smooib.
 τετάνος, ό, (τένω) a stretching, straining: tension.
 τετάνοστο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τάνω.
 τετάξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τάσσω.
 τεταραγμένος, pf. pass. part. of ταραάσσω:—hence
 Adv. τεταραγμένως, confusedly.
 τετάρπετο, -πώμοσθα, -πόμενος, Ep. redupl. aor. 2
 3 sing., 1 pl. subj., and part. med. of τέρπω.
 τεταρταίος, α, ον, (τέταρτος) of or for four days:
 on the fourth day.
 τεταρτη-μόριον, τό, (τέταρτος, μόριον) the fourth
 part; a quarter-obolus, Lat. quadrans.
 τέταρτος Ep. τέτατος, η, ον, (τέσσαρες) the fourth,
 Lat. quartus:—neut. τὸ τέταρτον as Adv., the fourth
 time. II. ή τετάρτη (sub. ήμέρα), the fourth
 day. 2. (sub. μοίρα), a liquid measure, a quart.
 τετάσθη, Ep. 3 dual plqpf. pass. of τέτω.
 τετάτο, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τέτω.
 τετάχαται, Ion. 3 pl. pf. pass. of τάσσω.
 τετελεσμένος, pf. pass. part. of τελέω.
 τετελεστό, Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τελέω.
 τετεύξομαι, paullo-p. fut. of τεύχω.
 τέτευχα, pf. of τυγχάνω.
 τετεύχαι, τετεύχαιο, Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf.
 pass. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχοντο, 3 dual pf. of τεύχω.
 τετεύχημαι, inf. τετεύχησθαι, Ep. pf. pass. with
 pres. sense, formed from the Subst. τεύχεια, without
 any pres. τεύχέω in use:—to be armed.
 τέτχη, intr. pf. of τήκω.
 τετίχημαι, Ep. pf. pass. without any pres. τίέω in use,
 to be sorrowful, be grieved, to sorrow, μοιρη:—used in
 2 dual τετίησον; but more commonly in part. τετι-
 ημένος, τετιμημένη, grieved, sorrow-stricken, esp. in
 phrase τετιμημένος ήτορ grieved at heart.
 τετιηώς, Ep. pf. act. part. without any pret. τίέω in
 use, = τετιμημένος, grieved, sorrowing.
 τέτιμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τετιμησθαι, pf. inf. part. of τιμάω.
 τέτισμαι, pf. pass. of τίω.
 τέτλα, shortd. for τέτλαθι.
 τέτλαθι, Ep. pf. imperat. of *τλάω.
 τετλαίην, Ep. pf. opt. of *τλάω.
 τετλάμεν, τετλάμεναι [α], Ep. pf. inf. of *τλάω;
 but τέτλάμεν, 1 pl. pf. for τετλήκαμεν.
 τετλάτω [α], 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of τλάω.
 τέτληκα, pf. of τλήμ.
 τετληώς, via, gen. ότος, Ep. pf. part. of *τλάω.

τέτμηκα, pf. of τέμνω.
 τετμημένος, pf. pass. part. of τέμνω.
 τετμηώς, Ep. pf. part. of τέμνω.
 τέτμομεν, 1 pl. opt. of τέμνω.
 τέτμον, Ep. for έτετμον, an aor. 2 without pres. in
 use, to overtake, come upon. 2. c. gen. to partake of.
 τετοκώς, τετοκυία, pf. part. of τίκτω.
 τέτορες, οι, αι, τέτορα, τά, Dor. for τέσσαρες.
 τετορήσω, irreg. fut. of τορέω.
 τετρά-, shortd. for τέτορα = τέσσαρα, only found in
 compd. words.
 τετρά-βάμων, ον, gen. ονος, (τέτρα-, βαινω) four-
 footed, quadruped. [βα]
 τετρα-γλῶχις, ίνος, ό, ή, (τετρα-, γλαχίς) with four
 points or angles, square.
 τετρά-γίος, ον, (τέτρα-, γία) as large as four acres
 (γία) of land. II. τετράγωνον, τό, as Subst., a
 measure of land, as much as a man can plough in a day.
 τετραγώνεω, (τετράγωνος) an astrological term, to
 stand in square with, c. acc.
 τετράγωνο-πρόσωπος, ον, (τετράγωνος, πρόσωπον)
 square-faced, like otters and beavers.
 τετρά-γωνος, ον, (τετρα-, γωνία) with four equal
 angles, square:—as Subst., τετράγωνον, τό, a square,
 a body of men drawn up in square, Lat. agmen quad-
 ratum. II. perfect as a square, complete, perfect.
 III. τετράγωνος άριθμός a square number,
 i. e. a number multiplied into itself.
 τετράδιον, τό, (τετράς) the number of four, four
 persons or things, a quaternion. [α]
 τετρά-έλικτος, ον, (τετρα-, έλίσσω) four times wound
 or coiled.
 τετρά-ένης, ές, (τετρα-, ένος) = τετραετής. [α]
 τετρά-ετής, ές, (τετρα-, έτος) four years old. II.
 of four years.
 τετρά-ζυγος, ον, (τετρα-, ζυγόν) four-yoked, with
 four horses: as Subst., τὸ τετράζυγον (sc. άρμα) a
 four-horsed chariot.
 τετρά-θάλυμος, ον, (τετρα-, θάλυμον) of four layers:
 τετραθέλυμος σάκος a shield of four ox-hides.
 ΤΕΤΡΑΙΝΩ, fut. τετράνω: aor. 1 έτετρηνα Ep.
 τέτρηνα: aor. 1 pass. έτετραθήην: also (from the
 root ΤΡΑ'Ω), fut. τρήσω: aor. έτρησα: pf. pass. τέ-
 τρημαι:—to bore through, pierce, perforate.
 τετρά-και-δεκ-έτης, fem. -ετις, ιδος, (τετρα-, και,
 δέκα, έτος) fourteen years old.
 τετρά-κερος, ον, (τετρα-, κέρας) four-horned. [α]
 τετρά-κέφαλος, ον, (τετρα-, κεφαλή) four-headed.
 τετράκις, Adv. (τετρα-) four times. [α]
 τετρακισ-μύριοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, μύριοι) four times
 ten thousand, forty thousand. [β]
 τετρακισ-χιλίοι, αι, α, (τετράκις, χιλίοι) four thou-
 sand. [χι]
 τετρά-κλίνος, ον, (τετρα-, κλίνη) with four beds or
 couches to recline on at table.
 τετρά-κνώμος, ον, Dor. for τετράκνημος, (τετρα-,
 κνήμη) with four spokes, fastened to a four-spoked
 wheel.

τετρά-κόρυμβος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κόρυμβος) *with four bunches or clusters; generally, thick-clustering.*

τετρά-κόρωνος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κορώνη) *four times a crow's age.*

τετρακόσιοι, *αι, α*, (τετρα-) *four-hundred.* Hence τετρακόσιοστος, *ή, όν*, *the four-hundredth.*

τετρακτύς, *ύος, ή*, (τετρα-) *the number four.*

τετρά-κύκλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, κύκλος) *four-wheeled.*

τετρά-λογία, *ή*, (τετρα-, λόγος) *a tetralogy, i. e. series of four dramas, viz. three Tragedies and one Satyric play, which were exhibited together on the Attic stage for the prize at the festivals of Bacchus:—without the Satyric play, the three Tragedies were called a trilogy, τριλογία, such as the Agamemnon, Choëphoroe, and Eumenides of Aeschylus.*

τετρά-μετρος, *ov*, (τετρα-, μέτρον) *consisting of four metres, i. e. in iambic, trochaic and anapaestic verse, consisting of four double feet, cp. Lat. versus octonarius; in dactylic, choriambic, dochmiac verse, consisting of four feet:—as Subst., τετράμετρος (sub. στίχος), ό, a tetrameter or verse of four feet.*

τετρά-μηναιός, *α, ov*, and τετράμηνος, *ov*, (τετρα-, μήν) *of four months, lasting four months.*

τετραμμαι, *pf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετραμοιρία, *ή*, *a fourfold portion.* From

τετρά-μοιρος, *ov*, (τετρά-, μοίρα) *consisting of four parts, fourfold.*

τετρανθείς, *aor. I pass. part. of τετραίνω.*

ΤΕΤΡΑΞ, *άγος*, and *άκος, ό*, *prob. the pheasant, Lat. avis Phasianus.*

τετραορία, *ή*, *a four-borsed chariot.* From

τετρά-ορος *contr. τέτρορος, ov*, (τετρα-, αείρω) *yoked four together; τετράορον άρμα a four-borsed chariot.*

II. *four-legged. [α]*

τετρά-πάλαι, *Adv. four times long ago, long long ago.*

τετρά-πάλαστος, *ov*, (τετρα-, παλαιστή) *of four spans, four spans long or broad.*

τετρά-πηχυς, *v, gen. eos*, (τετρά-, πήχυς) *four cubits (i. e. six feet) long, broad, etc.: of men, six feet high.*

τετράπάλστος, *α, ov*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, four times as much, Lat. quadruplus. [πλά]*

τετρά-πλευρος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πλευρά) *four-sided.*

τετράπλη, *Adv. (τετρα-) in a fourfold manner, fourfold.*

τετράπλοος, *η, ov contr. -πλοός, ή, ούν*, (τετρα-) *fourfold, Lat. quadruplus: as Subst., τó τετραπλόον = τετραμοιρία, a fourfold portion.*

τετρά-ποδηδόν, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on four feet.*

τετρά-ποδιστί, *Adv. (τετρα-, πούς) on all fours.*

τετρά-πολις *poët. τετράπολις, εως, ή*, (τετρά-, πόλις) *of, with four cities.*

τετρά-πολος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πολέω) *turned up or ploughed four times.*

τετρά-πους, *ό, ή, -πουν, τό*, (τετρά-, πούς) *four-footed:—as Subst., τετράποδα, τά, quadrupeds. II. of four feet in length.*

τετρά-πτερος, *ov*, (τετρά-, πτερόν) *four-winged.* Hence

τετρα-πετυλλίς, *ιδος, ή*, (τετρα-, πτερόν) *a four-winged creature, grasshopper, locust.*

τετρά-πύλιος, *ov*, (τετρα-, πύλιος) *four-winged.*

τετραπτο, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-πολις, *ή, poët. for τετράπολις.*

τετράρ-ρύμος or τετρά-ρμμος, *ov*, (τετρα-, ρύμος) *with four poles, i. e. drawn by eight horses.*

τετραρχέω, *to be a tetrarch. From*

τετρά-άρχης, *ov, ό*, (τετρα-, άρχω) *a tetrarch, one of four chiefs or princes in a tribe or country. Hence τετραρχία, ή, a tetrarchy, the power or dominions of a tetrarch:—Thessaly was anciently divided into four tetrarchies, and so Palestine under the Romans.*

τετράς, *άδος, ή*, (τέτταρες) *the number four. 2. the fourth day.*

τετρα-σκελής, *ές*, (τετρα-, σκέλος) *four-legged, four-footed.*

τετρα-στάτηρος, *ov*, (τέτρα-, σπᾶτήρ) *worth four staters, i. e. about 13 shillings.*

τετρα-σύλλαβος, *ov*, (τετρα-, συλλαβή) *of four syllables.*

τετρά-σώματος, *ov*, (τετρα-, σώμα) *with four bodies.*

τέττατος, *η, ov, poët. for τέτατος, fourth:—neut. τó τέτατον as Adv., for the fourth time.*

τετρά-θρύψος, *ov*, (τετρα-, θρύπτω) *broken or that may be broken into four pieces.*

τετράφα, *pf. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φάληρος, *ov*, of a helmet, = τετράφαλος. [φά]

τετρά-φάλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, φάλος) of a helmet, *with four fáloi; see fáλος.*

τετράφαιτα, -φάτο, *Ion. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of τρέπω.*

τετράφωτο, *3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τρέπω.*

τετρά-φύλος, *ov*, (τετρα-, φυλή) *divided into four tribes.*

τέτταρχά, *Adv. (τέτταρες) fourfold, in four parts.*

τετράρχη, *Adv. = τέτραχα.*

τετραρχθά, *Adv. poët. for τέτραχα.*

τετρά-χοος, *ov contr. -χοος, ουν*, (τετρα-, χοεύς) *holding four χόες.*

τετρά-χορδος, *ov*, (τετρα-, χορδή) *four-stringed:—as Subst., τó τετραχορδον, the tetracbord, a scale comprising two tones and a half.*

τετρά-χυτρος, *ov*, (τετρα-, χύτρος) *made of four pots.*

τετρεμαίνω, *redupl. form of τρέπω, to tremble.*

τετρημαι, *pf. pass. of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηνα, *Ep. for έτέτρηναι, aor. I of τετραίνω.*

τέτρηχα, *intr. pf. with pres. signif. of παράσσω; part. fem. τετρηχυία; 3 sing. plqpf. τετρήχει.*

τετρίγει, *Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. of τρίζω. [ε]*

τετρίγώς, *τετριγυία, pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τετρίγώτος, *Ep. for τετριγώτας, acc. pl. pf. part. of τρίζω.*

τέτρημμαι, *pf. pass. of τρίβω.*

τετρά-όργυιος, *ov*, (τετρα-, όργυια) *four fathoms long or broad.*

τέτροφα, *pf. of τρέπω; also intr. pf. of τρέφω.*

τετρίσθαι, *pf. pass. inf. of τρώω.*

τετρα-όβολος, *ov*, (τετρα-, ὀβόλος) *weighing or worth four obols*:—as Subst., τετράβολον, τό, a four-obol piece.

τετρωκόστος, *η*, Dor. for τεσσαρακοστός, *fortieth*.
τέτρωμαι, pf. pass. of τετρώσκω.

τετρ-ώρος, *ov*, contr. for τετράριος.

τετρ-ώροφος, *ov*, (τετρα-, ὄροφῆ) *of four stories*.

τετρώριος, *ov*, more correct form of τετράργιος.

τέττα, an address of youths to their elders, *Father*, like ἄττα, πάππα.

τεττάράκοντα, τέτταρες, etc., Att. for τεσσαρ-

τεττιγο-φόρος, *ov*, (τέττιξ, φέρω) *wearing a τέττιξ or cicada*: epith. of the Athenians, because in early times they wore golden grasshoppers in their hair as an emblem of their being αὐτόχθονες.

τεττιγ-ώδης, *es*, (τέττιξ, εἶδος) *like a τέττιξ or cicada*.

ΤΕΤΤΙΞ, ἴγος, ὁ, a kind of grasshopper, the cicada, Lat. *cicada*, a winged insect fond of basking on single trees or bushes, when it made a chirping noise:—see τεττιγοφόρος.

τέτυγμαί, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύγην, Ep. plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύκειν, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 inf. of τεύχω.

τετύκῃσθαι, Ep. redupl. aor. 2 med. of τεύχω.

τετυμμένος, pf. pass. part. of τύπτω.

τέτυγμαί, ξαι, ιται, pf. pass. of τεύχω.

τέτυγην, ξο, ικτο, plqpf. pass. of τεύχω.

τετύφωμένος, Adv. pf. pass. part. of τυφώω, *stupidly*.

τετύχηκα [ῦ], pf. of τυγχάνω.

τετύχθαι, pf. pass. inf. of τεύχω.

τετύχθω, 3 sing. pf. pass. imperat. of τεύχω.

τεύ, Dor. for σού, gen. of τίς, σύ.

τεύ, Ion. and Dor. for τίνος, gen. of τίς (interrog.)

II. τεύ enclit. gen. for τινός, from τίς (enclit.)

τεύγμα, *atos*, τό, (τεύχω) *that which is made, a work*.

τευθίς, ἴδος, ἦ, a cuttle-fish, Lat. *sepia*, *loligo*.

τευκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τεύχω, *made, prepared*,

wrought.

τεύξα, Ep. aor. I opt. of τεύχω: opt. τεύξεια.

τεύσομαι, fut. of τυγχάνω. 2. fut. med. of τεύχω.

τεύτλον, = τεύτλον, *bee*.

ΤΕΥΤΛΑΟΝ, τό, Att. for σεύτλον, a kitchen-herb, *beet*, Lat. *beta*.

τεύχεια, τά, see τεύχος.

τευχεα-φόρος, *ov*, (τεύχεα, φέρω) *bearing arms, wearing armour*.

τευχηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, or τευχηστής, οὔ, ὁ, (τεύχεια) *an armed man, warrior*.

τεύχοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τεύχω.

τεύχος, *eos*, τό, (τεύχω) *like ὄπλον, a tool, implement, utensil*: mostly in plur. τεύχεια *implements of war, armour, arms, harness*. 2. in plur. also *the tackle or rigging of a ship*. 3. *a vessel of any kind, as a bathing-tub, a balloting or funeral urn*. 4. *a book*, whence the term *Pentateuch* or *Five-books*.

ΤΕΥΧΩ: f. ξω: aor. I εὔεφα: Ep. aor. 2 τετύ-

κον: pf. τεύεχα: Med., fut. τεύσομαι: Ep. aor. 2 τετύκῃμη: Pass., fut. 3 τετεύσομαι: aor. I ἐτύχθην: pf. τετύγμαί: Ep. 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. τετεύχῃται, τετεύχῃτο:—to make, construct, of works in wood or metal, to build, forge: to weave: also metaph. to work, bring about, cause: to form, create:—Pass., c. gen. rei, τεύεσθαι χρυσοῦ to be wrought of gold. II. c. dupl. acc. to make a person so and so: and pf. pass. τετύγμαί is often used = εἰμί or γίνομαι, to have been made, i. e. to be, so and so: γυναικός ἀντί τέτυθο, thou hadst been made, i. e. thou wert, like a woman. 2. the pf. pass. part. τετυγμένος commonly means well or fitly made, well-wrought, compact, lasting; metaph. of a field, well-tilled, also of the mind, active, vigorous.

τέφρα Ion. τέφρη, ἦ, (τύφω) *ashes, sprinkled over the head and clothes in token of grief: the ashes of the funeral pile*.

τεφρώ, f. ὦω, (τέφρα) *to reduce to ashes, consume*.

τεχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τίκτω.

τεχνάξω, f. ὦω, (τέχνη) *to use art or cunning, deal subtly, contrive cunningly*.

τεχναῖος, *εσσα, εν*, Dor. for τεχνηῖος.

τέχνασμα, *atos*, τό, (τεχνάξω) *anything made by art, a piece of handiwork*. II. *an artifice, trick*.

τεχναόμαι, f. ἥσομαι: aor. I ἐτεχνησάμην: Dep.: (τέχνη):—to make, contrive, devise by art, execute skilfully: also followed by a relat., to contrive that ... II. τεχναόμαι also occurs as a Pass., with pf. τετεχνημαί, to be made by art.

τέχνη, ἦ, (τεκνῶ) *art, skill, regular method of making a thing; τέχνη by rules of art*. 2. *art, craft, cunning, sleight*: in plur. *cunning devices, arts, wiles*. 3. generally, *a way, manner, means whereby a thing is gained; μηδεμῆ τέχνη in no wise; πάση τέχνη by all means; παντοῦ τέχνη by all manner of means*. II. *an art, craft, trade*. III. *a work of art*.

τεχνήεις, *εσσα, εν*, (τέχνη) *cunningly wrought, ingenious*. Adv. τεχνηέντως, *artfully, with art*.

τέχνημα, *atos*, τό, (τεχνάω) *that which is wrought by art, a work of art, a handiwork*. II. *an artful device, trick, artifice*: of a man, *all trick and cunning*.

τεχνήμων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, = τεχνηῖος.

τεχνήσομαι, contr. for τεχνηέσομαι, fem. of τεχνηῖος.

τεχνικός, ἦ, ὄν, (τέχνη) *artistic, skilful*. Adv. —κῶς, *artistically*.

τεχνίτης [ι], *ou*, ὁ, (τέχνη) *an artificer, artist, craftsman, workman*: one who works by rules of art.

τεχνίτης, *idos*, fem. of τεχνίτης.

τεχνοςύνη, ἦ, ποῖτ. for τέχνη, *art, skilfulness*.

τέω, Ion. for τίνι, dat. of τίς (interrog.). 2. τεω

Ion. for τίνι, dat. from τίς (enclit.)

τέων, Ion. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (interrog.). 2. for τίνων, gen. pl. of τίς (enclit.)

τέως Ep. τεῶς, Adv. of Time, so long, *meanwhile, the while*; also before, ere this:—antecedent to the relat. ἕως. II. absol. *a while, for a time*. [τεῶς:

but it also occurs as one long syllable.]

τῆ, Ep. 2 sing. imperat., with no other form in use, like λάβε, ἔχε, φέρε, *there! take!* always followed by a second imperat., as τῆ, σπείσον Διὶ . . . *take and pour a libation to Jove . . . τῆ, πῖε οἶνον . . . take and drink wine.*

τῆ, dat. fem. of the Art. ὁ. 2. in the Poets, dat. fem. of the Relat. ὅς. II. as Adv., like αὐτῆ, *here, this way.*

τῆδε, dat. fem. of ὅδε, used as Adv., *in this direction, in this way.*

τῆδι, dat. fem. of ὀδί, used as Adv. = τῆδε.

Τῆ'ΘΗ or τῆθῆ, ἡ, a grandmother.

τῆθίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (τῆθη) a father's or mother's sister, aunt.

Τῆ'ΘΟΣ, εὐος, τό, an oyster.

Τῆθύς, ὕος, ἡ, (τῆθη) *Tetys*, wife of Oceanos, daughter of Uranos and Gaia, a Sea Deity. II. later, put for *the sea itself.*

τῆκεῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, (τῆκω) a melting away, wasting away: hence *consumption, decline, phtibisis.*

τῆκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τῆκω, melted, melted down so as to be poured in: *soluble.*

Τῆ'ΚΩ Dor. τάκω: fut. τῆξω: aor. 1 ἔτῆξα: I. transit. *to melt, melt down, make to melt away; to smell metals: metaph. to make pine or melt away.* II. Med. and Pass., f. med. τήξομαι, pass. τῆκῆσομαι: aor. 2 pass. ἐτάκην [ᾱ]:—*to melt, melt away: to pine, waste away: to ooze away, vanish, fall away.* III. the pf. act. τέτῆκα is used intr.=pres. pass., and plqpf. ἐτετῆκειν = impf. pass., *to pine, melt away; κρέα τετῆκῶτα sodden flesh.*

τῆλαυγής, ἐς, (τῆλε, αὐγή) *far-shining, glittering from afar: hence far-seen, conspicuous.* Comp. and Sup. τῆλαυγεστέρος, -έστατος. Adv. τῆλαυγῶς, *clearly, distinctly.*

Τῆ'ΛΕ, Adv., like τῆλοῦ, *far off, far away, far: abroad: c. gen. far from.*

τῆλε-βόας, ον, ὄ, (τῆλε, βοᾶω) *shouting afar or loud.*

τῆλε-βόλος, ον, (τῆλε, βαλεῖν) *striking from afar.*

τῆλε-γονος, ον, (τῆλε, γενέσθαι) *born far from one's father or one's fatherland.*

τῆλεδύπος, ἡ, ὄν, (τῆλε) *from a far country, foreign: also afar off, distant.*

τῆλεθάω, lengthd. for θάλλω (cp. pf. τέθηλα), used only in Ep. part. pres. τῆλεθάων, Ep. -ῶν, ὄσσω, *luxuriant, blooming, flourishing*, of trees and plants, as, ὕλη, ἐλαία, δένδρα, etc.: metaph., παῖδες τῆλεθάοντες *blooming children; χαίτη τῆλεθῶσσα luxuriant hair.*

τῆλε-κλειτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλέος) *far-famed.*

τῆλε-κλητός, ον, (τῆλε, κλητός from καλέω) *called from afar, summoned from afar.*

τῆλε-κλυτός, ὄν, (τῆλε, κλυτός from κλύω) = τῆλε-κλειτός.

τῆλε-μάχος, ον, (τῆλε, μάχομαι) *fighting from afar: as pr. name, Τηλέμαχος, ὄ, a son of Ulysses.*

τῆλε-πλᾶνος, ον, (τῆλε, πλανᾶομαι) *far-wandering, devious.*

τῆλε-πομπος, ον, (τῆλε, πέμπω) *sent from afar, far-journeying.*

τῆλε-πορος, ον, (τῆλε, πόρος) *far-reaching.*

τῆλε-πύλος, ον, (τῆλε, πύλη) *with gates far apart.*

τῆλε-σκοπός, ον, (τῆλε, σκοπέω) *far-seeing.* II.

προπαροχ. τῆλεσκοπος, ον, pass., *far-seen, conspicuous.*

τῆλε-φᾶνής, ἐς, (τῆλε, φανῆναι) *appearing afar, seen from far: of sound, heard from afar.*

τῆλε-φίλον, τό, (τῆλε, φίλος) *far-love, love-in-absence*, poetic name of a plant used as a charm by lovers to see whether their love was returned: if the leaf, when placed on one hand and struck by the other, burst with a loud crack, it was a good omen.

Τῆ'ΑΙΑ, ἡ, any flat board with a raised rim, as, 1. a sieve, the hoop of a sieve. 2. a stand or platform on which flour, etc., was set out for sale. 3. a gambling-table. 4. a chimney-top, i. e. a lid which covered the aperture in the roof.

Τῆ'ΑΙΚΟΣ, ἡ, ον, Dor. τᾶλικός, α, ον [ι]:—*of such an age, so old or so young: generally, so great, Lat. tantus: anteceded. to the Relative ἡλικός, Interrog. πηλικός. Hence*

τῆλικόσδε, -ήδε, -όνδε, and τῆλικούτος, -αὐτῆ or -οὔτος, -οὔτο, Att. for πηλικός, *so very, so much.*

τῆλόθεν or -θε, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) *from afar, from a foreign land: c. gen. far from.*

τῆλόθι, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) = τῆλε, τῆλοῦ, *far, afar, at a distance: also c. gen., τῆλόθι πάτρης far from fatherland.*

τῆλο-πέτης, ἐς, (τῆλε, πέτομαι) *far-flying.*

τῆλο-ορός, ὄν, collat. form of τῆλορός.

τῆλόσδε, Adv. (τῆλοῦ) *to a distance, far away.*

τῆλοστάω, Adv., Sup. of τῆλοῦ, *furthest away.*

τῆλοτέρω, Adv., Comp. of τῆλοῦ, *further away.*

τῆλοῦ, Adv., like τῆλε, *afar, far off or away, in a far country: also c. gen. far from.*

τῆλο-ουρός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὄρος) *with distant boundaries or confines: generally, far, distant, remote.*

τῆλυγετος, ἡ, ον, also os, an epith. of sons, *who have no brother, or of daughters who have no sister, a darling: hence in bad sense, τῆλυγετος ὡς like a spoil child or pet.* II. *born afar off.* (The latter sense points to the deriv. τῆλε, *γένω. But Homer always uses the word in the first sense; and its derivation, as he used it, remains doubtful.)

τῆλο-ωπός, ὄν, (τῆλε, ὤψ) *looking afar, seeing to a distance.* II. pass. *perceived or heard from afar.*

τῆμελέω, f. ἦσω, *to take care of, c. gen. 2. to heed, look after, see to, c. acc.*

τῆ-μελής, ἐς, *careful, heedful.* (From μέλω, with the inseparable prefix τῆ- added.)

τῆμερα, τῆμερον, Att. for σῆμερον.

τῆμη, Att. crasis for τῆ ἐμη.

τῆμος, Adv. *then, thereupon; ἐς τῆμος till then.*

τῆμόσδε Dor. ταμόσδε, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆμοῦτος, Adv. = τῆμος.

τῆνεῖ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, *there: also for ᾧδε here.*

τῆνελλα, a word formed by Archilochus to imitate

the twang of a guitar-string at the beginning of a triumphal hymn to Hercules, *τήνελλα ᾧ καλλίνικε, χαίρε*; hence *τήνελλα καλλίνικε* became a common word of saluting conquerors in the games. Hence

τήνελλος, ὁ, Comic word, *a conqueror who is received with a cry of τήνελλα, a victor in the games.*

τηνικά, Adv. (τήνος) at this or that time of day, then. [r]

τηνικάδε, Adv. (τηνίκα) at this time of day, so early; αύριον τηνικάδε to-morrow at this time of day. [δ]

τηνικάυτα, commoner form for *τηνίκα*, at this particular time: c. gen., *τηνικάυτα τοῦ θερούς at this time of the summer.* II. *in this case, then.*

τηνότι, Adv. (τήνος) Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

τήνος, τήνα, τήνω, Dor. for κήνος, = κείνος, ἐκείνος, that. Hence

τηνώ, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖ, there.

τηνώθε and -θεν, Adv., Dor. for ἐκεῖθεν, thence.

τηξι-μελής, ἐς, (τήκω, μέλος) melting or wasting away of the limbs.

τήπερ, Ep. and Ion. for ἦπερ, dat. fem. of ὄσπερ, used as Adv., in which direction or way.

τηρέω, f. ἦσω, (τηρός) to give heed to, watch narrowly; to take care of, keep, guard; τηρεῖν εἰρήνην to keep, observe peace.

2. metaph. *to observe, watch for a person or thing; τηρήσας νύκτα ἀσέλγηνον having watched for a moonless night.* II.

Med., *f. ἦσομαι, like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, take care or heed: fut. med. τηρήσομαι is also used in pass. sense.* Hence

τήρησις, eus, ἦ, a watching, guarding: vigilance. II. *a means of keeping secure, a ward, prison.*

ΤΗΡΟΣ, ov, a watch, guard.

τήσ, τήσι, Ep. and Ion. dat. fem. pl. of ὁ and ὅς.

τήσω, f. ἦσω, to bereave, deprive:—Pass. to be in want: c. gen. to be bereft or deprived of a thing.

τήτης, Adv., Att. for Ion. σήτης, this year, of or in this year. (From ἔτος, as *τήμερον* from *ἡμέρα*.)

τήτινος, η, ov, (τήτης) of this year, Lat. hornus.

τήσιος, α, ov, empty, idle, vain. Adv.—lws, in vain.

τί, ti, neut. of τίς (interrog.) and τίς (enclit.)

τιάρα [ᾶ], ἦ, or τιάρας Ion. τήρης, ov, ὁ, a tiara, the Persian head-dress worn upright by the king. (Persian word.)

τιᾶρο-ειδής, ἐς, (τιάρα, εἶδος) shaped like a tiara, like or resembling a tiara.

τιέμεν, τιέμεναι, Ep. inf. for τίεω.

τίεσκεν, τίεσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. act. and med. of τίω.

τή, strengthd. for τί; why? wherefore?

τήρης, ov, ὁ, Ion. for τιάρας.

τίθαι, βῶσω, to build, make a nest: of bees, to make honeycombs. (Akin to τιθήρη, τιθασός.)

τιθάς, ἀδος, ἦ, (τιθασός) a barn-door fowl.

τιθάσευτής, οὔ, ὁ, one who tames, domesticates.

From

τιθάσεύω, to tame, break in, domesticate. From

τιθάσος, ὄν, (τίτθη, τιθήνη) tamed, domesticated, of

animals, *tame: of plants, cultivated: of men, moderate, mild: metaph., τιθασός Ἄρης domestic strife.*

τιθέαμεν, for τίθεμεν, like διδῶμεν for δίδομεν, I pl. pres. of τίθημι: so τιθέασι, 3 pl. for τιθεῖσι.

τιθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, pres. part. of τίθημι.

τιθείς, τίθει, Ep. 2 and 3 sing. impf. of τιθῶ = τίθημι.

τιθείς, τιθεί, 2 and 3 sing. of τιθῶ = τίθημι.

τιθέμεν, Ep. for τιθέναί, inf. of τίθημι: but τιθέμεν, I pl.

τιθέν, Aeol. and Dor. for ἐτίθεσαν Ep. τίθεσαν, 3 pl. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of τίθημι.

τίθεσο Ep. τίθεσσο, pres. med. imperat. of τίθημι.

τιθῶ, poet. form of τίθημι, whence 2 and 3 sing. τιθεῖς, τιθεί, and impf. ἐτιθείς, ἐτίθει Ep. τίθει.

τιθήμεναι, Ep. for τιθέμεναι, τιθέναί, inf. of τίθημι.

τιθήμενος, Ep. for τιθέμενος, pres. med. part. of τίθημι.

τίθημι, τίθης, τίθησι, also Ep. 2 sing. τίθησα; 3 pl. τιθεῖσι Ion. τιθεῖσι; inf. τιθέναί Ep. τιθήμεναι, τιθήμεν; Impf. ἐτίθην, Ep. 3 pl. τίθεσαν; Ion. τίθεσκον: (there are also some forms from the pres. τιθῶ, q. v.): Fut. θήσω, Ep. inf. θησέμεναι or θησέμεν: Aor. I ἔθηκα Ep. ἤκα: Pf. τέθεικα, plqpf. ἐτέθεικεν: Aor. 2 ἔθην only used in pl. ἔθεμεν, ἔθετε, ἔθεσαν Ep. θέσαν; imperat. θές; subj. θῶ Ion. θέω,

I pl. θέωμεν; lengthd. Ep. θέω, 2 sing. ῥήης, pl. θέομεν for θείωμεν, θῶμεν; opt. θείην, pl. θείημεν or θείμεν, θείτε, θέισαν; inf. θείναι Ep. θέμεναι, ἔθην; part. θεῖς.—Med. τίθεμαι, τίθεσθαι, τίθεται; imperat. τίθεσο, τιθοῦ, Ep. part. τιθήμενος: impf. ἐτίθεμην: Fut. θήσομαι: Aor. I ἔθηκάμην, Ep. 3 sing. θηκατο: part. θηκάμενος: Aor. 2 med. ἔθεμην; imperat. θέο contr. θοῦ; opt. ἐθίμην, 3 sing. θέτω.—

Pass. τίθεμαι: fut. τεθήσομαι: aor. I ἐτέθην: pf. τέθειμαι: plqpf. ἐτέθειμην. To place, put, set, Lat. ponere: θείναι τινί τι ἐν χερσὶ τοῦ πλάσε a thing in a person's hands: metaph., θείναι τινι ἔπος ἐν φρεσὶ or βουλῇ ἐν στήθεσσι, to plant a word, warning, etc., in his mind; but, τιθέμεν νόω to lay a thing to one's own heart, bear in mind.—Med., θέσθαι θυμόν ἐν στήθεσσι to lay up or treasure anger in one's heart.

II. *to fix, settle, determine; τιθέναί ἀγῶνα to appoint, hold games: of the prizes, θέναι ἐς μέσον to set them in the middle, propose them for competition; also of sovereign power, ὑμῖν ἐς μέσον ἀρχὴν τιθεῖς throwing it open to you publicly.*

2. *to assign, award; θέναι νόμον to lay down, fix the law, of a king or legislator; θέσθαι νόμον to give oneself a law, of the people.*

3. *to ordain, establish, order, institute.*

4. *in Med. to fix in common with others, agree upon, settle.*

III. *to set up, in a temple, to devote, dedicate.*

2. *of Artists, to represent, portray, depict.*

IV. *to assign to a place or class, to hold, reckon, esteem: to believe, consider.*

V. *in Med., τίθεσθαι ἦψον to put down one's ballot, to give one's vote: hence τίθεσθαι τὴν γνώμην to determine, decide: τίθεσθαι τινί (sc.*

τὴν ψῆφον) to decide in a person's favour: τίθεσθαι τῇ γνώμῃ to agree or subscribe to an opinion.

2. to lay to one's account: but also to pay down, pay, discharge.

VI. to deposit, as in a bank.

VII. in military language, τίθεσθαι τὰ ὄπλα has three senses:

1. to stack or pile arms, to bivouack, take up one's quarters: generally, to take up a position.

2. to get soldiers under arms, to draw them up in order of battle.

3. to lay down one's arms, surrender.

VIII. τίθημι is often used of persons and things, to make or render so and so, bring into a certain state, effect; ναὺν λαὸν ἔθηκε he made the ship a stone: of persons, to make so and so, appoint.

2. with an Adj., θεῖναι τινα ἀθάνατον καὶ ἀγήραον to make him undying and undecaying.

3. παῖδα τίθεσθαι τινα to make him one's child, adopt him, like θετὸν παῖδα ποιεῖσθαι.

IX. of things, to make, cause, bring to pass:—Med. to make or prepare for oneself; θέσθαι δῶμα to build oneself a house; θέσθαι κέλευθον to make oneself a road.

2. εἶ or καλῶς θέσθαι τί to manage or arrange a thing well for oneself, to make good use of it.

X. τίθημι, with acc., often stands for a simple Verb, as σκέδασον θεῖναι to make a scattering, for σκεδάσαι; θεῖναι κρύψων, θεῖναι αἰών, for κρύπτειν, αἰεῖν, etc.

τίθηνέω, f. ἴσω, to take care of, tend, nurse; and so generally, to cherish, foster: mostly used in Med.

From

τίθηνη, ἡ, (τιθηνός) a nurse.

τίθηνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιθηνέω) = τιθηνός. Hence

τίθηνητήριος, α, ον, nursing, tending.

τίθηνός, ὄν, (τίθη) nursing: as Subst., τιθηνός, ὁ, a foster-father.

τίθησθα [ῥ], Ep. for τίθης, 2 sing. of τίθημι.

τίθητι [ῥ], Dor. for τίθησι, 3 sing. of τίθημι.

τιθύμαλος, ὁ, irreg. pl. τὰ τιθύμαλα:—spurge, Lat. *euphorbia*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

Τιθωνός, ὁ, *Tithonus*, brother of Priam, husband of Aurora, and father of Memnon: metaph. of a decrepit old man, because he had immortal life without the continuance of youth.

τίκτω, for τιτέκω, which is formed by redupl. from Root *TE'KŌ: fut. τέξω or τέξομαι, ποῦτ. τεκοῦμαι, inf. τεκεῖσθαι: aor. 2 ἔτεκον Ep. τέκον: pf. τέτοκα, part. τετοκώς, υἷα, ὄς:—Med. τίκτομαι occurs in the same sense:—to bring into the world.

I. of the mother, to bring forth, bear, Lat. *parere*.

2. of the father, to beget, Lat. *gignere*: hence,

3. οἱ τεκόντες the parents; ὁ τεκὼν the father; ἡ τεκοῦσα the mother: and even as Subst. c. gen., ὁ κείνου τεκὼν his father.

II. of beasts, to bear young, breed; of birds, to hatch; ἀὰ τίκτεω to lay eggs.

III. of trees, to bear, produce.

IV. metaph. to produce, bring about, give birth to.

τίλλουσα, Dor. for τίλλουσα, fem. part. of τίλλω.

ΤΥΛΛΩ, f. τίλλω: aor. I ἔτιλα: pf. pass. τέτιλμαι:—to pluck, pull, tear, esp. the hair in token of lamentation:—Med., χαιτάς τίλλεσθαι to pluck out

one's hair.

2. from tearing the hair in token of sorrow, it came to mean absol. to mourn bitterly for any one.

3. to pluck at, vex, annoy.

τίλων, ὁ, a kind of fish, found in the Thracian lake Prasias.

τιλλῶς, ὁ, (τίλλω) a plucking, tearing.

τίλφη, ἡ, = σίλφη.

τίμαλφῆ, f. ἴσω, to do honour or observance to, worship, exalt, celebrate. From

τιμ-αλφῆς, ἑς, (τιμή, ἀλφεῖν) fetching a price: hence, costly, precious.

τιμάν, Dor. for τιμήν.

τιμάντα, Dor. for τιμήντα, acc. of τιμῆς.

τιμ-άροπος, ον, Dor. for τιμαρός.

τιμά-οχος, ον, ποῦτ. for τιμούχος, held in honour, honoured, esteemed.

τιμάσονται, Dor. 3 pl. fut. of τιμάω.

τιμάω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ἐτίμησα: pf. τετίμηκα: Med., fut. τιμήσομαι (but always in pass. sense): aor. I ἐτιμησάμην: Pass., fut. τιμηθήσομαι, also paullo-p. fut. τετιμήσομαι: aor. I ἐτιμήθην: pf. τετιμήμαι: (τιμή):—to deem or bold worthy, to honour, respect, revere, hold in reverence; in Pass. c. gen. rei, τετιμήσθαι τιμῆς to be deemed worthy of honour: also to value, cherish, love.

2. of things, to value, prize: c. gen. to estimate or value at a certain price; πλοῖα τετιμημένα χρημάτων vessels valued at a certain sum: Med., πολλοὺ τιμᾶσαι, like πολλοὺ ποιεῖσθαι τι, to bold in much account.

II. c. dat. rei, to honour with a thing, τιμᾶν τινα τάφῳ, στεφάνοις, etc., to honour with burial, garlands, etc.: hence to reward.

III. as Att. law-term: I. Act., of the judge, to estimate the amount of punishment due to the prisoner, Lat. *litam aestimare*; τ. τὴν δίκην to award the sentence; τιμᾶν μακρὰν τινι to award the long line, i. e. sentence of death; hence, τιμᾶν τινα θανάτου (sc. δίκην) to give sentence of death against a man.

2. Med., of the accuser, τιμᾶσθαι τινι [δίκην] δεσμῶν, φυγῆς, θανάτου, etc., to lay or assess the punishment at death, exile, bonds, etc.: in answer the accused could, if found guilty, lay the punishment at a less rate, which was called ἀντιτιμᾶσθαι or ἐπιτιμᾶσθαι.

τιμή, ἡ, (τίω) the price, cost, worth of a thing.

II. metaph. the honour in which one is held, worship, esteem, respect.

2. a place or post of honour, rank, dignity.

3. generally, distinction, privilege: hence a dignity, office, magistracy.

4. an offering to the gods, Lat. honor: a reward, present.

III. a prizing, valuing.

2. an estimate, valuation or assessment of damages; then compensation, satisfaction, esp. in money: a penalty, as the price or payment for wrong, and so punishment, damages. Hence

τιμήεις, εσσα, εν; contr. τιμῆς, acc. τιμήντα; Dor. τιμᾶέης:—valued, honoured, esteemed, of men.

2. of things, prized, costly, precious. Comp. τιμηέστερος: Sup. -έστατος.

τίμημα, ατος, τό, (τιμάω) that which is estimated or valued, the worth, price, value of a thing, τίμημα

τύμβου the honour of a tomb. II. *an estimate, valuation*; esp. *the estimate of damages*: hence a *penalty, punishment: a fine*. 2. *the value at which an Albanian citizen's property was rated, rate of assessment, Lat. census*: ἡ ἀπὸ τιμημάτων πολιτεία a government where the magistrates were chosen according to property or assessment. [ἴ]

τιμήματα, poët. for τιμήματα, contr. acc. of τιμήεις. τιμή-ορος, ov, Ion. for τιμάορος, τιμαῶς. τιμής, poët. contr. for τιμήεις.

τιμήσις, εως, ἡ, (τιμάω) *an estimating, valuing the worth or price of a thing: an assessment of damages*. [ἴ] τιμήσσα, contr. poët. for τιμήσσα, fem. of τιμήεις. τιμητήρα or τιμητήρα, ἡ, (τιμητής) *the censorship at Rome, Lat. censura*.

τιμητέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, *to be honoured*. II. τιμητέον, *one must honour*. τιμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (τιμάω) *a valuer, assessor*. II. at Rome, *a censor*.

τιμητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τιμητής) *estimating, valuing: for the purpose of estimating, for determining the amount of punishment*. II. at Rome, *of censorial rank*.

τιμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιμάω, *estimated, valued, assessed*: as Att. law-term, δίκη τιμητή a suit in which the damages are to be assessed by the judges; opp. to δίκη ἀτιμητος, where the penalty is fixed by law.

τίμιος, α, ov, also os, ov, (τιμή) *valued: of persons, esteemed, held in honour: of things, prized, precious, honourable*. 2. *of high price, dear, Lat. carus*. Hence

τιμότης, ητος, ἡ, *worth, value, preciousness*.

τίμιος, ὁ, poët. form for τιμή.

τιμωρέω, f. ἤσω, (τιμαῶς) *to help, aid, succour* esp. *by way of redressing injuries, to avenge*:—in full, τιμαρεῖν τινι τοῦ παιδὸς τὸν φονέα *to avenge a man on the murderer for (the murder of) his son*:—Pass., *τετιμαρησθῆαι τινι* *to have vengeance taken for any one*. II. Med., f. ἤσομαι, with pf. pass. (in med. sense) *τετιμωρημαι*:—*to exact vengeance from any one, avenge oneself upon him, punish, chastise him, c. acc. pers.*: also c. gen. rei, *τιμωρεῖσθαι τινά τινος* *to take vengeance on one, punish him for a thing*: absol. *to avenge, right oneself, seek vengeance*. Hence

τιμωρημα, ατος, τό, *help, aid, succour*. II. *an act of vengeance*. τιμωρητέον, verb. Adj. of τιμωρέω, *one must assist: one must avenge, punish*.

τιμωρητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τιμωρέω) *a helper, aider*. 2. *an avenger*.

τιμωρία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (τιμωρέω) *help, aid, succour*. II. *vengeance, retribution*: also *punishment, torture*.

τιμωρός, ὄν, (τιμή, αἴρω) contr. from τιμάορος: *helping, aiding, succouring*: as Subst., τιμαῶς, ὁ, *a helper, aider*. II. *avenging, punishing for wrong*.

τίν, like τείν, Dor. for σοί, dat. of σύ. II. Dor. for σέ.

τίναγμα, ατος, τό, (τινάσσω) *a shake, quaking*.

τινάκτιρ, ἦρος, and τινάκτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (τινάσσω) *one who shakes, a shaker*: fem. τινάκτειρα.

τιναξάσθη, Ep. 3 dual aor. I of τινάσσω.

τινάσσω, f. ζω, (τείνω) *to swing, shake, brandish: disturb, upset*: of a harp, *to make the strings quiver*:—Pass. *to be shaken or moved violently: also to quake with fear*.

τιναχθείς, aor. I pass. part. of τινάσσω.

τινάχθεν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I pass. of τινάσσω.

τινύμαι, Med., poët. for τινόμαι, *to take vengeance upon, punish, chastise, c. acc. pers.*: absol. *to avenge oneself*. 2. *to avenge, take vengeance for*.

τινώ [ἴ Ep., ἴ Att]: f. τίσω [ἴ]: aor. I ἔτισα: pf. act. τέτικα, pass. τέτισμαι: I. Act. *to pay a price, mostly to pay a penalty, Lat. dare poenas*: also *to pay a debt, quit oneself of a debt: τίνειν χάριν τινί*

to pay or render thanks: the thing for which one pays is put in gen., τίνειν ἀμοιβὴν βοῶν *to pay compensation for the oxen*: but, the price being omitted, in acc., *to pay or atone for a thing, τίσαι ὕβριν* *to atone for one's insolence*: also c. acc. pers. *to make atonement, pay the price for a person slain*: absol. *to make return or recompence, repay*. II. Med. *to have a price paid one, make another pay for a thing, avenge oneself on him, to punish, take retribution on one, Lat. poenas sumere de aliquo*:—mostly c. acc. pers. et c. gen. rei, *τίσασθαι Ἀλέξανδρον κακόητος* *to punish Alexander for his wickedness*: c. acc. rei only, *to take vengeance for a thing*: but also c. dupl. acc. pers. et rei, *τίσασθαι τινι δικην* *to exact retribution from a person*: but also with the means of punishment in the dat., *τίνεσθαι τινι φυγῇ* *to requite, punish with exile*: absol. *to repay oneself, take vengeance*.

τιό, τιό, imitation of a bird's note. τιών, Ep. for ἐτιών, impf. of τίω. τί-ποτε; ἢ why ever? why? wherefore? Lat. quid tandem? ΤΙΣ, neut. τι; gen. τινός Ep. τευ Att. του; dat. τινί Ep. τῷ or τεῷ; acc. τινά, τι; plur. τινές, τινά; gen. τινῶν; dat. τινί; acc. τινάς, τινά:—indef. Pronoun, enclit. through all cases: masc. and fem., *one, any one, some one*, freq. answering to our indef. Article, α, an: of places and things, *νήσος τις* *an island, etc.*: neut. *anything, something*: εἶ τις, εἶ τι, Lat. si quis, si quid, if any one or anything, whoever, whatever. II. *tis* is often used indef. of a number of persons, as ᾤδε δέ τις εἶπεσκεν but thus *some one* said, i. e. thus men said. 2. like ἕκαστος or πᾶς, *each, each one, every one*: εὖ μὲν τις δόρυ θηξάσσω *let each man look to sharpening his spear; ἀλλά τις αὐτὸς ἴτω* *let each come of himself*. 3. so in Att., φοβεῖται τις *some one* fears, fear is among them; πέισεται τις *some one* will suffer. III. *tis, τι*, of a person or thing, *some great person, some great thing, ἡὗχαις τις εἶναι*

you boasted that you were *somebody*: opp. to οὐδείς, μηδείς; λέγειν τι to speak sense, hit the truth, opp. to οὐδὲν λέγειν. 2. emphatically *a man*, opp. to *a brute*; τὴ ἰὼν *a man* or *a dog*; but also in sign of contempt, *somebody* or *other*, Θεοσίτης τις ἦν there was *one* Thersites: hence τις is used for *a slave*.

IV. joined with Adjs., τις makes them less precise; μανόμενος *a madman*, μανόμενός τις *a crazy sort* of fellow: so with an Adj. of number or size, οὗς τις *such a kind of person* as...; πᾶς τις *every one*; εἷς τις *some one*; ὀλίγοι τινές *some few*; τρεῖς τινες *some three* or so. 2. joined with Adjectives, *somewhat*, in *a certain way*; ἥττόν τι *some-what* less.

V. in long sentences τις is often repeated, else it generally is found in the second clause: and when ὅστις follows in the relative clause, τις must often be supplied from it in the antecedent.

ΤΙΣ, neut. τί; gen. τίνος, Hom. τέο contr. τεῦ, Att. τοῦ; dat. τινί Att. τῷ; acc. τίνα, neut. τί; Plur. τίνες, τίνα; gen. τίνων Hom. τίνων; dat. τίσιν; acc. τίνας, τίνα;—interrog. Pronoun masc. and fem. *who?* *which?* neut. *what?* *which?* Lat. quis, quae, quid? strength. τίς γάρ; τί γάρ; like Lat. quisnam? quidnam? ἐς τί; until when? how long? with another Pronoun it must be rendered by two clauses; τίς δ' οὐτός ἐρχεται; *who art thou that comest?* II. the question is modified by ἄν or κεν and a change of mood; τίς ἄν or κεν with the opt. expresses strong doubt, *who could*, *who would* do so? when there is no doubt the ἄν or κεν is omitted, τίς ἐργάσατο *who could* do it? i. e. no one.

III. τίς is also used in indirect questions; ἠρώτα δὴ ἐπειτα, τίς εἶη καὶ πόθεν ἔλθοι he asked thereupon *who* he was, and *whence* he came.

IV. sometimes two questions are asked in one clause; ἐκ τίνος τίς ἐγένετο; *who* is he, and *from whom* descended?

V. τίς is also used for ποῖος; *of what sort?* as Lat. quis for qualis? so also for πότερος; as Lat. quis for uter? VI. τί; alone, *what?*—it takes the Article, τὸ τί; when the question refers to something going before.

VII. τί; often stands absol. as Adv., *how?* *for why?* *wherefore?* 2. τί δέ; *but how?* 3. τί δὴ; τί δὴ ποτε; *why ever?* τί δῆτα; *how pray?* expressing surprise. 4. τί μὴν; *why not?* *how else?* i. e. *yes surely!* Lat. quidni?

[τί was never elided, and sometimes stands before a vowel even in Trag., as τί οὖν; τί εἶπας;]

ΤΙΣΑΙΟ, Ion. 3 pl. aor. I med. opt. of τίω.

ΤΙΣΥΣ [ἴ], εως, ἦ, (τίνω) *payment made by way of recompence, a penalty, punishment; τίσιν δοῦναι* to suffer punishment, Lat. poenas dare. II. *a requital* in good sense, *reward*.

III. in plur. *retributive justice, retribution*.

ΤΙΣΩΝ, aor. I imperat. of τίνω; inf. τίσαι.

ΤΙΣΩ [ἴ], fut. of τίνω; also aor. I subj.

ΤΙΤΑΙΝΩ, aor. I ἐτίηνα, Ep. for τείνω, τανῶω, to stretch: Med., τόξα τιταίνεσθαι to stretch one's bow. 2. to spread out or along, spread, ex-

tend:—Med. or Pass. to stretch oneself, to extend, spread.

3. to draw along:—in Med. to strain or exert oneself; τιτανόμενος πεδῖοις stretching on over the plain; ἀψ ὥσασκε τιτανόμενος he thrust it back exerting himself, with all his strength.

ΤΙΤΑΙΝΩ, part. from Τίταν, only in passage, φάσκει δὲ τιταίνοντας ἀτασθαλίη μέγα βέξαι ἔργον he said that, being *Titans*, they had done violence in their pride.

ΤΙΤᾶΝ [ἴ], ἄνω, ὁ, mostly in plur. Τίτᾶνες, Ep. and Ion. Τίτῆνες, οἱ, the *Titans*, a race of gods placed beneath Tartarus; acc. to Hesiod six sons and six daughters of Uranos and Gaia. Later any descendants of Uranos and Gaia are so called, and in Latin Poets *Titan* is a name for the Sun.

ΤΙΤΑΝΙΣ Ion. Τίτηνίς, ἰδος, fem. of Τίτᾶν, *a Titaness*.

ΤΙΤΑΝΟΣ, ἦ, *a white earth, chalk or gypsum*.

ΤΙΤᾶν-ᾠδης, ες, (Τίτᾶν, εἶδος) like *Titans*; Τίταν-ᾠδες βλέπειν to look *Titanic*.

τίτας, ου, ὁ, (τίω) Dor. for τίτης, = τιμαρός, an avenger. [ἴ]

Τίτηνες, οἱ, Ep. and Ion. for Τίτᾶνες.

τιθῆαι, ἦ, *a suckling by a nurse, fostering*. From τιτῆαι, f. σω, to suckle, nurse, foster. From

ΤΙΤΘΗ, ἦ, *the teat of a woman's breast: a nurse*.

τιτθον, τό, Dim. of τίτθος, *a nipple, teat*.

ΤΙΤΘΟΣ, ὁ, *the teat or nipple of a woman's breast*.

τίτλος, ου, ὁ, formed from Lat. titulus, *a title, superscription*.

τιτρώσκω, f. τρώσω; aor. I ἔτρωσα; Pass., fut. τρωθήσομαι, but also fut. med. τρώσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἔτρώθην; pf. τέτρωμαι: (formed from Root *ΤΡΩ-) :—to wound, hurt; τετρωσθαι τὸν μηρὸν to have been wounded in the thigh:—of ships, to damage, cripple, scatter: of wine, to overpower.

τιττιβίζω, properly of the cry of partridges; but also of swallows and other small birds, to twitter, chirrup. (Formed from the sound.)

Τίτυο-κτόνος, ὁ, (Τιτύος, κτείνω) *slayer of Tityos*.

Τίτύος, ὁ, Tityos, son of Gaia, a giant.

τίτυσκομαι, only used in pres. and impf., akin both to τεύχω and τυγχάνω: I. like τεύχω, to make, make ready, prepare. II. like τυγχάνω, to aim; ἄντα τιτύσκεσθαι to aim straight before one; c. gen. to aim at an object. 2. metaph., φρεσὶ τιτύσκεσθαι to aim at a thing in one's mind, i. e. to purpose or design to do, c. inf.

ΤΙΤΨΗ, a kind of beetle or water-spider, that runs on the top of smooth water. [ἴ]

τίφθ', for τίπτει, before an aspirate.

τίφος, εος, τό, *a pool*.

ΤΙΨΩ [ἴ], Ep. inf. τιέμεν; impf. ἔτιον; Pass., pres. τίομαι; pf. τέτιμα, part. τετιμένος:—Ion. impf. act. and pass. τίεσκον, τιεσκόμην, 3 sing. τιέσκετο:—to pay honour to a person, to esteem, honour, respect, regard: also of things, θεοὶ δίκην τίουσιν the gods honour right. 2. to value or rate at a certain worth.

II. fut. and aor. I act. τίσω, ἔτισα, and fut. and aor. I med. τίσομαι, ἐτίσαμεν, are only used

in the sense of *τίνω*, *τίνομαι*:—in Act. *to pay a price, make return*: in Med. *to have a price paid, or return made one*: see *τίνω*.

πλά-θύμος, *ον*, Dor. for πλῆθύμος.

πλαίην, aor. 2 opt. of *πλάω.

πλάμων, Dor. for πλῆμων.

πλάς, πλάσα, πλάν, aor. 2 part. of *πλάω.

*ΤΛΑΨ, a radic. form never found in pres.: fut. πλῆσομαι: aor. 2 ἔπλην (formed as if from πλημί), imperat. πλῆθι, opt. πλαίην, Ep. 3 pl. πλαιέν (for πλαιήσαν), inf. πλῆναι, part. πλάς, πλάσα, πλάν: pf. τέπληκα, also used in pres. sense; from this pf. is formed imperat. τέπλάθι, τεπλάτω [ᾶ]; opt. τεπλαιήν; inf. τεπλάναι [ᾶ] Ep. τεπλάμεν, τεπλάμεναι, Ep. part. τεπληγός, τεπληγία, (gen. τεπληγός:—there is also a poet. aor. I ἔταλάσα as if from a pres. ταλάω), Ep. ἔτάλασσα, subj. ταλάσσω, ης, η:—*to take upon oneself, to bear, suffer, undergo, endure hardship*: sometimes absol., esp. in imperat. πλῆθι, *bear up, endure*: so in pf. part., τεπληγίτι θυμῷ with *enduring, patiently* heart. II. *to bear steadfastly, hold out*: c. inf. *to dare to do something, whether good or bad*: also c. acc. *to dare a thing, i. e. dare to do it*.

πλή, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of *πλάω.

πλή-θύμος Dor. πλά-*ον*, (*πλάω, θυμός) of *enduring soul, stout-hearted*.

πλήμεναι, Ep. aor. 2 inf. of *πλάω.

πλημόνωσ, Adv. of πλῆμων, *patiently*.

πλημοσύνη, ἡ, *that which is to be endured, misery, distress*. II. *endurance, patience*. From

πλήμων, *ονος*, ὁ, ἡ, vocat. πλῆμων, (*πλάω) *suffering, enduring*: hence, I. *patient, steadfast, stout-hearted*: also *bold, daring*: in bad sense, *reckless, rash*, Lat. *audax*. II. *full of suffering, wretched, miserable*.

πλῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of πλάω.

πλησὶ-κάρδιος, *ον*, (*πλάω, καρδία) of *patient heart, much-enduring, miserable*. II. *hard-hearted*.

πλήσομαι, fut. of *πλάω.

πλήτε, 2 pl. aor. 2 imperat. of *πλάω.

πλητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *πλάω: I. act. *suffering, patient, constant in suffering or labour*. II.

pass. *suffered, endured: to be suffered, endurable*.

πμάγειν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of πμήγω. [ᾶ]

πμάγον, Ep. for ἔπμάγον, aor. 2 of πμήγω.

πμήγω, f. πμήξω: aor. I ἔπμηξα: aor. 2 ἔπμάγον: aor. I med. ἔπμηξάμην: aor. 2 pass. ἔπμάγην [ᾶ] and ἔπμήγην:—Ep. collat. form of τέμνω, *to cut, cleave*:

—Pass. *to be divided, be parted asunder*. Hence

πμήδην, Adv. by *cutting, scratching, grazing*.

πμηθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τέμνω.

πμήξας, aor. I part. of πμήγω.

πμητός, ἡ, ὄν, (τέμνω) *cut, hewn, cut into shape*. 2. *cut lengthwise, furrowed*.

πμητο-σίδηρος, *ον*, (πμητός, σίδηρος) *cut down with iron*.

ποδί, neut. of ὀδί.

πόθεν, demonstr. Adv., answering to relat. ὅθεν and

interrog. πόθεν, (properly an old form of the gen. τοῦ) *hence, thence*. II. *hence, therefore, thereupon*.

πόθι, demonstr. Adv. *there, in that place*. II. also for relat. ὅθι, *where*.

ποι, enclit. Particle of inference, *therefore, accordingly*; also strengthening an assertion, *in truth, in sooth, verily*: it is often joined with other Particles: with ἄρα it coalesces by crasis into τᾶρα, with ἄν into τάν, with μέντοι ἄν into μεντάν.

ποι, Dor., Ion., and Ep. for σοί, dat. sing. of σύ: always enclitic.

ποι, ταί, Ep. and Ion. nom. plur. masc. and fem. of the Art. ὁ and the Relat. ὅς.

ποι-γάρ, strengthd. form of the enclit. Particle ποι, *so then, wherefore, therefore, accordingly*.

ποι-γαρ-οὖν Ion. ποι-γαρ-ᾶν, strengthd. form of ποιγάρ, *therefore indeed, therefore assuredly*.

ποι-γάρ-τοι, strengthd. form of ποιγάρ, used at the beginning of a speech or narrative.

ποιῦν, Ep. for τοῦν, gen. and dat. dual of ὁ.

ποι-νῦν, (ποι, νῦν) strengthd. form of the Particle ποι, *so then, therefore*. 2. in Att. often used to continue a speech, *further, moreover*.

ποιό, Ion. and Ep. for τοῦ, gen. sing. of Art. ὁ.

ποιός, τοία Ion. τοίη, τοίον: (from τοῖο, old gen. of ὁ, ἡ, τό):—of *such kind, nature or quality, such, such-like*, Lat. *talis*, demonstr. Pron., to which the relat. οἶος, interrog. ποῖος, and indefin. ποῖός correspond: ποῖος in Homer commonly refers to something gone before: in later authors it points to something to come, *the following*. 2. τοῖος c. inf., *such as to do, i. e. fit or able to do*; τοῖοι ἀμυνόμενοι to assist; cf. οἶος. II. with an Adj. it makes the sense of the Adj. more prominent, *so very, just*; ἐπικειῆς τοῖος *just of moderate size*; κερδαλέος τοῖος *so very crafty*.

III. Homer uses neut. τοῖον as Adv., *so, thus, so very, so much*.

ποιόσδε, τοιάδε Ion. τοίῃδε, τοιόνδε: Att. also τοιοσδί, etc., like τοῖος, with stronger demonstr. sense, of *such kind, nature or quality*; more commonly of what follows than what has gone before, to which τοιοῦτος properly refers; ἕτερος τοιόσδε *just such another*.

τοιούτος, τοιαύτη, τοιοῦτο, Att. also τοιοῦτον: and in strengthd. form Att. τοιουτοσί, like τοῖος and τοιόσδε, of *such kind, nature or quality*: more commonly of what has gone before than what follows, *such as the foregoing*: absol., ἐν τῷ τοιοῦτῷ, ἐν τοῖς τοιούτοις in *such a state* of things: strengthd., τοιοῦτος ἕτερος: also in neut. ἕτερον τοιοῦτον, ἕτερα τοιαῦτα.

τοιουτό-τροπος, *ον*, (τοιούτος, τρόπος) of *such fashion or kind, such like*. Adv. —τρόπως, *after such a fashion*.

τοιουτῶδες, es, (τοιούτος, εἶδος) of *such kind or form*.

τοισδεσι and τοῖσδεσσι, τοῖσδεσιν, Ep. forms for τοῖσδε, dat. pl. of ὅδε,

τοίχαρχος, ὁ, (τοίχος, ἄρχω) captain of the rowers on each side of the ship.

τοίχος, ὁ, (τεῖχος) the wall of a house or court, opp. to τεῖχος, as Lat. *paries* to *moenia*: proverb., ὁ εὖ πρᾶπταν τοίχος, = 'the right side of the hedge.' II. in plur. the sides of a ship.

τοιχωρῦχῶ, f. ἦσω, (τοιχωρῦχος) to be a house-breaker, burglar: to play rogue's tricks. Hence τοιχωρῦχία, ἡ, housebreaking, burglary.

τοιχωρῦχος [ῥ], ὁ, (τοίχος, ὀρύσσω) one who breaks through the wall, a house-breaker, burglar: generally, a thief, knave.

τοιῶς, τοιῶσδε, Adv. of τοῖος, τοῖσδε.

τόκᾱ, Dor. for τότε.

τοκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τεκεῖν) one who has just brought forth, Lat. *foeta*: as Adj., τοκάς λέαινα a lioness with cubs; ἐκ τοκάδων from one's birth.

τοκετός, ὁ, = τόκος.

τοκεῖς, ἑως, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) one who begets, a father: plur. τοκεῖς Ion. τοκῆες, parents.

τοκίζω, (τόκος) to lend on interest; τοκίζειν τόκον to practise usury. Hence

τοκισμός, ὁ, the practice of usury.

τόκος, ὁ, (τεκεῖν) a bringing forth, birth, the time of delivery. 2. offspring, young child, son. II. metaph. the produce or usance of money lent out, interest, Lat. *usura*: also in pl., τόκοι τόκων interest of interest, i. e. compound interest.

τοκο-φορέω, (τόκος, φέρω) to bring in interest.

ΤΟΛΜΑ Ion. τόλμη Dor. τόλμᾱ, ἡ, courage to venture on a thing, boldness, daring. 2. in bad sense, over-boldness, recklessness, Lat. *audacia*: a bold or daring deed.

τολμᾶσεις, Dor. 2 fut. of τολμάω.

τολμάω Ion. τολμέω, 2 pl. τολμητε Dor. for τολμᾶτε: f. ἦσω: (τόλμα):—to undertake, take heart to do or bear anything, to endure, undergo. 2. to take courage, have the heart or resolution to do a thing: c. acc., τολμᾶν πόλεμον to venture on war; πάντα τολμᾶν to dare all things.

τολμήεις, ἔσσα, εῖ, Dor. -άεις, Ep. contr. τολμηῆς, ἦσσα, ἦν (whence Sup. τολμηστάτος) enduring, steadfast, stout-hearted: daring, bold, adventurous.

τόλμημα, ατος, τό, (τολμάω) a daring deed, adventure, enterprise.

τολμηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τολμάω) daring, bold:—Comp. τολμηρότερος. Adv. -ρῶς, boldly; Comp. -ρότερον; Sup. -ρότατα.

τολμηῆς, ἦσσα, ἦν, Ep. contr. for τολμήεις, q. v. τολμητέον, verb. Adj. of τολμάω, one must venture.

τολμητής, οὔ, ὁ, (τολμάω) a bold, venturesome man.

τολμητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. from τολμάω, ventured, to be ventured or hazarded.

τολμίστατος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of τολμηῆς.

το-λοιπόν or divisim τό λοιπόν, (λοιπός) as Adv., henceforward, for the future. 2. for the rest, accordingly.

τολῦπεύω, f. σω, (τολύπη) to wind off carded wool into a clew for spinning. II. metaph. to contrive, devise, invent. 2. to wind up, achieve, accomplish a bard task.

ΤΟΛΥΠΗ, ἡ, a clew or ball wound up, wool carded and made into a ball for spinning, Lat. *glomus*. [ῥ] τομαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (τομή) cut, cut off; ἄκος τομαῖον a remedy cut ready for use.

τομάω, (τομή) to need cutting; πῆμα τομῶν a disease that needs the knife.

τομή, ἡ, (τέμνω) the place from which a thing has been cut: the end left after cutting, a stump of a tree: the end of a beam, where it had been cut off; λίθοι ἐν τομῇ ἐγγώνιοι stones squared at the end. II. a cut, stroke, wound. III. a cutting, cutting off; καύσις καὶ τομή cautery and the knife.

τόμος, ον, (τομή) cut up: in pl., τὰ τόμα (sc. ἱερά), parts of a sacrifice used on taking solemn oaths: cf. τέμνω.

τομός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τέμνω, cutting, sharp: Comp. τομώτερος, cutting sharper: Sup. τομώτατος.

τόμος, ὁ, (τέμνω) a cut, a piece cut off, a slice. II. a part of a book rolled up by itself, a tome, volume.

τονθορίζω or -ρίζω, to speak inarticulately, mutter: also of inarticulate cries of animals. (Formed from the sound.)

τόνος, ὁ, (τένω) that which strains and tightens a thing, or that which can itself be stretched, a rope, cord, brace, band; οἱ τόνοι τῶν κινητῶν the cords of beds: also the strand of a rope. 2. in animals, the sinews or tendons, Lat. *nervi*. II. a stretching, tightening, bracing, straining, strain. 2. of sounds, a straining or pitching of the voice: hence, a tone, note: also the tone or stress falling on a syllable in a verse; τόνος ἑξάμετρος hexameter measure. 3. in Music, τόνοι were measures or modes, Lat. *modi*: of which in the earliest Greek music there were three, the Dorian, Lydian and Phrygian. III. exertion of force, force, intensity: also direction, tenour.

το-νῦν, = τὸ νῦν, for the present.

τοξάζομαι, f. -άσομαι, Dep. (τόξον) to shoot with a bow: c. gen. to shoot at, take aim at.

τόξ-αλέκτης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον, ἀλήκη) a strong archer.

τόξ-αρχος, ὁ, (τόξον, ἄρχω) master of the bow, a bowman, archer. II. the captain of the τοξῆται at Athens.

τόξευμα, ατος, τό, (τοξεύω) that which is shot, an arrow, bolt; ὅσον τόξευμα ἐξικνέεται as far as an arrow reaches, i. e. a bowsbot.

II. collective in plur. for οἱ τοξῆται, the archers.

τοξευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (τοξεύω) a bowman, archer.

τοξευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τοξεύω, struck by an arrow, shot.

τοξεύω, f. σω, (τόξον) to shoot with the bow, use the bow: c. gen., τοξεύειν τινός to shoot at a mark. 2. metaph. to shoot or wound with an arrow. II. to shoot as from a bow, discharge, launch forth.

τοξ-ήρης, es, (τόξον, ἀραρεῖν) furnished with the bow. 2. of or for the bow.

τοξικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τόξον) of or for the bow: skilled in the use of the bow. 2. ἡ τοξική (sub. τέχνη), bowmanship, archery.

τοξο-δάμῃς, αντος, ὁ, and τοξο-δάμνος, ον, (τόξον, δάμῃα) *subduing with the bow; τοξοδαμνος* Ἄρης the war of archers, i. e. of the Persians, see τόξον.

ΤΟΞΟΝ, τό, a bow, its arrows being ὠστίοι or λοί, the string νευρά or νεύρον: often in pl. τόξα, because the bow consisted of two pieces of horn joined by the πῆχυς in the middle; τόξα τιταίνειν to draw the bow. As the bow was the Oriental weapon, τόξον βύμα, i. e. the Persians, is opp. to λόγχις ισχύς, i. e. the Greeks, whose chief weapon was the spear; see τοξοδάμος. II. in plur. also, bow and arrows, or even the arrows only.

τοξοποιέω, f. ἴσω, to make like a bow, to arch. From τοξο-ποιός, ὄν, (τόξον, ποίεω) making bows.

τοξοσύνη, ἡ, (τόξον) bowmanship, archery.

τοξοτευχής, ἐς, (τόξον, τεύχεα) armed with the bow.

τοξότης, ον, ὁ, (τόξον) a bowman, archer. II.

at Athens, οἱ τοξόται were the police, also called Σιρύθαι, because they were public slaves bought from the parts north of Greece.

τόξοτις, ιδος, fem. of τοξότης, an archeress; as Adj., τόξοτις χεῖρ an archer hand.

τοξοουλκός, ὄν, (τόξον, ἔλκω) drawing the bow; τοξοουλκὸν λῆμα the spirit of archers, i. e. of the Persians; see τόξον.

τοξο-φόρος, ον, (τόξον, φέρω) bearing a bow: as Subst., τοξοφόρος, ὁ, = τοξότης, an archer, bowman.

τοπάζιον, τό, = τόπαζος.

ΤΟΠΑΖΟΣ, ὁ, the topaz, a precious stone.

τοπάζω, f. ἄσω, (τόπος) to guess, divine.

το-πάν, Adv., = τὸ πᾶν, altogether, quite, wholly: ἐς τοπᾶν in general, for the mass.

το-πᾶραυτίκα, Adv., = αὐτίκα, immediately, on the instant.

το-πάραιθε, -θεν, Adv., = πάροιθε.

το-πάρος, Adv., = πάρος. [ἄ]

τόπ-αρχος, ὁ, also ἡ, (τόπος, ἄρχω) ruling over a place: as Subst., τόπαρχος, ὁ, ἡ, a master or mistress.

ΤΟΠΟΣ, ὁ, a place, spot, Lat. locus; χθονὸς πᾶς τόπος the whole space of earth. 2. place, position.

3. a place or passage in an author, Lat. locus. III. metaph. a place, occasion, opportunity.

το-πρίν, Adv., = τὸ πρῖν.

το-πρόσθεν, Adv., = τὸ πρόσθεν.

το-πρῶτον, Adv., = τὸ πρῶτον, first, at first, in the first place.

τόρευμα, τό, embossed work, work in relief. II. = τόρνευμα, a circling or wheeling round.

τορεύς, ἔως, ὁ, (τορεύω) the graver of a sculptor. II. a borer, auger.

τορευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τορεύω, worked in relief or chased: metaph. elaborate.

τορεύω, properly, = τορέω, to bore through: metaph. to sing in a piercing tone. II. to work in relief.

2. to chase, Lat. caelare.

*ΤΟΡΕΩΩ, obsol. pres., whence aor. 2 ἔτροπον, also aor. I ἐτόρησα, part. τορήσας, and redupl. fut. τετορήσω—*to bore, pierce.* II. metaph. to utter in a loud and piercing tone. Hence

τόρμος, ὁ, a hole, socket: the nave of a wheel.

τορνευτο-λύρ-ασπίδο-πηγός, ὁ, (τορνεύω, λύρα, ἀσπίς, πήγνυμι) lyre-turner and shield-maker.

τορνεύω, f. σω, to turn, work with a lathe and chisel, Lat. tornare: metaph. of verses, to turn neatly, round off: and generally, to twist round. From

τόρνος, ὁ, (τορέω) a carpenter's tool to draw a circle with, compasses, Lat. tornus. II. a turner's chisel, a lathe-chisel. Hence

τορνώμαι, f. -ώσομαι, Dep. to make round, mark off with compasses; τορνώσαντο σῆμα they rounded off the barrow; ἔδαφος νηὸς τορνώσεται ἀνὴρ he will round him off the ship's bottom.

τορός, ἄ, ὄν, (τείρω) piercing; of the voice, piercing, thrilling. 2. metaph. clear, distinct, plain. II.

of persons, sbarp, quick, smart.

τοροτιγέ or τοροτιγέ, imitation of a bird's note.

τορύνη, ἡ, (τείρω) a stirrer, ladle to stir things boiling, Lat. tudicula. [ὑ]

τορύνω, (τορύνη) to stir, stir up or about. [ὑ]

τοσάκεις Ep. τοσσάκι [ἄ], Adv. (τόσος) so many times, so often.

τόσος Ep. τόσος, η, ον, Lat. tantus, of Size, so great; of Space, so wide; of Time, so long; of Number, so many; of Sound, so loud; generally, so much, so very: answered by the Relat. ὅσος; but τόσος often stands alone in Homer, as τρίς τόσοι thrice as many. In Homer τόσον and τόσσον are often Adv., so much, so far, so very, Lat. tantum; λίην τόσον so much too much. 2. ἐκ τόσου, so long since.

τοσσοῦ-δε Ep. τοσσόσ-δε, -ἦδε, -ὄνδε, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, large, wide, etc.—c. inf. so strong, so able to do a thing. II.

τοσόνδε Ep. τοσσόνδε, as Adv., so very, so much, to such a degree.

τοσουτ-ἀριθμός, ον, (τοσοῦτος, ἀριθμός) of so large a number. [ἄ]

τοσοῦτος Ep. τοσσούτος, -αῖτη, -οῦτο Att. -οῦτον, = τόσος, with a stronger demonstr. force, so great, so large, etc.: also to designate a very small degree, hence τοσοῦτον, only so much, so much and no more; ἐς τοσοῦτο, Lat. eatenus, so far; ἕτερον τοσοῦτο as great, as much or many again. II.

τοσοῦτο or -ον, Ep. τοσσούτο or -ον, as Adv., so much, so far.

τοσουτοσί, τοσαντηλί, τοσοντονί, Att. for τοσοῦτος.

τοσσακί and τοσσάκεις, Adv. Ep. for τοσακί. [ἄ]

τόσσαις, in Dor. form τόσσαίς, = τυχάν, aor. I part. of an obsol. pres., = τυχάνα, to hit, hit upon.

τοσσήνος, Dor. for τοσοῦτος.

τόσσος, η, ον, Ep. for τόσος.

τοσσόσ-δε -ή-δε, -όν-δε, Ep. for τοσόσδε.
 τοσσούτος, -αῦτη, -οῦτο and -οῦτον, Ep. for τοσούτος.

τόσως, Adv. of τόσος, so much, as much.
 τότε, Adv. at that time, then: often in Att., aforesaid time, formerly: sometimes emphatic, at that famous time.

2. joined with other Particles, τότε δὴ, τότε ἔπειτα, δὴ τότε γε. 3. with the Article, οἱ τότε people then living; ἐν τῷ τότε in the then time. It answers to the Relat. ὅτε and interrog. πότε.

τοτέ, Adv. at times, now and then, mostly in answering clauses, τοτέ μὲν . . , τοτέ δέ . . , at one time . . , at another; τότε ἢ τότε, at one time or other.

το-τέταρτον, Adv. = τὸ τέταρτον, for the fourth time, like τέταρτον, etc.

το-τηνικά, or divisim τὸ τηνικά, Adv., = τηνικά. [Ὶ]
 τοτοβρίξ, imitation of a bird's note.

το-τρίτον, Adv., = τὸ τρίτον, for the third time; cf. τοτέταρτον. [Ὶ]

τοῦ, gen. of Art. ὁ, and interrog. Pron. τίς.

του, enclit., gen. of enclit. Pron. τις.

τούβολου, Att. crasis for τοῦ ὀβολου.

τούκ, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἐκ.

τούλασσον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔλασσον.

τούλάχιστον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλάχιστον.

τούλεύθερον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐλεύθερον.

τούμόν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμόν.

τούμπαλιν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπαλιν.

τούμπόδων, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπόδων.

τούμπροσθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμπροσθεν.

τούμφανές, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφανές.

τούμφύλον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐμφύλον.

τούναντίον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐναντίον.

τούνεκα, Att. crasis for τοῦ ἔνεκα, for that reason, therefore.

τούνθενδε, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐνθενδε.

τούνομα, Att. crasis for τὸ ὄνομα.

τούντευθεν, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐντευθεν, henceforth.

τούπέκεινα, Att. crasis for τὸ ἐπέκεινα.

τούπος or τοῦπος, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔπος.

τούργον or τοῦργον, Att. crasis for τὸ ἔργον.

τούρανοῦ, Att. crasis for τοῦ οὐρανοῦ.

τουτάκις or τουτάκι, Adv. poet. for τότε, then. II. so many times, so often. [Ὶ]

τουτέ, Adv., Dor. for ταῦτη, in that direction, there, yonder.

τούτερον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἔτερον.

τουτόθε Adv. (οὗτος) hence, thence.

τουτώθεν, Dor. Adv. (οὗτος) thence.

τόφρα, Adv. of Time, up to that time, so long; answering to the Relat. ὅφρα. II. τόφρα sometimes stands absol., meantime, meanwhile.

τοῦγαλίξω, = τρώγω.

Τραῦσάσιος, α, ον, of or from the city Τραγασαί in Epirus: but of swine, ὡς τραγασαία φαίνεται, with allusion to τραγεῖν, to eat: and again τραγασαίον πατρός, with play upon τράγος, a goat.
 τραγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρώγω.

τράγειος, α, ον, poet. for τράγεος: τραγεῖη (sub dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Ὶ]

τραγ-ἐλάφος, ὁ, (τράγος, ἔλαφος) the goat-stag, a fabulous creature mentioned in Aristophanes.

τράγεος, α, ον, (τράγος) of or from a he-goat; τραγῆ (sub. dorá), ἡ, a goat's skin. [Ὶ]

τράγημα, ατος, τό, (τραγεῖν) mostly in plur. sweetmeats, dessert, Lat. bellaria.

τραγηματίζω, f. σω, to eat sweetmeats: so also in Med. τραγηματίζομαι.

τραγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος) of or for a goat. II. of or for a tragedy, tragic (cf. τραγωδία): τραγικός λῆρος the tawdry decorations of tragedy:—hence generally, stately, majestic; in bad sense, pompous: Adv. -κῆς, in tragic style.

τράγινος, η, ον, (τράγος) like τράγειος, of a he-goat.

τράγισκος, ὁ, Dim. of τράγος, a young he-goat.

τράγο-κουρικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τράγος, κουρά) of or for shearing he-goats.

τράγο-κτονος, ον, (τράγος, κτείνω) of slaughtered goats.

τραγο-μάσχᾶλος, ον, (τράγος, μασχάλη) with arm-pits smelling like a he-goat.

τράγο-πούς, ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, (τράγος, ποῖς) goat-footed.

τράγος, ὁ, (τραγεῖν) a he-goat, Lat. bircus, caper. II. the smell of the arm-pits, Lat. bircus alarum.

τράγο-σκελής, ἐς, (τράγος, σκέλος) goat-shanked, of Pan.

τράγω, Dor. for τρώγω, like πᾶτος for πῶτος. [Ὶ]

τραγωδέω, f. ἦσω, (τραγωδῶ) to act a tragedy: generally, to represent or exhibit in tragedy:—Pass. to be made the subject of a tragedy. II. metaph. to tell in tragic phrase, to declaim, speak theatrically.

Hence

τραγωδία, ἡ, a tragedy or heroic play, invented by the Dorians, and with them of lyric character (τραγικοί χοροί); then transplanted to Athens, where it assumed its dramatic character. See τραγωδῖς.

τραγωδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τραγωδῖς) befitting a tragic poet or tragedy.

τραγωδο-διδάσκᾶλος, ὁ, (τραγωδῖς, διδάσκω) a tragic poet, who himself trained the chorus and actors.

τραγωδο-ποιός, ὄν, (τραγωδῖς, ποιέω) making tragedies: as Subst., τραγωδοποιός, ὁ, a tragic poet.

τραγ-ωδός, ὁ, (τράγος, αἰδῖός contr. ᾠδός) a tragic poet and singer, as the poet took part in the performance of his play: later, the term τραγωδός was confined to the tragic actor. Properly, the goat-singer, either because a goat was the prize, or because the actors were clothed in goat-skins.

ΤΡΑ-ἨΨ, ἐς, piercing: metaph. clear, plain, distinct.

τραῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, collat. form of τρανής.

πρᾶνός, (πρανός) to make clear, plain, distinct.

πρᾶνός, Adv. of τρανής, clearly, distinctly.

τράπε, for ἔτραπε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of τρέπω. [Ὶ]

τρά-πεζα [τρά], ἡς, ἡ, a table, esp. a dining-table; ξενίη τράπεζα the hospitable board; τραπέζη καὶ κοίτη

δχεσθαι to entertain at bed and board. 2 a table, dinner, meal.

II. a money-changer's table or counter, a bank, Lat. mensa argentaria. III. any table or flat surface, a tablet, Lat. tabula. (Acc. to some from τετρα-, πέξα; acc. to others from τρι-, πέξα: Horace speaks of mensa tripes.) Hence

τραπέζεις, εως, δ, at or of a table; κύνες τραπέζης dogs that were fed at mealtime.

τραπέζιτρεύω, to be a money-changer or banker. From τραπέζιτης [τ], ου, δ, (τραπέξα) one who keeps an exchange-table, a money-changer, banker, Lat. mensarius, argentarius. Hence

τραπέζιτικός, ἡ, ὄν, concerning a banker or banking. τραπέοιμεν, Ep. for τραπέωμεν, τραπῶμεν, 1 pl. aor. 2 pass., both of τέρπω and τρέπω.

τραπέσδα, ἡ, Dor. for τράπεξα.

τραπέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of τέρπω.

τράπεσκε, Ion. 3 sing. impf. of τράπω = τρέπω. [ᾶ]

ΤΡΑΠΕΩ, to tread grapes: hence Lat. trapētes, trapētum, an oil-press.

τραπήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τρέπω.

τραπήτειον, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, in pass. sense, one must turn.

τράπω, Ion. for τρέπω. [ᾶ]

τρασιά, ἡ, (from τασός, as if τασιά) a crate to dry figs on.

τραυλιζω, f. ἴσω, to lisp, mispronounce a letter, Lat. balbutire; so of children. From

ΤΡΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lisping, Lat. balbus: of the swallow, twittering.

τραῦμα Ion. τρώμα, ατος, τό, (πιτρώσκω) a wound, hurt; ἀπό τοῦ τρώματος ἀποθνήσκειν to die of the wound. II. a hurt, damage, as of ships. III.

metaph. a blow, disaster, defeat. Hence

τραυματίας, ου, δ, Ion. τρωμ-, a wounded man.

τραυματίζω Ion. τρωμ-, f. ἴσω, (τραῦμα) to wound.

τραφέμεν, Ion. for τραφεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of τρέφω: see τρέφω II. 4.

τράφεν, Ep. and Aeol. for ἐτρέφθησαν 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω. [ᾶ]

τράφερος, ἄ, ὄν, (τρέφω) like τρόφισ, well-fed, fat, solid, substantial: τραπεφῆ (sub. γῆ), as opp. to ὑγρή, dry land, ἐπὶ τραπεφῆν τε καὶ ὑγρῆν over dry land and sea: as Subst. οἱ τραπεφοὶ or τὰ τραπεφά, the fishes.

τράφη [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. of τρέφω.

τράφῆναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of τρέφω.

τράφω, Aeol. and Dor. for τρέφω. [ᾶ]

τραχέως Ion. τρηχέως, Adv. roughly, barsbly; τρηχέως περιεφθῆναι to be roughly handled.

τραχήλια, τά, (τράχλος) scraps of meat from about the neck throaten away, gristle, offal.

τραχῆλιω, (τράχλος) to arch the neck, as a pampared horse: metaph. to be haughty, headstrong.

τραχῆλιζω, f. ἴσω, (τράχλος) to take by the throat: to bend back the victim's neck, hence to expose to view, lay bare.

τραχίλο-δεσμότης, ου, δ, (τράχλος, δεσμός) as masc. Adj., cbaining the neck.

ΤΡΑΨΗΛΟΣ, ὁ, the throat, neck. [ᾶ]

Τρᾶχίς Ion. Τρηχίς, ἴνος, ἡ, Trāchis, a city and district in Thessaly, named from its mountainous surface (τραχύς). Hence

Τρᾶχίνιος, α, ον Ion. Τρηχίνιος, η, ον, of or from Trachis, Trachinian; αἱ Τραχίνιαι the Trachinian women, title of a tragedy by Sophocles.

τραχύνω Ion. τρηχύνω [ῆ]: f. ὠνά: pf. τετράχυνκα: Pass., aor. I ἐτραχύνθην: pf. τετράχυνσμαι and τετράχυνμαι: (τραχύς):—to make rough, rugged: in Aesch. Theb. 1045, τραχύνει refers to τραχύς ὁ δῆμος just before, call them, make them rough.

ΤΡΑΧΥΨ Ion. τρηχύς, εἰα, ὄ, rough, rugged: metaph. rough, harsh, savage.

τραχύτης, ητος, ἡ, (τραχύς) roughness, ruggedness: the sharpness of a bit:—metaph. roughness, barsbness.

τράχω, Dor. for τρέχω. [ᾶ]

τραχών, ἄνω, ὁ, a rugged, stony district: hence as fem. Subst. Τραχωνίτις, ἴδος, Trachonitis, i. e. the rugged country.

ΤΡΕΙΣ, οἱ, αἱ, τρία, τά; gen. τριῶν; dat. τρισί; acc. τρεῖς, τρία:—THREE, Lat. TRES, tria.

τρεῖς-καὶ-δεκα, οἱ, αἱ, τρια-καὶ-δεκα, τά, thirteen, Lat. tredecim.

τρεῖω, poet. for τρέω.

τρέω, only used in pres. and impf., (τρέω) Lat. tremo, to tremble, quake, quiver. II. c. inf. to tremble or fear to do: also c. acc. to tremble at, fear.

τρεπέων, verb. Adj. of τρέπω, one must turn.

ΤΡΕΠΩ Ion. τρώπω: f. τρέω: aor. I ἐτρέπω: α.

aor. 2 ἐτράπον: pf. τέτροφα or τέτραφα: Med., aor. 2 ἐτράπομην: Pass., aor. I ἐτρέφθην Ion. ἐτράφθην: aor. 2 ἐτράπην, whence Ep. I plur. τραπεῖοιμεν (for τραπεῖομεν, τραπῶμεν): pf. τέτραμμα, 3 plur. τετράφαται; imperat. τέτραφθι, τετράφθω: plqr. ἐτετράμμην, Ep. 3 sing. τέτραπτο; 3 plur. τετράφατο:

—to turn, Lat. vertere; τρέπειν τινα εἰς τι to turn, lead, guide to a thing:—Pass. and Med. to turn, be-

take oneself, Lat. converti; ἐπὶ ἔργα τρέπεσθαι to turn or go to work; also of place, ἀπὸ ἡελίου τετραμμένος turned towards the sun; τρέπεσθαι ὁδὸν to turn oneself to (i. e. take) a course; ποῖ τράπωμαι; which way must I turn me? II. to turn, i. e.

turn round, put about; also, πάλιν τρέπειν to turn back: to turn away, divert; πρέπειν τὴν ὀργὴν εἰς τινα to divert anger on any one: Pass. and Med. to turn round. 2. to turn another way, alter, change:

Pass. and Med. to be changed, change: absol., τράπομαι I am changed, change my opinion: also, οἶνος τρέπεται the wine is turned, become sour.

III. to turn or put to flight, rout, defeat: later, τρέπειν εἰς φυγὴν, Lat. convertere in fugam, to put to flight:—Pass. to be put to flight, turn and flee:—Med. to turn oneself to flight, flee.

IV. to turn away or off, keep off: to binder, prevent.

V. to overturn, upset.

VI. to turn, apply to a purpose.

τρέσσαι, Ep. for τρέσαι, aor. I inf. of τρέω.

τρεφθῆναι, aor. I pass. inf. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕ΄ΦΩ Aeol. and Dor. τράφω [ᾶ]: fut. θρέψω: aor. I ἔθρεψα: Ep. aor. 2 ἔτραφον: pf. τέτροφα: Pass., aor. I ἔθρεψθην: aor. 2 ἔτραφην [ᾶ]: pf. τέθραμμαι and τέθρεμμαι, inf. τεθράφθαι:—to make firm or solid, to thicken or congeal; γάλα θρέψατο to curdle milk; τυρὸν θρέψειν to make cheese:—Pass., with intr. pf. act. τέτροφα, to become firm, curdle, congeal.

II. commonly, to nourish, feed, make to grow or increase, nurse, bring up, rear: Med. to rear for oneself:—Pass. to grow, grow up, wax, thrive, increase: hence to be born: and simply, to live, be.

2. of slaves, to keep, maintain: of plants, to rear, tend: θρέφειν κόμην to cherish one's hair, wear it long, Lat. comam alere: of the earth, sea, etc., to feed, rear, nourish, produce, Lat. nutrire, alere: hence poet. to contain, have.

III. Homer uses aor. 2 act. ἔτραφον in intrans. or pass. sense, as, ἔτραφε for ἔτραφήν, ἔτραφέτην for ἔτραφήτην, inf. τραφέμεν (Att. τραφέν) = τραφήναι.

ΤΡΕ΄ΧΩ Dor. τράχω [ᾶ]: fut. θρέξομαι: aor. I ἔθρεξα: but more commonly (from Root *ΔΡΕ΄ΜΩ), fut. δρᾶσσομαι Ion. δραμέομαι poet. δρόμομαι: aor. 2 ἔδραμον: pf. δεδράμηκα [ᾶ] poet. δέδρομα:—to run, Lat. currere: of things, to move quickly. 2. c. acc. loci, to run over.

3. c. acc. cognato, τρέχειν δρόμον to run a course; metaph., ἀγῶνας δραμεῖν περὶ ἑαυτοῦ to run a race for one's life or safety; hence without δρόμον or ἀγῶνα, to run a risk or chance, as τρέχειν περὶ τῆς ψυχῆς to run a race for one's life; also, παρ' ἐν πάλαισμα ἔδραμε νικᾶν he was within one bout of carrying off the victory.

τρέψαινα, 3 pl. Ep. aor. I opt. of τρέπω.

ΤΡΕ΄Ω poet. τρέω, inf. τρεῖν: f. τρέσω: aor. I ἔτρεσα Ep. τρέσσα:—to tremble, quake, esp. for fear: hence to run away, flee, fly: ὀ τρέσας the coward. II. trans. to fear, dread, be afraid of, c. acc.

τρήμα, atos, τό, (τιτράω) that which is pierced or bored through: a hole, aperture.

τρηματώεις, εσσα, εν, (τρήμα) with many holes, porous.

τρήρων, avos, ὁ, ἡ, (τρεω) fearful, timorous, shy: epith. of doves (πέλειαι or πελειάδες): hence later as Subst., τρήρων, ἡ, =πέλεια, a dove.

τρήσω, fut. of τιτράω.

τρηστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of τιτράω, bored or pierced through; τρητά λέχεια bedsteads perforated for inlaid work.

τρηχάλεος, η, ov, poet. for τρηχύς, τραχύς.

τρηχύς, εἶα, ὕ, Ion. for τραχύς: Adv. τρηχέως, Sup.

τρηχύτατα.

τρι-, in compds. three times, thrice, Lat. ter.

τριά, neut. from τρεῖς.

τριάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρία) to conquer, vanquish; metaph. from a wrestler, who did not win until he had thrice thrown his adversary, or conquered him in three bouts: hence, διὰ τριῶν ἀπόλλυσθαι to be utterly undone.

τρίαυα, ἡ, (τρία) Lat. tridens, a trident, the attri-

bute of Neptune: generally, a three-pronged spear. Hence

τριαυών, f. ὦσω, to move or heave with the trident: hence to heave or prise up, overbrow; τριαυοῦν τὴν γῆν δικέλλη to break up the ground with a mattock.

τριάκας Ep. and Ion. τρηκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς, τρία), the number thirty.

II. the thirtieth day of the month, also in pl. τριακάδες.

III. also any division of thirty.

τριάκονθ-ἄμματος, ov, (τριάκοντα, ἄμμα) with or of thirty knots.

τριάκονθ-ἡμέρος Ion. τρηκοντήμερος Dor. τριακοντάμερος, ov, (τριάκοντα, ἡμέρα) of thirty days.

τριάκοντα Ep. and Ion. τρηγίοντα, οἱ, αἱ, τά, indecl.: (τρεῖς, τρία), Lat. TRIGINTA, thirty.

II. as Subst. of τριάκοντα: I. at Sparta, the council of thirty, assigned to the kings. 2. at Athens, the thirty tyrants, appointed on the taking of Athens by Lysander (B. C. 404).

τριάκοντᾶ-ετής Ion. τρηκ-, ἐς, (τριάκοντα, ἔτος):—thirty years old.

II. of or lasting thirty years: also fem. -έτις, ἰδος:—Att. contr. τριακοντούτης, ἐς: fem. τριακόντουτις, ἰδος, whence τριακοντουτίδες σπονδαί a thirty years' truce.

τριάκοντᾶ-ζύγος, ov, (τριάκοντα, ζυγόν) with or of thirty benches of oars.

τριάκοντ-αρχία, ἡ, (τριάκοντα, ἄρχω) the rule of the thirty tyrants at Athens: cf. τριάκοντα II. 2.

τριάκοντ-όργυος, ov, (τριάκοντα, ὄργυια) of thirty fathoms.

τριάκοντορος Ion. τρηκόντερος, ov, with thirty oars:—as Subst. τριακόντορος (sub. ναῦς), ἡ, a vessel of thirty oars.

τριάκοντ-ούτης, ἐς, see τριακονταετής.

τριάκοντ-ώρυγος, ov, more correct form of τριακοντ-όρυγος.

τριάκοσιοι Ion. τρηκόσιοι, αι, α, (τρεῖς, τρία) three hundred, Lat. triceni.

τριάκοσιο-μέδιμνος, ov, (τριάκοσιο, μέδιμνος) of three hundred medimni: οἱ τριακοσιομέδιμμοι those whose property produced three hundred medimni, which was the qualification for admission into the Athenian Ἱππεῖς.

τριάκοστος Ion. τρηκ-, ἡ, ὄν, (τριάκοντα) the thirtieth: ἡ τριακοστή (sub. μοῖρα), a duty of one thirtieth.

τριάκτηρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (τριάζω) a conqueror: see τριάζω.

τρι-άρμενος, ov, (τρία, ἄρμενον) with three sails.

τριάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (τρεῖς) the number three, a triad.

τριάσσω, ἄζω, = τριάζω.

τριβᾶκός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρίβω) rubbed, worn, Lat. tritus: ἡ τριβακή a breadbare coat: cf. τρίβω.

Τριβαλλοί, the Trivalli, a people on the borders of Thrace: hence as a name for barbarian gods.

τρι-βελής, ἐς, (τρι-, βέλος) three-pointed.

τριβή, ἡ, (τριβῆναι) a rubbing. II. metaph. a rubbing or grinding away, wearing away: also of time, the spending; βίος οὐκ ἄχαρις ἐς τὴν τριβὴν a pleasant life in the spending.

2. a busying oneself

about a thing, practising it, practice: also mere practice, routine.

3. *that about which one is busied, the object of one's care.* 4. *delay, putting off, evasion; ἐς τριβὰς ἔλάν* to seek delays; and without a Verb, *μὴ τριβὰς ἔτι* no more delays.

τριβῆναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of τριβαί.

τριβολ-εκτραπέλος, *ov*, (τριβολος, ἐκτραπελός) neut. plur. as Subst., τριβολεκτραπέλα *unmannerly, coarse jests.* [ᾗ]

τρι-βολος, *ov*, (τρι-, βαλεῖν) *three-pointed, three-pronged.* II. as Subst., τριβολος, *ὀ.* I. a prickly plant, burr.

2. in plur. *smart sayings, gibes.* 2. in plur. also, a *threshing-machine.*

τριβος, *ἡ*, also *ὀ*, (τριβῆναι) a worn or beaten track, a road, path: *the high road, highway.* 2. metaph. *a path of life, course, career.* II. a rubbing, like τριψίς.

III. metaph. *practice.* 2. *delay.*

ΤΡΙΒΩ [τ]: f. τριβῶ: aor. I ἐτριψα, inf. τριψά: pf. τέτριψα: Pass., fut. I τριβήσομαι, fut. 2 τριβήσομαι, paullo-p. fut. τετριψομαι, also fut. med. τριψομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐτριψθην: aor. 2 ἐτριβην [τ]: pf. τέτριμμα:—to rub: esp. to rub corn, *thresh it out*, because the Greeks threshed corn by rubbing it: also to grind, pound, bruise: to rub a thing in or on another; μόχλον τριψά *ἐν ὀφθαλμῷ* to grind the stake in his eye; χρυσὸν βασάνω τριβέον *to rub gold on a touchstone*, so as to test its purity: Med. to rub upon another, hence to infect, defile with.

II. to rub away, grind down, wear out, damage, bruise: of a road, to wear or tread it smooth.

2. of Time, to wear away, spend; τριβέον βίον *to pass away life*, Lat. *terere vitam*: absol. to waste time, tarry.

3. metaph. of persons, to wear out, oppress: of a country, to ravage: of money, to waste, squander.

4. to wear or use:—Pass. to be much busied or engrossed with a thing.

τριβώμε [τ], Dor. for τριβόμεν, I pl. subj. of τριβω.

τριβων [τ], *avos*, *ὀ*, (τριβῆναι) a worn garment, *ibreadbare cloak.* II. as Adj. *ὀ*, *ἡ*, practised, well versed or skilled in a thing, c. gen.; also c. acc.

2. absol. as Subst. a backneyed rogue, crafty knave.

τριβωνικός, Adv. (τριβων) in the fashion of a triβων, *cloak-wise.*

τριβώνιον, τό, Dim. of τριβων, a small cloak, a cape.

τρι-γέρων, *ovtos*, *ὀ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, γέρων) triply old, very very old.

ΤΡΙΤΑΛᾶ, *ἡ*, a mullet, Lat. *trigla.*

τρι-γληνος, *ov*, (τρι-, γλήνος) epith. of ear-rings or drops, with three bright drops or brilliants.

τριγλο-φόρος, *ov*, (τριγλα, φέρω) catching mullets.

τρι-γλύφος, *ov*, (τρι-, γλύφω) *thrice-cloven*: as Subst., τριγλύφος, *ἡ*, in Doric architecture, the triglyph, a three-grooved tablet placed at equal distances along the frieze.

τρι-γλῶχτις, *ivos*, *ὀ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, γλῶχτις) *three-barbed, three-forked.*

τριγμός, *ὀ*, = τρισμός.

τριγονία, *ἡ*, the third generation. From

τρι-γονος, *ov*, (τρι-, γενέσθαι) produced at three births, of children; τριγονοὶ κόρα *three daughters.*

τρι-γονος, *ov*, (τρι-, γωνία) three-cornered, triangular. Hence

τριγωνον, τό, a triangle. II. a musical instrument of triangular form. [τ]

τρι-δουλος, *ov*, (τρι-, δοῦλος) a slave through three generations, *thrice or trebly a slave.*

τρι-δραχμος, *ov*, (τρι-, δραχμή) worth or weighing three drachms.

τρι-δυστηνος, *ov*, *thrice wretched.*

τρι-ελικτος, *ov*, (τρι-, ἐλίσσω) *thrice wound or coiled*: of a rope, consisting of three strands or cords.

τρι-έμβολος, *ov*, (τρι-, ἐμβολον) *wiub or like three ships' beaks.*

τρι-εσπερος, *ov*, (τρι-, ἐσπέρα) in three successive nights.

τρι-ετηρίς, *ιδος*, (τρι-, ἔτος) fem. Adj. *triennial*: as Subst. (sub. ἐορτή) a triennial festival.

τρι-έτης, *ov*, *ὀ*, (τρι-, ἔτος) of three years, *three years old.* Adv. τριέτες, *three years long.*

τριετία, *ἡ*, (τριέτης) a space of three years, Lat. *triennium.*

τρι-ζυγής, *ἑς*, and τρι-ζυγος, *ov*, and τρι-ζυξ, *ov*, *ὀ*, *ἡ*, (τρι-, ζυγῆναι) *three-yoked: three-fold, triple*: also simply *three.*

ΤΡΙΖΩ, f. τριζῶ; pf. τέτριγα with pres. sense; part. τριζῶς, Ep. pl. τετριγῶτες for τετριζῶτες; plupf. ἐτετριγέιν Ep. τριζέιν, with sense of impf.:—of animals and birds, to make a shrill, piercing cry, to squeak: of ghosts, to squeak, gibber: also of joints, *ῶτα τετριγεί* their backs cracked: of things, to creak, grate, jar, Lat. *stridere.* (Formed from the sound.)

τριηκάς, *ἄδος*, *ἡ*, Ep. and Ion. for τριακάς.

τριήκοντα, τριηκόσιοι, Ep. and Ion. for τριακᾶ-.

τρι-ημι-πόδιον, τό, (τρι-, ἡμι-, πούς) *three half feet, i. e. a foot and half.*

τριηραρχέω, f. ἦσω, to be a τριήραρχος, *command a trireme, to be captain of a trireme*; c. gen. τριηραρχεῖν νηός *to be captain of a ship.* II. at Athens, to be trierarch, fit out a trireme for the public service. Hence

τριηραρχία, *ἡ*, (τριηραρχέω) the command of a trireme.

II. at Athens, the fitting out of a trireme for the public service: the office of trierarch. Hence

τριηραρχικός, *ἡ*, *ὄν*, fitted for a trierarch or his office.

τριήρ-αρχος, *ὀ*, (τριήρης, ἄρχω) the captain of a trireme.

II. at Athens, a trierarch, one who had to fit out a trireme for the public service.

τριηρ-αῦλης, *ov*, *ὀ*, (τριήρης, αἰλέω) the flute-player who gave the time to the rowers in a trireme.

τρι-ήρης, gen. eos Ion. evs; acc. ea, η: plur., nom. ees, eis; gen. τριηρέων contr. τριηρών: (τρίς, ἀπαρεῖν or ἐπέσσαω): properly an Adj. *thrice-fitted or thrice-rowed*:—but only used as Subst. τριήρης (sub. ναῦς), *ἡ*, Lat. *triremis, a galley with three banks of oars*, first built by the Corinthians: the lowest rowers

being called θαλάμιοι, the middle ζυγίται, and the topmost θρανῖται; one man managed each oar. This was the usual size of ships of war; but in later times *quadriremes* (τετρήρεις), *quinqueremes* (πεντήρεις), etc., came into use.

τρι-ηρίτης [ἴ], ον, ὄ, (τριήρης) *one who serves on board a trireme.*

τριηρο-ποιός, ὄν, (τριήρης, ποιέω) *building triremes.*

τρι-κάρηνος, ον, (τρι-, κάρηνον) *three-beaved.* [κῆ]

τρι-κέφαλος, ον, (τρι-, κεφαλή) *three-headed.*

τρι-κλίνος, ον, (τρι-, κλίνη) *with three beds or couches, for sleeping or reclining on at meals:*—as Subst., *τρίκλινον* (sc. οἶκος), ὄ, like the Roman *triclinium*, a *dining-room with three couches*; also *τρίκλινον*, τό.

τρι-κλωστος, ον, (τρι-, κλώθω) *thrice spun.*

τρι-κόρυθος, ον, and *τρι-κορυς*, ὕθος, ὄ, (τρι-, κόρυς) *with triple plume.*

τρι-κόρωνος, ον, (τρι-, κορώνη) *thrice a crow's age.*

τρι-κράων, ον, (τρι-, κρᾶνον) *three-headed, with triple crest.*

τρι-κύαθος, ον, (τρι-, κύαθος) *holding three κύαθοι.*

τρι-κύμια, ἡ, (τρι-, κύμα) *the third wave, a huge, overwhelming wave, since every third wave (as also every tenth, cf. δεκακυμία) was supposed to be larger than the rest: metaph., τρικυμία κακῶν a flood of evils.*

τριλ-ιστος, ον, poet. for *τρίλιστος*, (τρι-, λίσσομαι) *thrice prayed for, i. e. often or earnestly prayed for.*

τριλογία, ἡ, (τρι-, λόγος) *a trilogy; see τετραλογία.*

τριλοφία, ἡ, *a triple crest.* From

τρι-λοφος, ον, (τρι-, λόφος) *with three crests.*

τρι-μάκαρ, -μακάρα, (τρι-, μάκαρ) *thrice-blessed.*

τρι-μετρος, ον, (τρι-, μέτρον) of verses, *consisting of three metres*; the metre consisting either of one foot as in dactylic, or of two feet as in iambic verse: *τόνος τριμετρος trimeter iambic verse.*

τρι-μηνος, ον, (τρι-, μήν) *of three months, three months old: ἡ τρίμηνος a period of three months.*

τριμμα, ατος, τό, (τριβω) *that which is rubbed: metaph., like τρίβων, a practised, backneyed knave.*

τριμμός, ὄ, (τριβω) *a beaten road, like τρίβος.*

τρίμοιρα, ἡ, *triple pay.* From

τρι-μοιρος, ον, (τρι-, μοῖρα) *threefold, triple.*

τρι-μορφος, ον, (τρι-, μορφή) *three-formed, triple: Μοῖρα τριμορφοί the three fates.*

Τριν-ακρία, ἡ, (τρι-, ἀκρα) *epith. of Sicily, from its three promontories (ἀκρα): also written Τρινακία Ion. -ῖη (from τριναξ).*

Τρινάκριος, α, ον, of *Trinacria or Sicily, Sicilian.*

τριν-αξ, ἄκος, ἡ, (τρίς, ἀξή) *a trident.*

τριξός, ἡ, ὄν, Ion. for *τρισός*, *threefold, triple; so διξός for δισός.*

τρι-οδος, ἡ, (τρι-, ὁδός) *a meeting of three roads, three cross-roads, Lat. trivium.*

τρι-όδουτος, -ῶδουτος, ὄ, ἡ, (τρι-, ὀδούς) *with three teeth: as Subst., τριόδουτος, ὄ, a trident.*

τρι-όργυιος, ον, (τρι-, ὄργυια) *three fatboms long.*

τρι-όροφος, ον, = *τριώροφος.*

τρι-όρχης, ον, ὄ, and *τρι-ορχος*, ον, (τρι-, ὄρχις) *a kind of falcon or kite.*

τριοτό, a sound imitative of a bird's voice.

τρι-πᾶλαι, Adv. (τρι-, πάλαι) *thrice long since, i. e. very long ago.*

τρι-πάλαιστος, ον, (τρι-, παλαιστή) *three hands broad, long, etc.*

τρι-παλτος, ον, (τρι-, πάλλω) *thrice-brandished; metaph. furious, fierce.*

τρι-πάνουρος, ον, (τρι-, πάνουρος) *trebly a rogue.*

τριπάχυος, ον, Dor. for *τριπήχυος*, q. v.

τρι-πέτηλος, ον, (τρι-, πέτηλον) *three-leaved.*

τρι-πήχυς, υ, gen. eos, (τρι-, πήχυς) *three cubits long.*

τρι-πίθηκίος, η, ον, (τρι-, πίθηκος) *thrice arish.*

τριπλαξ, ἄκος, ὄ, ἡ, (τρίς) *triple, threefold, Lat. triplex.* [ἴ]

τριπλάσιος, α, ον, (τρι-) *thrice as many, thrice as much, thrice as great as, c. gen.; neut. τριπλάσιον as Adv., τριπλάσιον σοῦ thrice as much as you.*

τρι-πλεθρος, ον, (τρι-, πλέθρον) *three plethra long.*

τριπλή, ν. *τριπλός.*

τριπλοστός, ὄν, (τριπλός) *made threefold, tripled, trebled.*

τριπλός, η, ον *contr. τριπλοῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (τρεις) triple, threefold. Adv. -πλῶς, but dat. fem. τριπλή*

is also used as Adv., triply, trebly.

τριπόδεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of *τρίπους.*

τρι-πόδης, ον, ὄ, (τρι-, πούς) *three feet long.*

τρι-πόθητος, ον, (τρι-, ποθέω) *thrice longed for, much or earnestly desired.*

τρι-πολις, εος Ion. *ιος, ὄ, ἡ, (τρι-, πόλις) with three cities; cf. δεκάπολις.*

τρι-πόλιστος, ον, (τρι-, πολιζω) *thrice-built, triply or firmly founded.*

τρι-πόλος, ον, (τρι-, πολέω) *thrice turned up or ploughed, bearing three crops in a year, of corn land.*

τρι-πόνητος, ον, (τρι-, πονέω) *thrice-worked: ἔρις τριπόνητος a dispute between three labourers.*

τρι-πορθος, ον, (τρι-, πορθέω) *thrice wasted.*

τρι-πος, ον, ὄ, poet. for *τρίπους.* [ἴ]

τρι-πους, -πόδος, ὄ, ἡ, -πουν, τό, (τρι-, πούς) *three footed, three-legged or with three feet: measuring three feet.*

1. *going on three feet; proverb. of an old man who leans on a staff, τρίποδας ὀδοῦς στείχει.*

2. as Subst., *τρίπους, ὄ, a tripod, a three-footed brass kettle or caldron; tripods were often made of exquisite material and workmanship, and dedicated in temples.*

3. *the stool or throne of the Delphic priestess.*

τρι-πράσος, ον, (τρι-, πιπράσκω) *thrice sold.*

τριπτήρ, ἦτος, ὄ, (τριβω) *a rubber or tool for rubbing with, a pestle.*

τριπτήρης, ον, ὄ, (τριβω) *a rubber, sbampooer.*

Τρι-πτόλεμος, ὄ, *Triptolemus, an Eleusinian, who established the worship of Demeter.*

τρι-πτύχος, ον, (τρι-, πτύσσω) *consisting of three layers or plates, threefold, triple; also simply thre.*

τρι-πῶλος, ον, (τρι-, πῶλος) *of or with three horses.*

τρίρ-ρῦμος, *ov*, (τρι-, ρῦμός) with three poles, i. e. with four horses abreast.

τρίς, Adv. of τρεῖς, thrice, three times, Lat. *ter*; τρίς τόσος thrice as much; ἐς τρίς up to three times: often used indefinitely in compds., to strengthen the force of the simple word, like Lat. *ter*, and our *thrice*. Proverb., τρίς ἐξ βάλλειν to throw thrice six, i. e. the highest throw (there being three dice), hence to have the best luck. [ἴ]

τρίσ-άθλιος, *a, ov*, thrice-unhappy.

τρίσ-άλαστος, *ov*, thrice-tormented.

τρίσ-ἀριθμός, *ov*, thrice-numbered.

τρίσ-ἀσμενος, *η, ov*, thrice-pleased, i. e. well-contented.

τρίσ-ἄωρος, *ov*, very untimely.

τρίσ-δεῖλιος, *ov*, = τρισάθλιος.

τρίσ-δύστηνος, *ov*, trebly, i. e. very, miserable.

τρίσ-ἐνάς, *ἄδος, ἡ*, (τρίς, ἐνεάς) sub. ἡμέρα, the third ninth day in a month; i. e. the ninth day of the third decad, the 29th.

τρί-σέληνος, *ov*, (τρι-, σελήνη) of three moons or nights.

τρίσ-ἐπαρχος, *δ*, (τρίς, ἐπαρχος) thrice an overseer.

τρίσ-θαυής, *ἑς*, (τρίς, θαυῶν) thrice worthy of death.

τρίσ-καί-δεκα, *οἱ, αἱ, τά, =* τρισκαίδεκα.

τρίσκαιδεκά-πηχυς, *v*, gen. *eos*, thirteen cubits, high, long, etc.

τρίσκαιδεκα-στάσιος, *ov*, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἴστημι) of thirteen times the weight or value. [στᾶ]

τρίσκαιδεκάτος, *η, ov*, (τρίσκαίδεκα) the thirteenth.

τρίσκαιδεκ-ἔτης, *ov, δ*, fem. τρισκαιδεκῆτις, *ιδος*, (τρίσκαίδεκα, ἔτος) of thirteen years, thirteen years old.

τρίσ-κάκοδαίμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, thrice-unlucky, trebly ill-fated.

τρί-σκαλμος, *ov*, (τρί-, σκαλμός) with three benches of rowers; *vñes* τρισκαλμοὶ = τριήρης.

τρίσ-κάτάραιτος, *ov*, (τρίς, καταράομαι) thrice accused.

τρίσ-κοπάνιστος, *ov*, (τρίς, κοπάνιζω) thrice struck; ἄρτος τρισκοπάνιστος thrice-kneaded bread.

τρίσ-μάκαρ, fem. -μακαρα, gen. -μάκαρος, *δ, ἡ*, (τρίς, μάκαρ) thrice blest; τρισμάκαρες καὶ τετράκις, Virgil's *terque quaterque beati*.

τρίσ-μάκάριος, *a, ov*, = τρισμακαρ.

τρίσμός, *δ*, (τρίζω) a squeaking: a squeak.

τρίσ-μύριοι, *ai, a*, (τρίς, μύριοι) thrice ten thousand, 30,000: also in sing. with a collective Subst., as, τρισμύρια ἵππος thirty thousand horse. [ῥ]

τρίσμυριό-πάλαι, (τρισμύριοι, πάλαι) Adv. thirty thousand times long ago, immensely long ago.

τρίσ-ολυμπιο-νίκης, *ov, δ*, (τρίς, Ὀλυμπιονίκης) thrice victorious at Olympia. [νί]

τρι-σπίθιμος, *ov*, (τρι-, σπιθαμή) three spans long.

τρί-σπονδος, *ov*, (τρι-, σπονδή) thrice-poured, forming a triple libation or drink-offering.

τρίσάκις, Adv. (τρίς) thrice, three times. [ᾶ]

τρίσάπιος, *η, ov*, poet. for τρισός. [ᾶ]

τρίσσήθεν, Adv. (τρισός) from three sides.

τρίσός Att. τριπτός Ion. τριξός, *ἡ, ὄν*, like δισός, διξός, (τρίς) threefold, Lat. *triplex*: in plur. = τρεῖς. Adv. -σῶς, three times.

τρίσσο-φάης, *ἑς*, and τρισσό-φωτος, *ov*, (τρίς, φάος, φῶς) in a threefold light.

τρί-στεγος, *ov*, (τρι-, στέγη) of or with three stories: τὸ τρίστεγον (sub. οἰκίμα), the third story.

τρι-στοιχεί or -χί [ἴ], Adv. of τριστοιχος, in three rows.

τρι-στοιχος, *ov*, (τρι-, στοιχος) in three rows.

τρί-στομος, *ov*, (τρι-, στόμα) three-mouthed. II. three-edged or three-pointed.

τρίσ-χίλιοι, *ai, a*, (τρίς, χίλιοι) three thousand: also in sing with a collective Subst., τρισχίλια ἵππος 3000 horse. [χί]

τρί-σώματος, *ov*, (τρι-, σῶμα) with three bodies, Lat. *tricornor*.

τριτάγωνιστέω, *f. ἡσω*, to be a τριταγωνιστής, to play third-rate characters. From

τρίτ-ἄγωνιστής, *ov, δ*, (τρίτος, ἀγωνιστής) the player who takes the third part, a third-rate performer.

τρίταϊος, *a, ov*, (τρίτος) of time, in three days, on the third day; τριταῖοι ἐγένοντο they arrived on the third day. 2. three days old; τριταῖος γενόμενος after being three days dead. 3. three days ago. 4. generally for τρίτος, third.

τρί-τάλαντος, *ov*, (τρι-, τάλαντον) of three talents weight or worth. [τᾶ]

τρί-τάλης, *τάλαινα, τάλαν*, (τρι-, τάλας) thrice-wretched. [τᾶ]

τρί-τάνυστος, *ov*, (τρι-, τανύω) triply stretched or drawn out, i. e. very long.

τρίτάδος, *η, ov*, poet. lengthd. for τρίτος, like μέσσατος for μέσος. [ἴ]

τρίτη-μόριος, *a, ov*, (τρίτος, μέρος) equal to a third part, forming a third part: as Subst., τριτη-μόριον (sub. μόριον), τό, a third part.

τρίτη-μορίς, *ιδος, ἡ*, like τριτημόριον, a third part.

τρίτο-βάμων [ᾶ], *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (τρίτος, βαίω) going as third, forming a third foot.

Τρίτο-γένεα, *ἡ*, the Triton-born, epith. of Minerva; derived from the lake Τριτώνις in Libya, near which the goddess was born.

Τρίτο-γενής, *ἑός, ἡ*, = Τριτογένεια.

τρίτοκέω, to bring forth thrice, have three at a birth. From

τρι-τόκος, *ov*, (τρι-, τεκεῖν) bearing thrice or three at a birth.

τρίτος, *η, ov*, (τρίς, τρεῖς) the third, Lat. *tertius*; τρίτος ἐλθεῖν to come as third, i. e. with two others; τρίτος γενέσθαι to be third in a race; ἐς τρίτην ἡμέραν on the third day, i. e. the day after tomorrow. II. τρίτον as Adv. thirdly, also τὸ τρίτον: also ἐκ τρίτου or ἐκ τρίτων, in the third place.

III. τὰ τρίτα λέγειν τινί to play the third part to any one, like τριταγωνιστεῖν τινι. [ἴ]

τρίτο-σπονδος, *ov*, (τρίτος, σπονδή) = τρισπονδος, crowned with triple libation; τριτόσπονδος αἰών a life

in which one pours the third libation (to Zeus Σωτήρ), i. e. a life without drawback.

τριτό-σπορος, *ον*, (τριτός, σπείρω) sown for the third time; τριτόσπορος γονή the third generation.

τριπτός, ἡ, ὄν, Att. for τρισσός.

τριπτός, ὄνος, ἡ, also τριπτός, (τριεῖς) the number three, Lat. ternio. II. a sacrifice of three animals, a bull, he-goat and boar, or of a bull, he-goat and ram, (like the Roman *su-ove-taurilia*). III.

at Athens, a third of the φυλή or tribe.

Τρίτων, *αυος*, ὁ, Triton, a sea-god, son of Poseidon and Amphitrité.

2. the god of the Libyan lake Tritonis. II. a river in Libya, joining the lake Tritonis with the sea. [Ὶ] Hence

Τριτωνιάς, ἰδος, ἡ, like Τριτανίς, epith. of Minerva: λίμνη Τριτανιάς the Libyan lake Tritonis.

Τριτωνίς, ἰδος, ἡ, the lake Tritonis in Libya famous for the birth of Athena. 2. epith. of Minerva.

τριτάσιος, *α*, *ον*, (τριεῖς) threefold, Lat. triplex: also simply three. [ᾶ]

τρι-φύλλον Dor. -ᾶτος, *ον*, (τρι-, φύλλω) thrice-bloomed.

τρι-φύλλον, τό, (τρι-, φύλλον) a plant, trefoil, clover.

τρι-φύλος, *ον*, (τρι-, φύλη) of three tribes; τριφύλους ποιεῖν to divide them into three tribes.

τρίχα or τριχῆ, Adv. (τρίς) threefold, in three parts, Lat. trifarium: c. gen., τρίχα νυκτός in the third watch of the night; τρίχα σχίζειν to divide in three. [Ὶ]

τρι-χάϊες [Ὶ], οἱ, the threefold people, i. e. the Dorians, so called from their three tribes. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τρι-χάλεπτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χαλέπω) very angry.

τρι-χᾶλος, *ον*, Dor. for τρι-χηλος, (τρι-, χηλή) cloven in three.

τρίχες, αἱ, nom. pl. of θρίξ. [Ὶ]

τρίχη, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τριχθά, Adv. poet. for τρίχα, triply, into three parts. [ᾶ] Hence

τριχθάδιος, *α*, *ον*, threefold. [ᾶ]

τριχίνος, ἡ, *ον*, (θρίξ) of or from hair. [τρί]

τριχίς, ἰδος, ἡ, (θρίξ) a kind of anchovy full of small bones like hair, whence its name.

τριχό-βρωσ, *ατος*, (θρίξ, Βιβρώσκω) eating hair: as Subst., τριχόβρωτες, hair-eaters, i. e. moths.

τρι-χοϊνικός, *ον*, (τρι-, χοϊνίξ) holding three χοϊνίκες: τριχοϊνικον ἔπος a most capacious word.

τρι-χόλωτος, *ον*, (τρι-, χολώω) thrice-detested.

τριχό-μαλλος, *ον*, (θρίξ, μαλλός) with fleece-like hair.

τριχορρέω, *φ*, ἡσω, to shed or lose the hair. From τριχορ-ρῆς, ἔς, (θρίξ, ῥέω) shedding or losing the hair.

τριχός, gen. of θρίξ.

τριχού, Adv. (τρίχα) in three places.

τρι-χρῶμος, *ον*, (τρι-, χρῶμα) three-coloured.

τριχῶμα, *ατος*, τό, (τρίχῶ) a growth of hair, sbcock of hair.

τρίχῶς, Adv. (τρίχα) in threefold manner.

τρίψαι, aor. I inf. of τρίβω.

τριψ-ημέρα, *φ*, ἡσω, (τρίβω, ἡμέρα) to idle away the day, waste time in delays, Lat. terere tempus.

τριψίς, *εως*, ἡ, (τρίβω) a rubbing, friction. II. firmness, resistance to the touch when rubbed. III.

τριψίς, αἱ, roasted meat.

τρι-ώβολον, τό, (τρι-, ὀβολός) a three-obol piece, i. e. a half-drachma, about 4½d., from the time of Pericles, the pay of the Athenian jurymen for a day's sitting in court.

τρι-ώροφος, *ον*, (τρι-, ὕροφή) of three stories or floors:—as Subst., τριώροφον, τό, the third story.

τριώρηνος, *ον*, more correct Att. form of τριώργηνος.

Τροιάθεν Ion. -ῆθεν or -θε, (Τροία) Adv. from Troy.

Τροιάνδε Ion. -ῆνδε, (Τροία) Adv. to Troy.

Τροία Ion. Τροίη, ἡ, either the city or the country, Troy or the Troad: also Τροία as trisyll.

τρομοίαστο, Ion. for τρομέοντο, 3 pl. med. opt. of τρομέω.

τρομέοντι, Dor. and Ep. for τρομέουσι, 3 pl. of τρομέω. 2. dat. pres. part. of τρομέω.

τρομερός, ὁ, ἄν, (τρομέω) trembling: quaking, quivering.

τρομεύμενος, Ion. part. med. of τρομέω.

τρομέω, *φ*, ἡσω, (τρόμος) to tremble, quake, quiver: hence to be afraid. II. c. acc. to tremble before

or at, to fear, dread, shudder at.

τρόμος, ὁ, (τρέμω) a trembling, quaking, quivering, esp. from fear.

τροπαία (sub πνοή), ἡ, (τροπαῖος) a returning wind, alternating wind: one which blows back from the sea to land: metaph., λήματος τροπαία a change in one's spirit. 2. a change from, release from.

τρόπαιον Ion. τροπαῖον, τό, properly neut. of τροπαῖος; a trophy, Lat. trophaeum, in token of the enemy's rout (τροπή): consisting of shields, helmets, etc., taken from the enemy, hung on trees, or fixed on upright posts:—στήσαι or στήσασθαι τροπαία to set up trophies.

τροπαῖος, *α*, *ον*, (τρέπω) of a turning or change. II. of defeat or rout (τροπή); θεοὶ τροπαῖοι the gods who caused the defeat: Έκτορος ὀμμασι τροπαῖοι terrible to the eyes of Hector. III. turning away, averting, Lat. averruncus.

τροπαιο-φόρος, *ον*, (τροπάιον, φέρω) bearing trophies.

τροπαλίξω, poet. for τρέπω.

τροπαλίς, ἰδος, ἡ, a bundle, bunch. (Deriv. uncertain.)

τροπέω, poet. form of τρέπω, to turn.

τροπή, ἡ, (τρέπω) a turn, turning round or about; τροπαὶ ἡλίου the solstices or tropics, i. e. the points of midsummer and midwinter, when the sun appears to turn his course, called τροπαὶ θεριναὶ and χειμεριναὶ, Lat. solstitium and bruma.

II. the turning about of the enemy, putting him to flight; τροπήν τυνος ποιεῖν or ποιεῖσθαι to put one to flight; ἐν τροπή

δορῆς in the rout of the spear. 2. (from Pass. τρε-

πομαι) a flying, fleeing, flight, Lat. *conversio in fugam*. 2. a turn, turning, change.

τροπίας, ου, ὁ, (τρέπω) of wine, turned, i. e. sour.

τροπικός, ἡ, ὄν, (τρόπος) of or like a turn or turning: ὁ τροπικός (sc. κύκλος) the tropic circle on the globe: cp. τροπή. II. in Rhetoric, tropical, figurative.

τρόπις, ἡ, Ep. gen. τρόπιος or -ιδος; acc. τρόπιν: (τρέπω):—a ship's keel: metaph., ἡ τρόπις τοῦ πράγματος the keel, i. e. foundation, of the matter.

τρόπος, ὁ, (τρέπω) a turn, direction, way. II. metaph. a way, manner, fashion, mode: in adverbial usages; dat., τρόπω τοιῶδε in such wise; οὐδενὶ τρόπῳ in no wise; παντὶ τρόπῳ by all means; ἐκουσίῳ τρόπῳ willingly; τρόπῳ φρενῶς according to one's way or humour; ἐν τρόπῳ Ἰξίονος after the fashion of Ixion. 2. absol. in acc., πάντα τρόπον in every way or manner; βάρβαρον τρόπον in barbarous fashion. 3. ἐκ παντὸς τρόπου by all means. III.

of persons, a way of life, habit, custom: a man's habits, character, temper; οὐ τοῦμου τρόπου not after my taste; πρὸς τοῦ Κύρου τρόπον suitably to his temper or taste. IV. in Music, a particular mode.

τροπός, ὁ, (τρέπω) a twisted leathern thong, with which the oar was fastened to the thole, used instead of a rowlock.

τροπο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τρόπος, φέρω) to bear with another man's manners.

τροπόω, f. ὦσω, to furnish the oar with its thong (τρόπος): Med., τροποῦτο κώπην fastened his own oar by its thong:—Pass. of the oar, to be furnished with a thong.

τροπωτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, = τροπός, the thong that fastens the oar to the thole.

τροφᾶλις, ἰδος, ἡ, (τρέφω) fresh cheese.

τροφεΐα, τά, (τροφεύω) pay or recompense for rearing, the wages of a nurse or foster-mother. II. living, food, subsistence.

τροφεύω, ἔωσ, ὁ, (τροφή) one who rears or brings up, a rearer, foster-father: metaph. of inanimate objects, ᾧ τροφῆς ἐμοί γε who have fed me.

τροφέω, =τρέφω, as φορέω for φέρω.

τροφή, ἡ, (τρέφω) nourishment, food, victuals, maintenance; βίου τροφή a livelihood, living: one's means of living.

II. a rearing or nursing, bringing up: a tending or keeping of animals. III. that which is reared, a nursling, brood.

τροφίμιος, η, ου, also ὄσ, ου, (τροφή) nourishing, nutritious, fruitful: c. gen., γῆ τροφίμιος τέκνων earth prolific in children. II. pass. nourished, reared up: as Subst. a nursling, foster-child.

τρόφις, ὁ, ἡ, τρόφι, τό, γεν. ιος, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, big; τρόφι κύμα a huge, swollen wave.

τροφέεις, εσσα, εν, (τρέφω) well-fed, stout, large, huge.

τροφός, ὁ and ἡ, (τρέφω) a feeder, rearer, nurse.

τροφο-φορέω, f. ἦσω, (τροφή, φέρω) to bring nourishment to, maintain, support.

Τροφώνιος, ὁ, the builder of the first temple of Apollo at Delphi; to whom afterwards a cave and oracle were dedicated.

τροχάδην, Adv. (τρέχω) running in the course, running along. [ᾗ]

τροχάζω, f. ἄσω, (τρόχος) to run along, run quickly, trip along.

τροχᾶιος, α, ου, (τρόχος) running, tripping: in prosody, ὁ τροχᾶιος (sc. ποῦς) a trochee, foot consisting of a long and short syllable, used esp. in quick time, as more lively than the iambic.

τροχᾶλος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρέχω) running: swift: round.

τροχηλάτew, f. ἦσω, to drive a chariot. II. metaph. to drive about, drive round and round, chase. From

τροχ-ηλάτης [ᾗ], ου, ὁ, (τροχός, ἐλαίνω) a driver of a wheeled carriage, a charioteer.

τροχ-ηλάτος, ου, (τροχός, ἐλαίνω) moved on wheels, wheel-drawn. 2. dragged by or at the wheels. 3. turned or fashioned on the potter's wheel. 4. metaph. driven round and round, driven about.

τροχιά, ἡ, (τροχός) the track of wheels. 2. the round of a wheel.

τροχίζω, f. ἴωσ, (τροχός) to turn upon the wheel, torture.

τροχίλια, ἡ, (τροχός) a pulley, Lat. troclea.

τροχίλος, ὁ, (τρέχω) a small bird of the wagtail kind found in Egypt, said by Herodotus to pick βδέλλα out of the crocodile's throat. 2. a small land-bird, the wren. [τ]

τροχίος, ἄ, ὄν, (τροχός) running round or quickly.

τροχίος, ιος and εως, ὁ, (τρέχω) a runner, messenger.

τροχο-διέω, f. ἦσω, (τροχός, διέω) to turn round and round, whirl or roll round.

τροχο-ειδής, ἐς, (τροχός, εἶδος) like a wheel, round, circular.

τροχοεῖς, εσσα, εν, (τροχός) round, circular.

τροχοποιέω, f. ἦσω, to make wheels. From

τροχο-ποιός, ὄς, (τροχός, ποιέω) making wheels: as Subst., τροχοποιός, ὁ, a wheelwright.

τροχός, οὔ, ὁ, (τρέχω) anything that runs round: anything round or circular, a round ball or cake; the sun's disc: esp., II. a wheel: a potter's wheel. III. a boy's hoop, Lat. Graecus trochus. IV. the wheel of torture, cf. τροχίζω; ἐπὶ τροχοῦ στρεβλοῦσθαι to be tortured on the wheel.

τρόχος, ου, ὁ, (τρέχω) a running, course, a circular course, revolution. 2. a place for running.

ΤΡΥΓΑΙΟΝ, τό, a cup, bowl.

τρύγαια, f. ἦσω, (τρύγη) to gather in ripe fruits, gather in the vintage or harvest, with acc. of the fruit gathered: also in Med. II. with acc. of the field or trees, to reap the crop off a field: metaph., τρυγᾶν τινα to reap advantage from some one. 2. proverb., ἐρήμας τρυγᾶν (sc. ἀμπελούς) to strip unwatched vines, of one that is bold where there is nothing to fear.

τρύγη [ῶ], ἡ, (τρύγω) ripe fruit gathered in, a crop

of corn, fruit, grapes, etc. II. a gathering of such fruits; ἀμέλων τρύγη the vintage.

τρύγητήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, (τρυγῶ) one who gathers ripe fruits, esp. grapes.

τρύγητος, ὅ, (τρύγῶ) a gathering of fruits, harvest, esp. the vintage. 2. the time of gathering in the crops or vintage.

τρύγητρια, ἡ, fem. of τρυγητήρ, a woman that gathers in the crops, esp. the vines.

τρύγη-φόρος, ον, (τρύγη, φέρω) wine-bearing.

τρύγκος, ἡ, ὄν, (τρυξ) made of lees. II. = τρυγωδικός, of or for comedy.

τρύγω-δαίμων, ονος, ὅ, (τρυξ, δαίμων) for τρυγώδης, with allusion to κακοδαίμων, a luckless wight of a poet.

τρυγ-οἶπος, ὅ, (τρυξ, ἵπος) a straining-cloth, strainer, esp. for wine. [ῥ]

τρυγῶνεν, Ep. for τρυγῶνεν, 3 pl. opt. of τρυγῶ.

ΤΡΥΓῶΝ, to dry. [ῥ]

τρυγῶ-φῶδια, ἡ, (τρυγῶδης) = κωμῳδία, comedy. Hence τρυγῶ-φῶδικός, ἡ, ὄν, = κωμῳδικός, of or for comedy or the comic art.

τρυγῶ-φῶδος, ὅ, (τρυξ, φῶδη) a must-singer or lees-singer; because, according to Horace, the singers smeared their faces with lees as a ludicrous disguise: afterwards called κωμῳδός when their performance assumed a more regular character.

τρυγῶν, ὄνος, ἡ, (τρυξω) the turtle-dove, named from its cooing.

ΤΡΥΓῶΝ, only used in pres. and impf. to make a murmuring sound; of doves, to coo; of men, to mutter, murmur. (Formed from the sound.)

τρυμᾶλια, ἡ, (τρυμῶ) = τρυμῆ: the eye of a needle.

τρυμῆ, ἡ, (τρυμῶ) a bole. II. metaph. a sharp fellow, a sly knave. [ῥ]

τρυξ, ἡ, gen. τρυξός, (τρυγῶ) new wine not yet fermented, must, Lat. mustum. II. the lees of wine, dregs, Lat. faex: generally, refuse, dross, as of metal, Lat. scoria: metaph. of an old man or woman.

τρυπάων, τό, (τρυπάω) a carpenter's tool, a borer, auger, gimlet. [ῥ]

τρυπάω, f. ἦσω: pf. pass. τετρυπήμαι: (τρυπή):—to bore, pierce through, perforate; ὦτα τετρυπημένα ears pierced for earrings; ψῆφος τετρυπημένη the pebble of condemnation (which had a hole through it).

τρυπή, ἡ, (τρυμῶ) a bole.

τρυπήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυπάω) that which is bored, a hole: in a ship, a port-hole.

τρυπῶ, contr. for τρυπάω, 3 sing. opt. of τρυπάω.

τρυσ-άνωρ, ορος, ὅ, ἡ, (τρυμῶ, ἀνήρ) boring, i. e. wearing out, men, harassing. [ᾱ]

τρυσι-βιος, ον, (τρυμῶ, βιος) wearing out life. [σῑ]

ΤΡΥΤΑΝΗ, ἡ, the tongue of a balance: generally, a balance, pair of scales, Lat. trutinā. [ᾱ]

τρυφ-άλεια, ἡ, a helmet. (Prob. from τρυμῶ and φάλος, strictly a helmet with a crest fixed in the φάλος.)

τρυφῶω, f. ἦσω, (τρυφή) to live softly or delicately, fare sumptuously, live in luxury:—part. τρυφῶν, ὦσα,

delicate, effeminate; neut. τὸ τρυφῶν as Subst., effeminacy. 2. to be licentious, to revel. 3. to carry oneself high, give oneself airs, be insolent.

τρυφεραίνομαι, Pass. (τρυφερός) to be fastidious or delicate: aor. I part. τρυφερανέεις, with a fastidious air.

τρυφερός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρυφή) soft, delicate, dainty, effeminate, luxurious, fastidious: neut. τὸ τρυφερόν as Subst., effeminacy. Adv. -ρῶς, voluptuously.

τρυφερότης, ητος, ἡ, (τρυφερός) delicacy, luxury.

τρυφή, ἡ, (θρύπτω) softness, delicacy, daintiness, luxury, fastidiousness: in plur. luxuries, daintinesses, Lat. deliciae. 2. conceit, insolence.

τρυφήλος, ἡ, ὄν, poet. for τρυφερός.

τρυφήμα, ατος, τό, (τρυφή) the object in which one takes pleasure: in plur. luxuries, Lat. deliciae.

τρυφήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of θρύπτω.

τρυφός, εος, τό, (τρυφήναι) that which is broken off, a piece, morsel, lump, fragment. [ῥ]

τρυχηρός, ἄ, ὄν, (τρυχος) ragged, tattered, in rags and tatters.

τρυχνος, ὅ, = στρύχνος, rough, rugged.

τρυχος, εος, τό, (τρυχω) a worn out, tattered garment, a rag, shred: in plur. rags, tatters. Hence

τρυχω, rare form of τρυχω.

τρυχω, f. ζω, (τρυω) to wear out, consume, waste: metaph. to eat one out of house and home. 2. generally, to distress, afflict, harass, vex:—Pass. to be worn out; λιμῶ τρυχέσθαι to be worn away with hunger: also c. gen., τρυχέσθαι τινος to waste or pine away for some one. [ῥ]

ΤΡΥΤῶΝ, chiefly in pf. pass. τέτρυμαι, part. τετρυμένος, inf. τετρυσθαι:—to wear out: to distress, harass, afflict, vex; τετρυσθαι ἐς τὸ ἔσχατον κακοῦ to have been ground down to the extreme of misery. [ῥ]

Τρωάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Τρώας, a Trojan woman. II. the region of Troy, the Troad.

τρωγάλια, τά, (τρώγω) fruits eaten at dessert, figs, almonds, sweetmeats, etc. [γα]

τρώγλη, ἡ, (τρώγω) a hole.

τρωγλο-δύτης, ου, ὅ, (τρώγλη, δύω) one who creeps into holes; οἱ Τρωγλοῦται, Troglodytes, as name of an Aethiopian tribe who dwell in holes or caves. [ῥ]

τρωγλο-δύω, (τρώγλη, δύω) to creep into holes.

τρωγοίσας, Dor. for τρωγοῦσας, fem. part. acc. pl. of τρώγω.

τρώγοντι, Dor. for τρώγουσι, 3 pl. pres. of τρώγω.

ΤΡΩΤῶΝ, f. τρώξομαι: aor. I ἔτρωξα: aor. 2 ἔτρωγον: Pass., aor. 2 ἔτρωγην [ᾱ]: pf. τέτρωγμαι:—to gnaw, chew: of men, to eat raw vegetables, fruit, etc.; opp. to eating dressed food: esp. of dessert, to eat fruits, cp. τρωγάλια.

Τρωικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Τρώς) of Troy, Trojan.

Τρώιος, η, ον, Ep. for Τρώος, Trojan: fem. Τρωιάς, ἄδος, a Trojan woman.

τρωκτά, τά, see τρωκτός.

τρώκτης, ου, ὅ, (τρώγω) a gnawer, nibbler, lover of dainties: in the Odyssey the Phoenician traffickers

are called *τρώκται*, *greedy knaves*; so as Adj., *τρώκται* *χείρες greedy, grasping hands*.

τρωκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τρώγω*, *gnawed, nibbled at*; of vegetables, fruit, etc., *eaten raw, eatable*: neut. *τρωκτά*, τά, as Subst., = *τρωγάλα*.

τρώμα, *τρωματίζω*, *τρωματίτης*, Ion. for *τρωμ-*.

τρώμια Dor. *τρώμια*, ἡ, = *τρώμα*, Ion. for *τρωμα*.

τρώξις, εως, ἡ, (*τρώγω*) *a gnawing*.

Τρώβς, ἄ, ὄν, contr. for *Τρώβος*, (*Τρώς*) *Trojan*.

Τρωο-φθόρος, ον, (*Τρώς*, *φθείρω*) *destructive to the Trojans* or *to Troy*.

τρωπάω, Ep. for *τρέπω*, *to turn, to change, alter*;—Med. *to turn oneself, turn about or back*; 3 sing. Ep. and Ion. impf. *τρωπάσκετο φεύγειν* *be turned himself to flight*.

Τρώς, ὁ, gen. *Τρώος*, *Tros*, the founder of *Troy*: plur. *Τρώες*, οἱ, gen. *Τρώων*, dat. *Τρώσι*, *Trojans*.

τρώσσεισθα, fut. med. inf. of *τιτρώσκω*.

τρώσω, fut. of *τιτρώσκω*.

τρωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τρώω*, *τιτρώσκω*, *wounded, that can be wounded, vulnerable*.

τρώμα, false reading for *τρώμα*, Ion. for *τρωμα*.

τρωχάω, Ep. for *τρέχω*, *to run*.

ΤΡΩΩ, radic. form of *τιτρώσκω*, *to wound*: *to hurt, harm, damage, do one a mischief*.

τύ, Dor. for *σύ*: also acc. for *σέ*. [ῥ]

τύβη, τό, an Egyptian winter month.

τυγχάνω, fut. *τεύξομαι*: aor. 2 *ἐτύχον*, Ep. subj. *τύχωμι*: Ep. aor. I *ἐτύχησα* [ῥ]: pf. *τετύχηκα* [ῥ], Ion. also *τέτευχα*: plpf. *ἐτετεύχην*:—*to hit*, esp. *to hit* with an arrow, commonly joined with acc., when the object hit is alive, with gen. when it is lifeless.

II. generally, *to hit, hit upon, light upon*: so of persons, *to meet by chance, fall in with*, c. gen.

2. of things, *to meet with, hit, reach, gain, get, obtain a thing*, also c. gen. 3. in aor. 2 part., ὁ *τυχών* *one who meets one by chance, the first one meets, any one whatever*, Lat. *quivis*; οἱ *τυχόντες* *every-day men, the ordinary run of men*; τὸ *τυχόν* *any chance thing*.

4. in bad sense, *bias τυχεῖν* *to meet with, suffer violence*. III. absol. *to hit the mark, gain one's end or purpose*; *καλῶς τυχεῖν* *to fare well, succeed*, in speaking, *to hit the mark*, i. e. *to be right*.

2. generally, *to have the lot or fate*. Intr. *to happen, to be at a place*. 2. of things, *come to pass, fall out, occur by chance*; often impers., ὅπως *ἐτύγχανεν*, ὥσπερ *ἔτυχεν*, etc., as it *chanced, by mere accident*.

3. of events or undertakings, *to happen to, befall one, come to one's lot or share*, c. dat. pers.: esp. *to fall out well, come to a good end, succeed*.

II. in Att. *τυγχάνω* was used almost as an auxiliary Verb, and was esp. joined with the participles of other Verbs, *τυγχάνω ἔχων* I *happen to have*, i. e. I have in possession; *παρὰν ἐτύγχανον* I *chanced to be by*; *ἔτυχε κατὰ τοῦτο καιροῦ ἐλθῶν* he *happened to come at that nick of time*; but, *τυγχάνω ὦν* = *εἰμι*, I am; so also without any part., *εἰ σοι χαρὰ τυγχάνει* *táde* if these things are pleasant

to thee. 2. in such phrases as *ὅτι ἂν τύχῃσι, τοῦτο λέγουσι*, we must supply a part. from the other Verb, *ὅτι ἂν τύχῃσι λέγοντες, τοῦτο λέγουσιν*, etc.

Τυδεύς, εως, Ep. εὖος, ὁ, *Tydeus*.

τυδεε, Adv. Dor. for *τῆδε*, *here*.

τυκίζω, f. ἴσω, (*τύκος*) *to work stones with a chisel or pick, to dress stones*. Hence

ΤΥΚΚΗ, ἡ, (*τέτυγμα*) *mason's work*. [τῷ]

τύκισμα, ατος, τό, *a working or dressing of stones*: in plur., *κανόνων τυκίσματα* *walls of stone worked square by rule*. [ῥ]

τύκος, ὁ, (*τέτυγμα*) *a tool to dress stones with, a mason's hammer or pick*. II. *a battle-axe, pole-axe*. [τῷ] *τυκτά*, a Persian word, which Herodotus explains by *τέλειον δειπνον βασιλῆων*.

τυκτός, ἄ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τεύχω* (*τέτυγμα*), *made, made ready*: esp. *made by art, artificial*, as opp. to natural: *τυκτῆ κρήνη* *a fountain made by man's hand*: esp. *well-made, well-wrought, finished carefully*.

ΤΥΛΛΗ, ἡ, like *τύλος*, *any swelling or lump*: esp., I. *a place worn hard by rubbing*, Lat. *callosus*: *the shoulder*. II. *a pad for carrying burdens on, a porter's knot*.

III. *a cushion*. [ῥ in Att., ῥ later.]

τύλος, ὁ, = *τύλη*, *a knot or callus*; esp. on the hands, as from rowing, etc. II. *anything rising like a lump, a knob, knot*; esp. *a wooden nail or bolt used in ship-building*. [ῥ]

τύλω, freq. used in pf. part. *τετυλωμένος*: (*τύλος*):—*to make bard or callous*:—Pass. *to grow bard or callous from rubbing*, as the hand from rowing or digging; *ρόπαλα σιδηρῶ τετυλωμένα* *clubs knobbed or knotted with iron*: cf. *τυλωτός*.

τύλωτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *τυλόω*; *ρόπαλα τυλωτά* *clubs knobbed with iron, like τετυλωμένα*.

τύμβεμα, ατος, τό, (*τυμβείω*) *a burial, grave*. II. *the corpse to be burnt or buried*.

τυμβεύω, f. σω, (*τύμβος*) *to bury, burn or entomb a corpse*. 2. *χοὰς τυμβεύσαι τινι* *to pour libations as an offering on one's grave*. II. intr. *to be entombed*.

τυμβ-ήρης, es, (*τύμβος*, ἀρᾶρειν) *buried, entombed, interred, sepulchred*. II. *like a grave or tomb*.

τυμβίτης [ῥ], ον, ὁ, fem. *τυμβίτις, ιδος*, (*τύμβος*) *in or at the grave*.

τυμβο-γέρον, οντος, ὁ, (*τύμβος*, γέρον) *an old man on the verge of the grave*.

τυμβο-ολέτης, ου, ὁ, (*τύμβος*, ἄλλυμι) *a destroyer of tombs*: fem. *τυμβόλετις, ιδος*.

ΤΥΜΒΟΣ, ὁ, *the place where a dead body is burnt*, Lat. *ustum*: commonly, *a mound of earth heaped over the ashes, a cairn, barrow*, Lat. *tumulus*: generally, *a tomb, grave*. II. metaph., *γέρον τύμβος*, = *τυμβογέρον*, *a decrepit old man*: so also *τύμβος*, absol.

τυμβο-οἶχος, ον, (*τύμβος*, ἔχω) *dwelling in a tomb, sepulchral*.

τυμβο-φόνος, ον, (*τύμβος*, *φένω) *tomb-destroying*.

τυμβοχοῶ, *f. ἦσω, (τυμβοχῶος) to throw up a cairn or barrow: to raise a mound over a grave.* Hence τυμβοχοή, *a throwing up a cairn or barrow.*

τυμβο-χῶος, *ον, (τύμβος, χῆω) throwing up a cairn or barrow.* II. *pass. thrown or poured upon the tomb.*

τυμβό-χωστος, *ον, (τύμβος, χώννυμι) heaped up into a cairn or barrow.*

τυμβωρυχῶ, *f. ἦσω, to break open graves.* From τυμβω-ρύχος, *ον, (τύμβος, ὀρύσσω) digging up, breaking open graves: as Subst., τυμβάρυχος, ὁ, a grave-robber. [ρῦ]*

τύμμα, *ατος, τό, (τύπτω) a blow, stroke, wound.*

τυμπάνιζω, *f. ἴσω, (τύμπανον) to beat a drum.* II.

generally, *to beat with a stick, bastinado.*

τυμπάνισμός, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) *a beating of drums, as the Galli did in the worship of Cybelé.*

τυμπανιστής, *ου, ὁ, (τυμπανίζω) one who beats the τύμπανον, a drummer: fem. τυμπανίστρια, of a priestess of Cybelé.*

τύμπανον, τό, (properly for τύπανον, from τυπεῖν) *a kettle-drum, such as was used in the worship of Cybelé.*

II. *a drum-stick: generally, a staff, cudgel.*

III. in Lat., *tympania were wagon-wheels made of a solid piece of wood, rollers.*

Τυνδάριος, *α, ον, or os, ον, of Tyndarus.* From Τυνδάρεος Att. Τυνδάρεως, *εω, ὁ, Tyndarēus, Tyndarus, husband of Leda.*

Τυνδαρίδης [τ], *ον, ὁ, (formed as if from Τύνδαρος) son of Tyndarus: Τυνδαρίδαι, οἱ, Castor and Pollux: fem. Τυνδαρίς, ἴδος, daughter of Tyndarus.*

τύνη, *Ep. and Dor. for τύ, σὺ, as ἐγώνη for ἐγώ.*

τυνός, ἦ, ὄν, *akin to τυθός, so small, so little.* Hence

τυνωτός, *ον, Att. τυνωτούσι, -ονί, so small, so little, Lat. tantillus.*

τυντλάζω, *to dabble in the mud or mire: esp. to grub round the roots of a vine.* From

ΤΥΝΤΛΑΟΣ, ὁ, *mud, mire, dirt.*

τύπανον, τό, (τύπτω) *orig. form of τύπανον, preserved also in Latin typanum.*

τύπειν, *ης, η, aor. 2 pass. opt. of τύπτω.*

τύπειν, *aor. 2 inf. of τύπτω.*

τύπείς, *εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. pass. of τύπτω.*

τύπή, ἦ, (τύπτω) *a blow, wound.*

τύπήναι, *aor. 2 inf. pass. of τύπτω.*

ΤΥΠΟΣ, ὁ, *a blow.* II. *the mark of a blow, the impress of a seal, the stamp of a coin, a print, mark of any kind; τύπου στίβου the prints or tracks of footsteps.*

2. *figures or impressions wrought in metal or stone: simply, a figure, image, statue of a man.* 3. *an outline, sketch, draught; τύπω λέγειν to describe in outline.*

4. *the original pattern, model, mould, type: metaph. a type, figure.*

5. *a system, form of doctrine.* III. *the effect produced on the ear by a blow, as the beat of horses' feet.* Hence

τύπώω, *f. ὠσω, to impress, stamp.*

II. *to form, mould, model.*

τύπημα, *Att. fut. of τύπτω.*

τύπτοντι, *Dor. for τύπουσι.*

ΤΥΠΤΩ, *pass. τύψω or τυπήσω: aor. I ἐτύψα: aor. 2 ἐτύπην: Pass., fut. τυπήσομαι: aor. I ἐτύφην: aor. 2 ἐτύπην [ῦ]: pf. τέτυμμαι:—to beat, strike, smite, knock: metaph. to strike or smite at heart:*

ἄχος δὲν κατὰ φρένα τύψε sharp grief smote him to the heart; ἡ ἀληθὴ ἐτύψε Καμβύσεια the truth of it struck Cambyses: later of bees, etc., to sting. In Homer τύπτω is chiefly used of a blow struck hand to hand, as opp. to βάλλω, which implies a blow from a missile. 2. ἅλα τύπτειν ἑρετροῖς to beat the sea with oars, i. e. to row: absol., Ζεφύρου λαίλαπι τύπταν the west wind beating, lashing with fury. II. Med. to beat or strike oneself; esp. like κόπτομαι, Lat. plangere, to beat one's breast for grief:—c. acc. pers., τύπτεσθαι τινα to mourn for a person. III. Pass. to be beaten, struck or wounded; c. acc. cognato, τύπτομαι πολλάς (sc. πλήγας) I get many blows.

τύπωμα, *ατος, τό, (τύψω) that which is formed, fashioned, modelled: a vessel wrought; τύπωμα χαλκόπλευρον a brazen urn: a figure, outline.*

τύραννεύω, *f. εὔσω and τυραννέω, f. ἦσω: fut. med. τυραννήσομαι in pass. sense: (τύραννος):—to be a τύραννος or absolute sovereign: to rule absolutely: c. gen. to be ruler of a people or place; τυραννεύειν Ἀθηνῶν to be tyrant of Athens:—the aor. I τυραννεύσαι means to have acquired a tyranny, to have made oneself tyrant.*

II. Pass. τυραννέομαι or -έομαι, to be ruled by τύραννοι, to be governed with absolute power.

τύραννικός, ἦ, ὄν, (τύραννος) *of or fit for an absolute prince, royal, imperial: a tyrant, lordly, imperious.* Sup. τυραννικώτατος.

τύραννίς, ἴδος, ἦ, *vocat. τυραννί: (τύραννος):—the rule of an absolute prince, absolute power or sway, sovereignty, royalty.*

τύραννος [ῦ], ὁ also ἦ, properly Dor. for κούραννος (from κύρος, κύριος) *a lord and master; hence an absolute sovereign, unlimited by law or constitution: it was applied to anyone who had made himself king by force; not to hereditary monarchs, as (for instance) not to the kings of Sparta, nor to the king of Persia; and it did not necessarily imply cruel or overbearing conduct: later however the term was used as our tyrant or despot; and in poets it was taken loosely for a king.*

2. in a wider sense, *the whole family of a τύραννος:—hence also, ἡ τύραννος was the queen, princess; as ὁ τύραννος was the king's son, prince.*

II. τύραννος, *ον, as Adj., like τυραννικός, princely, lordly: imperious, despotic; τύραννον δῶμα the king's palace.*

τύραννο-φόνος, *ον, (τύραννος, *φένω) slaying tyrants.*

τυρβάζω, *f. ἴσω, to trouble, confuse, stir up, Lat. turbare:—Pass. to be in disorder, be jumbled or crowded together.* From

ΤΥΡΒΗ, ἦ, *disorder, throng, bustle, Lat. turba.*

τύρμα, *ατος, τό, (τυρεύω) that which is curdled, cheese. [ῦ]*

τυρευτήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and τυρευτής οὐ, ὅ, (τυρεύω) *one who makes cheese*; said of Hermes as god of goat-herds and goats-milk cheese.

τυρεύω, f. εὔσα, and τυρέω, f. ἦσω: (τυρός):—*to make cheese*.

II. metaph. *to stir up, jumble, confound*.

2. *to concoct, brew a thing cunningly*. Τύριος, a, on, of or from Tyre: a Tyrian. [ῥ]

τύρισδος, Dor. for συρίζω.

τύριος, εσσα, εν contr. τυρούς, οὔσσα, οὖν, (τυρός) *like cheese*: as Subst., τυρούς Dor. τυράς, ὅ, *cheese-bread, a cheese-cake or cheese*.

τύρο-κνηστis, ἦ, (τυρός, κνάω) *a cheese-grater*.

τύρο-νωτος, on, (τυρός, νάτος) *with a layer of cheese, spread with cheese*.

τύροπώλειω, f. ἦσω, *to sell cheese, sell like cheese*. From

τύρο-πώλης, on, ὅ, (τυρός, πώλειω) *a cheesemonger*. ΤΥΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὅ, *cheese*. II. *the cheese-market*.

Τύρος, ὅ, Tyre, an ancient city of Phoenicia. [ῥ]

τυρούς, contr. for τυρός.

τύρο-φόρος, on, (τυρός, φέρω) *bearing cheese, spread with cheese*.

Τυρρη-ολέτης, on, ὅ, (Τυρρηός, ὄλλυμι) *destroyer of Tyrrhenians*.

Τυρρηός Ion. and old Att. Τυρσηνός, ἦ, ὄν, Tyrrhenian, Etruscan: Τυρρηοί or Τυρρηνοί *the Etruscans*:—Adj. Τυρσηνικός, ἦ, ὄν, Etruscan.

ΤΥΡΣΙΣ, ἦ, gen. ios: acc. τύρσαν: nom. pl. τύρσεις, gen. ἑων, dat. ει, Lat. TURRIS:—*a tower: a tower on a wall, a bastion*.

τυράς, ἄντος, Dor. for τυρούς.

ΤΥΤΘΟΣ, ὄν, also ἦ, ὄν, *little, small, young, of children*. II. neut. τυτθόν as Adv., *a little, a wee bit*: hence *scarcely, hardly*: of the voice, *low, softly, gently*.

2. also in pl., τυτθὰ διατηῆξαι *to cut into small pieces*.

Τύφᾶν, onos, ὅ, poet. Ep. lengthd. form for τυφᾶν: hence, Τυφᾶνιος, a, on, poet. for Τυφᾶνιος.

τύφεδᾶνός, ὅ, (τύφω) *one with clouded wits, a stupid fellow, a dullard*.

τυφ-ήρης, es, (τύφος, ἀρᾶρῆν) *set on fire, burning*.

τυφλό-πους, -ποδος, ὅ, ἦ, (τυφλός, πούς) *with blind foot, stepping in blindness*.

τυφλός, ἦ, ὄν, blind, Lat. caecus: c. gen., τυφλός τινος *blind to a thing*.

2. metaph., τυφλός τά τ' ὄτα τόν τε νοῦν τά τ' ὄμματα *blind in ears and mind and eyes*.

3. of things, *dark, unseen, dim, obscure*; τυφλαί σπιλάδες *blind, i. e. sunken, rocks*.

τυφλώω, (τυφλός) *to blind, make blind*:—Pass. *to be blinded or blind*. II. metaph. *to blind, dull, baffle, dim*. Hence

τυφλῶς, Adv. of τυφλός, *blindly*.

τύφλωσις, ἦ, *a making blind, blinding*.

τυφλώτω, (τυφλός) *to be blind*.

τύφο-γέρω, onτος, ὅ, (τύφα, γέρων) *a silly old man, a dotard*; cf. τυμβογέρω.

τύφος, ὅ, (τύφω) *smoke, mist, cloud*. II. metaph. *conceit, vanity*, Lat. *fucus*.

τύφω, f. ἴωω, (τύφος) *to wrap in smoke or mist*: metaph. *to make dull or senseless, dim, obscure*: pf. pass. τετύφωμαι, *to be sbrouded in conceit and folly, to be silly, stupid, absurd*.

ΤΥΨΩ [ῥ], f. θύψω: a. I. ἔθυψα: Pass., aor. 2 ἐτύφην [ῥ]: pf. τέθυμαι:—*to raise a smoke*; c. acc. cognato, καπνὸν τύφειν *to make a cloud of smoke*. II.

to smoke; καπνῷ τύφειν μελίσσαι *to smoke bees, and metaph., καπνῷ τύφειν πόλιν to fill the town with smoke*.

III. *to consume in smoke, burn with fire and smoke*:—Pass. *to smoke, smoulder*.

Τύφωεύς, ἑως, Ep. ἑός, ὅ: contr. Τύφῶς, ὦ:—Tyrrhoeus, Τυρῆος, a giant buried by Jove in Cilicia: cf. τυφᾶν.

Τύφᾶν, ἄνος, Ep. Τύφᾶν, ανος, ὅ, Τυρῆον, Τυρῆαον, the same giant who is more freq. called Τυφᾶς, Τυφᾶεύς.

II. as storms were ascribed to the agency of giants, the name came to mean *a furious storm, burricane, typhoon*. Hence

Τύφωνικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or from Τυρῆον. II. *stormy, tempestuous*.

Τύφῶς, ὅ, contr. for Τύφωεύς. II. as appellat., τυφᾶς, gen. τυφᾶ, dat. τυφᾶ, acc. τυφᾶ:—like τυφᾶν II, *a furious storm, burricane*.

τύχε, Ep. for ἐτύχε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of τυγχάνω.

τύχην, aor. 2 inf. of τυγχάνω.

ΤΥΧΗ [ῥ], ἦ, *what man obtains (τυγχάνει) from the gods, good fortune, luck*, Lat. *fortuna*; κοινὸν τύχη *luck is a thing common to all*; τύχα θεῶν, σὺν θεοῦ

τύχα *by luck from the gods*; esp. in phrase, θεία τύχη *by divine providence*; later, Τύχη was deified, like Lat. *Fortuna*, by the name of Τύχη Σώτειρα or Σωτήρ.

2. generally, *chance, fortune, good or bad, good luck or ill luck*; often with an Adj. *to shew which*; e. g. τύχη ἀγαθῆ was often used in public acts, by crasis τύχαγαθῆ, also ἐπ' ἀγαθῆ τύχη and μετ' ἀγαθῆς τύχης, like Lat. *quod felix faustumque sit*.

3. *Adverbial usages, τύχη by chance, Lat. forte, foris, fortuna*:—so also ἀπό or ἐκ τύχης, κατὰ τύχην.

II. *a chance, hap, lot, accident*: in plur., τύχαι ὑμέτεραι *your fortunes*. Hence

τύχηρός, ἄ, ὄν, *fortunate, lucky*. 2: *by chance, accidental*. Hence

τύχηρῶς, Adv. *luckily*.

τύχησας, aor. I part. of τυγχάνω.

τυχθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of τεύχω.

τύχομι [ῥ], aor. 2 opt. of τυγχάνω.

τύχόν, Adv., *by chance, perhaps*; properly acc. neut. of the aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύχων, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of τυγχάνω.

τύψασκον, Ion. aor. I of τύπτω.

τῷ, dat. sing. of neut. τόν, used absol., *therefore, so, in this wise*.

II. for τί, dat. sing. of τίς; quis? τῷ, enclit. for τῷ, dat. sing. of τίς, aliquis.

τῷγαλα, atos, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀγαλα.

τῶδε, dat. of ὅδε, used as Adv., = οὕτως, *in this manner, thus*.

ΤΩΘΑ'ΖΩ Dor. τωθάσσω fut. -άσομαι: aor. I

ἐτάθασα, subj. τῳθάσω:—to mock or scoff at, jeer, flout.

τῳθάσδοισαι, Dor. pres. part. fem. of τῳθάσω.

τῳλήθης, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀληθές.

τῳποβαῖνον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀποβαῖνον.

τῳρχαῖον, Ion. crasis for τὸ ἀρχαῖον.

τῳς, demonstr. Adv., answering to Interrog. πῳς; and to the Relat. ὡς, = ὡς, οὔτως, so, in this wise.

II. Dor. = οὐ, where.

τῳτρεκές, crasis for τὸ ἀτρεκές.

τῳτύο, gen. τῳτύου, dat. τῳτύῳ, Ion. for τὸ αὐτό, τοῦ αὐτοῦ, τῳ αὐτῳ.

Υ

Υ, υ, ὕ ψιλόν, τό, indecl., twentieth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral υ' = 400, but υ = 400,000. The written character Υ is supposed to have also stood for the digamma, which was a consonant; hence as a vowel it was distinguished by the name of Υ ψιλόν.

The use of υ was most freq. with the Aeolians, being put by them for ο, as in ὄνυμα ὕμοιος μύγυς for ὄνομα ὀμοιος μύγυς. They often inserted υ after α and ε, as, θένω χένω for θέω χέω. The Aeol. sometimes changed the diphthong ου into οι, as Μοῖσα for Μούσα, λέγοισα for λέγουσα.

ῴαδες, αν, αἰ, (ῴα) the Hyades, the Rainers, Lat. *Pluviae*, seven stars in the head of the bull, which threatened rain when they rose with the sun. [ῴ in Hom., ῴ in Eur.]

ῴαναι, ἡ, (ῴς) a Libyan wild beast, the hyena, an animal of the dog kind, with a bristly hog's mane (whence the name).

ῴακινθία (sub. ἱερά), τά, the Hyacinthia, a Lacedaemonian festival in honour of Hyacinthus.

ῴακινθίνο-βαφής, ἐς, (ῴακίνθινος, βαφῆναι) dyed hyacinth colour. [ῴ]

ῴακίνθινος, η, ον, (ῴακίνθος) hyacinthine, hyacinth-coloured.

ῴακίνθος, ὁ, Hyacinthus, a Laconian youth, beloved by Apollo, but killed by him by a cast of the discus. Hence

ῴακίνθος, ὁ ἢ ἡ, the hyacinth, a flower said to have sprung from the blood of Hyacinthus, or acc. to others from that of Telamonian Ajax: some pretended to decipher on the petals the initial letters of these names, ΥΑ or ΑΙ, or the interjection αἰ αἰ; hence it is called γραπτὰ ῴακίνθος, cf. Virg. Ecl. 3. 106. The older poets describe it as very dark, later authors make it lighter; so that several flowers seem to have been included under the name. II. ῴακίνθος, ἡ, the hyacinth or perhaps the sapphire, a precious stone of blue colour.

ῴαλέος, α, ον, contr. ῴαλοῦς, ἄ, ούν, (ῴαλος) of glass, like glass, glassy, transparent.

ῴαλίνος, later ῴαλίνος, η, ον, (ῴαλος) of or made of glass, glass.

ῴαλοῦς, εσσα, εν, (ῴαλος) of glass: like glass, glassy. ῴαλος or ῴαλος, ἡ, a clear, transparent stone, of which the Egyptians made cases to enclose their mummies: oriental alabaster: also crystal, amber, etc. 2. a convex lens of crystal, used as a burning-glass, explained by Aristophanes as λίθος διαφανῆς ἀφ' ἧς τὸ πῦρ ἄπτουσι a transparent stone from which they light fire.

II. glass, Lat. vitrum; glass itself seems to have existed in the time of Herodotus, but was not called ῴαλος till the time of Plato. (Egyptian word.)

ῴαλοῦς, ἄ, ούν, contr. for ῴαλέος.

ῴαλό-χροος, ον, contr. -χροος, ουν, (ῴαλος, χροά) glass-coloured.

ῴαλο-χρώδης, ἐς, = ῴαλόχροος.

ῴαλό-βάλλω, Ep. contr. for ὑποβάλλω.

ῴαλοῦς, ἡ, ὄν, bent outwards, bump-backed.

ῴαρίζω: f. ῴαρίζω Att. -ῳ: aor. I ῴαρισα: Pf. ῴαρικα: plqf. ῴαρίκειν. Med., fut. ῴαριῶμαι: Pass., fut. ῴαρισθήσομαι: aor. I ῴαρίσθη: pf. ῴαρισμαι:—to wax wanton, run riot, Lat. lascivire, opp. to σωφρονεῖν to practise moderation; of over-fed horses, to neigh, snort, prance, etc.; of plants, to run riot, grow over-rank.

II. with regard to others, to treat despitefully, do despite to, to outrage, insult, affront, ill-treat; in Att. more commonly, ῴαρίζω ἐῖς τινα to deal wantonly, commit outrages towards one; ῴαρίζω ἐπὶ τινα to exult over one: c. acc. cognato, ῴαρίζω ὑβρίεις to commit outrages; so, ῴαρίζω ἀδικήματα to do wanton wrongs. 2. at Athens to do one a personal outrage, to beat and insult, assault. [υ naturally short, but long in the augmented tenses.]

ῴαβρις [ῴ], εως Ep. ιος, ἡ, wanton violence, arising from the pride of strength, passion, etc., riotousness, insolence, lewdness, licentiousness. 2. of acts towards others, a piece of wanton violence, despiteful treatment, an outrage, gross insult, assault and battery:—at Athens, in law proceedings, ῴαβρις meant an aggravated personal assault, the slighter kind being αἰκία [ῴ]; hence in the former case the injured person proceeded by γραφή or prosecution; in the latter by δίκη or private suit. 3. harm, detriment, damage, loss.

II. as mascul. Adj., ῴαβρις ἀνὴρ, = ῴαβριστής. ῴαβρίσσω, Dor. for ῴαρίζω, 3 sing. ῴαβρίσσει for ῴαρίζει. ῴαβρισμα, ατος, τό, (ῴαρίζω) a wanton act, outrage, insult, Lat. contumelia. II. the object of insult.

ῴαβριστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, poet. for ῴαβριστής.

ῴαβριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (ῴαρίζω) one who is violent and overbearing, a wanton insolent man, a licentious ungovernable man. II. as masc. Adj. unbridled, ungovernable: of beasts, tameless, savage. Hence

ῴαβριστικός, ἡ, ὄν, given to wantonness or insolence, outrageous: τὸ ῴαβριστικόν an insolent disposition. Adv. -κῶς, insolently.

ῴαβριστος, η, ον, (ῴαβρις) insulting, insolent: Comp. and Sup., ῴαβριστότερος, -τατος.

ὕγιαζω, f. σω : aor. I ὑγίασα (ὕγιης) to make sound or healthy, to heal.

ὕγιαίνω, f. ἄνω : aor. I ὑγιάνα : (ὕγιης) :—to be sound, healthy, Lat. bene valere : to be in a certain state of health, Lat. valere. 2. metaph. to be sound of mind : also to be staunch, true, trustworthy ; τὸ ὑγιαῖνον τῆς Ἑλλάδος the sound part of Greece. 3.

ὕγιαεω, like χαίρε, a common form of taking leave, farewell, Lat. vale. [ῦ, but ῖ in augmented tenses.]

ὕγιαῖα Ion. —εἶη, ῆ, and sometimes in Att. ὑγιαῖα : (ὕγιης) :—health, soundness of body, Lat. salus ; ὑγίαε φρενῶν soundness of mind. [ῦ]

ὕγιενός, ῆ, ὄν, (ὕγιης) wholesome, sound, healthy, healthful : of food, wholesome. II. of persons, sound, healthy, stout, Lat. sanus. [ῦ] Hence

ὕγιενῶς, Adv. healthily :—Comp. ὑγιενωτέρως and -ρον ; Sup. -ότατα.

ὕγιεις, εσσα, εν, Boeot. for ὑγιής : acc. masc. ὑγιεντα. [ῦ]

ὕγιρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ὕγιης) good for the health, wholesome, hearty, strong, Lat. sanus :—Sup. ὑγιρότατος. ὕγιής, ἔς, gen. ἑός : acc. ὑγιᾶ or -ῆ Ion. —έα : plur. nom. neut. ὑγιᾶ or -ῆ :—sound, healthy, hearty, stout, Lat. sanus ; σῶς καὶ ὕγιής safe and sound. II.

sound in mind, sound-minded : metaph. of advice, sound, wholesome, wise ; οὐδὲν ὑγιές προφέρειν to make no one sound proposal :—Comp. and Sup. ὑγιέστερος, —έστατος. [ῦ]

ὕγραίνω, f. ἄνω, (ὕγρός) to wet, moisten : of a river, to water a country.

ὕγρο-βόλος, ον, (ὕγρός, βαλεῖν) wetting, moistening.

ὕγρο-μελής, ἔς, (ὕγρός, μέλος) with pliant limbs. ὕγροπορέω, f. ῆσω, to traverse water. From

ὕγρο-πόρος, ον, (ὕγρός, πόρος) traversing water.

ὕγρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ῦω, ὑδωρ) wet, moist, liquid, Lat. liquidus, opp. to ξηρός (siccus) ; ὑγρὸν ἔλαιον liquid oil, as opp. to fat ; ἀνεμοὶ ὑγρὸν δέντες winds blowing moist or rainy : ῆ ὑγρά Ion. ὑγρή, the moist, the sea, opp. to χέρσος the dry land ; so, ὑγρά κέλευθα, or ὑγρά alone, the watery ways : τὸ ὑγρὸν and τὰ ὑγρά, wet, wetness, moisture, water, liquor : θῆρες ὑγροὶ water animals. II. soft, pliant, supple,

lithe, waving, Lat. mollis : κέρας ὑγρὸν a pliant bow : metaph. of the mind, pliant, facile, easy. 2. slack, languid, faint. III. of the eyes, swimming,

melting, languishing ; ὑγρὸς πόνθος languishing desire ; neut. pl. as Adv., ὑγρά δεδορκώς with languishing glances. Hence

ὕγρότης, ητος, ῆ, (ὕγρός) wetness, moisture. II. generally, softness, pliancy, suppleness : metaph. pliancy of mind, softness or easiness of temper. 2. feebleness.

ὕγρο-φθογγος, ον, (ὕγρός, φθόγγος) of liquid poured from a bottle, making a gurgling sound.

ὕγρως, Adv. of ὑγρός, in liquid fashion : softly, pliaibly.

ὕγρῶσσω, poet. for ὑγραίνω, to be wet or moist.

ὑδάριος, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ὑδωρ) watery, washy : metaph. unstable as water, wavering.

ὑδάτινος, η, ον also ος, ον, (ὑδωρ) of water, watery : wet, moist. II. transparent as water, of thin garments.

II. like ὑγρός, pliant, supple, flexible.

ὑδάτιον, τό, Dim. of ὑδωρ, a small stream, rivulet.

ὑδάτοις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery, like water.

ὑδάτοποσία, ῆ, water-drinking. And

ὑδάτοποτέω, f. ῆσω, to drink water. From

ὑδάτο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker,

Lat. aquae potor.

ὑδάτος, gen. of ὑδωρ.

ὑδάτο-τρέφης, ἔς, (ὑδωρ, τρέφω) bred in water, growing in or by the water.

ὑδάτ-ώδης, ες, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water : watery, wet, sloppy.

ὑδρος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) the dropsy.

ὑδνης, ον, ὄ, ῆ, (ῦω) watered, nourished.

ὑδρα, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρος, a water-serpent, Lat. hydra.

ὑδραίνω, (ὑδωρ) to water, to sprinkle or bedew with water :—Med. to wash oneself, to bathe ; λουτρά ὑδράνασθαι χροῖ to pour water over one's body.

ὑδρεία, ῆ, (ὑδρεύω) a drawing water, fetching water. II. a watering place.

ὑδρεῖον Ion. —ήιον, τό, (ὑδρεύω) a water-bucket, well-bucket.

ὑδρεύω, f. σω, (ὑδωρ) to draw, fetch or carry water :—Med. to draw water for oneself, get water.

ὑδρήιον, τό, Ion. for ὑδρεῖον.

ὑδρηλός, ῆ, ὄν, (ὑδωρ) watery, moist, wet, damp.

ὑδρημενίη, ον, I med. part. fem. of ὑδραίνω.

ὑδρία, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) a water-pot, bucket, picher. II. a vessel of any kind, a balloting urn, a funeral urn.

ὑδριάς, ἄδος, ῆ, (ὑδωρ) of or from the water.

ὑδρια-φόρος, ον, (ὑδρία, φέρω) carrying a water-vessel.

ὑδρο-ειδής, ἔς, (ὑδωρ, εἶδος) like water, watery.

ὑδρῶεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑδωρ) watery.

ὑδροποσία, ῆ, water-drinking ; and

ὑδροποτέω, f. ῆσω, to drink water. From ὑδρο-πότης, ον, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, πίνω) a water-drinker, a drinker of hot potations ; hence, in Comic phrase, for a thin-blooded fellow, Horace's aquae potor.

ὑδρορ-ρόα or -ρόη, ῆ, (ὑδωρ, ροή) a water-course, a conduit, canal, sluice, gutter.

ὑδρος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) like ὑδρα, a water-serpent.

ὑδροφορέω, to carry water. From

ὑδρο-φόρος, ον, (ὑδωρ, φέρω) carrying water :—as Subst., ὑδροφόρος, ὄ or ῆ, a water-carrier.

ὑδρο-χόος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ, χέω) the water-pourer, the constellation Aquarius : Ep. dat. ὑδροχοῆι, as if from ὑδροχοεύς.

ὑδρο-χύτος, ον, (ὑδωρ, χέω) gushing with water.

ὑδρωπικός, ῆ, ὄν, (ὑδρωψ) dropsical.

ὑδρωψ, ωπος, also οπος, ὄ, (ὑδωρ) dropsy. II.

a dropsical person.

ὑδωρ, τό, gen. ὑδατος : Ep. dat. ὑδαί :—water of any kind ; of rivers, ὑδατα Καφίαια the waters of

Cephus; ὕδωρ πότιμον *fresh water*; ὕδωρ πλατὺ *salt water*:—Proverb., γράφειν τι εἰς ὕδωρ to write in water. 2. *rain-water*, and then *rain*, also called ὕδωρ ἐξ οὐρανοῦ. 3. in Attic law-phrase, τὸ ὕδωρ was the *water of the water-clock* (κλεψύδρα), and also the *time it took in running out*; ἐπιλαβεῖν τὸ ὕδωρ to stop the *water* (which was done while the speech was interrupted by the calling of evidence, as only a certain time was allowed for the speech of the plaintiff or defendant). [ῥ]

ὑεῖκος, ἦ, ὄν, and ὑεῖος, α, ον, (ὑς) of or belonging to a swine. [ῥ]

ὑέλινος, ὑέλιντης, Ion. forms of ὑαλ-.

ὑέλως, v. sub ὑαλος.

ὑέσσα, dat. pl. of ὑς.

ὑέτιος, α, ον, and ὑετόεις, εσσα, εν, (ὑετός) *rainy, bringing or causing rain*.

ὑετός, ὁ, (ὑά) *rain*, Lat. *pluvia*: a *heavy shower, a storm of rain*, Lat. *nimbus*; whereas ὑμβρος, Lat. *imber*, is a *lasting rain*, and ψεκάος or ψακάος, a *drizzling rain*. II. as Adj. in Sup., ἀνεμοὶ ὑετώτατοι the *rainiest winds*.

ὑήνια, ἦ, *swinishness, hoggishness*. From ὑήνος, ἦ, ὄν, (ὑς) *swinish, hoggish*.

ὑθλέω, f. ἦσα, (ὑθλος) to talk nonsense, drivel, trifles, Lat. *nugari*.

ῥΥΘΛΟΣ, ὁ, idle talk, nonsense, Lat. *nugae*.

ὑία, υῖας, Ep. acc. sing. and pl. of υῖός, as if from υῖς.

υῖάσι, poet. dat. pl. of υῖός. [ᾠ]

υῖδέης, εώς, ὁ, (υῖός) a son's grandson: fem.

υῖδῆ, a son's daughter, granddaughter.

υῖδιον, τό, Dim. of υῖός, a little son. II. Dim.

of ὑς, a little pig.

υῖδοῦς, οὔ, ὁ, (υῖός) a son's grandson.

υῖί, Ep. dat. of υῖός.

υῖτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὑς) of or fit for swine, like a swine, *swinish, hoggish*.

υῖο-θεσία, ἦ, (υῖος, τίθημι) adoption as a son.

υῖος, Ep. gen. of υῖός, as if from υῖς.

ῥΥΙΟΣ, ὁ, declined regul. υῖοῦ, υῖῶ, υῖόν, etc.: but it is also declined as if from nom. *υῖεύς,—gen. υῖέος, dat. υῖέτ, υῖέί, acc. υῖέα; Dual. υῖέε, υῖέιον; Plur. υῖέες or υῖεῖς, gen. υῖέων, υῖάν, dat. υῖέειν, acc. υῖεάς, υῖεῖς:—there is also an Ep. declension, as if from nom. υῖς,—gen. υῖος, dat. υῖί, acc. υῖά; Dual. υῖε; Plur. υῖεῖς, dat. υῖάσι, acc. υῖας:—Lat. *FILIUS*, a son; υῖόν ποιεῖσθαι or τίθεσθαι τινι to adopt as son.

2. later, the plur. was often periphr., *ιατρῶν υῖεῖς, βητῶρων υῖεῖς* sons of physicians, sons of orators, i. e. physicians, orators themselves; so in Homer, υῖες Ἀχαιῶν for Ἀχαιοί.

υῖος, Ep. gen. of υῖός, as if from *υῖς.

υῖανός, οὔ, ὁ, (υῖός) a child's child, a grandson.

ὑλαγμα, ατος, τό, (ὑλάω) the bark of a dog, a bark, howl, yell: metaph. in plur. *snarling words*. [ῥ]

ὑλαγωγός, ὁ, (ὑλάω) a barking, baying. [ῥ]

ὑλαγωγέω [ῥ], f. ἦσα, to carry wood. From

ὑλ-ᾠγωγός, ὄν, (ὑλη, ᾠγω) carrying wood. [ῥ]

ὑλάεις, Dor. for ὑλήεις.

ὑλαῖος, α, ον, (ὑλη) *woody, belonging to wood or to a wood, of the wood or forest*. [ῥ]

ὑλακῆ, ἦ, (ὑλάω) a barking, howling. [ῥ]

ὑλακώ-μωρος, ον, (ὑλακῆ) ever barking, howling or yelling. Ep. word, formed like ἐγχεσίμωρος, ἰόμωρος.

ὑλακτέω, f. ἦσα, (ὑλάω) to bark, bay, howl, Lat. *latrare*; metaph. of a hungry stomach, to cry out, yell, bark: also, ἄμωσα ὑλακτεῖ he bowls his uncouth songs. II. transit. to bark or yell at, Lat. *alatrare*. Hence

ὑλακτητής, οὔ, ὁ, a barker, bawler. [ῥ]

ὑλακτικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ὑλακτέω) yelling.

ὑλάς, gen. ἄντος, contr. for ὑλάεις, -ἦεις.

ὑλάσκω, = ὑλακτέω.

ῥΥΛΑΩ [ῥ], radic. form of ὑλακτέω, only used in pres. and impf., to bark, bay:—3 pl. impf. med. ὑλαόντω in same sense. II. transit. to bark or bay at.

ῥΥΛΗ [ῥ], ἦ, Lat. *SYLVA*, wood, a wood, forest, woodland, as opp. to δένδρα (fruit-trees): also of *brushwood, underwood*, as opp. to timber-trees. II. *wood cut down, timber, firewood, fuel, logs of wood*. III. generally, like Lat. *material*, the stuff of which a thing is made; the raw material of any kind: hence metaph. the matter treated of, subject-matter, Lat. *sylva*. 2. matter, as opp. to mind, Lat. *sylva*.

ὑλήεις, εσσα or -εις, εν, (ὑλη) *woody, wooded*.

ὑλη-κοίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑλη, κοίτη) one who lodges or makes his lair in the wood. [ῥ]

ὑλη-τόμος Dor. ὑλάτ-, ον, = ὑλοτόμος.

ὑλη-φόρος, ον, = ὑλοφόρος.

ὑλη-ωρός, ὄν, (ὑλη, οὔρος) watching the wood, forest-ranging. [ῥ]

ὑλο-δρόμος, ον, (ὑλη, δραμεῖν) wood-ranging.

ὑλο-κομος, ον, (ὑλη, κόμη) overgrown with wood.

ὑλο-κόμος, ον, (ὑλη, νέμομαι) haunting the woods.

ὑλοτομέω, f. ἦσα, to cut or fell wood. From

ὑλο-τόμος, ον, (ὑλη, τεμνέω) cutting or felling wood:—as Subst., ὑλότομος, ὁ, a woodcutter, woodman.

II. proparox. ὑλότομος, ον, pass. cut in the wood:—as Subst., ὑλότομον, τό, a plant cut in the wood, used as a charm. [ῥ]

ὑλο-ουργός, ὄν, (ὑλη, *ἔργω) working wood:—as Subst., ὑλουργός, ὁ, a carpenter or woodman. [ῥ]

ὑλο-φάγος, ον, (ὑλη, φάγειν) feeding in the woods.

ὑλο-φορβός, ὄν, (ὑλη, φέρβω) feeding in the woods.

ὑλο-φόρος, ον, (ὑλη, φέρω) carrying wood.

ὑλ-ώδης, ἐς, (ὑλη, εἶδος) woody, wooded, bushy.

ὑμεις [ῥ], old Aeol., Dor., and Ep. ὕμεις Ion. ὕμεις Dor. ὕμεις: gen. ὕμῶν Ion. ὕμέων, Ep. also ὕμειον: dat. ὕμιν, old Aeol. ὕμμι, ὕμμιν: but ὕμιν [-ι] or ὕμιν, only in Trag.: also ὕμας Ion. ὕμας: Aeol. ὕμμε Dor. ὕμέ, in Trag. also ὕμας [-ι] or ὕμας.

—Pron. of 2nd pers. plur. of σύ, ye, you.

ὑμῆναιος [ῥ], ὁ, (ῥμῆν) *hymenaeus, a wedding-song*, sung by the bride's attendants as they led her to the bridegroom's house.

II. later, = ῥμῆν, *Hymen*,

the god of marriage, addressed in the wedding-songs as Ὑμνῆν ᾧ Ὑμεναίε Dor. Ὑμνῆν ᾧ Ὑμεναίε, Lat. *Hymen o Hymenaeae*. Hence ὑμεναῖο, f. ὦσα, to sing the wedding-song. II.

to take to wife. [ῥ] ὑμενήϊος, ὁ, (Ὑμνῆν) epith. of Bacchus as god of joy. ὑμενό-πτερος, ον, (Ὑμνῆν, πτέρον) with wings of skin, membrane-winged, of the bat. [ῥ]

ὑμεν-ὄστράκος, ον, (Ὑμνῆν, ὄστρακον) made of earthenware as thin as a membrane. [ῥ]

ὑμέις, Dor. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμέτερος, α, ον, (ὑμεῖς) your, yours, Lat. *vester*; also with gen. of the personal pron. added, as ὑμέτερος αὐτῶν θυμός your own mind; ὑμέτερόνδε to your house; τὸ ὑμέτερον (sc. μέρος) what in you lies, for your part. [ῥ]

ὙΜΗ'Ν [ῥ], ἔνος, ὁ, a skin, membrane.

ὙΜΗ'Ν [ῥ], ἔνος, ὁ, *Hymen*, the god of marriages, cf. Ὑμεναῖος. II. like ὑμεναῖος, a wedding-song.

ὑμμε, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. acc. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμες, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. for ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμι, ὑμμιν, Aeol., Dor. and Ep. dat. of ὑμεῖς.

ὑμμος, α, ον, Aeol. for ὑμός, ὑμέτερος.

ὑμνο-ἀγόρας, ου, ὁ, (ῥυμος, ἀγορεύω) a singer of hymns.

ὑμνεῖται [ᾗ], Ion. for ὑμνηται, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Ep. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνεόμες, Dor. for ὑμνεόμεν, 1 pl. of ὑμνέω.

ὑμνέω, Dor. 3 pl. ὑμνεύσι, part. fem. ὑμνεύσα: fut. ἦσω: aor. I ὑμνησα: pf. ὑμνηκα: (ῥυμος):—to sing, praise, sing of, tell of, descendant upon, Lat. *canere*, c. acc.: part. pass. ὑμνούμενος, renowned, famous. 2. in bad sense, to tell of, reproach, chide, Lat. *increpare*. 3. to tell over and over again, to be always telling of, keep harping upon, Lat. *decantare*: to recite, as, τὸν νόμον ὑμνεῖν to recite the form of the law.

II. intr. to sing, chant. ὑμνητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὑμνητής, οὔ, ὁ, (ὑμνέω) a singer of hymns, a minstrel, bard.

ὑμνητός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑμνέω, sung, praised, lauded, famous.

ὑμνίω, Dor. for ὑμνέω.

ὑμνο-θέτης, ου, ὁ, (ῥυμος, τίθημι) a composer of hymns, a lyric poet:—as Adj., ὑμνοθέτης στέφανος a garland of minstrelsy.

ὑμνο-ποιός, ὄν, (ῥυμος, ποιέω) making hymns: as Subst. ὑμνοποιός, ὁ, a minstrel.

ὑμνο-πόλος, ον, (ῥυμος, πολέω) busied with hymns: as Subst., ὑμνοπόλος, ὁ, a lyric poet, minstrel.

ὙΜΝΟΣ, α song: a hymn, festive song or ode, commonly in honour of gods or heroes.

ὑμνωδέω, f. ἦσω, (ὑμνωδός) to sing a hymn or song of praise: c. acc. cognato, to sing, chant. II. to give a prophetic response. Hence

ὑμνωδία, ἡ, the singing or chanting of a hymn. II. a prophetic strain.

ὑμνο-ῳδός, ὄν, (ῥυμος, ῳδή) singing hymns or odes; ὑμνωδοὶ κόραι the minstrel maids.

ὑμός, ἄ and ἡ, ὄν, Dor. and Ep. for ὑμέτερος, your.

ῥν, acc. of ῥς.

ῥο-μουσία, ἡ, (ῥς, Μούσα) swine's music, swinish taste in music.

ῥός, gen. of ῥς.

ῥοσ-κῦμος, ὁ, (ῥς, κύμος) hog-bean, answering to our *ben-bane*, which causes giddiness and madness.

ῥπ-ἀγγελος, ον, (ῥπό, ἀγγελος) summoned by a messenger.

ῥπ-αγκάλιζω, f. ἴω, (ῥπό, ἀγκαλίζομαι) to take in the arms, embrace, clasp in the arms: so in pf. part. pass., γένος ῥπγαλισμένη having clasped the children in her arms. Hence

ῥπαγκάλισμα, ατος, τό, that which is taken into the arms, a wife, mistress.

ῥπ-ἀγορεύω, f. ὦω, to dictate, Lat. *praecire verbis*.

ῥπ-άγω [ᾗ] impf. ῥπῆγον: f. ῥπάξω: aor. 2 ῥπῆγαγον:—to lead or bring under; ῥπάγειν ἵππους ζύγον to bring the horses under the yoke, yoke them; also simply ῥπάγειν ἵππους. 2. to bring under one's power:—Med. to bring under one's own power, reduce. 3. to draw from under, Lat. *subducere*:—

Pass., ῥπαγομένου τοῦ χρώματος as the mound of earth was drawn away from under. II. to bring a person before the judge; ῥπάγειν τινά ὑπὸ τὸ δικαστήριον to bring one before the court or over under the cognisance of the court, i. e. to accuse, impeach him: ῥπάγειν τινά θανάτου ὑπὸ τὸν δῆμον to impeach him before the commons on a capital charge; so ῥπάγειν τινά alone. III. to lead slowly on, Lat. *inducere*; to lead one by degrees or secretly, to draw on an enemy by stratagem: to lead, draw one on, induce one (to do a thing):—Med. to suggest, throw out so as to lead a person on: so in Pass., to be led, drawn on, induced, mostly in bad sense. IV. to lead or take secretly away, draw off, withdraw.

V. intrans. to take oneself away secretly, withdraw, retire: of an army, to draw off or retire slowly. 2. to go after, go slowly on: ῥπάγει, like ἀγει, come! cheer up!

ῥπᾶγωγέος, ἑως, ὁ, (ῥπάγω) a trowel or tool for sbaing bricks.

ῥπᾶγωγή, ἡ, (ῥπάγω) a leading on gradually or secretly. II. intr. a withdrawing, a retreat.

ῥπ-ᾄδω, f. -ᾄσομαι, (ῥπό, ᾄδω) to sing, to accompany with the voice. II. to sing by way of prelude.

ῥπαί, poet. for ῥπό.

ῥπαιδεῖδουκα, Ep. for ῥποδέδουκα, pf. of ῥποδεῖδω.

ῥπ-αιθερός, α, ον, -έσομαι, Dep. to shew some respect to another, c. acc.

ῥπαῖθᾶ, Adv. (ῥπαί poet. for ῥπό) out under, slipping under and away: escaping to one side. II.

as Prep. with gen., under, near, at one's side.

ῥπ-αιθρίος, ον, also α, ον, (ῥπό, αἰθήρ) under the sky, in the open air.

ῥπ-αιθρος, ον, = ῥπαιθρίος, mostly in phrase, ἐν ῥπαιθρῷ, Lat. *sub Dio*, in the open air.

ῥπ-αἶψα, = ῥποκαῖα, to set on fire from beneath or secretly.

ῥπ-αινίσσομαι Att. -ττομαι: f. -ξομαι: Dep.:—

to intimate darkly, give a slight hint of, make a covert allusion to.

ὑπ-αίρω, Ion. for ὑπαίρειω.

ὑπ-αἴσω, f. ξω, to dart beneath, c. acc. II. to dart from under, c. gen.

ὑπ-αισχύνομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, αἰσχύνω) to be somewhat ashamed of a thing before a person, c. dupl. acc.

ὑπ-αίτιος, ov, (ὑπό, αἰτία) under accusation, called to account for a thing; ὑπαίτιός τιμι responsible or accountable to one.

ὑπάκοή, ἡ, (ὑπακούω) hearkening to, obedience.

ὑπάκουσιν, Dor. for ὑπάκουσον, aor. I imperat. of ὑπακούω.

ὑπ-ακούω, f. -ακούσομαι : pf. -ακήκοα :—to listen, hearken, give ear to : to listen to and answer. II.

to hearken to, give ear to, with gen. or dat. : often used of porters, to answer a knock at the door. 2.

to obey, submit to, c. gen. pers. : to yield to, comply with, c. dat. pers. : absol. to submit, comply.

ὑπ-αλείφω, f. ψω, to spread thinly on, spread like salve. II. to anoint :—Med. to anoint oneself ; ὑπαλείφεται τοὺς ὀφθαλμούς to anoint one's eyes.

ὑπ-αλείβομαι, imperat. -αλέυο; Dep. : (ὑπό, ἀλεύω) :—to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, elude, c. acc. ; mostly used in aor. I part. ὑπαλειόμενος.

ὑπαλλάγή, ἡ, (ὑπαλλάσσω) an interchange, exchange. II. hypallagé, a figure of speech, by

which the parts of a proposition seem to be interchanged.

ὑπ-αλλάσσω Att. -πτω, f. ξω, to interchange, exchange, barter.

ὑπαλύξας, aor. I part. of ὑπαλύσσω.

ὑπαλύξις, εως, ἡ, an avoiding, shunning, escaping, eluding. From

ὑπ-αλύσσω, f. ξω : aor. I part. ὑπαλύξας :—like ὑπαλείβομαι, to avoid, shun, flee from, escape, evade,

c. acc. ; χρεῖος ὑπαλύξας having got quit of a debt.

ὑπ-αναγιγνώσκω, later -γινώσκω : f. -γνώσομαι :—to read by way of preface.

ὑπ-ανακίβω, f. ἦσω, intr. to rise up and go away.

ὑπ-ανάλισσω, f. -ανάλωσω : aor. I -ανάλωσα :—to spend, waste, consume gradually.

ὑπ-αναχωρέω, f. ἦσω, to retire slowly.

ὑπαναστάντων, verb. Adj. of ὑπανίσταμαι, one must rise up, to make room for another.

ὑπ-ανδρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀνήρ) under or subject to a man, married.

ὑπανηλώθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπαναλίσσω.

ὑπ-ανίδω, f. ἄσω Ion. ἦσω :—to trouble or vex a little :—Pass. to be somewhat distressed.

ὑπ-ανίστημι, f. -αναστήσω : aor. I -ανέστησα :—to make to rise up, raise up gradually. II. Pass., with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην ; pf. -ανέστηκα :—to rise, stand up : of game, to start up, to be sprung or roused ; ὑπαναστήναι τῆς ἔδρας to rise up from one's seat to shew respect to another, Lat. *assurgere alicui* ;

ὑπαναστήναι τοῖς πρεσβυτέροις to rise up so as to make room for one's elders.

ὑπ-ανοίγω, f. ξω, to open underband or furtively ; ὑπανοίγειν γράμματα to intercept and open letters.

ὑπ-αντάω Ion. -έω : f. ἦσω :—to come or go to meet, either as friend or foe. II. to meet, reply to.

Hence ὑπάντησις, εως, ἡ, a coming to meet.

ὑπ-αντάζω, f. ἄσω, to come or go to meet, step forth to meet, c. dat. ; also c. acc.

ὑπ-ἀπειλέω, f. ἦσω, to threaten underband.

ὑπ-άπειμι, (ὑπό, ἀπό, εἰμι ibo) to depart underband or slowly, to retreat, retire.

ὑπ-αποκίβω, f. ἦσω, intr. to move off secretly, slink away, c. gen. :—verb. Adj. ὑπαποκινήτεον, one must make off, slink away.

ὑπ-αποτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δραμοῦμαι, to run away secretly, slip away.

ὑπ-άπτω, Ion. for ὑφάπτω.

ἜΥΠΑΡ, τό, indecl. a real appearance when one is awake, a waking vision, opp. to ὄναρ a mere dream : οὐκ ὄναρ, ἀλλ' ὕπαρ, i. e. no illusion but a reality. II.

the acc. is used absol. as Adv., in a waking state, awake : hence really, actually. [ῥ]

ὑπαργμαί, Ion. for ὑπηργμαί, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπ-ἀργυρος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀργυρος) having silver underneath : of rocks, containing silver, veined with silver : of metallic substances, containing a proportion of silver.

ὑπ-ἀργυροῦμαι, II. turned into silver, sold for silver. III. of silver-gilt. IV. hired for silver, venal.

ὑπ-αρνος, ov, (ὑπό, ἀρνός gen. of ἀρνός) with a lamb under, suckling a lamb : metaph. suckling an infant.

ὑπαρξίς, εως, ἡ, (ὑπάρχω) subsistence : one's substance, possessions, goods.

ὑπ-αρπάζω, Ion. for ὑφαρπάζω.

ὑπ-αρχή, ἡ, (ὑπό, ἀρχή) the beginning ; ἐξ ὑπαρχῆς from the beginning, over again, afresh.

ὑπ-αρχος, ό, (ὑπό, ἀρχω) commanding under another : a lieutenant-governor, viceroy.

ὑπ-άρχω, f. ξω : aor. I ὑπῆρξα : Pass., pf. ὑπηργμαί : 3 sing. plrpf. ὑπηρκετο : (ὑπό, ἀρχω) :—to begin : c. gen. : I. to make a beginning of. 2. c. part. to begin doing ; ὑπάρχει εἰ ποῖαν τινα he begins doing good to one.

3. c. acc., ὑπάρχειν εὐεργεσίας εἰς τινα to begin [doing] kindnesses to one : Pass., τὰ ἔκτιστος ὑπαργμῆνα (Ion. for ὑπηργμῆνα) the beginnings made by one ; τὰ παρὰ τῶν θεῶν ὑπηργμῆνα what has been given by the gods. 4. absol. to begin.

II. to come into being, arise, spring up. 2. to be at hand, be ready. 3. to be : ὑπάρχει impers., the case is . . ; ἡ ὑπάρχουσα τιμῆ the price being what it may. III. to lie under, hence like ὑποκίβω, to be taken for granted ; τοῦτον ὑπάρχοντος, Lat. *his positus, this being granted, this being the case.* IV. to belong to, fall to : of persons, to be devoted to. 2. often in part., τὰ ὑπάρχοντα one's property, or present circumstances or advantages ; ἐκ τῶν ὑπάρχοντων according to one's means. 3. impers., ὑπάρχει μοι it belongs to me, I have. IV. to be sufficient : ὑπάρχει impers., it

is possible, c. inf.; so absol. in part. neut. ὑπαρχων, since it is possible.

ὑπ-ασπίδιος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀσπίς) under cover of the shield; ὑπασπίδιος κόσμος the body-armour. [Υ]

ὑπ-ασπίζω, f. ἴσω, to carry the shield for one, serve as a shield-bearer. Hence

ὑπασπιστήρ, ἦρος, ὅ, and ὑπασπιστής, οὐ, ὅ, a shield-bearer, esquire, generally, an armour-bearer.

ὑπ-αστρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄστρον) under the stars: guided by the stars.

ὑπάτικος, ἦ, ὄν, (ὑπατος II) of consular rank, Lat. consularis.

ὑπάτος [Υ], η, ον, contr. for ὑπέρατος, like Lat. summus for supremus, the highest, uppermost, first, epith. of Jove; οἱ ὑπάτοι, Lat. superi, the gods above, opp. to those beneath the earth (χθόνιοι, ἐνεροί, Lat. inferi).

2. of Place, highest, topmost; ἐν πυρῇ ὑπάτῃ on the very top of the funeral pile, c. gen. (as if it were a superlative Preposition), ὑπάτοι λεχέων high above their nest. 3. of Quality, highest, best. 4. of Time, last, Lat. supremus. II. ὑπατος, ὅ, as Subst., was used to render the Roman Consul.

ὑπ-αυγάζω, f. ἄσω, to begin to shine, dawn, of day-break.

ὑπ-αυλέω, f. ἴσω, to play the flute in accompaniment.

ὑπ-αυλος, ον, (ὑπό, αὐλή) under the tent; σκινηῆς ὑπαυλος under cover of the tent.

ὑπ-αυχένιος, α, ον, (ὑπό, αὐχὴν) under the neck: as Subst., ὑπαυχένιον, τό, a cushion or pillow for the neck.

ὑπ-αφίσταμαι, with aor. 2 act. -ἀφίστην, pf. -ἀφέστηκα—to step back slowly, retire.

ὑπ-αφρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἀφρός) somewhat frothy, moist.

ὑπ-αφρων, ονος, ὅ, ἦ, (ὑπό, ἄφρων) somewhat silly or senseless: Comp. ἀφρονέστερος.

ὑπέασι, Ion. for ὑπείσι, 3 pl. of ὑπείμι (εἰμί sum).

ὑπέβαλλον, aor. 2 of ὑποβάλλω.

ὑπέγγυος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐγγύη) under surety: of persons, having given surety, responsible, liable to be called to account; ὑπέγγυος πλὴν θανάτου subject to any punishment except death.

ὑπέδαμνα, 3 sing. impf. of ὑποδάμνημι.

ὑπέδδεισαν, Ep. for ὑπέδεισαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὑποδέδω.

ὑπέεδίδισαν, 3 pl. plqpf. of ὑποδείδω.

ὑπέδειξα, aor. I of ὑποδείκνυμι.

ὑπέδεκτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπέδραμον, aor. 2 of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπέδυν, aor. 2 of ὑποδύω.

ὑπέδυστο [Υ], Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπεθερμάνθην, aor. I pass. of ὑποθερμαίνω.

ὑπειδόμην, (ὑπό, *εἶδω), aor. 2 med. with no pres. in use, to look at, view from below: metaph. to mistrust, suspect, Lat. suspicari.

ὑπεϊκάθον, inf. ὑπεκαθεῖν, poet. aor. 2 of ὑπέκω.

ὑπεκτρέον, verb. Adj. one must give way. From ὑπε-έκω.

ὑπεέκω, fut. ὑπέκωσι: fut. -εἶξω or -εἶξομαι: aor. ὑπέειξα Ep. ὑπέειξα: poet. aor. 2 ὑπέικαθον:—to retire, withdraw; ὑπέκειν τινὶ ἔδρησιν to retire from

one's seat for another, make room for him; ὑπέκειν τινὶ λόγων to give him the first word.

2. c. acc. to escape, shun, elude; χεῖρας ἐμὰς ὑπόειξε be scaped my hands.

II. to yield, give way: generally, to submit to, to obey.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί sum) to be under, Lat. subesse; φίλτατοι ἄνδρες ἐμῷ ὑπέασι μελάθρῳ my best friends are under my roof: of horses, to be under the yoke,

to be yoked in the chariot. II. to be or lie underneath: to be at the bottom.

2. to be laid down, granted, assumed.

3. of things, to be left remaining: to remain behind, after everything else.

III. generally, to be at or near, be at hand, at command.

IV. to be subjected or subject.

ὑπ-εἰμι, (ὑπό, εἰμί ἰδο) to come or go under, to steal in secretly, Lat. subire; ὑπέναυ τινά to insinuate oneself into a person's favour.

II. to depart gradually or secretly.

ὑπέξομαι, fut. med. of ὑπέκω: Ep. 2 sing. ὑπέξω.

ὑπέπιν, (ὑπό, εἶπον) aor. 2 with no pres. in use, to say or repeat before another, Lat. praeire verba: also to premise, say by way of introduction: to suggest.

2. to explain, interpret.

ὑπέρ, poet. for ὑπέρ, used when a long syll. is needed before a vowel, e. g. ὑπεῖρ ἄλα. [Υ]

ὑπερέβαλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερέχον, Ep. for ὑπερέχων, impf. of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπέρηκα, ὑπέρηκα, see ὑπέρω.

ὑπέροχος, ον, poet. and Ion. for ὑπέροχος.

ὑπέσας, Ion. for ὑφέσας, aor. I part. of ὑφέσσα having set on, suborned.

ὑπ-εισδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εἰσέδυν, pf. -εἰσέδουκα:—to slip or steal in, enter secretly.

ὑπ-εἰσεμι, (εἰμί ἰδο) to go in covertly.

ὑπ-έκ, before a vowel ὑπέξ, (ὑπό, ἐξ) Prep. with gen., out from under, from beneath: also written divisim ὑπ' ἐκ.

ὑπεκ-βάλλω, to cast out secretly.

ὑπεκδράμειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπεκτρέχω.

ὑπ-εκδύομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξέδυν, pf. -εκδέδουκα:—to get secretly out of, slip out of, shun, escape, c. acc.: absol. to slip out, steal out.

ὑπ-εκεχῦτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὑποχέω.

ὑπ-εκαίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below or by degrees: metaph. to set on fire secretly.

ὑπ-εκαλύπτω, f. ψω, to uncover from below or a little.

ὑπέκκαυμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπεκαίω) fuel put under to light a fire, combustible matter. 2. metaph. a provocative, incentive.

ὑπ-έκκειμαι, Pass. to be carried out and away, to be put safe away, to be stored up or stowed in a safe place.

ὑπ-εκκλίω, to bend aside, escape, delude.

ὑπ-εκκομίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, to carry out or away goods:—Med., ὑπεκκομισσάσθαι πάντα to get all one's goods carried secretly out.

ὑπ-εκλαμβάνω, f. -λήφωμαι, to carry off underhand.

ὑπεκλίνθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποκλίνω.

ὕπ-εκπέμπω, f. ψω, to send away underhand; ὕπεκπέμπειν χθονός to send secretly out of the land.

ὕπ-εκπροθέω, f. -θείσομαι, to run forth from under, start out before: c. acc. to outrun, outstrip.

ὕπ-εκπρολύω, f. σω, to loose from under: of horses, to unloose from under the yoke.

ὕπ-εκπρορέω, f. -ρῆσομαι, to flow forth from under.

ὕπ-εκπροφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to flee away secretly, escape and flee: c. acc. to flee away secretly from.

ὕπεκπροφυγίην, aor. 2 inf. of ὕπεκπροφεύγω.

ὕπεκρῖφθη, aor. I pass. of ὑποκρίπτω.

ὕπ-εκσώζω, to save from under, rescue or deliver from.

ὕπ-εκστάνω, to stretch out under.

ὕπ-εκτίθημι, f. -θήσω, to put out secretly:—Med. to remove one's effects from a place of danger, carry safely away:—Pass. to be carried safe away.

ὕπ-εκτρέπω, f. ψω, to turn gradually or secretly from a thing:—Med. to turn aside from, c. acc.

ὕπ-εκτρέχω, f. -θρέξομαι and -δράμωμαι: aor. 2 -εξεδράμω (cf. τρέχω):—to run out from under, run beyond: to escape, c. acc.

ὕπέκυψα, aor. I of ὑποκύπτω.

ὕπ-εκφέρω, to lift up a little. II. to carry out from under, esp. from danger: to carry away. III. intr., ὕπεκφέρειν ἡμέρης ὕδῳ to get on before, to get the start of another by a day's journey.

ὕπ-εκφεύγω, f. -φεύξομαι, to fly out or escape secretly: to escape secretly from, c. acc.

ὕπέκφυγε, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὕπεκφεύγω.

ὕπεκ-χαλάω, f. άσω [ά], to slacken from below or slightly.

ὕπ-εκχωρέω, f. ήσω, to retire secretly: withdraw quietly from a place: c. dat. pers. to retire and give place to one.

ὕπέλαβον, aor. 2 of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὕπ-ελαίνο: f. -ελάσω [ά] Att. -ελῶ:—to drive under: intr. (sub. ἵππον) to ride up to.

ὕπελείφθην, aor. I pass. of ὑπολείπω.

ὕπέλθοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὕπέλοντο, Ep. for ὑφείλοντο, 3 pl. aor. 2 med. of ὑφαίρω.

ὕπέλοντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of ὑπόλυω.

ὕπελῦσσο [ῥ], Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. of ὑπόλυω.

ὕπέμεινα, aor. I of ὑπομένω.

ὕπεμνάσθε, Ep. 2 pl. impf. of ὑπομνάομαι.

ὕπεμνήμυκε, Ep. for ὑπήμυκε, 3 sing. pf. of ὑπηνύω, to bang down the head. This is the only form of the Verb in use, and this only in one place, of an orphan boy,—πάντα δ' ὑπεμνήμυκε he stands with head utterly bung down: see ήμύω.

ὕπ-εναντιόομαι, Dep. to oppose covertly.

ὕπ-εναντίας, a, ov, (ὑπό, ἐναντίας) set over against, opposite. II. set against, hostile: as Subst., οἱ ἐπενάντιοι the enemy:—neut. as Adv., τὸ ἐπεναντίον τούτου in opposition thereto.

ὕπεναντίως, eas, ή, (ὑπεναντιόομαι) a being opposed to: contrariety.

ὕπ-ενδίδωμι, to give way a little, give in a little.

ὕπ-ἐνδύω, atos, τό, (ὑπό, ἐνδύω) an under-garment.

ὕπ-ἐνερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπό, ἐνερθε) under, underneath, beneath: under the earth, in the world below: c. gen. under, beneath.

ὕπ-ἐξ, form assumed by ὑπ-εκ before a vowel.

ὕπεξάγαγο [γα], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of ὑπεξάγω.

ὕπ-ἐξάγω, f. ξω, to carry out from under or secretly, esp. out of danger into safety. II. intr. to retire or withdraw gradually.

ὕπ-ἐξαίρω, f. ήσω: pf. pass. -εξήρημαι Ion. -εξαράρημαι: aor. 2 -εξείλον:—to take away privily, destroy, remove secretly or gradually; τοῦσι κλημ' ὑπεξέλων having done away with the offence: generally, to set aside, put out of the question, hence in pf. pass. part., τούτων ὑπεξαραρημένων these things having been put out of the question:—Med. to take out or away privily for oneself: to steal or purloin.

ὕπ-ἐξάιρω, to raise, lift up from below.

ὕπ-ἐξακρίζω, to go up to the mountain-top.

ὕπεξάλεισθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπεξάλομαι (a Dep. pres. not in use, see ἀλέομαι), to flee out away and escape, c. acc.

ὕπ-ἐξάλλυσκα, f. ύξω, to flee away or escape from secretly, c. acc.

ὕπ-ἐξαναβαίνο, f. -βήσομαι, to rise out from under secretly or gradually.

ὕπ-ἐξανάγομαι, Pass. with aor. 2 med. -εξηγαγόμην, to sail out and away secretly. [άγ]

ὕπεξαναδύομαι, Med., with aor. 2 act. -εξανέδω, pf. -εξαναδέδωκα:—to come up from under gradually, esp. to rise from out the sea.

ὕπεξαναδύς, ύσα, ύν, aor. 2 part. of foreg.

ὕπ-ἐξανίσταμαι, Pass. to rise up and give place to.

ὕπ-ἐξαντλέω, f. ήσω, to drain out from below, exhaust.

ὕπεξαιρήρημαι, Ion. for ὑπεξήρημαι, pf. pass. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὕπ-ἐξείμι, (ὑπό, ἐξ, εἶμι ἰδο) to go away under or secretly, withdraw gradually; ὑπεξείναι τινί to make way for one. II. to go out to meet or against one.

ὕπ-ἐξείρω, Ion. for ὑπεξέρω.

ὕπ-ἐξελαίνο: fut. -εξελάσω [ά] Att. -εξελεῶ:—to drive out from under, drive off secretly. II. intr. to march away secretly or slowly.

ὕπεξελεῖν, -ών, aor. 2 inf. and part. of ὑπεξαιρέω.

ὕπ-ἐξερύω Ion. -ἐξερύω, to draw out from under, draw away underhand.

ὕπ-ἐξέρχομαι, Dep., with aor. 2 act. -εξήλθον, pf. -εξελήλθα:—to go out from under: to go out secretly, withdraw, retire: also c. acc. to retire, withdraw from or before. 2. to rise up and quit one's settlements, to emigrate. II. to go out to meet.

ὕπεξεσάωσεν, 3 sing. aor. I of an Ep. pres. ὑπεκσάω, = ὑπεκσάω.

ὕπέξέφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπεκφεύγω.

ὕπ-ἐξέγω, intr. to withdraw secretly from a place.

ὕπ-ἐξίσταμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -εξίστην, pf. -εξέστηκα:—to go out from under, come out suddenly. II. to go out of the way of, sbun, avoid:

c. dat. *to give place to, rise up and make way for.* III. c. gen. rei, *to withdraw one's claims to a thing, retire from competition.*

ὑπέπλευσα, aor. I of ὑποπλέω.

ὑπέπτατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποπτάμαι.

ΥΠΕΡ Ep. ὑπέρ, in phrases ὑπεὶρ ἄλός and ὑπεὶρ ἄλα : Prep. governing gen. and acc., Lat. *SUPER*. Hence are formed the Comp. and Sup. ὑπέρτερος, -τατος. [ὑ]

WITH GENIT., expressing that *over* which something is with: 1. of Place, *over*: of rest, *over, above*; ὑπὲρ κεφαλῆς στήναι *to stand over a person's head*: 2. of motion, *over, across*; or *over, beyond*. II. (from the notion of *standing over* to protect) *for, in defence of, in behalf of*; ὑπὲρ τῆς πατριδος ἀμύνειν *to fight in defence of one's country*. 2. *for, because of, by reason of*: *for the purpose of, for the sake of*; ὑπὲρ τοῦ μη ἀποθανεῖν *for the sake of not dying*. 3. *for, instead of, in the name of, acting for*; ὑπὲρ ἑαυτοῦ *in his stead*. III. like περί, *on, of, concerning, respecting*, Lat. *de*.

WITH ACCUS., expressing that *over and beyond* which a thing goes: I. of Place, *over, beyond, past*. II. of Measure, *over, above, exceeding, beyond*; ὑπὲρ τὴν ἡλικίαν *above his years*. 2. *beyond what is right, against, contrary to*; ὑπὲρ αἴσαν *contrary to right*; ὑπὲρ θεόν *contrary to the will of the god*. III. of Number, *above, upwards of, beyond, up to and over*; ὑπὲρ τὸ ἥμισυ *above half*.

POSITION: ὑπέρ may follow its Subst. in all cases, when it is written ὑπερ.

IN COMPOS., ὑπέρ signifies *over, above*, of Place, as in ὑπερβαίνω. 2. *in defence of, in behalf of*, as in ὑπερ-αλέγει, mostly c. gen. 3. of excess, as in ὑπερ-ἤφανος.

ὑπέρα, ἦ, (ὑπέρ) *the uppermost rope, the brace attached to each end of the sailyards (ἐπίρρια)*, by means of which the sails are shifted. [ὑ]

ὑπερ-ἄβέλτερος, *ov, also α, ov, above measure simple or silly.*

ὑπερ-ἀγάμαι, Dep. *to admire above measure.* [ἀγ]

ὑπερ-ἄγωνακτέω, f. ἦσω, *to be exceedingly angry or indignant at a thing.*

ὑπερ-ἄγᾶπάω, f. ἦσω, *to love exceedingly.*

ὑπερ-ἄγωνιάω, *to be in great distress of mind.*

ὑπερ-ἄης, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ὑπέρ, ἄημι) *blowing down from above or blowing very hard.*

ὑπερ-αἰμώω, (ὑπέρ, αἶμα) *to have overmuch blood.*

ὑπερ-αίρω, *to lift up over*: Med. and Pass. *to rise above, be lifted up*. II. *to rise up over, to climb over, scale*, Lat. *transcendere*, c. acc. 2. *to transcend, excel, outdo*: *to conquer*. 3. *to overshoot, go beyond, exceed*, c. acc. 4. *absol. of a river, to overflow.*

ὑπερ-αισχός, *ov, exceeding base or ugly.*

ὑπερ-αισχύνωμαι, Pass. *to feel much ashamed.*

ὑπερ-αιωρέω, f. ἦσω, *to hang up over or above*. II. Pass. *to be suspended over, project*

over a thing:—of ships, c. gen. loci, *to lie off a place.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκμος, *ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀκμή) beyond the bloom of youth.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκοντιζώ, f. ἴσω, *to overshoot*, hence *to outdo, surpass*: c. part., ὑπερακοντίζειν τινὰ κλέπτων *to outdo one in stealing.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκριβής, ἔς, *exceedingly accurate or careful.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκρίζω, f. ὦω, *to mount and climb over*. II. *to project or beetle over*, c. gen.

ὑπέρ-ἄκρος, *ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀκρᾶ) over or upon the heights*: τὰ ὑπεράκρια *the heights above the plain*; οἱ ὑπεράκριοι, at Athens, *the inhabitants of the Attic uplands.*

ὑπέρ-ἄκρος, *ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀκρᾶ) over the top*: metaph. *going to extremes*; Adv. ὑπεράκρως, *to excess.*

ὑπέρ-αλέγω, f. ἦσω, *to be afflicted or feel pain for a thing*: *to grieve exceedingly at a thing*: absol. *to feel great pain of mind.*

ὑπέρ-αλγής, ἔς, gen. ἑός, (ὑπέρ, ἄλγος) *exceeding grievous or painful.*

ὑπέρ-ἄλλομαι, f. -αλοῦμαι: aor. I -ἠλάμην: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπεράλτο, part. ὑπεράλμενος: Dep.:—*to spring or leap over*, c. gen.; also c. acc.

ὑπέρ-ἄλλος, *ov, over or above others.*

ὑπεράλμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπεράλτο, 3 sing. aor. of ὑπεράλλομαι.

ὑπέρ-αναδίδουμαι, Pass. *to be surpassed in impudence.*

ὑπέρ-αναίσχυτος, *ov, exceeding impudent.*

ὑπέρ-ανατείνω, f. -ανατενῶ, *to stretch excessively.*

ὑπέρ-ανίσταμαι, Pass. with aor. 2 act. -ανέστην, pf. -ανέστηκα, *to stand up or project above.*

ὑπέρ-αντλέομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ἀντλέω) *to be very leaky, to be waterlogged.*

ὑπέρ-αντλος, *ov, quite full of water, waterlogged*: metaph. *overwhelmed, borne down*. II. act. *overflowing, overwelming.*

ὑπέρ-άνω, Adv. *over, above*: ὑπεράνω γίνεσθαι *to get the upper hand of*. [ἄ]

ὑπέρ-άνωρ, *opos, ὄ, Dor. for ὑπερήνωρ.*

ὑπέρ-ἄπᾶτάω, f. ἦσω, *to deceive or cheat excessively.*

ὑπέρ-αποθνήσκω, f. -αποθνούμαι, *to die for.*

ὑπέρ-αποκρίνομαι, Med. *to answer for any one, vindicate*. [ε]

ὑπέρ-απολογέομαι, fut. med. ἦσομαι: Dep. *to speak for or in behalf of any one, defend.*

ὑπέρ-αρρωδέω, f. ἦσω, Ion. for ὑπερορρωδέω, *to be exceedingly afraid*, τῇ Ἑλλάδι for Hellas.

ὑπέρ-ασθμος, *ov, (ὑπέρ, ἀσθμα) gasping or panting exceedingly.*

ὑπέρ-ασπάζομαι, f. ἄσομαι, Dep. *to be exceeding fond of, greet very kindly.*

ὑπέρ-άτοπος, *ov, beyond measure absurd.*

ὑπέρ-αττικός, ἦ, ὄν, *excessively Attic, carrying the Attic dialect to excess*. Adv. -ᾠδς.

ὑπέρ-αυγής, ἔς, (ὑπέρ, αὐγή) *exceedingly bright.*

ὑπέρ-αυξάνω, f. -αυξήσω, *to increase or enlarge*

above measure.

II. intr. to abound beyond measure.

ὑπερ-αύξω, rarer form of ὑπεραυξάνω.

ὑπεραυχέω, f. ἦσα, to be over-proud. From

ὑπερ-αυχός, ον, (ὑπέρ, αὐχῆ) exceeding boastful, overproud.

ὑπερ-άφανος, ον, Dor. for ὑπερήφανος.

ὑπερ-αχθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, ἀχθος) overburdened.

ὑπερ-ἀχθομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -αχθέσομαι, to be exceedingly vexed or grieved at a thing, c. dat.

ὑπερ-βαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέβην Ep. ὑπέβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to step over, climb over, scale, c. acc.: of rivers, to overflow, run over their banks.

2. to overstep or transgress a law: absol. to transgress, trespass, offend.

3. to pass over, pass by, take no notice of, Lat. praetermitto: hence to omit.

4. to go beyond: to surpass, outdo in a thing: also absol. to exceed.

II. Causal, in aor. I ὑπερέβησα, to put over, lift or raise over.

ὑπερβάλον, Ep. aor. 2 of ὑπερβάλλω.

ὑπερ-βαλλόντως, Adv. pres. act. part. of ὑπερβάλλω, above measure, exceedingly.

ὑπερ-βάλλω, f. -βᾶλῶ: Ep. aor. 2 ὑπερ-έβᾶλον: pf. -βέβηκα, pass. -βέβηκα:—to throw over or beyond a mark, to overstep: to beat at throwing, to throw further.

2. to outstrip in racing. II. to overshoot, outdo, excel, surpass, exceed: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν χρόνον to exceed the time: ὑπερβάλλειν τὸν καιρὸν to go beyond the right time: absol. to exceed all bounds, to go too far.

2. to go on further and further, bid more and more: προέβαινε τοῖς χρήμασι ὑπερβάλλον he went on bidding more and more.

3. to be at its height, at the zenith, of the sun.

4. to be over and above.

5. part. ὑπερβάλλων, οὔσα, ον, exceeding great, excessive, beyond measure: τὰ ὑπερβάλλοντα an exceeding high estate.

III. to pass over, cross, or traverse mountains, rivers, etc., Lat. trajicere: of ships, to double a headland.

2. of rivers, to overflow: of a kettle, to boil over.

Med. to outdo, surpass, excel, exceed, c. acc. 2.

to exceed all bounds: as in pf. pass. part., ὑπερβλημένη γυνή an excellent woman.

II. to put off, delay, c. acc.: c. part., to put off doing: absol. to delay, linger.

ὑπερ-βάρης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βάρος) overloaded, overweighted, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερβᾶσαν, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβασία, ἡ, (ὑπερβαίνω) an overstepping or transgression of law, trespass: wanton violence.

ὑπερβᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὑπερβαίνω, stepped over: to be passed or crossed: of a wall, to be scaled.

II. act. overstepping: in bad sense, beyond bounds, excessive, outrageous.

ὑπέρβη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερβήη, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of ὑπερβαίνω.

ὑπερ-βιάζομαι, f. ἦσομαι: Dep.: (ὑπέρ, βιάζω):—to press with great violence, of the plague.

ὑπερ-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ, Causal of ὑπερβαίνω, to carry over, transport.

ὑπερ-βίος, ον, (ὑπέρ, βία) of overwhelming strength or might: overweening, outrageous, wanton: neut. ὑπερβίος as Adv. wantonly, arrogantly.

ὑπερβολάδην, Adv. (ὑπερβολή) immoderately, excessively. [ᾶ]

ὑπερβολή, ἡ, (ὑπερβάλλω) a throwing beyond: an overshooting, superiority, excess in anything: οὐκ ἔχει ὑπερβολήν it can go no further: ἐὶς or καθ' ὑπερβολήν as Adv., excessively.

2. excessive praise, hyperbolé.

II. a passing over or crossing mountains, rivers, etc.

2. a place of passage, a mountain-pass.

III. (from Med.) delay, putting off.

ὑπερ-βόρεος, ον, (ὑπέρ, Βορέας) beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north: οἱ ὑπερβόρειοι the Hyperboreans, a supposed people in the extreme north distinguished for piety and happiness: τύχη ὑπερβόρεος more than mortal fortune.

ὑπερ-βράζω, f. ἴσω, to boil or foam over.

ὑπερ-βριθής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, βριθός) overloaded, exceedingly heavy.

ὑπερ-βρῶμαι, to be overfull, overflow.

ὑπ-εργάζομαι, f. ἴσομαι: pf. pass. ἐπέργασμαι (in act. and pass. sense): Dep.:—to work under, plough up, prepare for sowing, Lat. subigere.

II. to subdue, reduce, bring under one: pf. in pass. sense, to be subdued, ἐπέργασμαι ψυχὴν ἔρωτι I have been subdued in my soul by love.

III. = ὑπηρετέω, to do a service: here also pf. in pass. sense, πᾶλλ' ἐπέργασται φίλα many kind services have been done.

ὑπερ-γέλοιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, γέλοιος) above measure ridiculous or laughable.

ὑπερ-γεμίζω, f. ἴσω, to overflow, overload.

ὑπερ-γῆρειος, and ὑπέρ-γῆρος, ον, = ὑπέργηρος.

ὑπέρ-γῆρος, ον, (ὑπέρ, γῆρας) exceeding old, of extreme age: as Subst., τὸ ὑπέργηρον extreme old age.

ὑπέρ-δάσους, υ, gen. ἐός, very hairy.

ὑπερ-δέης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, Ep. acc. ὑπερδέα, for ὑπερδέα, -ᾶ: (ὑπέρ, δέος): above or beyond fear, undaunted.

ὑπερ-δείδω, f. -δείσω, to fear for or on account of one: absol. to be in exceeding fear.

ὑπερ-δερμαίω, to be much afraid of, c. acc.

ὑπέρ-δεινος, ον, exceeding dangerous or formidable.

ὑπέρ-δέξιος, ον, placed high above one on the right hand.

2. placed above or over: ὑπερδέσιον χωρίον higher ground: ἐξ ὑπερδέσιου from vantage-ground.

II. superior.

ὑπέρ-δέω, f. -δήσω, to bind upon.

ὑπέρ-διατίνομαι, Pass. to strain or exert oneself above measure.

ὑπέρ-διδόμω, f. -δῶσω, to give up in behalf of.

ὑπέρδικέω, f. ἦσω, to plead or act as advocate for one, advocate his cause. From

ὑπέρ-δικός, ον, (ὑπέρ, δική) exceeding righteous or just.

II. pleading for.

ὑπερ-εθίζω, to stimulate a little.

ὑπερ-εἶδον, inf. ὑπερίδῃν, aor. 2 without any pres. in use, ὑπεροράω being used instead:—to overlook, neglect, slight, despise, c. acc.; also c. gen.: cf. *εἶδω.

ὑπερ-εἶδω, f. σω, to put under as a prop. 2. to prop or support from beneath.

ὑπερ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, to undermine, subvert. II. intr. in aor. 2 ὑπέρριπτον, to tumble, fall down.

ὑπερ-έκεινα, Adv. (ὑπέρ, ἐκείνος) on your side, on the further part, beyond.

ὑπερ-εκθερᾶπευω, f. σω, to seek to win over by excessive attention.

ὑπερ-εκκρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ], to hang out over.

ὑπερ-εκ-περισσοῦ, Adv. for ὑπέρ ἐκ περισσοῦ, more than superabundantly: also ὑπερεκπερισσῶς.

ὑπερ-εκπίπτω, f. -εκπισσοῦμαι, to fall out over or beyond. II. absol. to go beyond all bounds.

ὑπερ-εκπλήσσω, f. ξω: pf. pass. ὑπερεκπέπληγμα:—to frighten or astonish beyond measure:—Pass. to be astonished excessively: c. acc. to be frightened beyond measure at.

ὑπερ-εκτείνω, f. -τείνω, to stretch beyond measure: ὑπερεκτείνω ἐαυτὸν to stretch oneself beyond one's measure.

ὑπερ-εκτίνω [ῖ], f. ἰσω [ῖ], to pay for any one.

ὑπερ-εκχέω, f. -χεῶ, also ὑπερ-εκχύνω [ῦ], to pour out over:—Pass. to run over, overflow.

ὑπερ-ελαφρός, ov, exceedingly light or active.

ὑπερ-εμπίπλυμι, f. -εμπλήσω, to fill overfull of thing:—Pass. to be overfull, be overloaded.

ὑπερ-εμφοροῦμαι, Pass. to be filled quite full of.

ὑπερ-εντυγχάνω, f. τεύχομαι, to intercede for another.

ὑπερ-εξηκοντα-έτης, es, gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, ἐξήκοντα, ἔτος) above sixty years old.

ὑπερ-επαινώ, f. ἔσω and ἦσω, to praise above measure.

ὑπερ-επιθύμειω, f. ἦσω, to desire exceedingly.

ὑπερέπατα, Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. of ὑπερέπτομαι.

ὑπερ-ερίπτω, f. ψω, (ὑπό, ἐρίπτω) to cut away from below, undermine.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: Dep. with aor. 2 act. -ἦλθον, pf. -ἐλήλυθα:—to come or go out over, pass over, c. acc.: absol. to exceed, excel.

ὑπερ-εσθῶ, f. -έδομαι: aor. 2 -έφαγον:—to eat immoderately.

ὑπερέσσυμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπερσεύω.

ὑπερέσχεθον, poët. aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-έσχον, aor. 2 of ὑπερέχω.

ὑπερ-ευ, Adv. exceeding well.

ὑπερ-ευγε, Adv., strengthd. for εὖγε, bravo, capital.

ὑπερ-ευτυχία, ἡ, exceeding good luck.

ὑπερ-ευφραίνομαι, Pass. to rejoice exceedingly.

ὑπερ-εχθαίρω, to hate exceedingly, c. acc.

ὑπερ-έχω Ep. ὑπερέχω: Ep. impf. ὑπέριεχον: f. ὑπερέχω: aor. 2 ὑπερέσχον poët. -έσχεθον:—to hold over, esp. to hold over so as to protect; ὑπερέχων

χεῖρας τινος to hold one's arms over one to shield him.

II. intr. to be above, stand out above, as out of water: to rise above, overtop: to rise up over a thing, c. gen., e. g. γαίης: of a star, to rise above the horizon.

2. metaph. to be above, be superior, to excel, surpass, be the better; οἱ ὑπερέχοντες the more powerful; ἐάν ἡ θάλαττα ὑπερσχηῖ if the sea be too powerful:—Pass. to be outdone.

3. c. gen. rei, to rise above, rise superior to, be able to bear.

4. to outflank, overlap.

5. to get over, cross.

ὑπερ-ερώ. Att. -ερώ, fut. of ὑπέειπον, in same senses: from same root come pf. act. ὑπ-είρηκα, pass. ὑπ-είρημαι.

ὑπερ-ξέω, f. -ξέσω, to boil over.

ὑπερηδέως, Adv. of ὑπερήδως, very pleasantly: Sup. ὑπερήδιστα.

ὑπερ-ἡδομαι, Pass. to rejoice beyond measure: c. part., ὑπερήδeto ἀκούων be rejoiced much at hearing.

ὑπερ-ἡδύς, v, exceeding sweet or pleasant: Sup. -ἡδύστος.

ὑπερηκόντις, aor. I of ὑπερακοντίζω.

ὑπερ-ἡλιξ, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, above a certain age.

ὑπερ-ἡμαι, properly pf. of ὑπερέζομαι, to sit above.

ὑπερ-ἡμερία, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) a being beyond the day: as law-term, a not meeting one's engagements at the proper day.

2. forfeiture of recognisances, a distraining of goods, execution.

ὑπερ-ἡμερος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ἡμέρα) waiting over the day, not observing the appointed day: hence, suffering a distress, having an execution levied: metaph., c. gen., ὑπερήμερος γάμων over-due for marriage.

ὑπερ-ἡμίσις, v, (ὑπέρ, ἡμισυς) above half, more than half.

ὑπ-έρημος, ov, somewhat desolate.

ὑπερ-ἡνωρέων, ovτος, δ, (ὑπέρ, ἡνωρέη) exceeding manly: in bad sense, overbearing, overweening.

II. excelling men, thinking oneself more than man.

ὑπερ-ἡνωρ, opos, δ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, ἀνήρ) overbearing.

ὑπερήσω, fut. of ὑπερήσω.

ὑπερηφάνω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπερήφανος) to be conspicuous above others: in bad sense, esp. in part., like ὑπερηνωρέων, overweening, arrogant.

II. transit. to treat disdainfully.

ὑπερηφάνια, ἡ, (ὑπερηφανέω) arrogance, haughtiness: contempt for a person or thing, c. gen.

ὑπερή-φάνος, ov, = ὑπερ-φανής with η inserted, conspicuous above others: in good sense, magnificent, splendid, noble.

2. in bad sense, extravagant, overweening, arrogant. Hence

ὑπερηφάνως, Adv. magnificently: arrogantly.

ὑπερ-θαλασσιδίου, ov, (ὑπέρ, θάλασσα) some way above the sea. [στ]

ὑπερ-θαυμάζω Ion. ὑπερθωμ-, f. ἄσομαι, to wonder exceedingly.

2. c. acc. to admire above measure.

ὑπερ-θαύμαστος, ov, exceedingly admirable.

ὑπερθε and -θεν, Adv. (ὑπέρ) from above: above: c. gen. above, over; ὑπερθεν εἶναι ἡ. . . to be above or beyond, i. e. worse than.

ὑπερ-θέω, f. -θείσομαι, to run over or beyond. 2. to outstrip, to surpass, excel.
 ὑπερ-θνήσκω, fut. -θάνομαι, to die for or instead of.
 ὑπερθοροῦμαι Ion. -έομαι, fut. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερθορέειν Ion. -έειν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπερθρώσκω.
 ὑπερ-θρώσκω: fut. -θοροῦμαι Ep. -θορέομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερθέρον Ep. ὑπερθέρον, inf. -θορέειν contr. -εῖν: —to overleap, leap, spring, vault or bound over, c. acc.
 ὑπέρ-θυμός, ov, big-spirited, daring. II. in bad sense, over-spirited, overweening: of a horse, too big-couraged, restive. Hence ὑπερθύμως, Adv. in excessive wrath.
 ὑπερ-θύριον τό, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) the lintel of a door. [ῥ]
 ὑπέρ-θύρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, θύρα) above the door: as Subst., ὑπέρθυρον τό, = ὑπερθύριον.
 ὑπερ-ιάχω, to shout above, outdo in shouting, c. gen. [ᾶ]
 ὑπεριδεῖν, inf. of aor. 2 ὑπερέιδω.
 ὑπέρ-ιήμι, f. -ήσω, to send or throw further, hurl beyond the mark.
 ὑπερ-ικταίνομαι, Pass. to move exceeding swiftly: the simple Verb is nowhere found, and its derivation is uncertain.
 Ὑπεριόνιδης, ov, ὄ, patronym. from Ὑπερίων [ῖ], son of Hyperion, i. e. the Sun.
 ὑπέρ-ιστάμαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έστην, pf. -έστηκα: (ὑπέρ, ἴσθημι):—to stand over, c. gen.: to stand over so as to protect one, to shield, guard.
 ὑπέρ-ίστωρ, opos, ὄ, ἦ, knowing but too well, c. gen.
 ὑπέρ-ισχυρός, ov, (ὑπέρ, ισχυρός) exceeding strong.
 ὑπέρ-ισχω, = ὑπερέχω, to hold above. II. intr. to be above: to prevail over, c. gen. 2. to protect, c. gen.
 Ὑπερίων [ῖ], onos, ὄ, Hyperion, the sun-god, commonly joined with Ἥλιος in Homer, as Ὑπερίων Ἥλιος, or Ἥλιος Ὑπερίων. (Said to be derived from ὑπέρ, ἰών, he that walks on high.)
 ὑπερ-κάθημαι, properly pf. pass. of ὑπερκαθέζομαι, to sit over, above or upon. II. metaph. to sit over and watch, keep an eye upon.
 ὑπερ-καλλής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, κάλλος) exceeding beautiful or fine.
 ὑπερ-κάμνω, f. -κάμοῦμαι, to suffer or labour for any one, c. gen.
 ὑπερ-καταβαίνω, f. -καταβήσομαι, to get down over.
 ὑπερ-καταγέλαστος, ov, exceedingly absurd.
 ὑπερκατεβήσαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπερκαταβαίνω.
 ὑπερ-καχλάζω, f. σω, to laugh outright.
 ὑπέρ-κειμαι, Pass. to be situated over or above.
 ὑπερ-κηλέω, f. ἦσω, to charm beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-κολακέω, f. σω, to flatter immoderately.
 ὑπέρ-κοιμτος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόμπος) over-confident, overweening, boastful, arrogant: generally, excessive; c. dat., νῆες ὑπερκόμποι τάχει ships surpassing in swiftness.
 ὑπέρ-κοπος, ov, (ὑπέρ, κόπτω) like ὑπέροκμος, overweening, overbearing, boastful. Hence ὑπερόκπως, Adv. exceedingly.

ὑπερ-κορέω, f. ἦσω, to overflow or glut.
 ὑπέρ-κοτος, ov, exceedingly angry or furious: exceedingly savage. Adv. -τως, overmuch, exceedingly.
 ὑπερ-κρεμάννυμι, f. -κρεμάσω [ᾶ] Att. -κρεμῶ:—to bang up over or out of the way.
 ὑπέρ-κτάομαι, f. -κτῆσομαι: aor. I -εκτῆσάμην:—to acquire over and above.
 ὑπερκίδαντας, acc. pl. of ὑπέρ-κίδας, avτος, ὄ, (ὑπέρ, κίδος) exceeding famous or renowned, very glorious.
 ὑπερ-κύπτω, f. ψω, to bend, stretch over, peep over. 2. c. acc. to overstep.
 ὑπέρ-λαμπρος, ov, exceeding bright or glistening. II. of sound, exceeding clear or loud.
 ὑπέρ-λαμπρόνομαι, Pass. to make a very splendid show: also to shew great eagerness. [ῥ]
 ὑπερ-λίαν, Adv. (ὑπέρ, λιαν) beyond all measure or doubt, undeniably. [ῖ]
 ὑπερ-λύπέω, f. ἦσω, to pain exceedingly, cause one great distress:—Pass. to be distressed beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-μαίνομαι, Pass., with f. med. -μᾶνοῦμαι: aor. 2 pass. ὑπερμάνην [ᾶ]:—to be struck mad.
 ὑπερ-μάκεις, es, Dor. for ὑπερμήκης.
 ὑπερ-μάχη, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, μάχη) to fight for or in defence of one: also to fight with one for another.
 ὑπερμαχητικός, ἦ, ὄν, inclined to fight for another.
 ὑπερ-μάχομαι [μᾶ], fut. -μαχοῦμαι, Dep., like ὑπερμαχέω, to fight for any one; ὑπερμαχοῦμαι τάδε πατρός I will fight out this for my father.
 ὑπέρ-μάχος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μάχος) fighting for: as Subst., ὑπέρμαχος, ὄ, a champion.
 ὑπερ-μεγάλης, Ion. for ὑπερμεγέθης. [ᾶ]
 ὑπερ-μέγας, μεγάλη, μεγα, enormously great.
 ὑπερ-μεγέθης Ion. ὑπερμεγέθης [ᾶ], es, gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, μέγεθος) excessively large, enormous. II. exceedingly difficult.
 ὑπερ-μεθυσκομαι, aor. I -μεθύσθην: Pass. —to be excessively drunk.
 ὑπερ-μενής, ov, ὄ, poet. for ὑπερμενής.
 ὑπερμενέων, onτος, ὄ, excessively mighty. From ὑπέρ-μενής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, μένος) exceeding strong: also in bad sense, overweening, insolent.
 ὑπέρ-μετρος, ov, (ὑπέρ, μέτρον) beyond all measure, excessive. Adv. -τως.
 ὑπερ-μήκης, es, gen. eos, (ὑπέρ, μήκος) exceeding long, high, broad, etc.: of sound, exceeding loud.
 ὑπερ-μίσεω, f. ἦσω, to hate exceedingly.
 ὑπέρ-μορον, Adv. = ὑπέρ μόρον, beyond fate or destiny.
 ὑπερ-νεφέλος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νεφέλη) above the clouds.
 ὑπερ-νικάω, f. ἦσω, to be more than conqueror.
 ὑπερ-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think or reflect upon, c. acc.
 ὑπερ-νότιος, ov, (ὑπέρ, νότος) beyond the south wind, at the extreme south, opp. to ὑπερβόρεος.
 ὑπέρ-ογκος, ov, (ὑπέρ, ὄγκος) of excessive size or bulk, overgrown, immensely great.
 ὑπερ-οιδάινω or -άνω, to swell, be much swollen.
 ὑπερ-οιδάω Ion. -έω, f. ἦσω, to swell excessively.

ὑπερ-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell above or beyond.
 ὑπερ-οικος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οικέω) dwelling above, beyond.
 ὑπεροπλία, ἡ, (ὑπέροπλος) proud confidence, defiance, presumption: big courage. [ἴ Ep.]
 ὑπερ-οπλίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι, Dep. (ὑπέρ, ὀπλίζω) to vanquish by force of arms.
 ὑπερ-οπλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄπλον) confident in arms, hence overweening, arrogant; neut. as Adv., ὑπερ-οπλον εἰπεῖν to speak haughtily, arrogantly. II. generally, excessive, immense.
 ὑπερόπτης, ον, ὁ, (ὑπερόψομαι) a contemner, disdain: absol. disdainful, haughty.
 ὑπεροπτικός, ἡ, ὄν, contemptuous, disdainful, scornful. Adv. -ικῶς, disdainfully. From
 ὑπερ-οπτος, ον, (ὑπερόψομαι) overlooking: hence disdainful, haughty: neut. pl. as Adv. haughtily.
 ὑπερ-οράω, fut. -όσομαι: aor. 2 -εἶδον inf. -ἰδεῖν: aor. I pass. -ώφθην: (cf. ὄραω):—to look over, survey. II. to overlook, pay no heed to, disregard: to slight, despise, disdain, both with acc. and gen.
 ὑπερ-όριος ποῖτ. -ούριος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὄρος) over or beyond the boundaries: foreign, outlandish. 2. ἡ ὑπερορία (sc. γῆ) the country beyond one's own frontiers, a foreign land or country.
 ὑπερ-όρνυμαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, ὄρνυμι) to rise up over a thing.
 ὑπερ-ορρωδέω Ion. -αρρωδέω: f. ἦσω:—to be much afraid, in great terror on account of.
 ὄπιερος, ὁ, or ὕπερον, τό, a pestle to bray and pound with.
 ὑπερ-ουράνιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, οὐράνιος) above the heavens.
 ὑπεροχή, ἡ, (ὑπερέχω) a projection, prominence, summit. II. metaph. preëminence, superiority, supremacy: excellence. 2. excess, superabundance.
 ὑπέροχος Ep. ὑπέροχος, ον, (ὑπερέχω) prominent, eminent, distinguished above others; c. gen., ὑπέροχον ἔμμεναι ἄλλων to be distinguished above others: in bad sense, overbearing. Sup. -ώτατος.
 ὑπεροψία, ἡ, contempt, disdain: arrogance. From ὑπερ-όψομαι, used as fut. of ὑπεροράω, from obsol. ὑπερόπτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πάγης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πάγος) excessively frosty: as Subst., τὸ ὑπερπαγές extremely hard frost.
 ὑπερ-παθῶς, f. ἦσω, (ὑπέρ, παθεῖν) to suffer excessively, be grievously afflicted.
 ὑπερ-παίω, f. -παίσω: pf. -πέπαυκα:—to strike beyond: hence to overstep, surpass, excel.
 ὑπερ-παλύω, to strew or scatter over. [ῶ]
 ὑπερ-περισσεύω, also Dep. -εῖσομαι:—to abound overmuch, to superabound.
 ὑπερ-πέρισσος, η, ον, excessive:—Adv. -σως, beyond measure.
 ὑπερ-πέτᾱμαι, Dep., = ὑπερπέτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πετάννυμι, f. -πετάσω [ᾱ], to stretch over.
 ὑπερ-πέτομαι or -πέτᾱμαι: fut. -πήσσομαι: aor. 2 -επάμην [ᾱ], whence Ep. 3 sing. ὑπέρητατο: we also find Dor. 3 sing. aor. 2 act. ὑπερέπᾱ, from ὑπερέπτην: Dep.:—to fly over, above or beyond.

ὑπερ-πέτω, Att. for ὑπερέσσω.
 ὑπερ-πηδάω, f. -ἤσομαι, to leap over or beyond, and so to escape from. II. metaph. to overleap, transgress: to overleap, escape from.
 ὑπερ-πίκρος, ον, exceeding sharp or bitter.
 ὑπερ-πίμπλημι, f. -πλήσω, to overfill:—Pass. to be overfull of a thing.
 ὑπερ-πίνω, f. -πίσομαι, to drink overmuch. [ῆ]
 ὑπερ-πίπτω, f. -πέσομαι, to fall over or beyond. II. of time, to be past, gone by, be spent.
 ὑπερ-πλεονάζω, f. ἴσω, to abound exceedingly.
 ὑπερ-πλήθης, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, πλήθος) superabundant.
 ὑπερ-πληρώω, to fill overfull:—Pass. to be overfull.
 ὑπερπλουτέω, f. ἦσω, to be exceeding rich. From ὑπερ-πλουτος, ον, (ὑπέρ, πλοῦτος) exceeding rich.
 ὑπερ-πολυς, πόλλη, πολυ, (ὑπέρ, πολὺς) overmuch, very much or many.
 ὑπερ-πόνεω, f. ἦσω, to toil or labour beyond measure: to suffer very greatly. II. to bear or endure for another:—Med., ὑπερπονείσθαι τινος to take trouble on oneself for another.
 ὑπερ-πόντος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπέρ, πόντος) over or beyond the sea, far away. II. over or across the sea.
 ὑπέρηπατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπερέτομαι.
 ὑπερ-πυπάζω, (ὑπέρ, πύπασ) to make very much of one, to caress fondly.
 ὑπερ-πυρριάω, f. ἴσω [ᾱ] (ὑπέρ, πυρρός) to redder or blush for another.
 ὑπερ-πυτώομαι, Ep. for ὑπερέτομαι.
 ὑπερρήγη, aor. 2 pass. of ὑπορήγημι. [ᾱ]
 ὑπερ-σεμνύομαι, Pass. (ὑπέρ, σεμνύω) to be exceeding solemn or pompous.
 ὑπερ-σοφος, ον, extremely wise or clever.
 ὑπερ-σπουδάζω, f. ἴσω, to take excessive pains, be very anxious.
 ὑπερ-στατέω, = ἐπρίσταμαι, to stand over and protect, c. gen.
 ὑπέροχη, ὑπέροχοι, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. and opt. of ὑπερέχω.
 ὑπέρτατος, η, ον, Sup. Adj. of ὑπέρ, uppermost, highest: eldest: more used in shortened form ὕπατος: there is also a form ὑπερώτατος. [ῶ]
 ὑπερτέλλω, aor. I part. of ὑπερέλλω.
 ὑπερ-τένω, f. -τένω: pf. -τέτακα:—to stretch over or above: to hold out over; ὑπερτείνειν σκιὰν σειρίου κυνός to spread a shade from the dog-star over the house; ὑπερτείνειν πόδα ἀκτῆς to stretch one's foot over the beach, i. e. pass over it. II. intr. to stretch, stand out or project beyond: c. acc., ὑπερτείνειν τὸ κέρασ to outflank the enemy's wing. 2. metaph. to surpass, excel.
 ὑπερτελέω, to pass quite over, overleap. From ὑπερ-τέλης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὑπέρ, τέλος) going over or beyond the mark: generally, going over, overleaping: c. gen., ἄθλων ὑπερτελής one who has reached the end of his labours. II. = ὑπερέλλων, rising over or above.
 ὑπερ-τέλλω, f. -τέλω: aor. I -έτεila:—to rise or

appear over or above; ὑπερτείλας ὁ ἥλιος the sun having risen above the horizon; ὑπερτέλλειν ἐκ γαίας to start from the ground: c. gen. to bang or project over.

ὑπερτερία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, the upper part, esp. the upper frame of a carriage. From

ὑπέτερος, α, ον, Comp. Adj. of ὑπέρ, over or above, upper, higher: hence better, more excellent; γενεῆ ὑπέτερος higher by birth, nobler; ὑπέτερα νέρτερα θείναι to turn topsy-turvy. II. stronger, mightier; victorious over, c. gen.: neut. as Adv., *μαντέων ὑπέτερον better than soothsayers.* III. further, more.

ὑπερ-τίθημι, f. -θήσω: aor. I -έθηκα: aor. 2 -έθην: —to put or set over—Med., ὑπερτίθεσθαι τινί τι to make over, commit or intrust a thing to any one, to disclose a thing, refer it to another for advice.

ὑπερ-τίμας, f. ἡσω, to prize or honour above measure.

ὑπερ-τόλμος, ον, (ὑπέρ, τόλμα) overbold.

ὑπέρτονος, ον, (ὑπερτείνω) overstrained, strained to the utmost, at full pitch or stretch.

ὑπερτοξέυσιμος, ον, to be overshot: metaph. to be surpassed or outdone. From

ὑπερ-τοξέω, f. σω, to overshoot.

ὑπερ-τρέχω: f. -δράμομαι: aor. 2 ὑπερέδραμον: —to run over or beyond, outrun, escape from. 2. to excel, surpass. 3. to overstep, transgress a law.

ὑπερ-τρούφας, f. ἡσω, to revel extravagantly.

ὑπερ-ερυθρία, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to grow rather red, to blush or colour a little.

ὑπερ-ερυθρος, ον, (ὑπό, ἐρυθρός) somewhat red.

ὑπερ-ύψηλος, ον, (ὑπέρ, ὑψηλός) exceedingly high.

ὑπερ-υψώ, f. ὤσω, to exalt or extol exceedingly.

ὑπερ-φαίνομαι, aor. 2 ὑπερεφάνην [ᾶ]: Pass. to appear over or above.

ὑπερ-φάλαγγες, f. ἡσω, (ὑπέρ, φάλαγξ) to extend one's *phalanx* so as to outflank.

ὑπερφάνηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑπερφαίνομαι. Hence

ὑπερφάνης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, *appearing over or above.*

ὑπερ-φάτος, ον, beyond expression, ineffable.

ὑπερ-φέρω, f. -οίσω: aor. I act. -ήνεγκα, pass. -νήεχθην:—to carry over or across. II. intr. to have the advantage over, to surpass, excel: to excel in a thing.

ὑπερ-φευ, Adv. like ὑπερφυῶς, *excessively, overmuch: too highly.*

ὑπερ-φθίνομαι, poet. 3 sing. aor. 2 -έφθίτο: Pass. to perish for or in behalf of one.

ὑπερφιάλος, ον, properly exceeding in power, exceeding *puissant*: but mostly in bad sense, *overbearing, overweening, arrogant*; θυμὸς ὑπερφιάλος an overbearing spirit. Adv. ὑπερφιάλως, *exceedingly, excessively*: also *haughtily, arrogantly*. (Deriv. uncertain: perhaps another form of ὑπέρβιος.)

ὑπερ-φιλέω, f. ἡσω, to love beyond measure.

ὑπερ-φοβέομαι, Pass. with fut. med. -ήσομαι, to be excessively afraid.

ὑπερ-φοβος, ον, *exceeding timid, very fearful.*

ὑπερ-φορέω, to carry over.

ὑπερ-φρίσω Att. -ττω: f. ξω:—to shudder at one beyond measure, to be terribly afraid of.

ὑπερφρονέω, f. ἡσω, to have high thoughts, to be overproud. 2. to look down upon, disdain. From

ὑπερ-φρων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑπέρ, φρήν) *highminded, highspirited*: *haughty, disdainful, arrogant*: ἐκ τοῦ ὑπέφρονος from a confidence in one's superiority.

ὑπερ-φυής, ἐς, (ὑπέρ, φυή) *beyond natural size, overgrown, enormous, immense.* II. of things, *extraordinary, singular*: *beyond the natural course of things, marvellous, strange, absurd*: also joined with a relat., ὑπερφυῆς ὅσος, like Lat. *mirum quantum*, *wonderful* how great, i. e. excessively great.

ὑπερ-φύομαι, Pass., with aor. 2 act. -έφυν pf. -πέφυκα:—to spring or shoot up over or above: hence to outshoot, surpass, excel.

ὑπερφυῶς, Adv. of ὑπερφυῆς, *excessively, marvelously*; ὑπερφυῶς ὡς *wonderfully bow*, i. e. most wonderfully.

ὑπερφύω, ὄσα, ἴν, aor. 2 part. of ὑπερφύομαι.

ὑπερ-χαίρω, f. -χάρησω:—to rejoice exceedingly at a thing, c. dat. II. c. part. to delight in doing.

ὑπερ-χάλαω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to let down over.

ὑπερ-χρήσιος, ον, (ὑπέρ, χθόν) *above the earth.*

ὑπερ-χλιδῶς, f. ἡσω, strengthd. for χλιδῶς, like ὑπερτρυφῶς, to be over wanton or arrogant.

ὑπερ-έρχομαι, f. -ελεύσομαι: aor. 2 act. -ἤλθον or -ἦλθον: pf. -ελήλυθα: (cf. ἔρχομαι): Dep.:—to go or come under, get under, enter, Lat. *subire*, c. acc. II. to go into secretly, to steal or creep into: metaph. to come upon or over one; ὑπέρχεται με φρίκη a shuddering steals over me. III. to creep into another's good graces, to fawn on: hence to undermine, deceive. IV. to advance slowly.

ὑπερ-χρεῶς, ον, (ὑπέρ, χρέος) *excessively in debt.*

ὑπερ-ερώω, f. ἡσω, (ὑπό, ἐρώω) to shrink back, recoil.

ὑπερ-φύη Att. ὑπερφῶ, ἡ, the upper part of the mouth, the palate: properly fem. of ὑπερφός.

ὑπερφύωθεν, Adv. from the upper story. From

ὑπερφών, Ep. and Ion. ὑπερφών, τό, the upper part of the house, the upper story or upper rooms, where the women resided: properly neut. of ὑπερφός (sub. οἶκμα).

ὑπερφῶς, α, ον, Ion. and Ep. ὑπερφῶς (from ὑπέρ, as παρφῶς from πατήρ), *being above or over, overbead.*

ὑπερφάτος, η, ον, poet. Sup. for ὑπέρατος.

ὑπερσεύεται, Dor. 3 sing. fut. of ὑπέμει (εἶμι sum).

ὑπέσταται, Ep. 3 pl. aor. 2 of ὑπέστημι, also 2. Dor. for ὑπέστην, I sing. of same.

ὑπέστελα, aor. I of ὑποστέλλω.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

ὑπέσχετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποσχέομαι.

ὑπέσχημαι, pf. of ὑποσχέομαι.

ὑπέστρεψας, 2 sing. aor. I of ὑπέστρεψα.

ὑπέστρεψα, aor. I of ὑποστρέφω.

accountable, responsible; ὑπεύθυνος ἀρχῆ an office at the expiration of which the magistrate has to give an account of his conduct. 2. c. genit. liable to, amenable to, liable to make amends for a thing: guilty of a thing. 3. also c. dat. subject, liable, exposed to.

ὑπ-ενόμοι, Pass. (ὑπό, εὐνάω) to lie under.

ὑπέφθηα, aor. I of ὑποφαίνω.

ὑπέφραδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑποφράζω.

ὑπέχευα, aor. I of ὑποχέω.

ὑπέρχισα, aor. I of ὑπορχίζω.

ὑπ-έχω, f. ὑφέξω: aor. 2 ὑπέσχοι ποῖτ. ὑπέσχεθον: (cf. ἔχω):—to hold under or underneath. 2. to put under or place under. 3. to hold out the hand as a pledge: ὑπέχειν οὐδας, Lat. praebere aurem, to lend an ear: hence to hold out, suggest: also to allege, make a pretence of. 4. to supply, afford, place at one's disposal. II. to hold from underneath,

uphold, c. acc.: hence to bear up against, undergo, submit to, suffer. 2. in law-phrases, ὑπέχειν δίκην τινός to have to give an account of a thing; ὑπέχειν λόγον to have to give account. ὑπηγμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήγον, ὑπήγαγον, impf. and aor. 2 of ὑπάγω.

ὑπήκοος, ον, (ὑπακούω) giving ear, hearkening, listening to. II. obeying, obedient, subject, c. gen.: as Subst., ὑπήκοοι, οἱ, subjects.

ὑπήλθον, aor. 2 of ὑπέρχομαι.

ὑπ-ημύω, to hang down: see ὑπεμνήμυκε.

ὑπήνευκα, 3 pl. Ion. aor. I of ὑποφέρω.

ὑπ-ηνέμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) full of wind; ὑπηνέμων ὠόν a wind-egg which produces no chicken. ὑπ-ηνεμος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄνεμος) under the wind, under shelter from it; ἐκ τοῦ ὑπηνέμου on the lee side.

ὑπήνη, ἡ, (ὑπό) the under part of the face, on which the beard grows: the beard itself. Hence

ὑπήνητης, ον, δ, a bearded man; πῶτον ὑπηνήτης a youth with his beard.

ὑπ-ηοῖος, η, ον, (ὑπό, ἡώς) about dawn, towards morning, early.

ὑπηργμαι, pf. pass. of ὑπάρχω.

ὑπηρεσία, ἡ, (ὑπηρετέω) the service or duty of rowers. 2. Collective for οἱ ὑπηρεταί, the complement of rowers and sailors, a ship's crew. II. generally, hard service, hard work: also service rendered to another, assistance.

ὑπηρεσιον, τό, (ὑπηρετέω) the cushion on a rower's bench, a rowing mat.

ὑπηρετέω, f. ἦσω: pf. act. ὑπηρετήκα, pass. ὑπηρετήμαι: (ὑπηρετής):—to row, serve on board ship. II. generally, to do hard service, to work for, aid and abet: to serve, comply with, obey, act under instructions: to comply with, gratify; ὑπηρετεῖν τι to do a service:—Pass. to be done as service; τὰ ἀπ' ἡμέων εἰς βύεας ὑπηρετεῖται the services which are rendered to you from us. 2. to suit oneself to, gratify, humour. 3. absol. to be a servant. Hence

ὑπηρετήμα, ατος, τό, service rendered, service, help, Lat. officium.

ὑπ-ηρέτης, ον, δ, (ὑπό, ἐρέτης) a rower: generally, a seaman, sailor. II. any labourer: an assistant, servant, inferior officer, Lat. apparitor; ὑπηρετής ἐργου a helper in a work. 2. the servant who attended each heavy-armed soldier.

ὑπηρετικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑπηρετής) of or fit for rowing. II. generally, belonging to, suited for serving: of or for an ὑπηρετής or inferior officer or soldier; ὅπλα ὑπηρετικά the arms of the common men; κέλης ὑπηρετικός a boat attending on a larger vessel, a tender.

ὑπ-ηρέτις, ἰδος, fem. of ὑπηρετής, a helpmate, assistant.

ὑπήριπε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of ὑπηρείπω.

ὑπήσω, Ion. for ὑφήσω, fut. of ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ηχέω, f. ἦσω, to sound under, answer with a sound from below.

ὑπ-ίημι, Ion. for ὑφήμι.

ὑπ-ίλλα: aor. I ὑπίλα: (ὑπό, ἴλλω = εἶλω):—to force or draw in underneath; metaph. to keep under, check, restrain; ὑπίλλειν στόμα to check one's tongue.

ὑπιούσα, part. fem. of ὑπειμι (εἶμι ἰδο).

ὑπ-ίστημι, Ion. for ὑφίστημι.

ὑπ-ίσχομαι, contr. -οῦμαι Ion. ὑπίσχομαι: fut. ὑπισχίσσομαι: aor. 2 ὑπεσχόμην, imperat. ὑπόσχοι: pf. ὑπέσχημαι: (ὑπό, ἴσχω = ἔχω):—to hold oneself under, i. e. to take upon oneself, undertake, promise, engage: of a father, to promise his daughter in marriage, betroth: of the bride, to plight her troth: also to promise or vow to the gods: generally, to assure, assert, profess.

ὑπ-ίσχομαι, Ion. for ὑπισχνέομαι.

ὑπνάλιός, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleep-bringing, drowsy.

ὑπν-ἁπάτης, ον, δ, (ὑπνος, ἀπάτῶ) cheating of sleep.

ὑπνίδιος, α, ον, (ὑπνος) sleepy, drowsy. [νῖ]

ὑπνο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, δ, and ὑπνο-δότης, ον, δ, (ὑπνος, δίδωμι) giver of sleep; νόμος ὑπνοδότης a lulling strain: fem. ὑπνοδότειρα.

ὑπνο-μάχεω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπνος, μάχομαι) to resist or strive against sleep.

ΥΠΝΟΣ, δ, sleep, slumber: metaph. the sleep of death. II. Sleep, as a god, twin-brother of Death.

ὑπνο-φόβητης, ον, δ, (ὑπνος, φοβέω) frightening in sleep.

ὑπνώω, f. ὤσω: pf. act. ὑπνωκα, pass. ὑπνωμαι: (ὑπνος):—to lull to sleep:—Pass. to fall asleep, go to sleep, sleep, slumber. II. intr. in Act. to fall asleep.

ὑπνω, Dor. gen. of ὑπνος.

ὑπν-ώδης, εας, (ὑπνος, εἶδος) of a sleepy nature, drowsy.

ὑπνών, Lacon. for ὑπνώον, inf. of ὑπνώω.

ὑπνώσωω Att. -τωω, = ὑπνώω, to be sleepy or drowsy; οὐκ ὑπνώσσει κέαρ my heart slumbers not.

ὑπνώω, Ep. for ὑπνώω, to sleep, fall asleep.

ΥΠΟΨ, Prep., governing gen., dat., et acc.: under: poet. ὑπάλ, metri grat.

WITH GENIT., I. of Place, from under; βέει

κρήνη ὑπὸ σπέιους a fountain flows from under a cavern; ἵππους ὑπὸ ζυγοῦ λύειν to unharness horses from under the yoke; ἔπ' ἀρνεῖοι λυόμεν I loosed myself from under the ram.

2. of that under which a thing is, *under, beneath*; ὑπὸ στέρονα τυχήσας having hit him under the chest.

II. of the Agent, with pass. Verbs, and with neutrals in pass. sense, *by, through*, Lat. *a* or *ab*; κτείνεσθαι ὑπὸ τινος to be slain by a man; θανεῖν ὑπ' αὐτοῦ to fall by his hand; ὑφ' ἑαυτοῦ by one's own free action; ἀκούειν ὑπὸ τινος to hear, i. e. be told by one.

2. where it is not the immediate act of the agent; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινος to flee by reason of one; ὑπὸ κήρυκος προηγόρευε he proclaimed by voice of herald.

3. ὑπὸ is often extended to feelings, passions, etc.; ὑπὸ δέους, χαρᾶς, etc., *by or from* fear, joy, etc.: hence with active Verbs also, as πράττειν *τι ὑπ' ἀρετῆς* to do somewhat by reason of courage; ὑπὸ δέους by reason of fear, etc.; ὀρύσσειν ὑπὸ μαστίγων to dig by constraint of the lash.

4. to express subjection, ἀρετῶσι ὑπ' αὐτοῦ they are virtuous under his sway.

5. ὑπὸ is often used of attendant circumstances; ὑπὸ Ζεφύροιο ἰαῆς at the blast of Zephyr; of music, κομᾶζειν ὑπ' αὐλοῦ to revel to the sound of the flute; πίνειν ὑπὸ σάλπιγγος to drink to the sound of the trumpet; so, ὑπ' εὐφήμου βοῆς θύσαι to offer a sacrifice accompanied by a cheerful cry.

WITH DAT., of the object, *under* which a thing is:

I. of Place; ὑπὸ ποσσὶ under one's feet; ὑπὸ τῇ ἀκροπόλει under the acropolis; ὑφ' ἔρμασι under, yoked to the chariot; ὑπὸ χειρὶ δαμνῆται to be subdued under, i. e. by force of, one's arm; so φοβεσθαι ὑπὸ τινι to fear under, i. e. by reason of, one; ὑπὸ πομπῇ τινος βῆναι to proceed under one's guidance.

II. expressing subjection or dependence; hence ὑπὸ τινι under one's power; εἶναι ὑπὸ τινι to be subordinate, subject to a person; ἔχειν ὑφ' ἑαυτῷ to have under one, at one's command.

WITH ACCUS., I. of Place, to express motion towards and under an object, as, ὑπὸ σπέος ἦλασε μῆλα he drove the sheep under cover of the cave; ὑπὸ Τροίην ἵεναι to go under the walls of Troy; so, ὑπὸ δικαστήριον ἄγειν to bring under the judgment-seat.

2. under an object, without signf. of motion, ἔπ' ἰῶ τ' ἠέλιον τε under morning and the sun.

II. of Time, like Lat. *sub, about, near* upon, ὑπὸ νύκτα towards night; ὑπὸ τῆν ἔω about morning; ὑπὸ τὸν σεισμόν about the time of the earthquake; also c. part., ὑπὸ τὸν νηὸν κατακαέντα about the time of the burning of the temple.

POSITION: ὑπὸ sometimes follows its Subst., when it is written ὑπο.

ἮΥΟ stands absol. As ADV., *under, below, beneath*. 2. *behind*. II. *secretly, unnoticed*.

IN COMPOS.: I. *under*, either of rest, as in ὑπο-εἶμι to be under; or of motion, as in ὑπο-βαίνω to go under. 2. of the mixing of one thing with another, as in ὑπο-ἀργυρος, ὑπο-χρυσος. 3. to express

subjection, as in ὑπο-δαμάω, ὑπο-δύμω. II. denoting what is gradual, secret, etc., *somewhat, a little, by degrees*, like Lat. *sub*, as in ὑπο-θωπεύω.

ὑπό-βαθρον, τό, anything set under, a prop., stay, base, pedestal. 2. a carpet spread under foot.

ὑπο-βαίνω, f. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go under, step or stand under, esp. as a prop or base.

II. metaph. to be below, be less in height; τεσσαράκοντα πόδας ὑποβάς τῆς ἐτέρης [πυραμίδος] τωτὸ μέγας going forty feet below the like size of the other pyramid, i. e. building it forty feet lower.

ὑπο-βάλλω Ep. ὑββάλλω: f. -βάλλω: pf. act. -βέβληκα, pass. -βέβλημαι:—to throw, put or lay under, Lat. *substernere*. II. Med. to substitute another's child for one's own, palm a supposititious child upon one. 2. metaph. to palm or pass off false charges.

III. to throw in a word after another, to rejoin, reply, retort. IV. to suggest, submit to one.

ὑποβᾶσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποβαίνω) a stooping or crouching down, as of a camel to take up a burden.

ὑπο-βένθιος, ov, (ὑπὸ, βένθος) in the depths below.

ὑπο-βήσσω Att. -βήττω: f. -βήξω:—to cough a little, have a slight cough.

ὑπο-βιβάζω, f. -βιβάζω Att. -βιβῶ. Causal of ὑπο-βαίνω, to draw or bring down:—Med. to let oneself down, stoop or crouch down.

ὑπο-βλέπω, f. -βλέπομαι to look up from underneath at, glance at or look askance at, eye scornfully, suspiciously or angrily.

ὑποβλήθην, Adv. (ὑποβάλλω) throwing in underhand or covertly: suggesting a word, by way of suggestion, by way of caution or reproof. II. looking sidelong.

ὑποβλήτέος, α, ov, verb. Adj. of ὑποβάλλω, to be laid or put under.

ὑπόβλητος, ov, (ὑποβάλλω) put instead of another, spurious, counterfeit, false.

ὑποβολή, ἡ, (ὑποβάλλω) a putting or laying under. 2. a suggesting, reminding. II. pass. that which is put under, a foundation, groundwork:

metaph. the subject, subject-matter.

ὑποβολιμαῖος, α, ov, (ὑποβάλλω) substituted by stealth, supposititious, spurious, counterfeit; τὰ ὑποβολιμαῖα (sub. τέκνα) supposititious children.

ὑπο-βρέμω, to roar under or in answer to.

ὑπο-βρέχω, f. ξω: pf. pass. -βέβρεγαμαι:—to wet or moisten a little: metaph. to drink moderately:—pf. pass. part. ὑποβεβρεγμένος, somewhat drunk.

ὑπο-βρύχιος, ov, also α, ov, under water: generally, beneath the surface, under ground. (Deriv. uncertain.) [ῥ]

ὑπόβρυχος, ov, = ὑποβρύχιος, but only used in neut. plur. ὑπόβρυχα as Adv. under water; γενέσθαι ὑπόβρυχα to be covered with water.

ὑπό-γαιος or ὑπόγειος, ov, (ὑπὸ, γαῖα) under ground, under the earth, subterraneous.

ὑπο-γάστριον, τό, (ὑπὸ, γαστήρ) the lower part of

the belly, the paunch.

II. the lower part of a sea-fish, considered a delicacy at Athens.

ὑπό-γειος, *ov*, = ὑπόγειος.

ὑπο-γελάω, *f*, -άσομαι [ᾶ]:—to laugh at.

II.

to laugh quietly, smile, Lat. *subridere*.

ὑπο-γενειάζω, *f*, *σω*, (ὑπό, γένειον) to intreat by touching the chin.

ὑπο-γίνομαι, later and Ion. -γίνομαι: aor. 2 -εγε- νόμην: Dep.:—to grow up by degrees or in succession, Lat. *subnasci*.

ὑπό-γλαυκος, *ov*, somewhat gray.

ὑπο-γλαύσσω, (ὑπό, γλαύξ) to glance from under, to eye askance or suspiciously.

ὑπο-γλυκαίνω, (ὑπό, γλυκίς) to sweeten a little: metaph. to coax and smooth down.

ὑπο-γνάμπω, *f*, *ψω*, to bend under or gradually.

ὑπογνώσης, 2 sing. aor. I subj. of ὑπογινώσκω.

ὑπογράμμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑπογράφω) that which is written under: a signature. 2. an inscription.

ὑπογραμματέυς, *έως*, ὁ, an under clerk, under secretary. Hence

ὑπογραμματεύω, *f*, *σω*, to be a υπογραμματέυς, act as under clerk.

ὑπογραμμός, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) a writing-copy, pattern, model.

ὑπογραφέυς, *έως*, ὁ, (ὑπογράφω) one who writes under another's orders, a secretary, amanuensis: at Athens, the clerk of the Popular Assembly (ἐκκλησία).

ὑπογραφή, ἡ, a subscription, signature: an indictment. 2. an impression, mark, print.

II.

a sketch, design, outline, Lat. *adumbratio*. III. a painting under of the eyelids. From

ὑπο-γράφω [ᾶ], *f*, *ψω*: pf. γέγραφα, pass. γέγραμμαι:—to write under, subjoin: to subscribe, sign: to write the name or title upon a thing.

II. Med.

to set one's name to a bill of indictment, to join in bringing a charge against any one, Lat. *subscribere accusationem in aliquem*. 2. in drawing, to sketch, draw in outline or make a rough draught, Lat. *adumbrare*: metaph. to sketch out, delineate.

III.

to paint under the eyelids.

ὑπό-γυιος or -γυος, *ov*, (ὑπό, γυῖον) under the hand, close at hand: fresh, new; hence late, recent.

II. sudden, unexpected: ἐξ ὑπογυίου off hand, on the spur of the moment. Hence

ὑπογυῖως or -γυῖως, Adv. newly, lately: Comp. ὑπογυῖοτερον more recently; Sup. ὑπογυῖοτάτα very lately.

ὑπό-γυος, *ov*, = ὑπόγυιος.

ὑπο-δακρύω, *f*, ἴσω [ῆ], to weep a little or in secret.

ὑπο-δάμνα, *f*, ἄσω [ᾶ]: pf. δέδηκα: Pass., aor. I ἔπεδηθη: pf. -δέδημαι:—to subdue under one, to overpower, overcome: aor. I pass. part. fem. ὑποδη- θέῖσα, having yielded to.

ὑπο-δάμνημι, = ὑποδάμνω; so also in Med.:—Pass. ὑποδάμνάμαι, to be overcome, let oneself be overcome.

ὑποδέξασ, Ep. aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖω.

ὑποδέξμενος, Ep. aor. 2 part. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδέηγμα, pf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑποδεξιμένος, pf. pass. of ὑποδέω.

ὑποδεξιός, pf. part. of ὑποδεῖω.

ὑποδεξιός, ὁ, (ὑπό, δεξιός) literally, crouching for fear, name of a bird in Aristophanes.

ὑποδέδρομα, poet. pf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δεής, *ές*, gen. *έος*, (ὑπό, δέος) somewhat deficient to him; esp. in Comp., ὑποδέστερος inferior; ἐκ πολλῶ ὑποδέστερων with means much inferior.—

Comp. Adv. ὑποδέστερος, in inferior numbers.

ὑποδείγμα, *ατος*, τό, (ὑποδείκνυμι) a sign, token, mark.

II. a pattern, copy, example.

ὑπο-δεῖω, *f*, *σω*: aor. I ὑπέδεισα Ep. ὑπέδεισα: Ep. pf. ὑποδείδια: 3 pl. Ep. plqpf. ὑποδείδιαν: poet. pf. ὑπαιδείουκα, for ὑποδέουκα:—to fear a little or slightly, be somewhat afraid of, c. acc. 2. to shrink in fear from, cower before.

II. absol. to be somewhat afraid.

ὑπο-δείκνυμι and -ύω: fut. -δείξω Ion. -δέξω: aor. I ὑπέδειξα Ion. -έδεξα:—to shew underhand or secretly: to give a mere glimpse of. 2. to intimate, teach by example.

III. to shew forth, make a display of, pretend to: also simply, to shew.

ὑπο-δειλιάω, *f*, ἄσω [ᾶ], to be somewhat cowardly.

ὑπο-δερμαίνω, to stand in secret awe of.

ὑπο-δειπνέω, *f*, ἴσω, to dine instead of another.

ὑποδέστας, aor. I part. of ὑποδεῖω.

ὑπο-δέκομαι, Ion. for ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέω, to build under, lay as a foundation.

ὑποδέξιη, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) reception of a guest, means of entertainment. [ῆ in Ep., metri grat.]

ὑποδέξιος, *α*, *ov*, (ὑποδέχομαι) able to receive, capacious, ample.

ὑπο-δερίς, *ιδος*, ἡ, (ὑπό, δέριη) a neck-ornament, necklace.

ὑποδεσις, *εως*, ἡ, (ὑποδέω) = ὑποδήματα, one's shoes.

ὑποδέχθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. inf. of ὑποδέχομαι.

ὑπο-δέχομαι Ion. -δέκομαι: *f*, -δέξομαι: aor. I -εδεξάμην: pf. -δέδεμαι: also aor. I pass. -εδέχθην (in pass. sense): Dep.:—to receive beneath the surface of the sea. 2. to receive under one's roof, welcome, entertain; ὁ ὑποδεξάμενος one's entertainer or host.

3. to give ear to, hearken to. II. to undertake, engage, promise, Lat. in se recipere: also to undertake a work or task. 2. to admit or allow the justice of a thing; with a negat., οὐχ ὑποδέχεσθαι to refuse to admit, deny.

III. to endure, bear. IV. to wait for, abide the attack of, Lat. excipere. 2. to follow in rank or order: to come next to, border upon. V. of a woman, to conceive, become pregnant.

ὑπο-δέω, *f*, -δήσω: pf. pass. ὑποδέδεμαι:—to bind or tie under:—Med. to bind under one's feet, put on shoes, etc., κοθρόνους ὑποδέσθαι to put on one's buskins: absol., ὑποδέεσθαι to put on one's shoes: pf. pass. part., ὑποδεμένους, with one's shoes on; ὑποδεμένοι τὸν ἀριστερὸν πόδα with the left foot shod.

ὑπο-δηλώω, f. ὤσω, to shew secretly, indicate.
 ὑπόδημα, atos, τό, (ὑποδέω) that which is bound under, a sandal, Lat. solea: also, a shoe, boot, Lat. calceus.

ὑπόδησαι, aor. I med. imperat. of ὑποδέω.
 ὑπόδησαι, aor. I act. inf. of ὑποδέω.
 ὑπο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, the under-teacher of a chorus.

ὑπό-δίκος, ov, (ὑπό, δίκη) subject to trial, brought to trial; c. gen., ὑπόδικος γενέσθαι χερῶν to be brought to trial on a charge of violence.

ὑπο-διφθερος, ov, (ὑπό, διφθέρα) clothed in skins.
 ὑποδηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of ὑποδαμάω.

ὑπο-δῶμος, -ῶος, ὁ, an under-servant, assistant.
 ὑποδοχή, ἡ, (ὑποδέχομαι) a reception, a hospitable reception, entertainment: also a harbouring, as of slaves.

II. acceptance, approval: hence support, aid, succour.

III. a supposition, assumption.

IV. a receptacle: a place of refuge, quarters.

ὑπόδρα, (ὑποδρακύν) poet. Adv., used by Homer only in phrase ὑπόδρα, ἰδῶν, looking askance, i. e. fiercely, sternly.

ὑποδρακύν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποδέρκομαι.

ὑποδραμείν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποτρέχω.

ὑπο-δράω poet. ὑποδρώω: f. -δράσω:—to act under, be serviceable or useful to one, c. dat.

ὑποδρηστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (ὑποδράω) an under-servant, attendant, assistant.

ὑποδρομή, ἡ, (ὑποδραμείν) a running under or into the way of a thing.

ὑπόδρομος, ov, (ὑποδραμείν) running under; πέτρος ὑπόδρομος ἔχουσι a stone that got under, got in the way of, his foot.

ὑπό-δροσος, ov, somewhat dewy or damp.

ὑποδρώωσι, poet. for ὑποδρῶσι, 3 pl. of ὑποδράω.

ὑπο-δύνα, = ὑποδύω. [ῥ]

ὑποδύς, ὕσα, ὕν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποδύω.

ὑπόδυσσις, εως, ἡ, a diving or plunging under.

II. refuge, escape from a thing. From

ὑπο-δύω or -δύνω [ῥ]: f. -δύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ὑπέδυσσα:—to put on under.

2. intr. to slip in under, to slip or slide into, insinuate oneself into: but also to slip from under, c. acc.

II. mostly in Med. ὑποδύομαι, aor. I ὑπέδυσάμην: also with aor. 2 act. ὑπέδυν, pf. ὑποδέδυσκα:—to dive under, slip into, steal or sink into: to put on, slip one's feet into shoes.

2. c. gen. to creep or come forth, emerge from.

3. to go under, take on one's shoulders: then, to undergo, take on oneself, c. acc.

4. of feelings, to steal into or over, come on gradually.

5. ὀφθαλμοὶ ὑποδεδυκότες sunken eyes.

ὑπο-εἶκω, f. ὑπο-εἶσομαι, Ep. for ὑπέικω, ὑπέισομαι.

ὑπο-εργός, ὄν, contr. ὑπουργός, q. v.

ὑπο-ἐάκορος, ὁ, also ἡ, an under-priest or priestess.

ὑπο-ἐξυγνύμι and -ῶω, f. -ξέωμαι. aor. I. ὑπέξευγα: Pass., aor. 2 ὑπέξυγνῆν [ῥ]: pf. ὑπέξευγαί:—to yoke under, put under the yoke: to bring under:—Pass. to be yoked under, be subjected to.

ὑπο-ξύγιον, τό, (ὑπό, ξυγόν) a beast under the yoke, a beast of draught or burden.

ὑπο-ξυγίω, f. ὤσω, = ὑποξέυγνυμι.

ὑπόζωια, atos, τό, (ὑποζώννυμι) a flat rope or strap for undergirding a ship; cf. ὑποζώννυμι.

ὑπο-ζώννυμι and -ῶω, f. -ζώσω: pf. act. ὑπέζωκα, pass. ὑπέζωμαι:—to undergird, gird together: esp. to undergird a ship, i. e. to fasten ropes round her so as to prevent her going to pieces.

ὑπο-θάλπω, f. ψω, to heat underneath or inwardly:—Pass. to glow beneath.

ὑποθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑποθερμαίνω, to heat gently:—Pass. to grow somewhat hot, to glow.

ὑπό-θερμος, ov, somewhat hot or passionate:—Comp. -ότερος, too basty or passionate.

ὑποθέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπόθεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a placing under, or that which is placed under, a groundwork, foundation.

II. that which is laid down or assumed, a hypothesis, supposition, Lat. assumptio.

2. a question for discussion, the subject under discussion, Lat. argumentum.

III. that which is laid down as a rule of action, a principle.

2. generally, a purpose, plan, design: a proposal.

ὑπο-θέω, f. -θεύσομαι, to run in under, trip up.

II. to run in before, slip in before in running a race.

III. to run in too hastily.

ὑποθήκη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) a suggestion, hint, piece of advice.

II. a pledging, mortgage.

ὑποθημσσύνη, ἡ, (ὑποτίθημι) ready suggestion, a piece of advice.

ὑποθήσομαι, fut. med. of ὑποτίθημι.

ὑπο-θλίβω [ῥ], f. ψω, to press under or gently.

ὑπο-θορυβέω, f. ἦσω, to make a little noise: to begin to make a noise.

ὑπο-θράσσω Att. -ττω, fut. -θράξω, Att. contr. from ὑποταράσσω.

ὑπο-θρύπτομαι, fut. -θρύψομαι: aor. I ὑπεθρύφθην: Dep.:—to be affected or effeminate: also to play the wanton.

ὑπο-θυμίω, f. ἄω [ᾱ]:—to burn scents so as to fumigate, Lat. suffire.

ὑπο-θυμῖς, ἶδος, ἡ, (ὑπό, θυμός) a garland worn on the neck.

II. a kind of bird.

ὑπο-θωπεύω, to flatter a little, win by flattery.

ὑπο-θωρήσσω, f. ξω, to arm underhand:—Med. to arm oneself secretly or unobserved.

ὑπο-λάχω [ᾱ], to sound forth a little or below.

ὑπο-οίγνυμι and ὑπο-οίγω, f. ὑποίγω, to open a little or secretly.

ὑπο-οικέω, f. ἦσω, to dwell or lie under.

ὑπο-οικίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, οἰκίω) = ὑποικέω.

ὑπο-οικοδομέω, f. ἦσω, to build under or beneath.

ὑπο-οικουρέω, f. ἦσω, to keep house, stay at home.

II. c. acc. rei, keep secretly at home, to contrive underhand.

2. c. acc. pers. to intrigue with.

ὑπο-οιμῶξω, fut. -ώξομαι, to moan a little or softly.

ὑπο-καθίζομαι, fut. -εδοῦμαι, Dep. to sit down under.

ὑπο-κάθημαι Ion. -κάθημαι, (properly perf. of ὑποκαθίζομαι):—to sit down under or in a place, take one's station under. II. to sit down under cover, lie in ambush. 2. c. acc. pers., to lie in wait for.

ὑπο-καθίζω, fut. Att. ἰῶ, to set down under: to place in ambush: Med. to lie in ambush, Lat. subsidēre.

ὑπο-καίω, f. -καύσω, to set on fire from below.

ὑπο-κάμπτω, f. ψω, transit. to bend under, bend short back. 2. intr. to turn short back, double, as a hare. II. metaph. to fall short of, c. acc.

ὑπο-κάρδιος, ov, (ὑπό, καρδία) under or in the heart.

ὑπο-καταβαίνω, fut. -βήσομαι: aor. 2 -έβην: pf. -βέβηκα:—to go down or descend by degrees: to go down by stealth.

ὑπο-κατακλίνω, f. -κλινῶ, to lay down under:—Pass. to lie down below: metaph. to give way, submit, yield.

ὑπο-κάθημαι, Ion. for ὑποκάθημαι.

ὑπο-κάτω, Adv. below, under: beneath, underneath. [ᾶ]

ὑπο-κεῖμαι, f. -κείσομαι, used as Pass. of ὑποτίθημι, to lie under or below: πεδῖον ἰερῷ ὑπόκειται the plain lies below the temple: to lie hidden under. II. metaph. to be put under the eyes, to be set or proposed before one; δοῦν ὑποκειμένω two things being proposed. 2. to be laid down, assumed, taken for granted: ὑπόκειται absol. a rule is laid down. 3. to be suggested. 4. to be left at bottom, left remaining, reserved. 5. to be subject to, submit: also to form the subject or matter of an inquiry; ὕλη ὑποκειμένη subject matter. 6. to be subject to a mortgage, to be pledged or mortgaged; τὰ ὑποκείμενα the articles pledged.

ὑπο-κελεύω, f. σω, to act as κελευστής: to give the time in rowing.

ὑπο-κηρύσσω Att. -πτω, f. ζω, to proclaim by voice of herald:—Med. to have a thing proclaimed or cried.

ὑπο-κινέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I -εκίνησα:—to move below or a little, move gently: metaph. to urge gently on. II. intr. to move a little or gently; οὐδέμια πόλις ἂν ὑπεκίνησε no city would ever have moved so gently.

ὑπο-οκλάζω, f. σω, to bend the knees under one, sink slowly down: of an expiring lamp, to flicker.

ὑπο-κλαίω, to weep in secret.

ὑπο-κλαίω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ], to break underneath or by degrees.

ὑπο-κλέπτω, f. ψω, to steal underhand:—Pass. to time be defrauded in a matter.

ὑπο-κλίνω, to lay under:—Pass., aor. I ὑπεκλίνθη, to be laid or lie under.

ὑπο-κλονέω, f. ἦσω, to rout under one or by one's prowess:—Pass. to be routed, scattered before one.

ὑπο-κλοπέω, f. ἦσω, like ὑποκλέπτω, to conceal under:—Pass. to be hidden under.

ὑπο-κλύζω, f. ὕσω, to wash or cleanse from below:—Pass. to be flooded, as with mischief.

ὑπο-κνίξω, f. ἴσω, to irritate or excite secretly:—Pass. to be provoked.

ὑπο-κόλπιος, ov, (ὑπό, κόλπος) lying on the bosom: as Subst. a darling. 2. worn under the girdle.

ὑπό-κοτος, ov, (ὑπό, κόπος) somewhat tired.

ὑπο-κορίζομαι, f. -ἴσομαι, Dep. to play the child, to speak like a child: hence, 1. to call by endearing names. 2. to call by a soft or fair name, gloss over, extenuate, palliate. 3. also to call something good by a bad name, to disparage. Hence

ὑποκόρισμα, atos, τό, a coaxing or endearing word: a fair name for something base.

ὑποκορισμός, ὁ, = ὑποκόρισμα.

ὑπο-κουρίζομαι, Ion. for ὑποκορίζομαι: to console with songs.

ὑπο-κρέω, f. ζω, of stringed instruments, to sound under one's hand: to sound in harmony with, c. dat. 2. c. acc. to play an accompaniment.

ὑπο-κρητηρίδιον, τό, a small stand or saucer to put under the bowl (κρητήρ). [Ὶ]

ὑποκρίνομαι, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Ὶ]

ὑποκρίνασθαι, aor. I inf. of ὑποκρίνομαι. [Ὶ]

ὑπο-κρίνομαι [Ὶ], f. -κρινούμαι: aor. I med. ὑπεκρινάμην, pass. ὑπεκρίθην [Ὶ]: Med. c.:—to reply, make answer, answer, of an oracle, to make a response: to expound, interpret. II. in Att., of the actors, to speak dialogue, play a part on the stage, the part played being put in acc.; ὑποκρίνεσθαι Προμηθεά to play Prometheus. 2. of a theatrical style, to exaggerate, rant. 3. metaph. to play a part, dissemble, play the hypocrite.

ὑποκρίσις, ἡ, = ὑπόκρισις.

ὑπόκρισις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) a reply, answer. II. the playing a part on the stage, playing or acting, the player's art, declamation: also an orator's delivery, elocution. 2. metaph. the playing a part, feigning, hypocrisy.

ὑποκριτής, ου, ὁ, (ὑποκρίνομαι) one who answers: an interpreter or expounder. II. one who plays a part on the stage, a player, actor. 2. a dissembler, pretender, hypocrite. Hence

ὑποκριτικός, ὁ, ὄν, befitting an actor: skilled in elocution: suited for speaking or delivery: ἡ ὑποκριτική (sub. τέχνη), the art of delivery, elocution.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. σω, to strike gently, of a harper striking the strings: to beat time. II. metaph. to take up the word, to break in upon, interrupt, attack.

ὑπο-κρύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I pass. ὑπεκρύφθη:—to hide under or beneath:—Med., c. acc. pers. to keep something secret from one.

ὑπο-κρούω, f. ζω, to croak against.

ὑπό-κυκλος, ov, running upon wheels.

ὑπο-κύπτω, f. ψω: aor. I ὑπέκνυα:—to bend or stoop under, esp. under a yoke; οἱ Μῆδοι ὑπέκνυαν Πέρσῃσι the Medes submitted to the Persians: to bow down, prostrate oneself: to stoop down to drink, also to stoop so as to peep into a place. II. c. acc., ὑποκύπτειν τὰν ὕλασαν to stoop the shoulder so as to let a load be put on.

ὑπο-κύωμα, Med. (ὑπό, κνώ) of the woman, to conceive, to become pregnant; aor. I part. ὑποκυσάμενη.

ὑπο-κώλιον, τό, (ὑπό, κῶλον) the hip-bone, or the thigh.

ὑπο-κωμῶδέω, f. ἴσω, to ridicule a little or underhand.

ὑπο-κωφος, ov, somewhat deaf, rather deaf.

ὑπολαβεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑπολαμβάνω.

ὑπο-λαμβάνω, f. -λήψομαι: aor. 2 ὑπέλαβον: pf. ὑπέληφα, pass. ὑπελήμμαι: (cf. λαμβάνω):—to take up from below, take on one's back, Lat. suscipere. 2.

to catch up, come suddenly upon, overtake: of events, to follow next, come next. 3. to take up a word and answer, to reply, rejoin, retort; often in aor. 2 part., ἐφη ὑπολαβὼν he said in answer. 4. to take up the conqueror, fight with him, Lat. excipere. II.

= ὑποδέχομαι, to take or receive under one's protection. 2. to accept or entertain a proposal. III.

to take up a notion, assume, understand:—Pass. to be supposed; ἡ ὑπελημμένη χάρις the supposed favour. 2. to suspect. IV. to seize underhand: to draw away, entice. V. ὑπολαμβάνειν ἵππον to hold up or check a horse.

ὑπολαμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, shining with inferior light, gleaming. From

ὑπο-λάμπω, f. ψω, to shine in under, to gleam beneath. II. to shine a little, begin to shine or dawn.

ὑπο-λείβω, f. ψω, to pour a libation therewith or to

ὑπο-λείπω, f. ψω, to leave remaining, leave behind. 2. of things, to fail one, fail. II. Pass., with fut. med. ὑπολείβομαι, to be left behind, stay behind or at home; ὑπολείπεσθαι τοῦ στόλου to stay behind the expedition: generally, to remain behind, to be left over and above. 2. to be left behind or distanced by any one, properly in a race: of stragglers, to lag behind: metaph. to be inferior to one. 3. absol. to fail, come to an end: also to fall short of what one expects. III. Med. to leave a thing behind one, c. acc.: to leave remaining, keep in reserve; ὑπολείπεσθαι αἰτίαν to leave cause for reproach against oneself.

ὑπό-λεπτος, ov, somewhat fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λεπτύνω, to make rather fine or delicate.

ὑπο-λευκάλω, to make white underneath:—Pass., to become white underneath or somewhat white.

ὑπο-λήγω, f. ξω, to desist gradually.

ὑπο-λήνιον, τό, (ὑπό, ληνός) the vessel under a press to receive the wine or oil, a vat, Lat. lacus.

ὑπο-ληπτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπολαμβάνω, one must suppose or understand.

ὑπόληψις, εως, ἡ, (ὑπολαμβάνω) a taking or catching up a word; ἐξ ὑπολήψεως, in turn, alternately. 2. a rejoinder, reply. II. a taking in a certain sense, an understanding, opinion.

ὑπο-ολίζω, ov, gen. ονος, (ὑπό, ὀλίζω) somewhat less, slighter or smaller.

ὑπό-λίθος, ov, somewhat stony.

ὑπο-λιμπάνω, collateral form of ὑπολείπω.

ὑπό-λισπος Att. -λισφος, ov, somewhat smooth, worn smooth.

ὑπό-λιχνος, ov, somewhat dainty.

ὑπο-λογίζομαι, f. -ίσομαι Att. -ιούμαι: Dep.:—to take into account or consideration.

ὑπό-λογος, ὁ, a taking into account, a reckoning, account; ὑπόλογον ποιεῖσθαι τινος, to take account of a thing, Lat. rationem habere rei.

ὑπο-λόγος, ov, Adj. taken into account, held accountable, responsible.

ὑπό-λοιπος, ov, left behind, staying behind: surviving, Lat. superstes.

ὑπο-λόγατος, ὁ, a lieutenant.

ὑπο-λύριος, ov, (ὑπό, λύρα) under the lyre; δόναξ ὑπολύριος a bridge of reed on which the strings rest. [ῥ]

ὑπο-λύω, f. -λύσω [ῥ]: aor. I -ἐλύσα: pf. -λῆλυκα: Pass., pf. -λῆλύμαι: plqpf. -ελελύμην: Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. ὑπέλυτο, 3 pl. ὑπέλυντο:—to loosen, untie or unbind from below, loosen or slacken gradually; ὑπέλυσε γυῖα he loosened his limbs under him, i. e. gave him his death-blow: so in Pass., γυῖα ὑπέλυντο his limbs were relaxed under him. II. to loose from under the yoke: to loose from bonds, set free by stealth. 2. to untie a person's sandals from under his feet, take off his shoes, unshoe him:—Med., to take off one's own sandals or shoes, opp. to ὑποδεῖσθαι.

ὑπό-μακρος, ov, rather long, longish.

ὑπο-μαλακίζομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, μαλακίω) to grow soft or cowardly by degrees.

ὑπο-μαλάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to soften a little or by degrees:—Pass. to be softened gradually.

ὑπό-μαργος, ov, somewhat mad, crazy: Comp. -ότερος.

ὑπο-μάσσω Att. -ττω, f. ξω, to knead underneath: to smear or rub underneath.

ὑπο-μειδιάω, f. άω [ά], to smile a little or gently.

ὑπομείνω, aor. I inf. of ὑπομένω.

ὑπο-μείων, ov, gen. ονος, somewhat less or inferior: as Subst., ὑπομειώνες, οἱ, among the Spartans, subordinate citizens, opp. to ὄμοιοι (peers).

ὑπο-μενεῖον or -ητέον, verb. Adj. one must abide, endure. From

ὑπο-μένω, fut. -μενῶ: aor. I -έμεινα:—to stay behind: to stay at home. 2. to survive, remain alive. II. trans. to abide or await another, to bide his attack. 2. c. acc. rei, to be patient under, to abide patiently, submit to, endure: absol. to stand one's ground, stand firm: c. inf. to undertake to do a thing. 2. to wait for an event: to abide the issue of a thing. 3. to uphold, support, maintain.

ὑπο-μίγνυμι, f. -μίξω: pf. pass. -μέμιγμα:—to mix among or up with. II. intr. to come near secretly, c. dat.; ὑπομίξει τῇ γῆ to run close under land.

ὑπο-μμνήσκω, f. -μνήσω: aor. I ὑπέμνησα:—I. c. acc. pers. to put one in mind or remind one of a thing. 2. c. acc. rei, to bring back to one's mind, mention, suggest. II. Pass. and Med., f. -μνή-

σομαι : aor. I —εμνησάμην : pf. —μνήμηαι :—to call to mind, remember : to make mention of.

ὑπό-μισθος, *ov*, serving for pay, hired, retained.

ὑπό-μνάομαι contr. —μνῶμαι : Dep. :—to court a woman underhand or behind her husband's back.

ὑπό-μνάομαι, Ion. pass. of ὑπομνήσκω ; Ep. 2 pl. impf. ὑπεμνάσθε. Hence

ὑπόμνημα, *ατος*, a remembrance, memorial, memorandum, reminder : mention. 2. in plur. notes, memoranda, Lat. *commentarii*.

ὑπομνήσαι, aor. I inf. of ὑπομνήσκω.

ὑπόμνησις, *εως*, ἡ, (ὑπομνήσκω) a reminding, calling to mind. II. remembrance.

ὑπο-μνηστέομαι, Med. to betroth underhand.

ὑπό-μνημι, to interpose by oath. II. Med. ὑπό-μνυμαι, f. ὑπομοῦμαι : aor. I ὑπομοσάμην :—to swear in bar of further proceedings. 2. to stay proceedings by making an oath, apply for a longer term on affidavit : to plead in excuse of non-appearance.

ὑπομονή, ἡ, (ὑπομένω) a remaining behind. II. a holding out, endurance, patience : c. gen. patience under, endurance of a thing.

ὑπό-μωρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, μωρός) rather stupid or silly.

ὑπο-ναίω, to dwell under.

ὑπο-νέφω, incorrect form of ὑπονίφω.

ὑπο-νέμομαι, aor. I —ενεμάμην : Med. :—to eat away from beneath : metaph. to consume secretly, undermine.

ὑπο-νέφελος, *ov*, (ὑπό, νέφελῆ) under the clouds.

ὑπο-νήσιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, Νήσιον) under the promontory Neium, lying at its base.

ὑπο-νήχομαι, f. —ήχομαι, Dep. to swim under, dive.

ὑπο-νίφω [ἴ], to snow a little :—impers. ὑτένιφε, there was a little snow :—Pass., νύξ ὑπονοφομένη a snowy night.

ὑπο-νοέω, f. ἦσω, to think covertly, suspect : to conjecture, guess, guess at ; ὑπονοεῖν τι εἰς τινα to entertain a suspicion of one. Hence

ὑπόνοια, ἡ, a hidden meaning or sense : I. a suspicion, conjecture, guess, supposition, fancy. 2. the true meaning which lies at the bottom of a thing.

ὑπονομιδόν, Adv. underground, by pipes. From ὑπόνομος, *ov*, (ὑπονόμιω) going underground, underground.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat sickly.

ὑπο-νοστέω, f. ἦσω, to go down, sink, settle down, Lat. *subsidiere* : of a river, to abate, retire, fall.

ὑπο-νύσσω, f. ξω, to prick underneath : to sting.

ὑπό-νερίζω, f. ἴσω, to tell in a foreign accent.

ὑπό-ξύλος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ξύλον) wooden underneath, made of wood plated over.

ὑπο-ξυράω or έω, f. ἦσω, (ὑπό, ξυράω) to shave or cut off some of the hair : ὑπεξυρημένος, half-shaven.

ὑπο-ξυρίος, *α*, *ov*, (ὑπό, ξυρίον) under the razor.

ὑπο-ξύω, f. ύσω, [ὑ], to scrape a little : to graze slightly, Lat. *stringo*.

ὑπο-παρθέω, f. —ωθήσω and —ώσω, to thrust aside by degrees or underhand.

ὑπο-πάσσω, f. —πάσω [ᾶ], to strew under.

ὑπο-πείνώω, f. ἦσω, to be rather hungry, begin to be hungry.

ὑποπεμπτός, *ov*, despatched underhand, sent covertly, Lat. *submissus*. From

ὑπο-πέμπω, f. ψω, to send under or into, c. acc. II. to send secretly : to send as a scout or spy, Lat. *submittere*.

ὑποπεπητῶτες, Ep. pf. part. nom. pl. of ὑποπήσσω.

ὑποπέπτωκα, pf. of ὑποπίπω.

ὑποπέπωκα, pf. of ὑποπίνω.

ὑπο-πέρομαι, aor. 2 act. ὑπέπαρδον : Dep. :—to break wind a little, Lat. *suppedere*.

ὑπο-περκάζω, f. άσω, to become dark-coloured by degrees, esp. of grapes, to begin to ripen.

ὑποπεσεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of ὑποπίπω.

ὑπο-πετάννυμι, f. —πετάσω [ᾶ] : pf. pass. —πέπτᾶμαι :—to spread out under, lay under.

ὑπό-πετρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, πέτρα) somewhat rocky.

ὑπο-πιθήκίζω, f. ψω, to play the ape a little.

ὑπο-πίμπλημι, f. —πλήσω : aor. I ὑπέπλησα, pass. —επλήσθη :—to fill a little, fill by degrees :—Pass., τέκνον ὑποπλησθήναι to abound with children.

ὑπο-πίμπρημι, f. —πρήσω, to set on fire, burn from below or gradually.

ὑπο-πίνω [ἴ] : f. —πίομαι : pf. —πέπωκα :—to drink gradually or slowly, to keep on drinking or tipping : ὑποπετωκώς rather tipsy.

ὑπο-πίπτω, f. —πεσοῦμαι : pf. —πέπτωκα : aor. 2 ὑπέπεσον :—to fall under or down, sink. 2. to fall down before anyone : of a flatterer, to cringe to, fawn on. 3. to fall behind, fall in the rear. II. to get in under or among. III. of things, to fall out, happen to, befall.

ὑπο-πιστώω Att. —πτόω, f. ώσω, to smear with pitch or tar.

ὑπο-πλάκιος, *α*, *ov*, (ὑπό, Πλάκος) under mount Placos near Troy : cf. ὑπονήσιος. [ᾶ]

ὑπο-πλάδω, v, somewhat flat or extended. II. somewhat salt : cf. πλατός.

ὑπό-πλεος, *ov* Att. —πλεως, *ων*, (ὑπό, πλέως) pretty full of, c. gen.

ὑπο-πλέω, f. —πλεύσομαι, to sail close under.

ὑπό-πλεως, *ων*, gen. ω, Att. for ὑπόπλεος.

ὑπο-πλήσσω Att. —πτω, f. ξω, to strike beneath.

ὑπο-πλώω, Ion. for ὑποπλέω.

ὑπο-πνέω, f. —πνεύσομαι, to blow underneath, blow gently.

ὑπο-πόδιον, τό, (ὑπό, ποῦς) a footstool.

ὑπο-ποιέω, f. ἦσω, to bring under :—Med. to make subject to oneself, bring into one's power, win by secret arts. II. in Med. also to assume, put on.

ὑπο-πόλιος, *ov*, (ὑπό, πολιός) somewhat gray.

ὑπο-πορεύομαι, Dep. to go under : go secretly.

ὑπό-πορτις, *ιος*, ἡ, with a calf under it : of a mother, with a child at the breast.

ὑπο-πράύνω Ep. and Ion. —πρήνω, to appease a little or by degrees. [ὑ]

ὑποπρίμαι, Dep. to buy under the price.
 ὑποπρίω, to gnaw (the teeth) secretly. [Ὶ]
 ὑπόπτερος, ον, (ὑπό, πτερόν) feathered, winged :
 swift-winged, fleet : also soaring, flighty.
 ὑποπτέω, f. σω, to be suspicious, have suspicion of,
 suspect that, c. inf. : also to suspect, surmise :—Pass.
 to be suspected, mistrusted. From
 ὑπόπτης, ου, ὄ, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) as masc.
 Adj., suspicious, jealous : of a horse, shy.
 ὑποπτήσσω, f. ζω : pf. —πέπτηχα, Ep. part. —πεπ-
 τήως, pl. —πεπτηότες :—to crouch or cower down
 from fear ; πετάλους ὑποπεπτηότες crouching under
 the leaves. II. metaph. to crouch or cower be-
 fore another : absol. to be modest, abashed.
 ὑποπτος, ον, (ὑπόφομαι, f. of ὑφοράω) looked at
 from under : looked askance at, viewed with suspicion
 or jealousy, suspected. II. act. suspecting, fear-
 ing, Lat. *suspicax* : as Subst., τὸ ὑποπτον, suspicion,
 jealousy.
 ὑπόπτως, Adv. with suspicion, jealously.
 ὑπόρβριος, ον, also, α, ον, (ὑπό, ἄρβριος) towards
 morning, about dawn, at break of day.
 ὑπορπίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, ῥιπίς) to fan from below
 or gently.
 ὑπόρρνυμι, f. —όρωω : aor. I —ώρσα :—to stir up
 from under, rouse gently or gradually :—Pass. ὑπόρ-
 ρνυμαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 ὑπόρρο : pf. 2 —ώρορα :—to
 arise from under or gradually.
 ὑπόροφος, ον, = ὑπόροφος. II. sounding softly
 from a reed ; ὑπόροφος βοά the soft note of the pipe.
 ὑπορράπτω, f. ψω, to sew underneath, to patch up :
 metaph. to devise, make up.
 ὑπορρέω : f. pass. —ρρησσομαι and aor. 2 ὑπερρρην
 (in act. sense) : pf. —ερρρηκα :—to flow away under :
 to glide into unperceived, Lat. *subrepere* ; to flow or
 fall in gradually. 2. to slip away : of the hair,
 to fall off : of Time, to run on.
 ὑπορρήγνυμι and —ύω, f. —ρήξω, to make to break
 underneath :—Pass. to be rent from beneath, break
 gradually open.
 ὑπόρρηνος, ον, (ὑπό, ῥήν) poet. for ὑπαρνος, with
 a lamb under it.
 ὑπορρίπιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰώ, = ὑπορπίζω.
 ὑπορούσσω Att. —ττω, f. ζω, to dig under, under-
 mine.
 ὑπορχέομαι, f. —ήσομαι, Dep. to dance with or to
 music.
 ὑπόσαθρος, ον, somewhat tainted.
 ὑποσαλπίζω, f. ἴγξω, to rouse the trumpet slightly.
 ὑποσεάω Ep. ὑποσσεάω : f. —σεάω :—to shake from
 below or gently, set in motion a little.
 ὑποσημαίνω, f. ἀνώ, to give a hint of, intimate,
 indicate quietly : c. dat., σάλπιγγι ὑποσημαίνειν to
 make signal by sound of trumpet.
 ὑποσιγάω, f. —ήσομαι, to be silent to or during.
 ὑποσιωπάω, f. —ήσομαι, to pass over in silence.
 ὑποσκάζω, f. άσω, to halt a little.
 ὑποσκάλευω, f. σω, to stir from underneath, of fire.

ὑποσκάπτω, f. ψω, to dig under, trench.
 ὑποσκελλίζω, f. σω, (ὑπό, σκέλος) to trip up one's
 heels, to upset, throw down, Lat. *supplantare*.
 ὑπόσκιος, ον, (ὑπό σκιά) under the shade, over-
 shadowed : of suppliants, shaded by their olive-
 branches.
 ὑποσμίχω, to burn by a slow or smouldering fire :—
 Pass. to smoulder away. [Ὶ]
 ὑποσπάνίζομαι, pf. ὑπεσπάνισμαι : Pass. :—to suf-
 fer want a little, c. gen. rei, βοράς ὑπεσπανισμένως
 stinted or in want of food.
 ὑποσπᾶω, f. άσω [ᾶ], to draw away from under,
 to withdraw secretly :—Med., ὑποσπᾶσθαι τὸν ἵπ-
 πον to give a slight pull at one's horse's rein.
 ὑπόσπονδος, (ὑπό, σπονδή) under a truce or treaty,
 secured by treaty : subject to the conditions of a truce
 or treaty : τοὺς νεκροὺς ὑποσπόνδους ἀποδιδόναι or
 ἀναρῆσθαι, to grant or ask for a truce to take up
 the bodies of the slain.
 ὑποστάθμη, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles at the
 bottom, sediment.
 ὑποσταίνην, aor. 2 opt. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστάς, άσα, άν, aor. 2 part. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑπόστασις, εως, ἡ, (ὑφίσταμαι) that which settles
 at the bottom, sediment. II. anything set under,
 a support : metaph. the groundwork or subject-matter
 of a thing. 2. metaph. the foundation or ground
 of hope or confidence, confidence, resolution. III.
 subsistence, reality : substance, nature, essence.
 ὑποσταῖός, άν, verb. Adj. of ὑφίσταμαι, set un-
 der. II. borne, endured, to be borne or endured.
 ὑποσταχύομαι, Pass. (ὑπό, στάχυς) to grow up
 gradually like ears of corn.
 ὑπόστεγος, ον, (ὑπό, στέγη) under the roof, under
 cover of a house. 2. covered over.
 ὑποστέγω, f. ζω, to cover, stow, hide under.
 ὑποστέλλω, f. —στελώ : aor. I ὑπέστειλα : pf.
 ὑπέσταλκα, pass. —έσταλμαι :—to let down, lower,
 take in : to furl, strike sail, etc. II. Med. to
 draw or shrink back from, shrink from the presence
 of. 2. to cloak, conceal, suppress through fear :
 absol. to dissemble ; οὐδέν ὑποστειλάμενος with no
 dissimulation.
 ὑποστενάξω, f. ζω, = ὑποστένω, to sigh or moan in
 an under tone. II. c. acc., οὐράνιον πόνον νότοις
 ὑποστενάξει be groans under the weight of heaven
 on his back.
 ὑποστενάξιζω, f. ἴσω = ὑποστένάξω.
 ὑποστένω, to sigh or groan in a low tone, begin to
 sigh or groan.
 ὑποστήναι, aor. 2 inf. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστηρίζω, f. ζω, to underprop.
 ὑποστήτω, 3 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of ὑφίστημι.
 ὑποστίλβω, f. ψω, to shine a little, shine softly.
 ὑποστολή, ἡ, (ὑποστέλλω) a letting down or lower-
 ing of sails : a shrinking back. II. submission.
 ὑποστοναχίζω, = ὑποστεναχίζω.
 ὑποστορηννυμι also —στόρηννυμι and —στρηννυμι :

ful. —*σπορέσω* and —*στρώσω*: aor. I *ὑπεσπόμενα* and —*έστρωσα*: pf. *ὑπέστρωκα*, pass. *ὑπέστρωμαι*:—to spread, lay or strew under:—Med., to strew or lay under for oneself: 3 sing. pf. pass. *ᾧ χαλκοῦς ὑπέστρωται* which has copper laid under it.

ὑποσπορέσαι, aor. I inf. of *ὑποσπορέννυμι*.

ὑποσπορᾶτήγῳ, f. ἦσω, to serve under as lieutenant.

From

ὑπο-στράτηγος, ὁ, a lieutenant-general.

ὑποστρέφεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. I pass. part. from —*ὑπο-στρέφω*, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I —*εστρέφην*: pf. —*έστραμμα*:—to turn round about, guide back. II.

intr. to turn short round, wheel round, turn and flee: to return: so in fut. med. *ὑποστρέφομαι* and aor. I pass. 3. to turn away, elude a person. Hence

ὑποστρέφεια, Ep. aor. I opt. of *ὑποστρέφω*.

ὑποστροφῆ, ἡ, (*ὑποστρέφω*) a turning round: a turning about, either to flee or to rally; *ἐξ ὑποστροφῆς*, Lat. *denovo*, again, anew: also on the contrary.

ὑπόστρωμα, atos, τό, (*ὑποστρᾶννυμι*) that which is spread or strewed under, a bed, litter.

ὑπο-στρώννυμι, = *ὑποσπορέννυμι*.

ὑπο-συρίξω or —*ίττω*, f. ξω, to whistle gently, rustle.

ὑπο-σῦρω, to drag down: to trip up. [ῥ]

ὑπο-σφίγγω, f. γξω, to bind tight below.

ὑπόσχοε, 2 sing. aor. 2 imperat. of *ὑπισχνέομαι*.

ὑποσχέσῃ, ἐτω, aor. 2 imperat. of *ὑπέχω*.

ὑποσχέσθαι, aor. 2 med. inf. of *ὑπισχνέομαι*.

ὑποσχεσίη, ἡ, Ep. for *ὑπόσχεσις*, a promising.

ὑποσχεῖον, τό, = *ὑπόσχεσις*.

ὑπόσχεσις, εως, ἡ, (*ὑπισχνέομαι*) a promising, promise, engagement; *ὑπόσχεσιν ἐκπληρῶσαι* to fulfil a promise; *ὑπόσχεσιν ἀπολαβεῖν* to receive the fulfilment of a promise.

ὑποσχοόμενος, aor. 2 part. of *ὑπισχνέομαι*.

ὑπόσχωμαι, aor. 2 subj. of *ὑπισχνέομαι*.

ὑποσχών, aor. 2 part. of *ὑπέχω*.

ὑποταγή, ἡ, (*ὑποτάσσω*) subordination, subjection.

ὑπο-ταμόν, τό, a plant cut off at the root for magic purposes. From

ὑπο-τάμνω, Ion. for *ὑποτέμνω*.

ὑπο-τάρασσω Att. —*ττω*, contr. —*θρόσσω*: f. ξω: pf. pass. *τετάραγμα*:—to stir up, trouble from below or a little:—Pass. to be somewhat troubled.

ὑπο-ταρβέω, f. ἦσω, to be somewhat afraid: c. acc. to be somewhat afraid of a thing, to fear a little.

ὑπο-ταρτάριος, ov, (*ὑπὸ*, *Τάρταρος*) under Tartarus, dwelling below Tartarus.

ὑπότασις, εως, ἡ, (*ὑποτένω*) a stretching or spreading out from under; *πεδῶν ὑποτάσεις* the plains that stretch below.

ὑπο-τάσσω Att. —*ττω*: f. ξω: pf. pass. *τέταγμα*:—to place or arrange under, subject.

ὑπο-τένω, f. —*τενώ*: aor. I —*έτεινω*:—to stretch under, put under as a prop or stay. 2. to hold out before or towards, to hold out, suggest hopes, to promise, offer:—Med. to propose by way of question, submit.

3. to strain to the utmost, make intense.

ὑπο-τειχίζω, f. ἴσω Att. *ῶ*, to build a wall under or across: to build a cross-wall. Hence

ὑποτειχίσις, εως, ἡ, the building of a cross-wall; and

ὑπο-τειχίσμα, atos, τό, a cross-wall.

ὑπο-τελέω, f. έσω, to pay off, discharge, liquidate: absol. to pay tribute, be tributary.

ὑπο-τελής, ές, gen. έος, (*ὑπὸ*, *τέλος*) subject to taxes or tribute, tributary, Lat. *vectigalis*, *tributarius*. II.

act. receiving payment, c. gen.

ὑπο-τέμνω Ion. —*τάμνω*: f. —*τεμῶ* and —*τάμομαι*: aor. 2 *ὑπέταμον*: Pass., aor. I —*ετμήθην*: pf. —*τέτμημαι*:—to cut away or under: to cut unfairly. II.

to cut off; Lat. *intercipere*; *ὑποτέμνειν τὴν ἐλπίδα* to cut off all ground for hope; so also in Med., *ὑποτέμνεσθαι τὸν πλοῦν* to cut off one's passage:—Pass.,

ὑποτάμνεσθαι τὸ ἀπὸ τῶν νεῶν to be cut off from the ships.

ὑπο-τίθημι, f. —*θήσω*: aor. I *ὑπέθηκα*: aor. 2 *ὑπέθην*:—to place under: to put under, make subject.

2. place under as a foundation, to lay down: esp. in Med. to lay down as a principle or rule for oneself, presuppose, premise. 3. to propose to oneself for discussion or argument: to propose to do.

II. to suggest, mostly in Med.: c. dat. pers. to advise, counsel, admonish: c. inf. to advise one to do a thing.

III. to put down as a deposit or stake, pawn, pledge, mortgage: hence, 2. to stake, bazaar, venture. 3. to lay in store, store up, keep.

ὑπο-τίμαμαι, f. —*ήσομαι*, Med.: as Att. law-term, to propose a less penalty for oneself, to lay the damages at a lower rate.

ὑπο-τίτρω, to bore through below.

**ὑπο-τλάω*, obsol. pres., whence are formed fut. *ὑποτλήσομαι*, aor. 2 *ὑπέτλην*, pf. *ὑποτέτληκα*:—to bear, endure, submit to.

ὑπο-τονθορίζω or —*ύξω*, to murmur or hum softly.

ὑποτοπέω, = *ὑποτοπέω*.

ὑποτοπέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I *ὑπετόπησα*; also as Dep. *ὑποτοπέομαι*: aor. I *ὑπετοπήθην*: (*ὑποπτος*):—to suspect or surmise that: also c. acc., to suspect a person or thing.

ὑπο-τραυλίζω, f. σω, to lisp a little.

ὑπο-τρεῖω, Ep. for *ὑποτρέω*.

ὑπο-τρέφω, f. —*θρένω*, to bring up secretly or in succession: Med. to foster or cherish secretly.

ὑπο-τρέχω, fut. —*θρέξομαι* and —*δράμομαι*: aor. 2 *ὑπέδραμον*: pf. *ὑποδέδρομα*:—to run in under; ὁ κύνων ὑπέδραμε ὑπὸ τοῖς πόδας τοῦ ἵππου the dog ran under the horse's legs.

II. to run under or below.

III. to run in between, intercept. IV. to insinuate oneself into anyone's good graces, flatter, deceive.

ὑπο-τρέω, f. —*τρέσω*, to tremble a little: to sbrink back, give ground. II. c. acc. to tremble at anyone, be afraid of him.

ὑπο-τριβω, f. ψω, to rub beneath, rub or wear away gradually. II. to grate or pound ingredients for a dish; cf. *ὑπότριμμα*. [τ]

ὑπο-τρέζω, to chirp or whistle softly.

ὑπόπριμμα, atos, τό, (ὑποπρίβω) an acid dish of various ingredients grated and pounded up together; ὑπόπριμμα βλέπω to look sbarb and sour.

ὑπο-τρομέω, f. ἴσω, to tremble under or a little. II. c. acc. to tremble before anyone.

ὑπότρομος, ου, (ὑποτρέμω) trembling a little, somewhat fearful.

ὑποτροπή, ἡ, (ὑποτρέπω) a turning back, reverse. II. a return, recurrence.

ὑπότροπος, ου, (ὑποτρέπω) turning back, returning or returned home.

ὑπο-τροχάω, ποῖτ. for ὑποτρέχω, to run under.

ὑπο-τρύξω, to bum in an undertone.

ὑπο-τρώγω, f. -τρώγομαι: aor. 2 -έτρώγον:—to eat underhand or secretly.

ὑπο-τύπώω, f. ὠσω, (ὑπό, τύπος) to sketch out, Lat. adumbrare.

ὑπο-τύπωω, f. ψω, to strike or push down, to strike under the surface of a thing; ὑποτύψας κηλωνίῳ ἀντλέει he draws it up dipping with the bucket under the surface; ὑποτύπτουσα φιάλη τοῦ χρυσοῦ ἔδωρέετο dipping down with a cup she gave him of the gold.

ὑποτύπωσις, εως, ἡ, (ὑποτύπώω) a general representation, outline, Lat. adumbratio: a copy, pattern.

ὑπο-ουθάτιος, α, ου, (ὑπό, οὔθαρ) under the udder, hence sucking. [ᾶ]

ὑπο-ουλος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐλή) of wounds, festering under the scar, only skinned over: hence unsound or rotten underneath, hollow, unreal; κάλλος κακῶν ὑπουλον a fair outside that skins over evils below.

ὑπο-ουράνιος, ου, (ὑπό, οὐρανός) under heaven or the heavens: reaching up to heaven.

ὑπουργέω, f. ἴσω: pf. act. ὑπουργηκα, pass. ὑπουργημαι: (ὑπουργός):—to render service, to serve, succour: to be of service: c. neut. acc., χρηστά Ἀθηναίοισι ὑπουργεῖν to do the Athenians good service; τὰ ὑπουργημένα services that have been rendered. Hence

ὑπουργημα, atos, τό, a service rendered.

ὑπουργητέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπουργέω, one must serve or be kind to.

ὑπουργία, ἡ, (ὑπουργέω) service, duty rendered, Lat. officium: in bad sense, obsequiousness, complaisance.

ὑπο-ουργός, ου, contr. for ὑποεργός, (ὑπό, *εργω) rendering service, serviceable, conducive to.

ὑπο-φαίνω, f. -φάνῳ: aor. I -έφηνα:—to shew or bring to light from under; θρήνην ἐπέφηνε τραπέζης he drew the stool from under the table. 2. to shew a little, give a glimpse of. II. Pass. to shew oneself or to be seen under; ὑπὸ τὰς πύλας πόδες ὑποφαίνονται feet are seen under the gates. III.

intr. to shine forth a little: of morning, to dawn, break, glimmer: so also of the first appearance of spring; cf. ὑπολάμπα.

ὑπο-φάτις, ιος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑποφήτις, fem. of ὑποφήτης, the priestess of an oracle.

ὑπόφασις, ἡ, a small light glimmering through a hole: generally, a narrow opening. From

ὑπο-φάισκω, (ὑπό, φάος) to begin to shine.

ὑπό-φανις, ιος, ἡ, Aeol. for ὑπόφασις, (ὑπό, φάσις)

a secret whispering.

ὑπο-φείδομαι, f. σομαι, Dep. to spare or forbear.

ὑπο-φέρω, f. ὑποῖσω: aor. I ὑπήνεγκα Ion. ἐπήνεκα: aor. 2 ὑπήνεγον: (cf. φέρω):—to bear or carry away under, to bear out of danger, to rescue. II.

to bear or carry by being under, to bear or support a burden: generally, to bear, endure, suffer. III.

to hold out under or before: to hold out, suggest, proffer. 2. to pretend, allege.

ὑπο-φεύγω, f. -φεύγομαι, to flee from under, evade: to retire a little, shrink back.

ὑποφήτεύω, to hold the office of ὑποφήτης. From ὑπο-φήτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑπό, φημί) an announcer or interpreter of the divine will, a priest who declares an oracle.

ὑπο-φθάνω [ᾶ]: f. ὑποφθῆσομαι later also -φθάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ὑπέφθασα: aor. 2 ὑπέφθην, inf. ὑποφθῆναι, part. ὑποφθᾶς: pf. ὑπέφθαικα:—to haste before, be or get beforehand; ὑποφθᾶς δουρὶ μέσον περιήνησεν getting beforehand he pierced him through the middle with a spear; so in aor. 2 med. part., ὑποφθάμενος κτεῖνεν he killed him beforehand.

ὑπο-φθονέω, f. ἴσω, to feel secret envy at.

ὑπο-φθονός, ου, a little envious or jealous: Adv. -νῶς, somewhat jealously.

ὑπο-φλέγω, f. ξω, to set on fire or heat from below.

ὑπο-φόνος, ου, (ὑπό, φόνος) in return for murder, avenging murder.

ὑπο-φραδμοσύνη, ἡ, suggestion: in plur. counsels. From

ὑπο-φράζομαι, Med. to conjecture.

ὑπο-φρίσσω Att. -πτω: f. ξω: pf. -πέφρικα:—to shudder a little.

ὑποφύγῳ, οὔσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of ὑποφεύγω.

ὑπο-φωλεύω, to lie hidden under.

ὑπο-φωνέω, f. ἴσω, to call gently to.

ὑπο-χάζομαι, aor. 2 -κεκᾶδῶμαι: Dep.:—to give way gradually or a little, retire slightly.

ὑπο-χαλινίδιος [γί], α, ου, (ὑπό, χαλινός) under the bridle; ὑποχαλινίδα (sc. ἡνία), ἡ, a kind of snaffle-bridle.

ὑπο-χαρπός, ου, (ὑπό, χαρπός) of a somewhat fiery or fierce look.

ὑπο-χάσκω, to gape or yawn open a little.

ὑπο-χείριος, ου, also α, ου, (ὑπό, χεῖρ) under one's hands, in the band: under anyone's power or control, subject to; ὑποχειρίως ποιέεσθαι to make subject.

ὑπο-χέω, f. -χέω: aor. I ὑπέχεα Ep. ὑπέχευα: pf. pass. -κέχῆμαι: 3 sing. plqpf. ὑπεκέχῆτο:—to pour under, pour out for another: of dry things, to strewn or spread under; φύλλα ὑποκεχυμένα ὑπὸ τοῖς ποσὶ the leaves strewn under their feet: metaph. in Pass., to be spread or steal over one gradually; ἀπιστήν ὑπεκέχυτο αὐτῷ distrust stole over him.

ὑπο-χθόνιος, ον, (ὑπό, χθών) *under the earth, subterranean.*

ὑπό-χθων, ονος, ὁ, ἡ, = ὑποχθόνιος.

ὑποχος, ον, (ὑπέχω) *subject, under control, τινί to one: also c. gen., ὑποχοί τινος a king's subjects.*

ὑπό-χρεως, αν, gen. ω, (ὑπό, χρέος) *subject to debt, in debt: of property, involved, embarrassed, Lat. obaeratus.*

ὑπο-χρίω, f. -χρίσω [Ὶ]: aor. I act. ἐπέχρισσα, pass. ἐπεχρίσθην:—to smear under or on: to besmear or anoint a little, Lat. sublinere: to paint or colour the face under the eyes.

ὑπό-χρῦσος, ον, *containing a mixture of gold.*

ὑπο-χωρέω, f. ἴσσομαι, to go back, recoil; ὑποχωρεῖν τοῦ πεδίου to retire from the plain; ὑποχωρεῖν τινι τοῦ θρόνου to withdraw from one's seat in honour of one, give it up to him. 2. c. acc. pers. to retire before, avoid meeting. II. to go on in succession.

ὑπό-ψαμμος, ον, *having sand under or in it, mixed with sand, sandy: Comp. -ότερος, somewhat sandy.*

ὑποψία Ion. -ίη, ἡ, (ὑπόψομαι) *suspicion, jealousy; ὑποψίαν λαμβάνειν κατὰ τινος to entertain suspicion of a person; of things, ἔχειν ὑποψίαν to admit of suspicion, avoid meeting. II. a jealous watchfulness, censoriousness.*

ὑπόψιος, ον, (ὑπόψομαι) *viewed from below, Lat. suspectus; hence viewed with suspicion.*

ὑπόψομαι, serving as fut. of ὑποράω.

ὑπο-ψηφιώνω, f. ἴσω, (ὑπό, ὑψηφίω) *to underbid or cheat in the purchase of provisions.*

ὑπτιάζω, f. ἴσω, (ὑπτιος) *to bend oneself back: to carry one's head high. II. transit. to bend or throw back: Pass., ὑπτιάζεται κόρα his head is stretched back.*

ὑπτιασμα, ατος, τό, (ὑπτιάζω) *that which is stretched out with the under side uppermost; ὑπτιασματα χερῶν hands stretched up in supplication, cp. Lat. supinus manibus. II. a backward fall.*

ὑπτιαστέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπτιάζω, *one must throw back.*

ὑπτιος, α, ον, (ὑπό) *with the under side uppermost, bent back, laid back, on one's back, Lat. supinus, resupinus; of one falling, πέσεν ὑπτιος he fell on his back; ὑπτιος ἔσθλαμιν ναυτίλλεται he sails with planks turned bottom upwards; γαστήρ ὑπτία belly uppermost. 2. generally, anything turned up, inverted;*

κράνος ὑπτιων a helmet *with the hollow uppermost; so, ἀσπίς ὑπτία; but, κλίει ὑπτία a cup with the bottom uppermost; ἀψίς ὑπτία a half-wheel with the concave side uppermost. 3. of Place, sloping away from one, sloping evenly and gradually. Hence*

ὑπτιόω, f. ὤσω, *to turn over, upset.*

ὑπ-ωθέω, (ὑπό, ὠθέω) *to push or thrust away.*

ὑπ-ωλένιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, ὠλένη) *under the arm or elbow.*

ὑπωμοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὑπόμνυμι.

ὑπωμοσία, ἡ, (ὑπόμνυμι) *an oath taken to bar proceedings at law, an application for delay upon affidavit: it was resisted by an ἀνθυπωμοσία.*

ὑπωπιάζω, f. ἴσω, (ὑπώπιον) *to strike one under the eye: generally, to beat black and blue: metaph. to mortify, afflict, vex or annoy greatly. Hence*

ὑπωπιασμός, ὁ, *a striking under the eye: affliction. ὑπ-ώπιον, τό, (ὑπό, ὠψ) the part under the eyes, the face.*

II. generally, like ὑπωπιασμός, *a blow under the eye, a black eye.*

ὑπ-ωρέα or ὑπ-ωρέα, ἡ, (ὑπό, ὄρος) *the foot of a mountainous track: plur. ὑπωρέα, the roots of a mountain, Lat. radices montis.*

ὑπώρορε, 3 sing. pf. intrans. of ὑπόρρυμι.

ὑπ-ωρόφιος, ον, also α, ον, (ὑπό, ὄρφος) *under the roof, under cover of a house, in a house: generally, under shelter.*

ὑπ-ώροφος, ον, = ὑπωρόφιος.

*ΤΡΧΑ, ἡ, *an earthen vessel for pickled fish, a pickle-jar, Lat. arca. (Aeol. word.)*

*ΤΞ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. ὠξ [ῶ]: acc. ὦν:—like σῦς, a swine, pig, boar or sow, a tame pig; but ὦς ἀγριος, a wild boar.

*ΤΣΗ, ἡ, *a shrub from which comes the dye ὕσινον.*

ὑσγίνο-βαφής, ἐς, (ὑσγινον, βαφῆναι) *dipped or dyed in ὑσγινον, scarlet.*

ὑσγίνον, τό, (ὑσγη) *a vegetable dye of scarlet colour. ὕσδος, for ὄσδος, Aeol. for ἔζος.*

ὑσθην, aor. I pass. of ἴω.

ΤΣΜΙ'ΝΗ [Ὶ], ἡ, irreg. dat. ὑσμίνι, *a fight, battle, combat; πρώτη ὑσμίνη the front of the fight: ὑσμίνηδε to the fight. Ep. word.*

ὑσπληγίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑσπληγίς, = ὑσπληγίς.

ὑσπληγίς, αγγος, ἡ, Dor. for ὑσπληγίς.

ὑσπληγίς, ηγγος, or -πληγίς, ηγος, ἡ, *a rope which was drawn across a race-course, and was let down when the racers were to start. II. the snare of the Fowler. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

ὑσσωπος, ἡ, *the aromatic plant hyssop. (Oriental word.)*

ὑστάτιος, α, ον, = ὕστατος, (cp. μεσάτιος = μέσσος, τοσσάτιος = τόσσος) *last, hindmost: neut. ὑστάτιον as Adv., last, at last. [ἀ]*

ὑστᾶτος, η, ον, (Comp. ὕστερος, q. v.) *last, utmost, hindmost, of space: also of time, ἡ ὑστάτη (sc. ἡμέρα) the last day:—neut. ὕστατον and ὕστατα, as Adv., last, at last.*

ὑστέρα Ion. -έρη, ἡ, (ὑστερος) *the womb, mostly in plur. ὑστέρα, ai, Ion. gen. -έων.*

ὑστεραῖος, α, ον, (ὑστερος) *properly on the day after; ἡ ὑστεραία (sub. ἡμέρα) the day after, following day; τῆ ὑστεραία Ion. -αίη, on the following day, next day, Lat. postridie: generally, = ὑστερος, later, next.*

ὑστερέω, f. ἴσω: aor. I ὑστέρησα: pf. ὑστέρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὑστερήθην: (ὑστερος) —to be behind, come later: of Place, to come after or afterwards. II. of Time, c. gen. rei, to come later than, come too late for; ὑστερεῖν τῆς μάχης πέντε ἡμέρας they were five days too late for the battle: c. dat. pers. to be too late for him: absol. to come late

or too late. III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to: also to be robbed of a thing. 2. to be in want of:—in Pass. to be in want. IV. of things, to fail, lack, be wanting. Hence ὕστέρημα, ατος, τό, a coming short, deficiency. ὕστέρησις, εως, ἡ, (ὕστέρω) a coming short: want, need.

ὕστερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ὕστερίσα: (ὕσπερος):—to come after, come later or too late. II. c. gen. rei, to come later than; ἡμέρη μιῆ τῆς συγκειμένης ὑστερίζων to be one day behind the day appointed.

III. metaph. to come short of, be inferior to, c. gen. IV. to be in want of, to lack.

ὕστερό-ποινος, ον, (ὕστερος, ποιμή) late-avenging. ὕστερό-πους, -ποδος, ὁ, ἡ, with late foot, late-coming.

ὕστερος, α, ον, (Sup. ὕστατος, q. v.):—the latter, coming after, following, opp. to πρότερος. II. of Time, after, later, too late; c. gen., ὑστερός τινος later than a person: c. gen. rei, too late for a thing; with Preps., ἐς ὕστερον afterwards; so, ἐν ὑτέρῳ, ἐξ ὑτέρου and ἐξ ὑτέρης.

III. standing after, inferior, weaker; γυναικὶς ὕστερος under a woman's power.

IV. the neut. ὕστερον is used as Adv. of Time, after, afterwards, hereafter, in future, for the future; also ὕστερα; c. gen., ὕστερον τουτέων later than these events.

ὕστερο-φθόρος, ον, (ὕσπερος, φθείρω) destroying after, late-destroying.

ὕστερο-φωνος, ον, (ὕσπερος, φωνή) sounding after, echoing.

ὙΣΤΡΙΞ, ἶχος, ὁ and ἡ, a hedgehog, porcupine. Hence

ὕστρηξις, ἴδος, ἡ, a whip for punishing slaves. ὕφαγεῦ, Dor. for ὀφηγού, 2 sing. pres. imperat. of ὕφηγέομαι.

ὕφαίμος, ον, (ὑπό, αἷμα) suffused with blood, blood-sbot. II. hot-blooded.

ὕφαίνεσκον, Ion. impf. of ὕφαίνω.

ὙΦΑΙΝΩ, f. ὕφᾶνω: aor. I ὕφῆνα later ὕφᾶνα: Pass., aor. I ὕφᾶθην: pf. ὕφασμαι:—to weave; ἰσ-τὸν ὕφᾶναι to weave a web. II. absol. to weave, ply the loom.

III. metaph. to spin, contrive, plot, plan, devise, Lat. texere, as, μῆτιν or δόλον ὕφαίνειν. 2. to make, construct, fabricate.

ὕφαίρεσις, εως, ἡ, (ὕφαρέω) a taking away under or underhand, a purloining, pilfering.

ὕφα-αρέω Ion. ὑπ-αρέω: f. -αρήσω: aor. 2 ὕφείλον: pf. ὕφῆρηκα: Pass., aor. I ὕφῆρθην: pf. ὕφῆρημαι, part. ὕφῆρημένος Ion. ὑπαρημένος:—to seize underneath or inwardly, to seize secretly.

II. to draw from under. 2. to take away something of, c. gen. 3. to draw away, seduce. III. Med.

to take away from underhand, filch away, purloin: ὕφαρεισθαί τινά τι or τινος to deprive one secretly of a thing. 2. to make away with underhand, keep out of the way.

ὕφ-ἄλος, ον, (ὑπό, ἄλς) under the sea; ὕφαλον Ἐρεβος the darkness of the deep.

ὕφᾶντης, ον, ὁ, (ὕφαίνω) a weaver. Hence ὕφαντικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for weaving: skilled in weaving.

ὕφαντο-δόνητος, ον, (ὕφαντός, δονέω) swung in the weaving, woven.

ὕφαντός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὕφαίνω, woven: τὰ ὕφαντά cloth inwoven with figures.

ὕφ-άπτω Ion. ὑπ-άπτω: f. ψω: aor. I ὕψῆσα Ion. ὑψῆσα: pf. pass. ὕψημαι:—to set on fire from underneath: metaph. to inflame secretly, excite. 2. absol. to light underneath: to light a fire under or in a place.

ὕφ-αρπάξω Ion. ὑπ-αρπάξω: f. -άσομαι later -άσω: aor. I ὕφῆρτασα:—to snatch away from under, take away underhand, filch away, Lat. surripere: to take the word out of one's mouth, interrupt.

ὕφαρπάμενος, ποίετ. for ὕφαρπασάμενος, aor. I med. part. of ὕφαρπάω.

ὕφασμα, ατος, τό, (ὕφαίνω) a thing woven, web, woven garment. [ὑ]

ὕφῶς, ποίετ. for ὕφαίνω: Ep. 3 pl. ὕφῶσι.

ὕφειμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὕφῆμι: Adv. ὕφειμένως, slackly, less violently or insolently, quietly, Lat. submissé.

ὕφ-εἶσα, (ὑπό, εἶσα) Causal aor. I of ὕφίζω, I placed under or secretly; Ion. part., ὑπέισας ἄνδρας having set men in ambush.

ὕφ-εκτέον, verb. Adj. of ὑπέχω, one must support.

ὕφ-ελεκτόν, verb. Adj. of ὑφέλω, one must draw away under or underhand.

ὕφ-έλκω, f. -έλω or -ελκύω [ὑ]: aor. I ὕφέλκυσα: (cf. ἔλω):—to draw away under, underhand or gently; ὑφέλκειν τινά ποδοῖν to draw one away by the two legs:—to draw away by undermining, diminish by drawing from under:—Med. to draw along under one, trail along, as a pair of slippers.

ὕφελόιατο, Ion. 3 pl. aor. 2 med. opt. of ὕφαίρω.

ὕφέντας, acc. pl. of ὕφεις, aor. 2 part. of ὕφῆμι.

ὕφ-έρπω, f. -έρπω or -ερεύω [ὑ]: aor. I ὕφείρπυσα: (cf. ἔρπω):—to creep under or secretly; ὕφ-εἶρπε πολύ it crept far on secretly, spread abroad. II. c. acc. to steal upon, come over.

ὕφ-έσπερος, ον, (ὑπό, ἑσπέρα) towards evening: neut. pl. ὕφῆσπερα as Adv., about evening.

ὕφῆ, ἡ, (ὕφαίνω) a weaving, web; πέπλων ὕφᾶι woven garments.

ὕφ-ηγεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, = ἡγεμών.

ὕφ-ηγέομαι, f. ἡσομαι: pf. ὕφῆγημαι: Dep.:—to go just before, to guide, lead the way. 2. to shew the way to do, instruct in a thing. 3. hence also to lead to, prove a thing. Hence

ὕφῆγησις, εως, ἡ, a leading, guiding; and ὕφῆγητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ὕφ-ηγητής, οὔ, ὁ, one who leads the way, a conductor: metaph. a leader, adviser.

ὕφῆνα, aor. I of ὕφαίνω.

ὕφηνόχῳ, f. ἦσω, to be a charioteer:—Pass. to drive after or behind. From

ὕφ-ηνίοχος, ὁ, (ὑπό, ἡνίοχος) the charioteer, as subordinate to the warrior in his chariot.

ὑψ-ήσων, *ov*, gen. *onos*, (ὑπό, ἤσων) *somewhat less or younger*.

ὑψ-ιζάνω, *f.* ζήσω, = ὑψίζω.

ὑψ-ίζω, *f.* ζήσω, (ὑπό, ἴζω) *to sit or crouch down: to sink or fall in*.

ὑψ-ίημι *Ion.* ἱτήμι: *f.* ὑψήσω: *aor.* ἱΐθηκα: *pf.* ἱΐθηκα, *pass.* ἱΐθημαι: (see ἱήμι):—*to send down, let down, to lower; ὑψίναυα ἰστών to lower the mast; ὑψίναυα ἰστία to let down the sails. 2. to put under, to put a young one under its dam, put it to suck: in Med., of a woman, ὑψίεσθαι μαστός to put a child to her own breasts, to suckle it. 3. to engage secretly, Lat. submittere: hence pf. pass. part. ὑψιμένος, secretly lurking. II. intr. to slacken, relax or abate from a thing; c. gen. rei, ὑψίναυα τῆς ὀργῆς to cease from anger; so in Med., ὑψίεσθαι ὀργῆς; τὸ ὕδωρ ὑπίεται τοῦ ψυχροῦ the water abates its coldness.*

2. *absol.* *to submit, give in, slacken, abate. III. in Pass. absol., to submit, surrender: c. inf., to submit to do a thing: so in pf. pass. part., πλεῖν ὑψιμένην to sail with lowered sails.*

ὑψίητι, *Dor.* for ὑψίησι, 3 *sing.* of ὑψίημι.

ὑψ-ίστημι: (cf. ἴστημι): I. *Causal in pres. and impf., in f. ὑποστήσω and aor. ἱ ὑπέστησα:—to place or set under. 2. to post secretly. 3. to submit, propose, suggest: so also in fut. and aor. ἱ med. to lay down, suggest; εἰ μή τι πιστὸν ὑποστήσει unless thou shalt give some ground for confidence. II.*

Pass., with aor. 2 act. ὑπέστην, pf. ὑπέστηκα:—to stand under, be under or beneath; τὸ ὑψιστάμενον that which is underneath, of milk, as opp. to τὸ ἐψιστάμενον that which comes to the top, the cream. 2. to place oneself under an engagement, engage or promise to do: c. acc. cognato, ὑποστήναι ὑπόσχεσθαι to make a promise: absol. to promise. 3. to submit, yield to one: also c. inf. to submit to do. 4. c. acc. rei, to submit to. 5. ὑποστήναι ἀρχὴν to undertake an office. 6. to put oneself under, hide oneself, lie concealed. 7. to support an attack, to resist, withstand: absol. to stand one's ground, face the enemy, Lat. subsistere.

ὑψ-οράω, or as *Dep.* ὑψοράομαι: *fut.* ὑπόψομαι: (ὑπό, ὄραω):—*to look at from below, to look askance at, to view with suspicion, Lat. suspicere, suspicari. II. to keep in view.*

ὑψ-ορβός, ὄ, (ὄ, φέρβω) *a swineherd.*

ὑψ-ορμίζω, *f.* ἴσω *Att. ἰώ, to bring into harbour secretly:—Pass. to come to anchor secretly, or generally, to come to anchor. Hence*

ὑψορμιστός, ἡ, *a place for ships to run into, harbour.*

ὑψος, *eos*, τὸ, = ὑψή.

ὑψόωσι, *Ep.* for ὑψώσι, 3 *pl.* of ὑψάω.

ὑψ-ὕδρος, *ov*, (ὑπό, ὕδωρ) *under water.*

ὑψ-ἄγορας, *ov*, ὄ, *Ion.* ἀγορῆς, (ὑψί, ἀγορεύω) *a big talker, a boaster, braggart.*

ὑψαυθενέω, *f.* ἤσω, and ὑψαυθενίζω, *f.* ἴσω, *to carry the neck high, strut proudly. From*

ὑψ-αύχην, *enos*, ὄ, ἡ, (ὑψί, αὐχὴν) *carrying the neck high: hence stately, towering: haughty.*

ὑψ-ερεφέης, ἔς, (ὑψί, ἐρέφω) *high-b-roofed, high-b-vaulted.*

ὑψ-ηγόρας, *Ion.* for ὑψαγ—

ὑψ-ήγορος, *ov*, (ὑψί, ἀγορεύω) *talking loftily, vaunting.*

ὑψηλός, *εσσα, εν*, *poët.* for ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλᾶς, *Dor.* for ὑψηλῆς, *fem. gen.* of ὑψηλός.

ὑψηλ-αυχενία, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, αὐχὴν) *a carrying the neck high.*

ὑψηλός-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψηλός, κρημνός) *with high crags.*

ὑψηλός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὑψί, ὕψος) *high, lofty, towering; χώρα ὑψηλῆ a highland country:—metaph. high, lofty, stately, proud.*

ὑψηλόφρονέω, *f.* ἤσω, *to be highminded, bearing oneself haughtily. From*

ὑψηλό-φρων, *enos*, ὄ, ἡ, (ὑψηλός, φρήν) *highminded, high-spirited, haughty.*

ὑψη-ηρεφής, ἔς, *gen.* ἔος, = ὑψερεφής.

ὑψη-ηχίς, ἔς, *gen.* ἔος, (ὑψί, ἦχος) *sounding on high.*

ὑψηλ-ἄτος, *ov*, (ὑψί, βαίνω) *set on high, standing high, high-placed.*

ὑψη-βρεμέτης, *ov*, ὄ, (ὑψί, βρέμω) *high-tbundering.*

ὑψη-γέννητος, *ov*, (ὑψί, γεννάω) *high-grown, topmost.*

ὑψη-γίμος, *ov*, (ὑψί, γυῖον) *with high limbs or branches, high-stemmed. [r]*

ὑψη-ζυγός, *ov*, (ὑψί, ζυγόν) *of the benches in ships, sitting high or aloft on the bench: metaph. of Jove, high-enthroned.*

ὑψη-θρόνος, *ov*, (ὑψί, θρόνος) *high-throned.*

ὑψη-κάρηνος, *ov*, (ὑψί, κάρηνον) *with high head, high-topped. [ā]*

ὑψη-κέλευθος, *ov*, (ὑψί, κέλευθος) *with a path on high, moving on high or aloft.*

ὑψηκέρητα, *irreg. acc.* of ὑψηκέρως.

ὑψη-κέρως, *ov*, *gen.* ω, (ὑψί, κέρας) *with high or lofty horns; there is also an irreg. acc. in phrase, ὑψηκέρητα πέτραν a high-peaked rock.*

ὑψη-κόμος, *ov*, (ὑψί, κόμη) *with lofty foliage, of the oak.*

ὑψη-κόμπως, *Adv.* (ὑψί, κόμπος) *with high boasts, arrogantly.*

ὑψη-κρημνος, *ov*, (ὑψί, κρημνός) *with high steepes or cliffs, high-beelling, built on a cliff.*

ὑψη-λόφος, *ov*, (ὑψί, λόφος) *high-crested. [r]*

ὑψη-μέδων, *ov*, ὄ, (ὑψί, μέδω) *high-ruling, ruling on high: lofty.*

ὑψη-μέλαθρος, *ov*, (ὑψί, μέλαθρον) *high-built.*

ὑψη-νεφής, ἔς, (ὑψί, νέφος) *dwelling high in the clouds.*

ὑψη-πάγης, ἔς, (ὑψί, παγῆναι) *built on high.*

ὑψη-πέδος, *ov*, (ὑψί, πέδον) *with high ground, high-placed.*

ὑψη-πετήεις, *εσσα, εν*, *poët.* for ὑψηπέτης.

ὑψη-πέτηλος, *ov*, (ὑψί, πέτηλον) *with high leaves or foliage.*

ὑψηπέτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, πέτομαι) *flying on high, soaring.*

ὑψηπόλις, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, πόλις) *highest in one's city.* [ῥ]
ὑψηπός, ὁ, ἡ, neut. —πουν, gen. —ποδος, (ὑψι, πούς)
high-footed: on high, sublime.

ὑψηπύλος, ον, (ὑψι, πύλη) *with high gates.*

ὑψηπύργος, ον, (ὑψι, πύργος) *high-towering.*

ὑψηστος, η, ον, Sup. from Adv. ὑψι, *highest, loftiest;*
τὰ ὑψηστα *the highest heavens.* 2. of persons, *most high, dwelling on high.*

ὑψητερος, α, ον, Comp. from Adv. ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψηφάης, ἐς, (ὑψι, φάος) *beaming on high.*

ὑψηφάνης, ἐς, (ὑψι, φανῆναι) *seen on high.*

ὑψηφόρητος, ον, (ὑψι, φορέω) *high-borne, soaring on high.*

ὑψηφρων [ῥ], ονος, ὁ, ἡ, (ὑψι, φρήν) *high-minded, haughty.*

ὑψηχαίτης, ου, ὁ, (ὑψι, χ αίτη) *long-haired.*

ὑψηλων, ον, gen. ονος, ποët. Comp. from ὑψι, *higher, loftier.*

ὑψηθεν, Adv. (ὑψος) *from on high, from aloft, from above, Lat. desuper.* II. *high, aloft, on high, above, over.*

ὑψηόθι, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high.*

ὑψηόροφος, ον, (ὑψι, ὀροφή) *high-roofed, high- vaulted.*

ὑψος, εος, τό, (ὑψι) *height: the top, summit, crown:* absol. in acc. ὑψος, *in height.*

ὑψηόσε, Adv. (ὑψος) *on high, upwards, aloft, up.*

ὑψηού, Adv. (ὑψος) *high, aloft, on high, up.*

ὑψηώω, ῥ. ὤσω: aor. I ὑψηώσα: Pass., fut. ὑψηθήσομαι: aor. I ὑψηθήν: (ὑψος):—*to heighten, raise, elevate, exalt.* Hence

ὑψηώμα, ατος, τό, *height, elevation.*

ῥΥΩ, ῥ. ὕσω [ῥ]: aor. I ὕσα: Pass., fut. med. ὕσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ὕσθην: pf. ὕσμαι:—*to wet, water: to rain, Ζεὺς δὲ Ἰοῦε σεντ ραιν;* so, ὁ θεὸς ὕει the god sends rain; but the nom. was soon omitted, and ὕει used impers., like Lat. *pluit, it rains;* εἰ δὲ if it rained; part. neut. used absol., ὕοντος πολλῶ as it was raining heavily: c. acc. loci, ἐπὶ τὰ ἐτέων οὐκ ὕει τὴν Θήρην for seven years it did not rain on Thera: c. acc. cognato, ὕσε χρυσόν it rained gold. II. Pass., of places, *to be rained on, to be wetted; λέων ὕμενος a lion drenched with rain; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θήβαι Thebes was rained upon; ἡ γῆ ὕεται the country is rained upon, it rains in the country.*

Φ

Φ, φ, φῖ, τό, indecl., twenty-first letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral φ' = 500, but φ = 500,000.

The Consonant Φ arose from the labial Π followed by the aspirate; and was anciently written ΠΗ, and was expressed in Lat. by *ph*, though φ was used to express the Lat. *f*.

Changes of Φ.

I. in Aeol., Dor., and Ion. the aspirate was often dropped, and φ became π, as λίσπος σπύργος σπονδύλη for λίσπος σφύργος σφονδύλη: the Att. sometimes used it for π, as φανός φάτρα for πανός πάτρα. II. in Aeol., Dor. and Ion., φ is put for θ, as φήρ φλάω for θήρ θλάω.

Φ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so that a short vowel before it became long by position, as in ῥφισ, quasi ὄφφισ.

φᾶ, Dor. and ποët. for ἔφα, ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φᾶανθεν, lengthd. for φάνθεν, Ep. for ἐφάνθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φαίνω.

φᾶντατος, η, ον, Ep. Sup. of φαεινός, *most brilliant, brightest.*

φᾶντερος, α, ον, Ep. Comp. of φαεινός, *more brilliant, brighter.*

ΦΑΓΕΪΝ Ion. φαγεῖν Ep. φαγεῖν, inf. of ἐφαῖγον, with no pres. in use, used as aor. 2 of ἐσθίω, *to eat, devour, c. acc.: c. gen. to eat of a thing: generally, to eat up, devour, consume, waste.*

φάγες, Ep. for ἐφαγες, 2 sing. aor. 2: see φαγεῖν.

φάγησι, Ep. for φάγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν.

φάγος, ὁ, (φαγεῖν) *a glutton.* [ᾶ]

φάγωντι, Dor. for φάγωσι, 3 pl. aor. 2 subj.: see φαγεῖν. [ᾶ]

φάε, 3 sing. impf. of φάω.

φαιθοντίς, ἴδος, ποët. for φαέθουσα, fem. of φαέθων, *shining.*

φαέθω, (φάος) *to shine;* only found in part. φαέθων, *beaming, radiant:* hence φαέθων as Subst., *the beaming one, the Sun;* neut. pl., πάννυχα καὶ φαέθοντα *whole nights and days.*

Φαέθων, ὁ, (properly part. of φαέθω) *Shining, one of the steeds of Morning.* 2. son of Apollo, famous for upsetting the chariot of the sun.

φαιενός, ἡ, ὄν ποët. φαιενός, (φάος) *shining, beaming, radiant:*—Comp. φαιενότερος. 2. also like λαμπρός, *of the voice, clear, distinct.* 3. generally, *splendid, brilliant.*

φαινω, ποët. form of φαίνω, *to shine, give light.*

φαιενός, ἡ, ὄν, ποët. form of φαιενός.

φαιεσιμβροτος, ον, (φάος, βροτός) *bringing light to mortals, shining on mortals.*

φαιεσφορός contr. φωσφόρος, ον, (φάος, φέρω) *light-bringing.*

φᾶη, contr. for φάεα, pl. of φάος.

φᾶβι, imperat. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

Φαίαιξ, ἄκος, Ep. and Ion. Φαίηξ, ηκος, ὁ, *a Phaeacian: the Phaeacians* are in Homer inhabitants of the island of Scheria (afterwards Corcyra, now Corfu), and were famous as sailors.

φαιδιμόεις, εσσα, εν, ποët. form of φαιδιμος.

φαιδιμος, ον, also η, ον, (φαίνω) *shining, brilliant: metaph. famous, glorious, Lat. clarus.*

φαιδρόνους, ον, (φαιδρός, νοῦς) *of cheerful, joyous mind.*

φαιδρός, ἁ, ὄν, (φάω, φαίνω) *beaming, radiant:*

metaph. *beaming* or *radiant with joy, jocund, gay*. Adv. —*βρῶς, joyously, cheerily*: also neut. pl. *φαιδρά* as Adv. Hence

φαιδρότης, ητος, ή, brightness, lustre. II. metaph. *joyousness*.

φαιδρύνω, f. ὠσώ, (φαιδρός) to make bright. II. metaph. in Pass. *to be cheerful or joyous*.

φαιδρύντρια, ή, a washer, cleanser. From *φαιδρύνω* [ῥ]: f. ὑνά: aor. I *ἐφαιδρῦνα*: (*φαιδρός*): —*to make bright, clean, cleanse.* II. metaph. *to cheer, please* —Pass. *to brighten up with joy*.

φαιδρῦπός, ὄν, (φαιδρός, ὠψ) with a bright, joyous look.

φαίην, pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαίκάς, ἄδος, ή, (φάος) a kind of white shoe.

φαίμεν, for φαίμεν, I pl. pres. or aor. 2 opt. of φημί.

φαινέμεν, Ep. for φαίνεμεν, inf. of φαίνω.

φαινέσκετο, 3 sing. Ion. impf. med. of φαίνω.

φαινόλης, ου, ὄ, formed from the Lat. paenula, thick upper garment or cloak.

φαινόλις, ἴδος, ή, (φαίνω) light-bringing.

φαινομένηφι, Ep. part. dat. fem. of φαίνομαι.

φαίνω, f. φάνῶ: Att. also φάνῶ: aor. I ἐφήνα, inf. φήνα Dor. ἐφάνα: 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε: pf. πέφαγκα: pf. 2 (intr.) πέφηνα: Pass. and Med. φαίνομαι: fut. φάνομαι Ion. φανέομαι; also φᾶνῆσομαι: also poet. paullo-p. fut. πέφῆσομαι: aor. I ἐφάνθην, Ep. 3 sing. φᾶνθη, 3 pl. φᾶνθεν: aor. 2 ἐφάνην, Ep. inf. φᾶνῆναι: pf. pass. πέφασμαι, 3 sing. πέφανται, inf. πεφᾶνθαι, part. πεφασμένος: (φᾶω). 1. to bring to light, make to appear: to shew, to make clear or known, hence to lay bare, uncover, disclose: hence almost to grant, as γόνον Ἐλένη φαίνειν to grant Helen a child:—at Sparta, φρουρὰν φαίνειν to proclaim a levy, call out the array. 2. of sound, to make distinct, make ring clear. 3. to bring to light, display, exhibit: also to explain, expound. 4. in Att. to inform against, indict, impeach: to inform of a thing as contraband: τὰ φανθέντα articles informed against as contraband. 5. aor. I med. φήνασθαι to shew or display as one's own. II. intr. to give light, shine forth. 2. to appear, like the Pass., only in Ion. aor. 2 φάνεσκε, pf. 2 πέφηνα. III. Pass. to come to light, be seen, appear, to be clear or manifest. 2. of the rising of heavenly bodies, to appear: ἅμα ἡοὶ φαινόμενηφι at break of day. 3. generally, to appear to be, c. part. or c. inf., which are used in different senses, φαίνεται c. inf. denoting what appears or is likely; φαίνεται c. part. what is apparent or manifest; as, φαίνεται εἶναι be appears or seems to be (like δοκεῖ), φαίνεται εἶναι be manifestly is. 4. often in dialogue, φαίνεται σοι ταῦτα; does this appear so? is not this so? Answ., φαίνεται it does appear so, yes. 5. the phrase φανῆναι ὁδόν, to appear on the road, is shortd. for ἰέναι ὁδόν ὥστε φανῆναι: so also, κέλευθον φαεῖς. 6. in Att., esp. in aor. I ἐφάνθην, to be denounced, informed against; see φαίνω I. 4.

ΦΑΙΟΣ, ἄ, ὄν, dusky, dun, gray, Lat. fuscus. II. also like *Lat. fuscus*, of the voice, *deep, hollow*.

φαιο-χιτών, ἄνος, ὄ, ή, (φαιός, χιτών) dark-robed.

ΦΑΚΕΛΟΣ, ὄ, a bundle, Lat. fasciculus.

φᾶκι, ής, ή, (φάκος) a dish of lentils or pulse, pease-porridge.

ΦΑΚΟΣ, ὄ, the plant lentil; also its fruit, which was eaten at funerals.

φάλαγγιδόν, Adv. (φάλαγξ) in phalanxes.

φάλαγγιον, τό, (φάλαγξ) a venomous kind of spider.

φάλαγγομάχῳ, f. ήσῳ, to fight with or in a phalanx: to fight in the ranks. From

φάλαγγομάχης, ου, ὄ, (φάλαγξ, μάχομαι) one that fights in the phalanx: fighting in the ranks.

ΦΑΛΑΓΞ, αγγος, ή, in Homer, a line or order of battle, battle-array: mostly in plur. the ranks of an army in battle. 2. later, the Greek mode of drawing up infantry, the phalanx, a compact mass of infantry, of 8 deep, but also as much as 25 deep: the phalanx was brought to great excellence under Epaminondas, though it reached perfection under Philip of Macedon; ἐπὶ φάλαγγος ἄγειν to lead in phalanx, Lat. quadrato agmine. 3. generally, the main body, centre, as opp. to the wings (κέρατα). 4. also a camp. II. a round piece of wood, a trunk or log; φάλαγγες ἐβένου logs of ebony. III. a spider: see φάλαγγιον.

φάλαγι, dat. pl. of φάλαγξ.

ΦΑΛΑΙΝΑ, ή, a whale, Lat. balaena: hence of a devouring monster. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρα, ή, (φαλακρός) baldness, a bald head.

φᾶλᾶκρός, ὄ, ὄν, (φᾶλος) bald-headed, bald-pated.

φᾶλᾶκρώ, f. ὠσῳ, (φαλακρός) to make bald: Pass. to become bald.

φᾶλανθίας, ου, ὄ, a bald man. From

φᾶλανθος, ου, (φᾶλος) = φαλακρός. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρα, τά, (φᾶλος) the cheek-pieces of the helmet.

II. the cheek-pieces of horses: generally, trappings. [φᾶ]

φᾶλᾶρις Ion. φαληρίς, ἴδος, ή, (φαλαῖρος) a coat, Lat. fulica, so called from its bald white head.

φᾶλᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, Dor. for Ion. φαληρός, (φᾶλος) having a patch of white, white-crested.

Φᾶληρεὺς, ἔως, ὄ, a man of Phalerum, a Phalerian.

φᾶληριῶ, (φαληρός) to be or become white: Ep. part., κύματα φαληριῶντα waves crested with white foam.

Φᾶληρον, τό, Phalērum, the western harbour of Athens: Φαληρόθεν from Phalerum; Φαληρόνδε to Phalerum. [ᾶ]

φᾶληρός, ὄ, ὄν, Ion. for φαλαρός.

φᾶλλης, ητος, ὄ, = φᾶλλος.

φᾶλλαινα, ή, = φάλανα.

ΦΑΛΛΟΨ, ὄ, membrum virile, a figure thereof, which was borne in solemn procession in the Bacchic orgies, as an emblem of the generative power in nature.

ΦΑΛΟΣ, ὄ, a part of the helmet worn by the

Homeric heroes: either *the peak* or *fore-piece*, or perh. *a metal ridge on the crown in which the plume* (Λόφος) *was fixed.* [ᾶ]

φάμα, ἡ, Dor. for φήμη.

φάμεν, Ep. for ἔφαμεν, I pl. aor. 2 of φημί. 2.

poët. for φάμαι, inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμεν (enclit.), I pl. pres. of φημί.

φάμενος, Dor. fem. of φάμενος.

φάμενος, pres. and aor. 2 med. part. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάμι, Dor. for φημί.

φάν, poët. for ἔφησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναι, pres. or aor. 2 inf. of φημί. [ᾶ]

φάναι, aor. I inf. of φαίω.

φάνειης, 2 sing. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίω.

φάνειμεν, Att. for φανείμεν, I pl. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φαίω.

φάνεις, εἶσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φαίω.

φάνεν, Aeol. and poët. for ἐφάνησαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 pass. of φαίω: but φάνέν, aor. 2 part. neut. [ᾶ]

φάνερός, ἄ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, (φαίω) *open to sight, visible: manifest, evident:* freq. joined with part., ἐπιστεῦδων φανερός ἦν *he was conspicuous* urging the matter forward: ἐκ τοῦ φανεροῦ = Adv., φανερώς, *plainly, clearly:* so, ἐν φανερῷ, ἐν τῷ φανερῷ, κατὰ τὸ φανερόν. 2. of persons, *known, famous, conspicuous.* 3. of property, *tangible, real*, opp. to money.

φάνερόω, f. ὤσω, (φανερός) *to make visible* or *manifest.* II. *to make known* or *famous:*—Pass. with aor. I —ώθην:—*to become known* or *famous.* Hence φάνερός, Adv. of φανερός, *openly, manifestly:* Comp. φανερώτερον: Sup. φανερώτατα.

φάνερωσις, ἡ, *a making visible: a manifestation.* φάνεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. 2 pass. of φαίω. [ᾶ]

φάνη, ἡ, (φαίω) *a torch* in plur. φανάι, *torch-processions.*

φάνηθι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 pass. subj. of φαίω.

φάνηθι, aor. 2 pass. imperat. of φαίω. [ᾶ]

φάνημεναι, for φανήναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φαίω.

φάνησομαι, fut. pass. of φαίω.

φάνισον, τό, Dim. of φανός, (Subst.), *a small torch, taper.*

φάνοιην, for φανοίω, aor. 2 opt. of φαίω.

φάνος, ἡ, ὄν, (φαίω) *light, bright; τὸ φανὸν brightness:*—of garments, *washed clean.* 2. *bright, joyous*, like φαῖδρός. Comp. and Sup. φανώτερος, —ότατος. [ᾶ]

φάνος, also πᾶνός, ὁ, (φαίω) *a lamp, lantern, torch.*

φάνουμαι, fut. med. of φαίω.

φαντάζω, f. ἄσω, (φαίω) *to make visible, clear* or *manifest.* II. Pass., fut. φανταστήσομαι: aor. I ἐφαντάσθην:—*to become visible, appear, shew oneself.* 2. *to make a show* or *parade*, Lat. *se ostentare.* 3. φαντάζεσθαι *to be like, assume* a likeness to some one. 4. used for φαίνεσθαι or συκοφαντεῖσθαι, *to be informed against.* Hence φαντάσια, ἡ, *a making visible, displaying.* 2. *display, parade*, Lat. *ostentatio.* II. as a term

of philosophy, *the power of the mind*, by which *it places objects before itself, presentative power.*

φάντασμα, ατος, τό, (φαντάζω) *an appearance, image, phantom*, like φάσμα: also *a vision, dream.* 2. *an image presented to the mind* by an object, Lat. *visum: a mere image, unreal appearance.*

φάντες, aor. 2 part. nom. pl. of φημί.

φάντι, Dor. for φᾶσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

φάο, Ep. pres. or aor. 2 med. imperat. of φημί.

φάος, φάεος, εος contr. φάους, τό contr. φῶς, φωτός: Ep. also φῶος: (φάω)—*light, daylight; ἐν φάει* by *daylight; ἐτι φάους ὄντος* while there was still *daylight;* often in phrases ὄρᾶν φάος ἡελίου, or φάος βλέπειν, to see *the light* of the sun, i. e. to be alive; so also, φάος λέπειν ἡελίου, i. e. to be dead; εἰς φῶς λέναι to come into *the light*, i. e. into public. 2. *the light* of a fire or torch, *fire-light* or *torch-light.* II. metaph. *light*, i. e. joy, deliverance, happiness, and the like; ᾧ μέγιστον Ἑλλήσων φάος *O greatest light of safety* to the Greeks. III. plur. φάεα, *the eyes*, Lat. *lumina:* so in sing. of the Cyclops' eye.

ΦΑΡΑΓΞ [φᾶ], αργος, ἡ, *a mountain cleft, a deep chasm, ravine, gully.* (Akin to φάρυγξ.)

φάράω, to plough.

φάρετρα Ion. —τηρ, ἡ, (φέρω) *a quiver for carrying arrows*, Lat. *pharetra.* Hence

φάρετρον, ἄνος, ὁ, = φαρῆρα.

φάρετριον, τό, Dim. of φαρῆρα, *a small quiver.*

φάρετρο-φόρος, ον, (φαρέτρα, φέρω) *quiver-bearing.*

Φαρισαῖος, ον, ὁ, *a Pharisee:* pl. οἱ Φαρισαῖοι, *the Pharisees* or *Separatists*, a sect of the Jews, who affected superior holiness of life and manners, and a rigid adherence to the law of Moses. They believed in the Resurrection, and in the existence of angels and spirits, which the Sadducees denied.

φαρμακάω, (φάρμακον) *to suffer from poison*, *be mad* from the effects of poison. II. *to require medicine*, as τομάω to require cutting.

φαρμακεία, ἡ, (φαρμακεῖω) *the use of any kind of drugs, potions* or *spells: poisoning, witchcraft, sorcery.*

φαρμακία, ἡ, poët. for φαρμακεία.

φαρμακεύς, εως, ὁ, (φάρμακον) *one who deals in drugs* or *poisons, a sorcerer, poisoner:* fem. φαρμακεύτρια.

φαρμακεύω, f. σω, (φάρμακον) *to administer a drug:* to use *enchantments, practise sorcery; φαρμακεύεν τι ἐς τὸν ποταμὸν* to use a thing as a charm to calm the river. 2. c. acc. pers. *to drug, purge.*

φαρμακίς, ἴδος, fem. of φαρμακεύς, *a sorceress, witch.*

φαρμακῆεις, εσσα, εν, (φάρμακον) *drugged, poisonous.*

ΦΑΡΜΑΚΟΝ, τό, *a medicine, drug, remedy; φάρμακον νόσον* *a medicine* for disease; metaph. φάρμακον λύπης, *a remedy* against grief. The φάρμακα applied outwardly were χριστά ointments or salves, and παστά, ἐπιπαστα or καταπαστά plasters; those taken inwardly were βρώσιμα, such as

ills, and πότιμα, ποτά, πιστά, draughts or potions.

II. a poisonous drug, drug, poison. III. an enchanted potion, philtre: also a charm, spell, enchantment: any secret means of effecting a thing. IV. also a means of producing something, as, φάρμακον σωτηρίας an expedient to procure safety. V. a means for colouring, a dye, colour.

φαρμῆκο-ποσία, ἡ, (φάρμακον, ΠΟ— Root of πίνω) a drinking of medicine or poison.

φαρμῆκο-πώλης, ον, ὁ, (φάρμακον, πώλω) one who sells drugs or poisons, a druggist, apothecary.

φαρμῆκός, ὁ, ἡ, (φάρμακον) = φαρμακεύς. II. one who is sacrificed as a purification for others, a scape-goat: then since worthless fellows were reserved for this fate, an arrant rascal, polluted wretch, Lat. homo riuicularis.

φαρμῆκο-τριβής [τ], ὁ, (φάρμακον, τριβῆναι) one who grinds and prepares drugs or colours.

φαρμῆκώ, ἴ, ὤσω, (φάρμακον) to endue with healing power.

φαρμάσσω Att. -ττω: ἴ, ξω: pf. pass. πεφάρμαγμα: (φάρμακον):—to medicate, practise upon by drugs or philtres; φαρμάσσειν χαλκῶν to temper metal by plunging it in cold water. II. to enchant or bewitch by the use of potions, to poison. III. to alloy, adulterate: season, spice.

ΦΑΡΟΣ [ἄ] or φάρος [ἄ], εος, τό, a cloth, sheet, web: sail-cloth. II. a wide, loose cloak or mantle, worn as an outer garment, also used as a shroud; πύρατον φάρος my last rag.

Φάρος, ἡ, Pharos, an island in the bay of Alexandria, afterwards famous for its lighthouse. II. as appellat. φάρος, ὁ, a light-house.

φάρωσι, Ep. 3 pl. of φάρω.

φάρσος, εος, τό, (φάρω) a piece torn off or severed, a part, portion, division, Lat. pars; φάρσει πόλιος the quarters of a city.

φάρυγξ, ἡ or ὁ, gen. ὕγος, (φάρω) the throat. II. a gulf, cleft, chasm in the earth: cf. φάραγξ. [ἄ]

ΦΑΡΩ, ἴ, φάρω: pf. πέφαρκα:—to cleave, part.

φάς, φᾶσα, φάν, part. pres. and aor. 2 of φημί.

φασγάνης, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of φάσγανον, a knife.

φάσγανον, τό, (σφάζω, for σφάγανον) a thing to cut with, a sword.

φασγᾶν-ουργός, ὄν, (φάσγανον, *ἔργω) forging swords.

φᾶσε, Dor. and poet. for ἔφησε, 3 sing. aor. I of φημί.

φάσηλος [ἄ], ὁ, a sort of bean, Lat. p̄basēlus. II. a light boat, canoe, skiff, from its likeness to the pod of the φάσηλος. (Egyptian word.)

φάσθαι, Ep. med. inf. of φημί.

φάσθε, φάσθω, 2 pl. and 3 sing. imperat. med. of φημί.

φᾶσι, 3 pl. of φημί.

Φασιανικός, ἡ, ὄν, from the river Phasis, but with a play on συκο-φαντικός, informing-like.

Φασιάνος, ὄν, (Φᾶσις) from the river Phasis: hence ὁ φασιάνος (sub. ὄρνις) the Phasian bird, pheasant,

Lat. phasianus: but Φασιάνος ἀνὴρ with a play on συκο-φάντης, an informer: cf. Φασιανικός.

φάσις, εος, ἡ, for φάνσις, (φαίνω) an accusation, information. [ἄ]

φᾶσις, εος, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, sentence. II. affirmation, assertion. [ἄ]

Φᾶσις, ἴος, ὁ, the river Phasis in Colchis or Pontos. φάσκω, impf. ἔφασκον Ep. φάσκον, (which is used as impf. of φημί) = φημί, to say, but often with a collat. notion of saying what you do not believe, to allege, to pretend, Lat. prae se ferre: also to think, suppose: to promise to do.

φάσμα, ατος, τό, (φαίνω) an apparition, phantom; φάσμα ἀνθρώπου the phantom of a man. 2. a sign from heaven, a portent, omen. 3. a monster, prodigy, portent; φάσμα ταύρου a monster of a bull.

ΦΑΣΣΑ Att. φάττα, ἡ, the wood-pigeon, ring-dove or cushat, Lat. palumbus.

φασσο-φόνος, ὄν, (φάσσα, *φένω) dove-killing, of the hawk; as Subst., φασσοφόνος, ὁ, name of a kind of hawk.

φᾶσῶ, φᾶσεις, Dor. for φήσω, φήσεις, fut. of φημί.

φᾶτέ, 2 plur. of φημί.

φᾶτελός, ἄ, ὄν, (φημί) poet. for φατός, to be spoken of, pronounced.

φᾶτεον, verb. Adj. of φημί, one must say.

φᾶτί, Dor. for φησί, 3 sing. pres. of φημί.

φᾶτίω, ἴ, ἴσω Dor. ἴζω: aor. I ἐφάτισα: Pass., aor. I ἐφάτισθην: pf. πεφάτισμαι: (φάτις):—to say, speak, report; τὸ φατιζόμενον used absol., as the saying is. II. to promise, plight, betroth. III. to call, name.

φάτις, εος Ion. ἴος, ἡ, (φημί) a saying, speech, report; κατὰ φάτιν as the report goes; ἡ φάτις ἔχει μὲν the report goes of him. II. one's (good or bad) report, reputation, fame, report, Lat. fama. III. the saying, answer of an oracle. [ἄ]

φάτην, ἡ, (πατέομαι) a manger, crib.

φάτο, Ep. for ἔφατο, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φᾶτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φημί, said, spoken; that may be spoken, uttered or pronounced: with a negat., οὐ φᾶτός, unspeakable, unutterable. II. famous.

φάττα, ἡ, Att. for φάσσα.

φάλο-ἐπί-φάυλος, (φάυλος, ἐπί, φαύλος) bad upon bad, bad as bad can be.

φαυλίω, ἴ, ἴσω Att. ἴω, (φαύλος) to hold cheap, to depreciate, disparage.

ΦΑΥΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, also ος, ὄν, like φλαύρος, light, easy, slight, trifling. 2. trivial, paltry, petty, sorry, bad. II. of persons, low in rank, mean, common: worthless, poor, common, of no account; οἱ φαῦλοι the vulgar, the common sort, also the weak or uneducated, as opp. to οἱ σοφοί. 2. of outward appearance, ugly, mean-looking. 3. careless, thoughtless.

φαυλότης, ητος, ἡ, meanness, paltriness. 2. want of accomplishments; ἡ ἐμὴ φαυλότης my lack of judgment.

φαύλος, Adv. of φαύλος, easily, lightly; φαύλως

φέρειν τι to bear a thing *lightly*, take it *easily*. 2. *at a rough guess*; *παύλως φηλόσασθαι* to estimate *roughly*; *παύλως εἰπεῖν* to speak *loosely*.

φανσίμβροτος, *ον*, = φαεσίμβροτος.

ΦΑΩ, Root of φαῖνω, to give light, shine, beam, esp. of the heavenly bodies.

ΦΕΒΟΜΑΙ, poet. Dep., used only in pres. and impf., = φοβέομαι, to be put to flight, flee affrighted: c. acc. to flee from.

ΦΕΤΓΟΣ, eos, τό, light, splendour, lustre: *sun-light, daylight*; δεκάτῳ φέγγει ἔτους, periph. for *in the tenth year*. II. poet. light, gladness, joy. Hence φέγγω, to make bright:—Pass. to shine, gleam, be bright.

φειδέομαι, Ion. for φείδομαι.

φείδο, Dor. pres. imperat. of φείδομαι.

φειδίτιον, τό, (φείδομαι) mostly in plur. φειδίτια, τά, spare *ibristy* meals, being the Spartan name for the public tables (συστία), at which all citizens ate together the same *frugal* meal. 2. also the common hall, in which these meals were taken.

ΦΕΙΔΟΜΑΙ: fut. φείσομαι Ep. paullo-p. fut. πεφιδήσομαι: aor. I ἐφείσαμην Ep. φείσαμην: Ep. redupl. aor. 2 πεφιδόμην, opt. πεφιδόμην, πεφίδοιτο, inf. πεφιδέσθαι: Dep.:—to spare, to be sparing or chary of a thing, Lat. *parcere*, c. gen.: of provisions, to use sparingly or *ibristily*: also to draw back or from, turn away from: c. inf. to spare or forbear to do. Hence φειδομένως, Adv. pres. part. of φείδομαι, sparingly, *ibristily*, charily.

φειδώ, ós contr. οὐς, ἡ, (φείδομαι) a sparing, re-retraining. II. *ibrist*, stinginess.

φειδωλή and φειδωλία, ἡ, = φειδώ. From φειδωλός, ἡ, óν, (φειδώ) sparing, *ibristy*, chary of a thing: c. gen., φειδωλός χρημάτων sparing of money. Adv. —ῶς, sparingly, *ibristily*.

φείσασθαι, aor. I inf. of φείδομαι.

φείσατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I of φείδομαι.

φειστέον, verb. Adj. of φείδομαι, one must spare.

φελλεύς, έως, ó, stony ground or soil: hence as the name of a rocky district of Attica.

φέλλινος, η, *ον*, (φελλός) made of cork.

φέλλιον, τό, mostly in plur. stony ground: cf. φελλεύς.

φελλόπους, —ποδος, ó, ἡ, neut. —που, (φελλός, πούς) cork-footed.

ΦΕΛΛΟΣ, ó, the cork-tree, Lat. *quercus suber*. 2. the bark of the cork-tree, a cork, Lat. *cortex*.

φενάκιζω, f. *ίσω*, (φέναι) to play the impostor, cheat, lie. 2. trans. to cheat, trick:—Pass. to be cheated. Hence

φενάκισμός, ó, quackery, imposture, trickery.

ΦΕΝΑΞ, áκος, ó, a cheat, quack, impostor.

*ΦΕΝΩ, to slay, obsol. Root, to which belong Ep. aor. 2 πέφνον, shortd. from the redupl. form πέφενον, also with augm. έφεφον, infin. πεφνέμεν, part. πέφνων (not πέφνών) as if it were part. pres.:—Pass., pf. πέφαμαι, 3 sing. πέφαται, 3 pl. πέφανται,

inf. πεφάσθαι: paullo-p. fut. πεφήσομαι, Ep. 2 sing. πεφήσεια.

φέρ-ανθής, ές, (φέρω, άνθος) bringing flowers.

φέρ-ασπις, ίδος, ó, ἡ, (φέρω, άσπίς) shield-bearing.

φέρ-αυγής, ές, (φέρω, αύγή) bringing light, shining.

ΦΕΡΨΩΝ, plupf. έπεφρόβειν:—to feed, nourish: to preserve.

II. Pass. to be fed or feed upon a thing: hence to eat, consume, Lat. *depasci*: metaph. to feed on.

III. Med. c. acc. to feed oneself on a thing; φέρβεσθαι νόον to feed one's mind.

φέρ-έγγυος, *ον*, (φέρω, έγγύη) giving surety or bail, able to give security, trusty, responsible: generally, capable, competent: c. inf., λιμήν φερέγγυος διασώσαι τὰς νέας a harbour capable of preserving the ships: c. gen. able to answer sufficiently for a thing, trusty:—cf. έχέγγυος.

φερέμεν, Ep. inf. of φέρω.

φερεμ-μελής, poet. for φερεμελής, *ον*, ó, (φέρω, μελία) a warrior bearing an aspen spear, generally, a spear-bearer.

φέρε-νίκος, *ον*, (φέρω, νίκη) carrying off victory, victorious.

φέρε-οικος, *ον*, (φέρω, οίκος) carrying one's house with one, of the nomad Scythians:—as Subst., φερέοικος, ó, the house-carrier, i. e. snail; cf. πουλίπους, άνόστεος.

φέρε-πονός, *ον*, (φέρω, πόνος) bringing trouble or sorrow.

φερέσ-βλος, *ον*, (φέρω, βλος) bearing life or food, life-giving, food-giving.

φέρσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φέρω.

φεροσ-σάκης, ές, gen. έος, (φέρω, σάκος) shield-bearing, beavy-armed.

φεροσ-στάφυλος, *ον*, (φέρω, σταφυλή) bearing bunches of grapes.

φέρετρον contr. φέρτρον, τό, (φέρω) a bier, litter, Lat. *feretrum*.

φέρην, Aeol. for φέρειν, inf. of φέρω.

φέρησι, Ep. for φέρη, 3 sing. subj. of φέρω.

φέριστος, η, *ον*, like φέρτατος, stoutest, bravest, best; mostly in addresses, ώ φέριατε.

φέρμα, ατος, τό, (φέρω) that which is borne, a load, burden: the burden or fruit of the womb.

φερνή, ἡ, (φέρω) that which is brought by the wife, a dowry, portion, Lat. *dos*; φερναί πολέμου the dowry of war, i. e. a wife won in battle.

φέροισα, Dor. part. fem. of φέρω.

φέροντι, Dor. 3 pl. of φέρω: but also part. dat.

Φερσεφάτιον Att. Φερρεφάτιον, τό, a temple or sanctuary of Persephoné. From

Φερσεφάσσα Att. —ττα, and Φερρέφαττα, ἡ, = Περσεφάσσα, —ττα, Περσεφώνη, Proserpine.

Φερσεφώνη, ἡ, = Περσεφώνη.

φέρτατος, η, *ον*, Sup. Adj. = φέριστος, stoutest, bravest, best, mightiest, most powerful. (From φέρω, as Lat. *fortis* from *fero*.)

φέρτε, Ep. for φέρετε, 2 pl. of φέρω.

φέρτερος, α, *ον*, Comp. Adj. stouter, braver, better, mightier, more powerful. See φέρτατος.

φέρτος, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φέρω, *to be borne, endurable.*

φέρτρον, contr. for φέρετρον.

ΦΕΡΩ, a Root only used in pres. and impf.: Ep. forms, 2 pl. imperat. φέρετε for φέρετε; 3 sing. subj. φέρῃσι, Ep. for φέρῃ; Ion. impf. φέρεσκον, φέρεσκε. From the Root *ΟΙΓΩ comes the fut. οἶσα, med. οἶσομαι; Ep. imperat. οἶσε, inf. οἶσέμεν, οἶσόμεναι; also fut. pass. οἶσθήσομαι. From the Root *ΕΝΕΤΚΩ come aor. I ἤνεγκα, Ion. ἤνεικα Ep. ἔνεικα, subj. ἐνείκω, inf. ἐνείκαι: aor. 2 ἤνεγκον Ion. ἤνεικον, Ep. inf. ἐνεκέμεν: Ion. aor. I pass. ἤνεχθην; 3 pl. aor. I med. ἤνεικαντο. From the same Root come pf. act. ἐνήνοχα, pass. ἐνήνεγκαι, fut. pass. ἐνεχθήσομαι, aor. I pass. ἤνέχθη. I. like Lat. FERŌ, *to bear or carry a load.*

II. *to bear along*, with an idea of *motion added*, as of horses, ἄρμα φέρεν, etc.

III. *to bear, endure, suffer*, esp. with an Adv., βαρέως, χαλεπῶς φέρεν τι, Lat. aegrē, graviter ferre, *to bear a thing impatiently, take it ill or amiss, be disconcerted at it*; opp. to κούφως φέρεν τι, Lat. leviter ferre, *to bear a thing cheerfully, take it easily.*

IV. *to fetch: to bring, present, give*; δῶρα φέρεν *to bring presents*; and Med. bring with one or for one's own use:—χάρην τινι φέρεν *to grant any one a favour, do him a kindness*; but later, *to shew gratitude to one.* 2. *to occasion, cause, work*; as, κακόν or πῆμα φέρεν.

3. *to bring in, pay, discharge*; φέρον or δασμόν φέρεν *to pay tribute*; τιμὴν φέρεν *to pay a fine.* 4. ψήφον φέρεν *to give one's vote, Lat. ferre suffragium.*

V. *to bear, bring forth, produce*: absol. of the earth or of trees, *to bear fruit, be fruitful*: metaph. *to bring in, yield, produce*; ἀγῶν ὁ τὸ πᾶν φέρον the contest that bestows everything.

VI. *to bear off, carry off or away: to carry away as booty or plunder*, mostly in phrase φέρεν καὶ ἄγειν, Lat. agere et ferre, where φέρεν refers to the moveables which are carried off, and ἄγειν to the cattle which are driven away: also simply φέρεν *to rob.* 2. *to carry off, gain: to win, achieve, gain*: also *to receive one's due*, e. g. *to receive pay*:—Med., esp. in phrases ἀέθλον φέρεσθαι *to carry off a prize*; τὰ πρῶτα, τὰ δευτέρα φέρεσθαι *to win and hold the first, the second rank*: the Med. φέρεσθαι is used generally of everything which one gets for oneself or for one's own use and behoof, so as to take and carry away to one's home.

VII. absol. of roads, *to lead to a place*; ἡ ὁδὸς φέρει, like Lat. via fert or ducit. 2. of a tract of country, *to stretch, extend, verge to or towards*: metaph. *to lead or tend to an end or object*; τὰ πρὸς τὸ ὑγιαίνειν φέροντα that which is conducive to health; and so generally, *to contribute or conduce to or towards.* 3. *to aim at, hint or point at, refer to a thing*; ἐς ἀρτίους ἀγῶνας φέρον τὸ ματῆιον the oracle referring to martial contests; τὴν ἡ γνῶμην ἔφερε συμβάλλειν their opinion inclined to giving battle: also c. dat. pers.,

πλέον ἔφερε οἱ ἡ γνῶμην, c. inf., his opinion inclined rather to do so and so:—φέρει is also used like συμφέρει, *it tends [to one's interest], is expedient.* VIII. *to carry about by word of mouth, in the mouth, to speak much of*; εὖ or πονηρῶς φέρεσθαι *to be well or ill spoken of.* 2. *to be carried about, to be in circulation.*

IX. φέρε is used in Homer as imperat., bear, carry, bring: but, like ἄγει, it was afterwards used as an Adv., come, now, well, before the I sing. or plur. subj., φέρε ἀκούσω, come let me hear; φέρε στήσωμεν come let us set.

Pass. *to be borne or carried from a place, esp. involuntarily; to be borne, carried on or along by waves, to be hurried, swept away, rush, fly along*, Lat. ferri: ἰδὸς φέρεσθαι *to rush right upon*; φερόμενοι ἐσέπιπτον ἐς τοὺς Αἰγινετὰς bearing down they fell upon the Aeginetans: so also part. act. used intrans., φέρουσα ἐνέβαλε νηὶ φιλήν bearing down she ran into a friendly ship. 2. also of bodies moved by their own power, *to hasten, run, fly, speed.* 3. metaph., εὖ or κακῶς φέρεσθαι, of schemes, etc., *to turn out, prosper well or ill*; τὰ πράγματα κακῶς φέρεται our affairs are in a bad state.

ΦΕΥΓ, Exclamation of grief or anger, ab! alas! woe! like Lat. vab, vae, our fyve! c. gen., φεύ τῆς Ἑλλάδος woe for Hellas!

II. of astonishment or admiration, ab! ob!

φευγέμεν, -έμεναι, Ep. for φεύγειν, inf. of φεύγω. φεύγεσκον, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φεύγω. φευγόντων, Ep. for φευγέτων, 3 pl. imperat., let them flee: also part. gen. pl. of φεύγω.

ΦΕΥΓΩ: Ion. impf. φεύγεσκον: f. φεύγομαι Dor. φευζομαι: aor. 2 ἔφθγον: pf. act. πέφυγα, pass. (inact. sense) πέφυγα: there is also Ep. pf. part. πεφυγότες, as if from φύζω:—*to flee, take flight*: c. acc. cognato, φεύγειν φυγήν *to flee in flight*: also, φεύγειν τὴν παρὰ θάλασσαν [sc. τὴν ὁδὸν] *to flee [the way] by the sea.* 2. the pres. part. φεύγων often expresses only the purpose or endeavour *to flee*, the compds. ἀποφεύγω, ἐκφεύγω, προφεύγω being added to denote the escape; as, βέλτερον, ὡς φεύγων προφύγη κακόν ἢ ἐ ἀλώη it is better that running off one should escape than be caught; so, φεύγων ἐκφεύγειν, φεύγων ἀποφεύγειν.

3. φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινοῦ *to flee before any one.* 4. c. inf. *to shun or shrink from doing*: absol. *to fear, shun.* II. c. acc. *to flee, shun, avoid*: as, φεύγειν θάνατον, πόλεμον, etc.: metaph. of any rapid movement, ἡνίοχον φύγον ἤνια the reins escaped from the hands of the charioteer. 2. pf. pass. part. retains the acc. in Homer, πεφυγμένος μοῖραν, ὄλεθρον having escaped, being quit of fate, destruction: but also c. gen., πεφυγμένος ἀέθλων escaped from toils.

III. *to flee one's country for a crime*; φεύγειν ὑπὸ τινοῦ *to be banished by one*: hence *to go into exile, live in banishment, be banished*, Lat. exulare.

IV. as Att. law-term, *to be accused or prosecuted at law*, opp. to διώκω: hence, ὁ φεύγων *the accused, defend-*

ant, Lat. *reus*, ὁ δικάων *the accuser, prosecutor*; c. acc., φεύγειν γραφὴν ἢ δίκην, *to be put on one's trial on a public or private indictment: the crime being added in gen., as φεύγειν φόνον (sc. δίκην) to be defendant on a charge of murder, i. e. to be charged with murder.*

φεύζω, f. ἔω: aor. I ἔφευξα:—*to cry φεύ, cry woe, wail.* (From φεύ, as οἰμώζω from οἰμώ, αἰάω from αἰά.)
φευκτέον, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *one must flee.*

φευκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, *to be avoided: that can be shunned or avoided.*

φευξείω, Desiderat. of φεύγω, *to wish or desire to flee.*

φεύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φύξις.

φεύξομαι Dor. φευξοῦμαι, fut. of φεύγω.

φεύξω, fut. of φεύζω (not of φεύγω).

ΦΕΨΑΛΟΣ, ου, ὅ, and φεψάλυξ, ὕγος, ὅ, a spark, brand, piece of the embers or hot ashes. Hence

φεψάλλω, f. ὦσω, *to reduce to ashes, to burn up.*

φεψάλυξ, υγος, ὅ, = φέφαλος. [ᾶ]

φή, Ion. for ἔφη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φή, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φημί.

φηγιεύς, α, ου, and φηγίεινος, η, ου, (φηγύς) oak, of oak, Lat. *FAGINUS*.

φηγινοῦς, ἡ, οὔν, contr. for φηγυεύς.

ΦΗΓΩΣ, ἡ, a kind of oak, bearing an esculent acorn, not the Lat. *fagus* (beech). II. *the esculent fruit of the same tree.*

φήη, Ep. for φῆ, 3 sing. pres. subj. of φημί.

φήληξ, ηκος, ὅ, (φηλός) *deceiver*, name of a wild-fing, which seems ripe when it is not really so.

φήλητεύω, f. σω, *to cheat, deceive, trick.* From φηλητής, ου, or φηλητής, οὔ, ὅ, (φηλός) *a deceiver, cheat, knave, thief.*

ΦΗΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, *deceitful, knavish.* Hence φηλώω, f. ὦσω, *to deceive, cheat, trick.* Hence φήλωμα, Dor. τό, *a deceit, deception, cheat.*

φήμη ἄορ. φάμα, ἡ, Lat. *fama*, (φημί) *a voice from heaven, a prophetic voice: an oracle, an augury.* II. *any voice or words, a speech, saying: also a song.*

2. *a common saying, an old tradition, legend, adage.* 3. like Lat. *fama*, *a rumour, report: hence a man's good or bad report, his fame, reputation, character.* 4. *a message.*

ΦΗΜΙ, φῆς, φησί: aor. 2 ἔφηη (the impf. being ἔφασκον, see φάσκω), ἔφησθα Ep. φῆσθα, ἔφη; imperat. φάθι; inf. φάναί; part. φάς, φάσα, φάν; fut. φήσω: aor. I ἔφησα. Med., aor. 2 ἐφάμην [ᾶ], inf. φάσθαι, part. φάμενος: impf. or aor. 2 ἐφάμην; also pf. pass. ἐφάσμαι; 3 sing. imperat. πεφάσθω. Ep. forms I pl. pres. opt. φαίμεν for φαίμεν; 3 sing. subj. φῆη for φῆ; aor. 2 φῆη, φῆς, φῆ, for ἔφηη, ἔφης, ἔφη, and 3 pl. ἔφην, φάν for ἔφασαν; med. imperat. φάο for φάσο:—'Ἡμί is a shortd. form of φημί: φάσκω is also a collat. form. The pres. indic. φημί is enclitic, except in 2 pers. φῆς. *To say, speak, tell: to express one's opinion or thoughts: hence, to be of opinion, believe, think, imagine, esp. in Med.; ἴσων ἔμοι φάσθαι to fancy himself equal to*

me; in familiar language φημί is often put before its pronoun, as, ἔφηη ἐγώ said I; ἔφη ὁ Σωκράτης said Socrates: φημί is sometimes joined with a synon. Verb, as, ἔφη λέγων, ἔλεγε φάς, etc. II. φημί often means, *to say yes, affirm, assert: opp. to οὐ φημι or φημί οὐχί, to say no, deny, refuse.*

φημίζω: f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ Dor. ἰζω: aor. I ἐφήμισα: (φήμι):—*to speak, utter, name:—Med. to express in words.*

φήμις, ιος, ἡ, poet. for φῆμη, *speech, talk: report, rumour, one's good or bad report, reputation; δῆμοιο φῆμις the voice or judgment of the people.*

φήη, Ep. for ἔφηη, aor. 2 of φημί.

φήηαι, aor. I inf. of φαίνω.

φήνει, 3 sing. aor. I opt. of φαίνω.

ΦΗΝΗ, ἡ, a kind of vulture.

φήρ, ὅ, gen. φηρός, Aeol. for θήρ, esp. in plur.

Φῆρες, the Centaurs.

φηρομάνης, ἐς, gen. ἑος, (φήρ, μανῆναι) *madly fond of wild animals or hunting.*

φής, 2 sing. of φημί: but 2. φῆς, Ep. for ἔφης, 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήσθα, Ep. 2 sing. aor. 2 of φημί.

φήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for φάτρα.

φθαίη, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φθάνω.

φθαίρω, Dor. for φθειρώ.

φθάμενος, aor. 2 med. part. of φθάνω. [ᾶ]

φθάν, Ep. for ἔφασαν, 3 pl. aor. 2 of φθάνω.

ΦΘΑ'ΝΩ: fut. φθασομαι, later also φθάσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐφθασα: aor. 2 ἔφθην, 3 pl. φθάν for ἔφθασαν, subj. φθῶ, Ep. 3 sing. φθήη and φθῆσιν, Ep. I pl. φθέωμεν, 3 pl. φθέωσιν, opt. φθαίην, inf. φθῆναι, part.

φθάς: pf. ἐφθάκα: Ep. aor. 2 med. part. φθάμενος [ᾶ]: Dor. fut. φθαζῶ, aor. I ἐφθαξα. *To come before, do, reach before; ὁ φθάσας the first comer; φθάνειν εἰς τὴν πόλιν to come first into the city:—c. acc. pers. to be beforehand with, overtake, outstrip, anticipate, Lat. praevenire; and sometimes simply to arrive; ἔφθασαν τὸν χειμῶνα they anticipated the storm; it is often joined with a part. act. agreeing with the agent, ἔφθη βαλὼν αὐτὸν he was beforehand in striking him; ἦ κε πολλὴ φθαίη πόλις ἀεόουσα the city would be beforehand in being taken, i. e. it would be taken first.*

II. in these constructions, φθάνειν is best rendered in English by an Adv. *before, sooner, first; ἔφθην ἀφικόμενος I came sooner or first: we also find the part. of φθάνω joined with another Verb, οὐκ ἄλλω φθὰς ἐμεῦ κατήγορος ἔσται no other shall be an accuser before me; φθάσας προσπεσοῦμαι I will first fall upon you; so part. φθάσας with imperat., λέγε φθάσας speak quickly.*

III. φθάνειν with οὐ and part., followed by καί, etc., like Lat. *simul ac*, denotes two actions following close on each other, οὐ φθάνει εξαγόμενος καὶ εὐθὺς ὁμοίος ἔστι no sooner is he brought out than he is like; οὐκ ἔφθη μοι συμβάσα ἡ ἀτυχία καὶ εὐθὺς ἐπεχείρησάν scarcely or no sooner had misfortune befallen me than they attempted.

IV. in questions with οὐ, φθάνω de-

notes impatience to have the thing done; ἀποτρέχων οὐκ ἂν φθάνοις; will you not be quick and run off? i. e. make haste and run off. V. in answers with οὐ and opt. c. ἄν, οὐκ ἂν φθάνομαι I could not be too quick, i. e. I will begin directly.

φθάρῃναι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φθείρω.
φθαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθείρω, *corruptible, destructible, mortal, transitory*.

φθᾶς, φθᾶσα, φθάν, aor. 2 part. of φθάνω.
ΦΘΕΤΓΟΜΑΙ, f. φθέγγομαι: aor. I ἐφθεγγάμην: pf. ἐφθεγγαί: Dep.:—to utter a sound or voice, to speak loud and clear, articulate; τὸ φθεγγόμενον, *that which uttered the sound, the voice*. 2. of animals, as of a horse to neigh, snort; of a fawn, to cry; of a door, to creak. II. c. acc. cognato, φθέγγεσθαι ἔπος to utter or say a word. III. to extol, praise, sing, celebrate.

φθέγμα, ατος, τό, (φθέγομαι) a voice: language, speech: a saying, word: in plur. accents, words. 2. generally, a cry, roar, sound.

φθέγγομαι, fut. of φθέγγομαι.
φθειόμεν, Ep. for φθέμεν, φθᾶμεν, I pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

ΦΘΕΙΡ, ὁ, gen. φθειρός, a louse, Lat. pediculus. II. the small fruit or cone of a kind of pine.

φθειρίω, f. ἄσω, (φθείρ) to be lousy, suffer from morbus pedicularis.

φθειρο-τραγέω, f. ἦσω, (φθείρ, τραγείν) to eat lice, or rather to eat fir-cones; cf. φθείρ.

φθείρω: fut. φθερώ Ep. φθέρσω: aor. I ἐφθειρα: pf. ἐφθαρα, pf. 2 ἐφθαρη: Pass., pf. ἐφθαρα, 3 pl. ἐφθάρηται: aor. 2 ἐφθάρην [ᾶ]: (φθίω):—to corrupt, spoil, ruin, waste, destroy, Lat. perdere, pessumdare:—Pass. to go to ruin, perish; in Att., φθείρου was a common imprecation, go and be banged! Lat. abi in malam rem! hence, εἰ μὴ φθερεῖ unless thou depart; but, φθείρεσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to run headlong into a thing. 2. in Pass., of shipwrecked persons, to be cast away. II. of men, to kill, slay, destroy: also of women, to seduce:—Pass. to perish, pine away.

φθερεσι-γενής, ἐς, (φθείρω, γένος) destroying the race or family.

φθέμεν, φθέσων, Ep. for φθᾶμεν, φθᾶσων, I and 3 pl. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆ, Ep. for ἔφθη, 3 sing aor. 2 of φθάνω.

φθῆη, Ep. for φθη, 3 sing. aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆναι, aor. 2 inf. of φθάνω.

φθῆσιν, Ep. for φθη, 3 sing aor. 2 subj. of φθάνω.

φθῆσομαι, fut. of φθάνω.

Φθία, ας, Ep. and Ion. Φθίη, ης, ἡ, Phtbia, a district in Thessaly, the home of Achilles. [ῆ]

Φθιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, fem. of Φθίος, a Phtbian woman.

φθίεται, Ep. for φθίηται, aor. 2 pass. subj. of φθίω.

Φθίηδε, Adv. to Phtbia. [ῆ]

Φθίηφι, Ep. dat. sing. of Φθίη, at Phtbia. [ῆ]

φθίμενος, part. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθίνάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φθίνω) intr. perishing, wasting,

waning. II. act. causing to decline, wasting: νόσοι φθινάδης wasting diseases.

φθίνασμα, ατος, τό, (φθίνω) a declining, wasting, pining, waning. [ῆ]

φθινάω and φθινέω, (φθίνω) to waste or pine.

φθινό-καρπος, ον, (φθίνω, καρπός) with blighted fruit.

φθινοπαρινός, ἡ, ὄν, (φθινοπαρον) autumnal.

φθινοπαρίς, ἰδος, fem. of φθινοπαρινός.

φθίν-ὄπωρον, τό, (φθίνω, ὄπωρα) the last part of ὄπωρα or the time after ὄπωρα, late autumn, the fall of the year.

φθίνυσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φθινύω. [ῆ]

φθινύω, poet. for φθίνω, used only in pres. and impf.: I. intr. to waste away, decay. II.

trans. to consume, waste. [ῆ]

ΦΘΪΝΩ, common form of φθίω. [ῆ]

φθίωμα, Ep. for φθίωμαι, aor. 2 pass. subj.

φθίος, α, ον, (Φθία) Phtbian; οἱ Φθίοι, the Phtbians.

φθίσσθαι [ῆ], fut. med. inf. of φθίνω.

φθίω-ἴηωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φθίω, ἀήρ) man-destroying, destructive, deadly, fatal.

φθίσθαι, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of φθίω, φθίω.

φθίστω-βροτος, ον, (φθίνω, βρότος) man-destroying.

φθίσις, ἐως, ἡ, (φθίνω) of persons, consumption, decline, decay, Lat. tabes. 2. generally, a dwindling or wasting away, decay, waning. [ῆ]

φθίτω, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. opt. of φθίω: but, 2.

φθίτω [ῆ], Ep. 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 pass. indic.

φθιτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φθίω, wasted, decayed, dead; οἱ φθιτοί the dead.

ΦΘΙΩ, impf. ἐφθισον, more common in form ΦΘΪΝΩ [ῆ Hom., ῖ Att.]: fut. φθίσσομαι [ῆ]: pf. pass. (in same sense as act.) ἐφθίμαι: plqpf. ἐφθίμην [ῆ]:—but ἐφθίμην is more commonly Ep. aor. 2 pass., 3 pl. ἐφθίωτο; subj. φθίωμαι Ep. φθίωμαι, 3 sing. φθίεται (for φθίηται), I pl. φθίωμεσθα (for φθίωμεθα); opt. φθίμην, φθίω, φθίτω; inf. φθίσθαι; part. φθίμενος [ῆ]:—to decline, decay, wane, pine or waste away, perish, die; οἱ φθίμενοι the dead: of Time, πρῶν κεν νῦξ φθίτω first would the night come to an end; φθίνουσιν νύκτες the nights wane; μηνῶν φθινόντων in the moon's wane, i. e. towards the month's end: in Homer's time, the month was divided into two parts, μὴν ἱστάμενος and μὴν φθίνων, as in phrase, τοῦ μὲν φθίνοντος μηνὸς τοῦ δ' ἱσταμένου both at the waning of the month, and at its beginning; at Athens the month was divided into 3 decads, μὴν ἱστάμενος, μὴν μεσῶν, μὴν φθίνων; in the two first of which the days were reckoned forwards, in the last backwards. 2. of plants, to fade, wither, die.

II. Causal in fut. φθίσω [ῆ], aor. I act. ἐφθίσα (like βήσω, ἐβησα):—to make to decline, decay or pine away, to consume: also of money, etc., to waste, squander.

Φθιώτης, ου, ὁ, (Φθία) a man of Phtbia:—fem. Φθιώτις, ἰδος (sub. γῆ), the land of Phtbia.

φθογγή, ἡ, (φθέγγομαι) like φθόγγος, the voice of men: also the cry of animals.

φθογγός, ὁ, (φθέγγομαι) *the voice of men: also the cry of animals: generally, a sound.*

ΦΘΟΥΣ, ἴος, ὁ, nom. pl. φθούς, *a kind of cake.*

φθονερός, ἄ, ὄν, (φθόνος) *envious, jealous; τὸ θεῖον πᾶν ἔσται φθονερόν the gods are altogether jealous.* Adv. φθονερώς ἔχειν *to be enviously disposed.*

φθονέω, ἴ. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφθόνησα, in late Poets ἐφθόνεσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφθονήθη: (φθόνος):—*to be envious or jealous, to envy, bear a grudge or ill-will; c. dat. pers., φθονεῖν τινι εὖ πρήσσοντι to envy a man in a state of prosperity: absol., μὴ φθονήσῃς bear no malice, Lat. ne graveris: also c. gen. rei, οὐ τοι ἡμίμων φθονέω I bear thee no grudge for the mules.*

2. c. acc. rei, *to grudge, refuse or withhold through envy or jealousy.* 3. c. inf., οὐκ ἂν φθονέομαι ἀγορεύσαι I will not grudge to tell; ἐφθονήσαν ἄνδρα ἕνα τῆς τε Ἀσίας καὶ τῆς Εὐρώπης βασιλεύσαι *they were jealous that one man should be king both of Asia and Europe.* 4. Pass. φθονοῦμαι, *to be envied or begrudged, Lat. invidetur (in Horace).* Hence φθόνισις, εως, ἡ, *an envying, a being jealous or grudging: envy.*

ΦΘΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *ill-will, envy, jealousy, at the good fortune of another: also an envying, a grudge, malice, Lat. invidia; οὐδεὶς φθόνος there is no grudging, i. e. I am willing: c. gen. rei, envy for or because of a thing—φθόνος jealousy at the great prosperity of men was ascribed to the gods, whence the phrase τὸν φθόνον πρόσκυπον, intreat, i. e. disarm, their envy.*

φθορά Ion. φθορή, ἡ, (ἐφθόρα) *corruption, decay: destruction, ruin: also a mortality, perdition, death.* 2. *seduction of a woman.* II. *moral corruption, depravity, wickedness.*

φθόρος, ὁ, = φθορά, *destruction, ruin, perdition: hence, οὐκ ἐς φθόρον [sc. ἀπει]; as a curse, like Lat. abi in malam rem, wilt thou not go to ruin? i. e. go bang.* II. like ἄλεθρος, *a pestilent fellow.*

-φι, -φιν, in Ep. poetry a termin. of the dat. and of genit., both in sing. and plur.: hence as an adverbial termin., mostly of place.

ΦΙΑΛΗ [ᾶ], ἡ, *a flat shallow cup or bowl, esp. a drinking-bowl or bowl for libations, Lat. patera: also a funereal vase or urn:—from its broad flat shape, Ἄρεος φιάλη the bowl of Mars, was a comic metaph. for ἄστis a shield.* Φιάλλω, ἴ. φιάλῳ, *to take in hand, undertake, set about a thing. (Deriv. uncertain.)*

φιᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. φιερός, ἡ, ὄν (πῖαρ) *sleek, plump.* Φιβάλεω Att. Φιβαλέω, αἰ, with or without ἰσχάδες, *a kind of early figs, so called from Φίβαλις, a district of Attica or Megaris.*

φιδίτιον, see φειδίτιον.

φιλ-άβουλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄβουλος) *wilfully thoughtless, wayward.*

φιλ-άγαθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγαθός) *loving goodness.*

φιλ-άγλαος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγλαός) *loving splendour.*

φιλ-ἀγραυλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγραυλος) *fond of a country life. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἀγρέτης, ὄν, ὁ, (φίλος, ἄγρα) *a lover of the chase: fem. φιλαγρέτις, ἴδος, a huntress.*

φιλ-ἀγρος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρός) *fond of the country or of a country life.*

φιλ-ἀγρυπνος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀγρυπνος) *fond of waking or watching, wakeful. [ἀγρ]*

φιλ-ἀγων, αως, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἀγών) *fond of contests: used in contests. [ᾶ]*

φιλ-ἀδελφία, ἡ, *brotherly or sisterly love. From φιλ-ἀδελφός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδελφός) fond of one's brother or sister, brotherly, sisterly. [ᾶ]*

φιλ-ἀέθλος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀέθλον) *fond of the games.*

φιλ-ἀθηναῖος, ὄν (φίλος, Ἀθηναῖος) *fond of the Athenians.*

φίλαι, Ep. 2 sing. aor. I med. imperat. of φιλέω.

φιλ-αίακτος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰάξω) *fond of wailing: lamentable.*

φιλ-αιδήμων, ὄν, gen. ονος, (φίλος, αἰδῶς) *loving modesty.*

φιλ-αίματος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἷμα) *fond of blood, blood-thirsty.*

φιλαίτερος, α, ὄν and φιλαίτατος, η, ὄν, irreg. Comp. and Sup. of φίλος, *dearer, dearest.*

φιλ-αίτιος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰτία) *fond of bringing charges, fault-finding, censorious.* II. *liable to blame.*

φιλ-ἀκόλουθος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκόλουθος) *readily following.*

φιλ-ἀκράτος Ion -ἀκρητος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀκρατος) *fond of sheer wine: given to wine. [ἀκρ]*

φίλαμα, Dor. for φίλημα.

φιλ-άμενος, poet. aor. I med. part. of φιλέω, in pass. sense.

φιλ-ἀμπελος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἄμπελος) *friend of the vine.*

φιλ-ἀνδρία, ἡ, *love for a husband: love for men. From φιλ-ἀνδρός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) loving one's husband, conjugal.* II. *loving men. [ῖ]*

φιλ-ανθής, ἐς, (φίλος, ἀνθος) *fond of flowers.*

φιλ-ανθράκευς, εως, ὁ, (φίλος, ἀνθρακεύς) *friend of colliers.*

φιλανθρωπέω, (φιλάνθρωπος) *to be a friend to mankind: in Med. φιλανθρωπέομαι, to act humanely or kindly.*

φιλανθρωπία, ἡ, (φιλάνθρωπος) *love for mankind, humanity, benevolence, kindness, clemency: in plur. acts of humanity or kindness.*

φιλ-ἀνθρωπος, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀνθρωπος) *loving mankind, humane, benevolent, kind. Hence φιλανθρώπως, Adv. humanely, kindly: Sup. -ότατα, most humanely.*

φιλ-ἀνωρ [ᾶ], ὄρος, ὁ, ἡ, Dor. for φιλῆνωρ, (φίλος, ἀνήρ) *loving one's husband, affectionate.*

φιλ-αιούδος, ὄν, (φίλος, αἰοῖδος) *fond of singing or singers.*

φίλασιδῶ, Dor. gen. of φιλασιδός.

φιλ-ἀπεχθμοσύνη, ἡ, *fondness for making enemies, readiness at picking quarrels: in pl. quarrelsome attempts. From*

φῖλ-ἄπεχθῆμων, *ov*, gen. *ovos*, (φίλος, ἀπεχθῆμων) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome, wrangling.*
Adv. —μόνος.

φῖλ-ἄπλοικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀπλόος) *fond of simplicity or frankness.*

φῖλ-ἀπόδημος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἀπόδημος) *fond of going abroad or travelling.*

φῖλαργυρία, ἡ, *love of money, covetousness.* From φῖλ-ἀργυρος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἀργυρος) *fond of money, covetous, avaricious.*

φῖλ-ἀριστείδης, *ov*, ὄ, (φίλος, Ἀριστείδης) *a friend of Aristides.*

φῖλ-ἀρμάτος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἄρμα) *fond of chariots or the chariot-race.*

φῖλαρχία, ἡ, *love of rule, lust of power.* From φῖλ-αρχος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἀρχή) *fond of rule, ambitious.*

[φῖ]
φῖλᾶσε, -άσας, Dor. for ἐφίλησε, φιλῆσας.

φῖλᾶσει, Dor. for φιλήσει, 3 sing. fut. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-αστράγαλος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἀστράγαλος) *fond of playing at dice.* [τρά]

φῖλ-ἄσωτος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἄσωτος) *fond of profligacy.*

φῖλᾶτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. I med. of φιλέω. [ῖ]

φῖλ-αυλος, *ov*, (φίλος, αὐλός) *fond of the flute.* [ῖ]

φῖλ-αυτος, *ov*, (φίλος, αὐτοῦ) *fond of oneself, self-loving, selfish.* Adv. —τως. [ῖ]

φῖλέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-έθερος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἔθερα) *loving the hair, i. e. worn in the hair.*

φῖλ-ἔλλην, *ηρος, ὄ, ἡ*, (φίλος, Ἑλλην) *fond of the Hellenes or Greeks.*

φῖλ-ἐννυχος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἐννυχος) *loving night.*

φῖλέοισα, Dor. pres. part. fem. pl. of φιλέω.

φῖλέοντι, Dor. 3 pl. pres. of φιλέω: but also pres. part. dat. sing.

φῖλ-ἑορτος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἑορτή) *fond of feasts or holidays.*

φῖλ-επιτιμητής, *ov*, ὄ, (φίλος, ἐπιτιμάω) *fond of fault-finding: a censorious person.*

φῖλ-ἐραστής, *ov*, ὄ, (φίλος, ἐραστής) *dear to lovers.*

φῖλεργία, ἡ, *love of labour, industry.* From φῖλ-εργός, *ov*, (φίλος, ἔργον) *loving work, working willingly, industrious.*

φῖλ-ἐριθος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἐριθος) *fond of wool-spinning.*

φῖλ-ερωσ, *ov*, ὄ, ἡ, (φίλος, ἔρωσ) *prone to love, full of love.* [ῖ]

φῖλ-ἐσπερος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἐσπέρα) *fond of evening.*

φῖλεταιρία, ἡ, *love of comrades, friendship.* From φῖλ-ἐταιρος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἐταῖρος) *fond of one's comrades or friends, true to them.* Adv. —πως.

φῖλ-εὔιος, *ov*, (φίλος, εὔοι) *loving the cry of εὔοι, epith. of Bacchus.*

φῖλ-εὐ-λειχος, *ov*, (φίλος, εὐ, λείχω) *fond of dainties.*

φῖλ-ευνος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἐννή) *fond of the bed, esp. the marriage-bed.* [ῖ]

φῖλεῦντα, φῖλεῦντι, φιλεῦσα, Dor. for φιλοῦντα, φιλοῦντι, φιλοῦσα, forms of the pres. part. of φιλέω.

φῖλ-εὐτακτος, *ov*, (φίλος, εὐτακτος) *fond of order.*

φῖλ-ἔφηθος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἔφηθος) *fond of youths.*

φῖλ-ἐχθής, *és*, gen. *έός*, (φίλος, ἔχθος) *fond of making enemies, quarrelsome.*

φῖλέω, *f. ἦσω*: aor. I ἐφίλησα: pf. πεφίληκα: Med., Ep. aor. I ἐφιλάμην in 3 sing. ἐφίλατο, φίλατο; imperat. φίλαι; 3 plur. subj. φίλωνται. part. φιλάμενος in pass. sense, *beloved*; also fut. φιλήσομαι in pass. sense: Pass., paulo-p. fut. περιλήσομαι: aor. I ἐφιλήθην: pf. πεφίλημαι: (φίλος):—to love: Pass. to be beloved by one. From the general sense of loving came various special meanings, as, to treat affectionately or kindly, to welcome, to befriend; παρ' ἄμμι φιλήσει *thou shalt be welcome with us.* 2. to show signs of love, esp. to kiss; φιλεῖν τω στόματι to kiss on the mouth:—Med. to kiss one another. 3. to like, be fond of, practise. II. c. inf., like Lat. amo, to be fond of doing, be wont, use to do: impers. φιλεῖ γίνεσθαι it is wont to happen, usually, happens: absol. οἶα δὴ φιλεῖ as is wont, Lat. ut solet. [ῖ, except in Ep. aor. ἐφιλάμην.]

φῖλη, ἡ, fem. of φίλος, a mistress. [ῖ]

φῖληδῶ, to love pleasure, find delight in a thing, c. dat.

φῖλ-ἠδής, *és*, (φίλος, ἠδός) *loving pleasure.* Hence φῖληδία, ἡ, (φιληδῶ) *fondness for pleasure, delight.*

φῖλ-ἠδονος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἠδονή) *fond of pleasure.* 2. causing pleasure.

φῖληκοῖα, ἡ, *fondness for listening, attentiveness.*

From φῖλ-ἠκοος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἀκοή) *fond of listening: fond of hearing discussions.*

φῖλ-ἠλάκατος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἠλακάτη) *fond of the spindle.* [ᾶ]

φῖλ-ἠλιαστής, *ov*, ὄ, (φίλος, ἠλιαστής) *one who delights in trials, esp. as a juryman in the court Heliaca.*

φῖλημα, *ατος, τό*, (φιλέω) a kiss. [ῖ]

φῖλημάτιον, τό, Dim. of φῖλημα, a little kiss.

φῖλημεναι, Ep. pres. inf. of φιλέω.

φῖλημν, Aeor. for φιλέω. [ῖ]

φῖλημοσύνη, ἡ, (φιλέω) *friendliness.*

φῖλ-ἠπιος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἠπία) *obeying the rein, tractable.*

φῖλ-ἠρεμος, *ov*, (φίλος, ἔρεμος) *loving the oar, fond of the sea.*

φῖλησα, Ep. for ἐφίλησα, aor. I of φιλέω. [ῖ]

φῖλησόμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of φιλέω.

φῖλησι-μολπος, *ov*, (φίλος, μολπή) = φιλόμολπος.

φῖλητέον, verb. Adj. of φιλέω, one must love.

φῖλήτωρ, *ορος, ὄ*, = φιλητής, a lover.

φῖλα Ion. φίλη, ἡ, (φιλέω) *love, affection, friendship, Lat. amicitia; φιλία ἡ ἐμῆ, ἡ σή, friendship for me, for thee.*

φῖλικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φίλος) *of or for a friend, friendly, affectionate: φιλικὰ proofs or marks of friendship.*

Adv. —κῶς, in a kind, friendly way: Comp. φιλικώτερον; Sup. —ώτατα.

φίλιος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (φίλος) *of or from a friend, friendly, kindly: opp. to πολέμιος, friendly, in alliance with one: ἡ φιλία (sc. χώρα) a friendly*

country, opp. to ἡ πολεμία. 2. Ζεὺς φίλιος, Jove as god of friendship.

φιλίως, in a friendly way. [φί]

Φιλίππειος, α, ον, of *Philipp*.

Φιλίππῆσιος, ον, (Φιλίπποι) of or from *Philippi*: as Subst. a *Philipprian*.

Φιλίππιζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (Φιλίππος) to be on *Philipp's side or party*, to *Philippize*.

Φιλίπποι, αἰ, a town in *Thrace*.

φίλιππος, ον, (φίλος, ἵππος) fond of horses: Sup. φιλιπποτάτος. II. as masc. pr. n., *Philip*. [φί]

φιλιτών, τό, (φίλος) = φειδῖτιον.

φιλιών, ον, gen. ονος, poet. Comp. of φίλος, dearer.

φιλίως, Adv. of φίλιος, in a friendly manner.

φίλο-βακχος, ον, (φίλος, Βάκχος) leaving *Bacchus* or wine.

φίλο-γάθης, ἐς, Dor. for φιλογοθήης.

φίλο-γαίος, ον, (φίλος, γαῖα) loving the earth.

φίλο-γάμος, ον, (φίλος, γάμος) longing for marriage.

φίλο-γαστροειδίας, ον, ὁ, (φίλος, γαστήρ) fond of one's belly.

φίλο-γέλοιος, ον, (φίλος, γέλοιος) fond of the ludicrous, loving a joke.

φίλο-γέλως, ωτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, γέλως) laughter-loving.

φιλογεωργία, ἡ, fondness for farming or for a country life. From

φίλο-γεωργός, ὄν, (φίλος, γεωργός) fond of farming or of a country life.

φίλο-γηθής Dor. -γάθης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, γῆθος) loving mirth, mirthful, cheerful.

φίλο-δαφνος, ον, (φίλος, δάφνη) loving the laurel.

φίλο-δενδρός, ον, (φίλος, δένδρον) fond of trees.

φίλο-δεσποτος, ον, (φίλος, δεσπότης) loving one's lord or master: of slaves, attached, submissive.

φίλο-δημος, ον, (φίλος, δήμος) befriending the commons or people, the commons' friend.

φίλοδικέω, f. ἴσω, to be fond of law, litigious. From

φίλο-δικος, ον, (φίλος, δική) fond of lawsuits: litigious.

φίλο-οδίτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, ὁδίτης) a friend of travellers. [ί]

φίλο-δοξος, ον, (φίλος, δόξα) loving honour or glory.

φίλο-δοῦπος, (φίλος, δούπος) loving noise.

φίλο-δύρτος, ον, (φίλος, δύρτοιμαι) fond of lamenting, indulging sorrow, melancholy.

φίλο-δώρος, ον, (φίλος, δῶρον) fond of giving, bountiful. Adv. -ρως.

φίλο-εργός, ὄν, (φίλος, ἔργον) fond of work, industrious.

φίλο-ξέφυρος, ον, (φίλος, Ζέφυρος) loving the west-wind.

φίλο-ζωος, ον, (φίλος, ζωή) fond of one's life, cowardly. II. (φίλος, ζῶον) fond of animals.

φίλο-θεάμων [ᾶ], ον, (φίλος, θεόμαι) fond of seeing, fond of spectacles or shows.

φίλο-θεος, ον, (φίλος, θεός) loving God, pious, devout.

φίλοθηρία, ἡ, love of hunting, love of the chase. From

φίλο-θηρος, ον, (φίλος, θήρα) fond of hunting.

φίλο-Θουκυδίδης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, Θουκυδίδης) fond of *Thucydides*.

φίλο-θρηγής, ἐς, (φίλος, θρήνος) fond of weeping or lamentation.

φίλο-θύτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, θύω) one fond of sacrificing, a zealous worshipper. [ῥ]

φίλο-θύτος, ον, (φίλος, θύω) fond of sacrificing; φιλόθυτα ἔργια sacrifices offered with zeal.

φίλο-οικόδομος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκοδομέω) fond of building.

φίλο-οικτιρμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, οἰκτιρῶ) prone to pity, compassionate. Adv. -μόνως.

φίλο-οίκτητος, ον, (φίλος, οἰκτίζω) = φιλοικτος.

φίλο-οίκτος, ον, (φίλος, οἶκτος) fond of compassionating, fond of lamentation: piteous. [ι]

φιλονία, ἡ, love, fondness of wine. From

φίλο-οἶνος, ον, (φίλος, οἶνος) fond of wine.

φίλο-οίφης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, οἰφάω) a lewd fellow.

φιλοκαλέω, f. ἴσω, to be a lover of the beautiful, to indulge a taste for refinement. From

φίλο-κᾶλος, ον, (φίλος, καλός) loving the beautiful, loving beauty and goodness: fond of refinement and elegance. II. also fond of honour, seeking honour.

φίλο-καμπής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, καμπή) easily bent, pliant, lithe.

φίλο-καρποφόρος, ον, (φίλος, καρποφόρος) bearing fruit abundantly.

φιλοκέρδεια, ἡ, (φιλοκερδής) love of gain.

φιλοκερδέω, f. ἴσω, to be greedy of gain. From

φίλο-κέρδης, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, κέρδος) loving gain, greedy of gain.

φίλο-κέρτομος, ον, (φίλος, κέρτομος) fond of jeering or mocking.

φίλο-κηδεμών, ὄνος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, κηδεμών) fond of one's relatives or connections.

φίλο-κίνδυνος, ον, (φίλος, κίνδυνος) fond of danger, venturous, enterprising, bold. Adv. -νως, venturously, in an enterprising way.

φίλο-κισσοφόρος, ον, (φίλος, κισσοφόρος) fond of wearing ivy.

φίλο-κνίσιος, ον, (φίλος, κνίζω) fond of pinching.

φίλο-κοινος, ον, (φίλος, κοινός) fond of what is common.

φίλο-κρημνος, ον, (φίλος, κρημνός) loving steep rocks, crag-loving.

φίλο-κρίνω, f. ἴσω, (φίλος, κρίνω) to pick and choose as friends.

φίλο-κρόταλος, ον, (φίλος, κρόταλον) loving a rattle or din.

φίλο-κροτος, ον, (φίλος, κρότος) loving noise or din.

φίλο-κτεάνω, ον, (φίλος, κτεάνω) = φιλοκτημαν, loving possessions, greedy of gain, covetous: Sup. φιλοκτηνώτατος, most covetous, most grasping.

φίλο-κτῆμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, κτῆμα) = φιλοκτεάνω.

φίλο-κύβος, ον, (φίλος, κύβος) fond of dice or gambling.

φιλο-κυδής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, κυδός) *loving splendour, joyous, brilliant.*

φιλο-κυνηγέτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, κυνηγέτης) *a lover of hunting or the chase.*

φιλό-κωμος, ου, (φίλος, κώμος) *fond of feasting and dancing, fond of revelry.*

φιλο-λάκων, ανος, ό, (φίλος, Λάκων) *fond of the Lacedaemonians.* [ά]

φιλο-λήιος, ου, ποët. for φιλόλειος, (φίλος, λήϊη, λέϊα) *loving booty.*

φιλό-λιχνος, ου, (φίλος, λιχνος) *loving dainties.*

φιλολογία, ή, *love of discussion, love of learning and literature: the study of language and history.* From φιλό-λογος, ου, (φίλος, λέγω) *fond of words, wordy.* II. *fond of dissertation; fond of learning and literature*, Lat. *studiosus*:—as Subst., φιλό-λογος, ό, *a student of language and history, a learned man.*

φιλο-λοιδορος, ου, (φίλος, λοιδορος) *fond of reviling, abusive.*

φιλομάθεια, ή, *love of knowledge.* [μά] From φιλο-μαθής, ές, gen. έος, (φίλος, μαθείν) *fond of learning, loving knowledge.* Adv. —θώς.

φιλό-μαντις, εως, ό, (φίλος, μάντις) *loving soothsayers or soothsaying.*

φιλό-μαστος, ου, (φίλος, μαστός) *loving the breast.*

φιλομαχέω, f. ήσω, *to be fond of fighting, eager to fight.* From

φιλό-μάχος, ου, (φίλος, μάχη) *loving fighting, warlike.*

φιλό-όμβριος and φίλο-ομβρος, ου, (φίλος, όμβρος) *rain-loving.*

φιλομήλα Ion. —λη, ή, *the nightingale*, so called, because, acc. to the legend, Philomela was changed into this bird. Hence

φιλομήλειος, α, ου, of, *belonging to the nightingale.*

φιλομήτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, μήτηρ) *loving one's mother.*

φιλομ-μειδής, ές, ποët. for φιλομειδής, (φίλος, μειδάω) *laughter-loving*, epith. of Venus.

φιλό-μολπος, ου, (φίλος, μολπή) *loving the dance and song.*

φιλομουσέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόμουσος) *to love the Muses.*

φιλομουσία, ή, (φιλομουσέω) *love of the Muses.*

φιλό-μουσος, ου, (φίλος, Μούσα) *loving the Muses, loving music and the arts: refined, learned.*

φιλό-μυθος, ου, (φίλος, μυθος) *fond of fables.*

φιλό-μωμος, ου, (φίλος, μώμος) *given to find fault, censorious.*

φιλό-μωσος, Dor. for φιλόμωσος.

φιλο-ναύτης, ου, ό, (φίλος, ναύτης) *loving sailors.*

φιλονεικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλονεικος) *to be fond of dispute, to act in a contentious spirit, contend eagerly or obstinately; c. dat. to strive or contend eagerly with one; τὰ χείρω φιλονεικείν to choose the worse part out of obstinacy.* Hence

φιλονεικία, ή, *love of strife, contentiousness, rivalry, party-spirit, pertinacity, obstinacy.*

φιλό-νεκος, ου, (φίλος, νεϊκος) *fond of strife, contentious, pertinacious, obstinate.*

φιλονικέω, f. ήσω, (φιλονικος) *to strive for victory.* Hence

φιλονικητέον, verb. Adj. *one must strive for victory.*

φιλό-νικος, ου, (φίλος, νίκη) *striving for victory.*

φιλό-νύμφιος, ου, (φίλος, νύμφιος) *loving the bridegroom or bride.*

φιλό-ξενος, ου, ποët. for φιλόξενος.

φιλό-ξενος ποët. —ξενος, ου, (φίλος, ξένος) *loving strangers, hospitable.* Adv. —νως, *hospitably.*

φιλό-οιος, ου, ποët. for φίλοιος.

φιλο-παίγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, παίγμα) *fond of play or sport, playful, sportive.*

φιλό-παις, —παιδος, ό, ή, (φίλος, παϊς) *loving one's children, loving boys.*

φιλο-πατρία, (φίλος, πατρίς) *love of one's country.*

φιλό-πατήρ, (φίλος, πατήρ) *love of one's father.*

φιλό-πάτρις, ιδος, ή, acc. —πάτρην, (φίλος, πατρίς) *loving one's country.*

φιλο-πάτωρ, ορος, ό, ή, (φίλος, πατήρ) *loving one's father.*

φιλό-πλεκτος, ου, (φίλος, πλέκω) *constantly braided.*

φιλό-πλος, ου, contr. —πλους, ουν, (φίλος, πλός) *fond of sailing.*

φιλό-όπλος, ου, (φίλος, όπλος) *loving arms or war.*

φιλό-πλουτία, ή, *love of riches.* From

φιλό-πλουτος, ου, (φίλος, πλούτος) *loving or seeking riches; φιλόπλουτος άμλλα the race for wealth.*

φιλό-ποίμνος, ου, (φίλος, ποιμήν) *loving the flock.*

φιλό-πόλεμος ποët. φιλοπτόλεμος, ου, (φίλος, πόλεμος) *fond of war, warlike.* Adv. —μως.

φιλό-πολις, εως and ιδος, Ion. ιος, ό, ή: acc. —ν: ποët. also φιλόπολις: (φίλος, πόλις):—*loving one's city, state or country: as Subst., φιλόπολις, ό, a patriot: φιλόπολις άρετή or τὸ φιλόπολι patriotism:—at Athens, φιλόπατρις was used of one who loved Greece in general, φιλόπολις of one who was devoted to his own state.*

φιλοπονέω, f. ήσω, (φιλόπονος) *to love labour, work hard, be diligent; τὸ φιλοπονείν, = φιλοπονία, love of labour, industry.*

φιλοπονηρία, ή, *love of bad men.* From

φιλοπονησία, ου, (φίλος, πονηρός) *fond of bad men.*

φιλοπονία, ή, (φιλοπονέω) *love of labour, patient industry.*

φιλό-πονος, ου, (φίλος, πόνος) *loving labour, diligent, industrious.* II. of things, *toilsome, laborious.* Adv. —νως, *laboriously: Comp. —νώτερον; Sup. —νώτατα.*

φιλοποσία, ή, *love of drinking, drunkenness*, Lat. *violentia.* From

φιλό-πότης, ου, ό, (φίλος, ΠΟ—Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a lover of drinking, a toper*, Lat. *violentus.*

φιλοπραγμοσύνη, ή, *a restless, meddling disposition, officious interference, meddlesomeness.* From

φιλο-πράγμων, ου, gen. ονος, (φίλος, πράγμα) *fond*

of business, meddlesome, officious: as Subst., φιλοπράγμων, ὁ, a busybody, meddling fellow. Adv.—μόνος.

φιλοπροσηγορία, ἡ, easiness of address, affability, courtesy. From

φιλο-προσηγορος, ον, (φίλος, προσηγορος) easy of address, affable.

φιλο-πρωτεύω, f. σω, (φίλος, πρωτεύω) to strive to be first or in the front rank.

φιλο-πτόλεμος, ον, ποῖτ. for φιλοπόλεμος.

φιλό-πτολις, ὁ, ἡ, ποῖτ. for φιλόπολις.

φιλό-πῦρος, ον, (φίλος, πῦρος) loving wheat.

φιλο-σπωριστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φίλος, σπῶρα) a lover of autumn fruits.

φιλο-ὄργιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄργια) fond of orgies.

φιλο-ὄρθιος, ον, (φίλος, ὄρθιος) loving what is right.

φιλο-ὀρμίστρια, ἡ, (φίλος, ὀρμίζω) she who loves the harbour.

φιλο-ὀρνίθια, ἡ, fondness of birds. From

φιλορνυς, ἴθος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρνυς) fond of birds: sbeltering, barbouring birds.

φιλο-ῥάξ, ἄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ῥάξ) loving or bearing grapes.

φιλο-ὄρτυξ, ὄγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, ὄρτυξ) fond of quails.

ΦΙΛΑΟΣ, η, ον; vocat. φίλε, sometimes even with neut. nouns, as φίλε τέκνον:—loved, beloved, dear, Lat. amicus, carus.

2. as Subst., φίλος, ὁ, φίλη, ἡ, Lat. amicus, amica, a friend; ὁ Διὸς φίλος the friend of Jove: in addressing others, ᾧ φίλος, ᾧ φίλε, ᾧ φίλοι, O friend, O friends: οἱ φίλοι friends, kinsmen, one's kith and kin; κοινὰ τὰ τῶν φίλων friends have all in common. 3. of things, dear, pleasing; φίλον ἐστὶ μοι it is dear to me, pleases me, Lat. cordi est.

4. Homer and other Poets use φίλος for the possessive Pronoun, my, thy, his, esp. of the heart, limbs, etc., as, φίλον ἦτορ, φίλα γυῖα, γούνατα, φίλος θυμὸς, ἄλοχος, τέκνα etc.; even when no affection is implied in it, as, μητρὶ φίλῃ Ἀλθαίῃ χυόμενος κῆρ entraged in heart with his mother Althaea: also to denote possession or custom, φίλα εἴματα their own garments; φίλος πόνος their wanted labour.

II. in Poets also, with an act. sense, like φίλιος, loving, friendly, fond: kindly, kind; φίλα φρονεῖν to feel kindly; φίλα ποιεῖσθαι τινα to do one a kindness.

φίλος has several forms of Comparison: I.

Comp. φιλιῶν, ον: Sup. φιλιστος, η, ον, 2. Comp. φίλτερος: Sup. φίλτατος. 3. Comp. φιλαίτερος, Sup. φιλαίτατος.

φιλό-σιτος, ον, (φίλος, σῖτος) fond of corn, agricultural. II. generally, fond of food or eating.

φιλό-σκηπτρος, ον, (φίλος, σκῆπτρον) sceptered.

φιλο-σκήπαν, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σκῆπαν) loving or carrying a staff.

φιλο-σκόπελος, ον, (φίλος, σκόπελος) loving or haunting the rocks.

φιλο-σκάμμων, ον, gen. ονος, (φίλος, σκάμμα) loving a jest.

φιλοσοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. πεφιλοσόφηκα: (φιλόσοφος):—to be a lover of knowledge, seek to become

wise, to seek after knowledge, study hard, Lat. philo-sophari.

II. c. acc. rei, to discuss or examine a subject by method, to inquire into, treat scientifically, Lat. meditari; φιλοσοφῆαν φιλοσοφεῖν to seek out a philosophic system. 2. generally, to study, work at a thing. Hence

φιλοσοφῆτον, verb. Adj. one must pursue wisdom.

φιλοσοφία, ἡ, (φιλοσοφία) love of knowledge and wisdom, fondness for studious pursuits. 2. the systematic treatment of a subject, scientific investigation, Lat. meditatio. 3. philosophy, Lat. philosophia or sapientia.

φιλό-σοφος, ον, (φίλος, σοφία) loving wisdom or knowledge, first used by Pythagoras, who called himself φιλόσοφος, a lover of wisdom, not σοφός a sage: hence learned, literary, scientific, as opp. to the vulgar (οἱ πολλοί) 2. as Subst., φιλόσοφος, ὁ, one who professes an art or science; later, a philosopher, one who discusses subjects scientifically. II. philo-sophic, loving knowledge. Hence

φιλοσόφως, Adv. philosophically.

φιλο-σπήλυξ, υγος, ὁ, ἡ, (φίλος, σπήλυξ) fond of dwelling in grottoes.

φιλό-σπονδος, ον, (φίλος, σπονδή) loving drink-offerings or libations, employed in libations.

φιλό-σπουδος, ον, (φίλος, σπουδή) loving zeal, zealous.

φιλο-στέφανος, ον, (φίλος, στέφανος) loving crowns, wreathed, garlanded.

φιλό-στονος, ον, (φίλος, στόνος) loving sighs or groaning, fond of lamentation. Adv.—ως.

φιλοστοργία, ἡ, tender love, warm affection. From φιλό-στοργος, ον, (φίλος, στοργή) loving tenderly, affectionate, esp. of natural affection. Adv.—ως.

φιλο-στρατιώτης, ου, ὁ, (φίλος, στρατιώτης) the soldier's friend.

φιλο-σώματος, ον, (φίλος, σῶμα) loving, indulging the body; sensual.

φιλοτάσιος, α, ον, Dor. for φιλοτήσιος.

φιλό-τέκνος, ον, (φίλος, τέκνον) loving one's children or offspring.

φιλοτεχνία, f. ἦσω, to love art, practise an art. From φιλό-τεχνος, ον, (φίλος, τέχνη) fond of art, ingenious: of things, curious.

φιλότης, ητος, ἡ, (φίλος) friendsbip, love, affection: also of friendsbip between nations.

φιλοτήσιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (φιλότης) of friend-bip or love, tending to or promoting it; φιλοτήσια ἔργα works of love. II. ἡ φιλοτήσια sub. κύλιξ, or absol. ἡ φιλοτήσια (sub. κύλιξ), the cup sacred to friendsbip, the loving-cup; φιλοτήσιαν λαβεῖν to have one's health drunk; φιλοτήσιαν προπίνειν to drink a health.

φιλοτιμέομαι: fut. med. ἦσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοτιμησάμην, and pass. ἐφιλοτιμήθην: pf. πεφιλοτιμήμην: Dep.: (φιλότιμος):—to love honour or distinction; to be ambitious or emulous. 2. to place one's fame or glory in a thing, pride oneself on it, c. dat.;

φιλοτιμείσθαι τι or πρὸς τι to be eager for a thing, pursue it eagerly, hence to contribute liberally towards an object; φιλοτιμείσθαι πρὸς τινα to vie eagerly with another, rival him. 3. c. inf. to strive emulously, endeavour earnestly, aspire to do a thing; οὐ πάντων ἀν φιλοτιμηθεῖεν φίλων σοι χρῆσθαι who would prize it above measure to have you for a friend.

ΦΙΛΟΤΙΜΙΑ Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, (φιλοτιμέομαι) love of honour or distinction, ambition; emulation, rivalry; hence the placing one's pride or distinction in a thing: in bad sense, pertinacity, obstinacy. 2. ostentatiousness: in good sense, liberality. II. a coveted object, honour, distinction.

ΦΙΛΟΤΙΜΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, τιμή) loving honour, ambitious: zealous, emulous. Adv. -μως, emulously. II. pass. much-honoured.

ΦΙΛΟΤΑΡΙΟΝ, τό, ποῖτ. for φιλοτάριον, Dim. of φιλόταριον, a little pet, darling.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΦΘΟΓΓΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, φθογγή) noise-loving.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΦΙΛΟΣ, ον, loving one's friends.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΦΟΡΜΥΓΞ, ἰγγος, ὀ, ἡ, (φίλος, φόρμυγξ) loving the lyre, accompanying it.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΦΡΟΝΕΟΜΑΙ: f. med. ἤσσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφιλοφρονήσαμην, and pass. ἐφιλοφρονήθημι: (φιλόφρων):—to treat or deal with affectionately, to shew kindness to: metaph. to foster, indulge, gratify: in aor. I pass. φιλοφρονήθηνα, to shew kindness to one another, to greet or embrace one another, = φιλοφρονήσασθαι ἀλλήλους. II. absol. to be of a kindly, cheerful disposition.

ΦΙΛΟΦΡΟΝΕΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, Comp. of φιλόφρων.

ΦΙΛΟΦΡΟΣΥΝΗ, ἡ, (φιλόφρων) friendly treatment or behaviour, friendliness, kindness: friendly greeting, welcome. II. cheerfulness, gaiety.

ΦΙΛΟΦΡΟΣΥΝΟΣ, η, ον, = φιλόφρων.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΦΡΩΝ, ονος, ὀ, ἡ, (φίλος, φρήν) kindly minded or affectioned, friendly, kindly. Adv. -φρώνως, kindly, affectionately, cheerfully.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΟΡΕΥΤΗΣ, οὔ, ὀ, (φίλος, χορεύω) friend of the choral dance.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΟΡΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, χορός) loving the choir or choral dance, epith. of Pan.

ΦΙΛΟΧΡΗΜΑΤΕΩ, f. ἤσω, (φιλοχρήματος) to love money, be covetous. Hence

ΦΙΛΟΧΡΗΜΑΤΙΑ, ἡ, love of money, covetousness.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΡΗΜΑΤΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, χρήματα) loving money, fond of money, covetous. Adv. -τως.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΡΗΣΤΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, χρηστός) loving goodness, fairness or honesty.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΡΙΣΤΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, Χριστός) loving Christ.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, χρυσός) greedy of gold.

ΦΙΛΟΧΩΡΕΩ, f. ἤσω, (φιλόχωρος) to be fond of a place or country, to haunt a particular spot. Hence

ΦΙΛΟΧΩΡΙΑ, ἡ, fondness for a place, attachment to a particular spot or haunt.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΧΩΡΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, χώρα) fond of a place.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΨΕΥΔΗΣ, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (φίλος, ψεύδος) fond of lies or lying.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΨΟΓΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.

ΦΙΛΟΨΥΧΕΩ, (φιλόψυχος) to be fond of one's life, to be cowardly, dastardly or fainthearted. Hence

ΦΙΛΟΨΥΧΙΑ Ion. -ῆ, ἡ, excessive love of life, cowardice, faintheartedness.

ΦΙΛΟ-ΨΥΧΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, ψυχή) loving one's life too well; hence cowardly, dastardly, fainthearted. Adv. -χως.

ΦΙΛΑΤΟΣ, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of φίλος, dearest, most loved, best beloved.

ΦΙΛΤΕΡΟΣ, α, ον, irreg. Comp. of φίλος, dearer, more or better loved.

ΦΙΛΤΡΟΝ, τό, (φιλέω) a love-charm, spell to produce love, Shakespeare's 'medicine to make me love him': generally, a charm, spell:—so also, Apollo's oracles are called φίλτρα τόλμης spells to produce boldness: cf. φάρμακον. II. in plur. charms, loveliness.

ΦΙΛ-ΥΒΡΙΣΤΗΣ, οὔ, ὀ, (φίλος, ὑβριστής) one given to wanton violence.

ΦΙΛ-ΥΔΡΗΛΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, ὑδρῆλος) abounding in moisture.

ΦΙΛ-ΥΜΝΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, ὕμνος) loving song. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΛ-ΥΠΝΟΣ, ον, (φίλος, ὕπνος) loving sleep. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΛ'ΑΥΤ'ΡΑ Ion. Φιλύρη, ἡ, the lime or linden tree, Lat. *tilia*. II. the bass underneath its bark, Lat.

rhilyra, used to tie up flowers, etc. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΛ'ΑΥΡΙΝΟΣ, η, ον, (φιλύρα) of the lime or linden tree, light as linden wood. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΛ-ΑΦΔΟΣ, ὄν, (φίλος, ἀδή) fond of singing or song.

ΦΙΛ-ΩΡΕΪΤΗΣ, ον, ὀ, (φίλος, ὄρος) a lover of mountains.

ΦΙΛΩΣ, Adv. of φίλος, in friendly manner, in a pleasing way, kindly. [Ὶ]

ΦΙΓΜΟ'Σ, ὀ, with irreg. neut. pl. φήμα, τά, any instrument for keeping the mouth closed, a muzzle for dogs, calves, etc., Lat. *capitrum*, *fiscella*. II. the nose-band of a horse's bridle, to which pipes and bells were sometimes attached.

III. a kind of cup, used as a dice-box, Lat. *fritillus*. Hence

ΦΙΜΩ, f. ὦσω: aor. I pass. ἐφίμωθην: pf. πεφίμωμαι:—to muzzle, gag, shut up as with a muzzle; φιμοῦν τῷ ἐξίλω τὸν αὐχένα to make fast his neck in the pillory: metaph. to muzzle, gag, put to silence; Pass., φημῶθῃ τε θηου silent; πεφίμωσο be still.

ΦΙΤΡΟ'Σ, ὀ, the stem of a tree, a trunk, block, log; generally, a piece of wood.

ΦΙΤΥ, τό, ποῖτ. contr. for φίτυμα, as δῶ for δῶμα.

ΦΙΤΥΜΑ, ατος, τό, (φίτυ) a shoot, scion: metaph. a son, scion.

ΦΙΤΥ-ΠΟΙΜΗΝ, ἐνος, ὀ, (φίτυ, ποιμήν) a tender of plants, gardener.

ΦΙΤΥΣΑΙ, Ep. 2 sing. fut. med. of φητύω.

ΦΙΤΥΩ, f. ὦσω [Ὶ]: aor. I ἐφίτυσα: (φίτυ): = φυτεύω, to sow, plant, raise: also to beget: in Med. of the woman, to bear, give birth to.

***ΦΛΑΪΩ**, aor. 2 ἐφλάδον, (φλάω) to be broken or rent asunder with a noise.

ΦΛΑΣῶ, Dor. for φλάσω, fut. of φλάω.

φλαπτόθρατ and φλαπτοθραττοφλαπτόθρατ, Comic words in Aristophanes, meant to ridicule *sound without sense*.

φλαυρίζω, *f. ἴσω*, Att. for φαυρίζω. From φλαύρος, *a, ov*, collat. form of φαῦλος, preferred by Ion. writers.

φλαυρότης, *ητος, ἡ*, = φαυλότης.
φλαυροῦργος, *ov*, (φλαῦρος, ἔργον) *working badly*: φλαυροῦργος, *ὁ, a sorry workman*.

φλαύρωσ, Adv. of φλαῦρος, *badly, meanly*: φλαύρωσ ἔχειν τὴν τέχνην to know an art *indifferently well*: φλαύρωσ ἀκούειν, Lat. *male audire*, to be ill spoken of.

ΦΛΑΨΩ, 3 sing. impf. ἔφλα: *f. φλάσω* [ᾶ] Dor. φλάσῳ: aor. I ἐφλάσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφλάσθη: pf. πέφλασμαι:—collat. form of θλάω, to crush, bruise, pound: hence to hurt, wound. II. in Att. Comedy, to bruise or grind with the teeth, swallow greedily.

φλεγέω, collat. form of φλέγω, used only in pres.:—transit. to burn, scorch, burn up:—Pass. to be burnt. II. intr. to blaze, blaze up, be in flames.

φλέγμα, *ατος, τό*, (φλέγω) *a flame, fire, heat*. II. as Medic. term, *inflammation, heat*. 2. *phlegm*, Lat. *pituita*.

φλεγμαίνω, *f. ἄνω*: aor. I ἐφλέγμανα and ἐφλέγμανα: (φλέγω):—to be heated, inflamed, to fester.

Φλέγρα, *as, ἡ*, *Phlegra*: Φλέγρας πεδῖον a plain in Thrace famous for underground fire: here the giants are said to have been conquered by the gods: also in plur. Φλέγραι, as name of any place exposed to volcanic agency.

Φλεγραῖος, *a, ov*, (Φλέγρα) of *Phlegra, Phlegraean*. φλεγυρός, *ά, ὄν*, (φλέγω) like φλογερός, *burning, scorching*: metaph. *hot, ardent*.

φλεγυάος, *ov, ὁ*, (φλέγω) a kind of *vulture or eagle*, so called from being *flame-coloured*.

ΦΛΕΤΩ, fut. φλέξω: aor. I ἐφλεξα:—trans. to burn, scorch: Pass. to become hot, blaze up. 2. metaph. to kindle, inflame, Lat. *urere*: Pass., like Lat. *uri*, to be inflamed, burn, glow. 3. metaph., also c. acc. rei, to make to blaze up, rouse up, excite. 4. Causal, to make to flash: φλεγείν βέλος to hurl a flaming bolt:—metaph. to make illustrious or famous, Lat. *illustrare*:—Pass. to be or become renowned or famous. II. intrans. to flame, blaze, flash. 2. metaph. to burst or break forth. 3. to shine forth, become famous.

φλεδών, *ovos*, and φλεδών, *ᾶνος, ὁ*, (φλέω) *an idle talker, babbler*.

ΦΛΕΨΙΣ, *εως, ἡ*, name of an unknown bird. φλέψ, *ἡ*, gen. φλεβός, (φλέω) *a vein*: metaph. any vein or channel: a vein of metal: a spring of water. ΦΛΕΨΩ, to gush, teem, overflow.

φλέως, *ᾶ, ὁ*, Att. for the Ion. φλοῦς, a kind of *rush* or reed.

φληνᾶφάω, *f. ἴσω*, to chatter, babble, drivel. From φληνᾶφος, *ὁ*, (φλέω) *idle talk, babble, chatter*.

ΦΛΙΑΨ, *ἡ*, in plur. φλιαΨ, the doorposts, jambs, φλιβω, *f. ψω*, Aeol. and Ion. for θλιβω. [r]

φλόγος, *a, ov*, (φλόξ) *flaming, blazing, flashing, flaming*, φλογυός, *ά, ὄν*, (φλόξ) *flaming, blazing, gleaming*. φλογίζω, *f. ἴσω*, (φλόξ) to set on fire, burn up, kindle, scorch: metaph. to inflame:—Pass. to flame, blaze.

φλόγιος, *η, ov*, (φλόξ) *flaming, fiery, burning*. φλογιστός, *ἡ, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of φλογίζω, *burnt, set on fire*.

φλογμός, *ὁ*, (φλέγω) *a blazing, blaze: inflammation*.

φλογόεις, *εσσα, εν*, (φλόξ) *flaming, fiery, blazing*.

φλογώτης, *ες*, (φλόξ, εἶδος) *like flame, fiery hot*.

φλογωπός, *ὄν*, (φλόξ, ᾠψ) *fiery-looking, flaming*.

φλόγωσις, *εως, ἡ*, (φλογωσι) *burning heat*.

φλογώψ, *ᾠπος, ὁ, ἡ*, = φλογωπός.

φλόινος, *η, ov*, (φλοῦς, φλέως) of or from the water-plant φλοῦς or φλέως: ἐσθίτες φλόιναι garments made of φλοῦς, *mat-garments*.

φλοῦς, *ὁ*, (φλέω) *the inner bark of trees, smooth bark, bass*.

φλοῖστος, *ὁ*, *any roaring noise, the hum or din of a large mass of men, the battle-din: the roaring of the sea*. (Formed from the sound.)

φλόξ, *ἡ*, gen. φλογός, (φλέγω) *a flame, blaze*: φλόγα ἐγειρεῖν to raise a flame: metaph., φλόξ οἴνου *the fiery heat of wine*: pl. φλόγες, *flames, fire*.

φλοῦς, *ὁ*, Ion. for φλέως.

φλυᾶρέω Ion. φλυηρ-: *f. ἴσω*: (φλυᾶρος):—to talk folly or nonsense, speak idly: also to play the fool, trifle, Lat. *nugari*. Hence

φλυᾶρία, *ἡ*, *silly talk, nonsense, foolery*.

φλυᾶρος, *ὁ*, (φλυᾶ) *silly talk, foolery*. II. *a silly talker, prater*.

φλύκταινα, *ἡ*, (φλύω) *a rising on the skin: a blister: a pustule*.

φλύος, *τό*, = φλυᾶρία, *idle talk, foolery*.

φλύω, *f. φλύσω* [ῦ]: aor. I ἐφλυσα: (φλέω):—to boil over, rise up. II. metaph. to overflow with words, talk idly, babble: γράμματ' ἐπ' ἀσπίδος φλύοντα *deceives idly threatening on his shield*.

φνεί, Comic word to imitate a nasal sound.

φοβᾶθῆς, Dor. for φοβηθῆς, 2 sing. aor. I pass. subj. of φοβέω.

φοβέσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φοβέω.

φοβεόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of φοβέω.

φοβερός, *ά, ὄν*, (φοβέω) *fearful*: either, I. act. *causing fear, frightful, awful, formidable*: πληθεῖ φοβερός *formidable only from numbers*. 2. *fearful, giving cause for fear*: οὐδὲ ὄρκος φοβερός *nor was an oath a matter of dread*: φοβερόν [ἔστι] μὴ *there is reason to dread that . . .* II. pass. *feeling fear, frightened, affrighted, afraid*. 2. *caused by fear, panic*: anxious.

φοβερώς, Adv. of φοβερός, *fearfully*, both in act. and pass. sense.

φοβεσι-στράτη, *ἡ*, (φοβέω, στρατός) *scarer of hosts, epith. of Minerva*.

φοβέ-στρατός, *ἡ*, (φοβέω, στρατός) *striking fear or panic into armies*.

φοβούμενος, Ep. and Dor. for φοβοῦμενος, pres. pass. part. of φοβέω.

φοβέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφόβησα: (φόβος):—to strike with fear, to frighten, terrify, dismay: to put to flight.

II. Pass. φοβέομαι: fut. med. φοβήσομαι, and pass. φοβηθήσομαι: aor. I med. ἐφοβησάμην, and pass. ἐφοβήθην: pf. pass. πεφόβημαι:—to be put in fear, take fright, be affrighted, to fear, dread: in Hom. usually, to be put to flight, to flee; ὑπό τινος φοβέεσθαι to flee before him: c. acc., φοβεῖσθαι τινα to flee from, fear, dread anyone; φοβεῖσθαι εἰς or πρὸς τι to be alarmed at a thing: but, φοβεῖσθαι ἀφύβι τινι, περί τινος or τινι, to fear or be anxious about a thing; c. acc. cognato, φόβον φοβεῖσθαι to fear: c. inf. to fear to do, be afraid of doing.

ΦΟΨΗ, ἡ, a lock, curl or tuft of hair, hair; the mane of a horse: δρακόντων φόβα, the Gorgon's snaky locks.

II. metaph. like κόμη, Lat. coma, the leaves, foliage of trees; ἰὼν φόβαι tufts of violets.

φοβηθείς, aor. I pass. part. of φοβέω.

φόβηθεν, Ep. and Dor. for ἐφοβήθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φοβέω.

φόβημα, atos, τό, (φοβέω) an object of fear, a terror.

φοβητικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φοβέω) liable to fear, timid.

φόβητρον, τό, (φοβέω) an object of terror, a terror.

φόβος, ὁ, (φέβομαι) fear, terror, fright, dismay: in Homer flight, properly the outward show (as opp. to

δέος the sensation) of fear: c. gen., φόβος ἀνδρῶν the flight of men; but also c. gen. objecti, fear or dread of another:—φόβονδε ἵππους ἔχειν, τραπᾶσθαι, ἀσσεω to turn the horses, turn, start to flight, like φύγαδε; φόβονδε ἀγορευεῖν to advise to flight: also in plur., causes of fear, ἦν φόβους λέγει. 2. an object of terror, a terror.

II. Φόβος, personified, son of Mars, coupled with his brother Δεῖμος.

φοβάζω, f. ἄσω, (φοίβος) to cleanse, purify. II.

(φοίβος) to utter prophetic words.

φοιβάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (Φοῖβος) the priestess of Phoebus: generally, one inspired by Phoebus, a prophetess.

φοιβάω, f. ἦσω, (φοίβος) poet. for φοιβάζω, to cleanse, wash.

Φοίβειος, α, ov, also os, ov, Ion. Φοιβήιος, η, ov: (Φοίβος): of Phoebus, belonging or sacred to Phoebus; hence prophetic, inspired.

Φοιβή, ἡ, Pboiḗ, Lat. Pboebé, a frequent name of Diana, as is Phoebus of Apollo.

Φοιβήϊς, ἴδος, poet. fem. of Φοίβειος.

Φοιβό-λαμπτος, ov, Ion. for Φοιβόλληπτος, (Φοίβος, λαμβάνω) rapt or inspired by Phoebus.

Φοῖβος, η, ov, (φάος) pure, bright, radiant, beam-ing. II. as prop. n., Φοῖβος, ὁ, Phoebus, the Bright One, epith. of Apollo: often joined Φοῖβος Ἀπόλλων.

φουνήεις, εσσα, ev, (φουνός) blood-red, deep-red; δράκων φουνήεις a blood-red dragon.

φουνικ-άνθεμος, ov, (φούνιξ, ἄνθεμον) with purple flowers; φουνικάνθεμον ἔαρ, Lat. purpureum ver.

φουνίκεος, α, ov, contr. -οῦς, ἡ, οὖν, (φούνιξ) of a purple dye, purple or crimson, Lat. puniceus. [I]

Φοινικη [vī], ἡ, (Φοίνιξ) Phoenicia.

φουνικήμος, η, ov, Ion. for φουνίκεος, = φουνικός,

of the date or palm-tree; ἔσθης φοινικητή a garment of palm-leaves; φοινικίος οἶνος palm-wine. II.

= Φοινικικός, Pboenician.

Φοινικικός, ἡ, ὄν, (Φοίνιξ) Pboenician: later, Punic, Carthaginian:—Adv.—κῶς, in Pboenician fashion. II. φουνίκεος, red.

φουνικίνος, η, ov, (φούνιξ) = φουνικήιος, of, from the palm-tree; φουνικόν μύρον palm-unguent. [vī]

φουνικίους, η, οὖν, = φουνίκεος, purple, crimson.

φουνικίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (φούνιξ) a red or purple cloth, a red cloak, Lat. punicea vestis: esp. a dark-red military cloak worn by the Lacedaemonians. 2. a red curtain.

3. at sea, a red flag hung out by the admiral as the signal for action: generally, a red standard or banner.

φουνικιστής, οἰ, ὁ, (φούνιξ) among the Persians, a wearer of purple, i. e. one of the highest rank, Lat. purpuratus.

φουνικό-βαπτos, ov, (φούνιξ, βάπτω) purple-dyed, crimson.

φουνικό-βάτεω, f. ἦσω, (φούνιξ, βαίνω) to climb palms.

φουνικό-γενής, ἐς, (Φοίνιξ, *γένω) Pboenician-born.

φουνικό-δάκτυλος, ov, (φούνιξ, δάκτυλον) crimson-fingered.

φουνίκοεις, εσσα, ev, poet. for φουνίκεος, dark-red, purple or crimson: of a blood-red.

φουνικό-κροκος, ov, (φούνιξ, κροκός) of purple woof.

φουνικό-λόφος, ov, (φούνιξ, λόφος) purple-crested.

φουνικό-πάρεος Ion.—πάρρος, ov, (φούνιξ, παρείδ) purple-cheeked, red-cheeked, of ships having red bows.

φουνικό-πέδος, ov, (φούνιξ, πέδον) with a red bottom or ground, of the Red Sea.

φουνικό-πέξα, ἡ, (φούνιξ, πέξα) the ruddy-footed goddess, Virgil's rubicunda Ceres.

φουνικό-πτερος, ov, (φούνιξ, πτερόν) with purple or crimson wings: as Subst., φουνικόπτερος, ὁ, a red water-bird, the flamingo.

φουνικό-ροδος, ov, (φούνιξ, ῥόδον) red with roses.

φουνικό-σκελής, ἐς, (φούνιξ, σκέλος) red-legged, red-shanked.

φουνικό-στερόπηγης, ov, Dor. -ας, α, ὁ, (φούνιξ, στεροπή) hurling red lightnings.

Φουνικό-στολος, ov, (Φοίνιξ, στέλλω) sent by Pboenicians.

φουνικόσος, ἡ, οὖν, contr. for φουνίκεος.

φουνικό-φάης, ἐς, (φούνιξ, φάος) red-shining.

Φοίνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, a Pboenician, first mentioned in Homer; Φοίνιξ ἀνὴρ ἀπατήλια εἶδος a Pboenician commercial in trickery, so mentioned as being the first commercial nation: fem. Φοίνισσα, ἡ, a Pboenician woman. 2. a Carthaginian, Lat. Poenus.

φούνιξ, ἴκος, ὁ, Subst. a purple-red, deep purple or crimson, because the discovery of this colour was ascribed to the Pboenicians. II. the palm, date-

palm: the male palm is called by Herodotus ὁ φούνιξ ἔρσην, to distinguish it from ἡ φούνιξ Βαλανηφόρος the female or fruit-bearing palm. 2. the fruit of the palm, date.

3. a musical instrument, like a

guitar, invented by the Phoenicians.

III. The fabulous Egyptian bird *phoenix*, described by Herodotus 2. 73.

φοῖνιξ, ἴκος, δ, ἡ, also fem. φοῖνισσα, Adj. purple-red, purple or crimson, red; hence of a bay horse, of red cattle: also like Lat. *fulvus*, of the colour of fire. The words φοῖνιξ, φοῖνίκεος, etc., included all dark reds, from crimson to purple, while the brighter shades were denoted by πορφύρα, πορφύρεος, etc., scarlet being κόκκινος, κοκκοβαφής.

φοῖνος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φόνος) blood-red: hence blood-stained, bloody, Lat. *cruentus*: also warlike.

Φοῖνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Subst.), a Phoenician woman.

II. φοῖνισσα, fem. of φοῖνιξ (Adj.)
φοῖνισσω, f. ῶ: aor. I pass. ἐφοῖνιχθην: (φοῖνός):—to redden, to make red: to tinge, dye red:—Pass. to become red, to colour, bluish.

φοῖνός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) blood-red: blood-stained, bloody.

φοιτάλεος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φοιτάω) straying, ranging, roaming about: metaph. distraught, raving, frenzied. II. act. driving madly about, maddening.

φοιτάλιωτης, ου, δ, (φοιτάω) epith. of Bacchus, a roamer, ranger.

φοιτάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φοιτάω) poet. fem. of φοιτάλεος, a strolling woman: metaph. a frenzied woman, esp. of the Bacchantes. II. as Adj. mad or maddening;

φοιτάς νόσος madness, frenzy. 2. also with a neut. Subst., φοιτάσι πτεροῖσιν on roaming, wandering wings.

φοιτάω Ion. εῶ: f. ἴσω: (φοῖτος):—to go to and fro, go up and down, to roam or range about, of irregular or hasty motion; διὰ νηὸς φοιτᾶν to range up and down the ship; ἐφοῖτῶν ἄλλοθεν ἄλλος they roamed one one way, one another. 2. to roam wildly about: hence to go mad, rave; cf. φοιτάλεος, φοιτάς.

3. of pain, to come in fits, to come on at regular times.

II. of constant, regular motion, esp. of objects of commerce, to come in constantly, be imported regularly; κέρρα τὰ ἐς Ἑλλάδας φοιτέοντα horns which are imported into Greece; σίτος φσισι πολλοὺς ἐφοῖτα corn was imported for them in abundance: also of tribute or taxes, to come in, like Lat. *redire*; τάλαντον ἀργυρίου Ἀλεξάνδρῳ ἡμέρης ἐκάστης ἐφοῖτα a talent of silver came in to Alexander every day.

2. φοιτᾶν παρά τινα to go to visit a person; φοιτᾶν ἐπὶ τὰς θύρας τινός to be a regular visitor at a great man's door; so of a dream, to recur again and again.

3. to go constantly or resort to a person, esp. of attending lectures or lessons; φοιτᾶν εἰς διδασκάλου [οἶκον] to go to school; absol. to go to school: whence συμφοιτάω, to go to school with another. Hence

φοιτήσις, εως, ἡ, a constant going or coming, a visiting. 2. a going to school.

φοιτήτην, Ep. for ἐφοιτάτην, 3 dual impf. of φοιτάω.
φοιτήτηρ, ἦρος, δ, and φοιτητής, οὔ, δ, (φοιτάω) one who goes or comes regularly: one who goes to school, a disciple, pupil.

φορβή, poet. for φοιτάω.

ΦΟΙΤΟΣ, ὁ, a going to and fro.

II. mad-

ness, frenzy.

φολκός, ὁ, found only in the description of Thersites, either (from φάεα ἔλκειν) squint-eyed; or more probably (akin to ἔλκω, ὀλκός) bandy-legged, Lat. *valgus*.

φόλλυς, εως, ἡ, also ὁ, a single piece of money, formed from Lat. *follics*.

φονάω, f. ἴσω, (φόνος) to be atbirst for blood, have murderous desires.

φόνευμα, ατος, τό, (φονεύω) that which is to be slaughtered, a victim.

φονεύω, έως Ion. ἦος, δ; acc. φονεᾶ or φονεᾶ: nom. pl. φονέες, φονεῖς, acc. φονεάς: (φονεύω):—a murderer, slayer, homicide.

φονεύω, (φόνος) to murder, kill, slay.

φονή, ἡ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter; ἐν φοναῖς, in the midst of slaughter; σπᾶν φοναῖς to rend in murder, i. e. murderously.

φονικός, ἡ, ὄν, (φόνος) inclined to slay, murderous, bloody. II. of, relating to blood or murder; φονικαὶ δίκαι trials for homicide.

φόνιος, α, ον, also os, ον, (φόνος) of blood, bloody. II. bloody, blood-stained: murderous.

φονο-λιβής, ές, (φόνος, λείβω) blood-dripping.

φονόρ-ρῦτος, ον, (φόνος, ρέω) blood-streaming.

φόνος, ὁ, (*φένω) murder, homicide, slaughter, Lat. *caedes*; φόνος Ἑλληνικός a slaughter of Greeks in plur. murders. 2. blood shed in murder, gore, blood, Lat. *erwor*. 3. a murdered body, corpse.

φοξί-χειλος, ὁ, (φοξός, χεῖλος) narrowing towards the lips; of a cup, narrower at the brim.

φοξός, ἡ, ὄν, (ὄξυς) pointed, tapering to a point: in the description of Thersites, φοξὸς ἔην κεφαλὴν he was pointed or peaked in the head.

φορά, ἡ, (φέρω) a carrying, bringing; ψήφου φορά the giving one's vote. 2. a bringing in, paying of money, payment. 3. a bearing, producing.

II. (from Pass. φέρομαι) a being borne or carried, motion: the course, career, orbit in which a body moves; ἡ φορὰ ἀκουτίου the javelin's range. 2. rapid motion, a rush, onset, Lat. *impetus*.

III. (also) from Pass. that which is borne or carried, a load, freight, burden. 2. that which is paid as rent or tribute, Lat. *vectigal*.

3. that which is brought forth, fruit, produce, a crop, Lat. *proventus*: metaph. a large crop, harvest.

φοράδην [ᾶ], Adv. (φέρομαι) with a rushing or violent motion. II. borne or carried in a litter.

φορβάς, ἄδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φέρβω) giving pasture or food, feeding. II. grazing in the pasture.

φορβεία, ἡ, (φέρβω) the balter by which a horse is tied to the manger, Lat. *capistrum*. 2. a mouth-band of leather put round the lips and cheeks of hifers to assist them in blowing.

φορβή, ἡ, (φέρβω) pasture, food, fodder, forage: of men, food, meat, victuals: metaph. fuel.

φορέεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of φορέω.
 φορέσει, Ep. 3 sing. subj. of φορέω.
 φορέϊον, τό, (φορά, φέρω) a handbarrow, litter, sedan-chair, Lat. sella, lectica.
 φορέϊσα, Dor. part. fem. of φορέω.
 φορέυντος, Dor. part. gen. of φορέω.
 φορέυς, έως Ion. ής, ό, (φέρω) a bearer, carrier.
 φορέω, f. ήσω, aor. I έφόρησα Ep. φόρησα.—Frequentat. of φέρω, to bear or carry constantly: hence to wear: and so, to have, possess: as differing from φέρειν, άγγελιν φέρειν meant to convey a message; but, άγγελίας φορέειν to be in the habit of conveying messages, serve as a messenger:—Pass. to be borne violently along, to be hurried along: to be tossed about at sea:—Med. to fetch for oneself, fetch regularly.
 φορηδόν, Adv. (φορέω) like a bundle.
 φόρημα, atos, τό, (φορέω) that which is carried: a load, freight: a burden.
 φορημεναι, Ep. for φορεϊν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορηναι, Ep. for φορεϊν, inf. of φορέω.
 φορητός, ή, όν, also ός, όν, verb. Adj. of φορέω, borne, carried: to be borne or endured, bearable.
 φόρμος, ov, (φέρω) bearing, fruitful.
 Φορκίδες [χ], ίδων, αι, the daughters of Phorcys, i. e. the three Gorgons, Stheino, Euryalé, Medusa.
 Φόρκος, ό, = Φόρκος.
 Φόρκυς, ήνος and ύος, ό, Phorcys, an old sea-god, son of Pontos and Gaia, father of the Gorgons.
 φορμηδόν, Adv. (φορμός) like mat-work or wadding: crosswise, atwart.
 φόρμυξ, ιγγος, ή, the pborminx, a kind of lyre, the oldest stringed instrument of the Greek minstrels; esp. the instrument of Apollo: it was richly inwrought, and had seven strings. (From φέρω, because it was carried on the shoulder by a strap.) Hence
 φορμίζω, f. ίσω Dor. ίξω, to play the φόρμυξ or lyre. Hence
 φορμικτής, ου, ό, Dor. —τάς, a lyre-player, barber.
 φόρμης, ίδος, ή, Dim. of φορμός, a small basket.
 φορμο-ράφέω or φορμορ-ραφέω, f. ήσω, (φορμός, ράπτω) to stitch mats:—Pass. to be stitched up like a mat, strained, bampeted.
 φορμός, ό, (φέρω) anything made of wicker-work: 1. a wicker basket to carry corn, sand, etc. 2. a mat, Lat. storea: also a seaman's cloak made of coarse plaited stuff. II. a measure of corn.
 φόρον, ov, τό, the Lat. forum; Φόρον Άππίων Appii Forum, a small town on the Appian Way.
 φόρος, ό, (φέρω) that which is brought in, tribute, paid by foreigners to a ruling state, as that paid to Athens by her subject states; φόρον υποτελείν to pay tribute; φόρον τάξασθαι to agree to pay tribute; φόρον τάξαι to impose tribute; φόρον υποτελής subject to pay tribute.
 φορταγωγέω, f. ήσω, to carry loads or burdens: of a merchant-ship, to carry a freight or cargo. From

φορ-ταγωγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) carrying freights; ναύς φορταγωγός a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φορτηγέω, f. ήσω, (φορτηγός) = φορταγωγέω.
 φορτηγκός, ή, όν, belonging to the freight of a ship; πλοϊον φορτηγκόν a ship of burden, merchantman. From
 φορτηγός, όν, (φόρτος, άγω) like φορταγωγός, carrying burdens: of a ship, freighted:—as Subst., φορτηγός, ό, a carrier, portier: a trafficker, merchant.
 φορτίω, f. ίσω, (φόρτος) to load; φορτία φορτίξεν τινάς to load men with loads:—Med., τὰ μέγιστα φορτίξασθαι to ship the smaller part of one's wealth:—Pass., pf. part. πεφορτισμένος heavy laden.
 φορτικός, ή, όν, (φόρτος) of persons, burdensome, tiresome, common, vulgar:—so of things, φορτικη κωμωδία a vulgar, commonplace comedy. Hence
 φορτικώς, Adv., vulgarly.
 φορτίον, τό, (φόρτος) a burden, load: a ship's freight or lading: in plur. wares, merchandise. II. the burden of the womb, a child unborn.
 φορτίς, ίδος, ή, (φόρτος) a ship of burden, merchantman.
 φόρτος, ό, (φέρω) a ship's freight or cargo. II. in Att. something coarse or vulgar, tiresome stuff.
 φούρνω, = φύρω, of dough, to knead, to generally, to mix up, spoil, defile. [v]
 φουρτώω, f. ξω, = φουρνω, to stain, defile.
 φουρτός, ό, (φέρω) whatever is swept along by the wind, rubbish, refuse, Lat. quisquillae: also cbauff, sawdust, etc., used for packing earthenware.
 φώς, Ep. lengthd. from φάω, light. Hence
 φώσδε, Adv. to the light, to the light of day.
 φραγέλιον, τό, the Lat. flagellum, a scourge. Hence
 φραγέλλω, f. ώσω, the Lat. flagello, to scourge.
 φραγγίηαι, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φράσσω.
 φραγγισομαι, fut. pass. of φράσσω.
 φράγμα, atos, τό, (φράσσω) a fence, protection, pálisade, defence.
 φραγμός, ό, (φράσσω) a shutting up, blocking up: fencing, partition. II. like φράγμα, a hedge, fence, paling.
 φράγγνιμ, = φράσσω.
 φραδάσσω: f. άσω: aor. I έφράδασα poët. φράδασσα: (φραδή):—to tell of, make known.
 φραδή, ή, (φράζω) understanding, knowledge. II. advice, a hint, warning, intimation. Hence
 φραδής, ές, gen. έος, understanding, sbrewd, cunning.
 φραδμοσύνη, ή, understanding, sbrewdness, cunning. From
 φράδμων, ov, gen. ovos, (φράζω) = φραδής. From
 ΦΡΑ΄ΖΩ, f. φράσω: aor. I έφράσα Ep. φράσα and φράσσα: pf. πέφρακα: Ep. aor. 2 πέφραδον or έπέφραδον, inf. πεφραδέειν or πεφραδέμεν:—to tell, declare, pronounce, stronger than λέγω:—c. dat. pers. et inf., to counsel, advise, bid, order: also absol. to advise, counsel:—c. acc. rei, σηματα πέφραδε he gave indications by signs:—φράζειν χειρί to make signs, signal with the hand. Med. and Pass. φράζομαι:

3 sing. Ion. impf. φραζέσκειτο; fut. φράσομαι; aor. I med. ἐφράσαμην, pass. ἐφράσθην; pf. pass. πέφραδμαι and πέφρασμαι; to speak with oneself, to think or muse upon, consider, ponder; foll. by εἰ with indicat. fut., to consider whether; ἀμφὶς φράζεσθαι to think differently.

2. to devise or plan for a person, purpose, design or intend something for him.

3. c. acc. et inf. to think, suppose, believe, imagine that.

4. to remark, perceive, notice: to come to know, see, understand: also

5. to mind, heed, take care or heed of, c. acc.

φράν, ἡ, gen. φράνως, Dor. for φρήν.

φράξαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράσσω.

φράξας, ασα, av, aor. I part. of φράσσω.

φράσσω, Dor. for φράζω.

φράσσαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I med. of φράζω.

φραστόεις, εἶσα, εν, aor. I pass. part. of φράζω.

ΦΡΑΨΩ Att. —ττω: f. ξω: aor. I ἐφραξα: Pass., fut. φράψησομαι; aor. I ἐφράχθην; aor. 2 ἐφράγγην

[α]: pf. πέφραγμα; —in Att. the letters are sometimes transposed, as ἀφραξθαι for φράξασθαι, πέφραγμα for πέφραγμα, φαρκτός for φρακτός:—to fence in, bedge round, for defence; to fence, defend, fortify; φράξαι δέμας ὕπλοις to fence in one's body with arms, to arm oneself:—so in Med., ἐφράξαντο τὸ τεῖχος they strengthened the wall: in Med. also, to fence oneself, strengthen one's fortifications.—Pass. to be fenced in, fortified; φραχθέντες σάκεσιν fenced with shields: absol. πεφραγμένους, fenced, secured.

II. to put up as a fence; φράξαντες δόρυ δουρί, σάκος σάκει locking spear fast to spear, shield to shield (so as to make a fence); φράξαντες τὰ γέρρα having put up the shields as a fence.

III. to block up: make close, fill quite full.

φραστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φράζω) a teller, informer, of or about a thing; φραστήρ ὀδῶν a man who tells one the way, a guide:—φραστήρες ὀδόντες the teeth that tell the age.

φράστωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράζω) = φραστήρ.

φράτηρ, ερος, or φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φράτρα) a member of a φράτρα: pl. φράτερες or φράτορες those of the same φράτρα or ward, Lat. curiales; εἰσάγειν τὸν υἱὸν εἰς τοὺς φράτερας to introduce one's son to his clansmen, which was done when the boy came of age; οὐκ ἔφουσε φράτερας he has not yet got his φράτερες, i. e. he has been entered in no φρατρία, is no true citizen, with allusion to φραστήρες ὀδόντες (see φραστήρ). [α]

φρατορικὸς, ἡ, ὄν, (φράτωρ) of, belonging to a clan or clansmen.

φράτρα or φράτρη Ion. φρήτρη Dor. πάτρα, ἡ:—a tribe of kindred race, a sept or clan; κρῖν' ἀνδρας κατὰ φρήτρας, ὡς φρήτηρ φρήτρηφιν ἀρήγη choose men by clans, that clan may stand by clan: originally derived from ties of blood: but,

II. at Athens, the subdivision of the φυλή, as at Rome the curia was the subdivision of the tribus; every φυλή consisted of three φράτραι or φρατρία, whose

members were called φράτερες or φράτορες, as those of a φυλή were called φυλῆται, and at Rome the members of a tribus, tribules, those of a curia, curiales. (The word is derived from the same root as Lat. frater, and properly meant a brotherhood.)

φράτρία, ἡ, = φράτρα.

φράτριάω, f. ἄσω, to be in the same φρατρία.

φράτρι-άρχης, ου, ὁ and φράτρι-αρχος, ὁ, (φρατρία, ἄρχω) president of a φρατρία, Lat. magister curiae.

φράτριος, α, ου, (φράτρα) of or concerning a φράτρα: at Athens, epith. of Jupiter and Minerva, as tutelary deities of the φρατρίαe. [α]

φράττω, Att. for φράσσω.

φράτωρ, ορος, ὁ, see φράτηρ.

ΦΡΕΨΑΨ, τό, gen. φρέατος: Ion. φρέιαρ, gen. φρειάτος:—a well; or more commonly a water-tank, cistern, reservoir, Lat. puteus: an oil-jar. Hence

φρεΐατα, ἡ, a tank or reservoir.

φρεΐατος, ου, ὁ, (φρέαρ) of a tank or reservoir.

φρέιαρ, ἄτος, τό, Ion. and poet. for φρέαρ.

φρενο-ἄπατάς, f. ἡσώ, (φρήν, ἀπατάω) to deceive the mind, deceive. Hence

φρενοπάτης, ου, ὁ, one who deceives the mind, a seducer.

φρενο-ήρης, ες, gen. εος, (φρήν, ἀρῶρεῖν) master of his mind, sound of mind, Lat. compos mentis.

φρενοβλάβεια, ἡ, damage of the understanding.

φρενο-βλάβης, ες, (φρήν, βλαβῆναι) damaged in understanding, crazy.

φρενο-ιγθής, ες, (φρήν, γήθος) of glad heart, delighting the heart.

φρενο-δαλής, ες, (φρήν, δηλέομαι) impairing the mind, maddening.

φρενοθεν, Adv. (φρήν) = ἐκ φρενός, from the heart, heartily, of one's own will or accord.

φρενο-κλόπος, ου, (φρήν, κλέπτω) stealing away the brains, deceiving.

φρενο-ληστής, οὔ, ὁ, (φρήν, ληστής) a robber of the understanding, a deceiver.

φρενο-μάνης, ες, (φρήν, μανῆναι) frenzied in mind.

φρενο-μόρος, Adv. (φρήν, μόρος) only found in phrase φρενομόρος νοσεῖν to be diseased in mind.

φρενο-πληγής, ες, (φρήν, πληγῆναι) giving a stroke to the mind, maddening.

φρενο-πληκτος, ου, (φρήν, πλήσσω) stricken in mind, smitten with madness, frenzied.

φρενο-πλήξ, ἦγος, ὁ, ἡ, = φρενόπληκτος.

φρενο-τέκτων, ου, gen. ονος, (φρήν, τέκτων) making with the mind, ingenious.

φρενώω, f. ὥσω, (φρήν) to make wise, make understanding, instruct, inform, teach; φρενοῦν οὐκέτ' ἐξ αἰνυμάτων to teach no longer by riddles; κλαίων φρενώσεις θου shalt teach me to thy sorrow.

φρενο-ῶλης, ες, (φρήν, ὄλλωμι) destroyed in mind, frenzied.

ΦΡΕΨΩ, f. φρήσω, a root, which is found only in the compds. ἐκ-φρέω, εἰς-φρέω, δια-φρέω.

φρεωρυχέω, f. ἦσω, (φρέαρ, ὀρύσσω) to dig tanks: metaph. of a gnat, to make a hole in one's skin.

ΦΡΗΝ, ἡ, gen. φρενός, plur. φρένες, gen. φρενῶν, etc.: Dor. φράν, gen. φρανός, dat. plur. φρασί, φρασί:—in plur. the midriff or the muscle which parts the heart and lungs from the lower viscera; also called διάφραγμα. 2. in Homer both in sing. and plur., the heart and parts near the heart, the breast, Lat. praecordia; the seat of the passions and affections: hence the heart, mind, understanding, reason: often joined with θυμός, as, κατὰ φρένα καὶ κατὰ θυμόν, as in Lat. mens animusque; φρενῶν ἐκστήναι to be out of one's wits; φρενῶν ἐπήβολος possessed of sense, in one's right mind; ἐκ φρενός from one's very heart; ἐξ ἀκρας φρενός from the surface of one's mind, i. e. superficially, carelessly.

3. of beasts, sense, instinct. 4. φρένες is also used in Homer in the sense of the seat of life or life itself, as opp. to ψυχή (the departed soul).

φρήτηρ, ἡ, Ion. for φράτρα, a clan.

φρήτηρην, Ep. dat. of φρήτηρ.

φρήτριος, η, ov, Ion. for φράτριος.

φρίκη [Ὶ], ἡ, = φρίζω, the ruffling or ripple on a smooth sea. II. a shuddering, shivering, chill. 2. shivering fear, shuddering, esp. from religious awe, Lat. horror: then any fear.

φρίκη-ώδης, es, (φρίξ, εἶδος) that causes shuddering or horror, awful, horrible: neut. φρικώδες as Adv., horribly.

ΦΡΙΜΑΣΣΟΜΑΙ Att. —τομαι: f. —ξομαι: Dep.: —to snort, neigh, of horses, to shew their mettle: to move briskly or wantonly.

φρίζω, ἡ, gen. φρικός, (φρίσσω) the ruffling of a smooth surface, the ruffling or ripple caused by a gust of wind sweeping over the smooth sea, Lat. horror; μέλαινα φρίζω the dark ripple. II. a bristling up, of the hair: a shivering fit.

φρίζαι, aor. I inf. of φρίσσω.

φρίξο-κόμη, ου, ὁ, (φρίσσω, κόμη) with bristling hair.

φρίξος, ὁ, a shivering, shuddering. From ΦΡΙΞΩ Att. —τω: f. φρίζω: aor. I ξφρίξα: pf. ἐφρίξα: poet. part. πεφρίκωτες formed as if from a redupl. pres. πεφρίκω:—to be rough or ruffled, to bristle, Lat. horrere, as of corn fields, or spears; of hair or mane, to bristle up, stand on end: c. acc., φρίσσειν λοφίην to bristle with the mane; περὶ οἰσὶ νῶτα πεφρίκωτες bristling on their backs with feathers: of smooth water, to be ruffled, to ripple, Lat. horrescere. II. often of a feeling of chill, which causes what we call goose-skin and makes the hair bristle; to have a chill or shiver come over one, to shiver with cold. 2. to shudder with fear: also c. acc. to shudder before anyone, to dread him. 3. also to thrill or quiver with delight; ξφρίξ' ἔρατω I thrilled with love.

φροιάζομαι, f. —άσομαι, Dep. (φροίμιον) contr. for προοιάζομαι, to make a prelude or beginning, to

begin: c. acc., φροιάζεσθαι θεούς to begin with invoking the gods.

φροίμιον, τό, contr. for προοίμιον (cp. φροῦδος) a prelude.

φρονήσι, Ep. for φρονέη, 3 sing. subj. of φρονέω. φρονέω, Ep. impf. φρόνεον: f. ἦσω: (φρήν):—to think, to have understanding; ἀριστοὶ μάχεσθαι τε φρονέειν τε best both in battle and counsel; οἱ φρονούντες be wise; τὸ φρονεῖν, like φρόνησι, understanding.

2. to be in one's sound senses; ἐξω ἐλαύνειν τιὰ τοῦ φρονεῖν to drive one out of his understanding or senses; ἐξίστασθαι τοῦ φρονεῖν to lose one's wits.

3. c. acc. rei, to have in mind, purpose. II. to be minded or disposed in a certain way, to mean, intend, purpose; φρονῶν ἔπρασσον I did it designedly, Lat. prudens faciebam; c. inf. to mean to do a thing; ἴδω φρονεῖν to purpose to go straight, make straight for a place; τοῦτο φρονεῖ ἡ ἀγωγή ἡμῶν this is what your bringing us means. 2. often with a neut. Adj., ἀγαθὰ ἢ φίλα φρονεῖν τι to be well or kindly minded towards him; κακὰ φρονεῖν τι to be evil minded towards him; τὰ ἀμείνω φρονεῖν to be of the better mind, bold the better opinion: and without a dat. pers., to be minded or inclined in a certain way; πυκνὰ φρονεῖν to have wise thoughts; μέγα φρονεῖν, to have high thoughts, either in good sense to be high-minded, or in bad sense to be presumptuous and conceited, of animals, to be high-spirited; σμικρὸν φρονεῖν to be low-minded, poor-spirited; οὐ κατ' ἀνθρώπων φρονεῖν to think beyond what becomes a man:—also, τὰ τινος φρονεῖν to hold a person's opinions, be on his side or of his party; τὸ αὐτὸ φρονεῖν to be like-minded; ἄλλω φρονεῖν to think in another way. III. to think of, mind, heed, hence to take heed of, guard against a thing.

IV. to have one's senses: to be alive, have life. Hence φρόνημα, ατος, τό, the mind, will, spirit, Lat. animus: in plur. thoughts, purposes. II. high feeling, high spirit: and in bad sense, pride, presumption, arrogance, insolence. Hence φρονημάτιος, ου, ὁ, one who is high-spirited, or in bad sense, one who is proud, presumptuous.

φρόνησις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) a being minded to do so and so, purpose, intention. 2. high-mindedness: and in bad sense, pride, presumption. II. thoughtfulness, good sense, practical wisdom, prudence.

φρονητέον, verb. Adj. of φρονέω, one must pride oneself.

φρόνιμος, ου, (φρονέω) understanding, in one's right mind or senses. II. discreet, sensible, steady. III. thoughtful, practically wise, prudent, Lat. prudens; τὸ φρόνιμον practical wisdom, good sense; ἄπορος ἐπὶ φρόνιμα without resource in matters of thought.

φρονίμως, Adv. sensibly, discreetly, prudently, skilfully. φρόνις, εως, ἡ, (φρονέω) wise thoughts, wisdom.

φρονόωντος, Adv. pres. act. part. of φρονέω, wisely, prudently.

φροντίζω: f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ: aor. I ἐφρόντισα: (φρον-

τίς):—to think, consider, reflect, to take thought, give heed; φροντίζειν ὅπως τι γειθήσεται to take thought how a thing may be done. II. c. acc. rei, to think of, consider: to devise, contrive, invent. III. c.

gen. to take thought for, give heed to a thing, care about, reckon of, regard it; μηδὲν φροντίζειν τῶν θεῶν to take no thought of the gods; φροντίζειν περὶ τινος to be concerned or anxious about a thing; μὴ φροντιστὴς βεῆν τοῦ. IV. absol. to be thoughtful or anxious; πεφροντισκός βλέπειν to have a careworn look.

φροντίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (φρονέω) thought, care, heed to a thing, c. gen. II. absol. thought, reflection, meditation: in plur. thoughts. 2. deep thought, anxiety, concern. 3. power of thought, mind.

φρόντισμα, ατος, τό, (φροντίζω) that which is thought out, a contrivance, invention.

φροντιστέον, verb. Adj. of φροντίζω, one must take care.

φροντιστήριον, τό, (φροντίζω) a place for hard thinking, a thinking-shop, as the school of Socrates is called by Aristophanes.

φροντιστής, οὔ, δ, (φροντίζω) a deep, hard thinker; φροντιστὴς τῶν μετεώρων or φροντιστὴς τὰ μετέωρα, a thinker on supra-terrestrial things. Hence

φροντιστικός, ἦ, ὄν, of or for thinking, thoughtful, speculative. Adv. —κῶς, thoughtfully, carefully.

φροῦδος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (contr. from πρὸ ὁδοῦ, as φροῖμιον from προῖμιον):—gone away: I.

of persons, gone, departed; c. part., φροῖδοί [εἶσι] δῶκοντές σε they are gone in pursuit of thee; of the dead, φροῦδος εἶ θανάων thou art departed by death, art dead and gone: metaph. undone, ruined. 2.

of things, gone, vanished.

φρουρά Ion. φρουρή, ἦ, (φρούρος) a looking out, watch and ward, guard; φρουρὰν ὀχεῖν to keep watch; φρουρὰς ἄδειν (sub. ἐνεκά) to sing on guard. 2. a watch of the night. 3. ward, prison, imprisonment. II. of men, a watch or guard, a garrison. 2. at Sparta, a body of men destined for service, a levy, conscription; for φρουρὰν φαίνειν, see φαίνω.

φρουραρχία, ἦ, the post of commandant. From φρουρ-αρχος, ὁ, (φρουρά, ἀρχω) a commander of a watch, an officer or guard: the commandant of a garrison or fortress.

φρουρέω, f. ἦσω: aor. I ἐφρούρησα: Pass., f. med. —ἦσομαι in pass. sense: aor. I ἐφρούρήθην: (φρουρός):—to keep watch or guard; οἱ φροροῦντες those on guard, the watch or guard. II. trans. to watch for, observe. 3. Med., like φυλάσσομαι, to be on one's guard against, beware of, c. acc. Hence

φρούρημα, ατος, τό, that which is watched or guarded; λέϊας βουκόλων φρουρήματα the herdsmen's charge of cattle. II. a guard, garrison: also of a single man. III. watch, ward, guard; φρούρημα ἔχειν to keep watch.

φρουρητός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φρουρέω, watched, guarded.

φρουρήτωρ, ορος, ὁ, (φρουρέω) a watcher, guard. φρουρικός, ἦ, ὄν, (φρουρά) of, belonging to a watch, guard, or garrison.

φρούριον, τό, (φρουρός) a watch-post, garrisoned fort, citadel: a castle, tower, isolated fort. II. the guard or garrison of a place.

φρουρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (φρουρός) a guard-ship. φρουρο-δῆμος, ον, (φρουρός, δῆμος) watching or guarding the house.

φρουρός, ὁ, (contr. for προορός from προοράω, as φροῦδος from πρὸ ὁδοῦ): a watcher, guard; οἱ φρουροὶ the guards or garrison of a fort or city.

φρουρώμεσ, Dor. I pl. subj. of φρουρέω. φρύαγμα, ατος, τό, (φρύασσομαι) a violent snorting, the neighing of a spirited horse. II. metaph. insolence, arrogance.

φρυαγο-στέμνακος, ον, (φρύαγμα, στέμνος) wanton and haughty.

φρύασσομαι Att. —ττωμαι, f. ξομαι, Dep. to snort and neigh, of a spirited horse. II. metaph. to be wanton, insolent.

φρυγανίζομαι, f. ἴσομαι Att. ἴουμαι, Dep. (φρύαγον) to gather sticks for fuel.

φρυγανισμός, ὁ, (φρυγανίζομαι) a gathering of dry sticks for fuel, a collecting of firewood.

φρύαννον [ῦ], τό, (φρύγω) a dry stick: mostly in plur. dry sticks for fuel, firewood, Lat. sarmenta, virgulta.

φρύγιον, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φρύγω.

ΦΡΥΓΓΙΛΟΣ, ὁ, a fitch, Lat. fringilla. [ῦ]

Φρύγιος, α, ον, (Φρύξ) Phrygian; Φρύγιοι νόμοι, Φρύγια μέλη Phrygian music, i. e. music played on the flute, said to be invented by Marsyas, wilder than the music for the lyre. [ῦ] Hence

Φρύγιστί, Adv. in Phrygian fashion; of music, in the Phrygian mode.

ΦΡΥΓΩ [ῦ], also ΦΡΥΣΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. φρύξω Dor. ξω: aor. I ἐφρύξα: Pass., aor. I ἐφρύχθην: aor. 2 ἐφρύγγην [ῦ]: pf. πέφρυγμα:—to roast, toast, broil: of the sun, to parch, Lat. torrere. Hence

φρυκτός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. roasted, toasted, parched. II. as Subst., φρυκτός, ὁ, a firebrand, torch: in plur. a signal-fire, alarm-fire, beacon; φρυκτοὶ πολέμοι αἰροῦνται ἐς τόπον fire-signals of an enemy's approach are made to a place.

(φρυκτωρέω, f. ἦσω, (φρυκτώρος) to give signals by fire:—Pass., ἐφρυκτωρήθησαν νῆες προσπλευσάσαι the approach of ships was signalled or telegraphed by alarm-fires. Hence

φρυκτωρία, ἦ, a giving signals by beacon or alarm-fires. II. a night-watch to make fire-signals.

φρυκτωρός, ὁ, (φρυκτός, οἶπος) one who watches to give signals by beacons or alarm-fires.

ΦΡΥΝΗ, ἦ, a toad. [ῦ]

ΦΡΥΞ, ὁ, gen. Φρύγος, α Phrygian.

φρύξω Dor. —ξω, fut. of φρύγω.

φρύσσω Att. —ττω, = φρύγω.

φρυχθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of φρύγω.

φῦ, φαῦγ! an exclamation of disgust.

φῦ, Ep. for ἔφυ, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φύω.

φῦά, Dor. for φυή.

φύγαδε, Adv. (φύγη) like φόβονδε, to flight; φύγαδ' ἔτραπεν ἵππουσ he turned his horse to flight.

φύγαδέωω, f. σω, (φυγάς) to make one an exile, drive from a country, banish. II. intr. to be an exile, live in banishment.

φύγαδέωω, ἡ, ὄν, (φυγάς) fit for an exile or refugee; φύγαδική προθυμία the zeal of an exile.

φύγ-αίχμησ, ου, ὄ, (φυγεῖν, αἰχμή) fleeing from the spear, unworlike, cowardly.

φύγάσ, ἀδος, ὄ, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) a fugitive, esp. a banished man, exile, refugee, Lat. exul, profugus; καταγεῖν φυγάδασ to recal the exiles; κατιέναι or κατελθεῖν was said of their returning themselves. 2. a deserter.

φυγγάνω, collat. form of φεύγω.

φύγαδᾶ, Adv., contr. for φύγαδε, to flight.

φύγε, Ep. for ἔφυγε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγεῖν Ion. φυγεῖν, aor. 2 inf. of φεύγω.

φύγη, ἡ, (φυγεῖν) flight in battle, Lat. fuga: dat. φυγῆ, in basty flight, hastily. 2. flight or escape from a thing, c. gen.; νόσων ἀμηχάνων φυγάσ ξυμπέφραστα he has devised means of escape from incurable diseases. II. banishment, Lat. exilium; φυγῆν φεύγειν to live in banishment. 2. as a collective

Noun φυγή, =φυγάδεσ, a body of exiles or refugees.

φύγησι, Ep. for φύγη, 3 sing. aor. 2 of φεύγω.

φύγο-δέμνιοσ, ου, (φυγεῖν, δέμνιοσ) shunning the marriage-bed.

φύγο-δίκεωσ, f. ἡσω, (φυγεῖν, δίκη) to shun a lawsuit: to dislike litigation.

φύγο-ξενοσ, ου, (φυγεῖν, ξένοσ) shunning strangers or guests, hence inhospitable.

φύγο-πτόλεμοσ, ου, ποῖτ, for φυγοπτόλεμοσ, (φυγεῖν, πτόλεμοσ, πτόλεμοσ) shunning war, cowardly.

φύγών, οῦσα, ὄν, aor. 2 part. of φυγεῖν.

φυεῖσ, εῖσα, ἐν, aor. 2 pass. part. of φύω.

φύζα, (φεύγω) ποῖτ. for φυγή, flight, rout. Hence φυζακίνόσ, ἡ, ὄν, flying, shy, scared.

φύζαλέοσ, α, ου, =φυζαίνοσ.

φύη Dor. φυά, ἡ, (φύω) growth, stature, fine growth, noble stature. II. one's natural powers or parts, talents, genius: nature. III. the flower or prime of age.

φύη, for φυή, 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύηται, aor. 2 pass. inf. of φύω.

φύητην, aor. 2 opt. of φύω.

φύκίοεισ, εῖσα, ἐν, (φύκοσ) full of sea-weed, weedy.

φύκιοσ or φύκιοσ, τό, (φύκοσ) sea-weed.

φύκο-γείτωσ, ονοσ, ὄ, ἡ, (φύκοσ, γείτωσ) near the sea-weed, dwelling by the sea.

ΦΥΚΟσ, εοσ, τό, Lat. FUCUS, sea-weed, seawrack, tangle. II. a red paint or dye formed from φύκοσ, Lat. fucus.

φुकτόσ, ἡ, ὄν, =φुकτόσ, verb. Adj. of φεύγω, to be shunned or escaped, that can be escaped. II. shunned, avoided.

φύλακεσσι, Ep. dat. pl. of φύλαξ.

φύλακῆ, ἡ, (φύλασσω) a watching or guarding, keeping watch or guard, watch or guard: in plur. a night-watch, Lat. excubiae; φυλακάσ ἔχειν to mount the night-guard; φυλακάσ φυλάττειν to keep guard or watch; τὰσ φυλακάσ καταστήσασθαι to set the watches. 2. a watch or guard, Lat. custodia: also a guard or garrison of a place. 3. a watch-tower: a fortified post or station. 4. of time, a watch, esp. a watch of the night. 5. a ward, prison, place of security.

II. a watching, guarding, keeping in ward; ἔχειν τιὰ ἐν φυλακῆ to keep in custody:—also φυλακῆν ἔχειν, =φυλάττεισθαι to take heed or care, be cautious; δευῶδσ ἔχειν ἐν φυλακῆσ to be strictly on one's guard.

φύλακίξω, f. ἰσω Att. ἰω, (φυλακῆ) to throw into prison.

φύλακοσ, ὄ, ποῖτ. for φύλαξ.

φυλακτέοσ, α, ου, verb. Adj. of φύλασσω, to be watched or kept. II. φυλακτέον (from Med. φυλάσσομαι) one must guard against.

φύλακτῆρ, ἠποσ, ὄ, =φύλαξ, a guard. Hence φύλακτῆριοσ, τό, a post for a garrison, a fort or castle: an outpost, Lat. statio. 2. a safeguard, preservative, amulet: amongst the Jews, φυλακτήρια were strips of parchment with a portion of the Law written upon them, believed to be of efficacy against evil spirits.

φύλακτικόσ, ἡ, ὄν, (φύλασσω) fit for preserving, preservative, c. gen. II. cautious:—Adv. -κῶσ.

φύλαξ, ἄκοσ, ὄ, also ἡ, (φύλασσω) a watcher, guard: a sentinel, Lat. excubitor; οἱ φύλακεσ the garrison: also body-guards. II. a guardian, keeper, protector, governor; φύλαξ παιδοσ a protector of the lad.

φύλαξείσ, Dor. for φυλάξεισ, 2 sing. fut. of φύλασσω.

φύλαξισ, εωσ, ἡ, (φύλασσω) a watching, guarding. II. (from Med.) occasion for guarding against, caution.

φύλαρχέω, f. ἡσω, to command the contingent of a tribe (φυλή). II. to command the cavalry. From

φύλ-αρχοσ, ὄ, (φύλη, ἀρχω) the chief of a tribe (φυλή). II. a commander of cavalry.

φύλασσεῖμαι, Ep. inf. of φύλασσω.

ΦΥΛΑΨΣΩ Att.—τωσ fut. φυλάξω: aor. I ἐφύλαξα Ep. φύλαξα: pf. πεφύλακα: Pass., f. φυλαχθήσομαι, also f. med. φυλάξομαι: aor. I ἐφύλαχθησ: pf. πεφύλαγμαι: I. absol. to watch, be sleepless: esp. to keep watch and ward, be on guard; νύκτα φυλάσσειν to watch the night through. II. trans. to watch, guard, keep, secure; φυλάττειν τιὰ ἀπότινοσ to guard one from a person or thing. 2. to watch for, lie in wait or ambush for; to watch, wait for or observe the right time. 3. metaph. to preserve, keep, maintain; φυλάσσειν ὕρκια to keep, respect oaths; φυλάσσειν ἔποσ to observe a command. III. Med. to heed, take heed or care, be on one's guard; used by Homer only in pf. pass.,

πεφυλαγμένος εἶναι to be cautious, prudent. 2. to keep a thing, bear it in mind or memory: c. inf. to take care to do; φυλάσσεσθαι μὴ ποιεῖν to take care not to do, to guard against doing. 3. c. acc. to take heed, beware of, be on one's guard against, shun, avoid; φυλάσσεσθαι τοὺς πολεμίους to be on one's guard against the enemy.—The Act. is sometimes used in the sense of the Med.

φυλῆτης, ου, ὁ, (φυλή) one of the same tribe, a tribesman, Lat. tribulitis.

φυλή, ἡ, (φύω) a union among the citizens of a state, a class or tribe formed according to blood, a clan or caste. 2. later, a union according to local habitation, a tribe, Lat. tribus, independent of connexion by blood.

II. a division in an army, the soldiers of one φυλή; also a certain number, a brigade, esp. of cavalry.

ΦΥΛΙΑ, ἡ, a wild olive-tree.

φυλλάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (φύλλον) a heap of leaves, a bed or litter of leaves.

II. the leaves, leafage, foliage of a tree: metaph. of man, φυλλάδος ἤδη κατακαρφομένης when his leaf now becoming sere and withered. 2. a tree or plant itself: a branch or bough.

φυλλεῖον, τό, (φύλλον) in plur. green stuff, herbs, such as mint, parsley, etc., that were given into the bargain; ραφανίδων φυλλεῖα, radish-tops.

φύλλινος, η, ου, (φύλλον) of leaves, made of leaves.

φυλλοβολέω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves. From

φυλλο-βόλος, ου, (φύλλον, βαλεῖν) shedding leaves.

φυλλό-κομος, ου, (φύλλον, κόμη) covered with leaves, thick-leaved, leafy.

ΦΥΛΛΟΝ, τό, a leaf; in plur. leaves, foliage; οἴητε φύλλον γενεή, τοῖσιδε καὶ ἀνδρῶν as is the generation of leaves, so is also that of men; πλεκτὰ φύλλα wreathed leaves. 2. in pl. also flowers.

φυλλόρ-ροος, ου, (φύλλον, ῥέω) leaf-shedding.

Hence

φυλλορροέω, f. ἦσω, to shed the leaves: hence the Comic phrase, φυλλορροεῖν ἀσπίδα to shed or let drop one's shield.

φυλλό-στρωτος, ου, and φυλλο-στρώς, gen. ὦτος, ὁ, ἡ, (φύλλον, στρώννυμι) strewn or covered with leaves.

φυλλο-φόρος, ου, (φύλλον, φέρω) bearing leaves; φυλλοφόρος ἀγών a contest in which the prize is a crown of leaves.

φυλλο-χόεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλλον, χέω) to shed like leaves.

φύλο-κρίνεω, f. ἦσω, (φύλον, κρίνω) to distinguish races, choose by races.

φύλον, τό, (φύω) a stock, race, kind; φύλον θεῶν, γυναικῶν. 2. in plur. to denote a number of one kind, a troop, host, crowd, as, φύλα θεῶν, φύλα γυναικῶν, etc.: a swarm of gnats: φύλον ὀρνιθῶν the race of birds. 3. sex, τό γυναικεῖον φύλον the female sex.

II. a race, people, nation.

III. in a more restricted sense, a clan, tribe; κατὰ φύλα by races or clans.

φύλο-πτος, ἴδος, ἡ; acc. φύλοπτιν or φύλοπτιδα:—(φύλον, ὄψ) the battle-cry, din of battle, battle.

φύμα, (φύω) a thing that grows upon the body, a tumour, boil, cancer, Lat. tuber, vomica.

φύνα, αορ. 2 inf. of φύω.

φυξάνορος, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω, ἀνήρ) fleeing men. [ᾶ]

φύξηλις, ἴος and ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (φεύγω) fugitive, shy, cowardly.

φύξιμος, ου, (φεύγω) of places, whither one can flee, where one can take refuge; as Subst., φύξιμον, τό, a place of refuge. II. c. acc., φύξιμὸς τινα able to flee from or escape one.

φύξις, εως, ἡ, (φεύγω) = φυγή, flight.

φύρμα, ατος, τό, (φύρω) that which is mixed or kneaded, paste, dough.

φύρω: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I ἐφύρωσα Ion. -ῆσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφύρωθην [ᾶ] Ion. -ῆθη: pf. πεφύρωμαι:—lengthd. form of φύρω, to mix up, mingle, knead: metaph. in Med., μαλακῆν φωνῆν πρὸς τοὺς ἑραστὰς φύρωσασθαι to make up a soft voice towards one's lovers.

φύρδην, Adv. (φύρω) mixedly, in utter confusion.

φύρηναι, aor. 2 inf. pass. of φύρω.

ΦΥΡΩΝ, f. φύρωσ: aor. I ἐφύρωσ: Pass., paullo-p. fut. πεφύρωσομαι: aor. I ἐφύρωθην: aor. 2 ἐφύρην [ῆ]: pf. πέφύρωμαι:—to mix, mix up, mingle together, esp. with something wet: hence to wet, soil, defile. 2. to mix and knead dough; ὁ φύρων one who kneads bread, a baker. II. metaph. to mingle or jumble together, confound, confuse:—Pass. to be in confusion or disorder. [ῆ]

φύς [ῆ], aor. 2 part. of φύω: ὁ φύς a son.

φύσα, ης, ἡ, (φύω) a pair of bellows, bellows. II. a breath, blast: of fire, a stream or jet.

φύσαθεῖς, εἶσα, ἐν, Dor. for φυσηθεῖς, aor. I pass. part. of φυσάω.

φυσᾶλις and φυσᾶλλις, ἴδος, ἡ, (φυσάω) a bladder, bubble, Lat. pustula. II. a wind-instrument, a pipe, bagpipe.

φυσᾶλος, ὁ, (φυσάω) a toad from its puffing itself up. [ῆ]

φύσας, aor. I part. of φύω; ὁ φύσας one's father. [ῆ]

φυσᾶτήριον, τό, Dor. for φυσητήριον.

φυσάω Ion. -έω: f. ἦσω: (φύσα):—to blow, puff, either with the breath or with bellows: to snort, snuff, breathe; δευὰ φυσᾶν to snort furiously. II. trans. to puff or blow up, Lat. inflare; φυσᾶν κύστιν to blow up a bladder: Pass., plqpf. ἐπεφύσητο ἡ γαστήρ my belly was blown out; pf. part. πεφυσημένος, blown out, swollen. 2. metaph. to cheat; φυσᾶν τινα to puff one up, make him vain:—Pass. to be puffed up, elated. 3. to blow out, spurt out, discharge. 4. to blow out a lamp. 5. to blow a wind-instrument.

φυσέω, Ion. for φυσάω: φυσεώμενος, Ion. for φυσώμενος, pres. pass. part.

φύση, ἡ, Ion. for φύσα.

φύσημα, ατος, τό, (φυσάω) that which is blown or blown out: a breath: any sound made by blowing or

snorting: a roaring, raging: of a horse, a snorting, snuffing: αἴματος φύσημα a blowing forth blood.

φύσητόν, verb. Adj. of φυσάω, one must blow up.

φύσητήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φυσάω) an instrument for blowing, a blow-pipe or tube. 2. a pair of bellows, a fan for blowing fire.

φύσητήριον Dor. φυσατήριον, τό, (φυσάω) a pair of bellows. II. a wind-instrument.

φύσιᾶμα, ατος, τό, a blowing, snorting. From φύσιᾶω, Ep. part. φύσιᾶων, (φυσάω) to blow, puff, snort, breathe hard, rant. II. transit. to blow or puff up:—metaph. to elate, make vain.

φύσιγγόμαι, Pass. (φύσιγγε) to be excited by eating garlic, properly of fighting cocks: of the Megarians, ὀδύνας πεφυσισγγωμένοι inflamed to fury with their woes, in allusion to the garlic grown in Megara: cf. φύσιγγε.

φύσιγγώμων, on, gen. onos, = φυσιογγώμων.

φύσιγγε, ἰγγος, ἡ, (φυσάω) the hollow stalk or clove of garlic: garlic itself.

φύσι-ζωος, on, (φύω, ζώη) producing or sustaining life, life-giving.

φύσικος, ἡ, ὄν, (φύσις) natural, produced or implanted by nature, inborn, native. II. of or belonging to external nature, physical, as opp. to moral, metaphysical, etc.

φύσιογνωμονέω, f. ἦσω, (φυσιογγώμων) to judge of a man by his features, know or detect him by his looks.

φύσιογνωμία, ἡ, the art of judging a man by his features, physiognomy.

φύσιογνωμών, on, gen. onos, (φύσις, γνώμη) judging of a man's character by his outward look.

φύσιώω, f. ὠσω, (φυσάω) to puff up, make proud.

φύσιῶων, Ep. pres. part. of φυσάω.

φύσις [ῥ], εως, ἡ, (φύω) the nature, inborn quality, property or constitution of a person or thing; φύσις ἀριθμῶν the nature, natural power of numbers, Lat. vis; φύσεως ἀποστήναι χαλεπὸν it is hard to part from one's nature. 2. of the mind, one's nature; natural powers, parts, temper, disposition, etc. 3. the outward form, stature, look, Lat. species, like φύη.

4. natural order, nature; φύσει or κατὰ φύσιν by nature, naturally, opp. to νόμῳ or κατὰ νόμον (by custom, conventionally); ἅπας ὁ ἀνθρώπων βίος φύσει καὶ νόμῳ διοικεῖται the whole life of man is regulated by the constitution of nature and by laws; ὁ κατὰ φύσιν θάνατος a natural death, opp. to παρὰ φύσιν, contrary to nature; so, ποδοδότης ἐκ φύσεως a traitor by nature. II. natural origin, birth; φύσει by birth. III. a creature; θνητῆ φύσις mankind; πόντου εἰνάλια φύσις the creatures of the sea; θηλεία φύσις woman-kind.

φύσιωσις, εως, ἡ, (φυσιάω) a being puffed up, vanity.

φύσικη, ἡ, (φυσάω) the large intestine: a sausage or black pudding.

φυστήρ or φύστη, ἡ, (φύρω) a kind of barley-cake, not kneaded firmly.

φύστις, εως, ἡ, (φύω) a progeny, race.

φυτάλιᾶ, ἡ, (φυτὸν) a planted place, an orchard or vineyard, as opp. to corn-land (ἀρουρά). II. a plant, esp. of the vine.

φυτάλμιος, on, (φυτὸς) producing, nourishing, fostering; fatherly. II. by nature, from one's birth; ἀρα καὶ ἦσθα φυτάλμιος δυσαίων; wast thou thus miserable from thy birth?

φύτεία, ἡ, (φυτεύω) a planting. II. a plantation; or simply a plant.

φύτευθεν, Aeol. and Ep. for ἐφύτεύθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I pass. of φυτεύω: but φυτευθέν, aor. I pass. part. neut. of φυτεύω.

φύτευμα, ατος, τό, (φύτεύω) that which is planted, a plant.

φύτευτήριον, τό, a plant grown as a sucker, a seedling, Lat. planta, stolo. From

φύτεύω, f. σω: aor. I ἐφύτευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐφύτευθην: pf. πεφύτευμαι: (φυτὸν):—to plant trees or plants: mostly as opp. to ἀρόω (to sow). 2. metaph. to beget; ὁ φυτεύσας πατὴρ or ὁ φυτεύσας alone, the father; οἱ φυτεύσαντες the parents:—Pass. to be begotten, to spring from parents. 3. generally, to produce, bring about, cause. II. to plant ground with trees; φυτεύειν χωρίον to plant a spot with trees:—Pass., γῆ πεφυτευμένη land planted with trees.

φύτλη, ἡ, (φύω) poet. for φύσις, a stock, generation, race, tribe.

φύτο-εργός, ὄν, poet. for φυτοουργός.

φυτόν, τό, (φύω) that which has grown, a plant, tree, fruit-tree. II. a creature: of men, a descendant, child. Properly neut. of φυτός.

φυτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of φύω, grown, growing. 2. metaph. of a statue, made of the natural wood, native.

φύτο-σκάφος, on, (φυτὸν, σκάπτω) digging or delving round plants; φυτοσκάφος ἀνήρ a gardener.

φύτο-σπόρος, on, (φυτὸν, σπείρω) planting trees:—metaph. begetting, φυτοσπίρος, ὁ, a father.

φύτ-ουργός poet. φυτο-εργός, ὄν, (φυτὸν, *ἐργω) cultivating plants or trees: as Subst., φυτοουργός, ὁ, a gardener, vine-dresser. II. metaph. begetting:

as Subst., φυτοουργός, ὁ, a father.

ΦΥΩ, fut. φύσω [ῥ]: aor. I ἐφύσα: in these tenses Causal, to bring forth, produce, make to grow; τρίχας φύνει to make hair grow; φύνειν περὰ τοῦ put forth, grow wings; of a country, φύνει καρπὸν τε θουμαστὸν καὶ ἀνδρας ἀγαθοὺς to produce excellent fruits and brave men:—also to beget, generate: ὁ φύσας, the begetter, father. 2. metaph., φρένας φύνει to get understanding; δόξας φύνει to get or gain reputation. II. Pass. and Med. φύομαι: f. φύσομαι: the sense of Pass. and Med. also belongs to intr. tenses of Act., aor. 2 ἐφύην, inf. φύναι, part. φύς, φύσας, φύν; later in pass. form ἐφύην, φύναι, φύνει: perf. πέφυκα, plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν:—Ep. 3 pl. pf. πεφύσσι for πεφύκασι, part. πεφύσας, πεφύσας, πεφύκατος, for πεφύκως, -κῆς, -κότης: there is also an Ep. redupl. impf. ἐπέφύκων, as if from a pres. πεφύκω; Ep. 3 plur. aor. 2

ἐφῶν for ἐφῶσαν: aor. 2 opt. φῦν for φύιν: *to grow, spring up or forth, come into being, be produced*; δένδρα πεφυκότα trees growing there. 2. of men, to be begotten or born, μη φῦναι νικᾶ not to have been born were best:—φῦναι or πεφυκέναι τινός to be born or descended from any one; ὁ φῦς the son, opp. to ὁ φῶσας the father. 3. to be so and so by nature, be formed so and so: hence simply to be; the pf. πέφυκα being often used as a pres., I have been born, I am; plqpf. ἐπεφύκειν as impf., I had been born, I was; so also aor. 2 ἐφῦν I am; often expressed by an Adv., as, τὰ δεύτερα πέφυκε κρατεῖν it is the nature of second things to prevail, i. e. they naturally prevail. 4. c. dat. to fall to one by nature, be one's natural lot; ἄνθρωπος πεφυκός man according to his nature, as he is.

φῶις, ἴδος, ἦ, contr. φῶς, φῶδος: pl. φῶιδες, φῶδες: (φῶς):—a blister or weal, caused by a burn, a burn, blister.

Φῶκατα Ion. —αίη, ἦ, a city in Ionia. Hence Φωκαίεύς Att. —αεύς, εως, and Φωκαίτης, ὁ, a Phocaeian: fem. Φωκαίς, ἴδος, a Phocaeian woman.

Φωκέυς, εἶος, ὁ, (Φωκίς) a Phocian. ΦΩΚΗ, ἦ, a seal, sea-calf, Lat. rhoca. Φωκικός, ἦ, ὄν, (Φωκίς) of Phocis, Phocian.

Φωκίς (sub. γῆ), ἴδος, ἦ, Phocis, a country on the Corinthian gulf, west of Boeotia.

φωλάς, ἄδος, ἦ, fem. Adj. (φωλεύς) lurking in a hole: lying torpid in its den, epith. of the bear. φωλεός, ὁ, Ep. for φωλεύς.

ΦΩΛΕΟΣ, ὁ, with irreg. plur. φωλεά, τά, a den, lair, hole, as of bears, foxes, mice.

φωλεύω, f. εὔσω, or φωλέω, f. ἦσω, (φωλεύς) to lie in a hole or den: to lie torpid in a hole. φωνάεις, Aeol. and Dor. for φωνῆεις.

φωνᾶσαι, Dor. for φωνῆσαι, aor. I inf. of φωνέω. φωνασκέω, f. ἦσω, (φωνασκός) to practise or cultivate one's voice, learn to sing or declaim. Hence φωνασκία, ἦ, practise of the voice.

φωνασκός, ὄν, (φωνῆ, ἀσκέω) practising the voice. φωνεῖντες, φωνεῖντα, Dor. for φωνοῦντες, φωνοῦντα, pres. part. from

φωνέω, f. ἦσω, (φωνῆ) to produce an articulate sound or tone: of men, to speak loud or clearly, to call out, cry, pronounce; with a neut. Adj., μέγιστα φωνεῖν to have the loudest voice. 2. of animals, to cry. 3. to sound: of a musical instrument, to sound sweetly.

4. τὰ φωνοῦντα the vowels, like τὰ φωνῆντα. II. c. acc. pers. to speak to, accost, address: to call by name, call to, cry to, call upon: c. acc. pers. et inf. to bid, command one to do. III. c. acc. rei, to speak of.

ΦΩΝΗ΄, ἦ, a sound, tone: mostly of men, the voice, Lat. vox: a loud clear voice, a cry; φωνῆν ῥηγνύναι to utter a clear, articulate sound. 2. the voice or cry of animals. 3. sound: the sound of musical instruments.

4. any articulate sound, as opp. to inarticulate (ψόφος); a vowel-sound, as opp. to that

of consonants. II. the faculty of speech, discourse, Lat. sermo. 2. language, Lat. lingua. 3. a kind of language, dialect. Hence

φωνῆεις Dor. φωνάεις, εἶσα, εν; contr. in neut. plur. φωνᾶντα:—sounding, speaking, gifted with speech: of wise sayings, φωνᾶντα συνοειοῦσι that have speech to the wise: uttering a sound, tone or speech:—τὰ φωνῆντα vowels opp. to ἀφωνα (consonants). See φωνῆ.

φώνημα, ατος, τό, (φωνέω) a sound made or uttered, voice. 2. a thing spoken, word, speech.

φωνήσα, Ep. for ἐφάνησα, aor. I of φωνέω. ΦΩΡ΄, ὁ, gen. φωρός, dat. pl. φωροσί, Lat. FUR, a thief; φωρών λιμῆν, a harbour at Athens, used by smugglers. Hence

φωρά, ἄς, Ion. φωρή, ἦς, ἦ, (φώρ) a thief. II. detection.

φωράω, f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: Pass., aor. I ἐφωράθην [ᾶ]: pf. πεφωράμαι: (φωρά):—to search after a thief, search a house to discover a thief: generally, to trace, detect, discover:—Pass. to be caught, detected; c. part., φωράσθαι κλέπτῃς ὄν to be convicted of being a thief; of things, ἀργύριον ἐφωράθη ξηγαγόμενον specie was discovered to be in course of exportation.

φώρη, Ion. for φώρα. φωριᾶμός, ὁ, a chest, trunk, coffèr, esp. for clothes and linen. (Deriv. uncertain.)

φωριδίος, α, ον, poet. for φωρίος, stolen.

φῶριος, ον, (φῶρ) stolen: secret, clandestine, illicit. φῶς, ὁ, gen. φωτός; dual φῶτε, φωτῶν; pl. φῶτες, φωτῶν: (*φᾶω, the Root of φημί):—poet. for ἀνήρ, a man: a mortal, as opp. to a god.

φῶς, τό, contr. for φάος. φωστήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, (φῶς) a light-giver, luminary. II. metaph. an opening for light, a door or window.

φωσφόρος, ον, (φῶς, φέρω) bringing light; as Subst., φωσφόρος, ὁ, with or without ἀστήρ, the light-bringer, Lat. Lucifer, i. e. the morning-star. 2. φωσφόροι κύρια, the eyeball that gives him light, of the Cyclops' eye. II. torch-bearing.

φωτ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (φῶς, ἄγω) guiding with a light:—φωταγωγός (sub. θύρα), ἦ, an opening for light, a window.

φωτεινός, ἦ, ὄν, (φῶς) shining bright, giving light. φωτιζῶ, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (φῶς) intr. to shine, give light, beam. II. transit. to bring to light, make known. 2. metaph. to enlighten, instruct, teach:

—Pass. to be enlightened or instructed. φωτιζμός, ὁ, (φωτίζω) an enlightening. II. that which enlightens, illumination, light.

X

Χ, χ, χι, τό, indecl., twenty-second letter of the Greek alphabet: as numeral χ' = 600, but χ =

600,000; also in Inscr. χ stands as first letter of χίλιοι, 1000.

Changes of χ, esp. in the dialects: I. Dor. for θ, as ὄρνιχος for ὄρνιθος. II. Ion. very freq. into κ, as δέκομαι κιβῶν κύθρα for δέχομαι χιτών κύθρα. III. put before λ, as χλαῖνα for λαῖνα, χλιαρός for λιαρός.

Like φ, χ was sometimes considered as a double consonant, so as to make a short syllable before it long by position, as in φαῖδχιτών.

χάδε, Ep. for ἐχάδε, 3 sing. aor. 2 of χανδάνω.

χάδεν Ep. χάδεναι, aor. 2 inf. of χανδάνω.

ΧΑΪΩ, Ep. fut. κεκάδησω: Ep. aor. 2 κέκαδον, for κέχαδον:—to force to retire from, bereave of a thing, c. gen.

II. Med. χάζομαι: f. χάσομαι Ep. χάσομαι: aor. I. χάσαμην, Ep. 3 sing. χάσατο, Ep. part. χασάμενος: there is also Ep. 3 pl. κεκάδοντο for κεχάδοντο, from a redupl. aor. 2 κεκάδομην, recoil, retire: absol., ὀπίσω χάζεσθαι to retire or retreat back. 2. c. gen. to draw back or retire from;

πυλῶνα χάζεσθαι to retire from the gates; χάζεσθαι ἐτάρων εἰς ἔθνος to retire into the troop of his companions. 3. in Att. c. inf. to doubt, scruple, hesitate, fear to do.

ΧΑΪΝΩ, seldom used in pres. and impf., ΧΑΪΣΚΩ, ἔχασκον being used instead: fut. χανούμαι: aor. 2 ἐχάνω: pf. κέχηνα, with pres. sense:—to gawn, gape, open wide; τότε μοι χάνοι εὐρέα χθῶν then may earth gawn wide for me: to open the mouth: of a wound, to gape, gawn.

II. in Comic Poets, to gape or gawn from weariness or in eager expectation; ἄνω κερηνέαι to look gaping up; οἱ κερηνότες γαπῆρες, starers: χάσκειν πρὸς τι to gape or look greedily after a thing; χάσκειν πρὸς τινα to gape in wonder or admiration at a person: also to gape about, stare about.

III. to open the mouth to speak, to utter, pronounce, Lat. *biscere*, c. acc.; δεινὰ ῥήματα κατὰ τινος χανεῖν to speak foul words against any one.

ΧΑΤΟΣ, a, ov, genuine, true, good, staunch.

χαίρεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of χαίρω.

χαυρετίω, f. σω, (χαίρε) to greet. Hence χαυρετισμός, οὐ, ὄ, a greeting.

χαυρηδών, ὄνος, ἦ, (χαίρω) joy, delight, formed like ἀλγηδών.

χαίρην, Dor. for χαίρειν, inf. of χαίρω.

χαίρουσα, Dor. for χαιρούσα, pres. part. fem. of χαίρω.

χαυρόντων, 3 pl. imperat. of χαίρω.

ΧΑΪΡΩ: f. χαιρήσω Ep. κευῆρῶσω: pf. κευῆρηκα, Ep. part. κευῆρηώς:—Med., fut. χῆρούμαι: Ep. aor. I. ἐχῆρῶμην, 3 sing. χῆρατο: and from a redupl. aor. 2 κευῆρόμην the 3 pl. ind. κευῆροντο, 3 sing. and pl. opt. κευῆροίτο, κευῆροίατο: Pass., in same sense as Act., fut. χῆρήσομαι; Ep. παυλο-p. fut. κευῆρήσομαι: aor. 2 ἐχῆρην [ᾶ], Ep. 3 sing. χῆρη, opt. χαιρείην, inf. χαιρήναι, part. χαιρείς: pf. κευῆρημαι, later κευῆραμαι: Ep. 3 pl. plqpf. κευῆρητο:—to rejoice, be glad, be

delighted or pleased; χαίρειν νόω to rejoice in one's mind.

2. c. dat. to rejoice at, be delighted with, take pleasure in a thing; also, χαίρειν γέλωτι to express one's joy by laughter; more rarely c. acc. pers. as, χαίρω δέ σ' εὐτυχούonta I rejoice at your prosperity.

3. c. part., χαιρῶ ἀκούσας I rejoice at having heard, am glad to hear; χαιρείς ὀρῶν φῶς thou rejoicest at seeing the light.

4. with the pres. part., χαιρῶ is used also in sense of φιλέω, to delight in doing, to be wont to do.

II. often with a negat., οὐ χαιρήσεις thou wilt or shalt not rejoice, i. e. thou shalt pay dearly for it, shalt repent; so also part. χαιρῶν with impunity; οὐ χαιρόντες ἀπαλλάξετε ye shall not get off with impunity.

III. the imperat. χαιρε is a common form of greeting, either at meeting, hail, welcome, Lat. *salve*; or at parting, farewell, Lat. *vale*; so in part., χαιρῶν ἴθι fare-thee-well.

IV. inf. χαιρῶν, in phrase χαιρῶν λέγω σοι, is used as a greeting like χαιρε; προσεῖπὼν τινα χαιρῶν having bid one welcome or farewell; so at the beginning of letters the inf. usually stood alone, as, Κύρος Κναξίδηρ χαιρῶν [sc. λέγει], Lat. *salvere jubet, salutem dicit*.

2. in bad sense, χαιρῶν ἔαν or κελεύειν to say farewell to a person or thing, to renounce, set at naught; πολλὰ χαιρῶν εἰπεῖν τινι to bid a long farewell to one; also in 3 sing. imperat. χαιρέτω, like ἔρρετω, let it go, away with it, a murrain with it.

ΧΑΪΤΗ, ἦ, long flowing hair, both in sing. and plur.: also a horse's mane; later also a lion's mane, Lat. *juba*.

II. of trees, like Lat. *coma*, leaves, foliage. Hence

χαιτήεις Dor. —αἴεις, εσσα, εν, with long flowing hair: also with a long mane.

χαίτωμα, = χαιτή, hair, the plume of a helmet.

χαλά, ἦ, Dor. for χηλή.

ΧΑΛΑΖΑ, ἡς, ἦ, bail: a hail-shower, hail-storm: metaph. any shower, sleet, a pelting storm, a shower of stones or arrows. II. a small pimple or tubercle.

Hence

χάλαζώ, to hail. II. to have pimples or tubercles. χαλαζέ-επιής, ἐς, (χάλαζα, ἔπος) burling abuse as thick as hail.

χάλαζηεις Dor. —αἴεις, εσσα, εν, (χάλαζα) like hail, thick as hail, pelting, pitiless.

χάλαζο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (χάλαζα, βαλεῖν) to strike with hail.

χάλαίνω, poet. for χαλάω.

χάλαρός, ἄ, ὄν, (χαλαῖω) slackened, loosened, slack;

χαλαρὰ κοτυληδῶνα a loose, supple joint: of music, languid, effeminate. Hence

χάλαρότης, ητος, ἦ, slackness, looseness.

ΧΑΛΑΩ: f. ἄσω [ᾶ]: aor. I. ἐχάλασα Ep. χάλασσα, Dor. part. χαλάσας; pf. κευῆλακα: Pass., aor. I. ἐχάλασθη: pf. κευῆλασμαι:

I. transit. to make slack or loose, slacken, loosen; χαλᾶν τόξα to unstring the bow; ἠνίας χαλᾶν to slack the reins;

χαλᾶν πύδα to slack the sheet of the sail. 2. to let down, let fall or droop; μέτωπον χαλᾶν to smooth

the brow. 3. to let loose, loose, release; κλῆθρα or κλῆθρα χαλᾶν to loose the bar or bolts. 4. metaph. to relax, let go, give up. II. intr. to become slack or loose: to gape, stand wide open. 2. metaph. c. gen. to relax or leave off from a thing, to cease from. 3. c. dat. to give way or yield to any one: to be indulgent to any one, pardon him. 4. absol., like εἶκειν, to give in, yield.—Pass., like the intr. usage, to be loosened or slackened.

Χαλδαῖος, ὁ, a Chaldaean. II. an astrologer, caster of nativities, since the Chaldaeans were much given to such pursuits. Hence

Χαλδαῖστί, Adv. in the Chaldean tongue.
χαλ-εμεῖς, ἄδος, ἦ, (χαλᾶω, εἶμα) Lat. laxivestis, loose-riobed, ungirt.

χαλεπαίνω, f. ἄνω: aor. I ἐχαλέπηνα, pass. ἐχαλεπάσθην: (χαλεπός):—to be hard, sore, grievous, severe, of violent storms, Lat. ingravescere: metaph. of men, to deal severely or harshly, to be harsh, ill-tempered; χαλεπαίνω τῷ to be embittered or shew harshness towards one; χαλεπαίνειν ἐπὶ τῷ to be angry at a thing: Med., χαλεπαίνεσθαι πρὸς ἀλλήλους to be angry or grow embittered towards one another.

χαλεπῆναι, aor. I inf. of χαλεπαίνω.
Χαλεπῆρης, ἑς, poet. for χαλεπός.
ΧΑΛΕΠΟΣ [ᾶ], ἦ, ὄν, hard to bear, sore, severe, grievous; τὸ χαλεπὸν τοῦ πνεύματος the severity of the wind; τὰ χαλεπὰ hardships, sufferings. 2. hard to do or deal with, difficult, troublesome. 3. difficult, dangerous. 4. of approaches, difficult, rough, rugged, steep. II. of persons, hard to deal with, bitter, hostile, angry; οἱ χαλεπώτεροι bitter enemies: mischievous, dangerous, troublesome. 2. harsh, cruel: of judges, severe, rigid, strict. 3. ill-tempered, angry, testy, morose. Hence

χαλεπότης, ἦτος, ἦ, difficulty, roughness, ruggedness. II. of persons, harshness, severity, rigour.

χαλέπτω, f. ψω: Pass., aor. I ἐχαλέφθην:—poet. for χαλεπαίνω, to deal harshly with, oppress, distress, harass: also to bring low, humble. 2. to provoke, enrage, irritate. II. intr. to be angry, irritated.

χαλεπῶ, Dor. for χαλεποῦ, gen. of χαλεπός.
χαλεπῶς, Adv. of χαλεπός, hardly, with difficulty; χαλεπῶς ἦν, c. inf., it was difficult to do. 2. scarcely, Lat. aegré. II. of persons, severely, cruelly, harshly. 2. angrily, bitterly; χαλεπῶς φέρειν τι, Lat. aegré, graviter ferre, to bear a thing ill.

χαλεπώτερον, -ώτα, Comp. and Sup. of χαλεπῶς.
χαλί-κράτος Ion. χαλί-κρητος, ὄν, (χάλις, κεράννυμι) unmix'd, of wine, Lat. merus.
χαλιν-ἄγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλινός, ἄγω) to guide with or as with a bridle: hence to curb, restrain.

χαλινός, ὁ, irreg. pl. χαλινά, τά, (χαλᾶω) a bridle, esp. the bit of a bridle; χαλινὸν ἐνδακύν to champ the bit; χαλινὸς δίδουσι to give a horse the rein. 2. metaph. of anything which curbs or compels; Διὸς χαλινός the curb imposed by Jove.

χαλινῶω, f. ὦσω, to bridle or bit a horse:—Pass. to be bridled or curbed. Hence

χαλίνωσις, εὐς, ἦ, a bridling. [Ὶ]
χαλινώτηρια, τά, (χαλινῶω) cables or ropes to moor ships to the shore.

ΧΑΛΙΑΞ, ἴκος, ὁ and ἦ, a small stone, pebble: as a collection, gravel, rubbish for filling up, rubble, Lat. caementum. [ᾶ]

χάλις, ἰος, ὁ, (χαλᾶω) sheer wine, Lat. merum.
χαλίφρονέω, f. ἦσω, (χαλίφρων) to be light-minded, flighty, silly. Hence
χαλίφροσύνη, ἦ, levity, thoughtlessness, rashness.
χαλί-φρων, ὄνος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλᾶω, φρήν) light-minded, flighty, thoughtless.

χαλκ-ἀρμάτος, ὄνος, (χαλκός, ἄρμα) with brassen chariot, epith. of Mars.

χάλκ-ασπις, ἰδος, ὁ, ἦ, (χαλκός, ἀσπίς) with brassen shield.

χαλκ-έγχης, ες, gen. εὐς, (χαλκός, ἔγχος) with brassen lance.

χαλκεῖον Ion. -ῆιον, τό, (χαλκεῖω) a smith's shop, forge, smithy, Lat. officina. II. anything made of copper: 1. a copper vessel, caldron. 2. a concave copper reflector in a lamp. 3. a copper badge. Strictly neut. from

χάλκεος, α, ὄν Ion. χαλκήμος, ἦ, ὄν, poet. for χάλκεος, (χαλκός) of brass, brassen.

χαλκ-ἑλάτος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἐλαῖνω) poet. for χαλκήλατος.

χαλκ-εμβολός, poet. fem. of χαλκεύβολος.
χαλκ-ἔμβολος, ὄν, (χαλκός, ἔμβολον) with brassen beak or prow, of a ship.

χαλκ-εντής, ἑς, (χαλκός, ἔντεα) armed with brass.

χαλκεό-γομφος, ὄν, (χαλκεός, γομφος) fastened with brassen nails.

χαλκεο-θώραξ, ἄκος, Ep. -θωρήξ, ἦκος, ὁ, ἦ: (χάλκεος, θώραξ) with brassen breastplate.

χαλκεο-κάρδιος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, καρδία) with heart of brass.

χαλκεο-πέδος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, πέζα) brass-footed.

χαλκεό-οπλος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, ὄπλον) with arms or armour of brass.

χάλκεος, ἑα Ion. ἑή, εὐν, also εὐς, εὐν: contr. χαλκοῦς, ἦ, οὐν: poet. χάλκεος Ion. -ῆιος, ἦ, ὄν: (χάλκος):—of copper or bronze, brassen, Lat. aeneus; χάλκεος Ζεὺς a brassen statue of Jove; χάλκεον ἱστάναι τῷ to raise a brassen statue to one. 2. metaph., like brass, hard, stout; χάλκεον ἦτορ, a heart of brass; χάλκεος ὕπνος a brassen sleep, i. e. sleep of death.

χαλκεο-τευχής, ἑς, (χάλκεος, τεῦχος) in arms of brass.

χαλκεό-φωνος, ὄν, (χάλκεος, φωνή) with voice of brass, i. e. ringing strong and clear.

χάλκευμα, ἄτος, τό, (χαλκεύω) anything made of brass, a brassen instrument or implement: a weapon, etc.: in plur. brassen bonds.

χαλκεύς, εὐς, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) a worker in copper, a

coppersmith, brasier. 2. more generally, a worker in metal, smith, even of a goldsmith; esp. a blacksmith.

χαλκευτής, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκεύω) = χαλκεύς: metaph. a forger.

χαλκευτικός, ἡ, ὄν, of or for the brasier or his art: skilled in metal-working: ἡ χαλκευτική (sub. τέχνη), the smith's art or trade.

χαλκευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαλκεύω, wrought of copper or metal.

χαλκεύω, f. σω, (χαλκός) to make of copper or of metal, to forge:—Pass. to be wrought or forged. II. intr. to be a smith, work as a smith, ply the hammer or forge; τὸ χαλκεύειν the smith's art.

χαλκεών, ὄνος, ὁ, = χαλκεῖον, a forge, smithy.

χαλκηδών, ὄνος, ὁ, (χαλκός) Chalcedony, name of a gem like an onyx.

χαλκήιον, τό, Ion. for χαλκεῖον.

χαλκήιος, η, ον, Ion. for χάλκειος.

χαλκ-ἡλάτος also **χαλκ-έλατος**, ον, (χαλκός, ἐλαύω) forged out of brass, of beaten brass.

χαλκήρης, ες, gen. εος, (χαλκός, ἀρπᾶν) furnished with brass: of spears and arrows, tipped with brass.

χαλκί-οικος, ον, (χαλκός, οἶκος) dwelling in a brassen house or shrine.

χαλκίον, τό, (χαλκός) a copper utensil, vessel, implement. 2. copper money, copper coin.

χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, a bird of prey.

Χαλκίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Chalcis, a city in Euboea, said to have its name from neighbouring copper-mines.

χαλκούρης, ες, gen. εος, poet. lengthd. form for χαλκήρης. [α̅]

χαλκο-βάρης, ἐς, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βάρος) heavy or loaded with brass.

χαλκοβάρεια, used as fem. of χαλκοβαρής.

χαλκο-βάτης, ἐς, gen. εος, (χαλκός, βαίνω) standing on brass, with foundation of brass, with brassen base.

χαλκο-βόας, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, βοή) with voice of brass.

χαλκο-γένειος, ον, (χαλκός, γένειον), and **χαλκό-**

γένυς, υ, gen. υος, (χαλκός, γένυς) with teeth of brass.

χαλκο-γλώχιν, ἴνος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, γλωχίς) with point or barbs of brass.

χαλκο-δαιδάλος, ον, (χαλκός, δαιδάλλω) inlaid with brass. II. act. working in brass.

χαλκο-δάμιας, αντος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, δαμάω) subduing, i. e. sbarpening brass.

χαλκο-δέτος, ον, (χαλκός, δέω) brass-bound.

χαλκο-θήραξ, ἄκος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, θήραξ) = χαλκεοθήραξ, with brassen breastplate.

χαλκο-κνήμις, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, κνήμις) with greaves of brass.

χαλκο-κορυστής, οὔ, ὁ, (χαλκός, κορύσσω) as masc. Adj., with or in brassen armour.

χαλκό-κροτος, ον, (χαλκός, κροτέω) sounding or rattling with brass: of horses, brassen-boofed. II. beaten or forged of brass.

χαλκο-λίβανον, τό, fine or glowing brass. (Deriv. uncertain.)

χαλκο-μίτρας, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, μίτρα) with girdle of brass.

χαλκό-νωτος, ον, (χαλκός, νῶτος) brass-backed.

χαλκο-πᾶγής, ἐς, (χαλκός, παγγῆναι) compacted of brass.

χαλκο-πάρηος Dor. —**πάρηος**, ον, (χαλκός, παρεία) with cheeks or sides of brass, epith. of helmets.

χαλκό-πέδος, ον, (χαλκός, πέδον) with floor of brass.

χαλκό-πλευρος, ον, (χαλκός, πλευρά) with sides of brass, of an urn.

χαλκο-πληθής, ἐς, gen. εος, (χαλκός, πλήθος) filled with brass, armed all in brass.

χαλκό-πληκτος Dor. —**πλακτος**, ον, (χαλκός, πλήσσω) forged or welded of brass.

χαλκό-πους, ὁ, ἡ, —**πουον**, τό; gen. —**ποδος** (χαλκός, ποῦς):—brassen-footed, with brassen tramp. II. with steps of brass, brassen.

χαλκό-πύλος, ον, (χαλκός, πύλη) with gates of brass or bronze.

ΧΑΛΚΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, brass, or rather copper, Lat. *aes*, called from its colour ἐρυθρός and αἰθῶψ. Copper was the first metal that was wrought, and hence χαλκός was used as a name for metal in general; and afterwards, when iron began to be worked, the word χαλκός was used for σίδηρος. Later, χαλκός was applied to bronze, a mixture of copper with tin, which was the chief metal used by the ancients in the arts. II. in the Poets, anything made of brass or metal, esp. of brassen arms: also a brassen vessel, urn.

χαλκο-σκελής, ἐς, (χαλκός, σκέλος) with legs of brass.

χαλκο-στέφανος, ον, (χαλκός, στέφανος) crowned or compassed with brass.

χαλκό-στομος, ον, (χαλκός, στόμα) with brassen mouth. II. with edge or point of brass.

χαλκό-τευκτος, ον, (χαλκός, τεύχω) made of brass.

χαλκο-τευχής, ἐς, (χαλκός, τεύχος) in brassen armour.

χαλκό-τοξος, ον, (χαλκός, τόξον) with brassen bow.

χαλκοτορέω, f. ἦσω, to form or mould of brass.

From

χαλκό-τορος, ον, (χαλκός, τέρω) wrought of brass.

χαλκό-τύπος, ον, (χαλκός, τύπω) beating or working copper:—as Subst., χαλκοτύπος, ὁ, a worker in copper, coppersmith: generally, a smith. 2.

striking brass together, beating the cymbals, of the priests of Cybele. II. χαλκοτύπος, ον, pass., struck with brass, inflicted with brassen arms.

χαλκο-σύργος, ὁ, (χαλκός, *ἐργω) a coppersmith.

χαλκοῦς, ἡ, οὔν, Att. contr. from χάλκειος. II. as Subst., χαλκοῦς, ὁ, a copper coin, somewhat less than a farthing.

χαλκο-φάλαρος, ον, (χαλκός, φάλαρα) adorned or ornamented with brass or copper. [φᾶ]

χαλκόφι, Ep. for χαλκοῦ, gen. of χαλκός.

χαλκο-χάρμης, ον, ὁ, (χαλκός, χάρμη) fighting in brassen armour.

χαλκο-χιτών, ανος, ὁ, ἡ, (χαλκός, χιτών) brassen-coated, brass-clad.

χαλκό-χυτος, *ov*, (χαλκός, χέω) cast in copper or brass.

χαλκώω, *f. ὦσα*, (χαλκός) to cover with brass:—*aor. I pass. part. χαλκωθείς*, clad in brass. II. to make in brass or bronze.

χάλκομα, *ατος, τό*, (χαλκός) anything made of bronze or copper, a brassen vessel or instrument.

χάλυβδικός, *ή, ὄν*, (χάλυψ) of steel; τὸ χάλυβδικόν steel.

χάλυβος, *ῶ, ποῖτ.* for χάλυψ, steel.

Χάλυψ, ὕβος, *ῶ*, one of the nation of the Chalybes in Pontus, famous for the working of steel. II. as appellat., χάλυψ, ὕβος, *ῶ*, hardened iron, steel.

χάμαδις [μα], *Adv. (χαμαί) ποῖτ.* for χαμάζε, on the ground, to the ground.

χαμάζε, *Adv. (χαμαί) to the ground, on the ground, Lat. bumi.*

χαμάθεν, *Adv. (χαμαί) from the ground.*

ΧΑΜΑΙ, *Adv. on the earth, on the ground.* 2.

like χαράζε, *Lat. bumi, to the ground, to earth.*

χαμαι-γενής, *ἑς, gen. ἑος*, (χαμαί, γενέσθαι) earth-born, sprung from the soil.

χαμαι-ευνάς, *ἄδος, ποῖτ. fem. of sq. [αἰ metri grat.]*

χαμαι-εύνης, *ου, ὄ*, (χαμαί, εύνή) making one's bed or lair on the ground. [αἰ metri grat.]

χαμαίζηλος, *ου, (χαμαί) growing low or near the ground: generally, low: ὁ χαμαίηλος (sub. δίφρος), a low stool.* II. metaph. fond of mean things, humble; τὸ χαμαίηλον humility.

χαμαικουτέω, *f. ἦσω, to lie, make one's bed on the ground. From*

χαμαι-κοίτης, *ου, ὄ*, (χαμαί, κοίτη) lying or making one's bed on the ground.

χαμαιλεχής, *ἑς, gen. ἑος*, (χαμαί, λέχος) = χαμαικοίτης.

χαμαι-λέων, *οντος, ὄ*, (χαμαί, λέων) the chameleon, a kind of lizard known for changing its colour.

χαμαιπετέω, *f. ἦσω, to fall to the ground; γνόμα χαμαιπετοῖσα* a thought that falls to the ground. From

χαμαι-πετής, *ἑς, (χαμαί, ΠΕΤ- Root of πίπτω) falling to or on the earth; χαμαιπετής πίπτειν* to fall to earth: fallen, prostrate in the dust. 2. lying or sleeping on the ground. 3. on the ground. II. metaph. falling to the ground, coming to naught, fruitless.

χαμαιπετοῖσα, *Dor. for χαμαιπετούσα, part. fem. of χαμαιπετέω.*

χαμαι-τυπέιον, *τό*, (χαμαί, τυπεῖν) a brotbel.

χαμ-ερπήσι, *ἑς, (χαμαί, ἔρπω) creeping on the ground, grovelling.*

χαμ-εύνη, *ή, for χαμαιεύνη, (χαμαί, εύνή) a bed on the ground, pallet-bed, truckle-bed.* II. a bedstead.

χαμ-ευνίς, *ἴδος, ή, (χαμαί, εύνή) a lowbed, a pallet-bed.*

χαμηλός, *ή, ὄν*, (χαμαί) on the ground. 2. diminutive, trifling: metaph. low, mean.

χαμῶθεν, *Adv. (χαμαί) later form for χαμάθεν, from the ground.*

χάμψαι, *οί*, the Egyptian name for crocodiles.

χάν, *ή, Dor. for χήν, a goose.*

Χαναανίος, *α, ον*, Canaanitish, of Canaan:—as Subst., Χαναανίος, *ῶ*, a Canaanite; Χαναανία, *ή, α* Canaanitish woman. See Κανανίτης.

χανδάνω, *fut. χείσομαι: aor. 2 ἔχῶδον Ep. χᾶδον: pf. with pres. sense κέχανδα: Ep. 3 sing. plqpf. with impf. sense κέχανδει:—to hold, take in, comprise, contain, ἔξ μετρά χάνδανει κρητήρ* the bowl held six measures: οὐκ ἐδυνήσατο πάσας αἰγιαλὸς νῆας χαδέειν the beach could not hold all the ships.

χανδόν, *Adv., (χαίνω) gaping, with mouth wide open: metaph. greedily, eagerly.*

χᾶνεῖν, *aor. 2 inf. of χαίνω.*

χαίνω [ᾶ], 3 sing. aor. 2 opt. of χαίνω.

ΧΑ'ΟΨ [ᾶ], *eos, τό*, Chaos, Space, personified by Hesiod, who represents Chaos as the first state of existence, the rude unformed mass. 2. infinite space, the atmosphere: later any wide, empty space, a gulf, chasm.

χᾶός, *όν*, like χᾶίος, genuine, true, good.

χᾶράς, *ή, (χαρήναι) joy, delight, pleasure; χαρῆ with joy: c. gen. joy in or at a thing.*

χάραγμα, *ατος, τό*, (χάρασσω) any mark imprinted: χ. ἐχίδνης the serpent's bite. 2. a graven mark or line, character, inscription.

χᾶράδρα *Ion. χᾶράδρη, ή, (χαράσσω) like χείμαρπος, a mountain-stream, torrent, which cuts itself (χαράσσει) a way down the mountain-side, Lat. torrens.* II. the bed of such a stream, a deep gully, rift, ravine. Hence

χᾶραδραῖος, *α, ον*, of or from a mountain-torrent.

χᾶραδρίος, *ῶ*, (χᾶράδρα) a bird dwelling in clefts (χᾶράδρα) whence its name, the curlew.

χᾶραδρόω, *f. ὦσω: Pass., aor. I ἔχαραδρόωην: pf. κεχαράδρωμαι: (χᾶράδρα):—to tear up into clefts:—Pass. to be broken into clefts by mountain-streams, to be full of ravines and gullies; χώρα κεχαραδρωμένη* a country intersected with ravines.

χᾶράκω, *f. ὦσω, (χάραξ) to pale round, palisade, fortify.* II. to march with a pole or stake.

χᾶρακτήρ, *ἦρος, ὄ*, (χαράσσω) that which is cut in or marked, the impress or stamp on coins, seals, etc.; χαρακτήρα ἐπεμβάλλειν τινί to set a stamp upon a thing. 2. metaph. the mark or token impressed on a person or thing, a characteristic, distinctive mark, character; ἀνδρῶν οὐδεὶς χαρακτήρ ἐπέφυκε σῶματι no outward mark has been impressed by nature on the person of men. 3. a likeness, image, exact representation.

χᾶρακτός, *ή, ὄν*, verb. Adj. of χαράσσω, cut in, notched, like a saw.

χᾶράκωμα, *ατος, τό*, (χαράκω) a place paled round or palisaded, a fortified camp. II. a paling, palisade, *Lat. vallum.*

χᾶράκωσις, *εως, ή, (χαράκω) a fencing with pales, a palisading, fortifying.*

χᾶράξ, *ἄκος, ὄ*, also *ή, (χᾶράσσω) a pointed stake: a vine-prop, vine-pole.* II. a pale used in fortifying the rampart of a camp, *Lat. vallus: hence* 2.

collectively, a place *paled in, a fortified camp*, Lat. *vallum*.

ΧΑ΄ΡΑ΄ΣΣΩ Att. —ττω: f. ξω: aor. I. ἐχάραξα: *Pass.*, aor. I. ἐχάραχθην: pf. κεχάραγα:—*to make sharp or pointed, sharpen*: *Pass.* to be notched or jagged: of eyes, to sparkle. 2. metaph. to exasperate, irritate, provoke:—*Pass.* to be irritated, exasperated. II. to cut by furrows, furrow, plough. III. to engrave, inscribe.

χάρηναί, aor. I. inf. pass. of χαίρω.

χάρησομαι, later fut. of χαίρω.

χάρϊ-δώτης, ου, ό, (χάρϊς, δίδωμι) *he that gives joy or grace*.

χάρϊεις, χαρίεσσα, χαρίεν, gen. εντος: (χάρϊς):—*graceful, pleasing, agreeable, lovely, pretty, elegant*.

II. in Att., χαρίεις was often used of persons, *graceful, elegant, accomplished, refined*; οί χαρίεντες *men of taste and refinement, men of education*.

III. the neut. was used in Att. as Adv., when it was written χαρίεν. Hence

χάρϊεντίζομαι, f. —ίσομαι Att. —ιούμαι: Dep.:—*to act or speak with grace or elegance: to be witty, to jest*; σπουδῆ χαρίεντίζεσθαι *to jest in earnest*.

χάρϊέντως, Adv. of χαρίεις, *gracefully, elegantly: neatly, cleverly*. 2. kindly, courteously.

χάρϊ-εργός, όν, (χαίρω, ἔργον) *delighting in the arts, epith. of Minerva*.

χάρϊζομαι: fut. med. —ίσομαι Att. —ιούμαι, also f. pass. —ισθήσομαι: aor. I. ἐχαρισάμην and ἐχαρίσθην: pf. κεχάρισμαι both in act. and pass. sense: Dep.: (χάρϊς):—*to shew favour or kindness, to oblige or gratify a person, c. dat.: absol. to be pleasing or agreeable, court favour*.

2. in Att. to gratify or indulge a passion, like Lat. *indulgere*; χάρϊζεσθαι τῷ σώματι *to indulge one's body*.

II. c. acc. rei, *to offer willingly, offer as a free gift, give freely*: c. gen. to give freely of a thing; χάρϊζεσθαι άλλοτριων *to give freely of what does not belong to one*; ταμίη χαρίζομένη παρεόντων *the housekeeper giving freely of the stores in hand*.

III. in pass. sense, *to be pleasing, agreeable, to be granted as a favour*; τοῖσι Εὐβοέεσσι ἐκεχάριστο *it was done to please the Euboeans*.

2. pf. part. κεχαρισμένος, *pleasing, acceptable, welcome*; ἐμῷ κεχαρισμένε θυμῷ *most welcome to my heart*; κεχαρισμένε ἦλθεν *he came wished for, was welcome*.

χαρίεῃ, Dor. for χαρίσει, 2 sing. fut. of χαρίζομαι.

χάρϊς [ᾶ], ἡ, gen. χάρϊτος: acc. χάρϊν or χάρϊτα: plur. χάρϊτες, dat. pl. χάρϊσι Ep. χαρίτεσσι poet. also χάρϊσι: (χαίρω):—*favour, grace, Lat. gratia*: 1. outward grace, grace, loveliness; χάρϊν καταχεύαι τινι *to shed grace over one*. 2. of things, a grace, a charm.

II. grace or favour felt, either, 1. by the Doer, *kindness, good-will*: or, 2. by the Receiver, *the sense of favour received, thanks, gratitude*; esp. in phrases χάρϊν εἶδέναι *to feel gratitude*; χάρϊν ὀφείλειν *to owe a debt of gratitude, be beholden*; χάρϊν or χάρϊτα καταθέσθαι τινί *to lay up*

a store of *gratitude* with a person, i. e. earn his thanks; χάρϊν λαμβάνειν *to receive thanks*.

3. *influence, as opp. to force, Lat. gratia*; χάρϊτι πλείον ἢ φόβῳ *more by favour than fear*.

III. a favour done, a grace, kindness, boon; χάρϊν φέρειν τινί *to confer a favour on one*: hence in phrases, χάρϊν θέσθαι, νέμειν, δρᾶσαι *to confer a grace, favour, kindness*.

IV. a gratification, delight; φόρμυγος from the harp. 2. δαιμόνων χάρϊσι *homage or worship due to the gods: an offering, gift*; εὐκταία χάρϊς *a gift in consequence of a vow*.

V. special usages: acc. sing. absol. χάρϊν, c. gen., *in anyone's favour, for his pleasure, for his sake, χάρϊν*

Ἔκτορος *for the sake of Hector*: also with the Articul., τὴν Ἀθηναίων χάρϊν *for the sake of the Athenians*:—it soon became used as a Prep., c. gen., = ἔνεκα, Lat. *gratia, causa, for the sake, in behalf of, on account of*: so too, ἐμὴν χάρϊν, τὴν χάρϊν *for my, thy pleasure or sake, Lat. mea, tua gratia*.

2. εἰς χάρϊν τινός *to do one a pleasure*; πρὸς χάρϊν λέγειν τινί *to speak to one for the sake of pleasing him*; but, πρὸς χάρϊν ἐμᾶς σαρκός *for the sake of my flesh, i. e. of devouring it*.

3. ἐν χάρϊτι κρίνειν τινά *to decide from partiality to one*.

4. διὰ χαρίτων εἶναι or γίγνεσθαι τινα *to be on terms of friendship or mutual favour with one*.

VI. in Mythology, αἱ Χάρϊτες the Charitēs or Graces, were the goddesses who confer all grace, even the favour of Victory in the games: three in number, Aglaïa, Euphrosynē, Thalia.

χάρϊσμα, atos, τό, (χάρϊζομαι) *a grace, favour: a free gift, grace*.

χάρϊσοσασθαί, Ep. aor. I. med. inf. of χαρίζομαι.

χάρϊστήριος, ου, (χαρίζομαι) *in token of thanksgiving*.

II. as Subst., χαριστήριον, τό, a grace, gift. 2. τὰ χαριστήρια (sub. ἱερά), *thank-offerings*.

χάρϊτία, ἡ, (χάρϊς) *a jest, joke*.

χάρϊτο-βλέφαρος, ου, (Χάρϊς, βλέφαρον) *with eyelids like the Graces*.

χάρϊτο-γλωσσέω Att. —πτέω, f. ἦσω, (χάρϊς, γλῶσσα) *to speak to please, glose with the tongue*.

χάρϊτώω, f. ἴσω, (χάρϊς) *to shew favour or grace to anyone*:—*Pass.* to be highly favoured.

χάρϊτ-ώπτης, es, (χάρϊς, ὤψ) *graceful of aspect*: fem. χαρίτᾶπις, ιδος.

χάρμα, atos, τό, (χαίρω) *a source of joy, a joy: joy, delight*.

χάρμη, ἡ, (χαίρω) = χάρμα, *joy: the joy of battle, battle*.

χαρμονή, ἡ, (χάρμα) *joy, delight*: in pl. joys, delights.

χαρμόσυνος, η, ου, (χάρμη) *joyful, glad*; χαρμόσυνα ποιεῖν *to make rejoicings*.

χαρμό-φρων, onos, ό, ἡ, (χάρμα, φρήν) *gladdening the heart or of joyous heart*.

χάρο-ποιός, όν, (χαρά, ποίω) *causing joy, gladdening*.

χάρ-πόπος, ἡ, όν, also ός, όν, (χαρά, ὤψ) *glad-eyed, bright-eyed*: properly it only implied brightness and fierceness: later, it came to mean light blue or gray, much like γλαυκός.

χαρτάριον, τό, Dim. of χάρτης.
χάρτης, ον, ὄ, (χαράσσω) Lat. *charta*, a leaf of paper, made from the separated layers of the papyrus.
χαρτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χαίρω, *delightful, gladdening, cheerful*.

Χάρυβδις, εως Ion. κοσ, ἡ, *Cbarybdis*, a dangerous whirlpool on the coast of Sicily, opposite the Italian rock Scylla: then generally a *whirlpool, gulf*: metaph. of a *greedy rapacious person*, like Lat. *baratrum*.

Χάρων [ἄ], αὖτος, ὄ, *Charon*, the ferryman of the Styx, so called from his *bright fierce eyes*. Cp. χάρωτος.

χασκάζω, f. ἄσω, Frequentat. of χασκω, c. acc., to keep yawning or gaping at or for a thing.

χάσκω, ἐχασκον, to *gape, yawn*, used as pres. and impf. of χαινῶ: see χαινῶ.

χάσμα, ατος, τό, (χαινῶ) a yawning hollow, a chasm, gulf. II. the open mouth, like Lat. *rietus*. III. any wide space or expanse.

χασμάομαι, f. -ήσομαι, Dep. (χαινῶ) to yawn, gape wide, of the mouth.

χασμέομαι, Ion. for χασμάομαι.

χασμεύμενος, Dor. pres. part. of χασμάομαι.

χασμημα, ατος, τό, (χασμάομαι) a wide yawn, gape, Lat. *rietus*.

χασσάμενος, Ep. aor. I med. part. of χάζομαι.

χάσσομαι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χάζομαι.

ΧΑΤΕΪΝ, f. ἴσω, to long, desire, wish much to do a thing, c. inf.: absol. to wish, desire. II. c.

gen. to crave, want, have need of a thing.

χάτιζω, f. ἴσω, like χάρτω, to long for, desire, crave: to want, have need of; χатиζεν εργοιο to want or be without work: absol. in part., one who is in want, a needy, poor person.

χάτις, ἡ, and χάτος, εος, τό, want, need, = χηρῆς, χῆτος.

χαυλι-όδους, -όδοντος, ὄ, ἡ, (χαύλιος, ὀδούς) with outstanding or projecting teeth. II. χαυλιόδοντες ὀδόντες of the crocodile's teeth, outstanding, tusky: absol., χαυλιόδοντες sbarp, jagged teeth.

χαυνο-πολίτης, ον, ὄ, (χαῦνος, πολιτής) an open-mouthed citizen, a gaping cit. [Ὶ]

χαυνό-πρωκτος, ον, (χαῦνος, πρωκτός) wide-breached. χαῦνος, ἡ, ον, and os, ον, (χαῖτω) gaping: flaccid, loose, porous.

II. metaph. loose, foolish, silly, vain. Hence

χαυνότης, ἡτος, ἡ, looseness, porousness. II. metaph. folly, vanity.

χαύνωσις, εως, ἡ, (χαυνῶ) a making loose or slack. II. metaph. making a thing light, weakening its force.

χέε, χέεν, Ep. 3 sing. impf. or aor. I of χέω.

χέζητιάω, like χεσείω, Desiderat. of χέω, to wish to ease oneself.

ΧΕΖΩ: f. χεσοῦμαι: pf. κέχοδα: aor. I ἐχεσα: aor. 2 ἐχεσον: pf. pass. κέχασμαι:—to ease oneself:—Pass., σπέλεθος ἀρτίως κέχασμένος dung just dropt.

ΧΕΙΑ Ion. χειή, ἡ, a bole, esp. of serpents.

χείλευς, Dor. for χείλος, gen. of χείλος.

χείλο-ποτέω, f. ἴσω, (χείλος, πίνω) to drink with the lips only, to sip.

ΧΕΙΛΩΣ, εος, τό: plur., gen. χηιλέων contr. ὦν; dat. χηίλεσι Ep. —εοσι:—a lip: proverb., χηίλεσι γελῶν to laugh with the lips (only); χηίλεα μὲν τ' ἐδίην', ὑπερῆν' ὄ' οὐκ ἐδίηνεν it wetted the lips, but the palate it wetted not. 2. of beasts, the snout, muzzle: of birds, a bill, beak. II. metaph. of things, the edge, brink, brim, rim, esp. of a river or a cup.

χέιμα, ατος, τό, winter-weather, cold, frost, Lat. *hiems*: winter, as a season of the year, opp. to θέρος: χέιμα absol. in acc., in winter. II. a storm: metaph. a storm of passion.

χημαῖδιον [ἄ], τό, a winter-dwelling, winter-quarters; χηιμαδίω χηρησθαι Δήμηφ to fix upon Lemnos as winter quarters. From

χημάζω, f. ἄσω: (χέιμα): I. transit. to expose to the winter, set in the frost or cold: Pass. to be exposed to the frost or cold: live through the winter. II. intr. to pass the winter: to go into winter quarters, to winter, Lat. *hiemare*.

III. to raise a storm or tempest: metaph. to trouble, afflict. 2. absol. χημάζει (sc. ὁ θεός), there is a storm, like ὕει, νίφει, etc.; ἐχέιμαζε ἡμέρας τρεῖς the storm lasted three days. 3. Pass. to be driven by a storm, suffer from it: metaph. to be tempest-tost, distressed, esp. of the state: to be distracted, overwhelmed by suffering.

χημαῖνα, f. ἄνω, (χέιμα) distress by a storm or tempest:—Pass. to be driven by a storm, be tempest-tost.

II. intr. to be stormy.

χημαῖρος, ὄ, (χέιμα) a plug in a ship's bottom, drawn out when the ship was brought on land, to let out the bilge-water.

χημαῖρ-ροος, ον, Att. contr. —ροος, ονν: (χέιμα, βέω)—winter-flowing, swollen in winter; χημαῖρροος ποταμός a mountain-stream or torrent swollen by rain and melted snow. 2. as Subst., χημαῖρροος, ὄ, a water-drain, conduit. II. wintry, stormy.

χημαῖρρος or χημαῖρρος, ον, poet. for χημαῖρροος.

χημαῖσία Ion.—τη, ἡ, (χημάζω) a passing the winter, wintering: winter-quarters.

χημερίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ἰῶ, (χέιμα) to pass the winter, winter.

χημερινός, ἡ, ὄν, (χέιμα) of or in winter, in winter-time, wintry, stormy; χημερινόν χωρίον a wintry, bleak place. See χημέριος.

χημέριος, α, ον, Att. also os, ον: (χέιμα)—in, of, belonging to winter, wintry; ὥρη χημερίας the winter-season; μήνες χημεριώτατοι the most wintry, i. e. most stormy, months; ἀκτὰ χημερία κυματοπλήξ η shore lashed by the waves of winter: metaph., χημερία λύπη raging pain.—Generally, χημέριος and χημερίνος are distinguished thus:—χημέριος wintry, like winter, stormy; χημερινός wintry, in winter-time.

χημο-θνής, ἡτος, ὄ, ἡ, (χέιμα, θνήσκω) frozen to death.

χημῶν, ὦνος, ὄ, (χέιμα) winter, the season of winter; τὸν χημῶνα during winter; χημῶνος in winter-

time. II. wintry weather: a storm, tempest; χειμῶν νοτερός a storm of rain. 2. metaph. storm, fury: also great distress or suffering.

χειμωνο-τύπος, ον, (χειμῶν, τύπτω) beating tempestuously.

ΧΕΙΡΨ, ἦ, gen. χειρός: plur. χεῖρες, χειρῶν, χειρί: Ion. decl., χεῖρ, χειρός, χειρί, χεῖρα, χεῖρες, etc.: but gen. and dat. dual are χειροῖν (rarely χειροῖν) even in Att.: Ep. dat. pl. χεῖρеси and χεῖρеси:—the band, or rather the band and arm, the arm; ἀκρα χεῖρ the band; χεῖρ σιδιρᾶ an iron band, i. e. a grappling-iron, grapnel.

2. χεῖρ is often joined with δεξιός and ἀριστερός, to mark the side on which a thing is; see ἀριστερός, δεξιός. 3. to denote act or deed, as opp. to mere words; ἔπεισαν καὶ χειροῖν ἀρῆξιν to assist with word and deed; προσφέρειν χεῖρας to apply force; of deeds of violence, χειρῶν ἀρχεῖν to begin the fray. 4. like Lat. manus, a number or body of men, a band: the band, skill of an artist or workman: also his bandywork.

II. special usages: χειρός ἔχειν τινά to have, hold one by the band; χεῖρας ἀνασχεῖν θεοῖς to raise one's hands to the gods in prayer; χεῖρας ὀρέξει to stretch or spread the arms in token of entreaty. 2. ἀγεσθαί τι ἐς χεῖρας to take a thing in hand: ἐν χειρὶ, μετὰ or διὰ χεῖρας ἔχειν τι to have a thing in hand, be engaged in it.

3. ἐν χειρὶ, ἐν χειρὶ, in one's hand or bands, and so in one's power: but also in warlike sense, ἐν χειρὶ in the fray, in close fight, Lat. cominus. 4. εἰς χεῖρας ἔλθεῖν to fall into anyone's hands or power, but also to come to blows. 3. ἐκ χειρός, out of hand, off hand; ἀπὸ χειρός λογιᾶσθαι to reckon off hand, roughly. 6. πρὸ χειρῶν at hand, in readiness. 7. ὑπὸ χειρός or χειρῶν, under the bands, under the power; cp. ὑποχείριος.

χειρ-ἄγρα, ἦ, (χεῖρ, ἄγρα) gout in the band; as ποδ-ἄγρα in the feet.

χειρᾶγωγέω, f. ἦσω, to lead by the band. From χειρ-ἄγωγός, ὄν, (χεῖρ, ἄγω) leading by the band: as Subst., χειραγωγός, ὁ, one that leads by the band.

χειρ-ἄπτίζω, f. ἴσω, (χεῖρ, ἄπτω) to touch with the band, take in hand, handle.

χείρеси, χεῖρеси, Ep. dat. pl. of χεῖρ. χεῖρῖδωτός, ὄν, (χεῖρ) having sleeves, sleeved, of the χιτῶν or tunic: the χιτῶν without sleeves was called ἔξωμῖς.

χείριος, α, ον, (χεῖρ) in the bands, in the power of, subject, captive.

χειρίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (χεῖρ) a covering for the band, a glove: also a covering for the arm, a sleeve.

χείριστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of χεῖρων, worst, Lat. pessimus: οἱ χείριστοι men of lowest degree.

χειρο-βολέω, f. ἦσω, (χεῖρ, βαλέω) to throw with the hand.

χειρό-γράφος, ον, (χεῖρ, γράφω) written with the band, in hand-writing:—as Subst., χειρόγραφον, τό, a hand-writing, written decree.

χειρο-δαίκτης, ον, (χεῖρ, δαίξω) slain by the band.

χειρό-δεκτος, ον, (δείκνυμι) pointed out by the band, Lat. digito monstratus: manifest, confessed.

χειρο-δίκης, ον, ὁ, (χεῖρ, δίκη) one who asserts his right by force of hands, who uses the right of might. [?] χειρο-δράκων, οντος, ὁ, (χεῖρ, δράκων) with serpent-bands or arms. [α]

χειρο-ἤθης, ἐς, (χεῖρ, ἤθος) accustomed to the band, manageable, esp. of animals, tame, Lat. mansuetus: used or habituated to a thing: submissive, obedient.

χειρό-μακτρον, τό, (χεῖρ, μάσσω) a cloth for wiping the bands, a towel, napkin, Lat. mantile: the Scythians used scalp as χειρομακτρα.

χειρομαχέω, f. ἦσω, to fight with the bands. From χειρο-μάχος, ον, (χεῖρ, μάχομαι) fighting with the band.

χειρο-μύλη, ἦ, (χεῖρ, μύλη) a hand-mill. [υ] χειρονομέω, f. ἦσω, (χειρονόμος) to move the bands to a certain time or order; σκέλεσι χειρονομεῖν to gesticulate with one's legs as though with one's arms. Hence

χειρονομία, ἦ, measured motion of the bands, gesticulation.

χειρο-νόμος, ον, (νέμω) moving the bands regularly, gesticulating: as Subst., χειρονόμος, ὁ, Lat. pantomimus, a pantomimic performer.

χειρόνος, Adv. of χεῖρων, worse.

χειρο-πληθής, ἐς, (χεῖρ, πληθην) filling the band, as large as can be held in the hand.

χειρο-ποιέομαι, f. ἦσομαι, Dep. to make or do by hand. Hence

χειροποίητος, ον, made by hand, artificial: made on purpose.

χειρό-σοφός, ον, (χεῖρ, σοφός) skilled with the bands: hence = χειρονόμος.

χειρο-τένω, οντος, ὁ, ἦ, (χεῖρ, τείνω) with outstretched arms, of the crab.

χειρότερος, α, ον, ποῖτ, for χεῖρων, worse.

χειρο-τέχνης, ον, ὁ, (χεῖρ, τέχνη) a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic; χειροτέχνης ἰατροπία a chirurgeon, surgeon. Hence

χειροτεχνία, ἦ, handiercraft, art.

χειροτεχνικός, ἦ, ὄν, (χειροτέχνης) of or for handiercraft or a handiercraftsman, skilful, mechanical. Adv. -κῶς.

χειροτονέω, f. ἦσω, (χειροτόνος) to stretch out the band, esp. to give one's vote in the Athenian ἐκκλησία.

II. c. acc. to vote for, elect:—Pass. to be chosen by vote, opp. to λαχθένειν κληρῶν to be chosen by lot: c. acc. rei, to vote for a thing. 2. to choose, appoint, ordain. Hence

χειροτονητέον, verb. Adj. one must vote.

χειροτονητός, ἦ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χειροτονέω, elected by show of hands; ἀρχὴ χειροτονητῆ an elective magistracy.

χειροτονία, ἦ, (χειροτονέω) a stretching out of bands, at Athens, a voting or electing by show of hands; χειροτονία τοῦ δήμου election by the people. II. a vote, Lat. suffragium: also collectively, the votes.

χειροτόνος, *ov*, (χείρ, τείνω) *stretching out the bands; of prayers, offered with outstretched bands.*

χειροτύπης, *és*, (χείρ, τυπείν) *striking with the bands.*

χειρουργέω, *f. ήσω*, (χειρουργός) *to do with the bands, execute; to commit acts of violence.* Hence

χειρουργία, *ή*, *a working by hand, practice of a handicraft or art.* II. *a trade, business.*

χειροουργός, *όν*, (χείρ, *εργω) *working or doing by hand, practising a handicraft or art.* 2. as Subst.,

χειρουργός, *ός*, *a chirurgian, surgeon.*

χειρώω, *f. ώσω*: Med., *f. χειρώσομαι*: *aor. I. έχειρωσάμην*: Pass., fut. χειρωθήσομαι: *aor. I. έχειρώθη*:

pf. κεχείρωμαι: (χείρ):—*to take in hand, handle: to get into one's bands, to master, subdue, take possession of: to take prisoner*:—Pass. *χειρούμαι*, *to be mastered, subdued, led captive, taken prisoner.* Hence

χείρωμα, *ατος, τό*, *that which is done by hand; τυμβοχόια χειρώματα offerings to the dead poured by one's own hand.*

II. *that which is brought into one's hands or under one's power, a conquest.* 2. *a deed of violence.*

χείρων, *ός, ή*, *neut. ov*; *gen. ovos*: plur., *nom. and acc., χείρονες*, *χείρονας* *contr. χείρονες*, *neut. χείρονα* *contr. χείρω*;

dat. χείροισι *poët. χείρόνεσσι*: *Ep. χερείων*, *ov*: *Dor. χερήων*: *poët. also χερρότερος*, *χεριότερος*: *irreg. Comp. of κακός* (formed from *χέρης):—*worse, meaner, inferior*: the comparative force sometimes almost disappears, esp. with a negat., as, *ού τι χείρων εν ώρη δειπνον έλίσθαι*, 'tis not ill to take one's meal in season; so, *ού χείρόν [έστι]* it is well: of persons, *ός χείρων one of lower degree; οι χείρονες men of lower degree*:—*επι τός χείρον τρέπεσθαι* to fall off. II.

χείρων, as Adv., *worse*.—See χείριστος.

Χείρων, *ανος,ός*, *Cheiron*, one of the Centaurs, teacher of Aesculapius, Achilles, Jason, etc.; famous for his skill in surgery (whence his name, cf. χειρουργός).

χειρωναξ, *ακτος,ός*, (χείρ, άναξ) *one who is master of his band, a handicraftsman, artisan, mechanic, like ιώπης άναξ*: also as Adj., *πāsός χειρωναξ λέως* all the mechanic sort. Hence

χειρωναξία *Ion. -τή, ή*, *skill in workmanship, handicraft, trade.*

Χειρώνίς, *ιδος, fem. Adj. of Cheiron*: as Subst. (*sub. βιβλος*) *a book on surgery.*

χειρωτός, *ή,όν*, *verb. Adj. of χειρώω, subdued: to be subdued.*

χείσομαι, *fut. of χανδάνω.*

χείω, *Ep. for χέω*, *to pour.*

χελιδοί, *irreg. voc. of χελιδών*, as if from χελιδά.

χελιδονίζω, *f. ίσω* *Att. ίώ*, (χελιδών) *to twitter like a swallow: to speak unintelligibly, to speak a foreign language.*

χελιδόνιον, *τό*, (χελιδών) *swallow-wort, celandine*, of which there were two kinds, *χελιδόνιον κινάνειον* (or *γλαυκόν*) and *χλωρόν*. Properly *neut. of χελιδόνιος*, *a, ov*, (χελιδών) *of the swallow, like the*

swallow: coloured like the swallow's throat, russet brown.

χελιδόνισμα, *ατος,τό*, (χελιδονίζω) *the swallow-song, an old popular song at the return of the swallows.*

χελιδών, *όνος,ή*: *irreg. vocat. χελιδοί* (as if from χελιδά):—*the swallow, Lat. hirundo.* The twittering of the swallow was a proverbial expression for foreign or barbarous speech; for *χελιδόνων μουσειά*, see *μουσειών*: *proverb., μία χελιδών έαρ ου ποιεί* one swallow does not make a summer. II. *the frog in the hollow of a horse's foot.*

χελώνη [ῥ], *ή*, (χέλως) *the lip; χελώνην έσθλειν υπ' όργης* to bite the lip from passion. II. *Aeol. for χελώνη.*

ΧΕΛΥΓ΄, *ύος,ή*, *a tortoise, Lat. testudo*: Mercury made the first lyre by stretching strings on its shell: hence 2. *the shell or lyre itself, Lat. testudo.* II. *the arched breast, the chest.*

χελώνη, *ή*, (χέλως) *a tortoise*: *proverb., ίώ χελώναι μακάρια του δέρματος* *of tortoises, happy in your thick hides!* 2. *the shell of the tortoise.* II. *the lyre*: see χέλως.

III. as a military term, *a pent-house formed of shields overlapping each other as in a tortoise's back, the Roman testudo*, used by storming parties in approaching a city's walls: hence *a shed or moveable roof for protecting besiegers.*

χέλως, *poët. for χήνας*, *acc. pl. of χήν.*

χέννιον, *τό*, *a kind of quail.*

χερ-άγρα, *ή*, = *χειράγρα.*

ΧΕΡ'ΑΔΟΣ, *τό*, *the gravel and silt brought down by rivers, shingle.*

ΧΕΡΑΣ, *άδος,ή*, *doubtful form of χέραδος.*

χέρα, see χέρης.

χεριότερος, *a, ov*, *Ep. Comp. for χείριων.*

χερίων, *ός, ή*, *neut. χείριον*, *poët. for χείρων*, *worse.*

χέρεσσι, *poët. for χερσί*, *dat. pl. of χείρ.*

ΧΕΡΗΣ, *an obsol. Adj. from which the irreg. Comparatives χείρων and χείριων are formed, used in dat. χέρη*; *acc. χέρη*; *nom. pl. χέρηες*; *acc. neut. χέρη* or *χέρεια*:—*χέρης* itself has a comparative sense, *weaker, worse, inferior.*

χερίων, *ov*, *gen. ovos*, *Dor. for χείριων.*

χερ-άρης, *ov,ός*, (χείρ, άράρειν) *fitting with the band.*

χερ-φύρης, *és*, *gen. έος*, (χείρ, φέρω) *mixed or kneaded by hand.*

χερμάδιον, *τό*, = *χερμάς*, properly *neut. of χερμάδιος.*

χερμάδιος, *ov*, *of the size of a large stone, fit for throwing.* [ᾶ] *From*

χερμάς, *άδος,ή*, *a stone or large pebble, for throwing or slingng, a sling-stone.* (Deriv. doubtful: either from χέραδος; or from χείρ, *a stone that can be grasped in the hand.*)

χερμαστήρ, *ήρος,ός*, (χερμάς) *a slinger*: as *masc. Adj.*, *χερμαστήρ ηνός* *the leather of a sling.*

χέρνης, *ήτος,ός*, (χείρ) *one who lives by the work of his hands, a day-labourer*: *a poor, needy man.* II. as *Adj.*, *poor, needy.*

χερνήτης, *ov,ός*, = *χέρνης.*

χερνήτις, ἴδος, fem. of χερνήτης, a workwoman, a woman that works for her daily bread.

χερ-νίβειον and χερ-νίβιον, τό, (χείρ, νίξω) a vessel for water to wash the hands, a hand-basin.

χερνήπτομαι, f. ψομαι, Med. to wash one's hands with holy water: to sprinkle or purify with holy water, Lat. *lustrare*. From

χέρ-νιψ, ἴβος, ἦ, (χείρ, νίξω) holy water to wash or sprinkle the hands before a sacrifice. II. plur.

χερνήβες, purifications with holy water; εἰργεσθαι χερνήβων to be excluded from such purifications, as was done with those who were defiled by bloodshed; χερνήβων κοινωνός a partaker in the purifications by lustral water, i. e. an inmate of the same house.

χερνήψαντο, Ep. 3 pl. aor. I of χερνήπτομαι.

χερο-μύσσης, ἐς, (χείρ, μύσσο) hand-defiling.

χερό-πληκτος, ον, (χείρ, πλήσσω) stricken by or with the hand.

χερός, Ion. and poet. gen. of χεῖρ.

χερρό-νησος, ἡ, Att. for χερσώνησος. For all words formed from it, see under χερσ—.

χέρρος, Att. for χέρσος.

χερσαῖος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χέρσος) from or of dry land, living or found on dry land; ὄρνιθες χερσαῖοι land-fowl, opp. to λιμναῖοι sea-fowl: also of landsmen as opp. to seamen; metaph., χερσαῖον κύμα στρατοῦ the land wave of an army.

χερσεύω, f. σω, (χέρσος) to lie waste or barren.

χερσόθεν, Adv. (χέρσος) from dry land: from the earth or ground.

χερσόθι, Adv. (χέρσος) on dry land.

χερσονδε, Adv. (χέρσος) to or on dry land.

χερσονσιτίης Att. χερρον-, ου, ὁ, (Χερσώνησος) a dweller in the Chersonese.

χερσονση-ειδής Att. χερρον-, ἐς, (χερσώνησος, εἶδος) like a peninsula, peninsular.

χερσό-νησος Att. χερρον-, ἡ, (χέρσος, νῆσος) a land-island, i. e. a peninsula: the long slip of Thrace that runs along the Hellespont was specially called The Chersonese or Peninsula: the Crimea was also called the Tauric Chersonese.

χερσονση-ώδης Att. χερρον-, ἐς, contr. for χερσονησοειδής.

ΧΕΡΣΟΣ Att. χέρρος, ἡ, dry land, land, as opp. to water, esp. as opp. to the sea; χέρσον ἰκέσθαι to reach the land.

II. as Adj., χέρσος, ον, dry, firm, of land; χέρσος Εὐρώπη the mainland of Europe.

2. dry, barren, waste, hardened: χέρσα waste places. 3. c. gen. barren or destitute of.

χερῦδριον, τό, Dim. of χεῖρ, a little hand or arm.

χεσεῖω, Desiderat. of χέσω, to want to ease oneself.

χεύαι, χεύαν, χεῦε, Ep. inf., 3 plur., and 3 sing. aor. I of χέω.

χεύμα, ατος, τό, (χέω) that which is poured: a stream.

II. that into which water is poured, a basin, bowl.

χεύομεν, Ep. for χέωμεν, I pl. aor. I subj. of χέω.

χέωω, Ep. fut. and aor. I subj. of χέω.

ΧΕΩ, fut. χεῶ Ep. χέωω: aor. I ἔχεα Ep. ἔχενα or χεῖα; imperat. χέον Ep. χέουον; subj. χέαι Ep. χέωω, Ep. I pl. χέομεν; inf. χεῖαι Ep. χεῖαι, part. χέας Ep. χέωας: Ep. aor. I med. ἐχέοναμην; Pass. f. χεῦθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχέθηην [ῥ]: pf. κεχέομαι [ῥ]: 3 sing. Ep. plqpf. κέχυτο: also Ep. aor. 2 ἐχύμην [ῥ], used in 3 sing. ἐχυτο, χύτο, 3 pl. ἔχυντο, χύντο, part. χύμενος:—to pour: of liquids, to pour out, shed, spill.—Pass.—to be poured forth, flow, stream, gush forth. 2. to become liquid, melt, dissolve: so of the ground after rain, to be softened, relaxed:—Med. to pour for oneself, esp. of drink-offerings to the dead: c. acc. cognato, χόην χεῖσθαι νεκέσσει to pour forth a libation to the dead. II. of solids, to pour or shoot out, shed, scatter: also, like χύω, to throw up earth, so as to form a mound; τύμβων χέειν to raise a mound. 2. χέειν δούρα to pour or shower spears. 3. to let fall or drop:—Pass. to be thrown or heaped up together: of men, to pour or stream in a dense mass. III. metaph. of sounds, to pour, let stream or flow. 2. ἀχλὺν κατ' ὀφθαλμῶν χεῖαι to shed darkness over the eyes; so, χέειν ἠέρα to shed a mist abroad:—Pass. to be spread or flung around; ἀμφὶ δέ οἱ θάνατος χύτο death was shed or spread around him; πάλιν χύτο ἀήρ the mist dissolved or vanished. 3. ἀμφ' αὐτῷ χυμένη throwing herself around him; in pf. pass. part., κεχυμένος εἰς τι given up to a thing.

χηλ-αργός Dor. χᾶλ-, ον, (χηλή, ἀργός) with fleet hoofs; χηλαργοὶ ἀμιλλαὶ the racing of fleet horses.

χηλευτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. netted, plaited. From χηλεύω, f. σω, (χηλή) to net, plait.

ΧΗΛΗ, ἡ, a horse's hoof: also a cloven hoof, as of an ox: pl. χηλαί also of bird's talons, of a wolf's claws, of a crab's claws. II. a sea-bank, sea-wall or breakwater, Lat. moles, so called from its stretching out like a claw: also a projecting ridge of rocks forming a natural mole.

χηλίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χηλευτός.

ΧΗΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, a large chest, coffer or strong box.

ΧΗΝ, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χηνός: irreg. acc. plur. χένας: Dor. χάν: (χαῖνω, κέχνηα):—a gander, goose, named from its wide bill, Lat. anser.

χην-ἀλώπηξ, ἐκος, ὁ, (χην, ἀλώπηξ) the fox-goose, an Egyptian species, living in holes, like our sheldrake.

χηνεῖος, α, ον, (χὴν) of or belonging to a goose, like a goose, Lat. anserinus.

χηνεὸς, η, ον, Ion. for χηνεῖος.

χηνίσκος, ὁ, (χὴν) the end of a ship's stern which turned up like a goose's neck.

χῆρα Ion. χῆρη, ἡ, see χῆρος.

ΧΗΡΑΜΒΗ, ἡ, a kind of muscle.

χηράμο-δύτης, ον, ὁ, (χηράμος, δύνω) one who creeps into holes. [ῥ metri grat.]

ΧΗΡΑΜΟΣ, ὁ, a hole, cleft, gap, hollow.

χῆρατο, Ep. 3 sing. aor. I med. of χαιρῶ.

χηρεία, ἡ, (χηρεῖω) widowhood, widowed estate.

χίρειος, α, ον, (χῆρος) widowed.

χηρῆύω, f. σω, (χήρος) intr. to be bereaved, be destitute: c. gen., νῆσος ἀνδρῶν χηρῆυεί the island is destitute of men: to be bereaved of a husband or wife, to be widowed, be a widower or widow: hence to live in solitude. II. transit. to keep in widowhood, keep aloof or apart.

χηρήσιος, η, ον, Ion. for χήρειος.
 χήρος, α, ον, bereaved, bereft of, c. gen.: absol. bereft of a husband or wife, widowed. II. as Subst., χήρα Ion. χήρη, ἡ, a widow, Lat. vidua. Hence χηρώω, f. ὦσω: aor. I ἐχίρωσα Ep. χήρωσα, pass. ἐχηρώσθην:—to bereave, make desolate or deserted. 2. c. gen. to bereave of. : Ἄργος ἀνδρῶν ἐχηρώθη was left destitute of men: to bereave of a husband or wife, to make widowed. II. intr., like χηρῆύω, to be bereaved or destitute of. Hence χηρωστίης, οὔ, ὁ, a collateral relation, heir-at-law. χήσειτε, Dor. crasis for καὶ ἦσετε, fut. of ἤμυ.

χήστις, ιος Att. εως, ἡ, = χήτος.
 χήτος, εος, τό, (χατέω) want, need, destitution; mostly in dat., χήτει τοιούτῳ δ' ἀνδρὸς from want or loss of such a man; χήτι (Ion. dat. of χήτις) συμμάχων from need of allies. Hence

χητοσύνη, ἡ, want, need, destitution.
 χηφθά, Dor. for καὶ ἦφθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ἄπτω.
 χημάλοος, ἡ, ὄν, (χημαί) near the ground, on the ground, low, sunken, flat.

ΧΘΕΣ, Adv., lengthd. ἐχθές, yesterday; πρῶν τε καὶ χθές or χθές καὶ πρῶν yesterday and the day before, i. e. the other day. Hence

χθεσινός, ἡ, ὄν, = χθιζός, of yesterday; τὸ σκύροδον τὸ χθεσινὸν yesterday's onion.

χθιζά, Adv.: see χθιζός.

χθιζίνος, ἡ, ὄν, = χθεσινός.

χθιζός, ἡ, ὄν, (χθές) = χθεσινός, of yesterday; ὁ χθιζός πόνος yesterday's labour: mostly used with Verbs, as, χθιζός ἐβη he went yesterday: the neut. χθιζόν and χθιζά are used as Adv., = χθές, of yesterday; χθιζά τε καὶ πρῶτα yesterday and the day before, lately, like χθές καὶ πρῶν.

χθόνιος, α, ον, also ος, ον, (χθών) in or under the earth: esp. of the gods below; θεοὶ χθόνιοι the gods of the nether world, Lat. inferi; χθόνιος Ἑρμῆς Hermes conducting below the earth. II. of or from the earth.

χθονο-στιβής, ἐς, (χθών, στιβεῖν) treading the earth, on or of the earth.

χθονο-τρεφής, ἐς, gen. εός, (χθών, τρέφω) nourished by or growing on earth.

ΧΘΩ'Ν, ἡ, gen. χθονός, the earth, ground; χθόνα δύναι to go beneath the earth, i. e. to die; ὑπὸ χθονός κεκευθέναι to be hidden under the earth, i. e. to be buried. 2. οἱ ὑπὸ χθονός those beneath the earth, i. e. those in the shades below, Lat. inferi. II. Earth, personified as a goddess. III. a particular land or country.

ΧΙ'ΔΡΟΝ, τό, pl. χίδρα, τά, a dish of unripe wheaten groats toasted:—as ἄλφιστα is a dish of barley groats.

χιλίακίς, Adv., (χιλίοι) a thousand times. [ᾶ]
 χιλί-ανδρος, ον, (χιλίοι, ἀνήρ) containing a thousand men.

χιλι-άρχης or χιλί-αρχος, ον, ὁ, (χιλίοι, ἄρχω) the commander of a thousand men. II. used to translate the Roman tribunus militum, a legionary tribune. Hence

χιλιαρχία, ἡ, the office or post of χιλίαρχος, command of 1000 men.

χιλιάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (χιλίοι) the number one thousand, a thousand.

χιλι-έτης, ον, ὁ, or χιλι-ετής, εός, ὁ, ἡ, (χιλίοι, ἔτος) lasting a thousand years.

ΧΙ'ΔΙΟΙ, αι, α, a thousand, Lat. mille: the sing. is used with collective nouns, as, χιλία ἵππος a thousand horse, like μυρία ἵππος, etc.

χιλιό-ναυς, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (χιλίοι, ναῦς) of or consisting of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-ναύτης, ον, ὁ, Dor. -τάς, (χιλίοι, ναύτης) with or of a thousand sailors: with fem. Subst., χιλιοναύτης ἄραγή the help of a thousand ships.

χιλιό-πάλαι, Adv. (χιλίοι, πάλαι) long ago a thousand times over, very long ago.

χιλιοστός, ἡ, ὄν, (χιλίοι) the thousandth.

χιλιοστύς, ὅς, ἡ, (χιλίοι) the body of a thousand.

ΧΙ'ΛΟΣ, οὔ, ὁ, green fodder for cattle, esp. for horses, forage, provender, grass; προέρχασθαι ἐπὶ χιλόν to go on to forage; χιλὸς ξηρός hay. Hence

χιλαίρα [ῖ], ἡ, a she-goat, Lat. capra, fem. of χίμαρος.

II. as prop. n., Χίμαρα, ἡ, Chimaera, a monster breathing fire, with a lion's head, serpent's tail, and goat's middle, killed by Bellerophon.

χιμαρο-βάτης [ᾶ], ον, ὁ, (χιμαίρα, βαίνω) epith. of Pan, he who mounts goats, or goat-footed.

χιμαίρο-θύτης, ον, ὁ, (χιμαίρα, θύω) one who sacrifices goats.

χιμαρο-φόνος, ον, (χιμαίρα, *φένω) slaying goats.

χιμάρ-αρχος, ὁ, (χιμαρος, ἄρχω) leading goats; τράγος χιμαράρχος the he-goat that leads the flock.

ΧΙ'ΜΑΡΟΣ [ῖ], ὁ, a he-goat, Lat. caper, = τράγος.

χιμάρο-σφάκτης, ον, ὁ, (χιμαρος, σφάζω) a goat-slayer.

χιμάρος, Dor. for χιμάρους, acc. pl. of χίμαρος.

χιμετλον [ῖ], τό, (χειμα) a chibblain, kibe.

Χίτο-γενής, ἐς, (Χίος, γενέσθαι) of Chian birth or growth, of wine.

χιον, τό, (χίος) a wine-vessel, holding about 1½ χούς, i. e. about a gallon.

χιόνεος, α, ον, (χιών) of snow, snowy.

χιονίζω, f. ίσω, (χιών) to snow upon, cover with snow: impers., εἰ ἐχιόνιζε τὴν χώραν if snow fell upon the country; absol., ἐχιόνιζε it was snowing.

χιονο-βλέφαρος, ον, (χιών, βλέφαρον) with eye of dazzling white.

χιονό-βλητος, ον, (χιών, βάλλω) beaten or covered with snow.

χλοη-φόρος, *ov*, (χλόη, φέρω) *putting out young shoots, bearing grass or leaves.*

χλοιάω, (χλοισί) *Ion.* for χλοάω.

χλοΐη, *ή*, *Ion.* for χλόη.

χλούνης, *ov, ή*, Epic epith. of the wild boar, taken to mean *feeding or living alone*: later as Subst. = κάπρος, *the wild boar itself.* (Deriv. uncertain.)

χλούνης, *ή*, a doubtful word in Aesch. Eum. 189, commonly derived from χλόη, and taken to mean *green age, i. e. youth, freshness.*

χλωρ-αύχην, *ενος, ό, ή*, (χλωρός, αύχην) *with pale green or olive neck, of the nightingale*: see χλωρηΐς.

χλωρηΐς, *ιδος, ποët. fem.* of χλωρός, for χλωρά, *pale green, olive-green, epith. of the nightingale.*

χλωρό-κόμος, *ov*, (χλωρός, κόμη) *green-leafed.*

χλωρός ποët. χλοερός, *ά, όν*, (χλόη) *pale green, light-green, bright green, green, of the colour of young grass*: also of the colour of honey and sand, *yellow.*

II. generally, *pale, pallid.* III.

without regard to colour, *green, fresh*, as opp. to dry; τυρός χλωρός *fresh cheese*: metaph. *fresh, blooming, youthful* = *tender, delicate.*

χναύω, = *ιναύω, to scrape, to gnaw, gnaw off, nibble.*

χνοάζω, *f. άσω*, (χνόος) *properly of youths, to get their first down on their chin*: also of the first growth of gray hair, χνοάζων άρτι λευκανθές κάρα *having his head just sprinkled with white.*

χνοάω, = χνοάζω.

ΧΝΟΉ *Ion.* χνοΐη, *ή*, *the iron box of a wheel in which the axle turns, the nave, also the axle itself.* 2. metaph., χνόια ποδών *the joints on which the feet are set.*

χνότιος, *a, ov*, (χνόος) *downy.*

ΧΝΟΨ *Att. contr.* χνοΐς, *gen.* χνοΐ, *ό*, *any light, porous substance, the foam of the sea: the fine down or bloom on the peach: the first down on the chin, like άχνη.*

χόα, *acc.* of χόος, χούς.

χοάενω *contr.* χωνεύω, *to cast metal.* From

χοάνη *contr.* χώνη, *ή*, *a funnel.* II. = χόα-*vos.* [ά]

χόανος, *ό*, (χέω) *the hollow in which metal was placed for melting, a melting-pot: also the mould for casting metal in.*

χόες, *oi*, *nom. pl.* of χόος, χούς.

χοή, *ή*, (χέω) *a pouring, esp. a drink-offering, Lat. libatio, made to the dead (λοιβή or σπονδή being that made to the gods); mixed of honey, wine and water.*

χο-ήρης, *es, gen.* εος, (χοή, άρραρεύ) *furnished with drink-offerings to the dead; άγγος χοήρης a vessel filled with them.*

χοη-φόρος, *ov*, (χοή, φέρω) *bearing drink-offerings.*

χοΐσκος, *ή, όν*, (χοΐς) *of rubbish, of earth or clay.*

χοϊνικός, *ιδος, ή*, (χοϊνίς) *an iron ring.*

χοϊνίς, *ικος, ή*, a *choenix, a dry measure, containing three κοτύαι (about 1½ pint Engl.) or four κοτύλαι (about a quart): the choenix of corn was a slave's*

daily allowance; ός κεν έμής γε χοϊνικος άπηται whoever tastes of my rations. II. from the shape,

the box or nave of a wheel. 2. a kind of *shackle or stocks* for fastening the legs in.

χοϊράς, *άδος, ή*, (χοϊρος) *a low rock rising above the sea, like a bog's back, Virgil's dorsum immane mari summo; χοϊράς άμυδρά a sunken rock; χοϊράς Δηλία the Delian rock, i. e. the rocky isle of Delos.* II.

χοϊράδες, *αι*, *glandular swellings.*

χοϊρείος, *a, ov*, (χοϊρος) *of a swine or hog.*

χοϊρείος, *a, ov*, ποët. for χοϊρείος: χοϊρεία (*sub. κρέ-ατα*), *τά*, *hog's-flesh.*

χοϊριδιον, *τό*, Dim. of χοϊρος, *a little pig.* [ρι]

ΧΟΙΡΙΨΝΗ, *ή*, *a small sea-muscle, used by the Athenian dicasts in voting.* [ρι]

χοϊρίον, *τό*, Dim. of χοϊρος, *a little pig, porker.*

χοϊρίσκος, *ό*, Dim. of χοϊρος, = χοϊριον.

χοϊρο-κομείον, *τό*, (χοϊρος, κομείω) *a fence for keeping swine in, a pig-sty.*

χοϊρο-κτείνω, *ov*, (χοϊρος, κτείνω) *slaying swine.* II.

χοϊροκίτων, *pass.* of or belonging to a slain swine; αίμα χοϊροκίτωνον *blood of a slain swine.*

χοϊρο-πώλης, *ov, ό*, Dor. -πώλας: (χοϊρος, πω-λέω) :—*a dealer in swine.*

ΧΟΓΡΟΣ, *ό*, *a young pig, porker, Lat. porcus*: generally, *a pig.*

χολάς, *άδος, ή*, (χολή) *in plur. χολάδες, the bowels, intestines.*

χολάω, (χολή) *like μελαγχολάω, to be full of black bile, to be melancholy mad.* II. = χολόομαι, *to be angry, rage.*

ΧΟΛΗ, *ή*, = χόλος, *gall, bile, Lat. fel, bilis*; χολή μέλαινα *black, i. e. diseased bile*: pl. χολαί, *the gall-bladder.* II. metaph. like Lat. bilis, *anger, wrath, bitterness: anything which causes disgust or aversion.*

ΧΟΛΙΣ, *ικος, ή*, mostly in plur. χολικέες, *like χολάδες, the entrails or bowels of oxen, tripe.*

χόλιος, *a, ov*, also *os, ov*, (χόλος) *enraged, angry.*

ΧΟΛΟΣ, *ό*, like χολή, *in physical sense, gall, bile, though this sense was mostly confined to χολή.* II.

bitter anger, wrath, Lat. bilis; χόλον σβέσαι, παύσαι, to smother, get rid of wrath: c. gen., χόλος τινός *either rage towards another or another's rage towards oneself.* Hence

χολόω, *f. άσω*, *to stir one's gall or bile*: hence *to make angry, embitter.* II. Med. and Pass., *f.*

χολώσσομαι, *paullo-post fut. κεχολώσσομαι*: *aor. I* nied. έχολωσάμην, *pass. έχολώσθην*: *pf. pass. κεχόλω-μαι*:—*to have one's bile stirred, be angered or embittered*; *κεχολωμένος τινί angry at or with a person.*

χολωθεΐς, *είσα, έν, aor. I* *pass. part.* of χολόω.

χολώθην, *Ep. aor. I* *pass.* of χολόω.

χολωσέμεν, *Ep. fut. inf.* of χολόω.

χολωτός, *ή, όν*, *verb. Adj.* of χολόω, *angry, wrathful, passionate.*

χόνδρος, *ό*, *a corn, grain, groat, Lat. grannm, mica; άλός χόνδροι lumps of salt.* 2. *wheat-groats.* 3.

a drink made from groats, a kind of gruel: proverbial of an old man, *χόνδρον λείχων* to sip gruel.

χονδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (*χόνδρος*) like groats; *χονδροὶ ἄλες* coarse-grained salt, opp. to *λεπτοὶ ἄλες*, fine salt.

χός, see *χοῖς*.

χορ-άγιον, *χορ-ᾤγός*, Dor. and Att. for *χορηγ-*.

χόρδευμα, *ατος*, τό, a sausage or black-pudding.

From
χορδεύω, f. *σω*, (*χορδή*) to make into sausages: metaph., *χορδεύειν τὰ πράγματα* to make mincemeat of state affairs.

χορδή, ἡ, a string of gut: the string or chord of a lyre. II. a sausage.

χορεία, ἡ, (*χορεύω*) a dancing: the choral dance.

χορέυμα, *ατος*, τό, (*χορεύω*) a choral dance.

χορευτέον, verb. Adj. of *χορεύω*, one must lead the choral dances, one must dance.

χορευτής, οὔ, ὅ, (*χορεύω*) a choral dancer; θεοῦ *χορευτής* the votary of a god.

χορεύω; fut. *-εύσω*: aor. I *ἔχόρευσα*: Med., fut. *-εύσομαι*: aor. I *ἔχορευάμην*: Pass., aor. I *ἔχορεύθην*: pf. *κεχόρευμαι*: (*χορός*):—to join in the dance, to dance: to form a chorus, perform the part of chorus, esp. at a festival in honour of the gods: to be one of a chorus. 2. metaph. to practise for the chorus, hence to practise a thing, be versed in it: c. acc. cognate, *χορεύας χορεύειν* to ply the dance; *φροῖμον χορεύσομαι* I will begin festivities with a dance: pass., *κεχόρευται ἡμῖν* our dance has been danced.

II. trans. to celebrate with choral dances. III. Causal, to set dancing, to rouse or call to the dance.

χορηγέω Dor. *χορᾶγέω*: f. ἡσω: (*χορηγός*):—to lead a chorus. II. in Att. of the *χορηγός*, to defray the cost of bringing out a chorus; *χορηγεῖν ταῖς αὐτοῦ ἡδοναῖς* to find money for one's own pleasures, to pay the piper:—Pass. to have choregi found or supplied one; *χορηγοῦσιν μὲν οἱ πλούσιοι*, *χορηγεῖται δὲ ὁ δῆμος* the rich men act as choregi, but the people is supplied with them.

III. generally, to supply: to equip or furnish abundantly with a thing. Hence

χορηγία, ἡ, the office of *χορηγός*: at Athens, the defraying of the cost of the solemn public choruses, being the chief of the Athenian *λειτουργία*. II. means and fortunes sufficient for the cost of a chorus: abundance of means, wealth, plenty.

χορηγικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορηγός*) of or for a *χορηγός*; *χορηγικοὶ ἀγῶνες* rivalry in bringing out choruses.

χορηγίον Dor. and Att. *χορᾶγιον*, τό, a place of rehearsal for the chorus, the place where a chorus was trained. From

χορ-ηγός Dor. and Att. *χορᾶγός*, ὅ, (*χορός*, ἡγέομαι) one who leads the chorus, = *κορυφαῖος*: generally, the leader of a train or band. 2. at Athens, one who defrays the cost for bringing out a chorus.

II. generally, one who supplies the costs for any purpose.

χορ-ίαμβος, ὅ, (*χόριος*, ἱάμβος) in metre, a *choriambus*, i. e. a foot of four syllables, consisting of a *chorius* (or trochee) and *iambus*, as *ἰππόμεδων*.

χορικός, ἡ, ὄν, (*χορός*) of or for a choral dance; τὸ *χορικόν* the choral song.

ΧΟΡΙΟΝ, τό, *skin, leather*, Lat. *corium*: Doric proverb., *χαλεπὸν χορίω κίνα γεῖσαι* 'tis bad to let the dog taste leather, Horace's *canis a corio nunquam absterrebitur uncto*.

χόριος, ὅ, (*χορός*) a metrical foot, = *τροχαῖος* or *trochee*, e. g. *ἰππός*.

χορο-διδάσκαλος, ὅ, (*χορός*, *διδάσκαλος*) one who teaches and trains the chorus, the chorus-master, who was commonly the poet himself. 2. = *χοραγός* or *κορυφαῖος*, the leader of the chorus, because the older Tragic Poets not only taught, but led their own choruses.

χορο-ήθης, *ες*, gen. *εος*, (*χορός*, ἦθος) accustomed to the dance.

χοροι-θάλής, *ές*, gen. *εος*, (*χορός*, *θαλεῖν*) rejoicing in the dance.

χοροι-μανία, ἡ, (*χορός*, *μανία*) a rage for dancing.

χοροι-τύπια, ἡ, a beating the ground in the dance, dancing: also in plur. From

χοροι-τύπος, *ον*, (*χορός*, *τύπειν*) beating the ground in the dance: dancing. II. *χοροτύπος*, *ον*, pass. played to the choral dance.

χορο-μᾶνής, *ές*, gen. *εος*, (*χορός*, *μανῆναι*) mad after dancing.

χορόνδε, Adv. (*χορός*) to the festive dance.

χορο-παίγιμον, *ον*, gen. *ονος*, and *χορο-παίκτης*, *ον*, ὅ, (*χορός*, *παίξω*) sporting in the choral dance, dancing merrily.

χορο-ποιός, *όν*, (*χορός*, *ποιέω*) forming or arranging a chorus: leading the dance.

ΧΟΡΟΣ, οὔ, ὅ, properly a dance in a ring, a circling dance: generally, a festive or choral dance, such as were danced on public festivals in honour of the gods. 2. a chorus, choir, i. e. a band of dancers and singers, who performed such dances. 3. generally, a troop, band, company of persons; also of things, as, *χορός ἀστρων* the company of the stars; *χορός καλάμων* a row of reeds. II. a place for dancing.

The ancient Choral Dance of Greece, which originated among the Dorians, reached its perfection in the *χορός κυκλικός* performed at the Athenian Dionysia. This Chorus consisted of fifty persons. Hence arose the Attic Drama, which consisted at first of mere tales in the intervals of the Dance, told by a single Actor. The Chorus was then distinguished into three principal kinds, the *χόρος τραγικός* consisting of twelve or fifteen persons, the *κωμικός* of twenty-four, and the *σατυρικός*. When a Poet wished to bring out a piece, the Archon granted him a Chorus (*χορόν ἔδωκε*) the expenses of which were defrayed by some rich citizen, hence called *χορηγός*: the Chorus was regularly trained by the Poet himself, who was hence called *χοροδιδάσκαλος*.

χορτάζω, f. ἄσω, (χόρτος) to feed or fatten in a stall: generally, to feed or fatten with a thing. Hence χορτάσια, ἡ, a feeding at the stall: generally, a feeding, fattening.

χόρτασμα, ατος, τό, (χορτάζω) fodder for cattle: rarely, food or provisions for men.

ΧΟΡΤΟΣ, ὁ, a feeding-place; αἰλῆς ἐν χόρτῳ in the feeding-place of the court-yard: plur. feeding-grounds; χόρτοι λέοντος the baunt of the lion. II. fodder, provender, esp. for cattle, grass, hay, opp. to σίτος (food for man); but in Poets used for food generally.

χορ-ωφελήτης, ου, ὁ, (χορός, ὠφελέω) helpling or cheering the chorus.

χοῦν, inf. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦσι, 3 pl. of χῶω: see χώννυμι.

χοῦς, ὁ and ἡ, gen. χῶος; dat. χοῖ; acc. χῶά: plur. χῶες, χῶών, χοῦσί, χῶας: but also, gen. χῶός, acc. χῶά [ᾱ] (χέω):—a liquid measure, Lat. congius, = 12 κοτύλια or 6 sextarii, about 3 quarts. 2. οἱ Χῶες the feast of Pitchers, the second day of the Athenian Anthesteria, on the twelfth day of the month Anthesterion.

χοῦς, ὁ, gen. χοῦ, acc. χοῦν, (χέω) a bank, mound, heap of earth, earth thrown up so as to form a mound.

χῶω, see χώννυμι.

χραίνω, f. χρᾶνω: aor. I ἔχρᾶνα: = χράω, to touch slightly, Lat. stringo: hence to smear, paint. 2. metaph. to stain, soil, defile, pollute.

χραισμέω, (χράομαι) a Verb hardly used in pres., whence the following Ep. forms, fut. χραισμήσω, inf. χραισμησέμεν: aor. I χραισμησα: aor. 2 χραισμον, 3 sing. subj. χραισμη and -ησι, inf. χραισμεῖν:—like ἀμύνω, to ward off something from one, Lat. defendo; δαερόν τι χραισμεῖν or χραισμήσαι to ward off destruction from one. 2. c. dat. pers. only, to defend any one, help, aid, succour: with a neut. Adj., χραισμεῖν τι to assist or avail at all. Hence χραισμήτιον, τό, a means of help, remedy.

χραισμησέμεν, Ep. fut. inf. of χραισμέω.

χραισμησι, Ep. 3 sing. aor. 2 of χραισμέω.

χράομαι, see χράω c.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (A), Aeol. χραῖω, f. σω, to touch lightly, wound slightly, Lat. radere, stringere.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (B), only used in impf. to fall upon, attack, annoy; στυγερὸς οἱ ἔχραε δαίμων a hateful god vexed him. II. to be eager to do a thing; 2 sing. χρῆς, χρήσθα=χρήσεις.

ΧΡΑΪΩ (C), Ion. χρέω Ep. χρεῖω: fut. χρήσω: aor. I ἔχρησα: Med., fut. χρήσομαι: aor. I ἔχρησάμην: Pass., paullo-p. fut. κεχρήσομαι, aor. I ἐχρήσθην: pf. κέχρημαι and κέχρημαι.—χράω contracts αε into η, as χρῆς, χρῆ, inf. χρῆν, etc., but Ion. into ᾱ, as χρᾶς, χρᾶ, χρᾶν, etc.: there are also special Ion. forms of Med., χρέομαι, χρέεσθαι, χρεόμενος, ἐχρέοντο. Radic. sense, to give what is needful:

I. Act., of the gods and their oracles, to give the needful answer, to proclaim, declare, pronounce; χρήσω βουλὴν Διὸς ἀνθρώποισιν I

will proclaim the counsel of Jove to mankind. 2.

Pass. of the response, to be uttered, delivered; τὸ χρησθέν the divine response. 3. Med. of the votaries, to consult a god or oracle: also in pf. pass. part., κεκρημένος one who has consulted or has received an answer from a god or oracle; χρήσθαι περί τινος to consult an oracle about a thing: more commonly c. dat. to inquire of or consult a god or oracle; ψυχῇ χρησόμενος Θηβαῖον Τειρεσίω to consult the shade of the Theban Tiresias: hence, χρήσθαι μαντήϊω, χρηστηρίω, Lat. uti oraculo, whence comes the common sense of χράομαι to use; see below.

II. in aor. I ἔχρησα, pf. κέχρημαι, with the pres. κίχρημι, this word has a different sense, to supply, hence to lend: in Med. κίχρημαι, aor. 2 ἔχρησάμην, to have furnished one, hence to borrow; πόδας χρήσας, ὄμματα χρησόμενος having lent feet and borrowed eyes. III. the Med. χράομαι Ion. χρέομαι, is also used as a Dep., with pf. pass. κέχρημαι in same sense, (see above χράω 3), to use, Lat. uti, c. dat. 2. metaph. in various relations, to be possessed of, shew, express a feeling or state of mind, to experience anything; φρεσὶ γὰρ κέχρητ' ἀγαθῶν for he was endowed with a kind disposition; ὀργῇ or θυμῷ χρῆσθαι to indulge one's anger; συντυχία, εὐτυχία χρῆσθαι, Lat. uti fortuna mala, prospera, to be ill or well off; ὁμολογία χρῆσθαι to come to an agreement: ἀνῆ καὶ πράσει χρῆσθαι to buy and sell: often periphr. with a Subst. for the simple Verb; as, μόρφ χρῆσθαι to meet one's death, i. e. to die: also to practise, pursue a trade, etc.; χρῆσθαι τέχνῃ to follow a trade; χρῆσθαι ἀνομία to practise lawlessness. 3. χρῆσθαι τινι εἰς τι to use a thing for an end or purpose: also with a neut. Adj. as Adv., τί χρήσομαι τούτῳ; what use shall I make of him? χρῆσθαι τινι ὅτι βούλεται τις to make what use one likes of him; ἀπορέων ὅ τι χρήσεται not knowing what to make of it.

4. of persons, to have intercourse or dealings with any one, have to do with him, treat, behave, conduct oneself to; χρῆσθαι τινι ἄς φίλω, ὡς πολεμίῳ to treat one as a friend or enemy:—also, χρῆσθαι τινι, like Lat. uti aliquo or uti aliquo familiariter, to be intimate with a man, to make use of his good offices; παρέχειν ἑαυτὸν τινι χρῆσθαι to place oneself at the disposal of another: absol., οἱ χράμενοι friends. 5. absol., or with an Adv., οὕτω χρῶνται οἱ Πέρσαι such is the practice of the Persians. 6. c. acc. rei, χρέεσθαι πάντα δι' ἀγγέλων to manage, transact everything by messengers. 7. the perf. κέχρημαι with pres. sense, to be in need or want of a thing, c. gen.; τοῦ κεκρημένοι; in want of what? absol. as an Adj. needy, poor; but κεκρημένος occurs in the regular sense of χράομαι, as συμφορῇ κεκρημένος having experienced a misfortune. 8. the aor. I pass. ἐχρήσθην has a pass. sense, αἱ νῆες οὐκ ἐχρήσθησαν the ships were not used.

χρᾶ, Ep. shortened for χρέα, acc. pl. of χρέος.

χρέεσθαι, Ion. for χρῆσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρήσθαι, Ion. for χρῆσθαι, inf. of χράομαι.

χρεία, ἡ, (χράομαι) *use*, *Lat. usus: advantage, service: τὰ οὐδὲν εἰς χρείαν* things of no use or service: in plur. *services*. 2. *using, usance, use; κτήσις καὶ χρήσις* having and using. 3. of persons, *acquaintance, intimacy*. II. like *Lat. opus, need, necessity; ἐν χρείᾳ εἶναι* or *γίγνεσθαι* *τινος* to be in need, want of a thing. 2. *want, poverty, lack: c. gen. want, lack* of a thing. 3. *need of a person's help*, hence a request on the score of necessity: generally, a request. 4. a needful matter, business; *ἐν πάσας ταῖς τοῦ σώματος χρείαις* in all functions of the body.

χρείη, 3 sing. pres. opt. of *χρή*.

χρείος, τό, Ep. for *χρέος*.

χρείος, ον, (*χρή*) *useful: needful, fitting*. II. act. *needing, being in want* of, c. gen.: absol. *needy*.

χρεῖω, Ep. for *χρέω*, *χράω*, to deliver an oracle.

χρεῖω, ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ, Ep. for *χρέω*.

χρεμετίζω, f. *ίσω*, to neigh, snort, *Lat. hinnire*, of a horse. (Formed from the sound.) Hence

χρεμέτισμα, τό, and χρεμετισμός, ὁ, a neighing.

χρέμισαν, shortd. poet. for *ἐχρεμέτισαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρεμετίσω*.

ΧΡΕΜΠΤΟΜΑΙ, f. -ψομαι, Dep. to hawk and spit, exspectorate.

χρέομαι, Ion. for *χράομαι*: part. *χρέομενος*.

χρέον, Ion. for *χρέον*.

χρέος, τό, gen. *χρέους* contr. *χρέους*: Ep. nom. and acc. pl. *χρέᾶ* Att. *χρέᾶ*: Ep. nom. sing. *χρείος* Att. *χρέως*: (*χράομαι, χρή*): I. like *χρεία, want, need*. II. a needful matter, business, affair; *κατὰ χρέος τυνὸς ἐλθεῖν* to come for need of a person or thing; *ἐφ' ὃ τι χρέος ἐμύλετε*; for what need came ye?—also, like *χρήμα, a thing*. III. a debt; *χρέος ὀφείλεται μοι* a debt is due to me; *χρέος ἀποδιδόναι* and *ἀπολαμβάνειν* to pay and recover debts; *τὴν οὐσίαν ἅπασαν χρέα κατέλιπε* he left all property in outstanding debts. 2. metaph. a debt, trespass, sin. 3. a debt, due, duty; *κατὰ χρέος* according to what is due: hence a promise due, *ἄρᾶς τίνειν χρέος* to pay the debt, i. e. do the work, of a curse.

χρέω, Ion. for *χράω*, to deliver an oracle.

χρέω Ep. *χρεῖω*, gen. ὅς contr. οὖς, ἡ: (*χρέος, χρεία*)—*want, need, hence desire, longing, urgent wish*, c. gen., *χρεῖω ἐμεῖο want, need* of me; *ἴν' οὐ χρεῖω πείσματος ἔστω* where there is no need of a cable. 2. in phrase, *χρεῖω ἰκάνεται want* or necessity arises, c. acc. pers.; *τίνα χρεῖω τόσον ἴκει*; to whom doth necessity come so much? so also with *γίγνομαι* and *εἰμί*, *ἐμὲ δὲ χρεῖω γίγνεται νηὸς need* of a ship comes upon me; *οὐδέ τι μιν χρεῖω ἔσται τυμβοχοῆς* nor will need of a grave come upon him. 3. hence *χρεῖω* is often used without a verb expressed c. acc. pers., *τίπτε δέ σε χρεῖω* [*sc. ἰκάνει*] wherefore does need [come to] thee, i. e. why must thou do so? so also c. gen., *οὔτι με ταύτης χρεῖω τιμῆς no need* of this honour [touches] me; an inf. is also used, *οὐδέ τί μιν χρεῖω νέων ἐπιβανέμεν* nor does need at all

[reach] him to embark on board this ship. [*χρέω* in Homer is used as a monosyllable, *χρέω*.]

χρεώμενος, Ion. for *χρώμενος*, part. of *χράομαι*.

χρεόν, τό, Ion. *χρεόν*, indecl., but seldom used except in nom. and acc.: properly a part. neut. from *χρέω* (Ion. for *χράω*), = τό *χρεόν γίγνεσθαι*, that which an oracle declares, that which must be, fate, necessity; *χρεόν* or *χρεόν ἔστι* it is fated or necessary, it must be:—absol. *χρεόν*, it being necessary, since it was necessary. 2. that which is expedient or right: absol. as Adv., *οὐ χρεῶν ἀρχετε* ye rule not rightly. [υ—, but sometimes poet. *χρεῶν* as one long syllable.]

χρεώνται, Ion. for *χρῶνται*, 3 pl. of *χράομαι*.

χρέως, τό, Att. for *χρέος*, a debt.

χρεώσσης, ον, ὁ, (*χρέως*) a debtor.

χρε-ωφειλέτης, ον, ὁ, (*χρέος, ὀφείλω*) a debtor.

χρή or *χρή*, ἡ; subjunct. *χρή*, optat. *χρή*: inf. *χρήναι*, poet. also *χρήν*: impf. *ἐχρήν* and *χρήν*: fut. *χρήσει*: (for part., see *χρέω*):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. *it must, must needs* be, it is good, fit, meet. 2. like *δεῖ*, *Lat. oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs* do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase *οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχης ἀποπαύσαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή* why restand thou from the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, *οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀφοσύνης* thou hast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; *οὐ σε χρή ἔτ' αἰδοῦν* thou hast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι*; how is one to get through this? III. *τὸ χρήν fate, destiny*.

χρή, impers.: subjunct. *χρή*: optat. *χρή*: inf. *χρήναι*, poet. also *χρήν*: impf. *ἐχρήν* and *χρήν*: fut. *χρήσει*: (for part., see *χρέω*):—it is fated, necessary: c. inf. *it must, must needs* be, it is good, fit, meet. 2. like *δεῖ*, *Lat. oportet, decet*, c. acc. pers. et inf.; *one must needs* do a thing, it behoves or befits, it is right and proper that one should do.—Sometimes the inf. must be supplied from the context, as in the phrase *οὐδέ τί σε χρή, as τίπτε μάχης ἀποπαύσαι; οὐδέ τί σε χρή* why restand thou from the battle? it behoves thee not (sc. ἀποπαύεσθαι μάχης). 3. c. acc. pers. et gen. rei, *οὐδέ τί σε χρή ἀφοσύνης* thou hast no need of impudence, i. e. it does not befit thee; *οὐ σε χρή ἔτ' αἰδοῦν* thou hast no longer need of shame. II. in a less strong sense, *one may, one can; πῶς χρή τοῦτο περᾶσαι*; how is one to get through this? III. *τὸ χρήν fate, destiny*.

χρή, shortened for *χρήσει*.

χρήζω, used only in pres. and impf.: Ep. and Ion.

χρήζω: Dor. *χρήσδω* and *χρήδω*: (*χρεία*):—to need, want, lack, have need of: absol. in part. *χρήζων, needy, poor*. 2. to desire, long for: to ask, crave, desire, *Lat. sollicitare*:—c. gen. rei, to ask or demand a thing. 3. *μὴ ἐχρήσες θανεῖν*, like *μὴ ἄφες*, thou oughtest not to have died, oh that thou hadst not! 4. the part. *χρήζων* is used absol. for *εἰ χρή*, if one will, if one chooses: hence *wishing well, well-inclined*.

χρήζω, shortened for *χρήσει*.

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χρήζω, like *χράω* I, to deliver an oracle, foretell.

χρήια, ἡ, Ion. for *χρεία, use, need*.

χρήζω, Ep. and Ion. for *χρήζω*.

χρηίσκομαι, Ion. collat. form of *χράομαι*, to use, make use of.

χρήμα, atos, τό, (*χράομαι*) a thing that one uses or needs: mostly used in plur. *goods, money*: proverb., *κρείστων χρημάτων superior to money*, i. e. inaccessible to bribes. II. a thing, matter, business, affair, event; *κινεῖν πᾶν χρήμα* to set everything in motion, 'to leave no stone unturned': a dealing, business,

τί μιν χρεῖω νέων ἐπιβανέμεν nor does need at all

transaction, like Lat. *res*. 2. *χηρμα* is often expressed to strengthen a phrase, as, *τι χερμα*; for *τι*; *what?* 3. *χηρμα* is also used to express something strange or unusual, *μεγα συδς χερμα* a huge monster of a boar; *του χερμανος χερμα αφορητον* the intolerable violence of the storm:—also to express a great number or mass, *χηρμα πολλων αρδιων, νεων*, etc., a vast amount of javelins, ships, etc.; *δσον το χερμα παρνονων* what a lot of locusts; *μεγα χερμα Λακαιναν* a great host of Laconian women.

χηρηματιζω, f. *ισω* Att. *ιω*: pf. *κεχηρηματικα*: (*χηρημα*):—to do or carry on business, have dealings: to negotiate, transact business.

2. to consult, debate, advise about a matter. 3. to give an answer after due deliberation: to warn solemnly: Pass. to be solemnly warned. II. Med. *χηρηματιζομαι*, f. *-ιουμαι*, to transact business for one's own profit, to make money, enrich oneself: to transact business, have dealings with another.

III. in late Greek, the Act. *χηρηματιζω* means to bear a title or name; *χηρηματιζει βασιλευς* he takes the title of king; *οι μαθηται Χριστιανοι εχηρηματισαν πρωτων εν τη Αντιοχεια* the disciples bore the name of Christians first in Antioch.

χηρηματικος, η, ον, (*χηρμα*) of or for money.

χηρηματισις, εως, η, and *χηρηματισμος*, ο, (*χηρηματις*) transaction of business. 2. of an oracle, a response: also a divine warning. II. (from Med.) a doing business for one's own gain: money-making, gain, profit.

χηρηματιστεον, verb. Adj. of *χηρηματιζω*, one must make money.

χηρηματιστης, ου, ο, (*χηρηματιζω*) one who carries on business, so as to make money, a moneyed man, a man of business, tradesman. Hence

χηρηματιστικος, η, ον, fitted for money-making; *χηρηματιστικος οϊωνος* an omen portending gain.

χηρηματο-δαίτης, ου, ο, (*χηρμα*, *δατεομαι*) a divider of money or of possessions.

χηρηματο-ποιος, ον, (*χηρηματα*, *ποιεω*) money-making, money-getting.

χηρημοσυνη, η, (*χραομαι*) = *χερεια*, need, want, lack. *χηρηναι*, inf. of *χηρ*.

χηρησδω, Dor. for *χηρξω*.

χηρξ, *χηρξσθα*, shortd. for *χηρξεις*, see *χραω* (B) II.

χηρξισμος, η, ον, also ος, ον: (*χραομαι*):—useful, serviceable, apt, fit, useful of its kind: *το χερξισμον use*, advantage. 2. of men, serviceable, useful, serviceable to the state. 3. used, made use of. Hence

χηρξισμωσ, Adv. usefully, serviceably.

χηρξισμωσ, Dor. for *χηρξισμωσ*, acc. pl. of *χηρξισμωσ*.

χηρξισις, εως, η, (*χραομαι*) a using, employment, use made of a thing: in plur. uses. 2. power or means of using. 3. intimacy, acquaintance, Lat. *usus*. II. (*χραω* c) an oracle.

χηρησολογια, f. ησω, to utter oracles, divine. From *χηρησμο-λογωσ*, ον, (*χηρησμοσ*, *λεγω*) uttering oracles, divining; *χηρησολογωσ ανηρ* a soothsayer, diviner. II. an expounder or interpreter of oracles.

χηρησμο-ποιωσ, ον, (*χηρησμοσ*, *ποιεω*) making oracles in verse.

χηρησμιωσ, ο, (*χραω* c) the answer of an oracle, an oracular response, oracle.

χηρημοσυνη, η, (*χραομαι*) like *χηρημοσυνη*, need, want, poverty: an eager request, importunity.

χηρησμο-φυλαξ, ακωσ, ο, (*χηρησμοσ*, *φυλαξ*) a keeper of oracular responses.

χηρησμοφδεω, f. ησω, (*χηρησμοφδοσ*) to recite oracles in verse, to give oracles, prophecy. Hence

χηρησμοφδια, η, the answer of an oracle, given in verse, a prophecy.

χηρησμοφδικωσ, η, ον, of or fit for a soothsayer or diviner, oracular. Adv. *-κωσ*. From

χηρησμο-φδοσ, ον, (*χηρησμοσ*, *φδη*) reciting oracles in verse: prophesying, prophetic:—as Subst., *χηρησμοφδοσ*, ο, a soothsayer, prophet.

χηρησων, 2 sing. aor. I imperat. of *κίχηρμι*, to lend.

χηρηστέων, verb. Adj. of *χραομαι*, one must use.

χηρηστέομαι, Dep. (*χηρηστωσ*) to behave kindly, be kind or merciful.

χηρηστηριαζω, f. ασω, like *χραω*, to give oracles, prophecy:—in Med., like *χραομαι*, to have an oracle given one, consult an oracle; *χηρηστηριαζεσθαι θεω* to consult a god; *ιροισι χερστηριαζεσθαι* to consult victims. From

χηρηστηριον, το, the seat of an oracle, such as Delphi. 2. the answer of an oracle, oracular response. II. an offering made at the time of consulting an oracle, a sacrificial victim: metaph. a victim, sacrifice. Properly neut. of *χηρηστηριωσ*.

χηρηστηριωσ, α, ον, also οσ, ον, (*χραω*) of or belonging to an oracle, oracular, foreboding, presaging. 2. of, belonging to a prophet, prophetic.

χηρηστωσ, ου, ο: gen. pl. *χηρηστων* (to distinguish it from *χηρηστων*, gen. pl. of *χηρηστωσ*): (*χραω*):—one who gives or expounds oracles, a prophet, soothsayer. II. a creditor, usurer. 2. (*χραομαι*) a debtor.

χηρηστολογεω, f. ησω, (*χηρηστολογωσ*) to use fair words. Hence

χηρηστολογια, η, fair-speaking: a kind address.

χηρηστο-λογωσ, ον, (*χηρηστωσ*, *λεγω*) speaking fairly.

χηρηστωσ, η, ον, verb. Adj. of *χραομαι*, like *χηρησμοσ*, useful, serviceable: *χηρηστωσ*, τα, as Subst. good services, benefits, kindnesses. 2. good, favourable; *τελευτη χερστωσ* a happy end or issue: of victims and omens, boding good, auspicious, lucky. II. of men, good, stout, brave in war; of citizens, upright, deserving: ironically, *χηρηστωσ ελ* you are a nice fellow.

2. of the gods, kind, propitious: and so of men, good-natured, kind. Hence

χηρηστωσθησ, ηρωσ, η, of persons, goodness, honesty, uprightness. 2. kindness, good-nature, like *ευθηεια*.

χηρμα, ατωσ, το, = *χηρσμοσ*.

χηρμπω, f. ψω: also as Dep. *χηρμπτωμαι*, f. *χηρμψομαι*; aor. I med. *εχηρμψαμην*, pass. *εχηρμψομην*, part. *χηρμψεισ*:—poet. for *χραω*, to touch the surface

of a body, to *graze, scratch, wound*, Lat. *radere, stringere*; *χρῖμθεις πέλας grazing close*:—more generally, *to come nigh, draw near, approach*, c. dat.; *δόμοις χρῖμπτέσθαι to draw near the house*. 2.

also intr. in Act., *to come or keep near*: also with πόδα added, *πόδας χρῖμπουσα βραχίαισι keeping her feet close to the shore*; so, *ὅπ' ἐσχάτην στήλην ἐχρῖμπτ' αἰεὶ σύριγγα he kept the axle close upon the post*.

χρῖσαν, Ep. for *ἐχρῖσαν*, 3 pl. aor. I of *χρῖω*.
χρῖσμα, *αυγος, τὸ, (χρῖω) anything smeared on, a scented unguent, of thicker consistency than μύρον*.

Χριστιανός, ὁ, (Χριστός) a Christian.

χριστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of *χρῖω*, *to be rubbed on, used as ointment or salve; φάρμακα χρῖστά salves*. II. *anointed; τὸ χρῖστὸν anointing oil*. 2. **Χριστός, ὁ, the Anointed One, the CHRIST**, as a transl. of the Hebrew *Messiah*.

ΧΡΙΩ, f. *χρῖω* [τ]: aor. I *ἐχρῖσα* Ep. *χρῖσα*: Pass., aor. I *ἐχρῖσθην*: pf. *κέχρῖμαι*:—*to touch the surface of a body: to anoint with scented unguents or oil, esp. after bathing*:—Med. *χρῖομαι*, aor. I *ἐχρῖσάμην*, *to anoint oneself; χρῖσθαι ἰοὺς to anoint, i. e. poison, one's arrows*. 2. *to rub over with colour, to colour, dye, stain; χρῖσθαι τὰ σώματα μιλτῷ to dye their bodies with vermilion*. 3. *to puncture the skin slightly, prick, sting*.

χρόα, χροί, irreg. acc. and dat. of *χρῶς*.
χροιά, ἡ, Ep. and Ion. *χροιή*, Att. also *χροά*: (*χρῶς*):—*the surface of a body, the skin*; hence *the body itself*. II. *the colour of the skin, the complexion; χροιάν ἀλλάσσειν to change colour: also the colour of a thing*.

χροῖζω, f. *ῖω*: contr. **χρώζω**, f. *σω*: (*χροά*):—*to touch or graze the surface, also generally, to touch*:—Med. *χρῖζομαι, to touch another person, to lie with*.

χρόμβος, ὁ, *a grating or creaking noise, jarring, gnashing, crushing*. (Formed from the sound.)

χρονίζω, f. *ῖω* Att. *ῖω*, (*χρόνος*) intr. *to spend time, tarry: to continue or last long, hold out*: c. part. *to persevere in doing; c. inf. to delay to do*: absol. *to linger, delay, be slow*. II. *to prolong, put off*:—Pass. *to be prolonged or protracted*: absol. *to grow up*.

χρόνιος, α, ον, and Att. *ος, ον*: (*χρόνος*):—*after a long time or interval, late*. 2. *for a long time; χρόνιος εἶμι ἀπὸ βορᾶς I have been for a long time apart from food*. 3. *long, lasting long; χρόνιοι πόλεμοι lasting wars: lingering, delaying*:—neut. pl. *χρόνια* as Adv., *after a long time*.

ΧΡΟΝΟΣ, ὁ, *time, indefinitely: also a certain time, a period, season, space of time*: absol. in acc. *χρόνον for a while; πολλὸν χρόνον for a long time; τὸν αἰεὶ χρόνον for ever; ὀλίγον χρόνον in a short time: πόσου χρόνον; for how long? χρόνῳ in time, at last*. 2. with Prepositions:—*ἀνὰ χρόνον in course of time: διὰ χρόνον after an interval; ἐκ πολλοῦ χρόνον long ago; ἐν χρόνῳ in time, at length; ἐντὸς χρόνον within a certain time; ἐπι*

χρόνον for a time: ἔς χρόνον till aftertime. II.

time of life; χρόνῳ βραδύς slow from his time of life.

χρονο-τριβέω, (*χρόνος, τρίβω*) *to waste time, loiter*.

χρός, γεν. of χρῶς.

χρυσ-ἀλάκατος, ον, Dor. for *χρυσήλ-*.

χρῦσ-ἄμοιβός, ὁ, (*χρυσός, ἀμείβω*) *changing gold or gold money*: metaph., *Ἄρης σωματῶν χρυσαμοιβός Mars who buys men's bodies with gold*.

χρῦσ-ἀμυξέ, ἴκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός, ἀμυξέ*) *with fillet or frontlet of gold*, epith. of horses: also of goddesses.
χρῦσ-ἀνθής, ἔς, γεν. ἑός, (χρυσός, ἄνθος) *with flower of gold*.

χρυσ-άνιος, Dor. for *χρυσήνιος*.

χρυσ-ανταυγής, ἔς, (χρυσός, ἀνταυγής) *reflecting a golden light*.

χρῦσ-ἄορος, ον, (*χρυσός, ἄορ*) *with sword of gold*, epith. of the gods.

χρῦσ-ἀρμάτος, ον, (*χρυσός, ἄρμα*) *with or in car of gold*, epith. of the moon.

χρῦσ-ασπίς, ἴδος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός, ἀσπίς*) *with shield of gold*. [Ἦ]

χρῦσ-αυγής, ἔς, γεν. ἑός, (χρυσός, αὐγή) *gold-gleaming*.

χρῦσ-ἄωρ, ορος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρυσός, ἄωρ*) = *χρυσάορος*.
χρῦσειον, τό, (χρυσός) mostly in plur., *χρυσεία, τά, gold mines, in full χρῦσεια μέταλλα*.

χρῦσειος, η, ον, poet. for *χρῦσειος*.

χρῦσ-ελεφαντ-ἠλεκτρος, ον, (*χρυσός, ἐλέφας, ἠλεκτρον*) *of or overlaid with gold, ivory, and electrum*.

χρῦσ-εβόστρυχος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, βόστρυχος*) *with locks or ringlets of gold*.

χρῦσ-εό-δημιτος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, δέμω*) *built or formed of gold*.

χρῦσ-εό-κμητος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, κάμνω*) *wrought of gold*.

χρῦσ-εό-κύκλος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, κύκλος*) *with disk of gold*.

χρῦσ-εό-μαλλος, ον, = *χρυσόμαλλος*.

χρῦσειο-μίτρης, ον, ὁ, = χρυσομίτρης.

χρῦσ-εό-νωτος, ον, = *χρυσόνωτος*.

χρῦσειο-πήληξ, ηκος, ὁ, ἡ, (*χρῦσειος, πήληξ*) *with helm or casque of gold*.

χρῦσειο-πήνητος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, πήνη*) *with wool of gold, inwrought with gold*.

χρῦσειος, η, ον, and *ος, ον*; Att. contr. *χρυσεύς, ἡ, οὖν*; Ep. *χρῦσειος, η, ον*, (*χρυσός*):—*golden, of gold, inlaid with gold*: also *gilded, gilt; χρυσούν τινα ἱστᾶναι to raise a statue of gold to one*. 2. *χρῦσεια μέταλλα gold mines; see χρυσεῖον*. II.

gold-coloured, of golden hue. III. metaph.

golden, happy, blessed: hence the first Age of Man was the *golden*. [In Homer, *χρῦσέη, χρῦσέην, χρῦσέου, χρῦσέω*, etc. must be pronounced as spondees.]

χρῦσειο-σάνδαλος, ον, (*χρῦσειος, σάνδαλον*) *with sandals of gold; ἔχνος χρυσεοσάνδαλον the step of golden sandals*.

χρῦσειο-στέφανος, ον, = *χρυσόστέφανος*.

χρῦσ-εό-στολμος, ον, or **χρῦσ-εό-στολος, ον**, (*χρῦσειος, στέλλω*) *decked or dight with gold*.

χρῦσεό-τευκτος, *ov*, = χρῦστέυκτος.
 χρῦσεο-φάλαρος, *ov*, (χρῦσεος, φάλαρα) with *trappings of gold*.
 Χρῦσις, ἴδος, ἡ, *patronym of Χρῦσης, ov, δ, daughter of Chrysis*.
 χρῦσο-ηλακάτος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ἡλακάτη) with *spindle or arrow of gold*.
 χρῦσο-ήλατος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ἐλαίνω) *beaten out of gold, of beaten gold*.
 χρῦσο-ἦνιός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ἦνια) with *reins of gold*.
 χρῦσο-ἦρής, *es, gen. eos*, (χρῦσός, ἀρῆάν) *furnished or decked with gold, golden*.
 χρῦσιδιόν, τό, *Dim. of χρῦσιον, a small piece of gold*.
 χρῦσιόν, τό, *Dim. of χρῦσός, a piece of gold, gold in general: anything made of gold, gold coin, money; ἀργύριον καὶ χρῦσιόν silver and gold money: but the generic term for money was ἀργύριον, as in Lat. argentum.* II, as a term of endearment, *my little treasure!*
 χρῦσις, ἴδος, ἡ, (χρῦσός) *a vessel of gold.* 2. *a golden dress*.
 χρῦσιτίης [ἴ], *ov, δ, fem. χρῦσιτίς, ἴδος, (χρῦσός) like gold, containing a proportion of gold*.
 χρῦσο-βαφής, *és, (χρῦσός, βαφῆναι) gilded, gold-embroidered*.
 χρῦσο-βώλος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, βῶλος) with *soil containing gold*.
 χρῦσο-γόνος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, γενέσθαι) *born or descended of gold, of the Persians, because they were descended from Perseus, the son of Danaë*.
 χρῦσο-δαίδαλτος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, δαίδαλλω) *richly wrought with gold*.
 χρῦσο-δακτύλιος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, δακτύλιον) with *a gold ring*. [κτύ] *ov*, also *η, ov*, (χρῦσός, δέω) *bound with gold, set in gold: overlaid with gold*.
 χρῦσο-έθειρα, *ειρος, δ, ἡ, (χρῦσός, ἔθειρα) with golden hair*.
 χρῦσο-εἰδής, *és, (χρῦσός, εἶδος) like gold*.
 χρῦσο-ζυγός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ζυγόν) with *yoke of gold*.
 χρῦσο-θρίξ, -τρίχος, *δ, ἡ, (χρῦσός, θρίξ) golden-haired*.
 χρῦσο-θρόνος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, θρόνός) *on throne of gold, gold-enthroned*.
 χρῦσο-κάρηνος *Dor. -ἄνος, ov*, (χρῦσός, κάρηνον) with *bead of gold*. [κᾶ]
 χρῦσο-κερως, *ωτος, δ, ἡ, and χρῦσο-κερως, ov, gen. ω: (χρῦσός, κέρας):—with horns of gold.* II. with *gilded horns, like a victim for the sacrifice*.
 χρῦσο-κόλλητος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, κολλάω) *welded or wrought of gold: generally, of gold, golden*.
 χρῦσο-κόλλος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, κολλάω) *welded or inlaid with gold*.
 χρῦσο-κόμη, *δ, Dor. -μας, a, δ, (χρῦσός, κόμη) be of the golden hair: ὁ Χρῦσοκόμης the golden-haired, for Apollo*.
 χρῦσο-κόμος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, κόμη) *golden-haired: with golden plumage*.

χρῦσο-κρόταλος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, κρόταλον) *rattling or ringing with gold*.
 χρῦσο-λίθος, ἡ, (χρῦσός, λίθος) *the chrysolith or gold-stone, a bright yellow stone, perhaps the topaz*.
 χρῦσολογέω, *f, ἦσω, to talk of gold.* II. *to collect gold, i. e. money.* From
 χρῦσο-λόγος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, λέγω) *speaking of gold*.
 χρῦσο-λογχος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, λόγχη) with *golden spear*.
 χρῦσο-λόφος, *a, ov*, (χρῦσός, λόφος) with *golden crest*.
 χρῦσο-λύρης, *ov, δ, Dor. -λύρας, (χρῦσός, λύρα) with golden lyre.* [λύ]
 χρῦσο-μαλλός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, μαλλός) with *golden fleece*.
 χρῦσο-μαῖνης, *és, (χρῦσός, μαῖνηναι) mad after gold*.
 χρῦσο-μηλολόνη, ἡ, (χρῦσός, μηλολόνη) *the gold-beetle or cockchafer.* Hence
 χρῦσο-μηλολόνηιον or -όντιον, τό, *Dim. of χρῦσομηλολόνη, a little cockchafer: used as a term of endearment*.
 χρῦσο-μίτρης, *ov, δ, (χρῦσός, μίτρα) with girdle or bead-band of gold.* [μί]
 χρῦσο-μορφός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, μορφή) *in the shape or likeness of gold*.
 χρῦσο-νωτός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, νῶτος) with *golden back: covered with gold; χρῦσόνωτος ἦνια a rein studded with gold*.
 χρῦσο-πάστος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, πάσσω) *sprinkled or sbot with gold; χρῦσόπαστος τήρης a turban of gold tissue; τὰ χρῦσόπαστα gilded splendours*.
 χρῦσο-πέδιλος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, πέδιλον) with *sandals of gold*.
 χρῦσο-πέπλος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, πέπλον) with *robe of gold*.
 χρῦσο-πήληξ, *ηκος, δ, ἡ, (χρῦσός, πήληξ) with helm or casque of gold*.
 χρῦσο-πλόκαμος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, πλόκαμος) with *tresses of gold*.
 χρῦσο-ποιός, *όν, (χρῦσός, ποιέω) working in gold: as Subst., χρῦσοποιός, ὁ, a goldsmith*.
 χρῦσο-πράσος, *δ, (χρῦσός, πράσων) the chrysoprase, a precious stone of a yellow-green colour*.
 χρῦσο-πτερος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, πτερόν) with *wings of gold*.
 χρῦσο-ράπης, *δ, poet. for χρῦσοράπης*.
 χρῦσο-ροός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ῥέω) *streaming with gold*.
 χρῦσο-ρόφος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ὀροφή) with *golden roof or ceiling*.
 χρῦσοῦρ-ράπης, *ιδος, δ, ἡ, (χρῦσός, ῥάπης) with wand of gold*.
 χρῦσοῦρ-ῤυτός, *ov*, (χρῦσός, ῥέω) *flowing with gold, in a stream of gold*.
 ΧΡΥΣΟΣ, *ov, δ, gold, Lat. aurum; χρῦσός κοῖλος gold wrought into vessels, gold plate; χρῦσός ἀνεφθός refined gold; λευκός χρῦσός white gold, i. e. alloyed with silver*.
 χρῦσο-στεφάνος, *ov*, (χρῦσός, στέφανος) *gold-crowned*.

χρυσό-στομος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στόμα) of golden mouth, dropping words of gold.

χρυσό-στροφος, *ov*, (χρυσός, στρέφω) twisted with gold: of a bow, strung with twisted gold.

χρυσό-τέκτων, *ovos, δ*, a worker in gold, goldsmith. χρυσότερος, *a, ov*, Comp. Adj. formed from χρυσός, more golden.

χρυσό-τευκτος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τεύχω) wrought of gold. χρυσό-τευχής, *és*, (χρυσός, τεύχος) with golden armour.

χρυσό-τοξος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τόξον) with bow of gold.

χρυσό-τρίαινος, *ov*, (χρυσός, τρίαινα) with trident of gold. [i]

χρυσ-οὔατος, *ov*, (χρυσός, οὔα) with ears or handles of gold.

χρυσούς, *ή, οὔν*, Att. contr. for χρυσεός.

χρυσό-φάνενος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φαίνομαι) = χρυσοφαής.

χρυσό-φαής, *és*, (χρυσός, φάος) with golden light.

χρυσό-φειγγής, *és*, (χρυσός, φέγγος) with golden beam.

χρυσό-φίλος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φίλος) gold-loving.

χρυσόφορέω, *f. ήσω*, to wear gold or golden apparel.

From

χρυσό-φόρος, *ov*, (χρυσός, φέρω) wearing gold or golden apparel.

χρυσό-φύλαξ, *άκος, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, φύλαξ) a guarder or keeper of gold: a treasurer. [φύ]

χρυσό-χαίτης, *ov, δ*, (χρυσός, χαιτή) with golden hair: fem. χρυσόχαιτις, *idos*.

χρυσό-χάλινος, *ov*, (χρυσός, χαλινός) with gold-studded bridle. [ά]

χρυσό-χείρ, -χείρος, *δ, ή*, (χρυσός, χείρ) with gold on one's fingers.

χρυσό-χίτων, *avos, δ, ή*, (χρυσός, χίτων) with coat of gold. [χί]

χρυσόχοεῖον, *τό*, the shop of a goldsmith. From χρυσόχοεω, *f. ήσω*, (χρυσόχοος) to be a goldsmith or gold-refiner: to work in gold.

χρυσόχοϊκός, *ή, ov*, belonging to a goldsmith or gold-refiner: χρυσόχοϊκὴν τέχνην ἐργάζεσθαι to follow the trade of a goldsmith. From

χρυσό-χόος, *ov*, (χρυσός, χέω) melting or casting gold:—as Subst., χρυσόχοος, *δ*, one who gilds the horns of a victim; a goldsmith.

χρυσό-χρoος, *ov* contr. -χρoov, *ov*, (χρυσός, χρoά) gold-coloured.

χρυσός, *f. άσω*, (χρυσός) to make golden, gild.

χρυσῶ, Dor. for χρυσοῦ, gen. of χρυσός.

χρυσώμα, *avos, τό*, (χρυσώω) that which is made of gold, wrought gold, gold-plate. [ῶ]

χρυσ-ανέω, (χρυσός, ἀνέομαι) to buy or change gold.

χρυσ-ώπης, *ov, δ*, fem. -ώπις, *idos*, = χρυσοώπις.

χρυσ-ώπος, *όν*, (χρυσός, ὠψ) with golden eyes or face, beaming like gold.

χρυσώσις, *εως, δ*, (χρυσώω) a gilding. [ῶ]

χρυσ-ῶψ, ὠπος, *δ, ή*, (χρυσός, ὠψ) gold-coloured, shining like gold.

χρῶ, contr. from χρᾶου, pres. imperat. of χρᾶομαι.

χρῶ, irreg. dat. of χρῶς.

χρῶζω, *f. χρώσω*: aor. I ἐχρώσα: Pass., aor. I ἐχρώσθην: pf. κέχρωσμαι: (χρῶς):—like χρῶζω, to touch the surface of a body: generally, to touch, clasp. 2. to tinge, stain: generally, to taint, defile.

χρῶμα, *avos, τό*, (χρᾶννυμι) the surface of the body, the skin. II. the colour of the skin, the complexion; μεθίσταται τοῦ χρώματος to change colour. III. metaph. in pl. ornaments, embellishments.

IV. as a technical term in Greek Music, a modification of the diatonic music. Hence

χρωματικός, *ή, όν*, suited for colour. II. ἡ χρωματική (sc. μουσική) the chromatic music of the ancients, differing from the diatonic in having the tetrachord divided into less simple intervals.

χρωμάτιον, *τό*, (χρῶμα) a colour, paint, dye. [ά]

χρῶννυμι, = χρώζω.

χρῶς, *δ*, χρῶτος, χρῶτι, χρῶτα: Ion. χρῶς, χρῶτι, χρῶα: Att. χρῶ:—like χρῶά and χρῶμα, the surface of the body, the skin, also the body itself: the flesh, as opp. to the bone: generally, one's body, frame. 2. ἐν χρῶτι, Att. ἐν χρῶ, close to the skin; ἐν χρῶτι κείρειν to shave close: metaph., ξυρεῖ ἐν χρῶ it shaves close, i. e. it touches one nearly, comes home; ἐν χρῶ παραπλέειν to sail past so as to shave or graze, Virgil's radere littus. II. the colour of the skin, complexion; χρῶς τρέπεται bis colour changes.

χρωστήρ, *ήρος, δ*, (χρώζω) one who colours or dyes: χρωστήρ μάλυβος a lead-pencil.

χρωτίξω, *f. ίσω*, (χρῶς) like χρώζω, to colour, dye, tint:—Med., χρωτίξσθαι τὴν φύσιν τινί to tinge one's nature with something.

χύδην [ῶ], Adv. (χέω) in a stream or flood, without order, confusedly. II. in flowing language, i. e. in prose, opp. to poetry. III. abundantly, utterly.

χυθεῖν, aor. I pass. opt. of χέω.

χυλός, *οὔ, δ*, (χέω) juice, moisture: a decoction. 2. juice drawn out by digestion, chyle. II. the flavour, taste of a thing.

χύμενος, Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῦ]

χυμίζω, *f. ίσω* Att. ἰῶ, (χυμός) to make savory, season: metaph. to tone down, temper.

χυμός, *οὔ, δ*, (χέω) juice. II. taste, flavour.

χύντο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω.

χύσις, *εως, ή*, (χέω) a pouring, sbedding. II. a flood, stream, gush. 2. of dry things, a heap: a quantity. [ῦ]

χυτλάζω, *f. άσω*, to pour out: metaph. to throw carelessly down. From

χύτελον, *τό*, (χέω) anything that can be poured, a liquid, fluid: esp., I. in plur. χύτλα, *τά*, water for washing or bathing. 2. a mixture of water and oil rubbed in after bathing. [ῦ] Hence

χυτλώω, *f. άσω*, to wash, bathe, anoint:—Med. to anoint oneself after bathing.

χυτλώσαιο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of χυτλώω.

χύτο, 3 pl. Ep. aor. 2 pass. of χέω. [ῦ]

χῦτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χέω, poured, shed. 2. of dry things, beaped up; χυτή γαῖα a mound of earth. 2. as Subst., χυτοί, οἱ, mounds, dykes, dams. II. made liquid, cast, melted; ἀρτήματα λίθινα χυτά pendants of melted stone, i. e. of glass. III. liquid, fluid, flowing.

χύτρα, ἡ, (χέω) an earthen pot:—pl. χύτραι, αἱ, the pottery-market:—χύτραι were also pots of pulse, used to consecrate altars and statues of inferior gods; hence of a statue, ταύτην χύτρας ἰδρυτέον this must be erected with pots of pulse. [ῥ]

χύτρεος, α, ὄν, = χυτρεός, of earthenware: τὰ χύτρεια earthenware, pottery. [ῥ]

χύτρεός, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of earthenware.

χύτρεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (χύτρα) a potter.

χύτρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χυτρίς, a small pot. [ῥ]

χύτρίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ, (χύτρα) to put in a pot: to expose a child in a pot.

χύτρεος, ἡ, ὄν, (χύτρα) of or like a pot, earthen, Lat. testaceus. [ῥ]

χύτρίς, ἴδος, ἡ, Dim. of χύτρα or χύτρος, a pot.

χύτρό-πους, -ποδος, ὄ, (χύτρος, ποῦς) a pot or caldron with feet: also a kind of chafing-dish.

χύτρος, ὄ, (χέω) an earthen pot, esp. for boiling: οἱ χύτροι was the name given to the hot-baths at Thermopylae. II. οἱ χύτροι, also, the feast of pots, the third day of the Anthesteria, and thirteenth of the month Anthesterion. [ῥ]

χῶ, contr. for καὶ ὄ.

χῶεο, 2 Ep. sing. imperat. of χῶομαι.

χῶλαινα, f. ἀνά, (χῶλός) to be or go lame.

χῶλεύω, (χῶλός) to be or become lame, to halt, limp.

χῶλ-ἱαμβος, ὄ, (χῶλός, ἱαμβος) a lame or halting iambic, i. e. one that has a spondee for an iambus in the last place, said to have been invented by Hipponax; also called σκάζων.

χῶλο-ποιός, ὄν, (χῶλός, ποιέω) making lame men, of Euripides, who was fond of introducing lame men upon the stage.

ΧΩΛΟΣ, ἡ, ὄν, lame, halting, limping: also of the hand, maimed. II. metaph. maimed, imperfect, defective, Lat. mancus.

χῶμα, ατος, τό, (χάννυμι) earth thrown up, a bank, mound, thrown up by besiegers against the walls of cities: a dam, mound, mole or pier, thrown into the sea, Lat. moles: also like Lat. tumulus, a sepulchral mound.

χῶν, part. of χῶω: see χάννυμι.

χῶνη, ἡ, contr. from χῶανη, (χέω) a melting-pit, a mould to cast in. 2. a funnel.

χῶννυμι: f. χῶωω: aor. I ἐχῶσα: Pass., fut. χῶσθήσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσθην: pf. κέχῶσμαι: there is also the regul. pres. χῶω, inf. χῶον, part. χῶν: (χέω):—to throw or bear up; χῶματα χῶν to bear up a mound: to raise a sepulchral mound. —2 to block up by throwing in earth, to dam up:—Pass. to be filled with earth, be silted up with deposit from rivers. 3. in Pass. of cities, to be raised on mounds

or moles. 4. to cover with a mound of earth, bury; χῶσαί τινα λίθοις to cover any one over with stones:—Pass. to be beaped up with earth, have a sepulchral mound raised over one.

ΧΩ'ΟΜΑΙ, f. χῶσομαι: aor. I ἐχῶσάμην:—Pass. to be angry, be wroth, be enraged: c. acc., χῶόμενος κῆρ ἐναι at heart; also c. dat., χῶεσθαί φρέσιν ἦσιν:—c. dat. pers. to be angry at one: also c. gen. pers. vel rei, to be angry about a person or thing: and c. neut. acc., μή μοι τῶδε χῶεο be not angry with me for this.

χῶρα Ion. χῶρη, ἡ, = χῶρος, the space or room in which a thing is, a place, spot, Lat. locus: the place assigned, the proper place; κατὰ χῶραν εἶναι to be in one's place; κατὰ χῶραν μένειν to stay in one's place, to stand one's ground; ἐὰν κατὰ χῶραν to leave in its place, leave as it was; χῶραν λαβεῖν to take a position, find one's place; ἔως ἀν χῶραν λάβῃ τὰ πράγματα till the affairs find their proper place. 2. metaph. the place assigned to any one, one's post, station, office, position; ἐν ἀνδραπόδων χῶρα εἶναι to be ranked in the place of slaves; ἐν οὐδεμῇ χῶρα εἶναι to be of no account, Lat. nullo in numero haberi. II. 1. a land, country, tract, Lat. regio; ἡ χῶρα one's country. 2. landed property, land, an estate, farm, Lat. ager. 3. the country, opp. to the town, Lat. rus.

χωρέω, f. ἦω Att. ἦσομαι: aor. I ἐχώρησα: pf. κέχωρηκα: (χῶρος):—to make room for another, give way: to draw back, retire, withdraw; νεκροῦ χωρήσουσι they will retire from the dead body; ἀπὸ νῆων ἐχώρησαν πρὸς Ἴλιον they retired from the ships to Ilium. 2. c. dat. pers. to give way to one, make way for him. II. to make room; and so, go forward, advance, to go on, come on; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἔργον to come to action; χωρεῖν πρὸς ἦπαρ to go to one's heart. 2. to advance, make way, proceed; οὐ χωρεῖ τὸ ἔργον the work advances not. 3. to come to an issue, turn out in a certain manner: absol. to go on well, succeed; παρὰ σμικρὰ χωρεῖν to come to little. 4. to spread abroad, become current, of reports.

III. transit. to have space or room for a thing, to hold, contain, like χῶραν; ὁ κρητήρ χωρεῖ ἀμφορέας ἑξακοσίους the bowl holds 600 amphorae; ἡ πόλις αὐτὸν οὐ χωρεῖ the city cannot contain him.

χωρίδιον, τό, Dim. of χωρίον, a little spot. [ῥ]

χωρίζω, f. ἰώ Att. ἰώ: pf. pass. κέχωρισμαι, Ion. 3 pl. κέχωριδάται: (χωρίς):—to separate, part, sever, divide:—οἱ χωρίζοντες Separatists, a name given to those Grammarians who ascribed the Iliad and Odyssey to different authors:—Pass. to be separated, severed or divided, hence to differ, be at variance; νόμοι κέχωρισμένοι different laws.

χωρίον, τό, Dim. of χῶρος and χῶρα, a particular place, a place, spot, country; ἐκ τοῦ αὐτοῦ χωρίου from the same spot. 2. also a place or passage in a book, Lat. locus. II. a strong place, outpost,

a fortified post or town, esp. a detached fort. III. landed property, an estate.

χωρίς, Adv. *separately, asunder, apart by oneself; κείται χωρίς ὁ νεκρός* the corpse lies apart. 2. *separately, one by one.* 3. *χωρίς μὲν . . . , χωρίς δέ . . . , on one side . . . , on the other, by themselves . . . , by themselves . . .* 4. *χωρίς ἢ ὁκόσοι* except so many as . . . ; *χωρίς ἢ* except; *χωρίς ἢ ὅτι* except that. II. of different or distinct kind; *χωρίς τό τ' εἶπεν πολλά καὶ τὰ καίρια* it is a different thing to say many things and to the purpose.

χωρίς, Prep. with gen., *without: without the help or will of; χωρίς θεοῦ*, Lat. *sine diis, without the favour of the gods.* 2. *separate from, apart from; χωρίς ὁμμάτων ἐμῶν* far from my eyes. 3. *independent of, without reckoning, besides.*

χωρισμός, ὁ, (χωρίζω) a separating, separation. χωρίτης [ῖ], ov, ὁ, fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, (χώρη, χωῖρος) a countryman, rustic, boor: fem. χωρίτις, ἴδος, a country girl. Hence χωρίτικος, ἡ, ὄν, *beseeming a countryman, rustic, rural.* Adv. *-κῶς*, in rustic fashion.

χώρος, ὁ, *space to hold a thing, room, a place, spot.* II. *a place, a land, country*, Lat. *regio: c. gen. the district or tract belonging to or about a place; χῶρος τῆς Ἀραβίης* the tract of Arabia. 2. *landed property, an estate.* (Akin to *χανδάνω, χάζομαι*.)

Χῶρος, ov, ὁ, *Corus or Caurus, the north-west wind: the NW. quarter.*

χωρο-φιλέω, f. ἦσω, (χώρος, φιλέω) *to love a place or spot, haunt, frequent it.*

χῶς, contr. for καὶ ὤς.

χῶσαι, aor. I inf. of χώννυμι.

χωσάμενος, aor. I part. of χῶσομαι.

χωσθήναι, aor. I pass. inf. of χώννυμι.

χῶσις, εως, ἡ, (χῶσαι) *a heaping up of earth, raising a mound or bank, esp. by besiegers against a city: a filling in, blocking up by earth thrown in; ἡ χῶσις τῶν λιμένων* the blocking up of harbours.

χῶστος, crasis for καὶ ὄστος.

χωστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of χώννυμι, *heaped up made of earth thrown up.*

Ψ

Ψ, ψ, ψι, τό, indecl., twenty-third letter of the Greek alphabet: as a numeral ψ' = 700, but ψ = 700,000.—The letter ψ is a double Consonant, compounded of σ and a labial, = πσ, βσ, or φσ. The character ψ was at first only Ion., and was adopted at Athens at the same time with η, ω and ξ: was H, η.

Changes of ψ, esp. in the dialects: I. in Aeol. the older πσ was retained, esp. in prop. names, as Πέλοπος for Πέλοψ. II. ψ was resolved into πσ, as, ἄσπινθιον for ἀψίνθιον, ψίν Dor. for σφίν, ψέ for σφέ.

III. ψ was sometimes put for σ or σσ, as,

ψιττακός for σιττακός, κόψις χος for κόσσυφος. IV. ψ was omitted or added as in ἄμμος ἄματος, ψάμμος ψάματος.

ψάθυρός, ὄν, (ψάω) friable, crumbling, falling to pieces, loose.

ψαίρω, (ψάω) *to graze or touch gently; ψαίρειν πτεροῖς οἰμον αἰθέρος* to skim with wings the path of ether, as in Virgil *radere iter liquidum.* II. intrans. *to move lightly, to quiver, flutter.*

ψαιστῖον, τό, Dim. of ψαστόν, a small cake.

ψαιστός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψαίω, ground; τὰ ψαιστόα (sub. πῦματα) cakes of ground barley.

ψαιστωρ, ορος, ὁ, masc. Adj. *that which wipes off.*

ψαίω, f. σω, (ψάω) *to rub away, grind down, pound.*

ψακάω later ψεκάζω, f. ἄσω, (ψακάς) *to rain in small drops, drizzle, drip: impers., like ὕει, etc., ψακάει* it drizzles.

ψακάς later ψεκάς, ἄδος, ἡ, (ψάω) *any small piece rubbed or broken off, a grain, crumb, morsel, bit; ἀργυρίου μῦδὲ ψακάς* not even a farthing of money: as collective Subst., ψάμμου ψακάς grains of sand. 2. a small drop, a quantity of small drops, a small drizzling rain, opp. to ὄμβρος; ὕσθησαν αἱ Θῆβαι ψακάδι Thebes was rained on by a drizzling rain: metaph., φοίνισσα ψεκάς a shower of blood.

ψαλίδο-στομος, ov, (ψαλῖς, στόμα) *having a mouth or head like a pair of shears, epith. of a crab.*

ψαλίω: fut. ἴω and ἴξω Att. ἰώ: (ψαλίς):—*to clip with shears or scissors.*

ΨΑΛΙΟΝ, a ring on the curb-chain of a bridle, to which the leading-rein was fastened: plur. ψάλια, τά, the curb-chain itself: hence more generally, a chain, and metaph. a curb, constraint.

ψαλῖς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ψάω) a pair of shears or scissors, Lat. *forfex.*

ΨΑΛΛΩ, strengthd. from ψάω: f. ψῆλῶ: aor. I ἐψηλα: pf. ἐψαλκα:—*to touch, stir or move by touching, to pull, pluck.* 2. *to pull and let go again, to pull, twang with the fingers; τόξου νευρὰν ψάλλειν* to twang the bow-string: *to play a stringed instrument with the fingers, instead of with the plectrum: absol. to play, and later, to sing to a harp.* 3. Pass., of the instrument, *to be struck or played.* Hence ψάλλα, ατος, τό, a tune played on a stringed instrument.

ψαλμός, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a pulling or twanging musical strings with the fingers. 2. a strain or burst of music: later, a song sung to a stringed instrument: a psalm. Hence

ψαλμο-χαρῆς, ἐς, (ψαλμός, χαρῆναι) *delighting in harp-playing.*

ψαλτήρ, ἦρος, also ψησ, του, ὁ, (ψάλλω) a harper.

ψάλτρια, ἡ, fem. of ψαλτήρ.

ψάμθος, ἡ, (ψάω) sea-sand, the sandy shore, the sands: proverb. of a countless multitude, ὅσα ψάμθος τε κόνις τε as many as the sand and dust. See ψάμμος. [ψᾶ]

ψάμθωδης, ες, (ψάμβος, εἶδος) sandy.

ψαμαθών, ἄνος, ὁ, (ψάματος) a sandy place, sand-
pits, Lat. *sabuletum*.

ψαμμακκοσιο-γάργῆροι, αἰ, α, (ψαμμακκοσιοί, Γάρ-
γαρη) Comic word in Aristophanes, numberless as
beaps of sand: cf. sq.

ψαμμ-ἄκοσιοι, αἰ, α, sand-hundred, numberless as
the sand, a Comic word formed from ψάμμος ἑκατον,
as the cardinal numbers διακόσιοι, τριακόσιοι from
dis ἑκατόν, τρίς ἑκατόν, to denote a countless multi-
tude.

ψάμμη Dor. ψάμμα, ἡ, = ψάμμος, sand.
ψάμμινος, ἡ, ον, (ψάμμος) of sand, in the sand, sandy.
ψάμμος, α, ον, = ψάμμινος, on the sand.
ψαμμίτης [ἤ], ον, ὁ, fem. ψαμμίτις, ιδος, (ψάμμος)
of sand, sandy.

ψάμμος, ἡ, (ψάω) sand, so called from its loose
crumbling nature: proverb., ἐκ ψάμμου σχοινίον
πλέκειν to weave a rope of sand, of labour in
vain. II. a tract of sand, the sand.—Both
ψάμμος and its poet. form ψάματος sometimes drop
the ψ, and become ἄμμος ἄματος.

ψαμμ-ώδης, ες, (ψάμμος, εἶδος) sandy.
ψᾶνός, Dor. for ψήνός.
ψᾶρ, ψᾶρός, Ion. ψήρ, ψήρός, ὁ, a starling, Lat.
sturnus.

ψᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψᾶρ) like a starling, ashen-gray or
speckled; ψᾶρός ἵππος a dapple-gray horse.

ψάω, f. ψάωσω: aor. I ἔψασα: pf. act. ἔψαυκα, pass.
ἔψαυσμαι: (ψάω):—to touch, c. gen.: c. dat. instru-
menti, ψάων κύρηντες φάλισσον the helmets touched
with their plumes; it is also used c. acc. in two pas-
sages of Sophocles, (1) ἔψασας ἀλγεινοτάτας ἐμοὶ
μερίμνας, πατρός τριπόλιστον ὄϊον ἰβου *bast touched*
upon themes of grief most painful to me, the thrice-
told fate of my father; (2) κείνος ἐπέγνω ψάων τὸν
θεὸν ἐν κεροτομίῳ γλώσσας he knew too late *that he*
bad attacked the god with abusive speech.

II. to touch as an enemy, lay bands upon.

III. to touch, reach, affect: also to reach, gain.

ψᾶφᾶρίτης, ον, ὁ, fem. -ίτις, ιδος, = ψαφαρός.
ψᾶφᾶρός, ἄ, ὄν Ion. ψαφερός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψάω) friable,
loose, crumbling, without consistency. II. dry,
dusty, sandy:—as Subst., ἡ ψαφαρά the shore, opp. to
ἄλς.

ψᾶφᾶρό-τρίχος, ον, (ψαφαρός, θρίξ) with rough
shaggy hair or coat.

ψᾶφᾶρό-χρους, ον, contr. -χρους, ονν, (ψαφαρός,
χρᾶ) rough on the surface.

ψᾶφιγῆ, ψᾶφος, Dor. for ψήφιγῆ, ψήφος.
ΨΑΩ [ᾶ], ψᾶς, ψᾶ, inf. ψᾶν (for the regular forms
ψᾶς, ψᾶ, ψᾶν are incorrect): f. ψᾶσω: Pass., aor. I
ἐψᾶθην: pf. ἔψᾶμαι:—to touch on the surface, to rub:
to rub away: intr. to crumble away, trickle away,
disappear.

ψέ Dor. for σφέ, as ψῖν for σφίν: always enclit.
ΨΕΤΩ, f. ψέξω: aor. I ἔψεξα:—to blame, dis-
parage, find fault with, c. acc.; ψέγειν τιὰ περί
τινος to blame one for a thing: also, with a neut.

Adj., ἃ με ψέγειν the things wherein thou blamest
me.

ψεδνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέω) rubbed off, thin, spare, scanty,
of hair; of a person, bald-headed.

ψεδυρός or ψευρός, ἄ, ὄν, = ψιθυρός.
ψείω, Ep. for ψέω, which is Ion. for ψάω.

ψεκάξω, ψεκάς, see ψακάξω, ψακάς.
ψεκάτης, ον, ὁ, (ψέγω) a blamer, censurer, disparager.

ψεκτός, ἡ, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ψέγω, blamed, to be
blamed, blameable. Adv. -τῶς.

ΨΕ'ΑΙΩΝ, τό, an armlet, bracelet, Lat. *armilla*:
in pl. ψέλια, τᾶ, bracelets, armlets, a favourite orna-
ment of the Persians.

ψελιο-φόρος, ον, (ψέλιον, φέρω) wearing bracelets.
ψελίω, f. ὥσω, (ψέλιον) to twine, wreath.

ψέλιον, incorrect form of ψέλιον.
ΨΕΛΛΟ΄Σ, ἡ, ὄν, unable to pronounce certain
letters or syllables, like a child. II. of words,
indistinctly uttered, unintelligible, obscure.

ψευδ-αγγελῆς, ἐς, gen. ἐός, = ψευδάγγελος. Hence
ψευδογγελλία, ἡ, a false message or report.

ψευδ-άγγελος, ον, (ψευδής, ἀγγέλλω) bringing a
false message or report:—as Subst., ψευδάγγελος, ὁ,
a false or lying messenger.

ψευδ-ἀδελφός, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀδελφός) a false brother:
a pretended Christian. [ᾶ]

ψευδ-ἄμαμαξῦς, vos, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀμαμαξύς) a false,
barren vine. [μᾶμ]

ψευδ-ἀπόστολος, ὁ, (ψευδής, ἀπόστολος) a false
apostle.

Ψευδ-αρτάβας, (ψευδής, ἀρτάβη) Comic name of a
mock-Persian in Aristophanes, literally, *False-meas-
ure*: see ἀρτάβη.

ψευδ-αράραφης, vos, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἀράραφης) false
orach, Comic name of a plant in Aristophanes.

ψευδ-αττικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψευδής, Ἄττικός) false Attic,
sbam Attic.

ψευδ-αυτόμολος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, αὐτόμολος) a sbam
deserter.

ψευδ-ἐνέδρα, ἡ, (ψευδής, ἐνέδρα) a sbam ambushcade.
ψεύδω, Ep. imperat. of ψεύδομαι.

ψευδηγορέω, f. ἦσω, to speak falsely or untruly, to
lie. From

ψευδ-ηγόρος, ον, (ψευδής, ἀγορεύω) false-speaking.
ψευδη-λογέω, f. ἦσω, = ψευδολογέω.

ψευδής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ψεύδομαι) lying, false, untrue,
Lat. *mendax, falsus*, opp. to ἀληθής; ψευδής φαίνε-
σθαι to be detected in falsehood:—as Subst. ψευδής,
ὁ, a liar: ψευδῆ, τᾶ, falsehoods:—ψευδεῖς λόγοι fal-
lacies. II. pass. *belied, deceived*. III. Att.

irreg. Sup. ψευδίστατος, ἡ, ον, most lying: as Subst.,
ψευδίστατος, ὁ, an arch-liar.

ψεύδις, ios, ὁ, ἡ, poet. for ψευδής.
ψευδο-βοήθεια, ἡ, (ψευδής, βοήθεια) pretended help.

ψευδο-διδάσκαλος, ὁ, (ψευδής, διδάσκαλος) a false
teacher.

ψευδο-κήρυξ, ἕκος, ὁ, (ψευδής, κήρυξ) a false or
lying herald.

ψευδο-κλητεία or -κλητία, ἡ, (ψευδής, κλητεύω) a false citation or summons, false indorsement of a summons, as if the indorser had witnessed the service of it; γραφή ψευδοκλητείας a prosecution for such false indorsement.

ψευδο-λίτρος, ον, (ψευδής, λίτρον) Att. for ψευδόνιτρος, made from adulterated soda.

ψευδολογία, f. ἡσω, (ψευδολόγος) to speak falsely, spread false reports. Hence

ψευδολογία, ἡ, a false speech, falsehood, false report.

ψευδο-λόγος, ον, (ψευδής, λέγω) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-μάντις, εως, ὁ, ἡ, (ψευδής, μάντις) a false, lying prophet.

ψευδομαρτυρέω, f. ἡσω, to be a false witness, bear false witness. Hence

ψευδομαρτυρία, ἡ, false witness, a bearing false witness, perjury: mostly in plur., ψευδομαρτυριῶν ἀλῶναι to be convicted of perjury.

ψευδομαρτυρίου δική, (ψευδής, μαρτύριον) an action for false witness or perjury, only used in gen.

ψευδο-μάρτυς, ὕρος, ὁ, (ψευδής, μάρτυς) a false witness.

ψευδο-νίτρος ον, (ψευδής, νίτρον) see ψευδόνιτρος.

ψευδο-νύμφευτος, ον, (ψευδής, νυμφεύω) falsely wedded; ψευδονύμφευτος γάμος a pretended marriage.

ψευδο-παρθένος, ἡ, (ψευδής, παρθένος) a pretended maid or virgin.

ψευδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ψεύδος, ποιέω) framing lies.

ψευδο-προφήτης, ον, ὁ, (ψευδής, προφήτης) a false or lying prophet.

ψευδορκῶ, f. ἡσω, (ψεύδορκος) to swear falsely, be forsworn.

ψευδο-ὄρκιος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκιον) perjured, forsworn.

ψευδ-ορκος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄρκος) = ψευδὸρκιος.

ψεύδος, εως, τό, Ep. dat. pl. ψεύδεσσι, (ψεύδω) a lie, falsehood, untruth: a fraud, deceit. II. a pimple on the nose.

ψευδοστομέω, f. ἡσω, to speak falsely, lie. From

ψευδο-στομος, ον, (ψευδής, στόμα) speaking falsely.

ψευδο-φημῶς, ον, (ψευδής, φήμη) of false augury or divination,

Ψευδο-χριστός, ὁ, (ψευδής, Χριστός) a false Christ.

ΨΕΥΤ' ΔΩ, f. ψεύσω: aor. I ἔψευσα: Pass., aor. I ἐψεύσθην: pf. ἔψευσαμαι:—to cheat or impose upon by lies, to beguile, defraud: c. gen. to cheat of a thing; ἔψευσάς με ἐλπίδος ἔβου δεφραυδά me of my hope:—Pass. ψεύδομαι, to be cheated, to be disappointed or deceived; ψευθεῖναι δέπνου to be cheated of a supper; ἐψευσμένοι τῆς τῶν Ἀθηναίων δυνάμεως deceived in their notions of the Athenian power: absol. to be mistaken, be false; ἡ τρίτη τῶν ὁδῶν μάλιστα ἐψευσταί the third mode of explanation is most untrue.

II. c. acc. rei, to represent a thing as a lie or deception. 2. to falsify: Pass., ἡ ψευθεῖσα ἰσχύεισ the promise broken.

Dep. ψεύδομαι, f. ψεύσομαι: aor. I ἐψεύσομαι: pf. pass. ἔψευσαμαι in act. sense:—absol. to lie, speak

false, play false. 2. generally, to be false or faithless, to be perjured or forsworn. II. to belie, falsify; ὄρκια ψεύσασθαι to falsify or break the oaths; οὐκ ἐψεύσαντο τὰς ἀπειλάς they did not belie, i. e. they made good, their threats; τὰ χρήματα ἐψευσμένοι ἦσαν they had broken their word about the money. III. to belie or deceive by lies, cheat, impose upon.

ψευδ-ώνυμος, ον, (ψευδής, ὄνομα Aeol. for ὄνομα) under a false name, falsely called. Adv. -μως.

ψευδός, Adv. of ψευδής, falsely, untruly.

ψευσι-στυξ, ὕγος, ὁ, ἡ, (ψεύσις, στυγέω) bating falsehood and fraud.

ψεύσμα, τό, (ψεύδω) a lie, untruth, fraud.

ψευστῶ, f. ἡσω, to be a liar: to lie, cheat, play false. From

ψεύστης, ον, ὁ, (ψεύδω) a liar, cheat. 2. also as Adj., like ψευδής, lying, false.

ψεφηνός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψέφος) dark, obscure: metaph. obscure, base, mean.

ΨΕ' ΦΟΣ, εως, τό, darkness, smoke, mist.

ψῆ, Ion. form for ψάω.

ψῆ, 3 sing. pres. of ψάω; but ψῆ, Ep. for ἔψη, 3 sing. impf.

ψῆγμα, atos, τό, (ψήχω) that which is rubbed or scraped off, shavings, Lat. ramentum; ψῆγμα χρυσοῦ gold-dust; and so absol. ψῆγμα, gold-dust.

ψηκτήρ, ἦρος, ὁ, and ψηκτρα, ἡ, (ψήχω) an instrument for scraping off, a scraper, strigil.

ψηλαφάω, f. ἡσω, (ψάω) to feel, grope one's way, like a blind man; χερσὶ ψηλαφῶν (Ep. for -άων) feeling one's way with one's hands: c. acc. to feel for, grope after. II. to feel, stroke, Lat. palpāre, mulcere. Hence

ψηλάφημα, atos, τό, a touch: a caress. [λα]

ψηλαφῶν, Ep. part. of ψηλαφάω.

ΨΗ'Ν, ψηνός, ὁ, the gall-insect, which lives in the fruit of the wild-fig (δλυνθος) and male palm. Hence

ψηνίζω, f. ἴσω, to hang wild figs (δλυνθοί) on the cultivated tree, in order that the gall-insects (ψῆγες) passing from the former may puncture the fruit of the latter. II. to write a play called the Ψῆγες, as the Comic poet Magnes had done.

ψηνός Dor. ψανός, ὁ, like ψενδός or ψιλός, = φαλακρός, a bald-head.

ψηξίς, εως, ἡ, (ψήχω) a rubbing or scraping: the currying of a horse.

ψῆρ, gen. ψηρός, ὁ, Ion. for ψάρ (q. v.), a starling.

ψησσα Att. ψῆττα, ἡ, a kind of flat-fish, such as a plaice, sole, or turbot, Lat. rhombus.

ψηφίδο-φόρος, ον, (ψηφίς, φέρω) giving one's vote, entitled to vote.

ψηφίζω, f. ἴσω Att. ᾶ, to count or reckon. II. Med. ψηφίζομαι, f. -ἴσομαι Att. -ἴομαι: aor. I ἐψηφισάμην: pf. pass. ἐψηφισαί: (ψηφός):—to give one's vote with a pebble, which was thrown into the voting-urn; ψηφίζεσθαι ἐς ὄριαν to throw one's ballot into the urn: generally, to vote, Lat. suffragari,

ψηφίζεσθαι τι to vote for any one. 2. c. acc. to vote for, adjudge a thing by vote, ψηφίζεσθαι τι τὸν πλοῦν to vote him the voyage: also, to decide by vote, to vote: κληρὸν τὴν ψηφίζεσθαι to adjudge the inheritance to one. 3. c. inf. to vote or resolve to do something: the aor. Ἰ ἐψηφίσθην, and sometimes pf. ἐψηφισμαι, are used in pass. sense, to be voted, adjudged or decided by vote; τοῖς στρατηγοῖς εἶ του προσδιδόντο ψηφισθῆναι that anything which they wanted should be voted to the generals.

Ψηφίς, ἴδος, ἦ, (ψηφός) a small stone: a pebble for counting, Lat. calculus.

Ψήφισμα, ατος, τό, (ψηφίζομαι) a proposition carried by vote: at Athens, a measure passed in the popular assembly (ἐκκλησία), a vote, decree; ψήφισμα γράφειν to move such a measure in the ἐκκλησία, propose a vote; ψήφισμα καταρῆναι to rescind a vote.

Ψηφισμάτο-πώλης, ου, ό, (ψήφισμα, πωλέω) one who drives a traffic in acts or statutes.

Ψηφο-ποιός, ό, (ψηφός, ποιέω) a making or tampering with votes.

Ψήφος Dor. ψάφος, ἦ, (ψάω, ψέω) a small stone, a small round stone, found in river beds, a pebble. II. a pebble used for reckoning, a counter, Lat. calculus:—in plur. accounts, καθαρά ψήφοι an exact balance. 2. in Att. a pebble used in voting, which was thrown into the voting-urn (ἰδρία), the vote itself; ψήφον φέρειν to give one's vote Lat. suffragium ferre; ψήφω κρίνειν, διακρίνειν to determine by vote: also that which is carried by vote, a vote of the Assembly; ψήφος καταγνώσεως a vote of condemnation: hence any resolution or decree. The ψήφος Ἀθηνᾶς, calculus Minervae, was a proverbial phrase to express acquittal when the votes were even; because Minerva interfered to procure the acquittal of Orestes, when the judges were equally divided. The voting by ψήφος, ballot, was different from that by κίβητος, lot; the former being used in trials, the latter in the election of various officers. The ψήφοι of condemnation or acquittal were sometimes distinguished by the former being bored (τετραπημέναι), the latter whole (πλήρεις). 3. the place of voting (as πεσσοί is used for the place of play).

Ψήχω, f. έω, from ψάω, (as νήχω from νέω), to rub down, curry a horse. II. to rub down, wear away.

ΨΙΑ'Ω Dor. ψιάδδω, fut. άσω, to play, sport, dance, be merry.

Ψιάθος Ion. ψιέθος, ἦ, a covering of rushes or reeds, a rush mat.

ψιάθως, Dor. acc. pl. of ψιάθος.

ψιάς, άδος, ἦ, (ψίω) like ψακάς or ψεκάς, a drop: in plur. a shower of drops, small rain.

ΨΙ'Ω, f. ψίω: pf. pass. έψισμαι:—to feed on rap.

Ψιθύριζω Dor. ψιθυρίσδω: fut. ίσω Att. ω: (ψιθυρός):—to whisper, speak in a low tone: also to

mutter, mumble. 2. of any whispering noise, as of trees, to rustle.

Ψιθύρισμα, ατος, τό, (ψιθύρίζω) a whispering, rustling.

Ψιθύρισμός, ό, (ψιθυρίζω) a whispering. 2. a whispering of slander, slander.

Ψιθύριστής, ου, ό, (ψιθυρίζω) a whisperer. 2. a tale-bearer, slanderer.

Ψιθύρός, όν, whispering. 2. whispering, slanderous. (Formed from the sound.)

Ψιλο-μετρία, ἦ, (ψιλός, μέτρον) heroïc poetry, as not being accompanied by music, opp. to lyric.

ΨΙΛΟ'Σ, ἦ, όν, bare, naked: c. gen. stripped bare of a thing: of land, without trees, ψιλῆ ἄρουσι a bare corn-field (without trees); πεδῖον μέγα τε καὶ ψιλόν a champaign country of large extent and without trees; in full, γῆ ψιλῆ δενδρέων land bare of trees.

II. of animals, stripped of hair, feathers, etc., bald, Lat. calvus; ἴβις ψιλῆ κεφαλῆν the ibis without feathers on the head. 2. generally, unclad, uncovered, bare: c. gen., ψιλῆ σώματος οὕσα ἡ ψυχῆ the soul being divested of the body; ψιλῆ τρόπις the bare keel with the planks torn from it; ψιλῆ θριδαῖα a lettuce with the side leaves pulled off.

III. in Att. Prose, as a military term, οἱ ψιλοί (sc. τῶν ὄπλων) soldiers without heavy armour, light troops, such as archers, slingers, etc., opp. to ὀπλιταί; ψιλός ἵππος a horse without housings: generally, unarmed, defenceless.

IV. ψιλός λόγος language without accompaniments or accessories, prose, as opp. to poetry: also of a speech, unsupported by evidence.

2. ψιλῆ ποίησις mere poetry without singing or music, Epic poetry, as opp. to Lyric; cf. ψιλομετρία.

Ψιλόω, f. ὠω: pf. pass. έψίλωμαι: (ψιλός):—to strip bare, to make bald:—Pass. to become bald. II. c. gen. to strip bare of a thing; ψιλοῦν τινα τὰ πλείστα τῆς δυνάμειος to strip one of the chief part of his power: generally, to leave naked or defenceless. 2. to strip one thing off another: pf. pass. part., κρέα έψιλωμένα τῶν ὀστέων the flesh stripped from the bones.

Ψιλόω, Adv. of ψιλός, simply, merely, only. ψιμίθιον, ψιμίθος, etc., later forms for ψιμίθιον, etc.

Ψιμίθιον or ψιμμύθιον, later also ψιμίθιον, τό: (ψίμιθος):—white lead, Lat. cerussa, used as a pigment, esp. to whiten the skin of the face. Hence ψιμίθιόω, f. ὠω, to paint with white lead: Med., ψιμιθιοῦσθαι τὸ πρόσωπον to apply a pigment of white lead to one's face.

ΨΙΜΥ'ΘΟΣ, ό, radic. form of ψιμίθιον, white lead.

ψίν, Dor. for σφίν, as ψέ for σφέ.

ΨΙΎ, ό and ἦ, gen. ψιχός: nom. pl. ψιχες: a crumb, morsel, bit.

ΨΙΤ'Α, = τίττα, a drover's or shepherd's cry, 'st.'

Ψιττάκος, ό, or ψιττάκη, ἦ, a parrot. (Foreign word.)

Ψιχίον, τό, Dim. of ψίξ, a crumb of bread.

ψῖω, aor. I ἐψῖσα, = ψῖζω.
 ψογερός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψόγος) fond of blaming, censorious.
 ψόγος, α, ὄν, blaming, fond of blaming. From
 ψόγος, ὄ, (ψέγω) blame, censure.

ψολόεις, εσσα, εν, (ψολός) sooty, smoky: of the
 thunderbolt, smouldering.

ψολο-κομπία, ἡ, (ψολός, κομπέω) talk that ends in
 smoke: empty noise and fury.

ΨΟΛΟΣΣ, ὄ, soot, smoke.

ψοφέω, f. ἦσω: pf. ἐψόφηκα: (ψόφος):—to make
 a noise or din, Lat. strepere, of the creaking or sound
 made in opening a door; εἰ αἱ θύραι νύκτωρ ψοφεῖον
 if the doors were heard to open at night, Lat. si cre-
 puerent fores.

ψοφο-δεής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψόφος, δέος) frightened at
 every noise. Adv. —εως, timidly.

ψοφο-μήδης, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψόφος, μήδος) caring for
 noise, noisy, uproarious.

ΨΟΦΟΣΣ, ὄ, any inarticulate sound, as opp. to
 φωνή: a noise, sound, Lat. strepitus: the sound of a
 door opening. 2. a mere sound, empty sound or
 noise; τοῦ σοῦ ψόφου οὐκ ἂν στραφεῖν I would
 not heed your noise; ψόφοι mere sounds without
 sense.

ψοφ-ώδης, ἐς, (ψόφος, εἶδος) noisy, ranting.
 ψυγήναι, aor. 2 pass. of ψύχω.

ψυγήσομαι, fut. pass. of ψύχω.

ψυδνός, ἡ, ὄν, = ψυδρός.

ψυδρός, ἄ, ὄν, (ψύθος, ψεύδομαι) with collat. form
 ψυδνός, lying untrue.

ψυθής, ἐς, (ψύθος) = ψευδής, lying, false.

ψύθος, εὖος, τό, collat. form for ψεύδος, a lie. [ῥ]

ψυκτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ψύχω) a wine-cooler. II. in

plur. of ψυκτῆρες cool shady places.

ψυκτήριον, τό, (ψυκτήρ) a cool shady place.

ψυκτήριος, α, ὄν, (ψυκτήρ) cooling, shady.

ΨΥΛΛΑ, ἡς, ἡ, a flea, Lat. pullex.

ψύλλιον, τό, (ψύλλα) flea-wort.

ψυλλο-τοξότης, ου, ὄ, (ψύλλα, τοξότης) a flea-
 archer, flea-knight, formed like ἵπποτοξότης, Comic
 word in Lucian.

ψύξασα, aor. I part. fem. of ψύχω.

ψύξις, εὖος, ἡ, (ψύχω) a cooling: a becoming cold.

ψύττᾶ, = ψύττα, σίττα.

ψυχαγωγέω, f. ἦσω, (ψυχαγωγός) to be a con-
 ductor of the dead, to lead departed souls to the
 nether world, esp. of Hermes. II. to evoke or
 conjure up the dead by sacrifice. 2. metaph. to
 win or attract the souls of the living, to win over,
 persuade: mostly in bad sense, to lead away, seduce,
 delude. Hence

ψυχαγωγία, ἡ, an evoking of souls from the nether
 world. 2. metaph. a winning of men's souls, per-
 suasion.

ψυχαγωγός, ὄν, (ψυχή, ἄγω) leading departed souls
 to the nether world, as epith. of Mercury, like ψυχο-
 πομπός.

II. conjuring up the dead, evoking the
 dead: as Subst., ψυχαγωγός, ὄ, a necromancer.

ψυχ-ἁπάτης, ου, ὄ, (ψυχή, ἁπάτω) deluding the
 soul: in good sense, beguiling the weary soul, glad-
 dening.

ψυχενός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψύχος) cooling, cool, fresh.

ψυχή, ἡ, (ψύχω) breath, Lat. anima, esp. as the
 sign of life, life, spirit; ψυχὴ τε μένος τε life and
 strength; ψυχὴ τε καὶ αἰὼν spirit and life, etc.;
 ποιῆν τῆς Αἰσώπου ψυχῆς ἀνελεῖσθαι to take revenge for
 the life of Aesop; ψυχήν παρβέμενος staking or
 risking one's life; so, μάχεσθαι, θέεω περὶ ψυχῆς to
 fight, run for one's life.

II. the soul of man, as
 opp. to the body: I. in Homer, only a departed
 soul, spirit, ghost, which still retained the shape of its
 living owner. 2. generally, the soul or spirit of
 man, Lat. animus; ἀνθρώπου ψυχῆ ἀθάνατος ἐστὶ the
 soul of man is immortal; hence ψυχῆ τιως is used
 for the man himself, e. g. ψυχῆ Ὀρέστου = Ὀρέστης:

ψυχᾶι absol. = ἄνθρωποι, ψυχᾶι πολλὰ ἔθανον many
 souls perished: so in addressing persons, ᾧ μελέα
 ψυχῆ O wretched being. 3. also as the seat of
 the will, desires, and passions, the soul, heart; ἐκ τῆς
 ψυχῆς from the inmost soul, with all the heart: de-
 sire, appetite.

III. the soul, mind, reason, un-
 derstanding. Hence

ψυχήλιος, ἡ, ὄν, having breath, alive, living.

ψυχίδιον, τό, Dim. of ψυχή, Lat. animula. [χί]

ψυχικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ψυχή) of the soul or life. II.
 mental, opp. to bodily. 2. concerned with this life
 only, animal, natural, opp. to spiritual.

ψυχο-δαίκτης, ου, ὄ, (ψυχή, δαίξω) destroying or
 killing the soul.

ψυχο-δοτήρ, ἦρος, ὄ, (ψυχή, δίδωμι) giver of the
 soul or life.

ψυχο-λίπις, ἐς, (ψυχή, λιπεῖν) left by the soul,
 lifeless.

ψυχο-μαντις, εὖος, ὄ, (ψυχή, μάντις) one who con-
 jures up the souls of the dead to divine by them, a
 necromancer.

ψυχο-μάχew, f. ἦσω, (ψυχή, μάχωμαι) to fight to
 the last gasp, fight desperately.

ψυχο-πλάνης, ἐς, (ψυχή, πλανᾶω) perplexing or
 misleading the soul.

ψυχο-πομπός, ὄν, (ψυχή, πέμπω) conducting souls
 to the nether world, epith. of Charon, also of Mercury:
 cf. ψυχαγωγός.

ψυχορραγέω, f. ἦσω, to let the soul break loose, to
 lie at the last gasp, be at the point of death, Lat. ani-
 mam agere. From

ψυχορραγής, ἐς, gen. εὖος, (ψυχή, ραγῆναι) letting
 the soul break loose, lying at the last gasp.

ψύχος, εὖος, τό, (ψύχω) coolness, cold, chill: cold,
 frost, in pl. ψύχea, extreme colds: also winter-time,
 ἐν ψύχει in winter.

ψυχοσός, ὄν, (ψυχή, σώζω) saving the soul.

ψυχο-τάκτης, ἐς, (ψυχή, τακῆναι) melting the soul.

ψυχόω, f. ὄσω, (ψυχή) to give soul or life, to animate.

ψυχρο-βάφης, ἐς, (ψυχρός, βαφῆναι) dipi: in cold
 water, like red-hot iron.

ψυχρο-δόχος, *ov*, (ψυχρός, δέχομαι) *receiving what is cold*; οἶκος ψυχροδόχος *the cold-bath room*.

ψυχρο-λογία, ἡ, (ψυχρός, λέγω) *the use of frigid phrases, exaggeration*.

ψυχρο-πότης, *ov, ὁ*, (ψυχρός, ΠΟ— Root of some tenses of πίνω) *a cold-water drinker*.

ψυχρός, *ά, ὄν*, (ψύχω) *cold, chill, Lat. frigidus*: τὸ ψυχρόν (*sc. ὕδωρ*) *cold water, Lat. gelida (sc. aqua)*; ψυχρῶ λούνται *they bathe in cold water*:—τὸ ψυχρόν also = ψύχος, *cold*.

II. metaph. *cold, vain, fruitless, unreal*; ψυχρὰ νίκη *a delusive victory*: also *chilling, horrible*.

2. of persons, *cold-bearded, heartless, spiritless, indifferent*.

3. of exaggerated phrases, *cold, frigid*. Hence ψυχρότης, *ητος, ἡ*, *coldness, chill*.

II. metaph. of persons, *coldness of heart, indifference*.

2. of phrases, *frigidity*.

ψυχρός, *f. ὠσας*, (ψυχρός) *to make cold*:—Pass. *to grow cold or cool*.

ψυχρῶς, *Adv. of ψυχρός, coldly, frigidly*.

ΨΥΧΩ [ψ], *f. ψύξω*: *aor. I ἐψύξα*: *Pass., aor. I ἐψύχθην*: *aor. 2 ἐψύχην and ἐψύγην [ψ]*:—*to breathe, blow*; ἦκα μάλα ψύξασα *breathing very faintly*.

II. *to make cool or cold*: hence *to refresh, recruit*.

2. *Pass. to grow cool or cold*.

ψαλλός, (ψάω) *ὁ*, *one circumcised*.

2. *a lewd fellow*.

ψαμίω, *f. ἰσω Att. ἰω*: (ψωμός):—*to feed by putting little bits into the mouth*, as nurses do children: hence *to pamper, feed, fatten*.

ψαμίον, *τό*, *Dim. of ψωμός, a morsel, crumb*.

ψαμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ψάω) *a bit, morsel, scrap*, esp. of meat or bread; ψαμοὶ ἀνδρόμοι *gobbets of man's flesh*.

ψάρα *Ion. σάρα, ἡ*, (ψάω) *a cutaneous disease, the itch, scab or mange, Lat. scabies*.

ψαράλιος, *ά, on*, (ψάρα) *scabby, mangy*.

ψάχω *Ion. σάχω*, (ψάω) *to rub in pieces, rub*.

*ψάω, *collat. form of ψάω, to rub, rub in pieces*.

Ω

Ω, ω, ω μέγα, twenty-fourth letter of the Greek Alphabet: as a numeral ω = 800, but ω = 800,000. The name of ω μέγα, *great or long* ω, was given to distinguish it from the δ μικρόν *little or short* ο. It was not introduced as a written character at Athens till the Archonship of Euclides, see H, η.

Changes of ω in the dialects: I. *Ion. sometimes for α*, as ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος *for ἄνθρωπος ἄριστος*.

II. *Ion. also for αυ*, as ἅμα τῶμα *for θαῦμα τραῦμα*.

III. *Aeol. and Dor.*, ω is often put for οὔ, as ἄρανός Μῶσα κάρος λιπῶσα *for οὐρανός Μοῦσα κούρος λιπούσα*; also in genit. sing. and acc. pl. of 2nd decl., as, βροτῶ βροτῶς *for βροτοῦ βροτούς*.

IV. *Dor.* ω into ᾶ, as πῶτος πῶτιστος *θεωρός into πᾶτος πᾶτιστος θεᾶρός*; and so the

gen. plur. of first decl. *ων* becomes ᾶν, as Μουσᾶν *for Μουσῶν*.

Ω and ᾶ, an exclamation, expressing surprise, joy or pain, like our *O! ob!* 2. with the vocative it is a mere address, less emphatic than the Engl. *O!* As an exclamation it is written ᾶ, as an address ᾶ.

ᾶα or ᾶά ἡ, (ᾶίς) *a sheepskin with the wool on, a garment made of it*. 2. *the edge or skirt of a garment*.

ᾶβρίων [ᾶ], *ωνος, ὁ*, poet. for ᾶβρίων. Hence ᾶβρίωνειος, *α, on*, of *Orión*.

ᾶσας, *ατος, τό*, Dor. for οἶσας, οἶς, *the ear*.

ᾶγαθέ, with apostrophe ᾶγάθ', *contr. for ᾶ ἀγαθέ*.

ᾶγμός, *οὔ, ὁ*, (ᾶζω) *a crying ob!*

ᾶγυγία, ἡ, *Ogygia*, a fabulous island in the Mediterranean, the abode of Calypso. II. *the oldest name of Egypt*.

ᾶγύγιος, *α, on*, Att. also *os, on*, *Ogygian, of or from Ogyges*, an Attic king of the earliest times: hence *primeval, primal*. [ᾶ]

ᾶδᾶς, Dor. for ᾶδᾶς, *gen. of ᾶδᾶ*.

ᾶδε Att. ᾶδί, from ᾶδε, *demonstr. Adv.*, I. of *Manner*, in *this wise, so, thus*, also *so very, so exceedingly*: as opp. to οὕτω it refers to what follows, in *the following way, as follows*; ᾶδ' ἡμέλειπτο he answered in the following terms.

2. *c. gen.*, ᾶδε γέγυvous *thus off for family*. II. of *Place, hither, here*.

ᾶδᾶε, *3 sing. impf. of οἶδᾶω*.

ᾶδειον, *τό*, (ᾶδᾶ) *the Odæum*, a public building at Athens built by Pericles for musical performances, but commonly used as a law-court.

ᾶδᾶ, ἡ, *contr. for ἀοιδᾶ*, (ἀείδω, ᾶδᾶ) *a song, lay, ode, strain*: in plur. *lyric poetry*.

ᾶδᾶκωντι, Dor. for ᾶδᾶκασσι, *3 pl. pf. of οἶδᾶω*.

ᾶδί, Att. strengthd. form of ᾶδε. [ᾶ]

ᾶδικός, ἡ, ὄν, (ᾶδᾶ) *fond of singing, musical*. Adv. *-κῶς, musically, in good time or harmony*.

ᾶδᾶνας, *acc. pl. of ᾶδᾶς*.

ᾶδᾶνω [ᾶ], *f. ἰνᾶ*: *aor. I ᾶδᾶνα*: (ᾶδᾶς):—*to have the pains or throes of childbirth, to be in travail or labour*: *c. acc. to be in travail of a child*: metaph. of a bee, κηρίον ᾶδᾶνευ *to be in labour with honey*.

2. of any great pain, *to be in travail, to be in pangs or pains*.

3. *to work painfully or hard, to travail, labour with*, *c. acc.*

4. metaph. of the mind, *to be in the throes or agonies of thought*.

ᾶδᾶϊς, ἰνος, ἡ, *the pain of childbirth, travail-pain*; mostly in plur. *the pangs or throes of labour*.

2. in sing. also *the fruit of travail or labour, a birth, child*. II. generally, *travail, pain, distress*. (Akin to ᾶδᾶνη.)

ᾶδο-ποιός, ὄν, (ᾶδᾶ, ποιέω) *making songs or odes*.

ᾶδᾶς, ὁ, *contr. for ἀοιδός, a singer, minstrel*.

ᾶδᾶδᾶι, poet. for ᾶδᾶδᾶι, *3 sing. plqpf. of ᾶζω*.

ᾶεον, *τό*, = ᾶών, *an egg*.

ᾶζᾶησα, *aor. I of ᾶζω*.

ᾶζᾶω, *to cry ob!* hence ᾶγμός. (From ᾶ or ᾶ, as οἶζω from οἶ, οἰμᾶζω from οἰμοί.)

ὠή, a call to another, *ho! holla!* Lat. *ohé! heus!*
 ὠθήθη, aor. I pass. of *ὀίμαι*.
 ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. Ion. impf. of ὠθέω.
 ὠθεύντο, Dor. for ὠθούντο, 3 pl. impf. med. of
 ὠθεῖν, impf. ἑώθουν: fut. ὠθήσω and ὠσω: aor. I
 ἑώσα Ion. and Ep. ὠσα: pf. ἑώκα: Pass., aor. I ἑώ-
 σθη: pf. ἑωμαι Ion. ὠμαι:—Ion. 3 sing. impf.
 ὠθεσκε, 3 sing. aor. I ὠσασθε:—to *thrust, push, shove,*
force away or from a place; ἐκ μηροῦ δόρυ ὠσε he
forced the spear from the thigh; ξίφος ἀψ ἑς κοιλῆν
ὠσε he thrust back the sword into its sheath: to push
or force back in battle; ὠσαι ἐαυτὸν ἐς τὸ πῦρ to rush
into the fire; ὠσαι τὴν θύραν to force the door: also
to break open, force a passage: metaph. to hurry,
push on; ὠθεῖν τὰ πρήγματα to push matters on:—
absol. to push off from land:—Pass. to be thrust or
pushed away: also to force one's way:—Med. to thrust
or push from oneself, push or force back.
 ὠθίζω, f. ἴω, = ὠθέω, to thrust or push on:—Pass.
 and Med. to push against one another, struggle; metaph.
 to be in hot dispute, Lat. *altercari*. Hence
 ὠθισμός, ὄ, a thrusting, pushing; a struggling,
 wrestling: metaph., ὠθισμὸς λόγων a struggle of
 words, a hot debate.
 ὠγίνυτο, Ep. for ὠγγυνο, 3 pl. impf. pass. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠλετο, Ep. for ὠετο, 3 sing. impf. of οἴομαι. [Ὶ]
 ὠξαι, Ep. for οἴξαι, inf. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠξε, ὠξαν, Ep. for ὠξε, ὠξαν, 3 and 3 pl.
 aor. I act. of οἴγγυμι.
 ὠσίθη, Ep. aor. I of οἴομαι.
 ὠκα, poet. Adv. of ὠκύς, quickly, swiftly, fast.
 ὠκαλέος, η, ον, later Ep. form for ὠκύς.
 ὠκέα, Ep. and Ion. for ὠκέα, fem. from ὠκύς.
 ὠκεανίη, ἡ, (ὠκεανός) daughter of Ocean, an
 Ocean-nymph. [Ὶ]
 ὠκεανίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (ὠκεανός) daughter of Ocean
 ὠκεανόνδε, Adv. to the ocean or sea. From
 ὠκεανός, οὔ, ὄ, Oceanos, acc. to Hesiod, son of
 Uranos and Gaia, the source of all smaller waters:
 according to Homer, Ocean was a river which en-
 compassed the whole earth, hence often called
 ὠκεανὸς ποταμός. In later times, Ocean remained
 as the name of the great Outward Sea, opp. to the
 Inward or Mediterranean, which was called *θάλασσα*.
 (From ὠκύς and *váw*.)
 ὠκειάων, Ep. gen. pl. fem. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκέως, Adv. of ὠκύς, quickly, swiftly.
 ὠκτης, εσσα, εν, poet. for ὠκύς, swift.
 ὠκιστα, neut. plur. of ὠκύς used as Adv., most
 swiftly, very swiftly.
 ὠκιστος, η, ον, irreg. Sup. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκίων, ον, gen. ονος, irreg. Comp. of ὠκύς.
 ὠκωνο, impf. of ὠκένω.
 ὠκτεира, aor. I of οἰκτεῖρω.
 ὠκύ-άλος, ον, (ὠκύς, ἄλς) sea-swift, speeding over
 the sea, epith. of a ship. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύ-βόλος, ον, (ὠκύς, βαλεῖν) quick-biting or quick-
 shot: quick-darting.

ὠκύ-θήκτωρ, ορος, ὄ, (ὠκύς, δάκνω) biting sharply.
 ὠκύ-διδάκτος, ον, (ὠκύς, διδάσκαω) quickly taught.
 ὠκύ-δίναντος Dor. -δίναντος, ον, (ὠκύς, δίνεω) quick-
 whirling. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύ-δρόμας, ον, ὄ, = ὠκυδρόμος.
 ὠκύ-δρόμος, ον, (ὠκύς, δραμεῖν) swift-running.
 ὠκύ-επής, ἐς, gen. ἐός, (ὠκύς, ἐπος) quick-speaking.
 ὠκύ-θοος, ον, also η, ον, (ὠκύς, θέω) swift-running.
 ὠκύ-μάχος [Ὶ], ον, (ὠκύς, μάχομαι) quick to fight.
 ὠκύ-μορος, ον, (ὠκύς, μύρος) short-lived, dying
 early: Sup., ὠκυμορῶτατος. II. act. bringing
 a quick or early death.
 ὠκύ-πέτης, ον, ὄ, (ὠκύς, ΠΙΕΤ- Root of πίπτω)
 quick-flying.
 ὠκύ-πλάνος, ον, (ὠκύς, πλάνη) quick-wandering.
 ὠκύ-πλος, ον, (ὠκύς, πλέω) fast-sailing.
 ὠκύ-πόδης, ον, ὄ, poet. for ὠκύπους, swift-footed.
 ὠκύ-ποινος, ον, (ὠκύς, ποινή) quickly-avenged.
 ὠκύ-πορμος, ον, (ὠκύς, πέμπω) swift-conveying.
 ὠκύ-πορος, ον, (ὠκύς, πόρος) swift-passing.
 ὠκύ-πος, ον, collat. form of ὠκύπους. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύ-πους, ὄ, ἡ, -πονος, τό, gen. -ποδος (ὠκύς, ποῖς),
 swift-footed, fleet of foot.
 ὠκύ-πτερος, ον, (ὠκύς, πτερόν) swift-winged, swift-
 flying: τὰ ὠκύπτερα the long quill-feathers in a
 wing.
 ὠκύ-ρόης, ον, ὄ Dor. -ρόας, = ὠκυροός.
 ὠκύ-ροος, ον, (ὠκύς, βέω) swift-flowing.
 ὠκύς [Ὶ], ὠκέια, ὠκύ, gen. ὠκέιος, ἐας, ἐός, Ep. fem.
 ὠκέῖα:—quick, swift, fleet, speedy. Adv. ὠκέως, but
 more commonly ὠκα, swiftly, fleetly.—Comp. and Sup.
 ὠκυτερος, ὠκυτάτος: irreg. ὠκίω, ον, gen. ονος (like
 Lat. *ocyor, ocyus*), ὠκιστος. (Akin to ὀξύς.)
 ὠκύ-σκοπος, ον, (ὠκύς, σκοπέω) quick-aiming.
 ὠκύτης, ητος, ἡ, (ὠκύς) quickness, swiftness, fleetness,
 speed. [Ὶ]
 ὠκύτοκος or -τόκιος, ον, belonging to or pro-
 moting a quick and easy birth: τὸ ὠκυτόκιον (sc. φάρ-
 μακον) a medicine to cause easy delivery. From
 ὠκύ-τόκος, ον, (ὠκύς, τεκεῖν) causing quick and
 easy birth; of a river, fertilising: τὸ ὠκυτόκιον a quick
 and easy birth.
 ὠλαξ, ακος, ἡ, Dor. for ἀλαξ.
 ὠλάφιον, contr. for ὠ ἐλάφιον.
 ὠλέ-κράνον, τό, properly ὠλενο-κράνον, = ὠλένης
 κράνον, the point of the elbow: also ὠλέκρανον.
 ὠλαε'νη, ἡ, the elbow, or rather the arm from the
 elbow to the wrist, the lower arm, Lat. *ulna*: gene-
 rally, an arm; περὶ ὠλένας δέρα βάλλειν to throw
 one's arms round a person's neck.
 ὠλεσα, aor. I of ὀλλυμι.
 ὠλεσι-βωλος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, βῶλος) crushing clods of
 earth.
 ὠλεσι-καρπος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, καρπός) of a tree, losing
 its fruit, i. e. shedding its fruit before it is ripe.
 ὠλεσι-οικος, ον, (ὀλλυμι, οἶκος) destroying or ruin-
 ing the house.
 ὠλετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὀλλυμι.

ὄλισθον, aor. 2 of ὄλισθαναι.
 ὄλισθηκα, pf. of ὄλισθάναι.
 ὄλλος, ὄλλοι, Ion. for ὄ ἄλλος, οἱ ἄλλοι.
 ὄλλξ, ἦ, poet. contr. for ὄλαξ, αἰλαξ, a *furrow* :
 mostly used in acc. ὄλλα.
 ὄλομην, aor. 2 med. of ὄλλυμι.
 ὄμο-αχθής, ἔς, (ὄμος, ἀχθος) *beauty to the shoulders*.
 ὄμες, Dor. for ὄμεν, I pl. pres. subj. of εἰμί *sum*.
 ὄμο-ηστής, ὄμ, ὄ, (ὄμός, ἔσθω) as masc. Adj. *eating raw flesh* ; also with a fem. Subst., Ἐχιδνα ὄμο-ηστής. II. generally, *savage, brutal*.
 ὄμμαι, pf. pass. of ὄραω, formed from *ὄπτομαι.
 ὄμο-βοέος or -βόειος, α, ον, (ὄμός, βοῦς) of *raw, untanned ox-hide* :—as Subst., ὄμοβοήη (sc. δορά), ἦ, a *raw ox-hide*, like λεωντέη, etc. : but, ὄμοβοείων (sc. κρέας), τό, *raw ox-flesh*.
 ὄμο-βοεύς, ἔως, ὄ, (ὄμός, βοῦς) as masc. Adj. of *raw ox-hide* : acc. pl. ὄμοβοεῖς.
 ὄμο-βόϊνος, ἦ, ον, like ὄμοβοέος, of *raw ox-hide*.
 ὄμο-βρώς, ὠτος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμός, Βιβρώσκω) *eating raw flesh*.
 ὄμό-βρωτος, ον, (ὄμός, Βιβρώσκω) *eaten raw*.
 ὄμο-γέρον, οντος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμός, γέρον) a *fresh, active old man, a man in a green old age* ; cp. Virgil's *cruda viridisque senectus*.
 ὄμο-δακῆς, ἔς, (ὄμός, δακεῖν) *fiercely stung or fiercely stinging*.
 ὄμο-δροπος, ον, (ὄμός, δρέπω) *plucked unripe* ; νόμιμα ὄμόδροπα the *rights of the marriage-bed*.
 ὄμο-θετέω, f. ἴσω, (ὄμός, τίθημι) :—in *sacrificing, to place the raw pieces cut from a victim on the thigh-bones (μηρία) wrapped in the fat (δημός)* : also in Med.
 ὄμό-θυμος, ον, (ὄμός, θυμός) *savage-hearted*.
 ὄμοι, not ὄμοι, = ὦ μοι, *ab me, woe's me*, Lat. *hei mihi*.
 ὄμο-κράτης, ἔς, gen. ἔος, (ὄμος, κράτος) *strong-shouldered, or (ὄμός, κράτος) of savage strength*.
 ὄμολογημένως, Adv. pf. pass. part. of ὄμολογέω, *confessedly, without contradiction*.
 ὄμο-πλάτη, ἦ, (ὄμος, πλάτη) *the shoulder-blade*, mostly in plur. ὄμοπλάται, αἱ, Lat. *scapulae*. [ᾱ]
 ὄΜΟΜΟΣ, ὄ, *the shoulder with the upper part of the arm, the shoulder*, Lat. *humerus* ; φέρειν ὄμοις to *bear on one's shoulders* ; ὄμοισι τοῖς ἐμοῖσι by the *strength of mine arms* : also of animals, as of a lion : of a horse, like Lat. *armus*.
 ὄΜΟΜΟΣ, ἦ, ὄν, *raw, undressed*, Lat. *crudus*, esp. of *flesh* ; ὄμῶν καταφαγεῖν τινα to *eat one raw* : of *food, undigested*. 2. *unripe, unseasonable*, properly of *fruits* : also of a man, ὄμῶν γῆρας an *untimely old age*. II. metaph. *savage, rude, cruel*. 2. *rough, hardy*.
 ὄμοσα, aor. I of ὄμνυμι.
 ὄμό-στος, ον, (ὄμός, στέμαι) *eating men raw* : hence *savage, ferocious*.
 ὄμο-σπάρακτος, ον, (ὄμός, σπάρασσω) *torn in pieces raw*.

ὄμότης, ἦτος, ἦ, (ὄμός) *rawness, unripeness*. II. metaph. *savageness, cruelty*.
 ὄμο-φάγος, ον, (ὄμός, φαγεῖν) *eating raw flesh*. II. ὄμόφαγος, ον, pass., *eat raw, raw*.
 ὄμό-φρων, ονος, ὄ, ἦ, (ὄμός, φρήν) *savage-minded*. Adv. -φρόνως.
 ὄμωξα, aor. I of οἰμώζω.
 ὄμῶς, Adv. of ὄμός, *savagely*.
 ὄν, Ion. for ὄνν, *now, therefore*.—Herodotus often places this particle between a verb and its preposition, as, ἀπ' ὄν ἔδοντο for ἀπέδοντο ὄν.
 ὄνα, ὄναξ, poet. contr. for ὦ ἄνα, ὦ ἄναξ.
 ὄνάθη, Dor. for ὄνήθη, aor. I pass. of ὄννημι.
 ὄνάμην, ὄνατο, I and 3 sing. aor. 2 med. of ὄννημι.
 ὄνασσα, Dor. aor. I of ὄννημι.
 ὄνεμος, Dor. contr. for ὄ ἀνεμος.
 ὄνεομαι contr. ὄνοῦμαι : fut. ὄνήσομαι : impf. ἔωνούμην Ion. ἀνεούμην : aor. I ἔωνησάμην, pf. ἔωνημαι ; (but pf. part. ἔωνημένος, and 3 sing. plqpf. are also used in a pass. sense).—ἐπριάμην [ᾱ] is used as aor. 2, Ep. 3 sing. πριάτο ; imperat. πριάσο, πρία ; subj. πριάμαι ; opt. πριαίμην ; inf. πριάσθαι ; part. πριάμενος (ἔνος) : Dep. :—to *buy, purchase*, opp. to πωλέω, επιπράσκω, as Lat. *emere to vendere* ; ἀνεῖσθαι τι παρά τινος to *buy a thing from a person* : c. gen. pretii, for so much, ἀνεῖσθαι δραχμῆς to *buy for a drachma*. 2. to *farm public taxes or tolls*. 3. in pres. and impf. to *wish or offer to buy*, hence to *bargain, bid for a thing*, Lat. *liceri* : hence to *buy off, effect a compromise by money* : hence to *bribe*. II. as Pass. to *be bought*. Hence ὄνή, ἦ, (ἔνος) a *buying*, Lat. *emptio*, ὄνή καὶ πρᾶσις *buying and selling*. 2. *purchase, a bargain* : esp. a *contract for the farming of taxes*.
 ὄνήμην, Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὄννημι.
 ὄνήμη, aor. I of ὄννημι.
 ὄνήτης, οὔ, ὄ, (ἀνόμοι) a *buyer*.
 ὄνήτος, ἦ, ὄν, also ὄς, ὄν, verb. Adj. of ὄνόμοι, *bought*. II. to *be bought, that may be bought*.
 ὄνθρωπε, crasis for ὦ ἄνθρωπε.
 ὄνθρωποι, Ion. crasis for οἱ ἄνθρωποι.
 ὄνωσ, α, ον, (ἔνος) to *be bought, for sale*, Lat. *venalis* ; πῶς ὁ σίτος ὄνωσ ; how is *corn selling* ? what is the *market price* ? τὰ ὄνωσ goods *for sale, market-wares*.
 ὄνομα, ατος, τό, Aeol. for ὄνομα.
 ὄνομάδαται, Ion. for ὄνομασμένοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὄνομάζω.
 ὄΝΟΜΟΣ, ὄ, a *price, value, payment for a thing*. II. a *buying*, like ὄνή. (Hence Lat. *venum*, as *vinum* from οἶνος, *vicus* from οἶκος.)
 ὄνοσάμην, aor. I med. of ὄνομαι.
 ὄνοχοίε, 3 sing. impf. of οἰνοχοέω.
 ὄνωμαι, pf. pass. of οἰνώω.
 ὄξ, Dor. contr. for ὄ ξξ.
 ὄξε, 3 sing. aor. I of ὄγγνυμι.
 ὄΟΝ, τό, an *egg*, Lat. *OVUM*.
 ὄοπ, a cry of the *κελευστής* to make the *rowers stop pulling, ava ! !*

ὥπασα, aor. I of ὀπάζω.

ὧπερ, Dor. for οὔπερ, Adv. *where*.

ὧπῶλλον, poet. crasis for ὧ Ἐπῶλλον.

ὧπόλλων, by crasis for ὀ Ἀπόλλων.

ὧπόλοι, Dor. crasis for οἱ αἰπόλοι.

ὧπται, 3 sing. pf. pass. of ὀπάω.

ὧπτησα, ὧπτων, aor. I and impf. of ὀπτάω.

ὧπταπα, pf. 2 of ὀπάω.

*ᾠΠΑ Ion. ὠρη, ἦ, Lat. *CURA*, *care, concern, heed, regard* for a person or thing; ὠραν τινὸς ἔχειν or ποιεῖσθαι to pay heed or regard to a thing.

*ᾠΠΑ Ion. ὠρη, ἦ, Lat. *HORA*, *any limited time or period* fixed by natural laws, a *season*: in plur. *the seasons*; hence also in plur. *the climate of a country* as dependent on its seasons. 2. *the blooming season of the year, the spring-time*, in full εἶπαρος ὠρη or ὠρη εἰαρίην; but it was also used of summer and winter: the fourth season, ὀπώρα or *autumn*, was not distinguished in Homer's time. 3. *later, the whole year, ἐν τῇ πέρυσιν ὠρα last year, (as we say) last season.*

II. *the time of day*: also, ὠρα νυκτὸς *night-time*.

III. generally, *the right, fitting time or hour, the time or season for a thing*: *the time of corn ripening*; ἐν ὠρῃ *in good time, early*: c. gen. ἦ, ὠρη ὕπνου *the time for sleep, bed-time*. IV. in plur. also as connected with the seasons, *the four quarters of the heavens*.

V. in Att. *the spring or prime of life, youth*: also *manhood*. VI. in Att. also sometimes for τὰ ὠραία, *the fruits or produce of the year*.

VII. as pr. n., ᾠραι, αἶ, *the Hours, keepers of Heaven-gate*: generally, *ministers of the gods*; often joined with the Χάριτες or *Graces*.

ὠραῖος, α, ov, (ὠρα) *produced or ripened at the fit season*: hence *in due season, ripe, mature*; ὠραῖου καρποί or τὰ ὠραία, *the fruits of the season*. 2. as Subst., ὠραία, ἦ, *the season of corn or fruit ripening*: generally, *the good season, season fit for military operations*.

II. *happening in due season, suitable to the season, seasonable*.

III. of persons, *seasonable, ripe for a thing*; παρθένος γάμου ὠραία *a maid ripe for marriage*: of old persons, *ripe or ready for death*.

IV. of the age of man, *at the freshest, fairest age, in the spring or prime of life, youthful, blooming*: hence of things, *beautiful*. Hence

ὠραϊότης, ητος, ἦ, *the bloom of youth, beauty*.

ὠραϊκίω, f. ἀσώ [ᾠ], *to faint, swoon away*. (Deriv. uncertain.)

ὠρᾶνός, ὀ, Dor. for οὔρανός.

ὠρᾶσι, ὠρᾶσιν, Adv. (ὠρα) *in season, in good time*. ὠρεῖ-τροφος, ov, poet. for ὠρεῖτροφος, (ἦρος, τρέφω) *mountain-bred*.

ὠρέξαστο, 3 sing. aor. I med. of ὀρέγω.

ὠρεσί-δοπος, ov, (ἦρος, δουσπέω) *making a din on the mountains*.

ὠρεσί-δώτης, ov, ὀ, (ὠρα, δίδωμι) *one who gives the fruits in their due season*.

ὠρεσσω, Ep. for ὀρεσσω, dat. of ὄρα.

ὠρετο, 3 sing. aor. 2 med. from ὀρνυμι.

ἄρεύω, (ἄρα) *to take care of, attend to*, c. acc.

ἄρη, ἦ, Ion. for ἄρα.

ἄρη, ἦ, Ion. for ἄρα.

ἄρη-φόρος, ov, (ἄρα, φέρω) *leading on the seasons or bringing on the fruits in their season*.

ἄρθαι, pf. pass. inf. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρξισσκον, Ion. impf. of ἀρξίζω.

ἄρξικός, ἦ, ὄν, (ἄρα) *ripe, in one's prime or bloom*. II. *in season, seasonable*: Adv. -κώς, ἄρξικώς *punθάνει* you ask *seasonably*.

ἄρξίμος, ov, (ἄρα) *ripe, timely, in season*.

ἄρῖνθη, aor. I pass of ὀρίνω.

ἄριος, ov, (ἄρα) *happening or returning in due season*; ἄρια πάντα *all the fruits of the seasons*. II. *timely, seasonable, ripe*.

III. *at the right time, in season, seasonable*.

ἄρισμένος, pf. pass. part. of ὀρίζω.

ἄριστος, Ion. crasis for ὀ ἄριστος.

Ἄριων, avos, ὀ, *Orion, a hunter beloved by Aurora, slain by Artemis*. II. *a bright constellation* named after him, which rose just after the summer solstice, and was usually followed by rains. [ἱ Ep., ἱ Att.]

ἄρμάθη [ᾠ], Dor. for ἄρμήθη, 3 sing. aor. I pass. of ὀρμάω.

ἄρμάτω, ἄρμήθη, 3 sing. impf. and aor. I pass. of ὀρμάω.

ἄρμέᾱται, -ἄτο, Ion. for ἄρμηνται, ἄρμητο, 3 pl. pf. and plqpf. pass. of ὀρμάω.

ἄρμηναν, 3 pl. aor. I med. of ὀρμαίνω.

ἄρνυτο, 3 sing. impf. med. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρο-θετέω, f. ἦσω, (ἄρα, τίθημι) *to take note of a thing in casting a nativity or observing the natal hour*. II. *to be in the ascendant at that hour, of one's ruling planet*.

ἄρορε, 3 sing. redupl. aor. 2 of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρος, εος, τό, Dor. for ὀρος Ion. οὔρος, *a mountain*.

ἄρσα, aor. I of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρτο, 3 sing. Ep. aor. 2 med. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρθυμός, ὀ, *a howling, bellowing, roaring*.

ἄρυξα, aor. I of ὀρύσσω.

ἄρύσμαι, fut. ὄσμαι [ῶ]: aor. I ἄρῶσάμην: Dep.: —to *bowl, bellow, roar*, Lat. *rugire*: mostly of animals, but sometimes of men, esp. of savages, either in mourning or joy: also of the sea, *to roar*. II. *transit. to bowl over, bewail*.

ἄρχαῖος, Ion. crasis for ὀ ἀρχαῖος.

ἄρχεσθην, 3 dual impf. of ὀρχέομαι.

ἄρχεύντο, Dor. 3 plur. impf. of ὀρχέομαι.

ἄρχει, 3 sing. plqpf. of ὀρνυμι.

ἄρωρχᾶται, Ion. for ὀρωρχέμενοι εἰσίν, 3 pl. pf. pass. of ὀρέγω.

ἄρωρυκτο, 3 sing. plqpf. pass. of ὀρύσσω.

ᾠΣ, I. as Adv. of Manner, and that either, I. Demonstr. Adv. *so, thus*, when it takes an accent, ὤς.

2. Relat. Adj. *as*, when it is without accent, ὤς.

II. as Conj. *that*, when it is also without accent, ὤς.

I. ὧς, Demonstr. Adv. of Manner, so, thus, Lat. sic. 2. καὶ ὧς, even so, nevertheless: with a negat., οὐδ' ὧς, μηδ' ὧς, not even so, in no way soever. 3. in Comparisons, ὧς is answered by ὧς, so as, Lat. sic ut: also, ὡστε . . ὧς, as . . thus.

II. ὧς, Relat. Adv. of Manner, as, Lat. ut, properly coming after a demonstrat. Adv., which however is very often omitted.—Ὡς in this usage is never accentuated, except at the end of a sentence, or when it follows the word dependent on it, as, θεὸς ὧς for ὧς θεός.

2. with Elliptical Phrases, ὧς ἔμοι or ὧς γ' ἔμοι (sc. δοκεῖ); ὧς ἀπ' ὀμμάτων (sc. εἰκασαί) to judge by eyesight; ὧς Λακεδαιμόνιος (sc. εἶναι) for a Lacedaemonian; συμπέμφας αὐτὸν ὧς φύλακα (sc. εἶναι) having sent him with them as a guard. 3. so with Participles, to give the reason of the principal Verb; ἀναγκασθῆναι ὧς ἀδικοῦμενοι they are indignant as being injured, i. e. by reason of being injured; so with questions, ὧς τί δι' θέλων; as wishing what? i. e. for the sake of what? so in the case of the object; εἰργασθῆναι αὐτὸν ὧς ἀδικοῦντα they restrain him as acting wrongfully, i. e. by reason of: so also with Participles used absol., ὧς οὕτως ἐχόντων, Lat. res cum ita sint, since things are so, i. e. by reason of their being so.

4. so also with Prepositions; ὧς ἐπὶ ναυμαχίαν as for a sea-fight, i. e. as if about to fight; ὧς ἐπὶ φρυγανισμὸν as though to collect fuel: usu. with the Preps. ἐίς, εἰς, πρὸς, but also with others; ὧς ἐκ κακῶν ἐχάρη he rejoiced as in an evil plight, i. e. considering his evil plight: hence 5. sometimes the Prep. is omitted, and ὧς itself is used like a Prep., = εἰς, c. acc., as Lat. usque for usque ad, only with the names of persons, as, ὧς τὸν Φίλιππον to Philip: first in Homer, ὧς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεὸς ὧς τὸν ὅμοιον how God does ever bring like to like.

6. with Adverbs:—with the Positive, ὧς ἀληθῶς, ὧς ἐτέρως how truly! how differently! Lat. quam verè, quam aliter: so too ὧς follows Adverbs expressing anything extraordinary, θαυμαστῶς ὧς, ὑπερφῶς ὧς, etc.

7. ὧς strengthens the Superlative, like ὅτι and ὅπως, Lat. quam, ὧς μάλιστα, Lat. quam maxime, as much as possible; ὧς ῥᾶστα, Lat. quam facillime, as easily as possible: ὧς τάχιστα, Lat. quam celerrime, as quickly as possible, etc.; so also the phrases ὧς τὸ πολὺ, ὧς ἐπὶ τὸ πολὺ, ὧς ἐπὶ τὸ πλείστον for the most part, commonly, Lat. plurimumque, ut plurimum.

8. so also with Superlative Adjectives, ὧς ἄριστος, ὧς βέλτιστος the best possible, etc.

III. ὧς as CONJUNCTION: 1. expressing a fact, that, like ὅτι, Lat. quod. 2. = ὡστε, so that, Lat. adeo ut. 3. ὧς, that, Lat. quod, where, as in Latin, the acc. c. inf. may be put instead; εἶπον ὧς τοῦτο εἶναι, or εἶπον τοῦτο εἶναι.

4. ὧς, marking an end, like ἵνα or ὅπως, that, in order that, Lat. ut. 5. in Inferences, like ὄστε, c. inf., so that, Lat. adeo ut, ita ut; εἶρος τὸν τριῖνας πλείον ὅμοι in breadth such that two trimmes could sail abreast. 6. ὧς is also used like ὅτι and ἐπεὶ, as, since, Lat. quippe,

quandoquidem: also for ὅτε, when, Lat. ut: sometimes also = ὅπως, Lat. quomodo, quemadmodum.

IV. ὧς is sometimes used in independent sentences, as in phrase ὧς αἰεὶ τὸν ὅμοιον ἄγει θεός ὧς τὸν ὅμοιον how God ever brings like to like: also with Adjs. and Advs., ὧς ἡλίθιος εἶ how silly thou art; ὧς σεμνὸς ὁ καταρατὸς how pompous the rascal is; ὧς ὄξεα κλάζει how shrilly it screams.

2. at the beginning of several clauses, it denotes a quick succession of events, ὧς ἶδεν, ὧς μιν Ἔρως πικινὰς φρένας ἀμφεκάλυψεν how he saw, how did Love encompass his soul; so, ὧς ἶδον, ὧς ἐμάνην, ὧς μεν περι τὸ θυμὸς ἰάφθη, as in Virgil, ut vidi, ut perii, ut me malus abstulit error.

3. ὧς to express a wish, ob that! like εἴθε, Lat. utinam, with the optat., ὧς ἀπόλοιτο καὶ ἄλλος ob that another also might perish: also negatively, ὧς μὴ θάνοι ob that he might not die!

V. ὧς with Numerals marks that they are to be taken as round numbers, about, nearly; ἀπέθανον ὧς πεντακῆσίοι about 500 fell.

VI. ὧς in some Elliptical Phrases: 1. ὧς τί (sc. γένηται); in order that what may happen? for what end? wherefore? 2. ὧς ἕκαστοι ἦσαν or ἔτυχον ὄντες, each separately, Lat. pro se quisque.

(Ὡς is an old pl. acc. of ὄς, as τῶς pl. acc. of ὄ: οὕτως from οὗτος, etc.): so ἄτε is used Adv.)

ὧς or ὧς, Dor. for οὐ, where.

ὧς, τό, gen. ὠτός, Dor. for οὖς, the ear.

ῶσα, Ion. and Ep. for ἔωσα, aor. I of ἠθέω.

ῶσαιμεν, I pl. aor. I opt. of ἠθέω.

ὧς ἂν, Ep. ὧς κε or ὧς κεν, = ὧς with a conditional force added.

ὧσ-αν-εἶ or ὧς ἂν εἶ, like as if, as if.

ὠσαννά, Hebr. word meaning save now! save we pray!

ῶσασκε, 3 sing. Ion. aor. I of ἠθέω.

ὧσ-αὐτως, Adv. of ὁ αὐτός (the same), strengthd. for ὧς, in like manner, just so; ὠσαύτως καί. in like manner as . .

ῶσδε, Dor. for ὠδε, 3 sing. impf. of ὄξω.

ὧσ-εἰ or ὧς εἰ, Adv. as if, as though: in Comparisons, as if, like, just as: so also ὧσ-εἰ-τε. II. with Numerals, about.

ὠσθήσομαι, fut. pass. of ἠθέω.

ὠσίν, dat. plur. of οὐ.

ῶσμαι, pf. pass. of ἠθέω: part. ὠσμένος.

ὠσ-περ, Adv. (ὧς, περ) even as, just as; in Homer there is often a word interposed between ὧς and περ, as, ὧς τοιάδος περ, ὧς ἑσταί περ, etc. 2. of Time, as soon as, Lat. simul ac. 3. to limit or modify an assertion, as if, as it were: and so with Participles used absolutely, ὠσπερ ἐξόν as if it were in our power.

ὠσ-περ-εἰ or ὠσπερ-εἰ, just as if, even as, Lat. tanquam. ὠσ-περ-οὔν, Adv. even as, just as: as really, εἰ δ' ἔστιν ὠσπεροῦν ἔστι θεός but if he is, as he really is, a god.

ὠσ-τε, as Adv. (ὧς, τε) being to ὧς, as ὄστε to ὄς, D d 2

used to introduce a comparison, as, *like as, just as*. 2. to mark the power by which one does a thing, as, *as being*, like ἄτε, Lat. *utpote*; τὸν δ' ἐξήρπαζε Ἀφροδίτη βεῖα μάλ', ὥστε θεός but Aphrodite bore him very easily away, *as being* a goddess.

II. as Conjunction, to express a *result or effect*; εἰ δέ σοι θυμὸς ἐπέσσυται, ὥστε νέεσθαι if thy heart is eagerly bent, *so as to return*.—This Construct. is very freq. in Att. 2. ὥστε is sometimes used like ὡς with a Part.; ὥστε φιλασσομένων τῶν ὁδῶν *as or since* the ways were guarded. 3. ὥστε is used after Comparatives with ἤ; μέζω κακὰ ἢ ὥστε ἀνακαίειν greater woes than *that one could* weep for: but ὥστε is sometimes left out, as, μεῖζον ἢ φέρεω too great to bear:—the Posit. is sometimes used, ψυχρον ὥστε λουσασθαι cold to bathe in, implying, too cold to bathe in.

III. ὥστε is also joined with the Indic., with the Opt., and even with the Imperat. when it is emphatic, e. g. ὥστε θάρρει *so that, or therefore*, be of good cheer.

ὠστιζω, f. ἴσω, Frequentat. of ὠθέω, *to push to and fro*, Lat. *trudo*.

II. in Med., Att. fut. ὠστιοῦμαι, c. dat. *jostle with another*: so absol., ὠστιζεσθαι εἰς τὴν προεδρίαν *to jostle for the first seat*.

ὠστοργος, crasis for ὁ ἄστοργος.

ὠσφρόμην Ion. ὀσφράμην, aor. 2 med. of ὀσφραίνομαι.

ὠσω, fut. of ὠθέω.

ὠτ-ἄκουστέω, f. ἤσω, (οὖς, ἀκούω) *to hearken or listen covertly or anxiously*.

ὠ τῶν or ὠ τάν, see τῶν.

ὠτρίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, *a little ear*. [ᾗ]

ὠτε, Dor. for ὥστε.

ὠτειλή, ἡ, (οὐτάω) *a wound*: later also *a scar*, Lat. *cicatrix*.

ὠτίον, τό, Dim. of οὖς, *a little ear*.

ὠπίς, ἴδος, ἡ, (οὖς) *a bustard with long ear-feathers*.

ᾠτος, ὁ, *Otos*, son of Alceus, brother of Ephialtes.

ὠτρυά, aor. I of ὠτρίνω.

ὠτώεις, εσσα, εν, (οὖς) *with ears or handles*.

ὠτύος, Ion. and Dor. for ὁ αὐτός: also ὠτύος or ὠτύος.

ὠφειλα, aor. I of ὠφέλλω.

ὠφέλεια Ion. ὠφελίη also in Att. ὠφέλια, ἡ, (ὠφελῆω) *help, aid, assistance, succour*, esp. in war. 2. *profit, advantage, gain*: in plur. *gains, profits*.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλιω.

ὠφέλω, f. ἤσω: (ὀφελος):—*to help, aid, assist,*

succour, benefit: *to be of use or service to any one*: absol. *to be of use or service*; οὐδὲν ὠφελεῖ *it does no good*: also with a neuter Adj., οὐδὲν τινα ὠφελεῖν *to do one no service*: sometimes c. dat. pers., like Lat. *prodesse*:—in phrase οὐδεὶς ἐρατος τοῦδ' ἐφαίνετ' ὠφελῶν, the part. is taken as a Subst. a *helper*. II. Pass. ὠφελούμαι, with fut. med. ὠφελήσομαι, pass. ὠφεληθήσομαι:—*to be helped, to receive help, aid or succour, to derive profit, benefit or advantage*; πρὸς τινος *from a person or thing*: so, ἐκ or ἀπὸ τινος; and c. dat., ὠφελεῖσθαι τινι *to be profited by a thing*: c. part., ὠφελείσθαι ἰδῶν *to be benefited by the sight of a thing*. Hence

ὠφέλημα, ατος, τό, *that which is of use, a useful or serviceable thing*. II. generally = ὠφελία, *use, advantage, benefit*.

ὠφελήσιμος, ον, (ὠφελῆω) *useful, serviceable*.

ὠφέλησις, εως, ἡ, (ὠφελῆω) *a helping, aiding*: generally, *service, advantage*.

ὠφελητέος, α, ον, verb. Adj. of ὠφελῆω, *necessary or proper to be assisted*. II. ὠφελητέον, *one must assist*.

ὠφέλια, Att. for ὠφέλεια.

ὠφέλιμος, ον, sometimes also η, ον, (ὠφελῆω) *helping, aiding*: *useful, serviceable, profitable, advantageous*. Adv. —ως; Sup. ὠφελιμώτατα.

ὠφέλλον, Ep. for ὠφελον.

ὠφέλον, aor. 2 of ὠφέλιω.

ὠφθην, aor. I of ὄραω, in pass. sense.

ὠφθηκα, pf. of ὀφθησκάνω: ὠφθον, aor. 2.

ὠφρόντιστος, crasis for ὁ ἀφρόντιστος.

ὠφα, pf. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠφαῦτο, Ion. for ὠγμένοι ἦσαν, 3 plur. plqpf. pass. of οἶγνυμι.

ὠφτετο, ὠφοντο, 3 sing. and pi. impf. of οἶχομαι.

ὠφχηκα, Ep. for ὠφωκα, pl. of οἶχομαι.

ὠφθησαν, 3 pl. aor. I of ὀφθηω.

ὠφράω, f. ἤσω, (ὠφρός) *to turn pale, be pale, wan, etc.*

ὠφριάω, f. ἄσω [ᾗ], (ὠφρός) *to be or turn pale*.

ᾠχροΨ, ἄ, ὄν, *pale, wan, sallow*. Hence

ὠφρος, ον, ὄ, or εος, τό, like ὠχροτης, *paleness, wanness, esp. the paleness of fear*.

ὠφωκα, Ion. pf. of οἶχομαι.

ὠψ, ἡ, gen. ὠπός acc. ὠπα, (ὄψωμαι, fut. of ὄραω) *the eye, face, countenance*: εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι *τινὶ to look one full in the face*: so absol., εἰς ὠπα ἰδέσθαι: but, θεῆς εἰς ὠπα ἔοικεν *as to the face, i. e. in face she is like the goddesses*.

APPENDIX

OF

PROPER AND GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES,

PREPARED BY

REV. JAMES M. WHITON, PH. D.

NOTE.

THE following pages contain those proper and geographical names — not contained in the body of the work — which occur in the Greek usually read in American schools in preparation for college, especially those found in Xenophon's Anabasis, in Goodwin's Greek Reader, and in the first six books of the Iliad and the first two of the Odyssey.

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APPENDIX.



*Αβαντες—Αϊαντε

A

*Αβαντες, οί, *the Abantes*, the earliest inhabitants of Eubœa.

*Αβαρβαρέη, ἡ, *Abarbarœa*, a Naiad.

*Αβας, -αντος, ὁ, *Abas*, a Trojan.

*Αβδηρίτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Abderite*, inhabitant of Abdera, in Thrace, near the Nestus.

*Αβληρος, -ου, ὁ, *Ablêrus*, a Trojan.

*Αβροζέλης, -ου, ὁ, *Abrozêlmes*, a Thracian.

*Αβροκόμας, -α, ὁ, *Abrocômas*, a Persian satrap.

*Αβροκόμης, -εω, ὁ (Ionic form of the foregoing word), *Abrocômes*, a son of Darius and half-brother of Xerxes.

*Αβρώνιχος, -ου, ὁ, *Abronichus*, an Athenian.

*Αβρώνυχος, see Ἀβρώνιχος.

*Αβυδηνοί, -ή, -όν, *belonging to Abydus*; οἱ

*Αβυθηνοί, *the people of Abydus, the Abydenes.*

*Αβυδοθεν, *from Abydus.*

*Αβυδος, -ου, ἡ, *Abydus*, in Troas, on the Hellespont.

*Αγαμεμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Agamemnon.*

*Αγαμέμνων, -ονος, ὁ, *Agamemnon*, king of Mycœnæ, and commander-in-chief of the Greek army before Troy.

*Αγαπήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Agarênor*, an Arcadian chief.

*Αγασθένης, -εος, contr. -ους, ὁ, *Agasthênes*, son of Augœas, king in Elis.

*Αγασίας, -ου, ὁ, *Agasias*, of Arcadia, a captain.

*Αγήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Agênor*, a Trojan. (See ἀγήνωρ, p. 4.)

*Αγησίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Agesilâus*, the name of several kings of Sparta, especially of (1) the son of Doryssus; and (2) the son of Archidamus, and a celebrated general. Ionic forms Ἡγησίλεως and Ἡγησίλαος.

*Αγίας, -ου, ὁ, *Agias*, of Arcadia, a general.

*Αγίς, -ιδος, ὁ (Ionic Ἡγίς), *Agis*, the name of several kings of Sparta.

*Αγκαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Ancæus*, an Arcadian.

*Αγλαΐη, -ης, ἡ, *Aglaiâ*, mother of Nireus. (See ἀγλαΐα, p. 5.)

*Αγλαυρος, -ου, ἡ, *Aglaurus*, daughter of Cecrops, worshipped at Athens.

*Αγνων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Aggnon*, an Athenian, father of Theramenes.

*Αγχίαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Anchiâlus*, father of Menetes, king of the Taphians. Also the name of a Greek warrior at Troy. (See ἀγχίαλος, p. 8.)

*Αγχίσις, -ου, ὁ, *Anchises*, father of Æneas.

*Αδείμαντος, -ου, ὁ, *Adimantus*, a Corinthian commander. (See ἀδείμαντος, p. 11.)

*Αδμητος, -ου, ὁ, *Admêtus*, king of Phœæ in Thessaly. (See ἄδμητος, p. 12.)

*Αδρήστεια, Ionic for Ἀδράστεια, -ας, ἡ, *Adrastêa*, a city of Asia Minor on the Propontis.

*Αδρηστίνη, Ionic for Ἀδραστίνη, -ης, ἡ, *daughter of Adrastus.*

*Αδρηστος, Ionic for Ἀδραστος, -ου, ὁ, *Adrastus*, (1) a king of Argos and of Sicyon; (2) a son of Merops, and confederate of the Trojans. (See ἄδραστος, p. 12.)

*Αξειδής, -ου, ὁ, *son of Azeus*, i. e. Actor.

*Αθηνάδης, Ionic for Ἀθηνάδας, -ου, ὁ, *Athenâdas*, a citizen of Trachis.

Αἶα, -ης, ἡ, *Æa*, a district of Colchis on the E. coast of the Euxine.

Αἰακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Æacus*. Peleus, the son, and Achilles, the grandson of Æacus are each thus termed. οἱ Αἰακίδαι, *the Æacids*, including, at the widest, Æacus and his immediate posterity, Peleus, Telamon, Achilles, and Ajax.

Αἰακός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Æacus*, son of Zeus and king of Ægina, made after death one of the three judges of departed souls.

Αἴαντε, τῶ, *the two Ajaxes*, sons respectively of Telamon and Oileus. The plural is also formed regularly.

Αἰγαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ægeon*, the name given by men to one of the hundred-armed giants, whom the gods called Briareus.

Αἰγάλεως, -ω, ὁ, *Ægaleus*, a mountain in Attica, over against the island Salamis.

Αἰγείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Ægeus*, i. e. Theseus.

Αἰγιάλεια (poetic form of **Αἰγιάλη**), -ας, ἡ, *Ægiāleia* or *Ægiāle*, daughter of Adrastus and wife of Diomedes.

Αἰγιαλός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Ægiālus*; (1) an ancient name of Achaia; (2) a city in Paphlagonia. (See *αἰγιαλός*, p. 17.)

Αἰγίλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Ægīleia*, a small island near Eubœa.

Αἰγίλιψ, -ιπος, ἡ, *Ægīlīps*, a district of Ithaca. Others say, an island near Epirus, or a city on the peninsula Leucas. (See *αἰγίλιψ*, p. 17.)

Αἰγίνα, -ης, ἡ, *Ægina*, an island in the Saronic Gulf, S. W. from Athens.

Αἰγινάιος, -α, -ου, belonging to *Ægina*, *Æginetan*.

Αἰγινήτης, -ου, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Ægina*, an *Æginetan*.

Αἰγιον, -ον, τό, *Ægium*, a city of Achaia.

Αἰγισθος, -ου, ὁ, *Ægisthus*, son of Thyestes.

Αἰγύπτιος, -α, -ου, *Egyptian*.

Αἰγυπτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Ægyptius*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Αἰήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æetes*, the name of several kings of Colchis.

Αἰθίκες, -ων, οἱ, the *Æthices*, a Thessalian or Epirotic tribe, dwelling, according to Homer, on Mount Pindus.

Αἰθρα, -ης, ἡ, *Æthra*, mother of Theseus. (See *αἰθρα*, p. 19.)

Αἰμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Hæmon*, i. e. Mæon.

Αἰμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Hæmon*, a warrior of Pylus. (See *αἰμων*, p. 20.)

Αἰνιάνες or **Αἰνιήνες**, Ionic form **Ἐνιήνες**, -ων, οἱ, the *Æniānes*, a tribe inhabiting Northern Thessaly in the Homeric period; subsequently found dwelling in Southern Thessaly.

Αἰνόθεν, from *Ænus*.

Αἰνος, -ου, ἡ, *Ænus*, a city of Thrace, at the mouth of the Hebrus.

Αἰξωνεύς, -έως, ὁ, a resident of the Attic deme *Æxōne*.

Αἰολίδης, -ου, ὁ, a son or descendant of *Æolus*; οἱ **Αἰολίδαί**, the descendants of *Æolus*, the *Æolids*.

Αἰολίς, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Æolian*; γῆν τῆν **Αἰολίδα**, the *Æolian land*, an ancient name of Thessaly. As a substantive (χώρα understood), *Æolis*, a district on the W. coast of Asia Minor.

Αἶπυ, -εος, τό, *Æpy*, a city in Elis. (See *αἶπυς*, p. 21.)

Αἰπύτιος τύμβος, the sepulchral mound of *Æpytus*, an ancient Arcadian chief.

Αἰσηπος, -ου, ὁ, *Æsēpus*; (1) a river of Northern Mysia, flowing into the Propontis; (2) a son of Bucolon.

Αἰσιήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Æsiētēs*, a Trojan.

Αἰσχίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Æschīnes*; (1) a commander of Greek light-armed troops; (2) a friend of Socrates.

Αἰσχροαῖς, also written **Αἰσχροαῖς**, -ου, ὁ, *Æschroaīs*, an Athenian.

Αἰσωπος, -ου, ὁ, *Æsōpus* or *Æsop*, the fabulist.

Αἰτώλιος, collateral form of **Αἰτωλός**, which see.

Αἰτωλός, -οῦ, ὁ, an *Ætolian*; also as adj., *Ætolian*. οἱ **Αἰτωλοί**, the *Ætoliāns*.

Ἀκάμας, -αρτος, ὁ, *Acāmas*; (1) a son of Antenor; (2) a Thracian leader. (See *ἀκάμας*, p. 24.)

Ἀκάνθιος, -α, -ου, *Acanthian*, belonging to *Acanthus*; in the plural, the *Acanthians*.

Ἀκανθος, -ου, ἡ, *Acanthus*, a city of Chalcidice, in Southern Macedonia, on the Strymonian Gulf.

Ἀκαρνάν, -άνω (in Herodotus **Ἀκαρνῆν**, -ῆνος), ὁ, an *Acarnanian*.

Ἀκαρνανία, -ας, ἡ, *Acarnania*, a country on the W. coast of Greece, between Epirus and Ætolia.

Ἀκηράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Acerātus*, a prophet-priest at Delphi. (See *ἀκήρατος*, p. 25.)

Ἀκτορίων, -ωνος, ὁ, son of *Actor*, i. e. Eurytus.

Ἄκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Actor*, son of Azeus, of Orchomenus. (See *ἄκτωρ*, p. 30.)

Ἄλαλ, -ῶν, αἱ, *Halæ*, the name of two Attic demes; also the name of "the marshy district at the junction of Piræus with the mainland." — GOODWIN.

Ἀλαλκομενής, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Alalcomenēan*, epithet of Athene, from *Alalcomenæ*, a city in Bœotia, where she had a temple.

Ἀλάστωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Alastor*; (1) a Greek warrior, son of Neleus; (2) a Lycian hero. (See *ἀλάστωρ*, p. 31.)

Ἀλείσιον, -ον, τό, *Alisium*, a place in Elis.

Ἀληϊόν πεδίων, τό, the *Aleian plain*, the land of wandering (*ἄλη*), located by Homer in Lycia, by Herodotus in Cilicia.

Ἄλιαρτος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Haliartus*, a city of Bœotia.

Ἀλιζώνες or **Ἀλίζωνοι**, -ων, οἱ, the *Halizōnes* or *Halizōni*, a Bithynian tribe.

Ἀλιθέρηςς, -ου, ὁ, *Halitherses*, an inhabitant of Ithaca.

Ἄλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Halius*, a Lycian.

Ἀλίσαρνα, -ης, ἡ, *Halisarna*, a city of Mysia.

Ἀλκαμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Alcamēnes*, son of Teleclus, king of Sparta.

Ἄλκανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Alcander*, a Lycian.
 Ἄλκή, -ης, ἡ, *Force, Might*, personified.
 Ἄλκηστις, -ίδος and -ιος, ἡ, *Alcestis*, daughter of Pelias, and wife of Admetus.
 Ἄλκιβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Alcibiades*, a celebrated Athenian leader.
 Ἄλκμαιωνίδαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the descendants of Alcmaeon, the Alcmaeonids*, an illustrious family at Athens.
 Ἄλκμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Alcmene*, mother of Hercules.
 Ἄλσπη, -ης, ἡ, *Alōpe*, a town in the southern part of Phthiōtis in S. Thessaly, near the Malian Gulf.
 Ἄλος, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Alus*, a town in the eastern part of Phthiōtis, in S. Thessaly, near the Pagasæan Gulf.
 Ἄλπηνός, -οῦ, ἡ (also Ἄλπηνος), *Alpēnus* (or *Alpēni*), a city at the E. entrance of the pass of Thermopylæ.
 Ἄλυάττης, -ου, ὁ, *Alyattes*, king of Lydia, father of Cræsus.
 Ἄλυβη, -ης, ἡ, *Alÿbe*, a city in Bithynia on the Euxine.
 Ἄλυς, -νος, ὁ, *the Halys*, the principal river of Asia Minor, flowing N. into the Euxine.
 Ἄλφειός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Alpheus*, a river of Elis.
 Ἄλφειός, -οῦ, ὁ (Doric form of Ἄλφειός), *Alpheus*, a Lacedæmonian, who fought bravely at Thermopylæ.
 Ἄλκεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Alceus*, son of Poseidon. (See ἄλκευς, p. 37.)
 Ἄμαρυνκείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Amarynceus*, i. e. Diōres.
 Ἄμβρακιώτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Ambraciot*, inhabitant of Ambracia in S. Epirus.
 Ἄμινίας, -ου and -α, ὁ, *Aminias*, an Athenian naval captain.
 Ἄμεινοκλής, -έως, ὁ, *Amīnōcles*, a citizen of Magnesia in Thessaly.
 Ἄμυδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Amÿdon*, a city of the Pæonians, on the Axius, in Macedonia.
 Ἄμύκλαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Amÿclæ*, a city of Laconia, on the Eurotas.
 Ἄμφιγένεια, -ας, ἡ, *Amphigenēa*, a city of Triphylia, in S. Elis.
 Ἄμφιδήμος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphidēmus*, father of Amphicrates.
 Ἄμφικράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Amphicrātes*, an Athenian captain.
 Ἄμφιμάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphimāchus*; (1) leader of the Epēi at Troy; (2) leader of the Carians.
 Ἄμφιος, -ου, ὁ, *Amphius*; (1) son of Merops; (2) son of Selagus.
 Ἄμφιπολίτης, -ου, ὁ, *an Amphipolite*, inhabitant of Amphipolis in S. E. Macedonia, on the Strymon. (See ἀμφίπολις, p. 45.)

Ἄμφισσα, -ης, ἡ, *Amphissa*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ.
 Ἄμφιτρύων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Amphitryon*, king of Tiryns, and subsequently of Thebes; husband of Hercules's mother, Alcmena.
 Ἄναγυράσιος, -ου, ὁ, *a resident of the Attic deme Anagyra*.
 Ἄναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Anætius*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See ἀναίτιος, p. 40.)
 Ἄναξανδρίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxandrides*, a king of Sparta, and father of the celebrated Leonidas.
 Ἄναξανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxander*, a king of Sparta, and ancestor of Leonidas.
 Ἄναξιβίος, -ου, ὁ, *Anaxibius*, a Spartan naval commander.
 Ἄνδραίμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Andraemon*, father of Thoas, and king of Calydon in Ætolia.
 Ἄνδρόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Androbulus*, a Delphian, the father of Timon.
 Ἄνδροδάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Androdāmas*, a Samian, father of Theomestor.
 Ἄνδρομάχη, -ης, ἡ, *Andromāche*, wife of Hector. (See ἀνδρομάχος, p. 58.)
 Ἄνδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Andrus*, one of the Cyclades Islands, with a city of the same name.
 Ἄνεμόρεια, -ας, ἡ, afterwards called Ἄνεμόλεια, *Anemoria*, an elevated town of Phocis. (See ἀνεμώλιος, p. 59.)
 Ἄνθεμιδής (for Ἄνθεμιωνίδης), *son of Anthemion*, i. e. Simoisius.
 Ἄνθεμιών, -ωνος, ὁ, *Anthemion*, a Trojan. (See ἀνθέμιον, p. 62.)
 Ἄνθηδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Anthēdon*, a city on the E. coast of Bœotia.
 Ἄνθῆλη, -ης, ἡ, *Anthēle*, a town in Phocis, in the immediate vicinity of Thermopylæ.
 Ἄνόπαια, -ας, ἡ, *Anopæa*, a name given both to a part of Mt. Ceta, and to a path leading over the same.
 Ἄντανδρος, -ου, ἡ, *Antandrus*, a city of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.
 Ἄντεια, -ας, ἡ, *Antæa*, wife of Prætus, king of Tiryns.
 Ἄντηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Antenor*.
 Ἄντήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Antenor*, a Trojan prince.
 Ἄντιδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Antidōrus*, a Lemnian ship-captain.
 Ἄντικυρα, -ας, ἡ, *Anticyra*, a town at the entrance of the Spercheus into the Malian Gulf. The earlier form of the name is Ἄντικυρα.
 Ἄντικυρεῖς, -έως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Anticyra, an Anticyrean*.
 Ἄντιλέων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Antileon*, of Thurii in S. Italy.
 Ἄντίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Antilochus*, son of Nestor.

Ἄντινοος, -ου, ὁ, *Antinoüs*, a suitor of Penelope.

Ἄντιπατρος, -ου, ὁ, *Antipáter*, a Thasian, son of Orge.

Ἄντισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Antisthēnes*, a friend and pupil of Socrates, founder of the cynic school of philosophy.

Ἄντιφος, -ου, ὁ, *Antíphus*; (1) a son of Ægyptius of Ithaca; (2) a leader of the Greeks from Nisyros; (3) a leader of the Mæonians confederate with the Trojans; (4) a son of Priam.

Ἄντιφών, -ώντος, ὁ, *Antíphon*, an Athenian.

Ἄντρών, -ώνος, ὁ and ἡ, *Antron*, a city of Phthiötis in S. E. Thessaly, at the entrance of the Malian Gulf.

Ἄνυτος, -ου, ὁ, *Anýtus*, an Athenian, one of the accusers of Socrates.

Ἄξιός, -οῦ, ὁ (also accented Ἄξιος), *the Axios*, the principal river of Macedonia, flowing into the Thermaic Gulf.

Ἄξυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Axýlus*, a Thracian prince. (See ἄξυλος, p. 75.)

Ἄπαισός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Apæsus*, a city in N. W. Mysia, at the entrance of the Propontis. The same as Pæsus, Παισός.

Ἄπιδανός, -οῦ, ὁ, *the Apidånus*, a river of Thessaly. Ionic form Ἡπιδανός.

Ἄπολλόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Apollodōrus*, a frequent name among the Greeks; specially, a friend of Socrates.

Ἄπολλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Apollonia*, the name of several cities, specially of a city of Mysia, near the Lydian border.

Ἄπολλωνίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Apollonides*, a Lydian.

Ἄραβια, -ας, ἡ, *Arabia*. The name is extended (Xen. *Anab.*, I. 5. 1) to the southern part of Mesopotamia.

Ἄραιθυρέα, -ας, ἡ, *Aræthyrea*, an ancient city in Peloponnesus, near whose site Phlius stood.

Ἀραξέης, -ου, ὁ, *the Araxes*, a river of Mesopotamia flowing into the Euphrates.

Ἀρβάκης, -ου, ὁ, *Arbæces*, satrap of Media.

Ἀργεῖος, -α, -ου, of or belonging to Argos, *Argive*. Ἀργεῖοι, -ων, οἱ, a frequent Homeric designation of the Greeks.

Ἄργισσα, -ης, ἡ, *Argissa*, later named Argūra, a town of Thessaly on the Peneus near Larissa.

Ἄργοςδε, *to Argos*.

Ἄρεςιας, -ου, ὁ, *Aresias*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἄρετῶν, -ονος, ὁ, *Aretāon*, a Trojan warrior.

Ἀρήϊος, Ionic form Ἄρεος, see p. 100.

Ἄρηνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arēne*, a city in S. Elis.

Ἀρηξίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Aræxion*, an Arcadian soothsayer.

Ἀριαβίγνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariabignes*, a Persian

naval commander, son of Darius, and half-brother of Xerxes.

Ἄριατος, -ου, ὁ, *Ariæus*, a Persian general in the service of the younger Cyrus.

Ἄριαράμνης, -ου, ὁ, *Ariaramnes*, a Persian.

Ἄριμα, -ων, τό, *Arîma*, a mountain district in Asia Minor, locality uncertain, under which it was fabled that the giant Typhon lay.

Ἄριςβη, -ης, ἡ, *Arisbe*, a city of Troas, not far from Abydus.

Ἄριςβηθεν, *from Arisbe*.

Ἄρισταρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristarchus*; (1) a Lacedæmonian, governor of Byzantium; (2) an Athenian commander.

Ἄριστεάς, -ου, ὁ, *Aristeas*, a Chian.

Ἄριστείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Aristides*, son of Lysimachus, a distinguished Athenian magistrate and leader.

Ἄριστιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristippus*; (1) a Thesalian; (2) a native of Cyrene, disciple of Socrates, and founder of the Cyrenaic school of philosophy.

Ἄριστογείτων, -ονος, ὁ, *Aristogiton*, an Athenian, who, in conjunction with Harmodius, murdered Hipparchus.

Ἄριστόδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristodēmus*, a Spartan.

Ἄριστόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristomächus*, a king of Sparta.

Ἄριστονίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Aristonice*, priestess at Delphi.

Ἄριστοτέλης, -ους, ὁ, *Aristotle*, one of the Thirty at Athens, not to be confounded with the philosopher of Stagira.

Ἄριστων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ariston*; (1) an Athenian in the service of the younger Cyrus; (2) a king of Sparta.

Ἄριστᾶνύμος, -ου, ὁ, *Aristonýmus*, an Arcadian.

Ἄρκαδία, -ας, ἡ, *Arcadia*, the central district of Peloponnesus.

Ἄρκαδικός, -ή, -όν, *Arcadian*.

Ἄρκάς, -άδος, ὁ, *an Arcadian*. οἱ Ἄρκαδες, *the Arcadians*.

Ἄρκεσίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Arcesilæus*, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy.

Ἄρμα, -ατος, τό, *Harma*, a town in E. Bœotia.

Ἄρματίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Harmatides*, a Thespian, father of Dithyrambus.

Ἄρμενία, -ας, ἡ, *Armenia*, a highland region of Asia, S. E. of the Euxine.

Ἄρμένιος, -α, -ου, *Armenian*. οἱ Ἄρμένιοι, *the Armenians*.

Ἄρμήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Harmēne*, a town of Paphlagonia, near Sinope. Also called Ἄρμένη, *Armenē*.

Ἄρμόδιος, -ου, ὁ, *Harmodius*, an Athenian, the accomplice of Aristogiton in the assassination of Hipparchus. (See ἄρμόδιος, p. 103.)

Ἄρμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Harmonides*, a Trojan artificer.

Ἄρνη, -ης, ἡ, *Arne*, an ancient town in Bœotia, of uncertain site.

Ἄρπασος, -ου, ὁ, the *Harpäsus*, a river of Armenia.

Ἄρσάμης, -ου, ὁ, *Arsämes*, grandfather of King Darius.

Ἄρτάβανος, -ου, ὁ, *Artabānus*, brother of Darius, and uncle to Xerxes.

Ἄρταγέρσης, -ους, ὁ, *Artagereses*, a cavalry officer of King Artaxerxes.

Ἄρτακάμας, -α, ὁ, *Artacāmas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἄρτάνης, -ου, ὁ, *Artanes*, a brother of Darius.

Ἄρταξέρξης, -ου, ὁ, the name of three Persian kings, specially of *Artaxerxes*, surnamed Mne-mo, the brother of the younger Cyrus.

Ἄρτάοζος, -ου, ὁ, *Artaozus*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἄρταπάτας, -α, or Ἄρταπάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Artapātes*, a friend of Cyrus.

Ἄρταφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Artaphernes*; (1) brother of Darius; (2) son of the foregoing, and associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Ἄρτεμισία, -ας, ἡ, *Artemisia*, sovereign of a few Carian cities, and ally of Xerxes.

Ἄρτεμισιον, -ου, τό, *Artemisium*, the name of the northern coast and N. E. promontory of Eubœa.

Ἄρτίμας, -α, ὁ, *Artimas*, Persian satrap of Lydia.

Ἄρτούχης, -ου, or Ἄρτούχας, -α, ὁ, *Artūchas*, a Persian satrap.

Ἄρυστας, -α, ὁ, *Arystas*, an Arcadian.

Ἄρχαγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Archagōras*, an Argive.

Ἄρχέλαος, -ου, Ionic form Ἄρχέλεως, -εω, ὁ, *Archelāus*, a king of Sparta, son of Agesilaus.

Ἄρχέλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Archelochus*, a Trojan.

Ἄρχεστράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Archestrātus*, an Athenian commander.

Ἄρχιδάμος, Ionic form Ἄρχίδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Archidāmus*, king of Sparta.

Ἄσια, -ας, ἡ, *Asia*, at first the name of a district in Lydia, between Mt. Tmolus and the river Caÿster, then applied more widely to the E. coast of the Ægean, and extending N. E. along the Propontis and the Euxine.

Ἄσιδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Asidātes*, a Persian.

Ἄσιναίος, -α, -ου, of *Asine*, *Asinæan*.

Ἄσινη, -ης, ἡ, *Asine*; (1) a city on the S. coast of Messenia; (2) a city on the S. coast of Argolis.

Ἄσιος, -α, -ου, *Asian*; Ἄσιος λεμών, the *Asian meadow*, so called either from Ἄσια, which see, or, according to others, from Ἄσιας, as the meadow of the hero *Asias*.

Ἄσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Asius*, from Arisbe, ally of the Trojans.

Ἄσκάλαφος, -ου, ὁ, *Ascalāphus*, king of the Minyæ.

Ἄσκανία, -ας, ἡ, *Ascania*, a district in the W. part of Bithynia.

Ἄσκανίος, -ου, ὁ, *Ascanius*, of Ascania, an ally of the Trojans.

Ἄσκληπιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Æsculapius*.

Ἄσπένδιος, -ου, ὁ, an *Aspendian*, from Aspendus, a city of Pamphylia.

Ἄσπληδών, -όνος, ἡ, *Asplēdon*, an ancient city in N. W. Bœotia.

Ἄσσυρία, -ας, ἡ, *Assyria*, a name somewhat vaguely applied, but strictly belonging to the district bounded W. by the Tigris and N. and E. by the mountains of Armenia and Media.

Ἄσσύριος, -α, -ου, *Assyrian*; οἱ Ἄσσύριοι, the *Assyrians*.

Ἄστέριον, -ου, τό, *Asterium*, a town of uncertain site in the central part of Thessaly.

Ἄστυάλος, -ου, ὁ, *Astyālus*, a Trojan.

Ἄστυνάξ, -ακτος, ὁ, *Astyānax*, son of Hector. (See *ἀστυνάξ*, p. 110.)

Ἄστυνοος, -ου, ὁ, *Astynous*, a Trojan.

Ἄστυχέα, the same as the following.

Ἄστυόχη, -ης, ἡ, *Astyōche*; (1) daughter of Actor; (2) daughter of Phylas. (See *ἀστυόχος*, p. 110.)

Ἄσωπός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Asōpus*; (1) a river flowing E. through the S. part of Bœotia; (2) a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near the Pass of Thermopylæ.

Ἄταρνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Atarneus*, a city of Æolis, opposite Mitylene in Lesbos.

Ἄτραμύτιον, -ου, τό, *Atramyttium*, a coast city in W. Mysia, on the Caicus. Also written Ἄδραμύτιον, &c.

Ἄτρείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Atreus*; οἱ Ἄτρείδαι, or τῶ Ἄτρείδᾳ, the *Atridæ*, Agamemnon and Menelaus.

Ἄτρείων, -ωνος, ὁ, the same as the preceding.

Ἄτρεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Atreus*, son of Pelops.

Ἄτυμνιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Atymnus*, i. e. Mydon.

Ἀύγειαί, -ῶν, αἰ, *Augēæ*; (1) a Locrian city, near the S. coast of the Malian Gulf; (2) a city in S. Laconia.

Ἀύγηιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Augēas*, king of Elis, i. e. Agathenes.

Ἀύλις, -ίδος, ἡ, *Aulis*, the city and harbor of Bœotia whence the Greek armament sailed for Troy.

Ἀυτόνοος, -ου, ὁ, *Autonous*, a Delphian hero.

Ἀυτόφοπος, -ου, ὁ, *Autophōpus*, a Theban.

Ἀφεταιί, -ῶν, αἰ, *Aphētai*, a port of Magnesia in S. E. Thessaly, not far from Artemisium.

Ἀφιδναῖος, -ου, ὁ, a resident of the Attic deme *Aphidna*.

Ἀχερουσιάς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Acherusian*; Ἀχερουσιάς Χερρόνησος, the *Acherusian peninsula*, near *Heraclea* in *Bithynia*, with a cavern through which *Hercules* was said to have descended to the lower world.

B

Βαβυλών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Babylon*, on the *Euphrates*, the chief city of the *Persian empire*.

Βαβυλωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Babylonia*, the district of which *Babylon* was the capital; extending, in the widest sense, from *Mesopotamia* to the *Persian Gulf*.

Βάκις, -ιδος, ὁ, *Bacis*, a soothsayer of *Boeotia*. (See *βακίζω*, p. 125.)

Βάκτριος, -α, -ον, *Bactrian*; οἱ Βάκτριοι, the *Bactrians*, inhabitants of *Bactria* or *Bactriana*, now *S. E. Turkestan* and *N. E. Afghanistan*.

Βασίας, -ου, ὁ, *Basias*; (1) an *Arcadian*; (2) a soothsayer of *Elis*.

Βατιάα, -ας, ἡ, *Batiæa*, a hill near *Troy*.

Βελβινίτης, -ου, ὁ, a *Belbinitæ*, an inhabitant of *Belbina*, a small island *S. W.* of the *Attic promontory Sunium*.

Βελσσυς, -νος, ὁ, *Belšys*, a satrap of *Syria*.

Βελλεροφόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Bellerophon*, son of *Glaucus*.

Βῆσσα or Βῆσα, -ης, ἡ, *Bessa*, a *Loerian city*, of uncertain site, near *Augæa*. See *Ἀύγεια*.

Βίας, -αντος, ὁ, *Bias*, a warrior from *Pylus*.

Βιθύνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Bithynians*, whose country bordered the *Propontis* and *Euxine*, on the *Asiatic side*.

Βισάνθη, -ης, ἡ, *Bisanthe*, a coast city of *Thrace*, on the *Propontis*.

Βίαν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Bion*, an officer of the *Spartan general Thibron*.

Βοάγριος, -ου, ὁ, the *Boagrius*, a rapid stream in *Loeris*, flowing into the *Malian Gulf*. (See *βoάγρος*, p. 131.)

Βοίβη, -ης, ἡ, *Bæbe*, a town of *Magnesia* in *E. Thessaly* on the *E. side* of the *Bæbean Lake*.

Βοιβηῖς, -ίδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Bæbean*; ἡ Βοιβηῖς λίμνη, the *Bæbean Lake*.

Βοίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Boiscus*, a *Thessalian*.

Βοιώτιος, same as *Βοιωτός*, see p. 132.

Βουκολίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Bucolion*, son of *Laomedon*. (See *βουκολέω*, p. 133.)

Βουπράσιον, -ου, τό, *Buprasium*, a city in *N. Elis*, the ancient capital of the *Epēi*.

Βρασιδάς, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Brasidas*, a *Spartan general*.

Βρισηῖς, -ίδος, ἡ, daughter of *Briſeus*, i. e. *Hippodamia*.

Βρυσηαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Bryſæa*, an ancient town of *Laconia*, a little *S. W.* of *Sparta*.

Βυζάντιον, -ου, τό, *Byzantium*, a city of *Thrace*, on the *Bosporus*, the modern *Constantinople*.

Βυζάντιος, -α, -ου, of *Byzantium*; οἱ Βυζάντιοι, the *Byzantians*.

Βώρος, -ου, ὁ, *Borus*, a *Mæonian*.

Γ

Γαῖα, see *Γῆ*.

Γάνος, -ου, ἡ, *Ganus*, a small fortified place in *Thrace*, on the coast of the *Propontis*.

Γαυλίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Gaulites*, a *Samian*.

Γέλων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Gelon*, tyrant of *Syracuse*.

Γεραστός, -οῦ, ὁ and ἡ, *Geræstus*, a promontory, town, and port at the *S. W. extremity* of *Eubœa*.

Γερήνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Gerēnian*, applied to *Nestor*, as is said, from *Gerēnia*, a *Messenian city*, where he was said to have been reared.

Γῆ, -ῆς, ἡ, poetic form *Γαῖα*, *Earth*, personified as a goddess. (See *γῆ*, p. 141.)

Γλαῦκος, -ου, ὁ, *Glaucius*; (1) father of *Bellerophon*; (2) grandson of *Bellerophon*, and leader of the *Lycians* before *Troy*. (See *γλαυκός*, p. 142.)

Γλαύκων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Glaucōn*, an *Athenian*, grandfather to *Plato*.

Γλαφυραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Glaphyræa*, a town of uncertain site in *S. E. Thessaly*, not far from *Bœbe*.

Γλίσας, -αντος, ἡ, *Glisas*, a city of *Boeotia*, not far *E.* from *Thebes*.

Γλοῦς, -οῦ, ὁ, *Glus*, an *Egyptian*, whose father, *Tamus*, was admiral of *Cyrus* the younger.

Γνησιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Gnesippus*, an *Athenian*.

Γογγύλος, -ου, ὁ, *Gongylus*, an *Eretrian*.

Γονόεσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Gonoëssa*, a promontory on the *Corinthian Gulf*, near *Pallene*, in *N. E. Achaia*.

Γόργειος, -α, -ον, belonging to the *Gorgon*. (See *Γοργώ*, p. 144.)

Γοργίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgias*, a sophist and orator of *Leontini* in *Sicily*.

Γοργίαν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Gorgion*, son of *Hellas*.

Γόργος, -ου, ὁ, *Gorgus*, king of *Salamis* in *Cyprus*.

Γόρτυν, -ῆνος, ἡ, *Gortyn*, a principal city of *Crete*. Also written *Γόρτυνα*, *Gortyna*.

Γουεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Gumeus*, leader of the *Ænians* in the *Trojan war*.

Γραῖα, -ας, ἡ, *Græa*, a *Bœotian town*, site uncertain.

Γυγαίη λίμνη, ἡ, *the Gygean Lake*, near Sardis in Lydia, and *the nymph of the lake*.

Γυμνίας, -ου, ὁ, *Gymnias*, a city in N. Armenia.

Γυρτώνη, -ης, ἡ, *Gyrtonē*, a town in the central part of Thessaly. Also written Γυρτών, Gyrton.

Γωβρύας, -ου, ὁ, *Gobryas*, a Persian general.

Δ

Δαμάρατος, Doric form of Δημάρατος, which see.

Δαμασιθύμος, -ου, ὁ, *Damasithymus*, king of Calynda.

Δάνα, -ης, ἡ, *Dana*, a city of Cappadocia, generally known as Tyana, Τύανα.

Δαράδαξ, -ἄκος, ὁ, *the Daradax*, a river of Syria, flowing into the Euphrates.

Δαρδανεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Dardanian*, from Dardanus, a city of Troas on the Hellespont.

Δάρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Dares*, a Trojan, priest of Hephæstus.

Δάτις, -ιδος, ὁ, *Datis*, a Mede, associate commander of the first Persian expedition against Greece.

Δαυλίοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Daulians*, inhabitants of Daulis in Phocis.

Δαυλῖς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Daulis*, a town of Phocis, E. of Mt. Parnassus.

Δαφναγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Daphnagoras*, a Mysian.

Δεῖμος, -ου, ὁ, *Fear*, personified. (See *δειμός*, p. 152.)

Δεινομένης, -ους, ὁ, *Dinomēnes*, father of Gelon.

Δεκεία, -ας, ἡ, *Decēa*, an Attic deme, occupied as a stronghold by the Spartans.

Δέλτα, τό, *the Delta*, a region of Thrace, near Byzantium.

Δέξιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Dexippus*, a Laconian.

Δερκυλίδας, also written Δερκυλλίδας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Dercylidas*, a Spartan general.

Δέρνης, -ου, ὁ, *Dernes*, a Persian satrap.

Δηϊκόων, -ωντος, ὁ, *Deicoön*, a Trojan.

Δηῖπυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Deiπylus*, a Greek, comrade of Sthenelus.

Δημάρατος, Ionic Δημάρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Demarratus*, an exiled king of Sparta, who accompanied Xerxes marching against Greece.

Δημοκῶν, -ωντος, ὁ, *Democöon*, son of Priam.

Δημοκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Democrates*, of Temenium in Argolis.

Δημοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Demosthēnes*, an Athenian general prominent in the Peloponnesian war.

Δημόφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Demophilus*, a leader of the Thespians at Thermopylae.

Διαδρόμης, -ου, ὁ, *Diadromes*, a Thespian.

Διηκέης, -ους, ὁ, *Dienēes*, a Spartan of distinguished courage. (See *διηκεής*, p. 172.)

Διθύραμβος, -ου, ὁ, *Dithyrambus*, a Thespian who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Δίκαιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dicaeus*, an Athenian. (See *δίκαιος*, p. 173.)

Διοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Diocles*; (1) king of Phere in Messenia; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Διομήδης, -εος, ὁ, *Diomedes*, next to Achilles the bravest of the Greeks before Troy.

Δίον, -ου, τό, *Dium*, a town in the N. W. angle of Euboea.

Διώρης, -ους, ὁ, *Diöres*, a chief of the Epēi before Troy.

Δόλοπες, -ων, οἱ, *the Dolopes*, a Thessalian tribe, dwelling about Mt. Pindus in S. E. Epirus.

Δολοπίων, -ονος, ὁ, *Dolopion*, a Trojan, priest of the river-god Scamander.

Δορίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Doriscus*, a plain at the mouth of the Hebrus on the coast of Thrace, containing a city of the same name, ἡ *Δορίσκος*.

Δόρυστος, -ου, ὁ, *Dorystus*, son of Leobötes.

Δουλίχιον, -ου, τό, *Dulichium*, an uncertain locality, but probably the largest of the Echinades Islands off the S. W. coast of Acarnania, or a city on the Aegean coast in that vicinity.

Δουλιχίονδε, *to Dulichium*.

Δρακοντίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontides*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Δρακόντιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dracontius*, a Spartan.

Δρῆσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Dresus*, a Trojan.

Δριταί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Dritaë*, a warlike people in Pontus, near Trapezus.

Δρύας, -αντος, ὁ, *Dryas*; (1) one of the Thesalian Lapithæ; (2) a Thracian prince, father of Lycurgus.

Δρυοπίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Dryöpis*, the country of the Dryopes, which was, originally, Mt. Ceta and the adjacent valleys.

Δύρας, -ου, ὁ, *the Dyras*, flowing into the Malian Gulf a little W. of Thermopylae.

Δωριεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Dorieus*, son of Anaxandrides, king of Sparta.

E

Ἐβρος, -ου, ὁ, *the Hebrus*, the principal river of Thrace, flowing into the Ægean Sea.

Ἐιλῆσιον, -ου, τό, *Ilesium*, a town of uncertain site in Bœotia.

Ἐπῆρτρία, poetic form for Ἐρέτρια, which see.

Ἐκάβη, -ης, ἡ, *Hecuba*, wife of Priam.

Ἑκατόνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hecatonūmus*, a citizen of Sinope.

Ἐκβάτανα, -ων, τὰ, *Ecbátana*, the chief city of Media, where the Persian kings resided during a part of the year.

Ἐκτορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hector*, i. e. Astyanax.

Ἐκτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Hector*, eldest son of Priam, and chief hero of the Trojans.

Ἐλαιούς, -οῦτος, ὁ, *Elæus*, the southernmost town of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἐλατος, -ου, ὁ, *Elátus*, a confederate of the Trojans.

Ἐλένη, -ης, ἡ, *Helen*, daughter of Zeus and Leda, and wife of Menelaus.

Ἐλενος, -ου, ὁ, *Helénus*, son of Priam, both a warrior and a prophet.

Ἐλεφήνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Elephénor*, chief of the Eubæan Abantes.

Ἐλεών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Eleon*, a town of uncertain site, in E. Bœotia.

Ἐλικάων, -ονος, ὁ, *Helicæon*, a Trojan noble, son of Antenor.

Ἐλική, -ης, ἡ, *Helicé*, on the Corinthian Gulf, most ancient of the cities of Achaia, swallowed up by an earthquake, B. C. 373.

Ἑλλησποντιακός, -ῆ, -όν, *Hellesponticæ*, equivalent to the following.

Ἑλλησπόντιος, -α, -ον, *on or of the Hellespont, Hellesponticæ*.

Ἑλος, -ους, τό, *Helos*; (1) a town of Laconia, on the S. coast, whose name survives in the word *Helot*. (See *Ἐλλω*, p. 197.) — (2) a town or district of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Ἐνετοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Enēti*, a people of Paphlagonia.

Ἐνιήνες, *see Ainiānes*.

Ἐνίσπη, -ης, ἡ, *Enispe*, an Arcadian town, site unknown.

Ἐννομος, -ου, ὁ, *Ennōmus*, an ally of the Trojans, from Mysia. (See *ἔννομος*, p. 227.)

Ἐξάδιος, -ου, ὁ, *Exadius*, one of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Ἐπαμεινώνδας, -ου, ὁ, *Epaaminondas*, the greatest general of Thebes.

Ἐπειοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Epēi*, the ancient inhabitants of Elis, and extending thence some distance northward.

Ἐπιάλτης, Doric form for Ἐφιάλτης, which *see*.

Ἐπιγένης, -ους, ὁ, *Epigēnes*, son of Antiphon, and friend of Socrates.

Ἐπιδαύριος, -α, -ον, *Epidaurian*; οἱ Ἐπιδαυριοί, *the Epidaurians*.

Ἐπιδάυρος, -ου, ὁ, ἡ, *Epidaurus*, an important town in Argolis, on the coast of the Saronic Gulf.

Ἐπίζηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Epizēlus*, an Athenian.

Ἐπισθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Episthēnes*; (1) of Amphipolis, commander of the light-armed Greek troops in Cyrus's expedition; (2) an Olynthian, serving in the same expedition.

Ἐπίστροφος, -ου, ὁ, *Epistrophus*; (1) a leader of the Phocians before Troy; (2) an ally of the Trojans from Alybe; (3) son of Euēnus, king of Lyrnessus. (See *ἐπίστροφος*, p. 261.)

Ἐπιτάδας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Epitādas*, commander of the Lacedæmonians at Sphacteria.

Ἐπίυαξα, -ης, ἡ, *Epyaxa*, wife of Syennesis, the king of Cilicia.

Ἐρασιπίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Erasinides*, one of the Athenian commanders in the naval battle off the Arginuse, unjustly put to death for his conduct after the victory.

Ἐρασιστράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Erasistrātus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρατοσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eratosthēnes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἐρέτρια, -ας, ἡ, *Eretria*, on the W. coast of Eubœa, and next in rank to Chalcis among the cities of that island.

Ἐρετριεύς, -έως, ὁ, an *Eretrian*; οἱ Ἐρετριεῖς, or Ionic Ἐρετριεῖς, *the Eretrians*.

Ἐρευθαλίον, -ωνος, ὁ, *Ereuthalion*, an Arcadian.

Ἐρεχθεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Erechtheus*, an ancient king of Athens.

Ἐρμιόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Hermiōne*, a town and port at the S. extremity of Argolis.

Ἐρμογένης, -ους, ὁ, *Hermogēnes*, an Athenian, friend of Socrates.

Ἐρυθίνοι, -ων, οἱ, *Erythini*, a place on the coast of Paphlagonia.

Ἐρυθραῖ, -ῶν, αἱ, *Erythraæ*, an ancient city in S. Bœotia, at the foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ἑσπερίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Hesperitæ*, a tribe in W. Armenia.

Ἐτεοκλήσιος, poetic form of Ἐτεόκλειος, -α, -ον, *of or belonging to Etecles*, a king of Thebes.

Ἐτεόνικος, -ου, ὁ, *Eteonicus*, a Spartan.

Ἐτεωνός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Eteonus*, a town of S. Bœotia, later called Scarphe.

Εὐάιμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Euæmon*, a Thessalian chief.

Εὐαιμονίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Euæmon*, i. e. Eurygnus.

Εὐβοεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Eubæan*; οἱ Εὐβοεῖς, or Ionic Εὐβοεῖς, *the Eubæans*. (See *Εἰβουα*, p. 279.)

Εὐβοϊκός, -ῆ, -όν, *of Eubœa, Eubæan*.

Εὐδῖος, more correctly Ἐνδῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Eudivus, or Endivus*, a Spartan ephor.

Εὐηνορίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Euēnor*, i. e. Liocritus.

Εὐήνος, -οῦ, ὁ, *Euēnus*; (1) the name of two poets of Paros, one of whom is said to have instructed Socrates in poetry; (2) a king of Lyrnessus.

Εὐκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euclides*; (1) a soothsayer of Phlius; (2) an officer of the Spartan general Thibron; (3) one of the Thirty at Athens; (4) of Megara, a pupil of Socrates, and founder of the Megarian school of philosophy.

Εὐμάθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumathes*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See *εὐμαθής*, p. 284.)

Εὐμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eumēnes*, a brave Athenian at Salamis. (See *εὐμενής*, p. 284.)

Εὐμηλος, -ου, ὁ, *Eumēlus*, a Thessalian leader at Troy. (See *εὐμηλος*, p. 284.)

Εὐοδῆς, -έως, ὁ, an uncertain designation, in Xen. *Anab.*, VII. 4. 18, of Hieronymus, elsewhere called an Elean. Probably, says Hertlein, a corrupted form denoting an inhabitant of some place in Elis.

Εὐπίθης, -ους, ὁ, *Eupithes*, an Ithacan noble. (See *εὐπειθής*, p. 286.)

Εὐρύαλος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryalus*, lieutenant commander of the Mycenaens before Troy.

Εὐρυβάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybates*; (1) a herald of Agamemnon; (2) a herald of Ulysses.

Εὐρυβιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurybiades*, the Spartan admiral of the Greek fleet at Artemisium and Salamis.

Εὐρυδάμας, -αντος, ὁ, *Eurydamas*, a Trojan prince.

Εὐρύδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurydēmus*, father of the traitor Ephialtes.

Εὐρύκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Euryclia*, Ulysses's nurse.

Εὐρυκλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *Euryclides*, a Spartan.

Εὐρυκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurycrates*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρυκρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Eurycratides*, a king of Sparta.

Εὐρύλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurylochus*, an Arcadian.

Εὐρύμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurymachus*; (1) a suitor of Penelope; (2) a Dardanian; (3) a Theban, father of Leontiadēs; (4) the grandson of the preceding.

Εὐρυμέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Eurymedon*, charioteer of Agamemnon. (See *εὐρυμέδων*, p. 288.)

Εὐρύνομος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurynomus*, a suitor of Penelope.

Εὐρύπυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Eurypylus*; (1) a Thessalian chief; (2) a king of Cos. (See *εὐρυπυλός*, p. 288.)

Εὐρυσθένης, -ους, ὁ, *Eurysthēnes*, a king of Sparta, twin-son of Aristodemus, and progenitor of one of the two royal families.

Εὐρύπυτος, -ου, ὁ, *Euryptus*; (1) a chief of the Epeī; (2) a brave Spartan at Thermopylae.

Εὐσσωρος, poet. for *Εὔσωρος*, -ου, ὁ, *Eusōrus*, a Thracian.

Εὐτρῆσις, -ιος, ἡ, *Eutrēsis*, a Bœotian town, near Thespiæ.

Εὐφῆμος, -ου, ὁ, *Euphēmus*, an ally of the Trojans. (See *εὐφήμος*, p. 290.)

Εὐφορίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Euphorion*, an Athenian, father of Cynægirus and the poet Æschylus.

Εὐφράτης, -ου, ὁ, *the Euphrates*, in W. Asia, rising in Armenia, and flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Ἐφέσιος, -α, -ον, *Ephesian*; οἱ Ἐφέσιοι, *the Ephesians*.

Ἐφεσος, -ου, ἡ, *Ephēsus*, on the coast of Ionia, at the mouth of the Cayster.

Ἐφιάλτης, -ου ὁ, Doric form Ἐπιάλτης, *Ephialtes*; (1) a giant, the son of Poseidon; (2) a Trachinian, who betrayed the Greeks at Thermopylae.

Ἐφύρα, -ας, ἡ, *Ephūra*; (1) a town of Elis; (2) a town of Thesprotia in Epirus. (See Ἐφύρα, p. 295.)

Ἐχεκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Echecrates*, of Phlius, a friend of Socrates.

Ἐχέμων, poet. Ἐχέμμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Echēmon* or *Echemmon*, son of Priam.

Ἐχέπωλος, -ου, ὁ, *Echepōlus*, a Trojan.

Ἐχέστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Echestratus*, a king of Sparta.

Z

Ζάκυνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Zacynthus*, now Zante, an island containing a city of the same name, in the Ionian Sea, W. of Elis.

Ζαπάτας, -α, ὁ, *the Zapatas*, a river flowing from Armenia into the Tigris. Commonly written Ζάβατος, *the Zabatus*.

Ζέλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Zelēa*, a town of Troas, at the foot of Mt. Ida.

Ζήλαρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Zelarchus*, a market overseer.

Ζωστήρ, -ήρος, ὁ, *Zoster*; Mt. Hymettus, which bounds the Athenian plain on the south, terminates in the promontory of Zoster, and this terminates in three capes.

H

Ἠγήσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Hegesander*, an officer in the army of the 10,000 Greeks.

Ἠγησίλαος and **Ἠγησιλέως**, Ionic for Ἄγησίλαος, which see.

Ἅγης, Ionic for Ἄγης, which see.

Ἐρίβωια, -ας, ἡ, poetic form of Ἐρίβωια, *Eriwāia*, the second wife of Alceus, and step-mother of the giants Otus and Ephialtes.

Ἐτίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Etion*, king of Thebe in Mysia.

Ἐΐόνες, -ων, αἱ, *Eitones*, literally, *the Banks*, a town in S. E. Argolis. (See ἡΐών, p. 303.)

Ἐΐων, -ονος, ἡ, *Eion*, literally, *the Beach*, in S. E. Macedonia, the port of Amphipolis, at the mouth of the Strymon. (See ἡΐών, p. 303.)

Ἐλείος, -α, -ον, of *Elis, Elean*; οἱ Ἐλείοι, *the Eleans*.

Ἐλῆς, -ιδος, ἡ, *Elis*, a district in W. Peloponnesus.

Ἐλὼν, -ης, ἡ, *Elone*, an old town of N. E. Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Olympus.

Ἐπίδανός, Ionic for Ἄπιδανός, which see.

Ἡράκλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Heracleia*, a city of Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.

Ἡρακλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Hercules*, as Thessalus and Tlepolemus; also as a proper name, *Heracles*, of Maronēa in Thrace.

Ἡρακλεῶτης, -ου, ὁ, *a Heraclidean*; οἱ Ἡρακλεῶται, *the Heraclidean*.

Ἡρακλεῶτις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *χώρα* understood, *the Heraclidean (territory)*.

Ἡσιόδος, -ου, ὁ, *Hesiod*, a celebrated Grecian poet.

Θ

Θάλπιος, -ου, ὁ, *Thalpius*, a chief of the Epeī, at Troy.

Θαλυσιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thalysius*, i. e. Echerōlus.

Θάμυρις, -ιδος and -ιος, ὁ, *Thamyris*, an ancient bard of Thrace.

Θαρύπας, -ου, ὁ, *Tharipās*, a favorite of the Thessalian Menon.

Θάσιος, -α, -ον, *Thasian*, of Thasus, an island in the N. Aegean, off the Thracian coast.

Θαυμακία, -ας, ἡ, *Thaumaicia*, a town of Magnesia in N. E. Thessaly.

Θαψακνηοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Thapsacnes*, inhabitants of Thapsacus.

Θάψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Thapsæus*, a city on the Euphrates, where was the most important of its northern fords.

Θεανῶ, -οῦς, ἡ, *Theāno*, sister of Queen Hecuba, and wife of Antenor.

Θεμιστοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Themistocles*, the great statesman and leader of the Athenians.

Θεογένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theogēnes*; (1) one of the Thirty at Athens; (2) a Locrian captain. (See *θεογενής*, p. 314.)

Θεογνῆς, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, *Theognis*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Θεοκύδης, -ου, ὁ, *Theoclydes*, an Athenian.

Θεομήτωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Theomestor*, tyrant of Samos. (See *θεομήτωρ*, p. 314.)

Θεόπομπος, -ου, ὁ, *Theopompus*, an Athenian in the army of the 10,000 Greeks. (See *θεόπομπος*, p. 215.)

Θερμαῖος κόλπος, -ου, ὁ, *the Thermæan Gulf*, the northwestern arm of the Aegean Sea.

Θέρμη, -ης, ἡ, *Therme*, a city in S. Macedonia, at the head of the Thermæan Gulf; in later times called Thessalonica.

Θερμῶδων, -οντος, ὁ, *the Thermōdon*, a river of Cappadocia, flowing into the Euxine.

Θερσίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thersites*, the most ugly and scurrilous of the Greeks before Troy.

Θέσπεια, -ας, ἡ, — also Θέσπια, -ας, ἡ, — but usually Θεσπιαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Thespiæ*, a noted city of Beotia, at the foot of Mt. Helicon.

Θεσπιεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Thespiian*; οἱ Θεσπιεῖς, or Ionic Θεσπιεῖς, *the Thespians*.

Θεσπρωτοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Thesprotians*, an ancient race dwelling on the coast of Epirus.

Θεσσαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Thessaly*, the N. E. district of Greece, mostly a plain, noted for its fertility and fine horses.

Θεσσαλός, adj., see p. 317. As a proper name, *Thessalus*, a son of Hercules.

Θεστοριδῆς, -ου, ὁ, *son of Thestor*, i. e. Calchas.

Θετταλία, Θετταλός, Attic for Θεσσαλία, &c., which see.

Θηραμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Theramēnes*, one of the Thirty at Athens, a noted general and politician, who from his frequent changes in politics was nicknamed *κόθορνος*, which see, p. 353.

Θήχης, ὁ, *Thèches*, a mountain in Pontus, to the S. E. of Trapezus, from which the 10,000 Greeks desried the sea.

Θιβραχός, -ου, ὁ, *Thibræchus*, an Athenian polemarch.

Θίβρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thibron*, a Spartan general.

Θιάβη, -ης, ἡ, *Thisbe*, a city of Beotia, at the base of Helicon. It abounds now, as in Homer's time, with wild pigeons.

Θόας, -αντος, ὁ, *Thoas*, a leader of the Ætoli-ans, at Troy.

Θούριος, -α, -ον, of *Thurii*, in S. Italy, *Thuriana*.

Θῶων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Thoön*, a Trojan.

Θῶωσα, -ης, ἡ, *Thoösa*, a nymph, mother of Polyphēmus.

Θράκιον, -ου, τό, *the Thracian square*, a spot in Byzantium near the Thracian gate. (See *θράκιος*, p. 320.)

Θρασύβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasylulus*, an Athe-

nian, son of Lycus, who expelled from Athens the Thirty Tyrants.

Θρασύλευς, -ω, Ionic form for Θρασύλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasylāus*, an Athenian.

Θράσυλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Thrasyllus*, one of the victorious Athenian generals at Arginusæ; afterwards shamefully put to death.

Θρασυμηλίδας, -α, ὁ, *Thrasymelidas*, a Spartan naval commander.

Θριάσιος, -α, -ον, of *Thria*, an Attic deme; τὸ Θριάσιον πεδῖον, the *Thriasian plain*, a fertile plain between Thria and Eleusis.

Θρόνιον, -ου, τό, *Thronium*, a chief town of the Locrians, on the Boagrius, near the Malian Gulf.

Θρόνον, -ου, τό, *Thrynum*, a city of Elis, on the Alpheus.

Θυέστης, -ου, ὁ, *Thyestes*, son of Pelops, brother of Atreus.

Θυμβριον, -ου, τό, *Thymbrium*, a city in E. Phrygia.

Θυμοίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Thymætes*, a Trojan, one of the city fathers.

Θυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Thyni*, a warlike people in the S. E. of Thrace, part of whom, at a very early period, crossed into Asia, and occupied parts of Bithynia.

Θώραξ, -ακος, ὁ, *Thorax*, a Spartan commander. (See *θώραξ*, p. 324.)

I

Ἰάλμενος, -ου, ὁ, *Ialmēnus*, son of Ares, a chief of the Minyæ.

Ἰασόνιος, -α, -ον, belonging to Jason (*Ἰάσων*); ἡ Ἰασονία ἀκτὴ, the *Jasonian promontory*, on the coast of Pontus, where Jason with the Argonauts is said to have landed.

Ἰαυλικός, poetic form of Ἰωλικός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Iolicus*, where Jason dwelt, the rendezvous of the Argonauts, a town of Magnesia, in E. Thessaly.

Ἰδαίος, -ου, ὁ, *Idæus*; (1) a Trojan herald; (2) a Trojan, son of Dares.

Ἰδηθεν, from *Ida*. (See *Ἴδα*, p. 326.)

Ἰδομενεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Idomēneus*, son of Deucalion, and grandson of Minos, leader of the Cretans before Troy.

Ἰέρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hiëro*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἰερώνυμος, -ου, ὁ, *Hieronýmus*, of Elis, a captain.

Ἰηλυσός, Ionic form for Ἰαλυσός, -ου, ἡ, *Ialýsus*, a city in the island Rhodes.

Ἰήσων, Ionic form for Ἰάσων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Jason*,

son of Æson, leader of the Argonautic expedition to obtain the Golden Fleece.

Ἰθώμη, -ης, ἡ, *Ithōme*, a fortress in S. W. Thessaly.

Ἰκάρειος, -ου, ὁ, *Icaricus*, father of Penelope.

Ἰκετάων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Hicetāon*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Ἰκόνιον, -ου, τό, *Iconium*, in Xenophon's time, the easternmost city of Phrygia, but, subsequently, the chief city of Lycaonia.

Ἰλιάς, -άδος, ἡ, fem. adj., *Trojan*; applied as an epithet to the goddess Athēne. (See Ἰλιάς, p. 330.)

Ἰλισσός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Ilissus*, a river of Attica, flowing S. W. from Mt. Hymettus, through the southern part of Athens.

Ἴλος, -ου, ὁ, *Ilus*, son of Mermærus, in the Thesprotian Ephyra.

Ἰμβρασίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Imbrāsus*, i. e. Pirous.

Ἰμβριος, -α, -ον, of *Imbrus*; οἱ Ἰμβριοι, the *Imbrians*.

Ἰμβρος, -ου, ἡ, *Imbrus*, an island in the N. Ægean, W. of the Thracian Chersonesus.

Ἰνδοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Indians*.

Ἰπνοί, -ων, οἱ, *Ipmi*, literally, the *Ovens*, a rugged place on the E. coast of Thessaly, at the foot of Mt. Pelium. (See *ἰπνός*, p. 331.)

Ἰππαγρέτας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Hippagrētās*, a Spartan commander at Sphacteria.

Ἰππίας, -ου, Ionic Ἰππίης, -εω, ὁ, *Hippiās*, tyrant of Athens, who, being exiled, joined the Persians in their first expedition against Greece.

Ἰπποδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hippodamīa*, daughter of Adrastus.

Ἰπποδάμειος ἀγορά, ἡ, *Hippodāmios marketplace*, or, as we say, "square"; the marketplace, or great square, of Piræus, so named from Hippodamus of Miletus, who was employed to lay out the new town of Piræus. (See *ἰπποδάμος*, p. 332.)

Ἰπποθόους, -ου, ὁ, *Hippothous*, of Larissa in Troas.

Ἰπποκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Hippocrātes*, an Athenian, father of Pisistratus.

Ἰππόλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippolōchus*; (1) a son of Bellerophon; (2) one of the Thirty at Athens.

Ἰππομάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Hippomāchus*, one of the Thirty at Athens. (See *ἰππομάχος*, p. 332.)

Ἴρις, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, the *Iris*, a river of Pontus, flowing N. W. into the Euxine, to the E. of the Halys. (For Ἴρις, the goddess *Iris*, see p. 333.)

Ἰσανδρός, -ου, ὁ, *Isander*, son of Bellerophon.

Ἰσσοί, -ῶν, οἱ, also written Ἰσσοῦς, -οῦ, ἡ, *Issi* or *Issus*, a town at the S. E. extremity of Cilicia.

Ἰστιάια, -ας, ἡ, *Histiāia*, an ancient and

important town at the N. extremity of Eubœa, after the Athenian conquest, B. C. 445, called Oreus. (Ἰστία and its derivatives are Ionic forms for Ἐστία, &c.)

Ἰστιαεὺς, -έως, ὁ, a *Histiæan*; οἱ Ἰστιαεῖς, Ionic Ἰστιαεῖς, the *Histiæans*.

Ἰστιαῖητις, -ιδος, ἡ, fem. adj.; γῆ ἢ Ἰστιαῖητις, the *Histiæan territory*.

Ἰστιαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Histiæus*, a Samian.

Ἰσχέουος, -ου, ὁ, *Ischenous*, of Ægina.

Ἰταβέλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Itabelius*, a Persian commander.

Ἴων, -ωνος, ἡ, *Iton*, a city in S. E. Thessaly.

Ἰφικλος, -ου, ὁ, *Iphiclus*, of Thessaly, son of Phylæus.

Ἴφιτος, -ου, ὁ, *Iphitus*, of Phocis, son of Naubolus.

Ἰωκὴ, -ης, ἡ, the *Battle-Din*, personified.

Ἰωνία, -ας, ἡ, *Ionía*, in the W. of Asia Minor, the strip of coast with adjacent islands, inhabited by Ionian Greeks, from Phocæa in the north to Miletus in the south. (See Ἴων, p. 337.)

K

Καΐκος, -ου, ὁ, the *Caicus*, a river of Mysia, falling into the Ægean Sea nearly opposite Lesbos.

Καιναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Cænæ*, a town of Mesopotamia, on the Tigris.

Καινεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Cænecus*, i. e. Corönu.

Καινεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Cænecus*, king of the Thessalian Lapithæ.

Καλήσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Calesius*, charioteer of Ἀχῦλος.

Καλλιᾶδης, -ου, ὁ, *Calliædes*, an Athenian archon.

Καλλιάρως, -ου, ἡ, *Calliærus*, an E. Locrian town, site uncertain.

Καλλιβίος, -ου, ὁ, *Callibiüs*, the Spartan har- most of Athens, in the time of the Thirty Tyrants.

Καλλιμάχος, -ου, ὁ, *Callimæchus*; (1) an Athenian polemarch at Marathon; (2) an Arcadian captain.

Καλλίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Callisträtus*, an Athenian.

Κάλπη, -ης, ἡ, *Calpe*, a port in Bithynia, about half-way between Byzantium and Heraclæa.

Κάλυναι νῆσοι, αἱ, the *Calyndæ Islands*, off the coast of Caria.

Καλυδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Calýdon*, an ancient city in S. Ætolia.

Καλυνδεύς, -έως, ὁ, an inhabitant of *Calyndæ*, in S. E. Caria; οἱ Καλυνδεῖς, the *Calyndians*.

Καλυνδικός, -ή, -ον, *Calyndian*.

Καλχηδών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Calchedon*, a city of Bithynia, opposite Byzantium.

Καλχηδονία, -ας, ἡ (χώρα understood), the territory of *Calchedon*.

Καμβύσης, -ου, ὁ, *Cambyses*, son and successor of the elder Cyrus on the Persian throne.

Κάμειρος, -ου, ὁ, *Camirus*, a city on the W. coast of the island Rhodes.

Καπανεύς, -έως, ἡ, *Capaneus*, father of Sthenelus.

Καπανηϊάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Capaneus*, i. e. Sthenelus.

Καπανήσιος, -α, -ον, of or belonging to *Capaneus*.

Καππαδοκία, -ας, ἡ, *Cappadocia*, an inland district of Asia, W. of the Euphrates, and N. of Cilicia.

Καρδοῦχειος, -α, -ον, of the *Carduchi*, *Carduchian*.

Καρδοῦχοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Carduchi*, a race of warlike mountaineers on the upper waters of the Tigris.

Κάρσος, -ου, ὁ, the *Carsus*, a river of Cilicia.

Καρίστιος, -α, -ον, of *Carystus*, *Carystian*.

Κάρυστος, -ου, ἡ, *Carystus*, a town at the S. extremity of Eubœa.

Κασθαναία, -ας, ἡ, *Casthanæa*, at the foot of Mt. Pelium, on the Magnesian coast of Thessaly. (Also written *Καστανάλα*.)

Κάσος, -ου, ἡ, *Casus*, one of the Cyclades Islands.

Κασταλία, -ας, ἡ, *Castalia*, a fountain on Mt. Parnassus.

Καστώλος, -οῦ, ὁ, *Castölus*, a city of Lydia, site uncertain.

Καῦστριος, -ου, ὁ, the *Caystrius* or *Cayster*, a river of Lydia, flowing into the sea near Ephesus.

Καῦστρου πεδῖον, τό, *Caystrupedium* or *Cayster-plain*, a Phrygian city, site uncertain.

Καφηρεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Caphæreus*, the S. E. promontory of Eubœa, where the Greek fleet was wrecked on its return from Troy.

Κεᾶδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Cæas*, i. e., Træzënus.

Κεῖβης, -ητος, ὁ, *Cebes*, a Theban, friend of Socrates.

Κεῖοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Cæans*, inhabiting the island Ceos.

Κελαιναί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Celænæ*, a city in S. Phrygia.

Κεντρίτης, -ου, ὁ, the *Centrites*, an eastern affluent of the Tigris, the boundary between the Carduchi and Armenia.

Κεραμῶν ἀγορά, ἡ, *Ceramom-agora*, a town of uncertain site in W. Phrygia.

Κερασούντιοι, -ων, οί, *the Cerasuntians*, inhabiting Ceræsus.

Κερασούς, -ούτος, ἡ, *Ceræsus*, a Greek city on the coast of Pontus.

Κέρκωπες, -ων, οί, *the Cercæpes*, droll and thievish dwarfs, who play a part in the legends of Hercules, haunting the pass at Thermopylæ.

Κερτόνιον, -ου, τό, *Certonium*, a town in S. W. Mysia.

Κέως, -ω, Ionic **Κέος**, -ου, ἡ, *Ceos*, one of the Cyclades, about 13 miles S. E. of Attica. The name is also given on uncertain authority to the southern cape of the island Salamis.

Κήρινθος, -ου, ἡ, *Cerinthus*, a small coast town in N. E. Eubœa.

Κηφισόδωρος, -ου, ό, *Cephisodorus*, an Athenian captain.

Κηφισοφών, -ώντος, ό, *Cephisophon*, father of Cephisodorus, also, perhaps the same, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Κιθαιρών, -ώνος, ό, *Cithæron*, a range of mountains separating Bœotia from Megaris and Attica.

Κίκονες, -ων, οί, *the Cicesnes*, dwelling near the coast of Thrace on Mt. Ismarus.

Κιλικία, -ας, ἡ, *Cilicia*, a region in S. E. Asia Minor.

Κίλλα, -ης, ἡ, *Cilla*, a city of Troas, sacred to Apollo.

Κίμων, -ωνος, ό, *Cimon*, the name of two Athenians; (1) the father of Miltiades; (2) the son of Miltiades, distinguished as a general and statesman.

Κισσις, -ίδος, ἡ, *the daughter of Cisseus* or *Cisses*, king of Thrace.

Κισσιοί, -ων, οί, *the Cissians*, inhabiting the district in which Susa, one of the Persian capitals, was situated.

Κλεαγόρας, -ου, ό, *Cleaḡoras*, a painter, of Phlius.

Κλεάνετος, -ου, ό, *Cleaneētus*, a captain among the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάνδρος, -ου, ό, *Cleander*, Spartan harmost at Byzantium.

Κλεάνωρ, -οπος, ό, *Cleānor*, from Orchomēnus in Arcadia, a general of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάρετος, -ου, ό, *Clearētus*, a captain of the 10,000 Greeks.

Κλεάρχος, -ου, ό, *Clearchus*, a Lacedæmonian, commander of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition.

Κλεόδαιος, -ου, ό, *Cleodæus*, grandson of Hercules.

Κλεόκριτος, -ου, ό, *Cleocritus*, herald of the Eleusinian mysteries.

Κλεόμβροτος, -ου, ό, *Cleombrotus*; (1) a Spartan, brother of Leonidas; (2) a pupil of Socrates.

Κλεομένης, -ους, ό, *Cleomēnes*, a Spartan king, half-brother of Leonidas.

Κλεομήδης, -ους, ό, *Cleomēdes*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Κλέων, -ωνος, ό, *Cleon*, an Athenian politician and commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Κλεωναί, -ών, αι, *Cleōnæ*; (1) a town of N. E. Peloponnesus, near Corinth, in whose territory the Nemean games were celebrated; (2) a town of Macedonia, on the peninsula of Athos.

Κλεώνυμος, -ου, ό, *Cleonimus*, a brave Spartan.

Κλονίος, -ου, ό, *Clonius*, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy.

Κλυμένη, -ης, ἡ, *Clymēne*, an attendant of Helen. (See κλύμενος, -η, p. 381.)

Κλυταιμνήστρα, -ας, ἡ, *Clytemnestra*, Agamemnon's wife.

Κλυτίος, -ου, ό, *Clytius*, a Trojan, son of Laomedon.

Κνωσός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Cnosus*, an ancient royal city of Crete, on the N. side of the island.

Κοίλα, -ων, τά, *Cœla*, literally, *the Hollows*, a dangerous part of the coast of Eubœa, on the S. W. side. (See κοίλος, p. 383.)

Κοίρανος, -ου, ό, *Cœrānus*, a Lycian.

Κοιρατάδης, -ου, ό, *Cœratādes*, a Theban.

Κοῖται, -ων, οί, *the Cœtæ*, a tribe, otherwise unknown, whom the 10,000 Greeks passed on their retreat.

Κολοσσαί, -ών, αι, *Colossæ*, a city in S. W. Phrygia.

Κομανία, -ας, ἡ, *Comania*, a locality, perhaps a castle, near Pergamus in Mysia.

Κορσωτή, -ης, ἡ, *Corsōte*, a desolate city of Mesopotamia, near the junction of the Mascas with the Euphrates.

Κορύδαλος, -ου, ό, *Corydalus*, of Anticyra.

Κορύλλας, -α and -ου, ό, *Corýllas*, satrap of Paphlagonia.

Κορυφάσιον, -ου, τό, *Coryphasium*, a promontory of the Messenian coast, on or near which Pylus, the city of Nestor, once stood.

Κορώνεια, -ας, ἡ, *Coronœa*, a city in W. Bœotia.

Κόρωνος, -ου, ό, *Corōnus*, son of Cœneus. (See κορωνός, p. 389.)

Κοτύωρα, -ω, τά, *Cotyōra*, a Greek city, on the coast of Pontus.

Κοτυωρίται, -ών, οί, *the people of Cotyora*, the *Cotyorites*.

Κουφαγόρας, -ου, ό, *Cyphagōras*, an Athenian.

Κρανάη, -ης, ἡ, *Cranæa*, a little island in the Laconian Gulf, whither Paris first betook himself when absconding with Helen from Sparta. (See κραναίς, p. 391.)

Κράπαθος, see *Κάρπαθος*, p. 349.
Κρατησικλήης, -έους, ὁ, *Cratesicles*, a Spartan.
Κρήθων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crethon*, of Phere in Messenia.
Κρητίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Cretines*, father of Aminocles the Thessalian.
Κρίος, -ου, ὁ, *Crius*, one of the chief men of Ægina.
Κρίταλλα, -ων, τὰ, *Crittalla*, a place in Cappadocia where the army of Xerxes was mustered.
Κριτίας, -ου, ὁ, *Critias*, cousin of Plato, and one of the Thirty at Athens.
Κριτόβουλος, -ου, ὁ, *Critobulus*, an Athenian, pupil of Socrates.
Κρίτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Crito*, the intimate friend of Socrates.
Κροῖσος, -ου, ὁ, *Cræsus*, the last king of Lydia.
Κροκίνας, -ου, ὁ, *Crocinas*, a Thessalian, a victor in the Olympic games.
Κροκύλεια, -ων, τὰ, *Crocyliæa*, a district of Ithaca.
Κρώμνα, -ης, ἡ, *Cromna*, a stronghold in Paphlagonia.
Κτιάτος, -ου, ὁ, *Cteatus*, a chief of the Epeî.
Κτησίας, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesias*, of Cnidus, physician of Artaxerxes Mnemon, and a distinguished historian.
Κτήσιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Ctesippus*, of Athens, a friend of Socrates.
Κύδνος, -ου, ὁ, *the Cydnus*, a river of Cilicia.
Κυδομός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Uproar*, personified. (See *κυδομός*, p. 397.)
Κυζικηνός, -ου, ὁ, a gold coin of Cyzicus, equal to about § 4.48, a *Cyzicene*. Strictly an adjective with *στατήρ* understood.
Κύζικος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyzicus*, an important city of Mysia, on the southern coast of the Propontis.
Κύμη, -ης, ἡ, *Cyme*, a principal city of Æolis in Asia Minor.
Κυνέγαρος or **Κυναίγειρος**, -ου, ὁ, *Cynegirus*, an Athenian, who fought bravely at Marathon.
Κυνίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyniscus*, a Spartan. (See *κυνίσκος*, p. 399.)
Κύνος, -ου, ἡ, *Cynus*, a port of Locris, on the Malian Gulf.
Κυνόσουρα, -ας, ἡ, *Cynosura*, a promontory on the E. coast of Attica, sheltering the bay of Marathon. The same name is assigned, on dubious grounds, to the S. E. cape of the island Salamis, opposite Psyttalæa. (See *κυνόσουρα*, p. 400.)
Κυπαρισσῆις, -εντος, ἡ, *Cyparissæis*, a city on the coast of Messenia, later called **Κυπαρισσία**. Cyparissia.
Κυπάρισσος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyparissus*, a little Pho-

cian city, on Mt. Parnassus. (See *κυπάρισσος*, p. 400.)

Κυρείος, -α, -ον, of *Cyrus*, *Cyrcian*.
Κύρος, -ου, ὁ, *Cyrus*; (1) grandson of Astyages, king of Media, and founder of the Persian empire, surnamed "the Great," or "the Elder"; (2) surnamed "the Younger," son of Darius II., and brother of Artaxerxes II., in an expedition to dethrone whom he perished.
Κύτωρος, -ου, ἡ, *Cytorus*, a coast city of Paphlagonia.
Κύφος, -ου, ἡ, *Cyphus*, a city in N. E. Thessaly.
Κώπαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Copæ*, a town of Bœotia at the N. extremity of the Lake Copais.
Κωρῦκιον ἄντρον, τό, *the Corycian cave*, in Mt. Parnassus, sacred to Pan and the nymphs. (See *κώρυκος*, p. 403.)

Λ

Λᾶας, poetic form for **Λᾶς** (see *lâas*, p. 403), ἡ, *Las*, an ancient city on the W. coast of the Laconian Gulf.
Λαέρτης, ου, ὁ, *Laërtes*, father of Ulysses.
Λαερτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Laërtes*, i. e. Ulysses.
Λακεδαιμόνιος, -α, -ον, *Lacedæmonian*. (See *Λακεδαιμών*, p. 405.)
Λακράτης, -ου, ὁ, *Lacrâtes*, a Spartan, Olympic victor.
Λάμπος, -ου, ὁ, *Lampus*, a son of Laomedon.
Λαμψακηνός, -ῆ, -όν, of *Lampsacus*, *Lampsacene*.
Λάμψακος, -ου, ἡ, *Lampsacus*, a flourishing city of Mysia, on the Hellespont.
Λαοδάμεια, -ας, ἡ, *Laodamia*, daughter of Bellerophon, and mother of Sarpedon.
Λαοδίκη, -ης, ἡ, *Laodice*, daughter of Priam.
Λαόδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Laodocus*, a Trojan, son of Antenor.
Λαομεδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Laomedon*, i. e. Priam.
Λαομέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Laomædon*, son of Ilus, father of Priam, and king of Troy.
Λαυρίων, -ου, τό, *Laurium*, a range of hills in the S. of Attica, celebrated for silver mines.
Λειώκριτος, ου, ὁ, *Lioeritus*, a suitor of Penelope.
Λεοντεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Leonteus*, son of Coronus.
Λεοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Leontiades*, leader of the Thebans at Thermopylæ.
Λεοντίνος, -ης, -ον, of *Leontini*, in E. Sicily.
Λεοντίς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Leontis*, an Attic phyle.
Λευκάδιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Leucadians*, inhabiting Leucas, an island off the coast of Acarnania,

originally a promontory of the coast. The chief city of the island was also called Leucas.

Λεύκος, -ου, ὁ, *Leucus*, a comrade of Ulysses at Troy.

Λεωβώτης, -εω, ὁ, *Leobotes*. Ionic form of **Λαβώτας**, -α, ὁ, *Labotas*, a king of Sparta.

Λέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Leon*; (1) a king of Sparta, grandfather of Leonidas; (2) an Athenian, native of Salamis.

Λεωνίδας, -α and -ου, Ionic **Λεωνίδης**, ὁ, *Leonidas*, king of Sparta, celebrated by his defence of Thermopylae.

Λεωπρέπης, -ους, ὁ, *Leoprepes*, father of the poet Simonides of Ceos.

Λήθος, -ου, ὁ, *Lethus*, a Pelasgian prince, allied with Troy.

Λήϊτος, -ου, ὁ, *Leitus*, a leader of the Bœotians at Troy. (See **Λήϊτος**, p. 412.)

Λίβυς, -νος, ὁ, *Libys*, a Spartan naval commander.

Λικύμνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Licymnius*, half-brother of Alcmena, the mother of Hercules.

Λίλαια, -ας, ἡ, *Lilæa*, a town of Phocis, at the base of Mt. Parnassus, and the sources of the Cephissus.

Λίνδος, -ου, ἡ, *Lindus*, a city on the E. coast of Rhodes.

Λουσιάτης, -ου, ὁ, and **Λουσιεύς**, -έως, ὁ, *an inhabitant of Lusi*, in N. Arcadia, a *Lusian*.

Λυκαονία, -ας, ἡ, *Lycaonia*, a region of Asia Minor, E. of Phrygia and N. of Cilicia.

Λύκαστος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycastus*, a town of Crete, its uncertain.

Λυκάων, -ονος, ὁ, *Lycæon*; (1) father of Panlæus, of Zelea; (2) son of Priam.

Λύκιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Lycians*, inhabiting Lycia, in S. W. Asia Minor.

Λύκιος, -ου, ὁ, *Lycius*; (1) a Syracusan; (2) an Athenian, a cavalry leader.

Λυκομήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Lycomedes*, an Athenian ship-captain.

Λύκος, -ου, ὁ, *the Lycus*, a river of Bithynia, flowing into the Euxine near Heraclea. (See **Λύκος**, p. 419.)

Λυκοῦργος, poetic form **Λυκόδοργος**, -ου, ὁ, *Lycurgus*, a king of the Edōnes, a Thracian tribe, who was punished by the gods for his hostility to Bacchus.

Λύκτος, -ου, ἡ, *Lycetus*, an ancient city of Crete, a little to the S. E. of Cnosus.

Λύκων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Lycôn*, an Achaean.

Λυρνησσός, -ου, ἡ, *Lyrnessus*, a city of Troas.

Λύσανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysander*, the celebrated Spartan general, conqueror of Athens.

Λυσικλῆς, -έως, ὁ, *Lysicles*, an Athenian, father of Abrocnichus

Λυσίμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysimachus*; (1) father

of the celebrated Athenian, Aristides; (2) commander of cavalry in the service of the Thirty at Athens.

Λυσίστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Lysistrátus*, an Athenian soothsayer.

M

Μαγνησία, -ας, ἡ, *Magnesia*, a long and narrow district of Thessaly, between Mts. Ossa and Pelium on the W. and the Ægean on the E.

Μάδυτος, -ου, ἡ, *Madýtus*, an important port-town of the Thracian Chersonesus, nearly opposite Abydus.

Μαίανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *the Meander*, a river of Phrygia and Caria, famed for its windings, and flowing into the Icarian Sea near Miletus.

Μαιονία, -ας, ἡ, poetic form **Μηρονή**, *Mæonia*, the country, or part of the country, afterwards called Lydia, in Asia Minor.

Μαιονίς, -ίδος, ἡ, poetic form **Μηρονίς**, fem. adj., *Mæonian*.

Μαισάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mæsædes*, father of the Thracian Seuthes.

Μαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, poetic form **Μήων**, a *Mæonian*; or **Μήονες**, *the Mæonians*.

Μαίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mæon*, son of Hæmon of Thebes.

Μακεδονία, -ας, ἡ, *Macedonia*, a country north of Greece proper, and extending along the coast of the Ægean Sea from Thessaly to Thrace.

Μακίστιος or **Μακίστιος**, -α, -ου, of *Macistus* or *Macistus*, in S. Elis.

Μάκρωνες, -ων, οἱ, *the Macrōnes*, a people in E. Pontus.

Μαντινεία, -ας, ἡ, Ionic form **Μαντινέη**, *Mantinea*, a place of great military importance in E. Arcadia, noted for the victory and death of Epaminondas, B. C. 362.

Μαντινεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Mantinea*, a *Mantinean*.

Μάρδοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mardi*, mountaineers dwelling to the S. of the Caspian Sea.

Μαρδόνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Mardonius*, son-in-law of Darius I., and lieutenant of Xerxes, defeated and slain at Plataea, September, B. C. 479.

Μαριανδυνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Mariandýni*, a Thracian tribe in Bithynia, on the coast of the Euxine.

Μαρσύας, -ου, ὁ, *Marsyas*; (1) a celebrated flute-player in Phrygia; (2) a Phrygian river, named from the foregoing, tributary of the Meander.

Μάρων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Maron*, a Spartan who distinguished himself at Thermopylae.

Μαρωνεΐτης, -ου, ὁ, a *Maronite*, belonging to Maronēa, a Grecian colony on the coast of Thrace to the E. of Abdera.

Μάσης, -ητος, ὁ, *Mases*, an ancient coast-city in S. Argolis.

Μασκάς, -ᾶ, ὁ, *the Mascas*, a tributary of the Euphrates in Mesopotamia. Also accented **Μάσκας**.

Μαστοριδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mastor*, i. e. Halitherses.

Μεγάβυζος, -ου, ὁ, *Megalýzuz*, a common Persian name, also the official name of the priest or keeper of the temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Μεγακρέων, -οντος, ὁ, *Megacreon*, a citizen of Abdera.

Μεγαφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Megaphernes*, a Persian noble.

Μέγης, -ητος, ὁ, *Meges*, leader of the Dulichians at Troy.

Μεγιστήρ, -ου, ὁ, *Megistias*, of Acarnania, a soothsayer.

Μεδεών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Medeon*, an old Bœotian city, near Lake Copais.

Μέδων, -οντος, ὁ, *Medon*, half-brother of Ajax son of Oileus, and commander of the troops of Philoctetes at Troy during the latter's sickness.

Μεθυδριεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Methydrian*, belonging to Methydrium in Arcadia. (See *Μεθύδριον*, p. 430.)

Μεθώνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form *Μηθώνη*, *Methone*, a city of Magnesia in Thessaly, on the E. coast of the Pagasæan Gulf.

Μελάμπους, -οδος, ὁ, *Melampus*, supposed by the ancients to have been the first mortal possessing prophetic powers and practising the healing art.

Μελάμπυγος, -ου, *black-bottomed*, an epithet of Hercules, implying manly vigor; hence, perhaps from some fancied resemblance to the hero, ὁ *Μελάμπυγος λίθος*, a rock or cliff on Mt. Anopæa, near Thermopylæ.

Μελανδίται, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Melanditæ*, a Thracian tribe.

Μελάνθιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melanthius*, an Athenian commander.

Μέλας, -ανος, ὁ, *the Melas*, a river flowing into the Malian Gulf near Thermopylæ. (See *μέλας*, p. 431.)

Μελαγρος, -ου, ὁ, *Melæger*, of Calydon, an Ætolian hero and hunter.

Μέλητος, -ου, ὁ, *Melētus*, a partisan of the Thirty at Athens.

Μελίβοια, -ας, ἡ, *Melibœa*, a town on the coast of Magnesia in Thessaly.

Μενέξενος, -ου, ὁ, *Menexenus*, an Athenian, pupil of Socrates.

Μενέσθης, -ους, ὁ, *Menesthes*, a Greek, slain by Hector.

Μενουτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Menætiuz*, i. e. Patroclus.

Μέντης, -ου, ὁ, *Mentes*, king of the Taphians, friend of Ulysses.

Μέντωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Mentor*, a friend of Ulysses, intrusted by him, on his departure from Ithaca, with the care of his affairs.

Μένων, -ανος, ὁ, *Menon*, a Thessalian commander in the expedition of Cyrus the younger.

Μερμερίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mermerus*, i. e. Ælus.

Μέροψ, -οπος, ὁ, *Merops*, a prince of Percôte on the Hellespont, and a celebrated soothsayer. (See *μέροψ*, p. 435.)

Μέσθλης, -ους, ὁ, *Mesthles*, a leader of the Mæonians at Troy.

Μέσπιλα, -ης, ἡ, *Mespila*, an ancient deserted city of Mesopotamia, probably the ruins of Nineveh, on the E. bank of the Tigris, opposite the modern Mosul.

Μέσση, -ης, ἡ, *Messa*, a city and haven on the S. W. coast of Laconia.

Μεσσηΐς, -ίδος, ἡ, *Messëis*, a fountain of Phœræ in Thessaly.

Μεσσηνία, -ας, ἡ, *Messenia*, the S. W. district of Peloponnesus.

Μεσσηνιοί, -ων, οἱ, *the Messenians*.

Μήδεια, -ας, ἡ, *Medæa*, a queen of Media. (Xen. *Anab.*, III. 4. 11.)

Μηδία, -ας, ἡ, *Media*, a country of Asia, lying between the Caspian Sea and the Tigris valley. **Μηδίας τείχος**, *the wall of Media*, extending from the Tigris to the Euphrates, the northern boundary of Babylonia, as a defence to which against the Medes it was originally erected.

Μήδοκος, -ου, ὁ, *Medocus*, a prince of the Odrÿsæ in Thrace.

Μήδος, -ου, ὁ, a *Mede*; οἱ *Μήδοι*, *the Medes*.

Μηδοσάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Medosadës*, an ambassador of the Thracian prince Seuthes.

Μηθώνη, see *Μεθώνη*.

Μηκιστεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Mecisteus*, father of Euryalus.

Μηκιστιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Mecisteus*, i. e. Euryalus.

Μηλόβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Melobius*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μηρόνη, *Μηρόνης*, &c., see *Μαυρία*, &c.

Μηριόνης, -ου, ὁ, *Merionës*, a Cretan hero, friend of Idomeneus.

Μίδας, -ου, ὁ, *Midas*, an ancient king of Phrygia, famed for his wealth and covetousness.

Μίδα, poetic form of *Μίδα*, *as, ἡ, Midea*, an ancient Bœotian city of disputed site.

Μιθριδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Mithridates*, a Persian noble, friend of the younger Cyrus. Also written **Μιθραδάτης**.

Μιλήσιος, -α, -ον, *Milesian*, of Miletus.

Μίλητος, -ου, ἡ, *Miletus*; (1) a flourishing city, the southernmost in Ionia; (2) an ancient town on the N. coast of Crete.

Μιλτιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltiades*, an Athenian, son of Cimon, victor at Marathon.

Μιλτοκύθης, -ου, ὁ, *Miltocýthes*, a Thracian.

Μιτυλήνη, -ης, ἡ, more correctly **Μυτιλήνη**, *Mytilēne*, a flourishing commercial city on the E. side of the island Lesbos.

Μνησιθέϊδης, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesithēides*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesilochus*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Μνησίφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Mnesiphilus*, an Athenian, whose good counsel contributed to the victory at Salamis.

Μοσσύνιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Mossynæci*, a barbarian tribe on the coast of Pontus.

Μουσαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Musæus*, a famous Greek poet of the legendary period.

Μύγδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mygdon*, a king of Phrygia.

Μύδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Mydon*, charioteer of Pykemenes.

Μυκάλη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycæle*, a mountain and promontory on the Ionian coast, opposite Samos.

Μυκαλησός, -οῦ, ἡ, *Mycælessus*, a city in E. Bœotia, near the Euripus.

Μυκῆνη, -ης, ἡ, *Mycæne*, a daughter of Inachus the founder of Argos. See also **Μυκῆνη**, p. 454.

Μύνης, -ητος, ὁ, *Mynes*, husband of Brisēis.

Μυρίανδος, -ου, ἡ, later form **Μυρίανδρος**, *Myriandus*, a coast city of Syria, on the borders of Cilicia.

Μυρίνη, -ης, ἡ, poetic form of **Μυρίνα** or **Μυρίνα**, *Myrina*, daughter of Teucer, and wife of Dardanus.

Μύρσινος, -ου, ἡ, *Myrsinus*, probably in N. W. Elis.

Μύσιος, -α, -ον, *Mysian*; οἱ **Μύσιοι**, *the Mysians*, inhabiting Mysia, the N. W. district of Asia Minor.

N

Νάστης, -ου, ὁ, *Nastes*, leader of the Carians at Troy.

Ναυβόλιδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Naubolus*, i. e. Iphitus.

Ναυκλείδας, -α, ὁ, *Nauclydas*, a Spartan ephor.

Ναύπακτος, -ου, ἡ, *Naupactus*, a town of the Locri Ozolæ, just inside the entrance of the Corinthian Gulf, once the best harbor on its northern coast.

Νεοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Neocles*, an Athenian, father of Themistocles.

Νέον τείχος, τό, *Neonichus* (as it were, New-castle), a fortress of Thrace on the coast of the Propontis.

Νεστοριδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Nestor*, i. e. Antilochus.

Νέστωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Nestor*, king of Pylus, in Messenia, distinguished for bravery, wisdom, and eloquence.

Νέων, -ωνος, ἡ, also τὰ **Νέωνα**, *Neon*, a town of Phocis, at the foot of Tithorea, one of the peaks of Mt. Parnassus.

Νέων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Neon*, a Spartan commander of the 10,000 Greeks.

Νήϊον, -ου, τό, *Neium*, a mountain of Ithaca, a spur of Mt. Neritum; see **Νήηρον**.

Νηληΐος, -ου, of *Neleus*; **Νηληΐος υἱός**, *the son of Neleus*, i. e. Nestor.

Νήριτον, -ου, τό, *Neritum*, a mountain in the northern part of Ithaca.

Νίκανδρος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicanter*, a Spartan.

Νικάρχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicarchus*, an Arcadian.

Νικηράτος, -ου, ὁ, *Niceratus*, an Athenian, son of the noted general Nicias.

Νικίας, -ου, ὁ, *Nicias*, an Athenian, distinguished as a military commander in the Peloponnesian war.

Νικόμαχος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicomachus*, an Etæan.

Νικόστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Nicostratus*, an Athenian in the cavalry force of the Thirty Tyrants.

Νιρέυς, -έως, ὁ, *Nireus*, of Syme, next to Achilles the handsomest of the Greeks at Troy, but feeble.

Νισα, -ης, ἡ, *Nisa*, mentioned by Homer, in connection with Bœotian localities, but of unknown site.

Νισαία, -ας, ἡ, *Nisæa*, the port of Megara, on the Saronic Gulf.

Νισαῖος, -ον, *Nisæan*. The Nisæan horses, so called, were bred on the Nisæan plain, a district in the highlands of Media.

Νίσυρος, -ου, ἡ, *Nisyros*, a small island among the Sporades, S. E. of Cos, and S. W. of Cnidus in Caria.

Νοήμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Noëmon*; (1) a Lycian; (2) an Ithacan. (See **νοήμων**, p. 466.)

Νομίαν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Nomion*, a Carian chief.

Νυσήϊον (**ἄρος** understood), -ου, τό, poetic form for **Νυσαῖον**, *Nysæum*, a mountain in Thrace, where Bacchus was worshipped.

Ἰ

Ξανθικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Xanthicles*, an Achæan, a commander of the 10,000 Greeks on their retreat.

Ξανθίππη, -ης, ἡ, *Xanthippe*, wife of Socrates.

Ξάνθος, -ου, ὁ, *Xanthus*; (1) a Trojan; (2) a river of Lycia; (3) a stream in the Troad. (See *Ξανθός*, p. 470.)

Ξενίας, -ου, ὁ, *Xenias*, an Arcadian commander in the expedition of the younger Cyrus.

Ξενοφῶν, -ῶντος, ὁ, *Xenophon*, son of Gryllus, the celebrated Greek author.

Ξέρξης, -ου, ὁ, *Xerxes*, son of Darius I., king of Persia.

Ο

Ὀγχηστός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Onchestus*, a Bœotian city, near Lake Copais.

Ὀδῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Odius*, a chief of the Halizones, and ally of Priam.

Ὀδρύσης, -ου, ὁ, an *Odrysiæ*; οἱ **Ὀδρύσαι**, the *Odrysiæ*, a people of Thrace, on the river Hebrus.

Ὀϊλεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Oileus*, a Locrian king, father of Ajax the Less.

Οἰνείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Æneus*, i. e. Tydeus.

Οἰνεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Æneus*, king of Calydon in Ætolia.

Οἰνομάς, -ου, ὁ, *Ænomæus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Οἰνοπίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Ænopion*, i. e. Helenus.

Οἰταῖος, -α, -ον, *Ætæan*; οἱ **Οἰταῖοι**, the *Ætæans* (same as the *Διωνᾶνες*, which see), inhabiting Ætæa, a name applied to that part of Thessaly which contains Mt. Æta (*Ὀἶτη*), a famous mountain ridge dividing Locris, Doris, and Ætoha, on the south, from Thessaly on the north).

Οἶτυλος, -ου, ὁ, *Ætylus*, a Laconian town on the E. side of the Messenian Gulf.

Οἰχालεύς, έως, ὁ, an *Æchalian*.

Οἰχάλιθεν, from *Æchalia*, a city in W. Thessaly on the Peneus. (*Iliad*, II. 596 and 730, refer to the same city.)

Ὀλιζών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Oliizon*, a city on the S. coast of Magnesia in Thessaly, opposite Artemesium in Eubœa.

Ὀλοοσσών, -όνος, ἡ, *Oloösson*, a city of Perrhæbia in N. Thessaly.

Ὀλύθιος, -α, -ον, of *Olynthus*, a Macedonian city at the head of the Toronaic Gulf; οἱ **Ὀλύθιοι**, the *Olynthians*.

Ὀμηρος, -ου, ὁ, *Homer*, the great poet. (See *ὄμηρος*, p. 486.)

Ὀνήτης, -ου, ὁ, *Onêtes*, a Carystian.

Ὀνόχωνος, -ου, ὁ, the *Onochönus*, a river of Thessaly.

Ὀρπείος, -εντος, ἡ, contr. form **Ὀποῦς**, -οῦντος, *Opus*, the chief town of the Eastern (Opuntian) Locrians.

Ὀπούντιος, -α, -ον, of *Opus*, *Opuntian*. (See *Δοκροί*, p. 417.)

Ὀργης, -εος, ὁ, *Orges*, a Thasian.

Ὀρέσβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Oresbius*, a Bœotian, of Hyle.

Ὀρέστης, -ου, ὁ, *Orestes*; (1) son of Agamemnon, and the slayer of his mother Clytæmnestra; (2) a Greek, slain at Troy.

Ὀρθή, -ης, ἡ, *Orthe*, a town of the Perrhæbia in N. Thessaly.

Ὀρμένιον, -ου, τό, *Ormenium*, an old Thessalian town, of uncertain site.

Ὀρνεαί, -ῶν, αἱ, poetic form for **Ὀρνεαί**, *Orneæ*, a city in the western part of Argolis.

Ὀρόντας, -α and -ου, ὁ, *Orontas*, satrap of Armenia.

Ὀρόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Orontes*, a Persian noble, executed by Cyrus the younger. The same name as the preceding.

Ὀρσίλοχος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsilochus*, the name both of the father and the son of Diocles, king of Phere in Messenia.

Ὀρσίφαντος, -ου, ὁ, *Orsiphantus*, a Spartan.

Ὀρχομένιος, -α, -ον, of *Orchomenus*; οἱ **Ὀρχομένιοι**, the *Orchomenians*.

Ὀρχομενός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Orchomēnus*; (1) a city of the Minyæ in N. W. Bœotia; (2) a city in E. Arcadia.

Ὀσσα, -ης, ἡ, *Ossa*, the home of the Centaurs, a mountain in Thessaly, on the coast of Magnesia, with Mt. Pelium on the south and Mt. Olympus on the north, from which last the river Peneus separates it by the vale of Tempe.

Ὀτάνης, -ου, ὁ, *Otānes*, a Persian.

Ὀτρεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Otreus*, a Phrygian prince.

Ὀυκαλέγων, -οντος, ὁ, *Ucalëgon*, one of the elders of Troy.

Ὀφέλιος, -ου, ὁ, *Opheltius*, a Trojan.

Ὀφρύνιον, -ου, τό, *Ophrynium*, a small town in the north of Troas. Otherwise written **Ὀφρύνειον**.

Ὀχρήσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Ochesius*, an Ætolian.

Π

Παγασαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pagææ*, a port of Magnesia in Thessaly, at the head of the Pagasæan Gulf, where Jason built the Argo.

Παιανιεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Paonian*, a resident of the Attic deme *Paënia*, on the E. side of Mt. *Hymettus*.

Παῖονες, -ων, οἱ, the *Paonians*.

Παιονία, -ας, ἡ, *Paonia*, the country inhabited by the *Paonians*, on the rivers *Axius* and *Strymon*, included in the later boundaries of *Macedonia* and *Thrace*.

Παισός, see Ἄπαισός.

Παλαμήδης, -ους, ὁ, *Palamedes*, of *Eubœa*, famed for his ingenious inventions.

Παλληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, a *Pallenian*, a resident of *Pallene*, a celebrated Attic deme.

Πάμμων, -ονος, ὁ, *Pammon*, a *Scyrian*.

Παναίτιος, -ου, ὁ, *Panaetius*, a *Tenian* ship-captain. (See *παναίτιος*, p. 516.)

Πάνδαρος, -ου, ὁ, *Pandarus*, commander of the *Zeleans*, in alliance with *Troy*.

Πάνθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Panthous*, one of the elders of *Troy*.

Πανοπέις, -έων, ὁ, the *Panopeans*, inhabiting *Panopeus*.

Πανοπέις, -έως, ὁ, *Panopeus*, a city of *Phocis* near the *Bœotian* frontier.

Παντίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Pantites*, a *Spartan*, mentioned with *Aristodemus* as surviving *Thermopyle*.

Παρθένιον, -ου, τό, *Parthenium*; (1) a mountain between *Arcadia* and *Argolis*; (2) a city in *S. W. Mysia*.

Παρθένιος, -ου, ὁ, the *Parthenius*, a river in *W. Paphlagonia*. (See *παρθένιος*, p. 533.)

Παριανοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the inhabitants of *Parium*.

Πάριον, -ου, τό, *Parium*, a city of *Mysia*, on the *Propontis*, near the mouth of the *Hellespont*.

Πάρις, -ιδος and -ιος, *Paris*, son of *Priam*, whose seduction of *Helen* led to the *Trojan* war. (See Ἀλέξανδρος, p. 32.)

Παρρασία, -ας, ἡ, *Parrhasia*, a district and town, in *S. W. Arcadia*.

Παρράσιος, -α, -ον, a *Parrhasian*.

Παρυσάτις, -ιδος, ἡ, *Parysatis*, wife of *Darius II.*, and mother of *Artaxerxes II.* and *Cyrus* the younger.

Πασίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pasion*, a *Megarean*, a general in *Cyrus's* expedition against *Artaxerxes*.

Πατηγίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pategyas*, a *Persian*, attached to *Cyrus* the younger.

Πατιράμφης, -ου, ὁ, *Patiramphes*, charioteer of *Xerxes*.

Παυσανίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pausanias*, a king of *Sparta*.

Παφλαγονία, -ας, ἡ, *Paphlagonia*, a country of *Asia Minor*, on the *Euxine*, between *Pontus* and *Bithynia*.

Παφλαγονικός, -ῆ, -όν, *Paphlagonian*.

Πειραιδῆς, -ου, ὁ, son of *Piræus*, i. e. *Ptolemaeus*.

Πειρήθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Pirithous*, of *Larissa* in *Thessaly*, one of the *Lapithæ*.

Πείροος, -ου, ὁ, *Piræus*, a leader of the *Thracians* in alliance with *Troy*.

Πεισηγορίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pisēnor*, i. e. *Ops*.

Πεισηγῶρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Pisēnor*, a herald, of *Ithaca*.

Πεισιστρατίδης, -ου, ὁ, a son of *Pisistratus*; οἱ Πεισιστρατίδαι, the *Pisistratidæ*, strictly only *Hippias* and *Hipparchus*, but in a wider sense, *Hippias* and his party.

Πεισιστρατος, ου, ὁ, *Pisistratus*, tyrant of *Athens*.

Πείσαν, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pison*, one of the *Thirty* at *Athens*.

Πελάγων, -οντος, ὁ, *Pelægon*; (1) a *Pylian*, follower of *Nestor*; (2) a *Lycian*, friend of *Sarpedon*.

Πελίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pelias*, half-uncle to *Jason*, whom he compelled to undertake the *Argonautic* expedition.

Πελληνεύς, -έως, ὁ, of *Pellene*, a *Pellenian*.

Πελληνῆ, -ης, ἡ, *Pellene*, near the *Corinthian* Gulf in *N. E. Achaia*.

Πέλται, -ῶν, αἱ, *Peltæ*, a city of *Phrygia*.

Περαϊβοί, poetic form for Περραιβοί, which see.

Πέργαμον, -ου, τό, *Pergamum*; (1) the acropolis of *Troy*, on a hill to the *S. E.* of the city, a branch of *Mt. Ida*; (2) also called Πέργαμος, ἡ, a city in *S. W. Mysia*.

Περγασίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Pergasus*, i. e. *Deioon*.

Περίνθιοι, -ων, οἱ, the *Perinthians*.

Περίνθος, -ου, ἡ, *Perinthus*, a flourishing town of *Thrace*, on the *Propontis*.

Περίφας, -αντος, ὁ, *Periphās*, an *Ætolian*.

Περκόσιος, -α, -ον, of *Percote*, *Percosian*.

Περκώτη, -ης, ἡ, *Percôte*, a city of *Mysia*, on the *Hellespont*.

Περραιβοί, -ῶν, οἱ, the *Perrhæbians*, inhabiting *Perrhæbia*, the northern district of *Thessaly*.

Περσείδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Perseus*. The Greeks represented *Perseus*, son of *Perseus*, as founder of the *Persian* nation, and so applied to the latter the epithet Περσεΐδαι.

Πετείων, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Peteon*, a town in *Bœotia* of uncertain site.

Πετείος, -ῶ and -ῶο, ὁ, *Peteus*, father of *Meneceus*.

Πηγαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pegæ*, literally, the *Springs*, a town of *Megaris* on the *Corinthian* Gulf.

Πηδαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedæus*, son of *Autenor*.

Πηδάσος, -ου, ὁ, *Pedāsus*, son of *Bucolion*.

Πηδάσος, -ου, ἡ, *Pedāsus*, a city of *Troas*.

Πηνειός, -οῦ, ὁ, the *Penæus*, the chief river of *Thessaly*, through the center of which it flows,

emptying into the Thermaic Gulf between Mts. Ossa and Olympus.

Πηνέλεως, -ω, ὁ, *Penelopeus*, a leader of the Boeotians before Troy.

Πήρεια, -ας, ἡ, *Perēa*, a region of Thessaly.

Πίγρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Pigres*, an interpreter in the service of the younger Cyrus.

Πιδύτης, -ου, ὁ, *Pidutes*, of Percote.

Πιερία, -ας, ἡ, *Pieria*, originally a district at the foot of Mt. Olympus, along the W. coast of the Thermaic Gulf, celebrated as the birthplace of the Muses. The inhabitants were driven eastward, where they settled a new Pieria afterwards included in the southern part of Thrace.

Πισιδης, -ου, ὁ, a *Pisidian*, inhabiting Pisidia which lay between Phrygia and Pamphylia.

Πιθεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Pitheus*, king of Træzen, grandfather of Theseus.

Πιτυαία, -ας, ἡ, *Pityæa*, a city of Mysia on the S. W. coast of the Propontis.

Πλάκος, -ου, ἡ, *Placus*, a mountain of Mysia, at the foot of which Thebe was said to have been situated.

Πλάτων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Plato*, the son of Ariston, the celebrated Athenian philosopher.

Πλευρών, -ῶνος, ἡ, *Pleuron*, an old city in S. W. Ætolia, in the plain between the Achelous and the Evenus.

Ποδαλείριος, -ου, ὁ, *Podalirius*, a Thessalian chief, son of Æsculapius, and surgeon to the Greeks at Troy.

Ποδάρεης, -ους, ὁ, *Podarees*, a Thessalian chief in the expedition against Troy. (See *ποδάρεης*, p. 567.)

Πολίτης, -ου, ὁ, *Polites*, son of Priam. (See *πολίτης*, p. 571.)

Πολυάρχης, -ου, ὁ, *Polyarches*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Πολύας, -ου, ὁ, *Polyas*, a Greek scout at Artemisium.

Πόλυβος, -ου, ὁ, *Polybus*, an Ithacan.

Πολύδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Polydorus*, a king of Sparta. (See *πολύδωρος*, p. 572.)

Πολύιδος, also *Πολυΐδος*, -ου, ὁ, *Polyidus*, a Trojan.

Πολυκράτης, -ους, ὁ, *Polycrates*, an Athenian captain among the 10,000 Greeks. (See *πολυκράτης*, p. 573.)

Πολύκριτος, -ου, ὁ, *Polycritus*, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Πολυνείκης, -ους, ὁ, *Polyneices*, son of Œdipus the king of Thebes. (See *πολυνείκης*, p. 574.)

Πολύνικος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyneikos*, a Lacedæmonian.

Πολύξενος, Ionic form for *Πολύξενος*, -ου, ὁ, *Polyxenus*, commander-in-chief of the Epeï before Troy. (See *πολύξενος*, p. 574.)

Πολυπόιτης, -ου, ὁ, *Polypoetes*, one of the Thessalian chiefs in the war against Troy.

Πολύστρατος, -ου, ὁ, *Polystratus*, an Athenian.

Πολύφημος, -ου, ὁ, *Polyphēmus*; (1) of the Thessalian Larissa, one of the Lapithæ, and an Argonaut; (2) son of Neptune, a Cyclops. (See *πολύφημος*, p. 576.)

Πολυφόντης, -ου, ὁ, *Polyphontes*, a Theban chief.

Ποσειδηΐος, poetic form for *Ποσειδεῖος*, see p. 579.

Πράκτιος, -ου, ὁ, *the Practius*, a small river of Troas flowing from Mt. Ida into the Hellespont, near Percote.

Πριαμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Priam*. (See *Πριάμος*, p. 584.)

Προδοτήνωρ, -ωρος, ὁ, *Prothōenor*, a leader of the Boeotians before Troy.

Πρόθοος, -ου, ὁ, *Prothous*, chief of the Magnessians before Troy.

Πρόϊτος, -ου, ὁ, *Prætus*, king of Tiryns.

Προκλῆς, contracted from *Προκλήης*, -έως, ὁ, *Procles*, a descendant of Demaratus king of Sparta, and ruler of a petty principality in W. Mysia.

Πρόξενος, -ου, ὁ, *Proxenus*, a Boeotian, one of the generals in Cyrus's expedition. (See *πρόξενος*, p. 594.)

Πρύτανις, -ιος and -ιδος, ὁ, *Prytānis*, a Lydian. (See *πρύτανις*, p. 613.)

Πρωτεσίλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Protesilaus*, a Thessalian chief, the first of the Greeks slain at Troy.

Πρόπη, -ης, ἡ, *Prote*, a small island off the W. coast of Messenia.

Πτελεόν, -οῦ, τό, *Pteleum*; (1) a coast town of Phthiotis, in S. E. Thessaly; (2) a town in S. Messenia, site unknown.

Πτολεμαῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Ptolemæus*, father of Agamemnon's charioteer, Eurymedon.

Πυθαγόρας, -α, ὁ, *Pythagoras*, a Lacedæmonian with a naval command in the service of Cyrus the younger.

Πυθέας, -ου, ὁ, *Pytheas*, of Ægina, a brave ship-captain.

Πυθόδωρος, -ου, ὁ, *Pythodorus*, an Athenian archon.

Πυλαμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Pylamenes*, a chief of the Paphlagonians, allied with Troy.

Πύλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Pylæus*, an ally of the Trojans from Larissa on the coast of Æolis near Cyme. (See *πυλαῖος*, p. 618.)

Πυλήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Pylēne*, a town of S. W. Ætolia, site unknown.

Πύλοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Pyliaus*. (See *Πύλος*, p. 618.)

Πυραίχμης, -ου, ὁ, *Pyraechmes*, a leader of the Pæonians in alliance with Troy.

Πύραμος, -ου, ὁ, *the Pyramus*, one of the principal rivers of Asia Minor, reaching the sea at Mallus in Cilicia.

Πύρασος, -ου, ὁ, also **Πύρρασος**, *Pyrausos*, a coast-city of Phthiotis, in S. E. Thessaly.

Πυρρίας, -ου, ὁ, *Pyrrhias*, an Arcadian captain.

Πώγων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Pogon*, the harbor of Troezen in S. E. Argolis.

Πῶλος, -ου, ὁ, *Polus*, a Lacedæmonian naval commander. (See **πῶλος**, p. 621.)

P

Ῥαδάμανθης, -νος, ὁ, *Rhadamanthys*, son of Zeus, and brother of Minos of Crete, made after death, in consequence of his justice, one of the judges in the realm of the dead.

Ῥαθίνης, -ου, ὁ, *Rhathines*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Ῥεῖθρον, -ου, τό, *Rhithrum*, a harbor on the E. coast of Ithaca. (See **ρείθρον**, p. 623.)

Ῥήνη, -ης, ἡ, *Rhene*, a nymph, wife of Oileus.

Ῥίπη, -ης, ἡ, *Rhipa*, an Arcadian town, of doubtful site.

Ῥύτιον, -ου, τό, *Rhytium*, a city of Crete, locality unknown.

Ῥωπάρας, -ου, ὁ, *Rhopararas*, satrap of Babylon.

Σ

Σαγγάριος, -ου, ὁ, *the Sangarius*, one of the principal rivers of Asia Minor, flowing through Bithynia into the Euxine.

Σάκαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Sacæ*, a nomadic race inhabiting the N. E. frontier of the Persian empire, in what is now E. Turkestan; sometimes used as a general term to denote *Seythians* of all tribes.

Σαλμυδησσός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Salmydessus*, a town of Thrace, on the coast of the Euxine.

Σαμόλας, -ου, ὁ, *Samolias*, an Achæan among the 10,000 Cyrean Greeks.

Σάνη, -ης, ἡ, *Sane*, situated on the isthmus through which Xerxes dug his canal to avoid coasting round the peninsula of Acte.

Σάρος, -ου, ὁ, see **Ψάρος**.

Σατνιεύς, -εντος, ὁ, *the Satniois*, a small river of southern Troas, rising in Mt. Ida, and flowing west into the Ægean Sea.

Σάτυρος, -ου, ὁ, (1) *a Satyr*, see p. 630; (2) *Satyrus*, chief of the Eleven at Athens; see **ἑνδεκα**, II. p. 223.

Σέλαγος, -ου, ὁ, *Selagus*, of Pæsus, father of Amphius.

Σελητιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Selepius*, i. e. Euenus.

Σελινούς, -οῦντος, ὁ, *the Selinus*; (1) a river of Elis; (2) a river flowing by the temple of Diana at Ephesus.

Σελλασία, -ας, ἡ, *Sellasia*, a city of Laconia, a little to the N. of Sparta.

Σελλήεις, -εντος, ὁ, *the Sellæis*; (1) a river of Elis, between the Peneus and the Alpheus; (2) a river of Troas.

Σεύθης, -ου, ὁ, *Seuthes*, a king of the Odrysæ in Thrace.

Σηλυμβρία, also written **Σηλυβρία**, -ας, ἡ, *Selymbria*, a Thracian city on the Propontis, between Byzantium and Perinthus.

Σηπιάς, -άδος, ἡ, *Sepias*, a promontory of Magnesia, forming the S. E. extremity of the Thessalian coast.

Σήσαμος, -ου, ὁ, *the Sesamus*, a small river in the W. part of Paphlagonia, flowing into the Euxine.

Σθέnelος, -ου, ὁ, *Sthenelus*, of Argos, friend and comrade of Diomedes in the Trojan war.

Σίκιννος, -ου, ὁ, *Sicinnus*, a slave of Themistocles.

Σιλανός, -οῦ, ὁ, *Silanus*; (1) an Ambraciot soothsayer among the 10,000 Greeks; (2) a soldier in the same army from Macistus in Elis.

Σιμμίας, -ου, ὁ, *Simmias*, of Thebes, a friend and pupil of Socrates.

Σιμοείσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Simoisius*, a Trojan.

Σιμωνίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Simonides*, of Ceos, a celebrated lyric poet.

Σινωπεύς, -έως, ὁ, *a Sinopean*, inhabiting Sinope, in Paphlagonia, the most important of the Greek colonies on the coast of the Euxine.

Σίρις, -ιος, ἡ, *Siris*, a city of Pæonia, E. of the Strymon.

Σιτάλκας, -ου, ὁ, *Sitalceas*, a name of several Thracian kings; also, *the Sitalceas*, a warlike song.

Σιττάκη, -ης, ἡ, *Sittæce*, a city of Babylonia, near the W. bank of the Tigris.

Σκαμάνδριος, -ου, ὁ, *Scamandrius*, a Trojan. Also the son of Hector. (See **Σκάμανδρος**, p. 637.)

Σκάρφη, -ης, ἡ, *Searphe*, a Locrian town near the Malian Gulf.

Σκιάθος, -ου, ἡ, *Sciathus*, a small island off the S. extremity of Magnesian Thessaly.

Σκυλλοῦς, -οῦντος, ἡ, *Scyllus*, a town of S. Elis, where Xenophon lived in comfortable exile more than twenty years.

Σκιρωνίς, -ίδος, fem. adj., *Scironian*. The "Scironian Road" was a rugged mountain road

along the coast from Megara to Corinth, so called, says tradition, from a dreaded bandit, Seiron. (See Σκείρων, p. 638.)

Σκιωναῖος, -α, -ον, *Sciuncan*, of *Sciōne*, the chief city on the peninsula Pallēne in S. Macedonia.

Σκυθνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Scythini*, a barbarian tribe on the frontiers of Pontus and Armenia.

Σκυλλίας, -ου, ὁ, *Seyllias*, a diver of Sciōne.

Σκύριος, -α, -ον, *Seyrian*, of *Seyros*. (See Σκῦρος, p. 642.)

Σκῶλος, -ου, ὁ, *Scolus*, a town of S. Bœotia, not far from Thebes. (See σκῶλος, p. 642.)

Σμίκρης, -ητος, ὁ, *Smicres*, an Arcadian commander.

Σόλοι, -ων, οἱ, *Soli*, an important coast-town of Cilicia. (See σόλοικος, p. 643.)

Σόλυμοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Solymi*, ancient inhabitants of Lycia.

Σοφαίνετος, -ου, ὁ, *Sophænētus*, an Arcadian, one of the Greek generals of Cyrus the younger.

Σοφοκλῆς, contracted from **Σοφοκλῆς** (see p. 643), ὁ, *Sophocles*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Σπιθριδάτης, -ου, ὁ, *Spithridātes*, a Persian, general under Pharnabazus.

Στησαγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Stesagōras*, grandfather of Miltiades.

Στησίλαος, -ου, ὁ, Ionic form **Στησίλειος**, *Stesilāus*, a commander of the Athenians at Marathon.

Στρατίη, -ης, ἡ, Ionic form for **Στρατία**, *Stratīa*, an old Arcadian town of unknown site.

Στρατοκλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Stratocles*, commander of the corps of slingers in the retreat of the 10,000.

Στρόφιλος, -ου, ὁ, *Strophilus*, a Trojan.

Στυμφάλιος, -α, -ον, of *Stymphālius*, *Stymphalian*.

Στύμφαλος, Ionic form **Στύμφηλος**, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Stymphālus*, the name of a town, district, mountain, lake, and river in N. E. Arcadia.

Στύρα, -ων, τὰ, *Styra*, a city on the S. W. coast of Eubœa, nearly opposite the bay of Marathon in Attica.

Στυρεῖς, -έως, ὁ, *a Styrian*, inhabiting Styra.

Στύφων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Styphon*, a Spartan commander, son of Pharaoh (or Charax).

Συέννεσις, -εως or -ιος, ὁ, *Syennēsis*, a common name of the kings of Cilicia.

Συμηθεν, from *Symc*, a small island situated between Rhodes and the Carian peninsula of Cnidus.

Σφακτερία, -ας, ἡ, *Sphacteria*, a long narrow island enclosing the bay of Pylus on the W. coast of Messenia.

Σχεδῖος, -ου, ὁ, *Schedius*, a chief of the Phocians at Troy.

Σχοῖνος, -ου, ἡ, *Schœnus*, a Bœotian city, near Thebes. (See σχοῖνος, p. 687.)

Σωσίας, -ου, ὁ, *Sosias*, of Syracuse, commanding a division of the Greeks in Cyrus's expedition against his brother.

Σωσιμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Sosimēnes*, a Tenian.

Σωτηρίδης (or -ας), -ου, ὁ, *Soterīdes*, of Sicily, one of the 10,000 Greeks.

T

Ταλαιμένης, -ους, ὁ, *Talæmēnes*, a Mæonian prince.

Ταλαϊνίδης, -ου, ὁ, an irregularly formed patronymic for **Ταλαΐδης**, son of *Talaus*, i. e. Adrastus.

Ταλθύβιος, -ου, ὁ, *Tallythivius*, herald of Agamemnon.

Ταμῶς, -ῶ, ὁ, *Tamos*, of Memphis in Egypt, governor of Ionia, and subsequently commander of the fleet of Cyrus.

Τάσχοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Tāschī*, a tribe in N. Armenia.

Τάρνη, -ης, ἡ, *Tarne*, a Mæonian town, site unknown.

Ταρσοί, -ῶν, οἱ, oftener **Ταρσός**, -οῦ, ἡ, *Tarsus*, on the Cydnus, the ancient capital of Cilicia, and later noted for commerce and learning, and as the birthplace of St. Paul.

Τάρφη, -ης, ἡ, *Tarfhe*, an old town of Lycia.

Τάφιοι, -ων, οἱ, *the Taphians*, a race of seamen and pirates anciently inhabiting a group of small islands, lying between Acarnania and Leucas, the largest of which was *Táφος*.

Τελαμών, -ῶνος, ὁ, *Telāmon*, son of Ææus, father of Ajax, and king of Salamis. (See τελαμῶν, p. 696.)

Τελαμώνιος, -α, -ον, *Telamonian*.

Τεμενίτης (Xen. *Anab.*, IV. 4. 15) for **Τημενίτης**, which see.

Τεμέση, -ης, ἡ, *Temēse*, probably a place in Cyprus, whither the Taphians went for copper.

Τένεδος, -ου, ἡ, *Tenēdus*, an island off the coast of Troas.

Τευθρηδών, -όνος, ὁ, *Tenthredōn*, a chief in Magnesia Thessaly.

Τερψίων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Terpsion*, of Megara, a pupil of Socrates.

Τευθρανία, -ας, ἡ, *Tcuthrania*, a city and district in W. Mysia, about the river Caicus.

Τευθρανίδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Tcuthras*, i. e. Axylus.

Τεύθρας, -αντος, ὁ, *Teuthras*, a Greek from Magnesia, slain at Troy.

Τευταμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Teutamius*, i. e. Lethus.

Τηλεβόας, -ου, ὁ, *the Telebōas*, a river of Armenia, tributary to the Euphrates. (See *τηλεβόας*, p. 703.)

Τηλέκλος, -ου, ὁ, *Telēklus*, a king of Sparta.

Τημενίτης, -ου, ὁ, *a Temenite*, belonging to Temenium, in Argolis, at the upper end of the Argolic Gulf.

Τήνιος, -α, -ον, *of Tenus*, one of the Cyclades, next S. E. of Andrus; **οἱ Τήνιοι**, *the Tenians*.

Τήρεια, -ας, ἡ, *Terēa*, a mountain in N. W. Mysia near Zelea.

Τήρης, -ους and -εω, ὁ, *Teres*, king of the Odryse in Thrace, and father of Sitalcas.

Τιβαρηνοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Tibarēni*, a people of Pontus on the coast of the Euxine.

Τίγρης, -ητος, and **Τίγρις**, -ιδος, ὁ, *the Tigris*, rising in Armenia, and, after uniting with the Euphrates, flowing into the Persian Gulf.

Τιθορέα, -ας, ἡ, *Tithorēa*, one of the summits of Mt. Parnassus; also a fortress lower down the mountain.

Τιμασίων, -ανος, ὁ, *Timasion*, a Dardanian, one of the generals who directed the retreat of the 10,000.

Τιμησίθεος, -ου, ὁ, *Timesitheus*, a citizen of Trapezus.

Τιμόδημος, -ου, ὁ, *Timodēmus*, of Athens, an enemy of Themistocles.

Τίμων, -ανος, ὁ, *Timon*, a citizen of Delphi.

Τιρίβαζος, -ου, ὁ, *Tiribāzus*, a Persian satrap.

Τίρυνς, -υθος, ἡ, *Tiryus*, in Argolis, near the head of the Argolic Gulf, one of the oldest Greek cities, and now celebrated for its massive ruins.

Τισσαφέρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Tissaphernes*, a distinguished Persian, satrap of Lydia.

Τίτανος, -ου, ὁ, *Titānus*, a mountain of Thessaly not far from the junction of the Peneus and the Enipeus. (See *Τίτανος*, p. 707.)

Τιταρήσιος, -ου, ὁ, *the Titaresius*, a river draining N. Thessaly, and flowing into the Peneus.

Τληπόλεμος, -ου, ὁ, *Tlepolēmus*, son of Hercules, led the forces of Rhodes to Troy.

Τμώλος, -ου, ὁ, *Tmolus*, a mountain range of Lydia, south of Sardis.

Τολμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Tolmīdes*, a herald in the service of Cyrus the younger.

Τορωναῖος, -α, -ον, *of Torone*, *Toronean*.

Τορώνη, -ης, ἡ, *Torōne*, a city of Macedonia, on the Toronean Gulf, on the S. W. coast of the peninsula of Sithonia.

Τράλλεις, -εων, αἱ, *Trallis*, a wealthy city in N. W. Caria.

Τράνψαι, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Tranipsæ*, a Thracian tribe, northward from Byzantium.

Τραπεζούντιος, -α, -ον, *of Trapezus*; **οἱ Τραπεζούντιοι**, *the Trapezuntians*.

Τραπεζοῦς, -οὔντος, ὁ and ἡ, *Trapezus*, an important city on the coast of Pontus, now Trebizond.

Τρήχος, -ου, ὁ, *Trechus*, a Greek, slain at Troy.

Τρίκκη, -ης, ἡ, *Tricca*, an ancient city in W. Thessaly.

Τροίην, -ῆρος, ἡ, *Træzen*, in the S. E. extremity of Argolis, one of the oldest and most important Greek cities.

Τροαίηνιος, -α, -ον, *Træzenian*.

Τυδεΐδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Tydeus*, i. e. Diomedes.

Τυριάειον, -ου, τό, *Tyriæium*, a town in E. Phrygia, near the frontier of Lycaonia.

Τυρώ, -οὔς, ἡ, *Tyro*, daughter of Salmoneus, and wife of Cretheus.

Υ

Ύαμπεια, -ας, ἡ, *Hyampēa*, a lofty cliff on the E. of Delphi.

Ύαμπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Hyampōlis*, a town in E. Phocis, near the borders of Locris and Beotia.

Ύδαρνης, -ους, ὁ, *Hydarnes*, commander of the division of Xerxes' army called "the Immortals."

Ύλη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyle*, a little town of Bœotia, on Lake Hylica. (See *ἕλη*, p. 725.)

Ύλλος, -ου, ὁ, *Hyllus*, son of Hercules, to whom the Spartan kings traced their lineage.

Ύπειρων, -ονος, ὁ, *Hyprion*, a Trojan chief.

Ύπεράνθης, -ους, ὁ, *Hyperanthes*, a son of Darius I.

Ύπέρεα, -ας, ἡ, *Hyperēa*, a fountain with the surrounding district, in Thessaly.

Ύπερρησίη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyperesia*, a city of Achaia, near the coast of the Corinthian Gulf, the later *Ægira*.

Ύποθήβαι, -ῶν, αἱ, *Hypothēbæ*, a city of Bœotia, either the later Potniæ, 10 stadia south of Thebes, or Lower Thebes in distinction from the citadel.

Ύρία, -ας, ἡ, *Hyria*, a Bœotian town near Aulis.

Ύρκάνιος, -α, -ον, *of Hyrcania*, a country bordering the Caspian Sea on the S. and S. E. **οἱ Ύρκάνιοι**, *the Hyrcanians*.

Ύρμίνη, -ης, ἡ, *Hyrmīne*, a town of the Epēi on the W. coast of Elis.

Ύρτακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Hyrtæcus*, i. e. Asius.

Ῥσιαί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Hysiae*, a town of Bœotia, at the northern foot of Mt. Cithæron.

Ῥστᾶσπης, -εος and -ου, ὁ, *Hystaspes*, father of Darius I.

Ῥσῆνωρ, -ορος, ὁ, *Hypsênor*, a Trojan.

Φ

Φαιδρίας, -ου, ὁ, *Phædrias*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Φαίδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Phædon*, of Elis, a disciple of Socrates, and the founder of a school of philosophy.

Φαίδωνίδης or Φαιδώνδας, -ου, ὁ, *Phædonides* or *Phædonidas*, a friend of Socrates.

Φαίνοψ, -οπος, ὁ, *Phænops*, son of Asius of Abydos, and friend of Hector.

Φαίστος, -ου, ὁ, *Phæstus*, of Tarne in Mæonia, an ally of the Trojans.

Φαίστος, -ου, ἡ, *Phæstus*, a city near the S. coast of Crete.

Φαλίνοσ, -ου, ὁ, *Phalînus*, a Greek of Zacynthus in the service of Tissaphernes.

Φαναγόρας, -ου, ὁ, *Phanagôras*, of Carystus.

Φάραξ, -ᾶκος, ὁ, *Pharax*, a Spartan.

Φάρις, -ιος, ἡ, *Pharis*, an old city in central Laconia.

Φαρνάβαζος, -ου, ὁ, *Pharnabâzus*, a Persian of high character, satrap of Bithynia.

Φασιανοί, -ῶν, οἱ, *the Phasiânî*, dwelling near the river Phasis. (See Φᾶσις, p. 752.)

Φειδιππίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Phidippides*, an Athenian courier.

Φειδιππος, -ου, ὁ, *Phidippus*, grandson of Hercules, a leader in the Trojan war of Greeks from Nisýrus, and other islands S. W. of Caria.

Φείδων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Phidon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Φένεος, -ου, ὁ and ἡ, *Pheneus*, a town of N. Arcadia.

Φεραί, -ῶν, αἱ, *Pheræ*, a town of E. Thessaly, near the port of Pagææ on the Pagææan Gulf.

Φέρεκλος, -ου, ὁ, *Phereclus*, said to have built the ship in which Paris carried off Helen.

Φηγεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Phegeus*, a Trojan warrior.

Φημίλος, -ου, ὁ, *Phemîus*, a famous minstrel of Ithaca.

Φηρή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Phere*, anciently the chief town in the southern Messenian plain, on the coast of the Messenian Gulf. Also written Φηραί, Φαραί, and Φεραί.

Φηρητιάδης for Φερητιάδης, -ου, ὁ, *son or descendant of Pheres*, i. e. Admetus, his grandson.

Φθειρῶν ὄρος, τό, a mountain near Miletus,

perhaps the mount of pine-cones. (See Φθειρ, II. p. 756.)

Φθιῆται, -ῶν, οἱ, the inhabitants of Φθιώτης (or Φθιώτις) in S. Thessaly. Ῥχαιοὶ οἱ Φθιῆται, *the Achæans of Phthiêtis*, so called in distinction from the Achæans of the Peloponnesus.

Φιλᾶων, -ωνος, or Φιλέων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Philaon*, brother of King Gorgus of Salamis in Cyprus.

Φιλίσσιος, -ου, ὁ, *Philesius*, one of the generals of the 10,000 Greeks on their retreat.

Φιλοκτῆτης, -ου, ὁ, *Philoctêtes*, a Thessalian chief, pupil of Hercules and a renowned archer.

Φιλόλαος, -ου, ὁ, *Philolaus*, a distinguished teacher of the Pythagorean philosophy, a native of Italy.

Φιλίσιος, -α, -ον, of *Phlius*, *Phliasian*.

Φλιούς, -οῦντος, ὁ, *Phlius*, an independent city in N. E. Peloponnesus, whose territory lay between Sicynia on the north and Argolis on the south.

Φοίνιξ, -ίκος, ὁ, *the Phœnix*, a tributary of the Asopus, 15 stadia from Thermopylæ. (See Φοῖνιξ, pp. 764, 765.)

Φρασίας, -ου, ὁ, *Phrasias*, an Athenian.

Φραταγόνη, -ης, ἡ, *Phratagûne*, wife of Darius I.

Φρόνιος, -ου, ὁ, *Phronîus*, an Ithacan, father of Nœmon.

Φρυγία, -ας, ἡ, *Phrygia*, the region in Asia Minor inhabited by the Φρύγες (see Φρύξ, p. 769). In Homer this was about the Ascanian Lake in the W. of the later Bithynia, and on the banks of the Sangarius. The Phrygia of after times was distinguished into *Phrygia Major*, lying between Bithynia and Pamphylia, and *Phrygia Minor*, including Troas, with the country adjacent to the Hellespont and the neighboring coast of the Propontis.

Φρυνίσκος, -ου, ὁ, *Phryniscus*, an Achæan with a command in the army of the 10,000 Greeks.

Φυλάκη, -ης, ἡ, *Phylacæ*, a city of Phthiotis in Thessaly, at the N. foot of Mt. Othrys. (See φυλακή, p. 770.)

Φυλακίδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Phylacæ*, i. e. Iphiclus.

Φύλακος, -ου, ὁ, *Phylacus*; (1) the supposed founder of Phylacæ; (2) a Trojan warrior; (3) a Delphian hero.

Φυλείδης, -ου, ὁ, *son of Phyleus*, i. e. Meges.

Φυλεύς, -έως, ὁ, *Phyleus*, son of Augeas the king of Elis.

Φυλή, -ῆς, ἡ, *Phyle*, an Attic deme, and a strong fortress on the Bœotian frontier, commanding the pass across Mt. Parnes on the road from Thebes to Athens.

Φύσκος, -ου, ὁ, *the Physcus*, a river of Assyria flowing into the Tigris.

eluis, one of the Thirty

erion, an Athenian pole-

Chalcidian, inhabiting

(See *Χαλκίς*, p. 776.)

Chalcis; (1) the chief town of *Βεωτία*, separated from the opposite shore of *Βεωτία* by the Euripus, here only 40 yards wide; (2) a coast-town in S. *Ætolia*.

Χαλκωδοντιάδης, -ου, ὁ, son of *Chalcōdon*, i. e. Elephēnor.

Χάλος, -ου, ὁ, the *Chalus*, a river of Syria.

Χαρικλῆς, -έους, ὁ, *Charicles*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χαρμάνδη, -ης, ἡ, *Charmande*, a city of Mesopotamia, on the Euphrates.

Χαρμίδης, -ου, ὁ, *Charmides*, an Athenian, uncle to Plato.

Χαρμίνος, -ου, ὁ, *Charmīnus*, a Spartan officer serving under Thibron.

Χάροπος, -ου, ὁ, *Charōpus*, chief of Syme. (See *χαροπός*, p. 778.)

Χειρίσοφος, -ου, ὁ, *Chirīsōphus*, a Spartan, successor to Clearchus in command of the 10,000 Greeks.

Χέρσις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chersis*, of Salamis in Cyprus.

Χρέμων, -ωνος, ὁ, *Chremon*, one of the Thirty at Athens.

Χρόμιος, -ου, ὁ, *Chromius*; (1) a son of Priam; (2) a son of Neleus; (3) a Lycian warrior.

Χρόμις, -ιος, ὁ, *Chromis*, a leader of the Mycians in alliance with Troy.

Χρύσα, poetic form *Χρύση*, -ης, ἡ, *Chrysa*, a city probably of Troas, but of unknown site.

Χρύσης, -ου, ὁ, *Chryses*, priest of Apollo at Chrysa, and father of Astynόme (*Chryseis*, *Χρυσίς*, p. 791.)

Χρυσόπολις, -εως, ἡ, *Chrysoḗolis*, the modern Scutari, a city of Bithvnia on the Bosphorus, opposite Byzantium.

Ψ

Ψάρος, -ου, ὁ, the *Psarus*, a river of Cilicia. Also written *Σάρος*.

Ψυττάλεια, -ας, ἡ, *Psytalēa*, a little island close to the E. cape of the island Salamis.

Ω

᾽Ωκαλία, -ας, ἡ, *Ocalēa*, an old city of *Βεωτία* just S. of Lake Copais.

᾽Ωκντος, -ου, ὁ, *Ocētus*, a Corinthian.

᾽Ωλενία, -ας, ἡ, in Homer *πέτρῃ ᾽Ωλενίῃ*, the *Olenian crag*, probably the summit of Mt. Scollis, in Elis on the border of Achaia.

᾽Ωλενος, -ου, ἡ, also ὁ, *Olēnus*, an old town of S. *Ætolia* at the N. foot of Mt. Aracynthus.

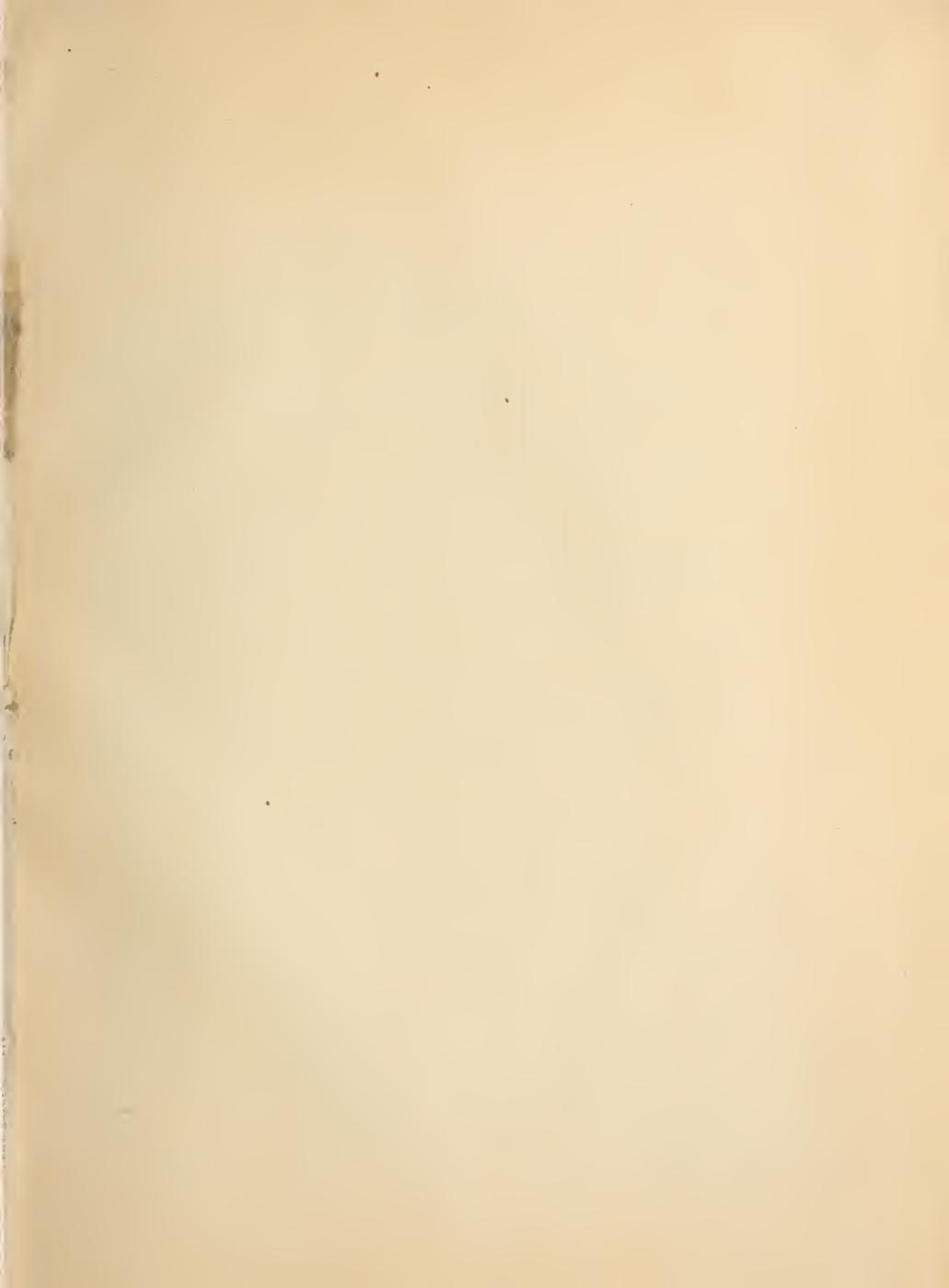
᾽Ωπις, -ιδος, ἡ, *Opis*, a city of Assyria, at the junction of the Physcus and the Tigris.

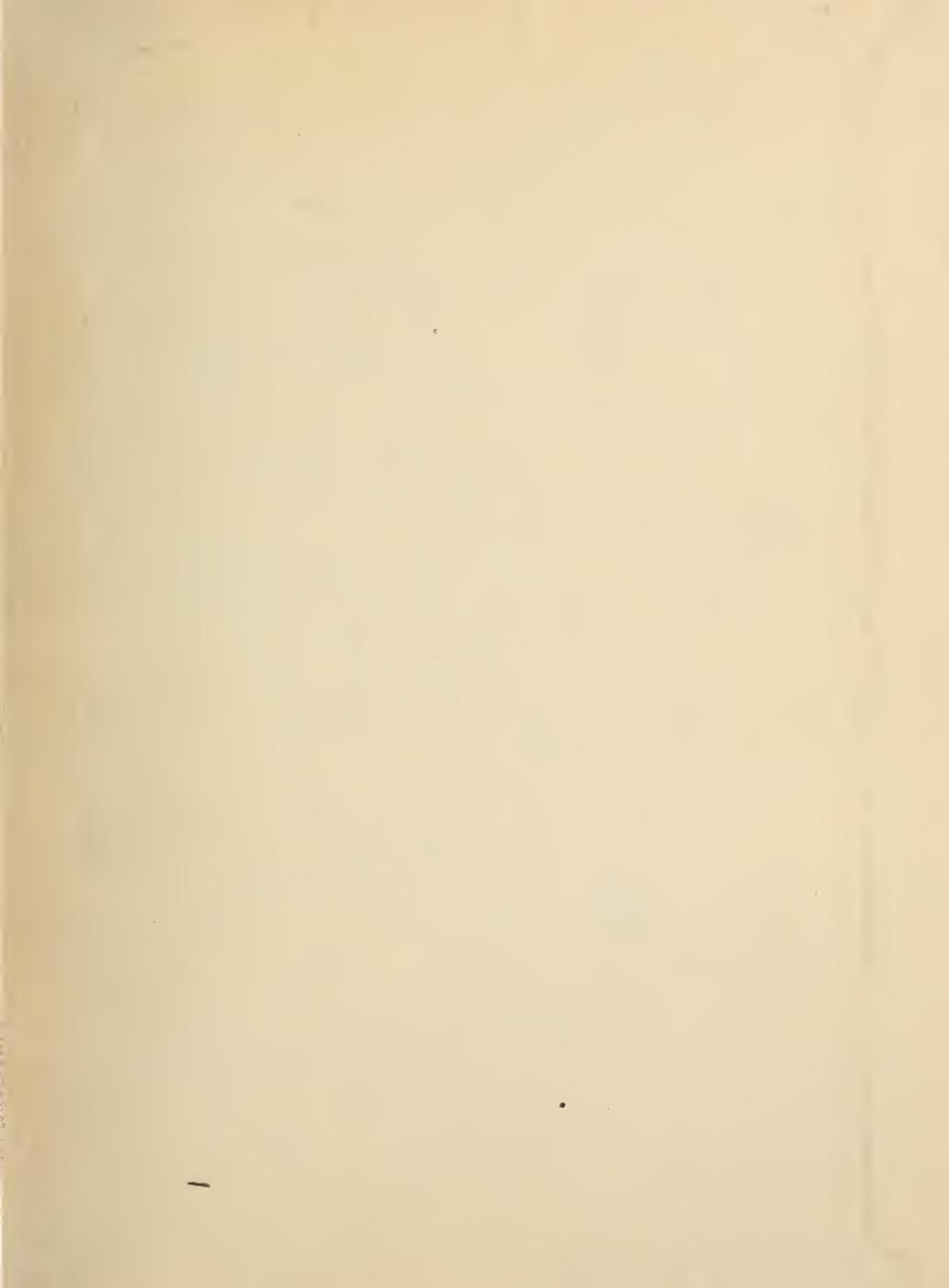
᾽Ωρείθνια, -ας, ἡ, *Orithyia*, daughter of Erechtheus, carried off by Boreas.

᾽Ωψ, *᾽Ωπός*, ὁ, *Ops*, father of Ulysses' nurse, Euryclia.

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